# STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT ILLINOIS 47 ANIMAL CROSSING STATION 598+22.00 MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

For Strand Associates, Inc. 1170 South Houbolt Road Joliet, IL 60432

Submitted by
Wang Engineering, Inc.
1145 North Main Street
Lombard, IL 60148

Original Report: August 24, 2018

**Revised Report: NA** 

#### **Technical Report Documentation Page**

1. Title and Subtitle Structure Geotechnical Repo	2. Original Date: August 24, 2018 Revised Date: NA	
Sta. 598+22.00	3. Report Type	
<b>4. Route / Section / County</b> FAI 326 (IL 47)/ 105-N-2(1	5. Contract D-91-011-14	
6. PSB / Item No. 14-3/003	7. Existing Structure Number(s) NA	8. Proposed Structure Number(s) SN 056-xxxx
9. Prepared by Wang Engineering, Inc. 1145 N Main Street Lombard, IL 60148	Contributor(s) Authors: Andri A.Kurnia, PE Nesam S. Balakumaran, PEng QA/QC: Corina T. Farez, PE, PG PM: Liviu Iordache, PG	Contact (630) 953-9928 ext. 1025 akurnia@wangeng.com
10. Prepared for Strand Associates, Inc. 1170 South Houbolt Rd Joliet, IL, 60431	Contact(s) Marc Grigas, PE	Contact Information (815)744-4200 Marc.Grigas@strand.com
A new single box culvert proposed culvert will have will be placed on top and a Beneath the topsoil, the ge of medium stiff to stiff silt clay followed by stiff to he 900 feet.  A layer of soft to medium culvert; we recommend re the culvert. After the prop with a differential settlemed We recommend the culve of 4,000 psf. Global stab requirement of 1.5.	is proposed for an animal crossing at the I e an interior opening of 4-foot wide by 5-around both culvert's ends. The culvert end eneral lithologic profile encountered during y clay loam fill over up to 8 feet of soft to ard silty clay to silty clay loam. The groun stiff organic clay to silty clay was encount moving soft to medium stiff soils and replay sosed removal, total long-term settlements ent of about 0.5 inches over 50 feet.  The barrel and wingwalls be designed for a sility analyses of the wingwalls show factor stage construction.	foot tall, and 164-foot long. New fill will be retained by apron wingwalls. It will be retained to silty clay to silty dwater elevations range from 874 to the ered beneath the proposed base of the acing with granular aggregate beneath are estimated to be 0.2 to 0.5 inches tors of safety meeting the minimum
12. Path to archived file		
S:\Netprojects\1951301\Penorts	SGR\AnimalCrossing\RPT Wang NSR 1951301	Animal Crossing Sta 508   22 v02 20180824 doc



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	J
1.1	Proposed Structure	. 1
1.2	EXISTING STRUCTURE AND LAND USE	. 1
2.0	GEOLOGICAL SETTING	2
2.1	Physiography	. 2
2.2	SUFICIAL COVER	
2.3	Bedrock	
3.0	METHODS OF INVESTIGATION	. 3
3.1	FIELD INVESTIGATION	. 3
3.2	LABORATORY TESTING	
4.0	INVESTIGATION RESULTS	-
4.1	LITHOLOGICAL PROFILE	
4.2	GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS	6
5.0	FOUNDATION ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	6
5.1	GROUND IMPROVEMENT	. 6
	BEARING CAPACITY	_
5.2	BEARING CHI FICH 1	. /
5.2 5.3	SETTLEMENT	
		. 7
5.3	SETTLEMENT	. 7
5.3 5.4	SETTLEMENT	7
5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	SETTLEMENT	7 8 8
5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 <b>6.0</b>	SETTLEMENT	7 8 8
5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 <b>6.0</b>	SETTLEMENT	7 8 8
5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 <b>6.0</b> 6.1	SETTLEMENT	7 8 8
5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 <b>6.0</b> 6.1 6.2	SETTLEMENT GLOBAL STABILITY  CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST CULVERT CONSIDERATIONS  STAGED CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS  CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS  SITE PREPARATION  EXCAVATION, DEWATERING, AND UTILITIES	7 8 8
5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 <b>6.0</b> 6.1 6.2 6.3	SETTLEMENT GLOBAL STABILITY  CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST CULVERT CONSIDERATIONS  STAGED CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS  CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS  SITE PREPARATION  EXCAVATION, DEWATERING, AND UTILITIES  FILLING AND BACKFILLING	7 8 8 8



#### **EXHIBITS**

- 1. SITE LOCATION MAP
- 2. SITE AND REGIONAL GEOLOGY
- 3. BORING LOCATION PLAN
- 4. SOIL PROFILE
- 5. REMOVAL AND REPALCEMENT SKETCH

#### APPENDIX A

**BORING LOGS** 

#### APPENDIX B

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

#### APPENDIX C

GLOBAL STABILITY ANALYSIS

#### APPENDIX D

PRELIMINARY GENERAL PLAN AND ELEVATION SHEETS

#### LIST OF TABLES



# STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT ILLINOIS ROUTE 47 ANIMAL CROSSING STATION 598+22.00 MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS FOR STRAND ASSOCIATES, INC.

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our subsurface investigation, laboratory testing, and geotechnical evaluations to support the design of and construction of the proposed culvert for animal crossing at the Illionois Route 47 (IL 47) Station 598+22 that is about 350 feet north of the intersection between Pleasant Valley Road and IL 47. The proposed structure is part of the widening and reconstruction of 1.65-mile long of IL 47 between Station 565+80 and Station 660+92 in McHenry County, Illinois. A *Site Location Map* is presented as Exhibit 1.

#### 1.1 Proposed Structure

Based on the information provided by Strand Associates, Inc. (Strand) and Christopher B. Burke Engineering, Ltd. (CBBEL) on February 14, 2018, and the *Preliminary General Plan and Elevation* (GPE) received in May, 2018, Wang Engineering, Inc. (Wang) understands the proposed animal crossing culvert will be a single box culvert with a 4-foot wide by 5-foot tall. The proposed culvert will be 164-foot long and will have an invert elevation of 900.5 feet for entire length of culvert. Apron with vertical wingwalls are proposed to support the widened roadway embankment at both ends. The roadway profile grade elevation will be slightly raised by 0.5 feet at the centerline of the road.

#### 1.2 Existing Structure and Land Use

There is no culvert at the proposed location. The animal crossing culvert is a new structure.

The purpose of this investigation was to characterize the site soil and groundwater conditions, perform geotechnical analyses, and provide recommendations for the design and construction of the proposed culvert and wingwalls.



#### 2.0 GEOLOGICAL SETTING

The project area is located along IL 47 in Dorr Townships, in McHenry County, Illinois. On the USGS *Huntley 7.5 Minute Series Quadrangle map*, the project is located in SW ¼ of Section 33, Tier 44 N, Range 7 E of the Third Principal Meridian.

The following review of published geologic data, with emphasis on factors that might influence the design and construction of the proposed engineering works, is meant to place the project area within a geological framework and confirm the dependability and consistency of the subsurface investigation results. For the study of the regional geologic framework, Wang considered northeastern Illinois in general and McHenry County in particular. Exhibit 2 illustrates the *Site and Regional Geology*.

#### 2.1 Physiography

The IL 47 at the culvert location runs through rural setting surrounded by agricultural used fields. The surface topography is generally flat with elevation of about 905 feet. At the proposed culvert location the elevation along IL 47 roadway is about 908 feet and at the drainage ditch bottom is about 900 feet.

#### 2.2 Surficial Cover

The project area was shaped during the Wisconsin-age glaciation and about 200-foot thick overburden covers the bedrock. The glacigenic deposits were emplaced during pulsating advances and retreats of an icesheet lobe responsible for the formation of end moraines and associated low-relief till and lake plains (Hansel and Johnson 1996). The surficial cover within the project area consists of organic silt and clay of the Grayslake Peat found discontinuously throughout the project area. The Grayslake Peat overlies either the clay and silt of the Equality Formation, or the silty clayey diamicton of the Yorkville Member of the Lemont Formation. The clayey diamicton overlies the loamy diamicton of the Tiskilwa Formation or gravelly sand outwash of the Henry Formation. The outwash of the Henry Formation interfingers with the two diamictons.

The Grayslake Peat, less than 10-foot thick, consists of black to brown peat interbedded with gray organic reach sand and silty clay and white to light gray marl (Curry and Thomason 2012). The Equality Formation, less than 15-foot thick, consists of brown to gray bedded fine sand, silt, and clay lacustrine deposits (Curry and Thomason 2012). The Henry Formation consists of stratified sand and gravel outwash with thicknesses of about 5 to 10 feet, within the project limits (Curry and Thomason 2012). The Yorkville Member of the Lemont Formation, up to 15-foot thick, consists of



yellowish brown to gray silty clay to silty clay loam diamicton that contains lenses of gravel, sand, silt, and clay (Hansel and Johnson 1996, Curry and Thomason 2012). The Tiskilwa Formation, about 65-foot thick, consists of calcareous reddish brown to gray clay loam, loam to sandy loam diamicton that contains lenses of gravel, sand, silt, and clay (Wickham et al. 1988, Curry and Thomason 2012). The Tiskilwa Formation diamicton rests over the Illinoian-age drift, which in turn unconformably rests over the Silurian-age dolostone (Curry and Thomason 2012). The diamicton account for about 75% of the subsurface soil.

From a geotechnical viewpoint, the Yorkville Member characterized by low plasticity to moderate, high strength, and low to moderate moisture content and the Tiskilwa Formation characterized by low plasticity, medium to high strength, low moisture content, moderately to highly pebbly (Wickham et al. 1988, Bauer et al. 1991).

#### 2.3 Bedrock

In McHenry County, the surficial cover rests unconformably on top of Silurian-age and Ordovician-age bedrock. The top of the bedrock lies about 160 to 200 feet below the ground surface (bgs). Structurally, the site is located on the eastern flank of the Wisconsin Arch (Willman 1971). No active faults or underground mines are known in the area.

Our subsurface investigation results fit into the local geologic context. The borings drilled in the project area encountered native sediments consisting of organic reach silt and clay of the Grayslake Peat, gravel and sand outwash of the Henry Formation interbedded with silty clay diamicton of the Yorkville Member of the Lemont Formation and loamy diamicton of the Tiskilwa Formation. None of the borings were deep enough to encounter bedrock.

#### 3.0 METHODS OF INVESTIGATION

The following sections outline the subsurface and laboratory investigations performed by Wang.

#### 3.1 Field Investigation

No specific borings were performed for this culvert. However, two peat delineation borings, designated as PT6-03 and PT7-06 were drilled along this culvert. To supplement soil data, we considered soil borings performed for the culvert replacement at Station 598+48, about 25 feet north of this culvert. The subsurface investigation consisted of of three structure borings, designated as CUL-01 through CUL-03 and two Shelby tube borings, designated as CUL-02ST and CUL-03ST. In



addition, four peat delination borings drilled along the culvert, designated as PT5-04, PT6-03, PT7-06, and PT8-07, were included on our analyses for the animal crossing culvert. The borings were drilled by Wang in October and December 2017 and were advanced to depths of 8 to 35 feet bgs. The as-drilled northings and eastings were acquired with a mapping-grade GPS unit; boring elevations were surveyed with a level. Stations and offsets were determined from drawings provided by Strand. Boring location data are presented in the *Boring Logs* (Appendix A). The as-drilled boring locations are shown in the *Boring Location Plan* (Exhibit 2).

An ATV- mounted drilling rig, equipped with hollow stem augers, was used to advance and maintain open boreholes. Soil sampling was performed according to AASHTO T 206, "*Penetration Test and Split Barrel Sampling of Soils.*" The soil was sampled at 2.5-foot intervals to 30 feet below ground surface (bgs) and at 5-foot intervals, thereafter. Peat delineation borings were sampled continulously. Soil samples collected from each sampling interval were placed in sealed jars and transported to the laboratory for further examination and laboratory testing. Shelby tube samples were obtained from Borings CUL-02ST and CUL-03ST where soft to medium stiff organic clay to silty clay was encountered.

Field boring logs, prepared and maintained by Wang geologists, include lithological descriptions, visual-manual soil classifications (IDH Textural), results of Rimac and pocket penetrometer unconfined compressive strength testing on cohesive soils, and results of Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) recorded as blows per 6 inches of penetration.

Groundwater observations were made during and at the end of drilling operations. Due to safety considerations, boreholes were backfilled immediately upon completion with soil cuttings and/or chips. The pavement surface was restored to its original condition.

#### 3.2 Laboratory Testing

The soil samples were tested in the laboratory for moisture content (AASHTO T265). Atterberg limits (AASHTO T89/T90) and particle size (AASHTO T88) analyses were performed on selected samples. A one-dimensional consolidation test (AASHTO T216) was performed on a shelby tube sample. Field visual descriptions of the soil samples were verified in the laboratory and index tested samples were classified according to the IDH Soil Classification System. Laboratory test results are shown in the *Boring Logs* (Appendix A) and in the *Laboratory Test Results* (Appendix B).



#### 4.0 INVESTIGATION RESULTS

Detailed descriptions of the soil conditions encountered during the subsurface investigation are presented in the attached *Boring Logs* (Appendix A) and in the *Soil Profile* (Exhibit 4). Please note that strata contact lines represent approximate boundaries between soil types. The actual transition between soil types in the field may be gradual in horizontal and vertical directions.

#### 4.1 Lithological Profile

The borings encountered 3 to 32 inches of silty clay loam topsoil at the surface. In descending order, the general lithologic succession encountered beneath the surface includes: 1) man-made ground (fill); 2) soft to medium stiff organic silty clay to silty clay loam; and 3) stiff to hard silty clay to silty clay loam and clay loam to loam.

#### 1) Man-made ground (fill)

Beneath the topsoil, Borings CUL-02, PT6-03, and PT8-04 revealed 1 to 7 feet of fill material. The fill material is cohesive, consisting of medium stiff to stiff, dark brown to brown silty clay loam. The unconfined compressive strength (Q<sub>u</sub>) values of 0.9 and 1.5 tsf and the moisture content values of 16 to 19%. Below the fill, Boring CUL-02 encountered 6 inches of buried clay loam topsoil.

#### 2) Soft to medium stiff organic silty clay to silty clay loam

Beneath the fill and topsoil, at elevations of 898 to 900 feet, the borings encountered 3 to 8 feet of soft to medium stiff, brown to gray organic silty clay to silty clay loam. The unit has  $Q_u$  values of 0.41 to 1.00 tsf. The moisture content values range from 17 to 57%. Laboratory index testing on samples from this layer shows liquid limit ( $L_L$ ) values of 26 to 38% and plastic limit ( $P_L$ ) values of 13 to 19%. The consolidation properties of this soft to medium stiff silty clay layer were obtained. The resulting soil parameters are summarized in Table 1 and the laboratory test results are attached in Appendix B.

Table 1: Summary of Consolidation Testing

	Test	Test					Moisture
Boring ID	Depth Elevation		$C_{\rm C}$	$C_{S}$	$e_{O}$	OCR/ P'c	Content
	(feet)	(feet)				(psf)	(%)
CUL-02ST	9 to 11	895	0.491	0.112	1.157	1.31/1835	44

C<sub>C</sub>: Compression index; C<sub>S</sub>: Swelling index; e<sub>O</sub>: Initial void ratio; OCR: Over consolidation ratio; and

P'c: Preconsolidation pressure.



#### 3) Stiff to hard silty clay to silty clay loam and clay loam to loam

At elevations of 899 to 903 feet, the borings encountered gray, stiff to hard silty clay to silty clay loam and clay loam to loam with wet to saturated sandy gravel to gravelly sand to loam interbeds. The unit has  $Q_u$  values of 1.2 to 4.6 tsf and moisture content values of 9 to 25%. The sandy gravel to gravelly sand to loam interbeds has N values of 12 to 27 blows per foot and moisture content values of 11 to 19%.

#### 4.2 Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater was encountered while drilling at elevations of 885 to 891 (11 to 20 feet bgs). At the completion of drilling, the groundwater was observed at elevations of 874 to 900 feet (0 to 31 feet bgs).

#### 5.0 FOUNDATION ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Geotechnical evaluations and recommendations for the animal crossing culvert and wingwalls are included in the following sections. The proposed culvert will have an invert elevation of 900.5 feet. Apron wingwalls will be used to support the roadway embankment widening at both ends.

Wang has performed bearing capacity, settlement, and global stability analyses for the proposed culvert barrel and wingwalls.

#### **5.1** Ground Improvement

Based on soil borings drilled along and nearby the proposed structure, the subsurface investigation indicates the soils at the culvert base may consist of soft to medium stiff organic silty clay, clay to silty clay, and silty clay loam. To mitigate settlement issues and to provide stable working platforms, Wang recommends removal and replacement of soft to medium stiff soil along the proposed culvert barrel and wingwalls. The recommended removal limit and depth are:

- West end of the culvert going east end to 50 feet right of centerline, for a depth of 1.5 feet below the proposed bottom of the culvert or to elevation 897 feet; and
- From 50 feet right of centerline to east end, for a depth of 7.5 feet below the proposed bottom of the culvert or to elevation 892 feet.



A sketch of the proposed removal is shown in Exhibit 5. The replacement material should extend a minimum of two feet beyond each side of the box (IDOT 2016). In addition, the following note should be shown in the plans.

"The limits and quantities of removal and replacement shown are based on the boring data may be modified by the District Geotechnical and Field Engineers for variable subsurface conditions encountered in the field"

#### 5.2 Bearing Capacity

After the proposed removal and replacement, the walls could be designed based on a maximum factored bearing resistance of 4,000 psf, determined with a bearing resistance factor ( $\phi_b$ ) of 0.45 (AASHTO 2016). The wingwalls should be sized and designed based on the information and typical sections shown in IDOT *Culvert Manual*, Sections 4.3 and 4.4 (IDOT 2017).

The culvert wingwalls could also be constructed as horizontal cantilever walls if they are less than 16 feet in length and the wingwall location can be adequately dewatered (IDOT 2017). Horizontal cantilever walls should be designed based on the structural guidelines provided in Section 4.2 of the IDOT (2017). These wingwalls should be founded at a minimum depth of 3.0 feet below the culvert invert elevations.

The wingwalls types suitable for precast concrete culvert include apron, driven sheetpile, and cast-in-place T-type wingwalls. For the cast-in-place culvert, the horizontal cantilever, L-type or T-type wingwalls are typically considered. The apron wingwalls should be designed and constructed based on IDOT Specifications and IDOT Base Sheet dated 2/17/2017 "SCB-GPE."

#### 5.3 Settlement

As discussed in Section 5.1, soft to medium stiff soil will be encountered below the base of proposed culvert. Without removal and replacement, we estimate up to 2.5 inches of settlement under the new culvert and fill loads. After the proposed removal and replacement, we estimate the foundation soils will experience total long-term settlements of about 0.2 to 0.5 inches, with differential settlement of 0.5 inches over 50 feet. We estimate the settlements are suitable for the construction of the proposed culvert and wingwalls.

#### 5.4 Global Stability

The global stability of the wingwalls was analyzed based on the generalized soil profile described in



Section 4.1. The maximum total fill height behind the wingwalls will be about 9 feet with a backfill slope of 1:3 (V:H). We have performed global stability analyses for the wingwalls at the southend section with the weaker soil conditions under both undrained (short-term) and drained (long-term) conditions. The analyses were performed with *Slide* v6.0 and the results of the evaluations are provided in Appendix C. We estimate a factor of safety (FOS) of 3.9 for undrained soil condition and a FOS of 2.4 for a drained soil condition. The FOSs meet the minimum FOS requirement of 1.5 (IDOT 2015).

#### 5.5 Cast-In-Place or Precast Culvert Considerations

After the recommended removal of unsuitable material, the results of the analyses indicate that both the cast-in-place and precast culvert options are appropriate and feasible at the site. The differential settlement will be about 0.5 inches over 50 feet, which will not cause excessive separation of the precast sections.

#### **5.6** Stage Construction Considerations

Based on the information provided by Strand, Wang understands a temporary sheet piling system will be utilized to accommodate stage construction. The sheet piling should be designed based on IDOT *Design Guide* 3.13.1. Assuming an exposed height of about 11.5 feet (from elevation 908.5 to 897.0 feet) located at the stage construction line, our evaluations indicate the temporary steel sheet piling is feasible.

#### 6.0 CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

#### 6.1 Site Preparation

Any vegetation, surface topsoil, and debris should be cleared and stripped where the animal crossing culvert and wingwalls will be placed. If unstable or unsuitable materials are exposed during excavation, they should be removed and replaced with compacted fill material as described in Section 6.3. The embankment fill behind the proposed wall will be placed against existing sloped embankment. These existing embankments should be deeply plowed or benched in accordance with IDOT Section 205.03 (IDOT 2016) prior to the placement of fill materials. We recommend that all embankment construction be performed in accordance with District One Embankment I Special Provision.

#### 6.2 Excavation, Dewatering, and Utilities

Excavations should be performed in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. The



potential effect of ground movements upon nearby utilities should be considered during construction. Excavations for the placement of the culvert barrel should be steeped at no steeper than 1:2 (V:H). Any slopes that cannot be graded at 1:2 (V: H) should be properly shored with temporary sheeting or soil retention systems. Excavated material should not be stockpiled immediately adjacent to the top of slopes, nor should equipment be allowed to operate too closely to open excavations.

During the subsurface investigation, groundwater was not encountered in the borings drilled along the proposed barrel. However, groundwater was encountered at elevation ranging from 885 to 900 feet in the nearby soil borings. The proposed barrel and wingwalls will be established at 896.5 to 899.5 feet elevation, which is below the encountered groundwater. Therefore, the groundwater may be encountered and temporary steel piling or cofferdam will be required for dewatering of foundation excavation. Contractor should be prepared for dewatering measures. Any water that accumulates in open excavations by seepage or runoff should be immediately removed by sump-pump.

#### 6.3 Filling and Backfilling

Fill material used to attain the final design elevations should be IDOT Standard Specifications. Coarse aggregate of IDOT gradation CA-6 or pre-approved, compacted, cohesive or granular soil conforming to Section 204 would be acceptable as fill material (IDOT, 2016). The fill material should be free of organic matter and debris and should be placed in lifts and compacted according to IDOT Section 205, *Embankment* (IDOT, 2016).

Groundwater may exist beneath the culvert. As mentioned in IDOT (2017), in cases such as replacement below box culvert where dewatering and compaction may not be possible, the pay item "Rockfill" is commonly used. In this case, the following note should be added.

"The Rockfill shall be capped with 6 in. of CA7 and satisfy the Standard Specifications unless otherwise indicated in the Special Provisons. The cost of the capping material shall be included in the pay item for Rockfill."

#### **6.4 Earthwork Operations**

The required earthwork can be accomplished with conventional construction equipment. Moisture and traffic will cause deterioration of exposed subgrade soils. Precautions should be taken by the Contractor to prevent water erosion of the exposed subgrade. A compacted subgrade will minimize water runoff erosion.

Wang No. 195-13-01 IL Route 47 Animal Crossing at Station 598+22 August 24, 2018 Wang Engineering

Earth moving operations should be scheduled to not coincide with excessive cold or wet weather (early spring, late fall or winter). Any soil allowed to freeze or soften due to the standing water should be removed. Wet weather can cause problems with subgrade compaction.

It is recommended that an experienced geotechnical engineer be retained to inspect the exposed subgrade, monitor earthwork operations, and provide material inspection services during the construction phase of this project.

#### 7.0 QUALIFICATIONS

The analysis and recommendations submitted in this report are based upon the data obtained from the borings drilled at the locations shown on the boring logs and in Exhibit 3. This report does not reflect any variations that may occur between the borings or elsewhere on the site, variations whose nature and extent may not become evident until the course of construction. In the event that any changes in the design and/or location of the structure are planned, we should be timely informed so that our recommendations can be adjusted accordingly.

It has been a pleasure to assist Strand Associates, Inc. and the Illinois Department of Transportation on this project. Please call if there are any questions, or if we can be of further service.

Respectfully Submitted,

#### WANG ENGINEERING, INC.

Andri A. Kurina, P. E. Senior Geotechnical Engineer Corina T. Farez, P.E., P.G. QA/QC Reviewer

Nesam S. Balakumaran, P.Eng. Project Geotechnical Engineer

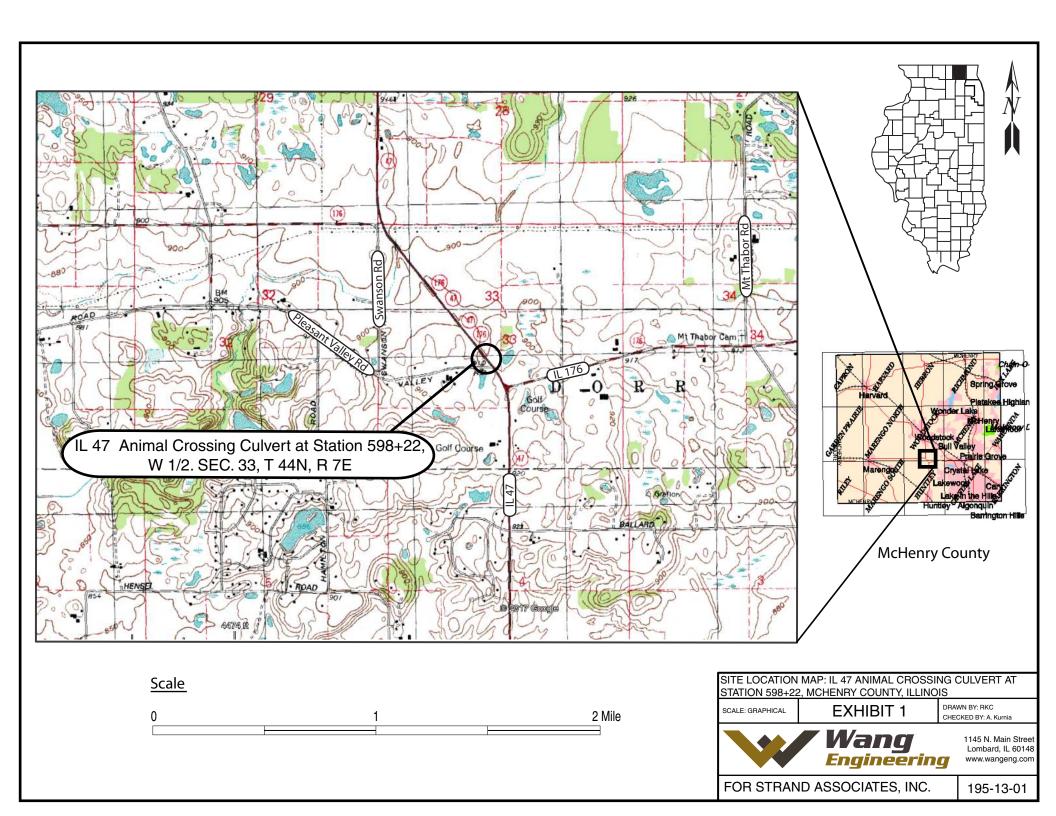


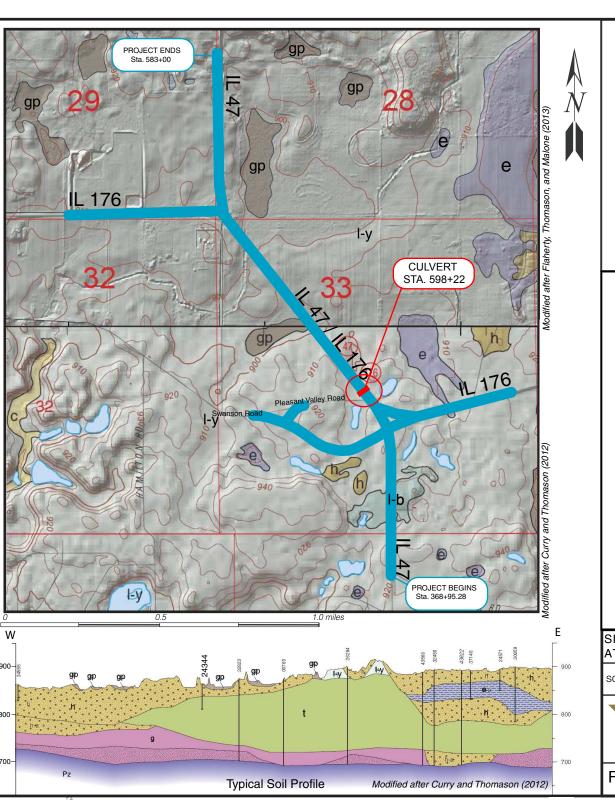
#### REFERENCES

- AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF STATE HIGHWAY TRANSPORTATION OFFICIALS (2017) "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications." United States Depart of Transportation, Washington, D.C.
- BAUER, R.A., CURRY, B.B., GRAESE, A.M., VAIDEN, R.C., Su, W.J., AND HASEK, M.J., 1991, Geotechnical Properties of Selected Pleistocene, Silurian, and Ordovician Deposits of Northeastern Illinois: Environmental Geology 139, Illinois State Geological Survey, 69 p.
- CURRY, B.B., AND J.F. THOMASON, 2012, Surficial Geology of Huntley Quadrangle, McHenry and Kane Counties, Illinois: Illinois State Geological Survey, USGS-STATEMAP contract report, 2 sheets, 1:24,000.
- HANSEL, A.K., and JOHNSON, W.H. (1996) Wedron and Mason Groups: Lithostratigraphic Reclassification of the Wisconsin Episode, Lake Michigan Lobe Area: ISGS Bulletin 104. Illinois State Geological Survey, Champaign, IL. 116 p.
- IDOT (2012) Bridge Manual. Illinois Department of Transportation.
- IDOT (2015) Geotechnical Manual. Illinois Department of Transportation.
- IDOT (2016) *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction*. Illinois Department of Transportation. 1098 pp.
- IDOT (2017) Culvert Manual. Illinois Department of Transportation.
- WICKHAM, S.S., W.H. JOHNSON, AND H.D. GLASS (1988) Regional Geology of the Tiskilwa Till Member, Weadron Formation, Northeastern Illinois, Illinois State Geological Survey, Circular 543; Champaignm, IL.
- WILLMAN, H.B., ATHERTON, E., BUSCHBACH, T.C., COLLINSON, C., FRYE, J.C., HOPKINS, M.E., LINEBACK, J.A., and SIMON, J.A., 1971, *Handbook of Illinois Stratigraphy*: ISGS Bulletin 95: Urbana, Illinois State Geological Survey, 261 p.

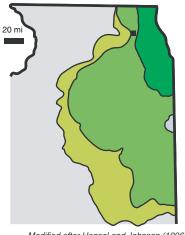


# **EXHIBITS**





#### REGIONAL GEOLOGY



# Wedron Group



Wadsworth Formation



Lemont Formation



Tiskilwa Formation

Modified after Hansel and Johnson (1996)

#### LEGEND

#### HUDSON EPISODE



Decomposed wetland vegetation and sediment; peat and muck, interbedded sand, silty clay, and marl

#### WISCONSIN EPISODE

**Equality Formation** 

Lake deposits in kettles and valleys; silt, clay, and fine sand; layered to massive

Proglacial outwash plains downslope of glacial margins; sand and gravel, or sand; with lenses of silt and clay, or diamicton

Lemont Fornation, Yorkville Member

Debris flow deposits and diamicton; silty clay, silty clay loam, and clay, includes layers of sand and gravel

Lemont Formation, Batestown Member (Cross section only)

Debris flow deposits and diamicton; sandy loam to loam with abundant cobbles; includes layers of sand and gravel or silt and sorted sediment

Tiskilwa Formation (Cross section only)

Till, debris flow deposits, and outwash; clay loam to loam; includes lenses of sand and gravel.

#### ILLINOIS EPISODE



Glasford Formation (Cross section only)

Till and debris flow deposits (diamicton) and outwash (sand and gravel); the diamicton is bouldery in places with reddish brown, sandy loam to loam matrix, with abundant lenses, and channel fills of sand and gravel.

#### PALEOZOIC BEDROCK

Bedrock (Cross section only) Dolomite, shaly dolomite, and shale

Modified after Curry and Thomason (2012)

SITE AND REGIONAL GEOLOGY: IL 47 ANIMAL CROSSING CULVERT AT STATION 598+22, MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

SCALE: GRAPHICAL

**EXHIBIT 2** 

DRAWN BY: C. Marin CHECKED BY: L. lordache



1145 N. Main Street Lombard, IL 60148 www.wangeng.com

FOR STRAND ASSOCIATES, INC.

195-13-01



Legend

Culvert Borings

Scale

0 200 400 Feet

BORING LOCATION PLAN: IL 47 ANIMAL CROSSING CULVERT AT STATION 598+22, MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

SCALE: GRAPHICAL

EXHIBIT 3-1

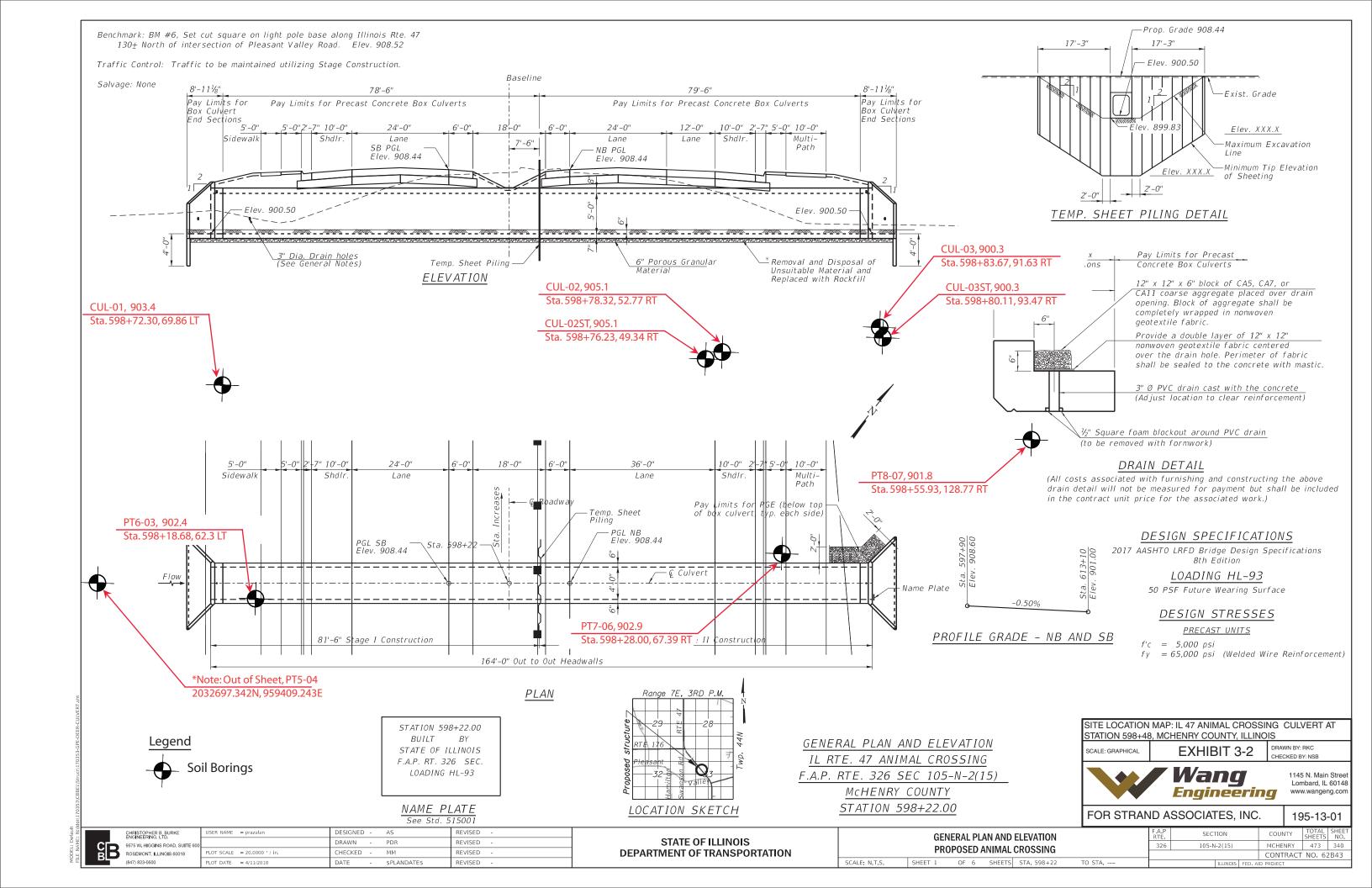
DRAWN BY: RKC CHECKED BY: NSB

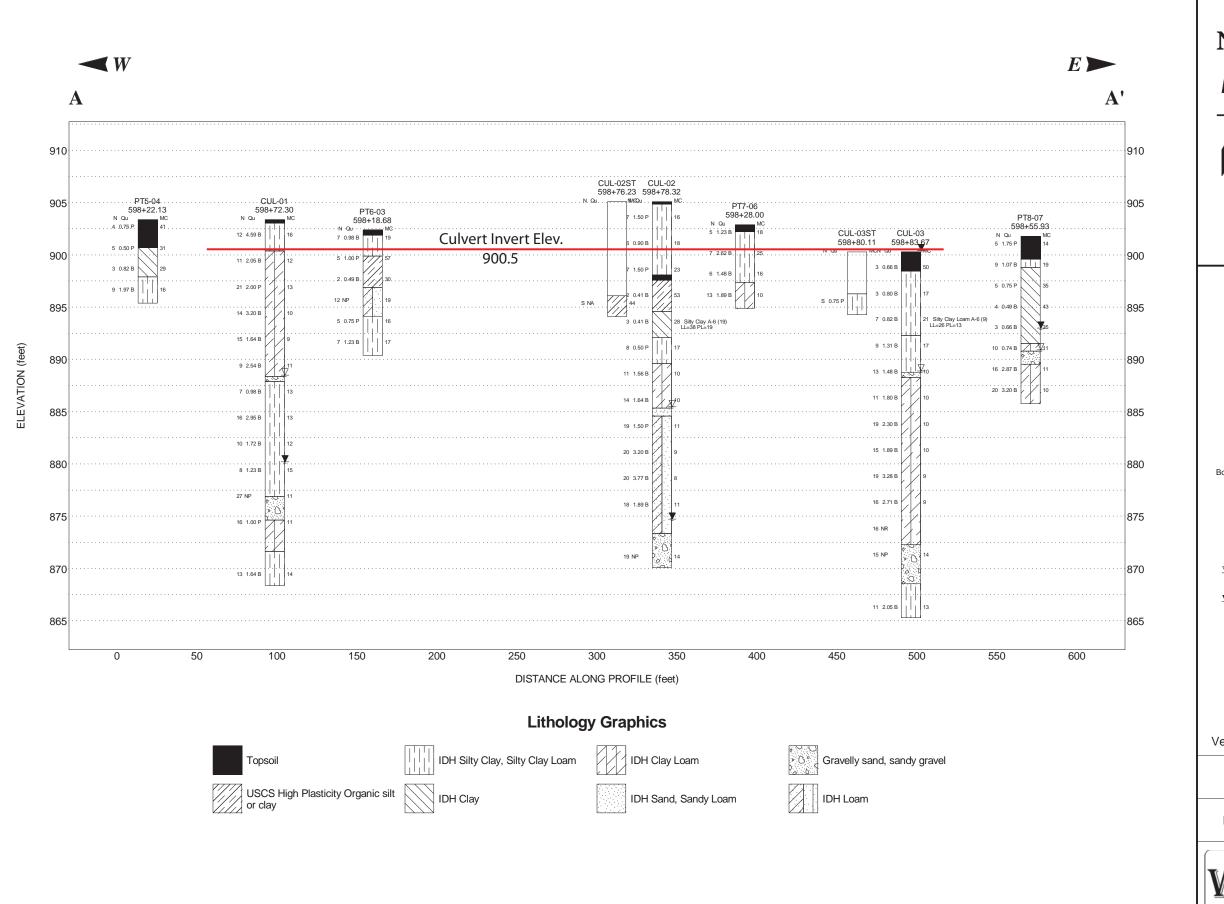


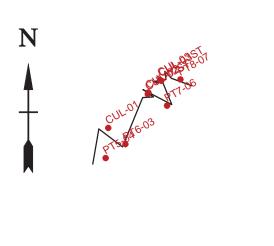
1145 N. Main Street Lombard, IL 60148 www.wangeng.com

FOR STRAND ASSOCIATES, INC.

195-13-01

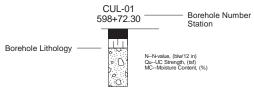






Site Map Scale 1 inch equals 220 feet

# **Explanation:**



Water Level Reading at time of drilling.
Water Level Reading 24-hr after drilling or at end of drilling



Horizontal Scale (feet)

Vertical Exaggeration: 6.5x

#### Wang Engineering, Inc.

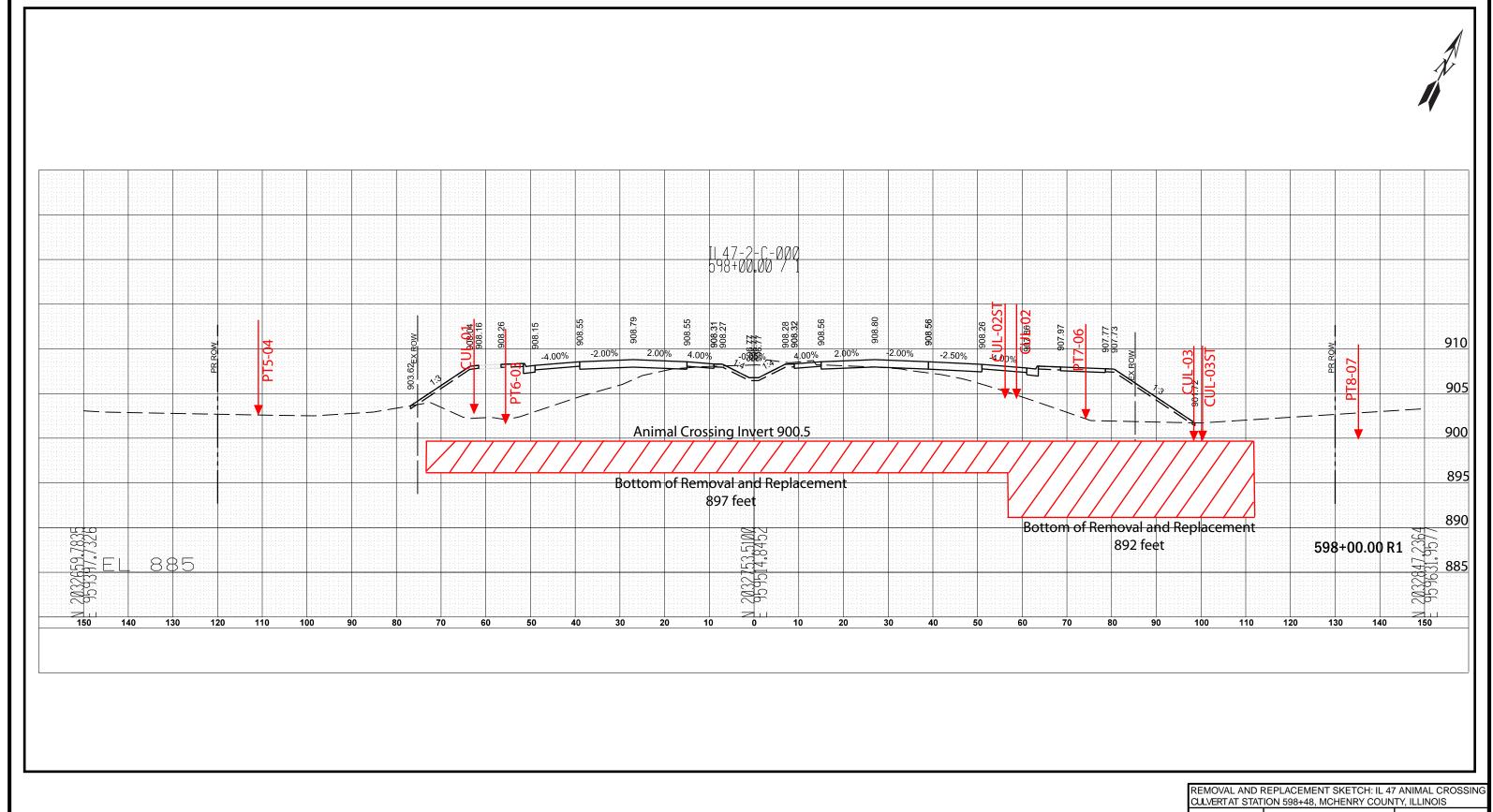
1145 N Main Street Lombard, IL 60148

Subsurface Data Profile
IL 47 Animal Crossing Culvert at Sta. 598+22,
McHenry County, Illinois



IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176 McHenry County, Illinois

ı	IOD NILIMBED	DI ATE NUMBER
ш	JOB NUMBER	PLATE NUMBER
	195-13-01	EXHIBIT 4



SCALE: GRAPHICAL

**EXHIBIT 5** 

DRAWN BY: RKC CHECKED BY: NSB



FOR STRAND ASSOCIATES, INC.

195-13-01

1145 N. Main Street Lombard, IL 60148



# APPENDIX A



#### LEGEND FOR BORING LOG

Relative Density of Non- Cohesive Soils								
N-Blows/ 12 inches	Relative Density Term							
0-3	Very Loose							
4-9	Loose							
10-29	Medium Dense							
30-49	Dense							
50-80+	Very Dense							

Consistency of Cohesive									
Unconfined Compressive Strength Qu, tsf	Consistency Term								
<0.25	Very Soft								
0.25-0.49	Soft								
0.50-0.99	Medium Stiff								
1.00-1.99	Stiff								
2.00-3.99	Very Stiff								
>4.00	Hard								

Rock Quality Designation (RQD)							
0-25% Very Poor							
25-50%	Poor						
50-75%	Fair						
75-90%	Good						
90-100%	Excelent						

Geoprobe

SS	= Split Spoon
ST	= Shelby Tube
SPT	= Standard Penetration Test
$Q_{\mathrm{u}}$	= Unconfined Compressive
	Strength
	NP = Non Plastic
	P = Pocket Penetrometer
	S = Shear failure of sample,
	Rimac test
	B = Bulge failure of sample,
	Rimac test
SSA	= Solid Stem Augers,
HSA	= Hollow Stem Augers,

Proportional Terms										
Trace	1-9	Pe								
Little	10-19	Percent Dry Weigh								
Some	20-34	de de la								
And	35-50	of t								
Gradatio	on Termi	inology								
Boulders	>200	)mm								
Cobbles	200mm	to 75mm								
Gravel	75mm	to 2mm								
Sand	2-0m 0.07									
Silt	0.074	mm to 2mm								
Clay	<0.00	)2mm								

**Relative Drilling Resistance (RDR)** 

Some Chatter - Moderate Advancement

No Chatter - Very Easy Drilling No Chatter - Easy Drilling

Relative Moisture Conditions									
Term	Description								
Dry	Dusty, No visible moisture								
Damp	Cohesives hard to mold; Granulars do not flow easily								
Moist	Cohesives can be molded; Granulars start to stick together								
Wet	Cohesives can be very easily molded and sticky; Granulars stick together easily								
Saturated	Only granular soils; Water drains freely from sample								

# Sample Type Symbols Split Spoon Rock Core In-situ Vane Shear Test Shelby Tube Spr = Standard Penetration Test No Recovery Shelby Tube Spr = Standard Penetration Test No Value is the sum of the second and the third numbers

(Rev. 05/23/2018)

**Auger Cuttings** 



# **BORING LOG CUL-01**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 903.40 ft North: 2032766.30 ft East: 959415.12 ft Station: 598+72.30 Offset: 69.86 LT

Profile	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	Depth (ft) Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	SOIL AND DESCRIP		Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
	903.14-inch thick, black SILTY CLAY  LOAM TOPSOIL-  Hard, brown SILTY CLAY, trace  gravel; damp RDR 2-		1	5 6 6	4.59 B	16					- - - -		9	3 5 5	1.72 B	12
	Stiff to very stiff, brown to gray SILTY CLAY LOAM to CLAY LOAM, trace gravel; dampRDR 2-	5	2	3 6 5	2.05 B	12		       					10	4 4 4	1.23 B	15
	cobbles-		3	7 10 11	2.00 P	13			dium dense, gra AVEL; saturate		3		11	27 16 11	NP	11
	CODDIES-	10	4	5 6 8	3.20 B	10			f, gray CLAY LC vel; damp	DAM, trace RDR	230		12	6 4 12	1.00 P	11
			5	4 7 8	1.64 B	9			f, gray SILTY C ce gravel; damp		_					
	888.4 887.9GRAVEL; saturated Medium stiff to very stiff, gray	15	6	3 5 4	2.54 B	11		868.4 Boi	ring terminated	at 35.00 ft	- - 35 -		13	7 8 5	1.64 B	14
8/8/18	SILTY CLAY LOAM, trace gravel damp to moistRDR 2-	$\exists \lor$	7	2 2 5	0.98 B	13					- - - -					
PJ WANGENG.GDT	GENERA	20	8 'ES	3 5 11	2.95 B	13				WATER L	- 40_			Α		
301.G Be					1	1-27	-20	)17	While Drilling		<u>-eve</u> V			00 ft		
ori Dri	Begin Drilling 11-27-2017 Complete Drilling 11-27-2017  Drilling Contractor Wang Testing Services Drill Rig D50 ATV [88%]  Driller K&N Logger T. Rothschild Checked by C. Marin  Drilling Method 2.25 IDA HSA; 140 Ib autohammer; Boring backfilled upon completion								At Completion of Time After Drilling Depth to Water The stratification between soil type	of Drilling ng  lines represen	NA NA t the app	roxim	<b>23.</b>	30 ft	у	



# **BORING LOG CUL-02**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 905.10 ft North: 2032847.66 ft East: 959507.08 ft Station: 598+78.32 Offset: 52.77 RT

Profile	SOIL AND ROCK HOOD DESCRIPTION	Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	DESC	AND RO	ON	Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
	904.93-inch thick, black to dark brown / SILTY CLAY LOAM /TOPSOIL/ Medium stiff to stiff, dark brown SILTY CLAY LOAM; trace gravelFILLRDR 2	-	1	2 2 5	1.50 P	16		Stiff	urated f to very st	GRAVEL tiff, pinkish to LOAM	RDR gray			9	7 8 11	1.50 P	11
	5_		2	4 3 3	0.90 B	18						- - 25_ -		10	7 8 12	3.20 B	9
	898.1 897.6Black CLAY LOAM		3	3 4 3	1.50 P	23						- - -		11	6 8 12	3.77 B	8
	Soft, dark gray ORGANIC SILTY CLAY to CLAY with organic matter; moistRDR 1organic content= 7.0%10		4	1 1 1	0.41 B	53						- - - 30_		12	5 7 11	1.89 B	11
	Soft, light gray CLAY to SILTY CLAY; wetRDR 1L <sub>L</sub> (%)=38, P <sub>L</sub> (%)=19%Gravel=0.1		5	1 1 2	0.41 B	28			dium dens AVEL; sa	se, gray Sa turated	ANDY	- - -					
	892.1%Sand=3.9%Silt=57.2%Clay=38.8A-6 (19)sand seams; moist Medium stiff, gray SILTY CLAY,		6	3 4 4	0.50 P	17		870.1			RDR	2 - - - 35	X	13	3 9 10	NP	14
	889.6trace gravel; moistRDR 2 Stiff, pinkish gray CLAY LOAM to LOAM; trace to little gravel; dampRDR 2		7	3 4 7	1.56 B	10		Вог	ing termin	nated at 35	5.00 IL	- - -					
WANGENGINC 1951301.GPJ WANGENG.GDT 8/8/18 III.D III.D See	885.4 20 <u>.</u>	- - ¥	8	3 5 9	1.64 B	10						- - - 40_					
	GENERAL I	TON	ĖS	<b>I</b>		l		1		WA	TER L	EVE	L D	ΔT	Α		
Beg Beg		mplete			1	0-23	3-20	17	While Dri			<u> </u>			75 ft		
ပို် Dril	ling Contractor Wang Testing Serv						<b>.</b>			etion of Dril	ling 2	<u>¥</u>		30.5	50 ft		
Dril									Time Afte	_	·······	NA					
BI Dril	ling Method 2.25 IDA HSA; 140 Ib a					_	ack	ktilled.	Depth to The stratif	Water fication lines to types; the	represent	NA the appr	roxima	ate b	oundar	/	
≥	upon completion	between s	oil types; the	actual tra	ansition r	nay b	e gra	dual.									



# **BORING LOG CUL-02ST**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 905.10 ft North: 2032843.89 ft East: 959505.71 ft Station: 598+76.23 Offset: 49.34 RT

Profile	2	Elevation (t) DE	L AND ROCK SCRIPTION	Depth (ft) Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	SOIL AND ROC DESCRIPTION		Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
WANGENGINC 1951301.GPJ WANGENG.GDT 8/8/18		896.1 Gray SILT	CENEDA	5	1	PUSH		44			WATE	ED I EVE					
01.GP	_	olo Delli	GENERA 40.24.2047					0.24	204	17		R LEVE					
19513(		gin Drilling	10-24-2017 Wang Testing S	Complete		-	1 יח				While Drilling	<u>Ş.</u>			RY PV		
		Iling Contractor	Wang Testing S								At Completion of Drilling	NΑ		ָע	RY		
		ller K8											· · · · ·				
NGE	Oril		3.25 IDA HSA; 140 I					_			The stratification lines ren	NA resent the ann	rovim	ate h	Olindan	,	
Š L		upon com	pletion	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u> .		between soil types; the ac	resent the app tual transition	may b	ale D <u>e gr</u> a	oundar <u>)</u> idual.	<i>y</i>	



# **BORING LOG CUL-03**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 900.30 ft North: 2032876.10 ft East: 959534.10 ft Station: 598+83.67 Offset: 91.63 RT

Profile	SOIL AND ROCK tde DESCRIPTION	Sample Type recovery Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ff)	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	Depth	Sample Type recovery	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
	22-inch thick, medium stiff, black SILTY CLAY LOAM, some organic matter TOPSOIL  Medium stiff, brown to gray SILTY CLAY LOAM, some fine sand and clay interbeds; wet	1	1 1 2	0.66 B	50				- - - -		9	5 8 11	3.28 B	9
	RDR 1 - - 5_	2	2 2 1	0.80 B	17				- - - 25_		10	6 8 8	2.71 B	9
	L <sub>L</sub> (%)=26, P <sub>L</sub> (%)=13 %Gravel=4.2 %Sand=11.4 %Silt=61.3 %Clay=23.1 A-6 (9)	3	2 3 4	0.82 B	21		872.3		- - - -		11	5 5 11	NR	
	Stiff, gray SILTY CLAY, trace gravel; dampRDR 2	4	3 4 5	1.31 B	17		Me	dium dense, gray GRAVI DARSE SAND; wet RD	ELLY - OR 2 - 30_		12	2 5 10	NP	14
	888.8  Stiff to very stiff, pinkish gray CLAY LOAM to SILTY LOAM,	5	9 7 6	1.48 B	10			ry stiff, gray SILTY CLAY AM; trace gravel RD	- - - - - PR 2					
	trace gravel; dampRDR 2 RDR 2 - - 15_	6	4 5 6	1.80 B	10		865.3 Bo	ring terminated at 35.00 f	- - 35_t		13	6 5 6	2.05 B	13
8/18	- - - -	7	10 10 9	2.30 B	10				- - -					
WANGENGINC 1951301.GPJ WANGENG.GDT 8/8/18		8	5 7 8	1.89 B	10				- - - 40_					
1.GPJ	GENERAL N	OTES	•	•				WATER	LEVE	L D	ΑT	Α		
Be Dr Dr	rilling Contractor Wang Testing Serviriller K&N Logger F. B	ozga	Orill Rig	ecked	by	ΓV [ C. M	88%] Iarin	While Drilling At Completion of Drilling Time After Drilling	Ş ¥ NA			50 ft 0 ft		
WANGE Dr	rilling Method 3.25 IDA HSA; 140 lb at upon completion				_			Depth to Water  The stratification lines repres between soil types; the actual					/	



# **BORING LOG CUL-03ST**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 900.30 ft North: 2032874.72 ft East: 959536.58 ft Station: 598+80.11 Offset: 93.47 RT

	Profile	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION		Sample Type recovery	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	SOIL AND ROC DESCRIPTION		Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
WANGENGINC 1951301.GPJ WANGENG.GDT 8/8/18		Drilled to 4 feet without samp  896.3 Medium stiff, brown to gray SILTY CLAY LOAM  894.3 Boring terminated at 6.00 ft	ling		1	$P \cup O \cup I$	0.75 P										
1.GPJ		GENEI		OTE	ES			1			WATE	R LEVE					
ENGINC 195130	Dri Dri	gin Drilling 10-23-2017  illing Contractor Wang Testin  iller K&N Logger	g Servic F. Bo	es ozga	. [ 3	Orill Rig	ecked I	<b>50 A</b>	TV [8	88%] .M	While Drilling At Completion of Drilling Time After Drilling Depth to Water	NA			RY RY		•••••
WANGE	DII	Illing Method 3.25 IDA HSA; 1						_		ıwea.	Depth to Water The stratification lines representation lines representation lines representation.	esent the apr	roximay b	ate b	oundar	у	



## **BORING LOG PT5-04**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc. Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176 Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 902.95 ft East: 959409.24 ft Station: 598+22.13

North: 2032697.34 ft Offset: 117.55 LT

	Profile	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	Deptn (ft) Sample Tvp	recovery Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
		32-inch thick, medium stiff, black SILTY CLAY LOAM, trace organicTOPSOIL		1	1 2 2 2	0.75 P	41									
		900.3  Medium stiff to stiff, brown and gray CLAY to SILTY CLAY; moistRDR 1		2	1 2 3 3	0.50 P	31									
		897.4 Stiff, brown SILTY CLAY LOAM,	5	3	2 1 2 3	0.82 B	29									
		trace gravel; dampRDR 2 894.9		4	3 4 5 6	1.97 B	16									
ľ	1.1.	Boring terminated at 8.00 ft	1													
			+													
			10_													
			4													
			1													
			]													
			+													
			1													
			]													
			15													
			]													
			+													
			1													
/8/18			]													
SDT 8			-													
ENG.0			+													
VANG			20_													
WANGENGINC 1951301.GPJ WANGENG.GDT 8/8/18		GENERAL	NO	TES	<u>.                                    </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	WATER	LEVE	L D	LLI AT	Ά		
1301.	Beg		Compl			1	12-19	-201	17	While Drilling	<u> </u>			RY		
C 195	Dri	Illing Contractor Wang Testing Se								At Completion of Drilling	<u>¥</u>		D	RY		
NGIN		iller <b>R&amp;K</b> Logger <b>F</b>								Time After Drilling	NA					
4NGE	Dri	illing Method 2.25 IDA HSA; 140 Ib					_	ack	filled	Depth to Water					у	
ا≨		upon completion	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>			<u>.</u>			between soil types; the actua						



# **BORING LOG PT6-03**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 902.40 ft North: 2032729.17 ft East: 959454.53 ft Station: 598+18.68 Offset: 62.3 LT

Profile		Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	SOIL AND ROC DESCRIPTION		Sample Type recovery	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
	901.96-inch thick, black SILTY CLAY  LOAM TOPSOIL  Medium stiff, brown and black SILTY CLAY; damp	-	1	1 3 4 4	0.98 B	19									
	Soft to stiff, black and gray SILTY CLAY, little to some organic matter; moist		2	2 2 3 4	1.00 P	57									
	RDR 2 5_ 896.9  Medium dense, gray LOAM;		3	1 1 1 2	0.49 B	30									
	moist to wetRDR 2		4	1 3 9 6	NP	19									
	Medium stiff to stiff, gray SILTY CLAY LOAM, trace gravel; dampRDR 2		5	3 2 3 6	0.75 P	16									
	890.4		6	2 3 4 7	1.23 B	17									
	Boring terminated at 12.00 ft	-													
	15_	-													
18	- -	-													
WANGENGINC 1951301.GPJ WANGENG.GDT 8/8/18		-													
PJ W/	CENEDAL N		==				<u> </u>		\A/A <b>T</b> F	DIEVE		Ļ	Λ.		
301.G	GENERAL N Begin Drilling 12-19-2017 Cor	nplete		ina	1	2-19	-201	17	While Drilling	R LEVE			A RY		
1951	Orilling Contractor Wang Testing Serv			-					At Completion of Drilling				RY		
	Driller N&J Logger T. Rot								Time After Drilling	NA					
ANGE	Orilling Method 2.25 IDA HSA; 140 lb a					_		filled	Depth to Water The stratification lines rep	resent the app	roxima	ate b	oundar	y	
≩L	upon completion								between soil types; the act	ual transition	may b	e gra	idual.		



# **BORING LOG PT7-06**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NAVD Elevation: 902.90 ft North: 2032817.50 ft East: 959549.94 ft Station: 598+28.00 Offset: 67.39 RT

Profile	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	(ft) Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	Depth (#)	Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)
	8-inch thick, black SILTY CLAY  902.2LOAM, trace gravelTOPSOIL/ Stiff to very stiff, black, brown and gray SILTY CLAY, trace gravel;	,	1	1 2 3 4	1.23 B	18									
	dampFILL		2	3 3 4 4	2.62 B	25									
	897.4 Stiff, brown CLAY LOAM, trace gravel; damp	5	3	2 3 3 5	1.48 B	16									
	894.9		4	5 6 7 6	1.89 B	10									
	Boring terminated at 8.00 ft	-													
	٠.														
	11	<u></u>													
		-													
		+													
		1													
		-													
	1:	5													
		-													
		1													
		}													
		-													
		}													
		]													
	2 OFNEDAL								\A/ATE						
Red	GENERAL gin Drilling 12-07-2017 C	NO I			-	12-07	'-20°	17	WATEI While Drilling	₹ LEVE Ÿ	LD	A I A			
Dril	lling Contractor Wang Testing Ser			-					At Completion of Drilling	<del>₹.</del>		DF			
Beç Dril									Time After Drilling	NA					
Dril	lling Method 2.25 IDA HSA; 140 lb	auto	ham	nmer;	Bor	ing b	ack	filled	Depth to Water	NA		4. 1			
; 	upon completion		<u></u>			<u>.</u>			The stratification lines repre- between soil types; the actu	sent the app al transition	roxima may be	ate bo	oundary dual.	/	



## **BORING LOG PT8-07**

WEI Job No.: 195-13-01

Client Strand Associates, Inc.

Project IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

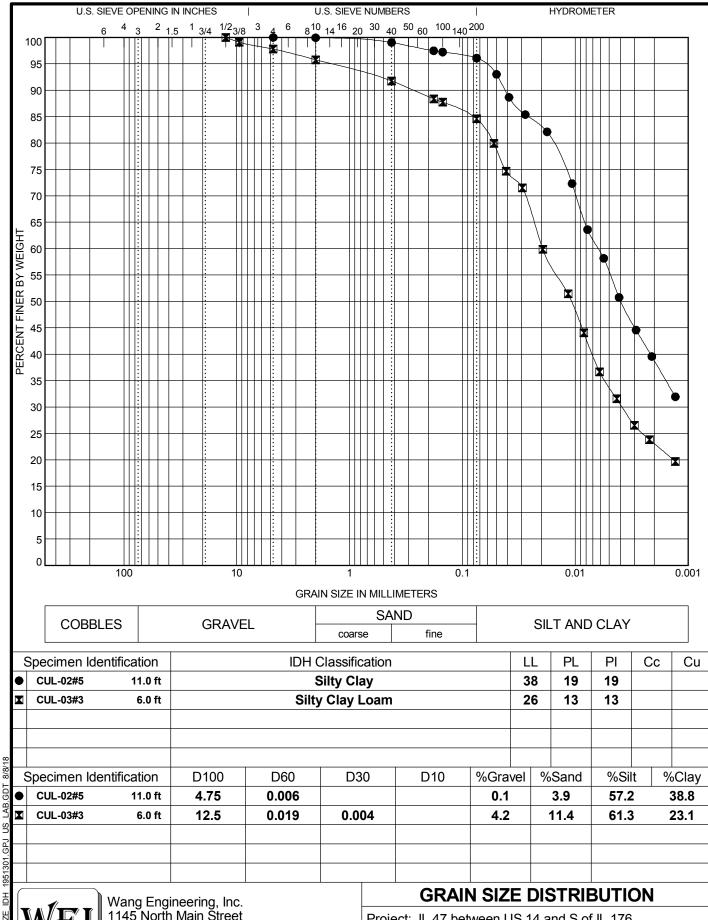
Location McHenry County, Illinois

Datum: NGVD Elevation: 901.80 ft North: 2032877.64 ft East: 959580.43 ft Station: 598+55.93 Offset: 128.77 RT

Profile	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	(ft) Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture Content (%)	Profile	Elevation (ft)	SOIL AN		Depth (#)	Sample Type	Sample No.	SPT Values (blw/6 in)	Qu (tsf)	Moisture
	26-inch thick, black SILTY CLAY LOAMTOPSOIL		1	1 2 3 4	1.75 P											
TT	Stiff, brown SILTY CLAY LOAM,  98.8trace gravel; damp FILL  Soft to medium stiff, black and		2	3 4 5 4	1.07 B	19										
	gray CLAY to SILTY CLAY; moist RDR 2	5	3	2 2 3 4	0.75 P	35										
			4	1 2 2 2	0.49 B	43										
			5	1 1 2 3	0.66 B	35										
8:	Medium stiff, brown CLAY  990.8LOAM, trace gravel; damp  Brown GRAVELLY SAND; saturated	¥ \	6	3 4 6 4	0.74 B	11										
***	Very stiff, brown CLAY LOAM, trace gravel; damp RDR 2		7	5 6 10 11	2.87 B	11										
8	385.8	5	8	7 9 11 12	3.20 B	10										
	Boring terminated at 16.00 ft	-														
	GENERAL	NOT	ES							WATFI	R LEVE	LD		Ā		
Begii		Complete			1	12-05	-20	17	While Drilling		Ş			00 ft		
Drilli	ng Contractor Wang Testing Se			-	D	50 A	TV [	88%]	At Completio	n of Drilling	<del>Ţ</del>		8.9	0 ft		
Drille	00								Time After D		NA					
	ing Method 2.25 IDA HSA; 140 Ib					_			Depth to Wa		NA	rovim	ata h	oundos	,	
	upon completion								The stratificat between soil t	ypes; the actu	al transition	may b	e gra	idual.	'	



# APPENDIX B



SINCE 1982

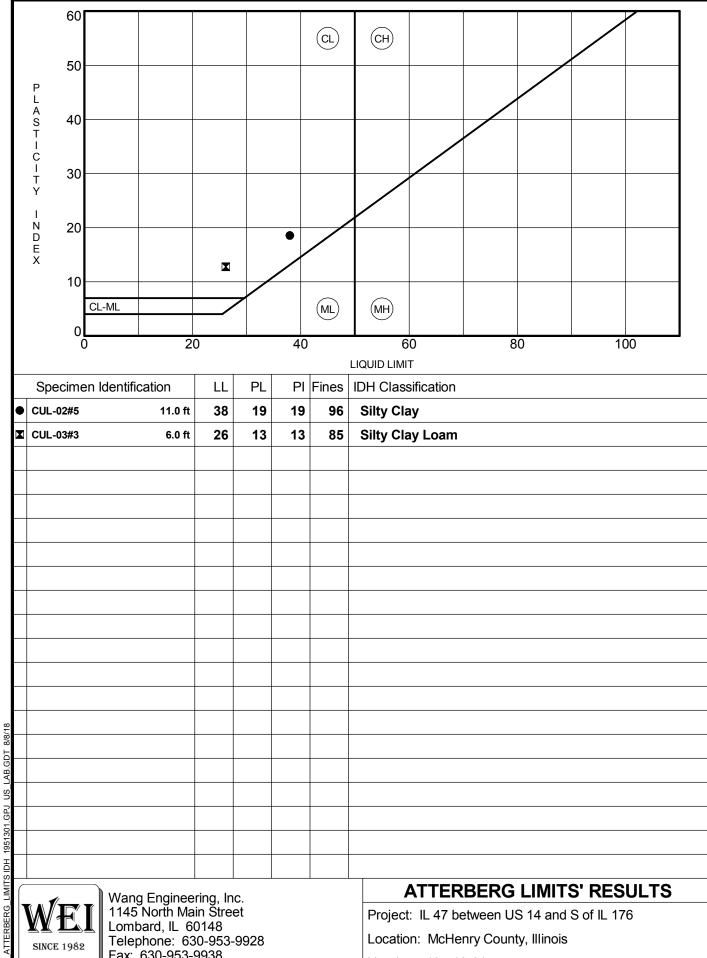
1145 North Main Street Lombard, IL 60148

Telephone: 630-953-9928 Fax: 630-953-9938

Project: IL 47 between US 14 and S of IL 176

Location: McHenry County, Illinois

Number: 195-13-01



SINCE 1982

Telephone: 630-953-9928

Fax: 630-953-9938

Location: McHenry County, Illinois

Number: 195-13-01



#### ONE-DIMENSIONAL CONSOLIDATION TEST AASHTO T 216 / ASTM D 2435

Project: Illinois Route 47 Client: Strand Associates, Inc. Soil Sample ID: Boring CUL-02ST, ST#1, 9 to 11 feet		Tested by: M. Snider		
		Prepared by: M. Snider		
		Test date: 12/15/2017		
Sample Description: Gray SI CLA	Y	WEI: 195-13-01		
Initial sample height =	0.787 in	Ring diameter =	2.505 in	
Initial sample mass =	110.25 g	Ring mass =	63.49 g	
Initial water content =	44.02%	Initial sample and ring mass =	173.74 g	
Initial dry unit weight =	75.20 pcf	Tare mass =	63.49 g	
Initial void ratio =	1.157	Final ring and sample mass =	161.65 g	
Initial degree of saturation =	98.89%	Mass of wet sample and tare =	162.18 g	
		Mass of dry sample and tare =	140.04 g	
Final sample mass =	98.69 g	Initial dial reading =	0.01000 in	
Final dry sample mass =	76.55 g	Final dial reading =	0.18018 in	
Final water content =	28.92%	LL=	%	
Final dry unit weight =	95.95 pcf	PL=	%	
Final void ratio =	0.691	% Sand=		
Final degree of saturation =	100.00%	% Silt=		
Estimated specific gravity =	2.60	% Clay=		
		In-Situ Vertical Effective Stress =	1400 psf	
Compression and Swel	ling Indices			
Compression index $C_c =$	0.448	Preconsolidation 1	pressure,s <sub>C</sub>	
Field compared C -	0.401	Casagranda Mathad -	1925 nof	

Compression index $C_c =$	0.448	Preconsolidation press	sure,s <sub>C</sub>
Field corrected $C_c =$	0.491	Casagrande Method =	1835 psf
Swelling index $C_s =$	0.112	Over-Consolidation Ratio (OCR) =	1.31

Load number	Vertical stress	Dial reading	System deflection	Vertical strain	Void ratio	$C_{\rm v}$	Cae	Elapsed time
	psf	in	in	%		ft <sup>2</sup> /day	%	min
1	100.0	0.00932	0.00047	-0.03	1.158	N/A	N/A	720
2	200.0	0.01015	0.00066	0.10	1.155	0.1200	0.00	720
3	500.0	0.01597	0.00087	0.87	1.139	0.0506	0.14	720
4	1000.0	0.03003	0.00138	2.72	1.099	0.0267	0.37	960
5	2000.0	0.05713	0.00198	6.24	1.023	0.0205	0.79	960
6	4000.0	0.09524	0.00425	11.37	0.912	0.0190	0.98	1440
7	8000.0	0.13865	0.00648	17.17	0.787	0.0195	1.28	1440
8	16000.0	0.18529	0.00903	23.42	0.652	0.0194	1.42	1440
9	32000.0	0.22799	0.01063	29.05	0.531	0.0212	0.91	720
10	8000.0	0.22479	0.00809	28.32	0.546	N/A	N/A	2880
11	2000.0	0.20759	0.00386	25.60	0.605	N/A	N/A	720
12	500.0	0.18180	0.00183	22.06	0.681	N/A	N/A	1440

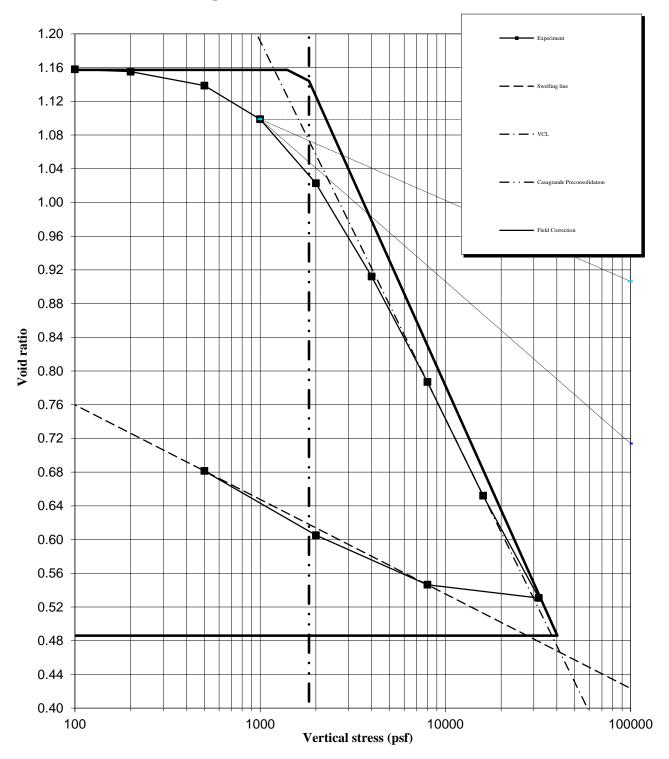
Prepared by:	Date:
Checked by:	Date:





## **CONSOLIDATION CURVE**

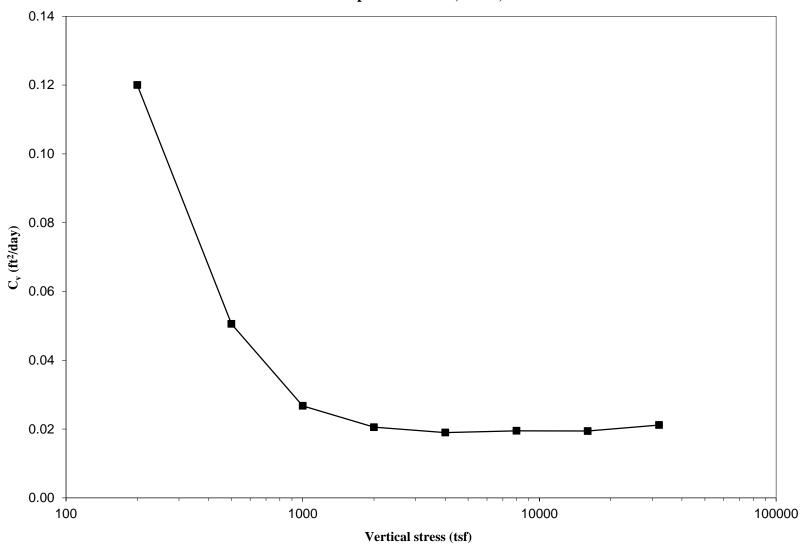
Sample CUL-02ST, ST#1, 9 to 11 feet







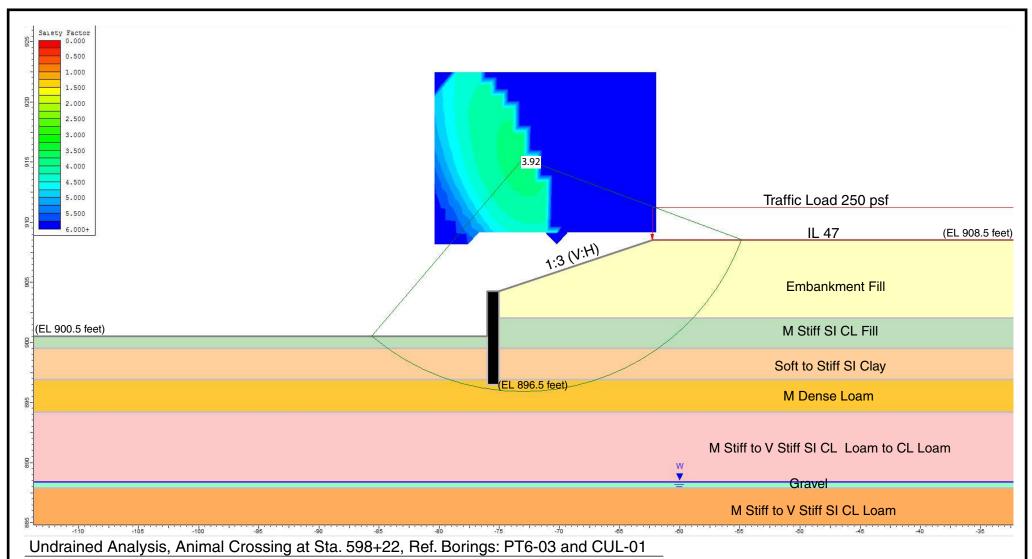
# CONSOLIDATION COEFFICIENT (C<sub>v</sub>) vs. VERTICAL STRESS Sample CUL-02ST, ST#1, 9 to 11 feet





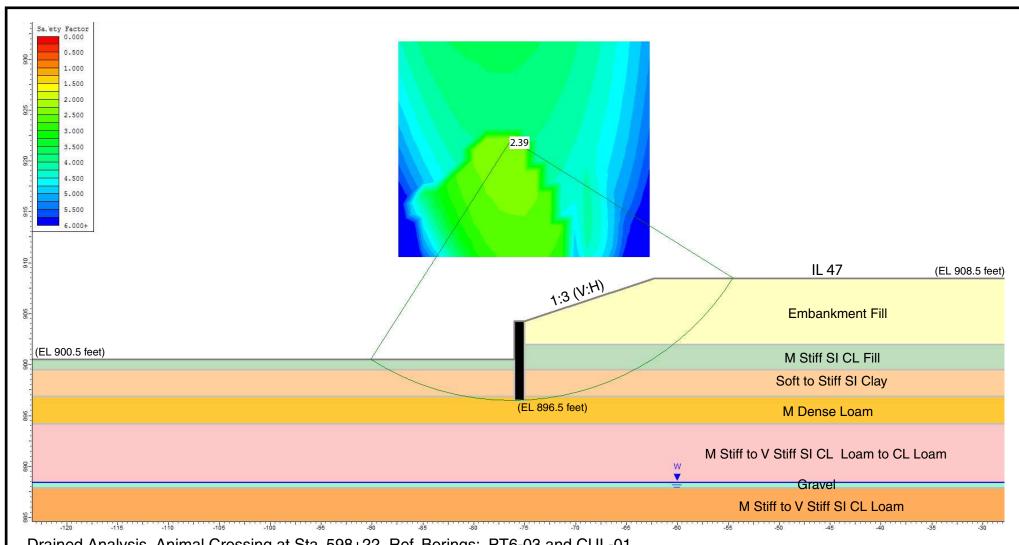


# APPENDIX C



Layer ID	Description	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Undrained Cohesion (psf)	Undrained Friction Angle (degrees)
1	Embankment Fill	125	1000	0
2	M Stiff SI CL Fill	115	950	0
3	Soft to Stiff SI Clay	115	750	0
4	M Dense Loam	115	0	30
5	M Stiff to V Stiff SI CL Loam to CL Loam	120	2000	0
6	Gravel	115	0	30
7	M Stiff to V Stiff SI CL Loam	120	1700	0

GLOBAL STABILITY ANALYSIS: IL 47 ANIMAL CROSSING CULVERT AT STATION 598+22, MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS					
SCALE: GRAPHICAL	APPENDIX C-1	DRAWN BY: RKC CHECKED BY: NSB			
W	<b>Wang Engineering</b>	1145 N. Main Street Lombard, IL 60148 www.wangeng.com			
FOR STRAND	ASSSOCIATES, INC.	195-13-01			



Drained Analysis, Animal Crossing at Sta. 598+22, Ref. Borings: PT6-03 and CUL-01

Layer ID	Description	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained Cohesion (psf)	Drained Friction Angle (degrees)
1	Embankment Fill	125	100	30
2	M Stiff SI CL Fill	115	0	29
3	Soft to Stiff SI Clay	115	0	29
4	M Dense Loam	115	0	30
5	M Stiff to V Stiff SI CL Loam to CL Loam	120	100	31
6	Gravel	115	0	30
7	M Stiff to V Stiff SI CL Loam	120	100	31

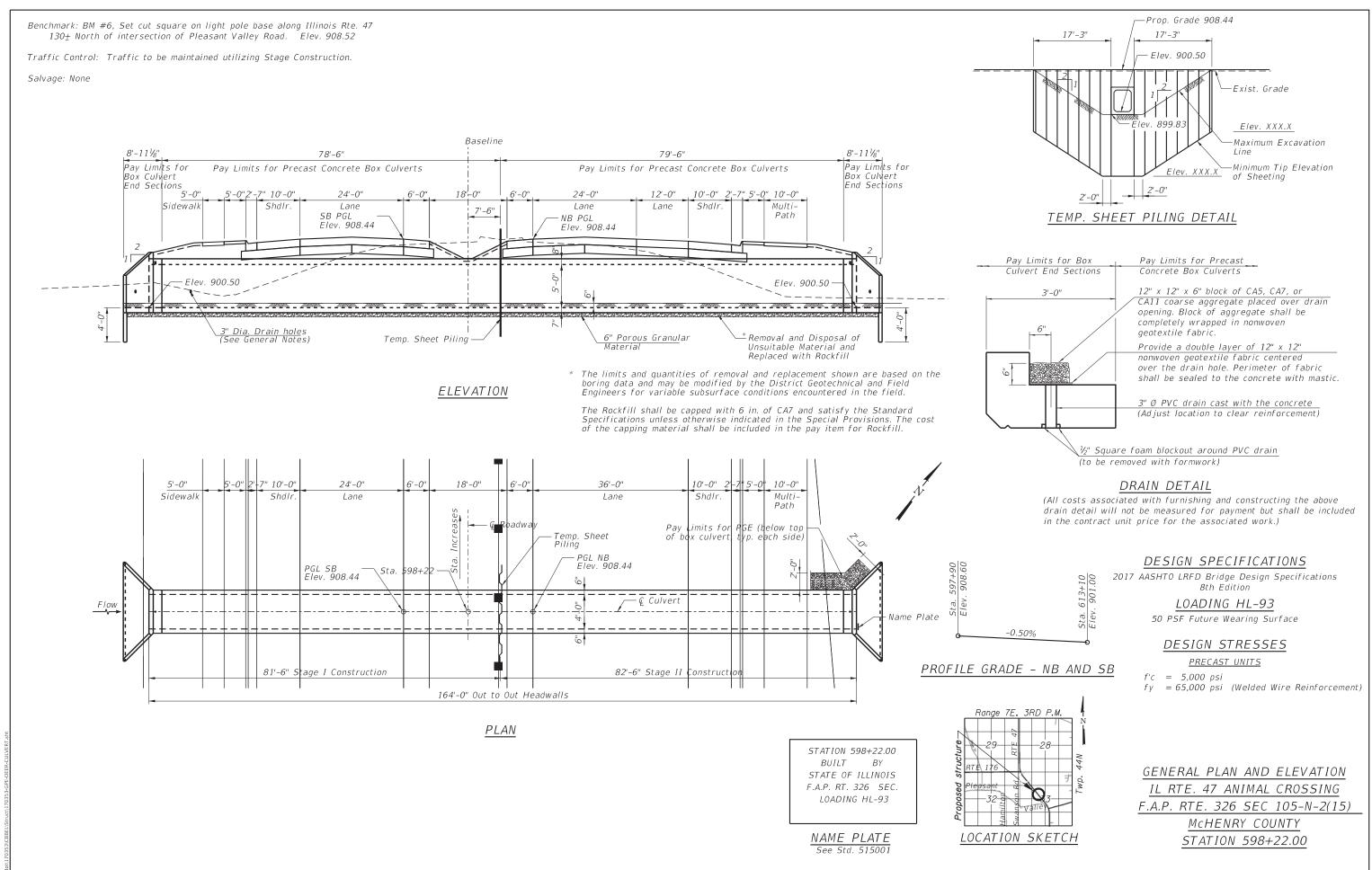
GLOBAL STABILITY ANALYSIS: IL 47 ANIMAL CROSSING CULVERT AT STATION 598+22, MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS DRAWN BY: RKC **APPENDIX C-2** SCALE: GRAPHICAL CHECKED BY: NSB **Wang** Engineering 1145 N. Main Street Lombard, IL 60148 www.wangeng.com

195-13-01

FOR STRAND ASSSOCIATES, INC.



# APPENDIX D



SER NAME = prazalan DESIGNED -AS REVISED CHRISTOPHER B. BURKE ENGINEERING, LTD. DRAWN PDR REVISED 9575 W. HIGGINS ROAD, SUITE HECKED REVISED ROSEMONT, ILLINOIS 60018 DATE REVISED LOT DATE = 4/11/2018 SPLANDATES

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

					ELEVATION CROSSING	
SHEET	1	OF	6	SHEETS	STA. 598+22	TO STA

SCALE: N.T.S.

#### GENERAL NOTES

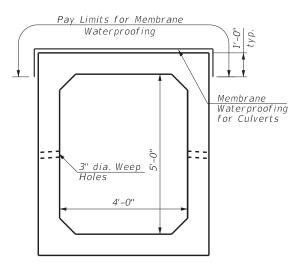
- 1 The design fill height for this box is 3'-0". The precast box culvert sections shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C 1577.
- 2. Drain holes shall be provided on exterior culvert walls for each precast box segment with a clear rise greater than 3 ft. The drain hole shall be located within 1/3 of the clear rise of the box culvert, shall not intercept the haunch, and shall conform to the requirements of Article 503.11 of the Standard Specification.
- 3. The 6 in. thick layer of porous granular material required for the precast concrete box culvert per Art. 540.06 of the Standard Specifications shall also apply to the end sections. Cost of the porous granular material will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the unit price of the work for which it is required.
- 4. Nonwoven geotextile fabric shall conform to the requirements of Art. 1080.01 of the Standard Specifications. The minimum weight of the fabric shall be 6 ounces per square yard.
- 5. Precast concrete box culverts and box culvert end sections shall be backfilled with Porous Granular Embankment below the top of the box culvert extending to a vertical plane 2 ft from the exterior sides of the culvert, 2 ft from the back face of the end sections, and not closer than 2 ft from the face of embankment.

#### INDEX OF SHEETS

- General Plan and Elevation
- 2 General Notes, Index of Sheets and Total Bill of Materials
- 3 Stage Construction Details
- Temporary Concrete Barrier for Stage Construction
- 5 6 Precast Concrete Box Culvert Apron End Section Details

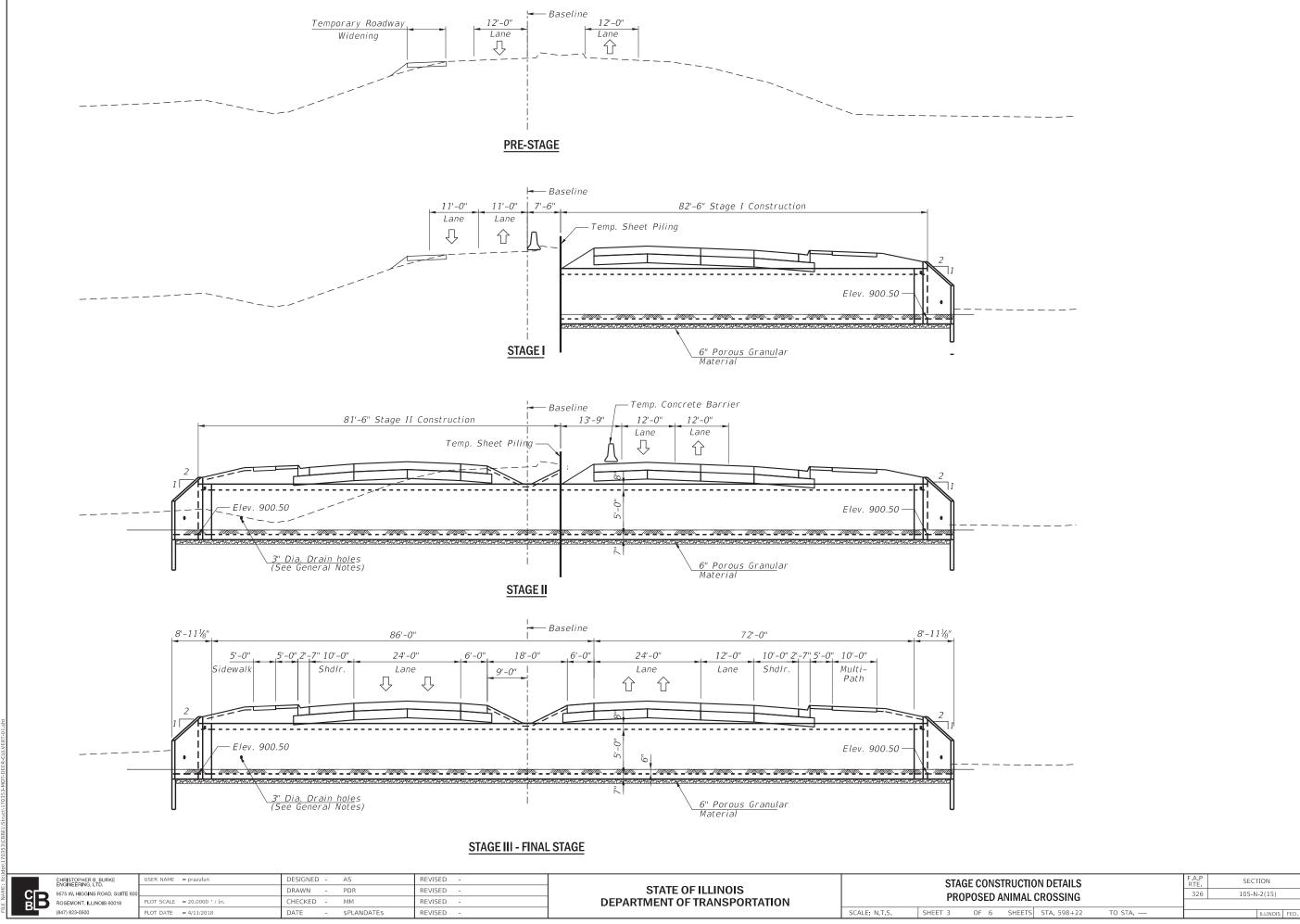
#### TOTAL BILL OF MATERIAL

ITEM	UNIT	TOTAL
Porous Granular Embankment	Cu. Yd.	203
Structure Excavation	Cu. Yd.	314
Removal and Disposal of Unsuitable Material	Cu. Yd.	55
for Structures		
Name Plates	Each	1
Temporary Sheet Piling	Sq. Ft.	677
Box Culvert End Sections, Culvert No. 1	Each	2
Precast Concrete Box Culverts 4' X 5' (Special)	Foot	158
Membrane Waterproofing for Buried Structures	Sq. Yd.	128
Rock Fill	Cu. Yd.	55



MEMBER WATERPROOFING FOR PRECAST CULVERTS

LE NAME: N:\Jdot\170353\CBBEL



**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION** 

SHEET 3 OF 6 SHEETS STA. 598+22

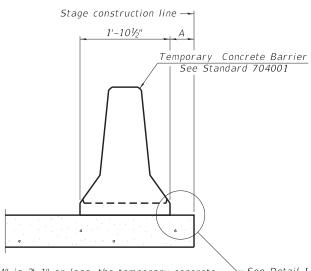
COUNTY TOTAL SHEETS NO.

MCHENRY 473 342

CONTRACT NO. 62B43

LOT SCALE = 20.0000 ' / in.

REVISED



When "A" is 3'-1" or less, the temporary concrete barrier shall be restrained to the new slab according to Detail I. No restraint is required when "A" is greater than 3'-1".

NEW PAVEMENT

is required when "A" is greater than 3'-1". \* When hot-mix asphalt wearng surface is present, embedment shall be 3" plus the wearing surface depth.

EXISTING PAVEMENT

Stage removal line

Temporary Concrete Barrier

See Standard 704001

6" min.

Drill 3-11/4" Ø Holes in existing slab for

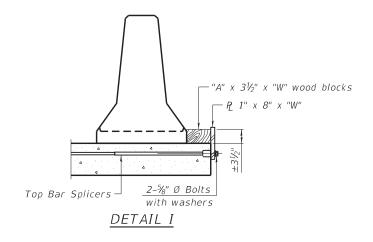
1" Ø restraining pins. Traffic side only.

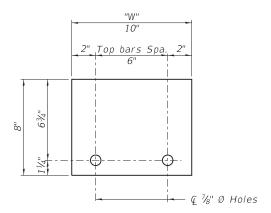
Cost of restraining pins are included with

Temporary Concrete Barrier. No restraint

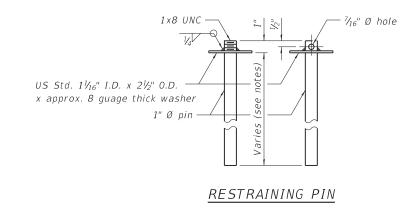
1'-101/2"

### SECTIONS THRU PAVEMENT





STEEL RETAINER P 1" x 8" x "W"



Cost of retainer assembly is included with Temporary Concrete Barrier. A retainer assembly shall be located at the approximate  ${\mathfrak C}$  of each temporary concrete barrier.

The retainer plate shall not be removed until the concrete on the adjacent stage is ready to be poured.

When the 'A' dimension is less than  $1\frac{1}{2}$ ", the wood block shall be omitted and the barrier shall be placed in direct contact with the steel retainer plate.

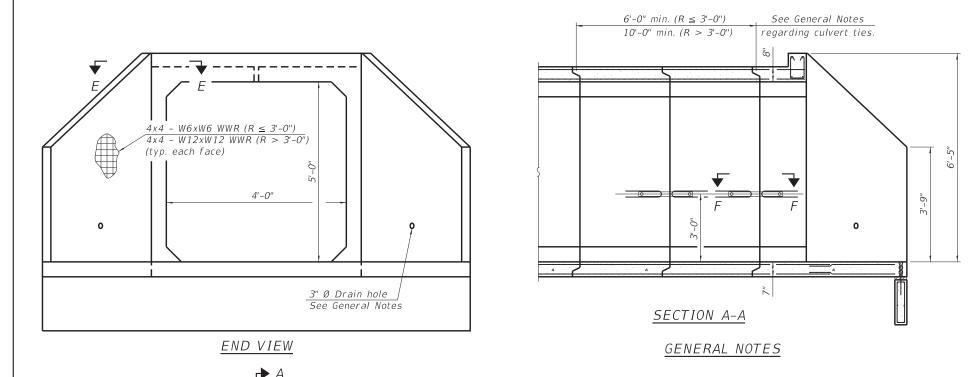
Detail I - Installation for a culvert.

CHRISTOPHER B. BURKE ENGINEERING, LTD.
9575 W. HIGGINS ROAD, SUITE 600
ROSEMONT, ILLINOIS 60018
(847) 823-0500

PHER B. BURKE RING, LTD.	USER NAME = prazalan	DESIGNED - AS	REVISED -
HIGGINS ROAD, SUITE 600		DRAWN - PDR	REVISED -
NT, ILLINOIS 60018	PLOT SCALE = 2.0000 ' / in.	CHECKED - MM	REVISED -
-0500	PLOT DATE = 4/11/2018	DATE - \$PLANDATE\$	REVISED -

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER FOR STAGE CONSTRUCTION	F.A.P RTE	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	
	326	105-N-2(15)	MCHENRY	473	343
			CONTRACT	NO. 62	2B43
SCALE: N.T.S.   SHEET 4 OF 6 SHEETS   STA. 598+22 TO STA	ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				



Culvert Ties (typ.)

1'-0"

### APRON END SECTION DIMENSIONS

Span (S)	Rise (R)	Tt	Tb	Ts	А	В	С	D	E	Concrete Cu. Yd.	Culvert Ties Required
4'-0"	5'-0"	8"	7"	6"	6'-5"	3'-9"	5'-1111/8"	8'-5"	17'-11½"	7.1	Yes

Two sets of apron end section dimensions are shown above for some box culvert sizes due to the top and bottom slabs having different thicknesses per ASTM C 1577 for design fill heights less than 2 ft.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

SCALE: N.T.S.

|--|

HRISTOPHER B. BURKE NGINEERING, LTD.	USER NAME = prazalan	DESIGNED - AS	REVISED -
575 W. HIGGINS ROAD, SUITE 600		DRAWN - PDR	REVISED -
OSEMONT, ILLINOIS 60018	PLOT SCALE = 2.0000 ' / in.	CHECKED - MM	REVISED -
847) 823-0500	PLOT DATE = 4/11/2018	DATE - \$PLANDATE\$	REVISED -

· - - -

See Section D-D

17'-11½"

PLAN

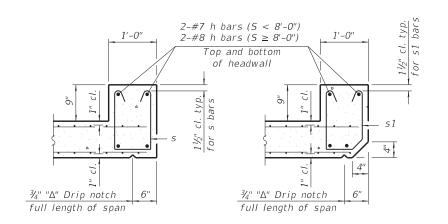
**|►** B

---

 $\frac{4x4 - W6xW6 \ WWR \ (Tb \le 5")}{4x4 - W12xW12 \ WWR \ (Tb > 5")}$ 

(typ. top and bottom)

<u> </u>					
PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT APRON END	F.A.P RTE. SECTION		COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
CECTION DETAILS DRODOSED ANIMAL CROSSING	326	105-N-2(15)	MCHENRY	473	344
SECTION DETAILS - PROPOSED ANIMAL CROSSING			CONTRACT	NO. 62	2B43
S SHEET 5 OF 6 SHEETS STA 508±22 TO STA		THE PROOF SEED AS	D DDOLECT		



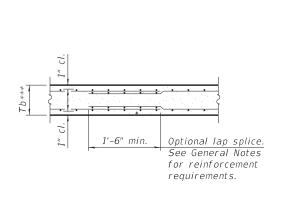
SECTION B-B

SECTION E-E

31/8"

BAR s1

SECTION B-B (Top slab at upstream end)



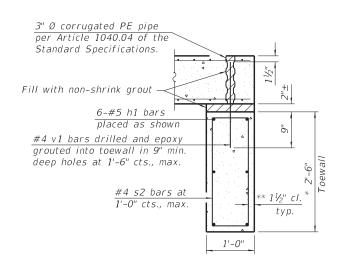
SECTION B-B (Bottom Slab)

SECTION C-C

1'-6"

1" cl.

Bonded construction joint



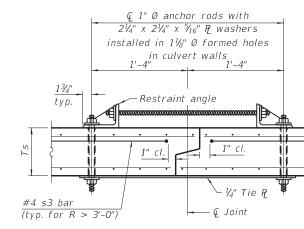
SECTION D-D

#### (Top slab at downstream end)

#4 s or s1 bars at spacing = Tt

(Spacing need not be less than 8")

\*\*\* This dimension shall be increased by 2" for CIP construction.



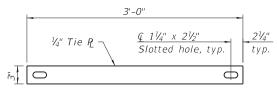
SECTION F-F (Showing culvert tie details)

#### TOEWALL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE 1. Perform excavation and construct toewall. 2. Backfill accordingly and place bedding for precast box culvert end sections. Set precast box culvert end section.

- 4. Drill and epoxy grout reinforcement in toewall in accordance with Section 584 of the Standard Specifications.
- 5. Pressure grout voids using non-shrink grout conforming to Section 1024 of the Standard Specifications.
- \* The Contractor may furnish a precast or cast-in-place toewall. The Contractor shall be responsible for the strength and stability of the precast toewall during handling. Additional lifting points may be required depending upon the length of the toewall or the Contractor may need to modify the design of the toewall for the proposed handling method.
- $^{**}$  If soil conditions permit, the sides of the toewall may be poured directly against the soil. The clear cover on the sides of the toewall shall be increased to 3" by increasing the thickness of the toewall.

Q 11/4" Ø hole for 1" Ø anchor rod with 21/4" x 21/4" x 5/16" bottom leg of angle

### RESTRAINT ANGLE DETAIL



1" Ø anchor rods for the culvert ties shall conform to the requirements of ASTM F1554, Grade 105. Structural steel for the tie plate and restraint angle shall conform to the requirements of Article 1006.04 of the Standard Specifications. All components of the culvert tie detail shall be galvanized according to the requirements of AASHTO M 111 or M 232 as applicable.  $2\frac{1}{4}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{16}$ " plate washers shall be provided under each nut required for the anchor rods. Anchor rods connecting precast sections shall be brought to a snug tight condition followed by an additional  $lac{1}{2}$  turn on one of the nuts for anchor rods installed in the walls. Match marks shall be provided on the bolt and nut to verify relative rotation between the bolt and the nut. Holes in the walls for the culvert tie assembly may be drilled using core bits in lieu of using formed holes.

TIE PLATE DETAIL

SCALE: N.T.S.

REVISED STATE OF ILLINOIS REVISED REVISED **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION** REVISED

BAR s3

		(Sh	eet 2 of	2)								
PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT APRON END				F.A.P RTE	SECTION			COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.		
CECTION DETAILS DRODOSED ANIMAL CROSSING				326	105-N-2(15)			MCHENRY	473	345		
SECTION DETAILS - PROPOSED ANIMAL CROSSING						CONTRACT	NO. 62	2B43				
	SHEET 6	OF 6	SHEETS	STA. 598+22	TO STA		ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT					

9"

BAR s

JSER NAME = prazalan DESIGNED -AS DRAWN -PDR OT SCALE = 2.0000 ' / in. HECKED -DATE LOT DATE = 4/11/2018 SPLANDATES

9"

BAR s2