April 26, 2024 Letting

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 68I01 WOODOFORD County Section (X3-16RA)I-15 Route FAI 74 District 4 Construction Funds

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. **TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS**. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. April 26, 2024 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 68I01
WOODOFORD County
Section (X3-16RA)I-15
Route FAI 74
District 4 Construction Funds

Rehabilitation to existing lagoon at the eastbound I-74 Mackinaw Dells Rest Area.

- 3. **INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman, Secretary

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2024

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction

(Adopted 1-1-22) (Revised 1-1-24)

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STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2022 (revised January 1, 2024), the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAI Route 74 (I-74), Section (X3-16RA)I-15, Woodford County, Contract No. 68I01 and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

This project is located at the Eastbound Mackinaw Dells Rest Area on Interstate 74 east of Goodfield, Illinois in Woodford County.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

This project consists of rehabilitating the existing lagoon at the Eastbound Mackinaw Dells Rest Area. The project consists of removal of the existing sanitary system, aeration system and lagoon sludge, followed by the installation of new aeration and sanitary systems. The project also includes re-working the existing clay subgrade with bentonite to form a new clay impervious lagoon liner.

LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND STATE MAINTAINED FACILITIES

Effective: August 3, 2007 Revised: July 31, 2009

The Contractor shall be responsible for locating existing and proposed IDOT electrical facilities (traffic signal, overhead lighting, Intelligent Transportation System, etc.) prior to performing any work at his/her own expense if required. The Contractor shall also be liable for any damage to IDOT facilities resulting from inaccurate locating.

The Contractor may obtain, on request, plans for existing electrical facilities from the Department.

The Contractor shall also be responsible for locating and providing protection for IDOT facilities during all phases of construction. If at any time the facilities are damaged, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Department and make all necessary arrangements for repair to the satisfaction of the Engineer. This work will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the contract bid price.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: February 7, 2024

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," the applicable guidelines contained in the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," these Special Provisions, and any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

Special attention is called to Section 701 and Articles 107.09 and 107.14 of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" and the following Highway Standards relating to traffic control:

This work shall consist of blocking off a section of the existing Rest Area parking lot for equipment staging, as well as restricting pedestrian access to any ground openings. The Contractor shall place traffic control devices, including barrels and/or barricades, to prevent access to the staging area. The Contractor shall also place construction fence to prevent pedestrian access to any ground opening during the sanitary sewer removal and installation. This work will be done in coordination with the Engineer.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (SPECIAL), which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

The following plan is to be used as a guide for constructing this project: General Notes:

 The eastbound rest area will be closed during construction. The contractor may use the site(s) for staging materials and equipment during construction. Any disturbance to the site must be restored at the completion of construction.

Sanitary Sewer Line Notes:

- 1. The intention is to replace existing clay tile sanitary sewer lines and manholes.
- 2. An electrical feed line to each lagoon from the main rest area building shall be placed in the same trench excavation as the sanitary sewer line but offset 12" on a shelf to the side.
- 3. Sewer marking tape shall be placed in the sanitary sewer excavation trench 12" above the top of the sewer main pipe.
- 4. All removed materials shall be hauled from the site and disposed of properly. The Contractor is responsible for hauling waste materials and securing any permits for disposal.

Lagoon Notes:

- Existing sludge and wastewater shall be removed from rest area lagoon and either land applied at an approved location or hauled to another wastewater treatment facility for processing. The Contractor is responsible for obtaining permits for land application or coordination with another wastewater treatment facility for processing. The quantity of sludge is noted on the plans.
- 2. The existing sanitary sewer pipe into the lagoon shall be replaced prior to reshaping and installing the new clay liner. The proposed sanitary sewer pipe shall be installed to a point approximately one third of the distance between the far shoreline and the nearest baffle location and be centered in this portion of the first cell of the lagoon. Similarly, the effluent pipe from the lagoon may be installed from the center of the rock filter area to the outside of the lagoon berm as shown on the plans. At least two (2) anti-seep collars are required on the inlet and exit pipes. Details are included in the plans.
- 3. After all sludge and wastewater has been removed from the lagoon, the lagoon shall be allowed to dry enough that the lagoon bottom can be excavated down to reshape the bottom and replace the clay liner. Once the bottom has been reshaped, a minimum of 24" of new clay liner shall be installed. The top of the new clay liner shall match the proposed elevations in these plans.
- 4. Once the clay liner has been installed, the lagoon liner shall be tested using permeability testing. Test results shall meet the requirements outlined in the plans.
- 5. The aeration equipment inside the lagoon can be installed after the lagoon liner has passed permeability testing.
- 6. Installation of the new access road, rock filter, baffles, fiberglass aeration building, and other items can be completed.
- 7. All aeration systems shall be tested in accordance with the manufacturer's startup and testing instructions.
- 8. Wastewater can be introduced only after all testing is completed.

REMOVE EXISTING RIPRAP

This work shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of the existing Rock Filter of various stone sizes at the north end of the Eastbound lagoon. The Contractor shall remove the existing Rock Filter in its entirety from the area shown in the plans and dispose of it in accordance with Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Cubic Yard for REMOVE EXISTING RIPRAP which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

PLUMBING EQUIPMENT, ACCESSORIES AND RELATED SYSTEMS

This work shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of the existing aeration system and installation of the new Aeration System as shown on the Aeration Plan sheet and related detail sheets. This item shall include furnishing and installation of feeder tubes from the Blower Shed, stainless steel disk modules, header pipe, header pipe support posts, all piping as required per detail sheets for the rock filter aeration, two (2) floating baffles and any other feature that results in a fully operational lagoon aeration system. Any material or installation for the system not specifically listed as a different pay item shall be included in this item.

The Contractor shall submit a formal submittal from the vendor(s) detailing the proposed Aeration System. The Engineer shall verify the system complies with these specifications and the plan details. Any proposed Aeration System equivalent must include calculations sealed by an Illinois Professional Engineer, detailing oxygen demand/supply and fluid mixing, while utilizing the proposed lagoon grading per the plans.

Acceptable Aeration System vendors:

- 1. Air Diffusion Systems (ADS)
- 2. Approved Equivalent

The Contractor shall submit a formal submittal from the vendor(s) detailing the proposed Floating Baffle system. The Engineer shall verify the system complies with these specifications. Any proposed Floating Baffles equivalent must comply with these specifications.

Specifications:

- a. Two (2) Metal Earth Anchors, with one (1) PCC Mid-Basin Anchor
- b. Lifting Lines at 20-Foot Centers
- c. Bolt Chain-Stop at 20-Foot Centers
- d. 5/8-Inch Hot-Dipped Galvanized Chain in Thermal Welded Chain Sleeve for Baffle Ballast Weight
- e. ¼-Inch Stainless Steel Mooring Cable in Thermal Welded Cable Sleeve
- f. 6-Inch Diameter by 8-Foot-Long Foam Float Sections in Float Sleeve
- g. 30-millimeter XR-5 Geomembrane for Baffle

Acceptable Floating Baffle vendors:

- 1. IEC
- 2. Approved Equivalent

The applicable WASTEWATER SPECIFICATIONS for this item are:

016500 System Startup

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for PLUMBING EQUIPMENT, ACCESSORIES AND RELATED SYSTEMS which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

SANITARY SERVICE CLEANOUT

This work shall consist of all labor, material and equipment necessary to excavate and install sixinch tee, riser with frame and cover, and the connection to the existing sanitary sewer services as depicted in the plans.

An EJIW 1566 (NEENAH R-1975-A2) cast iron frame and cover (cast with the letter "S") shall be utilized for all sanitary cleanouts.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price Each for SANITARY SERVICE CLEANOUT installed, which price will include all excavation, bedding, backfill (including trench backfill), furnishing and installing the 6" PVC pipe and fittings, screw cap, frame and cover and making the connection to the existing service.

UTILITY STRUCTURE REMOVAL

This work shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of the existing baffles in the Eastbound Rest Area lagoon.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for UTILITY STRUCTURE REMOVAL which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

SANITARY SEWER REMOVAL 8"

This work shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of sanitary sewers. The Contractor shall remove the existing sanitary sewer in the area shown in the plans and dispose of it in accordance with Section 551 of the Standard Specifications.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Foot for SANITARY SEWER REMOVAL, 8" which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

MANHOLE REMOVAL

This work shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of the existing sanitary manholes as shown on the plan sheets.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for MANHOLE REMOVAL which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

LAGOON SLUDGE PUMPING AND DISPOSAL LOCATION NO. 1

This work shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of existing sludge of the Eastbound Rest Area Lagoon. The Contractor shall remove the existing sludge in the as shown in the plans and disposal shall be in accordance with the sludge removal IEPA permit.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for LAGOON SLUDGE PUMPING AND DISPOSAL LOCATION NO. 1 which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

FURNISHED EXCAVATION (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of the earthwork required to grade the lagoon to the final grades as shown on the plans, including re-working of the existing clay subgrade with bentonite. The re-worked layer shall be 24" in thickness and have a maximum permeability of 1x10^-7 cm/sec. Any clearing or vegetation removal required to complete this work is incidental this pay item.

Subject to the approval of the Engineer, the contractor shall have the option of removing the existing clay subgrade to a depth of 24" and replacing it with a new impervious layer, 24" in depth, that also has a maximum permeability of 1x10^-7 cm/sec. Any earth excavation, removal and disposal of the existing clay required for this option shall not be paid for separately but included in the unit cost per Cubic Yard for FURNISHED EXCAVATION (SPECIAL).

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Cubic Yard for FURNISHED EXCAVATION (SPECIAL) which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

SPECIAL STRUCTURE

This work shall consist of the installation of a new blower shed for the aeration system at the locations shown on the plans and in accordance with shed details. This item includes the furnishing and installation of two 7.5 HP compressors, gauges, valves, lighting, exhaust fan, heater, conduit and wiring, and all other related features that result in a fully operational Blower Shed. Any material or installation required for the proper operation of the Blower Shed not specifically listed as a different pay item shall be included in this item.

In any case where the listed Wastewater Specifications and SSRBC Sections disagree, the SSRBC shall govern.

The applicable Sections of the SSRBC are:

- 1. Section 801 Electrical Requirements
- 2. Section 806 Grounding
- 3. Section 811 Exposed Raceways
- 4. Section 817 Cable in Raceway

The applicable WASTEWATER SPECIFICATIONS for this item are:

- 1. 014100 Regulatory Requirements
- 2. 016500 System Startup
- 3. 016600 Product Storage and Handling Requirements
- 4. 133423 Fiberglass Reinforced Polymer Shelter
- 5. 233400 HVAC Fans
- 6. 233700 Air Outlets and Inlets
- 7. 260500 Common Work Results for Electrical Systems
- 8. 260519 Low Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables
- 9. 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems
- 10. 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems
- 11. 262416 Panelboards
- 12. 262419 Motor Control Centers
- 13. 262816 Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers

This work will include furnishing and installing a new blower shed to a fully operating condition and will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for SPECIAL STRUCTURE which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

MANHOLES, SANITARY, 4' DIAMETER, TYPE 1 FRAME, CLOSED LID

This work shall consist of the installation of a new Sanitary Manhole at the locations as shown in the plans and in accordance with this special provision.

The applicable WASTEWATER SPECIFICATIONS for this item are:

• 334101 Sanitary Sewage System

This work will include furnishing and installing a Sanitary Manhole and will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for MANHOLES, SANITARY, 4' DIAMETER, TYPE 1 FRAME, CLOSED LID which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of the installation of a concrete foundation for the SPECIAL STRUCTURE for the aeration system at the location shown on the plans, according to the SPECIAL STRUCTURE detail sheet, and in accordance with Section 503 of the Standard Specifications. The PCC Mix shall be Class SI.

The applicable WASTEWATER SPECIFICATIONS for this item are:

133423 Fiberglass Reinforced Polymer Shelter

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS (SPECIAL) which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of the furnishing and installation of all necessary electrical items at the locations as shown in the plans and in accordance with this special provision. This work includes:

- 1. Electric Service Install within Rest Area Building (see Sheet E501)
 - a. Electrical Items include:
 - i. Breakers
 - ii. Conduit
 - iii. Electric Cable
- 2. Electric Cable to Compressor Shed (see sheet E501)
 - a. Electrical Items include:
 - i. (4) 1/0 AWG CU w/ (1) #4 AWG CU EGC (415 LF)
 - b. Underground Conduit paid for separately.

An electrical feed line to each lagoon from the main rest area building shall be placed in the same trench excavation as the sanitary sewer line but offset 12" on a shelf to the side.

In any case where the listed Wastewater Specifications and SSRBC Sections disagree, the SSRBC shall govern.

The applicable Sections of the SSRBC are:

- 1. Section 801 Electrical Requirements
- 2. Section 806 Grounding
- 3. Section 810 Underground Raceways
- 4. Section 811 Exposed Raceways
- 5. Section 816 Unit Duct
- 6. Section 817 Cable in Raceway

The applicable WASTEWATER SPECIFICATIONS for this item are:

- 1. 014100 Regulatory Requirements
- 2. 016500 System Startup
- 3. 016600 Product Storage and Handling Requirements
- 4. 024100 Demolition
- 5. 260519 Low Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables
- 6. 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems
- 7. 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems
- 8. 262416 Panelboards
- 9. 262419 Motor Control Centers
- 10. 262816 Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL) which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

ROCK FILL (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of the installation of a new Rock Filter at the northern end of the lagoon, in accordance with Sections 282 and 283 of the SSRBC and in accordance with the Rock Filter Detail sheet in the plan set.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Cubic Yard for ROCK FILL (SPECIAL) which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

FENCE REMOVAL

This work shall consist of the removal and proper disposal of the existing fence. The Contractor shall remove the existing fence in the areas shown in the plans and dispose of it.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Foot for FENCE REMOVAL which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

SANITARY SEWER, 8"

This work shall consist of the installation of new Sanitary Sewer pipe at the locations as shown in the plans and in accordance with this special provision.

An electrical feed line to each lagoon from the main rest area building shall be placed in the same trench excavation as the sanitary sewer line but offset 12" on a shelf to the side. Sewer marking tape shall be placed in the sanitary sewer excavation trench 12" above the top of the sewer main pipe.

This work shall also consist of installing clean-outs, the PCC anti-seep collars and PCC pipe supports/splash pad as shown on the Lagoon Details sheet. Furnishing and installing these items shall be considered included in the lineal foot cost of the pay item.

The applicable WASTEWATER SPECIFICATIONS for this item are:

• 334101 Sanitary Sewage System

This work will include furnishing and installing Sanitary Sewer of the size specified and will be paid for at the contract unit price per Foot for SANITARY SEWER, 8" which price shall include all equipment and labor to complete the work.

WASTEWATER SPECIFICATIONS

The following specifications are to be used in conjunction with previously listed special provisions. (See following pages.)

EB MACKINAW DELL REST AREA LAGOON, SECTION 014100 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Illinois Department of Transportation East Bound – Mackinaw Dell Rest Area Lagoon

April 2024

SECTION 014100 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Work included:

- 1. The Contractor shall comply with applicable provisions of the:
 - a. Local Building, Electrical, and Plumbing Codes.
 - b. "The Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code" NFPA 30/30A, National Fire Protection Association.
 - c. State of Illinois State Fire Marshall rules and regulations.
 - d. Illinois Environmental Protection Agency rules and regulations.
 - e. OSHA
- The Contractor shall include all items of labor and materials required to meet such codes, regardless of the failure to mention in the Specifications, or to show on the Plans. Where the plans or specifications are in excess of the corresponding requirements, the specifications and plans shall govern.

B. Permits:

1. The Owner will be responsible for all permits required to perform the work.

END OF SECTION 014100

April 2024

SECTION 016500 SYSTEM START-UP

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- Procedures and actions, required of the Contractor, which are necessary to achieve and demonstrate Substantial Completion.
- 2. Requirements for Substantial Completion Submittals.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Project Classified System (PCS): A defined part of the Project, consisting of an arrangement of items, such as equipment, structures, components, piping, wiring, materials, or incidentals, so related or connected to form an identifiable, unified, functional, operational, safe, and independent system.

B. Pre-Demonstration Period:

- The period of time, of unspecified duration after initial construction and installation activities during which Contractor, with assistance from manufacturer's representatives, performs in the following sequence:
 - Finishing type construction work to ensure each PCS has reached a state of Substantial Completion.
 - b. Equipment start-up.
 - Equipment and systems training for Owner's operations and maintenance personnel.

C. Demonstration Period:

- 1. A period of time, of specified duration, following the Pre-Demonstration Period, during which the Contractor initiates process flow through the Project Classified System and starts up and operates the Project Classified System, without exceeding specified downtime limitations, to prove the functional integrity of the mechanical and electrical equipment and components and the control interfaces of the respective equipment and components comprising the Project Classified System as evidence of Substantial Completion.
- All costs through completion of Demonstration shall be in Lump-Sum Base Bid Contract Price.

D. Commissioning Period:

- A period of time, of specified duration, during which the Owner, with Contractor support, introduces raw untreated water into the facility.
- During the liquid and solids stream commissioning periods, the associated processes are brought to full operational status and the Owner assumes full operation and maintenance.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- Submit in the chronological order listed below prior to the completion of the Pre-Demonstration Period:
 - 1. Master operation and maintenance training schedule:

April 2024

- Submit 60 days (minimum) prior to first training session for Owner's personnel.
- b. Training shall be scheduled over a period of greater than 60 days.
- c. Schedule to include:
 - 1) Target date and time for Owner witnessing of each system initial start-up.
 - Target date and time for Operation and Maintenance training for each system, both field and classroom.
 - 3) Target date for initiation of Pre-Demonstration and Demonstration Periods.
- d. Submit for review and approval by Owner.
- e. Include holidays observed by Owner.
- f. Attend a schedule planning and coordination meeting 90 calendar days prior to first anticipated training session:
 - Provide a status report and schedule-to-complete for requirements prerequisite to manufacturer's training.
 - 2) Identify initial target dates for individual manufacturer's training sessions.
- g. Schedule to be resubmitted until approved.

2. Substantial Completion Submittal:

- a. File Contractor's Notice of Substantial Completion and Request for Inspection.
- Approved Operation and Maintenance Manuals received by Engineer minimum 1 week prior to scheduled training.
- c. Written request for Owner to witness each system pre-demonstration start-up.
- d. Equipment installation and pre-demonstration start-up certifications.
- Letter verifying completion of all pre-demonstration start-up activities including receipt of all specified items from manufacturers or suppliers as final item prior to initiation of Demonstration Period.

3. Pre-demonstration Start-up Plan:

- Schedule for Manufacturer's installation certification and start-up of equipment or systems:
 - Submit at least 21 days prior to first system start-up.
 - 2) Indicate plan, procedures, checklist, and log format.
- b. Include plan for Management of Water Used for Pre-Demonstration Start-Up as required in this Specification Section. Describe use of clean water (potable water, dewatering well water, etc.) or treated effluent from the existing Water Protection Facility for start-up of various systems and how water will be provided, handled, and disposed.
- c. Include log/documentation format:
 - Documentation shall include:
 - a) Log and description of problems, outages, failures, and alarms.
 - b) Description of any corrective action taken.
 - c) Log of calibration settings.
 - d) Any calculations or pertinent information.
 - e) Other information requested by Owner during review.
- 4. Pre-demonstration Period Equipment Start-up Notices:
 - Provide written request to Owner to witness each system Pre-Demonstration Start-Un
 - b. Request to be received by Owner minimum 1 week before start-up activities.

5. Training Materials:

- Submit written outlines of proposed training sessions not less than 21 days prior to scheduled training.
- b. Provide complete training materials to include operation and maintenance data as required in this section to be retained by trainee.
- Upon completion of training session, submit log of attendees and copy of materials distributed and retained by trainees.

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- Notice of Training Session:
 - Submit Notice of Training Session to confirm date, time, location, and agenda of each training session not less than 7 days prior to each session so that Owner may schedule staff.
 - Owner reserves the right to insist on a minimum 7 days' notice of rescheduled b. training session not conducted on notified date for any reason.
 - Unless specified in individual Specification Sections, training sessions may not be C held until systems/equipment have been started-up, the corresponding final O&M Manuals have been approved and delivered, and the corresponding Training Materials have been submitted.

7. Quality Control Submittals:

- Manufacturer's Certificate of Proper Installation:
 - When specified in the individual Specifications, submit certificate certifying:
 - The product or system has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, inspected by the manufacturer's authorized representative, and serviced with the proper lubricants.
 - Necessary safety equipment has been properly installed.
 - c) Electrical and mechanical connections have been made meeting quality and safety standards and as required.
 - Free from undue stress imposed by exterior connections or loads.
 - Adjustments have been made and the product or system is ready for e) testing, facilities startup, and operation.
- b. Certificate of Successful Start-up: Prepare and submit upon completion of successful testing and startup of respective equipment system, subsystem, or
- Log of manufacturer's representative present. C.
- Completed log/checklists for start-up of each system. d.
- e. Certifications of calibration for analytical instruments and testing equipment.

Demonstration Period Plan:

- Functional and performance test plan and schedule for testing and demonstration of equipment, units, and systems.
- b. Submit at least 21 days prior to start of related testing. Indicate test plan and procedures.
- Include log/documentation format: C.
 - Documentation shall include:
 - Operational scenarios utilized or simulated during demonstration.
 - b) Log and description of problems, outages, failures, and alarms.
 - Description of any corrective action taken. c)
 - Log of changes in operations, settings, flows, etc. d)
 - Any calculations or pertinent information. e)
 - f)
 - Contractor's written certification that the equipment or system performs as specified.
 - Other information required by Owner during review.
- Notice of Completion of Pre-Demonstration Period:
 - File Contractor's Notice that all Pre-Demonstration Period tasks are completed and project is ready for Demonstration Period:
 - Notice represents that Contractor certifies that the project has reached a state of tentative Substantial Completion and will be Substantially Completed after successful completion of Demonstration Period.
 - Notice shall include a Request for Inspection.
 - Notice shall represent that all Pre-Demonstration tasks have been 3) completed, specifically including the following:

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- a) Pre-Demonstration Start-Up of systems: Notice given to Owner for each system start-up.
- b) Personnel Training.
- c) Quality Control Submittals.
- Approval and submission of all shop drawings, O&M Manuals, and Miscellaneous Submittals.
- e) Receipt of all specified items from manufacturers or suppliers as final items prior to initiation of Demonstration Period: Includes any spare parts and special tools.
- 10. Demonstration Period Notice of Test:
 - Submit Notice of Test (functional or performance) to confirm date, time, location, and plan for each of Demonstration Period tests:
 - 1) Submit not less than 10 days prior to each functional test.
 - 2) Submit not less than 21 days prior to performance test.
 - Owner reserves the right to insist on a minimum 10 days' notice of rescheduled tests not conducted on notified date for any reason.
- 11. Demonstration Period Test Reports:
 - To be submitted at the completion of the Demonstration Period.
 - Provide functional and performance log/testing reports, in a format acceptable to Owner.
 - Provide certification that function, and performance test has been completed and is acceptable for each piece of equipment.
 - d. Provide certification that facility is ready for commissioning (process startup) by the Owner

1.4 COST OF STARTUP

- A. Pre-Demonstration and Demonstration:
 - Contractor to include all costs in Bid associated with System Start-up through the successful completion of the Demonstration Period.
- B. Commissioning:
 - Contractor to include costs in Bid associated with commissioning including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Provide same-day response to correct control or mechanical problems associated with equipment operation during commissioning.
 - b. Assisting Owner personnel in making initial control mode and set-point changes.
 - c. Bringing Work to Final Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - (NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS SECTION)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Facility startup activities are divided into the following periods:
 - 1. Pre-Demonstration Period including:
 - Completion of construction work to bring Project to a state of Substantial Completion.

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- b. Startup of Equipment.
- Training of Owner's operation and maintenance personnel. C.
- Completion of the filing of all required submittals. d
- Filing of Contractor's Notice of Substantial Completion and Request for Inspection.
- Commissioning Period including:
 - Assisting Owner personnel in new Water Treatment Plant process startup.

3.2 PREDEMONSTRATION PERIOD

- Completion of Construction Work: Complete the work to bring the Project to a state of substantial completion.
- Equipment Startup:
 - Requirements for individual items of equipment are included in these Specifications.
 - 2. Prepare the equipment so it will operate properly and safely and be ready to demonstrate functional integrity during the Demonstration Period.
 - 3. Perform Equipment Startup to extent possible without introducing product flow:
 - Test tanks, pumping and similar equipment requiring a fluid supplied at Contractor's expense.
 - 4. Procedures include but are not necessarily limited to the following:
 - Test or check and correct deficiencies of:
 - Power, control, and monitoring circuits for continuity prior to connection to power source.
 - 2) Voltage of all circuits.
 - 3) Phase sequence.
 - Cleanliness of connecting piping systems. 4)
 - 5) Alignment of connected machinery.
 - 6) 7) 8) Vacuum and pressure of all closed systems.
 - Lubrication.
 - Valve orientation and position status for manual operating mode.
 - 9) Tankage for integrity using clean water.
 - 10) Pumping equipment using clean water.
 - 11) Instrumentation and control signal generation, transmission, reception, and response.
 - Tagging and identification systems. 12)
 - 13) All equipment: Proper connections, alignment, calibration, and adjustment.
 - Calibrate all safety equipment.
 - Manually rotate or move moving parts to assure freedom of movement.
 - "Bump" start electric motors to verify proper rotation.
 - Perform other tests, checks, and activities required to make the equipment ready for Demonstration Period.
 - Documentation:
 - Prepare a log showing each equipment item subject to this paragraph and listing what is to be accomplished during equipment Start-up:
 - Provide a place for the Contractor to record date and person accomplishing required work.
 - Submit completed document before requesting inspection for b) Substantial Completion certification.
 - 5. Obtain certifications, without restrictions or qualifications, and deliver to Engineer:
 - Manufacturer's equipment installation check letters.
 - Instrumentation Supplier's Instrumentation Installation Certificate.
- C Personnel Training:

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- See individual equipment Specification Sections.
- Conduct all personnel training after completion of Equipment Startup for the equipment for which training is being conducted:
 - Personnel training on individual equipment or systems will not be considered completed unless:
 - All pre-training deliverables are received and approved before 1) commencement of training on the individual equipment or system.
 - No system malfunctions occur during training.
 - All provisions of field and classroom training specifications are met.
 - b. Training not in compliance with the above will be performed again in its entirety by the manufacturer at no additional cost to Owner.
- Field and classroom training requirements: 3
 - Hold classroom training onsite.
 - Notify each manufacturer specified for onsite training that the Owner reserves the b. right to video record any or all training sessions. Organize each training session in a format compatible with video recording.
 - Training instructor: Factory trained and familiar with giving both classroom and C. "hands-on" instructions.
 - d. Training instructors:
 - Be at classes on time. 1)
 - Session beginning and ending times to be coordinated with the Owner and 2) indicated on the master schedule.
 - Normal time lengths for class periods can vary, but brief rest breaks should 3) be scheduled and taken.
 - Organize training sessions into maintenance verses operation topics and identify on schedule.
 - Plan for minimum class attendance of 12 people at each session and provide sufficient classroom materials, samples, and handouts for those in attendance.
 - Instructors to have a typed agenda and well-prepared instructional material:
 - 1) The use of visual aids, e.g., films, pictures, and slides is recommended for use during the classroom training programs.
 - 2) Deliver agendas to the Engineer a minimum of 7 days prior to the classroom training
 - 3) Provide equipment required for presentation of films, slides, and other visual
 - In the onsite training sessions, cover the information required in the Operation and h Maintenance manuals submitted according to Section 01340 and the following areas as applicable to equipment.
 - Operation of equipment.
 - Lubrication of equipment.
 - 2) 3) Maintenance and repair of equipment.
 - 4) 5) Troubleshooting of equipment.
 - Preventive maintenance procedures.
 - Adjustments to equipment.
 - Inventory of spare parts.
 - 6) 7) 8) Optimizing equipment performance.
 - 9) Capabilities.
 - 10) Operational safety.
 - 11) Emergency situation response.
 - Takedown procedures (disassembly and assembly).
 - Address above Paragraphs 1), 2), 8), 9), 10), and 11) in the operation sessions. Address above Paragraphs 3), 4), 5), 6), 7), and 12) in the maintenance sessions. i.
 - Maintain a log of classroom training provided including: Instructors, topics, dates, time, and attendance.

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- D. Complete the filing of all required submittals:
 - Shop Drawings.
 - 2. Operation and Maintenance Manuals.
 - 3. Training material.
- E. Filing of Contractor's Notice of Substantial Completion and Request for Inspection of Project:
 - File the notice when the following have been completed:
 - a. Construction work (brought to state of Substantial Completion).
 - b. Equipment Startup.
 - c. Personnel Training.
 - Submittal of required documents.
 - Engineer will review required submittals for completeness within 5 calendar days of Contractor's notice. If complete, Engineer will complete inspection of the Work, within 10 calendar days of Contractor's notice.
 - Engineer will inform Contractor in writing of the status of the Work reviewed, within 4 calendar days of Contractor's notice:
 - a. Work determined not meeting state of Substantial Completion:
 - Contractor: Correct deficiencies noted or submit plan of action for correction within 5 days of Engineer's determination.
 - Engineer: Re-inspect work within 5 days of Contractor's notice of correction of deficiencies.
 - Re-inspection costs incurred by Engineer will be billed to Owner who will deduct them from final payment due Contractor.
 - b. Work determined to be in state of tentative Substantial Completion: Engineer to prepare tentative "Engineer's Certificate of Substantial Completion."
 - c. Engineer's Certificate of Substantial Completion:
 - Certificate tentatively issued subject to successful Demonstration of functional integrity.
 - Issued subject to completion or correction of items cited in the certificate (punch list).
 - 3) Issued with responsibilities of Owner and Contractor cited.
 - 4) Executed by Engineer.
 - 5) Accepted by Owner.6) Accepted by Contractor.
 - d. Upon successful completion of Demonstration Period, Engineer will endorse certificate attesting to the successful demonstration, and citing the hour and date of ending the successful Demonstration Period of functional integrity as the effective date of Substantial Completion.

3.3 DEMONSTRATION PERIODS

A. General:

- Demonstrate the functional integrity of the mechanical, electrical, and control interfaces of the respective equipment and components comprising the facility as evidence of Substantial Completion.
- 2. Duration of Demonstration Period: 120 consecutive HRS.
- 3. If, during the Demonstration Period, the aggregate amount of time used for repair, alteration, or unscheduled adjustments to any equipment or systems that render the affected equipment or system inoperative exceed 10 percent of the Demonstration Period, the demonstration of functional integrity will be deemed to have failed:
 - a. In the event of failure, a new Demonstration Period will recommence after correction of the cause of failure.
 - b. The new Demonstration Period shall have the same requirements and duration as the Demonstration Period previously conducted.

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- To the extent possible, conduct the demonstration of functional integrity under full operational conditions.
- Owner will provide operational personnel to provide process decisions affecting plant performance:
 - a. Owner's assistance will be available only for process decisions.
 - Contractor will perform all other functions including but not limited to equipment operation and maintenance until successful completion of the Demonstration Period
- Owner reserves the right to simulate operational variables, equipment failures, routine
 maintenance scenarios, etc., to verify the functional integrity of automatic and manual
 backup systems and alternate operating modes.
- 7. Time of beginning and ending any Demonstration Period shall be agreed upon by Contractor, Owner, and Engineer in advance of initiating Demonstration Period.
- 8. Provide all labor, supervision, utilities, chemicals, maintenance, equipment, vehicles, or any other item necessary to operate and demonstrate all systems being demonstrated.

3.4 COMMISSIONING PERIODS

A. General:

- Once the functional integrity of the facility has been demonstrated, process startup is initiated
- Owner assumes responsibility for general operation and routine maintenance of the new Water Treatment Facility beyond Contractor's contractual obligations to complete the Work and provide Correction Period and warranty services.
- 3. During the first 30 days of each Commissioning Period, the Contractor shall provide commissioning support.

END OF SECTION 016500

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SECTION 016600 PRODUCT STORAGE AND HANDLING REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Work included: Protect products scheduled for use in the Work by means including, but not necessarily limited to, those described in this Section.

1.2 MANUFACTURERS' RECOMMENDATIONS

A. Except as otherwise approved by the Owner, determine and comply with manufacturers' recommendations on product handling, storage, and protection.

1.3 PACKAGING

- A. Deliver products to the job site in their manufacturer's original container, with labels intact and legible.
 - 1. Maintain packaged materials with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use.
 - Promptly remove damaged material and unsuitable items from the job site, and promptly replace with material meeting the specified requirements, at no additional cost to the Owner.

1.4 PROTECTION

- A. Protect finished surfaces, including jambs and soffits of openings used as passageways, through which equipment and materials are handled.
- B. Provide protection for finished floor surfaces in traffic areas prior to allowing equipment or materials to be moved over such surfaces.
- C. Maintain finished surfaces clean, unmarred, and suitably protected until accepted by the Owner.

1.5 REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS

A. In the event of damage, promptly make replacements and repairs to the approval of the Engineer and at no additional cost to the Owner.

END OF SECTION 016600

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SECTION 024100 DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work includes demolition to portions of and inside existing building as shown on demolition drawings and as required to permit new general construction, water piping, HVAC and electrical work within the existing building. Work also includes complete tear-off of existing 3-ply built felt roof system, roof deck and associated roof blocking, wood cants, and gutters/downspouts.
- B. Any fixtures, cabinetry, windows, doors/frames, plumbing fixtures, piping, equipment, or electrical fixtures not designated for reuse in the renovated building or addition shall be offered to the Owner for salvage and storage. Items not retained by Owner shall be removed from site by Contractor. Owner will remove from site for storage any selected items. Note that certain electrical fixtures/devices are to be removed and reused by the Electrical Contractor. Electrical Contractor to confirm specifically which of these items are to be reused.
- Lead testing has not been performed on existing materials. Contractor shall notify Engineer if suspicious material is encountered.

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.1 JOB CONDITIONS AND WORKMANSHIP

- A. Contractor is advised that demolition will be an on-going procedure with portions of the work required at various times as general construction work progresses.
- B. Exercise care in removal of material to prevent damage to floors, walls and/or equipment/contents which will remain. Portions of partitions removed shall be cleanly cut vertically and cut at ceiling and floor line to minimize damage to surfaces remaining.
- C. Contractor shall be responsible for removal and disposal of all debris promptly as work progresses; retaining and temporarily storing on site only that material designated, as noted above, for reuse and for Owner's salvage.

2.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS/INSPECTION

- A. During demolition procedures, this contractor shall take all precautions to protect against personal and public injuries. Erect safety walkways where necessary. Provide dust protection barriers to prevent dust infiltration into occupied areas of existing building.
- B. Obtain all necessary demolition permits, land fill disposal permits, etc. necessary for proper and authorized execution of the work.

END OF SECTION 024100

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024100-000 Demolition

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SECTION 133423 FIBERGLASS REINFORCED POLYMER SHELTER

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Shelter Name: IDOT Mackinaw Dells Rest Area Eastbound
 - 1. Quantity: One
 - 2. Size:
 - a. Exterior Width: 8 ft
 - b. Exterior Length: 10 ft
 - c. Wall Height: 8 ft
 - Roof Slope: Sufficient to allow rain drainage, 12° 17° pitch.
 - 4. Roof Type: Roof shall be wind-resistant "hip" design sloping up from all four sides. Roof shall form a permanent weather-proof connection with a seamless exterior appearance that uses lowmaintenance silicone caulk matching the shelter's exterior color.
 - 5. Roof deck is compliant with ASTM E 108/ULC S107 (class C) with <13' Flame Spread.
 - 6. Roof shall not overhang walls in order to maximize shelter's wind speed rating.
- B. System: Design, furnish, and install complete package using manufacturer's standard components.
- C. Structure Type: Fiberglass Reinforced Polymer (FRP) shelter on a formed and poured concrete pad as specified herein.
- D. Submittals: Shelter vendor to provide one (1) digital version of shop drawings and manufacturer's data including the following:
 - Dimensions, weight, materials, parts, devices, and all other information required to verify compliance with these Specifications.
 - 2. Manufacturer's Literature and Technical Data: Drawings and Specifications for proposed system.
 - 3. Drawings prepared specifically for this Project:
 - Materials and Details: Show materials, details of components (including doors and other accessories), finishes, fastenings, methods of joining, sealants, anchor bolt details, structural members and bracing, and openings.
 - Anchorage details of structure to foundation.
- E. Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Manual including installation instructions, digital version only, to be provided after shelter ships.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications:

- Designers: Shop Drawings as well as wind, roof, and seismic calculations shall be sealed and signed by a Professional Engineer (PE) licensed in Illinois.
- Manufacturer
 - a. Longevity: At least 10 years' experience in work of the type required in this section.
 - b. Capacity: Production throughput sufficient to provide work required for this Project without delay.
 - c. Manufacturing facility for this shelter shall be located within the United States of America.
 - d. Certified Test Results: The manufacturer shall have an entire fiberglass panel destructive tested by an accredited Testing Laboratory and Third-Party Quality Control Agency and upon request shall furnish to the engineer the certified and stamped test results of the laboratory testing. The accredited Testing Laboratory must be accredited to ISO 17020 and 17025.
 - e. Quality: The manufacturer shall maintain a quality assurance program that is reviewed and approved by a Third-Party Quality Control Agency.

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- 3. Erector/Installer:
 - a. Not less than 2 years' experience in the offloading and installation of prefabricated structures.
- B. Material Properties:
 - 1. Fiberglass Laminate Properties:
 - a. Tensile Strength (ASTM D 638) 16,000 (psi)
 - b. Flexural Strength (ASTM D 790) 33,700 (psi)
 - Flexural Modulus (ASTM D 790) 1,160,000 (psi)
 - d. Tensile Modulus (ASTM D 638) 1,300,000 (psi)
 - e. Barcol Hardness 45
 - f. Izod Impact Notched ((ft.-lbs)/in) 16.30
 - g. Izod Impact Unnotched ((ft.-lbs)/in) 21.79
 - Foam shall be rigid closed cell, polyisocyanurate with a density of 1.5 1.9 pounds per cubic foot.
 - a. Flame Spread (ASTM E 84) <75
 - b. Smoke Development (ASTM E 84) <450

1.03 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. The fiberglass shelter and the accessory items shall be carefully transported, stored, handled and set in place in a manner that will prevent distortion, misalignment or other damage to the units.
- B. During storage prior to installation and following installation, but prior to placing in service, the manufacturer's recommendations regarding handling shall be followed.

1.04 MANUFACTURERS WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer shall provide a twenty-five (25) year warranty on the shelter materials and workmanship, according to the following specifications:
 - The shelter will be free from manufacturing defects in workmanship and will not appreciably deteriorate under conditions of normal use and regular service and maintenance when installed properly, for a period of twenty-five (25) years from the original date of purchase.
 - 2. Component parts will be purchased from reputable manufacturers and carry their own warranties.
 - 3. Any shelter penetrations made by shelter manufacturer must be maintained by the Customer to ensure proper sealing. Suggested intervals is every (2) two years. All penetrations made by the Customer are the responsibility of the Customer and may void or limit the warranty if done improperly. Customer field penetrations through areas specifically designed to prevent exposure of core materials will neither void nor limit the warranty.
 - 4. All warranties are Null and Void if the shelter and/or its components are modified or damaged as a result of unauthorized repair, misuse, negligence, accident, or act of God. This warranty does not cover vandalism, unreasonable use, damage caused by flying or falling objects, collision with animals or vehicles, or damages caused by environmental extremes or natural disasters, such as earthquakes, floods, hail, or lightning.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SHELTER MANUFACTURERS

- Product from Shelter Works, St. Louis, MO as represented by Hydro-Kinetics (314-647-6104), meeting these Specifications, or equivalent.
- B. Products from other manufacturers will be considered for substitution 14 days prior to bid. Requests for substitution will not be considered if received 13 or fewer days before bid. Requests for substitution must include the following information to be considered:

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- Formal written request certifying that products to be substituted will match specified products in terms
 of structural properties, dimensions, physical appearance, quality level and quantities and that they
 will perform the same function in the same manner and will achieve the same end result.
- 2. Manufacturers and supplier's material data sheets, specifications and performance data.
- 3. A list of fifty (50) projects in satisfactory service for not less than three years with shelters similar to those being proposed for substitution. For each project, include name, address and telephone number of the engineer, the contractor and the plant manager.

2.02 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE. Structural Loading:

- A. Shelter: Own dead load.
- B. Standard: ASCE/SEI 7-22, Risk Category III, ground level.
- C. Roof Load: 40 psf ground snow load
- D. Wind Load: 115 mph
- E. Seismic Load: Per local building code

2.03 COMPONENTS

- A. U-BOLTS. Through-wall lifting/tie-down eyes at the top of each corner to facilitate handling.
- B. WALLS. Each wall shall be one single monolithic piece with faux brick textured appearance. Panelized construction not acceptable because connections could fail and leak over time.
- C. CONNECTIONS. Wall panels shall overlap to form a permanent weather-proof connection with a seamless exterior appearance that uses low-maintenance silicone caulk matching the shelter's exterior color. Internal connections shall use stainless steel hardware spaced no more than 12" on center.
- D. EXTERIOR. All exterior surfaces shall have 18-20 mils of superior performance marine grade gel coat, incorporating ultra-violet inhibitors. The exterior color shall be Meadow Green.
- E. INTERIOR. All interior surfaces shall be sprayed with 18-20 mils of Polycor 944 high quality isophthalic white gel coat finish offering the same characteristics as the exterior surfaces without ultra-violet inhibitors. The interior surface shall not contain any visible surface-mounted strut or other unsightly channel.
- F. BASE FLANGE. Shelter shall have an FRP mounting flange around the entire interior perimeter, ¼" thick x minimum 2" wide. Pockets which reduce the wall's full insulation value shall not be accepted. ConSeal Bitumen/Butyl sealant shall be provided for a weather-proof connection below the shelter's base. Flange shall be pre-drilled with 7/16" diameter holes 24" on center.

G. ACCESS

- Pedestrian doors shall be made of fiberglass reinforced polymer (FRP) using exclusive FiberWrap technology to eliminate the possibility of edge delamination during the shelter's entire lifespan.
- Pedestrian doors shall be hung with stainless steel ball bearing type hinges equipped with tamperresistant, non-removable pins. Hinges shall be oriented with no fasteners exposed when door is closed.
- Pedestrian doors shall be sealed with a weather-tight EPDM gasket along the entire perimeter of the door.
- 4. Pedestrian doors shall have a 2.5" deep aluminum rain drip molding located above.
- All pedestrian doors must be able to be set in 'open' position with no hands. Doors must be able to be removed from 'open' position and closed with no hands. Doors must have hydraulic closer to prevent wind damage to door.
- 6. (1) 3'-0" wide x 6'-8" high single door(s).
 - a. Closure system is 3-point, pad-lockable with anti-entrapment.
 - b. Threshold is raised step-over FRP (<3" high).
- H. PENETRATION. (1) rectangular area where the end-user can cut through wall or ceiling without exposing the core foam material thereby guaranteeing a weatherproof penetration for the life of the structure. Locations must not be visible from outside the shelter.
- I. TERMINATION. Electrical terminations in NEMA 1 208Y/120V 3-phase load center with 200 amp main breaker and (2) spare/unused 3P 50A breakers.

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J. RECEPTACLES: (2) GFCI duplex each with weather-proof-when-not-in-use cover.

K WIRING

- Schedule 40 PVC conduit installed around the interior perimeter of the shelter, along the top of the wall. All conduit and fittings shall be UL Listed.
- Conduit and wiring shall be installed in accordance with the most recent National Electric Code (NEC).
- 3. A minimum of 12 gauge shall be used for wiring in conduit.
- 4. Wiring shall not be loaded above 60° C temperature rating.

L. ILLUMINATION

- 1. Vapor-tight, LED light fixture(s) providing an average of 50 foot-candles on the floor area.
- 2. Interior lights to be operated by (1) single-pole switch with weatherproof cover.
- 3. (1) exterior 40-Watt LED flood light operated by photocell.

M. VENTILATION

- (1) fan which shall be rated for at least 700 cubic feet per minute. Fan to be exhausted (blowing from inside out). Fan operation is controlled by thermostat.
- (1) gravity louver with insect screen and aperture size equal to or larger than the fan opening.
 Manual vents are not acceptable in order to avoid fan motor burnout which could occur if fan were
 energized when manual vents are closed.
- 3. Ventilation through-wall openings shall be protected from the elements with a weather-tight fiberglass hood the same color as the shelter itself.
- N. HEAT. Thermostatically controlled, wall-mounted 208 Volt, single-phase electric and at least 3.5 Kw.

2.04 MATERIALS

- A. Walls, roof, and doors shall be seamless, one-piece panels laminated with 1/8" thick sprayed fiberglass outside surface, core material, and 1/8" thick sprayed fiberglass inside surface. Walls and roof shall have continuous FiberBeam laminations (floor to ceiling and top-of-wall to ridge) every 12" to permanently bond inner FRP surface with outer FRP surface to provide structural integrity and prevent de-lamination of the fiberglass from the core material.
- B. Walls and roof shall have minimum R-15 insulation with core consisting of minimum 2" thick foam.
- C. Minimum 19/32" thick wood encapsulated within interior surface of all walls for mounting equipment.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION. Investigate site, including soils, to determine effect on proposed shelter.

3.02 PREPARATION.

- A. Install 8" Thick Type SI PCC slab to dimensions shown on plans, on 6 inches of compacted Aggregate Base Course, Ty B, on compacted subgrade, true and level to a maximum surface variance of 3/16" where the shelter interfaces with the slab.
- B. The slab immediately surrounding the shelter perimeter shall be sloped away at a pitch of ½" per foot to promote proper drainage and eliminate the potential of standing water around the shelter.

3.03 ERECTION

- A. At the time of installation, the slab shall be clean and dry.
- B. Follow written offloading and installation instructions provided by the shelter manufacturer.
- C. Contractor shall provide any required Type 304 stainless steel expansion anchors.
- Install and make final electrical connections to all equipment shipped loose with water-tight flexible conduit and fittings.

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END OF SECTION

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SECTION 233400 HVAC FANS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including other Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Propeller fans.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Underwriters Laboratories Inc.:
 - 1. UL 705 Power Ventilators

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Performance Ratings: Conform to AMCA 210.
- B. Sound Ratings: AMCA 301, tested to AMCA 300.
- UL Compliance: UL listed and labeled, designed, manufactured, and tested in accordance with UL 705.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PROPELLER FANS

- A. Construction:
 - Impeller: Shaped steel or steel reinforced aluminum blade with hubs, statically and dynamically balanced, locked to shaft, directly connected to motor.
 - 2. Frame: One-piece square steel with die formed venturi orifice; bolted structural steel channels and motor plate; galvanized finish or baked enamel finish on all surfaces.

B. Accessories:

- 1. See schedule for list of accessories
- C. Electrical Characteristics and Components:
 - 1. Disconnect Switch: Factory mount disconnect switch on equipment.
- D. Controls:

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 Provide fans with a controller to provide control functionality as shown on the Drawings for the exhaust fan and actuated intake damper.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 INSTALLATION
 - A. Secure wall fans to structure.
 - B. Install safety screen where inlet or outlet is exposed.
 - C. Install backdraft dampers on discharge of exhaust fans.

END OF SECTION 233400

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SECTION 233700 AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

 Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including other Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Louvers.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Air Movement and Control Association International, Inc.:
 - 1. AMCA 500 Test Methods for Louvers, Dampers, and Shutters.
- B. American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers:
 - 1. ASHRAE 70 Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets.
- C. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors:
 - 1. SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standard Metal and Flexible.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 LOUVERS

- A. Product Description: Combination
- B. Type: 4 inch deep with blades on 45 degree slope, heavy channel frame.
- Fabrication: 12 gage thick extruded aluminum, welded assembly, with factory baked enamel finish.
- D. Mounting: Furnish with interior clip angles for installation.
- E. Insect Screen: Aluminum mesh, set in aluminum frame.
- F. Louver Operator: (Where indicated on the Drawings) Provide with an external factory mounted, 2-position powered open, spring closed electric operator. Operator voltage shall be as shown on the plans.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

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- 3.1 EXAMINATION
 - A. Verify inlet and outlet locations.
 - B. Verify wall systems are ready for installation.
- 3.2 INSTALLATION
 - A. Install per manufacturer instructions.

END OF SECTION 233700

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SECTION 260500 COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. The Contractor for this work is referred to the Drawings, Bidding Requirements, and other pertinent Sections of these Specifications. These sections describe work which is a part of this Contract.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - Electrical equipment coordination and installation.
 - 2. Common electrical installation requirements.

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Contractor must read the entire Specifications covering other branches of Work. Contractor is responsible for coordination of his (her) work with work performed by other trades.
- B. Consult all Contract Documents which may affect the location of any equipment or apparatus furnished under this Work and make minor adjustments in location as necessary to secure coordination.
- C. System layout is schematic and exact locations shall be determined by structural and other conditions. This shall not be construed to mean that the design of the system may be arbitrarily changed. The equipment layout is to fit into the building as constructed and to coordinate with equipment included under other Divisions of Work.
- D. Contractor shall contact the Owner immediately if he (she) notices any discrepancies or omissions in either the Drawings or Specifications, or if there are any questions regarding the meaning or intent thereof.
- E. Submit all changes, other than minor adjustments, to the Engineer for approval before proceeding with the work.
- F. The Contractor is required to visit the site and fully familiarize himself or herself concerning all conditions affecting the scope of work. Failure to visit the site shall not relieve the Contractor from any responsibility in the performance of his or her Work.
- G. All workmanship to be of the highest quality in accordance with the best practices of the trade by craftsmen/ craftswomen skilled in this particular work.
- H. Coordinate arrangement, mounting, and support of electrical equipment:
 - To allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights that reduce headroom are indicated.

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- To provide for ease of disconnecting the equipment with minimum interference to other installations.
- 3. To allow right of way for piping and conduit installed at required slope.
- So connecting raceways, cables, wireways, cable trays, and busways will be clear of obstructions and of the working and access space of other equipment.
- I. Coordinate installation of electrical boxes that are recessed in precast wall with precast wall manufacturer. This may require that the electrician be present at the precast wall manufacturer location during the forming of the panels. All costs associated with this coordination shall be included within the bid and no additional time or charges will be allowed to facilitate this coordination.
- J. All field holes in precast wall assemblies shall be core drilled holes made in accordance with precast wall manufacturer directions.
- K. All buried conduits passing from below the proposed building to the exterior shall pass below the proposed structural footing.
- Coordinate location of access panels and doors for electrical items that are behind finished surfaces or otherwise concealed.
- M. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping.
- N. Where thermostat locations are shown, the electrical contractor shall provide a recessed wall box with conduit to an accessible location. In areas where surface mounted boxes are required, a surface mounted box and conduit to 10' AFF shall be provided (or to the equipment location, whichever is closer). Thermostat installation and the corresponding low voltage thermostat wiring shall be by the mechanical contractor.

1.4 PERMITS, INSPECTIONS AND CODES

- File all drawings, pay all fees, and obtain permits and certificate of inspection relative to this Work
- B. Complete installation shall conform with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws, Codes and Ordinances including, but not limited to the latest approved editions of the following:
 - 1. State Building Codes.
 - 2. Specific Construction Safety Requirements, State Industrial Commission.
 - 3. National Electrical Code (NFPA-70).
 - 4. Life Safety Code, NFPA-101.
 - 5. Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) of 1971 and all amendments thereto.
- C. Nothing contained in the drawings and specifications shall be construed to conflict with these laws, codes, and ordinances and they are hereby included in these specifications.

1.5 RECORD DRAWINGS

A. Record all deviations from the Drawings, on a set of prints and deliver them to the Owner upon completion of the work. Special attention to record the location of concealed boxes, service runs shall be made at the point of installation to maintain accuracy.

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 Sufficient dimensional tie points to permanent building features shall be provided for all buried conduits to facilitate future location.

1.6 INSPECTION

A. Contractor shall arrange for and include in his (her) bid, inspection of this work by the appropriate stator or local code authority having jurisdiction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Furnish new, undeteriorated materials of a quality not less than what is specified.
- Contractor to furnish and install only those brands of equipment mentioned specifically or accepted as substitutes.

2.2 EQUIPMENT SELECTION AND APPROVAL

- A. The selection of materials and equipment to be furnished shall be governed by the following:
 - 1. Where trade names, brands of manufacturer of equipment or materials are listed in the specification, the exact equipment listed shall be used in the bid or the contractor shall submit the necessary literature to show the alternative product meets the performance characteristics of that which has been called for. Where more than one name is listed, Contractor may select any one of the various brands specified.

2.3 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Contractor <u>must</u> base his (her) bid on furnishing the brands of material and equipment listed in the Specifications or their approved equals.
- B. The Contractor is entitled to bid on any other equal or similar brands of material and equipment he (she) may desire to substitute per IDOT regulations.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COMMON REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. Furnish all materials, labor, tools, transportation, incidentals, and appurtenances to complete in every detail and leave in working order all items of work called for herein or shown on the accompanying Drawings.
- Include any minor items of work necessary to provide a complete and fully operative electrical system which meets all required codes.
- C. Comply with NECA 1.

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- Measure indicated mounting heights to bottom of unit for suspended items and to center of unit for wall-mounting items.
- E. Headroom Maintenance: If mounting heights or other location criteria are not indicated, arrange and install components and equipment to provide maximum possible headroom consistent with these requirements.
- F. Equipment: Install to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components of both electrical equipment and other nearby installations. Connect in such a way as to facilitate future disconnecting with minimum interference with other items in the vicinity.
- G. Right of Way: Give to piping systems installed at a required slope.

3.2 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Protect all fixtures and equipment against damage from leaks or abuse and pay the cost of repair or replacement of fixtures or equipment made necessary by failure to provide suitable safeguards or protection.
- B. After all fixtures and equipment have been set, thoroughly clean all fixtures and equipment with manufacturers recommended cleaning agents, removing stickers and other foreign matter and leave every part in acceptable condition, clean and ready for use.
- C. Repair all dents and scratches in factory prime or finish coats on all electrical equipment. If damage is excessive, replacement may be required.

END OF SECTION 260500

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SECTION 260519 LOW VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
 - A. This Section includes the following:
 - Building wires and cables rated 600 V and less.
 - 2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.
- 1.2 SUBMITTALS
 - A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
 - B. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 STANDARDS
 - A. Insulation types, ratings and usage shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code requirements.
 - B. All conductors shall be copper
 - C. Unless otherwise noted, minimum wire size for lighting and power branch circuits shall be No. 12 AWG. For control and auxiliary systems the minimum size shall be No. 14 AWG.
 - D. Conductors for emergency power and exit wiring shall be a minimum No. 12 AWG.
- 2.2 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES
 - A. All wire and cable shall be UL listed.
 - B. Copper Conductors: Comply with NEMA WC 70.
 - C. Conductor Insulation: Comply with NEMA WC 70 for Types THHN-THWN, XHHW, and SO.
 - THHN-THWN- 90 degree C temperature rating in dry or wet locations.

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- D. Multiconductor Cable: Comply with NEMA WC 70 for metal clad cable, Type MC and Type SO with ground wire.
- 2.3 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES
 - Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.
 - B. All components used at wiring terminations, connections and splices shall be UL listed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS
 - A. Feeders: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
 - B. Branch Circuits: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
- 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS
 - A. Service Entrance: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway or Type XHHW, single conductors in raceway.
 - B. Feeders and Branch Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
 - C. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord with stainlesssteel, wire-mesh, strain relief device at terminations to suit application.
 - D. Concealed light fixture whips: Metal clad cable (Type MC) limited to six feet in length.
 - E. Class 1 Control Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway.
 - F. Class 2 Control Circuits: Power-limited cable, concealed in building finishes.
- 3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES
 - A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
 - B. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
 - C. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
 - Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.

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- E. Support cables according to Division 26 Sections "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- F. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- G. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- H. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
 - Use oxide inhibitor in each splice, tap conductor and equipment termination for aluminum conductors.
- I. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches of slack.

END OF SECTION 260519

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SECTION 260526 GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including other Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- 1.2 SUMMARY
 - A. This Section includes methods and materials for grounding systems and equipment.
 - B. Grounding system shall be in compliance with all requirements of the National Electrical Code.
- 1.3 SUBMITTALS
 - A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - B. Field Quality Report
 - Photo Report
 - 2. Dimensioned as-built locations of grounding features

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use
- B. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUCTORS

- A. Insulated Conductors: Copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Bare Copper Conductors:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
 - 2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
 - 3. Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.
 - 4. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
 - 5. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.

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- 6. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
- 7. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
- C. Grounding Bus: Rectangular bars of annealed copper, 1/4 by 2 inches in cross section, unless otherwise indicated; with insulators.

2.2 CONNECTORS

- A. Listed and labeled by a nationally recognized testing laboratory acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used, and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.
- Bolted Connectors for Conductors and Pipes: Copper or copper alloy, bolted pressure-type, with at least two bolts.
 - 1. Pipe Connectors: Clamp type, sized for pipe.
- Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.

2.3 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel; 5/8 inch in diameter by10 feet or as noted on the Drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Conductors: Install solid conductor for No. 8 AWG and smaller, and stranded conductors for No. 6 AWG and larger, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Underground Grounding Conductors: Install bare tinned copper conductor. Bury at least 24 inches below grade.
- C. Grounding Bus: Install in electrical and telephone equipment rooms, in rooms housing service equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - Install bus on insulated spacers 1 inch, minimum, from wall 6 inches above finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Conductor Terminations and Connections:
 - Pipe and Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Bolted connectors.
 - Underground Connections: Welded connectors except at test wells and as otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Connections to Ground Rods at Test Wells: Bolted connectors.
 - 4. Connections to Structural Steel: Welded connectors.

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3.2 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. A separate equipment grounding conductor, minimum size per NEC, shall be installed in each feeder, branch circuit, and control circuit conduit. Conductor insulation shall be green. DO NOT use conduit as a means for grounding of receptacles or any other such devices.
- B. Conduit system shall be electrically continuous. All enclosures and non-current carrying metals to be grounded. All locknuts must cut through enameled or painted surfaces on enclosures. Where enclosures and non-current carrying metals are isolated from the conduit system, use bonding jumpers with approved clamps.
- C. All new receptacles shall be bonded to a ground conductor using a #12 AEG min. bonding jumper between receptacle terminal and ground conductor. Metal-to-metal contact between the device yoke and the outlet box is not acceptable for either surface mounted boxes or flush type boxes.
- D. Junction boxes and pull boxes shall be bonded by the use of UL listed ground screws or lugs.
- Lighting fixtures shall be grounded by the use of a pigtail fastened on bare metal that is free of paint.
- F. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor to duct-mounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners, heaters, dampers, humidifiers, and other duct electrical equipment. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct and connected metallic piping.
- G. Water Heater, Heat-Tracing, and Antifrost Heating Cables: Install a separate insulated equipment grounding conductor to each electric water heater and heat-tracing cable. Bond conductor to heater units, piping, connected equipment, and components.
- H. Signal and Communication Equipment: For telephone, alarm, voice and data, and other communication equipment, provide No. 4 AWG minimum insulated grounding conductor in raceway from grounding electrode system to each service location, terminal cabinet, wiring closet, and central equipment location.
 - 1. Service and Central Equipment Locations and Wiring Closets: Terminate grounding conductor on a 1/4-by-2-by-12-inch grounding bus.
 - 2. Terminal Cabinets: Terminate grounding conductor on cabinet grounding terminal.
- Metal Poles Supporting Outdoor Lighting Fixtures: Install grounding electrode and a separate insulated equipment grounding conductor in addition to grounding conductor installed with branch-circuit conductors.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible, unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- B. Ground Rods: Drive rods until tops are 2 inches below finished floor or final grade, unless otherwise indicated.

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- Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductor below grade and as otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging coating, if any.
- C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance, except where routed through short lengths of conduit.
 - Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.
 - 2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
 - 3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations, but if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.
- D. Grounding and Bonding for Piping:
 - Metal Water Service Pipe: Install insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main metal water service pipes, using a bolted clamp connector or by bolting a lug-type connector to a pipe flange, using one of the lug bolts of the flange. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor on street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.
 - Water Meter Piping: Use braided-type bonding jumpers to electrically bypass water meters. Connect to pipe with a bolted connector.
 - Bond each aboveground portion of gas piping system downstream from equipment shutoff valve.
- E. Bonding Interior Metal Ducts: Bond metal air ducts to equipment grounding conductors of associated fans, blowers, electric heaters, and air cleaners. Install bonding jumper to bond across flexible duct connections to achieve continuity.
- 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
 - A. Provide a photo report consisting of labeled pictures of all of the following grounding features:
 - 1. Ground rods
 - 2. Intersystem bonding termination
 - 3. Grounding arrangements and connections for separately derived systems
 - 4. Grounding connection to rebar in footing/floor
 - 5. Grounding connection to building steel
 - 6. Grounding connection to metallic water pipe
 - B. Dimensioned as-built plans showing the locations of the key grounding features contained in the photo report shall be submitted concurrently with the photo report.

END OF SECTION 260526

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SECTION 260529 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SUMMARY
 - A. Section includes:
 - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
- 1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
 - Design supports for multiple raceways capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems and its contents.
 - B. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS
 - A. Aluminum Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
 - Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers
 offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to,
 the following:
 - a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
 - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - c. ERICO International Corporation.
 - d. GS Metals Corp.
 - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
 - f. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.
 - g. Wesanco, Inc.
 - 1. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 2. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
 - B. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1 and NECA 101.

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- C. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- D. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.
- E. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- F. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
 - Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.
 - Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
 - Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.
 - 4. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
 - 5. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
 - 6. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

2.2 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

- A. Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems except if requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT, IMC, and RMC as scheduled in NECA 1, where its Table 1 lists maximum spacings less than stated in NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.
- C. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted or other support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps.

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D. Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.

3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this Article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMT, IMC, and RMC may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in NFPA 70.
- C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.
- D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
 - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
 - 2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts
 - To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
 - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
 - Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
 - 6. To Steel: Beam clamps (MSS Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27) complying with MSS SP-69.
 - 7. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
 - 8. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate.
- E. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars

3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

- A. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
- B. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

3.4 PAINTING

A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.

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- 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 260529

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SECTION 260553 IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including other Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - Identification for conductors and communication and control cable.
 - Data/Telephone outlet labels 2. 3.
 - Receptacle labels
 - 4. Underground-line warning tape.
 - 5. Warning labels and signs.
 - 6. Instruction signs.
 - Equipment identification labels.
 - Miscellaneous identification products.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with NFPA 70.
- Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145. B.

1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in the Contract Documents, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual, and with those required by codes, standards, and 29 CFR 1910.145. Use consistent designations throughout Project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- CONDUCTOR AND COMMUNICATION- AND CONTROL-CABLE IDENTIFICATION 2.1 **MATERIALS**
 - Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Colored, self-adhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils thick by 1 A. to 2 inches wide.
 - B. Marker Tape: Vinyl or vinyl -cloth, self-adhesive wraparound type, with circuit identification legend machine printed by thermal transfer or equivalent process.

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2.2 DATA/TELEPHONE OUTLET LABELS

Machine printed paper insert with black filled lettering located under clear label cover on face of A. plate and durable wire markers on inside of outlet box.

2.3 RECEPTACLE LABELS

A. Hot stamped or engraved machine printing with black filled lettering on face of plate and durable wire markers on inside of outlet box.

UNDERGROUND-LINE WARNING TAPE 2.4

- A. Description: Permanent, bright-colored, continuous-printed, polyethylene tape.
 - Not less than 6 inches wide by 4 mils thick.
 - 2. Compounded for permanent direct-burial service.
 - 3. Embedded continuous metallic strip or core.
 - Printed legend shall indicate type of underground line.

2.5 WARNING LABELS AND SIGNS

- A. Comply with NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- B. Self-Adhesive Warning Labels: Factory printed, multicolor, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for display on front cover, door, or other access to equipment, unless otherwise indicated.
- Color Scheme C
 - Emergency Warning labels: White background with red letters
 - All other warning labels: Yellow background with black letters
- D. Warning label and sign shall include, but are not limited to, the following legends:
 - Multiple Power Source Warning: "DANGER ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD -1. EQUIPMENT HAS MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES."
 - 2. Workspace Clearance Warning: "WARNING - OSHA REGULATION - AREA IN FRONT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR 36 INCHES."
 - Service Equipment emergency sources warning: "CAUTION TWO SOURCES OF SUPPLY- EMERGENCY POWER SOURCE LOCATED IN GENERATOR ROOM 207 3. ON NORTH SIDE OF BUILDING."
 - 4. Generator Warning Label: "EMERGENCY GENERATOR"
 - Automatic Transfer Switch Warning Label: "EMERGENCY TRANSFER SWITCH" Emergency Panel Warning Label: "EMERGENCY PANEL"
 - 6
 - 7. Junction boxes containing emergency circuits: "EMERGENCY CIRCUITS- PANEL insert
 - 8. As noted on drawings.

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2.6 INSTRUCTION SIGNS

- Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine plastic, minimum 1/16 inch thick for signs up to 20 sq. in. and 1/8 inch thick for larger sizes.
 - Engraved legend with black letters on white face. (White letters on red background for emergency information)
 - 2. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners.
 - 3. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.

2.7 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION LABELS

- A. Engraved, Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Label: Punched or drilled for fasteners, with white letters on a dark-gray background. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch.
- B. Fasteners for Labels: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.
- B. Covers for all junction boxes containing emergency circuits shall be red.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Auxiliary Electrical Systems Conductor and Cable Identification: Use marker tape to identify field-installed alarm, control, signal, sound, intercommunications, voice, and data wiring connections.
 - Identify conductors, cables, and terminals in enclosures and at junctions, terminals, and cable pull points. Identify by system and circuit designation.
 - Use system of designations that is uniform and consistent with system used by manufacturer for factory-installed connections.
- B. Data/Telephone Outlet Identification: Use outlet labels to identify each outlet connection. Use system of designation that is uniform and consistent with cable identification. Label face of plate and wire markers inside of box,
- C. Receptacle Identification: Use labels to identify panelboard and circuit number from which served. Label face of plate and wire markers inside of box,
- D. Locations of Underground Lines: Identify with underground-line warning tape for power, lighting, communication, and control wiring and optical fiber cable. Install underground-line warning tape for both direct-buried cables and cables in raceway.

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- E. Warning Labels for Indoor Cabinets, Boxes, and Enclosures for Power and Lighting: Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145 and apply self-adhesive warning labels. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background. Apply to exterior of door, cover, or other access.
 - Equipment with Multiple Power or Control Sources: Apply to door or cover of equipment including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Power transfer switches.
 - b. Controls with external control power connections.
 - Equipment Requiring Workspace Clearance According to NFPA 70: Unless otherwise indicated, apply to door or cover of equipment but not on flush panelboards and similar equipment in finished spaces.

F. Instruction Signs:

- Emergency Operating Instructions: Install instruction signs with white legend on a red background with minimum 3/8-inch- high letters for emergency instructions at equipment used for emergency shut down of generator or remote operation of main switch.
- G. Equipment Identification Labels: On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and Operation and Maintenance Manual. Apply labels to disconnect switches and protection equipment, central or master units, control panels, control stations, terminal cabinets, and racks of each system. Systems include power, lighting, control, communication, signal, monitoring, and alarm systems unless equipment is provided with its own identification.
 - Labeling Instructions:
 - Indoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label, drilled for screw attachment. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- high letters on 1-1/2-inch- high label; where 2 lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.
 - Outdoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label, drilled for screw attachment.
 - Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels and legend to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.

2. Equipment to Be Labeled:

- a. Panelboards, electrical cabinets, and enclosures.
- b. Electrical switchgear and switchboards.
- c. Transformers.
- d. Generators
- e. Disconnect switches.
- f. Power transfer equipment.
- g. Contactors.
- h. Timeclocks
- i. Fire alarm control panel and annunciators
- j. Motor control switches including Hand/Off/Auto switches

3.2 INSTALLATION

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Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.

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- B. Location: Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.
- C. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
- Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Clean surfaces before application, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification device.
- E. Attach non-adhesive signs and plastic labels with screws and auxiliary hardware appropriate to the location and substrate.
- F. Color-Coding for Phase and Voltage Level Identification, 600 V and Less: Use the colors listed below for ungrounded feeder, and branch-circuit conductors.
 - 1. Color shall be factory applied or for sizes larger than No. 10 AWG field applied
 - 2. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:
 - a. Phase A: Black.
 - b. Phase B: Red.
 - c. Phase C: Blue.
 - 3. Colors for 480/277-V Circuits:
 - a. Phase A: Brown.
 - b. Phase B: Orange.
 - c. Phase C: Yellow.
 - 4. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Locate bands to avoid obscuring factory cable markings.
- G. Underground-Line Warning Tape: During backfilling of trenches install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above line at 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench exceeds 16 inches overall.

END OF SECTION 260553

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SECTION 262416 PANELBOARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

 Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including other Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
 - Distribution panelboards.
 - 2. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard, switching and overcurrent protective device, transient voltage suppression device, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensions and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.
 - Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings.
 - 2. Detail enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 3. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - 4. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - 5. Include evidence of NRTL listing for series rating of installed devices.
 - 6. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
 - 7. Include wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
 - Include time-current coordination curves for each type and rating of overcurrent protective device included in panelboards.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain panelboards, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories from single source from single manufacturer.
- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Comply with NEMA PB 1.

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D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of panelboards and components with other construction that penetrates walls or is supported by them, including electrical and other types of equipment, raceways, piping, encumbrances to workspace clearance requirements, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PANELBOARDS

- A. Enclosures: Flush- and surface-mounted cabinets.
 - 1. Rated for environmental conditions at installed location.
 - a. Indoor Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - b. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
 - d. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
 - e. Or as noted on the plans
 - Front: Secured to box with concealed trim clamps. For surface-mounted fronts, match box dimensions; for flush-mounted fronts, overlap box.
 - 3. Hinged Front Cover: Entire front trim hinged to box and with standard door within hinged trim cover.
 - 4. Finishes:
 - Panels and Trim: Steel and galvanized steel factory finished immediately after cleaning and pretreating with manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat.
 - b. Back Boxes: Galvanized steel.
 - 5. Directory Card: Inside panelboard door, mounted in transparent card holder.
- B. Incoming Mains Location: Top and bottom.
- C. Phase, Neutral, and Ground Buses:
 - 1. Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
 - 2. Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for feeder and branch-circuit equipment grounding conductors; bonded to box.
- D. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material and sizes.
 - Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
 - 2. Main and Neutral Lugs: Mechanical type.
 - 3. Ground Lugs and Bus Configured Terminators: Mechanical type.

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- Feed-Through Lugs (When required): Mechanical type, suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at opposite end of bus from incoming lugs or main device.
- 5. Subfeed (Double) Lugs (When required): Mechanical type suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at same end of bus as incoming lugs or main device.
- E. Service Equipment Label (When applicable): NRTL labeled for use as service equipment for panelboards with one or more main service disconnecting and overcurrent protective devices.
- F. Future Devices: Mounting brackets, bus connections, filler plates, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.
- G. Panelboard Short-Circuit Current Rating: Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals.

2.2 DISTRIBUTION PANELBOARDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, power and feeder distribution type.
- C. Doors: Secured with vault-type latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike.
- D. Mains: Circuit breaker or main lugs only as noted on Drawings.
- E. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: For Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes 125 A and Smaller: Bolt-on circuit breakers.
- F. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: For Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes Larger Than 125 A: Bolt-on circuit breakers; plug-in circuit breakers where individual positive-locking device requires mechanical release for removal.

2.3 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.: Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, lighting and appliance branch-circuit type.
- C. Mains: Circuit breaker or main lugs only as noted on Drawings

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- D. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Bolt-on circuit breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.
- E. Doors: Concealed hinges; secured with flush latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike.

2.4 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Inc.; Cutler-Hammer Business Unit.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Consumer & Industrial Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Square D; a brand of Schneider Electric.
- B. Molded-Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB): Comply with UL 489, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads, and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
 - GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and two-pole configurations with Class A ground-fault protection (6-mA trip).
 - 3. Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker (MCCB) Features and Accessories:
 - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.
 - Shunt Trip (When indicated): 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 55 percent of rated voltage.
 - Multipole units enclosed in a single housing or factory assembled to operate as a single unit.
 - e. Handle Padlocking Device (When indicated): Fixed attachment, for locking circuitbreaker handle in on or off position.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- Receive, inspect, handle, store and install panelboards and accessories according to NEMA PB 1.1.
- B. Mount top of trim 90 inches Insert height above finished floor unless otherwise required keep the distance from the floor to top most circuit breaker within the height limitation contained in the NEC.
- C. Mount panelboard cabinet plumb and rigid without distortion of box. Mount recessed panelboards with fronts uniformly flush with wall finish and mating with back box.
- D. Install overcurrent protective devices and controllers not already factory installed.

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- 1. Set field-adjustable, circuit-breaker trip ranges.
- E. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- F. Recessed panels: Stub four 1-inch empty conduits from panelboard into accessible ceiling space or space designated to be ceiling space in the future.
- G. Arrange conductors in gutters into groups and bundle and wrap with wire ties.
- H. Comply with NECA 1.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs complying with Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads and incorporating Owner's final room designations. Use a computer or typewriter to create directory; handwritten directories are not acceptable.
- C. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."

END OF SECTION 262416

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SECTION 262419 MOTOR CONTROL CENTERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

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A. This Section includes motor-control centers for use on ac circuits rated 600 V and less.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of controller and each type of motor-control center.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each motor-control center.
 - Include wiring diagrams.
- C. Qualification Data: For manufacturer.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- E. Operation and maintenance data.
- F. Load-current and overload-relay heater list.
- G. Load-current and list of settings of adjustable overload relays.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for motor-control centers, including clearances between motor-control centers, and for adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions and clearances.

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate features of motor-control centers, installed units, and accessory devices with pilot devices and control circuits to which they connect.
- B. Coordinate features, accessories, and functions of each motor-control center, each controller, and each installed unit with ratings and characteristics of supply circuit, motor, required control sequence, and duty cycle of motor and load.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Corporation; Cutler-Hammer Products.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Industrial Systems.
 - 3. Rockwell Automation; Allen-Bradley Co.; Industrial Control Group.
 - Square D.

2.2 MOTOR-CONTROL CENTERS

- A. Wiring: NEMA ICS 3, Class I, Type A.
- B. Enclosures: Flush- or surface-mounting cabinets as indicated. NEMA 250, Type 1, unless otherwise indicated to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
 - 1. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - Compartments: Modular; individual doors with concealed hinges and quick-captive screw
 fasteners. Interlocks on combination controller units requiring disconnecting means in off
 position before door can be opened or closed, except by operating a permissive release
 device.
 - 3. Interchangeability: Compartments constructed to allow for removal of units without opening adjacent doors, disconnecting adjacent compartments, or disturbing operation of other units in motor-control center; same size compartments to permit interchangeability and ready rearrangement of units, such as replacing three single units with a unit requiring three spaces, without cutting or welding.
 - Wiring Spaces: Wiring channel in each vertical section for vertical and horizontal wiring to each unit compartment; supports to hold wiring in place.
- C. Short-Circuit Current Rating for Each Section: Equal to or greater than indicated available fault current in symmetrical amperes at motor-control center location.

2.3 BUSES

- A. Material: Plated hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
- B. Ampacity Ratings: As indicated for horizontal and vertical main buses.
- C. Neutral Buses: Full size.
- D. Equipment Ground Bus: Non-insulated, horizontal configuration; adequate for equipment ground conductors; bonded to enclosure.
- E. Horizontal Bus Arrangement: Main phase, neutral and ground buses extended with same capacity the entire length of motor-control center, with provision for future extension at both ends by bolt holes and captive bus splice sections or equivalent.
- F. Short-Circuit Withstand Rating: Same as short-circuit current rating of section.

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2.4 FUNCTIONAL FEATURES

- A. Description: Modular arrangement of controllers, control devices, overcurrent protective devices, transformers, panelboards, instruments, indicating panels, blank panels, and other items mounted in compartments of motor-control center.
- B. Controller Units: Combination controller units of types and with features, ratings, and circuit assignments indicated.
 - Install units up to and including Size 3 on drawout mountings with connectors that automatically line up and connect with vertical-section buses while being racked into their normal, energized positions.
 - Provide units with short-circuit current ratings equal to or greater than short-circuit current rating of motor-control center section.
 - Equip units in Type B and Type C motor-control centers with pull-apart terminal strips or drawout terminal boards for external control connections.
 - 4. Controller Disconnecting Means: Factory-assembled combination disconnect and controller.
 - a. Fusible Disconnecting Means: NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, fusible switch with rejection-type fuse clips rated for fuses. Select and size fuses to provide Type 2 protection according to IEC 947-4-1, as certified by an NRTL.
 - b. Non-fusible Disconnecting Means: NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, non-fusible switch.
 - c. Circuit-Breaker Disconnecting Means: NEMA AB 1, motor-circuit protector with field-adjustable, short-circuit trip coordinated with motor locked-rotor amperes.
- C. Overcurrent Protective Devices: Individual feeder-tap units through 225-A rating shall have drawout mountings with connectors that automatically line up and connect with vertical-section buses while being racked into their normal, energized positions.
- Spaces and Blank Compartments: Fully bused and equipped, ready for insertion of drawout units
- E. Spare Units: Type, sizes, and ratings indicated; installed in compartments indicated "spare."

2.5 MULTISPEED CONTROLLERS

- A. Multispeed Controller: Match controller to motor type, application, and number of speeds; include the following accessories:
 - 1. Compelling relay to ensure that motor will start only at low speed.
 - Accelerating relay to ensure properly timed acceleration through speeds lower than that selected.
 - 3. Decelerating relay to ensure automatically timed deceleration through each speed.

2.6 FEEDER OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

- A. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
 - Adjustable Instantaneous-Trip Circuit Breakers: Magnetic trip element with frontmounted, field-adjustable trip setting.

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- Electronic Trip Unit Circuit Breakers: RMS sensing; field-replaceable rating plug; with the following field-adjustable settings:
 - Instantaneous trip. a.
 - Long- and short-time pickup levels. b
 - C. Long- and short-time time adjustments.
 - Ground-fault pickup level, time delay, and I2t response.
- Current-Limiting Circuit Breakers: Frame sizes 400 A and smaller; let-through ratings less than NEMA FU 1, RK-5.
- Integrally Fused Circuit Breakers: Thermal-magnetic trip element with integral limiter-4 style fuse listed for use with circuit breaker; trip activation on fuse opening or on opening of fuse compartment door.
- 5. Molded-Case Switch: Molded-case circuit breaker without trip units.
- Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker Features and Accessories: Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and B. number of poles.
 - Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and material of conductors.
 - Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HACR for heating, air-conditioning, and refrigerating equipment.
 - 3. Auxiliary Switch: One SPDT switch with "a" and "b" contacts; "a" contacts mimic circuitbreaker contacts; "b" contacts operate in reverse of circuit-breaker contacts. Key Interlock Kit: Externally mounted to prohibit circuit-breaker operation; key shall be
 - 4. removable only when circuit breaker is in off position.
 - Zone-Selective Interlocking: Integral with electronic trip unit; for interlocking ground-fault protection function.
- C. Fusible Switch: NEMA KS 1, Type HD, clips to accommodate specified fuses with lockable handle.

2.7 **ACCESSORIES**

- A. Devices shall be factory installed in controller enclosure, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Push-Button Stations, Pilot Lights, and Selector Switches: NEMA ICS 2, heavy-duty type.
- Stop and Lockout Push-Button Station: Momentary-break, push-button station with a factory-C applied hasp arranged so padlock can be used to lock push button in depressed position with control circuit open.
- D. Control Relays: Auxiliary and adjustable time-delay relays.
- E. Meters:
 - Ammeter: Output current, with current sensors rated to suit application.
 - 2. Voltmeter: Output voltage.
 - Frequency Meter: Output frequency.
- F Phase-Failure and Undervoltage Relays: Solid-state sensing circuit with isolated output contacts for hard-wired connection. Provide adjustable undervoltage setting.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

A. Select features of each controller to coordinate with ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and motor; required control sequence; duty cycle of motor, controller, and load; and configuration of pilot device and control circuit affecting controller functions.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Anchor each motor-control center assembly to steel-channel sills arranged and sized according to manufacturer's written instructions. Attach by bolting. Level and grout sills flush with motorcontrol center mounting surface.
- B. Install motor-control centers on concrete bases.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify motor-control center, motor-control center components, and control wiring according to Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Operating Instructions: Frame printed operating instructions for motor-control centers, including control sequences and emergency procedures. Fabricate frame of finished metal, and cover instructions with clear acrylic plastic. Mount on front of motor-control centers.

3.4 CONTROL WIRING INSTALLATION

- A. Install wiring between motor-control devices according to Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables." Bundle, train, and support wiring in enclosures.
- B. Connect hand-off-automatic switch and other automatic-control devices where applicable.
 - Connect selector switches to bypass only manual- and automatic-control devices that have no safety functions when switch is in hand position.
 - Connect selector switches with motor-control circuit in both hand and automatic positions for safety-type control devices such as low- and high-pressure cutouts, high-temperature cutouts, and motor overload protectors.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare for acceptance tests as follows:
 - Test insulation resistance for each motor-control center element, bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.

END OF SECTION 262419

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SECTION 262816 ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

 Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including other Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following individually mounted, enclosed switches and circuit breakers:
 - 1. Fusible switches.
 - Nonfusible switches.
 - 3. Enclosures.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
 - 1. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - Current and voltage ratings.
 - 3. Short-circuit current rating.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with other construction, including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FUSIBLE AND NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Eaton Corporation; Cutler-Hammer Products.
 - 2. General Electric Co.; Electrical Distribution & Control Division.
 - 3. Square D/Group Schneider.
- B. Fusible Switch, 600 A and Smaller: NEMA KS 1, Type Heavy Duty, with clips or bolt pads to accommodate specified fuses, lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- C. Non-fusible Switch, 600 A and Smaller: NEMA KS 1, Type Heavy Duty, lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- D. Accessories:
 - Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
 - Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded, and bonded; and labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors. (If required)

2.3 ENCLOSURES

- A. NEMA AB 1 and NEMA KS 1 to meet environmental conditions of installed location.
 - 1. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - 2. Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
 - 3. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
 - 4. As noted in the drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with applicable portions of NECA 1, NEMA PB 1.1, and NEMA PB 2.1 for installation of enclosed switches and circuit breakers.

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- B. Mount individual wall-mounting switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height, unless otherwise indicated. Anchor floor-mounting switches to concrete base.
- C. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from enclosures and components.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs as specified in Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Enclosure Nameplates: Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate as specified in Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.3 CLEANING

- On completion of installation, vacuum dirt and debris from interiors; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning.
- B. Inspect exposed surfaces and repair damaged finishes.

END OF SECTION 262816

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SECTION 334101 SANITARY SEWERAGE SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Provide sanitary sewerage system including construction and installation of piping, manholes, and structures as specified herein, and conforming in all respects to the lines and grades shown on the Drawings, together with all specified or necessary accessories and appurtenances.

B. Related work:

 Documents affecting work of this Section include, but are not necessarily limited to, and other Sections in these Specifications.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product data submission

- 1. Materials list of items proposed to be provided under this Section.
- Manufacturer's specifications and other data needed to prove compliance with the specified requirements.

1.3 TREES, SHRUBBERY, STRUCTURES AND ABOVE GROUND UTILITIES

- A. All trees, shrubbery, utility poles and the like in the line of work shall be protected and preserved except as shown on the Plans, unless permission of the Owner and approval of the Engineer are obtained for their removal. Construction operations may require hand trenching and tunneling under and adjacent to trees and poles, which are to be preserved.
 - Existing structures and markers such as inlet castings, fire hydrants, highway and street signs, valve boxes, etc., that may be disturbed during the progress of the work, shall be cleaned and reset in their original position in such a manner as may be required by the Engineer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SEWER PIPE

A. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe conforming to ASTM D I784 "Rigid Poly (Vinyl Chloride) and Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) Compounds" and ASTM D 2241 latest revisions. Minimum acceptable SDR shall be 26. Include the appropriate ASTM Designations and Cell Classification Numbers (12454-B or 12454-C) or other approved classifications).

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2.2 JOINTS

A. PVC Pipe joints shall use flexible elastomeric seals per ASTM D 3212.

2.3 CONCRETE

A. All concrete for manhole bottoms, special structures, and incidental items shall be as specified in Section 602.02 of the Standard Specifications.

2.4 CASING PIPE

A. Steel casing pipe of the diameter and thickness specified in the plans for Cathodically Protected Pipe or Non-Cathodically Protected pipe. Minimum yield strength of 35,000 psi.

2.5 SEAL PLUGS

A. Seal plugs for all service lateral openings shall be airtight, as manufactured by Fernco Joint Sealer Co., Ferndale, Mich., or approved equal.

2.6 MANHOLE

- A. Manholes shall be precast reinforced concrete manhole sections and bases with rubber gasket joints complying with latest revisions of ASTM C 478. The diameter shall be 48" for sewer pipes 15" and smaller, and 60" for sewer pipes up to 36".
- B. Manhole steps shall be copolymer polypropylene plastic with steel reinforcement, (PS2-PF), or equal, and meet or exceed ASTM specifications D 2l46 under Type 2 Grade 49l08.
- Opening for sewer pipe connections shall be resilient connectors meeting the latest revisions of ASTM C923.
- D. Manholes shall be provided with Type 1 Frame and Grate closed lids with gasket seal and closed pickhole or equivalent.

2.7 BEDDING OR GRANULAR CRADLE

A. Bedding or Granular cradle material shall comply with ASTM D2321, Class II, consisting of coarse sands and gravels with a maximum particle size of 20 mm (3/4in.), including various graded sands and gravels containing small percentages of fines, generally granular and non-cohesive.

2.8 TRENCH BACKFILL

A. Trench Backfill materials shall be in accordance with Section 208 of the SSRBC.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SURFACE CONDITIONS

- A. Examine the areas and conditions under which work of this Section will be performed. Correct conditions detrimental to timely and proper completion of the work. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.
- B. Field Measurements Make necessary measurements in the field to assure precise fit of items in accordance with the approved design.

3.2 INSTALLATION - TRENCH EXCAVATION

- A. All excavation work for sewers, manholes, sewer structure and sewer appurtenances, as herein defined, includes the clearing of the site of the work, the loosening, loading, removal, transporting and disposing of all excavated materials, wet or dry, necessary to be removed and replaced (backfilling) for purposes of sewer construction. All excavation shall be unclassified unless otherwise specifically specified. The ground shall, in general, be excavated in open trenches unless otherwise shown on the Drawings to be bored and jacked and/or in tunnel.
- B. Trenches shall be excavated to the depth required for the bedding and foundations of the sewers and appurtenances shown on the Drawings and profiles; and, where conditions make it necessary, to such additional depths as may be directed in writing by the Engineer.
- C. Should the trench be excavated without written authority to a depth greater than that required by the said Drawings and profiles, the Contractor shall refill such excess excavation at his own expense, with CA-7, or as otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- D. Where a firm foundation is not encountered at the grade established, due to soft, spongy, or other unsuitable soil, unless other special construction methods are called for on the Drawings, all such unsuitable soil under the pipe and for the width of the trench shall be removed and replaced with well compacted bedding material, as may be directed in writing by the Engineer.
- E. The width of the trench at the top of the sewer pipes shall be as shown on the Drawings at Trench Detail. However, a greater width may be permitted by the Engineer, in writing, when it is necessary for the proper construction of the sewer according to the plan.
- F. All surplus excavated material, debris and rubbish shall be removed from the site by the Contractor.
- G. When the Contractor constructs the trench with sloped sides or benched, backfilling for the full width of the excavation shall be as hereinbefore specified, except no additional compensation will be allowed for trench backfill material required outside the limits of the specified trench width.

3.3 LINE AND GRADE

A. Reference points and benchmarks for controlling lines and grades will be established by the Engineer. Such work shall consist of referenced locations of all points of intersection, or changes in direction or grade. Controlling grades shall consist of Benchmarks along the line of work approximately 400 to 800 feet apart. All additional horizontal and vertical measurements that will be required to complete the work, in addition to the controlling lines and grades, shall

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be made by the Contractor and at his sole responsibility. No compensation shall be paid the Contractor for the cost of any of the work or for delay occasioned by giving lines and grades or for inspection; but such cost shall be included in the prices specified for the appropriate items.

3.4 SHEETING AND BRACING

- A. The Contractor shall furnish, install and maintain such sheeting, bracing, etc., as may be required to support the sides of the excavation and to prevent any movement which can in any way injure the sewers, diminish the necessary width of the excavation, or otherwise injure or delay the work or endanger adjacent pavements, buildings or other structures. Sheeting and bracing shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR 1926.651 and 1926.652 or comparable OSHA-approved state plan requirements.
- B. For sheeting and bracing which is specifically shown upon the drawings, or ordered in writing by the Engineer, to be left in place, the Contractor shall receive payment, in accordance with the General Conditions.

3.5 PROTECTION AGAINST WATER

- A. The Contractor shall do all pumping and bailing, build all subdrains and drains, and do all other work necessary to keep the trench and sewer clear of groundwater, sewage, or storm water during the progress of the work. Where the excavation for its depth is in whole or in part in wet sand, or where conditions warrant it, in the judgment of the Engineer, the Contractor shall install a pumping system connected with well points so as to drain the water from the water-bearing strata effectively.
- B. When existing sewers and laterals have to be taken up or removed, the Contractor shall provide and maintain temporary outlets and connections for all private or public drains, sewers, or catch basins, and he (she) shall take care of all sewage and storm water which will be received from these drains and sewers and discharge the same; and for this purpose he (she) shall provide and maintain at his own expense an efficient pumping plant and temporary outlets; and be prepared at all times to dispose of the water and sewage received from these temporary connections, until such time as the permanent connections shall be made by the Contractor in a careful and workmanlike manner.

3.6 PIPE LAYING OPERATIONS (EXCEPT PVC)

A. General:

- Sewer pipe shall, under all conditions, be laid in a dry-trench on an even, firm bed throughout the full length of the barrel so that no uneven strain will come on any pipe. The intent of the specifications is to maintain a dry trench and to properly bed the sewer pipe as shown on the Drawings. Pipe laying operations shall be carried on in a manner which will insure against subsequent misalignment laterally and vertically; and to eliminate subsequent groundwater infiltration. The trench shall be always kept continuously dry, and the pipe bedded full length of the barrel so that a firm, even bearing will result for the bottom quadrant of the pipe as shown on the Drawings. Bell holes for bell and pipe shall be carefully made and be no larger than required to properly free the bell from bearing on the subgrade and to properly make up the pipe joints.
 - a. Trench width shall be per Section 550 of the SRBC.

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- Protect pipe during handling against shocks and free fall. Remove extraneous material from the pipe interior.
- Lay pipe by proceeding upgrade with the spigot ends of bell-and-spigot pipe pointing in direction of flow.
- Lay each pipe accurately to the indicated line and grade, aligning so that the sewer has a uniform invert.
- e. Before making pipe joints, clean and dry all surfaces of the pipe to be joined.
- Use lubricants, primers, and adhesives recommended for the purpose by the pipe manufacturer.
- g. Place, fit, join, and adjust the joints to obtain the degree of water tightness required.

B. Foundations and Bedding:

- 1. All sewer pipe shall be laid on a bedding material per Section 550 of the SSRBC
- In trenches where a dry, firm subgrade cannot be maintained due to groundwater seepage into the trench, the subgrade shall be excavated to a depth of six inches below sewer pipe and shall be backfilled with crushed stone to form subdrain pipe bedding to the shape and dimensions as detailed on the Drawings. This will not be a pay item unless ordered by the Engineer to be placed at a depth greater than six inches below bottom of pipe.
- When solid rock is encountered, the trench excavation shall conform to the shape and dimensions shown on the detailed Drawings and shall be backfilled with crushed stone or sand to form the pipe bedding.

C. Sewer Joints:

- In general, all sewer pipes shall be jointed in accordance with the recommendations and instructions of the pipe manufacturer.
- At manholes a compression type polyurethane joint complying with ASTM Specification C-425 shall be used to join each influent and effluent line to the manhole as manufactured by Moorbase, or equal. The sewer pipe shall be securely and completely encased in a metallic grout mortar through the opening in the wall. The metallic grout mortar shall be Embeco Grout Mortar by Master Builders; or equal.
- 3. Wherever dissimilar types of pipe are to be joined together outside of a manhole or other structure, the pipe shall be joined with suitable adapters, such as Fernco Couplings as manufactured by the Fernco Joint Sealer Co., Ferndale, Michigan 48220, or equal.

D. Existing Drains, Sewers, and Laterals:

- 1. Any existing drain or sewer not in conflict with the new work, which is disturbed or removed on account of the new work under this contract, whether shown on the Drawings or not, shall be restored or reconnected. Existing drains and sewers encountered in the work which are not in conflict with new work are, in general, to be restored by and at the expense of the Contractor, excepting that extensions thereof ordered by the Engineer and new portions of such old drains or sewers authorized by the Engineer, will be paid for at the contract prices for sewer of the same size, or as extra work. Connection to be made to the new sewer shall be made through tees, or wyes in the main.
- Existing laterals, sewers or drains shall be restored with pipe of the same size and equal
 or better in type and quality. They shall be firmly supported across the trench by
 timbering, blocking, masonry, or other suitable manner to prevent after-settlement.
- No existing sewers or drains shall be connected to the new sewer except as specifically shown on the Drawings or approved by the Engineer.

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3.7 PVC PIPE INSTALLATION AND FIELD TESTING

A. Installation:

1. Pipe shall be installed in accordance with Section 550 of the SSRBC for PVC pipe.

B. Pipe Handling:

- Care shall be taken during the transporting of the pipe to ensure that the binding and tie down methods do not damage or deflect the pipe in any manner. Pipe bent, deflected or otherwise damaged during shipping shall be rejected.
- 2. Pipe stored on the job site shall be covered with canvas or other opaque material to protect it from the sun's rays. Air circulation shall be provided under the covering.
- PVC pipe shall not be removed from the pallet and/or laid out along the ditch until the bedding material is in place and ready to receive pipe. Only enough pipe should be laid out for one days' work.

C. Laying Pipe:

- Lateral displacement of the pipe shall be prevented during embedment operations. Pipe shall not be laid in water, or under unsuitable weather or trench conditions.
- Pipe laying shall begin at the lowest elevation, with bell ends facing the direction of laying except when reverse laying is permitted by the Engineer. Pipe jointing and installation shall be specifically in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations except as otherwise specified herein, for the type used.

D. Backfill:

1. Backfill shall be placed in accordance with paragraph 3.9 below.

3.8 BACKFILLING TRENCHES

A. General:

- After sewers are laid and bedded in open cut, the trench shall be backfilled to the original ground surface. Unless otherwise ordered, the backfilling shall not be left unfinished for more than three hundred (300) feet behind the completed pipe work.
- As soon as the pipe is tested, the entire width of the trench shall be backfilled with material, as shown on the Trench Detail, and per Section 208 of the SSRBC.

3.9 TEMPORARY SEWER CONNECTIONS

A. Where special junction chambers or structures are to be constructed or where existing sewers carrying sanitary sewage and storm water are encountered, the Contractor shall provide and maintain temporary connections to prevent public nuisances and to prevent pollution. The costs of all such temporary connections, pumping and diversions shall be considered incidental to the scope of the work. No separate payment will be made for such or similar items of work. No such existing sewers shall be connected to the new sewers unless shown on the Drawings or approved by the Engineer and/or the Owner.

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3.10 SEWER PIPE AND WATER MAIN SEPARATION

- A. Sanitary sewers, house sewers or storm drains that are laid in the vicinity of pipe designated to carry potable water shall meet the following conditions.
 - Parallel Installation Sewers and Water Mains:
 - Normal Conditions Any sanitary sewer, storm sewer or sewer manhole shall be located at least 10 feet horizontally from water mains, whenever possible; the distance shall be measured from edge to edge.
 - Unusual Conditions When local conditions prevent a horizontal separation of 10 feet, a storm or sanitary sewer may be laid closer to a water main provided that:
 - 1) The bottom of the water main is at least 18 inches above the top of the
 - Where this vertical separation cannot be obtained, the sewer shall be constructed of materials and with joints that are equivalent to water main standards of construction for 10 feet measured perpendicular on either side of the water main.

Crossings – Sewers and Water Mains:

- Normal Conditions Water mains crossing house sewers, storm sewers or sanitary sewers crossing water mains shall be laid to provide a separation of at least 18 inches between the bottom of the water main and the top of the sewer.
- Unusual Conditions When local conditions prevent a vertical separation as described above, the following construction shall be used.
 - Sewers passing over or under water mains should be constructed of the materials equivalent to Watermain Standards.
 - Construction of sewers crossing over water mains shall insure additional protection to the water main by providing:
 - A vertical separation of at least 18 inches between the bottom of the sewer and the top of the water main;
 - b) Adequate structural support for the sewers to prevent excessive deflection of joints and settling on and breaking the water mains:
 - c) That the length of watermain type sewer pipe be centered at the point of crossing so that the joints will be equidistant and as far as possible from the water main.

3.11 CLEANING, INSPECTION AND TESTING

A. Cleaning and Maintenance:

Special care shall be taken during the construction of the sewers to prevent rubbish of every kind and description, and especially sand, from entering or remaining in the sewers. As the construction of the system approaches completion, the Contractor shall systematically and thoroughly clean and make any needed repairs to the entire length of the sewers. He (she) shall furnish, at his own expense, suitable tools and labor for cleaning out all dirt and foreign substances from the sewers, and, if necessary, water for cleaning the sewers by flushing. The cleaning and the repairs above described shall be arranged as far as practicable to be completed upon the finishing of the whole

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construction work. The Owner will make, upon the completion of the cleaning operations, final inspection of the work.

B. Inspection:

1. The sewer shall be subject to inspection at such times as the Engineer may direct. All repairs necessary by the inspection shall be made. Broken or cracked pipe shall be replaced; defective joints, if any, replaced; all deposits removed; and the sewer left true to line and grade, entirely clean, free from lumps of protruding jointing material, etc., and ready for use. Each section of sewer between manholes shall show, upon examination from either end a reasonably full circle of light.

C. Testing:

1. Air Testing – General:

- a. The proposed sanitary mains will be tested for acceptability by the air testing technique. Special attention of the Contractor is directed to the requirement that all pipe laying will be permitted only in dry trenches having a stable bottom, in as much as it is imperative that all sewers and manholes be built practically or reasonably watertight and airtight. The Contractor must adhere rigidly to the specifications for materials and workmanship covering sewer construction. After completion, the sewers or sections thereof shall be tested with a low-pressure air test, which is a test to determine the rate at which air under pressure escaped from an isolated section of sewer. The rate of air loss is intended to indicate the presence or absence of pipe damage and whether or not the joints have been properly constructed. This test is not intended to indicate water leakage limits. In applying the low-pressure air test to sanitary sewers several factors should be understood and precautions followed during the test.
- b. Plugs should be securely braced to prevent the unintentional release of a plug, which can become a high velocity projectile. Plugs should not be removed until all air pressure in the test section has been released.
- For safety reasons, no one should be allowed in the trench or manhole while the test is being conducted.
- d. The testing apparatus should be equipped with a pressure relief device to prevent the possibility of loading the test section with the full compressor capacity.
- e. The pipe should be tested in a wet condition if at all possible.

2. Low Pressure Air Test:

a. Provide necessary labor and equipment to test the proposed sewer extension by means of a low-pressure air test as set forth in ASTM F1417-11a(2015) Standard Practice for Installation Acceptance of Plastic Non-Pressure Sewer Lines Using Low Pressure Air, as approved and published August 1, 2015. Test each section manhole to manhole to determine its tightness. Should a section not pass the air test as set forth in the above specification, the Contractor will locate the defect and repair the leak. The ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the proposed sewer does perform according to the specification will be with the Contractor.

3. Air Testing - Procedure:

a. The section of the sewer to be tested shall be backfilled and cleared, and plugged at each end by means of inflatable stoppers, securely braced to prevent possible blow-out due to the internal air pressure. The pneumatic plugs shall have a sealing length equal to or greater than the diameter of the pipe to be tested and

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- then shall be inflated to 25 psig. Air is then added to the test section until the internal air pressure is raised to 4 psig above the average back pressure of ground water over the sewer pipe, and the air pressure shall be allowed to stabilize for at least 10 minutes and a maximum of 30 minutes.
- b. After the stabilization period, the pipe in the test section shall be pressurized to 3.5 psig and the time in minutes measured for the pressure to drop to 2.5 psig. If ground water is present, the air pressure in the line shall be increased to 3.5 psig above the level of the ground water and the drop of one pound of air pressure measured in minutes. The section being tested should be deemed acceptable when the time taken for the one (1) pound pressure drop is not less than that shown in the table below.

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TABLE 1 Minimum Time for a 1.0 psig Pressure Drop for Size and Length of Pipe for Q = 0.0015

 $Note 1-See \ Practice \ UNI-B-6.$ Note 2-Consult with pipe and appurtenance manufacturer for maximum test pressure for pipe size greater than 30 in. in diameter.

Pipe	Minimum	Length	Time for			Specificat	ion Time for L	ength (L) Sho	wn, min:s				
Diameter, in.	Time, min:s	Time, for Minimum	for Minimum	Time, Minimum	Longer Length, s	100 ft	150 ft	200 ft	250 ft	300 ft	350 ft	400 ft	450 ft
4	3:46	597	0.380 L	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46		
6	5:40	398	0.854 L	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:42	6:24		
8	7:34	298	1.520 L	7:34	7:34	7:34	7:34	7:36	8:52	10:08	11:24		
10	9:26	239	2.374 L	9:26	9:26	9:26	9:53	11:52	13:51	15:49	17:48		
12	11:20	199	3.418 L	11:20	11:20	11:24	14:15	17:05	19:56	22:47	25:38		
15	14:10	159	5.342 L	14:10	14:10	17:48	22:15	26:42	31:09	35:36	40:04		
18	17:00	133	7.692 L	17:00	19:13	25:38	32:03	38:27	44:52	51:16	57:41		
21	19:50	114	10.470 L	19:50	26:10	34:54	43:37	52:21	61:00	69:48	78:31		
24	22:40	99	13.674 L	22:47	34:11	45:34	56:58	68:22	79:46	91:10	102:33		
27	25:30	88	17,306 L	28:51	43:16	57:41	72:07	86:32	100:57	115:22	129:48		
30	28:20	80	21.366 L	35:37	53:25	71:13	89:02	106:50	124:38	142:26	160:15		
33	31:10	72	25.852 L	43:05	64:38	86:10	107:43	129:16	150:43	172:21	193:53		
36	34:00	66	30.768 L	51:17	76:55	102:34	128:12	153:50	179:29	205:07	230:46		
42	39:48	57	41.883 L	69:48	104:42	139:37	174:30	209:24	244:19	279:13	314:07		
48	45:34	50	54.705 L	91:10	136:45	182:21	227:55	273:31	319:06	364:42	410:17		
54	51:02	44	69.236 L	115:24	173:05	230:47	288:29	346:11	403:53	461:34	519:16		
60	56:40	40	85.476 L	142:28	213:41	284:55	356:09	427:23	498:37	569:50	641:04		

TABLE 2 Minimum Time for a 0.5 psig Pressure Drop for Size and Length of Pipe for Q = 0.0015

Pipe	Minimum	Length	Time for			Specificat	ion Time for L	ength (L) Sho	wn, min:s		
Diameter, in.	Time, min:s	for Minimum Time, ft	Longer Length, s	100 ft	150 ft	200 ft	250 ft	300 ft	350 ft	400 ft	450 ft
4	1:53	597	0.190 L	1:53	1:53	1:53	1:53	1:53	1:53	1:53	1:53
6	2:50	398	0.427 L	2:50	2:50	2:50	2:50	2:50	2:50	2:51	3:12
8	3:47	298	0.760 L	3:47	3:47	3:47	3:47	3:48	4:26	5:04	5:42
10	4:43	239	1.187 L	4:43	4:43	4:43	4:57	5:56	6:55	7:54	8:54
12	5:40	199	1.709 L	5:40	5:40	5:42	7:08	8:33	9:58	11:24	12:50
15	7:05	159	2.671 L	7:05	7:05	8:54	11:08	13:21	15:35	17:48	20:02
18	8:30	133	3.846 L	8:30	9:37	12:49	16:01	19:14	22:26	25:38	28:5
21	9:55	114	5.235 L	9:55	13:05	17:27	21:49	26:11	30:32	34:54	39:16
24	11:20	99	6.837 L	11:24	17:57	22:48	28:30	34:11	39:53	45:35	51:17
27	12:45	88	8.653 L	14:25	21:38	28:51	36:04	43:16	50:30	57:42	64:54
30	14:10	80	10.683 L	17:48	26:43	35:37	44:31	53:25	62:19	71:13	80:07
33	15:35	72	12.926 L	21:33	32:19	43:56	53:52	64:38	75:24	86:10	96:57
36	17:00	66	15.384 L	25:39	38:28	51:17	64:06	76:55	89:44	102:34	115:23
42	19:54	57	20.942 L	34:54	52:21	69:49	87:15	104:42	122:10	139:37	157:0
48	22:47	50	27.352 L	45:35	68:23	91:11	113:58	136:46	159:33	182:21	205:09
54	25:31	44	34.618 L	57:42	86:33	115:24	144:15	173:05	201:56	230:47	259:38
60	28:20	40	42.738 L	71:14	106:51	142:28	178:05	213:41	249:18	284:55	320:3

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Time Limits for Loss of Air Pressure:

d. The loss of air is acceptable and the line is considered to be reasonably free from defects, if the time in minutes and seconds for the pressure to go from 3.5 psig to 2.5 psig in not less than the time per inch of pipe diameter per length of sewer pipe as shown in the table above.

3.12 PVC PLASTIC PIPE TESTING

- A. Air Testing:
 - The PVC sewer main shall be tested for acceptability by the air testing technique as specified above in Cleaning, Inspection and Testing.
- B. Deflection Testing for Flexible Conduit:
 - 1. This test shall be in accordance with Section 550.08 of the SSRBC
- C. Final Cleaning:
 - Upon completion of all testing, the Contractor shall clean the PVC sewer in such a
 manner as to ensure that no foreign matter or debris has been left in the sewer. All
 foreign matter and debris shall be removed and disposed of in a manner acceptable to
 the Engineer.

3.13 RESTORATION OF SURFACE AREAS

- A. General:
 - After backfilling operations are completed, surface areas shall be replaced or restored as called for on the Drawings, which in general shall be to a condition equal to that existing prior to start of work.

3.14 MARKER TAPE

- A. An electrically detectable metalized foil marking tape shall be installed with the sewer main and laterals to facilitate locating the sewer with an electronic pipe finder. The marker tape shall consist of a 5.5 mil composition film containing one layer of metalized foil laminated between two layers of inert plastic film formulated for prolonged underground use, and shall be resistant to alkalis, acids and other destructive agents found in the soil. The tape shall be safety green in color, 3" wide, and shall bear a continuous message printed in permanent ink warning of the underground installation.
- B. Installation shall be continuous along the centerline for the full length of the sewer line and shall be installed at a depth of 2 to 3 feet.
- C. Installation shall be for all service laterals, and sewer mains where the manholes are buried. In lines with buried manholes, run tape from downstream exposed manhole, above sewer line and all buried manholes, to upstream exposed manhole.
- D. The tape shall be "Detectable Terra Tape" as manufactured by Reef Industries, Inc., Houston, Texas, or equal.

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E. No separate payment will be made for marker tape.

3.15 BORING AND ENCASEMENT

- A. At locations shown on the Drawings, the sewer pipe shall be ductile iron with steel encasing pipe installed in a bored hole.
- B. Bore holes shall be made in advance of the sewer construction so that, if necessary, minor adjustments can be made in alignment and grade with the approval of the Engineer. Bore pits shall be backfilled and compacted for settlement. See Drawings for backfill Case.
- C. Casing pipe shall be pushed through the embankment without use of pilot by the Boring-Jacking Method. This method utilizes an auger operating inside the pipe to carry out dirt, but not to cut in advance of the pipe itself.
- D. Where traffic must be maintained, the operations shall be carried on without encroachment upon the traveled way by either the excavation or by the storage of equipment or materials. Adequate sheeting and bracing shall be provided if the nature and condition of the soil or height of exposed faces is such as to endanger either the traveling public or the integrity of the road surfacing. Construction shall be in accordance with required permits for the work.

END OF SECTION 334101

CEMENT, TYPE IL (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2023

Add the following to Article 302.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Revise Note 2 of Article 352.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 2. Either Type I or Type IA portland cement or Type IL portland-limestone cement shall be used."

Revise Note 1 of Article 404.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 1. The cement shall be Type I portland cement or Type IL portland-limestone cement."

Revise Article 1019.02(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Cement, Type I or IL1001"

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.
 - Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).
 - (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.
 - Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.

- (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
- (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

(a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.

- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: March 2, 2019

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise

(DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 1.00% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
 - (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
 - (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate

- causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially

useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owneroperator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE

participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at <u>DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov</u>.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
 - (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.

(e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor:
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;

- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.
 - When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.
- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE - STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2021 Revised: April 2, 2024

<u>Illinois Works Jobs Program Act (30 ILCS 559/20-1 et seq.)</u>. For contracts having an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor shall comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules. The goal of the Illinois Apprenticeship Works Initiative is that apprentices will perform either 10% of the total labor hours actually worked in each prevailing wage classification or 10% of the estimated labor hours in each prevailing wage classification, whichever is less. Of this goal, at least 50% of the labor hours of each prevailing wage classification performed by apprentices shall be performed by graduates of the Illinois Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, the Illinois Climate Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, or the Highway Construction Careers Training Program.

The Contractor may seek from the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) a waiver or reduction of this goal in certain circumstances pursuant to 30 ILCS 559/20-20(b). The Contractor shall ensure compliance during the term of the contract and will be required to report on and certify its compliance. An apprentice use plan, apprentice hours, and a compliance certification shall be submitted to the Engineer on forms provided by the Department and/or DCEO.

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2023

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1103.03(a)(4) the Standard Specifications to read:

"The dispenser system shall provide a visual indication that the liquid admixture is actually entering the batch, such as via a transparent or translucent section of tubing or by independent check with an integrated secondary metering device. If approved by the Engineer, an alternate indicator may be used for admixtures dosed at rates of 25 oz/cwt (1630 mL/100 kg) or greater, such as accelerating admixtures, corrosion inhibitors, and viscosity modifying admixtures."

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024 Revised: April 1, 2024

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas shall be managed as either uncontaminated soil, hazardous waste, special waste, or non-special waste.

As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 "Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)"."

Revise the first two sentences of the nineteenth paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility and provide the specific analytical testing requirements of that facility. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection, transportation, and analysis of landfill acceptance testing."

Revise the last paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall select a permitted landfill facility or CCDD/USFO facility meeting the requirements of 35 III. Admin. Code Parts 810-814 or Part 1100, respectively. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor based upon information provided in BDE 2730. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected facility shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.07 Temporary Staging. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. All other soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Topsoil for re-use as final cover which has been field screened and found not to exhibit PID readings over daily background readings as documented on the BDE 2732, visual staining or odors, and is classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option."

Add the following paragraph after the sixth paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications.

"The sampling and testing of effluent water derived from dewatering discharges for priority pollutants volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutants semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), or priority pollutants metals, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8260B, SVOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 8270C, or RCRA METALS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 6010B and 7471A. This price shall include transporting the sample from the job site to the laboratory."

Revise the first sentence of the eight paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) to be managed and disposed of, if required and approved by the Engineer, will be paid according to Article 109.04."

SEEDING (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2022

Revise Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"250.07 Seeding Mixtures. The classes of seeding mixtures and combinations of mixtures will be designated in the plans.

When an area is to be seeded with two or more seeding classes, those mixtures shall be applied separately on the designated area within a seven day period. Seeding shall occur prior to placement of mulch cover. A Class 7 mixture can be applied at any time prior to applying any seeding class or added to them and applied at the same time.

		TABLE 1 - SEEDING MIXTURES	
Class	- Type	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
1	Lawn Mixture 1/	Kentucky Bluegrass	100 (110)
		Perennial Ryegrass	60 (70)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	40 (50)
1A	Salt Tolerant	Kentucky Bluegrass	60 (70)
	Lawn Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	20 (20) 20 (20)
		Festuca brevipilla (Hard Fescue) Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70)
1B	Low Maintenance	Turf-Type Fine Fescue 3/	150 (170)
10	Lawn Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Red Top	10 (10)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	20 (20)
2	Roadside Mixture 1/	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue)	100 (110)
		Perennial Ryegrass	50 (55)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	40 (50)
		Red Top	10 (10)
2A	Salt Tolerant	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue)	60 (70)
	Roadside Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	20 (20) 30 (20)
		Festuca brevipila (Hard Fescue)	30 (20)
		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70)
3	Northern Illinois	Elymus canadensis	5 (5)
3	Slope Mixture 1/	(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	3 (3)
	0.0p0	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Alsike Clover 4/	5 (5)
		Desmanthus illinoensis	2 (2)
		(Illinois Bundleflower) 4/ 5/	40 (40)
		Schizachyrium scoparium	12 (12)
		(Little Bluestem) 5/ Bouteloua curtipendula	10 (10)
		(Side-Oats Grama) 5/	10 (10)
		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	30 (35)
		Oats, Spring	50 (55)
		Slender Wheat Grass 5/	15 (15)
		Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/	5 (5)
3A	Southern Illinois	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
	Slope Mixture 1/	Elymus canadensis	20 (20)
		(Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Panicum virgatum (Switchgrass) 5/	10 (10)
		Schizachyrium scoparium	12 (12)
		(Little Blue Stem) 5/	(/
		Boùteloua curtipendula	10 (10)
		(Side-Oats Grama) 5/	
		Dalea candida	5 (5)
		(White Prairie Clover) 4/ 5/	E (E)
		Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) 5/ Oats, Spring	5 (5) 50 (55)
		οαιο, οριπιχ	JU (JJ)

Class	– Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
4	Native Grass 2/ 6/	Andropogon gerardi (Big Blue Stem) 5/	4 (4)
		Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	1 (1)
		Panicum virgatum (Switch Grass) 5/	1 (1)
		Sorghastrum nutans (Indian Grass) 5/	2 (2)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring Perennial Ryegrass	25 (25) 15 (15)
4A	Low Profile	Schizachyrium scoparium	5 (5)
4/1	Native Grass 2/ 6/	(Little Blue Stem) 5/	3 (3)
		Boùteloua curtipendula	5 (5)
		(Side-Oats Grama) 5/ Elymus canadensis	1 (1)
		(Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Sporobolus heterolepis	0.5 (0.5)
		(Prairie Dropseed) 5/	0.0 (0.0)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Perennial Ryegrass	15 (15)
4B	Wetland Grass and	Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
	Sedge Mixture 2/ 6/	Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Wetland Grasses (species below) 5/	6 (6)
	Species:		% By Weight
		densis (Blue Joint Grass)	12
	Carex lacustris (Lak		6
	Carex slipata (Awl-F	- '	6
	Carex stricta (Tusso		6
	Carex vulpinoidea (F	-ox Seage) s (Needle Spike Rush)	6 3
	Eleocharis obtusa (E		3
	Glyceria striata (Fov		14
	Juncus effusus (Cor		6
	Juncus tenuis (Slen		6
	Juncus torreyi (Torre	ey's Rush)	6
	Leersia oryzoides (F		10
		d-Stemmed Bulrush)	3
	Scirpus atrovirens (I		3
		iatilis (River Bulrush)	3
		ernaemontani (Softstem Bulrush)	3
	Spartina pectinata (Cord Grass)	4

Class	s – Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
5	Forb with	Annuals Mixture (Below)	1 (1)
	Annuals Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/	Forb Mixture (Below)	10 (10)
		not exceeding 25 % by weight of species, of the following:	
	•		
	Coreopsis lanceolata (S		
	Leucanthemum maximu		
	Gaillardia pulchella (Bla	nket Flower)	
	Ratibida columnifera (Pi		
	Rudbeckia hirta (Black-I	_yed Susan)	
	Forb Mixture - Mixture not	exceeding 5 % by weight PLS of	
	any one spe	cies, of the following:	
	Amorpha canescens (Le	ead Plant) 4/	
	Anemone cylindrica (Th		
	Asclepias tuberosa (But		
	Aster azureus (Sky Blue		
	Symphyotrichum leave (
	Aster novae-angliae (Ne		
	<i>Baptisia leucantha</i> (Whi		
	Coreopsis palmata (Pra		
	Echinacea pallida (Pale		
	Eryngium yuccifolium (F		
	Helianthus mollis (Down	y Sunflower)	
	Heliopsis helianthoides	(Ox-Eye)	
	Liatris aspera (Rough B	lazing Star)	
	Liatris pycnostachya (Pr	airie Blazing Star)	
	Monarda fistulosa (Prair	ie Bergamot)	
	Parthenium integrifolium	(Wild Quinine)	
	Dalea candida (White P	rairie Clover) 4/	
	Dalea purpurea (Purple	Prairie Clover) 4/	
	Physostegia virginiana (False Dragonhead)	
	Potentilla arguta (Prairie	Cinquefoil)	
	Ratibida pinnata (Yellow	Coneflower)	
	Rudbeckia subtomentos	a (Fragrant Coneflower)	
	Silphium laciniatum (Co	mpass Plant)	
	Silphium terebinthinace		
	Oligoneuron rigidum (Ri		
	Tradescantia ohiensis (S		
	Veronicastrum virginicui	m (Culver's Root)	

5A Large Flower Native Forb Mixture (see below) Forb Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/ Species: Aster novae-angliae (New England Aster) Echinacea pallida (Pale Purple Coneflower) Helianthus mollis (Downy Sunflower) Heliopsis helianthoides (Ox-Eye) Liatris pycnostachya (Prairie Blazing Star) Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	5 (5) **By Weight* 5 10 10 10 10 5 10 10 20
Aster novae-angliae (New England Aster) Echinacea pallida (Pale Purple Coneflower) Helianthus mollis (Downy Sunflower) Heliopsis helianthoides (Ox-Eye) Liatris pycnostachya (Prairie Blazing Star) Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	5 10 10 10 10 5 10
Echinacea pallida (Pale Purple Coneflower) Helianthus mollis (Downy Sunflower) Heliopsis helianthoides (Ox-Eye) Liatris pycnostachya (Prairie Blazing Star) Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	10 10 10 10 5 10
Helianthus mollis (Downy Sunflower) Heliopsis helianthoides (Ox-Eye) Liatris pycnostachya (Prairie Blazing Star) Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	10 10 10 5 10 10
Heliopsis helianthoides (Ox-Eye) Liatris pycnostachya (Prairie Blazing Star) Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	10 10 5 10 10
Liatris pycnostachya (Prairie Blazing Star) Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	10 5 10 10
Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	5 10 10
Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	10 10
Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant)	10
	20
Silphium terebinthinaceum (Prairie Dock)	
Oligoneuron rigidum (Rigid Goldenrod)	10
5B Wetland Forb 2/ 5/ 6/ Forb Mixture (see below)	2 (2)
Species:	% By Weight
Acorus calamus (Sweet Flag)	3
Angelica atropurpurea (Angelica)	6
Asclepias incarnata (Swamp Milkweed)	2
Aster puniceus (Purple Stemmed Aster)	10
Bidens cernua (Beggarticks)	7
Eutrochium maculatum (Spotted Joe Pye Weed)	7
Eupatorium perfoliatum (Boneset)	7
<i>Helenium autumnale</i> (Autumn Sneeze Weed) <i>Iris virginica shrevei</i> (Blue Flag Iris)	2 2
Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower)	5
Lobelia siphilitica (Great Blue Lobelia)	5
Lythrum alatum (Winged Loosestrife)	2
Physostegia virginiana (False Dragonhead)	5
Persicaria pensylvanica (Pennsylvania Smartweed)	10
Persicaria lapathifolia (Curlytop Knotweed)	10
Pychanthemum virginianum (Mountain Mint)	5
Rudbeckia laciniata (Cut-leaf Coneflower)	5
Oligoneuron riddellii (Riddell Goldenrod)	2
Sparganium eurycarpum (Giant Burreed)	5
6 Conservation Schizachyrium scoparium	5 (5)
Mixture 2/ 6/ (Little Blue Stem) 5/	0 (0)
Elymus canadensis	2 (2)
(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	E (E)
Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ Vernal Alfalfa 4/	5 (5)
	15 (15)
Oats, Spring 6A Salt Tolerant Schizachyrium scoparium	48 (55) 5 (5)
Conservation (Little Blue Stem) 5/	3 (3)
Mixture 2/ 6/ Elymus canadensis	2 (2)
(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	۷ (۷)
Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/	5 (5)
Vernal Alfalfa 4/	15 (15)
Oats, Spring	48 (55)
Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or	
7 Temporary Turf Perennial Ryegrass	50 (55)
Cover Mixture Oats, Spring	64 (70)

Notes:

- 1/ Seeding shall be performed when the ambient temperature has been between 45 °F (7 °C) and 80 °F (27 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and is forecasted to be the same for the next five (5) days according to the National Weather Service.
- 2/ Seeding shall be performed in late fall through spring beginning when the ambient temperature has been below 45 °F (7 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and ending when the ambient temperature exceeds 80 °F (27 °C) according to the National Weather Service.
- 3/ Specific variety as shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.
- 4/ Inoculation required.
- 5/ Pure Live Seed (PLS) shall be used.
- 6/ Fertilizer shall not be used.
- 7/ Seed shall be primed with KNO₃ to break dormancy and dyed to indicate such.

Seeding will be inspected after a period of establishment. The period of establishment shall be six (6) months minimum, but not to exceed nine (9) months. After the period of establishment, areas not exhibiting 75 percent uniform growth shall be interseeded or reseeded, as determined by the Engineer, at no additional cost to the Department."

SHORT TERM AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2024

Revise Article 1095.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1095.06 Pavement Marking Tapes. Type IV tape shall consist of white or yellow tape with wet reflective media incorporated to provide immediate and continuing retroreflection in wet and dry conditions. The wet retroreflective media shall be bonded to a durable polyurethane surface. The patterned surface shall have approximately 40 ± 10 percent of the surface area raised and presenting a near vertical face to traffic from any direction. The channels between the raised areas shall be substantially free of exposed reflective elements or particles.

Blackout marking tape shall consist of a matte black, non-reflective, patterned surface that is precoated with a pressure sensitive adhesive. The surface of the blackout pavement marking tape shall provide a minimum skid resistance value of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303.

(a) Color. The material shall meet the following requirements for daylight reflectance and color, when tested, using a color spectrophotometer with 45 degrees circumferential/zero degree geometry, illuminant D65, and two degree observer angle. The color instrument shall measure the visible spectrum from 380 to 720 nm with a wavelength measurement interval and spectral bandpass of 10 nm.

Color	Daylight Reflectance %Y
White	65 min.
Yellow *	36 - 59

*Shall match Aerospace Material Specification Standard 595 33538 (Orange Yellow) and the chromaticity limits as follows.

Х	0.490	0.475	0.485	0.530
у	0.470	0.438	0.425	0.456

(b) Retroreflectivity. The white and yellow markings shall be retroreflective. Reflective values measured in accordance with the photometric testing procedure of ASTM D 4061 shall not be less than those listed in the table below. The coefficient of retroreflected luminance, R_L, shall be expressed as average millicandelas/footcandle/sq ft (millicandelas/lux/sq m), measured on a 3.0 x 0.5 ft (900 mm x 150 mm) panel at 86 degree entrance angle.

Coefficient of Retroreflected Luminance, R _L , Dry					
Observation Angle	White	Yellow			
0.2°	1300	1200			
0.5°	1100	1000			

Wet retroreflectance shall be measured for Type IV under wet conditions according to ASTM E 2177 and meet the following.

Wet Retroreflectance, Initial R∟				
Color	R _L 1.05/88.76			
White	300			
Yellow	200			

- (c) Skid Resistance. The surface of Type IV markings shall provide an average minimum skid resistance of 50 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303.
- (d) Application. The pavement marking tape shall have a precoated pressure sensitive adhesive and shall require no activation procedures. Test pieces of the tape shall be applied according to the manufacturer's instructions and tested according to ASTM D 1000, Method A, except that a stiff, short bristle roller brush and heavy hand pressure will be substituted for the weighted rubber roller in applying the test pieces to the metal test panel. Material tested as directed above shall show a minimum adhesion value of 750 g/in. (30 g/mm) width at the temperatures specified in ASTM D 1000. The adhesive shall be resistant to oils, acids, solvents, and water, and shall not leave objectionable stains or residue after removal. The material shall be flexible and conformable to the texture of the pavement.
- (e) Durability. The pavement marking tape shall be capable of performing for the duration of a normal construction season and shall then be capable of being removed intact or in large sections at pavement temperatures above 40 °F (4 °C) either manually or with a roll-up device without the use of sandblasting, solvents, or grinding. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer certification, from the manufacturer of the tape, that the material to be furnished meets the requirements for being removed after the following minimum traffic exposure based on transverse test decks with rolling traffic.

- (1) Time in place 400 days
- (2) ADT per lane 9,000 (28 percent trucks)
- (3) Axle hits 10,000,000 minimum

Samples of the material, applied to standard specimen plates will be measured for thickness, and tested for durability in accordance with Federal Test Method Standard No. 141A, Method 6192, using a CS-17 wheel and 1000-gram load, and shall meet the following criteria for minimum initial thickness and for durability, showing no significant change in color after being tested for the number of cycles indicated.

Test	White	Yellow	Blackout
Initial Thickness, mils (mm)	20 (0.51)	20 (0.51)	65 (1.65) ^{1/} 10 (0.25) ^{2/}
Durability (cycles)	1,500	1,500	1,500

- 1/ Measured at the thickest point of the patterned surface.
- 2/ Measured at the thinnest point of the patterned surface.

The pavement marking tape, when applied according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures, shall be weather resistant and shall show no appreciable fading, lifting, or shrinkage during the useful life of the marking. The tape, as applied, shall be of good appearance, free of cracks, and edges shall be true, straight, and unbroken."

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage	
Less than \$10,000	25%	
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%	
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%	
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%	
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%	
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%	
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%	
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%	
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%	
Over \$750,000	7%"	

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021 Revised: November 2, 2023

<u>FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS</u>. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker's name, social security number, last known address, telephone number, email address, classification(s) of work actually performed, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof), daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit certified payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers, last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls need only include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

<u>STATE CONTRACTS</u>. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021 Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

"The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations."

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(q) Temporary Sign Supports1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.
 - Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.
- (I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within **75** working days.

REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/ or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.