# **BID PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS**

**ABOUT IDOT PROPOSALS:** All proposals are potential bidding proposals. Each proposal contains all certifications and affidavits, a proposal signature sheet and a proposal bid bond.

# PREQUALIFICATION

Any contractor who desires to become pre-qualified to bid on work advertised by IDOT must submit the properly completed pre-qualification forms to the Bureau of Construction no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time twenty-one days prior to the letting of interest. This pre-qualification requirement applies to first time contractors, contractors renewing expired ratings, contractors maintaining continuous pre-qualification or contractors requesting revised ratings. To be eligible to bid, existing pre-qualification ratings must be effective through the date of letting.

# WHO CAN BID ?

Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written Authorization to Bid from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

# **REQUESTS FOR AUTHORIZATION TO BID**

Contractors wanting to bid on items included in a particular letting must submit the properly completed "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124) and the ORIGINAL "Affidavit of Availability" (BC 57) to the proper office no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time, three (3) days prior to the letting date.

# WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?

When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124) he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued an **Authorization to Bid or Not for Bid Report**, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction and the Chief Procurement Officer that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If **Authorization to Bid or Not for Bid or Not for Bid Report** will indicate the reason for denial.

# ABOUT AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Firms that have not received an Authorization to Bid or Not For Bid Report within a reasonable time of complete and correct original document submittal should contact the Department as to the status. Firms unsure as to authorization status should call the Prequalification Section of the Bureau of Construction at the number listed at the end of these instructions.

# ADDENDA AND REVISIONS

It is the bidder's responsibility to determine which, if any, addenda or revisions pertain to any project they may be bidding. Failure to incorporate all relevant addenda or revisions may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

Each addendum or revision will be included with the Electronic Plans and Proposals. Addenda and revisions will also be placed on the Addendum/Revision Checklist and each subscription service subscriber will be notified by e-mail of each addendum and revision issued.

The Internet is the Department's primary way of doing business. The subscription service emails are an added courtesy the Department provides. It is suggested that bidders check IDOT's website at <a href="http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/procurements/construction-services/construction-bulletins/transportation-bulletins/transportation-bulletin/index#TransportationBulletin">http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/procurements/construction-services/construction-bulletins/transportation-bulletins/transportation-bulletin</a> before submitting final bid information.

# IDOT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY E-MAIL FAILURES.

Addenda questions may be directed to the Contracts Office at (217)782-7806 or DOT.D&Econtracts@illlinois.gov

Technical questions about downloading these files may be directed to Tim Garman at (217)524-1642 or <u>Timothy.Garman@illinois.gov.</u>

## STANDARD GUIDELINES FOR SUBMITTING BIDS

- All pages should be single sided.
- Use the Cover Page that is provided in the Bid Proposal (posted on the IDOT Web Site) as the first page of your submitted bid. It has the item number in large bold type in the upper left-hand corner and lines provided for your company name and address in the upper right-hand corner.
- Do not use report covers, presentation folders or special bindings and do not staple multiple times on left side like a book. Use only 1 staple in the upper left hand corner. Make sure all elements of your bid are stapled together including the bid bond or guaranty check (if required).
- Do not include any certificates of eligibility, your authorization to bid, Addendum Letters or affidavit of availability.
- Do not include the Subcontractor Documentation with your bid (pages i iii and pages a g). This documentation is required only if you are awarded the project.
- Use the envelope cover sheet (provided with the proposal) as the cover for the proposal envelope.
- Do not rely on overnight services to deliver your proposal prior to 10 AM on letting day. It will not be read if it is delivered after 10 AM.
- Do not submit your Substance Abuse Prevention Program (SAPP) with your bid. If you are awarded the contract this form is to be submitted to the district engineer at the pre-construction conference.

## **BID SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST**

Cover page (the sheet that has the item number on it) – This should be the first page of your bid proposal, followed by your bid (the Schedule of Prices/Pay Items). If you are using special software or CBID to generate your schedule of prices, <u>do not</u> include the blank pages of the schedule of prices that came with the proposal package.

**Page 4 (Item 9)** – Check "YES" if you will use a subcontractor(s) with an annual value over \$50,000. Include the subcontractor(s) name, address, general type of work to be performed and the dollar amount. If you will use subcontractor(s) but are uncertain who or the dollar amount; check "YES" but leave the lines blank.

After page 4 – Insert the following documents: The Illinois Office Affidavit (Not applicable to federally funded projects) followed by Cost Adjustments for Steel, Bituminous and Fuel (if applicable) and the Contractor Letter of Assent (if applicable). The general rule should be, if you don't know where it goes, put it after page 4.

**Page 10 (Paragraph J)** – Check "YES" or "NO" whether your company has any business in Iran.

□ Page 10 (Paragraph K) – (Not applicable to federally funded projects) List the name of the apprenticeship and training program sponsor holding the certificate of registration from the US Department of Labor. If no applicable program exists, please indicate the work/job category. Do not include certificates with your bid. Keep the certificates in your office in case they are requested by IDOT.

**Page 11 (Paragraph L)** – A copy of your State Board of Elections certificate of registration is no longer required with your bid.

**Page 11 (Paragraph M)** – Indicate if your company has hired a lobbyist in connection with the job for which you are submitting the bid proposal.

**Page 12 (Paragraph C)** – This is a work sheet to determine if a completed Form A is required. It is not part of the form and you do not need to make copies for each completed Form A.

□ Pages 14-17 (Form A) – One Form A (4 pages) is required for each applicable person in your company. Copies of the forms can be used and only need to be changed when the information changes. The certification <u>signature and date must be original</u> for each letting. Do not staple the forms together. If you answered "NO" to all of the questions in Paragraph C (page 12), complete the first section (page 14) with your company information and then sign and date the Not Applicable statement on page 17.

**Page 18 (Form B)** - If you check "YES" to having other current or pending contracts it is acceptable to use the phrase, "See Affidavit of Availability on file". **Ownership Certification** (at the bottom of the page) - Check N/A if the Form A(s) you submitted accounts for 100 percent of the company ownership. Check YES if any percentage of ownership falls outside of the parameters that require reporting on the Form A. Checking NO indicates that the Form A(s) you submitted is not correct and you will be required to submit a revised Form A.

**Page 20 (Workforce Projection)** – Be sure to include the Duration of the Project. It is acceptable to use the phrase "Per Contract Specifications".

□ **Proposal Bid Bond** – (Insert after the proposal signature page) Submit your proposal Proposal Bid Bond (if applicable) using the current Proposal Bid Bond form provided in the proposal package. The Power of Attorney page should be stapled to the Proposal Bid Bond. If you are using an electronic bond, include your bid bond number on the Proposal Bid Bond and attach the Proof of Insurance printed from the Surety's Web Site.

Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan and/or Good Faith Effort – The last items in your bid should be the DBE Utilization Plan (SBE 2026), followed by the DBE Participation Statement (SBE 2025) and supporting paperwork. If you have documentation of a Good Faith Effort, it is to follow the SBE Forms.

The Bid Letting is now available in streaming Audio/Video from the IDOT Web Site. A link to the stream will be placed on the main page of the current letting on the day of the Letting. The stream will not begin until 10 AM. The actual reading of the bids does not begin until approximately 10:30 AM.

Following the Letting, the As-Read Tabulation of Bids will be posted by the end of the day. You will find the link on the main Web page for the current letting.

#### **QUESTIONS:** pre-letting up to execution of the contract

Contractor pre-qualification	
Small Business, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE)	
Contracts, Bids, Letting process or Internet downloads	
Estimates Unit.	
Aeronautics	
IDNR (Land Reclamation, Water Resources, Natural Resources)	

#### **QUESTIONS:** following contract execution

Subcontractor documentation, payments	217-782-3413
Railroad Insurance	217-785-0275

Proposal Submitted By

52

Name

Address

City

# Letting January 30, 2015

# NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS

This proposal can be used for bidding purposes by only those companies that request and receive written AUTHORIZATION TO BID from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

**BIDDERS NEED NOT RETURN THE ENTIRE PROPOSAL** 

# Notice to Bidders, Specifications, Proposal, Contract and Contract Bond

Illinois Department of Transportation

Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 61A89 DUPAGE County Section 11-00058-00-BR (Lisle) Route FOUR LAKES AVENUE Project BRM-9003(922) District 1 Construction Funds

PLEASE MARK THE APPROPRIATE BOX BELOW:

A Bid Bond is included.

A Cashier's Check or a Certified Check is included

An Annual Bid Bond is included or is on file with IDOT.

Prepared by

Checked by

(Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)

F

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# PROPOSAL

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

1. Proposal of \_\_\_\_\_\_

Taxpayer Identification Number (Mandatory)

For the improvement identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 61A89 DUPAGE County Section 11-00058-00-BR (Lisle) Project BRM-9003(922) Route FOUR LAKES AVENUE District 1 Construction Funds

- Replace the bridge carrying Four Lakes Avenue over the East Branch of the DuPage River and the reconstruction of the intersection of Four Lakes Avenue and East Lake Drive, located in the Village of Lisle.
- 2. The undersigned bidder will furnish all labor, material and equipment to complete the above described project in a good and workmanlike manner as provided in the contract documents provided by the Department of Transportation. This proposal will become part of the contract and the terms and conditions contained in the contract documents will govern performance and payments.

- 3. **ASSURANCE OF EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION/WAIVER.** The undersigned bidder further declares that he/she has carefully examined the proposal, plans, specifications, addenda form of contract and contract bond, and special provisions, and that he/she has inspected in detail the site of the proposed work, and that he/she has familiarized themselves with all of the local conditions affecting the contract and the detailed requirements of construction, and understands that in making this bid proposal he/she waives all right to plead any misunderstanding regarding the same.
- 4. EXECUTION OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT BOND. The undersigned bidder further agrees to execute a contract for this work and present the same to the department within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her. The undersigned further agrees that he/she and his/her surety will execute and present within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her contract bond satisfactory to and in the form prescribed by the Department of Transportation, in the penal sum of the full amount of the contract, or as specified in the special provisions, guaranteeing the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.
- 5. **PROPOSAL GUARANTY.** Accompanying this proposal is either a bid bond on the department form, executed by a corporate surety company satisfactory to the department, or a proposal guaranty check consisting of a bank cashier's check or a properly certified check for not less than 5 per cent of the amount bid or for the amount specified in the following schedule:

	Amount of	of Bid	Proposal <u>Guaranty</u>	An	nount c	of Bid	Proposal <u>Guaranty</u>
Up to		\$5,000	\$150	\$2,000,000	to	\$3,000,000	\$100,000
\$5,000	to	\$10,000	\$300	\$3,000,000	to	\$5,000,000	\$150,000
\$10,000	to	\$50,000	\$1,000	\$5,000,000	to	\$7,500,000	\$250,000
\$50,000	to	\$100,000	\$3,000	\$7,500,000	to	\$10,000,000	\$400,000
\$100,000	to	\$150,000	\$5,000	\$10,000,000	to	\$15,000,000	\$500,000
\$150,000	to	\$250,000	\$7,500	\$15,000,000	to	\$20,000,000	\$600,000
\$250,000	to	\$500,000	\$12,500	\$20,000,000	to	\$25,000,000	\$700,000
\$500,000	to	\$1,000,000	\$25,000	\$25,000,000	to	\$30,000,000	\$800,000
\$1,000,000	to	\$1,500,000	\$50,000	\$30,000,000	to	\$35,000,000	\$900,000
\$1,500,000	to	\$2,000,000	\$75,000	over		\$35,000,000	\$1,000,000

Bank cashier's checks or properly certified checks accompanying bid proposals will be made payable to the Treasurer, State of Illinois.

If a combination bid is submitted, the proposal guaranties which accompany the individual bid proposals making up the combination will be considered as also covering the combination bid.

The amount of the proposal guaranty check is \$(). If this proposal is accepted and the undersigned will fail to execute a contract bond as required herein, it is hereby agreed that the amount of the proposal guaranty will become the property of the State of Illinois, and shall be considered as payment of damages due to delay and other causes suffered by the State because of the failure to execute said contract and contract bond; otherwise, the bid bond will become void or the proposal guaranty check will be returned to the undersigned.

#### Attach Cashier's Check or Certified Check Here

In the event that one proposal guaranty check is intended to cover two or more bid proposals, the amount must be equal to the sum of the proposal guaranties which would be required for each individual bid proposal. If the guaranty check is placed in another bid proposal, state below where it may be found.

The proposal guaranty check will be found in the bid proposal for:	Item	
	Section No.	
	County _	

Mark the proposal cover sheet as to the type of proposal guaranty submitted.

6. **COMBINATION BIDS.** The undersigned bidder further agrees that if awarded the contract for the sections contained in the following combination, he/she will perform the work in accordance with the requirements of each individual contract comprising the combination bid specified in the schedule below, and that the combination bid shall be prorated against each section in proportion to the bid submitted for the same. If an error is found to exist in the gross sum bid for one or more of the individual sections included in a combination, the combination bid shall be corrected as provided in the specifications.

When a combination bid is submitted, the schedule below must be completed in each proposal comprising the combination.

If alternate bids are submitted for one or more of the sections comprising the combination, a combination bid must be submitted for each alternate.

#### Schedule of Combination Bids

Combination		Combination B	id
No.	Sections Included in Combination	Dollars	Cents

- 7. SCHEDULE OF PRICES. The undersigned bidder submits herewith, in accordance with the rules and instructions, a schedule of prices for the items of work for which bids are sought. The unit prices bid are in U.S. dollars and cents, and all extensions and summations have been made. The bidder understands that the quantities appearing in the bid schedule are approximate and are provided for the purpose of obtaining a gross sum for the comparison of bids. If there is an error in the extension of the unit prices, the unit prices will govern. Payment to the contractor awarded the contract will be made only for actual quantities of work performed and accepted or materials furnished according to the contract. The scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished may be increased, decreased or omitted as provided elsewhere in the contract.
- 8. **AUTHORITY TO DO BUSINESS IN ILLINOIS.** Section 20-43 of the Illinois Procurement Code (the Code) (30 ILCS 500/20-43) provides that a person (other than an individual acting as a sole proprietor) must be a legal entity authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in the State of Illinois prior to submitting the bid.
- 9. EXECUTION OF CONTRACT: The Department of Transportation will, in accordance with the rules governing Department procurements, execute the contract and shall be the sole entity having the authority to accept performance and make payments under the contract. Execution of the contract by the Chief Procurement Officer (CPO) or the State Purchasing Officer (SPO) is for approval of the procurement process and execution of the contract by the Department. Neither the CPO nor the SPO shall be responsible for administration of the contract or determinations respecting performance or payment there under except as otherwise permitted in the Code.

#### 10. The services of a subcontractor will be used.

Check box Yes Check box No

For known subcontractors with subcontracts with an annual value of more than \$50,000, the contract shall include their name, address, general type of work to be performed, and the dollar allocation for each subcontractor. (30 ILCS 500/20-120)

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NOTE: \*\*\* PLEASE TURN PAGE FOR IMPORTANT NOTES \*\*\*

FOUR 11-00058-00-BR (LISLE) DUPAGE	ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE OF PRICES CONTRACT NUMBER - 61A89	ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE RUN DATE - 12/09/14 RUN TIME - 073253
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#### STATE REQUIRED ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING CONTRACT PROCUREMENT: ASSURANCES, CERTIFICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

#### I. GENERAL

**A.** Article 50 of the Code establishes the duty of all State CPOs, SPOs, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

**B.** In order to comply with the provisions of Article 50 and to carry out the duty established therein, all bidders are to adhere to ethical standards established for the procurement process, and to make such assurances, disclosures and certifications required by law. Except as otherwise required in subsection III, paragraphs J-M, by execution of the Proposal Signature Sheet, the bidder indicates that each of the mandated assurances have been read and understood, that each certification is made and understood, and that each disclosure requirement has been understood and completed.

**C.** In addition to all other remedies provided by law, failure to comply with any assurance, failure to make any disclosure or the making of a false certification shall be grounds for the CPO to void the contract, and may result in the suspension or debarment of the bidder or subcontractor. If a false certification is made by a subcontractor the contractor's submitted bid and the executed contract may not be declared void unless the contractor refuses to terminate the subcontract upon the State's request after a finding that the subcontractor's certification was false.

I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions.

#### **II. ASSURANCES**

The assurances hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder.

#### A. Conflicts of Interest

Section 50-13. Conflicts of Interest.

(a) Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person holding an elective office in this State, holding a seat in the General Assembly, or appointed to or employed in any of the offices or agencies of state government and who receives compensation for such employment in excess of 60% of the salary of the Governor of the State of Illinois, or who is an officer or employee of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, or who is the spouse or minor child of any such person to have or acquire any contract, or any direct pecuniary interest in any contract therein, whether for stationery, printing, paper, or any services, materials, or supplies, that will be wholly or partially satisfied by the payment of funds appropriated by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or in any contract of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority.

(b) Interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) is entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(c) Combined interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) together with his or her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(d) Securities. Nothing in this Section invalidates the provisions of any bond or other security previously offered or to be offered for sale or sold by or for the State of Illinois.

(e) Prior interests. This Section does not affect the validity of any contract made between the State and an officer or employee of the State or member of the General Assembly, his or her spouse, minor child or any combination of those persons if that contract was in existence before his or her election or employment as an officer, member, or employee. The contract is voidable, however, if it cannot be completed within 365 calendar days after the officer, member, or employee takes office or is employed. The current salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00. Sixty percent of the salary is \$106,447.20.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-13, or that an effective exemption has been issued by the Board of Ethics to any individual subject to the Section 50-13 prohibitions pursuant to the provisions of Section 50-20 of the Code. Information concerning the exemption process is available from the Department upon request.

#### B. Negotiations

Section 50-15. Negotiations.

It is unlawful for any person employed in or on a continual contractual relationship with any of the offices or agencies of State government to participate in contract negotiations on behalf of that office or agency with any firm, partnership, association, or corporation with whom that person has a contract for future employment or is negotiating concerning possible future employment.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-15, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

#### C. Inducements

Section 50-25. Inducement.

Any person who offers or pays any money or other valuable thing to any person to induce him or her not to provide a submission to a vendor portal or to bid for a State contract or as recompense for not having bid on a State contract is guilty of a Class 4 felony. Any person who accepts any money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract, not making a submission to a vendor portal, or who withholds a bid or submission to a vendor portal in consideration of the promise for the payment of money or other valuable thing is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-25, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

#### D. <u>Revolving Door Prohibition</u>

Section 50-30. Revolving door prohibition.

CPOs, SPOs, procurement compliance monitors, their designees whose principal duties are directly related to State procurement, and executive officers confirmed by the Senate are expressly prohibited for a period of 2 years after terminating an affected position from engaging in any procurement activity relating to the State agency most recently employing them in an affected position for a period of at least 6 months. The prohibition includes, but is not limited to: lobbying the procurement process; specifying; bidding; proposing bid, proposal, or contract documents; on their own behalf or on behalf of any firm, partnership, association, or corporation. This Section applies only to persons who terminate an affected position on or after January 15, 1999.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-30, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

#### E. <u>Reporting Anticompetitive Practices</u>

Section 50-40. Reporting anticompetitive practices.

When, for any reason, any vendor, bidder, contractor, CPO, SPO, designee, elected official, or State employee suspects collusion or other anticompetitive practice among any bidders, offerors, contractors, proposers, or employees of the State, a notice of the relevant facts shall be transmitted to the Attorney General and the CPO.

The bidder assures the Department that it has not failed to report any relevant facts concerning the practices addressed in Section 50-40 which may involve the contract for which the bid or submission to a vendor portal is submitted.

#### F. Confidentiality

Section 50-45. Confidentiality.

Any CPO, SPO, designee, or executive officer who willfully uses or allows the use of specifications, competitive bid documents, proprietary competitive information, proposals, contracts, or selection information to compromise the fairness or integrity of the procurement, bidding, or contract process shall be subject to immediate dismissal, regardless of the Personnel code, any contract, or any collective bargaining agreement, and may in addition be subject to criminal prosecution.

The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any fact relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-45 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

#### G. Insider Information

Section 50-50. Insider information.

It is unlawful for any current or former elected or appointed State official or State employee to knowingly use confidential information available only by virtue of that office or employment for actual or anticipated gain for themselves or another person.

The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-50 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

□ I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions for the above assurances.

#### **III. CERTIFICATIONS**

The certifications hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. Section 50-2 of the Code provides that every person that has entered into a multi-year contract and every subcontractor with a multi-year subcontract shall certify, by July 1 of each fiscal year covered by the contract after the initial fiscal year, to the responsible CPO whether it continues to satisfy the requirements of Article 50 pertaining to the eligibility for a contract award. If a contractor or subcontractor is not able to truthfully certify that it continues to meet all requirements, it shall provide with its certification a detailed explanation of the circumstances leading to the change in certification status. A contractor or subcontractor that makes a false statement material to any given certification required under Article 50 is, in addition to any other penalties or consequences prescribed by law, subject to liability under the Whistleblower Reward and Protection Act for submission of a false claim.

#### A. Bribery

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government, or subcontracting under such a contract, as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, or which is signatory to the contract which the subcontract relates, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State, and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the contractor or the subcontractor, respectively, that the contractor or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any certifications required by this Section are false. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

The contractor or subcontractor certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50-5.

#### B. Felons

Section 50-10. Felons.

- (a) Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any State agency, or enter into a subcontract, from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.
- (b) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code and every vendor's submission to a vendor portal shall contain a certification by the bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any of the certifications required by this Section are false.

#### C. Debt Delinquency

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under the Code. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, further acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if this certification is false or if the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

#### D. Prohibited Bidders, Contractors and Subcontractors

Section 50-10.5 and 50-60(c). Prohibited bidders, contractors and subcontractors.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with Section 50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 or if in violation of Subsection (c) for a period of five years from the date of conviction. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontract void if any of the certifications completed pursuant to this Section are false.

#### E. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

Section 50-14 Environmental Protection Act violations.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with Section 50-14 that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, is not barred from being awarded a contract or entering into a subcontract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency, or entering into any subcontract, that is subject to the Code by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, acknowledges that the CPO may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

#### F. Educational Loan

Section 3 of the Educational Loan Default Act, 5 ILCS 385/3.

Pursuant to the Educational Loan Default Act no State agency shall contract with an individual for goods or services if that individual is in default on an educational loan.

The bidder, if an individual as opposed to a corporation, partnership or other form of business organization, certifies that the bidder is not in default on an educational loan as provided in Section 3 of the Act.

#### G. Bid-Rigging/Bid Rotating

Section 33E-11 of the Criminal Code of 2012, 720 ILCS 5/3BE-11.

(a) Every bid submitted to and public contract executed pursuant to such bid by the State or a unit of local government shall contain a certification by the prime contractor that the prime contractor is not barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or 33E-4 of this Article.

(b) A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

A violation of Section 33E-3 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rigging which, in addition to Class 3 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be barred for 5 years from the date of conviction from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

The bidder certifies that it is not barred from contracting with the Department by reason of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or Section 33E-4.

#### H. International Anti-Boycott

Section 5 of the International Anti-Boycott Certification Act provides every contract entered into by the State of Illinois for the manufacture, furnishing, or purchasing of supplies, material, or equipment or for the furnishing of work, labor, or services, in an amount exceeding the threshold for small purchases according to the purchasing laws of this State or \$10,000.00, whichever is less, shall contain certification, as a material condition of the contract, by which the contractor agrees that neither the contractor nor any substantially-owned affiliated company is participating or shall participate in an international boycott in violation of the provisions of the U.S. Export Administration Act of 1979 or the regulations of the U.S. Department of Commerce promulgated under that Act.

The bidder makes the certification set forth in Section 5 of the Act.

#### I. Drug Free Workplace

The Illinois "Drug Free Workplace Act" applies to this contract and it is necessary to comply with the provisions of the "Act" if the contractor is a corporation, partnership, or other entity (including a sole proprietorship) which has 25 or more employees.

The bidder certifies that if awarded a contract in excess of \$5,000 it will provide a drug free workplace in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

#### J. Disclosure of Business Operations in Iran

Section 50-36 of the Code provides that each bid, offer, or proposal submitted for a State contract shall include a disclosure of whether or not the Company acting as the bidder, offeror, or proposing entity, or any of its corporate parents or subsidiaries, within the 24 months before submission of the bid, offer, or proposal had business operations that involved contracts with or provision of supplies or services to the Government of Iran, companies in which the Government of Iran has any direct or indirect equity share, consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran, or companies involved in consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran and either of the following conditions apply:

- (1) More than 10% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve oil-related activities or mineral-extraction activities; less than 75% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve contracts with or provision of oil-related or mineral-extraction products or services to the Government of Iran or a project or consortium created exclusively by that government; and the Company has failed to take substantial action.
- (2) The Company has, on or after August 5, 1996, made an investment of \$20 million or more, or any combination of investments of at least \$10 million each that in the aggregate equals or exceeds \$20 million in any 12-month period, which directly or significantly contributes to the enhancement of Iran's ability to develop petroleum resources of Iran.

The terms "Business operations", "Company", "Mineral-extraction activities", "Oil-related activities", "Petroleum resources", and "Substantial action" are all defined in the Code.

Failure to make the disclosure required by the Code may cause the bid, offer or proposal to be considered not responsive. The disclosure will be considered when evaluating the bid or awarding the contract. The name of each Company disclosed as doing business or having done business in Iran will be provided to the State Comptroller.

Check the appropriate statement:

/\_\_\_/ Company has no business operations in Iran to disclose.

/\_\_\_/ Company has business operations in Iran as disclosed on the attached document.

#### K. Apprenticeship and Training Certification (Does not apply to federal aid projects)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 30-22 (6) of the Code, the bidder certifies that it is a participant, either as an individual or as part of a group program, in the approved apprenticeship and training programs applicable to each type of work or craft that the bidder will perform with its own forces. The bidder further certifies for work that will be performed by subcontract that each of its subcontractors submitted for approval either (a) is, at the time of such bid, participating in an approved, applicable apprenticeship and training program; or (b) will, prior to commencement of performance of work pursuant to this contract, begin participation in an approved apprenticeship and training program applicable to the work of the subcontract. The Department, at any time before or after award, may require the production of a copy of each applicable Certificate of Registration issued by the United States Department of Labor evidencing such participation by the contractor and any or all of its subcontractors. Applicable apprenticeship and training programs are those that have been approved and registered with the United States Department of Labor. The bidder shall list in the space below, the official name of the program sponsor holding the Certificate of Registration for all of the types of work or crafts in which the bidder is a participant and that will be performed with the bidder's forces. Types of work or craft work that will be subcontracted shall be included and listed as subcontract work. The list shall also indicate any type of work or craft job category that does not have an applicable apprenticeship or training program. **The bidder is responsible for making a complete report and shall make certain that each type of work or craft job category that will be utilized on the project as reported on the <b>Construction Employee Workforce Projection (Form BC-1256) and returned with the bid is accounted for and listed.** 

Additionally, Section 30-22 of the Code requires that the bidder certify that an Illinois office be maintained as the primary place of employment for persons employed for this contract.

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The requirements of these certifications and disclosures are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require these certification provisions to be included in all approved subcontracts. In order to fulfill this requirement, it shall not be necessary that an applicable program sponsor be currently taking, or that it will take applications for apprenticeship, training or employment during the performance of the work of this contract.

#### L. Political Contributions and Registration with the State Board of Elections

Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Code regulate political contributions from business entities and any affiliated entities or affiliated persons bidding on or contracting with the state. Generally under Section 50-37, any business entity, and any affiliated entity or affiliated person of the business entity, whose current year contracts with all state agencies exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, are prohibited from making any contributions to any political committees established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for the awarding of the contracts or any other declared candidate for that office for the duration of the term of office of the incumbent officeholder or a period 2 years after the termination of the contract, whichever is longer. Any business entity and affiliated persons whose state contracts in the current year do not exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, but whose aggregate pending bids and proposals on state contracts exceed \$50,000, either alone or in combination with contracts not exceeding \$50,000, are prohibited from making any political committee established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for making any political contributions to any political committee established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder making any political contributions to any political committee established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for awarding the pending contract during the period beginning on the date the invitation for bids or request for proposals or any other procurement opportunity is issued and ending on the day after the date of award or selection if the entity was not awarded or selected. Section 20-160 requires certification of registration of affected business entities in accordance with procedures found in Section 9-35 of The Election Code.

By submission of a bid, the contractor business entity acknowledges and agrees that it has read and understands Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Code, and that it makes the following certification:

The undersigned bidder certifies that it has registered as a business with the State Board of Elections and acknowledges a continuing duty to update the registration in accordance with the above referenced statutes. If the business entity is required to register, the CPO shall verify that it is in compliance on the date the bid or proposal is due. The CPO shall not accept a bid or proposal if the business entity is not in compliance with the registration requirements.

These requirements and compliance with the above referenced statutory sections are a material part of the contract, and any breach thereof shall be cause to void the contract under Section 50-60 of the Code. This provision does not apply to Federal-aid contracts.

#### M. Lobbyist Disclosure

Section 50-38 of the Code requires that any bidder or offeror on a State contract that hires a person required to register under the Lobbyist Registration Act to assist in obtaining a contract shall:

(i) Disclose all costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, and other remunerations paid or to be paid to the lobbyist related to the contract,

- (ii) Not bill or otherwise cause the State of Illinois to pay for any of the lobbyist's costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, or other remuneration, and
- (iii) Sign a verification certifying that none of the lobbyist's costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, or other remuneration were billed to the State.

This information, along with all supporting documents, shall be filed with the agency awarding the contract and with the Secretary of State. The CPO shall post this information, together with the contract award notice, in the online Procurement Bulletin.

Pursuant to Subsection (c) of this Section, no person or entity shall retain a person or entity to attempt to influence the outcome of a procurement decision made under the Code for compensation contingent in whole or in part upon the decision or procurement. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a business offense and shall be fined not more than \$10,000.

Bidder acknowledges that it is required to disclose the hiring of any person required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act (25 ILCS 170) in connection with this contract.

Bidder has not hired any person required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act in connection with this contract.

Or

Bidder has hired the following persons required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act in connection with the contract:

Name and address of person:

All costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements and other remuneration paid to said person:

□ I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions for the above certifications.

#### **IV. DISCLOSURES**

**A.** The disclosures hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The bidder further certifies that the Department has received the disclosure forms for each bid.

The CPO may void the bid, or contract, respectively, if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous disclosure. A contractor or subcontractor may be suspended or debarred for violations of the Code. Furthermore, the CPO may void the contract and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

#### B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Code provides that all bids of more than \$50,000 and all submissions to a vendor portal shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the bidder. This disclosed information for the successful bidder, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, filed with the Procurement Policy Board, and shall be incorporated as a material term of the contract. Furthermore, pursuant to Section 5-5, the Procurement Policy Board may review a proposal, bid, or contract and issue a recommendation to void a contract or reject a proposal or bid based on any violation of the Code or the existence of a conflict of interest as provided in subsections (b) and (d) of Section 50-35.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the bidding entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the contractor or bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each individual making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each individual making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form. **The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00**.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the bidding entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. <u>Disclosure Forms</u>. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. A separate Disclosure Form A must be submitted with the bid for each individual meeting the above requirements. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies and a total ownership certification. **The forms must be included with each bid**.

#### C. Disclosure Form Instructions

#### Form A Instructions for Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest

If the bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a bidder is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the bidder must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the bidder should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the <u>NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT</u> on Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

- 1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES \_\_\_ NO
- Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES \_\_\_\_ NO\_\_\_\_
- 3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income? YES \_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_
- 4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the bidding entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES \_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_

(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed <u>per individual per bid</u> even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The bidder must determine each individual in the bidding entity or the bidding entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. The individual signing can be, but does not have to be, the individual for which the form is being completed. The bidder is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the <u>NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT</u> of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

#### Form B: Instructions for Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information

Disclosure Form B must be completed for each bid submitted by the bidding entity. *Note: Checking the <u>NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT</u> on Form A <u>does not</u> allow the bidder to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, checked, and dated or the bidder may be considered nonresponsive and the bid will not be accepted.* 

The Bidder shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the check box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the bidder must do one of the following:

Option I: If the bidder did not submit an Affidavit of Availability to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Do not include IDOT contracts. Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included. Bidders who submit Affidavits of Availability are suggested to use Option II.

Option II: If the bidder is required and has submitted an Affidavit of Availability in order to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder may write or type "See Affidavit of Availability" which indicates that the Affidavit of Availability is incorporated by reference and includes all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. For any contracts that are not covered by the Affidavit of Availability, the bidder must identify them on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). These might be such things as leases.

# ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# Form A Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest Disclosure

Contractor Name		
Legal Address		
City, State, Zip		
Telephone Number	Email Address	Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Vendors desiring to enter into a contract with the State of Illinois must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for bids in excess of \$50,000, and for all open-ended contracts. A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. <u>See Disclosure Form Instructions</u>.

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

# DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Disclosure of Financial Information. The individual named below has an interest in the BIDDER (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor. (Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)

FOR INDIVIDUAL	(type or print information)		
NAME:			
ADDRESS			
Type of own	ership/distributable income share	:	
stock	sole proprietorship	Partnership	other: (explain on separate sheet):
% or \$ value	of ownership/distributable income sh	nare:	

**2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest.** Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

(a)	State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual	employr	ment of services.
		Yes	No

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

- 1. Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- 2. Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary.

- If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive
   (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor? Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_
- 4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor? Yes No \_\_\_
- (b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment for services in the previous 2 years.

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

- 1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- 2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name of the spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary.
- 3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 71/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess 100% of the annual salary of the Governor? Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_
- 4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or any minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in the aggregate of the total distributable income from your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor?

Yes \_\_\_ No \_\_\_

Yes No

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years.

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_

(e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United State of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statues of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years.

(f) Relationship to anyone	holding appointive office	currently or in the	previous 2 years;	spouse, fa	ather, mother,
son, or daughter.			Yes _	No	

(g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government. Yes \_\_\_No \_\_\_

- (h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- (i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes No
- (j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections.

Yes <u>No</u>

# 3. Communication Disclosure.

Disclose the name and address of each lobbyist and other agent of the bidder or offeror who is not identified in Section 2 of this form, who is has communicated, is communicating, or may communicate with any State officer or employee concerning the bid or offer. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the process and throughout the term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name and address of person(s):

**4. Debarment Disclosure.** For each of the persons identified under Sections 2 and 3 of this form, disclose whether any of the following has occurred within the previous 10 years: debarment from contracting with any governmental entity; professional licensure discipline; bankruptcies; adverse civil judgments and administrative findings; and criminal felony convictions. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the procurement process and term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name of person(s):

Nature of disclosure:

#### **APPLICABLE STATEMENT**

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous page. Under penalty of perjury, I certify the contents of this disclosure to be true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Completed by:

Signature of Individual or Authorized Representative

Date

	NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT							
	Jnder penalty of perjury, I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet he criteria that would require the completion of this Form A.							
This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the CONTRACTOR listed on the previous page.								
	Signature of Authorized Representative	Date						

The bidder has a continuing obligation to supplement these disclosures under Sec. 50-35 of the Code.

# **ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# Form B **Other Contracts & Financial Related Information** Disclosure

Contractor Name		
Legal Address		
City, State, Zip		
Telephone Number	Email Address	Fax Number (if available)
•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form B must be completed for all bids.

# DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The BIDDER shall identify whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes No

If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the signature box on this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM **INSTRUCTIONS:** 

# THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE CHECKED

Signature of Authorized Representative	Date

# **OWNERSHIP CERTIFICATION**

Please certify that the following statement is true if the individuals for all submitted Form A disclosures do not total 100% of ownership.

Any remaining ownership interest is held by individuals receiving less than \$106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income or holding less than a 5% ownership interest.

🗌 Yes 🗌 No	□ N/A (Form A disclosure(s) established 100% ownership	)
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# SPECIAL NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The following requirements of the Illinois Department of Human Rights Act are applicable to bidders on all construction contracts advertised by the Illinois Department of Transportation:

# **CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEE UTILIZATION PROJECTION**

- (a) All bidders on construction contracts shall complete and submit, along with and as part of their bids, a Bidder's Employee Utilization Form (Form BC-1256) setting forth a projection and breakdown of the total workforce intended to be hired and/or allocated to such contract work by the bidder including a projection of minority and female employee utilization in all job classifications on the contract project.
- (b) The Department of Transportation shall review the Employee Utilization Form, and workforce projections contained therein, of the contract awardee to determine if such projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification in accordance with the Equal Employment Opportunity Clause and Title 44, Illinois Administrative Code, Section 750.120. If it is determined that the contract awardee's projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification, it shall be advised in writing of the manner in which it is underutilizing and such awardee shall be considered to be in breach of the contract unless, prior to commencement of work on the contract project, it submits revised satisfactory projections or an acceptable written affirmative action plan to correct such underutilization including a specific timetable geared to the completion stages of the contract.
- (c) The Department of Transportation shall provide to the Department of Human Rights a copy of the contract awardee's Employee Utilization Form, a copy of any required written affirmative action plan, and any written correspondence related thereto. The Department of Human Rights may review and revise any action taken by the Department of Transportation with respect to these requirements.



# Contract No. 61A89 **DUPAGE** County Section 11-00058-00-BR (Lisle) Project BRM-9003(922) **Route FOUR LAKES AVENUE District 1 Construction Funds**

## **PART I. IDENTIFICATION**

Dept. of Human Rights # Duration of Project:

Name of Bidder:

#### PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION

A. The undersigned bidder has analyzed minority group and female populations, unemployment rates and availability of workers for the location in which this contract work is to be performed, and for the locations from which the bidder recruits employees, and hereby submits the following workforce projection including a projection for minority and female employee utilization in all job categories in the workforce to be allocated to this contract: TABLE A TABLE B

		TOTA	AL Wo	rkforce	e Projec	tion for	Contr	act	_					C	URRENT TO BE		S
				MIN	ORITY	EMPLC	YEES	6		TRA	AINEES				TO CO		
JOB CATEGORIES		TAL OYEES		ACK	HISP		*01	THER NOR.	APPI TIC			HE JOB			OTAL OYEES	MINO EMPLC	
CATEGORIES	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	VOR. F	M	/ <u>=</u> -5 F	M	F	-	M	F	M	F
OFFICIALS (MANAGERS)				-		-		_									-
SUPERVISORS																	
FOREMEN																	
CLERICAL																	
EQUIPMENT OPERATORS																	
MECHANICS																	
TRUCK DRIVERS																	
IRONWORKERS																	
CARPENTERS																	
CEMENT MASONS																	
ELECTRICIANS																	
PIPEFITTERS, PLUMBERS																	
PAINTERS																	
LABORERS, SEMI-SKILLED																	
LABORERS, UNSKILLED																	
TOTAL																	
											Γ	FOF			IENT USE	ILY	
EMPLOYEES		aining Pro TAL	ojectio	n for C	ontract		*	THER	-								
LIVIFLOTEES	10																

IOTAL Training Projection for Contract								
TOTAL						*OTHER		
EMPLOYEES		BLACK		HISPANIC		MINOR.		
М	F	Μ	F	М	F	М	F	
	TO EMPLO M	TOTAL EMPLOYEES	TOTAL EMPLOYEES BLA	TOTAL EMPLOYEES BLACK	TOTAL EMPLOYEES BLACK HISP	TOTAL EMPLOYEES BLACK HISPANIC	TOTAL *OT EMPLOYEES BLACK HISPANIC MIN	

\*Other minorities are defined as Asians (A) or Native Americans (N).

Please specify race of each employee shown in Other Minorities column.

BC 1256 (Rev. 12/11/07)

Note: See instructions on page 2

Contract No. 61A89 DUPAGE County Section 11-00058-00-BR (Lisle) Project BRM-9003(922) Route FOUR LAKES AVENUE District 1 Construction Funds

## PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION - continued

B. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is the total number of **new hires** that would be employed in the event the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract.

The undersigned bidder projects that: (number) \_\_\_\_\_\_ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the contract project is located; and/or (number) new hires would be recruited from the area in which the bidder's principal

office or base of operation is located.

C. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is a projection of numbers of persons to be employed directly by the undersigned bidder as well as a projection of numbers of persons to be employed by subcontractors.

The undersigned bidder estimates that (number) \_\_\_\_\_\_ persons will be directly employed by the prime contractor and that (number) \_\_\_\_\_\_ persons will be employed by subcontractors.

## PART III. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

- A. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that in the event the foregoing minority and female employee utilization projection included under **PART II** is determined to be an underutilization of minority persons or women in any job category, and in the event that the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract, he/she will, prior to commencement of work, develop and submit a written Affirmative Action Plan including a specific timetable (geared to the completion stages of the contract) whereby deficiencies in minority and/or female employee utilization are corrected. Such Affirmative Action Plan will be subject to approval by the contracting agency and the Illinois Department of Human Rights.
- B. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that the minority and female employee utilization projection submitted herein, and the goals and timetable included under an Affirmative Action Plan if required, are deemed to be part of the contract specifications.

Company \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

NOTICE REGARDING SIGNATURE						
	signature on the Proposal Signature Sheet will constitute the signing of this form. The following signature block needs ed only if revisions are required.					
Signature:	Title: Date:					
Instructions:	All tables must include subcontractor personnel in addition to prime contractor personnel.					
Table A -	Include both the number of employees that would be hired to perform the contract work and the total number currently employed (Table B) that will be allocated to contract work, and include all apprentices and on-the-job trainees. The "Total Employees" column should include all employees including all minorities, apprentices and on-the-job trainees to be employed on the contract work.					
Table B -	Include all employees currently employed that will be allocated to the contract work including any apprentices and on-the-job trainees currently employed.					
Table C -	Indicate the racial breakdown of the total apprentices and on-the-job trainees shown in Table A.					

# **ADDITIONAL FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS**

In addition to the Required Contract Provisions for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts (FHWA 1273), all bidders make the following certifications.

- A. By the execution of this proposal, the signing bidder certifies that the bidding entity has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action, in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid. This statement made by the undersigned bidder is true and correct under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States.
- B. <u>CERTIFICATION, EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY</u>:
  - 1. Have you participated in any previous contracts or subcontracts subject to the equal opportunity clause. YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_\_\_
  - If answer to #1 is yes, have you filed with the Joint Reporting Committee, the Director of OFCC, any Federal agency, or the former President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, all reports due under the applicable filing requirements of those organizations? YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_\_\_

#### Contract No. 61A89 DUPAGE County Section 11-00058-00-BR (Lisle) Project BRM-9003(922) Route FOUR LAKES AVENUE District 1 Construction Funds

#### PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The undersigned bidder hereby makes and submits this bid on the subject Proposal, thereby assuring the Department that all requirements of the Invitation for Bids and rules of the Department have been met, that there is no misunderstanding of the requirements of paragraph 3 of this Proposal, and that the contract will be executed in accordance with the rules of the Department if an award is made on this bid.

	Firm Name	
(IF AN INDIVIDUAL)	Signature of Owner	
	Business Address	
	Firm Name	
(IF A CO-PARTNERSHIP)		
		Name and Address of All Members of the Firm:
-		
	Corporate Name	
(IF A CORPORATION)	,	Signature of Authorized Representative
		Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative
	Attest	
(IF A JOINT VENTURE, USE THIS SECTION		Signature
FOR THE MANAGING PARTY AND THE SECOND PARTY SHOULD SIGN BELOW)	Business Address	
(IF A JOINT VENTURE)	Ву	Signature of Authorized Representative
		Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative
	Attest	
		Signature
	Business Address	



**Return with Bid** 

# Division of Highways Annual Proposal Bid Bond

This Annual Proposal Bid Bond shall become effective at 12:01 AM (CDST) on

and shall be valid until

11:59 PM (CDST).

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, That We

as PRINCIPAL, and

as SURETY, and held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in the bid proposal under "Proposal Guaranty" in effect on the date of the Invitation for Bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH that whereas, the PRINCIPAL may submit bid proposal(s) to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for various improvements published in the Transportation Bulletin during the effective term indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal(s) of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said PRINCIPAL has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer day of A.D., .		In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the instrument to be signed by its of day of	ne said SURETY has caused this officer A.D., .
day of	A.D.,	day of	^.U.,
(Coi	mpany Name)	(Comp	any Name)
Ву		Ву	
(S	ignature and Title)	(Signature	of Attorney-in-Fact)
Notary for PRINCIPAL		Notary for SURETY	
STATE OF		STATE OF	
Signed and attested before me on (date)		Signed and attested before me on (date)	
by		by	
(Name	of Notary Public)		Notary Public)
(Seal)		(Seal)	
	(Signature of Notary Public)		(Signature of Notary Public)
	(Date Commission Expires)		(Date Commission Expires)

BDE 356A (Rev. 1/21/14)

In lieu of completing the above section of the Annual Proposal Bid Bond form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the proposal(s) the Principal is ensuring the identified electronic bid bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

Electronic Bid Bond ID #

Company/Bidder Name

Signature and Title

This bond may be terminated, at Surety's request, upon giving not less than thirty (30) days prior written notice of the cancellation/termination of the bond. Said written notice shall be issued to the Illinois Department of Transportation, Chief Contracts Official, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Springfield, Illinois, 62764, and shall be served in person, by receipted courier delivery or certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. Said notice period shall commence on the first calendar day following the Department's receipt of written cancellation/termination notice. Surety shall remain firmly bound to all obligations herein for proposals submitted prior to the cancellation/termination. Surety shall be released and discharged from any obligation(s) for proposals submitted for any letting or date after the effective date of cancellation/termination.



# **Division of Highways Proposal Bid Bond**

Item No.

Letting Date

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, That We

as PRINCIPAL, and

as SURETY, and held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in the bid proposal under "Proposal Guaranty" in effect on the date of the Invitation for Bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH that whereas, the PRINCIPAL has submitted a bid proposal to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for the improvement designated by the Transportation Bulletin Item Number and Letting Date indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

	EREOF, the said PRINCIPAL has ent to be signed by its officer	In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said SURETY has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer		
day of	A.D.,	day of A.D.,		
	(Company Name)	(Company Name)		
Ву		Ву		
	(Signature and Title)	(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)		
Notary for PRINCIP	AL	Notary for SURETY		
STATE OF		STATE OF		
COUNTY OF		COUNTY OF		
Signed and attested by	before me on (date)	Signed and attested before me on (date) by		
(N	lame of Notary Public)	(Name of Notary Public)		
(Seal)		(Seal)		
	(Signature of Notary Public)	(Signature of Notary Public)		
	(Date Commission Expires)	(Date Commission Expires)		
proposal the Princip		d form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly		

bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

Electronic Bid Bond ID #

Signature and Title



#### (1) Policy

It is public policy that disadvantaged businesses as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. Consequently the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract.

#### (2) Obligation

The contractor agrees to ensure that disadvantaged businesses as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts or subcontracts financed in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision to ensure that said businesses have the maximum opportunity to compete for and perform under this contract. The contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin or sex in the award and performance of contracts.

#### (3) Project and Bid Identification

Complete the following information concerning the project and bid:

Route	Total Bid		
Section	Contract DBE Goal		
Project		(Percent)	(Dollar Amount)
County			
Letting Date			
Contract No.			
Letting Item No.			

#### (4) Assurance

I, acting in my capacity as an officer of the undersigned bidder (or bidders if a joint venture), hereby assure the Department that on this project my company : (check one)

Meets or exceeds contract award goals and has provided documented participation as follows:

Disadvantaged Business Participation \_\_\_\_\_ percent

Attached are the signed participation statements, forms SBE 2025, required by the Special Provision evidencing availability and use of each business participating in this plan and assuring that each business will perform a commercially useful function in the work of the contract.

Failed to meet contract award goals and has included good faith effort documentation to meet the goals and that my company has provided participation as follows:

Disadvantaged Business Participation \_\_\_\_\_ percent

The contract goals should be accordingly modified or waived. Attached is all information required by the Special Provision in support of this request including good faith effort. Also attached are the signed participation statements, forms SBE 2025, required by the Special Provision evidencing availability and use of each business participating in this plan and assuring that each business will perform a commercially useful function in the work of the contract.

	Company	The "as read" Low Bidder is required to com	ply with the Special Provision.
Ву		Submit only one utilization plan for each pro submitted in accordance with the special pro	
Title		Bureau of Small Business Enterprises 2300 South Dirksen Parkway Springfield, Illinois 62764	Local Let Projects Submit forms to the Local Agency
Date			

The Department of Transportation is requesting disclosure of information that is necessary to accomplish the purpose as outlined under State and Federal law. Disclosure of this information is **REQUIRED**. Failure to provide any information will result in the contract not being awarded. This form has been approved by the State Forms Manager Center.



**DBE Participation Statement** 

Subcontractor Registration Number	Letting
Participation Statement	Item No.
(1) Instructions	Contract No.

This form must be completed for each disadvantaged business participating in the Utilization Plan. This form shall be submitted in accordance with the special provision and will be attached to the Utilization Plan form. If additional space is needed complete an additional form for the firm.

#### (2) Work:

Please indicat	ie: J	I/V	Manufacturer	Supplier (60%)	Subcont	ractor	Trucking
Pay Item No.			Description		Quantity	Unit Price	Total
						Total	

(3) Partial Payment Items (For any of the above items which are partial pay items) Description must be sufficient to determine a Commercially Useful Function, specifically describe the work and subcontract dollar amount:

#### (4) Commitment

When a DBE is to be a second-tier subcontractor, or if the first-tier DBE subcontractor is going to be subcontracting a portion of its subcontract, it must be clearly indicated on the DBE Participation Statement, and the details of the transaction fully explained.

In the event a DBE subcontractor second-tiers a portion of its subcontract to one or more subcontractors during the work of a contract, the prime must submit a DBE Participation Statement, with the details of the transaction(s) fully explained.

The undersigned certify that the information included herein is true and correct, and that the DBE firm listed below has agreed to perform a commercially useful function in the work of the contract item(s) listed above and to execute a contract with the prime contractor or 1<sup>st</sup> Tier subcontractor. The undersigned further understand that no changes to this statement may be made without prior approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises and that complete and accurate information regarding actual work performed on this project and the payment therefore must be provided to the Department.

Signature for Contractor 1 <sup>st</sup> Tier 2 <sup>nd</sup> Tier	Signature for DBE Firm1 <sup>st</sup> Tier2 <sup>nd</sup> Tier
Title	Title
Date	Date
Contact Person	Contact Person
Phone	Phone
Firm Name	Firm Name
Address	Address
City/State/Zip	City/State/Zip
	Ε
The Department of Typese dution is requestion disclosure of information that is reasonable to an	wC

The Department of Transportation is requesting disclosure of information that is necessary to accomplish the statutory purpose as outlined under the state and federal law. Disclosure of this information is **REQUIRED**. Failure to provide any information will result in the contract not being awarded. This form has been approved by the State Forms Management Center.

# **PROPOSAL ENVELOPE**



# PROPOSALS

for construction work advertised for bids by the Illinois Department of Transportation

Item No.	Item No.	Item No.

Submitted By:

Name:	
Address:	
Phone No.	

Bidders should use an IDOT proposal envelope or affix this form to the front of a 10" x 13" envelope for the submittal of bids. If proposals are mailed, they should be enclosed in a second or outer envelope addressed to:

Engineer of Design and Environment - Room 326 Illinois Department of Transportation 2300 South Dirksen Parkway Springfield, Illinois 62764

# **NOTICE**

Individual bids, including Bid Bond and/or supplemental information if required, should be securely stapled.

# **CONTRACTOR OFFICE COPY OF CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS**

# NOTICE

None of the following material needs to be returned with the bid package unless the special provisions require documentation and/or other information to be submitted.

Contract No. 61A89 DUPAGE County Section 11-00058-00-BR (Lisle) Project BRM-9003(922) Route FOUR LAKES AVENUE District 1 Construction Funds



# SUBCONTRACTOR DOCUMENTATION

Public Acts 96-0795, 96-0920, and 97-0895 enacted substantial changes to the provisions of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Among the changes are provisions affecting subcontractors. The Contractor awarded this contract will be required as a material condition of the contract to implement and enforce the contract requirements applicable to subcontractors that entered into a contractual agreement with a total value of \$50,000 or more with a person or entity who has a contract subject to the Code and approved in accordance with article 108.01 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

If the Contractor seeks approval of subcontractors to perform a portion of the work, and approval is granted by the Department, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the subcontract to the Illinois Department of Transportation's CPO upon request within 15 calendar days after execution of the subcontract.

Financial disclosures required pursuant to Sec. 50-35 of the Code must be submitted for all applicable subcontractors. The subcontract shall contain the certifications required to be made by subcontractors pursuant to Article 50 of the Code. This Notice to Bidders includes a document incorporating all required subcontractor certifications and disclosures for use by the Contractor in compliance with this mandate. The document is entitled <u>State Required Ethical Standards Governing Subcontractors</u>.

#### STATE ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING SUBCONTRACTORS

Article 50 of the Code establishes the duty of all State CPOs, SPOs, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

The certifications hereinafter made by the subcontractor are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department approve the subcontractor. The CPO may terminate or void the contract approval if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous certification. If a false certification is made by a subcontractor the contractor's submitted bid and the executed contract may not be declared void unless the contractor refuses to terminate the subcontract upon the State's request after a finding that the subcontractor's certification was false.

Section 50-2 of the Code provides that every person that has entered into a multi-year contract and every subcontractor with a multi-year subcontract shall certify, by July 1 of each fiscal year covered by the contract after the initial fiscal year, to the responsible CPO whether it continues to satisfy the requirements of Article 50 pertaining to the eligibility for a contract award. If a contractor or subcontractor is not able to truthfully certify that it continues to meet all requirements, it shall provide with its certification a detailed explanation of the circumstances leading to the change in certification status. A contractor or subcontractor that makes a false statement material to any given certification required under Article 50 is, in addition to any other penalties or consequences prescribed by law, subject to liability under the Whistleblower Reward and Protection Act for submission of a false claim.

#### A. Bribery

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government, or subcontracting under such a contract, as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, or which is signatory to the contract to which the subcontract relates, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State, and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the contractor or the subcontractor, respectively, that the contractor or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any certifications required by this Section are false. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

The contractor or subcontractor certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50-5.

#### B. Felons

Section 50-10. Felons.

(a) Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any State agency, or enter into a subcontract, from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

(b) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any of the certifications required by this Section are false.

#### C. Debt Delinguency

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under the Code. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, further acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if this certification is false or if the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

#### D. Prohibited Bidders, Contractors and Subcontractors

Section 50-10.5 and 50-60(c). Prohibited bidders, contractors and subcontractors.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 or if in violation of Subsection (c) for a period of five years from the date of conviction. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontract or is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO shall declare the related contract void if any of the certifications completed pursuant to this Section are false.

#### E. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-14 that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, is not barred from being awarded a contract or entering into a subcontract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency, or entering into any subcontract, that is subject to the Code by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, acknowledges that the CPO may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

# The undersigned, on behalf of the subcontracting company, has read and understands the above certifications and makes the certifications as required by law.

 Name of Subcontracting Company

 Authorized Officer
 Date

### SUBCONTRACTOR DISCLOSURES

#### I. DISCLOSURES

A. The disclosures hereinafter made by the subcontractor are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed. The subcontractor further certifies that the Department has received the disclosure forms for each subcontract.

The CPO may void the bid, contract, or subcontract, respectively, if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous disclosure. A contractor or subcontractor may be suspended or debarred for violations of the Code. Furthermore, the CPO may void the contract.

#### B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Code provides that all subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the subcontractor. This disclosed information for the subcontractor, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, filed with the Procurement Policy Board, and shall be incorporated as a material term of the Prime Contractor's contract. Furthermore, pursuant to this Section, the Procurement Policy Board may recommend to allow or void a contract or subcontract based on a potential conflict of interest.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the subcontracting entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the subcontractor is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a subcontractor is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each individual making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each individual making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form. **The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00**.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, subcontracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the subcontracting entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, subcontract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. <u>Disclosure Forms</u>. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. A separate Disclosure Form A must be submitted with the bid for each individual meeting the above requirements. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies and a total ownership certification. **The forms must be included with each bid**.

#### C. Disclosure Form Instructions

#### Form A Instructions for Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest

If the subcontractor is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a subcontractor is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a subcontractor is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the subcontractor must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the subcontractor should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the <u>NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT</u> on the second page of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for the subcontracting company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

- 1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES NO\_\_\_\_
- 2. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES \_\_\_\_ NO\_\_\_\_
- 3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor of the subcontracting entity's or parent entity's distributive income? YES \_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_

(Note: Distributive income is, for these purposes, any type of distribution of profits. An annual salary is not distributive income.)

4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the subcontracting entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES \_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_

(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed per individual per subcontract even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The subcontractor must determine each individual in the subcontracting entity or the subcontracting entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. The individual signing can be, but does not have to be, the individual for which the form is being completed. The subcontractor is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the <u>NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT</u> on page 2 of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

#### Form B: Instructions for Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information

Disclosure Form B must be completed for each subcontract submitted by the subcontracting entity. Note: Checking the <u>NOT APPLICABLE</u> <u>STATEMENT</u> on Form A <u>does not</u> allow the subcontractor to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, checked, and dated or the subcontract will not be approved.

The Subcontractor shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts, subcontracts, leases, bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the subcontractor only needs to complete the check box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the subcontractor must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, subcontracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts or subcontracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included.

# ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# Form A Subcontractor: Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest Disclosure

Subcontractor Name		
Legal Address		
City, State, Zip		
Telephone Number	Email Address	Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Subcontractors desiring to enter into a subcontract of a State of Illinois contract must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, and for all openended contracts. A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. <u>See Disclosure Form Instructions</u>.

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

#### DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Disclosure of Financial Information. The individual named below has an interest in the SUBCONTRACTOR (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor. (Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)

FOR INDIVIDUAL	(type or print information)		
NAME:			
ADDRESS			
Type of owne	ership/distributable income share	:	
stock	sole proprietorship	Partnership	other: (explain on separate sheet):
% or \$ value of	of ownership/distributable income sh	nare:	

**2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest.** Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

(a) State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual employment of services.

Yes No

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

- 1. Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- 2. Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary.

3. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive
(i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor?

Yes No

- 4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor? Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- (b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment services in the previous 2 years.

Yes <u>No</u>

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

- 1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- 2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name of your spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary.
- 3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 71/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor? Yes No \_\_\_
- 4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor?

Yes <u>No</u>

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years.
Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_

- (e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United States of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years. Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- (f) Relationship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes <u>No</u>
- (g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government. Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_

- (h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes <u>No</u>
- (i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_
- (j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections.

Yes <u>No</u>

#### 3 Communication Disclosure.

Disclose the name and address of each lobbyist and other agent of the bidder or offeror who is not identified in Section 2 of this form, who is has communicated, is communicating, or may communicate with any State officer or employee concerning the bid or offer. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the process and throughout the term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name and address of person(s): \_\_\_\_\_

**4. Debarment Disclosure.** For each of the persons identified under Sections 2 and 3 of this form, disclose whether any of the following has occurred within the previous 10 years: debarment from contracting with any governmental entity; professional licensure discipline; bankruptcies; adverse civil judgments and administrative findings; and criminal felony convictions. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the procurement process and term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

t

# ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# Form B Subcontractor: Other Contracts & Financial Related Information Disclosure

ail Address	Fax Number (if available)
1	ail Address

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form B must be completed for subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, and for all open-ended contracts.

#### DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS, SUBCONTRACTS, AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The SUBCONTRACTOR shall identify whether it has any pending contracts, subcontracts, including leases, bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes \_\_\_\_No \_\_\_\_ If "No" is checked, the subcontractor only needs to complete the signature box on this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive

information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS:

### THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE CHECKED

Signature of Authorized Officer	Date

# **OWNERSHIP CERTIFICATION**

Please certify that the following statement is true if the individuals for all submitted Form A disclosures do not total 100% of ownership

Any remaining ownership interest is held by individuals receiving less than \$106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income or holding less than a 5% ownership interest.

🗌 Yes	🗌 No	□ N/A (Form A disclosure(s) established 100% ownership)
-------	------	---

# **NOTICE TO BIDDERS**



- TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Sealed proposals for the improvement described herein will be received by the Department of Transportation. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). Paper-based bids are to be submitted to the Chief Procurement Officer for the Department of Transportation in care of the Chief Contracts Official at the Harry R. Hanley Building, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, in Springfield, Illinois until 10:00 a.mJanuary 30, 2015. All bids will be gathered, sorted, publicly opened and read in the auditorium at the Department of Transportation's Harry R. Hanley Building shortly after 10:00 a.m.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 61A89 DUPAGE County Section 11-00058-00-BR (Lisle) Project BRM-9003(922) Route FOUR LAKES AVENUE District 1 Construction Funds

Replace the bridge carrying Four Lakes Avenue over the East Branch of the DuPage River and the reconstruction of the intersection of Four Lakes Avenue and East Lake Drive, located in the Village of Lisle.

- **3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
  - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Erica J. Borggren, Acting Secretary

#### CONTRACT 61A89

#### INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

#### Adopted January 1, 2015

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-12) (Revised 1-1-15)

#### SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

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101	Definition of Terms	1
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105	Control of Work	3
106	Control of Materials	5
107	Legal Regulations and Responsibility to Public	6
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# **RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

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3		EEO	
4		Specific EEO Responsibilities Non Federal-Aid Contracts	
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6		Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal	
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8	х	Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads	
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12		Subsealing of Concrete Pavements	
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14		Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing	
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17		Polymer Concrete	
18		PVĆ Pipeliner	
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34		Preventive Maintenance - Bituminous Surface Treatment	
35		Preventive Maintenance - Cape Seal	
36		Preventive Maintenance – Micro-Surfacing	
37		Preventive Maintenance - Slurry Seal	
38		Temporary Raised Pavement Markers	
39		Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam	

# LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

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<u>LR #</u>	<u>Pg #</u>		Slab Movement Detection Device	Effective	Revised
LR SD12		H		Nov. 11, 1984	Jan. 1, 2007
LR SD13		Ц	Required Cold Milled Surface Texture RESCINDED	Nov. 1, 1987	Jan. 1, 2007
LR SD406 LR 102-2		H	Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Contract Proposals	Jan. 1, 2001	Jan. 1, 2014
	251	$\boxtimes$	Cooperation with Utilities	Jan. 1, 1999	Jan. 1, 2014
LR 105 LR 107-2	201	R	Railroad Protective Liability Insurance for Local Lettings		Jan. 1, 2007
LR 107-2 LR 107-4	254	$\boxtimes$	Insurance	Mar. 1, 2005 Feb. 1, 2007	Aug. 1, 2007
LR 107-4 LR 107-7	204		Wages of Employees on Public Works	Jan. 1, 1999	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 107-7		H	Combination Bids	Jan. 1, 1994	Mar. 1, 2005
LR 109		Н	Equipment Rental Rates	Jan. 1, 2012	Mai. 1, 2000
LR 212		H	Shaping Roadway	Aug. 1, 1969	Jan. 1, 2002
LR 355-1		H	Bituminous Stabilized Base Course, Road Mix or Traveling	Oct. 1, 1973	Jan. 1, 2002
LIX 300-1			Plant Mix	000. 1, 1970	
LR 355-2			Bituminous Stabilized Base Course, Plant Mix	Feb. 20, 1963	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 400-1			Bituminous Treated Earth Surface	Jan. 1, 2007	Apr. 1, 2012
LR 400-2			Bituminous Surface Plant Mix (Class B)	Jan. 1, 2008	
LR 400-3			Hot In-Place Recycling (HIR) – Surface Recycling	Jan. 1, 2012	
LR 400-4			Full-Depth Reclamation (FDR) with Emulsified Asphalt	Apr. 1, 2012	Jun. 1, 2012
LR 400-5			Cold In-Place Recycling (CIR) With Emulsified Asphalt	Apr. 1, 2012	Jun. 1, 2012
LR 400-6			Cold In Place Recycling (CIR) with Foamed Asphalt	June 1, 2012	
LR 400-7			Full-Depth Reclamation (FDR) with Foamed Asphalt	June 1, 2012	
LR 402			Salt Stabilized Surface Course	Feb. 20, 1963	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 403-1			Surface Profile Milling of Existing, Recycled or Reclaimed Flexible Pavement	Apr. 1, 2012	Jun. 1, 2012
LR 403-2			Bituminous Hot Mix Sand Seal Coat	Aug. 1, 1969	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 406		П	Filling HMA Core Holes with Non-shrink Grout	Jan. 1, 2008	,
LR 420			PCC Pavement (Special)	May 12, 1964	Jan. 2, 2007
LR 442			Bituminous Patching Mixtures for Maintenance Use	Jan. 1, 2004	Jun. 1, 2007
LR 451			Crack Filling Bituminous Pavement with Fiber-Asphalt	Oct. 1, 1991	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 503-1			Furnishing Class SI Concrete	Oct. 1, 1973	Jan. 1, 2002
LR 503-2			Furnishing Class SI Concrete (Short Load)	Jan. 1, 1989	Jan. 1, 2002
LR 542			Pipe Culverts, Type (Furnished)	Sep. 1, 1964	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 663			Calcium Chloride Applied	Jun. 1, 1958	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 702			Construction and Maintenance Signs	Jan. 1, 2004	Jun. 1, 2007
LR 1000-1			Cold In-Place Recycling (CIR) and Full Depth Reclamation	Apr. 1, 2012	Jun. 1, 2012
			(FDR) with Emulsified Asphalt Mix Design Procedures		
LR 1000-2			Cold In-Place Recycling (CIR) and Full Depth Reclamation (FDR) with Foamed Asphalt Mix Design Procedures	June 1, 2012	
LR 1004			Coarse Aggregate for Bituminous Surface Treatment	Jan. 1, 2002	Jan. 1, 2007
LR 1030		П	Growth Curve	Mar. 1, 2008	Jan. 1, 2010
LR 1032-1		T	Emulsified Asphalts	Jan. 1, 2007	Feb. 7, 2008
LR 1102		Ē	Road Mix or Traveling Plan Mix Equipment	Jan. 1, 2007	·
				,	

# **BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

The following special provisions indicated by an "x" are applicable to this contract. An \* indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

<u>File</u> Name	<u>Pg.</u>	Special Provision Title	Effective	<u>Revised</u>
80240	[	Above Grade Inlet Protection	July 1, 2009	Jan. 1, 2012
80099		Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	Jan. 1, 2014
80274		Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	April 1, 2012	Jan. 1, 2013
80192		Automated Flagger Assistance Device	Jan. 1, 2008	· · · · · · ·
80173		Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2013
80241	1	Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	Ç.
50261		Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable and Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50481		Building Removal-Case II (Non-Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50491		Building Removal-Case III (Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50531		Building Removal-Case IV (No Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
* 80310		Coated Galvanized Steel Conduit	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2015
* 80341		Collable Nonmetallic Conduit	Aug. 1, 2014	Jan. 1, 2015
80198		Completion Date (via calendar days)	April 1, 2008	
80199		Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008	
80293		Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 Feet	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2014
80294		Concrete Box Culverts with Skews ≤ 30 Degrees Regardless of Design Fill and Skews > 30 Degrees with Design Fills > 5 Feet	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2014
80311		Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2013	
80334	255	X Concrete Gutter, Curb, Median, and Paved Ditch	April 1, 2014	Aug. 1, 2014
80277		Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided	Jan. 1, 2012	Jan. 1, 2014
80261	256	X Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
80335	259	X Contract Claims	April 1, 2014	
* 80029	260	X Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	Jan. 2, 2015
80265	271	X Friction Aggregate	Jan. 1, 2011	Nov. 1, 2014
80229		Fuel Cost Adjustment	April 1, 2009	July 1, 2009
80329		Glare Screen	Jan. 1, 2014	
80304		Grooving for Recessed Pavement Markings	Nov. 1, 2012	Aug. 1, 2014
80246	275	X Hot-Mix Asphalt – Density Testing of Longitudinal Joints	Jan. 1, 2010	April 1, 2012
80322		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Mixture Design Composition and Volumetric Requirements	Nov. 1, 2013	Nov. 1, 2014
80323		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Mixture Design Verification and Production	Nov. 1, 2013	Nov. 1, 2014
80347		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Pay for Performance Using Percent Within Limits –	Nov. 1, 2014	
		Jobsite Sampling		
80348	277	X Hot-Mix Asphalt – Prime Coat	Nov. 1, 2014	
80315		Insertion Lining of Culverts	Jan. 1, 2013	Nov. 1, 2013
* 80351		Light Tower	Jan. 1, 2015	
80336		Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching	April 1, 2014	No. 4 0044
80324		X LRFD Pipe Culvert Burial Tables	Nov. 1, 2013	Nov. 1, 2014
80325		X LRFD Storm Sewer Burial Tables	Nov. 1, 2013	Nov. 1, 2014
80045		Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Aug. 1, 2014 Jan. 1, 2015
* 80342	the contraction of the second s	Mechanical Side Tie Bar Inserter Moisture Cured Urethane Paint System	Aug. 1, 2014 Nov. 1, 2006	Jan. 1, 2010
80165		Paved Shoulder Removal	April 1, 2014	Jan. 1, 2010
80337 80349		Pavement Marking Blackout Tape	Nov. 1, 2014	
80349 80298		Pavement Marking Tape Type IV	April 1, 2012	
80298		Pavement Patching	Jan. 1, 2012	
* 80352	and a second product of the second		Jan. 1, 2015	
* 80353		Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay	Jan. 1, 2015	
80338	Construction and an and a second second	Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	April 1, 2014	
00000				

<u>File</u> Name	<u>Pg.</u>		Special Provision Title	Effective	<u>Revised</u>
80343			Precast Concrete Handhole	Aug. 1, 2014	
80300			Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Type D - Inlaid	April 1, 2012	
80328	313	X	Progress Payments	Nov. 2, 2013	
34261			Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2006
80157			Railroad Protective Liability Insurance (5 and 10)	Jan. 1, 2006	
* 80306			Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) and Reclaimed Asphalt	Nov. 1, 2012	Jan. 2, 2015
			Shingles (RAS)	Sector and the property of a	
80350			Retroreflective Sheeting for Highway Signs	Nov. 1, 2014	
80327	314			Nov. 1, 2013	
80344			Rigid Metal Conduit	Aug. 1, 2014	
* 80354	316	X		Jan. 1, 2015	
80340			Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	
80127	317	X	Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2004	April 1, 2009
80317	and a state of the second state		Surface Testing of Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlays	Jan. 1, 2013	an a
* 80355			Temporary Concrete Barrier	Jan. 1, 2015	
80301	321	X	Tracking the Use of Pesticides	Aug. 1, 2012	*******
* 80356			Traffic Barrier Terminals Type 6 or 6B	Jan. 1, 2015	
20338	322	X		Oct. 15, 1975	
80318			Traversable Pipe Grate	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2014
80345			Underpass Luminaire	Aug. 1, 2014	
* 80357			Urban Half Road Closure with Mountable Median	Jan. 1, 2015	
80346			Waterway Obstruction Warning Luminaire	Aug. 1, 2014	
80288	325	X		Jan. 1, 2012	Nov. 1, 2014
80302	327	X		June 2, 2012	
80289			Wet Reflective Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	Jan. 1, 2012	
80071			Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	

The following special provisions are in the 2015 Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions:

<u>File</u>	Special Provision Title	New Location	<b>Effective</b>	Revised
<u>Name</u> 80292	Coarse Aggregate in Bridge Approach Slabs/Footings	Articles 1004.01(b) and 1004.02(f)	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2013
80303	Granular Materials	Articles 1003.04, 1003.04(c), and 1004.05(c)	Nov. 1, 2012	
80330	Pavement Marking for Bike Symbol	Article 780.14	Jan. 1, 2014	
80331	Payrolls and Payroll Records	Recurring CS #1 and #5	Jan. 1, 2014	
80332	Portland Cement Concrete – Curing of Abutments and Piers	Article 1020.13	Jan. 1, 2014	
80326	Portland Cement Concrete Equipment	Article 1103.03(a)(5)	Nov. 1, 2013	
80281	Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures	Recurring CS #31	Jan. 1, 2012	Jan. 1, 2014
80283	Removal and Disposal of Regulated Substances	Articles 669.01, 669.08, 669.09, 669.14, and 669.16	Jan. 1, 2012	Nov. 2, 2012
80319	Removal and Disposal of Surplus Materials	Article 202.03	Nov. 2, 2012	
80307	Seeding	Article 250.07	Nov. 1, 2012	
80339	Stabilized Subbase	Article 312.06	April 1, 2014	
80333	Traffic Control Setup and Removal Freeway/Expressway	Articles 701.18(I) and 701.19(a)	Jan. 1, 2014	

The following special provisions require additional information from the designer. The additional information needs to be included in a separate document attached to this check sheet. The Project Development and Implementation section will then include the information in the applicable special provision. The Special Provisions are:

- Bridge Demolition Debris
- Building Removal-Case I
- Building Removal-Case II
- Building Removal-Case III
- Building Removal-Case IV
- Completion Date
- Completion Date Plus Working Days
- DBE Participation

- Material Transfer Device
- Railroad Protective Liability Insurance
- Training Special Provisions
- Working Days

# GUIDE BRIDGE SPECIAL PROVISION INDEX/CHECK SHEET Effective as of the: November 21, 2014 Letting

<u>Pg</u> #	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	File Name	Title	Effective	Revised
		GBSP 4	Polymer Modified Portland Cement Mortar	June 7, 1994	July 26, 2013
		GBSP 12 Drainage System		June 10, 1994	Jan 1, 2007
		GBSP 13	High-Load Multi-Rotational Bearings	Oct 13, 1988	Oct 30, 2012
		GBSP 14	Jack and Remove Existing Bearings	April 20, 1994	Jan 1, 2007
		GBSP 15	Three Sided Precast Concrete Structure	July 12, 1994	Oct 15, 2011
		GBSP 16	Jacking Existing Superstructure	Jan 11, 1993	Jan 1, 2007
		GBSP 17	Bonded Preformed Joint Seal	July 12, 1994	Jan 1, 2007
		GBSP 18	Modular Expansion Joint	May 19, 1994	April 18, 2014
		GBSP 21	Cleaning and Painting Contact Surface Areas of Existing Steel Structures	June 30, 2003	May 18, 2011
		GBSP 25	Cleaning and Painting Existing Steel Structures	Oct 2, 2001	April 19, 2012
		GBSP 26	Containment and Disposal of Lead Paint Cleaning Residues	Oct 2, 2001	April 30, 2010
		GBSP 28	Deck Slab Repair	May 15, 1995	Oct 15, 2011
		GBSP 29	Bridge Deck Microsilica Concrete Overlay	May 15, 1995	Oct 30, 2012
		GBSP 30	Bridge Deck Latex Concrete Overlay	May 15, 1995	Jan 18, 2011
		GBSP 31	Bridge Deck High-Reactivity Metakaolin (HRM) Conc Overlay	Jan 21, 2000	Oct 30, 2012
		GBSP 32	Temporary Sheet Piling	Sept 2, 1994	Jan 31, 2012
		GBSP 33	Pedestrian Truss Superstructure	Jan 13, 1998	April 18, 2014
		GBSP 34	Concrete Wearing Surface	June 23, 1994	Feb 6, 2013
		GBSP 35	Silicone Bridge Joint Sealer	Aug 1, 1995	Oct 15, 2011
	ļ	GBSP 38	Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Feb 3, 1999	Aug 29, 2014
		GBSP 42	Drilled Soldier Pile Retaining Wall	Sept 20, 2001	Jan 3, 2014
		GBSP 43	Driven Soldier Pile Retaining Wall	Nov 13, 2002	Jan 3, 2014
		GBSP 44	Temporary Soil Retention System	Dec 30, 2002	May 11, 2009
		GBSP 45	Bridge Deck Thin Polymer Overlay	May 7, 1997	Feb 6, 2013
		GBSP 46	Geotextile Retaining Walls	Sept 19, 2003	July 26, 2013
328	X	1	Pipe Underdrain for Structures	May 17, 2000	Jan 22, 2010
		GBSP 53	Structural Repair of Concrete	Mar 15, 2006	Aug 29, 2014
		GBSP 55	Erection of Curved Steel Structures	June 1, 2007	
329	X		Setting Piles in Rock	Nov 14, 1996	April 19, 2012
		GBSP 57	Temporary Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Jan 6, 2003	Aug 29 ,2014
		GBSP 59	Diamond Grinding and Surface Testing Bridge Sections	Dec 6, 2004	Jan 3, 2014
		GBSP 60	Containment and Disposal of Non-Lead Paint Cleaning Residues	Nov 25, 2004	Mar 6, 2009
		GBSP 61	Slipform Parapet	June 1, 2007	Aug 17, 2012
		GBSP 62	Concrete Deck Beams	June 13, 2008	Oct 9, 2009
		GBSP 64	Segmental Concrete Block Wall	Jan 7, 1999	Oct 30, 2012
		GBSP 65	Precast Modular Retaining Walls	Mar 19, 2001	Jan 3, 2014
		GBSP 67	Structural Assessment Reports for Contractor's Means and Methods	Mar 6, 2009	
		GBSP 70	Braced Excavation	Aug 9, 1995	May 18, 2011
		GBSP 71	Aggregate Column Ground Improvement	Jan 15, 2009	Oct 15, 2011

		GBSP 72	Bridge Deck Fly Ash or GGBF Slag Concrete Overlay	Jan 18, 2011	Oct 15, 2011
331	Х	GBSP 73	Cofferdams	Oct 15, 2011	
		GBSP 74	Permanent Steel Sheet Piling (LRFD)	Jan 31, 2012	Aug 17, 2012
		GBSP 75	Bond Breaker for Prestressed Concrete Bulb-T Beams	April 19, 2012	
333	Х	GBSP 76	Granular Backfill for Structures	April 19, 2012	Oct 30, 2012
		GBSP 77	Weep Hole Drains for Abutments, Wingwalls, Retaining Walls And Culverts	April 19, 2012	Oct 22, 2013
335	Х	GBSP 78	Bridge Deck Construction	Oct 22, 2013	April 18, 2014
		GBSP 79	Reserved		
		GBSP 80	Fabric Reinforced Elastomeric	Aug 29, 2014	

# LIST ANY ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISIONS BELOW

# The following Guide Bridge Special Provisions have been incorporated into the 2012 Standard Specifications:

File	Title	Std Spec
Name		Location
GBSP22	Cleaning and Painting New Metal Structures	506
GBSP36	Surface Preparation and Painting Req. for Weathering Steel	506
GBSP50	Removal of Existing Non-composite Bridge Decks	501
GBSP58	Mechanical Splicers	508
GBSP63	Demolition Plans for Removal of Existing Structures	501
GBSP68	Piling	512
GBSP69	Freeze-Thaw Aggregates for Concrete Superstructures Poured on Grade	1004

The following Guide Bridge Special Provisions have been discontinued or have been superseded:

File	Title	Disposition:
Name		
GBSP37	Underwater Structure Excavation Protection	Replaced by GBSP73
GBSP11	Permanent Steel Sheet Piling	Replaced by GBSP74
GBSP47	High Performance Concrete Structures	Discontinued
GBSP52	Porous Granular Embankment (Special)	Replaced by GBSP76
GBSP66	Wave Equation Analysis of Piles	Discontinued

Four Lakes Avenue Section 11-00058-00-BR Contract #: 61A89 DuPage County

# STATE OF ILLINOIS

# SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted January 1, 2012, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures of Materials" in effect on the date of invitation of bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the replacement of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over the East Branch DuPage River in addition to associated roadway improvements, Section 11-00058-00-BR, in the Village of Lisle in DuPage County, Contract No. 61A89, and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said specifications; the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

### LOCATION OF PROJECT

The proposed replacement of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over the East Branch DuPage River is located in southern DuPage County in the Village of Lisle. The project begins on Four Lakes Avenue approximately 117 feet west of the center-point of the intersection of Four Lakes Avenue and East Lake Drive and extends 359 feet east of the same center-point for a total distance of 475 feet (0.090 miles). Relative to major arterials, the project is located approximately 0.40 miles west of Illinois Route 53 and 0.60 miles south of Maple Avenue (DuPage County Highway 17). A location map is shown on the cover of the plans, (41° 46' 39.74" N, 88° 04' 41.76" W), Section 15, Township 38N, Range 10E.

### **DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT**

The work consists of the removal and replacement of the bridge including abutments and pier, roadway/intersection reconstruction, construction of sidewalk, storm sewer and drainage structures, combination concrete curb and gutter, pavement markings, aggregate shoulders, light poles, earth excavation, erosion control systems, landscaping, as well as all incidental and collateral work necessary to complete the improvements as shown in the plans and described herein.

### MAINTENANCE OF ROADWAYS

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer, but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

# STATUS OF UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

Effective: January 30, 1987 Revised: January 24, 2013

Utilities companies involved in this project have provided the following estimated durations:

<u>Name of</u> <u>Utility</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Conflict</u>	Estimated Duration of Relocation or Adjustments
DuPage County Public Works	Sanitary Sewer	14+32.28 / 33.22' RT 16+13.44 / 37.95' RT 16+37.43 / 38.41' RT 16+22.49 / 33.04' LT	Ex. Frame / Pr. Grading Ex. Frame / Pr. Grading Ex. Frame / Pr. Grading Ex. Frame / Pr. Grading	Approximately 14 calendar days
Nicor Gas	Gas	West side of the River running north / south on East Lake Drive	Not Anticipated	None
ComEd	Electric	14+89.06 / 18.76' LT 14+89.06 - 16+23.7 LT	Ex. Vault / Pr. Bridge Ex. Facilities in Bridge / Pr. Bridge	Prior to Start of Construction
Four Lakes Condominium Association	Lighting	14+56.86 / 26.45 LT 14+93.84 / 18.22' RT 14+93.66 / 20.00' LT 16+02.88 / 15.76' RT 16+03.48 / 20.69' LT	Ex. Light Pole / Pr. Sidewalk Ex. Light Pole / Pr. Bridge Ex. Light Pole / Pr. Bridge Ex. Light Pole / Pr. Bridge Ex. Light Pole / Pr. Bridge	Approximately 7 calendar days. Contractor to salvage and provide to Association
AT&T	Telephone	16+23.70 - 14+89.06LT	Ex. Facilities in Bridge / Pr. Bridge	Approximately 14 calendar days.
Illinois American Water Company	Water	South of the Bridge running east / west.	Not Anticipated	None

The above represents the best information available to the Department and is included for the convenience of the bidder. The applicable portions of Articles 105.07 and 107.31 of the Standard Specifications shall apply.

In accordance with 605 ILCS 5/9-113 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, utility companies have 90 days to complete the relocation of their facilities after receipt of written notice from the Department. The 90-day written notice will be sent to the utility companies after the following occurs:

- 1) Proposed right of way is clear for contract award.
- 2) Final plans have been sent to and received by the utility company.
- 3) Utility permit is received by the Department and the Department is ready to issue said permit.
- 4) If a permit has not been submitted, a 15 day letter is sent to the utility company notifying them they have 15 days to provide their permit application. After allowing 15 days for submission of the permit the 90 day notice is sent to the utility company.
- 5) Any time within the 90 day relocation period the utility company may request a waiver for additional time to complete their relocation. The Department has 10 days to review and respond to a waiver request.

# **COMPLETION DATE PLUS WORKING DAYS**

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: January 1, 2007

Revise Article 108.05 (b) of the Standard Specifications as follows:

"When a completion date plus working days is specified, the Contractor shall complete all contract items and safely open all roadways to traffic by 11:59 PM on, November 20, 2015 except as specified herein.

The Contractor will be allowed to complete all clean-up work and punch list items within 5 working days after the completion date for opening the roadway to traffic. Under extenuating circumstances the Engineer may direct that certain items of work, not affecting the safe opening of the roadway to traffic, may be completed within the working days allowed for clean up work and punch list items. Temporary lane closures for this work may be allowed at the discretion of the Engineer.

Article 108.09 or the Special Provision for "Failure to Complete the Work on Time", if included in this contract, shall apply to both the completion date and the number of working days.

# STORM SEWER ADJACENT TO OR CROSSING WATER MAIN

Effective: February 1, 1996 Revised: January 1, 2007

This work consists of constructing storm sewer adjacent to or crossing a water main, at the locations shown on the plans. The material and installation requirements shall be according to the latest edition of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", and the applicable portions of Section 550 of the Standard Specifications; which may include concrete collars and encasing pipe with seals if required.

Pipe materials shall meet the requirements of Sections 40 and 41-2.01 of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", except PVC pipe will not be allowed. Ductile-Iron pipe shall meet the minimum requirements for Thickness Class 50.

Encasing of standard type storm sewer, according to the details for "Water and Sewer Separation Requirements (Vertical Separation)" in the "STANDARD DRAWINGS" Division of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", may be used for storm sewers crossing water mains.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid according to Article 550.10 of the Standard Specifications, except the pay item shall be STORM SEWER (WATER MAIN REQUIREMENTS), of the diameter specified.

#### CLEANING EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: December 1, 2011

All existing storm sewers, pipe culverts, manholes, catch basins and inlets shall be considered as drainage structures insofar as the interpretation of this Special Provision is concerned. When specified for payment, the location of drainage structures to be cleaned will be shown on the plans.

All existing drainage structures which are to be adjusted or reconstructed shall be cleaned in accordance with Article 602.15 of the Standard Specifications. This work will be paid for in accordance with Article 602.16 of the Standard Specifications.

All other existing drainage structures which are specified to be cleaned on the plans will be cleaned according to Article 602.15 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for DRAINAGE STRUCTURES TO BE CLEANED, and at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for STORM SEWERS TO BE CLEANED, of the diameter specified.

#### AGGREGATE FOR CONCRETE BARRIER (D-1)

Effective: February 11, 2004 Revised: January 24, 2008

Add the following paragraph to Article 637.02 of the Standard Specifications:

"The coarse aggregate to be used in the concrete barrier walls shall conform to the requirement for coarse aggregate used in Class BS concrete according to Article 1004.01(b), paragraph 2."

# TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (ARTERIALS)

Effective: February 1, 1996 Revised: March 1, 2011

Specific traffic control plan details and Special Provisions have been prepared for this contract. This work shall include all labor, materials, transportation, handling and incidental work necessary to furnish, install, maintain and remove all traffic control devices required as indicated in the plans and as approved by the Engineer.

When traffic is to be directed over a detour route, the Contractor shall furnish, erect, maintain and remove all applicable traffic control devices along the detour route according to the details shown in the plans.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>: All traffic control (except Traffic Control and Protection (Expressways)) and temporary pavement markings) indicated on the traffic control plan details and specified in the Special Provisions will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: All traffic control and protection will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (SPECIAL).

Temporary pavement markings will be paid for separately unless shown on a Standard.

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

### STANDARDS:

701011	Off Road Moving operations, 2L, 2W, Day Only
701301	Lane Closure, 2L, 2W, Short Time Operations
701311	Lane Closure, 2L, 2W, Moving Operations – Day Only
7015 <b>01</b>	Urban Lane Closure, 2L, 2W, Undivided
701801	Sidewalk, Corner, or Crosswalk Closure
701901	Traffic Control Devices
704001	Temporary Concrete Barriers

DETAILS:

- TC-10 Traffic Control And Protection For Side Roads, Intersections, And Driveways
- TC-11 Raised Reflective Pavement Markers (Snow Plow Resistant)
- TC-13 Typical Pavement Markings
- TC-22 Arterial Road Information Sign

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

Maintenance of Roadways – District 1 Traffic Control and Protection (Arterials) – District 1 Public Convenience and Safety – District 1 Work Zone Traffic Control Maintenance – District 1 Temporary Information Signing – District 1 Pavement Marking Removal (BDE Recurring SP CS #33)

## ADJUSTMENTS AND RECONSTRUCTIONS

Effective: March 15, 2011

Revise the first paragraph of Article 602.04 to read:

"602.04 Concrete. Cast-in-place concrete for structures shall be constructed of Class SI concrete according to the applicable portions of Section 503. Cast-in-place concrete for pavement patching around adjustments and reconstructions shall be constructed of Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, according to the applicable portions of Section 1020."

Revise the third, fourth and fifth sentences of the second paragraph of Article 602.11(c) to read:

"Castings shall be set to the finished pavement elevation so that no subsequent adjustment will be necessary, and the space around the casting shall be filled with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, to the elevation of the surface of the base course or binder course. HMA surface or binder course material shall not be allowed. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

Revise Article 603.05 to read:

"603.05 Replacement of Existing Flexible Pavement. After the castings have been adjusted, the surrounding space shall be filled with Class PP-1 concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, to the elevation of the surface of the base course or binder course. HMA surface or binder course material shall not be allowed. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

Revise Article 603.06 to read:

"603.06 Replacement of Existing Rigid Pavement. After the castings have been adjusted, the pavement and HMA that was removed, shall be replaced with Class PP-1

concrete, unless otherwise noted in the plans, not less than 9 in. (225 mm) thick. The pavement may be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b.

The surface of the Class PP concrete shall be constructed flush with the adjacent surface."

Revise the first sentence of Article 603.07 to read:

"603.07 Protection Under Traffic. After the casting has been adjusted and the Class PP concrete has been placed, the work shall be protected by a barricade and two lights according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b."

### AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT (D-1)

Effective: February 22, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2014

Add the following Section to the Standard Specifications:

### "SECTION 303. AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT

**303.01 Description.** This work shall consist of constructing an aggregate subgrade improvement.

**303.02** Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Coarse Aggregate	
(b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) (Notes 1, 2 and 3)	

Note 1. Crushed RAP, from either full depth or single lift removal, may be mechanically blended with aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 but shall not exceed 40 percent of the total product. The top size of the Coarse RAP shall be less than 4 in. (100 mm) and well graded.

Note 2. RAP having 100 percent passing the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve and being well graded, may be used as capping aggregate in the top 3 in. (75 mm) when aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 are used in lower lifts. When RAP is blended with any of the coarse aggregates, the blending shall be done with mechanically calibrated feeders.

Note 3. The RAP used for aggregate subgrade improvement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications".

303.03 Equipment. The vibratory machine shall be according to Article 1101.01, or as approved by the Engineer.

**303.04 Soil Preparation.** The stability of the soil shall be according to the Department's Subgrade Stability Manual for the aggregate thickness specified.

**303.05 Placing Aggregate.** The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 shall be 24 in. (600 mm).

**303.06 Capping Aggregate.** The top surface of the aggregate subgrade shall consist of a minimum 3 in. (75 mm) of aggregate gradations CA 06 or CA 10. When Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) is used, it shall be crushed and screened where 100 percent is passing the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve and being well graded. RAP that has been fractionated to size will not be permitted for use in capping. Capping aggregate will not be required when the aggregate subgrade improvement is used as a cubic yard pay item for undercut applications. When RAP is blended with any of the coarse aggregates, the blending shall be done with mechanically calibrated feeders.

**303.07 Compaction.** All aggregate lifts shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the moisture content of the material is such that compaction cannot be obtained, sufficient water shall be added so that satisfactory compaction can be obtained.

**303.08 Finishing and Maintenance of Aggregate Subgrade Improvement.** The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be finished to the lines, grades, and cross sections shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be maintained in a smooth and compacted condition.

**303.09 Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment according to Article 311.08.

**303.10 Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT or at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT, of the thickness specified.

Add the following to Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications:

**\*1004.06 Coarse Aggregate for Aggregate Subgrade Improvement.** The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

- (a) Description. The coarse aggregate shall be crushed gravel, crushed stone, or crushed concrete.
- (b) Quality. The coarse aggregate shall consist of sound durable particles reasonably free of deleterious materials.
- (c) Gradation.
  - (1) The coarse aggregate gradation for total subgrade thicknesses of 12 in. (300 mm) or greater shall be CS 01 or CS 02.

Grad No.	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS Sieve Size and Percent Passing						
	8"	6"	4"	2"	#4		
CS 01	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20		
CS 02		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15			

	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS (Metric)						
Grad No.	Sieve Size and Percent Passing						
	200 mm	150 mm	100 mm	50 mm	4.75 mm		
CS 01	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20		
CS 02		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15			

(2) The 3 in. (75 mm) capping aggregate shall be gradation CA 6 or CA 10.

# COARSE AGGREGATE FOR BACKFILL, TRENCH BACKFILL AND BEDDING (D-1)

Effective: November 1, 2011 Revised: November 1, 2013

This work shall be according to Section 1004.05 of the Standard Specifications except for the following:

Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) maybe blended with gravel, crushed gravel, crushed stone crushed concrete, crushed slag, chats, crushed sand stone or wet bottom boiler slag. The RAP used shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications". The RAP shall be uniformly graded and shall pass the 1.0 in. (25 mm) screen. When RAP is blended with any of the coarse aggregate listed above, the blending shall be done mechanically with calibrated feeders. The feeders shall have an accuracy of  $\pm$  2.0 percent of the actual quantity of material delivered. The final blended product shall not contain more than 40 percent by weight RAP.

The coarse aggregate listed above shall meet CA 6 and CA 10 gradations prior to being blended with the processed and uniformly graded RAP. Gradation deleterious count shall not exceed 10% of total RAP and 5% of other by total weight.

GROUND TIRE RUBBER (GTR) MODIFIED ASPHALT BINDER (D-1)

Effective: June 26, 2006 Revised: January 1, 2013

Add the following to the end of article 1032.05 of the Standard Specifications:

"(c) Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modified Asphalt Binder. A quantity of 10.0 to 14.0 percent GTR (Note 1) shall be blended by dry unit weight with a PG 64-28 to make a GTR 70-28 or a PG 58-28 to make a GTR 64-28. The base PG 64-28 and PG 58-28 asphalt binders shall meet the

requirements of Article 1032.05(a). Compatible polymers may be added during production. The GTR modified asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of the following table.

Test	Asphalt Grade GTR 70-28	Asphalt Grade GTR 64-28
Flash Point (C.O.C.), AASHTO T 48, °F (°C), min.	450 (232)	450 (232)
Rotational Viscosity, AASHTO T 316 @ 275 °F (135 °C), Poises, Pa·s, max.	30 (3)	30 (3)
Softening Point, AASHTO T 53, °F (°C), min.	135 (57)	130 (54)
Elastic Recovery, ASTM D 6084, Procedure A (sieve waived) @ 77 °F, (25 °C), aged, ss, 100 mm elongation, 5 cm/min., cut immediately, %, min.	65	65

Note 1. GTR shall be produced from processing automobile and/or light truck tires by the ambient grinding method. GTR shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm) in any dimension and shall contain no free metal particles or other materials. A mineral powder (such as talc) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 17 may be added, up to a maximum of four percent by weight of GTR to reduce sticking and caking of the GTR particles. When tested in accordance with Illinois modified AASHTO T 27, *a* 50 g sample of the GTR shall conform to the following gradation requirements:

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	100
No. 30 (600 μm)	95 ± 5
No. 50 (300 μm)	> 20

Add the following to the end of Note 1. of article 1030.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"A dedicated storage tank for the Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) modified asphalt binder shall be provided. This tank must be capable of providing continuous mechanical mixing throughout by continuous agitation and recirculation of the asphalt binder to provide a uniform mixture. The tank shall be heated and capable of maintaining the temperature of the asphalt binder at 300 °F to 350 °F (149 °C to 177 °C). The asphalt binder metering systems of dryer drum plants shall be calibrated with the actual GTR modified asphalt binder material with an accuracy of  $\pm$  0.40 percent."

Revise 1030.02(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) RAP Materials (Note 3) ......1031"

Add the following note to 1030.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Note 3. When using reclaimed asphalt pavement and/or reclaimed asphalt shingles, the maximum asphalt binder replacement percentage shall be according to the most recent special provision for recycled materials.

### HMA MIXTURE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS (D-1)

Effective: January 1, 2013 Revised: November 1, 2014

### 1) Design Composition and Volumetric Requirements

Revise the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 312.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The minimum compacted thickness of each lift shall be according to Article 406.06(d)."

Delete the minimum compacted lift thickness table in Article 312.05 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the second paragraph of Article 355.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The mixture composition used shall be IL-19.0."

Revise Article 355.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) The top lift thickness shall be 2 1/4 in. (60 mm) for mixture composition IL-19.0." Revise the Leveling Binder table and second paragraph of Article 406.05(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Leveling Binder					
Nominal, Compacted, Leveling	Mixture Composition				
Binder Thickness, in. (mm)					
≤ 1 1/4 (32)	IL-4.75, IL-9.5, or IL-9.5L				
> 1 1/4 to 2 (32 to 50)	IL-9.5 or IL-9.5L				

The density requirements of Article 406.07(c) shall apply for leveling binder, machine method, when the nominal compacted thickness is: 3/4 in. (19 mm) or greater for IL-4.75 mixtures; and 1 1/4 in. (32 mm) or greater for IL-9.5 and IL-9.5L mixtures."

"MINIMUM COMPACTED LIFT THICKNESS					
Mixture Composition	Thickness, in. (mm)				
IL-4.75	3/4 (19)				
SMA-9.5, IL-9.5, IL-9.5L	1 1/2 (38)				
SMA-12.5	2 (50)				
IL-19.0, IL-19.0L	2 1/4 (57)"				

Revise the table in Article 406.06(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Revise the ninth paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications to read: "Test strip mixture will be evaluated at the contract unit price according to the following."

Revise Article 406.14(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) If the HMA placed during the initial test strip is determined to be acceptable the mixture will be paid for at the contract unit price."

Revise Article 406.14(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) If the HMA placed during the initial test strip (1) is determined to be unacceptable to remain in place by the Engineer, and (2) was not produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids or within the individual control limits of the JMF according to the Department's test results, the mixture will not be paid for and shall be removed at the Contractor's expense. An additional test strip shall be constructed and the mixture will be paid for in full, if produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids and within the individual control limits of the JMF."

Revise Article 406.14(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) If the HMA placed during the initial test strip (1) is determined to be unacceptable to remain in place by the Engineer, and (2) was produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids and within the individual control limits of the JMF according to the Department's test results, the mixture shall be removed. Removal will be paid according to Article 109.04. This initial mixture will be paid for at the contract unit price. An additional test strip shall be constructed and the mixture will be paid for in full, if produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids and within the individual control limits of the JMF."

Delete Article 406.14(d) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 406.14(e) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete the last sentence of Article 407.06(c) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Note 2. of Article 442.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 2. The mixture composition of the HMA used shall be IL-19.0 binder, designed with the same Ndesign as that specified for the mainline pavement."

Delete the second paragraph of Article 482.02 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first sentence of the sixth paragraph of Article 482.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When the mainline HMA binder and surface course mixture option is used on resurfacing projects, shoulder resurfacing widths of 6 ft (1.8 m) or less may be placed simultaneously with the adjacent traffic lane for both the binder and surface courses."

Revise the second sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 601.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The top 5 in. (125 mm) of the trench shall be backfilled with an IL-19.0L Low ESAL mixture meeting the requirements of Section 1030 and compacted to a density of not less than 90 percent of the theoretical density."

Revise the second sentence of the fifth paragraph of Article 601.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The top 8 in. (200 mm) of the trench shall be backfilled with an IL-19.0L Low ESAL mixture meeting the requirements of Section 1030 and compacted to a density of not less than 90 percent of the theoretical density."

Revise Article 1003.03(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) Gradation. The fine aggregate gradation for all HMA shall be FA 1, FA 2, FA 20, FA 21, or FA 22. The fine aggregate gradation for SMA shall be FA/FM 20.

For mixture IL-4.75 and surface mixtures with an Ndesign = 90, at least 50 percent of the required fine aggregate fraction shall consist of either stone sand, slag sand, or steel slag meeting the FA 20 gradation.

For mixture IL-19.0, Ndesign = 90 the fine aggregate fraction shall consist of at least 67 percent manufactured sand meeting FA 20 or FA 22 gradation. For mixture IL-19.0, Ndesign = 50 or 70 the fine aggregate fraction shall consist of at least 50 percent manufactured sand meeting FA 20 or FA 22 gradation. The manufactured sand shall be stone sand, slag sand, steel slag sand, or combinations thereof.

Gradation FA 1, FA 2, or FA 3 shall be used when required for prime coat aggregate application for HMA."

Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1004.03(b) of the Standard Specifications.

"Use	Size/Application	Gradation No.
Class A-1, 2, & 3	3/8 in. (10 mm) Seal	CA 16
Class A-1	1/2 in. (13 mm) Seal	CA 15
Class A-2 & 3	Cover	CA 14
HMA High ESAL	IL-19.0	CA 11 <sup>1/</sup>
-	IL-9.5	CA 16, CA 13 <sup>3/</sup>
HMA Low ESAL	IL-19.0L	CA 11 <sup>1/</sup>
	IL-9.5L	CA 16
	Stabilized Subbase	
	or Shoulders	
SMA <sup>2/</sup>	1/2 in. (12.5mm)	CA13 <sup>3/</sup> , CA14 or CA16
	Binder & Surface	
	IL 9.5	CA16, CA 13 <sup>3/</sup>
	Surface -	•

Revise the table in Article 1004.03(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

1/ CA 16 or CA 13 may be blended with the gradations listed.

2/ The coarse aggregates used shall be capable of being combined with stone sand, slag sand, or steel slag sand meeting the FA/FM 20 gradation and mineral filler to meet the approved mix design and the mix requirements noted herein.

3/ CA 13 shall be 100 percent passing the 1/2 in. (12.5mm) sieve.

Revise Article 1004.03(e) of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

"(e) Absorption. For SMA the coarse aggregate shall also have water absorption ≤ 2.0 percent."

Revise the nomenclature table in Article 1030.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"High ESAL	IL-19.0 binder;
-	IL-9.5 surface; IL-4.75; SMA-12.5,
	SMA-9.5
Low ESAL	IL-19.0L binder; IL-9.5L surface;
	Stabilized Subbase (HMA) <sup>1/</sup> ;
	HMA Shoulders <sup>2/</sup>

1/ Uses 19.0L binder mix.

2/ Uses 19.0L for lower lifts and 9.5L for surface lift."

Revise Article 1030.02 of the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications to read:

## "1030.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Coarse Aggregate	
(b) Fine Aggregate	
(c) RAP Material	
(d) Mineral Filler	
(e) Hydrated Lime	
(f) Slaked Quicklime (Note 1)	
(g) Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (Note 2)	
(h) Fibers (Note 3)	

(i) Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) Technologies (Note 4)

Note 1. Slaked quicklime shall be according to ASTM C 5.

Note 2. The asphalt binder shall be an SBS PG 76-28 when the SMA is used on a full-depth asphalt pavement and SBS PG 76-22 when used as an overlay, except where modified herein. The asphalt binder shall be an Elvaloy or SBS PG 76-22 for IL-4.75, except where modified herein. The elastic recovery shall be a minimum of 80.

Note 3. A stabilizing additive such as cellulose or mineral fiber shall be added to the SMA mixture according to Illinois Modified AASHTO M 325. The stabilizing additive shall meet the Fiber Quality Requirements listed in Illinois Modified AASHTO M 325. Prior to approval and use of fibers, the Contractor shall submit a notarized certification by the producer of these materials stating they meet these requirements. Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS) may be used in Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) mixtures designed with an SBA polymer modifier as a fiber additive if the mix design with RAS included meets AASHTO T305 requirements. The RAS shall be from a certified source that produces either Type I or Type 2. Material shall meet requirements noted herein and the actual dosage rate will be determined by the Engineer.

Note 4. Warm mix additives or foaming processes shall be selected from the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Approved List, "Warm Mix Asphalt Technologies"."

Revise Article 1030.04(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications and the Supplemental Specifications to read:

High ESAL, MIXTURE COMPOSITION (% PASSING) 1/									
		SM	A 4/	SM	A 4/				
m	m	IL-1	2.5	L-9	9.5	mi	m	mm	
min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max
	100								
90	100		100						
75	89	80	100		100		100		100
			0.5	00	400				400
			65	90	100	90	100		100
		00		00				00	100
40	60	20	30	36	50	34	69	90	100
		40	DA 51	10	2051			70	90
20	42	10	24	01	32	34 6/	52 <sup>2/</sup>	10	90
								50	65
15	30					10	32		00
		12	16	12	18				· · · ·
		12		12					
								15	30
6	15					4	15	'`	
		-						10	18
4	9					3	10		'`
		70	9 N 3	75	9.53	/		7	9 3/
3	6	1.0	0.0		0.0	4	6		Ĭ
		1	15		15				1.0
	110						1.0		
1					1				
	IL-1 min 90 75 40 20 15 6 4 3	IL-19.0 min max 100 90 100 75 89 40 60 20 42 15 30 20 42 15 30 6 15 4 9 3 6 1.0	IL-19.0 mm       SM, IL-1 mi         min       max       min         min       max       min         min       max       min         90       100          90       100          90       100          75       89       80         40       60       20         20       42       16         15       30          6       15          4       9          3       6       7.0         1.0       1.0	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c } & SMA & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

"(1) High ESAL Mixtures. The Job Mix Formula (JMF) shall fall within the following limits.

- 1/ Based on percent of total aggregate weight.
- 2/ The mixture composition shall not exceed 44 percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve for surface courses with Ndesign = 90.
- 3/ Additional minus No. 200 (0.075 mm) material required by the mix design shall be mineral filler, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

- 4/ The maximum percent passing the #635 (20 μm) sieve shall be ≤ 3 percent.
- 5/ When establishing the Adjusted Job Mix Formula (AJMF) the percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve shall not be adjusted above the percentage stated on the table.
- 6/ When establishing the Adjusted Job Mix Formula (AJMF) the percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve shall not be adjusted below 34 percent.

Delete Article 1030.04(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1030.04(a)(4) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 1030.04(b)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(1) High ESAL Mixtures. The target value for the air voids of the HMA shall be 4.0 percent and for IL-4.75 it shall be 3.5 percent at the design number of gyrations. The VMA and VFA of the HMA design shall be based on the nominal maximum size of the aggregate in the mix, and shall conform to the following requirements.

	VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS High ESAL							
	Voids in the Mineral Aggregate Voids							
		(VMA),		with Asphalt Binder				
		% minimum						
Ndesign		iL-4.75 <sup>1/</sup>						
	IL-19.0	IL-19.0 IL-9.5						
50		65 – 78 <sup>2/</sup>						
70	13.5	65 - 75						
90		15.0						

1/ Maximum Draindown for IL-4.75 shall be 0.3 percent

2/ VFA for IL-4.75 shall be 72-85 percent"

"VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS Low ESAL				
Mixture Composition	Design Compactive Effort	Design Air Voids Target %	VMA (Voids in the Mineral Aggregate), % min.	VFA (Voids Filled with Asphalt Binder), %
IL-9.5L	N <sub>DES</sub> =30	4.0	15.0	65-78
IL-19.0L	N <sub>DES</sub> =30	4.0	13.5	N/A"

Revise the table in Article 1030.04(b)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Replace Article 1030.04(b)(3) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"(3) SMA Mixtures.

	Volumetric Requirements SMA <sup>1/</sup>			
NdesignDesign Air VoidsVoids in theVoids FilledTarget %Mineral Aggregatewith Asphalt(VMA), % min.(VFA), %			with Asphalt	
80 4/	3.5	17.0 <sup>2/</sup> 16.0 <sup>3/</sup>	75 - 83	

- 1/ Maximum draindown shall be 0.3 percent. The draindown shall be determined at the JMF asphalt binder content at the mixing temperature plus 30 °F.
- 2/ Applies when specific gravity of coarse aggregate is  $\geq$  2.760.
- 3/ Applies when specific gravity of coarse aggregate is < 2.760.
- 4/ Blending of different types of aggregate will not be permitted. For surface course, the coarse aggregate can be crushed steel slag, crystalline crushed stone or crushed sandstone. For binder course, coarse aggregate shall be crushed stone (dolomite), crushed gravel, crystalline crushed stone, or crushed sandstone.

Delete Article 1030.04(b)(4) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1030.04(b)(5) from the Supplemental Specifications.

Delete last sentence of the second paragraph of Article 1102.01(a) (13) a.

Add to second paragraph in Article 1102.01 (a) (13) a.:

"As an option, collected bag-house dust may be used in lieu of manufactured mineral filler, provided; 1) there is enough available for the production of the SMA mix for the entire project and 2) a mix design was prepared with collected bag-house dust."

Revise the table in Article	1030.05(d)(2)a.	of the Standard	Specifications to read:

	Frequency of Tests	Test Method See Manual of Test
"Parameter	High ESAL Mixture Low ESAL Mixture	Procedures for Materials
Aggregate Gradation % passing sieves: 1/2 in. (12.5 mm), No. 4 (4.75 mm), No. 8 (2.36 mm), No. 30 (600 μm) No. 200 (75 μm)	1 washed ignition oven test on the mix per half day of production Note 3.	Illinois Procedure
Asphalt Binder Content by Ignition Oven Note 1.	1 per half day of production	Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 308
VMA Note 2.	<ul> <li>Day's production</li> <li>≥ 1200 tons:</li> <li>1 per half day of production</li> <li>Day's production</li> <li>&lt; 1200 tons:</li> <li>1 per half day of production for first</li> <li>2 days and 1 per day thereafter (first sample of the day)</li> </ul>	Illinois-Modified AASHTO R 35
Air Voids Bulk Specific Gravity of Gyratory Sample Note 4.	Day's production ≥ 1200 tons: 1 per half day of production	Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 312

	Frequency of Tests	Test Method See Manual of Test
"Parameter	High ESAL Mixture	Procedures for Materials
	Low ESAL Mixture	
	Day's production	
	< 1200 tons:	
	1 per half day of	
	production for first	
	2 days and 1 per day	
	thereafter (first sample of	
	the day)	
	Day's production	
Maximum Specific Gravity of Mixture	≥ 1200 tons:	Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 209
	1 per half day of	1 200
	production	
	Day's production	-
	< 1200 tons:	
	1 per half day of	
	production for first	
	2 days and 1 per day	
	thereafter (first sample of	
	the day)	

- Note 1. The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for asphalt binder content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition asphalt binder content calibration factors which exceed 1.5 percent. If the ignition oven requirement is waived, other Department approved methods shall be used to determine the asphalt binder content.
- Note 2. The  $G_{sb}$  used in the voids in the mineral aggregate (VMA) calculation shall be the same average  $G_{sb}$  value listed in the mix design.
- Note 3. The Engineer reserves the right to require additional hot bin gradations for batch plants if control problems are evident.
- Note 4. The WMA compaction temperature for mixture volumetric testing shall be 270 ± 5 °F (132 ± 3 °C) for quality control testing. The WMA compaction temperature for quality assurance testing will be 270 ± 5 °F (132 ± 3 °C) if the mixture is not allowed to cool to room temperature. If the mixture is allowed to cool to room temperature, it shall be reheated to standard HMA compaction temperatures."

Revise the table in Article 1030.05(d)(2)b. of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Parameter	High ESAL Mixture Low ESAL Mixture
Ratio Dust/Asphalt Binder	0.6 to 1.2
Moisture	0.3 %"

Revise the Article 1030.05(d)(4) of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

"(4) Control Limits. Target values shall be determined by applying adjustment factors to the AJMF where applicable. The target values shall be plotted on the control charts within the following control limits.

		"CONTRC	L LIMITS	nur		
	High E	SAL	SM	A	IL-4.	.75
Parameter	Individual Test	Moving Avg. of 4	Test	Moving Avg. of 4	Individual Test	Moving Avg. of 4
% Passing: <sup>1/</sup>						
1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	±6%	±4%	±6%	±4%		
3/8 in. (9.5mm)			±4%	±3%		
No. 4 (4.75 mm)	±5%	±4%	±5%	±4%		
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	±5%	±3%	±4%	±2%		
No. 16 (1.18 mm)			±4%	±2%	±4%	±3%
No. 30 (600 µm)	±4%	± 2.5 %	±4%	± 2.5 %		
Total Dust Content No. 200 (75 µm)	± 1.5 %	± 1.0 %			± 1.5 %	± 1.0 %
Asphalt Binder Content	± 0.3 %	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	± 0.1 %	± 0.3 %	± 0.2 %
Voids	± 1.2 %	± 1.0 %	± 1.2 %	± 1.0 %	± 1.2 %	± 1.0 %
VMA	-0.7 % <sup>2/</sup>	-0.5 % <sup>2/</sup>	-0.7 % <sup>2/</sup>	-0.5 % 2/	-0.7 % <sup>2/</sup>	-0.5 % <sup>2/</sup>

1/ Based on washed ignition oven

.

2/ Allowable limit below minimum design VMA requirement

DENSITY CONTROL LIMITS			
Mixture Composition	Parameter	Individual Test	
IL-4.75	Ndesign = 50	93.0 - 97.4 % <sup>1/</sup>	
IL-9.5	Ndesign = 90	92.0 - 96.0 %	
IL-9.5,IL-9.5L	Ndesign < 90	92.5 - 97.4 %	
IL-19.0	Ndesign = 90	93.0 - 96.0 %	
IL-19.0, IL-19.0L	Ndesign < 90	93.0 <sup>2/</sup> - 97.4 %	
SMA	Ndesign = 80	93.5 - 97.4 %	

- 1/ Density shall be determined by cores or by correlated, approved thin lift nuclear gauge.
- 2/ 92.0 % when placed as first lift on an unimproved subgrade."

Revise the table in Article 1030.05(d)(5) of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

"CONTROL CHART	High ESAL,
REQUIREMENTS	Low ESAL, SMA
	& IL-4.75
	% Passing Sieves:
	1/2 in. (12.5 mm) <sup>2/</sup>
Gradation 1/ 3/	No. 4 (4.75 mm)
	No. 8 (2.36 mm)
	No. 30 (600 µm)
Total Dust Content 1/	No. 200 (75 µm)
	Asphalt Binder Content
	Bulk Specific Gravity
	Maximum Specific
	Gravity of Mixture
	Voids
	Density
	VMA

- 1/ Based on washed ignition oven.
- 2/ Does not apply to IL-4.75.
- 3/ SMA also requires the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve."

Delete Article 1030.05(d)(6)a.1.(b.) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1030.06(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1102.01(e) of the Standard Specifications.

## 2) Design Verification and Production

<u>Description</u>. The following states the requirements for Hamburg Wheel and Tensile Strength testing for High ESAL, IL-4.75, and Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixes during mix design verification and production.

<u>Mix Design Testing</u>. Add the following below the referenced AASHTO standards in Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications:

AASHTO T 324 Hamburg Wheel Test

AASHTO T 283 Tensile Strength Test

Add the following to Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications:

"(d) Verification Testing. High ESAL, IL-4.75, and SMA mix designs submitted for verification will be tested to ensure that the resulting mix designs will pass the required criteria for the Hamburg Wheel Test (IL mod AASHTO T-324) and the Tensile Strength Test (IL mod AASHTO T-283). The Department will perform a verification test on gyratory specimens compacted by the Contractor. If the mix fails the Department's verification test, the Contractor shall make the necessary changes to the mix and resubmit compacted specimens to the Department for verification. If the mix fails again, the mix design will be rejected.

All new and renewal mix designs will be required to be tested, prior to submittal for Department verification and shall meet the following requirements:

(1)Hamburg Wheel Test criteria. The maximum allowable rut depth shall be 0.5 in. (12.5 mm). The minimum number of wheel passes at the 0.5 in. (12.5 mm) rut depth criteria shall be based on the high temperature binder grade of the mix as specified in the mix requirements table of the plans.

Asphalt Binder Grade	# Repetitions	Max Rut Depth (mm)
PG 70 -XX (or higher)	20,000	12.5
PG 64 -XX (or lower)	10,000	12.5

Illinois Modified AASHTO T 324 Requirements <sup>1/</sup>

- 1/ When produced at temperatures of 275 ± 5 °F (135 ± 3 °C) or less, loose Warm Mix Asphalt shall be oven aged at 270 ± 5 °F (132 ± 3 °C) for two hours prior to gyratory compaction of Hamburg Wheel specimens.
- Note: For SMA Designs (N-80) the maximum rut depth is 6.0 mm at 20,000 repetitions.

For IL 4.75mm Designs (N-50) the maximum rut depth is 9.0mm at 15,000 repetitions.

(2) Tensile Strength Criteria. The minimum allowable conditioned tensile strength shall be 60 psi (415 kPa) for non-polymer modified performance graded (PG) asphalt binder and 80 psi (550 kPa) for polymer modified PG asphalt binder. The maximum allowable unconditioned tensile strength shall be 200 psi (1380 kPa)."

Production Testing. Revise Article 1030.06(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) High ESAL, IL-4.75, WMA, and SMA Mixtures. For each contract, a 300 ton (275 metric tons) test strip, except for SMA mixtures it will be 400 ton (363 metric ton), will be required at the beginning of HMA production for each mixture with a quantity of 3000 tons (2750 metric tons) or more according to the Manual of Test Procedures for Materials "Hot Mix Asphalt Test Strip Procedures".

Before start-up, target values shall be determined by applying gradation correction factors to the JMF when applicable. These correction factors shall be determined from previous experience. The target values, when approved by the Engineer, shall be used to control HMA production. Plant settings and control charts shall be set according to target values.

Before constructing the test strip, target values shall be determined by applying gradation correction factors to the JMF when applicable. After any JMF adjustment, the JMF shall become the Adjusted Job Mix Formula (AJMF). Upon completion of the first acceptable test strip, the JMF shall become the AJMF regardless of whether or not the JMF has been adjusted. If an adjustment/plant change is made, the Engineer may require a new test strip to be constructed. If the HMA placed during the initial test strip is determined to be unacceptable to remain in place by the Engineer, it shall be removed and replaced.

Parameter	Adjustment
1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	± 5.0 %
No. 4 (4.75 mm)	± 4.0 %
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	± 3.0 %
No. 30 (600 µm)	*
No. 200 (75 µm)	*
Asphalt Binder	± 0.3 %
Content	

The limitations between the JMF and AJMF are as follows.

\* In no case shall the target for the amount passing be greater than the JMF.

Any adjustments outside the above limitations will require a new mix design.

Mixture sampled to represent the test strip shall include additional material sufficient for the Department to conduct Hamburg Wheel testing according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T324 (approximately 60 lb (27 kg) total).

The Contractor shall immediately cease production upon notification by the Engineer of failing Hamburg Wheel test. All prior produced material may be paved out provided all other mixture criteria is being met. No additional mixture shall be produced until the Engineer receives passing Hamburg Wheel tests.

The Department may conduct additional Hamburg Wheel tests on production material as determined by the Engineer."

Revise the title of Article 1030.06(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Low ESAL Mixtures."

Add the following to Article 1030.06 of the Standard Specifications:

"(c) Hamburg Wheel Test. All HMA mixtures shall be sampled within the first 500 tons (450 metric tons) on the first day of production or during start up with a split reserved for the Department. The mix sample shall be tested according to the Illinois Modified AASHTO T 324 and shall meet the requirements specified herein. Mix production shall not exceed 1500 tons (1350 metric tons) or one day's production, whichever comes first, until the testing is completed and the mixture is found to be in conformance. The requirement to cease mix production may be waived if the plant produced mixture demonstrates conformance prior to start of mix production for a contract. The Department may conduct additional Hamburg Wheel Tests on production material as determined by the Engineer. If the mixture fails to meet the Hamburg Wheel criteria, no further mixture will be accepted until the Contractor takes such action as is necessary to furnish a mixture meeting the criteria"

The Contractor shall immediately cease production upon notification by the Engineer of failing Hamburg Wheel test. All prior produced material may be paved out provided all other mixture criteria are being met. No additional mixture shall be produced until the Engineer receives passing Hamburg Wheel tests.

#### Method of Measurement:

Add the following after the fourth paragraph of Article 406.13 (b):

"The plan quantities of SMA mixtures shall be adjusted using the actual approved binder and surface Mix Design's G<sub>mb</sub>."

### Basis of Payment.

Replace the seventh paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"For all mixes designed and verified under the Hamburg Wheel criteria, the cost of furnishing and introducing anti-stripping additives in the HMA will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the contract unit price of the HMA item involved.

No additional compensation will be awarded to the Contractor because of reduced production rates associated with the addition of the anti-stripping additive."

HOT MIX ASPHALT - QUANTITY CORRECTION (BMPR) Effective: October 1, 2014 Revised: October 2, 2014

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 406.13(b) of the Standard Specifications to read as follows:

"HMA and Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) mixture in excess of 103 percent of the quantity shown on the plans or the plan quantity as specified by the Engineer will not be measured for payment. The "adjusted quantity to be placed" and the "adjusted pay quantity" for HMA and SMA mixtures will be calculated as follows.

Adjusted Quantity To Be Placed = C x quantity shown on the plans or the plan quantity as specified by the Engineer

where: C = English:  $C = \frac{G_{mb} \times 46.8}{U}$  Metric:  $C = \frac{G_{mb} \times 24.99}{U}$ 

and where: G<sub>mb</sub> = average bulk specific gravity from approved mix design U = unit weight of HMA shown on the plans in lb/sq yd/in. (kg/sq m/25 mm), used to estimate plan quantity 46.8 = English constant 24.99 = metric constant

Adjusted Pay Quantity (not to exceed 103 percent of the quantity shown on the plans or the plan quantity as specified by the Engineer) = B x HMA tons actually placed

where:  $B = \frac{1}{C}$ 

If project circumstances warrant a new mix design, the above equations shall be used to calculate the adjusted plan quantity and adjusted pay quantity for each mix design using its respective average bulk specific gravity."

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PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (DIST 1) Effective: May 1, 2012 Revised: July 15, 2012

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

"If the holiday is on a Saturday or Sunday, and is legally observed on a Friday or Monday, the length of Holiday Period for Monday or Friday shall apply."

Add the following sentence after the Holiday Period table in the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

"The Length of Holiday Period for Thanksgiving shall be from 5:00 AM the Wednesday prior to 11:59 PM the Sunday After"

Delete the fifth paragraph of Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications:

"On weekends, excluding holidays, roadways with Average Daily Traffic of 25,000 or greater, all lanes shall be open to traffic from 3:00 P.M. Friday to midnight Sunday except where structure construction or major rehabilitation makes it impractical."

## RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND RECLAIMED ASPHALT SHINGLES (D-1)

Effective: November 1, 2012 Revise: January 2, 2015

Revise Section 1031 of the Standard Specifications to read:

### "SECTION 1031. RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND RECLAIMED ASPHALT SHINGLES

**1031.01 Description.** Reclaimed asphalt pavement and reclaimed asphalt shingles shall be according to the following.

- (a) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP). RAP is the material resulting from cold milling or crushing an existing hot-mix asphalt (HMA) pavement. RAP will be considered processed FRAP after completion of both crushing and screening to size. The Contractor shall supply written documentation that the RAP originated from routes or airfields under federal, state, or local agency jurisdiction.
- (b) Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS). Reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS). RAS is from the processing and grinding of preconsumer or post-consumer shingles. RAS shall be a clean and uniform material with a maximum of 0.5 percent unacceptable material, as defined in Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum "Reclaimed Asphalt Shingle (RAS) Sources", by weight of RAS. All RAS used shall come from a Bureau of Materials and Physical Research approved processing facility where it shall be ground and processed to 100 percent passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 90 percent passing the #4 (4.75 mm) sieve . RAS shall meet the testing requirements specified herein. In addition, RAS shall meet the following Type 1 or Type 2 requirements.
  - (1) Type 1. Type 1 RAS shall be processed, preconsumer asphalt shingles salvaged from the manufacture of residential asphalt roofing shingles.
  - (2) Type 2. Type 2 RAS shall be processed post-consumer shingles only, salvaged from residential, or four unit or less dwellings not subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP).

**1031.02 Stockpiles.** RAP and RAS stockpiles shall be according to the following.

(a) RAP Stockpiles. The Contractor shall construct individual, sealed RAP stockpiles meeting one of the following definitions. Additional processed RAP (FRAP) shall be stockpiled in a separate working pile, as designated in the QC Plan, and only added to the sealed stockpile when test results for the working pile are complete and are found to meet tolerances specified herein for the original sealed FRAP stockpile. Stockpiles shall be sufficiently separated to prevent intermingling at the base. All stockpiles (including unprocessed RAP and FRAP) shall be identified by signs indicating the type as listed below (i.e. "Non- Quality, FRAP -#4 or Type 2 RAS", etc...).

- (1) Fractionated RAP (FRAP). FRAP shall consist of RAP from Class I, Superpave HMA (High and Low ESAL) or equivalent mixtures. The coarse aggregate in FRAP shall be crushed aggregate and may represent more than one aggregate type and/or quality but shall be at least C quality. All FRAP shall be processed prior to testing and sized into fractions with the separation occurring on or between the #4 (4.75 mm) and 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) sieves. Agglomerations shall be minimized such that 100 percent of the RAP in the coarse fraction shall pass the maximum sieve size specified for the mix the FRAP will be used in.
- (2) Restricted FRAP (B quality) stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I, Superpave (High ESAL), or HMA (High ESAL). If approved by the Engineer, the aggregate from a maximum 3.0 inch single combined pass of surface/binder milling will be classified as B quality. All millings from this application will be processed into FRAP as described previously.
- (3) Conglomerate. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I, Superpave HMA (High and Low ESAL) or equivalent mixtures. The coarse aggregate in this RAP shall be crushed aggregate and may represent more than one aggregate type and/or quality but shall be at least C quality. This RAP may have an inconsistent gradation and/or asphalt binder content prior to processing. All conglomerate RAP shall be processed (FRAP) prior to testing. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall not contain steel slag or other expansive material as determined by the Department.
- (4) Conglomerate "D" Quality (DQ). Conglomerate DQ RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from HMA shoulders, bituminous stabilized subbases or Superpave (Low ESAL)/HMA (Low ESAL) IL-19.0L binder mixture. The coarse aggregate in this RAP may be crushed or round but shall be at least D quality. This RAP may have an inconsistent gradation and/or asphalt binder content. Conglomerate DQ RAP stockpiles shall not contain steel slag or other expansive material as determined by the Department.
- (5) Non-Quality. RAP stockpiles that do not meet the requirements of the stockpile categories listed above shall be classified as "Non-Quality".

RAP or FRAP containing contaminants, such as earth, brick, sand, concrete, sheet asphalt, bituminous surface treatment (i.e. chip seal), pavement fabric, joint sealants, plant cleanout etc., will be unacceptable unless the contaminants are removed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Sheet asphalt shall be stockpiled separately.

(b) RAS Stockpiles. Type 1 and Type 2 RAS shall be stockpiled separately and shall be sufficiently separated to prevent intermingling at the base. Each stockpile shall be signed indicating what type of RAS is present.

However, a RAS source may submit a written request to the Department for approval to blend mechanically a specified ratio of type 1 RAS with type 2 RAS. The source will not be permitted to change the ratio of the blend without the Department prior written approval. The Engineer's written approval will be required, to mechanically blend RAS with any fine aggregate produced under the AGCS, up to an equal weight of RAS, to improve workability. The fine aggregate shall be "B Quality" or better from an approved Aggregate Gradation Control System source. The fine aggregate shall be one that is approved for use in the HMA mixture and accounted for in the mix design and during HMA production.

Records identifying the shingle processing facility supplying the RAS, RAS type and lot number shall be maintained by project contract number and kept for a minimum of three years.

**1031.03 Testing.** FRAP and RAS testing shall be according to the following.

- (a) FRAP Testing. When used in HMA, the FRAP shall be sampled and tested either during processing or after stockpiling. It shall also be sampled during HMA production.
  - (1) During Stockpiling. For testing during stockpiling, washed extraction samples shall be run at the minimum frequency of one sample per 500 tons (450 metric tons) for the first 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) and one sample per 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) thereafter. A minimum of five tests shall be required for stockpiles less than 4000 tons (3600 metric tons).
  - (2) Incoming Material. For testing as incoming material, washed extraction samples shall be run at a minimum frequency of one sample per 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) or once per week, whichever comes first.
  - (3) After Stockpiling. For testing after stockpiling, the Contractor shall submit a plan for approval to the District proposing a satisfactory method of sampling and testing the RAP/FRAP pile either in-situ or by restockpiling. The sampling plan shall meet the minimum frequency required above and detail the procedure used to obtain representative samples throughout the pile for testing.

Before extraction, each field sample of FRAP, shall be split to obtain two samples of test sample size. One of the two test samples from the final split shall be labeled and stored for Department use. The Contractor shall extract the other test sample according to Department procedure. The Engineer reserves the right to test any sample (split or Department-taken) to verify Contractor test results.

(b) RAS Testing. RAS shall be sampled and tested during stockpiling according to Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Shingle (RAS) Sources". The Contractor shall also sample as incoming material at the HMA plant.

- (1) During Stockpiling. Washed extraction and testing for unacceptable materials shall be run at the minimum frequency of one sample per 200 tons (180 metric tons) for the first 1000 tons (900 metric tons) and one sample per 1000 tons (900 metric tons) thereafter. A minimum of five samples are required for stockpiles less than 1000 tons (900 metric tons). Once a ≤ 1000 ton (900 metric ton), five-sample/test stockpile has been established it shall be sealed. Additional incoming RAS shall be in a separate working pile as designated in the Quality Control plan and only added to the sealed stockpile when the test results of the working pile are complete and are found to meet the tolerances specified herein for the original sealed RAS stockpile.
- (2) Incoming Material. For testing as incoming material at the HMA plant, washed extraction shall be run at the minimum frequency of one sample per 250 tons (227 metric tons). A minimum of five samples are required for stockpiles less than 1000 tons (900 metric tons). The incoming material test results shall meet the tolerances specified herein.

The Contractor shall obtain and make available all test results from start of the initial stockpile sampled and tested at the shingle processing facility in accordance with the facility's QC Plan.

Before extraction, each field sample shall be split to obtain two samples of test sample size. One of the two test samples from the final split shall be labeled and stored for Department use. The Contractor shall extract the other test sample according to Department procedures. The Engineer reserves the right to test any sample (split or Department-taken) to verify Contractor test results.

**1031.04 Evaluation of Tests.** Evaluation of tests results shall be according to the following.

(a) Evaluation of FRAP Test Results. All test results shall be compiled to include asphalt binder content, gradation and, when applicable (for slag), G<sub>mm</sub>. A five test average of results from the original pile will be used in the mix designs. Individual extraction test results run thereafter, shall be compared to the average used for the mix design, and will be accepted if within the tolerances listed below.

Parameter	FRAP
No. 4 (4.75 mm)	±6%
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	± 5 %
No. 30 (600 μm)	± 5 %
No. 200 (75 μm)	± 2.0 %
Asphalt Binder	± 0.3 %
G <sub>mm</sub>	± 0.03 <sup>1/</sup>

 For stockpile with slag or steel slag present as determined in the current Manual of Test Procedures Appendix B 21, "Determination of Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement Aggregate Bulk Specific Gravity".

If any individual sieve and/or asphalt binder content tests are out of the above tolerances when compared to the average used for the mix design, the FRAP stockpile shall not be used in Hot-Mix Asphalt unless the FRAP representing those tests is removed from the stockpile. All test data and acceptance ranges shall be sent to the District for evaluation.

The Contractor shall maintain a representative moving average of five tests to be used for Hot-Mix Asphalt production.

With the approval of the Engineer, the ignition oven may be substituted for extractions according to the Illinois Test Procedure, "Calibration of the Ignition Oven for the Purpose of Characterizing Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)" or Illinois Modified AASHTO T-164-11, Test Method A.

(b) Evaluation of RAS Test Results. All of the test results, with the exception of percent unacceptable materials, shall be compiled and averaged for asphalt binder content and gradation. A five test average of results from the original pile will be used in the mix designs. Individual test results run thereafter, when compared to the average used for the mix design, will be accepted if within the tolerances listed below.

Parameter	RAS	
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	±5%	
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	± 5 %	
No. 30 (600 μm)	±4%	
No. 200 (75 μm)	± 2.5 %	
Asphalt Binder Content	± 2.0 %	

If any individual sieve and/or asphalt binder content tests are out of the above tolerances when compared to the average used for the mix design, the RAS shall not be used in Hot-Mix Asphalt unless the RAS representing those tests is removed from the stockpile. All test data and acceptance ranges shall be sent to the District for evaluation.

(c) Quality Assurance by the Engineer. The Engineer may witness the sampling and splitting conduct assurance tests on split samples taken by the Contractor for quality control testing a minimum of once a month.

The overall testing frequency will be performed over the entire range of Contractor samples for asphalt binder content and gradation. The Engineer may select any or all split samples for assurance testing. The test results will be made available to the Contractor as soon as they become available.

The Engineer will notify the Contractor of observed deficiencies.

Differences between the Contractor's and the Engineer's split sample test results will be considered acceptable if within the following limits.

Test Parameter	Acceptable Limits of Precision	
% Passing: <sup>1/</sup>	FRAP	RAS
1 / 2 in.	5.0%	
No. 4	5.0%	
No. 8	3.0%	4.0%
No. 30	2.0%	3.0%
No. 200	2.2%	2.5%
Asphalt Binder Content	0.3%	1.0%
G <sub>mm</sub>	0.030	

1/ Based on washed extraction.

In the event comparisons are outside the above acceptable limits of precision, the Engineer will immediately investigate.

(d) Acceptance by the Engineer. Acceptable of the material will be based on the validation of the Contractor's quality control by the assurance process.

## 1031.05 Quality Designation of Aggregate in RAP and FRAP.

- (a) RAP. The aggregate quality of the RAP for homogenous, conglomerate, and conglomerate "D" quality stockpiles shall be set by the lowest quality of coarse aggregate in the RAP stockpile and are designated as follows.
  - (1) RAP from Class I, Superpave/HMA (High ESAL), or (Low ESAL) IL-9.5L surface mixtures are designated as containing Class B quality coarse aggregate.
  - (2) RAP from Superpave/HMA (Low ESAL) IL-19.0L binder mixture is designated as Class D quality coarse aggregate.
  - (3) RAP from Class I, Superpave/HMA (High ESAL) binder mixtures, bituminous base course mixtures, and bituminous base course widening mixtures are designated as containing Class C quality coarse aggregate.
  - (4) RAP from bituminous stabilized subbase and BAM shoulders are designated as containing Class D quality coarse aggregate.

(b) FRAP. If the Engineer has documentation of the quality of the FRAP aggregate, the Contractor shall use the assigned quality provided by the Engineer.

If the quality is not known, the quality shall be determined as follows. Fractionated RAP stockpiles containing plus #4 (4.75 mm) sieve coarse aggregate shall have a maximum tonnage of 5,000 tons (4,500 metric tons). The Contractor shall obtain a representative sample witnessed by the Engineer. The sample shall be a minimum of 50 lb (25 kg). The sample shall be extracted according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 164 by a consultant prequalified by the Department for the specified testing. The consultant shall submit the test results along with the recovered aggregate to the District Office. The cost for this testing shall be paid by the Contractor. The District will forward the sample to the BMPR Aggregate Lab for MicroDeval Testing, according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 327. A maximum loss of 15.0 percent will be applied for all HMA applications. The fine aggregate portion of the fractionated RAP shall not be used in any HMA mixtures that require a minimum of "B" quality aggregate or better, until the coarse aggregate fraction has been determined to be acceptable thru a MicroDeval Testing.

**1031.06 Use of FRAP and/or RAS in HMA.** The use of FRAP and/or RAS shall be a Contractor's option when constructing HMA in all contracts.

- (a) FRAP. The use of FRAP in HMA shall be as follows.
  - (1) Coarse Aggregate Size (after extraction). The coarse aggregate in all FRAP shall be equal to or less than the nominal maximum size requirement for the HMA mixture to be produced.
  - (2) Steel Slag Stockpiles. FRAP stockpiles containing steel slag or other expansive material, as determined by the Department, shall be homogeneous and will be approved for use in HMA (High ESAL and Low ESAL) mixtures regardless of lift or mix type.
  - (3) Use in HMA Surface Mixtures (High and Low ESAL). FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA surface mixtures (High and Low ESAL) shall have coarse aggregate that is Class B quality or better. FRAP shall be considered equivalent to limestone for frictional considerations unless produced/screened to minus 3/8 inch.
  - (4) Use in HMA Binder Mixtures (High and Low ESAL), HMA Base Course, and HMA Base Course Widening. FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA binder mixtures (High and Low ESAL), HMA base course, and HMA base course widening shall be FRAP in which the coarse aggregate is Class C quality or better.
  - (5) Use in Shoulders and Subbase. FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA shoulders and stabilized subbase (HMA) shall be FRAP, Restricted FRAP, conglomerate, or conglomerate DQ.

- (b) RAS. RAS meeting Type 1 or Type 2 requirements will be permitted in all HMA applications as specified herein.
- (c) FRAP and/or RAS Usage Limits. Type 1 or Type 2 RAS may be used alone or in conjunction with FRAP in HMA mixtures up to a maximum of 5.0% by weight of the total mix.

When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percent of virgin asphalt binder replacement (ABR) shall not exceed the amounts indicated in the table below for a given N Design.

HMA Mixtures <sup>1/2/</sup>	Maximum % ABR		
Ndesign	Binder/Leveling Binder	Surface	Polymer Modified <sup>3/</sup>
30L	50	40	10
50	40	35	10
70	40	30	10
90	40	30	104/
4.75 mm N-50			30
SMA N-80			20

Max Asphalt Binder Replacement for FRAP with RAS Combination

- 1/ For HMA "All Other" (shoulder and stabilized subbase) N-30, the percent asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed 50% of the total asphalt binder in the mixture.
- 2/ When the binder replacement exceeds 15 percent for all mixes, except for SMA and IL-4.75, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent binder replacement using a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG64-22 will be reduced to a PG58-28). When constructing full depth HMA and the ABR is less than 15 percent, the required virgin asphalt binder grade shall be PG64-28.
- 3/ When the ABR for SMA or IL-4.75 is 15 percent or less, the required virgin asphalt binder shall be SBS PG76-22 and the elastic recovery shall be a minimum of 80. When the ABR for SMA or IL-4.75 exceeds 15%, the virgin asphalt binder grade shall be SBS PG70-28 and the elastic recovery shall be a minimum of 80.
- 4/ For polymerized surface mix used for overlays, with up to 10 percent ABR, an SBS PG70-22 will be required. However if used in full depth HMA, an SBS PG70-28 will be required.

**1031.07 HMA Mix Designs.** At the Contractor's option, HMA mixtures may be constructed utilizing RAP/FRAP and/or RAS material meeting the detailed requirements specified herein.

- (a) FRAP and/or RAS. FRAP and /or RAS mix designs shall be submitted for verification. If additional FRAP or RAS stockpiles are tested and found to be within tolerance, as defined under "Evaluation of Tests" herein, and meet all requirements herein, the additional FRAP or RAS stockpiles may be used in the original design at the percent previously verified.
- (b) RAS. Type 1 and Type 2 RAS are not interchangeable in a mix design. A RAS stone bulk specific gravity (Gsb) of 2.300 shall be used for mix design purposes.

**1031.08 HMA Production.** HMA production utilizing FRAP and/or RAS shall be as follows.

To remove or reduce agglomerated material, a scalping screen, gator, crushing unit, or comparable sizing device approved by the Engineer shall be used in the RAS and FRAP feed system to remove or reduce oversized material. If material passing the sizing device adversely affects the mix production or quality of the mix, the sizing device shall be set at a size specified by the Engineer.

If during mix production, corrective actions fail to maintain FRAP, RAS or QC/QA test results within control tolerances or the requirements listed herein the Contractor shall cease production of the mixture containing FRAP or RAS and conduct an investigation that may require a new mix design.

- (a) RAS. RAS shall be incorporated into the HMA mixture either by a separate weight depletion system or by using the RAP weigh belt. Either feed system shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes. The portion of RAS shall be controlled accurately to within ± 0.5 percent of the amount of RAS utilized. When using the weight depletion system, flow indicators or sensing devices shall be provided and interlocked with the plant controls such that the mixture production is halted when RAS flow is interrupted.
- (b) HMA Plant Requirements. HMA plants utilizing FRAP and/or RAS shall be capable of automatically recording and printing the following information.
  - (1) Dryer Drum Plants.
    - a. Date, month, year, and time to the nearest minute for each print.
    - b. HMA mix number assigned by the Department.
    - c. Accumulated weight of dry aggregate (combined or individual) in tons (metric tons) to the nearest 0.1 ton (0.1 metric ton).

- d. Accumulated dry weight of RAS and FRAP in tons (metric tons) to the nearest 0.1 ton (0.1 metric ton).
- e. Accumulated mineral filler in revolutions, tons (metric tons), etc. to the nearest 0.1 unit.
- f. Accumulated asphalt binder in gallons (liters), tons (metric tons), etc. to the nearest 0.1 unit.
- g. Residual asphalt binder in the RAS and FRAP material as a percent of the total mix to the nearest 0.1 percent.
- h. Aggregate RAS and FRAP moisture compensators in percent as set on the control panel. (Required when accumulated or individual aggregate and RAS and FRAP are printed in wet condition.)
- i. When producing mixtures with FRAP and/or RAS, a positive dust control system shall be utilized.
- j. Accumulated mixture tonnage.
- k. Dust Removed (accumulated to the nearest 0.1 ton)
- (2) Batch Plants.
  - a. Date, month, year, and time to the nearest minute for each print.
  - b. HMA mix number assigned by the Department.
  - c. Individual virgin aggregate hot bin batch weights to the nearest pound (kilogram).
  - d. Mineral filler weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
  - f. RAS and FRAP weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
  - g. Virgin asphalt binder weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
  - h. Residual asphalt binder in the RAS and FRAP material as a percent of the total mix to the nearest 0.1 percent.

The printouts shall be maintained in a file at the plant for a minimum of one year or as directed by the Engineer and shall be made available upon request. The printing system will be inspected by the Engineer prior to production and verified at the beginning of each construction season thereafter.

### 1031.09 RAP in Aggregate Surface Course and Aggregate Shoulders. The use of

RAP or FRAP in aggregate surface course and aggregate shoulders shall be as follows.

- (a) Stockpiles and Testing. RAP stockpiles may be any of those listed in Article 1031.02, except "Non-Quality" and "FRAP". The testing requirements of Article 1031.03 shall not apply. RAP used to construct aggregate surface course and aggregate shoulders shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications"
- (b) Gradation. One hundred percent of the RAP material shall pass the 1 1/2 in. (37.5mm) sieve. The RAP material shall be reasonably well graded from coarse to fine. RAP material that is gap-graded, FRAP, or single sized will not be accepted for use as Aggregate Surface Course and Aggregate Shoulders."

Four Lakes Avenue Section 11-00058-00-BR Contract #: 61A89 DuPage County

#### **TEMPORARY PAVEMENT**

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Effective: March 1, 2003 Revised: April 10, 2008

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<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of constructing a temporary pavement at the locations shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

The contractor shall use either Portland cement concrete according to Sections 353 and 354 of the Standard Specifications or HMA according to Sections 355, 356, 406 of the Standard Specifications, and other applicable HMA special provisions as contained herein. The HMA

mixtures to be used shall be specified in the plans. The thickness of the Temporary Pavement shall be as described in the plans. The contractor shall have the option of constructing either material type if both Portland cement concrete and HMA are shown in the plans.

Articles 355.08 and 406.11 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

The removal of the Temporary Pavement, if required, shall conform to Section 440 of the Standard Specification.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>. Temporary pavement will be measured in place and the area computed in square yards (square meters).

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for TEMPORARY PAVEMENT and TEMPORARY PAVEMENT (INTERSTATE). Removal of temporary pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for PAVEMENT REMOVAL.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL (D-1 MAINTENANCE)

Effective: May 30, 2006 Revised: June 15, 2010

Revise Article 701.19 Method of Measurement to read:

"Traffic Control and Protection will not be measured for payment."

Revise Article 701.20 Basis of Payment to read:

"(a) Traffic Control and Protection will not be paid for as separate items, but the costs shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices for the construction items involved, and no additional compensation will be allowed.

(b) Work or revisions in the phasing of construction or maintenance operations may require traffic control to be installed in accordance with a Standard other than those included in the plans. In such cases, the Standards will be made available to the Contractor at least one week in advance of the change in traffic control. Payment for traffic control required by these added Standards will be according to Article 109.04. Revisions or modifications to increase the traffic control protection shown in the contract shall be submitted by the Contractor for approval by the Engineer. A reduction of the traffic control shown in the contract will not be allowed."

## TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING

Effective: November 13, 1996 Revised: January 2, 2007

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating for various states of construction and eventually removing temporary informational signs. Included in this

item may be ground mount signs, skid mount signs, truss mount signs, bridge mount signs, and overlay sign panels which cover portions of existing signs.

<u>Materials</u>.

Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

	<u>ltem</u>	Article/Section
a.)	Sign Base (Notes 1 & 2)	1090
b.)	Sign Face (Note 3)	1091
c.)	Sign Legends	1092
d.)	Sign Supports	1093
e.)	Overlay Panels (Note 4)	1090.02

- Note 1. The Contractor may use 5/8 inch (16 mm) instead of 3/4 inch (19 mm) thick plywood.
- Note 2. Type A sheeting can be used on the plywood base.
- Note 3. All sign faces shall be Type A except all orange signs shall meet the requirements of Article 1106.01.
- Note 4. The overlay panels shall be 0.08 inch (2 mm) thick.

# GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Installation.

The sign sizes and legend sizes shall be verified by the Contractor prior to fabrication.

Signs which are placed along the roadway and/or within the construction zone shall be installed according to the requirements of Article 701.14 and Article 720.04. The signs shall be 7 ft (2.1 m) above the near edge of the pavement and shall be a minimum of 2 ft (600 mm) beyond the edge of the paved shoulder. A minimum of two (2) posts shall be used.

The attachment of temporary signs to existing sign structures or sign panels shall be approved by the Engineer. Any damage to the existing signs due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired or signs replaced, as determined by the Engineer, at the Contractor's expense.

Signs which are placed on overhead bridge structures shall be fastened to the handrail with stainless steel bands. These signs shall rest on the concrete parapet where possible. The Contractor shall furnish mounting details for approval by the Engineer.

Method Of Measurement.

This work shall be measured for payment in square feet (square meters) edge to edge (horizontally and vertically).

All hardware, posts or skids, supports, bases for ground mounted signs, connections, which are required for mounting these signs will be included as part of this pay item.

# Basis Of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot (square meter) for TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING.

Four Lakes Avenue Section 11-00058-00-BR Contract #: 61A89 DuPage County

TRAFFIC SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS (D-1) Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: January 1, 2012

These Traffic Signal Special Provisions and the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" supplement the requirements of the State of Illinois "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction." The intent of these Special Provisions is to prescribe the materials and construction methods commonly used for traffic signal installations. All material furnished shall be new. The locations and the details of all installations shall be as indicated on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer. Traffic signal construction and maintenance work shall be performed by personnel holding IMSA Traffic Signal Technician Level II certification. The work to be done under this contract consists of furnishing and installing all traffic signal work as specified in the Plans and as specified herein in a manner acceptable and approved by the Engineer.

# SECTION 720 SIGNING

# MAST ARM SIGN PANELS

Add the following to Article 720.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Signs attached to poles or posts (such as mast arm signs) shall have mounting brackets and sign channels which are equal to and completely interchangeable with those used by the District Sign Shops. Signfix Aluminum Channel Framing System is currently recommended, but other brands of mounting hardware are acceptable based upon the Department's approval.

# DIVISION 800 ELECTRICAL

#### SUBMITTALS.

Revise Article 801.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

All material approval requests shall be submitted in accordance with the District's current Electrical Product Data and Documentation Submittal Guidelines. General requirements include:

- Material approval requests shall be made at the preconstruction meeting, including major traffic signal items listed in the table in Article 801.05. Material or equipment which is similar or identical shall be the product of the same manufacturer, unless necessary for system continuity. Traffic signal materials and equipment shall bear the U.L. label whenever such labeling is available.
- 2. Product data and shop drawings shall be assembled by pay item and separated from of other pay item submittals. Only the top sheet of each pay item submittal will be stamped by the Department with the review status, except shop drawings for mast arm pole assemblies and the like will be stamped with the review status on each sheet.
- 3. Partial or incomplete submittals will be returned without review.

- 4. Certain non-standard mast arm poles and structures will require additional review from IDOT's Central Office. Examples include ornamental/decorative and non-standard length mast arm pole assemblies. The Contractor shall account for the additional review time in his schedule.
- 5. The contract number or permit number, project location/limits and corresponding pay code number must be on each sheet of correspondence,, catalog cuts and mast arm poles and assemblies drawings.
- 6. Where certifications and/or warranties are specified, the information submitted for approval shall include certifications and warranties. Certifications involving inspections, and/or tests of material shall be complete with all test data, dates, and times.
- 7. After the Engineer reviews the submittals for conformance with the design concept of the project, the Engineer will stamp the drawings indicating their status as 'Approved', 'Approved-As-Noted', 'Disapproved', or 'Incomplete'. Since the Engineer's review is for conformance with the design concept only, it is the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate the various items into a working system as specified. The Contractor shall not be relieved from responsibility for errors or omissions in the shop, working, layout drawings, or other documents by the Department's approval thereof. The Contractor must still be in full compliance with contract and specification requirements.
- 8. All submitted items reviewed and marked 'APPROVED AS NOTED', 'DISAPPROVED', or 'INCOMPLETE' are to be resubmitted in their entirety, unless otherwise indicated within the submittal comments, with a disposition of previous comments to verify contract compliance at no additional cost to the contract.
- 9. Exceptions to and deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents will not be allowed. It is the Contractor's responsibility to note any deviations from Contract requirements at the time of submittal and to make any requests for deviations in writing to the Engineer. In general, substitutions will not be acceptable. Requests for substitutions must demonstrate that the proposed substitution is superior to the material or equipment required by the Contract Documents. No exceptions, deviations or substitutions will be permitted without the approval of the Engineer.

# **INSPECTION OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.**

Add the following to Article 801.10 of the Standard Specifications:

(c) All cabinets including temporary traffic signal cabinets shall be assembled by an approved equipment supplier in District One. The Department reserves the right to request any controller and cabinet to be tested at the equipment supplier facilities prior to field installation, at no extra cost to this contract.

# MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

Revise Article 801.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- a. Existing traffic signal installations and/or any electrical facilities at all or various locations may be altered or reconstructed totally or partially as part of the work The Contractor is hereby advised that all traffic control on this Contract. equipment, presently installed at these locations, may be the property of the State of Illinois, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, County, Private Developer, or the Municipality in which they are located. Once the Contractor has begun any work on any portion of the project, all traffic signals within the limits of this contract or those which have the item "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation," "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation," shall become the full responsibility of the Contractor. Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment is not owned by the State and the Contractor shall not be responsible for maintaining it during construction. The Contractor shall supply the Engineer, Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer, IDOT ComCenter and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor with two 24-hour emergency contact names and telephone numbers.
- When the project has a pay item for "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal b. Installation," "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation," the Contractor must notify both the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4424 and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor, of their intent to begin any physical construction work on the Contract or any portion thereof. This notification must be made a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the start of construction to allow sufficient time for inspection of the existing traffic signal installation(s) and transfer of maintenance to the Contractor. If work is started prior to an inspection, maintenance of the traffic signal installation(s) will be transferred to the Contractor without an inspection. The Contractor will become responsible for repairing or replacing all equipment that is not operating properly or is damaged at no cost to the owner of the traffic signal. Final repairs or replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted.
- c. Contracts such as pavement grinding or patching which result in the destruction of traffic signal loops do not require maintenance transfer, but require a notification of intent to work and an inspection. A minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the loop removal, the Contractor shall notify the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4424 and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor, at which time arrangements will be made to adjust the traffic controller timing to compensate for the absence of detection. Damaged Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, including cameras, detectors, or other peripheral equipment, shall be replaced by others, per Permit agreement, at no cost to the contract. See additional requirements in these specifications under Inductive Loop Detector.

- d. The Contractor is advised that the existing and/or temporary traffic signal installation must remain in operation during all construction stages, except for the most essential down time. Any shutdown of the traffic signal installation, which exceeds fifteen (15) minutes, must have prior approval of the Engineer. Approval to shutdown the traffic signal installation will only be granted during the period extending from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on weekdays. Shutdowns shall not be allowed during inclement weather or holiday periods.
- e. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the safe and efficient operation of the traffic signals. Any inquiry, complaint or request by the Department, the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor or the public, shall be investigated and repairs begun within one hour. Failure to provide this service will result in liquidated damages of \$500 per day per occurrence. In addition, the Department reserves the right to assign any work not completed within this timeframe to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor. All costs associated to repair this uncompleted work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to pay these costs to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor within one month after the incident will result in additional liquidated damages of \$500 per month per occurrence. Unpaid bills will be deducted from the cost of the Contract. The District's Electrical Maintenance Contractor may inspect any signalizing device on the Department's highway system at any time without notification.
- f. Any proposed activity in the vicinity of a highway-rail grade crossing must adhere to the guidelines set forth in the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) regarding work in temporary traffic control zones in the vicinity of highway-rail grade crossings which states that lane restrictions, flagging, or other operations shall not create conditions where vehicles can be queued across the railroad tracks. If the queuing of vehicles across the tracks cannot be avoided, a uniformed law enforcement officer or flagger shall be provided at the crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping on the tracks, even if automatic warning devices are in place.

# DAMAGE TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM.

Add the following to Article 801.12(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Any traffic signal control equipment damaged or not operating properly from any cause whatsoever shall be replaced with new equipment meeting current District One traffic signal specifications and provided by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Contract and/or owner of the traffic signal system, all as approved by the Engineer. Final replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted. Cable splices outside the controller cabinet shall not be allowed.

Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, such as Red Light Enforcement cameras, detectors, and peripheral equipment, damaged or not operating properly from any cause whatsoever, shall be the responsibility of the municipality or the Automatic Traffic Enforcement company per Permit agreement.

# TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSPECTION (TURN-ON).

Revise Article 801.15(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

It is the intent to have all electric work completed and equipment field tested by the vendor prior to the Department's "turn-on" field inspection. If in the event the Engineer determines work is not complete and the inspection will require more than two (2) hours to complete, the inspection shall be canceled and the Contractor will be required to reschedule at another date. The maintenance of the traffic signals will not be accepted until all punch list work is corrected and re-inspected.

When the road is open to traffic, except as otherwise provided in Section 850 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request a turn-on and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request must be made to the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4424 a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. The Department will not grant a field inspection until notification is provided from the Contractor that the equipment has been field tested and the intersection is operating according to Contract requirements. The Department's facsimile number is (847) 705-4089. The Contractor must invite local fire department personnel to the turn-on when Emergency Vehicle Preemption (EVP) is included in the project. When the contract includes the item RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, or TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMINGS, the Contractor must notify the SCAT Consultant of the turn-on/detour implementation schedule, as well as stage changes and phase changes during construction.

The Contractor must have all traffic signal work completed and the electrical service installation connected by the utility company prior to requesting an inspection and turn-on of the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall be responsible to provide a police officer to direct traffic at the time of testing.

The Contractor shall provide a representative from the control equipment vendor's office to attend the traffic signal inspection for both permanent and temporary traffic signal turn-ons. Upon demonstration that the signals are operating and all work is completed in accordance with the Contract and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the Engineer will then allow the signals to be placed in continuous operation. The Agency that is responsible for the maintenance of each traffic signal installation will assume the maintenance upon successful completion of this inspection.

The District requires the following from the Contractor at traffic signal turn-ons.

1. One set of signal plans of record with field revisions marked in red ink.

- 2. Written notification from the Contractor and the equipment vendor of satisfactory field testing.
- 3. A knowledgeable representative of the controller equipment supplier shall be required at the traffic signal turn-on. The representative shall be knowledgeable of the cabinet design and controller functions.
- 4. A copy of the approved material letter.
- 5. One (1) copy of the operation and service manuals of the signal controller and associated control equipment.
- 6. Five (5) copies 11" x 17" (280 mm X 430 mm) of the cabinet wiring diagrams.
- 7. The controller manufacturer shall supply a printed form, not to exceed 11" x 17" (280 mm X 430 mm) for recording the traffic signal controller's timings; backup timings; coordination splits, offsets, and cycles; TBC Time of Day, Week and Year Programs; Traffic Responsive Program, Detector Phase Assignment, Type and Detector Switching; and any other functions programmable from the keyboard. The form shall include a location, date, manufacturer's name, controller model and software version. The form shall be approved by the Engineer and a minimum of three (3) copies must be furnished at each turn-on. The manufacturer must provide all programming information used within the controller at the time of turn-on.
- 8. All manufacturer and contractor warrantees and guarantees required by Article 801.14.

Acceptance of the traffic signal equipment by the Department shall be based upon inspection results at the traffic signal "turn on." If approved, traffic signal acceptance shall be verbal at the "turn on" inspection followed by written correspondence from the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for all traffic signal equipment and associated maintenance thereof until Departmental acceptance is granted.

All equipment and/or parts to keep the traffic signal installation operating shall be furnished by the Contractor. No spare traffic signal equipment is available from the Department.

All punch list work shall be completed within two (2) weeks after the final inspection. The Contractor shall notify the Electrical Maintenance Contractor to inspect all punch list work. Failure to meet these time constraints shall result in liquidated damage charges of \$500 per month per incident.

All cost of work and materials required to comply with the above requirements shall be included in the pay item bid prices, under which the subject materials and signal equipment are paid, and no additional compensation will be allowed. Materials and signal equipment not complying with the above requirements shall be subject to removal and disposal at the Contractor's expense.

# RECORD DRAWINGS

The requirements listed for Electrical Installation shall apply for Traffic Signal Installations in Article 801.16. Revise the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph of Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- a. "When the work is complete, and seven days before the request for a final inspection, the full-size set of contract drawings. Stamped "RECORD DRAWINGS", shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval and shall be stamped with the date and the signature of the Contractor's supervising Engineer or electrician. The record drawings shall be submitted in PDF format on CDROM as well as hardcopy for review and approval.
- b. In addition to the record drawings, copies of the final catalog cuts which have been Approved or Approved as Noted shall be submitted in PDF format along with the record drawings. The PDF files shall clearly indicate the pay item either by filename or PDF Table of Contents referencing the respective pay item number for multi-item PDF files. Specific part or model numbers of items which have been selected shall be clearly visible."
- c. Additional requirements are listed in the District's Electrical Product Data and Documentation Guidelines.

Add the following to Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications:

"In addition to the specified record drawings, the Contactor shall record GPS coordinates of the following traffic signal components being installed, modified or being affected in other ways by this contract:

- All Mast Arm Poles and Posts
- Handholes
- Conduit roadway crossings
- Controller Cabinets
- Communication Cabinets
- Electric Service Disconnect locations
- CCTV Camera installations
- Fiber Optic Splice Locations

Datum to be used shall be North American 1983.

Data shall be provided electronically and in print form. The electronic format shall be compatible with MS Excel. Latitude and Longitude shall be in decimal degrees with a minimum of 6 decimal places. Each coordinate shall have the following information:

- 1. Description of item
- 2. Designation or approximate station if the item is undesignated
- 3. Latitude
- 4. Longitude

Description	Designation	Latitude	Longitude
Mast Arm Pole	MP (SW, NW, SE or NE		·
Assembly (dual,	corner)		-
combo, etc)		41.580493	87.793378
FO mainline splice	HHL-ST31		-
handhole	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41.558532	87.792571
Handhole	HH		-
		41.765532	87.543571
Electric Service	ElecSrv		-
		41.602248	87.794053
Conduit crossing	SB IL83 to EB I290		-
	ramp SIDE A	41.584593	87.793378
PTZ Camera	PTZ		-
······································		41.584600	87.793432
Signal Post	Post		-
		41.558532	87.792571
Controller Cabinet	CC		-
		41.651848	87.762053
Master Controller	MCC		-
Cabinet		41.580493	87.793378
Communication	ComC	44 550500	-
Cabinet		41.558532	87.78977
Fiber splice	Toll Plaza34	44 000000	-
connection		41.606928	87.794053

Prior to the collection of data, the contractor shall provide a sample data collection of at least six data points of known locations to be reviewed and verified by the Engineer to be accurate within 100 feet. Upon verification, data collection can begin. Data collection can be made as construction progresses, or can be collected after all items are installed. If the data is unacceptable the contractor shall make corrections to the data collection equipment and or process and submit the data for review and approval as specified.

Accuracy. Data collected is to be mapping grade. A handheld mapping grade GPS device shall be used for the data collection. The receiver shall support differential correction and data shall have a minimum 5 meter accuracy after post processing.

GPS receivers integrated into cellular communication devices, recreational and automotive GPS devices are not acceptable.

The GPS shall be the product of an established major GPS manufacturer having been in the business for a minimum of 6 years."

Delete the last sentence of the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph of Article 801.16.

# LOCATING UNDERGROUND FACILITIES.

Revise Section 803 to the Standard Specifications to read:

If this Contract requires the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor shall be responsible at his/her own expense for locating existing IDOT electrical facilities prior to performing any work. If this Contract does not require the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor may request one free locate for existing IDOT electrical facilities from the District One Electrical Maintenance Contractor prior to the start of any work. Additional requests may be at the expense of the Contractor. The location of underground traffic facilities does not relieve the Contractor of their responsibility to repair any facilities damaged during construction at their expense.

The exact location of all utilities shall be field verified by the Contractor before the installation of any components of the traffic signal system. For locations of utilities, locally owned equipment, and leased enforcement camera system facilities, the local Counties or Municipalities may need to be contacted: in the City of Chicago contact Digger at (312) 744-7000 and for all other locations contact J.U.L.I.E. at 1-800-892-0123 or 811.

# **RESTORATION OF WORK AREA.**

Add the following article to Section 801 of the Standard Specifications:

801.17 Restoration of work area. Restoration of the traffic signal work area shall be included in the related pay items such as foundation, conduit, handhole, trench and backfill, underground raceways, etc. All roadway surfaces such as shoulders, medians, sidewalks, pavement, etc. shall be replaced in kind. All damage to mowed lawns shall be replaced with an approved sod, and all damage to unmowed fields shall be seeded. All brick pavers disturbed in the work area shall be replaced with a comparable material approved by the Engineer. All damaged brick pavers shall be replaced with a comparable material approved by the Engineer. Restoration of the work area shall be included in the contract without any extra compensation allowed to the Contractor.

# ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION.

Revise Section 805 of the Standard Specifications to read:

# Description.

This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to install, modify, or extend the electric service installation. All installations shall meet the requirements of the details in the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" and applicable portions of the Specifications. <u>General.</u>

The electric service installation shall be the electric service disconnecting means and it shall be identified as suitable for use as service equipment.

The electric utility contact information is noted on the plans and represents the current information at the time of contract preparation. The Contractor must request in writing for service and/or service modification within 10 days of contract award and must follow-up with the electric utility to assure all necessary documents and payment are received by the utility. The Contractor shall forward copies of all correspondence between the contractor and utility company to the Engineer and Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer. The service agreement and sketch shall be submitted for signature to the IDOT's Traffic Operations Programs Engineer.

# Materials.

- a. General. The completed control panel shall be constructed in accordance with UL Std. 508A, Industrial Control Panel, and carry the UL label. Wire terminations shall be UL listed.
- b. Enclosures.
  - 1. Pole Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 4X, unfinished single door design, fabricated from minimum 0.080-inch (2.03 mm) thick Type 5052 H-32 aluminum. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. Stainless steel screws and clamps shall secure the cover and assure a watertight seal. The cover shall be removable by pulling the continuous stainless steel hinge pin. The cabinet shall have an oil-resistant gasket and a lock kit shall be provided with an internal O-ring in the locking mechanism assuring a watertight and dust-tight seal. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 14-inches (350 mm) high, 9-inches (225 mm) wide and 8-inches (200 mm) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be channel mounted to a wooden utility pole using assemblies recommended by the manufacturer.
  - 2. Ground Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 3R unfinished single door design with back panel. The cabinet shall be fabricated from Type 5052 H-32 aluminum with the frame and door 0.125inch (3.175 mm) thick, the top 0.250-inch (6.350 mm) thick and the bottom 0.500-inch (12.70 mm) thick. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. The door and door opening shall be double flanged. The door shall be approximately 80% of the front surface, with a full length tamperproof stainless steel .075-inch (1.91 mm) thick hinge bolted to the cabinet with stainless steel carriage bolts and nylocks nuts. The locking mechanism shall be slam-latch type with a keyhole cover. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 40-inches (1000 mm) high, 16inches (400 mm) wide and 15-inches (375 mm) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be mounted upon a square Type A concrete foundation as indicated on the plans. The foundation is paid for separately.

- c. Surge Protector. Overvoltage protection, with LED indicator, shall be provided for the 120 volt load circuit by the means MOV and thermal fusing technology. The response time shall be <5n seconds and operate within a range of -40C to +85C. The surge protector shall be UL 1449 Listed.
- d. Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall be standard UL listed molded case, thermalmagnetic bolt-on type circuit breakers with trip free indicating handles. 120 volt circuit breakers shall have an interrupting rating of not less than 65,000 rms symmetrical amperes. Unless otherwise indicated, the main disconnect circuit breaker for the traffic signal controller shall be rated 60 amperes, 120 V and the auxiliary circuit breakers shall be rated 10 amperes, 120 V.
- e. Fuses, Fuseholders and Power Indicating Light. Fuses shall be small-dimensional cylindrical fuses of the dual element time-delay type. The fuses shall be rated for 600 V AC and shall have a UL listed interrupting rating of not less than 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes at rated voltage. The power indicating light shall be LED type with a green colored lens and shall be energized when electric utility power is present.
- f. Ground and Neutral Bus Bars. A single copper ground and neutral bus bar, mounted on the equipment panel shall be provided. Ground and neutral conductors shall be separated on the bus bar. Compression lugs, plus 2 spare lugs, shall be sized to accommodate the cables with the heads of the connector screws painted green for ground connections and white for neutral connections.
- g. Utility Services Connection. The Contractor shall notify the Utility Company marketing representative a minimum of 30 working days prior to the anticipated date of hook-up. This 30 day advance notification will begin only after the Utility Company marketing representative has received service charge payments from the Contractor. Prior to contacting the Utility Company marketing representative for service connection, the service installation controller cabinet and cable must be installed for inspection by the Utility Company.
- h. Ground Rod. Ground rods shall be copper-clad steel, a minimum of 10 feet (3.0m) in length, and 3/4 inch (20mm) in diameter. Ground rod resistance measurements to ground shall be 25 ohms or less. If necessary additional rods shall be installed to meet resistance requirements at no additional cost to the contract.

# Installation.

- a. General. The Contractor shall confirm the orientation of the traffic service installation and its door side with the engineer, prior to installation. All conduit entrances into the service installation shall be sealed with a pliable waterproof material.
- b. Pole Mounted. Brackets designed for pole mounting shall be used. All mounting hardware shall be stainless steel. Mounting height shall be as noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

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c. Ground Mounted. The service installation shall be mounted plumb and level on the foundation and fastened to the anchor bolts with hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel nuts and washers. The space between the bottom of the enclosure and the top of the foundation shall be caulked at the base with silicone.

# Basis of Payment.

The service installation shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SERVICE INSTALLATION of the type specified which shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the service installation complete. The CONCRETE FOUNDATION, TYPE A, which includes the ground rod, shall be paid for separately. SERVICE INSTALLATION, POLE MOUNTED shall include the 3/4 inch (20mm) grounding conduit, ground rod, and pole mount assembly. Any charges by the utility companies shall be approved by the engineer and paid for as an addition to the contract according to Article 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.

# **GROUNDING OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS.**

# Revise Section 806 of the Standard Specifications to read:

# <u>General</u>.

All traffic signal systems, equipment and appurtenances shall be properly grounded in strict conformance with the NEC. See IDOT District One Traffic Signal detail plan sheets for additional information.

The grounding electrode system shall include a ground rod installed with each traffic signal controller concrete foundation and all mast arm and post concrete foundations. An additional ground rod will be required at locations were measured resistance exceeds 25 ohms. Ground rods are included in the applicable concrete foundation or service installation pay item and will not be paid for separately.

Testing shall be according to Article 801.13 (a) (4) and (5).

- (a) The grounded conductor (neutral conductor) shall be white color coded. This conductor shall be bonded to the equipment grounding conductor only at the Electric Service Installation. All power cables shall include one neutral conductor of the same size.
- (b) The equipment grounding conductor shall be green color coded. The following is in addition to Article 801.04 of the Standard Specifications.
  - 1. Equipment grounding conductors shall be bonded to the grounded conductor (neutral conductor) only at the Electric Service Installation. The equipment grounding conductor is paid for separately and shall be continuous. The Earth shall not be used as the equipment grounding conductor.
  - 2. Equipment grounding conductors shall be bonded, using a Listed grounding connector, to all traffic signal mast arm poles, traffic signal posts, pedestrian posts, pull boxes, handhole

frames and covers, conduits, and other metallic enclosures throughout the traffic signal wiring system, except where noted herein. Bonding shall be made with a splice and pigtail connection, using a sized compression type copper sleeve, sealant tape, and heat-shrinkable cap. A Listed electrical joint compound shall be applied to all conductors' terminations, connector threads and contact points. Conduit grounding bushings shall be installed at all conduit terminations.

- 3. All metallic and non-metallic raceways containing traffic signal circuit runs shall have a continuous equipment grounding conductor, except raceways containing only detector loop lead-in circuits, circuits under 50 volts and/or fiber optic cable will not be required to include an equipment grounding conductor.
- 4. Individual conductor splices in handholes shall be soldered and sealed with heat shrink. When necessary to maintain effective equipment grounding, a full cable heat shrink shall be provided over individual conductor heat shrinks.
- (c) The grounding electrode conductor shall be similar to the equipment grounding conductor in color coding (green) and size. The grounding electrode conductor is used to connect the ground rod to the equipment grounding conductor and is bonded to ground rods via exothermic welding, listed pressure connectors, listed clamps or other approved listed means.

# **GROUNDING EXISTING HANDHOLE FRAME AND COVER.**

# Description.

This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to bond the equipment grounding conductor to the existing handhole frame and handhole cover. All installations shall meet the requirements of the details in the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details," and applicable portions of the Standard Specifications and these specifications.

The equipment grounding conductor shall be bonded to the handhole frame and to the handhole cover. Two (2) ½-inch diameter x 1 ¼-inch long hex-head stainless steel bolts, spaced 1.75-inches apart center-to-center shall be fully welded to the frame and to the cover to accommodate a heavy duty Listed grounding compression terminal (Burndy type YGHA or approved equal). The grounding compression terminal shall be secured to the bolts with stainless steel split-lock washers and nylon-insert locknuts.

Welding preparation for the stainless steel bolt hex-head to the frame and to the cover shall include thoroughly cleaning the contact and weldment area of all rust, dirt and contaminates. The Contractor shall assure a solid strong weld. The welds shall be smooth and thoroughly cleaned of flux and spatter. The grounding installation shall not affect the proper seating of the cover when closed.

The grounding cable shall be paid for separately.

# Method of Measurement.

Units measured for payment will be counted on a per handhole basis, regardless of the type of handhole and its location.

# Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for GROUNDING EXISTING HANDHOLE FRAME AND COVER which shall be payment in full for grounding the handhole complete.

# COILABLE NON-METALLIC CONDUIT.

# Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing empty coilable non-metallic conduit (CNC) for detector loop raceways.

# <u>General.</u>

The CNC installation shall be in accordance with Sections 810 and 811 of the Standard Specifications except for the following:

Add the following to Article 810.03 of the Standard Specifications:

CNC meeting the requirements of NEC Article 353 shall be used for detector loop raceways to the handholes.

Add the following to Article 811.03 of the Standard Specifications:

On temporary traffic signal installations with detector loops, CNC meeting the requirements of NEC Article 353 shall be used for detector loop raceways from the saw-cut to 10 feet (3m) up the wood pole, unless otherwise shown on the plans

# Basis of Payment.

All installations of CNC for loop detection shall be included in the contract and not paid for separately.

# HANDHOLES.

Add the following to Section 814 of the Standard Specifications:

All handholes shall be concrete, poured in place, with inside dimensions of 21-1/2 inches (549mm) minimum. Frames and lid openings shall match this dimension. The cover of the handhole frame shall be labeled "Traffic Signals" with legible raised letters.

For grounding purposes the handhole frame shall have provisions for a 7/16 inch (15.875mm) diameter stainless bolt cast into the frame. The covers shall have a stainless steel threaded stint extended from the eye hook assembly for the purpose of attaching the grounding conductor to the handhole cover.

The minimum wall thickness for heavy duty hand holes shall be 12 inches (300mm).

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All conduits shall enter the handhole at a depth of 30 inches (760mm) except for the conduits for detector loops when the handhole is less than 5 feet (1.52 m) from the detector loop. All conduit ends should be sealed with a waterproof sealant to prevent the entrance of contaminants into the handhole.

Steel cable hooks shall be coated with hot-dipped galvanization in accordance with AASHTO Specification M111. Hooks shall be a minimum of 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) diameter with two 90 degree bends and extend into the handhole at least 6 inches (150 mm). Hooks shall be placed a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) below the lid or lower if additional space is required.

# **GROUNDING CABLE.**

The cable shall meet the requirements of Section 817 of the "Standard Specifications," except for the following:

Add the following to Article 817.02 (b) of the Standard Specifications:

Unless otherwise noted on the Plans, traffic signal grounding conductor shall be one conductor, #6 gauge copper, with a green color coded XLP jacket.

The traffic signal grounding conductor shall be bonded, using a Listed grounding connector (Burndy type KC/K2C, as applicable, or approved equal), to all proposed and existing traffic signal mast arm poles and traffic/pedestrian signal posts, including push button posts. The grounding conductor shall be bonded to all proposed and existing pull boxes, handhole frames and covers and other metallic enclosures throughout the traffic signal wiring system and noted herein and detailed on the plans. The grounding conductor shall be bonded to conduit terminations using rated grounding bushings. Bonding to existing handhole frames and covers shall be paid for separately.

Add the following to Article 817.05 of the Standard Specifications:

# Basis of Payment.

Grounding cable shall be measured in place for payment in foot (meter). Payment shall be at the contract unit price for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, GROUNDING, NO. 6, 1C, which price includes all associated labor and material including grounding clamps, splicing, exothermic welds, grounding connectors, conduit grounding bushings, and other hardware.

# RAILROAD INTERCONNECT CABLE.

The cable shall meet the requirements of Section 873 of the Standard Specifications, except for the following:

Add to Article 873.02 of the Standard Specifications:

The railroad interconnect cable shall be three conductor stranded #14 copper cable in a clear polyester binder, shielded with #36 AWG tinned copper braid with 85% coverage, and insulated with .016" polyethylene (black, blue, red). The jacket shall be black 0.045 PVC or polyethylene.

Add the following to Article 873.05 of the Standard Specifications:

# Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, RAILROAD, NO. 14 3C, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing, installing, and making all electrical connections in the traffic signal controller cabinet. Connections in the railroad controller cabinet shall be performed by railroad personnel.

# FIBER OPTIC TRACER CABLE.

The cable shall meet the requirements of Section 817 of the "Standard Specifications," except for the following:

Add the following to Article 817.03 of the Standard Specifications:

In order to trace the fiber optic cable after installation, the tracer cable shall be installed in the same conduit as the fiber optic cable in locations shown on the plans. The tracer cable shall be continuous, extended into the controller cabinet and terminated on a barrier type terminal strip mounted on the side wall of the controller cabinet. The barrier type terminal strip and tracer cable shall be clearly marked and identified. All tracer cable splices shall be kept to a minimum and shall incorporate maximum lengths of cable supplied by the manufacturer. The tracer cable will be allowed to be spliced at handholes only. The tracer cable splice shall use a Western Union Splice soldered with resin core flux and shall be soldered using a soldering iron. Blow torches or other devices which oxidize copper cable shall not be allowed for soldering operations. All exposed surfaces of the solder shall be smooth. The splice shall be covered with a black shrink tube meeting UL 224 guidelines, Type V and rated 600v, minimum length 4 inches (100 mm) and with a minimum 1 inch (25 mm) coverage over the XLP insulation, underwater grade.

Add the following to Article 817.05 of the Standard Specifications:

Basis of Payment.

The tracer cable shall be paid for separately as ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, TRACER, NO. 14 1C per foot (meter), which price shall include all associated labor and material for installation.

# MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION.

Revise Articles 850.02 and 850.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

<u>Procedure.</u>The energy charges for the operation of the traffic signal installation shall be paid for by others. Full maintenance responsibility shall start as soon as the Contractor begins any physical work on the Contract or any portion thereof.

The Contractor shall have electricians with IMSA Level II certification on staff to provide signal maintenance.

This item shall include maintenance of all traffic signal equipment at the intersection, including emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment, master controllers, uninterruptible power supply (UPS and batteries), telephone service installations, communication cables, conduits to adjacent intersections, and other traffic signal equipment, but shall not include Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, such as Red Light Enforcement cameras, detectors, or peripheral equipment, not owned by the State.

#### Maintenance.

The maintenance shall be according to MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY in Division 800 of these specifications and the following:.

The Contractor shall check all controllers every two (2) weeks, which will include visually inspecting all timing intervals, relays, detectors, and pre-emption equipment to ensure that they are functioning properly. This item includes, as routine maintenance, all portions of emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment. The Contractor shall maintain in stock at all times a sufficient amount of materials and equipment to provide effective temporary and permanent repairs.

The Contractor shall provide immediate corrective action when any part or parts of the system fail to function properly. Two far side heads facing each approach shall be considered the minimum acceptable signal operation pending permanent repairs. When repairs at a signalized intersection require that the controller be disconnected or otherwise removed from normal operation, and power is available, the Contractor shall place the traffic signal installation on flashing operation. The signals shall flash RED for all directions unless a different indication has been specified by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be required to place stop signs (R1-1-36) at each approach of the intersection as a temporary means of regulating traffic. When the signals operate in flash, the Contractor shall furnish and equip all their vehicles assigned to the maintenance of traffic signal installations with a sufficient number of stop signs as specified herein. The Contractor shall maintain a sufficient number of stop signs in stock at all times to replace stop signs which may be damaged or stolen.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a 24 hour telephone number for the maintenance of the traffic signal installation and for emergency calls by the Engineer.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the Department for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall respond to all emergency calls from the Department or others within one hour after notification and provide immediate corrective action. When equipment has been damaged or becomes faulty beyond repair, the Contractor shall replace it with new and identical equipment. The cost of furnishing and installing the replaced equipment shall be borne by the Contractor at no additional charge to the contract. The Contractor may institute action to recover

damages from a responsible third party. If at any time the Contractor fails to perform all work as specified herein to keep the traffic signal installation in proper operating condition or if the Engineer cannot contact the Contractor's designated personnel, the Engineer shall have the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor perform the maintenance work required. The State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor shall bill the Contractor for the total cost of the work. The Contractor shall pay this bill within thirty (30) days of the date of receipt of the invoice or the cost of such work will be deducted from the amount due the Contractor. The Contractor shall allow the Electrical Maintenance Contractor to make reviews of the Existing Traffic Signal Installation that has been transferred to the Contractor for Maintenance.

# TRAFFIC ACTUATED CONTROLLER.

Add the following to Article 857.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Controllers shall be NTCIP compliant NEMA TS2 Type 1, Econolite ASC/3S-1000 or Eagle/Siemens M50 unless specified otherwise on the plans or elsewhere on these specifications. Only controllers supplied by one of the District One approved closed loop equipment manufacturers will be allowed. The controller shall be the most recent model and software version supplied by the manufacturer at the time of the approval and include the standard data key. The traffic signal controller shall provide features to inhibit simultaneous display of a circular yellow ball and a yellow arrow display. Individual load switches shall be provided for each vehicle, pedestrian, and right turn over lap phase. The controller shall prevent phases from being skipped during program changes and after all preemption events.

Add the following to Article 857.03 of the Standard Specifications:

The Contractor shall arrange to install a standard voice-grade dial-up telephone line to the RAILROAD, FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND CABINET as called for on the traffic signal installation plans. If the traffic signal installation is part of a traffic signal system, a telephone line is usually not required, unless a telephone line is called for on the traffic signal plans. The Contractor shall follow the requirements for the telephone service installation as contained in the current District One Traffic Signal Special Provisions under Master Controller.

# MASTER CONTROLLER.

Revise Articles 860.02 - Materials and 860.03 - Installation of the Standard Specifications to read:

Only controllers supplied by one of the District approved closed loop equipment manufacturers will be allowed. Only NEMA TS 2 Type 1 Eagle/Siemens and Econolite closed loop systems shall be supplied. The latest model and software version of master controller shall be supplied.

Functional requirements in addition to those in Section 863 of the Standard Specifications include:

The system commands shall consist of, as a minimum, six (6) cycle lengths, five (5) offsets, three (3) splits, and four (4) special functions. The system commands shall also include commands for free or coordinated operation.

Traffic Responsive operation shall consist of the real time acquisition of system detector data, data validation, and the scaling of acquired volumes and occupancies in a deterministic fashion so as to cause the selection and implementation of the most suitable traffic plan.

Upon request by the Engineer, each master shall be delivered with up to three (3) complete sets of the latest edition of registered remote monitoring software with full manufacture's support. Each set shall consist of software on CD, DVD, or other suitable media approved by the Engineer, and a bound set of manuals containing loading and operating instruction. One copy of the software and support data shall be delivered to the Agency in charge of system operation, if other than IDOT. One of these two sets will be provided to the Agency Signal Maintenance Contractor for use in monitoring the system.

The approved manufacturer of equipment shall loan the District one master controller and two intersection controllers of the most recent models and the newest software version to be used for instructional purposes in addition to the equipment to be supplied for the Contract.

The Contractor shall arrange to install a standard voice-grade dial-up telephone line to the master controller. This shall be accomplished through the following process utilizing District One staff. This telephone line may be coupled with a DSL line and a phone filter to isolate the dial-up line. An E911 address is required.

The cabinet shall be provided with an Outdoor Network Interface for termination of the telephone service. It shall be mounted to the inside of the cabinet in a location suitable to provide access for termination of the telephone service at a later date.

Full duplex communication between the master and its local controllers is recommended, but at this time not required. The data rate shall be 1200 baud minimum and shall be capable of speeds to 38,400 or above as technology allows. The controller, when installed in an Ethernet topology, may operate non-serial communications.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a 9600 baud, auto dial/auto answer modem. It shall be a US robotics 33.6K baud rate or equal.

As soon as practical or within one week after the contract has been awarded, the Contractor shall contact (via phone) the Administrative Support Manager in the District One Business Services Section at (847) 705-4011 to request a phone line installation.

A follow-up fax transmittal to the Administrative Support Manager (847-705-4712) with all required information pertaining to the phone installation is required from the Contractor as soon as possible or within one week after the initial request has been made. A copy of this fax transmittal must also be faxed by the Contractor to the Traffic Signal Systems Engineer at (847) 705-4089. The required information to be supplied on the fax shall include (but not limited to): A

street address for the new traffic signal controller (or nearby address); a nearby existing telephone number; what type of telephone service is needed; the name and number of the Contractor's employee for the telephone company to contact regarding site work and questions.

The usual time frame for the activation of the phone line is 4-6 weeks after the Business Services Section has received the Contractor supplied fax. It is, therefore, imperative that the phone line conduit and pull-string be installed by the Contractor in anticipation of this time frame. On jobs which include roadway widening in which the conduit cannot be installed until this widening is completed, the Contractor will be allowed to delay the phone line installation request to the Business Services Section until a point in time that is 4-6 weeks prior to the anticipated completion of the traffic signal work. The contractor shall provide the Administrative Support Manager with an expected installation date considering the 4-6 week processing time.

The telephone line shall be installed and activated one month before the system final inspection.

All costs associated with the telephone line installation and activation (not including the Contract specified conduit installation between the point of telephone service and the traffic signal controller cabinet) shall be paid for by the District One Business Services Section (i.e., this will be an IDOT phone number not a Contractor phone number).

# UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY.

Add the following to Article 862.01 of the Standard Specifications:

The UPS shall have the power capacity to provide normal operation of a signalized intersection that utilizes all LED type signal head optics, for a minimum of six hours.

Add the following to Article 862.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Materials shall be according to Article 1074.04 as modified in UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY in Division 1000 of these specifications.

Add the following to Article 862.03 of the Standard Specifications:

The UPS shall additionally include, but not be limited to, a battery cabinet. The UPS shall provide reliable emergency power to the traffic signals in the event of a power failure or interruption.

Revise Article 862.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

# Installation.

When a UPS is installed at an existing traffic signal cabinet, the UPS cabinet shall partially rest on the lip of the existing controller cabinet foundation and be secured to the existing controller cabinet by means of at least four (4) stainless steel bolts. The UPS cabinet shall be completely enclosed with the bottom and back constructed of the same material as the cabinet. When a UPS is installed at a new signal cabinet and foundation, it shall be mounted as shown on the plans.

At locations where UPS is installed and Emergency Vehicle Priority System is in use, any existing incandescent confirmation beacons shall be replaced with LED lamps in accordance with the District One Emergency Vehicle Priority System specification at no additional cost to the contract. A concrete apron 67 in. x 50 in. x 5 in. (1702mm x 1270mm x 130mm) shall be provided on the side of the existing Type D Foundation, where the UPS cabinet is located. The concrete apron shall follow the District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Detail, Type D for Ground Mounted Controller Cabinet and UPS Battery Cabinet. The concrete apron shall follow Articles 424 and 202 of the Standard Specifications.

This item shall include any required modifications to an existing traffic signal controller as a result of the addition of the UPS.

Revise Article 862.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

# Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY SPECIAL. Replacement of Emergency Vehicle Priority System confirmation beacons and any required modifications to the traffic signal controller shall be included in the cost of the UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY SPECIAL item. The concrete apron and earth excavation required shall be included in the cast of the UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY SPECIAL item.

# BER OPTIC CABLE.

Add the following to Article 871.01 of the Standard Specifications:

The Fiber Optic cable shall be installed in conduit or as specified on the plans.

Add the following to Article 872.02 of the Standard Specifications:

The control cabinet distribution enclosure shall be CSC FTWO12KST-W/O 12 Port Fiber Wall Enclosure or an approved equivalent. The fiber optic cable shall provide six fibers per tube for the amount of fibers called for in the Fiber Optic Cable pay item in the Contract. Fiber Optic cable may be gel filled or have an approved water blocking tape.

Add the following to Article 871.04 of the Standard Specifications:

A minimum of six multimode fibers from each cable shall be terminated with approved mechanical connectors at the distribution enclosure. Fibers not being used shall be labeled "spare." Fibers not attached to the distribution enclosure shall be capped and sealed. A minimum of 13.0 feet (4m) of extra cable length shall be provided for controller cabinets. The controller cabinet extra cable length shall be stored as directed by the Engineer.

Add the following to Article 871.06 of the Standard Specifications:

The distribution enclosure and all connectors will be included in the cost of the fiber optic cable.

# MAST ARM ASSEMBLY AND POLE.

Revise Article 877.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

# Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a steel mast arm assembly and pole and a galvanized steel or extruded aluminum shroud for protection of the base plate.

Revise Article 877.03 of the Standard Specifications:

Mast arm assembly and pole shall be as follows.

- (a) Steel Mast Arm Assembly and Pole and Steel Combination Mast Arm Assembly and Pole. The steel mast arm assembly and pole and steel combination mast arm assembly and pole shall consist of a traffic signal mast arm, a luminaire mast arm or davit (for combination pole only), a pole, and a base, together with anchor rods and other appurtenances. The configuration of the mast arm assembly, pole, and base shall be according to the details shown on the plans.
  - (1) Loading. The mast arm assembly and pole, and combination mast arm assembly and pole shall be designed for the loading shown on the Highway Standards or elsewhere on the plans, whichever is greater. The design shall be according to AASHTO "Standard Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals" 1994 Edition for 80 mph (130 km/hr) wind velocity. However, the arm-to-pole connection for tapered signal and luminaire arms shall be according to the "ring plate" detail as shown in Figure 11-1(f) of the 2002 Interim, to the AASHTO "Standard Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals" 2001 4th Edition.
  - (2) Structural Steel Grade. The mast arm and pole shall be fabricated according to ASTM A 595, Grade A or B, ASTM A 572 Grade 55, or ASTM A 1011 Grade 55 HSLAS Class 2. The base and flange plates shall be of structural steel according to AASHTO M 270 Grade 50 (M 270M Grade 345). Luminaire arms and trussed arms 15 ft (4.5 m) or less shall be fabricated from one steel pipe or tube size according to ASTM A 53 Grade B or ASTM A 500 Grade B or C. All mast arm assemblies, poles, and bases shall be galvanized according to AASHTO M 111.
  - (3) Fabrication. The design and fabrication of the mast arm assembly, pole, and base shall be according to the requirements of the Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals published by AASHTO. The mast arm and pole may be of single length or sectional design. If section design is used, the overlap shall be at least 150 percent of the maximum diameter of the overlapping section and shall be assembled in the factory.

The manufacturer will be allowed to slot the base plate in which other bolt circles may fit, providing that these slots do not offset the integrity of the pole. Circumferential welds of tapered arms and poles to base plates shall be full penetration welds.

- (4) Shop Drawing Approval. The Contractor shall submit detailed drawings showing design materials, thickness of sections, weld sizes, and anchor rods to the Engineer for approval prior to fabrication. These drawings shall be at least 11 x 17 in. (275 x 425 mm) in size and of adequate quality for microfilming. All product data and shop drawings shall be submitted in electronic form on CD-ROM
- (b) Anchor Rods. The anchor rods shall be ASTM F 1554 Grade 105, coated by the hot-dip galvanizing process according to AASHTO M 232, and shall be threaded a minimum of 7 1/2 in. (185 mm) at one end and have a bend at the other end. The first 12 in. (300 mm) at the threaded end shall be galvanized. Two nuts, one lock washer, and one flat washer shall be furnished with each anchor rod. All nuts and washers shall be galvanized.
- (c) The galvanized steel or extruded aluminum shroud shall have dimensions similar to those detailed in the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." The shroud shall be installed such that it allow air to circulate throughout the mast arm but not allow infestation of insects or other animals, and such that it is not hazardous to probing fingers and feet.

Add the following to Article 877.04 of the Standard Specifications:

The shroud shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of the mast arm assembly and pole.

# CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS.

Add the following to Article 878.03 of the Standard Specifications:

All anchor bolts shall be according to Article 1006.09, with all anchor bolts hot dipped galvanized a minimum of 12 in. (300 mm) from the threaded end.

Concrete Foundations, Type "A" for Traffic Signal Posts shall provide anchor bolts with the bolt pattern specified within the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." All Type "A" foundations shall be a minimum depth of 48 inches (1220 mm).

Concrete Foundations, Type "C" for Traffic Signal Cabinets with Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) cabinet installations shall be a minimum of 72 inches (1830 mm) long and 31 inches (790 mm) wide. All Type "C" foundations shall be a minimum depth of 48 inches (1220 mm). The concrete apron in front of the Type IV or V cabinet shall be 36 in. x 48 in. x 5 in. (915 mm X 1220 mm X 130 mm). The concrete apron in front of the UPS cabinet shall be 36 in. x 67 in. x

5 in. (915 mm X 1700 mm X 130 mm). Anchor bolts shall provide bolt spacing as required by the manufacturer.

Concrete Foundations, Type "D" for Traffic Signal Cabinets shall be a minimum of 48 inches (1220 mm) long and 31 inches (790 mm) wide. All Type "D" foundations shall be a minimum depth of 48 inches (1220 mm). The concrete apron shall be 36 in. x 48 in. x 5 in. (910 mm X 1220 mm X 130 mm). Anchor bolts shall provide bolt spacing as required by the manufacturer.

Concrete Foundations, Type "E" for Mast Arm and Combination Mast Arm Poles shall meet the current requirements listed in the Highway Standards.

Foundations used for Combination Mast Arm Poles shall provide an extra 2-1/2 inch (65 mm) raceway.

No foundation is to be poured until the Resident Engineer gives his/her approval as to the depth of the foundation.

# LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) SIGNAL HEAD AND OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED LED SIGNAL HEAD.

Add the following to the first paragraph of Article 880.04 of the Standard Specifications:

# Basis of Payment.

The price shall include furnishing the equipment described above, all mounting hardware and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

# LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED), SIGNAL HEAD, RETROFIT

# Description.

This work shall consist of retrofitting an existing polycarbonate traffic signal head with a traffic signal module, pedestrian signal module, and pedestrian countdown signal module, with light emitting diodes (LEDs) as specified in the plans.

# <u>Materials.</u>

Materials shall be according to LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) AND OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED LED SIGNAL HEAD, AND LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD in Divisions 880, 881 and 1000 of these specifications.

Add the following to Article 880.04 of the Standard Specifications:

# Basis of Payment.

This item shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SIGNAL HEAD, LED, RETROFIT, or PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, LED, RETROFIT, for the type and number of polycarbonate signal heads, faces, and sections specified, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing the equipment described above including LED modules, all mounting hardware, and installing

them in satisfactory operating condition. The type specified will indicate the number of faces and the method of mounting.

# LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD

Add the following to the third paragraph of Article 881.03 of the Standard Specifications:

No mixing of different types of pedestrian traffic signals or displays will be permitted.

Add the following to Article 881.03 of the Standard Specifications:

(a) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads.

- (1) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads shall not be installed at signalized intersections where traffic signals and railroad warning devices are interconnected.
- (2) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads shall be 16 inch (406mm) x 18 inch (457mm), for single units with the housings glossy black polycarbonate. Connecting hardware and
- mounting brackets shall be polycarbonate (black). A corrosion resistant anti-seize lubricant shall be applied to all metallic mounting bracket joints, and shall be visible to the inspector at the signal turn-on.
- (3) Each pedestrian signal LED module shall be fully MUTCD compliant and shall consist of double overlay message combining full LED symbols of an Upraised Hand and a Walking Person. "Egg Crate" type sun shields are not permitted. Numerals shall measure 9 inches (229mm) in height and easily identified from a distance of 120 feet (36.6m).

Add the following to Article 881.04 of the Standard Specifications:

# Basis of Payment.

The price shall include furnishing the equipment described above, all mounting hardwire and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

# DETECTOR LOOP.

Revise Section 886 of the Standard Specifications to read:

# Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a detector loop in the pavement.

# Procedure.

A mainum of seven (7) working days prior to the Contractor cutting loops, the Contractor shall have the proposed loop locations marked and contact the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer (847) 705-4424 to inspect and approve the layout. When preformed

detector loops are installed, the Contractor shall have them inspected and approved prior to the pouring of the Portland cement concrete surface, using the same notification process as above.

#### Installation.

Loop detectors shall be installed according to the requirements of the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." Saw-cuts (homeruns on preformed detector loops) from the loop to the edge of pavement shall be made perpendicular to the edge of pavement when possible in order to minimize the length of the saw-cut (homerun on preformed detector loops) unless directed otherwise by the Engineer or as shown on the plan.

The detector loop cable insulation shall be labeled with the cable specifications.

Each loop detector lead-in wire shall be labeled in the handhole using a Panduit PLFIM water proof tag, or an approved equal, secured to each wire with nylon ties.

Resistance to ground shall be a minimum of 100 mega-ohms under any conditions of weather or moisture. Inductance shall be more than 50 and less than 700 microhenries. Quality readings shall be more than 5.

- (a) Type I. All loops installed in new asphalt pavement shall be installed in the binder course and not in the surface course. The edge of pavement, curb and handhole shall be cut with a 1/4 inch (6.3 mm) deep x 4 inches (100 mm) saw cut to mark location of each loop lead-in.
- (b) Loop sealant shall be a two-component thixotropic chemically cured polyurethane either Chemque Q-Seal 295, Percol Elastic Cement AC Grade or an approved equal. The sealant shall be installed 1/8 inch (3 mm) below the pavement surface, if installed above the surface the overlap shall be removed immediately.
- (c) Detector loop measurements shall include the saw cut and the length of the loop lead-in to the edge of pavement. The lead-in wire, including all necessary connections for proper operations, from the edge of pavement to the handhole, shall be included in the price of the detector loop. Unit duct, trench and backfill, and drilling of pavement or handholes shall be included in detector loop quantities.
- (d) Preformed. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a rubberized or crosslinked polyethylene heat resistant preformed traffic signal loop in accordance with the Standard Specifications, except for the following:
- (e) Preformed detector loops shall be installed in new pavement constructed of Portland cement concrete using mounting chairs or tied to re-bar or the preformed detector loops may be placed in the sub-base. Loop lead-ins shall be extended to a temporary protective enclosure near the proposed handhole location. The protective enclosure shall provide sufficient protection from other construction activities and may be buried for additional protection.

- (f) Handholes shall be placed next to the shoulder or back of curb when preformed detector loops enter the handhole. Non-metallic coilable duct, included in this pay item, shall be used to protect the preformed lead-ins from back of curb to the handhole.
- (g) Preformed detector loops shall be factory assembled with ends capped and sealed against moisture and other contaminants. Homeruns and interconnects shall be pre-wired and shall be an integral part of the loop assembly. The loop configurations and homerun lengths shall be assembled for the specific application. The loop and homerun shall be constructed using 11/16 inch (17.2 mm) outside diameter (minimum), 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) inside diameter (minimum) Class A oil resistant synthetic cord reinforced hydraulic hose with 250 psi (1,720 kPa) internal pressure rating or a similarly sized XLPE cable jacket. Hose for the loop and homerun assembly shall be one continuous piece. No joints or splices shall be allowed in the hose except where necessary to connect homeruns or interconnects to the loops. This will provide maximum wire protection and loop system strength. Hose tee connections shall be heavy duty high temperature synthetic rubber. The tee shall be of proper size to attach directly to the hose, minimizing glue joints. The tee shall have the same flexible properties as the hose to insure that the whole assembly can conform to pavement movement and shifting without cracking or breaking. For XLPE jacketed preformed loops, all splice connections shall be soldered, sealed, and tested before being sealed in a high impact glass impregnated plastic splice enclosure. The wire used shall be #16 THWN stranded copper. The number of turns in the loop shall be application specific. Homerun wire pairs shall be twisted a minimum of four turns per foot. No wire splices will be allowed in the preformed loop assembly. The loop and homeruns shall be filled and sealed with a flexible sealant to insure complete moisture blockage and further protect the wire. The preformed loops shall be constructed to allow a minimum of 6.5 feet of extra cable in the handhole.

# Method of Measurement.

This work will be measured for payment in feet (meters) in place. Type I detector loop will be measured along the sawed slot in the pavement containing the loop and lead-in, rather than the actual length of the wire. Preformed detector loops will be measured along the detector loop and lead-in embedded in the pavement, rather than the actual length of the wire.

#### Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for DETECTOR LOOP, TYPE I or PREFORMED DETECTOR LOOP as specified in the plans, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the detector loop and all related connections for proper operation.

# EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM.

Revise Section 887 of the Standard Specifications to read:

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the municipality or fire district to verify the brand of emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment to be installed prior to the contract bidding. The equipment must be completely compatible with all components of the equipment currently in use by the Agency.

All new installations shall be equipped with Confirmation Beacons as shown on the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." The Confirmation Beacon shall consist of a 6 watt Par 38 LED flood lamp with a 30 degree light spread, maximum 6 watt energy consumption at 120V, and a 2,000 hour warranty for each direction of pre-emption. The lamp shall have an adjustable mount with a weatherproof enclosure for cable splicing. All hardware shall be cast aluminum or stainless steel. Holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets. In order to maintain uniformity between communities, the confirmation beacons shall indicate when the control equipment receives the pre-emption signal. The pre-emption movement shall be signalized by a flashing indication at the rate specified by Section 4L.01 of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices," and other applicable sections of future editions. The stopped pre-empted movements shall be signalized by a continuous indication.

All light operated systems shall include security and transit preemption software and operate at a uniform rate of 14.035 Hz ±0.002, or as otherwise required by the Engineer, and provide compatible operation with other light systems currently being operated in the District.

This item shall include any required modifications to an existing traffic signal controller as a result of the addition of the EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM.

# Basis of Payment.

The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for furnishing and installing LIGHT DETECTOR and LIGHT DETECTOR AMPLIFIER. Furnishing and installing the confirmation beacon shall be included in the cost of the Light Detector. Any required modifications to the traffic signal controller shall be included in the cost of the LIGHT DETECTOR AMPLIFIER. The preemption detector amplifier shall be paid for on a basis of (1) one each per intersection controller and shall provide operation for all movements required in the pre-emption phase sequence.

# **TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION.**

Revise Section 890 of the Standard Specifications to read:

# Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing a temporary traffic signal installation as shown on the plans, including but not limited to temporary signal heads, emergency vehicle priority systems, interconnect, vehicle detectors, uninterruptible power supply, and signing. Temporary traffic signal controllers and cabinets interconnected to railroad traffic control devices shall be new. When temporary traffic signals will be operating within a county or local agency Traffic Management System, the equipment must be NTCIP compliant and compatible with the current operating requirements of the Traffic Management System.

# General.

Only an approved equipment vendor will be allowed to assemble the temporary traffic signal cabinet. Also, an approved equipment vendor shall assemble and test a temporary railroad traffic signal cabinet. (Refer to the "Inspection of Controller and Cabinet" specification). A

representative of the approved control equipment vendor shall be present at the temporary traffic signal turn-on inspection.

Construction Requirements.

(a) Controllers.

- 1. Only controllers supplied by one of the District approved closed loop equipment manufacturers will be approved for use at temporary signal locations. All controllers used for temporary traffic signals shall be fully actuated NEMA microprocessor based with RS232 data entry ports compatible with existing monitoring software approved by IDOT District 1, installed in NEMA TS2 cabinets with 8 phase back panels, capable of supplying 255 seconds of cycle length and individual phase length settings up to 99 seconds. On projects with one lane open and two way traffic flow, such as bridge deck repairs, the temporary signal controller shall be capable of providing an adjustable all red clearance setting of up to 30 seconds in length. All controllers used for temporary traffic signals shall meet or exceed the requirements of Section 857 of the Standard Specifications with regards to internal time base coordination and preemption. All railroad interconnected temporary controllers and cabinets shall be new and shall satisfy the requirements of Article 857.02 of the Standard Specifications as modified herein.
- 2. Only control equipment, including controller cabinet and peripheral equipment, supplied by one of the District approved closed loop equipment manufacturers will be approved for use at temporary traffic signal locations. All control equipment for the temporary traffic signal(s) shall be furnished by the Contractor unless otherwise stated in the plans. On projects with multiple temporary traffic signal installations, all controllers shall be the same manufacturer brand and model number with current software installed.
- (b) Cabinets. All temporary traffic signal cabinets shall have a closed bottom made of aluminum alloy. The bottom shall be sealed along the entire perimeter of the cabinet base to ensure a water, dust and insect-proof seal. The bottom shall provide a minimum of two (2) 4 inch (100 mm) diameter holes to run the electric cables through. The 4 inch (100 mm) diameter holes shall have a bushing installed to protect the electric cables and shall be sealed after the electric cables are installed.
- (c) Grounding. Grounding shall be provided for the temporary traffic signal cabinet meeting or exceeding the applicable portions of the National Electrical Code, Section 806 of the Standard Specifications and shall meet the requirements of the District 1 Traffic Signal Specifications for "Grounding of Traffic Signal Systems."
- (d) Traffic Signal Heads. All traffic signal sections and pedestrian signal sections shall be 12 inches (300 mm). Traffic signal sections shall be LED with expandable view, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Pedestrian signal heads shall be Light Emitting Diode (LED) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads except when a temporary

traffic signal is installed at an intersection interconnected with a railroad grade crossing. When a temporary traffic signal is installed at an intersection interconnected with a railroad grade crossing, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Pedestrian Signal Heads shall be furnished. The temporary traffic signal heads shall be placed as indicated on the temporary traffic signal plan or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish enough extra cable length to relocate heads to any position on the span wire or at locations illustrated on the plans for construction staging. The temporary traffic signal shall remain in operation during all signal head relocations. Each temporary traffic signal head shall have its own cable from the controller cabinet to the signal head.

- (e) Interconnect.
  - 1. Temporary traffic signal interconnect shall be provided using fiber optic cable or wireless interconnect technology as specified in the plans. The Contractor may request, in writing, to substitute the fiber optic temporary interconnect indicated in the contract documents with a wireless interconnect. The Contractor must provide assurances that the radio device will operate properly at all times and during all construction staging. If approved for use by the Engineer, the Contractor shall submit marked-up traffic signal plans indicating locations of radios and antennas and installation details. If wireless interconnect is used, and in the opinion of the engineer, it is not viable, or if it fails during testing or operations, the Contractor shall be responsible for installing all necessary poles, fiber optic cable, and other infrastructure for providing temporary fiber optic interconnect at no cost to the contract.
  - 2. The existing system interconnect and phone lines are to be maintained as part of the Temporary Traffic Signal Installation specified for on the plan. The interconnect shall be installed into the temporary controller cabinet as per the notes or details on the plans. All labor and equipment required to install and maintain the existing interconnect as part of the Temporary Traffic Signal Installation. When shown in the plans, temporary traffic signal interconnect equipment shall be furnished and installed. The temporary traffic signal interconnect shall maintain interconnect communications throughout the entire signal system for the duration of the project.
  - 3. Temporary wireless interconnect, complete. The radio interconnect system shall be compatible with Eagle or Econolite controller closed loop systems. This item shall include all temporary wireless interconnect components, complete, at the adjacent existing traffic signal(s) to provide a completely operational closed loop system. This item shall include all materials, labor and testing to provide the completely operational closed loop system as shown on the plans. The radio interconnect system shall include the following components:

- a. Rack or Shelf Mounted RS-232 Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) Radio
- b. Software for Radio Configuration (Configure Frequency and Hopping Patterns)
- c. Antennas (Omni Directional or Yagi Directional)
- d. Antenna Cables, LMR400, Low Loss. Max. 100-ft from controller cabinet to antenna
- e. Brackets, Mounting Hardware, and Accessories Required for Installation
- f. RS232 Data Cable for Connection from the radio to the local or master controller
- g. All other components required for a fully functional radio interconnect system

All controller cabinet modifications and other modifications to existing equipment that are required for the installation of the radio interconnect system components shall be included in this item.

The radio interconnect system may operate at 900Mhz (902-928) or 2.4 Ghz depending on the results of a site survey. The telemetry shall have an acceptable rate of transmission errors, time outs, etc. comparable to that of a hardwire system. -

The proposed master controller and telemetry module shall be configured for use with the radio interconnect at a minimum rate of 9600 baud.

The radio interconnect system shall include all other components required for a complete and fully functional telemetry system and shall be installed in accordance to the manufacturers recommendations.

The following radio equipment is currently approved for use in Region One/District One: Encom Model 5100 and Intuicom Communicator II.

(f) Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption. All emergency vehicle preemption equipment (light detectors, light detector amplifiers, confirmation beacons, etc.) as shown on the temporary traffic signal plans shall be provided by the Contractor. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the municipality or fire district to verify the brand of emergency vehicle preemption equipment to be installed prior to the contract bidding. The equipment must be completely compatible with all components of the equipment currently in use by the Agency. All light operated systems shall operate at a uniform rate of 14.035 hz ±0.002, or as otherwise required by the Engineer, and provide compatible operation with other light systems currently being operated in the District. All labor and material required to install and maintain the Emergency Vehicle Preemption installation shall be included in the item Temporary Traffic Signal Installation.

- (g) Vehicle Detection. All temporary traffic signal installations shall have vehicular detection installed as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Pedestrian push buttons shall be provided for all pedestrian signal heads/phases as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. All approaches shall have vehicular detection provided by vehicle detection system as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Microwave vehicle sensors or video vehicle detection system shall be approved by IDOT prior to Contractor furnishing and installing. The Contractor shall install, wire, and adjust the alignment of the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system in accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations and requirements. The Contractor shall be responsible for adjusting the alignment of the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system for all construction staging changes and for maintaining proper alignment throughout the project. A representative of the approved control equipment vendor shall be present and assist the contractor in setting up and maintaining the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system. An in-cabinet video monitor shall be provided with all video vehicle detection systems and shall be included in the item Temporary Traffic Signal Installation.
- (h) Uninterruptible Power Supply. All temporary traffic signal installations shall have Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS). The UPS cabinet shall be mounted to the temporary traffic signal cabinet and meet the requirements of Uninterruptible Power Supply in Divisions 800 and 1000 of these specifications.
- (i) Signs. All existing street name and intersection regulatory signs shall be removed from existing poles and relocated to the temporary signal span wire. If new mast arm assembly and pole(s) and posts are specified for the permanent signals, the signs shall be relocated to the new equipment at no extra cost. Any intersection regulatory signs that are required for the temporary traffic signal shall be provided as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Relocation, removing, bagging and installing the regulatory signs for the various construction stages shall be provided as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- (j) Energy Charges. The electrical utility energy charges for the operation of the temporary traffic signal installation shall be paid for by others if the installation replaces an existing signal. Otherwise charges shall be paid for under 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.
- (k) Maintenance. Maintenance shall meet the requirements of the Standard EXISTING SIGNAL Specifications and MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC INSTALLATION in Division 800 of these specifications. Maintenance of temporary signals and of the existing signals shall be included in the cost of the TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION pay item. When temporary traffic signals are to be installed at locations where existing signals are presently operating, the Contractor shall be fully responsible for the maintenance of the existing signal installation as soon as he begins any physical work on the Contract or any portion thereof. In addition, a minimum of seven (7) days prior to assuming maintenance of

the existing traffic signal installation(s) under this Contract, the Contractor shall request that the Resident Engineer contact the Bureau of Traffic Operations (847) 705-4424 for an inspection of the installation(s).

- (I) Temporary Traffic Signals for Bridge Projects. Temporary Traffic Signals for bridge projects shall follow the State Standards, Standard Specifications, District One Traffic Signal Specifications and any plans for Bridge Temporary Traffic Signals included in the plans. The installation shall meet the Standard Specifications and all other requirements in this TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION specification. In addition all electric cable shall be aerially suspended, at a minimum height of 18 feet (5.5m) on temporary wood poles (Class 5 or better) of 45 feet (13.7 m) minimum height. The signal heads shall be span wire mounted or bracket mounted to the wood pole or as directed by the Engineer. The Controller cabinet shall be mounted to the wood pole as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Microwave vehicle sensors or video vehicle detection system may be used in place of detector loops as approved by the Engineer.
- (m) Temporary Portable Traffic Signal for Bridge Projects.
  - 1. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, temporary portable traffic signals shall be restricted to use on roadways of less than 8000 ADT that have limited access to electric utility service, shall not be installed on projects where the estimated need exceeds ten (10) weeks, and shall not be in operation during the period of November through March. The Contractor shall replace the temporary portable traffic signals with temporary span wire traffic signals noted herein at no cost to the contract if the bridge project or Engineer requires temporary traffic signals to remain in operation into any part of period of November through March. If, in the opinion of the engineer, the reliability and safety of the temporary portable traffic signal is not similar to that of a temporary span wire traffic signals with temporary span wire traffic signals noted herein at no cost to the contract.
  - 2. The controller and LED signal displays shall meet the Standard Specifications and all other requirements in this TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION specification.
  - 3. Work shall be according to Article 701.18(b) of the Standard Specifications except as noted herein.
  - 4. General.
    - a. The temporary portable bridge traffic signals shall be trailer-mounted units. The trailer-mounted units shall be set up securely and level. Each unit shall be self-contained and consist of two signal heads. The left signal head shall be mounted on a mast arm capable of extending over

the travel lane. Each unit shall contain a solar cell system to facilitate battery charging. There shall be a minimum of 12 days backup reserve battery supply and the units shall be capable of operating with a 120 V power supply from a generator or electrical service.

- b. All signal heads located over the travel lane shall be mounted at a minimum height of 17 feet (5m) from the bottom of the signal back plate to the top of the road surface. All far right signal heads located outside the travel lane shall be mounted at a minimum height of 8 feet (2.5m) from the bottom of the signal back plate to the top of the adjacent travel lane surface.
- c. The long all red intervals for the traffic signal controller shall be adjustable up to 250 seconds in one-second increments.
- d. As an alternative to detector loops, temporary portable bridge traffic signals may be equipped with microwave sensors or other approved methods of vehicle detection and traffic actuation.
- e. All portable traffic signal units shall be interconnected using hardwire communication cable. Radio communication equipment may be used only with the approval of the Engineer. If radio communication is used, a site analysis shall be completed to ensure that there is no interference present that would affect the traffic signal operation. The radio equipment shall meet all applicable FCC requirements.
- f. The temporary portable bridge traffic signal system shall meet the physical display and operational requirements of conventional traffic signals as specified in Part IV and other applicable portions of the currently adopted version of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and the Illinois MUTCD. The signal system shall be designed to continuously operate over an ambient temperature range between -30 °F (-34 °C) and 120 °F (48 °C). When not being utilized to inform and direct traffic, portable signals shall be treated as non-operating equipment according to Article 701.11.
- g. Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for according to Article 701.20(c).

# Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, TEMPORARY BRIDGE TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, or TEMPORARY PORTABLE BRIDGE TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, the price of which shall include all costs for the modifications required for traffic staging, changes in signal phasing as required in the Contract plans, microwave vehicle sensors, video vehicle detection system, any maintenance or adjustment to the microwave vehicle sensors/video vehicle detection system,

the temporary wireless interconnect system complete, temporary fiber optic interconnect system complete, all material required, the installation and complete removal of the temporary traffic signal. Each intersection will be paid for separately.

# REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT.

Add the following to Article 895.05 of the Standard Specifications:

The traffic signal equipment which is to be removed and is to become the property of the Contractor shall be disposed of outside the right-of-way at the Contractor's expense.

All equipment to be returned to the State shall be delivered by the Contractor to the State's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor's main facility. The Contractor shall contact the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor to schedule an appointment to deliver the equipment. No equipment will be accepted without a prior appointment. All equipment shall be delivered within 30 days of removing it from the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall provide 5 copies of a list of equipment that is to remain the property of the State, including model and serial numbers, where applicable. The Contractor shall also provide a copy of the Contract plan or special provision showing the quantities and type of equipment. Controllers and peripheral equipment from the same location shall be boxed together (equipment from different locations may not be mixed) and all boxes and controller cabinets shall be clearly marked or labeled with the location from which they were removed. If equipment is not returned with these requirements, it will be rejected by the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for the condition of the traffic signal equipment from the time Contractor takes maintenance of the signal installation until the acceptance of a receipt drawn by the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor indicating the items have been returned in good condition.

The Contractor shall safely store and arrange for pick up or delivery of all equipment to be returned to agencies other than the State. The Contractor shall package the equipment and provide all necessary documentation as stated above.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the Department for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of these Specifications at no cost to the contract.

# TRAFFIC SIGNAL PAINTING.

# Description.

This work shall include surface preparation, powder type painted finish application and packaging of new galvanized steel traffic signal mast arm poles and posts assemblies. All work associated with applying the painted finish shall be performed at the manufacturing facility for the pole assembly or post or at a painting facility approved by the Engineer. Traffic signal mast arm shrouds and post bases shall also be painted the same color as the pole assemblies and posts.

## Surface Preparation.

All weld flux and other contaminates shall be mechanically removed. The traffic mast arms and post assemblies shall be degreased, cleaned, and air dried to assure all moisture is removed.

## Painted Finish.

All galvanized exterior surfaces shall be coated with a urethane or triglycidylisocyanurate (TGIC) polyester powder to a dry film thickness of 2.0 mils. Prior to application, the surface shall be mechanically etched by brush blasting (Ref. SSPC-SP7) and the zinc coated substrate preheated to 450 °F for a minimum one (1) hour. The coating shall be electrostatically applied and cured by elevating the zinc-coated substrate temperature to a minimum of 400 °F.

The finish paint color shall be one of the manufacturer's standard colors and shall be as selected by the local agency responsible for paint costs. The Contractor shall confirm, in writing, the color selection with the local responsible agency and provide a copy of the approval to the Engineer and a copy of the approval shall be included in the material catalog submittal.

Painting of traffic signal heads, pedestrian signal heads and controller cabinets is not included in this pay item.

Any damage to the finish after leaving the manufacturer's facility shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer using a method recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer. If while at the manufacturer's facility the finish is damaged, the finish shall be re-applied at no cost to the contract.

### Warranty.

The Contractor shall furnish in writing to the Engineer, the paint manufacturer's standard warranty and certification that the paint system has been properly applied.

## Packaging.

Prior to shipping, the poles and posts shall be wrapped in ultraviolet-inhibiting plastic foam or rubberized foam.

## Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for PAINT NEW MAST ARM AND POLE, UNDER 40 FEET (12.19 METER), PAINT NEW MAST ARM AND POLE, 40 FEET (12.19 METER) AND OVER, PAINT NEW COMBINATION MAST ARM AND POLE, UNDER 40 FEET (12.19 METER), PAINT NEW COMBINATION MAST ARM AND POLE, 40 FEET (12.19 METER) AND OVER, or PAINT NEW COMBINATION MAST ARM AND POLE, 40 FEET (12.19 METER) AND OVER, or PAINT NEW TRAFFIC SIGNAL POST of the length specified, which shall be payment in full for painting and packaging the traffic signal mast arm poles and posts described above including all shrouds, bases and appurtenances.

## ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGN

#### Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a LED internally illuminated street name sign.

## Materials.

Materials shall be in accordance with ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGN in Division 1000 of these specifications.

## Installation.

The sign can be mounted on most steel mast arm poles. Mounting on aluminum mast arm pole requires supporting structural calculations. Some older or special designed steel mast arm poles may require structural evaluation to assure that construction of the mast arm pole is adequate for the proposed additional loading. Structural calculations and other supporting documentation as determined by the Engineer shall be provided by the contractor for review by the Department.

The sign shall be located on a steel traffic signal mast arm no further than 8-feet from the center of the pole to the center of the sign at a height of between 16 to 18-feet above traveled pavement. Mounting hardware shall be Pelco model SE-5015, or approved equal, utilizing stainless steel components.

Signs shall be installed such that they are not energized when traffic signals are powered by an alternate energy source such as a generator or uninterruptible power supply (UPS). The signs shall be connected to the generator or UPS bypass circuitry.

## Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGN, of the length specified which shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the LED internally illuminated street sign, complete with circuitry and mounting hardware including photo cell, circuit breaker, fusing, relay, connections and cabling as shown on the plans for proper operation and installation.

# **RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM.**

# Description.

This work shall consist of re-optimizing a closed loop traffic signal system according to the following Levels of work.

LEVEL I applies when improvements are made to an existing signalized intersection within an existing closed loop traffic signal system. The purpose of this work is to integrate the improvements to the subject intersection into the signal system while minimizing the impacts to the existing system operation. This type of work would be commonly associated with the addition of signal phases, pedestrian phases, or improvements that do not affect the capacity at an intersection.

LEVEL II applies when improvements are made to an existing signalized intersection within an axisting closed loop traffic signal system and detailed analysis of the intersection operation is desired by the engineer, or when a new signalized or existing signalized intersection is being added to an existing system, but optimization of the entire system is not required. The purpose of this work is to optimize the subject intersection, while integrating it into the existing signal system with limited impact to the system operations. This item also includes an evaluation of the overall system operation, including the traffic responsive program.

For the purposes of re-optimization work, an intersection shall include all traffic movements operated by the subject controller and cabinet.

After the signal improvements are completed, the signal shall be re-optimized as specified by an approved Consultant who has previous experience in optimizing Closed Loop Traffic Signal Systems for District One of the Illinois Department of Transportation. The Contractor shall contact the Traffic Signal Engineer at (847) 705-4424 for a listing of approved Consultants. Traffic signal system optimization work, including fine-tuning adjustments of the optimized system, shall follow the requirements stated in the most recent IDOT District 1 SCAT Guidelines, except as note herein.

A listing of existing signal equipment, interconnect information, phasing data, and timing patterns may be obtained from the Department, if available and as appropriate. The existing SCAT Report is available for review at the District One office and if the Consultant provides blank computer disks, copies of computer simulation files for the existing optimized system and a timing database that includes intersection displays will be made for the Consultant. The Consultant shall confer with the Traffic Signal Engineer prior to optimizing the system to determine if any extraordinary conditions exist that would affect traffic flows in the vicinity of the system, in which case, the Consultant may be instructed to wait until the conditions return to normal or to follow specific instructions regarding the optimization.

- (a) LEVEL I Re-Optimization
  - 1. The following tasks are associated with LEVEL I Re-Optimization.
    - a. Appropriate signal timings shall be developed for the subject intersection and existing timings shall be utilized for the rest of the intersections in the system.
    - b. Proposed signal timing plan for the new or modified intersection(s) shall be forwarded to IDOT for review prior to implementation.
    - c. Consultant shall conduct on-site implementation of the timings at the turn-on and make fine-tuning adjustments to the timings of the subject intersection in the field to alleviate observed adverse operating conditions and to enhance operations.
  - 2. The following deliverables shall be provided for LEVEL I Re-Optimization.
    - a. Consultant shall furnish to IDOT a cover letter describing the extent of the reoptimization work performed.
    - b. Consultant shall furnish an updated intersection graphic display for the subject intersection to IDOT and to IDOT's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor.
- (b) LEVEL II Re-Optimization
  - 1. In addition to the requirements described in the LEVEL I Re-Optimization above, the following tasks are associated with LEVEL II Re-Optimization.

- a. Traffic counts shall be taken at the subject intersection after the traffic signals are approved for operation by the Area Traffic Signal Operations Engineer. Manual turning movement counts shall be conducted from 6:30 a.m. to 9:30 a.m., 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m., and 3:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. on a typical weekday from midday Monday to midday Friday. The turning movement counts shall identify cars, and single-unit, multi-unit heavy vehicles, and transit buses.
- b. As necessary, the intersections shall be re-addressed and all system detectors reassigned in the master controller according to the current standard of District One.
- c. Traffic responsive program operation shall be evaluated to verify proper pattern selection and lack of oscillation and a report of the operation shall be provided to IDOT.
- 2. The following deliverables shall be provided for LEVEL II Re-Optimization.
  - a. Consultant shall furnish to IDOT one (1) copy of a technical memorandum for the optimized system. The technical memorandum shall include the following elements:
    - (1) Brief description of the project
    - (2) Printed copies of the analysis output from Synchro (or other appropriate, approved optimization software file)
    - (3) Printed copies of the traffic counts conducted at the subject intersection
  - b. Consultant shall furnish to IDOT two (2) CDs for the optimized system. The CDs shall include the following elements:
    - (1) Electronic copy of the technical memorandum in PDF format
    - (2) Revised Synchro files (or other appropriate, approved optimization software file) including the new signal and the rest of the signals in the closed loop system
    - (3) Traffic counts conducted at the subject intersection
    - (4) New or updated intersection graphic display file for the subject intersection
    - (5) The CD shall be labeled with the IDOT system number and master location, as well as the submittal date and the consultant logo. The CD case shall include a clearly readable label displaying the same information securely affixed to the side and front.

## Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM – LEVEL I or RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM – LEVEL II, which price shall be payment in full for performing all work described herein per intersection. Following completion of the timings and submittal of specified deliverables, 100 percent of the bid price will be paid. Each intersection will be paid for separately.

## **OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM.**

## Description.

This work shall consist of optimizing a closed loop traffic signal system.

OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM applies when a new or existing closed loop traffic signal system is to be optimized and a formal Signal Coordination and Timing (SCAT) Report is to be

prepared. The purpose of this work is to improve system performance by optimizing traffic signal timings, developing a time of day program and a traffic responsive program.

After the signal improvements are completed, the signal system shall be optimized as specified by an approved Consultant who has previous experience in optimizing Closed Loop Traffic Signal Systems for District One of the Illinois Department of Transportation. The Contractor shall contact the Traffic Signal Engineer at (847) 705-4424 for a listing of approved Consultants. Traffic signal system optimization work, including fine-tuning adjustments of the optimized system, shall follow the requirements stated in the most recent IDOT District 1 SCAT Guidelines, except as note herein.

A listing of existing signal equipment, interconnect information, phasing data, and timing patterns may be obtained from the Department, if available and as appropriate. The existing SCAT Report is available for review at the District One office and if the Consultant provides blank computer disks, copies of computer simulation files for the existing optimized system and a timing database that includes intersection displays will be made for the Consultant. The Consultant shall confer with the Traffic Signal Engineer prior to optimizing the system to determine if any extraordinary conditions exist that would affect traffic flows in the vicinity of the system, in which case, the Consultant may be instructed to wait until the conditions return to normal or to follow specific instructions regarding the optimization.

- (a) The following tasks are associated with OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM.
  - 1. Appropriate signal timings and offsets shall be developed for each intersection and appropriate cycle lengths shall be developed for the closed loop signal system.
  - 2. Traffic counts shall be taken at all intersections after the permanent traffic signals are approved for operation by the Area Traffic Signal Operations Engineer. Manual turning movement counts shall be conducted from 6:30 a.m. to 9:30 a.m., 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m., and 3:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. on a typical weekday from midday Monday to midday Friday. The turning movement counts shall identify cars, and single-unit and multi-unit heavy vehicles.
  - 3. As necessary, the intersections shall be re-addressed and all system detectors reassigned in the master controller according to the current standard of District One.
  - 4. A traffic responsive program shall be developed, which considers both volume and occupancy. A time-of-day program shall be developed for used as a back-up system.
  - 5. Proposed signal timing plan for the new or modified intersection shall be forwarded to IDOT for review prior to implementation.
  - Consultant shall conduct on-site implementation of the timings and make fine-tuning adjustments to the timings in the field to alleviate observed adverse operating conditions and to enhance operations.

- 7. Speed and delay studies shall be conducted during each of the count periods along the system corridor in the field before and after implementation of the proposed timing plans for comparative evaluations. These studies should utilize specialized electronic timing and measuring devices.
- (b) The following deliverables shall be provided for OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM.
  - 1. Consultant shall furnish to IDOT one (1) copy of a SCAT Report for the optimized system. The SCAT Report shall include the following elements:

Cover Page in color showing a System Map
Figures
<ol> <li>System overview map – showing system number, system schematic map with numbered system detectors, oversaturated movements, master location, system phone number, cycle lengths, and date of completion.</li> </ol>
<ol><li>General location map in color – showing signal system location in the metropolitan</li></ol>
area.
<ol> <li>Detail system location map in color – showing cross street names and local controller addresses.</li> </ol>
<ol><li>Controller sequence – showing controller phase sequence diagrams.</li></ol>
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Tab 1: Final Report
1. Project Overview
2. System and Location Description (Project specific)
3. Methodology
4. Data Collection
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a. Traffic Responsive Programming (Table of TRP vs. TOD Operation)
7. Evaluation
a. Speed and Delay runs
Tab 2. Turning Movement Counts
1. Turning Movement Counts (Showing turning movement counts in the intersection
diagram for each period, including truck percentage)
Tab 3. Synchro Analysis
1. AM: Time-Space diagram in color, followed by intersection Synchro report (Timing
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2. Midday: same as AM
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Tab 4: Speed, Delay Studies
<ol> <li>Summary of before and after runs results in two (2) tables showing travel time and delay time.</li> </ol>
2. Plot of the before and after runs diagram for each direction and time period.
Tab 5: Environmental Report
1. Environmental impact report including gas consumption, NO2, HCCO,
improvements.
Tab 6: Electronic Files
1. Two (2) CDs for the optimized system. The CDs shall include the following
elements:
a. Electronic copy of the SCAT Report in PDF format
b. Copies of the Synchro files for the optimized system
c. Traffic counts for the optimized system
d. New or updated intersection graphic display files for each of the system
intersections and the system graphic display file including system detector
locations and addresses.

## Basis of Payment.

The work shall be paid for at the contract unit each for OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, which price shall be payment in full for performing all work described herein for the entire traffic signal system. Following the completion of traffic counts, 25 percent of the bid price will be paid. Following the completion of the Synchro analysis, 25 percent of the bid price will be paid. Following the setup and fine tuning of the timings, the speed-delay study, and the TRP programming, 25 percent of the bid price will be paid. The remaining 25 percent will be paid when the system is working to the satisfaction of the engineer and the report and CD have been submitted.

## TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMINGS

## Description.

This work shall consist of developing and maintaining appropriate traffic signal timings for the specified intersection for the duration of the temporary signalized condition, as well as impact to existing traffic signal timings caused by detours or other temporary conditions.

All timings and adjustments necessary for this work shall be performed by an approved Consultant who has previous experience in optimizing Closed Loop Traffic signal Systems for District One of the Illinois Department of Transportation. The Contractor shall contact the Traffic Signal Engineer at (847) 705-4424 for a listing of approved Consultants.

The following tasks are associated with TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMINGS.

- (a) Consultant shall attend temporary traffic signal inspection (turn-on) and/or detour meeting and conduct on-site implementation of the traffic signal timings. Make fineturning adjustments to the timings in the field to alleviate observed adverse operating conditions and to enhance operations.
- (b) Consultant shall provide monthly observation of traffic signal operations in the field.
- (c) Consultant shall provide on-site consultation and adjust timings as necessary for construction stage changes, temporary traffic signal phase changes, and any other conditions affecting timing and phasing, including lane closures, detours, and other construction activities.
- (d) Consultant shall make timing adjustments and prepare comment responses as directed by the Area Traffic Signal Operations Engineer.

## Basis of Payment.

The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMINGS, which price shall be payment in full for performing all work described herein per intersection. When the temporary traffic signal installation is turned on and/or detour implemented, 50 percent of the bid price will be paid. The remaining 50 percent of the bid price will be paid following the removal of the temporary traffic signal installation and/or detour.

# MODIFYING EXISTING CONTROLLER CABINET.

The work shall consist of modifying an existing controller cabinet as follows:

- (a) Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS). The addition of uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to an existing controller cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the installation of the uninterruptible power supply (UPS) components inside the existing controller cabinet as outlined under Sections 862 and 1074.04 of the Standard Specifications.
- (b) Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Heads, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Optically Programmed Signal Heads and Light Emitting Diode (LED) Pedestrian Signal Heads. The contractor shall verify that the existing load switches meet the requirements of Section 1074.03(5)(b)(2) of the Standard Specifications and the recommended load requirements of the light emitting diode (LED) signal heads that are being installed at the existing traffic signal. If any of the existing load switches do not meet these requirements, they shall be replaced, as directed by the Engineer.
- (c) Light Emitting Diode (LED), Signal Head, Retrofit. The contractor shall verify that the existing load switches meet the requirements of Section 1074.03(2) of the Standard Specifications and the recommended load requirements of light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, pedestrian signal modules, and pedestrian countdown signal modules as specified in the plans. If any of the existing load switches do not meet these requirements, they shall be replaced, as directed by the Engineer.

## Basis of Payment.

Modifying an existing controller cabinet will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER CABINET. This shall include all material and labor required to complete the work as described above, the removal and disposal of all items removed from the controller cabinet, as directed by the Engineer. The equipment for the Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) and labor to install it in the existing controller cabinet shall be included in the pay item Uninterruptible Power Supply. Modifying an existing controller will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER, per Sections 895.04 and 895.08 of the Standard Specifications.

## DIVISION 1000 MATERIALS

#### PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON.

Revise Article 1074.02(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The pedestrian push-button housing shall be constructed of aluminum alloy according to ASTM © 308 6061-T6 and powder coated yellow, unless otherwise noted on the plans. The housing shall be furnished with suitable mounting hardware.

Revise Article 1074-02(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Stations shall be designed to be mounted directly to a post, mast arm pole or wood pole. The station shall be aluminum and shall accept a 3 inch (75mm) round push-button assembly and a regulatory pedestrian instruction sign according to MUTCD, sign series R10-3e 9 x 15 inch sign with arrow(s) for a count-down pedestrian signal. The pedestrian station size without count-down pedestrian signals shall accommodate a MUTCD sign series R10-3b or R10-3d 9 x 12 inch sign with arrow(s).

Add the following to Article 1074.02(a) of the Standard Specifications:

(f) Location. Pedestrian push-buttons and stations shall be mounted directly to a post, mast arm pole or wood pole as shown on the plans and shall be fully accessible from a paved or concrete surface. See the District's Detail sheets for orientation and mounting details.

## CONTROLLER CABINET AND PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT.

Add the following to Article 1074.03 of the Standard Specifications:

- (a) (6) Cabinets shall be designed for NEMA TS2 Type 1 operation. All cabinets shall be pre-wired for a minimum of eight (8) phases of vehicular, four (4) phases of pedestrian and four (4) phases of overlap operation.
- (b) (5) Cabinets Provide 1/8" (3.2 mm) thick unpainted aluminum alloy 5052-H32. The surface shall be smooth, free of marks and scratches. All external hardware shall be stainless steel.
- (b) (6) Controller Harness Provide a TS2 Type 2 "A" wired harness in addition to the TS2 Type 1 harness.
- (b) (7) Surge Protection Plug-in type EDCO SHA-1250 or Atlantic/Pacific approved equal.
- (b) (8) BIU Containment screw required.
- (b) (9) Transfer Relays Solid state or mechanical flash relays are acceptable.
- (b) (10) Switch Guards All switches shall be guarded.
- (b) (11) Heating One (1) 200 watt, thermostatically-controlled, Hoffman electric heater, or approved equivalent.
- (b) (12) Lighting One (1) LED Panel shall be placed inside the cabinet top panel and one (1) LED Panel shall be placed on each side of the pull-out drawer/shelf assembly located beneath the controller support shelf. The LED Panels shall be controlled by a wall switch. Relume Traffic Control Box LED Panels and power supply or approved equivalent.
- (b) (13) The cabinet shall be equipped with a pull-out drawer/shelf assembly. A 1 ½ inch (38mm) deep drawer shall be provided in the cabinet, mounted directly beneath the controller support shelf. The drawer shall have a hinged top cover and shall be capable of accommodating one (1) complete set of cabinet prints and manuals. This drawer shall support 50 lbs. (23 kg) in weight when fully extended. The drawer shall open and close smoothly. Drawer dimensions

shall make maximum use of available depth offered by the controller shelf and be a minimum of 24 inches (610mm) wide.

- (b) (14) Plan & Wiring Diagrams 12" x 16" (3.05mm x 4.06mm) moisture sealed container attached to door.
- (b) (15) Detector Racks Fully wired and labeled for four (4) channels of emergency vehicle pre-emption and sixteen channels (16) of vehicular operation.
- (b) (16) Field Wiring Labels All field wiring shall be labeled.
- (b) (17) Field Wiring Termination Approved channel lugs required.
- (b) (18) Power Panel Provide a nonconductive shield.
- (b) (19) Circuit Breaker The circuit breaker shall be sized for the proposed load but shall not be rated less than 30 amps.
- (b) (20) Police Door Provide wiring and termination for plug in manual phase advance switch.
- (b) (21) Railroad Pre-Emption Test Switch Eaton 8830K13 SHA 1250 or equivalent.

## RAILROAD, FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND CABINET.

Controller shall comply with Article 1073.01 as amended in these Traffic Signal Special Provisions.

Controller Cabinet and Peripheral Equipment shall comply with Article 1074.03 as amended in these Traffic Signal Special Provisions.

Add the following to Articles 1073.01 (c) (2) and 1074.03 (a) (5) (e) of the Standard Specifications:

Controllers and cabinets shall be new and NEMA TS2 Type 1 design.

A method of monitoring and/or providing redundancy to the railroad preemptor input to the controller shall be included as a component of the Railroad, Full Actuated Controller and Cabinet installation and be verified by the traffic signal equipment supplier prior to installation.

Railroad interconnected controllers and cabinets shall be assembled only by an approved traffic signal equipment supplier. All railroad interconnected (including temporary railroad interconnect) controllers and cabinets shall be new, built, tested and approved by the controller equipment vendor, in the vendor's District One facility, prior to field installation. The vendor shall provide the technical equipment and assistance as required by the Engineer to fully test this equipment.

## UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY (UPS).

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall be line interactive and provide voltage regulation and power conditioning when utilizing utility power. The UPS shall be sized appropriately for the intersection's normal traffic signal operating connected load, plus 20 percent (20%). The total connected traffic signal load

shall not exceed the published ratings for the UPS. The UPS shall provide a minimum of six (6) hours of normal operation run-time for signalized intersections with LED type signal head optics at 77 °F (25 °C) (minimum 700 W/1000 VA active output capacity, with 90 percent minimum inverter efficiency).

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1074.04(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall have a minimum of four (4) sets of normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) single-pole double-throw (SPDT) relay contact closures, available on a panel mounted terminal block or locking circular connectors, rated at a minimum 120 V/1 A, and labeled so as to identify each contact according to the plans.

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(10) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall be compatible with the District's approved traffic controller assemblies utilizing NEMA TS 1 or NEMA TS 2 controllers and cabinet components for full time operation.

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(17) of the Standard Specifications to read:

When the intersection is in battery backup mode, the UPS shall bypass all internal cabinet lights, ventilation fans, cabinet heaters, service receptacles, any lighted street name signs, any automated enforcement equipment and any other devices directed by the Engineer.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)b of the Standard Specifications to read:

Batteries, inverter/charger and power transfer relay shall be housed in a separate NEMA Type 3R cabinet. The cabinet shall be Aluminum alloy, 5052-H32, 0.125-inch thick and have a natural mill finish.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)c of the Standard Specifications to read:

No more than three batteries shall be mounted on individual shelves for a cabinet housing six batteries and no more than four batteries per shelf for a cabinet housing eight batteries.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)e of the Standard Specifications to read:

The battery cabinet housing shall have the following nominal outside dimensions: a width of 25 in. (785 mm), a depth of 16 in. (440 mm), and a height of 41 to 48 in. (1.1 to 1.3 m). Clearance between shelves shall be a minimum of 10 in. (250 mm).

<u>UPS</u>

End of paragraph 1074.04(b) (2)e

The door shall be equipped with a two position doorstop, one a 90° and one at 120°.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)g of the Standard Specifications to read:

The door shall open to the entire cabinet, have a neoprene gasket, an Aluminum continuous piano hinge with stainless steel pin, and a three point locking system. The cabinet shall be provided with a main door lock which shall operate with a traffic industry conventional No. 2 key. Provisions for padlocking the door shall be provided.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(b)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

j. The battery cabinet shall have provisions for an external generator connection.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(c) of the Standard Specifications:

- (8) The UPS shall include a tip or kill switch installed in the battery cabinet, which shall completely disconnect power from the UPS when the switch is manually activated.
- (9) The UPS shall incorporate a flanged electric generator inlet for charging the batteries and operating the UPS. The generator connector shall be male type, twist-lock, rated as 15A, 125VAC with a NEMA L5-15P configuration and weatherproof lift cover plate (Hubbell model HBL4716C or approved equal). Access to the generator inlet shall be from a secured weatherproof lift cover plate or behind a locked battery cabinet police panel.

## Battery System.

Revise Article 1074.04(d)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

All batteries supplied in the UPS shall be either gel cell or AGM type, deep cycle, completely sealed, prismatic leadcalcium based, silver alloy, valve regulated lead acid (VRLA) requiring no maintenance. All batteries in a UPS installation shall be the same type; mixing of gel cell and AGM types within a UPS installation is not permitted.

Revise Article 1074.04(d)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Batteries shall be certified by the manufacturer to operate over a temperature range of -13 to 160 °F (-25 to + 71 °C) for gel cell batteries and -40 to 140 °F (-40 to + 60 °C) for AGM type batteries.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(d) of the Standard Specifications:

(9) The UPS shall consist of an even number of batteries that are capable of maintaining normal operation of the signalized intersection for a minimum of six hours. Calculations shall be provided showing the number of batteries of the type supplied that are needed to satisfy this requirement. A minimum of four batteries shall be provided.

Add the following to the Article 1074.04 of the Standard Specifications:

(e) Warranty. The warranty for an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) shall cover a minimum of two years from date the equipment is placed in operation; however, the batteries of the UPS

shall be warranted for full replacement for a minimum of five years from the date the traffic signal and UPS are placed into service.

### ELECTRIC CABLE.

Delete "or stranded, and No. 12 or" from the last sentence of Article 1076.04 (a) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following to the Article 1076.04(d) of the Standard Specifications:

Service cable may be single or multiple conductor cable.

#### TRAFFIC SIGNAL POST.

Add the following to Article 1077.01 (d) of the Standard Specifications:

All posts and bases shall be steel and hot dipped galvanized. If the Department approves painting, powder coating by the manufacturer will be required over the galvanization in accordance with TRAFFIC SIGNAL PAINTING in Division 800 of these specifications.

#### PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON POST.

Add the following to Article 1077.02(b) of the Standard Specifications:

All posts and bases shall be steel and hot-dipped galvanized. If the Department approves painting, powder coating by the manufacturer will be required over the galvanization in accordance with Traffic Signal Painting in Division 800 of these specifications.

#### MAST ARM ASSEMBLY AND POLE.

Add the following to Article 1077.03 (a) of the Standard Specifications:

Traffic signal mast arms shall be one piece construction, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. All poles shall be galvanized. If the Department approves painting, powder coating by the manufacturer will be required over the galvanization in accordance with with TRAFFIC SIGNAL PAINTING in Division 800 of these specifications.

The shroud shall be of sufficient strength to deter pedestrian and vehicular damage. The shroud shall be constructed and designed to allow air to circulate throughout the mast arm but not allow infestation of insects or other animals, and such that it is not hazardous to probing fingers and feet. All mounting hardware shall be stainless steel. **LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD.** 

Add the following to Section 1078 of the Standard Specifications:

<u>General.</u>

All signal and pedestrian heads shall provide 12" (300 mm) displays with glossy yellow or black polycarbonate housings. All head housings shall be the same color (yellow or black) at the intersection. For new signalized intersections and existing signalized intersections where all signal and/or pedestrian heads are being replaced, the proposed head housings shall be black. Where only selected heads are being replaced, the proposed head housing color (yellow or black) shall match existing head housings. Connecting hardware and mounting brackets shall be polycarbonate (black). A corrosion resistant anti-seize lubricant shall be applied to all metallic mounting bracket joints, and shall be visible to the inspector at the signal turn-on. Post top mounting collars are required on all posts, and shall be constructed of the same material as the brackets.

Pedestrian signal heads shall be furnished with the international symbolic "Walking Person" and "Upraised Palm" displays. Egg crate sun shields are not permitted.

Signal heads shall be positioned according to the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details."

LED signal heads (All Face and Section Quantities), (All Mounting Types) shall conform fully to the requirements of Articles 1078.01 and 1078.02 of the Standard Specifications amended herein.

- 1. The LED signal modules shall be replaced or repaired if an LED signal module fails to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within the first <u>60 months</u> from the date of delivery. LED signal modules which exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum values specified in Table 1 of the ITE Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads: Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement (June 27, 2005) [VTSCH], or applicable successor ITE specifications, or show signs of entrance of moisture or contaminants within the first <u>60 months</u> of the date of delivery shall be replaced or repaired. The manufacturer's written warranty for the LED signal modules shall be dated, signed by an Officer of the company and included in the product submittal to the State.
- (a) Physical and Mechanical Requirements
  - 1. Modules can be manufactured under this specification for the following faces:
    - a. 12 inch (300 mm) circular, multi-section
    - b. 12 inch (300 mm) arrow, multi-section
    - c. 12 inch (300 mm) pedestrian, 2 sections
  - 2. The maximum weight of a module shall be 4 lbs. (1.8 kg).
  - 3. Each module shall be a sealed unit to include all parts necessary for operation (a printed circuit board, power supply, a lens and gasket, etc.), and shall be weather proof after installation and connection.

- 4. Material used for the lens and signal module construction shall conform to ASTM specifications for the materials.
- 5. The lens of the module shall be tinted with a wavelength-matched color to reduce sun phantom effect and enhance on/off contrast. The tinting shall be uniform across the lens face. Polymeric lens shall provide a surface coating or chemical surface treatment applied to provide abrasion resistance. The lens of the module shall be integral to the unit, convex with a smooth outer surface and made of plastic. The lens shall have a textured surface to reduce glare.
- 6. The use of tinting or other materials to enhance ON/OFF contrasts shall not affect chromaticity and shall be uniform across the face of the lens.
- 7. Each module shall have a symbol of the type of module (i.e. circle, arrow, etc.) in the color of the module. The symbol shall be 1 inch (25.4 mm) in diameter. Additionally, the color shall be written out in 1/2 inch (12.7mm) letters next to the symbol.
- (b) Photometric Requirements
  - 1. The minimum initial luminous intensity values for the modules shall conform to the values in Table 1 of the VTCSH (2005) for circular signal indications, and as stated in Table 3 of these specifications for arrow and pedestrian indications at 25 °C.
  - 2. The modules shall meet or exceed the illumination values stated in Articles 1078.01 and 1078.02 the Standard Specifications for circular signal indications, and Table 3 of these specifications for arrow and pedestrian indications, throughout the useful life based on normal use in a traffic signal operation over the operating temperature range.
  - 3. The measured chromaticity coordinates of the modules shall conform to the chromaticity requirements of Section 4.2 of the VTCSH (2005) or applicable successor ITE specifications.
  - 4. The LEDs utilized in the modules shall be AllnGaP technology for red, yellow, Portland orange (pedestrian) and white (pedestrian) indications, and GaN for green indications, and shall be the ultra bright type rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from 40 °C to +74 °C.
- (c) Electrical
  - 1. Maximum power consumption for LED modules is per Table 2.
  - 2. Operating voltage of the modules shall be 120 VAC. All parameters shall be measured at this voltage.
  - 3. The modules shall be operationally compatible with currently used controller assemblies (solid state load switches, flashers, and conflict monitors).

- 4. When a current of 20 mA AC (or less) is applied to the unit, the voltage read across the two leads shall be 15 VAC or less.
- 5. The LED modules shall provide constant light output under power. Modules with dimming capabilities shall have the option disabled or set on a non-dimming operation.
- 6. The individual LEDs shall be wired such that a catastrophic loss or the failure of one or more LED will not result in the loss of the entire module.
- (d) Retrofit Traffic Signal Module
  - 1. The following specification requirements apply to the Retrofit module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
  - 2. Retrofit modules can be manufactured under this specification for the following faces:
    - a. 12 inch (300 mm) circular, multi-section
    - b. 12 inch (300 mm) arrow, multi-section
    - c. 12 inch (300 mm) pedestrian, 2 sections
  - 3. Each Retrofit module shall be designed to be installed in the doorframe of a standard traffic signal housing. The Retrofit module shall be sealed in the doorframe with a one-piece EPDM (ethylene propylene rubber) gasket.
  - 4. The maximum weight of a Retrofit module shall be 4 lbs. (1.8 kg).
  - 5. Each Retrofit module shall be a sealed unit to include all parts necessary for operation (a printed circuit board, power supply, a lens and gasket, etc.), and shall be weather proof after installation and connection.
  - 6. Electrical conductors for modules, including Retrofit modules, shall be 39.4 inches (1m) in length, with quick disconnect terminals attached.
  - 7. The lens of the Retrofit module shall be integral to the unit, shall be convex with a smooth outer surface and made of plastic or of glass.
- (e) The following specification requirements apply to the 12 inch (300 mm) arrow module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
  - The arrow module shall meet specifications stated in Section 9.01 of the Equipment and Material Standards of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (November 1998) [ITE Standards], Chapter 2 (Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads) or applicable successor ITE specifications for arrow indications.
  - 2. The LEDs arrow indication shall be a solid display with a minimum of three (3) outlining rows of LEDs and at least one (1) fill row of LEDs.

- (f) The following specification requirement applies to the 12 inch (300 mm) programmed visibility (PV) module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
  - 1. The LED module shall be a module designed and constructed to be installed in a programmed visibility (PV) signal housing without modification to the housing.
- (g) The following specification requirements apply to the 12 inch (300 mm) Pedestrian module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
  - 1. Each pedestrian signal LED module shall provide the ability to actuate the solid upraised hand and the solid walking person on one 12 inch (300mm) section.
  - 2. Two (2) pedestrian sections shall be installed. The top section shall be wired to illuminate only the upraised hand and the bottom section shall be the walking man.
  - 3. "Egg Crate" type sun shields are not permitted. All figures must be a minimum of 9 inches (225mm) in height and easily identified from a distance of 120-feet (36.6m).

## LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) PEDESTRIAN COUNTDOWN SIGNAL HEAD.

## Add the following to Article 1078.02 of the Standard Specifications:

#### General.

- 1. The module shall operate in one mode: Clearance Cycle Countdown Mode Only. The countdown module shall display actual controller programmed clearance cycle and shall start counting when the flashing clearance signal turns on and shall countdown to "0" and turn off when the steady Upraised Hand (symbolizing Don't Walk) signal turns on. Module shall not have user accessible switches or controls for modification of cycle.
- 2. At power on, the module shall enter a single automatic learning cycle. During the automatic learning cycle, the countdown display shall remain dark.
- 3. The module shall re-program itself if it detects any increase or decrease of Pedestrian Timing. The counting unit will go blank once a change is detected and then take one complete pedestrian cycle (with no counter during this cycle) to adjust its buffer timer.
- 4. The module shall allow for consecutive cycles without displaying the steady Upraised Hand.
- 5. The module shall recognize preemption events and temporarily modify the crossing cycle accordingly.
- 6. If the controller preempts during the Walking Person (symbolizing Walk), the countdown will follow the controller's directions and will adjust from Walking Person to flashing Upraised Hand. It will start to count down during the flashing Upraised Hand.

- 7. If the controller preempts during the flashing Upraised Hand, the countdown will continue to count down without interruption.
- 8. The next cycle, following the preemption event, shall use the correct, initially programmed values.
- 9. If the controller output displays Upraised Hand steady condition and the unit has not arrived to zero or if both the Upraised Hand and Walking Person are dark for some reason, the unit suspends any timing and the digits will go dark.
- 10. The digits will go dark for one pedestrian cycle after loss of power of more than 1.5 seconds.
- 11. The countdown numerals shall be two (2) "7 segment" digits forming the time display utilizing two rows of LEDs.
- 12. The LED module shall meet the requirements of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) LED purchase specification, "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications - Part 2: LED Pedestrian Traffic Signal Modules," or applicable successor ITE specifications, except as modified herein.
- 13. The LED modules shall provide constant light output under power. Modules with dimming capabilities shall have the option disabled or set on a non-dimming operation.
- 14. In the event of a power outage, light output from the LED modules shall cease instantaneously.
- 15. The LEDs utilized in the modules shall be AlInGaP technology for Portland Orange (Countdown Numerals and Upraised Hand) and GaN technology for Lunar White (Walking Person) indications.
- 16. The individual LEDs shall be wired such that a catastrophic loss or the failure of one or more LED will not result in the loss of the entire module.

## Electrical.

- 1. Maximum power consumption for LED modules is 29 watts.
- 2. The measured chromaticity shall remain unchanged over the input line voltage range listed of 80 VAC to 135 VAC.

# TRAFFIC SIGNAL BACKPLATE.

Delete 1<sup>st</sup> sentence of Article 1078.03 of the Standard Specifications and add "All backplates shall be aluminum and louvered".

Add the following to the third paragraph of Article 1078.03 of the Standard Specifications. The reflective backplate shall not contain louvers.

Delete second sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 1078.03 f the Standard Specifications.

Add the following to the fourth paragraph of Article 1078.03 of the Standard Specifications:

When retro reflective sheeting is specified, it shall be Type ZZ sheeting according to Article 1091.03 and applied in preferred orientation for the maximum angularity according to the manufacturer's recommendations. The retro reflective sheeting shall be installed under a controlled environment at the manufacturer/supplier before shipment to the contractor. The aluminum backplate shall be prepared and cleaned, following recommendations of the retro reflective sheeting manufacturer.

## INDUCTIVE LOOP DETECTOR.

Add the following to Article 1079.01 of the Standard Specifications:

Contracts requiring new cabinets shall provide for rack mounted detector amplifier cards. Detector amplifiers shall provide LCD displays with loop frequency, inductance, and change of inductance readings.

## ILLUMINATED SIGN, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE.

Delete last sentence of Article 1084.01(a) and add "Mounting hardwire shall be black polycarbonate or galvanized steel and similar to mounting Signal Head hardware and bracket specified herein and shall provide tool free access to the interior."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1084.01(a) to read:

The exterior surface of the housing shall be acid-etched and shop painted with one coat of zincchromate primer and two coats of exterior enamel. The housing shall be the same color (yellow or black) to match the existing or proposed signal heads. The painting shall be according to Section 851.

Add the following to Article 1084.01 (b) of the Standard Specifications:

The message shall be formed by rows of LEDs. The sign face shall be 24 inches (600 mm) by 24 inches (600 mm).

Add the following to Article 1084.01 of the Standard Specifications:

(e) The light emitting diode (LED) blank out signs shall be manufactured by National Sign & Signal Company, or an approved equal and consist of a weatherproof housing and door, LEDs and transformers.

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## ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGN

The illuminate street name sign shall be as follows.

(a) Description.

The LEDs shall be white in color and utilize InGaN or UV thermally efficient technology. The LED Light Engines shall be designed to fit inside a standard fluorescent illuminated street sign housing in lieu of fluorescent lamps and ballasts or a slim line type housing. The LED internally-illuminated street name sign shall display the designated street name clearly and legibly in the daylight hours without being energized and at night when energized. The sign assembly shall consist of a four-, six-, or eight-foot aluminum housing. White translucent 3M DG<sup>3</sup> reflective sheeting sign faces with the street name applied in 3M/Scotchlite Series 1177 or current 3M equivalent transparent green shall be installed in hinged doors on the side of the sign for easy access to perform general cleaning and maintenance operations. Illumination shall occur with LED Light Engine as specified.

(b) Environmental Requirements.

The LED lamp shall be rated for use in the ambient operating temperature range of -40 to  $+50^{\circ}$ C (-40 to  $+122^{\circ}$ F) for storage in the ambient temperature range of -40 to  $+75^{\circ}$ C (-40 to  $+167^{\circ}$ F).

- (c) General Construction.
  - The LED Light Engine shall be a single, self-contained device, for installation in an existing street sign housing. The power supply must be designed to fit and mounted on the inside wall at one end of the street sign housing. The LED Light Engine shall be mounted within the inner top portion of the housing and no components of the light source shall sit between the sign faces.
  - 2. The assembly and manufacturing processes of the LED Light Engine shall be designed to ensure that all LED and electronic components are adequately supported to withstand mechanical shocks and vibrations in compliance with the specifications of the ANSI, C136.31-2001 standards.
- (d) Mechanical Construction.
  - 1. The sign shall be constructed using a weatherproof, aluminum housing consisting of an extruded aluminum top with a minimum thickness of .140" x 10 ¾" deep (including the drip edge). The extruded aluminum bottom is .094" thick x 5 7/8" deep. The ends of the housing shall be cast aluminum with a minimum thickness of .250". A six-foot sign shall be 72 5/8" long and 22 5/16" tall and not weigh more than 77 pounds. An eight-foot sign shall be 96 5/8" long and 22 5/16" tall and not weigh more than 92 pounds. All corners are continuous TIG (Tungsten Inert Gas) welded to provide a weatherproof seal around the entire housing.
  - The door shall be constructed of extruded aluminum. Two corners are continuous TIG welded with the other two screwed together to make one side of the door removable for installation of the sign face. The door is fastened to the housing on the bottom by a full

length,  $.040^{\circ} \ge 1.18^{\circ}$  open stainless steel hinge. The door shall be held secure onto a 1" wide by 5/32" thick neoprene gasket by three (six total for two-way sign) quarter-turn fasteners to form a watertight seal between the door and the housing.

- 3. The sign face shall be constructed of .125" white translucent polycarbonate. The letters shall be 8" upper case and 6" lower case. The sign face legend background shall consist of 3M/Scotchlite Series 4090T or current equivalent 3M translucent DG<sup>3</sup> white VIP (Visual Impact Performance) diamond grade sheeting (ATSM Type 9) and 3M/Scotchlite Series 1177 or current 3M equivalent transparent green acrylic EC (electronic cut-able) film applied to the front of the sign face. The legend shall be framed by a white polycarbonate border. A logo symbol and/or name of the community may be included with approval of the Engineer.
- 4. All surfaces of the sign shall be etched and primed in accordance to industry standards before receiving appropriate color coats of industrial enamel.
- 5. All fasteners and hardware shall be corrosion resistant stainless steel. No tools are required for routine maintenance.
- 6. All wiring shall be secured by insulated wire compression nuts.
- 7. A wire entrance junction box shall be supplied with the sign assembly. The box may be supplied mounted to the exterior or interior of the sign and provide a weather tight seal.
- 8. A photoelectric switch shall be mounted in the control cabinet to control lighting functions for day and night display. Each sign shall be individually fused.
- 9. Brackets and Mounting: LED internally-illuminated street name signs will be factory drilled to accommodate mast arm two-point support assembly mounting brackets.
- (e) Electrical.
  - 1. Photocell shall be rated 105-305V, turn on at 1.5 fcs. with a 3-5 second delay. A manufacturer's warranty of six (6) years shall be provided. Power consumption shall be no greater than 1 watt at 120V.
  - The LED Light Engine shall operate from a 60 +- 3 cycle AC line power over a voltage range of 80 to 135 Vac rms. Fluctuations in line voltage over the range of 80 to 135 Vac shall not affect luminous intensity by more than +- 10%.
  - 3. Total harmonic distortion induced into the AC power line by the LED Light Engine, operated at a nominal operating voltage, and at a temperature of +25°C (+77°F), shall not exceed 20%.
  - 4. The LED Light Engine shall cycled ON and OFF with a photocell as shown on the detail sheet and shall not exceed the following maximum power values:

4-Foot Sign	60 W
6-Foot Sign	90 W
8-Foot Sign	120 W

The signs shall not be energized when traffic signals are powered by an alternate energy source such as a generator or uninterruptable power source (UPS). The signs shall be connected to the generator or UPS bypass circuitry.

- (f) Photometric Requirements.
  - The entire surface of the sign panel shall be evenly illuminated. The average maintained luminous intensity measured across the letters, operating under the conditions defined in Environmental Requirements and Wattage Sections shall be of a minimum value of 100 cd/m<sup>2</sup>.
  - 2. The manufacturer shall make available independent laboratory test results to verify compliance to Voltage Range and Luminous Intensity Distribution Sections.
  - Twelve (12) 1.25 watt LED units shall be mounted on 1-inch x 22-inch metal cone printed circuit boards (MCPCB). The viewing angle shall be 120 degrees. LED shall have a color temperature of 5200k nominal, CRI of 80 with a life expectancy of 75,000 hrs.
- (g) Quality Assurance.

The LED Light Engine shall be manufactured in accordance with a vendor quality assurance (QA) program. The production QA shall include statistically controlled routine tests to ensure minimum performance levels of the LED Light Engine build to meet this specification. QA process and test result documentations shall be kept on file for a minimum period of seven (7) years. The LED Light Engine that does not satisfy the production QA testing performance requirements shall not be labeled, advertised, or sold as conforming to these specifications. Each LED Light Engine shall be identified by a manufacturer's serial number for warranty purposes. LED Light Engines shall be replaced or repaired if they fail to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within the first sixty (60) months from the date of acceptance. LED Light Engines that exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum value specified in Photometric Section within the first thirty-six (36) months from the date of acceptance shall be replaced or repaired.

# GENERAL ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

Effective: January 1, 2012

Add the following to Article 801 of the Standard Specifications:

"Maintenance transfer and Preconstruction Inspection:

<u>General.</u> Before performing any excavation, removal, or installation work (electrical or otherwise) at the site, the Contractor shall request a maintenance

transfer and preconstruction site inspection, to be held in the presence of the Engineer and a representative of the party or parties responsible for maintenance of any lighting and/or traffic control systems which may be affected by the work. The request for the maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection shall be made no less than seven (7) calendar days prior to the desired inspection date. The maintenance transfer and preconstruction shall:

Establish the procedures for formal transfer of maintenance responsibility required for the construction period.

Establish the approximate location and operating condition of lighting and/or traffic control systems which may be affected by the work

Marking of Existing Cable Systems. The party responsible for maintenance of any existing lighting and/or traffic control systems at the project site will, at the Contractor's request, mark and/or stake, once per location, all underground cable routes owned or maintained by the State. A project may involve multiple "locations" where separated electrical systems are involved (i.e. different controllers). The markings shall be taken to have a horizontal tolerance of at least 304.8 mm (one (1) foot) to either side.. The request for the cable locations and marking shall be made at the same time the request for the maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection is made. The Contractor shall exercise extreme caution where existing buried cable runs are involved. The markings of existing systems are made strictly for assistance to the Contractor and this does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the repair or replacement of any cable run damaged in the course of his work, as specified elsewhere herein. Note that the contractor shall be entitled to only one request for location marking of existing systems and that multiple requests may only be honored at the contractor's expense. No locates will be made after maintenance is transferred, unless it is at the contractor's expense.

<u>Condition of Existing Systems</u>. The Contractor shall conduct an inventory of all existing electrical system equipment within the project limits, which may be affected by the work, making note of any parts which are found broken or missing, defective or malfunctioning. Megger and load readings shall be taken for all existing circuits which will remain in place or be modified. If a circuit is to be taken out in its entirety, then readings do not have to be taken. The inventory and test data shall be reviewed with and approved by the Engineer and a record of the inventory shall be submitted to the Engineer for the record. Without such a record, all systems transferred to the Contractor for maintenance during construction shall be returned at the end of construction in complete, fully operating condition."

And the following to the 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph of Article 801.05(a) of the Standard Specifications:

"Items from multiple disciplines shall not be combined on a single submittal and transmittal. Items for lighting, signals, surveillance and CCTV must be in

separate submittals since they may be reviewed by various personnel in various locations."

Revise the second sentence of the 5<sup>th</sup> paragraph of Article 801.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Engineer will stamp the submittals indicating their status as 'Approved', 'Approved as Noted', 'Disapproved', or 'Information Only'.

Revise the 6<sup>th</sup> paragraph of Article 801.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

<u>"Resubmittals</u>. All submitted items reviewed and marked 'Approved as Noted', or 'Disapproved' are to be resubmitted in their entirety with a disposition of previous comments to verify contract compliance at no additional cost to the state unless otherwise indicated within the submittal comments."

Revise Article 801.11(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Lighting Operation and Maintenance Responsibility. The scope of work shall include the assumption of responsibility for the continuing operation and maintenance the of existing, proposed, temporary, sign and navigation lighting, or other lighting systems and all appurtenances affected by the work as specified elsewhere herein. Maintenance of lighting systems is specified elsewhere and will be paid for separately

Energy and Demand Charges. The payment of basic energy and demand charges by the electric utility for existing lighting which remains in service will continue as a responsibility of the Owner, unless otherwise indicated. Unless otherwise indicated or required by the Engineer duplicate lighting systems (such as temporary lighting and proposed new lighting) shall not be operated simultaneously at the Owner's expense and lighting systems shall not be kept in operation during long daytime periods at the Owner's expense. Upon written authorization from the Engineer to place a proposed new lighting system in service, whether the system has passed final acceptance or not, (such as to allow temporary lighting to be removed), the Owner will accept responsibility for energy and demand charges for such lighting, effective the date of authorization. All other energy and demand payments to the utility shall be the responsibility of the Contractor until final acceptance."

Add the following to Section 801 of the Standard Specifications:

"Lighting Cable Identification. Each wire installed shall be identified with its complete circuit number at each termination, splice, junction box or other location where the wire is accessible."

"Lighting Cable Fuse Installation. Standard fuse holders shall be used on non-frangible (non-breakaway) light pole installations and quick-disconnect fuse holders shall be used on frangible (breakaway) light pole installations. Wires shall be carefully stripped only as far as needed for connection to the device. Over-stripping shall be avoided. An oxide inhibiting lubricant shall be applied to the wire for minimum connection resistance before the terminals are crimped-on. Crimping shall be performed in accordance with the fuse holder manufacturer's recommendations. The exposed metal connecting portion of the assembly shall be taped with two half-lapped wraps of electrical tape and then covered by the specified insulating boot. The fuse holder shall be installed such that the fuse side is connected to the pole wire (load side) and the receptacle side of the holder is connected to the line side."

Revise the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph of Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When the work is complete, and seven days before the request for a final inspection, the fullsize set of contract drawings. Stamped "RECORD DRAWINGS", shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval and shall be stamped with the date and the signature of the Contractor's supervising Engineer or electrician. The record drawings shall be submitted in PDF format on CDROM as well as hardcopy for review and approval. In addition to the record drawings, copies of the final catalog cuts which have been Approved or Approved as Noted shall be submitted in PDF format along with the record drawings. The PDF files shall clearly indicate either by filename or PDF table of contents the respective pay item number. Specific part or model numbers of items which have been selected shall be clearly visible."

Add the following to Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications:

"In addition to the specified record drawings, the Contactor shall record GPS coordinates of the following electrical components being installed, modified or being affected in other ways by this contract:

- Last light pole on each circuit
- Handholes
- Conduit roadway crossings
- Controllers
- Control Buildings
- Structures with electrical connections, i.e. DMS, lighted signs.
- Electric Service locations
- CCTV Camera installations
- Fiber Optic Splice Locations

Datum to be used shall be North American 1983.

Data shall be provided electronically and in print form. The electronic format shall be compatible with MS Excel. Latitude and Longitude shall be in decimal degrees with a minimum of 6 decimal places. Each coordinate shall have the following information:

- 5. Description of item
- 6. Designation or approximate station if the item is undesignated
- 7. Latitude
- 8. Longitude

Examples:

Equipment	Equipment	Latitud	Longitud
Description	Designation	е	е
CCTV Camera pole	ST42		-
		41.580	87.79337
		493	8
FO mainline splice	HHL-ST31		-
handhole		41.558	87.79257
		532	1
Handhole	HH at STA 234+35		-
		41.765	87.54357
		532	1
Electric Service	Elec Srv		-
		41.602	87.79405
		248	3
Conduit crossing	SB IL83 to EB I290		-
	ramp SIDE A	41.584	87.79337
		593	8
Conduit crossing	SB IL83 to EB 1290		-
	ramp SIDE B	41.584	87.79343
1		600	2
Light Pole	DA03		-
		41.558	87,79257
		532	1
Lighting Controller	X		-
		41.651	87.76205
		848	3
Sign Structure	FGD		-
		41.580	87.79337
		493	8
Video Collection	VCP-IK		
Point		41.558	87.78977
		532	1
Fiber splice	Toll Plaza34		<u> </u>
connection		41.606	87.79405
CONNECTION		928	3
		320	<u> </u>

Prior to the collection of data, the contractor shall provide a sample data collection of at least six data points of known locations to be reviewed and verified by the Engineer to be accurate within 100 feet. Upon verification, data collection can begin. Data collection can be made as construction progresses, or can be collected after all items are installed. If the data is unacceptable the contractor shall make corrections to the data collection equipment and or process and submit the data for review and approval as specified.

Accuracy. Data collected is to be mapping grade. A handheld mapping grade GPS device shall be used for the data collection. The receiver shall support differential correction and data shall have a minimum 5 meter accuracy after post processing.

GPS receivers integrated into cellular communication devices, recreational and automotive GPS devices are not acceptable.

The GPS shall be the product of an established major GPS manufacturer having been in the business for a minimum of 6 years."

## JUNCTION BOX EMBEDDED IN STRUCTURE

Effective: January 1, 2012

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an embedded Composite Concrete Junction Box in concrete.

Materials. The box and cover shall be constructed of a polymer concrete and reinforced with a heavy-weave fiberglass cloth. The material shall have the following properties:

Mechanical Property	Value	Physical Property	Value
Compressive strength	9,000 – 15,000 psi	Density	85-150 lbs/ft <sup>2</sup>
flexural strength	3,000 – 6,000 psi	Barcol Hardness	45
Impact Energy	30 – 72 ftIbs	Water Absorption	Less Than 1%
tensile strength	800 – 1,100 psi		

The resulting enclosure shall have a Tier 8 Load Rating in accordance with ANSI/SCTE 77 2002. The material shall have light gray color to match the surrounding concrete. The cover shall be made of the same material. The junction box and cover shall be arranged to fit flush with the structure surface. The cover shall be gasketed and attached with a minimum of four stainless steel hex-head bolts factory coated with anti-seize compound. The enclosure shall be UL Listed.

Installation. The embedded junction box shall be set flush with the adjoining surface and shall be properly supported during concrete placement. Concrete cover shall not be less than 3 in. (75 mm) all around the embedded junction box. The junction box shall not be installed in areas where vehicular traffic may drive over the junction box.

Field cut conduit openings shall be uniform and smooth. All burrs and rough edges shall be filed smooth to the satisfaction of the Engineer prior to the installation of conduit(s) into the junction box. Field cut conduit openings shall be fitted with the appropriate conduit fittings and accessories. Conduit fittings and accessories shall be provided according to Article 1088.01 and as shown on the plans.

Conduit openings may be factory cut and pre-assembled with conduit fittings. Conduit fittings and accessories shall be manufactured from polyvinyl chloride complying with ASTM D 1784 and shall comply with all the applicable requirements of NEMA Publication No. TC2, U.L. Standard 651 for EPC-40-PVC and NEC Article 347.

Slight deviations to a larger size than the specified sizes may be allowed to conform to a standard manufacturer's production size with the approval of the Engineer.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for JUNCTION BOX, EMBEDDED IN STRUCTURE, of the type and size when specified. The Contractor may, with the approval of the Engineer, use box sizes larger than indicated, at no additional cost to the Department.

#### MAINTENANCE OF LIGHTING SYSTEMS

Effective: January 1, 2007 Revised: January 1, 2012

Replace Article 801.11 and 801.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

Effective the date the Contractor's activities (electrical or otherwise) at the job site begin, the Contractor shall be responsible for the proper operation and maintenance of all existing and proposed lighting systems which are part of, or which may be affected by the work until final acceptance or as otherwise determined by the Engineer.

Before performing any excavation, removal, or installation work (electrical or otherwise) at the site, the Contractor shall initiate a request for a maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection, as specified elsewhere herein, to be held in the presence of the Engineer and a representative of the party or parties responsible for maintenance of any lighting systems which may be affected by the work. The request for the maintenance preconstruction inspection shall be made no less than seven (7) calendar days prior to the desired inspection date.

Existing lighting systems, when depicted on the plans, are intended only to indicate the general equipment installation of the systems involved and shall not be construed as an exact representation of the field conditions. It remains the Contractor's responsibility to visit the site to confirm and ascertain the exact condition of the electrical equipment and systems to be maintained.

# Maintenance of Existing Lighting Systems

**Existing lighting systems.** Existing lighting systems shall be defined as any lighting system or part of a lighting system in service at the time of contract Letting. The contract drawings indicate the general extent of any existing lighting, but whether indicated or not, it remains the Contractor's responsibility to ascertain the extent of effort required for compliance with these specifications and failure to do so will not be justification for extra payment or reduced responsibilities.

## Extent of Maintenance.

**Partial Maintenance.** Unless otherwise 'indicated, if the number of circuits affected by the contract is equal to or less than 40% of the total number of circuits in a given controller and the controller is not part of the contract work, the Contractor needs only to maintain the affected circuits. The affected circuits shall be isolated by means of in-line waterproof fuse holders as specified elsewhere and as approved by the Engineer.

**Full Maintenance.** If the number of circuits affected by the contract is greater than 40% of the total number of circuits in a given controller, or if the controller is modified in any way under the contract work, the Contractor shall maintain the entire controller and all associated circuits.

## Maintenance of Proposed Lighting Systems

**Proposed Lighting Systems**. Proposed lighting systems shall be defined as any lighting system or part of a lighting system, temporary or permanent, which is to be constructed under this contract.

The Contractor shall be fully responsible for maintenance of all items installed under this contract. Maintenance shall include, but not be limited to, any equipment failures or malfunctions as well as equipment damage either by the motoring public, Contractor operations, vandalism, or other means. The potential cost of replacing or repairing any malfunctioning, damaged, or vandalized equipment shall be included in the bid price of this item and will not be paid for separately.

## Lighting System Maintenance Operations

The Contractor's responsibility shall include all applicable responsibilities of the Electrical Maintenance Contract, State of Illinois, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, District One. These responsibilities shall include the maintenance of lighting units (including sign lighting), cable runs and lighting controls. In the case of a pole knockdown or sign light damage, the Contractor shall promptly clear the lighting unit and circuit discontinuity and restore the system to service. The equipment shall then be re-set by the contractor within the time limits specified herein.

If the equipment damaged by normal vehicular traffic, not contractor operations, is beyond repair and cannot be re-set, the contractor shall replace the equipment in kind with payment made for such equipment under Article 109.04. If the equipment damaged by any construction operations, not normal vehicular traffic, is beyond repair and cannot be re-set, the contractor shall replace the equipment in kind and the cost of the equipment shall be included in the cost of this pay item and shall not be paid for separately.

Responsibilities shall also include weekly night-time patrol of the lighting system, with patrol reports filed immediately with the Engineer and with deficiencies corrected within 24 hours of the patrol. Patrol reports shall be presented on standard forms as designated by the Engineer. Uncorrected deficiencies may be designated by the Engineer as necessitating emergency repairs as described elsewhere herein.

The following chart lists the maximum response, service restoration, and permanent repair time the Contractor will be allowed to perform corrective action on specific lighting system equipment.

INCIDENT OR PROBLEM	SERVICE RESPON SE TIME	SERVICE RESTORATI ON TIME	PERMANE NT REPAIR TIME
Control cabinet out	1 hour	4 hours	7 Calendar days
Hanging mast arm	1 hour to clear	na	7 Calendar days
Radio problem	1 hour	4 hours	7 Calendar days
Motorist caused damage or leaning light pole 10 degrees or more	1 hour to clear	4 hours	7 Calendar days
Circuit out – Needs to reset breaker	1 hour	4 hours	na
Circuit out – Cable trouble	1 hour	24 hours	21 Calendar days
Outage of 3 or more successive lights	1 hour	4 hours	na
Outage of 75% of lights on one tower	1 hour	4 hours	na
Outage of light nearest RR crossing approach, Islands and gores	1 hour	4 hours	na
Outage (single or multiple) found on night outage survey or reported to EMC	na	na	7 Calendar days
Navigation light outage	na	na	24 hours

- Service Response Time -- amount of time from the initial notification to the Contractor until a patrolman physically arrives at the location.
- Service Restoration Time amount of time from the initial notification to the Contractor until the time the system is fully operational again (In cases of motorist caused damage the undamaged portions of the system are operational.)
- Permanent Repair Time amount of time from initial notification to the Contractor until the time permanent repairs are made if the Contractor was required to make temporary repairs to meet the service restoration requirement.

Failure to provide this service will result in liquidated damages of \$500 per day per occurrence. In addition, the Department reserves the right to assign any work not completed within this timeframe to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor. All costs associated to repair this uncompleted work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to pay these costs to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor within one month after the incident will result in additional liquidated damages of \$500 per month per occurrence. Unpaid bills will be deducted from any monies owed to the Contractor. Repeated failures and/or a gross failure of maintenance shall result in the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor being directed to correct all deficiencies and the resulting costs deducted from any monies owed the contractor.

Damage caused by the Contractor's operations shall be repaired at no additional cost to the Contract.

## Operation of Lighting

The lighting shall be operational every night, dusk to dawn. Duplicate lighting systems (such as temporary lighting and proposed new lighting) shall not be operated simultaneously. Lighting systems shall not be kept in operation during long daytime periods.

## Method of Measurement

The contractor shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the lighting system is fully operational prior to submitting a pay request. Failure to do so will be grounds for denying the pay request. Months in which the lighting systems are not maintained and not operational will not be paid for. Payment shall not be made retroactively for months in which lighting systems were not operational.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> Maintenance of lighting systems shall be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar month for MAINTENANCE OF LIGHTING SYSTEM, which shall include all work as described herein.

Four Lakes Avenue Section 11-00058-00-BR Contract #: 61A89 DuPage County

**UNIT DUCT** Effective: January 1, 2012

Revise the first paragraph of Article 810.04 to read:

"The unit duct shall be installed at a minimum depth of 30-inches (760 mm) unless otherwise directed by the Engineer."

## Revise Article 1088.01(c) to read:

"(c) Coilable Nonmetallic Conduit.

General:

The duct shall be a plastic duct which is intended for underground use and which can be manufactured and coiled or reeled in continuous transportable lengths and uncoiled for further processing and/or installation without adversely affecting its properties of performance. The duct shall be a plastic duct which is intended for underground use and can be manufactured and coiled or reeled in continuous transportable lengths and uncoiled for further processing and/or installation without adversely affecting its properties of performance.

The duct shall be made of high density polyethylene which shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 2447, for schedule 40. The duct shall be composed of black high density polyethylene meeting the requirements of ASTM D 3350, Class C, Grade P33. The wall thickness shall be in accordance with Table 2 for ASTM D 2447.

The duct shall be UL Listed per 651-B for continuous length HDPE coiled conduit. The duct shall also comply with NEC Article 354.100 and 354.120.

Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with the details of these requirements.

Dimensions:

Duct dimensions shall conform to the standards listed in ASTM D2447. Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with these requirements.

Nominal Size		Nominal I.D.		Nominal O.D.		Minimum W	all
mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in
31.75	1.2	35.05	1.38	42.16	1.66	3.556	0.140
	5		0		0	+0.51	+0.020
38.1	1.5	40.89	1.61	48.26	1.90	3.683	0.145
	0		0		0	+0.51	+0.020

Nominal Size		Pulled	Tensile
mm	in	N	lbs
31.75	1.25	3322	747
38.1	1.50	3972	893

Marking:

As specified in NEMA Standard Publication No. TC-7, the duct shall be clearly and durably marked at least every 3.05 meters (10 feet) with the material designation (HDPE for high density polyethylene), nominal size of the duct and the name and/or trademark of the manufacturer.

Performance Tests:

Polyethylene Duct testing procedures and test results shall meet the requirements of UL 651. Certified copies of the test report shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to the installation of the duct. Duct crush test results shall meet or exceed the following requirements:

Duct Diameter			Min. force required to deform sample 50%	
mm	in	N	lbs	
35	1.25	4937	1110	
41	1.5	4559	1025	

## WIRE AND CABLE

Effective: January 1, 2012

Add the following to the first paragraph of Article 1066.02(a):

"The cable shall be rated at a minimum of 90°C dry and 75°C wet and shall be suitable for installation in wet and dry locations, and shall be resistant to oils and chemicals."

Revise the Aerial Electric Cable Properties table of Article 1066.03(a)(3) to read:

Phase (	Conductor	Messenger wire			
Size AWG	Stranding	U U		Minimum Size	Stranding
		Thickness		AWG	
		mm	mils		
6	7	1.1	(45)	6	6/1
4	7	1.1	(45)	4	6/1

Aerial Electric Cable Properties

2	7	1.1	(45)	2	6/1
1/0	19	1.5	(60)	1/0	6/1
2/0	19	1.5	(60)	2/0	6/1
3/0	19	1.5	(60)	3/0	6/1
4/0	19	1.5	(60)	4/0	6/1

Add the following to Article 1066.03(b) of the Standard Specifications:

"Cable sized No. 2 AWG and smaller shall be U.L. listed Type RHH/RHW and may be Type RHH/RHW/USE. Cable sized larger than No. 2 AWG shall be U.L. listed Type RHH/RHW/USE."

Revise Article 1066.04 to read:

"Aerial Cable Assembly. The aerial cable shall be an assembly of insulated aluminum conductors according to Section 1066.02 and 1066.03. Unless otherwise indicated, the cable assembly shall be composed of three insulated conductors and a steel reinforced bare aluminum conductor (ACSR) to be used as the ground conductor. Unless otherwise indicated, the code word designation of this cable assembly is "Palomino". The steel reinforced aluminum conductor shall conform to ASTM B-232. The cable shall be assembled according to ANSI/ICEA S-76-474."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1066.05 to read:

"The tape shall have reinforced metallic detection capabilities consisting of a woven reinforced polyethylene tape with a metallic core or backing."

## UNDERGROUND RACEWAYS

Effective: January 1, 2012

Revise Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Installation. All underground conduit shall have a minimum depth of 30-inches (700 mm) below the finished grade."

Add the following to Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications:

"All metal conduit installed underground shall be Rigid Steel Conduit unless otherwise indicated on the plans."

Add the following to Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications:

"All raceways which extend outside of a structure or duct bank but are not terminated in a cabinet, junction box, pull box, handhole, post, pole, or pedestal shall extend a minimum or 300 mm (12") or the length shown on the plans beyond the structure or duct bank. The end of this extension shall be capped

and sealed with a cap designed for the conduit to be capped. The ends of rigid metal conduit to be capped shall be threaded, the threads protected with full galvanizing, and capped with a threaded galvanized steel cap. The ends of rigid nonmetallic conduit and coilable nonmetallic conduit shall be capped with a rigid PVC cap of not less than 3 mm (0.125") thick. The cap shall be sealed to the conduit using a room-temperature-vulcanizing (RTV) sealant compatible with the material of both the cap and the conduit. A washer or similar metal ring shall be glued to the inside center of the cap with epoxy, and the pull cord shall be tied to this ring."

Add the following to Article 810.04(c) of the Standard Specifications:

"Coilable non-metallic conduit shall be machine straightened to remove the longitudinal curvature caused by coiling the conduit onto reels prior to installing in trench, encasing in concrete or embedding in structure. The straightening shall not deform the cross-section of the conduit such that any two measured outside diameters, each from any location and at any orientation around the longitudinal axis along the conduit differ by more than 6 mm (0.25")." The longitudinal axis of the straightened conduit shall not deviate by more than 20 mm per meter (0.25" per foot" from a straight line. The HDPE and straightening mechanism manufacturer operating temperatures shall be followed.

## LUMINAIRE, SPECIAL General

Work shall consist of providing a Village of Lisle standard LED Luminaire

LED Luminaire shall be manufactured by LEOTEK, Cobra Street Light model No. GCA1 with 60 LED or approved equal. The Luminaire shall be equipped with Photocell Receptacle and photocell.

Contractor shall confer with Village of Lisle Engineer to determine LED Luminaire standard.

<u>842.06 Basis of Payment</u> led luminaire, special units will be paid for at the contract unit price per unit of each for LUMINAIRE, SPECIAL.

# REMOVAL OF LIGHTING UNIT, SALVAGE

General

Work shall consist of the removal and disposal of lighting units as shown on the drawings. section 842 of the Standard Specifications shall be modified as follows:

842.03 (b) shall be modified to read:

Poles, luminaires, and all associated hardware shall remain the property of the Four Lakes Home Owners Association, and shall be delivered to that entity as directed by the Engineer. Wood blocking, banding, or other appurtenant items required for proper stacking and protection shall be included. 842.05 shall be modified so that "Department storage facility" is replaced by "Four Lakes Home Owners Association storage facility."

842.06 shall be modified to read as follows:

<u>842.06</u> Basis of Payment Removal of lighting units will be paid for at the contract unit price per unit of each for REMOVAL OF LIGHTING UNIT, SALVAGE.

### LIGHT POLE, SPECIAL

### <u>General</u>

Work shall consist of providing a Village of Lisle standard light pole and Mast Arm.

light pole shall be manufactured by Ameron model No. MEO-7.5 or approved equal. Mast arm shall be from the same manufactured by the same manufacture Model No. MO-AD or approved equal. The color and finish of the Light pole and the mast arm shall be coordinated with the Village of Lisle.

Section 830.03 of the Standard Specifications shall be revised to add

(c) Concrete Pole. Pole shall be pre-stressed concrete, hexagonal cross-section, 35-foot mounting height, with 6-foot mast arm to accept 150-watt LED luminaire.

Pole shall be of concrete, the same color and finish as existing poles. Article 1069.01 shall have the following added:

(k) Standard: Contractor shall confer with Village of Lisle Engineer to determine standard.

<u>842.06</u> Basis of Payment light pole, special units will be paid for at the contract unit price per unit of each for LIGHT POLE, SPECIAL.

### MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL SYSTEMS

<u>Description.</u> The temporary erosion control systems installed by the Contractor shall be properly maintained as directed by the Engineer to control siltation at all times during the life of the contract. This work includes repair of the various systems, removal of entrapped sediment, cleaning of any silt filter fabric, cleaning of inlet filters and maintenance and adjustment of rock. The sediment shall be removed as directed by the Engineer during the contract period and disposed of according to Article 202.03.

Accumulated silt in sediment basins and dewatering areas shall be removed at any time the basin becomes 75 percent filled. Any additional materials and work required by the Engineer will be measured and paid for as specified. Silt Fence maintenance shall consist of maintaining silt fence that has fallen down or become ineffective as a result of natural forces. This work shall include the removal of sediment buildup from behind the silt fence when the sediment has reached a level of half the above ground height of the fence, or as directed by the Engineer. Maintenance and adjustment of rock at culvert inlet protection locations and other rock locations designated on the plans shall also be included.

Work performed under this item is to be submitted by the Contractor to the resident Engineer on a force account basis in accordance with 109.04 (b) of the Standard Specifications. The Resident engineer may use any, all or none of this item. If the Contractor fails to maintain the temporary erosion control systems as directed by the Engineer, the Engineer may at the expiration of a period of 48 hours after having given the Contractor written notice, proceed to maintain the systems as deemed necessary, and the cost thereof will be deducted from any compensation due, or which may become due to the Contractor under this contract.

Method of Measurement. This work shall be measured at the unit price per lump sum.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid at the contract unit price per lump sum for MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL SYSTEMS. This price shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

### SIGN REMOVAL

This item shall consist of the removal of the signs, supports, and posts noted in the plans in accordance with Section 724 of the Standard Specifications. All signs to be removed and not re-erected shall become the property of the Village of Lisle.

Basis of Payment. The cost of all the labor, disposal, grading, materials and equipment necessary to complete the work as indicated in this Special Provision shall be included in the contract unit price per Each for SIGN REMOVAL and no additional compensation will be allowed.

### DEWATERING

This work shall be done in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 281 of the Standard Specifications and shall include the furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing of a TEMPORARY DEWATERING DITCH at the location shown on the plans.

### MATERIALS:

1. SEDIMENT CONTAINER FILTER BAG - Sediment Control Filter Bags must be ACF Environmental ERO-TEX dewatering filter bag, US Fabrics filter bag, or JMD Enviro- Protection filter bag or approved equal by the Engineer, of the size required to adequately filter pumped water per the manufacturers' specifications.

2. TEMPORARY DEWATERING SUMP - Materials for Dewatering Sump must be 2 inch Coarse Aggregate and a filter fabric, with a ¼ to ½ inch hardware cloth wire placed around the standpipe prior to attaching the filter fabric, as shown on the detail Drawings.

3. POLYMER - The polymer must be a water-soluble anionic polyacrylamide (PAM) used to minimize soil erosion, bind soil particles, remove suspended particles, and act as a construction aide. All site-specific soils must be tested by a qualified person each time a PAM is used. The polymer must be used in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines and as approved by the Engineer.

a. Anionic PAM mixture must have  $\leq 0.05\%$  free acrylamide monomer by weight as established by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

b. The PAM mixture must be accompanied by manufacturers written instructions to ensure proper (1) Product and Site Preparation, (2) Application, (3) Maintenance/Re-application, (4) Storage, and (5) Safety, in accordance with Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) material safety data sheet (MSDS) requirements and other applicable guidelines including manufacturer's recommendations for specified use.

c. Anionic PAM application must comply with all federal, state, and local laws, rules or regulations governing anionic PAM. The Contractor will be responsible for securing required permits.

d. In addition to soil testing, a Qualified Person must design the installation plan for the polymers based on mix time and point of entry.

e. The materials used must be harmless to plant and aquatic life.

f. Different types of polymers may be required for each soil type or combination of soils. The manufacturer or supplier will provide general written application methods, based on site conditions, such as slope and soil type.

4. VISQUENE/PLASTIC LINER - VaporBlock Plus or approved equal shall be used to line the ditch.

5. JUTE NETTING -

a. Jute netting must be of a uniform, open, plain weave, undyed and unbleached single jut yarn. The yarn must be of loosely twisted construction and must not vary in thickness by more than one-half its normal diameter.

b. Minimum width must be 48 inches, + or -1 inch from manufacturer's rated width. c. Seventy-eight warp ends per 4 feet of width.

- d. Forty one weft ends per yard.
- e. Weight must average 1.22 lbs per linear yard with a tolerance of + or 5%.
- f. Jute netting must be used in conjunction with polymer (PAM) as per Engineer direction.

6. Other Items - All other materials such as straw bales, lathe, etc. shall be in compliance with Section 280 of the Standard Specifications and must meet commercial grade standards and must be approved by the Engineer before being incorporated into the Project.

### CONSTRUCTION METHODS:

TEMPORARY DEWATERING DITCH – This work shall include the furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing of the TEMPORARY DEWATERING DITCH as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer to provide a drainage path to convey the flow of water pumped from the various work zones in a positive direction toward the creek. The bottom of the ditch is to be constructed with VISQUENE/PLASTIC LINER with an outside edge of hay bales, staked into the ground and a layer of JUTE NETTING with POLYMER. Also, AGGREGATE DITCH CHECKS must be provided according to the plans to provide an energy dissipater with a layer of JUTE NETTING over each AGGREGATE DITCH CHECK.

Behind each AGGREGATE DITCH CHECK the contractor must place a FLOCCULATION LOG as directed by the engineer. The VISQUENE/PLASTIC LINER, Riprap and JUTE NETTING must be inspected by the Engineer, before the TEMPORARY DEWATERING DITCH may convey flow.

### 1. Dewatering:

a. TEMPORARY DEWATERING SUMP. Pumping water from open trenches or other areas must be performed in a manner to minimize the turbidity of the pumped water in accordance with Illinois Urban Manual IL-650. This pumping shall utilize an inlet hose with filter fabric over the intake and positioned in an aggregate-filled hole near the bottom of the trench. The intake hose shall be supported on a floatation or similar device so as not to pump directly from the bottom of the basin, trench, etc. Water must be pumped directly into a Sediment Containment Filter Bag. All materials, labor and excavation required to prepare the TEMPORARY DEWATERING SUMP are included in the cost of DEWATERING.

b. SEDIMENT CONTAINER FILTER BAG. Water must be pumped directly to a SEDIMENT CONTAINER FILTER BAG. A SEDIMENT CONTAINER FILTER BAG must be used according to the manufacturer's instructions, as modified by the Contract Drawings and Specifications. The SEDIMENT CONTAINER FILTER BAG must be placed on 4" of compacted CA-6 bedding.

### 2. POLYMER & FLOCCULATION LOG:

a. All vendors and suppliers of polyacrylamide (PAM), PAM mix or blends must present or supply a written toxicity report which verifies that the PAM, PAM mix or blend exhibits acceptable toxicity parameters which meet or exceed the requirements for the state and federal water quality standards. No Cationic formulations of PAM, PAM blends, polymers of Chitosan are allowed for use under this Specification.

The manufacturer or supplier must provide a product expiration date for anionic

PAM mixtures based on product expiration date of PAM in pure form.

The application method must provide uniform coverage to the target area and avoid drift to non-target areas. The applicator of anionic PAM must document, at the time of application, the following:

- i. Name of applicator
- ii. Application rate per acre
- iii. Date applied
- iv. Product type
- v. Weather conditions during application
- vi. Method of application

Copies of this documentation must be entered into the Contractor's monitoring log or project diary and made available upon request.

Unused liquid anionic PAM mixtures must be minimized. Excess material will not be applied at a rate greater than the maximum application rate. Disposal must not occur in Waters of the U.S. (W.U.S.) and storm water conveyance systems (i.e. Storm sewer manholes, storm sewer inlets, ditches, and culverts).

Anionic PAM mixtures must achieve P 80% reduction in soil loss as measured by a 1 hour storm duration 2"/hour rainfall simulator test performed in accordance with methods used by Bubenzer and Patterson (1982) as pre-qualification for field testing.

Performance of anionic PAM mixtures must be verified and field tested.

The manufacturer must provide a toxicological report for the Polymer Binder performed by a third-party, EPA approved laboratory.

Anionic PAM use must conform to all federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations regarding use, discharge, and disposal of chemical materials.

b. FLOCCULATION LOG Application: A FLOCCULATION LOG is a semi-hydrated polyacrylamide block that when placed within storm water or construction site discharge, will remove fine particles and reduce NTU values. Placement of the flocculation log should be as close to the source of particle suspension as possible. Ideal performance of the flocculation logs results when used in conjunction with other best management practices. Each flocculation log is formulated for the soil and water chemistry at the site. Soil and water samples shall be taken by the Contractor and tested to determine which formula flocculation log is needed along with proper placement.

c. The POLYMER and FLOCCULATION LOG will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of DEWATERING.

### MEASUREMENT/PAYMENT:

1. DEWATERING. This work will be measured for payment as LUMP SUM and shall include furnishing, excavation, installation, maintenance and removal of TEMPORARY DEWATERING SUMP, JUTE NETTING, and SEDIMENT CONTAINER FILTER BAG and items required for the construction of the TEMPORARY DEWATERING DITCH as detailed on the plans such as excavation, VISQUENE/PLASTIC LINER, filter fabrics, straw bales, lathe and any other related work necessary to provide a work zone free of excessive water levels. Maintenance efforts such as excavation of sediment from TEMPORARY DEWATERING DITCH and/or replacement of the SEDIMENT CONTAINER FILTER BAG will not be paid for separately but will be considered included in the cost for DEWATERING.

Pumping: Means and methods of pumping water from excavated trenches, footing excavations, or other areas will be considered included in the work item to which it pertains and will not be paid for separately.

2. POLYMER and FLOCCULATION LOG: These items of work will not be measured and paid for separately but the cost of all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to complete these items per plan and as directed by the Engineer shall be included with the lump sum price for DEWATERING and shall include all regular maintenance and replacement.

3. AGGREGATE DITCH CHECK – The AGGREGATE DITCH CHECKS identified to be in the Temporary Dewatering Ditch on the downstream side of the sediment containment filter bag will be paid for separately at the contract unit price per TON for AGGREGATE DITCH CHECK.

### CHAIN LINK FENCE TO BE REMOVED AND RE-ERECTED

This work shall consist of the removal, storage and reinstallation of the existing golf course chain link fence at the locations shown on the plans within the temporary easement. Installation of the chain link fence shall be performed in accordance with the applicable Articles of Section 664 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer.

The contractor shall remove, store, protect, and reinstall the existing chain link fence in a workmanlike manner to avoid damaging the material. Any repair or touch-up required shall be performed by the Contractor using a method approved by the Engineer and at the Contractor's expense. If any material is damaged by the Contractor, it shall be replaced with the same type of material at the Contractor's expense.

The removal limits shown in the plans are approximate. The existing chain link fence shall be removed to the nearest post location as directed by the Engineer while staying within the Temporary Easement. If the existing posts are set in concrete foundations, the Contractor shall remove the posts from the foundations. The existing foundations shall be disposed of by the Contractor in accordance with Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications. The resultant voids at the removal locations shall be backfilled with controlled low strength material or topsoil as directed by the Engineer.

The proposed location for the installation of the existing chain link fence shall be determined by the Engineer. The proposed post foundations shall be constructed to match the existing post foundations or as otherwise directed by the Engineer. Aggregate foundations shall be constructed in accordance with the details of the Highway Standard 640001 or as directed by the Engineer. Concrete foundations shall be constructed in accordance with the details of the Highway Standard 640001 or as otherwise directed by the Engineer.

This work will be measured for payment in accordance with Article 664.13 of the Standard Specifications and will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for CHAIN LINK FENCE TO BE REMOVED AND RE-ERECTED, which price shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary to complete the work as specified, including all excavation, controlled low-strength material, aggregate or concrete foundations, and backfill.

### STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

This work shall be done in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 281 of the Standard Specifications and shall include the furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing of the STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE at locations and per the details shown on the plans.

Coarse Aggregate and geotextile fabric for the STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, must meet the requirements of the IDOT Standard Specifications, the requirements of the Illinois Urban Manual material Specification 592 and as detailed on the plans, unless otherwise

directed by the Engineer.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per SQUARE YARD measured in place for STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE excavation in rock; removal and disposal of excavated materials; embankment; geotechnical fabric; furnishing, placing, compacting and disposing of coarse aggregate; and for all labor, tools and equipment necessary to construct the work as specified.

### WOOD GUARD RAIL REMOVAL

<u>Description</u>: This work shall consist of the removal and satisfactory disposal of existing wood guardrail, including posts, foundations, and accessories at the locations shown on the plans as directed by the Engineer. This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 632 of the Standard Specifications and this Special Provision.

<u>General:</u> The Contractor shall verify the limits of guardrail removal with the Engineer in the field before any guardrail is removed. The guardrail shall be removed to the nearest post as directed by the Engineer. The existing guardrail shall become the property of the Four Lakes Homeowner Association unless otherwise agreed upon by the Contractor, the Homeowner Association and the Engineer.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for WOOD GUARDRAIL REMOVAL, measured in place along the top of the fence from center to center of end posts, which price shall include all labor and equipment necessary to remove and dispose of the guardrail materials including posts, foundations, and accessories.

# WOOD GUARD RAIL

<u>Description</u>: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a wood post and wood guardrail in accordance with applicable portions of Sections 507 and 641 of the Standard Specifications, as per the details shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The wood post and wood guardrail shall match the existing wood post and guardrail. Prior to the removal of the existing wood guardrail the Contractor shall field verify the existing wood guardrail.

The posts and rails shall comply with the requirements of Section 1007 of the Standard Specifications for No. 1 Dense SR 1550 F for southern pine or No. 1 Dense 1400 F for Douglas fir. All lumber shall be sound and free from excessive splitting or deterioration. Dimensions shown on the plans are for surfaced (S4S) lumber. All wood used for posts and rails shall be treated with ACA or CCA according to Article 1007.12, Miscellaneous Lumber for Human Contact. After erection of the fence, the Contractor shall apply two (2) coats of a commercially available water seal for treated lumber meeting the approval of the Engineer.

Hardware shall include all necessary fasteners and appurtenances for construction of the fence and shall be according to Article 1006.17.

Wooden guardrail construction shall conform to the applicable portions of Sections 507 and 641 of the Standard Specifications. The backfill for posts shall be CA 6, CA 10, or CA 12 aggregate

according to Article 1004.01. Backfill shall be thoroughly compacted, meeting the approval of the Engineer.

The wood guardrail will be measured for payment in feet along the top of the guardrail from center to center of end posts.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price, per foot, for WOOD GUARDRAIL, of the type to match the existing wood guardrail which price shall include all equipment and labor required to complete the work as specified.

### TURBIDITY CURTAIN

This work shall consist of the furnishing, installation, and removal of turbidity curtains, used for the purpose of temporarily controlling the erosion and turbidity encountered during construction in a waterway.

The Contractor shall furnish, install, and remove all specified turbidity curtains in accordance with the Contract Plans and documents.

All materials shall conform to the applicable requirements of Section 1080, Fabric Materials. Materials and specific references as follows:

Turbidity curtain system shall be a flexible fabric silt curtain from a supplier such as BoomEnviro, BBL.

The turbidity curtain shall be installed at the location(s) as shown on the Plans. The curtain shall be installed in such a manner to prevent drift shoreward or downstream. The bottom of the curtain shall reach the bottom of the waterway using 1 or 2 vertical sections as required.

Anchors shall be installed to the manufacturer's recommendations on both the shore and stream to maximize stability. Shore anchors shall consist of a post with dead man or approved equal. Stream anchors shall be sufficient size, type and strength to stabilize the curtain with the number and spacing dependent on the current velocities. Anchors shall be buoyed to prevent the curtain from being pulled under water.

The Contractor shall be responsible for maintenance of the curtain throughout construction operations.

On completion of the project, the Contractor shall remove the curtain in a manner that will prevent siltation of the waterway.

### Method Of Measurement:

The work will be measured for payment in square yards in place.

### Basis Of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for TURBIDITY CURTAIN and shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

### CONCRETE TRUCK WASHOUT

This work shall consist of all labor, equipment, and materials necessary to construct and maintain concrete truck washouts. Number and location of concrete truck washouts necessary are dependent on the Contractor's operations.

This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for CONCRETE TRUCK WASHOUT, regardless of the number provided.

### SEEDING, CLASS 4A (MODIFIED) SEEDING, CLASS 5A (MODIFIED)

This work shall consist of preparing the seed bed, placing the seed, initial and maintenance watering of the seed bed and other materials required in the seeding operation including horticultural grade vermiculite in areas as shown in the plans.

All work, materials and equipment shall conform to Section 250 and 1081 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The Grass seed mix and the Forb seed mix shall be supplied in separate bags of three mix components: Temporary Cover, Permanent Grasses, and Forbs. All native seed species will be local genotype and verified that original seed collection source will be from within a radius of 150 miles from DuPage County. The Forbs seed mix shall be supplied with the appropriate inoculants. Fertilizer is not required.

Article 250.07 Seeding Mixtures – Delete sentence 4. Add the following to Table 1 – Seeding Mixtures:

CLASS – TYPE SEEDS	PURE LIVE SEED OZ/ACRE
Mesic Prairie Grasses	152.0
Andropogon gerardii	48.0
(Big Bluestem)	48.0
Andropogon scoparius	48.0
(Little Bluestem)	48.0
Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye)	48.0
Sorghastrum nutans	40.0
(Indian Grass)	8.0
Temporary Cover	512 (oz/acre)
Temporary oover	
Avena sativa	
(Oats)	512.0 (November 15 to April 30)
CLASS - TYPE SEEDS	PURE LIVE SEED OZ/ACRE
Mesic Prairie Forbs	30.0
Aster novae-angliae	
(New England Aster)	1.6
Coreopsis tripteris	0.0
(Tall Coreopsis)	2.0
Eryngium yuccifolium	2.0
(Rattlesnake Master)	3.0
Liatris pycnostachya	3.4
(Prairie Blazing Star) Monarda fistulosa	5.4
(Bergamot)	2.0
Penstemon digitalis	2.0
(Foxglove Beardtongue)	2.0
Ratibida pinnata	
(Yellow Coneflower)	2.0
Rudbeckia hirta	
(Black-Eyed Susan)	4.0
Rudbeckia subtomentosa	
(Sweet Coneflower)	4.0
Silphium integrifolium	
(Rosin Weed)	1.0
Silphium laciniatum	
(Compass Plant)	1.0
Silphium terebinthinaceum	4.0
(Prairie Dock)	1.0
Tradescantia ohiensis	1.0
(Spiderwort)	1.0
Zizia aurea	

(Golden Alexanders)

Notes:

- 1. The seeding time for this work shall be from November 15 to April 30. Seeding done outside of this time frame will not be measured for payment.
- 2. Each bag shall be labeled. The label shall bear the dealer's guarantee of mixture and year grown, purity, and germination, with date of test, and collection source location. Purity and germination tests no older than six months of the date of sowing must be submitted to verify all of bulk seed required to achieve LB PLS specified.
- 3. No seed shall be sown until the purity testing has been completed for seeds to be used and shows the seed meets the noxious weed requirements.
- 4. Seed, which has become wet, moldy, or otherwise damaged will not be acceptable. Prior to application, the Engineer must approve seed mix in the bags.
- 5. The seedbed shall be prepared and approved by the Engineer prior to seeding. The Contractor shall delineate the perimeter of the seedbed with wooden lathe.
- 6. No seed shall be sown during high winds or when the ground is not in proper condition for seeding.
- 7. The Engineer must witness the delivery of seed with original labels attached in the field. Provide to the Engineer the seed labels from the bags in which the seed is delivered in.
- 8. Temporary cover seed shall be kept separate from the Permanent type mixture. It shall be mixed on site under the direction of the Engineer.
- 9. In order to eliminate potential introduction of invasive or exotic species, all equipment used on the planting site shall be free of mud and/or plant material. This includes tires, mower decks, undercarriage, etc.
- 10. The Cover Crop shall be thoroughly mixed with the Grass seed mix and seeded using a mechanical seeder that applies the seed uniformly at a depth of 1/4 inch. Second, the Forb seed shall be thoroughly mixed with 2 bushels of moistened horticultural grade vermiculite per acre and uniformly seeded at a depth of 1/8 inch. The seedbed shall be immediately covered as specified.

If specified seed material is unavailable, the Engineer shall approve the substitutes in writing. Adjustments will be made at no cost to the contract. Approval of substitutes shall in no way waive any requirements of the contract.

Article 250.09 - Add Seeding, Class 4A (Modified).

Add Seeding, Class 5A (Modified)

Article 250.10 – Add Seeding, Mesic Prairie.

# PROTECTION OF EXISTING TREES

The Contractor shall be responsible for taking measures to minimize damage to the tree limbs, tree trunks, and tree roots at each work site. All such measures shall be included in the contract price for other work except that payment will be made for TEMPORARY FENCE, TREE ROOT PRUNING, and TREE PRUNING.

All work, materials and equipment shall conform to Section 201 and 1081 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

- A. Earth Saw Cut of Tree Roots (Root Pruning):
  - 1. Whenever proposed excavation falls within a drip-line of a tree, the Contractor shall:
    - a. Root prune 6-inches behind and parallel to the proposed edge of trench a neat, clean vertical cut to a minimum depth directed by the Engineer through all affected tree roots.
    - b. Root prune to a maximum width of 4-inches using a "Vermeer" wheel, or other similar machine. Trenching machines will not be permitted.
    - c. Exercise care not to cut any existing utilities.
    - d. If during construction it becomes necessary to expose tree roots which have not been precut, the Engineer shall be notified and the Contractor shall provide a clean, vertical cut at the proper root location, nearer the tree trunk, as necessary, by means of hand-digging and trimming with chain saw or hand saw. Ripping, shredding, shearing, chopping or tearing will not be permitted.
    - e. Top Pruning: When thirty percent (30%) or more of the root zone is pruned, an equivalent amount of the top vegetative growth or the plant material shall be pruned off within one (1) week following root pruning.
  - 2. Whenever curb and gutter is removed for replacement, or excavation for removal of or construction of a structure is within the drip line/root zone of a tree, the Contractor shall:
    - a. Root prune 6-inches behind the curbing so as to neatly cut the tree roots.
    - b. Depth of cut shall be 12 inches for curb removal and replacement and 24 inches for structural work. Any roots encountered at a greater depth shall be neatly saw cut at no additional cost.
    - c. Locations where earth saw cutting of tree roots is required will be marked in the field by the Engineer.
  - 3. All root pruning work is to be performed through the services of a licensed arborist to be approved by the Engineer.

Root pruning will be paid for at the contract unit price each for TREE ROOT PRUNING, which price shall be payment for all labor, materials and equipment.

Tree limb pruning will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TREE PRUNING (1 TO 10 INCH DIAMETER) and/or TREE PRUNING (OVER 10 INCH DIAMETER), which price shall included labor, materials, and equipment.

- B. Temporary Fence:
  - 1. The Contractor shall erect a temporary fence around all trees within the construction area to establish a "tree protection zone" before any work begins or any material is delivered to the jobsite. No work is to be performed (other than root pruning), materials stored or vehicles driven or parked within the "tree protection zone".
  - 2. The exact location and establishment of the "tree protection zone" fence shall be approved by the Engineer prior to setting the fence.
  - 3. The fence shall be erected on three sides of the tree at the drip-line of the tree or as determined by the Engineer.
  - 4. All work within the "tree protection zone" shall have the Engineer's prior approval. All slopes and other areas not regarded should be avoided so that unnecessary damage is not done to the existing turf, tree root system ground cover.
  - 5. The grade within the "tree protection zone" shall not be changed unless approved by the Engineer prior to making said changes or performing the work.

The fence shall be similar to wood lath snow fence (48 inches high), plastic poly-type or and other type of highly visible barrier approved by the Engineer. This fence shall be properly maintained and shall remain up until final restoration, unless the Engineer directs removal otherwise. Tree fence shall be supported using T-Post style fence posts. Utilizing re-bar as a fence post will not be permitted.

Temporary fence will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for TEMPORARY FENCE, which price shall include furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing.

- C. Tree Limb Pruning:
  - 1. The Contractor shall inspect the work site in advance and arrange with the Roadside Development Unit (847.705.4171) to have any tree limbs pruned that might be damaged by equipment operations at least one week prior to the start of construction. Any tree limbs that are broken by construction equipment after the initial pruning must be pruned correctly within 72 hours.
  - 2. Top Pruning: When thirty percent (30%) or more of the root zone of a tree is pruned, an equivalent amount of the top vegetative growth or the plant material shall be pruned off within one (1) week following root pruning.

Tree limb pruning will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TREE PRUNING (1 TO 10 INCH DIAMETER) and/or TREE PRUNING (OVER 10 INCH DIAMETER), which price shall included labor, materials, and equipment.

- D. Removal of Driveway Pavement and Sidewalk:
  - 1. In order to minimize the potential damage to the tree root system(s), the Contractor will not be allowed to operate any construction equipment or machinery within the "tree protection zone" located between the curb or edge of pavement and the right-of-way property line.
  - 2. Sidewalk to be removed in the areas adjacent to the "tree protection zones" shall be removed with equipment operated from the street pavement. Removal equipment shall be Grad-All (or similar method), or by hand or a combination of these methods. The method of removal shall be approved by the Engineer prior to commencing any work.
  - 3. Any pavement or pavement related work that is removed shall be immediately disposed of from the area and shall not be stockpiled or stored within the parkway area under any circumstances.
- E. Backfilling:
  - 1. Prior to placing the topsoil and/or sod, in areas outside the protection zone, the existing ground shall be disked to a depth no greater than one (1"), unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. No grading will be allowed within the drip-line of any tree unless directed by the Engineer.
- F. Damages:
  - 1. In the event that a tree not scheduled for removal is injured such that potential irreparable damage may ensure, as determined by the Roadside Development Unit, the Contractor shall be required to remove the damage tree and replace it on a three to one (3:1) basis, at his own expense. The Roadside Development Unit will select replacement trees from the pay items already established in the contract.
  - 2. The Contractor shall place extreme importance upon the protection and care of trees and shrubs which are to remain during all times of this improvement. It is of paramount importance that the trees and shrubs which are to remain are adequately protected by the Contractor and made safe from harm and potential damage from the operations and construction of this improvement. If the Contractor is found to be in violation of storage or operations within the "tree protection zone" or construction activities not approved by the Engineer, a penalty shall be levied against the Contractor with the monies being deducted

from the contract. The amount of the penalty shall be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) per occurrence per day.

### HEAVY DUTY EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SPECIAL)

This Special Provision revises Section 251 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction to eliminate the use of Excelsior Blanket for Erosion Control Blanket. This work shall consist of furnishing, transporting, and placing 100 % biodegradable erosion control blanket over seeded areas with biodegradable anchors as detailed on the plans, according to Section 251 except as modified herein.

Delete Article 1081.10(a) Excelsior Blanket.

Delete Article 1081.10(c) (1) Excelsior Blanket.

Delete the first paragraph of Article 1081.10 (c) (2) Knitted Straw Mat and substitute the following:

Knitted Straw Mat. The blanket shall be machine-produced 100% biodegradable blanket of 70% agricultural straw and 30% coconut fiber with a functional longevity of up to 18 months. The blanket shall be of consistent thickness with the straw and coconut evenly distributed over the entire area of the mat. The blanket shall be covered on the top and bottom sides with 100% biodegradable woven natural organic fiber netting such as North American Green SC150BN or equal. The top netting shall consist of machine directional strands formed from two intertwined yarns with cross directional strands interwoven through the twisted machine strands to form an approximate  $0.50 \times 1.0 (1.27 \times 2.54 \text{ cm})$ mesh. The blanket shall be sewn together on 1.50 inch (3.81 cm) centers with degradable thread. The blanket shall be manufactured with a colored thread stitched along both outer edges (approximately 2-5 inches (5-12.5cm) from the edge) as an overlap guide for adjacent mats.

Delete Article 1081.10(d) Wire Staples.

Add the following to Article 1081.10 (e) Wood Stakes:

Biodegradable plastic stakes will be allowed. The biodegradable plastic anchor shall be approximately 6 in (15.24 cm) in length. No metal wire stakes will be allowed.

Add the following to Article 251.05 Method of Measurement:

Heavy Duty Erosion Control Blanket, Special will be measured for payment in place in square yards (square meters) of actual surface areas covered.

Add the following to Article 251.06 Basis of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for HEAVY DUTY EROSION CONTROL BLANKET, SPECIAL.

# PLANTING WOODY PLANTS

This work shall consist of planting woody plants as specified in Section 253 of the Standard Specifications with the following revisions:

### Delete Article 253.03 Planting Time and substitute the following:

Spring Planting. This work shall be performed between March 15th and May 31st except that evergreen planting shall be performed between March 15th and April 30th in the northern zone.

### Add the following to Article 253.03 (a) (2) and (b):

All plants shall be obtained from Illinois Nurserymen's Association or appropriate state chapter nurseries. All trees and shrubs shall be dug prior to leafing out (bud break) in the spring or when plants have gone dormant in the fall, except for the following species which are only to be dug prior to leafing out in the spring:

- Maple (Acer spp.)
- Buckeye (Aesculus spp.)
- Serviceberry (Amelanchier spp.)
- Hackberry (Celtis occidentalis)
- Hawthorn (Crataegus spp.)
- Black Walnut (Juglans nigra)
- Crabapple (Malus spp.)
- Black Tupelo (Nyssa sylvatica)
- American Hophornbeam (Ostraya virginiana)
- Oak (Quercus spp.)
- Baldcypress (Taxodium distichum)
- American Linden (Tilia americana)

Fall Planting. This work shall be performed between October 1<sup>st</sup> and November 30<sup>th</sup> except that evergreen planting shall be performed between August 15<sup>th</sup> and October 15<sup>th</sup>.

Planting dates are dependent on species of plant material and weather. Planting might begin or end prior or after above dates as approved by the Engineer. Do not plant when soil is muddy or during frost. No plant material shall be installed prior to the final grade of the planting soil. Trees must be installed first to establish proper layout and to avoid damage to other plantings.

### Add the following to Article 253.05 Transportation:

Cover plants during transport. Plant material transported without cover shall be automatically rejected.

### Delete the third sentence of Article 253.07 and substitute the following:

When plans are not included showing the exact location of proposed plantings, the Engineer will place the marking flags. Allow a minimum of seven working (7) days prior to installation for layout. The Contractor shall be responsible for:

- 1. Providing marking flags to the Engineer for locating plants.
- 2. Contacting utility companies to identify any conflicts with the proposed planting locations after flags have been placed.
- 3. Obtaining approval from the Engineer for any relocation of proposed plantings due to utility conflicts, or other conflicts.

### Delete Article 253.08 Excavation of Plant Holes and substitute the following:

Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, knee walls, fences, pavements, utility boxes, other facilities, lawns and existing plants from damage caused by planting operations.

Holes for trees shall be dug at the location indicated by the marking stakes. Holes for shrubs shall be dug within the marked outline of the planting bed. The spacing of plants will be designated on the plans. Spacing shall be measured form center-to-center, and alternate rows shall be staggered.

Excavate with sides vertical, bottom flat but with high center for drainage. Deglaze sides. The planting hole shall be twice the diameter of the root ball if possible, but in no case shall the hole be less than twelve (12) inches wider. Any soil covering the tree's root flair shall be removed to expose the crown, along with any secondary root growth, prior to planting. Remove all excavated subsoil from the site and dispose as specified in Article 202.03. The excavated material shall not be stockpiled on turf or in ditches.

# Delete the third and fourth paragraphs of Article 253.10 Planting Procedures and Article 253.10 (a) and substitute the following:

Trees, shrubs, and vines shall be thoroughly watered with a method approved by the Engineer. Approved watering equipment shall be at the site of the work and in operational condition PRIOR TO STARTING the planting operation and DURING all planting operations OR PLANTING WILL NOT BE ALLOWED.

Set plants in the excavated hole with top of ball 2 to 3 inches above finished grade. Add soil as required under ball to achieve plumb. Remove all burlap and wire baskets from top three quarters (3/4) of the root ball. The remaining burlap shall be loosened and scored to provide the root system quick contact with the soil. All ropes or wires shall be removed from the root ball and tree trunk.

The hole shall be half (1/2) filled with soil, firmly packed, then saturated with water. After the water has soaked in, more soil shall be added to the top of the hole, and then the hole shall be saturated again. Maintain plumb during backfilling. Visible root flair shall be left exposed, uncovered by the addition of soil. By mounding up the soil around the hole, create a saucer depression around the tree to hold future water. In most cases, the backfill around the root ball

shall be the same soil that was removed from the hole. Where rocks, gravel, heavy clay or other debris are encountered, clean top soil shall be used. Do not backfill excavation with subsoil.

### Delete Article 253.11 and substitute the following:

Within 48 hours after planting, mulch shall be placed around all plants in the entire mulched bed or at the base of each tree to its dripline specified to a depth of 4 inches (100 mm). No weed barrier fabric will be required for tree and shrub planting.

The mulch shall consist of wood chips or shredded tree bark free not to exceed two (2) inches in its largest dimension, free of foreign matter, sticks, stones, and clods. A sample and request for material inspection form must be supplied to the Engineer for approval prior to performing any work.

Care shall be taken not to bury leaves, stems, or vines under mulch material. The mulch shall be pulled away 6" from the tree trunk, allowing the root flair at the base of the tree to be exposed and free of mulch contact. All finished mulch areas shall be left smooth and level to maintain uniform surface and appearance. After the mulch placement, any debris or piles of material shall be immediately removed from the right of way, including raking excess mulch out of turf areas.

### Delete Article 253.12 Wrapping and substitute the following:

Any paper or cardboard trunk wrap must be removed before placing the tree in the tree hole in order to inspect the condition of the trunks. Within 48 hours, "A layer of commercial screen wire mesh shall be wrapped around the trunk of all deciduous trees. The screen wire shall be secured to itself with staples or single wire strands tied to the mesh. Trees shall be wrapped at time of planting, before the installation of mulch. The lower edge of the screen wire shall be in continuous contact with the ground and shall extend up to the lowest major branch.

### Add the following to Article 253.13 Bracing:

Trees required to be braced shall be braced within 24 hours of planting.

# Add the following to the first paragraph of Article 253.14 Period of Establishment:

Prior to being accepted, the plants shall endure a period of establishment. This period shall begin as soon as the tree is installed and end in December of the same year.

# Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 253.15 Plant Care and substitute the following:

This may require pruning, cultivating, tightening and repairing supports, repair of wrapping, and furnishing and applying sprays as necessary to keep the plants free of insects and disease. The Contractor shall provide plant care a minimum of every two weeks, or within 3 days

following notification by the Engineer. All requirements for plant care shall be considered as included in the cost of the contract.

# Delete the first paragraph of Article 253.15 Plant Care (a) and substitute the following:

During plant care additional watering shall be performed at least every two weeks during the months of May through December. The contractor shall apply a minimum of 35 gallons of water per tree, 25 gallons per large shrub, 15 gallons per small shrub, and 4 gallons per vine. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to adjust the watering rate and frequency depending upon weather conditions.

### Add the following to Article 253.15 Plant Care (d):

The contractor shall inspect all trees, shrubs, and vines for pests and diseases at least every two weeks during the months of initial planting through final acceptance. Contractor must identify and monitor pest and diseases and determine action required to maintain the good appearance, health and, top performance of all plant material. Contractor shall notify the Engineer with their inspection findings and recommendations within twenty-four hours of findings. The recommendations for action by the Contractor must be reviewed and by the Engineer for approval/rejection. All approved corrective activities will be considered as included in the cost of the contract and shall be performed within 48 hours following notification by the Engineer.

### Delete Article 253.17 Basis of Payment and substitute the following:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TREES, SHRUBS, or VINES, of the species, root type, and plant size specified; and per unit for SEEDLINGS. Payment will be made according to the following schedule.

- (a) Initial Payment. Upon completion of planting, mulch covering, wrapping, and bracing, 75 percent of the pay item(s) will be paid.
- (b) Final Payment. Upon inspection and acceptance of the plant material, or upon execution of a third party bond, the remaining 25 percent of the pay item(s) will be paid."

# **TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FENCE**

### Description.

The Contractor shall erect a temporary chain link fence as directed by the Engineer. This work shall follow the requirements set forth in Section 664 of the Standard Specifications. The fence shall be a minimum of 6 feet in height and shall be attached of mounted securely as to prevent the fence from being moved of knocked over. The Engineer shall approve all methods of attachment. Locations shall be as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Double swing gates are to be included to allow the passage of construction vehicles during working hours.

The Temporary Construction Fence that is determined by the Engineer to be damaged rendering it ineffective for its intended use will be immediately replaced by the Contractor. No additional compensation will be provided for replacing damaged fence.

Temporary Construction Fence is required to secure the construction site while constructing the proposed pedestrian bridge to ensure the safety of the public and the workers.

The Engineer may adjust the Temporary Construction Fence location as needed.

### Method of Measurement.

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FENCE will be measured for payment in feet along the top of the fence from center to center of end posts, including length occupied by gates.

### Basis of Payment.

This fence at all locations will be paid at the contract unit price per foot for TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FENCE, which includes all material, labor and equipment required to construct, mount/attaché, move and remove the fence, gates and associated hardware.

### TIMBER RETAINING WALL REMOVAL

### Description.

The Contractor shall remove the existing timber retaining wall at the locations shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer. This work shall consist of the removal of all types of timber retaining wall and shall be completed according to the applicable portions of Section 501 of the Standard Specifications and as noted herein. The timbers shall be sawed at the removal limits to avoid damage to the remaining timber. If the Contractor damages timber outside of the removal limits, they will be replaced and reinstalled by the Contractor at no additional expense to the contract.

The Contractor will be required to transport all removed material off the project site as specified in the applicable portions of Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

### Method of Measurement.

TIMBER RETAINING WALL REMOVAL will be measured for payment in feet along the base of the wall from end to end of the portion of wall to be removed as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

### Basis of Payment.

The removal of all timber retaining wall at all locations shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer, will be paid at the contract unit price per foot for TIMBER RETAINING WALL REMOVAL, which includes all material, labor and equipment required to remove and dispose of the timber retaining wall.

### AGGREGATE SHOULDER REMOVAL

This work shall consist of the removal and satisfactory disposal of existing aggregates shoulder, at the locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 440 of the Standard Specifications.

Four Lakes Avenue Section 11-00058-00-BR Contract #: 61A89 DuPage County

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Cubic Yard for AGGREGATE SHOULDER REMOVAL, which price shall include all labor and equipment necessary to compete the work.

### IN-STREAM NARRATIVE

This project requires a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 404 Permit. The permit issued to the department does not cover the in-stream work by the contractor, therefore, after award, the contractor shall submit the work plan to the department's resident engineer for acceptance. The acceptable plan must be submitted to the corps prior to starting work. The corps will not be providing an approval unless stated otherwise in the permit, and in-stream work can commence at the contractor's discretion after the corps has been copied with the plan acceptable to the department. Guidelines on acceptable in-stream work techniques can be found on the corps' website: <u>http://www.lrc.usace.army.mil/co-rpdf/cofferdam.pdf</u>. Lack of an approved plan or failure to comply will result in an esc deficiency deduction.

# IDOT TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISION (TPG)

Effective: August 1, 2012

Revised: February 1, 2014

In addition to the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action efforts undertaken as elsewhere required by this Contract, the Contractor is encouraged to participate in the incentive program to provide additional on-the-job training to certified graduates of IDOT funded pre-apprenticeship training programs outlined by this Special Provision.

It is the policy of IDOT to fund IDOT pre-apprenticeship training programs throughout Illinois to provide training and skill-improvement opportunities to assure the increased participation of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all phases of the highway construction industry. The intent of this IDOT Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision is to place certified graduates of these IDOT funded pre-apprentice training programs on IDOT project sites when feasible, and provide the graduates with meaningful on-the-job training intended to lead to journey-level employment. IDOT and its sub-recipients, in carrying out the responsibilities of a state contract, shall determine which construction contracts shall include

Training Program Graduate Special Provisions. To benefit from the incentives to encourage

the participation in the additional on-the-job training under this Training Program Graduate Special Provision, the Contractor shall make every reasonable effort to employ certified graduates of IDOT funded Pre-apprenticeship Training Programs to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable recruitment area.

Participation pursuant to IDOT's requirements by the Contractor or subcontractor in this Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision entitles the Contractor or subcontractor to be reimbursed at \$15.00 per hour for training given a certified TPG on this contract. As approved by the Department, reimbursement will be made for training persons as specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the Contractor or subcontractor may receive additional training program funds from other sources for other trainees, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor or subcontractor from receiving other reimbursement. For purposes of this Special Provision the Contractor is not relieved of requirements under applicable federal law, the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act, and is not eligible for other training fund reimbursements in addition to the Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision reimbursement.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if the Contractor or subcontractor fails to provide the required training. It is normally expected that a TPG will begin training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project through completion of the contract, so long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program. Should the TPG's employment end in advance of the completion of the contract, the Contractor shall promptly notify the designated IDOT staff member under this Special Provision that the TPG's involvement in the contract has ended and supply a written report of the reason for the end of the involvement, the hours completed by the TPG under the Contract and the number of hours for which the incentive payment provided under this Special Provision will be or has been claimed for the TPG.

The Contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this Special Provision.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of \$15.00 per hour for certified TRAINEES TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE. The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

The Contractor shall provide training opportunities aimed at developing full journeyworker in the type of trade or job classification involved. The initial number of TPGs for which the incentive is available under this contract is two (2). During the course of performance of the Contract the Contractor may seek approval from the Department for additional incentive eligible TPGs. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, it shall determine how many, if any, of the TPGs are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this Special Provision. The Contractor shall also insure that this Training Program Graduate Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract if the TPGs are to be trained by a subcontractor and that the incentive payment is passed on to each subcontractor.

For the Contractor to meet the obligations for participation in this TPG incentive program under this Special Provision, the Department has contracted with several entities to provide screening, tutoring and pre-training to individuals interested in working in the applicable construction classification and has certified those students who have successfully completed the program and are eligible to be TPGs. A designated IDOT staff member, the Director of the Office of Business and Workforce Diversity (OBWD), will be responsible for providing assistance and referrals to the Contractor for the applicable TPGs. For this contract, the Director of OBWD is designated as the responsible IDOT staff member to provide the assistance and referral services related to the placement for this Special Provision. For purposes of this Contract, contacting the Director of OBWD and interviewing each candidate he/she recommends constitutes reasonable recruitment.

Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Department for approval the TPGs to be trained in each selected classification. Furthermore, the Contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. No employee shall be employed as a TPG in any classification in which he/she has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he/she has been employed as a journeyman. Notwithstanding the on-the-job training purpose of this TPG Special Provision, some offsite training is permissible as long as the offsite training is an integral part of the work of the contract and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Training and upgrading of TPGs of IDOT pre-apprentice training programs is intended to move said TPGs toward journeyman status and is the primary objective of this Training Program Graduate Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll TPGs by recruitment through the IDOT funded TPG programs to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that it has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance and entitled to the Training Program Graduate Special Provision \$15.00 an hour incentive.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall provide each TPG with a certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.



### Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

Route	Four Lakes Avenue	Marked Rte.	Mun. 1037
Section	11-00058-00-BR	Project No.	BRM-9003(920)
County	DuPage	Contract No.	61A89

This plan has been prepared to comply with the provisions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. ILR10 (Permit ILR10), issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) for storm water discharges from construction site activities.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Mr. Jason Elias	Jan Ula
Print Name	Signature
Public Works Director	<u> </u>
Title	Date
The Village of Lisle	
Agency	

### I. Site Description:

A. Provide a description of the project location (include latitude and longitude):

The proposed reconstruction of the bridge along Four Lakes Avenue over the East Branch DuPage River is located in southern DuPage County in the Village of Lisle. The project begins on Four Lakes Avenue approximately 117 feet west of the center of the intersection of Four Lakes Avenue and East Lake Drive and extends 358 feet east of the same center point for a total distance of 475 feet (0.090 miles). Relative to major arterials, the project is located approximately 0.40 miles west of Illinois Route 53 and 0.60 miles south of Maple Avenue (DuPage County Highway 17). 41° 46' 39.74" N, 88° 04' 41.76" W, Section 15, Township 38N, Range 10E.

B. Provide a description of the construction activity which is the subject of this plan:

This project consists of the removal and replacement of the Four Lakes Avenue bridge over the East Branch DuPage River including pier and abutment removal and replacement, roadway and intersection reconstruction, sidewalk construction, storm sewer and drainage structures, combination concrete curb and gutter, earth excavation, pavement markings and all incidental and all collateral work necessary to complete the project as shown on the plans.

C. Provide the estimated duration of this project:

04-06-2015 to 11-20-2015

D. The total area of the construction site is estimated to be <u>1.02</u> acres.

The total area of the site estimated to be disturbed by excavation, grading or other activities is 1.02 acres.

E. The following is a weighted average of the runoff coefficient for this project after construction activities are completed:

Pre Construction=0.64 Post Construction=0.64

F. List all soils found within project boundaries. Include map unit name, slope information, and erosivity:

There are two soil types located in the project area.

- 1) Orthents, loamy, undulating (802B): Well drained soils with slopes ranging from 1 to 6 percent. (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)
- 2) Sawmill silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded (3107A): poorly drained soils with slopes ranging from 0 to 2 percent. (Ksat): moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)
- G. Provide an aerial extent of wetland acreage at the site:

Wetland 1 is located on the northwest bank of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge and the East Branch of the DuPage River. This wetland was determined to be regulatory and not to be a High Quality Aquatic Resource Wetland. The wetland area is 0.005 acres. This wetland will be impacted due to grading purposes.

Wetland 2 is located on the southwest bank of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge and the East Branch of the DuPage River. This wetland was determined to be regulatory and not to be a High Quality Aquatic Resource Wetland. The wetland area is 0.010 acres. This wetland will be impacted due to grading purposes.

Wetland 3 is located on the southeast bank of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge and the East Branch of the DuPage River. This wetland was determined to be regulatory and not to be a High Quality Aquatic Resource Wetland. The wetland area is 0.009 acres. This wetland will be impacted due to grading purposes.

Wetland 4 is located on the northeast bank of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge and the East Branch of the DuPage River. This wetland was determined to be regulatory and not to be a High Quality Aquatic Resource Wetland. The wetland area is 0.010 acres. This wetland will be impacted due to grading purposes.

H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:

The potential erosive area in the project are the banks of the East Branch of the DuPage River. The banks within the project limits are 2:1 and steeper with little vegetation.

I. The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g. steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc):

The Four Lakes Avenue Bridge replacement project will be completed under a full closure and traffic will be detoured resulting in only one stage of construction.

The removal and construction of the bridge and roadway. This construction is adjacent, over, and within the East Branch DuPage River.

- J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands) and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.
- K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:

The Village of Lisle owns the storm sewer which ultimately drains to the East Branch of the DuPage River

L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located.

Illinois Department of Transportation, DuPage County, The Village of Lisle

M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:

The receiving waters and ultimate receiving waters for this project is the East Branch of the DuPage River.

N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes, highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc.

The area of the site that is to remain protected is the East Branch of the DuPage River.

- O. The following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project, and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development:
  - Floodplain
  - Wetland Riparian
  - Threatened and Endangered Species
  - Historic Preservation
  - 303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation
  - Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment, total suspended solids, turbidity or siltation
  - Applicable Federal, Tribal, State or Local Programs
  - □ Other
    - 1. 303(d) Listed receiving waters (fill out this section if checked above):

The East Branch of the DuPage River (segment GBL-05)

a. The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment:

The East Branch of the DuPage River: PCBs

b. Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:

Perimeter erosion barrier will be installed, erosion control blanket with temporary seeding, cofferdams, inlet filters, dewatering location, and riprap will be installed to prevent erosion and sediment discharge.

c. Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body:

Direct discharge location from the project site are the east and west banks for the East Branch of the DuPage River.

d. Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water body:

The dewatering discharge location will be the East Branch of the DuPage River. A dewatering detail and specification provided. The contractor will be responsible to comply with the design requirements and maintenance of the dewatering location and for discharge to impaired waters.

- 2. TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)
  - a. The name(s) of the listed water body:

N/A

b. Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:

N/A

c. If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet that allocation:

Printed 6/11/2014

N/A

- P. The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this construction project:
  - Soil Sediment
  - Concrete
  - Concrete Truck Waste
  - Concrete Curing Compounds
  - Solid Waste Debris
  - Paints
  - Solvents
  - Fertilizers / Pesticides
- II. Controls:

This section of the plan addresses the controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in I.C. above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For each measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for its implementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures indicated. The Contractor, and subcontractors, will notify the Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certification on forms which are attached to, and are a part of, this plan:

 $\boxtimes$ 

 $\boxtimes$ 

 $\boxtimes$ 

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Antifreeze / Coolants

Other (specify)

Other (specify)

Other (specify)

Other (specify)

Other (specify)

- A. Erosion and Sediment Controls: At a minimum, controls must be coordinated, installed and maintained to:
  - 1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
  - 2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
  - 3. Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible;
  - 4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.
- B. Stabilization Practices: Provided below is a description of interim and permanent stabilization practices, including site- specific scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II(B)(1) and II(B)(2), stabilization measures shall be initiated immediately where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than one (1) day after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceases on all disturbed portions of the site where construction will not occur for a period of fourteen (14) or more calendar days.
  - 1. Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
  - 2. On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization method can be used.

The following stabilization practices will be used for this project:

- Preservation of Mature Vegetation
- Vegetated Buffer Strips
- Protection of Trees
- Temporary Erosion Control Seeding
- Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7)
- Temporary Mulching
- Permanent Seeding

Erosion Control Blanket / Mulching

Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil / fluids)

Waste water from cleaning construction equipment

- Sodding
- Geotextiles
- Other (specify) Inlet Filters
- Other (specify)
- Other (specify)
- Other (specify)

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized during construction:

1) Protection of Trees/Tree Trunk Protection: All trees designated to be saved, or outside the limits of construction, shall be protected prior to beginning any clearing or removal work and shall remain protected during subsequent construction work. Protection of trees shall be as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer and in accordance with Article 201.05 of the Illinois Department of Transportation's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge, adopted January 1, 2012.

2) Temporary Erosion Control Seeding: This item will be applied to all bare areas every seven days to minimize the amount of exposed surface areas. Temporary Erosion Control Seeding shall consist of areas as shown on the plans, areas disturbed during the removal of Soil and Erosion measures, or directed by the Engineer and in accordance with the Illinois Department of Transportation's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge, adopted January 1, 2012.

3) Erosion Control Blanket: This item will be used within 24 hours after permanent seeding operations have been completed, in ditches/swales and sloped areas that require protection from erosion. Erosion control blankets shall be installed over fill slopes, high velocity areas and slopes steeper that 3:1 that have been brought to final grade. Erosion Control Blanket will be installed in accordance to IDOT Specification 251.04.

4) Sodding (Salt Tolerant): Sodding will be provided in all distrubed locations. All areas disturbed by construction will be stabilized with sod immediately following final grading. It will be installed in accordance to IDOT Specification Article 252 throughout the project limits shown on the landscaping plan.

5) Geotextiles: Filter Fabric will be used under riprap at pipe culvert outfall locations

6) Inlet Filters: Inlet filters will be placed in all storm structures with an open grate to collect sediment before it enters the drainage system.

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:

All areas disturbed by construction will be stabilized with permanent sodding immediately following the finished grading. Erosion Control blankets will be installed over fill slopes, which have been brought to final grade and have been seeded to protect the slopes from erosion and allow seed to germinate properly.

C. Structural Practices: Provided below is a description of structural practices that will be implemented, to the degree attainable, to divert flows from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Such practices may include but are not limited to: perimeter erosion barrier, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch checks, subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain inlet protection, rock outlet protection, reinforced soil retaining systems, gabions, and temporary or permanent sediment basins. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The following structural practices will be used for this project:

$\boxtimes$	Perimeter Erosion Barrier		Rock Outlet Protection
	Temporary Ditch Check	$\boxtimes$	Riprap
$\boxtimes$	Storm Drain Inlet Protection		Gabions
	Sediment Trap		Slope Mattress
	Temporary Pipe Slope Drain		Retaining Walls
	Temporary Sediment Basin		Slope Walls
	Temporary Stream Crossing		Concrete Revetment Mats
$\boxtimes$	Stabilized Construction Exits		Level Spreaders
	Turf Reinforcement Mats	$\boxtimes$	Other (specify) Silt Fence
	Permanent Check Dams	$\bowtie$	Other (specify) Cofferdams
	Permanent Sediment Basin	$\boxtimes$	Other (specify) Inlet Filters
	Aggregate Ditch	$\boxtimes$	Other (specify) In Stream Work Plan
	Paved Ditch	$\boxtimes$	Other (specify) Stabilized Flow Line

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized during construction:

1) Perimeter Erosion Barrier: This item will be used to demarcate the perimeter of the project location and for the prevention of silt/sediment from leaving the site. Perimeter erosion barrier will be modified as necessary to accommodate the construction and repaired/replaced as necessary. This item will remain in place until all remaining items of the project have been completed.

2) Storm Drain Inlet Protection: This item will be utilized at all manholes, catch basins and inlets with open grates. Inlet filters will be installed directly on the drainage structure or under the grate of the drainage structure resting on BDE 2342 (Rev. 3/20/14) Page 5 of 10

the lip of the frame. Inlet filters will be checked on a regular basis and any sediment/debris will be removed to maintain inlet protection. Storm Drain Inlet Protection will be done in accordance with Article 280.04 of the IDOT Specifications.

3) Stabilized Construction entrance/exist: This item will provide erosion protection during construction of the piers and it will be provided on both sides of the bridge for access.

4) Stone Riprap Class A4: This item will be placed at the embankments as shown on the plans and maintained as directed by the engineer.

5) Sediment Control, Silt Fence: This item will be placed on both sides of river to prevent sediment from leaving the construction site; they will be checked periodically for wear and tear and will be repaired as required; these areas are marked on the erosion control plans that are attached to this plan.

6) Cofferdam: This item will be provided to protect or isolate the excavation for the construction of the piers in the channel.

7) Inlet Filters - This item will be provided for the existing and proposed storm sewers, sediment filters will be placed in all catch basins during construction and will be cleaned on a regular basis.

8) In-stream Work Plan - This project requires a US Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) 404 Permit that will be secured by the Department. As a condition of this permit, the Contractor will need to submit an In-Stream Work Plan to the Department for approval. Guidelines on acceptable In-Stream Work techniques can be found on the USACE website. The USACE defines and determines in-Stream work. The cost of all materials and labor necessary to comply with the above provisions to prepare and implement an In-Stream work plan will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the unit bid prices of the contract and no additional compensation will be allowed.

9) Stabilized Flow Line During Storm Sewer Construction - The contractor shall provide to the RE a plan to have a stabilized conveyance between upstream and downstream ends of storm sewer under construction when rain is forecasted, so that flow will not erode.

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:

All areas disturbed by construction will be stabilized with permanent sodding immediately following the finished grading. Erosion Control blankets will be installed over fill slopes, which have been brought to final grade and have been seeded to protect the slopes from erosion and allow seed to germinate properly.

### D. Treatment Chemicals

Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this project: X Yes No

If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals will be utilized on this project.

Polymer flocculants will be utilized if dewatering is required. These polymers will be used to minimize suspended solids before the water re-enters the river.

- E. Permanent Storm Water Management Controls: Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.
  - 1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several practices).

The practices selected for implementation were determined on the basis of the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT Bureau of Design and Environment Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.

 Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g. maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydro period and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of permanent storm water management controls:

During Phase I it was determined that minor existing detention basins are present at 3 of the four corners (NW, SW, SE) of the project. Local drainage is routed into these low areas by way of localized drainage systems (ditches, culvert, and small storm sewers) and the flow into the East Branch of the DuPage River. The remaining small tributary areas of open space sheet flow or are routed by ditch flow into the River directly. The proposed drainage will maintain the existing drainage pattern.

F. Approved State or Local Laws: The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

Management practices, controls and other provisions provided in these plans are in accordance with IDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and the Illinois Urban Manual, 404 Permit, Floodway permit and all other applicable permits.

- G. **Contractor Required Submittals:** Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342a.
  - 1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
    - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
    - Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
    - Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
    - Mobilization timeframe
    - Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
    - Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
    - Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized construction entrances/exits)
    - Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
    - Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
    - Major planned stockpiling operations
    - Timeframe for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges such as dewatering, grinding, etc.
    - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
  - 2. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:

- Vehicle Entrances and Exits Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
- Material Delivery, Storage and Use Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
- Stockpile Management Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs
  will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
- Waste Disposal Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
- Spill Prevention and Control Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
- Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
- Litter Management Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
- Vehicle and Equipment Fueling Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Dewatering Activities Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
- Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
- Additional measures indicated in the plan.

### III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

The Resident Engineer will provide maintenance guides to the contractor for the practices associated with this project. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan.

All ESC measures will be maintained in accordance with the IDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Filed Guide for Construction Inspection: (http://www.dot.il.gov/desenv/environmental/IDOT%20Field%20Guide.pdf) and IDOT's Best Management Practices - Maintenance Guide: (http://www.dot.state.il.us/desenv/environmental/bestpractices.html)

All maintenance of ESC systems is the responsibility of the Contractor. All ESC measures should be checked weekly and after each rainfall, 0.5 inches or greater in a 24 hour period, or equivalent snowfall. Additionally during winter months, all measures should be checked after each significant snowmelt.

### IV. Inspections:

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report (BC 2259). Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: <u>epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov</u>, telephone or fax within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Attn: Compliance Assurance Section 1021 North Grand East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Additional Inspections Required:

None

V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.



Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this contract, the Contractor and every subcontractor must complete and return to the Resident Engineer the following certification. A separate certification must be submitted by each firm. Attach to this certification all items required by Section II.G of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which will be handled by the Contractor/subcontractor completing this form.

Route	Mun. 1037	Marked Rte.	Four Lakes Avenue
Section	11-00058-00-BR	Project No.	BRM-9003(920)
County	DuPage	Contract No.	61A89

This certification statement is a part of SWPPP for the project described above, in accordance with the General NPDES Permit No. ILR10 issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

I certify under penalty of law that I understand the terms of the Permit No. ILR 10 that authorizes the storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the construction site identified as part of this certification.

In addition, I have read and understand all of the information and requirements stated in SWPPP for the above mentioned project; I have received copies of all appropriate maintenance procedures; and, I have provided all documentation required to be in compliance with the Permit ILR10 and SWPPP and will provide timely updates to these documents as necessary.

Contractor

Sub-Contractor

Print Name

Title

Name of Firm

Street Address

City/State/ZIP

Signature

Date

Telephone

Items which this Contractor/subcontractor will be responsible for as required in Section II.G. of SWPPP:



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

• 1021 North Grand Avenue East • P.O. Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276 Bureau of Water

### **Division of Water Pollution Control** Notice of Intent (NOI) for General Permit to Discharge Storm Water Associated with Construction Site Activities

This fillable form may be completed online, a copy saved locally, printed and signed before it is submitted to the Permit Section at the above address. For Office Use Only

WNER INFORMATION					ſ	Permit No	ILR10
Company/Owner Name: The Village o	f Lisle				[	Ferrit 140.	
Mailing Address: 925 Burlington Aver					hone: 6	30-271-417	1
City: Lisle		Zip: 605	32	F	ax: <u>630</u>	-271-4160	
Contact Person: Mr. Jason Elias					@village	oflisle.org	
Owner Type (select one) City							
		<b>,</b>		MS4	l Comm	unity: 🔲 `	res 🗌 No
CONTRACTOR INFORMATION						e Luna	_
Contractor Name:							
Mailing Address:	Otata.	7121					
City:				······································	an		
CONSTRUCTION SITE INFORM							
	nge of informati					Develop	
Project Name: Four Lakes Avenue -						Douglas	
Street Address: Four Lakes Ave &							
Latitude: 41 46 39.74					_	<u>38N</u>	
	c)			• •			ship Range
Approximate Construction Start Date	04-06-20	<u>15</u> A	Approxima	e Construct	ion End	Date 1	1-20-2015
Total size of construction site in acre	s: <u>1.02</u>						r Construction Sit
If less than 1 acre, is the site part of	a larger commo	n plan of d	evelopme	nt?		s than 5 acre more acres	
Yes No							
STORM WATER POLLUTION PR		LAN (SW	PPP)		_		
Has the SWPPP been submitted to th		- Oliliada -	<b></b> )	□ Ye	3\$	j No	
(Submit SWPPP electronically to: ap						City:	
Location of SWPPP for viewing: Add					<u></u>	·	ualifications:
SWPPP contact information:						mapeoror d	
Contact Name:				Emails			
Phone:	Fax:			E-mail:			ualifications:
Project inspector, if different from abo						mahacroi, d	uaimbaudits.
Inspector's Name:							<u></u>
Phone:	Fax:			E-mail:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Rev 5/10

for each day during which the violation continues (415 ILCS 5/42) and may also pre-being denied. This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center.

### TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION (select one)

Construction Type Transportation

SIC Code:

Type a detailed description of the project:

This project consists of the removal and replacement of the Four Lakes Avenue bridge over the East Branch DuPage

River including pier and abutment removal and replacement, roadway and intersection reconstruction, sidewalk

construction, storm sewer and drainage structures, combination concrete curb and gutter, earth excavation, pavement

markings and all incidental and all collateral work necessary to complete the project as shown on the plans.

#### HISTORIC PRESERVATION AND ENDANGERED SPECIES COMPLIANCE

Has the project been submitted to the following state agencies to satisfy applicable requirements for compliance with Illinois law on:

Historic Preservation Agency	🖌 Yes	No No	
Endangered Species	🖌 Yes	□ No	
RECEIVING WATER INFORMAT	ON		
Does your storm water discharge dire	ctly to: 📝	Waters of the State or Storm Sewer	
Owner of storm sewer system:			
Name of closest receiving water body	to which yo	ou discharge: East Branch DuPage River	
Mail completed form to: Illinois Enviro Division of W			
Atta: Dormit			

ľ Attn: Permit Section Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 or call (217) 782-0610 FAX: (217) 782-9891

Or submit electronically to: epa.constilr10swppp@illinois.gov

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction and supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage this system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the Information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting faise information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. In addition, I certify that the provisions of the permit, including the development and implementation of a storm water pollution prevention plan and a monitoring program plan, will be complied with.

Any person who knowingly makes a faise, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, orally or in writing, to the Illinois EPA commits a Class,4 felony. A second or subsequent offense after conviction is a Class 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))

**Owner Signature:** 

JASON ELIAS Printed Name;

<u>10-9-14</u> Date:

PUBLIC WOKKS DIRECTOR

Page 3 of 3

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) FORM

Submit original, electronic or facsimile copies. Facsimile and/or electronic copies should be followed-up with submission of an original signature copy as soon as possible. Please write "copy" under the "For Office Use Only" box in the upper right hand corner of the first page.

### This fillable form may be completed online, a copy saved locally, printed and signed before it is submitted to the Permit Section at:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Permit Section Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 or call (217) 782-0610 FAX: (217) 782-9891

Or submit electronically to: epa.constilr10swppp@illinois.gov

#### Reports must be typed or printed legibly and signed.

Any facility that is not presently covered by the General NPDES Permit for Storm Water Discharges From Construction Site Activities is considered a new facility.

If this is a change in your facility information, renewal, etc., please fill in your permit number on the appropriate line, changes of information or permit renewal notifications do not require a fee.

### NOTE: FACILITY LOCATION IS NOT NECESSARILY THE FACILITY MAILING ADDRESS, BUT SHOULD DESCRIBE WHERE THE FACILITY IS LOCATED.

Use the formats given in the following examples for correct form completion.

	Example	Format
Section	12	1 or 2 numerical digits
Township	12N	1 or 2 numerical digits followed by "N" or "S"
Range	12W	1 or 2 numerical digits followed by "E" or "W"

For the Name of Closest Receiving Waters, do not use terms such as ditch or channel. For unnamed tributaries, use terms which include at least a named main tributary such as "Unnamed Tributary to Sugar Creek to Sangamon River."

Submission of initial fee and an electronic submission of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for Initial Permit prior to the Notice of Intent being considered complete for coverage by the ILR10 General Permits. Please make checks payable to: Illinois EPA at the above address.

Construction sites with less than 5 acres of land disturbance - fee is \$250.

Construction sites with 5 or more acres of land disturbance - fee is \$750.

SWPPP should be submitted electronically to: <u>epa.constilr10swppp@illinois.gov</u>.When submitting electronically, use Project Name and City as indicated on NOI form.



#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CHICAGO DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 231 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1600 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604-1439

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

October 30, 2014

Technical Services Division Regulatory Branch LRC-2012-465

SUBJECT: Replacement of four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage Rive in Lisle, DuPage County, Illinois

Jason Elias Village of Lisle 925 Burlington Avenue Lisle, Illinois 60532

Dear Mr. Elias:

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Chicago District, has completed its review of your notification for authorization under the Regional Permit Program (RPP), submitted on your behalf by Bollinger, Lach & Associates. This office has verified that your proposed activity complies with the terms and conditions of Regional Permit #3, Transportation Projects", and the overall RPP under Category I of the Regional Permit Program dated April 1, 2012. The activity may be performed without further authorization from this office provided the activity is conducted in compliance with the terms and conditions of the RPP.

This verification expires three (3) years from the date of this letter and covers only your activity as described in your notification and as shown on the plans titled, "Proposed Highway Plans Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Replacement DuPage County", dated August 22, 2014, Prepared by Bollinger, Lach & Associates. Caution must be taken to prevent construction materials and activities from impacting waters of the United States beyond the scope of this authorization. If you anticipate changing the design or location of the activity, you should contact this office to determine the need for further authorization.

This authorization is contingent upon implementing and maintaining soil erosion and sediment controls in a serviceable condition throughout the duration of the project. You shall comply with the Kane/DuPage Soil and Water Conservation District's (SWCD) written and verbal recommendations regarding the soil erosion and sediment control (SESC) plan and the installation and maintenance requirements of the SESC practices on-site. You shall notify this office and the SWCD of any changes or modifications to the approved plan set. Please be aware that field conditions during project construction may require the implementation of additional SESC measures for further protection of aquatic resources. If you fail to implement corrective measures, this office may require more frequent site inspections to ensure the installed SESC measures are acceptable.

You shall complete the following requirements:

1. You shall schedule a preconstruction meeting with SWCD to discuss the SESC plan and the installation and maintenance requirements of the SESC practices on the site.

2. You shall notify the SWCD of any changes or modifications to the approved plan set. Field conditions during project construction may require the implementation of additional SESC measures. If you fail to implement corrective measures, this office may require more frequent site inspections to ensure the installed SESC measures are acceptable.

This verification does not obviate the need to obtain all other required Federal, state, or local approvals before starting work. Please note that Section 401 Water Quality Certification has been issued by IEPA for this RP. Enclosed are the IEPA Section 401 Water Quality Certification conditions. If you have any questions regarding Section 401 certification, please contact Mr. Dan Heacock at IEPA Division of Water Pollution Control, Permit Section #15, by telephone at (217) 782-3362.

For a complete copy of the RPP program or any additional information on the RPP program, please access our website: www.lrc.usace.army.mil/co-r. Once you have completed the authorized activity, please sign and return the enclosed compliance certification. If you have any questions, please contact Kathy Chernich, East Section Chief, by telephone at 312 846-5531, or email at Kathy.G.Chernich@usace.army.mil.

Sincerely, Digitally signed by CHERNICH.KATHLEEN.G.12303 65616 Date: 2014.10.30 19:44:38 -05'00' Kathleen G. Chernich Chief, East Section Regulatory Branch

Enclosures

Copy Furnished w/out Enclosures:

DuPage County DEC (Jen Boyer) Kane/Dupage SWCD (Candice Jacobs) Bollanger, Lach & Associates (Edmond Lebbos)



# PERMIT COMPLIANCE

# CERTIFICATION

Permit Number:	LRC-2012-465
Permittee:	Village of Lisle

Date: October 30, 2014

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above-referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of said permit and if applicable, compensatory wetland mitigation was completed in accordance with the approved mitigation plan.<sup>1</sup>

PERMITTEE

DATE

Upon completion of the activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, this certification must be signed and returned to the following address:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Chicago District, Regulatory Branch 231 South LaSalle Street, Suite 1600 Chicago, Illinois 60604-1439

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to compliance inspections by Corps of Engineers representatives. If you fail to comply with this permit, you may be subject to permit suspension, modification, or revocation.

<sup>1</sup> If compensatory mitigation was required as part of your authorization, you are certifying that the mitigation area has been graded and planted in accordance with the approved plan. You are acknowledging that the maintenance and monitoring period will begin after a site inspection by a Corps of Engineers representative or after thirty days of the Corps' receipt of this certification. You agree to comply with all permit terms and conditions, including additional reporting requirements, for the duration of the maintenance and monitoring period.



#### US Army Corps of Engineers<sup>®</sup> Chicago District

#### GENERAL CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO THE 2012 REGIONAL PERMIT PROGRAM

The permittee shall comply with the terms and conditions of the Regional Permits and the following general conditions for all activities authorized under the RPP:

1. <u>State 401 Water Quality Certification</u> - Water quality certification under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act may be required from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA). The District may consider water quality, among other factors, in determining whether to exercise discretionary authority and require an Individual Permit. Please note that Section 401 Water Quality Certification is a requirement for projects carried out in accordance with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Projects carried out in accordance with Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 do not require Section 401 Water Quality Certification

On March 2, 2012, the IEPA granted Section 401 certification, with conditions, for all Regional Permits, except for activities in certain waterways noted under RPs 4 and 8. The following conditions of the certification are hereby made conditions of the RPP:

- 1. The applicant shall not cause:
  - a) a violation of applicable water quality standards of the Illinois Pollution Control Board Title 35, Subtitle C: Water Pollution Rules and Regulations;
  - b) water pollution defined and prohibited by the Illinois Environmental Protection Act;
  - c) interference with water use practices near public recreation areas or water supply intakes;
  - d) a violation of applicable provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act.
- 2. The applicant shall provide adequate planning and supervision during the project construction period for implementing construction methods, processes and cleanup procedures necessary to prevent water pollution and control erosion.
- 3. Except as allowed under condition 9, any spoil material excavated, dredged or otherwise produced must not be returned to the waterway but must be deposited in a self-contained area in compliance with all State statutes, regulations and permit requirements with no discharge to waters of the State unless a permit has been issued by the Illinois EPA. Any backfilling must be done with clean material placed in a manner to prevent violation of applicable water quality standards.
- 4. All areas affected by construction shall be mulched and seeded as soon after construction as possible. The applicant shall undertake necessary measures and procedures to reduce erosion during construction. Interim measures to prevent soil erosion during construction shall be taken and may include the installation of sedimentation basins and temporary mulching. All construction within the waterway shall be conducted during zero or low flow conditions. The applicant shall be responsible for obtaining a NPDES Stormwater Permit prior to initiating construction if the construction activity associated with the project will result in the disturbance of (1) one or more acres, total land area. A NPDES Stormwater Permit may be obtained by submitting a properly completed Notice of Intent (NOI) form by certified mail to the Illinois EPA's Division of Water Pollution Control, Permit Section.
- 5. The applicant shall implement erosion control measures consistent with the Illinois Urban Manual (IEPA/USDA, NRCS; 2011, http://aiswcd.org/IUM/index.html).
- 6. The applicant is advised that the following permits(s) must be obtained from the Illinois EPA: The applicant must obtain permits to construct sanitary sewers, water mains, and related facilities prior to construction.
- 7. Backfill used in the stream-crossing trench shall be predominantly sand or larger size material, with less than 20% passing a #230 U.S. sieve.
- 8. Any channel relocation shall be constructed under dry conditions and stabilized to prevent erosion prior to the diversion of flow.
- 9. Backfill used within trenches passing through surface waters of the State, except wetland areas, shall be clean course aggregate, gravel or other material which will not cause siltation, pipe damage during placement, or chemical corrosion in place. Excavated material may be used only if:
  - a) particle size analysis is conducted and demonstrates the material to be at least 80% sand or larger size material, using #230 U.S. sieve; or
  - b) excavation and backfilling are done under dry conditions.
- Backfill used within trenches passing through wetland areas shall consist of clean material which will not cause siltation, pipe damage during placement, or chemical corrosion in place. Excavated material shall be used to the extent practicable, with the upper six (6) to twelve (12) inches backfilled with the topsoil obtained during trench excavation.
- 11. Any applicant proposing activities in a mined area or previously mined area shall provide to the IEPA a written determination regarding the sediment and materials used which are considered "acid-producing material" as defined in 35 Il. Adm. Code,

Subtitle D. If considered "acid-producing material," the applicant shall obtain a permit to construct pursuant to 35 Il. Adm. Code 404.101.

- 12. Asphalt, bituminous material and concrete with protruding material such as reinforcing bar or mesh shall not be 1) used for backfill, 2) placed on shorelines/stream banks, or 3) placed in waters of the State.
- 13. Applicants that use site dewatering techniques in order to perform work in waterways for construction activities approved under Regional Permits 1 (Residential, Commercial and Institutional Developments), 2 (Recreation Projects), 3 (Transportation Projects), 7 (Temporary Construction Activities), 9 (Maintenance) or 12 (Bridge Scour Protection) shall maintain flow in the stream during such construction activity by utilizing dam and pumping, fluming, culverts or other such techniques.
- 14. In addition to any action required of the Regional Permit 13 (Cleanup of Toxic and Hazardous Materials Projects) applicant with respect to the "Notification" General Condition 22, the applicant shall notify the Illinois EPA Bureau of Water, of the specific activity. This notification shall include information concerning the orders and approvals that have been or will be obtained from the Illinois EPA Bureau of Land (BOL) for all cleanup activities under BOL jurisdiction, or for which authorization or approval is sought from BOL for no further remediation. This Regional Permit is not valid for activities that do not require or will not receive authorization or approval from the BOL.

2. <u>Threatened and Endangered Species</u> - If the District determines that the activity may affect Federally listed species or critical habitat, the District will initiate section 7 consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) in accordance with the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). Applicants shall provide additional information that would enable the District to conclude that the proposed action will have no effect on federally listed species.

The application packet shall indicate whether resources (species, their suitable habitats, or critical habitat) listed or designated under the Act, may be present within areas affected (directly or indirectly) by the proposed project. Applicants shall provide a section 7 species list for the action area using the on-line process at the USFWS website. You can access "U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Program of the Upper Midwest" website at www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered. Click on the section 7 Technical Assistance green shaded box in the lower right portion of the screen and follow the instructions to completion. Review all documentation pertaining to the species list, provide the rationale for your effects determination for each species, and send the information to this office for review.

If no species, their suitable habitats, or critical habitat are listed, then a "no effect" determination can be made, and section 7 consultation is not warranted. If species or critical habitat appear on the list or suitable habitat is present within the action area, then a biological assessment or biological evaluation will need to be completed to determine if the proposed action will have "no effect" or "may effect" the species or suitable habitat. The District will request initiation of section 7 consultation with the USFWS upon agreement with the applicant on the effect determinations in the biological assessment or biological evaluation. If the issues are not resolved, the analysis of the situation is complicated, or impacts to listed species or critical habitat are found to be greater than minimal, the District will consider reviewing the project under the Individual Permit process.

Projects in Will, DuPage, or Cook Counties that are located in the recharge zones for Hine's emerald dragonfly critical habitat units may be reviewed under the RPP, with careful consideration due to the potential impacts to the species. All projects reviewed that are located within 3.25 miles of a critical habitat unit will be reviewed under Category II of the RPP. Please visit the following website for the locations of the Hine's emerald dragonfly critical habitat units in Illinois. http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/insects/hed/FRHinesFinalRevisedCH.html

3. <u>Historic Properties</u> - In cases where the District determines that the activity may affect properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity may require an Individual Permit. A determination of whether the activity may be authorized under the RPP instead of an Individual Permit will not be made until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Federal permittees must provide the District with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements.

Non-Federal permittees must include notification to the District if the authorized activity may have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the permit application must state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic resources can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing permit submittals, the District will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Based on the information submitted and these efforts, the District shall determine whether the proposed activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties which the activity may have the potential to cause effects or that consultation under Section 106 of the NHPA has been completed.

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The District will take into account the effects on such properties in accordance with 33 CFR Part 325, Appendix C, and 36 CFR 800. If all issues pertaining to historic properties have been resolved through the consultation process to the satisfaction of the District, Illinois Historic Preservation Agency (IHPA) and Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, the District may, at its discretion, authorize the activity under the RPP instead of an Individual Permit.

Applicants are encouraged to obtain information on historic properties from the IHPA and the National Register of Historic Places at the earliest stages of project planning. For information, contact:

Illinois Historic Preservation Agency I Old State Capitol Plaza Springfield, IL 62701-1507 (217) 782-4836 www.illinoishistory.gov

If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, stop activities that would adversely affect those remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. We will initiate the Federal, Tribal and State coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

4. <u>Soil Erosion and Sediment Control</u> - Measures shall be taken to control soil erosion and sedimentation at the project site to ensure that sediment is not transported to waters of the U.S. during construction. Soil erosion and sediment control measures shall be implemented before initiating any clearing, grading, excavating or filling activities. All temporary and permanent soil erosion and sediment control measures shall be maintained throughout the construction period and until the site is stabilized. All exposed soil and other fills, and any work below the ordinary high water mark shall be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date.

Applicants are required to prepare a soil erosion and sediment control (SESC) plan including temporary BMPs. The plan shall be designed in accordance with the Illinois Urban Manual, 2011 (http://aiswcd.org/IUM/index.html). Practice standards and specifications for measures outlined in the soil erosion and sediment control plans will follow the latest edition of the "Illinois Urban Manual: A Technical Manual Designed for Urban Ecosystem Protection and Enhancement." Additional Soil Erosion and Sediment Control (SESC) measures not identified in the Illinois Urban Manual may also be utilized upon District approval.

At the District's discretion, an applicant may be required to submit the SESC plan to the local Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD), or the Lake County Stormwater Management Commission (SMC) for review. When the District requires submission of an SESC plan, the following applies: An activity may not commence until the SESC plan for the project site has been approved; The SWCD/SMC will review the plan and provide a written evaluation of its adequacy; A SESC plan is considered acceptable when the SWCD/SMC has found that it meets technical standards. Once a determination has been made, the authorized work may commence unless the SWCD/SMC has requested that they be notified prior to commencement of the approved plans. The SWCD/SMC may attend pre-construction meetings with the permittee and conduct inspections during construction to determine compliance with the plans. Applicants are encouraged to begin coordinating with the appropriate SWCD/SMC office at the earliest stages of project planning. For information, contact:

McHenry-Lake County SWCD				
1648 South Eastwood Dr.				
Woodstock, IL 60098				
(815) 338-0099 ext.3				
www.mchenryswcd.org				
Lake County SMC				
500 W. Winchester Rd, Suite 201				
Libertyville, IL 60048				
(847) 377-7700				
www.lakecountyil.gov/stormwater				

5. <u>Total Maximum Daily Load</u> - For projects that include a discharge of pollutant(s) to waters for which there is an approved Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) allocation for any parameter, the applicant shall develop plans and BMPs that are consistent with the assumptions and requirements in the approved TMDL. The applicant must incorporate into their plans and BMPs any conditions applicable to their discharges necessary for consistency with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL within any timeframes established in the TMDL. The applicant must carefully document the justifications for all BMPs and plans, and install, implement and maintain practices and BMPs that are consistent with all relevant TMDL allocations and with all relevant conditions in an implementation plan. Information regarding the TMDL program, including approved TMDL allocations, can be found at the following website: www.epa.state.il.us/water/tmdl/

6. <u>Floodplain</u> - Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States within the 100-year floodplain (as defined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency) resulting in permanent above-grade fills shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable. When such an above-grade fill would occur, the applicant may need to obtain approval from the Illinois 3

Department of Natural Resources, Office of Water Resources, (IDNR-OWR) which regulates activities affecting the floodway and the local governing agency (e.g., Village or County) with jurisdiction over activities in the floodplain. Compensatory storage may be required for fill within the floodplain. Applicants are encouraged to obtain information from the IDNR-OWR and the local governing agency with jurisdiction at the earliest stages of project planning. For information on floodway construction, contact:

IDNR/OWR 2050 Stearns Road Bartlett, IL 60103 (847) 608-3100 http://dnr.state.il.us/owr/

For information on floodplain construction, please contact the local government and/or the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Pursuant to 33 CFR 320.4(j), the District will consider the likelihood of the applicant obtaining approval for above-ground permanent fills in floodplains in determining whether to issue authorization under the RPP.

7. <u>Navigation</u> - No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation. Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States. The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

8. Proper Maintenance - Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including that necessary to ensure public safety.

9. <u>Aquatic Life Movements</u> - No activity may substantially disrupt the movement of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water.

10. <u>Equipment</u> - Soil disturbance and compaction shall be minimized through the use of matting for heavy equipment, low ground pressure equipment, or other measures as approved by the District.

11. <u>Wild and Scenic Rivers</u> - No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system, while the river is in an official study status. Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate land management agency in the area, such as the National Park Service and the U.S. Forest Service.

12. <u>Tribal Rights</u> - No activity or its operation may impair reserved tribal rights, such as reserved water rights, treaty fishing and hunting rights.

13. <u>Water Supply Intakes</u> - No discharge of dredged or fill material may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake except where the discharge is for repair of the public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.

14. Shellfish Production - No discharge of dredged or fill material may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish production.

15. <u>Suitable Material</u> - No discharge of dredged or fill material may consist of unsuitable material and material discharged shall be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act). Unsuitable material includes trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, and creosote treated wood.

16. Spawning Areas - Discharges in spawning areas during spawning seasons shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

17. <u>Obstruction of High Flows</u> - Discharges shall not permanently restrict or impede the passage of normal or expected high flows. All crossings shall be culverted, bridged or otherwise designed to prevent the restriction of expected high water flows, and shall be designed so as not to impede low water flows or the movement of aquatic organisms.

18. <u>Impacts From Impoundments</u> - If the discharge creates an impoundment of water, adverse impacts on aquatic resources caused by the accelerated passage of water and/or the restriction of its flow shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

19. <u>Waterfowl Breeding Areas</u> - Discharges into breeding areas for migratory waterfowl shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

20. <u>Removal of Temporary Fills</u> - Any temporary fill material shall be removed in its entirety and the affected area returned to its preexisting condition.

21. <u>Mitigation</u> - All appropriate and practicable steps must first be taken to avoid and minimize impacts to aquatic resources. For unavoidable impacts, compensatory mitigation is required to replace the loss of wetland, stream, and/or other aquatic resource functions (33 CFR 332). The proposed compensatory mitigation shall utilize a watershed approach and fully consider the ecological needs of the watershed. Where an appropriate watershed plan is available, mitigation site selection should consider recommendations in the plan. The applicant shall describe in detail how the mitigation site was chosen and will be developed, based on the specific

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resource need of the impacted watershed. Permit applicants are responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option to offset unavoidable impacts. However, the District is responsible for determining the appropriate form and amount of compensatory mitigation required when evaluating compensatory mitigation options, and determining the type of mitigation that would be environmentally preferable. In making this determination, the District will assess the likelihood for ecological success and sustainability, the location of the compensation site relative to the impact site and their significance within the watershed. Methods of providing compensatory mitigation include aquatic resource restoration, establishment, enhancement, and in certain circumstances, preservation. Compensatory mitigation will be accomplished by establishing a minimum ratio of 1.5 acres of mitigation for every 1.0 acre of impact to waters of the U.S. Furthermore, the District has the discretion to require additional mitigation to ensure that the impacts are no more than minimal. Further information is available at www.lrc.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/Illinois/Mitigation.aspx

22. Notification - The applicant shall provide written notification (i.e., a complete application) for a proposed activity to be authorized under the RPP prior to commencing a proposed activity. The District's receipt of the complete application is the date when the District receives all required notification information from the applicant (see below). If the District informs the applicant within 60 calendar days that the notification is incomplete (i.e., not a complete application), the applicant shall submit to the District, in writing, the requested information to be considered for review under the Regional Permit Program. A new 60 day review period will commence when the District receives the requested information. Applications that involve unauthorized activities that are completed or partially completed by the applicant are not subject to the 60-day review period.

For all activities, notification shall include:

- a. A cover letter providing a detailed narrative of the proposed activity describing all work to be performed, a clear project purpose and need statement, the Regional Permit(s) to be used for the activity, the area (in acres) of waters of the U.S. to be impacted (be sure to specify if the impact is permanent or temporary, and identify which area it affects), and a statement that the terms and conditions of the RPP will be followed.
- b. A completed joint application form for Illinois signed by the applicant or agent. The application form is available at www.lrc.usace.army.mil/Portals/36/docs/regulatory/forms/appform.pdf. If the applicant does not sign the joint application form, notification shall include a signed, written statement from the applicant designating the agent as their representative.
- c. A delineation of waters of the U.S., including wetlands, for the project area, and for areas adjacent to the project site (off-site wetlands shall be identified through the use of reference materials including review of local wetland inventories, soil surveys and the most recent available aerial photography), shall be prepared in accordance with the current U.S. Army Corps of Engineers methodology (www.usace.army.mil/Missions/CivilWorks/RegulatoryProgramandPermits/reg\_supp.aspx) and generally conducted during the growing season.\* Our wetland delineation standards are available at www.lrc.usace.army.mil/Portals/36/docs/regulatory/pdf/Delineations.pdf. For sites supporting wetlands, the delineation shall include a Floristic Quality Assessment (Swink and Wilhelm. 1994, latest edition, Plants of the Chicago Region). The delineation shall also include information on the occurrence of any high-quality aquatic resources (see Appendix A), and a listing of waterfowl, reptile and amphibian species observed while at the project area. The District reserves the right to exercise judgment when reviewing submitted wetland delineations. Flexibility of the requirements may be determined by the District on a case-by-case basis only.
- d. A street map showing the location of the project area.
- e. Latitude and longitude for the project in decimal degrees format (i.e. 41.88377N, -87.63960W).
- f. Preliminary engineering drawings sized 11" by 17" (full-sized may be requested by the project manager and you may also submit plans in PDF format on a disc) showing all aspects of the proposed activity and the location of waters of the U.S. to be impacted and not impacted. The plans shall include grading contours, proposed and existing structures such as buildings footprints, roadways, road crossings, stormwater management facilities, utilities, construction access areas and details of water conveyance structures. The plans shall also depict buffer areas, outlots or open space designations, best management practices, deed restricted areas and restoration areas, if required under the specific RP.
- g. Submittal of soil erosion and sediment control (SESC) plans that identify all SESC measures to be utilized during construction of the project.
- h. The application packet shall indicate whether resources (species, their suitable habitats, or critical habitat) listed or designated under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, may be present within areas affected (directly or indirectly) by the proposed project. Applicants shall provide a section 7 species list for the action area using the on-line process at the USFWS website. You can access "U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Program of the Upper Midwest" website at www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered. Click on the section 7 Technical Assistance green shaded box in the lower right portion of the screen and follow the instructions to completion. Print all documentation pertaining to the species list, include the rationale for your effects determination for each species, and forward the information to this office for review.

<sup>\*</sup> If a wetland delineation is conducted outside of the growing season, the District will determine on a case-by-case basis whether sufficient evidence is available to make an accurate determination. If the District finds that the delineation lacks sufficient evidence, the application will not be considered complete until the information is provided. This may involve re-delineating the project site during the growing season.

In the event there are no species, their suitable habitats, or critical habitat, then a "no effect" determination can be made and section 7 consultation is not warranted. If species or critical habitat appear on the list, or suitable habitat is present within the action area, then a biological assessment or biological evaluation will need to be completed to determine if the proposed action will have "no effect" or "may effect" on the species or suitable habitat. The District will request initiation of section 7 consultation with the USFWS upon agreement with the applicant on the effect determinations in the biological assessment or biological evaluation. If the issues are not resolved, the analysis of the situation is complicated, or impacts to listed species or critical habitat are found to be greater than minimal, the District will consider reviewing the project under the Individual Permit process.

- i. A determination of the presence or absence of any State threatened or endangered species. Please contact the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR) to determine if any State threatened and endangered species could be in the project area. You can access the IDNR's Ecological Compliance Assessment Tool (EcoCAT) at the following website: http://dnrecocat.state.il.us/ecopublic/. Once you complete the EcoCAT and consultation process, forward all resulting information to this office for consideration. The report shall also include recommended methods as required by the IDNR for minimizing potential adverse effects of the project.
- j. A statement about the knowledge of the presence or absence of Historic Properties, which includes properties listed, or properties eligible to be listed in the National Register of Historic Places. A letter from the Illinois Historic Preservation Agency (IHPA) can be obtained indicating whether your project is in compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended. The permittee shall provide all pertinent correspondence with the IHPA documenting compliance. The IHPA has a checklist of documentation required for their review located here: www.illinoishistory.gov/PS/rcdocument.htm.
- k. Where an appropriate watershed plan is available, the applicant shall address in writing how the proposed activity is aligned with the relevant water quality, hydrologic, and aquatic resource protection recommendations in the watershed plan.
- 1. A discussion of measures taken to avoid and/or minimize impacts to aquatic resources on the project site.
- m. A compensatory mitigation plan for all impacts to waters of the U.S. (if compensatory mitigation is required under the specific RP).
- n. A written narrative addressing all items listed under the specific RP.

For Category II activities, the District will provide an Agency Request for Comments (ARC) which describes the proposed activity. The ARC will be sent to the following agencies: United States Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS), United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA), Illinois Historic Preservation Agency (IHPA), Illinois Nature Preserves Commission (INPC) and U.S. Coast Guard (Section 10 activities only). Additional entities may also be notified as needed. These agencies have ten (10) calendar days from the date of the ARC to contact the District and either provide comments or request an extension not to exceed fifteen (15) calendar days. The District will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame. If the District determines the activity complies with the terms and conditions of the RPP and impacts on aquatic resources are minimal, the District will notify the applicant in writing and include special conditions if deemed necessary. If the District determines that the impacts of the proposed activity are more than minimal, the District will notify the applicant that the project does not qualify for authorization under the RPP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an Individual Permit.

23. <u>Compliance Certification</u> - Any permittee who has received authorization under the RPP from the District shall submit a signed certification regarding the completed work and any required mitigation. The certification will be forwarded by the District with the authorization letter and will include: a) a statement that the authorized work was done in accordance with the District's authorization, including any general or specific conditions; b) a statement that any required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions and; c) the signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the work and mitigation.

24. <u>Multiple use of Regional Permits</u> - In any case where a Regional Permit is combined with any other Regional Permit to cover a single and complete project (except where prohibited under specific Regional Permits), the applicant shall notify the District in accordance with General Condition 22. If multiple Regional Permits are used, the total impact may not exceed the maximum allowed by the Regional Permit with the greatest impact threshold.

25. <u>Other Restrictions</u> - Authorization under the RPP does not obviate the need to obtain other Federal, State or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law nor does it grant any property rights or exclusive privileges, authorize any injury to the property or rights of others or authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.

Approved by:

//ORIGINAL SIGNED//

Frederic A. Drummond, Jr. Colonel, U.S. Army District Commander February 24, 2012 Date

# Kane – DuPage Soil & Water Conservation District



September 8, 2014

Matthew Cesario Bollinger, Lach & Associates, Inc. 333 Pierce Road, Suite 200 Itasca, IL 60143

Corps Number: LRC 2014 00 480 KDSWCD File: 14e050 Final Plan Set Dated: 8/22/2014 KDSWCD Approved: 9/8/2014

Dear Mr. Cesario:

I received your revised soil erosion and sedimentation control plan submittal for the Four Lakes Avenue over East Branch DuPage River Bridge Replacement project located in Lisle, Illinois. Thank you for incorporating our comments into the plan, it will improve the quality of protection for the natural resources, both on and off site. This letter and a set of stamped plans located at the construction office on site, will serve to certify that the erosion and sediment control plans meet Technical Standards.

I will visit the site several times during the course of construction to assess compliance with the specifications and will be glad to address specific issues that may arise during the course of construction.

Sincerely,

Candice Jacobs, CPESC Resource Conservationist Kane-DuPage Soil and Water Conservation District

ECC: Stasi Brown, USACE

2315 Dean Street, Suite 100

St. Charles, Illinois 60175 (630) 584-7961x3 www.kanedupageswcd.org Fax: (630) 584-9534

All programs and services of the Kane-DuPage SWCD are offered on a nondiscriminatory basis, without regard to race, color, national origin, religion, sex, marital status, or handicap.

Permit No.:       DIL-13-009         Department of Transportation         Division of Highways         2300 South Dirksen Parkway         Springfield, IL 62764         REGULATED FLOODWAY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT         REGULATED FLOODWAY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT         RIVERS, LAKES AND STREAMS ACT "615 ILCS 5"         PERMISSION IS HEREBY GRANTED TO:         Village of Lisle         925 Burlington Avenue         Lisle, IL 60532         FOR CONSTRUCTION OF : A new bridge atom four Lakes Avenue over East Branch DuPage River,         which will replace the existing bridge at the same location. The proposed structure will be a cast-in-place         concrete slab bridge with integral abutments. The structure length will be 105-0" back to back abutments.         There will be three spans of lengths of 31-9", 38-6" and 31-9". The clear roadway width will be 30-0".         The proposed low beam elevation will be 661-48. The project is located in Section 15. Township 38         North, Range 10 East of 3" Principal Meridian, DuPage County, as part of section number 11-00058-00-BR.         IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE       Application and Plan         DATED       September 3, 2013       AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND SUBJECT TO THE         TERMS SHOWN ON THE BACK HEREOF AND THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS ATTACHED	STATE OF ILLINOIS
Division of Highways 2300 South Dirksen Parkway Springfield, IL 62764         REGULATED FLOODWAY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT RIVERS, LAKES AND STREAMS ACT "615 ILCS 5"         PERMISSION IS HEREBY GRANTED TO:       Village of Lisle 925 Burlington Avenue Lisle, IL 60532         FOR CONSTRUCTION OF : A new bridge along Four Lakes Avenue over East Branch DuPage River, which will replace the existing bridge at the same location. The proposed structure will be a cast-in-place concrete slab bridge with integral abutments. The structure length will be 105" back to back abutments. There will be three spans of lengths of 31"-9", 38"-6" and 31"-9". The clear roadway width will be 30"-0". The proposed low beam elevation will be 661.49. The project is located in Section 15, Township 38 North, Range 10 East of 3" Principal Meridian, DuPage County, as part of section number 11-00058-00- BR.         IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE       Application and Plan DATED       September 3, 2013         IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE       Application and Plan DATED       September 3, 2013         IN MADE A PART HEREOF, AND SUBJECT TO THE TERMS SHOWN ON THE BACK HEREOF AND THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS ATTACHED HERETO AS EXHIBIT.	
2300 South Dirksen Parkway Springfield, IL 62764         REGULATED FLOODWAY CONSTRUCTION PERMIT RIVERS, LAKES AND STREAMS ACT "615 ILCS 5"         PERMISSION IS HEREBY GRANTED TO:       Village of Lisle 925 Burlington Avenue Lisle, IL 60532         FOR CONSTRUCTION OF : A new bridge along Four Lakes Avenue over East Branch DuPage River, which will replace the existing bridge at the same location. The proposed structure will be a cast-in-place concrete slab bridge with integral abutments. The structure length will be 105-0" back to back abutments. There will be three spans of lengths of 31-9", 38-6" and 31-9". The clear roadway width will be 30-0". The proposed low beam elevation will be 661.49. The project is located in Section 15, Township 38 North, Range 10 East of 3" Principal Meridian, DuPage County, as part of section number 11-00058-00- BR.         IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE       Application and Plan DATED       September 3, 2013         AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND SUBJECT TO THE TERMS SHOWN ON THE BACK HEREOF AND THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS ATTACHED HERETO AS EXHIBIT.	Department of Transportation
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TERMS SHOWN ON THE BACK HEREOF AND THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS ATTACHED HERETO AS EXHIBIT.	
HERETO AS EXHIBIT.	
REGIONAL ENGINEER/CENTRAL BUREAU CHIEF DATE	EXAMINED AND APPROVED Automan 2-5-13

THIS PERMIT is subject to the following conditions:

(a) This permit is granted in accordance with Rivers, Lakes And Streams Act "615 ILCS 5".

(b) This permit does not convey title to the permittee or recognize title of the permittee to any submerged or other lands, and furthermore, does not convey, lease or provide any right or rights of occupancy or use of the public or private property on which the project or any part thereof will be located, or otherwise grant to the permittee any right or interest in or to the property, whether the property is owned or possessed by the State of Illinois or by any private or public party or parties.

(c) This permitee does not release the permitee from liability for damage to persons or property resulting from the work covered by this permit, and does not authorize any injury to private property or invasion of private rights.

(d) This permit does not relieve the permitee of the responsibility to obtain other federal, state or local authorizations required for the construction of the permitted activity; and if the permitee is required by law to obtain approval from any federal agency to do the work, this permit is not effective until the federal approval is obtained.

(e) The permitee shall, at his own expense, remove all temporary piling, cofferdams, false work, and material incidental to the construction of the project, from floodway, river, stream or lake in which the work is done. If the permittee fails to remove such structures or materials, the state may have removal made at the expense of the permittee. If future need for public navigation or public interest of any character, by the state or federal government, necessitates changes in any part of the structure or structures, such changes shall be made by and at the expense of the permittee or his successors as required by the Department of Transportation or other properly constituted agency, within sixty (60) days from receipt of written notice of the necessity from the Department or other agency, unless a longer period of time is specifically authorized.

(f) The execution and details of the work authorized shall be subject to the supervision and approval of the Department. Department personnel shall have right of access to accomplish this purpose.

(g) Starting work on the construction authorized will be considered full acceptance by the permittee of the terms and conditions of the permit.

(h) The Department in issuing this permit has relied upon the statements and representations made by the permittee; if any statement or representation made by the permittee is found to be false, the permit may be revoked at the option of the Department; and when a permit is revoked all rights of the permittee under the permit are voided.

(i) If the project authorized by this permit is located in or along Lake Michigan or a meandered lake, the permittee and his successors shall make no claim whatsoever to any interest in any accretions caused by the project.

(j) In issuing this permit, the Department does not approve the adequacy of the design or structural strength or the structure or improvement.

(k) Noncompliance with the conditions stated herein will make this permit void.

(I) If the work permitted is not initiated on or before six years from the date of issuance as shown on the front of this form, this permit shall be void.

# ROADWAY GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

Four Lakes Ave. Bridge over E. Branch of DuPage River

IDOT Job # P-91-178-12

**DuPage County, Illinois** 

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:

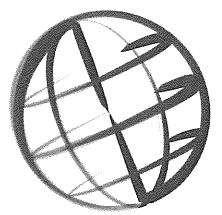
Bollinger, Lach and Associates, Inc. 333 Pierce Road, Suite 200, Itasca, IL. 60143

Prepared by:

Geo Services, Inc. 805 Amherst Court Suite 204 Naperville, Illinois 60565 (630) 305-9186

JOB NO. 11168

November 2012





November 2, 2012

Bollinger, Lach and Associates, Inc. 333 Pierce Road, Suite 200 Itasca, IL 60143

Attn: Mr. Joel Ihde, P.E., S.E.

GSI Project 12066

Re: Roadway Geotechnical Report Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River IDOT Project No. P-91-178-12 DuPage County, IL.

Dear Mr. Ihde:

The following report presents the geotechnical analysis and recommendations for the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River Project. A total of two (2) roadway borings (RD-01 thru RD-02), and two (2) bridge borings (BS-01 thru BS-02) were completed at the site by Geo Services, Inc. (GSI). Copies of these boring logs, along with bridge core information, are included in this report.

If there are any questions with regard to the information submitted in this report, or if we can be of further assistance to you in any way, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

GEO SERVICES, INC.

Richard Realeza Staff Engineer

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Andrew Ptak, P.E. Office Manager

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### SECTION 01: INTRODUCTION

The following report presents the geotechnical analysis and recommendations for the reconstruction of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River in Lisle, DuPage County, IL. A total of two (2) roadway borings (RD-01 thru RD-02), and two (2) bridge borings (BS-01 thru BS-02) were completed for the reconstruction of the bridge and the roadway. Copies of these boring logs, location diagram, soil profile, and lab data are included in this report.

The proposed improvement is to start at approximate Station 13+15.0 to 17+90.0 along Four Lakes Avenue alignment, and at the approximate Station 32+20.0 to 33+80.0 along East Lake Drive alignment. The roadway improvement will include reconstruction of the roadway and the connecting Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River along Four Lakes Avenue and East Lake Drive project limits. The proposed grade will be similar to existing grade for the majority of the alignment.

The proposed pavement sections have been used for analyses. The project location is shown on the site map on the following page.

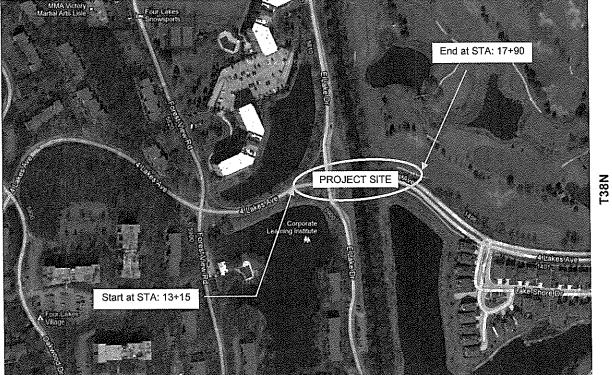
- 2 -

#### STATE OF ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS**

# PLANS FOR PROPOSED

Four Lakes Avenue over the East Branch of the DuPage River **Roadway Improvements** DuPage County, IL.

**R10E** 



### SECTION 02: CLIMATIC CONDITIONS

The climate within the area of this project site falls within the temperate humid, continental range and is characterized by cold conditions in the winter and warm conditions in the summer. The winter average daily temperature is 25° F and the average daily minimum temperature is 17° F. The summer average temperature is 71° F and the summer average daily maximum temperature is 81° F. The total annual precipitation for this area is 35.8" with approximately 63% falling between April and September. The average seasonal snowfall for this area is 38.7".

Local Climatological Data, as measured at O'Hare International Airport (ORD), for the three (3) month period prior to and during drilling, including total precipitation, average temperature and snowfall are summarized below:

MONTH-Yr	ppt (in)		Tem	np (°F)	Snow (in)			
-	Total Departure From Norm		Average Temp.	Departure From Norm	Total	Monthly Norm		
Jan-12	1.86 0.13		30.2	30.2 6.4		10.7		
Feb-12	1.64 -0.15		32.9	5.2	2.6	8.3		
March-12	2.68	0.18	53.5	15.6	0.3	6.5		
April-12	1.65	-1.73	50.7	1.8	0.0	1.6		
Drilled 4/17/12 to 4/18								

Table 1 – Climatic Conditions

Total precipitation during the three months preceding drilling was below normal; however, snowfall totals were higher than normal. Temperatures were higher than normal during this period. The climatic conditions encountered prior to drilling operations suggest that the soils should be drier than normal moisture levels.

# SECTION 03: GEOLOGY

According to the 1971 ISGS Circular #460: Summary of the Geology of the Chicago Area/ISGS Geologic Materials to a Depth of 20' - DuPage County, the project site is located in a transitional area where the surficial soils to the east are noted to be within a disturbed area where man-made excavating has occurred and the area to the west is located in an area overlain by soils belonging to the Wadsworth Till Member of the Wedron Formation which overly Wadsworth Till Member soils that are intermixed with outwash sands and gravels. Wadsworth Till Member of the Wedron Formation.

Wadsworth Till soils were deposited during Woodfordian Substage of the Wisconsinan glaciation between 12,500 to 22,000 years ago and generally consist of gray clayey and silty clay tills.

The ISGS Circular C542 15 Meter Stack Map confirms that surficial soils in the vicinity of the project site are as noted above and that bedrock is in excess of 50.0-ft below ground surface. It further notes that there may be discontinuous layers of Cahokia Alluvium soils overlying the surficial materials in this area. Cahokia Alluvium soils generally consist of recent flood plain deposits of silt, sand and gravel which can be organic. Although bedrock is noted to be in excess of 50.0' below ground surface in this area, shallower bedrock is noted to be located in areas to the near northeast and southwest.

According to the 1984 ISGS Berg Circular #532: "Potential for Contamination of Shallow Aquifers in Illinois, the project corridor is located in a transitional with an E Zone to the west and an AX Zone to the east. AX Zones are defined as an area with alluvium stream deposits of gravel, sand, silt and clay and E Zones are areas with in excess of 50-ft of relatively impermeable silty or clayey tills with no evidence of interbedded granular layers

The Wetland Inventory database reviewed on-line at the US Fish & Wildlife Service website indicates that there are no naturally occurring wetland areas identified within the limits of the project site. It is further noted that the nearby and adjoining lakes in this area are all man-made.

The USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey database indicates that surficial soils in the vicinity of the project site are identified as a Sawmill Silty Clay Loam (3107A). These soils are noted to have an erosion hazard of "slight" and a K-Factor of 0.28. These soils are also noted to be Hydric and are considered to be prime farmland if drained. Organic contents of these soils are generally less than 5.5% and Frost Action is rated as high.

According to readily available ISGS sources, there are no documented coal mining operations in near vicinity to the project site and seismic activity is noted to be very low.

The available geologic information indicates that the subgrade soils within the limits of the project corridor should generally consist of clay tills and sands. The available soils information provides no indication of buried organic soil (borings RD-01 thru RD-02 and BS-01 thru BS-02) Localized fill deposits of buried topsoil were encountered in the BS borings performed in near the bridge abutments of the existing Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River.

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### SECTION 04: SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

The borings were performed during the month of April, 2012, with a truck-mounted drilling rig equipped with a CME automatic hammer, and were advanced by means of hollow stem augers or rotary drilling. Representative soil samples were obtained employing split spoon sampling procedures in accordance with AASHTO Method T-206. Samples obtained in the field were returned to our laboratory for further examination and testing.

Split spoon sampling involves driving a 2.0-inch outside diameter split-barrel sampler into the soil with a 140-pound weight falling freely through a distance of 30 inches. Blow counts are recorded at 6" intervals and the blow counts are shown on the boring logs. The number of blows required to advance the sampler the last 12 inches is termed the Standard Penetration Resistance (N). The N value is an indication of the relative density of the soil.

### SECTION 05: LAB TESTING PROGRAM

The test procedures were performed in accordance with test procedures discussed in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual. All split-spoon samples obtained from the drilling operation were visually classified in the field. Cohesive samples were tested for unconfined compressive strength using an IDOT modified RIMAC test device and/or calibrated penetrometer in the field.

The soil testing program included performing water content, density and either unconfined compression and/or calibrated penetrometer tests on the cohesive samples recovered. These tests were performed upon representative portions of the samples obtained in the field. The results of the above testing, along with a visual classification of the material based upon both the Illinois textural classification and the AASHTO Soil Classification System, are indicated on the boring logs.

In addition to the regular lab testing program, Particle Size Analysis (AASHTO T-88) or Grain Size Analysis (AASHTO T-311) and Organic Content (AASHTO T-194) tests were performed on select samples from the borings. The tests were performed upon representative portions of the samples obtained in the field. The lab testing results are attached in the Appendix G, and are also noted in the BBS 2640 forms in the Appendix E of this report.

Bedrock was cored at borings BS-01 and BS-02 locations. The bedrock was consistently categorized as Silurian System Niagaran Series Dolomite. Table 2 contains a summary of the bedrock information obtained during our exploration.

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Boring	Station	Bedrock Elevation	RQD	Compressive Strength (psi)
BS-01 (Run 1)	Sta. 14+79	638.4	63.0%	13,705
BS-01 (Run 2)	Sta. 14+79	627.9	91.9%	7,061
BS-02 (Run 1)	Sta. 16+15	639.9	53.0%	17,212
BS-02 (Run 2)	Sta. 16+15	628.4	80.0%	15,275

### Table 2 – Bedrock Information Summary

The rock core logs are illustrated in Appendix D. The unconfined compressive strength results of rock cores are shown at Appendix G. Rock cores indicated a mid-high to high degree of sample recovery with fairly high RQD values.

### SECTION 06: SOIL CONDITIONS

Boring logs can be found in Appendix D. The stratification lines shown on the boring logs represent the approximate boundary between soil types, and the actual transition may be gradual.

Surficial soils at all borings consist of 8 to 14 inches of asphalt, underlain with stiff to very stiff clay loam with gravel and stone fill and/or sand and gravel fill ranging from elevations 653 to 656 feet. Note that a 2-½ foot layer of buried topsoil was also encountered at the BS-01 and BS-02 borings at approximate elevations 655 feet. Underlying the surficial soils, the stratigraphy consists mainly of stiff to very stiff clay loam fill to medium dense to dense sand and gravel with fractured rock before it reaches bedrock to approximate elevation 639. A strata of loose sandy clay loam at boring BS-01 was noted in the bottom part layer of the fill and buried topsoil ranging from elevation 650 to 653 feet. Note that the roadway borings RD-01 and RD-02 were terminated at 10 feet below ground surface (approximate elevation 651).

Moisture contents of the granular soils ranges from 4% to 29% with an average of 11%. Fill materials had moisture contents with an average of 18%

# SECTION 07: GROUND WATER CONDITIONS

All of the borings taken for this investigation showed dry conditions both during and after the completion of drilling. However, due to the coloration change in the soils from brown and gray to gray, we estimate the long-term groundwater table to be approximately 8 feet below the ground surface. Fluctuations in the amount of water accumulated and in the hydrostatic water table can be anticipated depending upon variations in precipitation and surface runoff.

### SECTION 09: ANALYSIS

#### Slope Stability and Settlement

The majority of the alignment is considered to match or to be similar to existing conditions and little or no fill is proposed throughout the alignment. Various cross sections throughout the alignment have been investigated, and a worst case scenario of an 2-foot slope (3H:1V) has been used for the slope stability analysis. A factor of safety greater than 2.0 was calculated. No slope stability concerns and settlement issues were identified.

#### Drainage Conditions

Boring logs can be found in Appendix C of this report. The stratification lines shown on the boring logs represent the approximate boundary between soil types, and the actual transition may be gradual. Surficial soils consist of varying material of sands, gravels, and stone to clay loams throughout the strata. Moisture contents for the clay soils are typically in the mid-teens to low-twenties while the non-cohesive loams are typically in the low-teens.

A summary of the drainage reports can be found in Appendix D, BBS 2630 (BD 508A) and 2640 (BD 507A) forms. Majority areas have been noted in the condition of "Fair", which extends from the approximate stations Sta. 13+15 to 17+90 along the mainline alignment.

# SECTION 10: RECOMENDATIONS

#### General Recommendations

Any undercutting should be performed in such a manner as to minimize disturbance to the undercut subgrade. Heavy equipment traffic directly on the undercut subgrade should be minimized. The actual need for the recommended treatment should be determined in the field at the time of construction based on guidelines presented in the Illinois Department of Transportation Geotechnical Manual under the direction of a licensed geotechnical engineer. Evaluation of soils in the field should be performed based on the guidelines presented in the IDOT Subgrade Stability Manual.

Prior to placing any fill at the site, it is recommended that the exposed surface at or near grade be proofrolled with the heaviest available equipment to determine if there are any localized deposits of soft or unsuitable materials. During the proofrolling procedure, the exposed surface is rolled with the heaviest piece of construction equipment available at the site, such as a heavily loaded tandem axle dump truck having a gross weight of not less than 25 tons. Any such deposits, as observed by deflection of the subgrade under

the wheels of the proofrolling equipment, should be removed and replaced with an approved fill free of organic matter and debris. The silty clay loam soils are sensitive to moisture changes and some softening/disturbance of the exposed soils should be expected following periods of precipitation. The remediation may include lime stabilization or undercutting and placement of a stabilization stone such as IDOT gradation CA-1 or PGEs materials or approved fill material.

In addition, borrow and excavation material should be in accordance with section 6.2 of the IDOT Geotechnical Manual. In particular, soils shall be tested and conform to the required testing and permissible limits as defined in the following table (taken from Table 6-1 in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual). Materials that do not meet the permissible limits should be confined to the embankment core encompassed with at least 24-inches of cover material, which meet testing requirements in the following Table 2.

Required Test	AASHTO Method	Permissible Limit
SDD (at OMC)	T-99 (Method C)	90 pcf min *
Organic Content	T-194	10% max
Percent Silt and Fine Sand	Т-88	65% max **
PI	T-90	12% min
LL	T-89	50% max
Shear Strength © at 95% SDD	T-208 or T-234	1,000 psf min ***
SO3 ****	ASTM C-618	5% max

Table 2 – Requirements of Borrow Soils for Top 24-in Subgrade

As Per Standard Specification \*\*

Frost Susceptibility Criteria

\*\*\* For Engineered Embankments which are greater than 15ft in height or greater \*\*\*\* Only for CCB

Fill materials placed at the site should be consist of an inorganic approved material, compacted to a minimum 95% of AASHTO T-99 (ASTM D-698), standard proctor method. Moisture levels for fill material should be maintained within a maximum +/- 3% of the optimal moisture content or as directed by the engineer.

Construction of the proposed roadway improvements should be performed in accordance with the current Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. In particular, refer to Section 202, "Earth and Rock Excavation", Section 205, "Embankment" and Section 301, "Subgrade Preparation".

#### Roadway Recommendations

The areas under the existing roadway have been evaluated according to the profile drawings provided by BLA. Based on the soil boring information, the subgrade should provide adequate support for the rehabilitated roadway. In areas were reconstruction is proposed, the exposed subgrade should be observed by a geotechnical engineer and any topsoil, organic, unsuitable or deleterious material removed, if any.

Undercutting (if any) should be performed in such a manner as to minimize disturbance to the undercut subgrade. Heavy equipment traffic directly on the undercut subgrade should be minimized. The actual need for the recommended treatment should be determined in the field at the time of construction based on guidelines presented in the Illinois Department of Transportation Geotechnical Manual under the direction of a licensed geotechnical engineer. Evaluation of soils in the field should be performed based on the guidelines presented in the IDOT Subgrade Stability Manual.

#### Drainage Recommendations

As noted previously from the **SECTION 09: ANALYSIS** section, majority of the areas of the project site that are noted with a drainage class of "Fair".

Transverse underdrains should be installed at an interval of 300' and at any low-points. BBS-2630 form (BD 508A) shows the summary of the results and is located in Appendix E. The drains should be 4-inch diameter, placed at a depth of 30 inches and installed in accordance with Check Sheet No. 19 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions adopted January 1, 2010.

Undercut areas (if any) should be backfilled with IDOT gradation CA-01 (open-graded stone) and underlain with a non-woven geotextile filter fabric (4 to 6 oz/yd<sup>2</sup>).

### SECTION 11: GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS

The analysis and recommendations presented in this report are based upon the data obtained from the soil borings performed at the indicated locations and from any other information discussed in this report. This report does not reflect any variations that may occur between borings or across the site. In addition, the soil samples cannot be relied on to accurately reflect the strata variations that usually exist between sampling locations. The nature and extent of such variations may not become evident until construction. If variations appear evident, it will be necessary to reevaluate the recommendations of the report. In addition, it is recommended that Geo Services Inc. be retained to perform construction observation and thereby provide a complete professional geotechnical engineering service through the observational method.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client for specific application to the project discussed and has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No other warranties, either expressed or implied, are intended or made. In the event that any changes in the nature, design or location of the project as outlined in this report are planned, the conclusions and recommendations contained in this report shall not be considered valid unless the changes are reviewed and the conclusions of this report modified or verified in writing by the geotechnical engineer. Also note that Geo Services Inc. is not responsible for any claims, damages, or liability associated with any other party's interpretation of this report's subsurface data or reuse of the report's subsurface data or engineering analyses without the express written authorization of Geo Services Inc.

# **APPENDIX A**

# **GENERAL NOTES**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

#### **CLASSIFICATION**

American Association of State Highway & Transportation Officials (AASHTO) System used for soil classification.

Cohesionless Soil	s							
Relative	No. of Blows	TERMINOLOGY						
<u>Density</u>	<u>per foot N</u>							
		Streaks are considered to be paper thick.						
Very Loose	0 to 4	Lenses are considered to be less than 2						
Loose	4 to 10	inches thick. Layers are considered to						
Medium Dense	10 to 30	be less than 6 inches thick. Stratum are						
Dense	30 to 50	considered to be greater than 6 inches thick.						
Very Dense	Over 50							
<u>Cohesive Soils</u>								
	Unconfined Compressive							
<u>Consistency</u>	<u>Strength - qu (tsf)</u>							
Very Soft	Less than 0.25							
Soft	0.25 - 0.5							
Medium Stiff	0.5 - 1.0							
Stiff	1.0 - 2.0							
Very Stiff	2.0 - 4.0							
Hard	Over 4.0							
DRILLING AND S	DRILLING AND SAMPLING SYMBOLS							

#### 

SS:	Split Spoon 1-3/8" I.D., 2" O.D.
ST:	Shelby Tube 2" O.D., except where noted
AS:	Auger Sample
DB:	Diamond Bit - NX: BX: AX
CB:	Carboloy Bit - NX: BX: AX
OS:	Osterberg Sampler

HS:	Housel Sampler
WS:	Wash Sample
FT:	Fish Tail
RB:	Rock Bit
WO:	Wash Out

Standard "N" Penetration: Blows per foot of a 140 lb. hammer falling 30" on a 2" O.D. Split Spoon

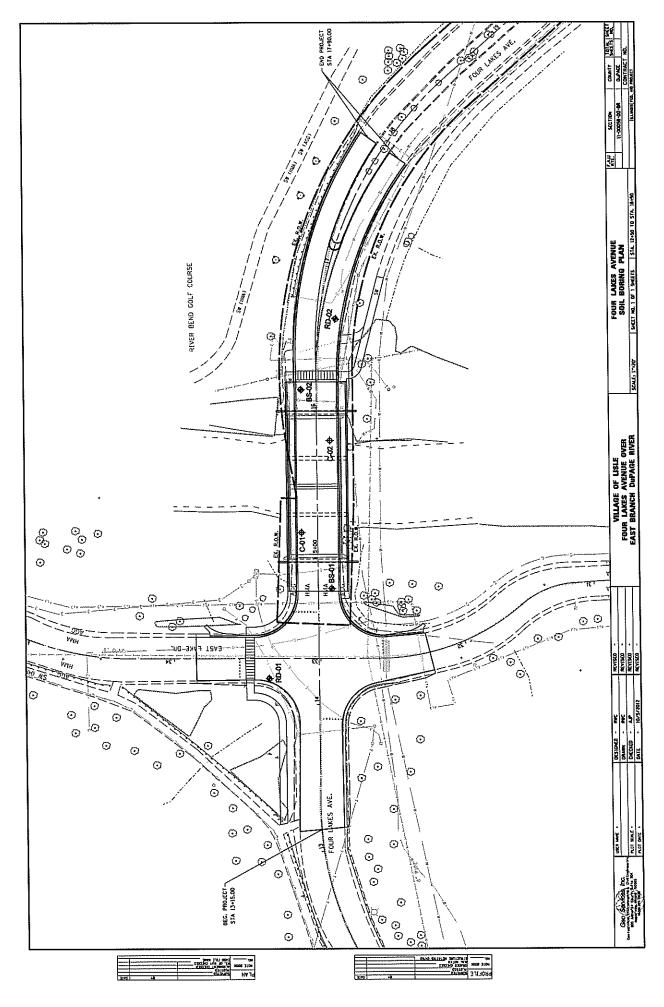
#### WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT SYMBOLS

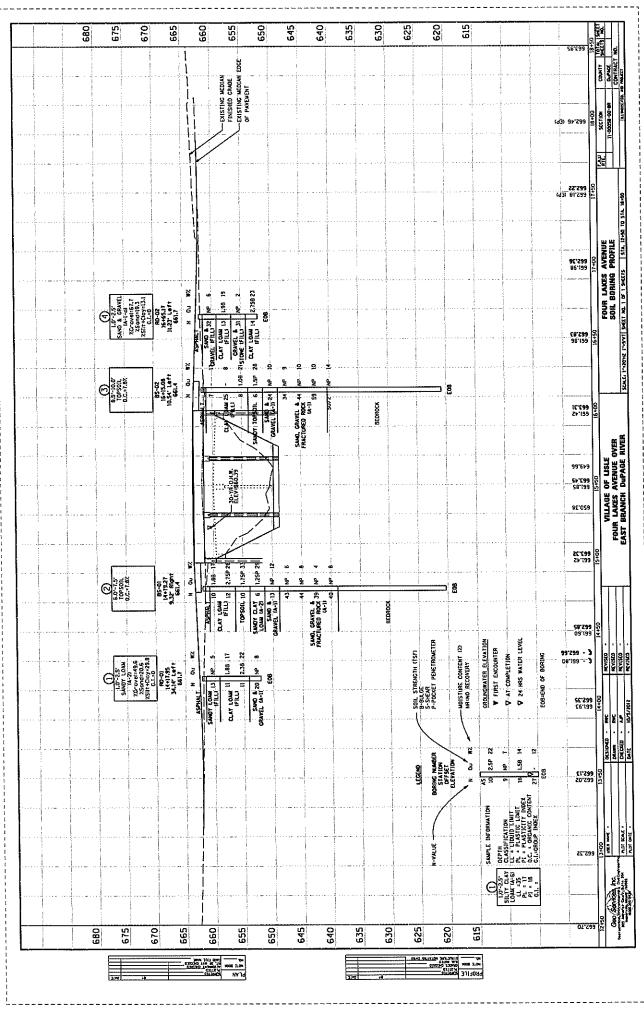
WL:	Water	WD:	While Drilling
WCI:	Wet Cave In	BCR:	Before Casing Removal
DCI:	Dry Cave In	ACR:	After Casing Removal
WS:	While sampling	AB:	After Boring

Water levels indicated on the boring logs are the levels measured in the boring at the times indicated. In pervious soils, the indicated elevations are considered reliable ground water levels. In impervious soils, the accurate determination of ground water elevations is not possible in even several days observation, and additional evidence on ground water elevations must be sought.

# APPENDIX B

# SOIL BORING PLAN AND PROFILE





# APPENDIX C

# SOIL BORING LOGS

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Geo Services, Inc.	S	OIL	_ B	OR	NG LOG	DATE <u>4/18</u>	/2012			
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Civil Engineering 805 Amperst-Court.Suite 204 Noperville, Illingis-160565						LOGGED BY	DR			
Noperville,   linois-  60565 (630)-355-2838						GSI JOB No.	120	066		
ROUTE D	ESCRIPT	ION	Four	Lake	es Avenue Over the E. Bronc	h of the DuPo	oge R	ver		
SECTION LI										
COUNTY <u>DuPage</u> D							E Aut	omat	ic	
STRUCT. NO					Surface Water Elev. <u>n/a</u>					14
Station	DE	B	UCC	M O	Stream Bed Elev. <u>n/a</u>		D E	BL	U C	м 0
BORING NO. RD-01	P T	O W	S	I S	Groundwater Elevation:	-	P T	0 W	S	l S
Station <u>14+17.95</u> Offset <u>34.14' Left</u>	н	S	Qu	Т			н	S	Qu	Т
Ground Surface Elev661.7	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)			(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)
8.0" ASPHALT 66	1.0 —						_			
SANDY LOAN-brown		8								
SANDY LOAM-brown- medium dense (A-2-4) (Fill)		9	ND							
650	8.7	4	NP	5						
		4		113						
CLAY LOAM-brown & gray-	-5	5	1.8B	17			-25			
stiff to very stiff $(A-6)$ Fill										
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	<u> </u>	5 6	2.38	22						
65	3.7	Ţ								
SAND & GRAVEL-gray-		4								
medium dense (A-1)		10		1	1					[
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End Of Boring @ -10.0' Hollow Stem Augers								1		
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The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Enjlyre	-2 Mode is	0 <mark>1</mark>	ted by	(BB)	loe S-Shear P-Penetrometer) ST	-Shelby Tube Same	-4		e Sheor	Tes

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

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Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnicol, Environmental & Givil Engineering 805 Amheris Court. Suite 204 Naperville, Illingis - 60565					LOGGED BY DR						
(630)-355-2838						GSI JOB No.	1206	6			
ROUTE	DESCRI	TION	Four	Lake							
SECTION											
STRUCT. NO	[	Τ			Surface Water Elev. <u>n/a</u>				$\overline{\Box}$		
Station	1 1	B	U C	M	Stream Bed Elev. <u>n/a</u>		D E E L		M 0		
BORING NO. RD-02	_   Р Т	0	S	 S	Groundwater Elevation:		P C T V		 S		
Station <u>16+65.17</u>	_   Ĥ		Qu	T		<u> </u>	н		T		
Offset <u>11.23' Right</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.</u>	- 7 (ft	) (/6")	(tsf)	(%)			(ft) (/	5") (tsf)	(%)		
	661.0 -										
		_									
SAND & GRAVEL-brown-dense (A-	1-a)	21							+		
(Fill)		11	NP	6							
	658.7	-									
CLAY LOAM-dark brown & gray- stiff to very stiff (A-6) Fill		4		108							
	-	7	1.05				-25				
	656.2	-56	1.9B	19					┼		
GRAVEL & STONE-gray- dense (A-1) Fill	-	15 22							+		
dense (A-I) Fill		9	NP	2					<u> </u>		
	653.7	_		1			-+				
CLAY LOAM-dark brown, groy & bl	ack	4		100							
very stiff (A-6) Fill	061 7		0.755				-30				
	651.7 -		2.75	\$ 23					+		
End Of Boring @ -10.0' Hollow Stem Augers											
CME Automotic Hommer							-		+		
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The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

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Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnicol, Environmental & Civil Engineering	2	υi	_ 5	UK		DATE 4/18/2012						
805 Amherst-Court. Spite 204 LOG Noperville, Minois- 60565							LOGGED BY <u>DR</u>					
	GSI JOB No. 1206									—		
	DESCRIPTION Four Lakes Avenue Over the E. Branch of the DuPage Rive											
	LOCATION <u>T 38 N, R 10 E, SEC 15, SE 1/4, 3rd PM</u> DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger/Rotory</u> HAMMER TYPE <u>CME Auton</u>									—		
	r	MCI	- UU -		Surface Water Elev. $n/a$					<u> </u>		
STRUCT. NO	. D	BL	U C	м О			D E	B L	U C	м 0		
BORING NO. BS-01		o ₩	Š	I S	Groundwater Elevation:		P T	ō w	Š	I S		
Station <u>14+79.27</u>	.   н́	s	Qu	T	First Encounter <u>Dry to</u> Upon Completion <u>n/a</u>	<u>10.0'</u>	н	s	Qu	Τ		
Offset <u>9.32' Right</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.4</u>	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)			(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)		
14.0" ASPHALT										<u> </u>		
£	360.2 <b></b> _	7		111	SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURE	) ROCK-		18				
		5			groy-dense (A-1)			19				
CLAY LOAM with Gravel & Stone- dark brown, gray & black-		5	1.88	17		638.4	4	21	NP	8		
stiff to very stiff (Fill)		]			Drillers Observation: Apparer							
		4			Silurian System Niagaran Se RUN 1 (−23.5' ta −33.5')	ries Dolomite	3					
		-	2.75P	26	Light gray & fine grained wi	th horizonta	<u>– 25</u>					
	655.9	5.9 bedding. Lightly weathered with rust - staining to -24.4'. Numerous horizontal										
		3		<u> </u>	fractures throughout.	13 110112011(01						
TOPSOIL-black		4	1.75P	3 33	Recovery=93.0%							
	653.4		1.75		R.Q.D=63.0%							
SANDY CLAY LOAM-dark brown &	_	2							RUN	1		
black-loose (A-2)	<u></u>	3										
	<u>-1</u> 650.9	03	1.25F	29			- 30					
		1										
SAND & GRAVEL-brown-	_	6										
medium dense (A-1)	·····	6 7	NP	12								
	648.4	-				697						
		9			Silurian System Niagaran Se	627. cries Dolomit						
	-	20			RUN 2 $(-33.5' \text{ to } -41.5')$							
	1	<u>5 23</u>	NP	6	Light gray & fine grained w		<u>-35</u> ol					
SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURED ROCK					bedding & some chert repl nodules. Light rust staining			]				
groy-dense (A-1)	-	17			to -40.1'. Some horizontal throughout.			1	RUN	2		
		20		8				1		-		
		-			Recovery=96.9% R.Q.D.=91.9%							
	-	16						1				
		19	l l									
The Uncerfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Fee	-Z	0 20		4	In S-Shear P-Penetrometer) ST-S	belby Tube Sam	- 4	<u>u</u>	e Sher	T		

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Foilure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Sheor, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR~No Recovery

						PAGE	2	_ of	2			
Geo Services- Inc.	S	OIL	- B	OR	DATE _	DATE _4/18/2012						
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Givil Engineering 805 AmperstCourt.Suite 204 Naperville, Ulingia-160565						LOGGE	D BY <u>DR</u>					
Noperville, Illinois-760565 (630)-355+2838						GSI JO	B No1	2066				
ROUTE ~-	DESCRIP.	TION	Four	Lake	s Avenue Over the E							
	DESCRIPTION <u>Four Lakes Avenue Over the E. Branch of the DuPage River</u> LOCATION <u>T 38 N, R 10 E, SEC 15, SE 1/4, 3rd PM</u>											
	DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger/Rotory</u> HAMMER TYPE <u>CME Automatic</u>											
		WIL I			Surface Water Elev.		<u> </u>			_		
STRUCT. NO Station	10	в	U	м 0	Stream Bed Elev.			BL	U C	M O		
BORING NO. BS-01	P	L O	C S	1	Groundwater Elevation	n:	P	0	Š	1		
Station <u>14+79.27</u>		W S	Qu	S T	First Encounter	<u>Dry to 10.0'</u>			Qu	S T		
Offset <u>9.32' Right</u>	. (ft)	( /6")	(tsf)	(%)	Upon Completion		(ft	) ( /6"	(tsf)	(%)		
Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.4</u>		/ • /	(131)	(10)	After Hrs.			/ // <del>-</del> .				
Run 2 continued.		RUN 2					-					
t	519.9						-		$\mid$	<u> </u>		
End Of Boring @ -41.5'												
Hollow Stem Augers To -10.0' Rotory Drilling To Completion	·····											
CME Automatic Hommer							-					
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	-45	<u></u>						65		<u> </u>		
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The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Fa	-6		tod by	(8_8)	lan S-Sharr P-Penetrome	ter) ST~Shelby Tu		-80 VS=Vo	ne Shea			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N volue) is the sum of the last two blow volues in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

				PA	GE _1			of _2		
Geo Services, Inc.	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DA	TE _	1/18,	/2012	2		
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Givil Engineering 805 Amberst-Court-Satte 204 Naperville, Illingis 60565				LO	GGED	BY	DR			
Naperville, Illinois 60565 (630) 355 2838					I JOB					
ROUTE	DESCRIPTION Four	r Lakes Aven	ue Over the E. Bi							
SECTION										
COUNTY DuPage				. —						
STRUCT. NO				el-10 ft	D E	C O	R E	R	C O	S T
Station	Core Diameter	2.0 in			P T	R E	c o	ġ	Ř E T	RE
BORING NO. <b>BS-01</b> Station 14+79,27	<ul> <li>Iop of Rock Elev</li> <li>Begin Core Elev.</li> </ul>	4. <u>638.4</u> 637.9			н	-	V E	Ď	- 1	N G
Station <u>14+79.27</u> Offset <u>9.32' Right</u>	-						R	•	M E	Т
Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.4</u>	1				(ft)	(#)	Y (%)	(%)	(min /ft)	H (tsf)
Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dol	omite				<u></u>	1	<u> </u>	63.0		<u> </u>
RUN 1 (-23.5' to -33.5')		مغادر سمجلامهم	ad with much at-i-	ina ta						-25.5
Light gray & fine grained with horiz -24.4'. Numerous horizontal fractur	es throughout.	iny weathers	SU WILL FUST STOL	הוק נס						ļ
				_	- <u>28.5</u>					
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					_					
					-33.5					
		E		4		1	. <u>.</u>	1	<u>ا</u>	1
				and the second						
Į į	35-01		12066							
	RUN 1-23		25		Ś					
	KUNT 27	いかつ.			2					
	TOP				2					
				7						
	111	la constante de	l							
1 Contract		- <b>1</b>								
	1									
			<b>R</b>							

Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for exomination for <u>-</u> The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

					PAGE	2		of <u>2</u>	2	<del></del>
CSI JOB No. 12065  COUNTY	Geo Services, Inc.	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DATE	4/18	3/2012	2		<u> </u>
GSU-352-363 GSU JOB No. 12066 GSU JOB No. 100 GSU JOB No. 12066 GSU JOB NO. 1206 GSU JOB NO. 1206 GSU JOB NO. 1206 GSU JOB NO. 100	Geotechnical, Environmental & Civil Engineering 805 Amherst-Court, Suite 204 Naperville, Winhigh 60565				LOGG	ED BY	DR	<u> </u>		
SECTION LOCATION _T 3B N, R 10 E, SEC 15, SE 1/4, 3rd PM COUNTY <u>DuPage</u> CORING METHOD <u>Relary Wesh</u> STRUCT. NO CORING BARREL TYPE & SIZE <u>IX Double Surved-10 ft</u> <u>P</u> R <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>N</u> <u>O</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>F</u> <u>F</u> <u>R</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>N</u> <u>O</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>N</u> <u>O</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>E</u> <u>S</u> <u>Solution CORING BARREL TYPE &amp; SIZE <u>IX Double Surved-10 ft</u> <u>P</u> <u>R</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>R</u> <u>N</u> <u>O</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>E</u> <u>S</u> <u>Solution <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>N</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u></u></u>	Nabel Alle Multiple 1 00000				GSI 🗸	JOB No	). <u>12</u>	066		
COUNTY <u>DuPage</u> CORING METHOD <u>Ratery Wash</u> STRUCT. NOCORING METHOD <u>Ratery Wash</u> STRUCT. NOCORING METHOD <u>Ratery Wash</u> Core Diometer <u>2.0 in</u> Top of Rock Elex <u>027.9</u> Begin Core Elex. <u>027.9</u> Begin Core Elex. <u>027.9</u> Begin Core Elex. <u>027.9</u> Cound Surface Elex. <u>10.9</u> Cound Surface El	ROUTE	DESCRIPTION Four	Lakes Aven	<u>we Over the E. Bro</u>	nch of t	he DuF	age R	liver		
STRUCT. NOCORING BARREL TYPE & SIZE <u>IXX Double Swive-10 ft</u> StotionCORING BARREL TYPE & SIZE <u>IXX Double Swive-10 ft</u> BORING NO. <u>BS-01</u> Top of Rock <u>Lev</u> . <u>627.9</u> Begin Core Elev. <u>627.9</u> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b>	SECTION	LOCATION T 38 N	<u>, r 10 e, se</u>	<u>FC 15, SE 1/4, 3rd</u>	РМ					
STRUCT. NOCORING BARREL TYPE & SIZE _ NY_Double Swivel-10 ft _ F _ R _ R _ R _ T _ T _ R _ C _ O _ R _ R _ R _ T _ T _ T _ R _ R _ R _ T _ T	COUNTY DuPage	CORING METHOD	Rotary Wast	<u>h</u>	r			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
South					<u>-10 ft</u>	E O	E		0	T
Offset <u>9.32' Right</u> Ground Surface Elex <u>681.4</u> Silurian System, Niegaran Series Dolomite RUN 2 (-3.53' to -41.5) Light groy & fine groined with horizontal bedding & some chert replacement nodules. Light rust staining from -38.6' to -40.1'. Some horizontal fractures throughout. B3-415 B3-415 B3-415 B3-415 B3-415 B3-415	Station	Core Diometer _ Top of Rock Elev	2.0 in 627.9			ΤE	0		ΕT	ε
Offset <u>9.32' Right</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>681.4</u> Silurian System, Niegaran Series Dolomite RUN 2 (-3.53' to -41.5) Light groy & fine groined with horizontal bedding & some chert replacement nodules. Light rust staining from -38.6' to -40.1'. Some horizontal fractures throughout. BS-C Low mentations in the second s	BORING NO. <b>DD-VI</b> Station 14+79.27	- Begin Core Elev.	627.9				E		м	G
Cround Surface Elev.       661.4       (tr) (g) (x) (x) /(t) (tof         Silurian System, Niggoran Series Dolornite       2       96.9       91.9       n/o       53.6         RUN 2 (-35.5' to -41.5')       Light gray & fine grained with horizontal bedding & some chert replacement nodules.       1 <td>Offset 9.32' Right</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(min</td> <td>н</td>	Offset 9.32' Right	-				1			(min	н
RUN 2 (-33.5' to -41.5) Light group & fine grained with horizontal bedding & some chert replacement nodules. Light rust staining from -38.6' to -40.1'. Some horizontal fractures throughout. -34.5 -41.5					(	1		(%)	Źft)	(tsf)
Light groy & fine groined with horizontal bedding & some chert replacement nodules. Light rust staining from -38.6' to -40.1'. Some horizontal fractures throughout. -34.5 -41		omite				<b>−</b>   <sup>2</sup>	96.9	91.9	n/o	508 <b>0</b> 34.0
$\frac{-34.5}{-41.5}$	Light gray & fine grained with horiz	ontal bedding & so	ome chert r	eplacement nodules	3.					
-41.5 -41.5	∟ignt rust staining from -38.6' to ·	-40.1. Some horiz	ontal fractu	res throughout.						1
-41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 41.5 						二				
-41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 -41.5 41.5 						-				
-41.5 -41.5					_					
BS-C-1 12.066 RVN 2 335'+ 415' TOP					- <u>3</u>	54.5	]			
BS-C-1 12.066 RVN 2 335'+ 415' TOP					_					
BS-C-1 12.066 RVN 2 335'+ 415' TOP					_					
BS-C-1 12.066 RVN 2 335'+ 415' TOP					-					
RUNZ 335+0-415						41.5			<u> </u>	
RUN2 33547415							ļ			
RUNZ 335+0-415					_					
RUNZ 335+0-415					100 F	 ]		<u>l</u>	1	<u> </u>
RUNZ 335+0-415		35-01		17011						
RUNZ 335+0-415			and a second state of		2					
		RUN 2	-2354	s #415 * *	har a					
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Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for examination for <u>-</u> The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

					PAGE _1	of _	2	<u> </u>
Geo Services Inc.	S	OIL	- B	OR	ING LOG DATE <u>4/17/2</u>	012		
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Civil Engineering 805 Amberst-Court-Saite 204 Naperville, Wingls-160565					LOGGED BY <u>D</u>	R		
Naperville, Illinois 60565 (630)-355-2838					GSI JOB No.	12066	;	
ROUTE	DESCRIPT		Four	Loke	s Avenue Over the E. Branch of the DuPage	Rive	-	
SECTION		_						
					w Stem Auger/Rotary HAMMER TYPE <u>CME</u>	Autom	atic	
STRUCT. NO					Surface Water Flex $n/a$	1		<u> </u>
Station	D E	BL	U C	м О	Stream Bed Elev. <u>n/a</u>	D B E L	U C	M O
BORING NO. BS-02	P T	0 W	S	1 S	Groundwater Elevation:	P   O T   W		1   S
Station <u>16+15.08</u> Offset <u>10.54' Left</u>	н	S	Qu	Т	First Encounter <u>Dry to 10.0'</u> Upon Completion $n/a$	H S	Qu	T
Ground Surface Elev. 661.4	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	After Hrs (	ft) (/6	") (tsf)	(%)
10.0" ASPHALT 6	60.6				SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURED ROCK-			
<u></u>		3			gray-dense (A-1)	 50,	<u>'2'</u>	
		3			Drillers Observation: Apparent Bedrock			
		4	-	17	638.4		NP	14
CLAY LOAM with Grovel & Stone-	_				Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dolomite	_		
dark brown, gray & black- loose to medium dense (Fill)		2			RUN 1 (-23.0' to -33.0')			
		16	_	8	Light gray & fine grained with horizontal _ bedding. Numerous horizontal fractures	-25		
		{			and light rust staining throughout.	-		
		3		98	Recovery=100.0%			
		3			R.Q.D.=53.0%	_		
6		5	1.0B	21	_	_	RUN	1
		]						
SANDY TOPSOIL-black		2						
		-	1.5P	28		-30		
	550.9	-	1			$\neg$		
SAND & GRAVEL-brown-		3			-			
medium dense (A-1)		8	NP	10				
	548.4 <b>-</b>				628.4			
	_	-			Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dolomite			
		15		-	RUN 2 (-33.0' to -41.0')			
	1	<u>5 16</u>	NP	9	Light gray to gray & fine grained with horizontal bedding. Some chert	- 35		
SAND ODAVEL & EDACTURED DOOK		-			replacement nodules. Light rust staining throughout with few horizontal fractures	-		
SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURED ROCK groy-dense (A-1)		21			Recovery=85.0%		RUN	2
		28 16	1	10	R.Q.D.=80.0% -			
					1 .			
		-				_		
		<u>18</u> 38						
		0 21		10	den S. Share B. Banatrometer) ST_Shalby Tube Sample	-40	ane Sher	

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

Open dependence         SOIL BORING LOG         DATE         A/17/2012           LOCKER HERE DEPENDENCE         LOCKER HE							PAGE 2	of	_2	
1989-3003/828     CSI JOB No. 12066       ROUTE	Geo Services Inc.	S	OIL	. B	OR	ING LOG	DATE <u>4/17</u>	/2012		
1989-3003/828     CSI JOB No. 12066       ROUTE	Geotechnical, Environmental & Givil Engineering 805 Amherst-Court-Saite 204						LOGGED BY	DR		
ROUTE	(630)-355-2838						GSI JOB No.	120	56	
SECTION          LOCATION         T 38 N. R. 10 E. SEC 13. SE 1/4. 3rd PM           COUNTY         DuPage         ORILLING METHOD         Hollow. Stem Auger/Rotery.         MAMMER TYPE_CME Automatic           Station	ROUTE	_ DESCRIP	<b>FION</b>	Four	Lake	es Avenue Over the E. Bro				
COUNTY_DuPage         DRILING METHOD         Hollow Stem Auger/Rotary         HAMMER TYPE         CME Automatic           STRUCT_NO										
STRUCT. NO								Auto	matic	
Station										$\overline{\top}$
BORING NO.       BS-02       P       V       S       S       S       Groundwater Elevation:       P       V       S       S       S         Stotion       161+15.08       (1)       (1)       Y       Trist Encounter       Dru to 10.0°       Y       Y       S <t< td=""><td></td><td>יטן</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>D F</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		יטן						D F		
Stotion       16±15.08       IIII       IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	BORING NO. BS-02	P	0			Groundwater Elevation:		Р	0 S	1
Ground Surface Elev.	Station <u>16+15.08</u>			Qu				н		
Run 2 continued.         620.4         RUN 2           End Of Boring @ -41.0'		4 (ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)			(ft) (	/6") (ts	f) (%)
End Of Boring @ -41.0'       Hollow Stem Augers To -10.0'       Rotery Drilling To Completion      45      45      45      45      45      55      70      70      70      70      70      70      70      70      70      70      70      70      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      73      74      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75      75 <td></td> <td>- 1, ,</td> <td><u>[' 1</u></td> <td>•••</td> <td>• •</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>+</td>		- 1, ,	<u>[' 1</u>	•••	• •					+
Hollow Stem Augers To -10.0' Rotry Delition CME Autometic Hommer 	Run 2 continued.	620.4		RUN 2						
Retery Drilling To Completion		<u> </u>								
	Rotary Drilling To Completion									_
	CME Automotic Hommer									
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						-				+
	The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) F			ted by	(B-R)	lige, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)	ST-Shelby Tube Some		=Vane St	iear Tes

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

	······			PA	.GE <u>1</u>		(	of <u>2</u>		
Geo Services Inc.	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DA	TE _4	/17/	<u>2012/</u>			
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnicol, Environmental & Civil Engineering 805 Amherst-Court-Suite 204 Naperville, Illingis-f 60555				LO	GGED	BY _	DR			
(630)-355+2838				GS	I JOB	No.	12	066		
ROUTE	DESCRIPTION Four	<u>Lokes Aven</u>	ue Over the E.	Branch of	the	<u>DuPo</u>	<u>ge R</u>	iver		
SECTION	LOCATION T 38 N	I, R 10 E, SI	<u>EC 15. SE 1/4.</u>	<u>3rd PM</u>						
COUNTY <u>DuPage</u>	CORING METHOD	Rotary Wast	h			~ 1		1 9	<u> </u>	s
STRUCT. NO					D E P	C O R	R E C	R Q	C O R	S T R
Station	Core Diometer				T H	£	o v	ů D	ĒT	EN
BORING NO. <u>BS-02</u> Station <u>16+15.08</u>	Begin Core Elev.	638.4					Ē	-	м Е	G T
Offset 10.54' Left	<b>*</b> 1						Y		(min	н
Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.4</u>					(ft)		(%) 100.0	(%) 53.0	/ft) n/a	
Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dol RUN 1 (-23.0' to -33.0')								53.0		25.9
Light gray & fine grained with horiz rust staining throughout.	ontal bedding. Nun	nerous horiz	ontal fractures	and light				ļ		
					- <u>28.0</u>	1				
						1		1		
						1	1			l
						-				
			2000 (1921)		<u>-33</u>	3	.1		<u> </u>	1
	B5-02		12.066							
	RUNI	for the deal	2-224							
	++ C									
	TOP		ene serene							
		2.64 (7)								
		223								

Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for examination for <u>-</u> The "Strength" column represents the unioxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

				PAG	E <u>2</u>		of <u>2</u>	)	
Geo Services Inc.	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DATE	E <u>4/1</u>	7/201:	2		
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Givil Engineering 805 Amheris Court, Suite 204 Naperville, Illingis (80565				LOG	GED BY				
Naperville, Illinois 60565 (630)-355-2888				GSL	JOB No	o. <u>12</u>	066		
ROUTE	DESCRIPTION _Four	Lokes Aven	ue Over the E. Bro						
SECTION									-
COUNTY DuPage							_		
STRUCT. NO	CORING BARREL T	YPE & SIZE	NX Double Swivel	<u>-10_ft</u>	D C E O	) E	R	C O	S T
Station	Core Diameter	2.0 in			P R T E	0	Q	R E T	
BORING NO. <u>BS-02</u> Station <u>16+15.08</u>	Begin Core Elev.	628.4			н	V E	D	I M	
Offset 10.54' Left						R Y		E (min	T H
Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.4</u>		<del></del>	•	(	(ft) (# 2			Zft)	(tsf
Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dolo RUN 2 (-33.0' to -41.0') Light gray to gray & fine grained wi nodules. Light rust staining througho	th horizontal bedd	ding. Some ( ontal fractur	chert replocement res.						- 33.1
	5-02 2UN 2 3 TOP	33.0°.+5-4 5	12066						

Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for examination for <u>--</u> The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

## APPENDIX D

## BBS 2630/ BD 508A



### Summary Report on Pavement, Base and Sub-Base Design

State Job Number: P-91-178-12	Project: Four Lakes Ave. Bridge	Route:
Section:	City or County: DuPage County	Date: 10/18/12
ADT:Year:	Design Period: _20 Yr.	Class Highway:
Passenger Cars Per Day:	Trucks S.U. Per Day:	Trucks M.U. Per Day:
Pavement Structure:	10.59994977 (19.79)	1910//
Type Surface Course:	a positiva and a second se	Thickness:
Type Base Course:		Thickness:
Type Sub-Base Material:		Thickness:

Sta. to Sta.	13+15 to 15+00	15+00 to 17+90	 
*Sta. of Test	14+17.95 (O/S 34.14' Left, Mainline)	16+65.17 (O/S 11.23' Right, Mainline)	 
*Drainage Class	Fair	Fair	 
*Ave. Frost Penetration	48 inches	48 inches	 
Grain Size Classification	A-2-4	A-1-a	 
HRB Class and Group Index			 
*Percent Silt	14.9%	6.6%	 
STD. Dry Density AASHTO T99		~_	 
Bearing Ratio			 
Optimum Moisture			 

\* Indicates worst condition within the above station limits

Remarks:

## APPENDIX E

## BBS 2640/ BD 507A

Soil Test Data



Route \_--

Section \_-

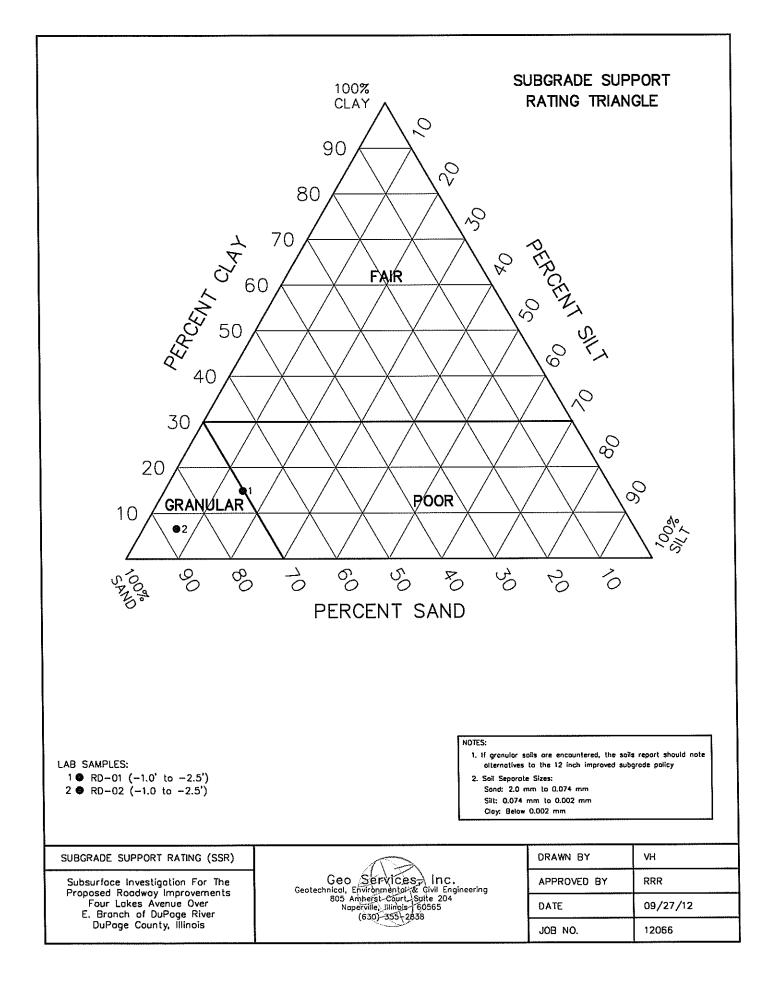
County \_\_\_\_\_DuPage County

Location Four Lakes Ave. Bridge, DuPage Co, IL.

Boring No./Sample No.	RD-01/S-2	RD-02/S-2	BS-01/S-4	BS-02/S-5
Station	14+17.95	16+65.17	14+79.27	16+15/08
Offset	34.14' Left	11.23' Right	34.14' Right	10.54' Left
Depth	1.0 -2.5 ft	1.0 -2.5 ft	6.0 – 7.5 ft	8.5 – 10.0 ft
AASHTO Classification / Group Index	A-2—4/0	A-1-a/0		
Illinois Textural Classification	SANDY LOAM	BROWN SAND & GRAVEL		
Gradation Passing – 1"	100%	100%		
3/4"	84.2%	77.2%		
1/2"	74.7%	58.0%		
No. 4	59.1%	44.1%		
No. 10	50.4%	32.3%		
No. 40	40.2%	19.5%		
No. 100	33.0%	14.9%		
No. 200	29.8%	13.1%		
Gravel (AASHTO T-88)	49.6%	67.7%		
Sand (AASHTO T-88)	20.6%	19.3%		
Silt (AASHTO T-88)	14.9%	6.6%		
Clay (AASHTO ⊺-88)	14.9%	6.6%		
Liquid Limit (AASHTO T-89)				
Plasticity Index (AASHTO T-90)	NP	NP		
Std. Dry Density pcf (AASHTO T-99)				
Optimum Moisture (AASHTO T-99)				
Subgrade Support Rating	Granular	Granular		
Organic Content			7.8%	5.1%
Insitu Moisture			33.0%	28.0%

## APPENDIX F

# SUBGRADE STABILITY RATING (SSR) TRIANGLE



## APPENDIX G

# LAB TESTING RESULTS



#### 1235 E. DAVIS STREET ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, IL 60005 (847) 253-3845 FAXES (847) 253-0482

#### Organic Matter in Soils by Wet Combustion AASHTO T 194

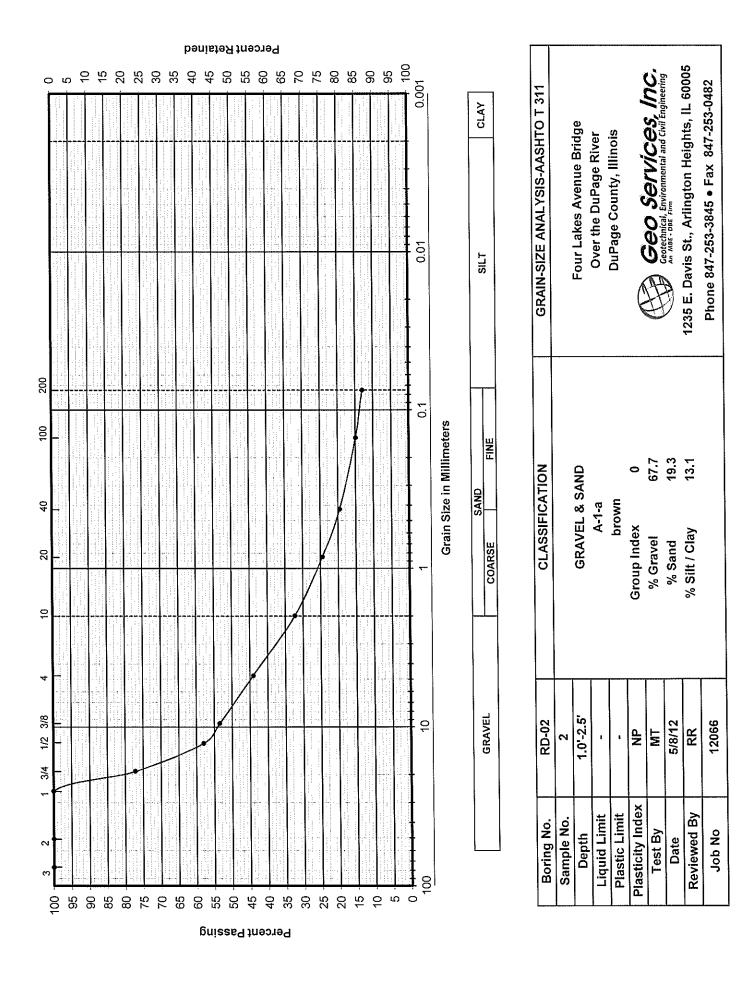
Project Name Four Lakes Bridge	6/14/12
Location DuPage County, Illinois	

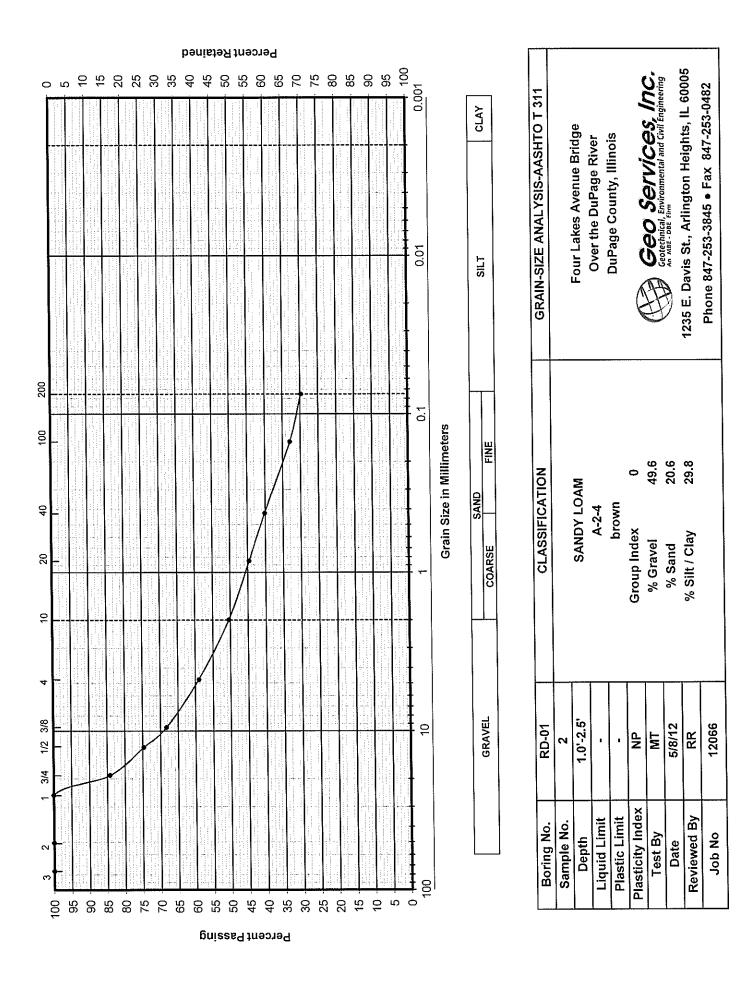
12066

Sample Location	BS-01	BS-02			:
Sample No	4	5			
Depth	6.0'-7.5'	8.5'-10.0'			
Sample Wt. (g)	0.784	0.770			
Ferrous Sulfate Solution (ml)		10.0			
Total Organic Matter %	7.8	5.1			

Comments: -

Tests Performed by: TO





Geo Services, Inc.

1235 E. Davis Street Arlington Heights, Illinois 60005 Phone: (847) 253-3845 Fax: (847) 253-0482

#### UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH of INTACT ROCK CORE SPECIMENS - ASTM D 7012

Project Name	Four Lakes Avenue Over The E. Branch Of The DuPage River	Date	4/2/12
Location	SEC 15, T 38 N, R 10 E, SE 1/4, 3rd PM	Job No	12066
County	DuPage	Tested By:_	RWC
Sample Type	Drilled Bedrock Core Sample		

Sample	Depth	Length	Diameter	Weight	Load	Area	Unit Weight	Compressi	ve Strength
No.	(fi)	(in)	(in)	(9)	(lbs)	(in²)	(lbs ft <sup>3</sup> )	(tsf)	(psì)
BS-01 Run 1	25.5	4.083	2.052	542.7	45300	3.31	153.1	987	13705
3\$-01 Run 2	34.0	4.128	2.051	544.9	23330	3.30	152.1	508	7061
BS-02 Run 1	25.9	4.095	2.050	555.4	56810	3.30	156.5	1239	17212
BS-02 Run 2	33.1	4.090	2.052	563.0	50490	3.31	158.6	1100	15275

Page 1 of 1

## STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

Four Lakes Ave. Bridge over E. Branch of DuPage River

Proposed SN: 022-6663

IDOT Job # P-91-178-12

**DuPage County, Illinois** 

### STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:

Bollinger, Lach and Associates, Inc. 333 Pierce Road, Suite 200, Itasca, IL. 60143

Prepared by:

Geo Services, Inc. 805 Amherst Court Suite 204 Naperville, Illinois 60565 (630) 305-9186

**JOB NO. 11168** 

October 2012





Draft Submitted: October 3, 2012 October 17, 2012

Bollinger, Lach and Associates, Inc. 333 Pierce Road, Suite 200 Itasca, IL 60143

Attn: Mr. Joel Ihde, P.E., S.E.

GSI Project 12066

Re: Structure Geotechnical Report Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River Proposed Stucture Number: 022-6663 IDOT Project No. P-91-178-12 DuPage County, IL.

Dear Mr. Ihde:

The following report presents the geotechnical analysis and recommendations for the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River Project. A total of two (2) structural soil borings (BS-01 thru BS-02) were completed at the site by Geo Services, Inc. (GSI). Copies of these boring logs, along with bridge core information, are included in this report.

If there are any questions with regard to the information submitted in this report, or if we can be of further assistance to you in any way, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

GEO SERVICES, INC.

Richard Realeza Staff Engineer

In that

Andrew J. Ptak, P.E. Office Manager

enc.

Naperville, IL 60565 ♦ Arlington Heights, IL 60005 ♦ Phone (847) 253-3845 ♦ Fax (847) 253-0482 www.geoservicesinc.net

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APPENDIX G: TEM Test Results APPENDIX H: IDOT BLR 10220 Form

APPENDIX F: Lab Test Results

### SECTION 01: INTRODUCTION

The following report presents the geotechnical analysis and recommendations for the reconstruction of the Four Lakes Avenue Bridge over East Branch of DuPage River in Lisle, DuPage County, IL. A total of two (2) soil borings (BS-01 thru BS-02) were completed for the reconstruction of the bridge. Copies of these boring logs, location diagram, soil profile, and lab data are included in this report.

The existing bridge (SN 022-6660) is a 2-span precast, prestressed concrete deck beam structure supported on reinforced concrete abutments supported on piles and a solid wall pier supported on piles. The existing bridge structure is extended to approximately 97 feet long (back to back abutments) and 36 feet wide (out to out).

It is intended to fully replace the bridge. The proposed 3-span bridge will will extend from approximately Station 14+96.4 to 16+00.4 (approximately 105 feet). Estimated bottom of footing cap elevations have been provided by Bollinger, Lach and Associates, Inc. (BLA), and are tabulated in Table 5 of this report.

### SECTION 02: SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

The soil boring locations were selected by Geo Services based on the criteria in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual and submitted to and approved by Bollinger, Lach and Associates, Inc. (BLA) and IDOT. Soil borings were laid out by Geo Services, Inc. field personnel. Surveyed elevations were provided by BLA and are shown on the boring logs. The as-drilled locations for the borings are shown on the Boring Location Diagram found in the Appendix section of this report.

The borings were performed during the month of April, 2012 with a truck mounted drill rig and the borings were advanced by means of hollow stem augers or rotary drilling techniques. Representative samples from the drill rig were obtained employing split spoon sampling procedures in accordance with AASHTO T-206. Cohesive samples were tested for unconfined compressive strength using an IDOT modified RIMAC test device and/or calibrated penetrometer in the field.

In addition, rock cores were obtained at borings BS-01 and BS-02 using rotary drilling techniques and a NX-size double tubed core barrel with a diamond impregnated bit.

## SECTION 03: LAB TESTING PROGRAM

The test procedures were performed in accordance with test procedures discussed in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual. All split-spoon samples obtained from the drilling operation were visually classified in the field.

The soil testing program included performing water content, density and either unconfined compression and/or calibrated penetrometer tests on the cohesive samples recovered. Water content tests were performed on the non-cohesive samples recovered. These tests were performed upon representative portions of the samples obtained in the field. In addition, unconfined compressive testing was performed on rock cores obtained from the field and are indicated on the rock core logs.

The results of the above testing, along with a visual classification of the material based upon both the Illinois textural classification and the AASHTO Soil Classification System, are indicated on the boring logs. Unconfined compressive testing was performed on rock cores obtained from the field and are indicated on the rock core logs. The tests were performed upon representative portions of the samples obtained in the field.

Core samples C-1 and C-2 were delivered to TEM, Incorporated (TEM) following chain of custody procedures. TEM was instructed to test the samples for the presence of asbestos using the Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) Gravimetric Reduction method as requested by BLA, following the procedures contined in the EPA Method 600/R-93/116 of July 1993. Test results are included in Appendix G and indicate that no asbestos were detected in the core samples.

## SECTION 04: SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

The soil borings were completed in the month of April, 2012. Specific soil conditions are indicated on the boring logs and profile. Borings BS-01 and BS-02 were performed near the existing bridge abutments.

Surficial soils at all borings consist of 10 to 14 inches of asphalt, underlain with stiff to very stiff clay loam with gravel and stone fill ranging from elevations 653 to 656 feet. Note that a 2-½ foot layer of buried topsoil was also encountered at the borings at approximate elevations 655 feet. Underlying the surficial soils, the stratigraphy consists mainly of medium dense to dense sand and gravel with fractured rock before it reaches bedrock to approximate elevation 639. A stratum of loose sandy clay loam at boring BS-01 was noted in the bottom part layer of the fill and buried topsoil ranging from elevation 650 to 653 feet.

Moisture contents of the granular soils ranges from 4% to 29% with an average of 11%. Fill materials had moisture contents with an average of 18%

Bedrock was cored at borings BS-01 and BS-02 locations. The bedrock was consistently categorized as Silurian System Niagaran Series Dolomite. Table 1 contains a summary of the bedrock information obtained during our exploration.

Boring	Station	Bedrock Elevation	RQD	Compressive Strength (psi)
BS-01 (Run 1)	Sta. 14+79	638.4	63.0%	13,705
BS-01 (Run 2)	Sta. 14+79	627.9	91.9%	7,061
BS-02 (Run 1)	Sta. 16+15	639.9	53.0%	17,212
BS-02 (Run 2)	Sta. 16+15	628.4	80.0%	15,275

### Table 1 – Bedrock Information Summary

The rock core logs are illustrated in Appendix D. The unconfined compressive strength results of rock cores are shown at Appendix F. Rock cores indicated a mid-high to high degree of sample recovery with fairly high RQD values.

## SECTION 05: WATER TABLE CONDITIONS

Water level readings were obtained in the borings during the drilling operation and these readings are shown on the boring logs. Groundwater levels were noted dry before switching to rotary drilling techniques at a depth of 10 feet. Estimated water surface elevation and stream bed were estimated at approximate elevation 656.6 and 648.8 feet, respectively. Based on the coloration change in the soils from brown to gray, we estimate a depth of 11 to 15 feet for the long-term groundwater table. Fluctuations in the amount of water accumulated and in the hydrostatic water table can be anticipated depending upon variations in precipitation, and surface runoff of the East Branch of the DuPage River.

### SECTION 06: ANALYSIS

#### 6.1 Seismic Consideration

For LFRD design, according to the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification 2012, the project site has a horizontal Response Spectral Acceleration of 0.034 at a period of 1.0 second and 5% critical dampening ( $S_1$ ). The site also has a horizontal Response Spectral Acceleration of 0.091 at a period of 0.2 seconds and 5% critical dampening ( $S_s$ ). The following table shows recommended seismic design data in accordance to the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specification 2012.

#### Table 2 – Seismic Design (Approximately 1000-Year Return Period)

Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ)	1	
Spectral Acceleration at 1 second (S <sub>D1</sub> )	0.058	
Design Spectral Acceleration at 0.2 seconds (S <sub>Ds</sub> )	0.109	
Soil Site Class	C	

PAGE 4

The project site is considered to be in a low seismic area and is considered a nonextreme event. Liquefiable layers are not expected to impact the design of the new bridge.

#### 6.2 Settlement

Proposed grade is proposed to be raised at an estimated maximum fill height of 2 feet along the mainline alignment. No settlement concerns are anticipated. Downdrag is not considered to affect the design of the piles for the proposed replacement bridge.

#### 6.3 Slope Stability

The embankment slopes have been analyzed with the Stabl slope analysis program using both the Bishop and Janbu methods of analysis. A factor of safety greater than 1.5 was calculated for a scenario with no ground improvement and no ground acceleration with a critical slope of 2H:1V, and the slope meets the minimum factor of safety of 1.5 as designated in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual for fill slopes.

#### 6.4 Scour

The design scour elevations have been determined for each substructure based on the total scour resulting from a HEC-RAS and bridge profile drawings provided by BLA, and provisions from IDOT Bridge Manual 2012. The 100-yr. scour depths for this bridge control the final design scour elevations. Due to presence of granular soils encountered below in the streambed elevation, no reductions can made from the scour depths. The following table has been formulated to represent the 100-year and 500-year event design scour elevations computed in each area:

	Estimated Ground	Hydraulic Report Scour (ft)		Design Scour Elev. (ft) <sup>2</sup>	
Location	Level/ Streambed Elevation (feet)	100-year Event	500-year Event <sup>1</sup>	100-year Event	500-year Event
West Abutment	657.6	3.4	5.9	657.6	657.6
West Pier	648.8	2.6	2.8	646.2	645.9
East Pier	648.8	2.6	2.8	646.2	645.9
East Abutment	657.6	3.4	5.9	657.6	657.6

#### Table 3- Scour Design Table

Notes: Estimated Water Surface Elevation (EWSE) is approximately 656.6

1. Contraction Scour was also added into the Proposed Scour for 100 & 500-year events.

2. The Design Scour Elevations are based from the scour reduction procedures stated in the Section 2, page 2-93 of the IDOT Bridge Manual 2012.

### SECTION 07: FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 7.1 Recommended Foundation Types

Based on the existing soil conditions and estimated foundation loads, the piers and abutment foundations may be supported by deep foundation system of end-bearing driven piles or drilled shaft foundations. Shallow foundations may be a feasible foundation system; however, deep undercutting at the bridge abutments and piers would be required due to unsuitable soils encountered in the bearing area as shown in the boring logs. We recommend that an economic analysis for each foundation option presented below be considered before choosing a deep foundation system for the design. Based on the foundation loads for abutments provided by Bollinger Lach and Associates, Inc. (BLA), the total preliminary factored reactions at the top of foundation are shown on the following Table 4- Proposed Factored Loads for the Substructures:

#### Table 4 – Proposed Factored Loads for the Substructures

Location	Factored Loads (kips)
West Abutment	1,385
West Pier	1,650
East Pier	1,650
East Abutment	1,385

The estimated substructure (pile cap) elevations are shown on the following Table 5 – Estimated Substructure Elevations.

#### Table 5 – Estimated Substructure Elevations

Location	Bottom of substructure elevation <sup>1</sup>
West Abutment	657.6 <sup>4</sup>
West Pier	646.3 <sup>2,3</sup>
East Pier	646.3 <sup>2,3</sup>
East Abutment	657.6 <sup>4</sup>

Notes: Scour design elevations to be used for design footing elevation.

<sup>2</sup> Piles assumed to be embedded 1-ft into the pile cap.

<sup>3</sup> Ground surface elevation against pile driving is estimated at the bottom of the wall pier elevation 646.3.

<sup>4</sup> Piles assumed to be embedded 2 feet into the pile cap.

#### 7.2 H-Pile Recommendations

Based on the results of the borings and proposed foundation loadings, end-bearing Hpiles may be used for the support of the proposed abutments. For the proposed piers, end-bearing, drilled-in-place, rock-socketed H-piles with individual pile encasements may be used for the support. Shell piles are not recommended for drilled-in-place piling.

The majority of the pile capacity from H-piles will be achieved through end-bearing. According to the IDOT Bridge Manual (2012), H-piles are usually recommended for integral abutments. The selection of pile type should be determined by economic considerations if either pile types are feasible for the design of the bridge. Pile data for H-piles is included in Appendix E. Pile capacities and lengths were calculated to the piles' Maximum Nominal Required Bearing and Factored Resistance Available, based on a LRFD resistance factor of 0.55. We anticipate hard driving to occur at approximate elevation 648 feet, and driving shoes are required to penetrate H-piles through the dense sand and gravel soils.

For the new driven piles at the abutment areas, it is estimated settlement of  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch or less excluding the elastic shortening of the pile due to loading.

According to Article 10.7.1.3 of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications Manual, AASHTO requires driven piles to penetrate a minimum of 10 feet embedment through the proposed groundline. Driven piles may not be recommended in the pier sections of the proposed bridge due to pile refusal at less than 10 feet on shallow bedrock as encountered in the structure borings. The drilled straight-shaft caisson foundation type may be more effective option at the pier sections of the proposed bridge.

Drilled-in-place, rock-socketed H-piles are considered a viable option at the pier sections of the proposed bridge to provide a minimum 10 feet of embedment below the design scour elevation. A minimum socket depth of 3 feet into bedrock (24" socket diameter) will be required for the rock-socketed H-piles; however, the piles should be analyzed for lateral deflection using the lateral soil properties in Table 7 and 8 to determine if deeper embedment is required. Individual pile encasement (30" diameter) will be needed in the preboring process to prevent soils from caving in, and to form the grouted prebored holes with cementitious materials.

Tables and graphs for estimated pile lengths for various pile sizes and pile capacities at each substructure unit are summarized in the Appendix E. Selection of the H-piles should be based on economic and construction considerations.

#### 7.3 Pile Foundation Considerations

As per the IDOT Design Guide AGMU Memo 10.2, dated August 2011, the Washington State DOT (WSDOT) formula has replaced the FHWA Gates Formula as the standard method of construction verification. A modified IDOT static method was used to develop the SGR pile design tables. Nominal required bearing was calculated from LRFD skin-friction (with pile type correction factors) and end-bearing calculations. A value of 1.04 is used for Bias Factor Ratio (I<sub>G</sub>). A geotechnical resistance factor ( $\Phi_G$ ) of 0.55 was used in calculations for the factored resistance available (FRA). Pile lengths were picked with respect to the loadings and geometry of the proposed structures.

When Steel H-piles are used, the Steel H-piles shall be according to AASHTO M270 Grade 50.

The pile tables, provided in Appendix E, are estimates and test piles should be used for final pile length selections. We recommend that a minimum of one test pile be performed at each substructure unit. The piles should be driven until satisfactory driving resistance is developed in accordance with an appropriate pile driving formula. The test piles shall be driven to 110 percent of the Nominal Required Bearing indicated in the pile data information. The pile size and capacity selected should be based on economic considerations and the loads imposed on the structures.

#### 7.4 Straight-Shaft Rock-Socketed Caissons Recommendation

The foundations may be constructed using a foundation system of drilled straight-shaft rock-socketed caissons. A factored end-bearing resistance of 75 ksf is recommended for design for rock-socketed caissons socketed 3-feet into sound bedrock. From the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications Manual Table 10.4.6.4-1, "m" and "s" values were calculated as 0.575 and 0.00293 respectively; the bedrock is considered GOOD QUALITY. The Carter and Kulhawy equation was used to compute the bearing, and a  $\Phi b$ =0.45 was used for the factor of safety. To the extent rock-socketing is provided, an allowable friction value (in addition to the end bearing) of 3.0 tsf/ft for side resistance for rock-socketed caissons over the depth of the rock-socket to resist vertical and uplift loads. A minimum diameter of 24 inches for the rock-socket size is recommended.

For the unit skin friction at the upper strata of the borings, the medium dense to dense sand and gravel will have estimated factored resistances of 500 psf (or ignored) per foot. Note that the factored skin friction values will need to be reduced since temporary casing or drilling will be used for caisson installation.

An experienced, geotechnical engineer should be present during excavation to determine the actual allowable bearing. The use of temporary casing may be extended beneath the granular strata to top of bedrock elevation at approximate EL 638 feet.

Based on the estimated bearing pressures, the consistency of the soils encountered and the magnitude of the loads expected, we estimate a maximum settlement of 0.40 inches for rock-socketed caisson foundations supported on bedrock as described above. Differential settlements would be dependent on the adjacent loads but is typically 1/2 to 2/3 of the total settlement. It should be noted that these settlement values are for soil compression only and that elastic compression of the caisson concrete should be added to these values.

To prevent the surficial sediment soils into the caisson shaft and water inflow from the East Branch of the DuPage River, we recommend that a temporary steel casing be employed at the surface during construction. The temporary casing should be extended to bedrock elevations (approximate elevations 638) for the pier and abutment locations.

A minimum caisson shaft diameter of 2 1/2 feet is recommended. Caisson concrete may be placed by the free fall method into the clean and dry shaft excavations as long as concrete does not hit the sides of the shaft or the rebar cage during placement. Concrete slump should be in the range of 5 to 7 inches.

We strongly recommend that an experienced soil engineer be present during all phases of caisson construction to observe that the excavations have reached a suitable bearing stratum as recommended in the design.

#### 7.5 Shallow Foundations Recommendations

Based on the information obtained from the structure borings and the loads to be imposed, shallow spread footing foundations situated below any existing fill soils and softer surficial soils may be feasible for foundation support. The soil conditions encountered at the west abutment is made up of buried topsoil and loose clay loam material with high moisture content to approximate elevation 650. This would require an approximately 7 foot undercut at west and east abutments of the proposed bridge in saturated conditions requiring dewatering, which is not considered economical. Therefore, although feasible, spread footings are not recommended by GSI for the abutments.

The estimated elevation to suitable bearing material for each substructure is presented in the following Table 6.

Substructure (Boring)	Bottom of Approx. Bearing Elevation	Elevation to Suitable Bearing Material <sup>1</sup>	Bearing Material
West Abutment (BS-1)	657.0	650.0	Medium Dense Sand & Gravel
West Pier (BS-1)	645.0	645.0	Dense Sand & Gravel with Fractured Rock
East Pier (BS-2)	645.0	645.0	Dense Sand & Gravel with Fractured Rock
East Abutment (BS-2)	657.0	650.0	Medium Dense Sand & Gravel

#### Table 6- Elevation of Suitable Bearing Material for the Abutment & Pier Areas

Note: 1 verify in field

Spread footings supported on the native, medium dense to dense sand and gravel should be designed for a factored bearing resistance of 5 ksf at the elevations listed in Table 6 or on a pad of compacted, structural fill that is first excavated to the elevations detailed in Table 6. A resistance factor of 0.45 was used to calculate the factored bearing resistance at strength limit according to AASHTO LRFD guidelines (Article 10.5.5.2.2). Although, spread footings may be feasible for design, it is not recommended since scour design depths are close to the proposed footing elevations. Also, it is not generally desirable to have one abutment on deep foundations and the other on shallow spread footings. A resistance factor against sliding of 0.85 is recommended for cast in-place concrete on sand based on AASHTO LRFD Manual procedures section 10.6.3.4.

#### 7.6 Approach Slab Recommendations

The new approach slab will be supported on either new or existing embankment fill. We recommend using an assumed CBR of 2.0 for the compacted, fill for the embankment. Shallow footing for the new approach slab should be designed for a factored bearing resistance of 2,000 pounds per square foot. The new fill should be compacted per IDOT specifications for earth embankment. Any organics or soft, yielding subgrade (if any) should be removed prior to new fill placement. A qualified geotechnical engineer should observe the subgrade prior to any base course is placed. We estimate settlement of ½ inch or less for the approach slab.

### SECTION 08: COFFERDAMS/ LATERAL SOIL PROPERTIES

On the following Tables 7 and 8 are tabulation of lateral soil parameters to be used for design of piles and the bridge substructures.

Material (Elevation)	Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained Friction Angle (°)	Undrained Cohesion (psf)	Lateral Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (pci)	Strain
Stiff to Very Stiff Clay Loam Fill (660 to 655)	125	30	1,700	600	0.006
Buried Topsoil (655 to 652)	110	24	-	20	-
Loose Sandy Clay Loam (652 to 650)	120	28	-	30	-
Medium Dense Sand and Gravel (650 to 648)	125	32	-	300	-
Dense Sand and Gravel with Fractured Rock (648 to 638)	132	34	-	800	-

#### Table 7 – Soil Parameters for Lateral Resistance

#### Table 8 – Bedrock Parameters for Lateral Resistance

Material (Elevation)	Unit Weight (pcf)	Young's Modulus (psi)	Uniaxial Compressive Strength (psi)	RQD (%)	Strain (k <sub>m</sub> )
Sound Bedrock (638 to 628)	150	2 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	See Lab Data on Rock Core Logs	53% to 92%	0.0001

Allowances should be made for any surcharge loads adjacent to the structure.

Excavation for the existing bridge piers (estimated bottom of the substructure elevation at 646 feet) are to be below the estimated water surface elevation (approximate elevation 656.6 feet) of the East Branch of the DuPage River. Based on the temporary cofferdams criteria stated in the Section 2.3.6.4.2 of the IDOT Bridge Manual (2012) and GBSP No. 73 (Article 502.06b), locations with six feet or greater of water surface elevation above the bottom of footing excavation will typically require Type 2 Cofferdam if a shallow foundation system is utilized for design. We recommend the use of Type 2 Cofferdam at the pile supported piers. However, if the water surface elevation above from the bottom of footing excavation is less than 6 feet as determined at the time of construction, the use of Type 1 cofferdam may be necessary. In addition, pump and pit procedures will also be needed to keep the site "in the dry" during construction at the pile supported piers. Table 7 and 8 may be used for design of the temporary structures. A seal coat will be needed to provide a working platform for construction as well. A minimum factor of safety of buoyancy of 1.2 is required by IDOT.

## SECTION 09: GENERAL CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

All soils which become softened or loosened at the base of substructure excavation areas or subgrade areas should be carefully recompacted or removed prior to placement of foundation concrete or fill material. No foundation concrete or structural fill should be placed in areas of ponded water or frozen soil.

During excavation for the proposed improvements, movement of adjacent soils into the excavation should be prevented. All excavations should be performed in accordance with the latest Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements. Allowances should be made for any surcharge loads adjacent to the retaining structures.

### SECTION 10: GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS

The analysis and recommendations presented in this report are based upon the data obtained from our soil borings performed at the indicated locations. This report does not reflect any variations that may occur between borings or across the site. In addition, the soil samples cannot be relied on to accurately reflect the strata variations that usually exist between sampling locations. The nature and extent of such variations may not become evident until construction. If variations appear evident, it will be necessary to reevaluate the recommendations of the report. In addition, it is recommended that Geo Services Inc. be retained to perform construction observation and thereby provide a complete professional geotechnical engineering service through the observational method.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client for specific application to the project discussed and has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No other warranties, either expressed or implied, are intended or made. In the event that any changes in the nature, design or location of the project as outlined in this report are planned, the conclusions and recommendations contained in this report shall not be considered valid unless the changes are reviewed and the conclusions of this report modified or verified in writing by the geotechnical engineer. Also note that Geo Services Inc. is not responsible for any claims, damages, or liability associated with any other party's interpretation of this report's subsurface data or reuse of the report's subsurface data or engineering analyses without the express written authorization of Geo Services Inc.

## **APPENDIX A**

## **GENERAL NOTES**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

#### **CLASSIFICATION**

American Association of State Highway & Transportation Officials (AASHTO) System used for soil classification.

<b>Cohesionless Soils</b>		
Relative	No. of Blows	TERMINOLOGY
<u>Density</u>	<u>per foot N</u>	
		Streaks are considered to be paper thick.
Very Loose	0 to 4	Lenses are considered to be less than 2
Loose	4 to 10	inches thick. Layers are considered to
Medium Dense	10 to 30	be less than 6 inches thick. Stratum are
Dense	30 to 50	considered to be greater than 6 inches thick.
Very Dense	Over 50	
<u>Cohesive Soils</u>		

Consistency	Unconfined Compressive Strength - qu (tsf)
Very Soft	Less than 0.25
Soft	0.25 - 0.5
Medium Stiff	0.5 - 1.0
Stiff	1.0 - 2.0
Very Stiff	2.0 - 4.0
Hard	Over 4.0

#### DRILLING AND SAMPLING SYMBOLS

SS:	Split Spoon 1-3/8" I.D., 2" O.D.	HS:	Housel Sampler
ST:	Shelby Tube 2" O.D., except where noted	WS:	Wash Sample
AS:	Auger Sample	FT:	Fish Tail
DB:	Diamond Bit - NX: BX: AX	RB:	Rock Bit
CB:	Carboloy Bit - NX: BX: AX	WO:	Wash Out
OS:	Osterberg Sampler		

Standard "N" Penetration: Blows per foot of a 140 lb. hammer falling 30" on a 2" O.D. Split Spoon

#### WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT SYMBOLS

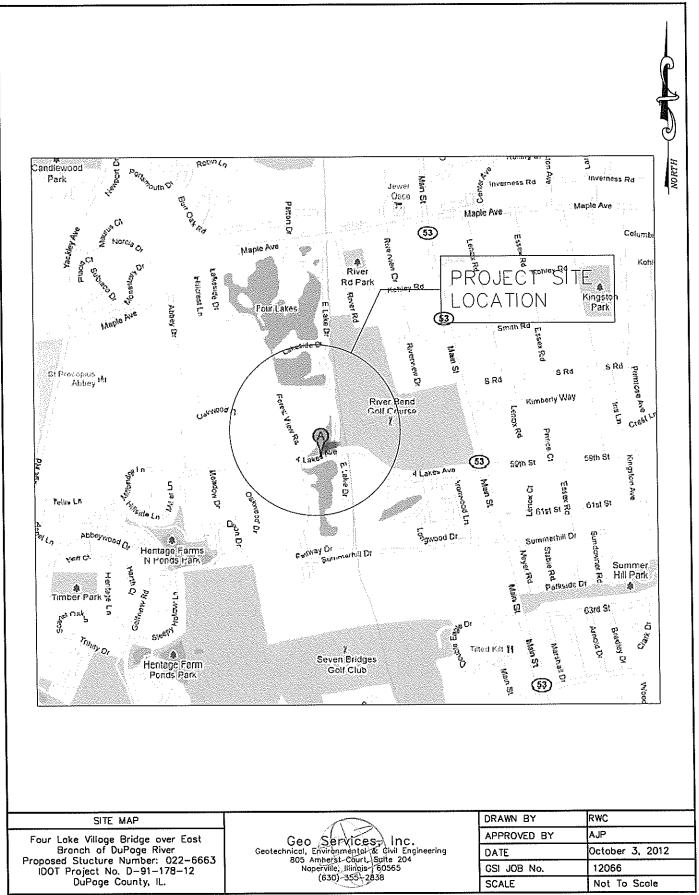
WL:	Water	WD:	While Drilling
WCI:	Wet Cave In	BCR:	Before Casing Removal
DCI:	Dry Cave In	ACR:	After Casing Removal
WS:	While sampling	AB:	After Boring

Water levels indicated on the boring logs are the levels measured in the boring at the times indicated. In pervious soils, the indicated elevations are considered reliable ground water levels. In impervious soils, the accurate determination of ground water elevations is not possible in even several days observation, and additional evidence on ground water elevations must be sought.

Naperville, IL 60565 ♦ Arlington Heights, IL 60005 ♦ Phone (847) 253-3845 ♦ Fax (847) 253-0482 www.geoservicesinc.net

# APPENDIX B

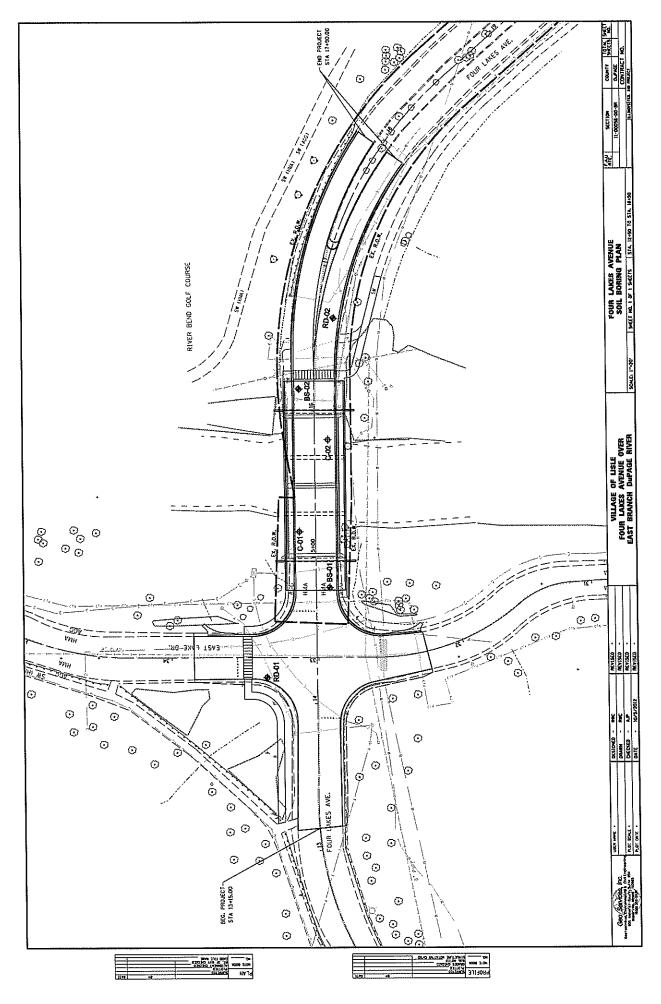
# SITE LOCATION MAP

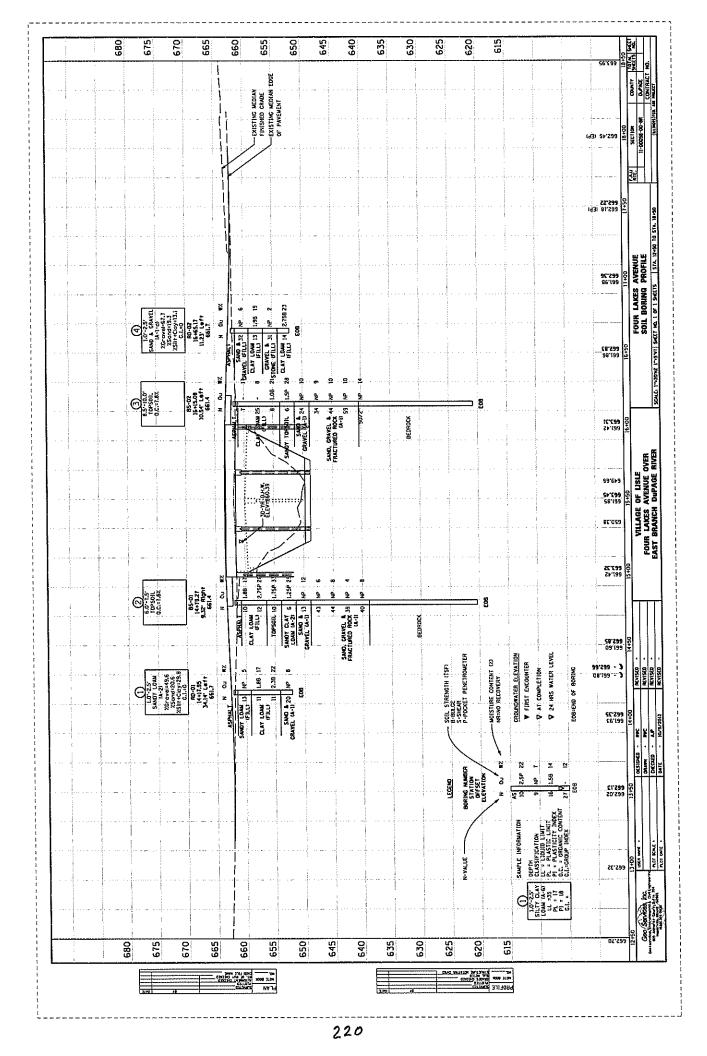


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## APPENDIX C

# BORING LOCATION DIAGRAM





## APPENDIX D

## SOIL BORING LOGS AND ROCK CORE LOGS

						PAGE <u>1</u>	c	of $\underline{2}$	2	
Geo Services, Inc.	S	Oll	_ B	IOR	ING LOG	DATE <u>4/18</u>	/2012			
Geo Services Inc. Geotechnicol, Environmental & Civil Engineering 805 Amberst-Court, Suite 204 Noperville, Illingis- 60565						LOGGED BY	DR			
Noperville, Illingis-7 60565 (630)-355-2838						GSI JOB No.	120	)66		
ROUTE	DESCRIP	TION	Four	Loke	es Avenue Ove <u>r the E. Bronc</u> h	of the DuPo	ige Ri	ver		
SECTION							-			
COUNTY DuPage							E Aut	oma	tic	
	·	141 C 1			Surface Water Elev. $n/a$					
STRUCT. NO	1 1 1	6 L	U C	м О			D E	B L	U C	м 0
BORING NO. BS-01	P	0	s	Ī	Groundwater Elevation:		Р	0	ŝ	1
Station <u>14+79.27</u>		W S	Qu	S T	First Encounter <u>Dry to</u>	10.0' 🔽	Т Н	W S	Qu	S T
Offset 9.32' Right		( /6")	(tef)	(7)	Upon Completion <u>n/a</u> After Hrs		(ft)	′ /6"`	(tsf)	(%)
Ground Surface Elev661.4		<u>,,,,</u>		(~)		¥_		./ • /	()	
14.0" ASPHALT		1								
		7		111	SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURE groy-dense (A-1)	D ROCK-		18		<u> </u>
		5	1.8B	17				19 21	NP	8
CLAY LOAM with Gravel & Stone- dark brown, gray & black-			1.00			638.	the second s	<u>~</u> 1		
stiff to very stiff (Fill)	-	-			Drillers Observation: Appare				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		4			Silurian System Niagaran Se RUN 1 (-23.5' to -33.5')	eries Dolomite	°			
		-1	2.75F	26		ith horizonto				
	655.9	4			Light gray & fine grained w bedding. Lightly weathered	with rust				
		3			staining to -24.4'. Numero fractures throughout.	us horizontal				
TOPSOIL-black		4			Recovery-93.0%					
		6	1.75F	33	R.Q.D=63.0%					
	653.4	-							RUN	1
SANDY CLAY LOAM-dark brown &		2								
black-loose (A-2)		3					- <u>- 30</u>			
•	<u>-1</u> 650.9		1.25F	29						
		]								
SAND & GRAVEL-brown-		6			4					
medium dense (A-1)		6	NP	12						
	648.4	_								
		- ا				627.				
		20			Silurian System Niagaran S RUN 2 (-33.5' to -41.5')	eries Dolomit	.e	]		
	1	5 23	NP	6	Light gray & fine grained	with horizont	<u>-35</u>	Ż		
		-			bedding & some chert rep	iacement	. —			
SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURED ROCK gray-dense (A-1)		-  <sub>17</sub>			nodules. Light rust staining to -40.1'. Some horizontal	from -38.6 froctures	; — ·	1		
		20			throughout.			4	RUN	2
	-	24	NP	8	Recovery=96.9%			4		
					R.Q.D.=91.9%			1		
		16			_			-		
		19 20 20	1	4			_4			
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Fa	و بز ماره از میراز				Jan S-Shaar R-Repetrometer) ST-	Shelby Tube Sem	ole V	-ı S-Vor	ne Shea	Ter

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby lube Sample VS=Vane Shear lest The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

Construction         Soil Boring Log         Date of the series of the se	$\overline{\mathcal{A}}$	ç	<u></u>	D				2			
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ROUTE	805 Amherst-Court-Suite 204 Noperville, Illinois 60565 (630)-355-2838										
SECTION				<b>-</b>	1 -1-						
COUNTY     DuPage     DRILUNG METHOD     Hallaw Stam Auger/Rotory     HAMMER TYPE     CME     Automatic       STRUCT. NO								Juroqe K	iver		—
STRUCT. NO	•							CHE AND	oral		
Station		<b></b>	MEIN	_ U0F	T						_
BORING NO.       BS.=01       p       0       s		ט ן			M						
Station       14+79,27       H       S       Qu       T       First Encounter       Dry to 10.00"       H       S       Qu       T         Ground Surface Elev       681.4       (H)       /6" (tsf)       (R)       Arter       Hrs.       Y       (H)       /6" (tsf)       (R)         Run 2 continued.		P	0			Groundwater Elevation	n:	P	0	š	1
Ground Surface Elev.       681.4       (II)       /6°       (III)       /6°	Station <u>14+79.27</u>	1 1		Qu	- 1			💌 н		Qu	T
Run 2 continued.     619.9     RUN 2	Ground Surface Elev 661.	<u>4</u> (ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)		<u>Canada and an </u>		(/6")	(tsf)	(%)
End Of Boring @ -41.5'       -         Hollow Stem Auges To -10.0'       -         Robust       -         CME Automotic Hommer       -         -45       -         -50       -         -55       -         -56       -         -45       -         -45       -         -56       -         -45       -         -57       -         -58       -         -45       -         -57       -         -57       -											
End Of Boring @ -41.5' Hollow Stem Augers To -10.0' Rotry Defiling To Completion CME Automotic Hommer 		6100	l F	RUN 2							
Holow Stem Augers To -10.0' Rotary Defining To Completion CME Automatic Hommer 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 65 65 70 		013.3									
CME Automatic Hommer	Hollow Stem Augers To -10.0'							_			
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The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulae, S-Sheor, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Sheor Tes		-e	50					-			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Sheor, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blaw values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

				PA	GE <u>1</u>		(	of <u>2</u>		]
Geo Services Inc.	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DA	TE <u>4</u>	/18/	/2012			
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Civil Engineering 805 Amberst - Court, Suite 204 Naperville, Illingis 60565				LO	GGED	BY.	DR			
(630)-355-2838				GS	I JOB	No.	12	066		
ROUTE	DESCRIPTION _Four	Lakes Aven	<u>ue Over the E. Br</u>	anch of	the	DuPo	iqe R	iver		
SECTION	LOCATION T 38 N	<u>, r 10 e, s</u> e	<u>EC 15, SE 1/4, 3r</u>	d PM						
COUNTY DuPage	CORING METHOD	Rotory Wash	<u>1</u>				<u> </u>			
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BORING NO. <u><b>BS-01</b></u> Station <u>14+79.27</u>	Begin Core Elev.	637.9	Automation	,	н		V E	D	۱ M	N G
Offset 9.32' Right							R Y		E (min	Т Н
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	33-01 RUN 1-23 TOP	5'-6-3.								

Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for examination for <u>-</u> The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

				PAGE	2	<b>-</b>	of _2	<u> </u>	
Geo Services- Inc.	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DATE	4/18	/2012	2		
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmentol & Givil Engineering 805 Amperst-Court.Suite 204 Noperville, Wingis 1 60565				LOGGE	D BY	DR			
(630)-355-2838				GSI JO	)B No.	_12	066		
ROUTE	DESCRIPTION Fou	r Lokes Aven	nue Over the E. Bror	ich of th	e DuP	oge R	liver		
SECTION	LOCATION T 38 N	<u>1. R 10 E, S</u>	<u>EC 15, SE 1/4, 3rd</u>	РМ					
COUNTY <u>DuPage</u>	CORING METHOD	Rotory Wos	h	<u></u>					
STRUCT. NO			NX Double Swivel-		C O	RE	R	с о	S T
Station	Core Diometer Top of Rock Elev	2.0 in		P T			Q	R E T	R E
BORING NO. <b>BS-01</b> Station <u>14+79.27</u>	<ul> <li>Begin Core Elev.</li> </ul>	<u>627.9</u>		н 		V E	D	I M	
Offset 9.32' Right						R Y		E (min	Т Н
Ground Surface Elev. 661.4	<u> </u>			(ft	) (#)	(%)	(%)	(min /ft)	
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RUN 2 (-33.5' to -41.5') Light gray & fine grained with horiz	ontal bedding & s	ome chert r	eplacement nodules		-				1
Light rust staining from -38.6' to	-40.1'. Some horiz	zontal fractu	res throughout.	_	_				
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Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for examination for <u>-</u> The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

					PAGE 1	of	2		
Geo Services, Inc.	S	SOIL	- B	OR	RING LOG DATE <u>4/17/</u>	<u>′2012</u>			
Geotechnical, Environmental & Çivil Engineering 805 Amberst-Court, Spite 204 Naperville, Illinois 560565					LOGGED BY _	DR			
Noperville, Illinois 60565 (630) 355-2838					GSI JOB No.	1200	<u>66</u>		
ROUTE		TION	Four	Loke	es Avenue Over the E. Branch of the DuPa	<u>ge Riv</u>	er		
SECTION									
	-				ow Stem Auger/Rotary HAMMER TYPE _CME	Auto	matic	<u> </u>	
STRUCT. NO	-				Surface Water Elev. <u>n/a</u>				34
Station	-   D	BL	U C	M O	Stream Bed Elev. <u>n/a</u>	E	L	U C	M O
BORING NO. BS-02	- P	0 W	S	I S	Groundwater Elevation:	Т	Ŵ	S	1 S
Station <u>16+15.08</u> Offset <u>10.54' Left</u>	<b>-</b> Н	S	Qu	τ	Upon Completion $\frac{n/a}{\nabla}$			Qu	Т
Ground Surface Elev. 661.4	<u>t</u> (ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)		(ft)(/	/6") (	tsf)	(%)
10.0" ASPHALT	660.6				SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURED ROCK-	_	T		
		3			gray-dense (A-1) 639.9	5(	0/2"		
		3		[	Drillers Observation: Apparent Bedrock	$\neg$	Γ		.
	-	4	-	17	Drillers Observation: Apparent Bedrock 638.4	·		NP	14
CLAY LOAM with Grovel & Stone-					Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dolomite				
dark brown, gray & black- loose to medium dense (Fill)		2		<b> </b>	RUN 1 (-23.0' to -33.0')				
		9 5 16		8	Light gray & fine grained with horizontal bedding. Numerous horizontal fractures	-25			
	-				and light rust staining throughout.	$\dashv$			
		3		98	Recovery=100.0%				
		3			R.Q.D.=53.0%				
	653.4	<u></u>	1.0B	21	1		R	UN 1	1
		-							
SANDY TOPSOIL-block		2	<u> </u>	+	1				
			1.5P	28	-	-30			
	<u>650.9</u>	_				_			
SAND & GRAVEL-brown-	_	3_		<b>_</b>	1				
medium dense (A-1)	-	8	NP	10					
	- 648.4	16			628.4	4			
	-	-	1		Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dolomit	.e —			
		15		+	RUN 2 (-33.0' to -41.0')		~	••	
		15 16		9	Light gray to gray & fine grained with horizontal bedding. Some chert		l ,		
		4			replacement nodules. Light rust staining throughout with few horizontal fractures				
SAND, GRAVEL & FRACTURED ROCK groy-dense (A-1)	\- —	21			-		F	RUN :	2
		28			Recovery=85.0% R.Q.D.=80.0%				
		16	NP	10	1				
		_		ł			l		
		<u>18</u> 38		+	4				
		20 21		10	)	-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

					PAGE 2	0	f <u>2</u>	
Gen Services Inc	S	DIL F	3OR	ING LOG	DATE _ 4/17			
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Givil Engineering 805 Amherst-Court, Suite 204					LOGGED BY			
Noperville, Illinois 60565 (630)-355-2838					GSI JOB No			
ROUTE	DESCRIPT	ON Four	Lake	es Avenue Over the F				
COUNTY DuPage	-					IF Auto	matic	
STRUCT, NO	- r			Surface Water Elev.				<u> </u>
Station		B U L C	м 0	Stream Bed Elev.			B U L C	M O
BORING NO. BS-02	-   T	õ š	I S	Groundwater Elevatio	n:	Р	ō š w	I S
Station <u>16+15.08</u>	_   н	S Qu	T	First Encounter Upon Completion	Dry to 10.0'	н Н	S Qu	Ť
Offset <u>10.54' Left</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.</u>	⊈ (ft) (	/6") (tsf)	(%)			(ft) (	/6") (tsf)	) (%)
Run 2 continued	620.4	RUN 2	2					
End Of Boring @ -41.0'								1
Hollow Stem Augers To -10.0'								
Rotary Drilling To Completion CME Automatic Hammer								1
	_45					-65		
								1
	_					_		+
			-					+
	_50			ļ		-70		
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								1
				-				+
The Upconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Fo	-60			Han E. Share D. Depatrong	ter) CT_Cholby Tubo Ser	-80	=Vane She	

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Foilure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) ST-Shelby Tube Sample VS=Vane Shear Test The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) The Unit Dry Weight (pcf) is noted in italics above moist (%) NR-No Recovery

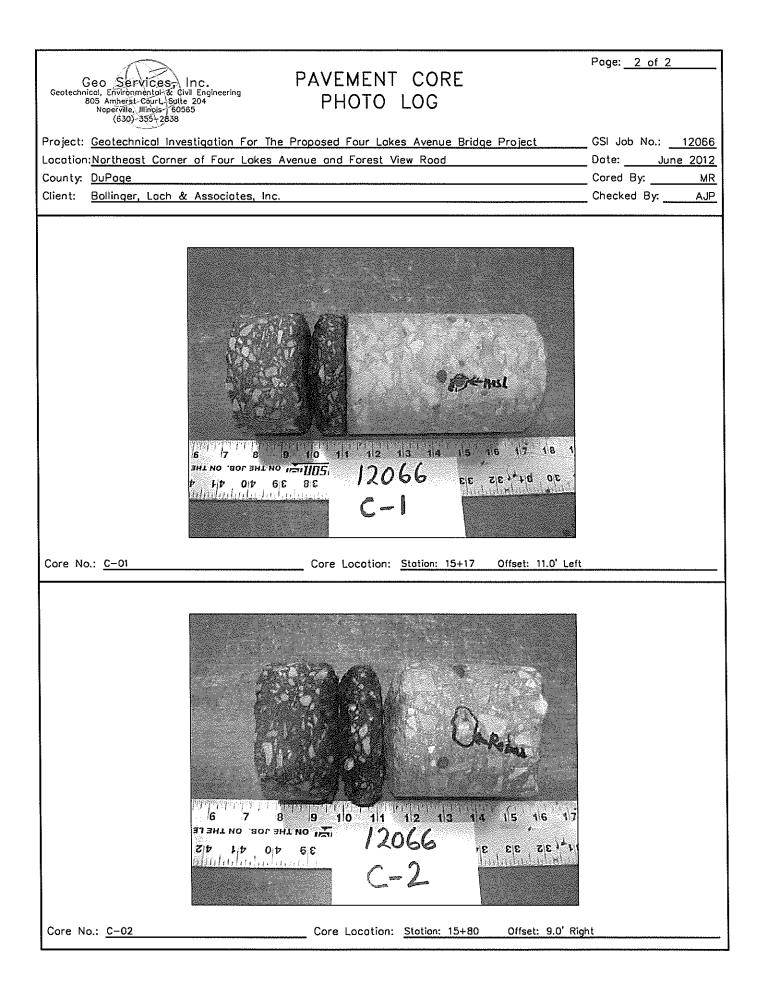
				PAGE	1		of <u>2</u>		
Geo Services- Inc.	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DATE	4/17	'/2012	2		
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnicol, Environmentol & Givil Engineering 805 Amherst-Court-Saite 204 Naperville, Mingis- 80565				LOGO	SED BY	DR			
(630)-355-2838				GSL	JOB No	. <u>12</u>	066		
ROUTE	DESCRIPTION Four	<u>r Lakes Aven</u>	ue Over the E. Bro	onch of ti	<u>he DuP</u>	<u>aae R</u>	liver		
SECTION	LOCATION T 38 N	N. R 10 E. SE	<u>EC 15, SE 1/4, 3rc</u>	d PM					
COUNTY <u>DuPage</u>	CORING METHOD	<u>Rotary Wash</u>	h	<b></b>	DC	R	R	C	s
STRUCT. NO				<u>–10 ft</u>	E O P R	E C	к Q	O R	S T R
			······································		T E H		ů Ď	R E T I	R E N
BORING NO. <u>BS-02</u> Station <u>16+15.08</u>	Begin Core Elev.	638.4			··	E R		и М Е	G
Offset 10.54' Left	•					Y	100	(min	н
Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.4</u>				<u> </u>	<u>(ft) (#)</u>		(%) 53.0	<u>∕ft)</u> ⊓∕⊓	
Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dal RUN 1 (-23.0' to -33.0')				–	'	1.00.0	53.0		-25.9
Light gray & fine grained with horiz rust staining throughout.	ontal bedding. Nur	merous horiz	contal fractures an	d light	$\neg$				
				_			1		
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				-2	28.0				
				-					
				_					
				_					
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					<u>-33</u>		<u> </u>	1	1
		and a second sec		<b>.</b>					
	B3-02		12066						
	E. M.L	-230%							
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		223							
		~~~~							

Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for examination for <u>-</u> The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

				PA	GE <u>2</u>		_ 0	of <u>2</u>		
Geo Services, Inc. Geotechnical, Environmental & Civil Engineering	ROCK	CORE	LOG	DA	TE <u>4</u>	/17/2	2012			
Geotechnical, Environmental & Çivil Engineering 805 Amherst-Court-Suite 204 Naperville, Illingis- 60565				LOC	GGED	вү <u>с</u>	<u>DR</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
(630)-355-2838				GSI	i job	No.	120	)66		
ROUTE	DESCRIPTION _Four	<u>Lokes Aven</u>	<u>ue Over the E. B</u>	ranch of	the D	<u>luPag</u>	<u>e Ri</u>	ver		
SECTION	LOCATION T 38 N	I, R 10 E, SE	<u>FC 15, SE 1/4, 3</u>	rd PM						
COUNTY <u>DuPage</u>	CORING METHOD	Rotory Wosh	<u>1</u>	r	D	<u> </u>	<del>P</del> T	R	<u> </u>	- c
STRUCT. NO				<u>al-10 ft</u>	E P	0 R	R E C	.	C O R	S T R
Station BORING NO. <b>BS-02</b>	Top of Rock Elev	<u> </u>			Т Н	E	ŏ v	D	ĒT	
BORING NO. <b>BS-02</b> Station <u>16+15.08</u>	Begin Core Elev.	628.4	Massarinan II III III III III III III III III I				E R	-	м Е	-
Offset <u>10.54' Left</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>661.4</u>	•				(4)		Y		(min	Н
Silurian System, Niagaran Series Dal					(ft)				/ft) n/o	1100 0
RUN 2 (-33.0' to -41.0')		line Co	where and a second					-	, -	-33.1'
Light gray to gray & fine grained w nodules. Light rust staining through	oun norizontal beda out with few horiza	ung. Some c ontal fracture	es.							
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Color pictures of the cores <u>Yes</u> Cores will be stored for examination for <u>-</u> The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

ST Inc. PAVEMENT CORE State 204 50255 60555 838	Page: <u>1 of 2</u>
	GSI Job No.: <u>12066</u> Date: <u>June 2012</u> Cored By: <u>MR</u> Checked By: <u>AJP</u>
5 MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	
Station: 15+17 Offset: 11.0' Left ASPHALT-fractured neor base, fine to medium coarse aggregate. Concrete-Well Consolidated.	
Station: 15+80 Offset: 9.0' Right ASPHALT-well consolidated, fine to medium coarse aggregate. CONCRETE-well consolidated, medium coarse aggregate.	
	Bisite 204 fooses 338       SUMMARY         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Investigation For The Proposed Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Project         Station: 15+17 Offset: 11.0' Left         ASPHALT-fractured near base, fine to medium coarse aggregate.         Station: 15+80 Offset: 9.0' Right         ASPHALT-well consolidated, fine to medium coarse aggregate.



## APPENDIX E

# PILE ANALYSIS

#### Estimated Pile Lengths and Capacities for the Abutments

	HP 8	x36	HP 10	)x42	HP 1	2x53	HP 1	4x73
Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRI (Kips)
10	21	39	26	48	32	58	39	72
13	27	49	33	61	40	73	49	90
15	32	59	40	73	48	87	59	107
18	37	67	46	83	55	100	67	122
20	48	87	59	107	71	129	88	160
21	75	186	92	168	111	201	136	247
22	158	286	184	335	230	419	318	578

Note: All piles reach Max Available NRB based on Pile Driving Stresses through soil layers. Pile lengths in RED denotes pile end-bearing at bedrock. <sup>1</sup> Metal Shell Pile 12" diameter with 0.179" walls

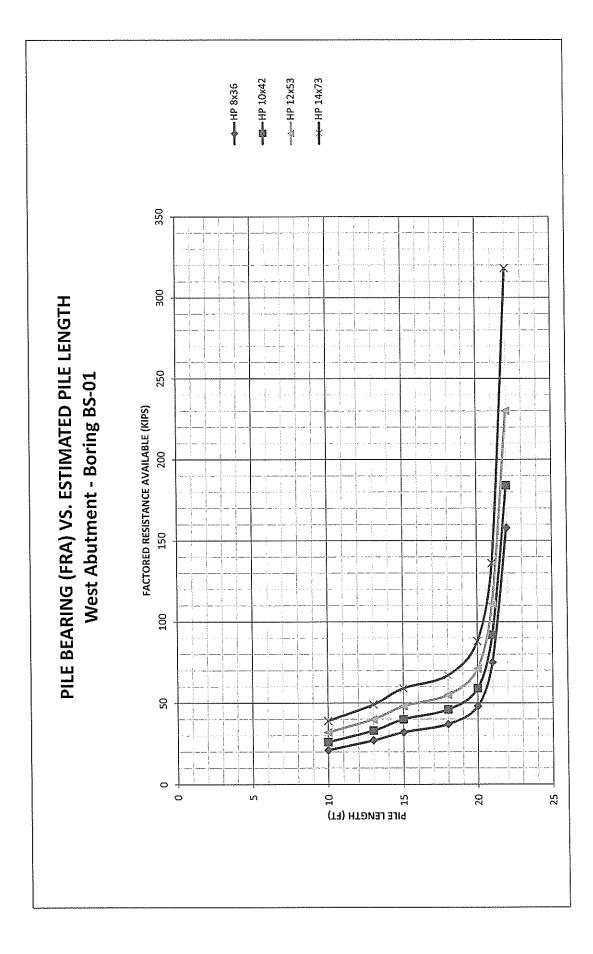
<sup>2</sup> Metal Shell Pile 14" diameter with 0.250" walls

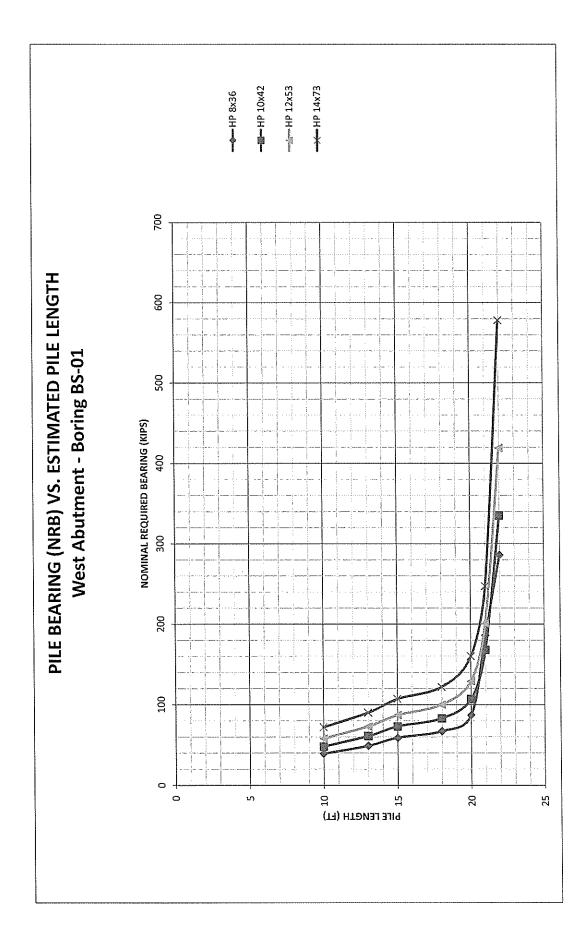
	HP 8	x 36	HP 10	HP 10x42 HP 12x53 HP 14x73		HP 10x42 HP 12x53 HP 14x73		HP 10x42 HP 12x53 HP 14x73		4x73
Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRE (Kips)		
10	16	30	20	37	24	44	30	55		
13	21	38	26	47	31	57	39	71		
15	28	52	35	64	42	77	52	95		
18	42	77	52	95	63	114	78	142		
19	51	93	63	115	76	138	94	171		
20	131	239	163	296	195	355	238	432		
21	157	286	184	335	230	419	318	578		

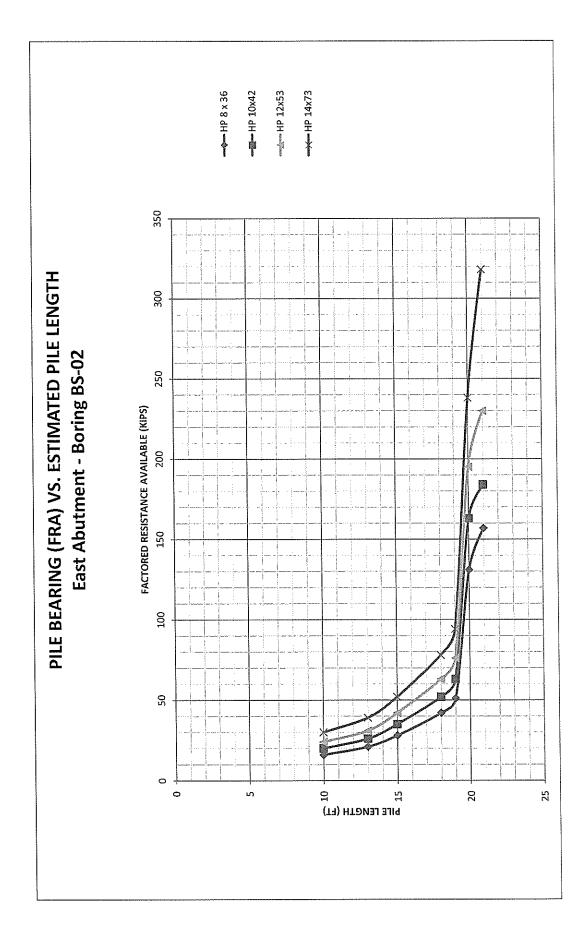
Note: All piles reach Max Available NRB based on Pile Driving Stresses through soil layers. Pile lengths in RED denotes pile end-bearing at bedrock.

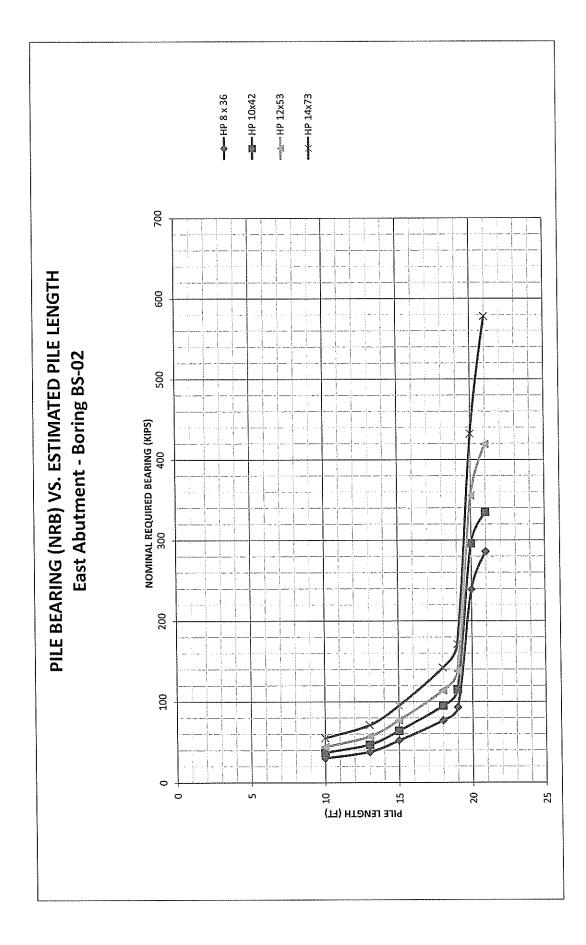
<sup>1</sup> Metal Shell Pile 12" diameter with 0.179" walls

<sup>2</sup> Metal Shell Pile 14" diameter with 0.250" walls









#### Estimated Pile Lengths and Capacities for the Piers (for information purposes only)

	HP 8	x36	HP 10	HP 10x42 HP 12x53 HP 14x73		HP 10x42 HP 12x53 HP 14x73		HP 10x42 HP 12x53		4x73
Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)								
4	10	17	11	20	13	23	15	27		
6	15	27	18	33	21	38	25	46		
9	26	47	32	58	38	70	49	89		
9.3	53	96	65	118	78	142	97	176		
9.8	79	144	98	179	118	214	144	263		
10.3	106	193	131	239	158	287	192	349		
10.8	133	241	165	300	197	359	240	436		
11.3	158	286	184	335	230	418	288	523		
11.5							318	578		

Note: All piles reach Max Available NRB based on Pile Driving Stresses through soil layers. Pile lengths in RED denotes pile end-bearing at bedrock. <sup>1</sup> Metal Shell Pile 12" diameter with 0.179" walls

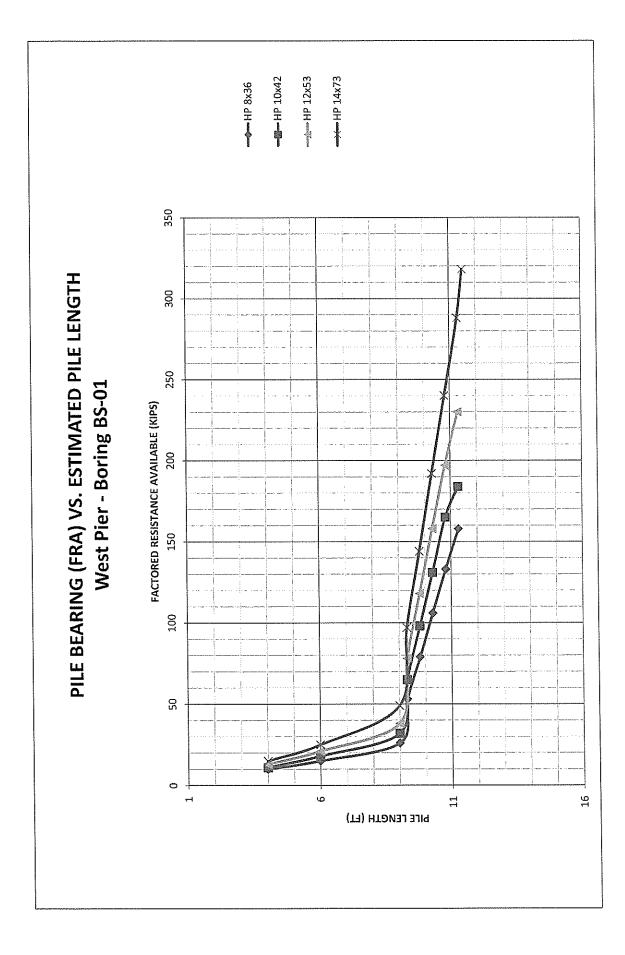
<sup>2</sup> Metal Shell Pile 14" diameter with 0.250" walls

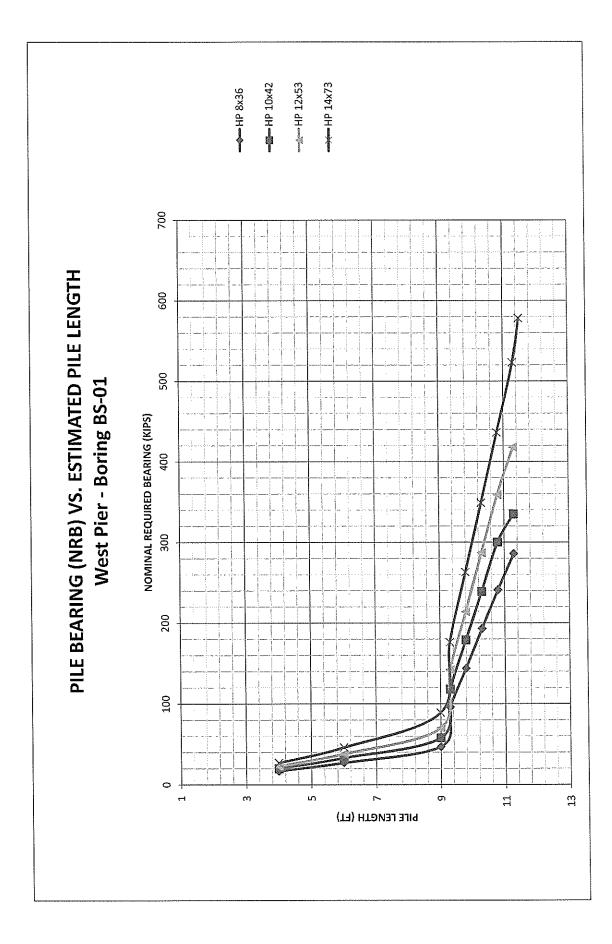
	HP 8	x 36	HP 10	0x42	HP 12	x53	HP 1	4x73
Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Factored Resistance Available, FRA (Kips)	Nominal Requred Bearing, NRB (Kips)						
4	11	20	12	23	14	26	17	31
6	26	47	29	53	34	61	40	73
7	35	64	43	79	52	95	65	119
7.8	62	113	77	139	92	167	113	206
8.3	89	161	110	200	132	240	161	293
8.8	115	210	143	260	171	312	209	380
9.3	142	258	176	321	211	384	257	467
9.8	158	286	184	335	230	419	304	554
10							318	578

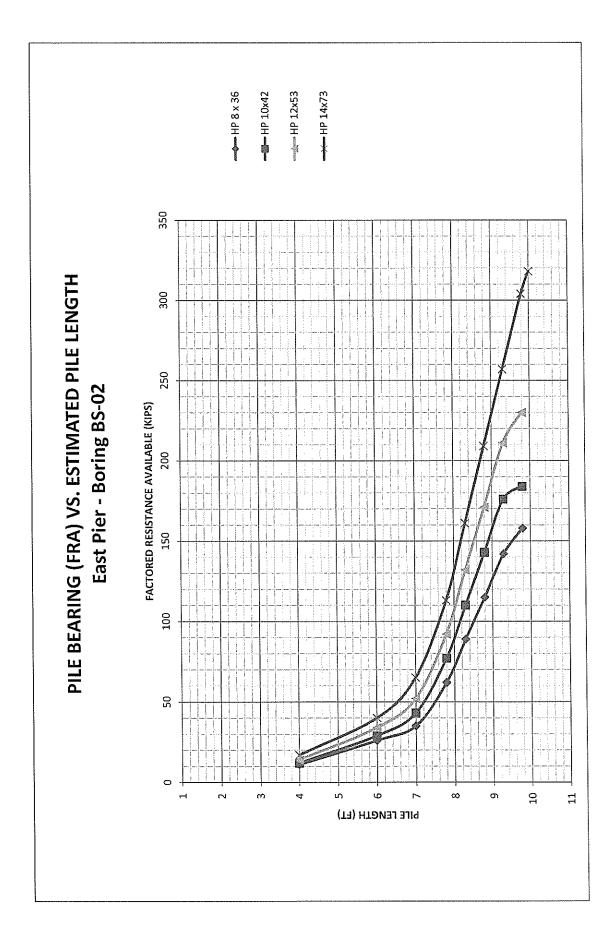
Note: All piles reach Max Available NRB based on Pile Driving Stresses through soil layers. Pile lengths in RED denotes pile end-bearing at bedrock.

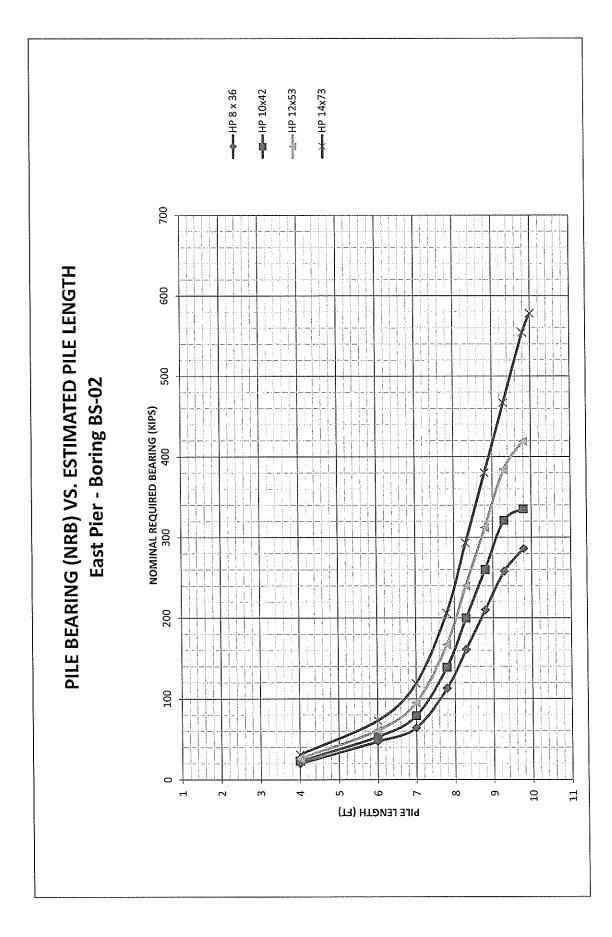
<sup>1</sup> Metal Shell Pile 12" diameter with 0.179" walls

<sup>2</sup> Metal Shell Pile 14" diameter with 0.250" walls









### APPENDIX F

## LAB TEST RESULTS



### 1235 E. DAVIS STREET ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, IL 60005 (847) 253-3845 FAXES (847) 253-0482

### Organic Matter in Soils by Wet Combustion AASHTO T 194

Project Name Four Lakes Bridge	6/14/12
Location DuPage County, Illinois	

12066

Sample Location	B\$-01	BS-02			
Sample No	4	5			 
Depth	6.0'-7.5'	8.5'-10.0'			
Sample Wt. (g)	0.784	0.770			
Ferrous Sulfate Solution (ml)		10.0			
Total Organic Matter %	7.8	5.1			

Comments: -

Tests Performed by: TO



1235 E. Davis Street Arlington Heights, Illinois 60005 Phone: (847) 253-3845 Fax: (847) 253-0482

#### UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH of INTACT ROCK CORE SPECIMENS - ASTM D 7012

Project Name	Four Lakes Avenue Over The E. Branch Of The DuPage River	Date_	4/2/12
Location	SEC 15, T 38 N, R 10 E, SE 1/4, 3rd PM	Job No	12066
County	DuPage	Tested By: _	RWC
Sample Type	Drilled Bedrock Core Sample		

Sample	Depth	Length	Diameter	Weight	Load	Area	Unit Weight	Compressi	ve Strength
No.	(ft)	(in)	(in)	(9)	(lbs)	(in²)	(lbs ft <sup>3</sup> )	(tsf)	(psi)
BS-01 Run 1	25.5	4.083	2.052	542.7	45300	3.31	153.1	987	13705
BS-01 Run 2	34.0	4.128	2.051	544,9	23330	3.30	152.1	508	7061
BS-02 Run 1	25.9	4.095	2.050	555.4	56810	3.30	156.5	1239	17212
BS-02 Run 2	33.1	4.090	2.052	563.0	50490	3.31	158.6	1100	15275
						••••			
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Page 1 of 1

# APPENDIX G

# **TEM TEST RESULTS**

ابعد	0 770 0	n-nc		'ials	ents			the state of the s
(206			e Bridge	Fibrous Materials	r Comments sr			ve asbesos fibers i smaller than the pected to contain s
		ANLAR	GSI 12066 Four Lakes Avenus Bridge 44478 Ldri Boersma 5/4/2012	-uoN	Filler Binder	0.47	0.33	enhance he ability to aobse t, the assestos fibers may b sbestos. Samples that are ex Signature of Analyst
	4 HNIQUE		cef:		Non-Astlestos Fibers Type Percent	10.69 88.84	7.69 91.98	uction to enhance be present, the ast as non-asbestos. Signatu
	LUATIO	UCTION	Client Project Ref. Project Lodation: TEM Project: Analyzed by: Date Analyzed:	Fibrous Materials	Non-Ast Type	Organic Mtl Acid Soluble	Organic Mtl Acid Soluble	<ul> <li>193, including the use of gravimetric reduction to enhance he ability to aobse In samples where very small fibers may be present, the assestos fibers may be technisive where the sample is reported as non-asbestos. Samples that are cut analyzed by transmiss on electron microscopy.</li> <li>TR = Trace; N/D = None Detected Signature of Analyst Signature of Analyst</li> </ul>
	MPLE EVA	<u>TRICREI</u>		Fibrou	Asbes os Fibers e Percent			3, including the use samples where very nelusive where the yzed by transmiss t = Trace; N/D =
	BULK ASBESTOS SAMPLE EVALUATION POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) TECHNIQUE	<b>GRAVIMETRIC REDUCTION</b>			Asbes	Chrysotile Amosite	Chrysotile Amosite	Sample, were analyzed fol owing the proceederes contained in the EPA Method 600/R-93/116, July 1993, including the use of gravimetric reduction to enhance the ability to aobse sample. This report applies only to samples tested. SLM: The optical resolution of polarized light microscopy limits the size of fibers that are visible. In samples where very small fibers may be present, the assess the start of the PLM analysis is not cardinalise where very small fibers may be present, the assess that are visible. In samples where very samelification in the concerted satisfies (such as floor tile samples) and that ard reported as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further analyzed by transmission electron microscopy. According to a data the capacited in USEPA NESHAP Regulation; TE = Trace; N/D = None Detected as non-ashestos for Analyst Key: ACM = Ashestos Containing Material as defined in USEPA NESHAP Regulation; TE = Trace; N/D = None Detected as non-ashestos for Analyst and that ard reported as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further analysed by transmission electron microscopy. Accord and a start reported as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further analysed by transmission electron microscopy. Accord and a start reported as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further analysed by transmission electron microscopy. Accord and a start reported as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further analysed by transmission electron microscopy. Accord and a start reported as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further analysed by transmission electron microscopy. Accord and a start reported as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further and a start accord as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further and a start accord as non-ashestos by PLM shold be further and accord as non-ashestos. Samples that arc of Analyse the start accord accord accord accord accord as a start accord ac
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	B POLAR		, Inc. sza vis Street . Illinois	mation	COLOR	Gray	Grav	owing the procedures contained in the EPA Meth s only to samples tested. In of polarized light microscopy limits the size of ed light microscope. In those cases, he result of nples) and that are reported as non-asbestos by P containing Material as defined in USEPA NI Containing Material as defined in USEPA NI <i>Glen Ellvn. Illinois 60137 Phone (</i>
ated			Geo Services, Inc. Richard Realeza 1235 East Dévis Street Arlington Hts. Illinc	Sample Info	TEM ID.	214117 ncrete	214118 ncrete	were analyzed fol owing the proceedyres co were analyzed fol owing the proceedyres co This report applies only to samples tested. he optical resolution of polarized light mic- n limit of a polarized light microscople. In on timit of a polarized light microscople. In of the Asbestos Containing Material a of 1 <i>uane Street, Glen Ellvn, Miinc</i>
TEM, Incorporated			pany Name: act ess:		Client Sample ID Description	01 Asphalt & 6" Concrete	02 Asphalt & 6" Concrete	Sample: were analyzed fol owing the proceed sample: were analyzed fol owing the proceed sample. This report applies only to samples t SLM: The optical resolution of polarized lig resolution limit of a polarized light microsco fibers (such as floor tile samples) and that are Key: ACM = Asbestos Containing Mate Page 1 of 1 Page 1 of 1
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mcorporated	Gen Services Inc	Richard Real	1235 E.	A	53-3845	estas							-	-			+-			GNATU	<u>`</u> ,	GNATU	BNATUN	Ì	 
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### **APPENDIX H**

### IDOT BLR 10220 FORM



#### Structure Identification

Structure Number(s) (000-0000): 022-6663

Four Lakes Avenue Bridge Over E. Branch of DuPage River

DuPage County, Illinois

#### Asbestos Determination

- 1. The identified structure(s) were included in the 5/10/02 list that the USEPA exempted from the asbestos notification requirements in its letter of October 19, 2001.
- 2. The identified structure(s) were unconfirmed for asbestos involvement as of 5/10/02 but have subsequently been determined, on the basis of information available from the local highway authority, not to involve asbestos in a bituminous bridge deck wearing surface or waterproofing membrane.
- 3. In the identified structure(s) were unconfirmed for asbestos involvement as of 5/10/02 but have subsequently been determined, through testing, not to contain asbestos in a bituminous bridge deck wearing surface or waterproofing membrane. The test results were obtained in conformance with the approved "Sampling and Testing Procedures for Asbestos in Bituminous Bridge Deck Wearing Surface or Waterproofing Membrane" (Attachment 2 to BDE Procedure Memorandum 26-02). Attach result of testing procedures from approved testing facility.
- 4. [] The identified structure(s) have been determined to involve asbestos in a bituminous bridge deck wearing surface and/or waterproofing membrane. The local highway authority will ensure compliance with the asbestos notification requirements for work on these structures that could disturb the asbestos-containing materials. The local highway authority also will ensure that the special provision for "Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos Bituminous Concrete Surface Removal" is included in any contract for demolition of these structures or for other work involving removal of the existing bituminous bridge deck wearing surface and/or waterproofing membrane. Attach result of testing procedures from approved testing facility.
- 5. The identified structure(s) had been determined to involve asbestos in a bituminous bridge deck wearing surface and/or waterproofing membrane. Removal operations have been completed for all asbestos bituminous concrete surface and asbestos waterproofing membrane on the identified structures in accordance with USEPA requirements.

### Certification

Name: Andrew	Ptak	Position Title: Office Manager
Office Address:	1235 East Davis Street, Suite 101, Arlington	Heights, IL 60005
E-mail Address:	drewptak@geoservicesinc.net	Telephone Number: (847) 253-3845
062-052031	No. of Registered Professional Engineer	
	PAT	10/22/2012
	Signature	Date

BLR 10220 (Rev. 7/05)

### State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

### SPECIAL PROVISION FOR COOPERATION WITH UTILITIES

Effective: January 1, 1999 Revised: January 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

Replace Article 105.07 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

**"105.07 Cooperation with Utilities.** The adjustment of utilities consists of the relocation, removal, replacement, rearrangements, reconstruction, improvement, disconnection, connection, shifting, new installation or altering of an existing utility facility in any manner.

When the plans or special provisions include information pertaining to the location of underground utility facilities, such information represents only the opinion of the Department as to the location of such utilities and is only included for the convenience of the bidder. The Department assumes no responsibility in respect to the sufficiency or the accuracy of the information shown on the plans relative to the location of the underground utility facilities.

Utilities which are to be adjusted shall be adjusted by the utility owner or the owner's representative or by the Contractor as a contract item. Generally, arrangements for adjusting existing utilities will be made by the Department prior to project construction; however, utilities will not necessarily be adjusted in advance of project construction and, in some cases, utilities will not be removed from the proposed construction limits. When utility adjustments must be performed in conjunction with construction, the utility adjustment work will be shown on the plans and/or covered by Special Provisions.

When the Contractor discovers a utility has not been adjusted by the owner or the owner's representative as indicated in the contract documents, or the utility is not shown on the plans or described in the Special Provisions as to be adjusted in conjunction with construction, the Contractor shall not interfere with said utility, and shall take proper precautions to prevent damage or interruption of the utility and shall promptly notify the Engineer of the nature and location of said utility.

All necessary adjustments, as determined by the Engineer, of utilities not shown on the plans or not identified by markers, will be made at no cost to the Contractor except traffic structures, light poles, etc., that are normally located within the proposed construction limits as hereinafter defined will not be adjusted unless required by the proposed improvement.

- (a) Limits of Proposed Construction for Utilities Paralleling the Roadway. For the purpose of this Article, limits of proposed construction for utilities extending in the same longitudinal direction as the roadway, shall be defined as follows:
  - (1) The horizontal limits shall be a vertical plane, outside of, parallel to, and 600 mm (2 ft) distant at right angles from the plan or revised slope limits.
  - In cases where the limits of excavation for structures are not shown on the plans, the horizontal limits shall be a vertical plane 1.2 m (4 ft) outside the edges of structure footings or the structure where no footings are required.
  - (2) The upper vertical limits shall be the regulations governing the roadbed clearance for the specific utility involved.
  - (3) The lower vertical limits shall be the top of the utility at the depth below the proposed grade as prescribed by the governing agency or the limits of excavation, whichever is less.
- (b) Limits of Proposed Construction for Utilities Crossing the Roadway. For the purpose of this Article, limits of proposed construction for utilities crossing the roadway in a generally transverse direction shall be defined as follows:
  - (1) Utilities crossing excavations for structures that are normally made by trenching such as sewers, underdrains, etc. and all minor structures such as manholes, inlets, foundations for signs, foundations for traffic signals, etc., the limits shall be the space to be occupied by the proposed permanent construction unless otherwise required by the regulations governing the specific utility involved.
  - (2) For utilities crossing the proposed site of major structures such as bridges, sign trusses, etc., the limits shall be as defined above for utilities extending in the same general direction as the roadway.

The Contractor may make arrangements for adjustment of utilities outside of the limits of proposed construction provided the Contractor furnishes the Department with a signed agreement with the utility owner covering the adjustments to be made. The cost of any adjustments made outside the limits of proposed construction shall be the responsibility of the Contractor unless otherwise provided.

The Contractor shall request all utility owners to field locate their facilities according to Article 107.31. The Engineer may make the request for location from the utility after receipt of notice from the Contractor. On request, the Engineer will make an inspection to verify that the utility company has field located its facilities, but will not assume responsibility for the accuracy of such work. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining the excavations or markers provided by the utility owners. This field location procedure may be waived if the utility owner has stated in writing to the Department it is satisfied the construction plans are sufficiently accurate. If the utility owner does not submit such statement to the Department, and they do not field locate their facilities in both horizontal and vertical alignment, the Engineer will authorize the Contractor in writing to proceed to locate the facilities in the most economical and reasonable manner, subject to the approval of the Engineer, and be paid according to Article 109.04.

The Contractor shall coordinate with any planned utility adjustment or new installation and the Contractor shall take all precautions to prevent disturbance or damage to utility facilities. Any failure on the part of the utility owner, or their representative, to proceed with any planned utility adjustment or new installation shall be reported promptly by the Contractor to the Engineer orally and in writing.

The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the protection of the utility facilities. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage or destruction of utility facilities resulting from neglect, misconduct, or omission in the Contractor's manner or method of execution or nonexecution of the work, or caused by defective work or the use of unsatisfactory materials. Whenever any damage or destruction of a utility facility occurs as a result of work performed by the Contractor, the utility company will be immediately notified. The utility company will make arrangements to restore such facility to a condition equal to that existing before any such damage or destruction was done.

It is understood and agreed that the Contractor has considered in the bid all of the permanent and temporary utilities in their present and/or adjusted positions.

No additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconvenience, or damage sustained by the Contractor due to any interference from the said utility facilities or the operation of relocating the said utility facilities.

### State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

### SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:

The Village of Lisle

The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

#### CONCRETE GUTTER, CURB, MEDIAN, AND PAVED DITCH (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2014 Revised: August 1, 2014

Add the following to Article 606.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 606.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Transverse contraction and longitudinal construction joints shall be sealed according to Article 420.12, except transverse joints in concrete curb and gutter shall be sealed with polysulfide or polyurethane joint sealant."

Add the following to Section 1050 of the Standard Specifications:

"1050.04 Polyurethane Joint Sealant. The joint sealant shall be a polyurethane sealant, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25 or better, Use T ( $T_1$  or  $T_2$ ), according to ASTM C 920."

80334

#### CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2010

Revised: November 1, 2014

The reduction of emissions of particulate matter (PM) for off-road equipment shall be accomplished by installing retrofit emission control devices. The term "equipment" refers to diesel fuel powered devices rated at 50 hp and above, to be used on the jobsite in excess of seven calendar days over the course of the construction period on the jobsite (including rental equipment).

Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract shall be retrofitted using the phased in approach shown below. Equipment that is of a model year older than the year given for that equipment's respective horsepower range shall be retrofitted:

Effective Dates	Horsepower Range	Model Year
June 1, 2010 <sup>17</sup>	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006
June 1, 2011 <sup>2/</sup>	100-299	2003
	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	750 and up	2006
June 1, 2012 <sup>2/</sup>	50-99	2004
	100-299	2003
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
*****************	750 and up	2006

1/ Effective dates apply to Contractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

2/ Effective dates apply to Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

The retrofit emission control devices shall achieve a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent and shall be:

- a) Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Verified Retrofit Technology List (<u>http://www.epa.gov/cleandiesel/verification/verif-list.htm</u>), or verified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (<u>http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm</u>); or
- b) Retrofitted with a non-verified diesel retrofit emission control device if verified retrofit emission control devices are not available for equipment proposed to be used on the project, and if the Contractor has obtained a performance certification from the retrofit

device manufacturer that the emission control device provides a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent.

Note: Large cranes (Crawler mounted cranes) which are responsible for critical lift operations are exempt from installing retrofit emission control devices if such devices adversely affect equipment operation.

Diesel powered off-road equipment with engine ratings of 50 hp and above, which are unable to be retrofitted with verified emission control devices or if performance certifications are not available which will achieve a minimum 50 percent PM reduction, may be granted a waiver by the Department if documentation is provided showing good faith efforts were made by the Contractor to retrofit the equipment.

Construction shall not proceed until the Contractor submits a certified list of the diesel powered off-road equipment that will be used, and as necessary, retrofitted with emission control devices. The list(s) shall include (1) the equipment number, type, make, Contractor/rental company name; and (2) the emission control devices make, model, USEPA or CARB verification number, or performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer. Equipment reported as fitted with emissions control devices shall be made available to the Engineer for visual inspection of the device installation, prior to being used on the jobsite.

The Contractor shall submit an updated list of retrofitted off-road construction equipment as retrofitted equipment changes or comes on to the jobsite. The addition or deletion of any diesel powered equipment shall be included on the updated list.

If any diesel powered off-road equipment is found to be in non-compliance with any portion of this special provision, the Engineer will issue the Contractor a diesel retrofit deficiency deduction.

Any costs associated with retrofitting any diesel powered off-road equipment with emission control devices shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed. The Contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a claim.

#### **Diesel Retrofit Deficiency Deduction**

When the Engineer determines that a diesel retrofit deficiency exists, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency continues to exist. The calendar day(s) will begin when the time period for correction is exceeded and end with the Engineer's written acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be \$1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

The deficiency will be based on lack of diesel retrofit emissions control.

If a Contractor accumulates three diesel retrofit deficiency deductions for the same piece of equipment in a contract period, the Contractor will be shutdown until the deficiency is corrected.

Such a shutdown will not be grounds for any extension of the contract time, waiver of penalties, or be grounds for any claim.

# CONTRACT CLAIMS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2014

Revise the first paragraph of Article 109.09(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Submission of Claim. All claims filed by the Contractor shall be in writing and in sufficient detail to enable the Department to ascertain the basis and amount of the claim. As a minimum, the following information must accompany each claim submitted."

Revise Article 109.09(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(e) Procedure. The Department provides two administrative levels for claims review.

Level I Engineer of Construction Level II Chief Engineer/Director of Highways or Designee

- (1) Level I. All claims shall first be submitted at Level I. Two copies each of the claim and supporting documentation shall be submitted simultaneously to the District and the Engineer of Construction. The Engineer of Construction, in consultation with the District, will consider all information submitted with the claim and render a decision on the claim within 90 days after receipt by the Engineer of Construction. Claims not conforming to this Article will be returned without consideration. The Engineer of Construction may schedule a claim presentation meeting if in the Engineer of Construction's judgment such a meeting would aid in resolution of the claim, otherwise a decision will be made based on the claim documentation submitted. If a Level I decision is not rendered within 90 days of receipt of the claim, or if the Contractor disputes the decision, an appeal to Level II may be made by the Contractor.
- (2) Level II. An appeal to Level II shall be made in writing to the Engineer of Construction within 45 days after the date of the Level I decision. Review of the claim at Level II shall be conducted as a full evaluation of the claim. A claim presentation meeting may be scheduled if the Chief Engineer/Director of Highways determines that such a meeting would aid in resolution of the claim, otherwise a decision will be made based on the claim documentation submitted. A Level II final decision will be rendered within 90 days of receipt of the written request for appeal.

Full compliance by the Contractor with the provisions specified in this Article is a contractual condition precedent to the Contractor's right to seek relief in the Court of Claims. The Director's written decision shall be the final administrative action of the Department. Unless the Contractor files a claim for adjudication by the Court of Claims within 60 days after the date of the written decision, the failure to file shall constitute a release and waiver of the claim."

80335

# DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: January 2, 2015

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

<u>STATE OBLIGATION</u>. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

<u>CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR</u>. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform **20.00**% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at <u>www.dot.il.gov</u>.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement. The failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

- (a) The bidder shall submit a Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan on Department forms SBE 2025 and 2026 with the bid.
- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.

- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. For bidding purposes, submission of the completed SBE 2025 forms, signed by the DBEs and faxed to the bidder will be acceptable as long as the original is available and provided upon request. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:
  - (1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
  - (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the work each DBE will perform;
  - (3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating. The dollar amount of participation for identified work shall specifically state the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
  - (4) DBE Participation Commitment Statements, form SBE 2025, signed by the bidder and each participating DBE firm documenting the commitment to use the DBE subcontractors whose participation is submitted to meet the contract goal;
  - (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s); and,
  - (6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts; the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the apparent successful bidder is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document that enough DBE participation has been obtained or document that good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work performance to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan does not document sufficient DBE participation to meet the contract goal unless the apparent successful bidder documented in the Utilization Plan that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of

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efforts that the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts, in other words, efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.
  - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
  - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
  - (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
    - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith

efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with Section 6 of the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines that the apparent successful bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification shall include a statement of reasons for the determination.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the receipt of the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217) 785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The determination shall become final if a request is not made and delivered. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in

order to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for consideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
  - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.

- (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owneroperator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
  - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
  - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
  - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a regular dealer or manufacturer.

<u>CONTRACT COMPLIANCE</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the Participation Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, than a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor shall not be

required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure that the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.

- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide DBE subcontracts to IDOT upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
  - (1) That the replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
  - (2) That the DBE is aware that its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
  - (3) That the DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) <u>TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES</u>. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a). Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE listed in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of

Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law.
- (6) You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime

Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated, or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department shall provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) <u>PAYMENT RECORDS</u>. The Contractor shall maintain a record of payments for work performed to the DBE participants. The records shall be made available to the Department for inspection upon request. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Regional Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor my request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance

to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department.

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### FRICTION AGGREGATE (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2011 Revised: November 1, 2014

Revise Article 1004.01(a)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(4) Crushed Stone. Crushed stone shall be the angular fragments resulting from crushing undisturbed, consolidated deposits of rock by mechanical means. Crushed stone shall be divided into the following, when specified.
  - a. Carbonate Crushed Stone. Carbonate crushed stone shall be either dolomite or limestone. Dolomite shall contain 11.0 percent or more magnesium oxide (MgO). Limestone shall contain less than 11.0 percent magnesium oxide (MgO).
  - b. Crystalline Crushed Stone. Crystalline crushed stone shall be either metamorphic or igneous stone, including but is not limited to, quartzite, granite, rhyolite and diabase."

Revise Article 1004.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

**"1004.03 Coarse Aggregate for Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA).** The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allowed
Class A	Seal or Cover	Allowed Alone or in Combination <sup>5/</sup> :
		Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag Crushed Concrete

(a) Description. The coarse aggregate for HMA shall be according to the following table.

IMA .ow ESALStabilized Subbase ShouldersIMA -igh ESAL .ow ESALBinder IL-19.0 or IL-19.0 SMA BindIMA -igh ESAL .ow ESALBinder IL-19.0 or IL-19.0 SMA BindIMA -igh ESAL .ow ESALC Surfac Leveling IL-9.5 or SMA Ndesign SurfaceHMA High ESAL .ow ESALD Surfac Leveling IL-9.5HMA High ESAL SMA Ndesign SurfaceD Surfac SMA Ndesign Surface		Aggregates Allowed	
High ESAL Low ESAL IL-19.0 or IL-19.0 SMA Bind SMA Bind SMA Bind C Surfac Leveling IL-9.5 or SMA Ndesign Surface HMA High ESAL D Surfac Leveling IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign Surfac	or	Allowed Alone or in Combination <sup>5/</sup> : Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag <sup>1/</sup> Crushed Concrete	
High ESAL Leveling IL-9.5 or SMA Ndesign Surface HMA High ESAL Leveling IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign		Allowed Alone or in Combination <sup>5/</sup> : Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone <sup>2/</sup> Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Concrete <sup>3/</sup>	
High ESAL Leveling IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign	Binder IL-9.5L	Allowed Alone or in Combination <sup>5/</sup> : Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone <sup>2/</sup> Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag <sup>4/</sup> Crushed Concrete <sup>3/</sup>	
	Binder	Allowed Alone or in Combination <sup>5/</sup> : Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone (other that Limestone) <sup>2/</sup> Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag <sup>4/</sup> Crushed Concrete <sup>3/</sup>	
		Other Combinations All Up to 25% Limestone	lowed: With Dolomite

Mixture	Aggregates Allowed	
	50% Limestone	Any Mixture D aggregate other than Dolomite
	75% Limestone	Crushed Slag (ACBF) or Crushed Sandstone
E Surface IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface	Allowed Alone or in Co Crushed Gravel Crystalline Crushed S Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag Crushed Concrete <sup>3/</sup> No Limestone.	tone
	Other Combinations A	<u>llowed:</u>
	Up to	With
	50% Dolomite <sup>2/</sup>	Any Mixture E aggregate
	75% Dolomite <sup>2/</sup>	Crushed Sandstone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), Crushed Steel Slag, or Crystalline Crushed Stone
	75% Crushed Gravel or Crushed Concrete <sup>3/</sup>	Crushed Sandstone, Crystalline Crushed Stone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), or Crushed Steel Slag
F Surface	Allowed Alone or in C	Combination <sup>5/</sup> :
IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface	Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag No Limestone.	
	E Surface IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface F Surface IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80	F       Surface         IL-9.5       Allowed Alone or in Carbon         SMA       Crushed Gravel         Ndesign 80       Crushed Sandstone         Surface       Crushed Slag (ACBF)         Crushed Steel Slag       Crushed Steel Slag         Crushed Concrete <sup>3/</sup> No Limestone.         Other Combinations A       Up to         50% Dolomite <sup>2/</sup> 75% Dolomite <sup>2/</sup> 75% Crushed       Gravel or Crushed         Concrete <sup>3/</sup> 75% Crushed         Gravel or Crushed       Concrete <sup>3/</sup> F       Surface         IL-9.5       Crystalline Crushed S         SMA       Crushed Alone or in C         Crystalline Crushed S       Concrete <sup>3/</sup> KA       Crushed Slag (ACBF)         Crushed Slag (ACBF)       Crushed Slag (ACBF)

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Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allowed	
		Up to	With
		50% Crushed Gravel, Crushed Concrete <sup>3/</sup> , or Dolomite <sup>2/</sup>	Crushed Sandstone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), Crushed Steel Slag, or Crystalline Crushed Stone

- 1/ Crushed steel slag allowed in shoulder surface only.
- 2/ Carbonate crushed stone shall not be used in SMA Ndesign 80. In SMA Ndesign 50, carbonate crushed stone shall not be blended with any of the other aggregates allowed alone in Ndesign 50 SMA binder or Ndesign 50 SMA surface.
- 3/ Crushed concrete will not be permitted in SMA mixes.
- 4/ Crushed steel slag shall not be used as leveling binder.
- 5/ When combinations of aggregates are used, the blend percent measurements shall be by volume."

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### HOT-MIX ASPHALT - DENSITY TESTING OF LONGITUDINAL JOINTS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2010 Revised: April 1, 2012

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of testing the density of longitudinal joints as part of the quality control/quality assurance (QC/QA) of hot-mix asphalt (HMA). Work shall be according to Section 1030 of the Standard Specifications except as follows.

<u>Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QC/QA)</u>. Delete the second and third sentence of the third paragraph of Article 1030.05(d)(3) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following paragraphs to the end of Article 1030.05(d)(3) of the Standard Specifications:

"Longitudinal joint density testing shall be performed at each random density test location. Longitudinal joint testing shall be located at a distance equal to the lift thickness or a minimum of 4 in. (100 mm), from each pavement edge. (i.e. for a 5 in. (125 mm) lift the near edge of the density gauge or core barrel shall be within 5 in. (125 mm) from the edge of pavement.) Longitudinal joint density testing shall be performed using either a correlated nuclear gauge or cores.

- a. Confined Edge. Each confined edge density shall be represented by a oneminute nuclear density reading or a core density and shall be included in the average of density readings or core densities taken across the mat which represents the Individual Test.
- b. Unconfined Edge. Each unconfined edge joint density shall be represented by an average of three one-minute density readings or a single core density at the given density test location and shall meet the density requirements specified herein. The three one-minute readings shall be spaced ten feet apart longitudinally along the unconfined pavement edge and centered at the random density test location."

Revise the Density Control Limits table in Article 1030.05(d)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

	"Mixture Composition	Parameter	Individual Test (includes confined edges)	Unconfined Edge Joint Density Minimum
۱٢	IL-4.75	Ndesign = 50	93.0 - 97.4%	91.0%
1	IL-9.5, IL-12.5	Ndesign ≥ 90	92.0 - 96.0%	90.0%
	IL-9.5,IL-9.5L, IL-12.5	Ndesign < 90	92.5 - 97.4%	90.0%
Ē	IL-19.0, IL-25.0	Ndesign ≥ 90	93.0 - 96.0%	90.0%
	IL-19.0, IL-19.0L, IL-25.0	Ndesign < 90	93.0 - 97.4%	90.0%

SMA	Ndesign = 50 & 80	93.5 – 97.4%	91.0%
All Other	Ndesign = 30	93.0 - 97.4%	90.0%"

## HOT MIX ASPHALT – PRIME COAT (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2014

Revise Note 1 of Article 406.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 1. The bituminous material used for prime coat shall be one of the types listed in the following table.

When emulsified asphalts are used, any dilution with water shall be performed by the emulsion producer. The emulsified asphalt shall be thoroughly agitated within 24 hours of application and show no separation of water and emulsion.

Application	Bituminous Material Types
Prime Coat on Brick, Concrete, or HMA Bases	SS-1, SS-1h, SS-1hP, SS-1vh, RS-1, RS-2, CSS-1, CSS-1h, CSS-1hp, CRS-1, CRS-2, HFE-90, RC-70
Prime Coat on Aggregate Bases	MC-30, PEP"

Add the following to Article 406.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 406.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Prime Coat. The bituminous material shall be prepared according to Article 403.05 and applied according to Article 403.10. The use of RC-70 shall be limited to air temperatures less than 60 °F (15 °C).
  - (1) Brick, Concrete or HMA Bases. The base shall be cleaned of all dust, debris and any substance that will prevent the prime coat from adhering to the base. Cleaning shall be accomplished by sweeping to remove all large particles and air blasting to remove dust. As an alternative to air blasting, a vacuum sweeper may be used to accomplish the dust removal. The base shall be free of standing water at the time of application. The prime coat shall be applied uniformly and at a rate that will provide a residual asphalt rate on the prepared surface as specified in the following table.

Type of Surface to be Primed	Residual Asphalt Rate
	lb/sq ft (kg/sq m)
Milled HMA, Aged Non-Milled HMA, Milled Concrete,	0.05 (0.244)
Non-Milled Concrete & Tined Concrete	
Fog Coat between HMA Lifts, IL-4.75 & Brick	0.025 (0.122)

The bituminous material for the prime coat shall be placed one lane at a time. If a spray paver is not used, the primed lane shall remain closed until the prime coat is

fully cured and does not pickup under traffic. When placing prime coat through an intersection where it is not possible to keep the lane closed, the prime coat may be covered immediately following its application with fine aggregate mechanically spread at a uniform rate of 2 to 4 lb/sq yd (1 to 2 kg/sq m).

(2) Aggregate Bases. The prime coat shall be applied uniformly and at a rate that will provide a residual asphalt rate on the prepared surface of 0.25 lb/sq ft ± 0.01 (1.21 kg/sq m ±0.05).

The prime coat shall be permitted to cure until the penetration has been approved by the Engineer, but at no time shall the curing period be less than 24 hours for MC-30 or four hours for PEP. Pools of prime occurring in the depressions shall be broomed or squeegeed over the surrounding surface the same day the prime coat is applied.

The base shall be primed 1/2 width at a time. The prime coat on the second half/width shall not be applied until the prime coat on the first half/width has cured so that it will not pickup under traffic.

The residual asphalt rate will be verified a minimum of once per type of surface to be primed as specified herein for which at least 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) of HMA will be placed. The test will be according to the "Determination of Residual Asphalt in Prime and Tack Coat Materials" test procedure.

Prime coat shall be fully cured prior to placement of HMA to prevent pickup by haul trucks or paving equipment. If pickup occurs, paving shall cease in order to provide additional cure time, and all areas where the pickup occurred shall be repaired.

If after five days, loss of prime coat is evident prior to covering with HMA, additional prime coat shall be placed as determined by the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department."

Revise the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 406.13(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Water added to emulsified asphalt, as allowed in Article 406.02, will not be included in the quantities measured for payment."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 406.13(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Aggregate for covering prime coat will not be measured for payment."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"406.14 Basis of Payment. Prime Coat will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound (kilogram) of residual asphalt applied for BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT), or POLYMERIZED BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT)."

Revise Article 407.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"407.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to Article 406.02, except as follows.

ltem	Article/Section
(a) Packaged Rapid Hardening Mortar or Concrete	

Revise Article 407.06(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) A bituminous prime coat shall be applied between each lift of HMA according to Article 406.05(b)."

Delete the second paragraph of Article 407.12 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 408.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**408.04 Method of Measurement.** Bituminous priming material will be measured for payment according to Article 406.13."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 408.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"408.05 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound (kilogram) of residual asphalt applied for BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT) or POLYMERIZED BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT) and at the contract unit price per ton (metric ton) for INCIDENTAL HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACING."

Revise Article 1032.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

**"1032.02 Measurement.** Asphalt binders, emulsified asphalts, rapid curing liquid asphalt, medium curing liquid asphalts, slow curing liquid asphalts, asphalt fillers, and road oils will be measured by weight.

A weight ticket for each truck load shall be furnished to the inspector. The truck shall be weighed at a location approved by the Engineer. The ticket shall show the weight of the empty truck (the truck being weighed each time before it is loaded), the weight of the loaded truck, and the net weight of the bituminous material.

When an emulsion or cutback is used for prime coat, the percentage of asphalt residue of the actual certified product shall be shown on the producer's bill of lading or attached certificate of analysis. If the producer adds extra water to an emulsion at the request of the purchaser, the amount of water shall also be shown on the bill of lading.

Payment will not be made for bituminous materials in excess of 105 percent of the amount specified by the Engineer."

Add the following to the table in Article 1032.04 of the Standard Specifications.

"SS-1vh	160-180	70-80
RS-1, CRS-1	75-130	25-55"

Add the following to Article 1032.06 of the Standard Specifications.

"(g) Non Tracking Emulsified Asphalt SS-1vh shall be according to the following.

	Requirement	ts for SS-1vh	
Test		SPEC	AASHTO Test Method
Saybolt Viscosity @ 25C,	SFS	20-200	Τ 72
Storage Stability, 24hr.,	%	1 max.	Т 59
Residue by Evaporation,	%	50 min.	Т 59
Sieve Test,	%	0.3 max.	Т 59
Tests	on Residue	from Evapora	tion
Penetration @25°C, 100g., 5	sec., dmm	20 max.	T 49
Softening Point,	°C	65 min.	T 53
Solubility,	%	97.5 min.	T 44
Orig. DSR @ 82°C,	kPa	1.00 min.	T 315"

Revise the last table in Article 1032.06(f)(2)d. of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Grade	Use
SS-1, SS-1h, RS-1, RS-2, CSS-1, CRS-1, CRS-2, CSS-1h, HFE-90, SS-1hP, CSS-1hP, SS-1vh	Prime or fog seal
PEP	Bituminous surface treatment prime
RS-2, HFE-90, HFE-150, HFE- 300, CRSP, HFP, CRS-2, HFRS-2	Bituminous surface treatment
CSS-1h Latex Modified	Microsurfacing"

Add the following to Article 1101 of the Standard Specifications.

**"1101.19 Vacuum Sweeper.** The vacuum sweeper shall have a minimum sweeping path of 52 in. (1.3 m) and a minimum blower rating of 20,000 cu ft per minute (566 cu m per minute)."

Add the following to Article 1102 of the Standard Specifications:

"1102.06 Spray Paver. The spreading and finishing machine shall be capable of spraying a rapid setting emulsion tack coat, paving a layer of HMA, and providing a smooth HMA mat in one pass. The HMA shall be spread over the tack coat in less than five seconds after the

application of the tack coat during normal paving speeds. No wheel or other part of the paving machine shall come into contact with the tack coat before the HMA is applied. In addition to meeting the requirements of Article 1102.03, the spray paver shall also meet the requirements of Article 1102.05 for the tank, heating system, pump, thermometer, tachometer or synchronizer, and calibration. The spray bar shall be equipped with properly sized and spaced nozzles to apply a uniform application of tack coat at the specified rate for the full width of the mat being placed."

# LRFD PIPE CULVERT BURIAL TABLES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013 Revised: November 1, 2014

Revise Article 542.02 of the Standard Specifications to read as follows:

"Item	Article/Section
(a) Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe	
(b) Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch	
(c) Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe	
(d) Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch	
(e) Reserved	
(f) Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe	
(g) Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe Arch	
(h) Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe	
(i) Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch	
(j) Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe	
(k) Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe Arch	
(I) Extra Strength Clay Pipe	
(m) Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe	
(n) Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe	
(o) Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe	
(p) Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe	
(q) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe	
(r) Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior	
(s) Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) pipe with smooth Interior	
(t) Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior	
(u) Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior	
(v) Rubber Gaskets and Preformed Flexible Joint Sealants for Concrete Pi	pe 1056
(w) Mastic Joint Sealer for Pipe	
(x) External Sealing Band	
(y) Fine Aggregate (Note 1)	
(z) Coarse Aggregate (Note 2)	
(aa) Packaged Rapid Hardening Mortar or Concrete	
(bb) Nonshrink Grout	
(cc) Reinforcement Bars and Welded Wire Fabric	
(dd) Handling Hole Plugs	

Note 1. The fine aggregate shall be moist.

Note 2. The coarse aggregate shall be wet."

Revise the table for permitted materials in Article 542.03 of the Standard Specifications as follows:

Class	Materials
Α	Rigid Pipes:
	Extra Strength Clay Pipe
	Concrete Sewer Storm Drain and Culvert Pipe, Class 3
	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
С	Rigid Pipes:
	Extra Strength Clay Pipe
	Concrete Sewer Storm Drain and Culvert Pipe, Class 3
	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Flexible Pipes:
	Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe
	Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe Arch
	Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe
	Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch
	Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe
	Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe Arch
	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe
	Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior
	Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior
	Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with Smooth Interior
D	Rigid Pipes:
	Extra Strength Clay Pipe
	Concrete Sewer Storm Drain and Culvert Pipe, Class 3
	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
	Flexible Pipes:
	Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe
	Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch
	Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch
	Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe
	Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe
	Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe
	Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch
	Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe
	Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe
	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe
	Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior
	Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior
	Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior"
	Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with Smooth Interior
	Ourdgated i orypropyrene (Or i ) i pe war onioon intenor

Revise Articles 542.03(b) and (c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Extra strength clay pipe will only be permitted for pipe culverts Type 1, for 10 in., 12 in., 42 in. and 48 in. (250 mm, 300 mm, 1050 mm and 1200 mm), Types 2, up to and including 48 in. (1200 mm), Type 3, up to and including 18 in. (450 mm), Type 4 up to and including 10 in. (250 mm), for all pipe classes.
- (c) Concrete sewer, storm drain, and culvert pipe Class 3 will only be permitted for pipe culverts Type 1, up to and including 10 in (250 mm), Type 2, up to and including 30 in. (750 mm), Type 3, up to and including 15 in. (375 mm); Type 4, up to and including 10 in. (250 mm), for all pipe classes."

Replace the pipe tables in Article 542.03 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

		for the Resp	"Table IA: Classes of Reinforced Concrete Pipe for the Respective Diameters of Pipe and Fill Heights over the Top of the Pipe	"Table IA: Classes of Reinforced Concrete Pipe ive Diameters of Pipe and Fill Heights over the	icrete Pipe s over the Top of the	e Pipe	
	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Type 6	Type 7
Nominal	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height:
Diameter	>	Greater than 3'	Greater than 10'	Greater than 15'	Greater than 20'	Greater than 25'	Greater than 30'
. <u>e</u>	3 and less 1' min cover	not exceeding	not exceeding 15'	not exceeding 20'	not exceeding 25'	not exceeding 30'	not exceeding 35'
C.	N /	2		2	١٧	>	>
<u>2</u>	2 2	= =		2	>	>	>
<u>, 0</u>	2 2	= =		<u> </u>	2	>	٧
Q ·	2				Ν	>	^
27	=	= :	= =	2 2	: ≥	~ ~	>
24	=		= :	2 2	2 2	> >	• >
8	2			N	>	>	
36	=	-	=	2	≥ :	> :	> >
42	_	=	=	2	≥ :	> :	> >
48		=	1	2	Ν	>	>
54				2	≥	>	> :
t C			=	2	2	>	> :
299	: =		-	2	2	>	>
				N	>	>	>
7 0	= =	= =	= =	2	2020	2370	2730
07 84	= =	-		N	2020	2380	2740
G				1680	2030	2390	09/2
20	: =			1690	2040	2400	0¢72
ŝ		: =		1700	2050	2410	2760
108		=	1360	1710	2060	2410	2770
Notes: A number ind	licates the D-I oad fo	or the diameter and de	Notes: A number indicates the D-I oad for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required.	iecial design is require	ġ.		
Design assur	mptions; Water filled	Design assumptions; Water filled pipe, Type 2 bedding and Class C Walls	g and Class C Walls				

	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Type 6	Type 7
Nominal Diameter	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height:	Fill Height:
	1 m and less 0.3 m min cover	Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m	Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m	Greater than 3 m not Greater than 4.5 m not Greater than 6 m not Greater than 9 m not exceeding 4.5 m exceeding 9.5 m exceeding 9.0 m or exceeding 10.5 m	Greater than 6 m not exceeding 7.5 m	Greater than 7.5 m not exceeding 9 m	Greater than 9 m no exceeding 10.5 m
300	N	1	H	2	2	> :	> :
375	≥	=	Ξ	2	≥ :	> :	> >
450	N	1	II	N	N	> :	>
525	=	=	=	2	2	> :	> :
600	Ξ	=	=	2 :	2 2	> >	> >
750	N				2	>	>
006	Ξ	Ħ		2	≥ :	> >	> >
1050	= :	= :	= =	2 2	≥≥	> >	> >
1200			11	2			
1350	=	_	=	2	2 2	> >	> >
1500	=	=	=	2	2	> >	> >
1650	1	1		2	N :	> :	>
1800	=		-	2 :	> 20	> ;	> 6
1950	=	=		2	001		120
2100	-	11		>	100	011	
2250	=	=	Ξ	80	100	110	130
2400	=	=	Ξ	80	100	110	130
2550	=	Ξ	=	80	100	120	130
2700	=		70	80	100	120	130

Anumber indicates the D-Load for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required. Design assumptions; Water filled pipe, Type 2 bedding and Class C Walls

F	Ĭ	Tvpe 1	<b> </b>		Type 2			Type 3			Type 4			Type 5			Type 6			Type 7	
		Fill Height:		Ē	Fill Height:		Ē	Fill Height:		Ē	Fill Height:	1		Fill Height:			Filt Height:			Fill Height:	
siQ Isnin ".ni	, 3. ⊒.a	3' and less 1' min. cover		not e: Lot	Greater than 3' not exceeding 10'	13' 10'	Grea not ex	Greater than 10' not exceeding 15'	10, 15	Grea not ex	Greater than 15' tot exceeding 20'	15' 20'	Gre not e	Greater than 20' not exceeding 25'	20° 25'	ਯੂ ਹ	Greater than 25' not exceeding 30'	25' 30'	Gre not :	Greater than 30' not exceeding 35'	30' 35'
1	2 2/3" × 1/2"	3"×1"	5"×1"	2 2/3" × 1/2"	3"x1"	Ę.	2 2/3" ×	3"x1"	5"×1" 2	2 2/3" × 1/2"	3"×1"	5"×1" 2	2 2/3" × 1/2"	3"×1"	5"×1"	2 2/3" × 1/2"	3"×1"	5"x1"	2 2/3" X 1/2"	3"×1"	5"x1"
₽	0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064		
15	0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064			(0.079)		
18	(0.079)			0.064			0.064			0.064			0.064			(0.079)			(8/0.0)		
5	(0.079)			0.064			0.064			0.064			(0.079)			(0.079)			(0.079)		
******	(0.079)			0.064			0.064			0.064			(0.079)			(0.079)			(0.109)		
	(0.109E)			0.064			0.064		-	(0.079)	Ţ	1	(0.079)			(0.109)			0.109		
1	(0.109E)			0.064			(0.079)			(0.079)			(0.109)			0.109			(0.138E)		
_	0.079			0.064			(0.079)			(0.079)			(0.109)			(0.109E)			(0.109E)		
48		(0.109)	0,109	(0.109)	0.079	0.079	(0.109)	0.079	(0.109)	0.109 (	(0.109)	0.109 (	(0.138)	(0.109)	0.109	(0.138E)	0.109	0.109	(0.138E)	0.109	(0.138)
24	1		0.109	(0,109)	620.0	0.079	0,109	(0.109)	0.109	0.109 (	(0.109)	0.109 (	(0.138)	0.109	0.109	(0.138E)	0.109	(0.138)	(0.138E)	0.138	0.138
5 6				0.109	0.079	(0.109)	0,109	(0.109)	0.109	0.109 (	(0.109)	0.109 (	(0.138)	0.109	0.109	(0.138E)	(0.138)	(0.138)	0.138E	(0.138E)	(o.138E)
2 4			0,109	0 109		(0.109)	_	(0.109)	0.109		0.109	0.109 (	(0.138)	0.109	(0.138)	(0.138E)	0,138	0.138	0.138E	(0.138E)	0.138E
3 5			(0 138)	1		(0.109)		(0.109)	0.109	0.138	0.109	0.109	0.138	(0.138)	(0.138)	(0.168E)	(0.138E)	0.138E	(0.168E)	(0.138E)	0,138E
7 02			0 138)		(0 109)	0.109		0.109	0.109		0.109 (	(0.138)	0.168	(0.138)	(0.138)	H0.168E	H0.168E (0.138E)	0.138E	H0.168E	0.138E	(0.168E)
0, 2			(c. 138) (0.138)	~~~~~	(0.109)	0.109	0.168	0.109	0.109			(0.138)	0.168	(0.138)	0.138	H0.168E	H0.168E (0.138E)	0.138E	H0.168E	(0.168E)	(0.168E)
5 8	1		(0.138)		(0,109)	0.109		0,109	0.109		(0.138)	(0.138)	L	(0.138)	0.138		0,138E	(0.168E)		(0.168E)	(0.168E)
, g		(0.138) (0.138)	0.138)		(0.109)	0,109		0.109	0.109		(0.138)	(0.138)		(0.138)	0.138		(0.168E)			(0.168E)	(0.168E)
201 102		0.109Z 0.109Z	).109Z		(0.109)	0.109			(0.138)		(0.138)	(0.138)		(0.138)	0.138		(0.168E)			H0.138E	H0.168E
108		0.1092 (0.1382)	).138Z)		0.109	0.109		0,109	(0.138)	1	(0.138)	0.138		0.138	(0.168)		(0.168E)	(0.168E)		H0.138E	H0.168E
114		0 1097 (0.1382)	1382)		0.109	0.109		0.109	(0.138)	-	(0.138)	0.138		(0.168)	(0.168)		(0.168E)	0.168E		H0.138E	H0.168E
120		0.109Z (0.138Z)	1382)		0,109	0.109		(0.138)	(0.138)		(0.138)	0.138		(0.168)	(0.168)		H0.138E	H0.168E		H0.168E	H0.168E
2 40		0 1387 0 1387	1382		0.138	0.138		0.138	0.138		0.138 4	(0.168)		(0.168)	(0.168)		H0.138E	H0.138E H0.168E		H0.168E	
3 6		0 1387 0 1387	11387		0.138	0,138		0.138	0.138		(0.168)	(0.168)		0.168	0.168		H0.138E	H0.138E H0.168E		H0.168E	H0.168E
133		0.1387 0.1382	1.1382		0.138	0.138		0.138	0.138		(0.168)	(0.168)		(0.168E)	H0.168E		H0.168E	H0.168E H0.168E		H0.168E	
3		2 100 10			007.0	0150		0.160	0 160		0.168	0.168		H0.168E H0.168E	H0.168E		H0.168E	H0,168E H0.168E		H0.168E	

A thickness preceded by "H" indicates only helical seam fabrication is allowed. E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e) Z 1-6" Minimum fill

		Tvoe 1			Type 2			Type 3			Type 4			Type 5			Type 6		İ	Type 7	
aten		Fill Height:		-	Fill Height:	ц.		Fill Height:	ht:		Fill Height:	¥		Fill Height:	н Н		Fill Height		Ī	HII Height:	
nsiO is mm	10	1 m and less 0.3 m min. cover	ss Iver	Gre not e	Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m	11 m 13 m	ğ ğ	Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m	n 3 m 14.5 m	not G	Greater than 4.5 m not exceeding 6 m	4.5 m g 6 m	not e.	Greater than 6 m not exceeding 7.5 m	6 m 7.5 m	Grea not e	Greater than 7.5 m not exceeding 9 m	.5 m 9 m	Great not exc	Greater than 9 m not exceeding 10.5 m	т 0.5 м
nimo	68 x 13	75 x 25	68 x 13 75 x 25 125 x 25	68 x 13	75 x 25	68 x 13 75 x 25 125 x 25	68	68 x 13 75 x 25	1		68 x 13 75 x 25	12	68 x 13	5	12	68 x 13	5	32	68 x 13 75 x 25		125 x 25 mm
N	шm	mm	шш	шш	шш	E	E	E	Ē	E	E	шШ	шш	E	ШШ	Ē					
300	1.63			1.63			1.63			1.63			1.63			1.63			1.63		
375	1,63			1.63			1.63			1.63			1.63			1.63			(2.01)		
450	(2.01)			1.63			1.63			1.63			1.63			(2.01)			(2.01)		
525	(2.01)			1.63			1.63			1.63			(2.01)			(2.01)			(2.01)		
600	(2.01)			1.63			1.63			1.63			(2.01)			(2.01)			(2.77)		
750	(2.77E)			1.63			1.63			(2.01)			(2.01)			(2.77)			2.77		
006	(2.77E)			1.63			(2.01)			(2.01)			(2.77)			2.77			(3.51E)		
1050	2.01			1.63			(2.01)			(2.01)			(2.77)			(2.77E)			(2.77E)		
1200	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	(2.77)	2.01	2.01	(2.77)	2.01	(2.77)	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	(3.51)	(2.77)	2.77	(3.51E)	2.77	2.77	(3.51E)	2.77	(3.51)
1350	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	(2.77)	2.01	2.01	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	(3.51)	2.77	2.77	(3.51E)	2.77	(3.51)			3.51
1500	27.6	2.77	2.77	2.77	2.01	(2.77)	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	(3.51)	2.77	2.77	(3.51E)	(3.51)	(3.51)			(3.51E)
1650	(3.51)	2.77	2.77	2.77	2.01	(2.77)	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	2.77	2.77	2.77	(3.51)	2.77	(3.51)	(3.51E)	3.51	3.51		_	3.51E
1800	3.51	2.77	(3.51)	3.51	(2.77)	(2.77)	3.51	(2.77)	2.77	3.51	2.77	2.77	3.51	(3.51)	(3.51)	(4.27E)	(3.51E)				3,51E
1950	4 27	2.7.2	(3.51)	4.27	(2.77)		4.27	2.77	2.77	4.27	2.77	(3.51)	4.27	(3.51)	(3.51)	H 4.27E (3.51E)	(3.51E)	-	H 4.27E		(4.27E)
2100	4 27	(3.51)	(3.51)	4.27	(2.77)		4.27	2.77	2.77	4.27	2.77	(3.51)	4.27	(3.51)	3.51	H 4.27E (3.51E)	(3.51E)	3.51E	H 4.27E (	(4.27E) (	(4.27E)
2250	17.4	(3.51)	(3.51)		(2.77)			2.77	2.77		(3.51)	(3.51)		(3.51)	3.51		3.51E	(4.27E)	2		(4.27E)
2400		(3.51)	(3.51)		(2.77)			2.77	2.77		(3.51)	(3.51)		(3.51)	3.51		(4.27E)	(4.27E)	2		(4.27E)
2550		2772	2.77Z		(2.77)			2.77	(3.51)		(3.51)	(3.51)		(3.51)	3.51		(4.27E)	(4.27E)	<u> </u>		H 4.27E
2700		2772	(3.51Z)		2.77			2.77	(3.51)		(3.51)	3.51		3.51	(4.27)		(4.27E)	(4.27E)	=	H 3.51E F	H 4.27E
2850		2.1.7	(3.51Z)		2.77	2.77		2.77	(3.51)		(3.51)	3.51		(4.27)	(4.27)		(4.27E)	4.27E	<u> </u>		H 4.27E
3000		2.77Z	(3.51Z)		2.77	2.77		(3.51)	(3.51)		(3.51)	3.51		(4.27)	(4.27)		H 3,51Ë	H 4.27E	<u> </u>		H 4.27E
3150		3.512	3.51Z		3.51	3.51		3.51	3.51		3.51	(4.27)		(4.27)	(4.27)		H 3.51E H 4.27E	H 4.27E	T	H 4.27E H	H 4.27E
3300		3.51Z	3.51Z		3.51	3.51		3.51	3.51		(4.27)	(4.27)		4.27	4.27		H 3,51E H 4.27E	H 4.27E	<u> </u>		H 4.27E
3450		3.51Z	3.51Z		3.51	3.51		3,51	3.51		(4.27)	(4.27)		(4.27E)			H 4.27E H 4.27E	H 4.27E	<u>T</u> :	H 4.27E	
0000					1	1			5		1	10		11 × 070	1 2 2 2 2	_	Н Л 37E	1 2 2 1	I	H 4 27F	

than 300 mm. Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized. A thickness preceded by an "H" indicates only helical seam fabrication is allowed. E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e) Z 450 mm Minimum Fill

	FORT	HE RESPI	TABLE IC: THICKNESS OF CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE FOR 2 2/3"X1/2" AND 3"X1" CORRUGATIONS	TAB ETER OF I	TABLE IC: THICKNESS OF CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE FOR 2 2/	KNESS OF L HEIGHT	CORRUGAT S OVER THE	ED ALUMI	NUM ALLOY	PIPE 3 2 2/3"x1/2	' AND 3"x1" (	CORRUGA'	TIONS	
er	Type 1	1	Type 2	2	Type 3	3	Type 4	4	Type 5	25	Type 6	e 6	Type 7	7
demet	Fill Height:	ight:	Fill Height	ght:	Fill Height	ght:	Fill Height	ight	Fill Height:	ight:	Fill Height:	eight:	Fill Height:	ight:
iQ teni .ni	3' and less 1' min_cover	less cover	Greater than 3' not exceeding 10'	han 3' ding 10'	Greater than 10' not exceeding 15'	lan 10' Jing 15'	Greater than 15' not exceeding 20'	nan 15' ding 20'	Greater than 20' not exceeding 25'	han 20' ding 25'	Greater than 25' not exceeding 30'	than 25' eding 30'	Greater than 30' not exceeding 35'	han 30' ding 35'
woN	2 2/3"x1/2"	3"X1"	2 2/3"×1/2"	3"x1"	2 2/3"×1/2"	3"x1"	2 2/3"×1/2"	3"x1"	2 2/3"×1/2"	3"×1"	2 2/3"×1/2"	3"×1"	2 2/3"×1/2"	3"X1"
12	(0.075)		0:060		0:060		0.060		0.060		0.060		0.060	
15	(0.075)		0.060		0.060		0.060		0.060		0.060		(c/0.0) (c/0.0)	
18	(0.075)		0.060		0.000		0.000		0000		10.00			-
21	H 0.060E		0.060		0.060		0.060		(0.075)		H U.060		H U.UDUE	
24	(0.105E)		0.060		0.060		(0.075)		(0.105)		(0.105)		(U.105E)	
30	H 0.075E	H 0.060	0.075	H 0.060	0.075	H 0.060	(0.105)	H 0.060	(0.105)	H 0.060	H 0.075E	H 0.060	H 0.075E	H 0.060
36	(0.135E)	H 0.060E	0.075	H 0.060	(0.105)	H 0.060	(0.105)	H 0.060	(0.135)	H 0.060	H 0.075E	H 0.060	H 0.075E	H 0.060E
4	0.105E	(0.075)	0.105	0.060	0.105	0.060	0.105	0.060	0.105	(0.075)	0.105E	0.105	0.105E	(0.105E)
48	0.105E	(0.075)	0.105	0.060	0.105	0.060	0.105	(0.075)	0.105	(0.105)	0.105E	(0.105E)	0.105E	(0.135E)
54	0.105E	(0.105)	0.105	0.060	0.105	0.060	0.105	(0.075)	0.105	(0.105)	0.105E	(0.105E)	(0.135E)	(0.135E)
60	0.135E	(0.105)	0.135	0.060	0.135	(0.075)	0.135	(0.105)	0.135	(0.105)	0.135E	(0.135E)	(0.164E)	(0.135E)
99	0 164F	(0.105)	0.164	0.060	0.164	(0.075)	0.164	(0.105)	0.164	(0.135)	0.164E	(0.135E)	H 0.164E	(0.135E)
2	0.164E	(0.105)	0.164	0.060	0.164	(0.075)	0.164	(0.105)	0.164	(0.135)	H 0.164E	(0.135E)	H 0.164E	(0.164E)
- 22		(0.135)		0.075		(0.105)		(0.105)		(0.135)		(0.135E)		(0.164E)
84		(0.135)		0.105		0.105		(0.135)		(0.135)		(0.164E)		(0.164E)
6		(0.135)		0,105		0.105		(0.135)		(0.135)		(0.164E)		(0.164E)
96		(0.135)		0.105		0.105		(0.135)		(0.135)		(0.164E)		H 0.135E
102		0.135Z		0.135		0.135		0.135		(0.164)		(0.164E)		H 0.135E
108		0.1352		0.135		0.135		0.135		(0.164)		(0.164E)		H 0.164E
114		0.1642		0.164		0.164		0.164		0.164		H 0.164E		H 0.164E
120		0.164Z		0.164		0.164		0.164		0.164		H 0.164E		
Notes: Thicknes	Notes: Tricknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized.	ad on long	itudinal rivete	d seam fa	brication, val	ues in "()" o	can be reduc	ced by one	gage thickne	sss if helica	l seam fabri	cation is uti	ilized.	

Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fa A thickness preceded by an "H" indicates only helical seam fabrication is allowed. E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e), the elongation requirement for Type 1 fill heights may be eliminated for fills above 1'-6" Z 1\*-6" Minimum fill

Notes: Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized. A thicknesses preceded by an "H" indicates only helical seam fabrication is allowed. E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e), the elongation requirement for Type 1 fil heights may be eliminated for fills above 450 mm. Z 450 mm Minimum fill

				Ē	Table IIA: F(	OR THIC	A: THICKNESS FOR CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE ARCHES AND CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE ARCHES FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE	R CORRU TIVE EQU	GATED	STEEL P	IPE ARC	HES ANI	D CORRU	IGATED	ALUMIN S OVER	UM ALLO		ARCHE	۵ ۵			
		1		100						Type 1					Type 2					Type 3		
pund	Corrugated Steel & Aluminum	gated el & hum	Ster	Corrugated Steel & Aluminum	Corrugated Steel	gated zei	Min.		II.	Fill Height:				Fil	Fill Height:				۱L.	Fill Height		
ilent Ro ize in.	1.5	Arch x 1/2"	Pipe 3",	Pipe Arch 3" x 1"	Pipe Arcn 5" x 1"	Arcn 1"	COVEL		δ	3' and less			Great	er than 3	Greater than 3' not exceeding 10'	eeding 1	ō	Grea	iter than	10' not e	Greater than 10' not exceeding 15'	15'
				i		i			Steel		Aluminum	mnu		Steel		Aluminum	um		Steel		Aluminum	шп
Э	Span (in.)*	Rise (in.)	Span (in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	Aluminum	2 2/3" × 1/2"	3"×1"	5" × 1"	2 2/3" x 1/2"	3"x1"	2 2/3" X 1/2"	3"X1"	5" × 1"	2 2/3" x 1/2"	3"×1" 2	2 2/3" x 1/2"	3"x1"	5" × 1"	2 2/3" X 1/2"	3''x1"
15	₽	12					1'-6"	0.064			0.060		0.064			0.060		0.064			0:060	
18	3	35					1-6"	0.064			0.060		0.064			0.060		0.064			0.060	
2	24	<del>8</del>					1-6	0.064			(0.075)		0.064			0.060		0.064			0.060	
24	28	20					1'-6"	(670.0)			(0.105)		0.064			0.075		0.064			0.075	
30	35	24					1'-6"	(0.079)			(0.105)		0.064			0.075	Č	(0.079)			(0.105)	
98	42	29					1'-6"	(0.079)			0.105		0.064			0.105		0.064			0.105	
54	64	8					1:-6"	0.109			0.105		(0.109)			0.105					0.105	
48	57	38	53	41	53	41	1'-6"	0.109	(0,109)	(0.109) (0.109)	0.135	0.060	0.109	0.079	0.079	0.135	0.050	0.109	0.079	(0.109)	0.135	0.060
5	64	43	60	46	60	46	1-6"	0.109	(0.109)	0.109	0.164	(0.075)	0,109	0.079	0.079	0.164	0.060	0.109 (	(0.109)	0,109	0.164	(0.075)
60	71	47	<del>6</del> 6	51	99	51	1'-6"	0.138	(0,109)	0.109	0.164	(0.075)	0.138	0.079	(0.109)	0.164	0,060	0.138 (	(0.109)	0,109	0.164	(0.075)
99	11	52	73	55	73	55	1'-6"	0.168	(0.109)	0.109		0.075	0.168	0.079	(0.109)		0.075	0.168 (	(0.109)	0.109		0.075
72	83	57	8	59	81	59	1-6"	0.168	(0.109)	0.109		0.105	0.168	0.079	(0.109)		0.105	0.168 (	(0.109)	0.109		0.105
78			87	63	87	63	1'-6"		0.109	0.109	_	0.105		(0.109)	0,109		0.105		0.109	0.109		0.105
84			95	67	95	67	1-6"		0.109	0.109		0.105		(0.109)	0.109		0.105		0.109	0.109		0,105
90			103	71	103	71	1'-6"		0.109	0.109		0.135		(0,109)	0.109		0.135		0.109	0,109		0,135
96			112	75	112	75	1'-6"		0.109	(0.138)		0.164		0.109	0.109		0.164		0.109	(0.138)		0.164
102			117	79	117	79	1'-6"		0.109	(0.138)		0,164		0.109	0.109		0,164		0.109	(0.138)		0.164
108			128	83	128	83	1'-6"		0.138	0.138				0.138	0.138				0.138	0.138		
114			137	87	137	87	1'-6"		0.138	0.138				0.138	0.138				0.138	0.138		
120			142	91	142	9	1:-6"		0.168	0.168				0.168	0.168				0.168	0.168		
Notes:	ti minize	ed Tvo:	e 2 Ster	el or Pr	es; Alıminized Tvoe 2 Steel or Precoated	Galvar	Galvanized Steel shall be required for steel spans up to 42" according to Article 1006.01.	shall be re	quired fo	ır steel sp	ans up tc	, 42" acc(	ording to 4	Article 10	06.01.		1					

Aluminized Type 2 Steel or Precoated Galvanized Steel shall be required for steel spans up to 44, account up or hear each and proceed the first of the first steel or proceed in the type 1 or indicating the steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 3 tons per square foot. The Type 1 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 3 tons per square foot. The Type 2 and 3 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 2 tons per square foot. This minimum bearing capacity will be determined by the Engineer in the field.

				ř	Table IIA: Fi	OR THIC	IA: THICKNESS FOR CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE ARCHES AND CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE ARCHES FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE (Metric)	R CORR TIVE EG	UGATEC	STEEL VT ROUN	PIPE ARCHE ID SIZE OF P (Metric)	CHES AN )F PIPE ≠ (ric)	D CORR NND FILL	UGATEL	D ALUMI S OVEF	NUM ALI	LOY PIP DP OF PI	E ARCH IPE	S			
										Type 1					Type 2					Type 3		
əziS pur	Corn Sta & Alur	Corrugated Steel & Aluminum	Corrugated Steel & Aluminum	gated sel ninum	Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch	gated sel Arch	Min. Cover			Fill Height:	<u>ب</u>			Ľ	Fill Height:				LL.	Fill Height:		
	(mm)	Pipe Arch 68 x 13 mm	75 x 25 mm	Arch 5 mm	125 x 25 mm	25 mm			٢	1 m and less	ss		Great	Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m	m not e:	xceeding	13 m	Great	er than 3	Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m	eeding 4	.5 m
[6vi				i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	6.00	0 Cico	Ctool 8		Steel		Aluminum	mn		Steel		Atuminum			Steel		Aluminum	unu
ıpΞ	(uuu)	(mm)	μ μ μ μ μ	(uuu)	(uuu)	(mm)	Aluminum		68 x 13 75 x 25 125 x 25 mm mm mm	125 x 25 mm	68 x 13 75 x 25 mm mm		68 x 13 75 x 25 125 x 25 mm mm mm	75 x 25 1 mm	125 x 25 mm	68 x 13 mm	68 x 13 75 x 25 mm mm	68 x 13 75 x 25 mm mm		125 x 25 mm	68 x 13 75 x 25 mm mm	75 x 25 mm
375	430	330					0.5 M	1.63			1.52		1.63			1.52		1.63			1.52	
450							0.5 m	1.63			1.52		1.63			1.52		1.63			1.52	
525		460					0.5 m	1.63			(1.91)		1.63			1.52		1.63			1.52	
600	710	510					0.5 m	(2.01)			(2.67)		1.63			1.91		1.63			1.91	
750		630					0.5 m	(2:01)			(2.67)		1.63			1.91		(2.01)			(2.67)	
900	1060	740					0.5 m	(2.01)			2.67		1.63			2.67		1.63			2.67	
1050		840					0.5 m	2.77			2.67		(2.77)			2.67		(2.77)			2.67	
1200			1340	1050	1340	1050	0.5 m	2.77	(2.77)	(2.77)	3.43	1.52	2.77	2.01	2.01	3.43	1.52	2.77	2.01	(2.77)	3.43	1.52
1350		1100	1520	1170	1520	1170	0.5 m	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	4.17	(1.91)	2.77	2.01	2.01	4.17	1.52	2.77	(2.77)	2.77	4.17	(1.91)
1500		1200	<u> </u>	1300	1670	1300	0.5 m	3.51	(2.77)	2.77	4.17	(1.91)	3.51	2.01	(2.77)	4.17	1.52	3.51	(2.77)	2.77	4.17	(1.91)
1650	0 1950		1850	1400	1850	1400	0.5 m	4.27	(2.77)	2.77		1.91	4.27	2.01	(2.77)		1.91	4.27	(2.77)	2.77		1.91
1800	2100	1450	2050	1500	2050	1500	0.5 m	4.27	(2.77)	2.77		2.67	4.27	2.01	(2.77)	Í	2.67	4.27	(2.77)	2.77		2.67
1950	0		2200	1620	2200	1620	0.5 m		2.77	2.77		2.67		(2.77)	2.77		2.67		2.77	2.77		2.67
2100	~		2400	1720	2400	1720	0.5 m		2.77	2.77		2.67		(2.77)	2.77		2.67		2.77	2.1		2.67
2250			2600	1820	2600	1820	0.5 m		2.77	2.77		3.43	Ť	(2.77)	2.77		3.43		2.11	2.11	1	0.40
2400			2840	1920	2840	1920	0.5 m		2.77	(3.51)		4.17		2.77	2.77		4.17		2.77	(3.51)		4.17
2550			2970	2020	2970	2020	0.5 m		2.77	(3.51)		4.17		2.77	2.77		4.17		2.77	(3.51)		4.17
2700			3240	2120	3240	2120	0.5 m		3.51	3.51				3.51	3.51				3.51	3.51		
2850	<b>C</b>		3470	2220	3470	2220	0.5 m		3.51	3.51				3.51	3.51				3.51	3.51		
3000			3600	2320	3600	2320	0.5 m		4.27	4.27				4.27	4.27				4.27	4.27		
Notes	es:	Ĥ I	000	1-olor	coord C	C Pote	tes: Auminiment Truck 2 Stand or Brossofied Galvanized Steel shall be required for steel spans up to 1060 mm according to Article 1006.01	4 Steel s	r ord lled	oonired	for steel	shans i	in to 10(	։ աա ըչ	accordir	To to Ar	ticle 10(	J6.01.				
- F	Alulinia Pagese	(1 nazil	o a ady	in ioni	nituding	alcu d al rivets	Autminiced type 2 Steet of Frecorden Ostanication, values in "0" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical sam fabrication is utilized.	fabricatio	on, valué	s in "()"	can be r	educed	by one	gage th	ickness	if helica	al seam	fabricat	tion is ut	ilized.		

Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam rabrication is util. The Type 1 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 290 kN per square meter. The Type 2 and 3 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 192 kN per square meter. The Type 2 and 3 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 192 kN per square meter. This minimum bearing capacity will be determined by the Engineer in the field.

I	- 1	T	T				Т									-1	
	e 3	eight: an 10' not ling 15'	Arch	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	1450	1460	1470	1480	1480	
ch pipe F pipe	Type 3	Fill Height: Greater than 10' not exceeding 15'	HE	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	1460	1460	1460	1470	1470	
CRETE AR( THE TOP O	Type 2	Fill Height: Greater than 3' not exceeding 10'	Arch	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	
CED CON	Typ	Fill H Greater t exceed	Ш Т	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	
D REINFOF FILL HEIGH	e 1	-ill Height: 3' and less	Arch	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-II	A-II	A-II	A-II	A-II	A-II	A-II	
PIPE AND	Type 1	Fill Height: 3' and les	HE	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-II	HE-I	ΗE-I	HF-I	HE-I	HE-I	HE-I	
Table IIB: CLASSES OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELLIPTICALL AND REINFORCED CONCRETE ARCH PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE		Minimum Cover	RCCP HE & A	1' -0"	1' -0"		1: -0"	1,-0"	10"	1: -0"	1'-0"	1'0"	1-0-	1' -0"	-0, ,1	1' -0"	
FORCED CUIVALENT		Reinforced Concrete rch pipe (in.)	Rise	11	13 1/2	15 1/2	18	22 1/2	22 1/2	26 5/8	31 5/16	36	6 6	45	54	54	
S OF REIN		Reinforced Concrete Arch pipe (in.)	Span	18	22	26	28 1/2	36 1/4	36 1/4	43 3/4	51 1/8	58 1/2	-11 22 65	73	88	88	
3: CLASSE HE RESPE		Reinforced Concrete illiptical pipe (in.)	Rise	14	14	19	6	22	24	29	34	800	84	48	2.55	28	
Table IIE FOR T		Reinforcec Concrete Elliptical pip (in.)	Span	23	3 8	808	88	34	5 8	45	53	8 @	3 %	28	2 6	<u>6</u>	
		Equivalent Round Size (in.)		15	<u>, č</u>	2 2	54	22	3 V V	36	47	35	2 T		8 %	72	Alatao.

Notes: A number indicates the D-Load for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required. Design assumptions; Water filled pipe, AASHTO Type 2 installation per AASHTO LRFD Table 12.10.2.1-1

																-	
	e 3	eight: an 3 m not ig 4.5 m	Arch	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	A-IV	02	20	20	2	02	
ш	Type 3	Fill Height: Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m	ΗE	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-I<	HE-I<	HE-IV	HE-IV	HE-IV	70	70	70	70	70	
E ARCH PIP OP OF PIPE	9.2	ight: n 1 m not ng 3 m	Arch	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	
D CONCRET OVER THE 1	Type 2	Fill Height: Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m	HE	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-II	HE-III	
REINFORCE I.L. HEIGHTS	1	ight: d less	Arch	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-III	A-11	A-II	A-II	A-II	II-A	A-II	A-II	A-II	
PTICALL AND PIPE AND FI	Type 1	Fill Height: 1 m and less	HE	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-III	HE-II	HE-I	Ц Ц	HE-I	ΞĤ	HE-I	HE-I	
Table IIB: CLASSES OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELLIPTICALL AND REINFORCED CONCRETE ARCH PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE (Metric)		Minimum Cover	RCCP HE & A	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	0.3 m	
EQUIVALEN		orced arete be (mm)	Rise	279	343	394	457	572	572	676	795	914	1016	1143	1372	1372	
ASSES OF R ESPECTIVE		Reinforced Concrete Arch pipe (mm)	Span	457	559	660	724	921	921	1111	1299	1486	1651	1854	2235	2235	
able IIB: CL/ FOR THE RI		Reinforced Concrete Elliptical pipe (mm)	Rise	356	356	483	483	550	610	737	864	965	1092	1219	1346	1473	
		Rein Cor Elliptical	Span	584	584	762	762	101	00 <del>1</del>	1143	1346	1524	1727	1930	2108	2311	
		Equivalent Round Size (mm)		375	450	100	250	000	750	000	1050	1200	1350	1500	1676	1800	Notes:

Notes: A number indicates the D-Load for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required. Design assumptions; Water filled pipe, AASHTO Type 2 installation per AASHTO LRFD Table 12.10.2.1-1

					7								<b>—</b> -1
		an 15', <sub>)</sub> '	СРР	NA	AN	×	Υ	٩V	ΥN	ΝA	AN	AN	¥
	e 4	eater th sding 2(	Ы	×	×	٩N	×	AN	×	×	×	×	×
	Type 4	Fill Height: Greater than 15' not exceeding 20'	CPVC	×	х	×	×	×	×	×	×	NA	NA
		Fill He	PVC	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
			СРР	AN	×	×	×	AN	٩N	×	AN	ΨN	¥
HE PIPE		than 10', 15'	СРЕ	×	AN	AN	AN	AA	NA	AA	NA	AA	AA
P OF TH	Type 3	eight: Greater that not exceeding 15'	ΡE	×	×	AN	×	AA	A	×	×	×	×
THE TO		Fill Height: Greater than 10 not exceeding 15'	CPVC	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	NA	AN
TABLE IIIA: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER TH		۳.	PVC	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
IC PIPE I L HEIGH			СРР	AN	×	×	×	AN	×	×	×	AN	AN
PLAST AND FIL		r than 3 10'	СРЕ	×	×	×	×	AN	×	×	×	A	AN
.e IIIA: Ieter /	Tvbe 2	eight: Greater tha not exceeding 10'	ШЦ	×	×	AN	×	AN	×	×	×	×	×
TABLE IIIA: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE		Fill Height: Greater than 3, not exceeding 10'	CPVC	×	×	×	×	: ×	×	×	×	AN	NA
IVEN P			PVC	×	: ×	×	: ×	< ×	×	×	×	×	×
ORAG			СРР	NA	×	×	: ×	X N	×	×	×	A	×
LL.		nd less,	CPE	×	: ×	×	: ×	X N	×	: ×	: ×	×	×
	Tvna 1	ight: 3' an	ЪЕ	×	: ×	NA	×	۲N	×	: ×	: ×	×	×
		Fill Height: 3' an with 1' mir	CPVC	×	<	< ×	<	<	×	: ×	: ×	AN	AN
			PVC	>	<	<   >	< >	< >	×	<	<		< ×
		Nominal	Ulameter . (in.)	ţ	5 6	<u>1 t</u>	<u>5</u> ő	<u> </u>	54	5 8	8 %	42	4 4

Notes: PVC Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior PE Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior CPE Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) pipe with a smooth interior X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height NA Not Available

Notes: PVC Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior PVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior PE Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior CPE Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) pipe with a smooth interior X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height NA Not Available

FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIE           Nominal Diameter         Type 5         Type 6         Type 7           Nominal Bill         Fill Height. Greater than 20', not exceeding 25'         Fill Height. Greater than 30', not exceeding 35'         Fill Height. Greater than 30', not exceeding 35'           Nominal Diameter         Nominal Fill Height. Greater than 20', not exceeding 25'         Fill Height. Greater than 30', not exceeding 35'         Fill Height. Greater than 30', not exceeding 35'           10         X         X         X         X         X           12         X         X         X         X           18         X         X         X         X           24         X         X         X         X           25         X         X         X         X           26         X         X         X         X					TABLE IIIB: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED	STIC PIPE PEI	RMITTED		
Type 5     Type 6       Fill Height: Greater than 20' not exceeding 25'     Fill Height: Greater than 25' not exceeding 30'       PVC     CPVC       PVC     CPVC       CPVC     CPVC       CPVC     CPVC       X     X       X				FOR A GIVEN PIPE E	DIAMETER AND	FILL HEIGHT (	OVER THE TOP OF 1	THE PIPE	
Fill Height: Greater than 20', not exceeding 25'       Fill Height: Greater than 25', not exceeding 30'         PVC       CPVC       CPVC       CPVC         ×       ×       ×       ×         ×       ×			Tvpe	5		Type 6		Type 7	
Image: Second state       Image: Second state<	Nominal	Fill Height:		20', not exceeding 25'	Fill Height: G	reater than 25',	not exceeding 30'	Fill Height: Greater than 30', not exc	eeding 35'
	(in.)	PVC			PVC	CPVC		CPVC	
	5 <del>1</del>	××	××		××	××		××	
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Notes: PVC Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height NA Not Available

HE PIPE	Type 7	Fill Height: Greater than 9 m, not exceeding 10.5 m	CPVC	××		~ ×	×		< × ×	AA A	NA NA	
TABLE IIIB: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE (metric)	Type 6	Fill Height: Greater than 7.5 m, not exceeding 9 m	0									
TABLE IIIB: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE (metric)	Ĺ	Il Height: Greater tha	PVC	××		<	< ×	×	× × 	X	X	
TA FOR A GIVEN PIPE DI/	5	ot exceeding 7.5 m										
	Type 5	reater than 6	CPVC	××	<	×	× ×	×	× ×	× N	AN	
		Fill Height: Greater than 6 m, n	PVC	××	Y	×:	××	×	×	<×	×	
		Nominal	Diameter (mm)	250	300	375	450 525	600	750	1000	1200	Notoe-

Notes: PVC CPVC NA

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height Not Available"

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 542.04(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Compacted aggregate, at least 4 in. (100 mm) in depth below the pipe culvert, shall be placed the entire width of the trench and for the length of the pipe culvert, except compacted impervious material shall be used for the outer 3 ft (1 m) at each end of the pipe culvert."

Revise the seventh paragraph of Article 542.04(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"PVC, PE and CPP pipes shall be joined according to the manufacturer's specifications."

Replace the third sentence of the first paragraph of Article 542.04(h) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"The total cover required for various construction loadings shall be the responsibility of the Contractor."

Delete "Table IV : Wheel Loads and Total Cover" in Article 542.04(h) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Article 542.04(i) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(i) Deflection Testing for Pipe Culverts. All PE, PVC and CPP pipe culverts shall be tested for deflection not less than 30 days after the pipe is installed and the backfill compacted. The testing shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer.

For PVC, PE, and CPP pipe culverts with diameters 24 in. (600 mm) or smaller, a mandrel drag shall be used for deflection testing. For PVC, PE, and CPP pipe culverts with diameters over 24 in. (600 mm), deflection measurements other than by a mandrel shall be used."

Revise Articles 542.04(i)(1) and (2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(1) For all PVC pipe: as defined using ASTM D 3034 methodology.
- (2) For all PE and CPP pipe: the average inside diameter based on the minimum and maximum tolerances specified in the corresponding ASTM or AASHTO material specifications."

Revise the second sentence of the second paragraph of Article 542.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When a prefabricated end section is used, it shall be of the same material as the pipe culvert, except for polyethylene (PE), polyvinylchloride (PVC), and polypropylene (PP) pipes which shall have metal end sections."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1040.03 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe. Acceptance testing of PVC pipe and fittings shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which they are installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements."

Delete Articles 1040.03(e) and (f) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Articles 1040.04(c) and (d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) PE Profile Wall Pipe for Insertion Lining. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 894. When used for insertion lining of pipe culverts, the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 46 psi (317 kPa) at five percent deflection for nominal inside diameters of 42 in. (1050 mm) or less. For nominal inside diameters of greater than 42 in. (1050 mm), the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 32.5 psi (225 kPa) at five percent deflection. All sizes shall have wall construction that presents essentially smooth internal and external surfaces.
- (d) PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 714 (DR 32.5) with a minimum cell classification of PE 335434 as defined in ASTM D 3350. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties and the resin used to manufacture the pipe meets or exceeds the minimum cell classification requirements."

Add the following to Section 1040 of the Standard Specifications:

"1040.08 Polypropylene (PP) Pipe. Storage and handling shall be according to the manufacturer's recommendations, except in no case shall the pipe be exposed to direct sunlight for more than six months. Acceptance testing of the pipe shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which it is installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements.

- (a) Corrugated PP Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AAHSTO M 330 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type S or D.
- (b) Perforated Corrugated PP Pipe with A Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AASHTO M 330 (nominal size 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be

Type SP. In addition, the top centerline of the pipe shall be marked so that it is readily visible from the top of the trench before backfilling, and the upper ends of the slot perforations shall be a minimum of ten degrees below the horizontal."

#### LRFD STORM SEWER BURIAL TABLES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013 Revised: November 1, 2014

Revise Article 550.02 of the Standard Specifications to read as follows:

"Item Article Section	on
(a) Clay Sewer Pipe	)2
(b) Extra Strength Clay Pipe	)2
(c) Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe104	42
(d) Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe 104	
(e) Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (Note 1) 104	42
(f) Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (Note 1) 104	42
(g) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe 1040.0	03
(h) Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior 1040.0	03
(i) Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with Smooth Interior 1040.0	07
(j) Rubber Gaskets and Preformed Flexible Joint Sealants for Concrete Pipe 105	56
(k) Mastic Joint Sealer for Pipe 108	55
(I) External Sealing Band	57
(m) Fine Aggregate (Note 2) 1003.0	04
(n) Coarse Aggregate (Note 3) 1004.0	05
(o) Reinforcement Bars and Welded Wire Fabric 1006.	10
(p) Handling Hole Plugs1042.	16
(q) Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior 1040.	04
(r) Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior	

Note 1. The class of elliptical and arch pipe used for various storm sewer sizes and heights of fill shall conform to the requirements for circular pipe.

Note 2. The fine aggregate shall be moist.

Note 3. The coarse aggregate shall be wet."

Revise the table for permitted materials in Article 550.03 of the Standard Specifications as follows:

"Class	Materials								
A	Rigid Pipes:								
	Clay Sewer Pipe								
	Extra Strength Clay Pipe								
	Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe								
	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe								
	Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe								
	Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe								
В	Rigid Pipes:								
	Člay Sewer Pipe								
	Extra Strength Clay Pipe								
	Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe								
	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe								
	Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe								
	Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe								
	Flexible Pipes:								
	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe								
	Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (PVC) with a Smooth Interior								
	Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior								
	Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior								
	Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with a Smooth Interior"								

Replace the storm sewers tables in Article 550.03 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

			FOR	A GIVEN	STORM SEWERS KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STR FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS	TERIAL F	STORN ERMITT S AND FIL	STORM SEWERS ERMITTED AND S AND FILL HEIGHT	I SEWERS ED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED LL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF	TH REQU 3 THE TO	RENGTH REQUIRED OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE	ЫРЕ				
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	Concrete Sewer, Storm drain,	. Storm dr	rain, and C	and Culvert Pipe	e											
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Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
 Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
 Extra Strength Clay Pipe
 Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
 Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
 Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
 Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior
 This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.
 This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 2           Type 2           Type 1           Type 1           Type 2           Type 2           Type 1           Type 2           Type 2           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 1           Type 2           Type 2           Type 2           Type 2           Type 2           Type 2						ND OF M	ATERIAL AMETER	STORM SEWERS (Metric) L PERMITTED AND STRE ERS AND FILL HEIGHTS C	EWERS ( TED ANI	STORM SEWERS (Metric) KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED FEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE	STH REQUENT OF THE TO	UIRED OP OF TH	E PIPE				
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 This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height.
 This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height.

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	Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe	Storm dra	ain, and Cu	Ivert Pipe											
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corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height. This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height. May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the metric D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.

	KIND	D OF MATI	S ERIAL PEI	STORM SEWERS KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED	VERS ND STRE	NGTH REQ	UIRED	
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ć	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	RCCP	CPVC
10	AN	×	×	NA	×	×	NA	×
22	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
15	≥	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
18	2	×	×	>	X	×	>	×
21	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
24	2	×	×	V	×	×	>	×
27	2	AN	٩N	>	AN	AN	>	AN
i e	≥	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
33	: 2	A	AN	>	NA	NA	>	NA
36	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
42	:≥	×	AN	>	×	NA	>	NA
48	:≥	×	AN	>	×	NA	>	NA
54	:≥	NA	AN	>	NA	AN	>	NA
60.	:≥	A	AN	>	AN	AN	>	AN
99	2	AN	NA	>	NA	NA	>	NA
72	>	AN	NA	>	AN	NA	>	AN
78	2020	ΑN	AN	2370	AN	٩N	2730	AN S
84	2020	AN	A	2380	NA	AN	2740	AN
06	2030	AN	AN	2390	AN	ΥN	2750	A
96	2040	AA	AN	2400	AN	AN	2750	¥.
102	2050	AN	ΑN	2410	¥	¥2	2760	AZ :
108	2060	AN	NA	2410	A	AA	2770	NA
RCCP Reinfol	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe	e Culvert,	Storm Drai	in, and Sew	er Pipe			
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Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height. This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height. RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 0.01 in crack. PVC CPVC Note Note

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ÿ	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	RCCP	CPVC
250	NA	×	×	AN	×	×	AN	×
300	2	~	×	>	×	×	>:	×
375	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
450	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
525	2	×	×	>	×	×	>:	×:
600	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
675	2	AN	AN	>	AN	٩Z	>	A N
750	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
825	2	AA	AN	>	NA	NA	>	AA
006	2	×	×	>	×	×	>	×
1050	2	×	٩	>	×	ΨN	>	AN
1200	2	×	AN	>	×	AN	>	NA
1350	2	AN	AN	>	٨A	AN	>	NA
1500	2	٩N	٩N	>	ΑN	AN	>	AN
1650	2	NA	AA	V	NA	AN	>	NA
1800	>	AN	AN	>	AN	٩N	>	AN
1950	100	AN	AA	110	AN	٩N	130	NA
2100	100	٩N	٩N	110	AN	ΝA	130	NA
2250	100	AN	AN	110	AN	AN	130	AN
2400	100	AN	NA	120	AN	AN	130	AN
2550	100	AN	AN	120	A	AN	130	AA
2700	100	AN	NA	120	NA	NA	130	AA
RCCP Reinfo	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe	te Culvert,	Storm Dre	ain, and Sew	er Pipe			
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Note Note Note

Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Extra Strength Clay Pipe This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height. This material is Not Acceptable for the given pipe diameter and fill height. RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the metric D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.

Revise the sixth paragraph of Article 550.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"PVC, PE and CPP pipes shall be joined according to the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Article 550.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

**\*550.08 Deflection Testing for Storm Sewers.** All PVC, PE, and CPP storm sewers shall be tested for deflection not less than 30 days after the pipe is installed and the backfill compacted. The testing shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer.

For PVC, PE, and CPP storm sewers with diameters 24 in. (600 mm) or smaller, a mandrel drag shall be used for deflection testing. For PVC, PE, and CPP storm sewers with diameters over 24 in. (600 mm), deflection measurements other than by a mandrel shall be used."

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 550.08 to read as follows.

"The outside diameter of the mandrel shall be 95 percent of the base inside diameter. For all PVC pipe the base inside diameter shall be defined using ASTM D 3034 methodology. For all PE and CPP pipe, the base inside diameter shall be defined as the average inside diameter based on the minimum and maximum tolerances specified in the corresponding ASTM or AASHTO material specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

**"1040.03 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe.** Acceptance testing of PVC pipe and fittings shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which they are installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements."

Delete Articles 1040.03(e) and (f) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Articles 1040.04(c) and (d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) PE Profile Wall Pipe for Insertion Lining. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 894. When used for insertion lining of pipe culverts, the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 46 psi (317 kPa) at five percent deflection for nominal inside diameters of 42 in. (1050 mm) or less. For nominal inside diameters of greater than 42 in. (1050 mm), the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 32.5 psi (225 kPa) at five percent deflection. All sizes shall have wall construction that presents essentially smooth internal and external surfaces.
- (d) PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 714 (DR 32.5) with a minimum cell classification of PE 335434 as defined in ASTM D 3350. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written

certification that the material meets those properties and the resin used to manufacture the pipe meets or exceeds the minimum cell classification requirements."

Add the following to Section 1040 of the Standard Specifications:

"1040.08 Polypropylene (PP) Pipe. Storage and handling shall be according to the manufacturer's recommendations, except in no case shall the pipe be exposed to direct sunlight for more than six months. Acceptance testing of the pipe shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which it is installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements.

- (a) Corrugated PP Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AAHSTO M 330 (nominal size 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type S or D.
- (b) Perforated Corrugated PP Pipe with A Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AASHTO M 330 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type SP. In addition, the top centerline of the pipe shall be marked so that it is readily visible from the top of the trench before backfilling, and the upper ends of the slot perforations shall be a minimum of ten degrees below the horizontal."

# PAVEMENT STRIPING - SYMBOLS (BDE)

### Effective: January 1, 2015

Revise the Symbol Table of Article 780.14 of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

1	r	
Symbol	Large Size	Small Size
	sq ft (sq m)	sq ft (sq m)
Through Arrow	11.5 (1.07)	6.5 (0.60)
Left or Right Arrow	15.6 (1.47)	8.8 (0.82)
2 Arrow Combination Left (or Right) and Through	26.0 (2.42)	14.7 (1.37)
3 Arrow Combination Left, Right, and Through	38.4 (3.56)	20.9 (1.94)
Lane Drop Arrow	41.5 (3.86)	
Wrong Way Arrow	24.3 (2.26)	
Railroad "R" 6 ft (1.8 m)	3.6 (0.33)	
Railroad "X" 20 ft (6.1 m)	54.0 (5.02)	
International Symbol of	3.1 (0.29)	
Accessibility		
Bike Symbol	4.7 (0.44)	
Shared Lane Symbol	8.0 (0.74)	"

"SYMBOLS

#### PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2013

Revise Article 109.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the quantity of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

Progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics' Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

If a Contractor or subcontractor has defaulted on a loan issued under the Department's Disadvantaged Business Revolving Loan Program (20 ILCS 2705/2705-610), progress payments may be reduced pursuant to the terms of that loan agreement. In such cases, the amount of the estimate related to the work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor, in default of the loan agreement, will be offset, in whole or in part, and vouchered by the Department to the Working Capital Revolving Fund or designated escrow account. Payment for the work shall be considered as issued and received by the Contractor or subcontractor on the date of the offset voucher. Further, the amount of the offset voucher shall be a credit against the Department's obligation to pay the Contractor, the Contractor's obligation to pay the subcontractor, and the Contractor's or subcontractor's total loan indebtedness to the Department. The offset shall continue until such time as the entire loan indebtedness is satisfied. The Department will notify the Contractor and Fund Control Agent in a timely manner of such offset. The Contractor or subcontractor shall not be entitled to additional payment in consideration of the offset.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved."

#### **REINFORCEMENT BARS (BDE)**

Effective: November 1, 2013

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"508.05 Placing and Securing. All reinforcement bars shall be placed and tied securely at the locations and in the configuration shown on the plans prior to the placement of concrete. Manual welding of reinforcement may only be permitted or precast concrete products as indicated in the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum "Quality Control / Quality Assurance Program for Precast Concrete Products", and for precast prestressed concrete products as indicated in the Department's current "Manual for Fabrication of Precast Prestressed Concrete Products". Reinforcement bars shall not be placed by sticking or floating into place or immediately after placement of the concrete.

Bars shall be tied at all intersections, except where the center to center dimension is less than 1 ft (300 mm) in each direction, in which case alternate intersections shall be tied. Molded plastic clips may be used in lieu of wire to secure bar intersections, but shall not be permitted in horizontal bar mats subject to construction foot traffic or to secure longitudinal bar laps. Plastic clips shall adequately secure the reinforcement bars, and shall permit the concrete to flow through and fully encase the reinforcement. Plastic clips may be recycled plastic, and shall meet the approval of the Engineer. The number of ties as specified shall be doubled for lap splices at the stage construction line of concrete bridge decks when traffic is allowed on the first completed stage during the pouring of the second stage."

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Supports for reinforcement in bridge decks shall be metal. For all other concrete construction the supports shall be metal or plastic. Metal bar supports shall be made of colddrawn wire, or other approved material and shall be either epoxy coated, galvanized or plastic tipped. When the reinforcement bars are epoxy coated, the metal supports shall be epoxy coated. Plastic supports may be recycled plastic. Supports shall be provided in sufficient number and spaced to provide the required clearances. Supports shall adequately support the reinforcement. The legs of supports shall be spaced to allow an opening that is a minimum 1.33 times the nominal maximum aggregate size used in the concrete. Nominal maximum aggregate size is defined as the largest sieve which retains any of the aggregate sample particles. All supports shall meet the approval of the Engineer."

Revise the first sentence of the eighth paragraph of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Epoxy coated reinforcement bars shall be tied with plastic coated wire, epoxy coated wire, or molded plastic clips where allowed."

Add the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of Article 508.06(c) of the Standard Specifications:

"In addition, the total slip of the bars within the splice sleeve of the connector after loading in tension to 30 ksi (207 MPa) and relaxing to 3 ksi (20.7 MPa) shall not exceed 0.01 in. (254 microns)."

Revise Article 1042.03(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(d) Reinforcement and Accessories: The concrete cover over all reinforcement shall be within ±1/4 in. (±6 mm) of the specified cover.

Welded wire fabric shall be accurately bent and tied in place.

Miscellaneous accessories to be cast into the concrete or for forming holes and recesses shall be carefully located and rigidly held in place by bolts, clamps, or other effective means. If paper tubes are used for vertical dowel holes, or other vertical holes which require grouting, they shall be removed before transportation to the construction site."

# SIDEWALK, CORNER, OR CROSSWALK CLOSURE (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2015

Revise the first sentence of Article 1106.02(m) of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

"The top and bottom panels shall have alternating white and orange stripes sloping 45 degrees on both sides."

### STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE) (RETURN FORM WITH BID)

Effective: April 2, 2004 Revised: April 1, 2009

<u>Description</u>. Steel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in steel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate on the attached form whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract and submit the completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or failure to indicate contract number, company name, and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments for all items of steel. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment.

<u>Types of Steel Products</u>. An adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of steel used in the manufacture of the following items:

Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling) Structural Steel Reinforcing Steel

Other steel materials such as dowel bars, tie bars, mesh reinforcement, guardrail, steel traffic signal and light poles, towers and mast arms, metal railings (excluding wire fence), and frames and grates will be subject to a steel cost adjustment when the pay items they are used in has a contract value of \$10,000 or greater.

<u>Documentation</u>. Sufficient documentation shall be furnished to the Engineer to verify the following:

- (a) The dates and quantity of steel, in lb (kg), shipped from the mill to the fabricator.
- (b) The quantity of steel, in lb (kg), incorporated into the various items of work covered by this special provision. The Department reserves the right to verify submitted quantities.

Method of Adjustment. Steel cost adjustments will be computed as follows:

SCA = Q X D

Where: SCA = steel cost adjustment, in dollars

- Q = quantity of steel incorporated into the work, in lb (kg)
- D = price factor, in dollars per lb (kg)

 $D = MPI_M - MPI_L$ 

Where:  $MPI_M =$  The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month the steel is shipped from the mill. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg). MPI<sub>L</sub> = The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month prior to the letting. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

The unit weights (masses) of steel that will be used to calculate the steel cost adjustment for the various items are shown in the attached table.

No steel cost adjustment will be made for any products manufactured from steel having a mill shipping date prior to the letting date.

If the Contractor fails to provide the required documentation, the method of adjustment will be calculated as described above; however, the  $MPI_M$  will be based on the date the steel arrives at the job site. In this case, an adjustment will only be made when there is a decrease in steel costs.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. Steel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the  $MPI_L$  and  $MPI_M$  in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = { $(MPI_L - MPI_M) \div MPI_L$ } × 100

Steel cost adjustments will be calculated by the Engineer and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the cost of the steel as described herein. No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of manufacturing, fabrication, shipping, storage, etc.

The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

Attachment	
Item	Unit Mass (Weight)
Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling)	
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.179 in. (3.80 mm) wall thickness)	23 lb/ft (34 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	32 lb/ft (48 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 14 in. (356 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	37 lb/ft (55 kg/m)
Other piling	See plans
Structural Steel	See plans for weights
	(masses)
Reinforcing Steel	See plans for weights
	(masses)
Dowel Bars and Tie Bars	6 lb (3 kg) each
Mesh Reinforcement	63 lb/100 sq ft (310 kg/sq m)
Guardrail	1
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type A w/steel posts	20 lb/ft (30 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type B w/steel posts	30 lb/ft (45 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Types A and B w/wood posts	8 lb/ft (12 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 2	305 lb (140 kg) each
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 6	1260 lb (570 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Tangent)	730 lb (330 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Flared)	410 lb (185 kg) each
Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms	
Traffic Signal Post	11 lb/ft (16 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 30 - 40 ft (9 – 12 m)	14 lb/ft (21 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 45 - 55 ft (13.5 – 16.5 m)	21 lb/ft (31 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 30 - 50 ft (9 - 15.2 m)	13 lb/ft (19 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 55 - 60 ft (16.5 – 18 m)	19 lb/ft (28 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 80 - 110 ft (24 – 33.5 m)	31 lb/ft (46 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 120 - 140 ft (36.5 - 42.5 m)	65 lb/ft (97 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 150 - 160 ft (45.5 - 48.5 m)	80 lb/ft (119 kg/m)
Metal Railings (excluding wire fence)	
Steel Railing, Type SM	64 lb/ft (95 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type S-1	39 lb/ft (58 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type T-1	53 lb/ft (79 kg/m)
Steel Bridge Rail	52 lb/ft (77 kg/m)
Frames and Grates	
Frame	250 lb (115 kg)
Lids and Grates	150 lb (70 kg)

Return With Bid

## ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### OPTION FOR STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT

The bidder shall submit this completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or properly complete contract number, company name, and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments for all items of steel. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment. After award, this form, when submitted shall become part of the contract.

Contract No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Company Name:\_\_\_\_\_

#### Contractor's Option:

Is your company opting to include this special provision as part of the contract plans for the following items of work?

Signature:	Date:	
Frames and Grates	Yes	
Metal Railings (excluding wire fence)	Yes	
Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms	Yes	
Guardrail	Yes	
Dowel Bars, Tie Bars and Mesh Reinforcement	Yes	
Reinforcing Steel	Yes	
Structural Steel	Yes	
Metal Piling	Yes	

#### TRACKING THE USE OF PESTICIDES (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2012

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 107.23 of the Standard Specifications:

"Within 48 hours of the application of pesticides, including but not limited to herbicides, insecticides, algaecides, and fungicides, the Contractor shall complete and return to the Engineer, Operations form "OPER 2720"."

**TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS (BDE)** This Training Special Provision supersedes Section 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved. The number of trainees to be trained under this contract will be  $t_{WO}(2)$  In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, he shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also insure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within the reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the contractor shall submit to the Illinois Department of Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g. by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that he has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he has been employed as a journeyman. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the contractor and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program, if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved by not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather then clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented toward construction applications. Training in the laborer classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. Some offsite training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the Engineer, reimbursement will be made for training of persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainee as a journeyman, is caused by the contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the contractor in meeting the requirement of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program.

It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training. The contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily complete.

The contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting his performance under this Training Special Provision.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of 80 cents per hour for TRAINEES. The estimated total number of hours, unit price and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

#### WARM MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2014

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of designing, producing and constructing Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) in lieu of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) at the Contractor's option. Work shall be according to Sections 406, 407, 408, 1030, and 1102 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein. In addition, any references to HMA in the Standard Specifications, or the special provisions shall be construed to include WMA.

WMA is an asphalt mixture which can be produced at temperatures lower than allowed for HMA utilizing approved WMA technologies. WMA technologies are defined as the use of additives or processes which allow a reduction in the temperatures at which HMA mixes are produced and placed. WMA is produced by the use of additives, a water foaming process, or combination of both. Additives include minerals, chemicals or organics incorporated into the asphalt binder stream in a dedicated delivery system. The process of foaming injects water into the asphalt binder stream, just prior to incorporation of the asphalt binder with the aggregate.

Approved WMA technologies may also be used in HMA provided all the requirements specified herein, with the exception of temperature, are met. However, asphalt mixtures produced at temperatures in excess of 275 °F (135 °C) will not be considered WMA when determining the grade reduction of the virgin asphalt binder grade.

### Equipment.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1102.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1102.01 Hot-Mix Asphalt Plant. The hot-mix asphalt (HMA) plant shall be the batch-type, continuous-type, or dryer drum plant. The plants shall be evaluated for prequalification rating and approval to produce HMA according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Approval of Hot-Mix Asphalt Plants and Equipment". Once approved, the Contractor shall notify the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research to obtain approval of all plant modifications. The plants shall not be used to produce mixtures concurrently for more than one project or for private work unless permission is granted in writing by the Engineer. The plant units shall be so designed, coordinated and operated that they will function properly and produce HMA having uniform temperatures and compositions within the tolerances specified. The plant units shall meet the following requirements."

Add the following to Article 1102.01(a) of the Standard Specifications.

- "(13) Equipment for Warm Mix Technologies.
  - a. Foaming. Metering equipment for foamed asphalt shall have an accuracy of  $\pm 2$  percent of the actual water metered. The foaming control system shall be electronically interfaced with the asphalt binder meter.

b. Additives. Additives shall be introduced into the plant according to the supplier's recommendations and shall be approved by the Engineer. The system for introducing the WMA additive shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes."

#### Mix Design Verification.

Add the following to Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications.

- "(e) Warm Mix Technologies.
  - (1) Foaming. WMA mix design verification will not be required when foaming technology is used alone (without WMA additives). However, the foaming technology shall only be used on HMA designs previously approved by the Department.
  - (2) Additives. WMA mix designs utilizing additives shall be submitted to the Engineer for mix design verification."

Construction Requirements.

Revise the second paragraph of Article 406.06(b)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The HMA shall be delivered at a temperature of 250 to 350 °F (120 to 175 °C). WMA shall be delivered at a minimum temperature of 215 °F (102 °C)."

#### Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid at the contract unit price bid for the HMA pay items involved. Anti-strip will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the cost of the work.

#### WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

The Contractor shall provide a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used on the jobsite; or used for the delivery and/or removal of equipment/material to and from the jobsite. The jobsite shall also include offsite locations, such as plant sites or storage sites, when those locations are used solely for this contract.

The report shall be submitted on the form provided by the Department within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Monday through Sunday for each week reportable trucking activities occur. The report shall be submitted to the Engineer and a copy shall be provided to the district EEO Officer.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

## PIPE UNDERDRAINS FOR STRUCTURES

Effective: May 17, 2000 Revised: January 22, 2010

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a pipe underdrain system as shown on the plans, as specified herein, and as directed by the Engineer.

Materials. Materials shall meet the requirements as set forth below:

The perforated pipe underdrain shall be according to Article 601.02 of the Standard Specifications. Outlet pipes or pipes connecting to a separate storm sewer system shall not be perforated.

The drainage aggregate shall be a combination of one or more of the following gradations, FA1, FA2, CA5, CA7, CA8, CA11, or CA13 thru 16, according to Sections 1003 and 1004 of the Standard Specifications.

The fabric surrounding the drainage aggregate shall be Geotechnical Fabric for French Drains according to Article 1080.05 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Construction Requirements.</u> All work shall be according to the applicable requirements of Section 601 of the Standard Specifications except as modified below.

The pipe underdrains shall consist of a perforated pipe drain situated at the bottom of an area of drainage aggregate wrapped completely in geotechnical fabric and shall be installed to the lines and gradients as shown on the plans.

<u>Method of Measurement.</u> Pipe Underdrains for Structures shall be measured for payment in feet (meters), in place. Measurement shall be along the centerline of the pipe underdrains. All connectors, outlet pipes, elbows, and all other miscellaneous items shall be included in the measurement. Concrete headwalls shall be included in the cost of Pipe Underdrains for Structures, but shall not be included in the measurement for payment.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for PIPE UNDERDRAINS FOR STRUCTURES of the diameter specified. Furnishing and installation of the drainage aggregate, geotechnical fabric, forming holes in structural elements and any excavation required, will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the cost of the pipe underdrains for structures.

SETTING PILES IN ROCK

Effective: November 14, 1996 Revised: April 19, 2012

This work shall consist of making shaft excavations through soil and rock, setting piles in rock and backfilling the shaft excavation.

The excavations for each pile shall be made by drilling through the overburden soils and into rock to satisfy the diameter and embedment depth in rock as indicated on the plans. All excavated material shall be disposed of by the Contractor.

The actual top of rock will be considered as the point where rock, defined as bedded deposits and conglomerate deposits exhibiting the physical characteristics and difficulty of rock removal as determined by the Engineer, is encountered which cannot be drilled with earth augers and/or underreaming tools configured to be effective in the soils indicated in the contract documents, and requires the use of special rock augers, core barrels, air tools, blasting, or other methods of hand excavation. When the top of rock encountered is above or below the estimated elevation indicated on the plans, the piles shall be cut or spliced per Article 512.05(a) to satisfy the required embedment in rock.

The Contractor shall be responsible for hole stability by using accepted drilling methods and temporary casing where site conditions warrant, no permanent casings or side forms will be allowed. All loose rock, earth, debris and water shall be removed from the hole prior to placing concrete. If the flow of water into the hole is excessive or if pumping operations are likely to cause hole instability, the level of water in the hole shall be allowed to stabilize and the concrete placed by tremie methods according to Article 503.08 of the Standard Specifications.

The bottom of each hole shall be filled with Class SI Concrete to a depth of at least 6 inches (150 mm) and then the piles shall be placed in the hole and properly located. The piles shall be securely braced and held in position prior to and during the placing and curing of the remainder of the Class SI Concrete until test specimens show that a modulus of rupture of 650 psi (4.5 MPa) has been attained. Any operations that might damage the concrete around the piles shall be deferred until the concrete attains the required strength. The hole shall be filled with Class SI Concrete up to at least 6 inches (150 mm) above the top of rock. The remainder of the hole, to the bottom of encasement, footing or abutment, shall be filled with Class SI Concrete or porous granular embankment at the option of the Contractor unless otherwise detailed in the plans.

Obstructions. Obstructions shall be defined as any object (such as but not limited to, boulders, logs, old foundations, etc.) that cannot be removed with normal earth drilling procedures, but requires special augers, tooling, core barrels or rock augers to remove the obstruction. When obstructions are encountered, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and upon concurrence of the Engineer, the Contractor shall begin working to core, break up, push aside, or remove the obstruction. Lost tools or equipment in the excavation, as a result of the Contractor's operation, shall not be defined as obstructions and shall be removed at the Contractor's expense.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for SETTING PILES IN ROCK. The Class SI Concrete and any porous granular embankment backfilled around each pile shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in this item. The furnishing of piles is not included in this item but will be paid for elsewhere in this contract.

Obstruction mitigation shall be paid for according to Article 109.04.

COFFERDAMS Effective: October 15, 2011

Replace Article 502.06 with the following.

**502.06 Cofferdams.** A Cofferdam shall be defined as a temporary structure, consisting of engineered components, designed to isolate the work area from water to enable construction under dry conditions based on either the Estimated Water Surface Elevation (EWSE) or Cofferdam Design Water Elevation (CDWE) shown on the contract plans as specified below. When cofferdams are not specified in the contract documents and conditions are encountered where the excavation for the structure cannot be kept free of water for prosecuting the work by pumping and/or diverting water, the Contractor, with the written permission of the Engineer, will be permitted to construct a cofferdam.

The Contractor shall submit a cofferdam plan for each cofferdam to the Engineer for approval prior to the start of construction. Cofferdams shall not be installed or removed without the Engineer's approval. Work shall not be performed in flowing water except for the installation and removal of the cofferdam. The cofferdam plan shall address the following:

- (a) Cofferdam (Type 1). The Contractor shall submit a cofferdam plan which addresses the proposed methods of construction and removal; the construction sequence including staging; dewatering methods; erosion and sediment control measures; disposal of excavated material; effluent water control measures; backfilling; and the best management practices to prevent reintroduction of excavated material into the aquatic environment. The design and method of construction shall provide, within the measurement limits specified in Article 502.12, necessary clearance for forms, inspection of exterior of the forms, pumping, and protection of fresh concrete from water. For Type 1 cofferdams, it is anticipated the design will be based on the EWSE shown on the contract plans. The Contractor shall assume all liability, financial or otherwise for a Type 1 cofferdam designed for an elevation lower than the EWSE.
- (b) Cofferdam (Type 2). In addition to the requirements of Article 502.06(a), the Contractor's submittal shall include detailed drawings and design calculations, prepared and sealed by an Illinois Licensed Structural Engineer. For Type 2 cofferdams it is anticipated the design will be based on the CDWE shown on the contract plans. The Contractor shall assume all liability, financial or otherwise for a Type 2 cofferdam designed for an elevation lower than the CDWE.
- (c) Seal Coat. The seal coat concrete, when shown on the plans, is based on design assumptions in order to establish an estimated quantity. When seal coat is indeed utilized, it shall be considered an integral part of the overall cofferdam system and, therefore, its design shall be included in the overall cofferdam design submittal. If a seal coat was not specified but determined to be necessary, it shall be added to the contract by written permission of the Engineer. The seal coat concrete shall be constructed according to Article

503.14. After the excavation within the cofferdam has been completed and the piles have been driven (if applicable), and prior to placing the seal coat, the elevation of the bottom of the proposed seal coat shall be verified by soundings. The equipment and methods used to conduct the soundings shall meet the approval of the Engineer. Any material within the cofferdam above the approved bottom of the seal coat elevation shall be removed.

No component of the cofferdam shall extend into the substructure concrete or remain in place without written permission of the Engineer. Removal shall be according to the previously approved procedure. Unless otherwise approved in writing by the Engineer, all components of the cofferdam shall be removed.

Revise the first paragraph of 502.12(b) to read as follows.

(b) Measured Quantities. Structure excavation, when specified, will be measured for payment in its original position and the volume computed in cubic yards (cubic meters). Horizontal dimensions will not extend beyond vertical planes 2 ft (600 mm) outside of the edges of footings of bridges, walls, and corrugated steel plate arches. The vertical dimension for structure excavation will be the average depth from the surface of the material to be excavated to the bottom of the footing as shown on the plans or ordered in writing by the Engineer. The volume of any unstable and/or unsuitable material removed within the structure excavation will be measured for payment in cubic yards (cubic meters).

Revise the last paragraph of 502.12(b) to read as follows.

Cofferdam excavation will be measured for payment in cubic yards (cubic meters) in its original position within the cofferdam. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the horizontal dimensions used in computing the volume will not extend beyond vertical planes 2 ft (600 mm) outside of the edges of the substructure footings or 4 ft (1.2 m) outside of the faces of the substructure stem wall, whichever is greater. The vertical dimensions will be the average depth from the surface of the material to be excavated to the elevation shown on the plans for bottom of the footing, stem wall, or seal coat, or as otherwise determined by the Engineer as the bottom of the excavation.

Revise the first sentence of the sixth paragraph of 502.13 to read as follows.

Cofferdams, when specified, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for COFFERDAM (TYPE 1) or COFFERDAM (TYPE 2), at the locations specified.

### **GRANULAR BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES**

Effective: April 19, 2012 Revised: October 30, 2012

Revise Section 586 of the Standard Specifications to read:

### SECTION 586. GRANULAR BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

**586.01 Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing, transporting and placing granular backfill for abutment structures.

586.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Fine Aggregate	
(b) Coarse Aggregates	

### CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

**586.03 General.** This work shall be done according to Article 502.10 except as modified below. The backfill volume shall be backfilled, with granular material as specified in Article 586.02, to the required elevation as shown in the contract plans. The backfill volume shall be placed in convenient lifts for the full width to be backfilled. Unless otherwise specified in the contract plans, mechanical compaction will not be required. A deposit of gravel or crushed stone placed behind drain holes shall not be required. All drains not covered by geocomposite wall drains or other devices to prevent loss of backfill material shall be covered by sufficient filter fabric material meeting the requirements of Section 1080 and Section 282 with either 6 or 8 oz/sq yd (200 or 270 g/sq m) material allowed, with free edges overlapping the drain hole by at least 12 in. (300 mm) in all directions.

The granular backfill shall be brought to the finished grade as shown in the contract plans. When concrete is to be cast on top of the granular backfill, the Contractor, subject to approval of the Engineer, may prepare the top surface of the fill to receive the concrete as he/she deems necessary for satisfactory placement at no additional cost to the Department.

586.04 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment as follows.

- (a) Contract Quantities. The requirements for the use of contract quantities shall conform to Article 202.07(a).
- (b) Measured Quantities. This work will be measured for payment in place and the volume computed in cubic yards (cubic meters). The volume will be determined by the method of average end areas behind the abutment.

**586.05 Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for GRANULAR BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES.

## **BRIDGE DECK CONSTRUCTION**

Effective: October 22, 2013 Revised: April 18, 2014

## Revise the Second Paragraph of Article 503.06(b) to read as follows.

"When the Contractor uses cantilever forming brackets on exterior beams or girders, additional requirements shall be as follows."

## Revise Article 503.06(b)(1) to read as follows.

"(1) Bracket Placement. The spacing of brackets shall be per the manufacturer's published design specifications for the size of the overhang and the construction loads anticipated. The resulting force of the leg brace of the cantilever bracket shall bear on the web within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange of the beam or girder."

## Revise Article 503.06(b)(2) to read as follows.

"(2) Beam Ties. The top flange of exterior steel beams or girders supporting the cantilever forming brackets shall be tied to the bottom flange of the next interior beam. The top flange of exterior concrete beams supporting the cantilever forming brackets shall be tied to the top flange of the next interior beam. The ties shall be spaced at 4 ft (1.2 m) centers. Permanent cross frames on steel girders may be considered a tie. Ties shall be a minimum of 1/2 inch (13 mm) diameter threaded rod with an adjusting mechanism for drawing the tie taut. The ties shall utilize hanger brackets or clips which hook onto the flange of steel beams. No welding will be permitted to the structural steel or stud shear connectors, or to reinforcement bars of concrete beams, for the installation of the tie bar system. After installation of the ties and blocking, the tie shall be drawn taut until the tie does not vary from a straight line from beam to beam. The tie system shall be approved by the Engineer."

## Revise Article 503.06(b)(3) to read as follows.

"(3) Beam Blocks. Suitable beam blocks of 4 in x 4 in (100 x 100 mm) timbers or metal structural shapes of equivalent strength or better, acceptable to the Engineer, shall be wedged between the webs of the two beams tied together, within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange at each location where they are tied. When it is not feasible to have the resulting force from the leg brace of the cantilever brackets transmitted to the web within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange, then additional blocking shall be placed at each bracket to transmit the resulting force to within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange, then additional blocking shall be placed at each bracket to transmit the resulting force to within 6 inches (150 mm) of the bottom flange of the next interior beam or girder."

## Delete the last paragraph of Article 503.06(b).

## Revise the third paragraph of Article 503.16 to read as follows.

"Fogging equipment shall be in operation unless the evaporation rate is less than 0.1 lb/sq ft/hour (0.5kg/sq m/hour) and the Engineer gives permission to stop. The evaporation rate shall be determined according to the following formula.

$$E = (T_c^{2.5} - rT_a^{2.5})(1 + 0.4V)x10^{-6} (English)$$
  

$$E = 5[(T_c + 18)^{2.5} - r(T_a + 18)^{2.5}](V + 4)x10^{-6} (Metric)$$

Where:

 $E = \text{Evaporation Rate, lb/ft}^2/\text{h (kg/sq m/h)}$ 

 $T_c$  = Concrete Temperature, °F (°C)

 $T_a$  = Air Temperature, °F (°C)

r = Relative Humidity in percent/100

V = Wind Velocity, mph (km/h)

The Contractor shall provide temperature, relative humidity, and wind speed measuring equipment. Fogging equipment shall be adequate to reach or cover the entire pour from behind the finishing machine or vibrating screed to the point of curing covering application, and shall be operated in a manner which shall not accumulate water on the deck until the curing covering has been placed."

## Revise the third paragraph of Article 503.16(a)(1) to read as follows.

"At the Contractor's option, a vibrating screed may be used in lieu of a finishing machine for superstructures with a pour width less than or equal to 24 ft (7.3 m). After the concrete is placed and consolidated, it shall be struck off with a vibrating screed allowing for camber, if required. The vibrating screed shall be of a type approved by the Engineer. A slight excess of concrete shall be kept in front of the cutting edge at all times during the striking off operation. After screeding, the entire surface shall be finished with hand-operated longitudinal floats having blades not less than 10 ft (3 m) in length and 6 in. (150 mm) in width. Decks so finished need not be straightedge tested as specified in 503.16(a)(2)."

### Delete the fifth paragraph of 503.16(a)(1).

## Revise Article 503.16(a)(2) to read as follows.

"(2) Straightedge Testing and Surface Correction. After the finishing has been completed and while the concrete is still plastic, the surface shall be tested for trueness with a 10 ft (3 m) straightedge, or a hand-operated longitudinal float having blades not less than 10 ft (3 m) in length and 6 in. (150 mm) in width. The Contractor shall furnish and use an accurate 10 ft (3 m) straightedge or float which has a handle not less than 3 ft (1 m) longer than 1/2 the pour width. The straightedge or float shall be held in contact with the surface and passed gradually from one side of the superstructure to the other. Advance along the surface

shall be in successive stages of not more than 1/2 the length of the straightedge or float. Any depressions found shall be immediately filled with freshly mixed concrete, struck off, consolidated, and refinished. High areas shall be cut down and refinished."

# Replace the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1020.13(a)(5) with the following sentences.

"Cotton mats in poor condition will not be allowed. The cotton mats shall be placed in a manner which will not create indentations greater than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in the concrete surface. Minor marring of the surface is tolerable and is secondary to the importance of timely curing."

## Revise Article 1020.14(b) to read as follows.

- "(b) Concrete in Structures. Concrete may be placed when the air temperature is above 40 °F (4 °C) and rising, and concrete placement shall stop when the falling temperature reaches 45 °F (7 °C) or below, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
  - (1) Bridge Deck Concrete. For concrete in bridge decks, slabs, and bridge approach slabs the Contractor shall schedule placing and finishing of the concrete during hours in which the ambient air temperature is forecast to be lower than 85 °F (30 °C). It shall be understood this may require scheduling the deck pour at night in order to utilize the temperature window available. The temperature of the concrete immediately before placement shall be a minimum of 50 °F (10 °C) and a maximum of 85 °F (30 °C).
  - (2) Non-Bridge Deck Concrete. Except as noted above, the temperature of the concrete immediately before placement shall be a minimum of 50 °F (10 °C) and a maximum of 90 °F (32 °C).

If concrete is pumped, the temperature restrictions above shall be considered at point of placement. When insulated forms are used according to Article 1020.13(d)(1), the maximum temperature of the concrete mixture immediately before placement shall be 80 °F (25 °C). When concrete is placed in contact with previously placed concrete, the temperature of the freshly mixed concrete may be increased by the Contractor to offset anticipated heat loss, but in no case shall the maximum concrete temperature be permitted to exceed the limits stated in this Article."

### Revise Article 1103.13(a) to read as follows.

"(a) Bridge Deck. The finishing machine shall be equipped with: (1) a mechanical strike off device; (2) either a rotating cylinder(s) or a longitudinal oscillating screed which transversely finishes the surface of the concrete. The Contractor may attach other equipment to the finishing machine to enhance the final finish when approved by the Engineer. The finishing machine shall produce a deck surface of uniform texture, free from porous areas, and with the required surface smoothness.

The finishing machine shall be operated on rails or other supports that will not deflect under the applied loads. The maximum length of rail segments supported on top of beams and within the pour shall be 10 ft (3 m). The supports shall be adjustable for elevation and shall be completely in place to allow the finishing machine to be used for the full length of the area to be finished. The supports shall be approved by the Engineer before placing of the concrete is started."

## Revise Article 1103.17(k) to read as follows.

"(k) Fogging Equipment. Fogging equipment shall be hand held fogging equipment for humidity control. The equipment shall be capable of atomizing water to produce a fog blanket by the use of pressure 2500 psi minimum (17.24 MPa) and an industrial fire hose fogging nozzle or equivalent. Fogging equipment attached to the finishing machine will not be permitted."

#### REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
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#### ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

#### I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

#### **II. NONDISCRIMINATION**

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

**1. Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or onthe-job training."

**2. EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

**3.** Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

**4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

**5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If

the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

#### 6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

**7. Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

#### 10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

**11. Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

#### **III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

#### IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

#### 1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

 $\ensuremath{\text{(ii)}}$  The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

#### 2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

#### 3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which b. any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose Wage and Hour Division Web from the site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

#### 4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

**5.** Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

**6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for

debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

**8.** Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

**9. Disputes concerning labor standards.** Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

#### 10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

#### V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.

**3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages.** The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such

contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.

**4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

#### VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;

(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

#### **VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

#### **VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

## IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.

2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

## X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

#### 1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers not participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<u>https://www.epls.gov/</u>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

\* \* \* \* \*

## 2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with

commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

#### 2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<u>https://www.epls.gov/</u>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

\* \* \* \* \*

## XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

#### MINIMUM WAGES FOR FEDERAL AND FEDERALLY ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

This project is funded, in part, with Federal-aid funds and, as such, is subject to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Sta. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in a 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix A, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act and pursuant to the provisions of 29 CFR Part 1. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits shown in the General Wage Determination Decisions issued by the U.S. Department of Labor shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

General Wage Determination Decisions, modifications and supersedes decisions thereto are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable DBRA Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits contained in the General Wage Determination Decision shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.