

STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

**RAMP G OVER RAMP F
(STATION 724+26.33)
Proposed SN: 010-1002**

FAI RTE. 57/74
Section 10 (5-1-RS-1, 14-1,6) R
Champaign County

Contract No.: 70897
P-95-030-11
PTB: 161-28

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Attachments: Boring Location Map
Preliminary TS&L
Subsurface Boring Logs
Boring Profile Sheet
Pile Tables
Est. Factored Loadings

1.0 Introduction

The purpose of this geotechnical study is to explore the existing subsurface conditions present at the proposed structure location (SN 010-1002) (Station 724+26.33 – Ramp G) carrying I-74 over I-57 (Ramp G over Ramp F) in Section 10R, Township 20 North, Range 8 East of the 3rd PM in the city of Champaign, Champaign County, Illinois.

The purpose of the investigation was to explore the subsurface conditions, to determine engineering properties of the subsurface soil, and develop design and construction recommendations for the project.

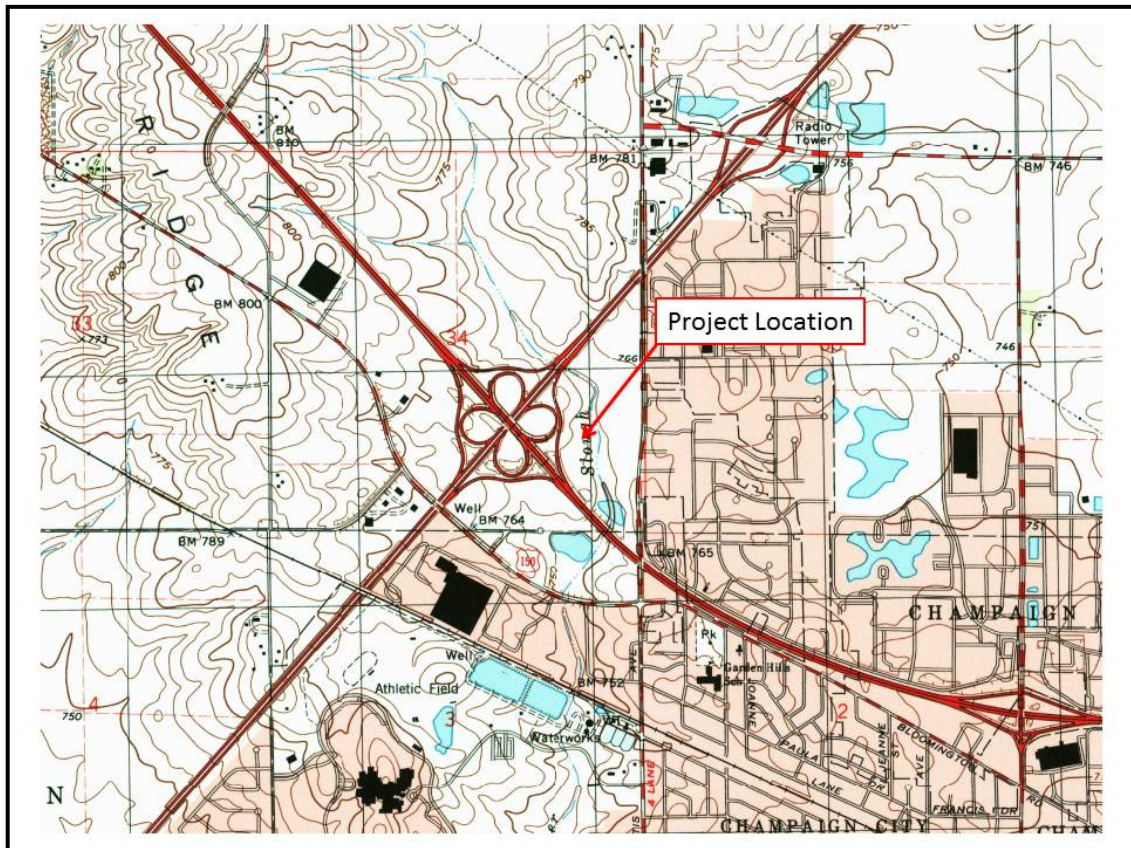


Exhibit 1: Project Location Map

2.0 Proposed Structure Information

Proposed Structures (SN 010-1002)

Based on the preliminary TS&L, the proposed structure (SN 010-1002), Station 724+26.33 will consist of a single span supported by one of two abutment options that are being considered. Two new 30 feet long approach slabs will be constructed on either end of the bridge.

The first abutment option is a PPC Bulb Tee (IL63-2438) on integral abutments with an estimated abutment length of 35' – 8". The superstructure will consist of tangent girders on a curved alignment with back to back abutment distances of 128'-1 ¼". Abutments will bear on single row of vertical steel piles.

The second abutment option is Steel Plate Girder with a 60 inch web depth on stub abutments with an abutment length of 34' – 0". The superstructure for this option would include a curved girder on curved alignment with back to back abutment distances of 129'-1 ¼". Abutments for this type of abutment will bear on two rows of piles with vertical back row and 12:3 battered pile front.

Final abutment type will be chosen based on efficiency, cost and district preference. The Type, Size and Location (TS&L) plan for the Ramp G over Ramp F has been included in the Appendix.

3.0 Existing Site Conditions

The existing location of the proposed structure is currently vacant land with elevation ranges from Elev. 753.34 to 753.94. Embankments heights of between approximately 37 to 38 feet in height are proposed in the general area.

3.1 Regional Geology

According to the Illinois State Geological Survey, "Bedrock Geology of Illinois" map, the site and surrounding area is situated in the Illinois Basin and is underlain by the Pennsylvanian-aged Tradewater Formation. The Illinois Basin is a Paleozoic depositional and structural basin centered in and underlying most of the state of Illinois. An Illinois Basin study reveals that the Tradewater Formation is composed of 70 to 80 percent shale and siltstone, 20 to 30 percent sandstone, and generally less than 5 percent coal and limestone. The Tradewater Formation is overlain by the Wedron Group, which is composed of mostly glacial till (an unsorted mixture of clay, silt, sand, and gravel) in broad ridges (last glaciation), and forms end moraines. The Wedron Group is finally capped by the

Peoria and Roxana Silts, which are composed of windblown silt (loess) generally thicker than 20 feet blankets upland surfaces in these areas.

4.0 Subsurface Exploration and Generalized Subsurface Conditions

This section describes the subsurface exploration program and laboratory testing program completed as part of this Structure Geotechnical Report (SGR). The locations and subsurface data were provided by McCleary Engineering and were completed based on field conditions and accessibility. Therefore, no site observations have been made by BFW relative to existing conditions of the structure, roadway or of subsurface sample conditions. The locations of the soil borings are shown on the Boring Location Map located in the Appendix. The subsurface exploration program was performed in accordance with applicable IDOT geotechnical manuals and procedures.

4.1 Subsurface Exploration

The site subsurface exploration was conducted from January 29, 2015 and included advancing a total of three (3) standard penetration test (SPT) borings within the vicinity of the proposed abutments and bridge pier locations. The locations of the soil borings are shown on the **Boring Location Map** provided in the Appendix.

Table 1 – Summary of Subsurface Exploration US 150

Boring ID	Location	Station	Offset	Depth (feet)	Surface Elevation (feet)
B-28	South Abutment	723+35.1	0.0	75	753.34
B-29	North Abutment	724+83.83	0.0	75	753.94
B-38/39	Pier (N/A)	723+94.08	2.92 LT	75	753.44

The soil borings were drilled using a track mounted drill rig. All of the borings were drilled using 3¼ - inch I.D. hollow stem augers. Soil sampling was performed according to AASHTO T 206, “Penetration Test and Split Barrel Sampling of Soils.” Soil samples were obtained at 2.5 foot intervals to a minimum depth of 20 feet below existing grade and 5 foot intervals thereafter. McCleary Engineering field representative inspected, visually classified and logged the soil samples during the subsurface exploration activities, and performed unconfined compressive strength tests on cohesive soil samples using a calibrated Rimac compression tester and a calibrated hand penetrometer in accordance with IDOT procedures and requirements. Representative soil samples were collected from each sample interval, and were placed in jars and returned to the laboratory for further testing and evaluation.

4.2 Laboratory Testing

All samples were inspected in the laboratory to verify the field classifications. A laboratory testing program was undertaken to characterize and determine engineering properties of the subsurface soils encountered in the area of the proposed bridge.

The following laboratory tests were performed on representative soil samples:

- Moisture content ASTM D2216 / AASHTO T-265
- Grain Size Analysis ASTM C136 / AASHTO T-88 / AASHTO T-90
- Unconfined compression ASTM D2166 / AASHTO T-208

The laboratory tests were performed in accordance with test procedures outlined in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual (1999) and per ASTM and AASHTO requirements. Based on the laboratory test results, the soils encountered were classified according to the AASHTO classification system. The results of the laboratory testing program are included in the Appendix and are shown along with the field test results in the Soil Boring Logs also located in the appendix.

4.3 Subsurface Conditions

This section provides a brief description of the soils encountered in the borings performed in the vicinity of the proposed improvements. Variations in the general subsurface soil profile were noted during the drilling activities. Detailed descriptions of the subsurface soils are provided in the Soil Boring Logs located in the Appendix and are shown graphically in the Subsurface Profiles. The soil boring logs provide specific soil conditions encountered at each soil boring location. The soil boring logs include soil descriptions, stratifications, penetration resistance, elevations, location of the samples and laboratory test data. Unless otherwise noted, soil descriptions indicated on boring logs are visual identifications. The stratifications shown on the boring logs represent the conditions only at the actual boring locations, and represent the approximate boundary between subsurface materials; however, the actual transition may be gradual.

Subsurface information was obtained during a geotechnical investigation conducted over the entire proposed I-57 / I-74 interchange modifications. Borings B-29, B-28 and B-38/39 were advanced in support of Proposed Structure 010-1002 on January 29, 2015 along the proposed ramp alignment.

Bridge Abutments

Boring **B-28**, was advanced near the proposed south abutment, located at Station 723+35.10 (Elev. 753.34'). The boring was advanced in a relatively flat area, with approximately 12 inches of topsoil overlying the soil at each location. The soil profile underlying the topsoil in boring **B-28** is described as a black stiff silty clay with organics, which extends to approximately 3 feet deep (Elev. 750.34'), where the material transitions to a soft brownish gray silty clay loam. The soils had SPT N-values ranging from 5 to 7 and unconfined compressive strength (Qu) values from 0.49 to 1.71. By approximately 6 feet (Elev. 747.34'), the soil transitions to a medium brown coarse to fine brown sand with firm to very firm consistency. The sand continues with depth, becoming saturated. This soil had SPT N-values ranging from 10 to 29. By approximately 16.5 feet deep (Elev. 736.84'), a gray stiff silty clay till is encountered, extending deeper to approximately 32 feet deep (Elev. 721.34'). The soil had SPT N-values ranging from 13 to 15 and unconfined compressive strength (Qu) values from 1.81 to 2.37. At this depth, the material changes to a gray dense clayey sand and continues to approximately 37.5 feet deep (Elev. 715.84') where the material changes back to a gray silty clay till, very stiff with trace gravel. By approximately 39.5 feet, the gravel is no longer evident and the stiff gray silty clay till extends to boring completion depth of 75 feet deep (Elev. 678.34'). The soil had SPT N-values ranging from 13 to 21 and unconfined compressive strength (Qu) values from 0.99 to 2.55.

Boring **B-29**, advanced near the proposed north abutment was located at Station 724+83.83 (Elev. 753.94'). In boring **B-29**, underlying the topsoil layer is a moist stiff gray to brown silty clay is encountered. By approximately 1 foot deep (Elev. 752.94'), the material changes to a soft brown silty clay loam. At approximately 5.5 feet deep (Elev. 748.44'), the soil changes to a brown medium dense, wet, coarse, sand. The soil had SPT N-values ranging from 5 to 24. By approximately 13 feet deep, the coarse sand becomes mixed with fine gravel, with medium dense consistency, and extends to approximately 16 feet deep (Elev. 737.94'), where the soil changes to a gray stiff silty clay. This silty clay, with some sand and gravel layering, continues with depth to approximately 33 feet deep (Elev. 720.94'), The soil had SPT N-values ranging from 13 to 22 and unconfined compressive strength (Qu) values from 2.27 to 2.89. From this depth the soil changes to a gray loose wet coarse sand. This sand continues with depth to approximately 44 feet deep (Elev. 709.94'). The soil had SPT N-values ranging from 8 to 14. The soil changed to a gray stiff silty clay till. This clay till soil continues with depth to boring completion depths of 75 feet deep (Elev. 678.94'). The soil had SPT N-values ranging from 17 to 30 and unconfined compressive strength (Qu) values from 1.81 to 3.60.

Borings **B-38 and B-39**, were originally intended as separate pier location boring but were combined to one boring **B-38/39** located at Station 724+09.29. Based on the preliminary TS&L the structure now has a single span and therefore no pier will be used. Boring **B-38/39** is presented for additional soils data. In boring **B-38/39**, underlying the topsoil layer is a moist stiff gray to brown silty clay is encountered. By approximately 3.5 feet deep (Elev. 749.94'), the material changes to a loose brown silty sand which increase in density with depth. At approximately 9.5 feet deep (Elev. 743.94'), the soil changes to a brown clayey silt where it transitions rapidly between clayey silt to sand to clayey silt loam and sand and gravel within the next 5 feet. The soil had SPT N-values ranging from 17 to 21. By approximately 14.5 feet deep, a stiff, wet gray silty clay is encountered and extends to approximately 27 feet deep (Elev. 726.44'), where the soil changes to a stiff gray silty clay till. This silty clay till had SPT N-values ranging from 14 to 55 and unconfined compressive strength (Q_u) values from 1.98 to 2.89. This silty clay till soil continues with depth to boring completion depths of 75 feet deep (Elev. 678.44').

4.4 Groundwater Conditions

Water levels were checked in each boring to determine the general groundwater conditions present at the site and were measured while drilling and after each boring was completed.

Groundwater was identified in each boring as follows:

Table 2 – Groundwater Elevations

Boring	Groundwater Elevation (At time of drilling)	Groundwater Elevation (24-hours)
B-28 (South Abut)	746.3	N/A
B-29 (North Abut)	743.9	N/A

No 24-hour groundwater readings were noted. No streambed elevations or surface water elevations were noted.

Water level readings were made in the boreholes at times and under conditions shown on the boring logs and stated in the text of this report. However, it should be noted that fluctuations in groundwater level may occur due to variations in rainfall, other climatic conditions, or other factors not evident at the time measurements were made and reported.

5.0 Geotechnical Evaluations

The section provides geotechnical analysis and recommendations for the design of the proposed bridge based on the results of the field exploration, laboratory testing, and geotechnical analysis.

5.1 Derivation of Soil Parameters for Design

Unit weights, friction angles and shear strength parameters were estimated using soil shear strength values and standard penetration test (SPT) using published correlations for N values results. **Table 3** - presents generalized soil parameters to be used based for designs on the laboratory and in-situ testing data:

Table 3 – Summary of Soil Parameters

Approximate Depth / Elevation (feet)	Soil Description	In situ Unit Weight γ (pcf)	Undrained		Drained	
			Cohesion c (psf)	Friction Angle Φ (degrees)	Cohesion c (psf)	Friction Angle Φ (degrees)
748' to surface	Silty Clay	120	500	0	100	28
737 - 748	Sand / Sand & Gravel	130	0	34	0	34
728 – 737	Silty Clay	125	2,500	0	125	28

5.2 Settlement

The new approach slabs on either end of the bridge will be supported by new engineered fill. It is anticipated that approximately 38 feet (at the North abutment) and 37 feet (at the South abutment) will be placed at the new embankment approaches. Based on preliminary settlement calculations, the increase in stress due to the increase in fill would produce settlements in the range of less than 4-inch near the north and south abutments due to the consolidated nature of the site with interspersed dense sand lenses. The anticipated settlement should not adversely affect the approach pavements due to due primary settlement occurring during construction activities.

Piles are anticipated to be used at the bridge abutments and it is necessary to ensure by the use of settlement plates, enough settlement has taken place such that 0.4-inches or less of settlement remain prior to the installation of the piles to minimize the effects of any down drag forces on the piles. If this is not acceptable under an accelerated construction schedule, the SGR author should be contacted in order to provide alternate solutions that deal with downdrag issues. These solutions may include the use of wick drains to speed up settlement, or the use of precoring, or accounting for downdrag in the pile design (if possible.)

It is recommended that Settlement Platforms be constructed near Station 723+30 Offset 15' Rt. for the south abutment and Station 724+90 Offset 15' Lt for the northern abutment.

Settlement plates shall be installed prior to embankment construction for monitoring the rate and amount of settlement throughout the embankment construction.

5.3 Slope Stability – Bridge Abutments

The proposed construction of Ramp G over Ramp F involves the construction of new abutments with end slopes. The proposed abutments types being considered are integral or stub with endslopes at 2 horizontal to 1 vertical (2H:1V). Slope stability of the bridge abutments was evaluated using a slope stability analysis software: *GSTABL7 with STEDwin*.

The proposed side slopes were analyzed based on the grading and the soils encountered during subsurface exploration. Three analyses were evaluated using the Bishop and Janbu analyses methods for the proposed slope geometry: end-of-construction (short term - undrained), long-term (drained) and a design seismic event. The analyses were performed using the soil parameters in Table 3 above. A critical factor of safety (FOS) was calculated for each condition. According to the current standard of practice, the target FOS is 1.5 for end-of-construction and long-term slope stability and 1.0 for the design seismic event.

In an effort to model the end-of-construction conditions, full cohesion we used with a friction angle of 0 degrees assumed. Nominal values for cohesion were used with full friction angle to model the long-term and seismic conditions to analyze the condition where pore water pressure has dissipated. The results of the analysis are shown on the following page in Table 4.

Based on the analysis performed, the proposed slopes meet the minimum required factor of safety of 1.5 (end-of-construction, long-term) and 1.0 (seismic).

Table 4 – Stability Analysis Results – Bridge Abutments

Boring Location	Slope	Calculated Critical FOS		
		End-of-Construction	Long Term	Seismic
B-28, South Abut	2H:1V	2.8	1.7	1.5
B-29, North Abut	2H:1V	2.8	1.6	1.5

5.4 Seismic Parameters

The seismic hazard for the site was analyzed per the IDOT Geotechnical Manual, IDOT Bridge Design Manual, and AASHTO LRDF Bridge Design Specifications. The Seismic Soil Site Class was determined per the requirements of All Geotechnical Manual Users (AGMU) Memo 9.1, Design Guide for Seismic Site Class Determination, and the “Seismic Site class Determination” Excel spreadsheet provided by IDOT.

The proposed bridge has a total length less than 130 feet, with no single span longer than 200 feet, therefore, a global Site Class Definition was determined for this project. Based on the seismic hazard maps the following coefficients should be used in design:

$S_s=0.146$ g, $F_a=1.60$; therefore Design Spectral Accelerations at 0.2 sec, (S_{Ds})=0.233g
 $S_1=0.056$ g, $F_v=2.40$; therefore Design Spectral Accelerations at 1.0 sec, (S_{D1})=0.135g

According to Table 3.10.3.1-1 (Site Class Definitions) of the 2008 AASHTO LRFD Manual, the project site soil profile is most accurately described as the AASHTO Soil Site Class D. According to Table 3.10.6-1 (Seismic Zones) of the 2008 AASHTO LRFD Manual, the Seismic Performance Zone is most accurately described as (SPZ)=1 ($F_v S_1 \# 0.15$)

Liquefaction analysis was conducted using Design Guide AGMU Memo 10.1 – Liquefaction Analysis. As noted in the previous paragraph the Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ) is SPZ – 1 and the Peak Ground Acceleration (PGA) modified by the zero-period site factor, F_{pga} is less than 0.15. Therefore, no liquefaction of soil layers is anticipated to occur.

Table 5 – Seismic Coefficients Summary Table

Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ)	1
Design Spectral Acceleration at 0.2 sec. (S_{Ds})	0.233 g
Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec. (S_{D1})	0.135 g
Soil Site Class	D

5.5 Scour

The proposed bridge structure carrying Ramp G will cross over Ramp F and no waterways are in the vicinity of the proposed project; therefore, scour will not be a concern for this project.

5.6 Mining Activity

Based on a review of the Illinois State Geological Survey’s on-line collection of County Coal Maps and Directories, the proposed structure is not located over a mine or mined out area.

5.7 Liquefaction

Based on the AGMU Memo 10.1 – Liquefaction Analysis Seismic Performance Zones 3 and 4 required liquefaction analysis, as well as, SPZ 2 with a Peak Seismic Ground Surface Acceleration, As equal to or greater than 0.15. The subject site is in SPZ 1 with a less than 0.15. Therefore liquefaction was not considered as a reduction for the pile design capacity or other foundation considerations included herein.

5.8 Approach Slabs

Based on information from the structural engineer, the approach slabs are 30 feet in length and will be cast-in-place. In accordance with the IDOT Bridge Manual, BFW evaluated the foundation soils at the approach slabs for bearing capacity and excessive settlement. With proper compaction of the approach subgrades, the bearing capacity and settlement requirements of the IDOT Bridge manual will be satisfied.

6.0 Foundation Type Evaluation and Design Recommendations

6.1 Foundation Type Feasibility

Based on the preliminary TS&L, the proposed structure (SN 010-1002), Station 724+26.33 will consist of a single span supported by one of two abutment options that are being considered. Two new 30 feet long approach slabs will be constructed on either end of the bridge.

The first abutment option is a PPC Bulb Tee (IL63-2438) on integral abutments with an estimated abutment length of 35' – 8". The superstructure will consist of tangent girders on a curved alignment with back to back abutment distances of 128'-1 1/4". Abutments will bear on single row of vertical steel piles.

The second abutment option is Steel Plate Girder with a 60 inch web depth on stub abutments with an abutment length of 34' – 0". The superstructure for this option would include a curved girder on curved alignment with back to back abutment distances of 129'-1 1/4". Abutments for this type of abutment will bear on two rows of piles with vertical back row and 12:3 battered pile front.

The proposed abutment type for this structure is either integral or stub depending on the type of superstructure chosen. According to the IDOT Bridge manual, Section 3.8.3 on Integral Abutments, metal shell or HP-piles are permitted based on the overall length of the bridge. Metal shell or HP-piles are also permitted for stub abutment.

6.2 Driven Pile Supported Foundations

Piles considered for this site include HP-piles and metal shell piles. The Modified IDOT static method Excel spreadsheet was used to estimate the pile lengths at various axial geotechnical resistances for driven piles per AGMU Memo 10.2. Tables 7 and 8 summarize the estimated pile lengths at various axial resistances for metal shell piles and HP-piles various sizes piles for the integral abutment option (Tangent Girder on Curved Alignment)

Tables 9 and 10 summarize the estimated pile lengths for various metal shell piles and HP-piles for the stub abutment option (Curved Girder on Curved Alignment). The complete IDOT Pile Design Tables for each substructure are included in the Appendix.

The factored resistance includes reduction for the geotechnical resistance of 0.55 for the pile installation. Based on the results of the subsurface investigation no geotechnical losses due to down drag or liquefaction were included in the axial pile capacity calculations. The anticipated factored structural loadings were obtained from the structural engineer and are provided in Table 6 on the following page.

The Nominal Required Bearing (R_N) represents the resistance the pile will experience during driving as well as assists the contractor in selecting a proper hammer size. The Factored Resistance Available (R_F) documents the net long-term axial factored pile capacity available at the top of the pile to support factored substructure loads.

The pile cutoff elevations used for analysis were Elev. 782.51 and Elev. 785.04 for the North and South abutments, respectively for the PPC Bulb Tee option and Elev. 781.73 and 784.03 for the Steel Plate Girder option. The pile cutoff elevation included a 2 feet embedment into the integral abutment for the PPC Bulb Tee option and a 1 feet embedment into the abutment for the stub abutment as required by the Bridge Manual.

Pile shoes should be used for the metal shell due to presence of cobbles within the borings. Pile shoes HP piles should not be required due to the subsurface conditions and the absence of bedrock

Due to the relative consistency between the soil test borings, only one test pile should be required for abutments. A test pile is performed prior to production driving so that actual, on-site field data can be gathered to further evaluate pile driving requirements for the project. This is also the time in which the contractor's proposed equipment and methodologies identified in their Pile Installation Plan can be assessed.

Table 6: Structural Loadings

I-57 - I 74 INTERCHANGE STRUCTURES			
Information for Geotechnical Engineering SGR's 03.24.2015			
Structure: RAMP G over RAMP F		Station	
S.N. 010-1002		724+26.33	
No. of Spans: 1			
<u>Option No.</u>	<u>Superstructure Type / Option</u>	<u>Substructure</u>	
1	PPC BULB TEE IL63-2438		
	Superstructure: Tangent Girder on Curved Alignment		
	Substructure Element	ABUT 1	ABUT 2
	Abutment Type: (Integral, Semi Integral, Stub, etc.)	Integral *	Integral *
	Pier Type	n/a	n/a
	Deck Joints	n/a	n/a
	Bearing Type	Fixed	Fixed
	Est. Bottom of Abutment Elevation	780.51	783.04
	Est. Abutment Length	35'-8"	35'-8"
	Est. Pier Bottom of Footing	n/a	n/a
	Est. Pier Footing Dimensions	n/a	n/a
	Total Factored Vertical DL + LL	2,000 Kips *	2,000 Kips *
	Additional Notes / Comments	Single row of vertical steel piles.	
		* Dynamic Load Allowance (IM) included for integral abutment.	
2	STEEL PLATE GIRDER, WEB DEPTH = 60 IN.		
	Superstructure: Curved Girder on Curved Alignment		
	Substructure Element	ABUT 1	ABUT 2
	Abutment Type: (Integral, Semi Integral, Stub, etc.)	Stub	Stub
	Pier Type	n/a	n/a
	Deck Joints	Strip Seal	Strip Seal
	Bearing Type	Elastomeric	Elastomeric
	Est. Bottom of Abutment Elevation	780.73	783.03
	Est. Abutment Length	34'-0"	34'-0"
	Est. Pier Bottom of Footing	n/a	n/a
	Est. Pier Footing Dimensions	n/a	n/a
	Total Factored Vertical DL + LL	1,382 Kips **	1,382 Kips **
	Additional Notes / Comments	Two rows of piles. Vertical back row, 12:3 battered front row.	
		** Dynamic Load Allowance (IM) <u>not</u> included.	

6.3 Shallow Foundations

Based on the soils encountered, the new span lengths and the amount of embankment fill, shallow foundations are not a feasible option for the proposed substructures of the bridge. It is anticipated that shallow foundations designed for the loads provided will undergo settlement and therefore will not be a feasible option and are not discussed in the report.

Design Capacity Limitations

There are no downdrag, liquefaction, scour, or settlement issues at this structure that would result in the loss of capacity of the piling. Therefore, no design capacity limitations are necessary.

6.4 Lateral Load Resistance

Lateral loadings applied to pile foundations are typically resisted by battering selected piles, the soil/structure interaction, pile flexure, or a combination of these factors. Based on information provided by the structural engineer the lateral loads were anticipated to be less than 3 kips.

Section 3.10.1.10 of the 2012 IDOT Bridge manual requires performing detailed structure interaction analysis if the factored lateral loading per pile exceeds 3 kips. The analysis shall determine actual pile moment and deflection to determine the selected pile adequacy for the existing loadings. Generally, the geotechnical engineer provides soil parameters to the structural engineer so that an L-Pile program, or other approved software, can be used for the lateral or displacement analysis of the foundations. **Table 7** is included for the structural engineer's use in determining lateral pile response, if required. The values were estimated based on the descriptions listed on the boring logs, SPT and laboratory data.

Table 7 - Soil Parameters for Static Lateral Load Analysis

Soil Type	Angle of Internal Friction (degrees)	Undrained Shear Strength (psf)	Static Soil Modulus, k (pci)	Soil Strain Parameter E50	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Moist Unit Weight (pcf)
Silty Clay Loam	28	1500	300	0.010	57.6	120
Silty Clay Till	28	2000	500	0.005	62.6	125

Pile Capacity Tables (Tables 8 & 9)
(PPC Bulb Tee Option – Integral Abutment)

Table 8 – North Abutment

Piling Driven at North Abutment (B-29 data)		
Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft)
Metal Shell 12" Φ w/0.25 walls		
203	112	37
204	112	47
217	119	50
233	128	52
353*	194*	54
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.25" walls		
139	76	34
243	134	47
257	142	50
275	151	52
413*	227*	54
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.312 walls		
139	76	34
243	134	47
257	142	50
275	151	52
513*	282*	54
HP 12 x 53		
275	151	85
297	163	90
327	180	95
354	195	100
368**	202**	102
HP 12 x 74		
303	167	90
334	184	95
363	199	100
376	207	102
430**	237**	105
HP 14 x 73		
357	196	90
395	217	95
427	235	100
444	244	102
513**	282**	105

Table 9 – South Abutment

Piling Driven at South Abutment (B-28 data)		
Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft)
Metal Shell 12" Φ w/0.25 walls		
219	121	50
247	136	55
264	145	58
279	153	60
353*	194*	62
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.25" walls		
260	143	50
292	160	55
311	171	58
329	181	60
413*	227*	62
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.312 walls		
260	143	50
292	160	55
311	171	58
329	181	60
513*	282*	62
HP 12 x 53		
299	165	85
314	173	90
354	194	95
381	209	100
368**	202**	103
HP 12 x 74		
306	168	85
321	176	90
362	199	95
389	214	100
393**	216**	103
HP 14 x 73		
359	197	85
375	206	90
427	235	95
459	252	100
460**	253**	103

* - Maximum Nominal Required Bearing

** - Nominal Required Bearing at End of Boring Data

Pile Capacity Tables (Tables 10 & 11)
(Steel Plate Girder Option – Stub Abutment)

Table 10 – North Abutment

Piling Driven at North Abutment (B-29 data)		
Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft)
Metal Shell 12" Φ w/0.25 walls		
203	112	36
204	112	46
217	119	49
233	128	51
353*	194*	53
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.25" walls		
139	76	33
243	134	46
257	141	49
275	151	51
413*	227*	53
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.312 walls		
139	76	33
243	134	46
257	141	49
275	151	51
513*	282*	55
HP 12 x 53		
286	158	86
308	169	91
340	187	96
355	195	99
368**	202**	101
HP 12 x 74		
293	161	86
315	173	91
348	191	96
363	200	99
430**	237**	104
HP 14 x 73		
345	190	86
371	204	91
411	226	96
428	235	99
514**	283**	104

Table 11 – South Abutment

Piling Driven at South Abutment (B-28 data)		
Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft)
Metal Shell 12" Φ w/0.25 walls		
233	128	52
248	136	54
264	145	57
280	154	59
353*	194*	61
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.25" walls		
276	152	52
293	161	54
312	172	57
330	182	59
413*	227*	61
Metal Shell 14" Φ w/0.312 walls		
276	152	52
293	161	54
312	172	57
330	182	59
513*	282*	61
HP 12 x 53		
306	168	87
341	187	92
368	202	97
381	210	99
385**	212**	102
HP 12 x 74		
313	172	87
349	192	92
376	207	97
390	215	99
393**	216**	102
HP 14 x 73		
366	201	87
411	226	92
443	244	97
459	253	99
461**	254**	102

* - Maximum Nominal Required Bearing

** - Nominal Required Bearing at End of Boring Data

6.5 Wingwall Foundation Recommendations

Based on information provided by the structural engineer and the preliminary TS&L the wing walls for the integral abutment will be cantilever in design and will not rely on soil bearing.

7.0 Construction Considerations

All work performed for the proposed project should conform to the requirements in the IDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (2012) and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions (2015). Any deviation from the requirements in the manuals above should be approved by the design engineer.

7.1 Groundwater Management

Based on the depth of groundwater observed in the borings, significant groundwater management is not anticipated for bridge construction. The contractor should control groundwater and surface water infiltration to provide construction in dry condition. Temporary ditches, sumps, granular drainage blankets, stone ditch protection, or hand-laid riprap with geotextile underlayment could be used to divert groundwater if significant seepage is encountered during construction. If water seepage occurs during footing or where wet conditions are encountered such that the water cannot be removed with conventional sumping, we recommend placing open grade stone similar to IDOT CA-7 to stabilize the bottom of the excavation.

The CA-7 stone should be placed to 12 inches about the water table, in 12-inch lifts, and should be compacted with the use of a heavy smooth drum roller or heavy vibratory plate compactor until stable. The remaining portion of the excavation beneath the footing should be backfilled using approved structural fill.

7.5 Temporary Sheet piling and Soil Retention

Ramp G over Ramp F is new construction and will not encounter traffic until completion therefore, temporary sheet piling and/or soil retention will not be required for this structure

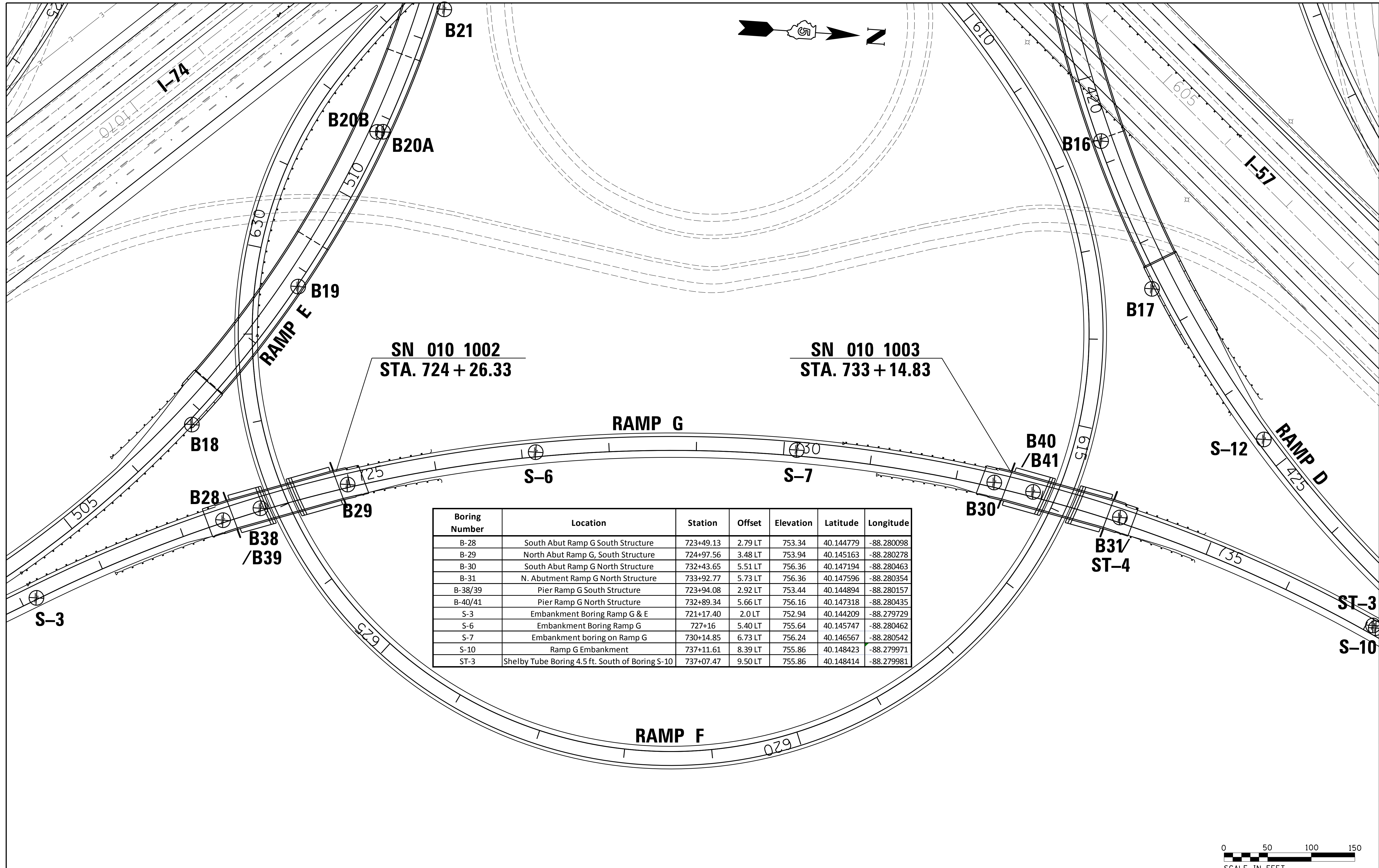
8.0 Limitations

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the Illinois Department of Transportation and its structural consultant. The recommendations provided in the report are specific to the project described herein, and are based on the information obtained from the soil boring locations within the project limits. The analysis have been performed and the

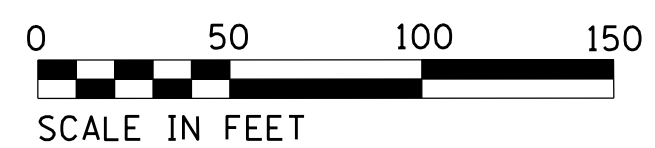
recommendations have been provided in this report are based on subsurface conditions determined at the location of the borings. The report may not reflect all variations that may occur between boring locations or at some other time, the nature and extend of which may not become evident until during the time of construction. If variations in subsurface conditions become evident after submission of this report, it will be necessary to evaluate their nature and review the recommendations provided herein in light of the new conditions

Appendix A

Soil Boring Location Map



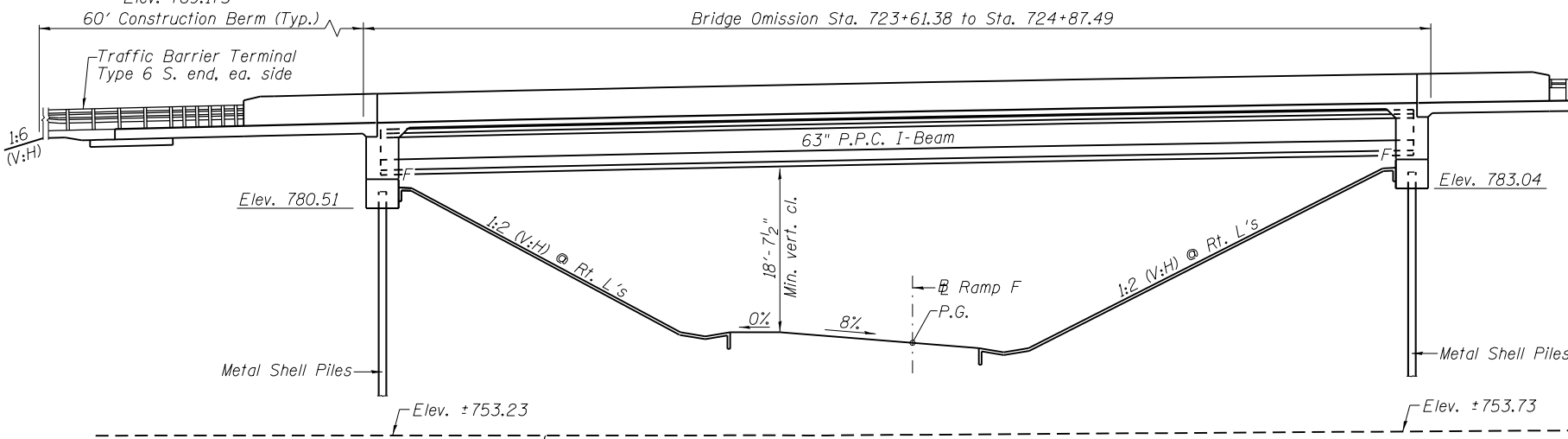
Boring Number	Location	Station	Offset	Elevation	Latitude	Longitude
B-28	South Abut Ramp G South Structure	723+49.13	2.79 LT	753.34	40.144779	-88.280098
B-29	North Abut Ramp G, South Structure	724+97.56	3.48 LT	753.94	40.145163	-88.280278
B-30	South Abut Ramp G North Structure	732+43.65	5.51 LT	756.36	40.147194	-88.280463
B-31	N. Abutment Ramp G North Structure	733+92.77	5.73 LT	756.36	40.147596	-88.280354
B-38/39	Pier Ramp G South Structure	723+94.08	2.92 LT	753.44	40.144894	-88.280157
B-40/41	Pier Ramp G North Structure	732+89.34	5.66 LT	756.16	40.147318	-88.280435
S-3	Embankment Boring Ramp G & E	721+17.40	2.0 LT	752.94	40.144209	-88.279729
S-6	Embankment Boring Ramp G	727+16	5.40 LT	755.64	40.145747	-88.280462
S-7	Embankment boring on Ramp G	730+14.85	6.73 LT	756.24	40.146567	-88.280542
S-10	Ramp G Embankment	737+11.61	8.39 LT	755.86	40.148423	-88.279971
ST-3	Shelby Tube Boring 4.5 ft. South of Boring S-10	737+07.47	9.50 LT	755.86	40.148414	-88.279981



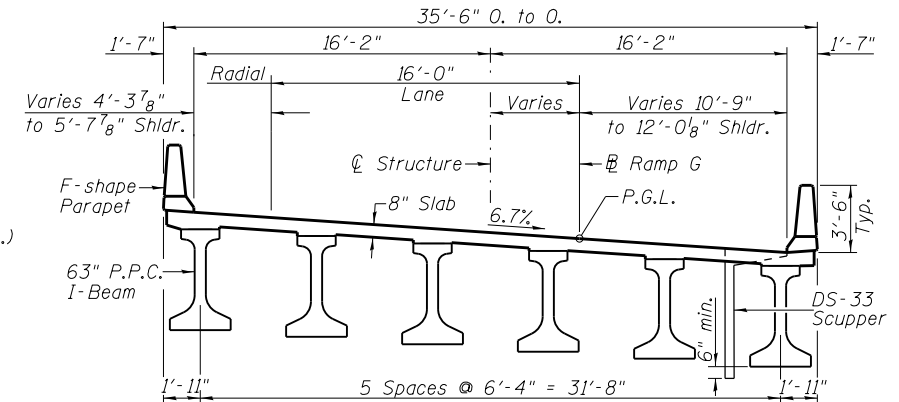
Appendix B
Preliminary TS&L

Bench Mark: Chiseled "□" on top of N.W. corner of light pole foundation #50-107 on Ramp DB, Sta. 1068+46.46 Elev. 769.173

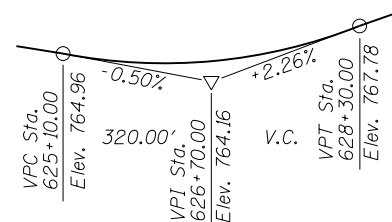
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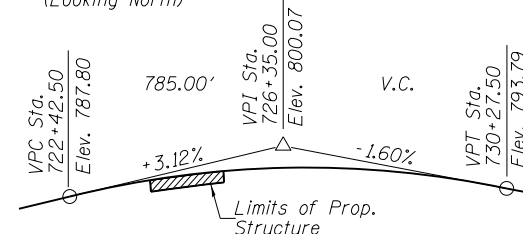
ELEVATION



CROSS SECTION
(Looking North)



PROFILE GRADE RAMP F
(Along Roadway)



PROFILE GRADE RAMP G
(Along Roadway)

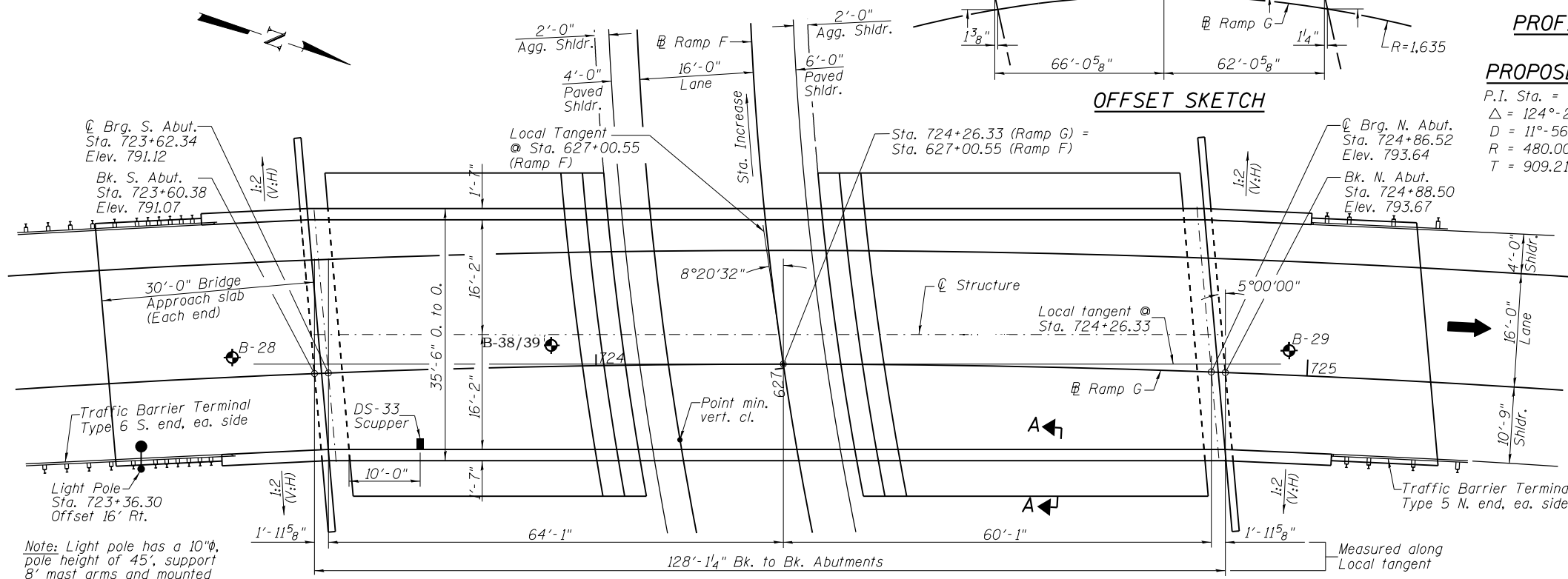
PROPOSED RAMP F CURVE DATA

P.I. Sta. = 630+93.16 L = 1041.65'
 $\Delta = 124^\circ-20'-18"$ (Rt.) E = 548.14'
 $D = 11^\circ-56'-12"$ S.E. = 8.0%
 $R = 480.00'$ P.C.C. Sta. = 621+83.95
 $T = 909.21'$ P.C.C. Sta. = 632+25.60

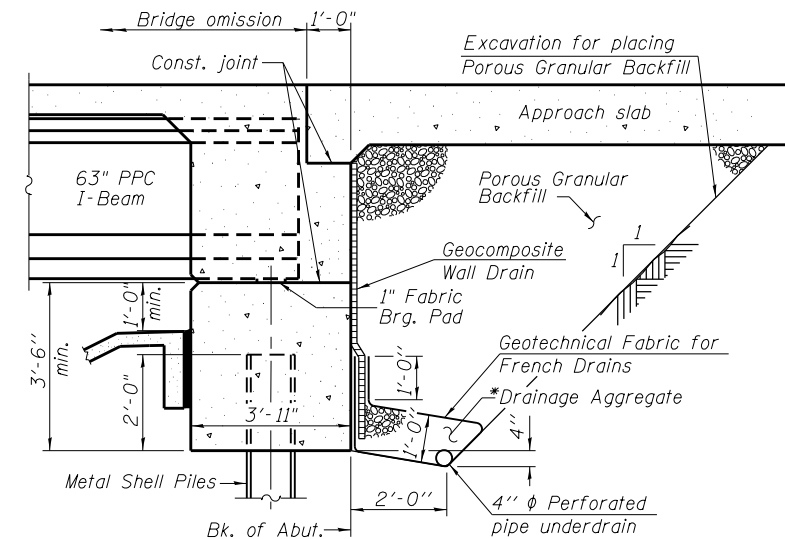
PROPOSED RAMP G CURVE DATA

P.I. Sta. = 730+86.74 L = 1,736.70'
 $\Delta = 60^\circ-51'-35"$ (Rt.) E = 261.20'
 $D = 3^\circ-30'-16"$ S.E. = 6.7%
 $R = 1,635'$ P.C. Sta. = 721+26.34
 $T = 960.40'$ P.T. Sta. = 738+63.05

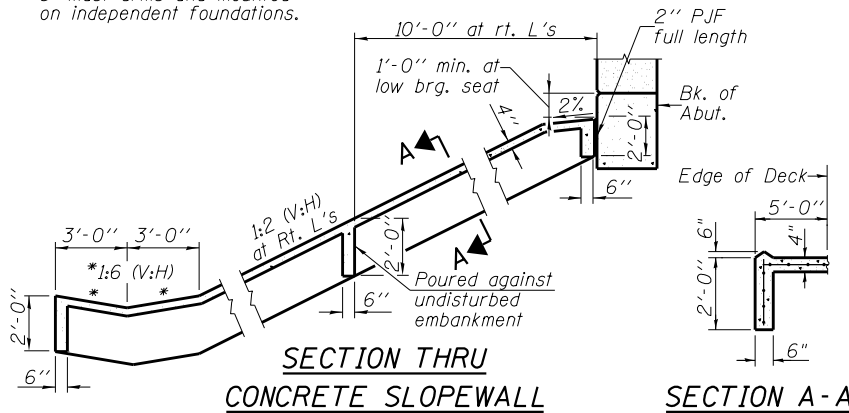
OFFSET SKETCH



PLAN



SECTION THRU INTEGRAL ABUTMENT
(Horiz. dim. @ Rt. L's)



SECTION THRU CONCRETE SLOPEWALL

SECTION A-A

LOADING HL-93

Allow 50 psf for future wearing surface

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

2014 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Specifications, 7th Edition

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION

FAI 57/74 - Ramp F
 Functional Class: Interstate Ramp
 ADT: 3,300 (2013); 4,950 (2040)
 ADTT: 901 (2013); 1,351 (2040)
 DHV: 360
 Design Speed: 40 m.p.h.
 Posted Speed: 40 m.p.h.
 One-Way Traffic
 Directional Distribution: 100% NB

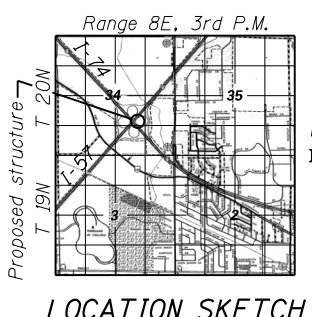
FAI 57/74 - Ramp G
 Functional Class: Interstate Ramp
 ADT: 2,100 (2013); 2,650 (2040)
 ADTT: 365 (2013); 461 (2040)
 DHV: 235
 Design Speed: 55 m.p.h.
 Posted Speed: 55 m.p.h.
 One-Way Traffic
 Directional Distribution: 100% WB

DESIGN STRESSES

FIELD UNITS
 $f'c = 3,500$ psi (Cast-in-Place)
 $f_y = 60,000$ psi (Reinforcement)

PRECAST PRESTRESSED UNITS
 $f'c = 6,000$ psi
 $f_{ci} = 5,000$ psi
 $f_{pu} = 270,000$ psi ($\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ low lax strands)
 $f_{pbt} = 201,960$ psi ($\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ low lax strands)

SEISMIC DATA
 Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ) = 1
 Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec (SD1) = 0.135g
 Design Spectral Acceleration at 0.2 sec (SDS) = 0.233g
 Soil Site Class = D



LOCATION SKETCH

GENERAL PLAN
RAMP G OVER RAMP F
F.A.I. RTE. 57/74
SECTION 10 (5-1-RS-1, 14-1.6) R
CHAMPAIGN COUNTY
STATION 724+26.33
STRUCTURE NO. 010-1002



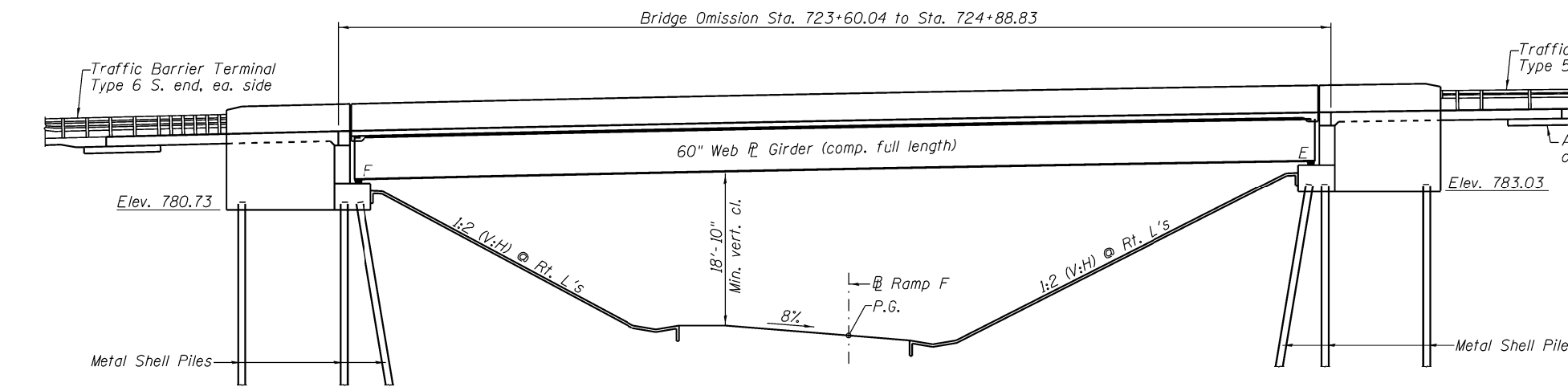
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	CHECKED - WLB	REVISED
PLOT SCALE =	DRAWN - GLD	REVISED
PLOT DATE	CHECKED - RJK	REVISED

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

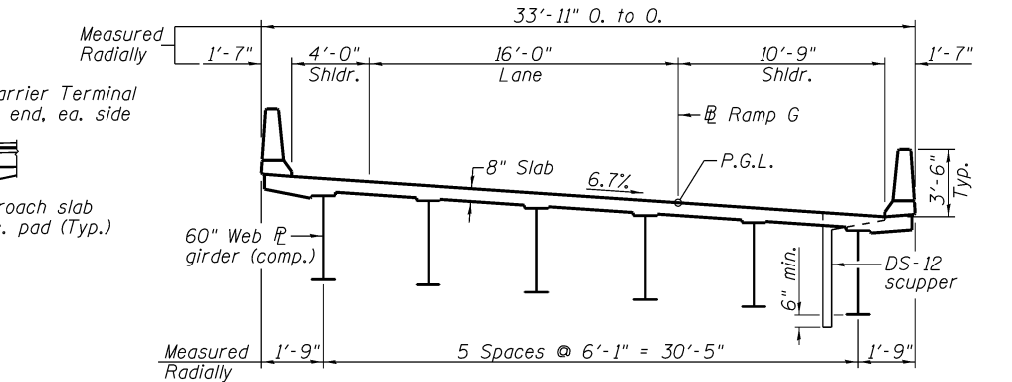
SHEET NO. OF SHEETS

F.A.I. RTE. 57/74	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
CONTRACT NO.				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

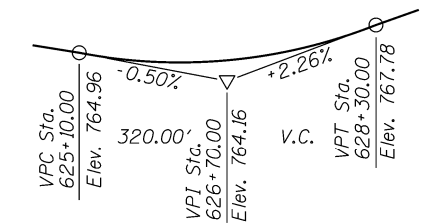
Bench Mark: Existing Structure: None No Salvage



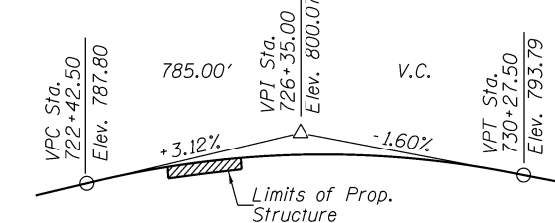
ELEVATION



CROSS SECTION
(Looking North)



PROFILE GRADE RAMP F
(Along Roadway)



PROFILE GRADE RAMP G
(Along Roadway)

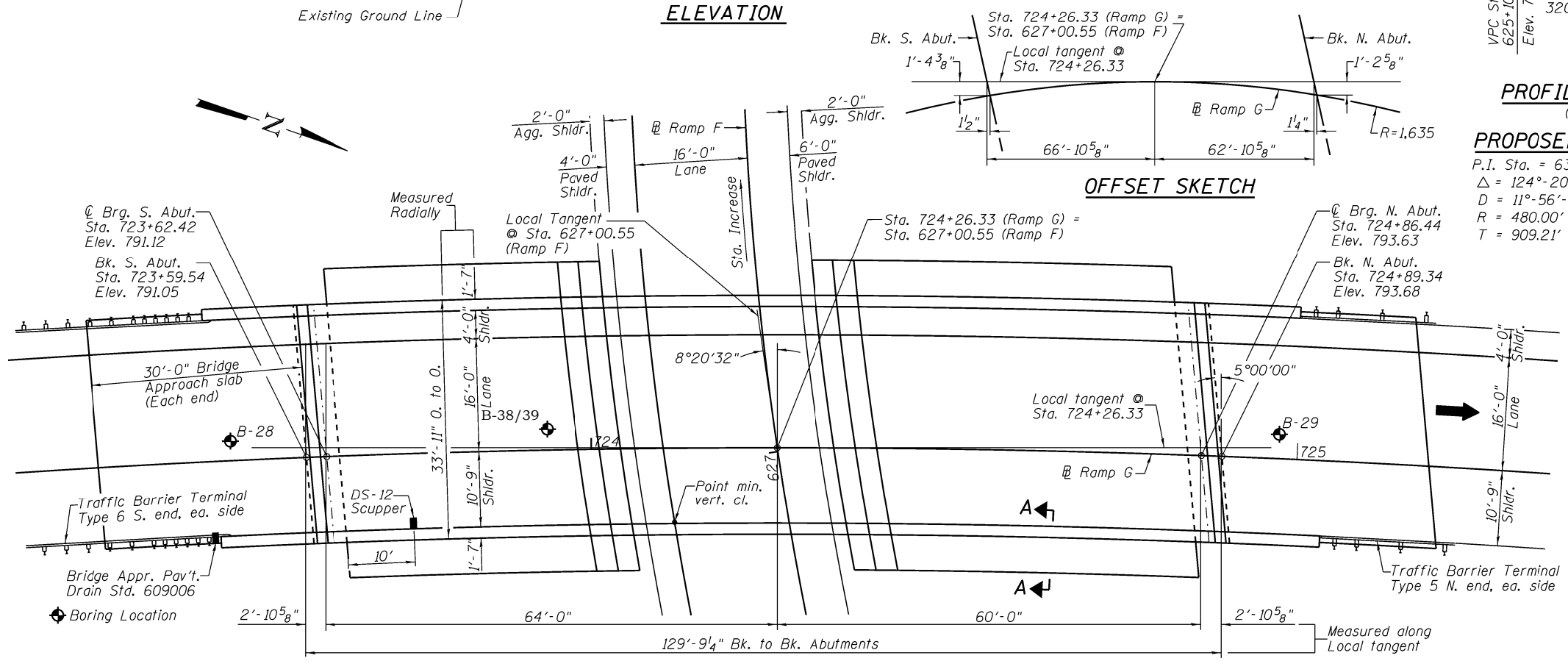
PROPOSED RAMP F CURVE DATA

P.I. Sta. = 630+93.16 L = 1041.65'
 $\Delta = 124^\circ-20'-18''$ (Rt.) E = 548.14'
 D = 11°-56'-12" S.E. = 8.0%
 R = 480.00' P.C.C. Sta. = 621+83.95
 T = 909.21' P.C.C. Sta. = 632+25.60

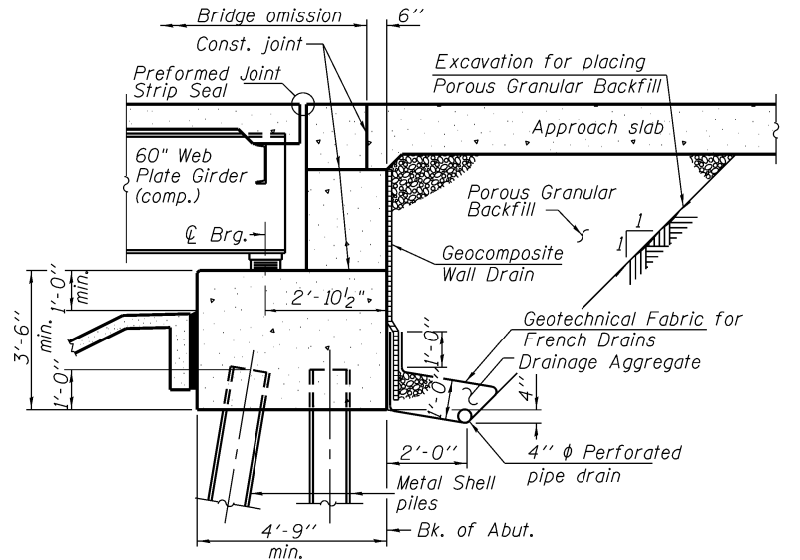
PROPOSED RAMP G CURVE DATA

P.I. Sta. = 730+86.74 L = 1,736.70'
 $\Delta = 60^\circ-51'-35''$ (Rt.) E = 261.20'
 D = 3°-30'-16" S.E. = 6.7%
 R = 1,635' P.C. Sta. = 721+26.34
 T = 960.40' P.T. Sta. = 738+63.05

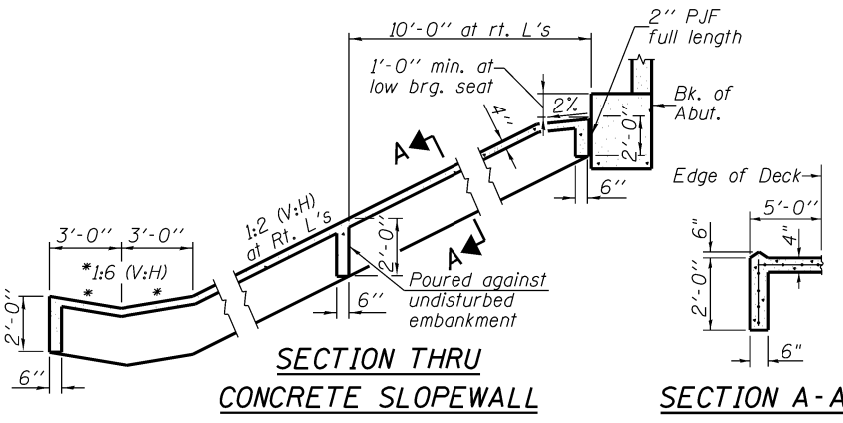
OFFSET SKETCH



PLAN



SECTION THRU PILE SUPPORTED STUB ABUTMENT
(Horiz. dim. @ Rt. L's)



SECTION THRU CONCRETE SLOPEWALL

SECTION A-A

LOADING HL-93

Allow 50 psf for future wearing surface

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

2014 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Specifications, 7th Edition

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION

FAI 57/74 - Ramp F
 Functional Class: Interstate Ramp
 ADT: 3,300 (2013); 4,950 (2040)
 ADTT: 901 (2013); 1,351 (2040)
 DHV: 360
 Design Speed: 40 m.p.h.
 Posted Speed: 40 m.p.h.
 One-Way Traffic
 Directional Distribution: 100% NB

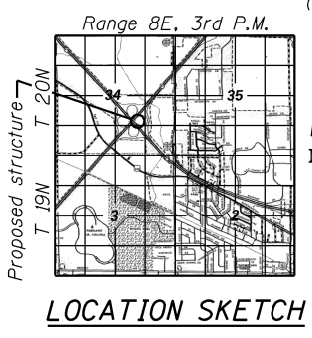
FAI 57/74 - Ramp G
 Functional Class: Interstate Ramp
 ADT: 2,100 (2013); 2,650 (2040)
 ADTT: 365 (2013); 461 (2040)
 DHV: 235
 Design Speed: 55 m.p.h.
 Posted Speed: 55 m.p.h.
 One-Way Traffic
 Directional Distribution: 100% WB

DESIGN STRESSES

FIELD UNITS
 $f'_c = 3,500$ psi (Cast-in-Place)
 $f_y = 60,000$ psi (Reinforcement)
 $f_y = 50,000$ psi (M270 Grade 50)

SEISMIC DATA

Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ) = 1
 Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec (SD1) = 0.135g
 Design Spectral Acceleration at 0.2 sec (SDS) = 0.233g
 Soil Site Class = D



LOCATION SKETCH

GENERAL PLAN
RAMP G OVER RAMP F
F.A.I. RTE. 57/74
SECTION 10 (5-1-RS-1, 14-1.6) R
CHAMPAIGN COUNTY
STATION 724+26.33
STRUCTURE NO. 010-1002

FILE NAME =	USER NAME =	DESIGNED -	REVISIONS	STATE OF ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	SHEET NO. OF SHEETS	F.A.I. RTE. 57/74	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
PLOT SCALE =	DRAWN -	CHECKED -	REVISIONS			CONTRACT NO.	ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT			
PLOT DATE =	DRAWN -	CHECKED -	REVISIONS							

Appendix C

Subsurface Boring Logs



ROUTE I-57/74 DESCRIPTION North Abut Ramp G, South Structure LOGGED BY TC, MLL

SECTION 10(5-1-RS-1, 14-1.6)R LOCATION SEC. 34, TWP. 20N, RNG. 8E, 3 PM

COUNTY Champaign DRILLING METHOD _____ HSA _____ HAMMER TYPE Auto

STRUCT. NO. Station	DEPTH H (ft)	BLOW S (tsf)	UCS Qu (%)	MOIST S (%)	Surface Water Elev. _____ n/a ft Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft	DEPTH H (ft)	BLOW S (tsf)	UCS Qu (%)	MOIST S (%)
TOPSOIL: Silty Clay 752.94					SILTY CLAY: Gray, stiff (continued)				
SILTY CLAY: Gray to Brown, stiff, moist 750.94	2 4	1.24 B	28.4		SAND AND GRAVEL: Gray coarse sand and fine gravel, dense (washed auger)	732.44			
SILTY CLAY LOAM: Brown, soft, moist 748.44	2 2 -5	0.49 B	21.8		SILTY CLAY: Gray	729.44 -25	12 17 16		11.8
SAND: Brown, medium dense, wet, coarse 745.94	5 5 12		16.7		SAND AND GRAVEL: Gray, coarse sand and fine gravel	728.44			
CLAYEY SAND LOAM: Gray, moist, medium dense 743.44	5 9 13		16.9		SILTY CLAY: Gray, medium	724.94 -30	10 7 6	2.0 P	12.3
SAND: Brown, medium dense, wet, coarse (washed auger) 740.44	4 4 20		20.8		SAND: Gray, loose, wet, coarse	720.94			
SAND AND GRAVEL: Coarse sand, fine gravel, medium dense 737.94	6 7 -15		18.5				11 2 6		20.4
SILTY CLAY: Gray, stiff 715.94	9 10 12	2.89 B	10.8		SAND: Gray/Black/Brown, medium dense, fine (washed auger)	715.94			
	4 5 -20	2.27 B	12.2				7 7 7		17.2

File Name P:\GINT\PROJECTS\15774 CHAMPAIGN COUNTY.GPJ Data Template D6\EMPLT.GDT Date Printed 3/2/15
 Latitude 40.145163 Longitude -88.280278 Datum Job Number MCE-14044

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer, E-Estimated) Abbreviations W.O.H - Sampler Advanced By Weight of Hammer, W.O.P - Advanced by Weight of Pipe, B.S. - Before Seating The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE I-57/74 DESCRIPTION North Abut Ramp G, South Structure LOGGED BY TC, MLL

SECTION 10(5-1-RS-1, 14-1,6)R LOCATION SEC. 34, TWP. 20N, RNG. 8E, 3 PM

COUNTY Champaign DRILLING METHOD HSA HAMMER TYPE Auto

STRUCT. NO. Station	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (tsf)	UCS Qu (%)	MOIST Qu (%)	Surface Water Elev. <u>n/a</u> ft	Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft	GROUNDWATER ELEV.: ▽ First Encounter <u>743.9</u> ft	▽ Upon Completion <u>washed</u> ft	▽ After _____ Hrs. _____ ft	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (tsf)	UCS Qu (%)	MOIST Qu (%)
SAND: Gray/Black/Brown, medium dense, fine (washed auger) (continued)	709.94	5											
SILTY CLAY TILL: Gray, stiff	706.94	5	1.81	13.1									
SILTY CLAY TILL: Gray, very stiff	701.94	5	1.98	14.1									
SILTY CLAY TILL: Gray, stiff	678.94	5											
End of Boring													

File Name P:\GINT\PROJECTS\15774 CHAMPAIGN COUNTY.GPJ Data Template D61EMPLT.GDT Date Printed 3/2/15
Latitude 40.145163 Longitude -88.280278 Datum Job Number MCE-14044

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer, E-Estimated) Abbreviations W.O.H - Sampler Advanced By Weight of Hammer, W.O.P - Advanced by Weight of Pipe, B.S. - Before Seating The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation

Division of Highways
Bacone Farmer Workmand Engineering & Testing, LLC

SOIL BORING LOG

Date 1/29/15

ROUTE I-57/74 DESCRIPTION Pier Ramp G South Structure LOGGED BY MLL

SECTION 10(5-1-RS-1, 14-1,6)R LOCATION SEC. 34, TWP. 20N, RNG. 8E, 3rd PM,

Latitude 40.144894, Longitude -88.280157

COUNTY Champaign DRILLING METHOD HSA HAMMER TYPE Auto

STRUCT. NO. _____ Station _____	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T	Surface Water Elev. _____ n/a ft	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T
BORING NO. <u>B-38/39</u> Station <u>723+94.08</u> Offset <u>2.9 ft LT</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>753.44</u> ft					Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft				
	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	First Encounter <u>747.4</u> ft▼	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)
					Upon Completion _____ ft				
					After _____ Hrs. _____ ft				

TOPSOIL: Silty Clay, dark brown 752.44					SILTY CLAY: Gray, stiff, wet (continued)				
SILTY CLAY: Gray/Brown	2								
	3	1.0	20						
	4	B							
749.94									
SILTY SAND: Brown, loose, wet, fine	1					4			
	1	0.5	17			6	3.1	9	
	-5	P				9	B		
747.94									
SAND: Brown, medium dense, wet	5								
	10		12						
	12				726.44				
					SILTY CLAY TILL: Gray, wet				
	5								
743.94	8	0.6	15			7			
CLAYEY SILT: Brown, wet	9	B				8	1.5	7	
	-10					8	P		
742.44									
SAND: Medium dense, wet, coarse	4								
741.44	10	1.1	12						
CLAYEY SILT LOAM: Gray, wet	11	B			721.44				
					SILTY CLAY TILL: Gray, very stiff				
739.94									
SAND AND GRAVEL: Wet	4					4			
738.94	7	1.5	9			5	2.0	11	
SILTY CLAY: Gray, stiff, wet	5	B				9	B		
	-15					-35			
	6								
	7	2.7	10						
	7	B							
	4					4			
	6	2.7	10			9	2.1	10	
	8	B				10	B		
	-20					-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



Illinois Department of Transportation

Division of Highways
Bacone Farmer Workmand Engineering & Testing, LLC

SOIL BORING LOG

Date 1/29/15

ROUTE I-57/74 DESCRIPTION Pier Ramp G South Structure LOGGED BY MLL

SECTION 10(5-1-RS-1, 14-1,6)R LOCATION SEC. 34, TWP. 20N, RNG. 8E, 3rd PM,
Latitude 40.144894, Longitude -88.280157

COUNTY Champaign DRILLING METHOD HSA HAMMER TYPE Auto

STRUCT. NO. _____ Station _____	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T	Surface Water Elev. _____ n/a ft	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T
BORING NO. <u>B-38/39</u> Station <u>723+94.08</u> Offset <u>2.9 ft LT</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>753.44</u> ft					Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft				
	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)		(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

SILTY CLAY TILL: Gray, very stiff (continued)					SILTY CLAY TILL: Reddish Gray, very stiff (continued) 692.44				
					SILTY CLAY TILL: Gray, very stiff to stiff				
		4					5		
		6	2.0	10			10	2.5	9
	-45	10	B			-65	11	B	
		6					7		
6" gravelly seam, wet		11	2.0	10			15	2.3	13
	-50	15	B			-70	14	B	
		6					14		
		8	2.1	11			20	1.5	11
	-55	11	B		678.44	-75	35	P	
					End of Boring				
		6							
		10	2.9	10					
SILTY CLAY TILL: Reddish Gray, very stiff	-60	15	B			-80			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, form 137 (Rev. 8-99)

Appendix D
Boring Profile Sheet



ROUTE I-57/74
SECTION 10(5-1-RS-1, 14-1,6)R
COUNTY Champaign
PROJECT LOCATION _____

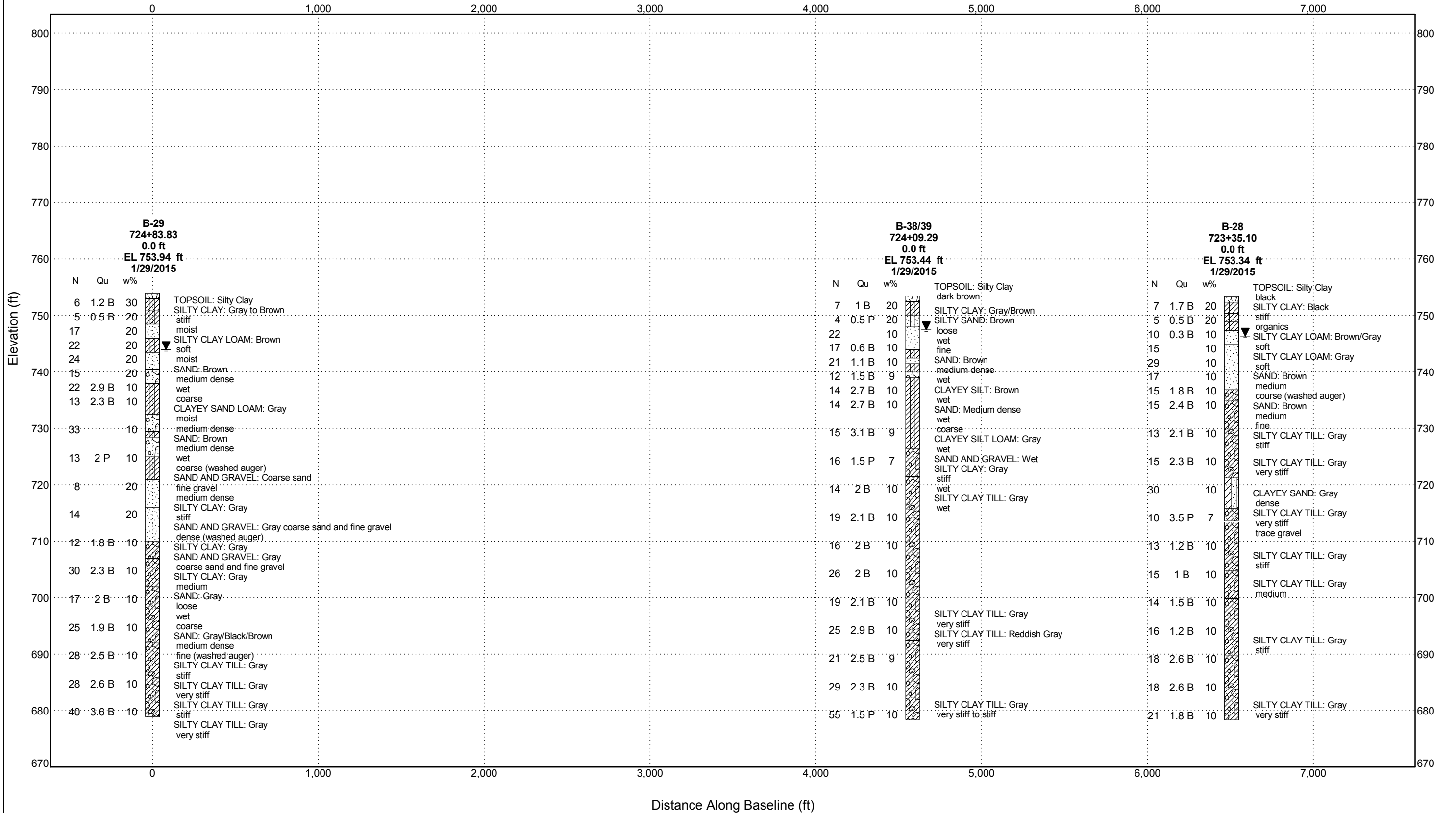
**SUBSURFACE PROFILE
SN 010-1002**

LEGEND

EL = Elevation (ft)
D = Depth Below Existing Ground Surface (ft)
N = SPT N-Value (AASHTO T206)
Qu = Unconfined compressive Strength (tsf)
Failure Mode (B= Bulge, S= shear, P= penetrometer)
w% = Moisture Content Percentage

WATER TABLE LEGEND

▼ = First Encountered
▽ = Upon Completion
▽ = After __ hours



ROADWAY PROFILE - BETA I 57 74 CHAMPAIGN COUNTY.GPJ_IL_DOT_D4_9-15-10.GDT 3/23/15

Appendix E

Pile Tables (North and South Abutments)

Pile Design Table for South Abutment - Integral utilizing Boring #28

Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.179" walls			Steel HP 10 X 57			Steel HP 14 X 73		
118	65	35	143	79	53	152	83	37
174	96	37	153	84	55	163	90	45
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls			165	91	58	187	103	48
118	65	35	176	97	60	202	111	50
174	96	37	208	115	68	211	116	53
185	102	45	215	118	73	225	124	55
203	112	48	222	122	75	243	134	58
219	121	50	226	125	78	258	142	60
233	128	53	232	128	80	307	169	73
247	136	55	243	134	83	317	174	75
264	145	58	251	138	85	322	177	78
279	153	60	257	141	88	330	182	80
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.25" walls			264	145	90	348	191	83
138	76	35	284	156	93	359	197	85
214	118	37	295	163	95	366	201	88
219	120	45	307	169	98	375	206	90
241	133	48	318	175	100	411	226	93
260	143	50	323	177	103	427	235	95
275	151	53	Steel HP 12 X 53			443	243	98
292	160	55	152	83	48	459	252	100
311	171	58	165	91	50	460	253	103
329	181	60	173	95	53	Steel HP 14 X 89		
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.312" walls			185	102	55	118	65	35
138	76	35	200	110	58	154	85	37
214	118	37	212	117	60	165	91	45
219	120	45	253	139	68	189	104	48
241	133	48	256	141	73	205	113	50
260	143	50	264	145	75	214	118	53
275	151	53	269	148	78	228	126	55
292	160	55	276	152	80	246	136	58
311	171	58	290	159	83	261	144	60
329	181	60	299	165	85	310	171	73
Steel HP 8 X 36			305	168	88	320	176	75
137	76	60	314	173	90	325	179	78
161	89	68	340	187	93	334	184	80
170	94	73	354	194	95	352	193	83
176	97	75	367	202	98	363	200	85
180	99	78	381	209	100	370	203	88
185	102	80	384	211	103	380	209	90
192	106	83	Steel HP 12 X 63			415	229	93
199	109	85	135	74	45	432	237	95
204	112	88	153	84	48	448	246	98
209	115	90	166	91	50	464	255	100
223	123	93	175	96	53	466	256	103
233	128	95	187	103	55	Steel HP 14 X 102		
242	133	98	202	111	58	119	65	35
251	138	100	214	118	60	156	86	37
255	141	103	256	141	68	168	92	45
Steel HP 10 X 42			258	142	73	192	106	48

150	82	55		267	147	75		207	114	50
162	89	58		271	149	78		217	119	53
172	95	60		278	153	80		231	127	55
204	112	68		292	161	83		250	137	58
210	116	73		302	166	85		265	146	60
217	120	75		308	169	88		314	173	73
222	122	78		316	174	90		324	178	75
228	125	80		343	189	93		329	181	78
238	131	83		357	196	95		337	186	80
246	135	85		371	204	98		356	196	83
252	138	88		384	211	100		367	202	85
259	142	90		387	213	103		374	206	88
278	153	93	Steel HP 12 X 74					384	211	90
289	159	95		137	75	45		420	231	93
301	165	98		156	86	48		437	240	95
312	171	100		169	93	50		453	249	98
316	174	103		177	98	53		470	258	100
				190	104	55		471	259	103
				205	112	58	Steel HP 14 X 117			
				217	120	60		120	66	35
				259	143	68		158	87	37
				262	144	73		170	93	45
				270	149	75		194	107	48
				275	151	78		210	116	50
				282	155	80		220	121	53
				296	163	83		234	129	55
				306	168	85		253	139	58
				312	172	88		268	147	60
				321	176	90		317	175	73
				348	191	93		328	180	75
				362	199	95		333	183	78
				376	207	98		341	188	80
				389	214	100		360	198	83
				393	216	103		371	204	85
			Steel HP 12 X 84					378	208	88
				139	76	45		388	214	90
				158	87	48		425	234	93
				171	94	50		442	243	95
				180	99	53		458	252	98
				192	106	55		475	261	100
				207	114	58		476	262	103
				220	121	60	Precast 14"x 14"			
				263	145	68		67	37	12
				265	146	73		167	92	29
				274	150	75		171	94	32
				279	153	78		176	97	35
				286	157	80	Timber Pile			
				300	165	83		137	76	37
				310	170	85				
				316	174	88				
				325	179	90				
				353	194	93				
				367	202	95				
				381	209	98				
				395	217	100				

Pile Design Table for South Abutment - Stub utilizing Boring #28

Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.179" walls			Steel HP 10 X 57			Steel HP 14 X 73		
110	61	28	110	61	44	52	28	11
115	63	31	125	69	47	116	64	31
119	65	34	136	75	49	117	64	34
175	96	36	144	79	52	153	84	36
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls			154	85	54	164	90	44
110	61	28	166	91	57	188	103	47
115	63	31	176	97	59	203	112	49
119	65	34	209	115	67	212	117	52
175	96	36	215	118	72	226	124	54
186	102	44	222	122	74	244	134	57
204	112	47	227	125	77	259	142	59
220	121	49	233	128	79	308	169	72
233	128	52	244	134	82	317	175	74
248	136	54	252	138	84	322	177	77
264	145	57	257	142	87	331	182	79
280	154	59	264	145	89	349	192	82
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.25" walls			284	156	92	360	198	84
52	29	11	296	163	94	366	201	87
132	72	28	307	169	97	376	207	89
135	75	31	319	175	99	411	226	92
139	77	34	323	178	102	427	235	94
215	118	36	Steel HP 12 X 53			443	244	97
220	121	44	98	54	34	459	253	99
242	133	47	124	68	36	461	254	102
261	143	49	134	74	44	Steel HP 14 X 89		
276	152	52	152	84	47	53	29	11
293	161	54	165	91	49	117	64	31
312	172	57	174	96	52	118	65	34
330	182	59	186	102	54	155	85	36
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.312" walls			200	110	57	166	91	44
52	29	11	213	117	59	190	105	47
132	72	28	254	139	67	206	113	49
135	75	31	256	141	72	215	118	52
139	77	34	265	146	74	229	126	54
215	118	36	270	148	77	247	136	57
220	121	44	277	152	79	262	144	59
242	133	47	290	160	82	311	171	72
261	143	49	300	165	84	321	177	74
276	152	52	306	168	87	326	179	77
293	161	54	314	173	89	334	184	79
312	172	57	341	187	92	353	194	82
330	182	59	354	195	94	364	200	84
Steel HP 8 X 36			368	202	97	370	204	87
105	58	49	381	210	99	380	209	89
112	62	52	385	212	102	416	229	92
120	66	54	Steel HP 12 X 63			432	238	94
129	71	57	99	54	34	449	247	97
138	76	59	125	69	36	465	256	99
162	89	67	135	74	44	466	257	102

171	94	72
176	97	74
180	99	77
185	102	79
193	106	82
199	110	84
204	112	87
210	115	89
224	123	92
233	128	94
242	133	97
251	138	99
256	141	102

Steel HP 10 X 42

108	59	44
122	67	47
133	73	49
141	77	52
150	83	54
162	89	57
173	95	59
204	112	67
211	116	72
218	120	74
222	122	77
228	126	79
239	131	82
247	136	84
252	139	87
259	143	89
279	153	92
290	159	94
301	166	97
312	172	99
317	174	102

154	85	47
167	92	49
176	97	52
187	103	54
202	111	57
215	118	59
256	141	67
259	142	72
267	147	74
272	150	77
279	154	79
293	161	82
303	166	84
309	170	87
317	174	89
344	189	92
358	197	94
371	204	97
385	212	99
388	213	102

Steel HP 12 X 74

100	55	34
127	70	36
137	75	44
156	86	47
169	93	49
178	98	52
190	105	54
205	113	57
218	120	59
260	143	67
262	144	72
271	149	74
276	152	77
283	156	79
297	163	82
307	169	84
313	172	87
321	177	89
349	192	92
362	199	94
376	207	97
390	215	99
393	216	102

Steel HP 12 X 84

102	56	34
129	71	36
139	77	44
159	87	47
172	95	49
181	99	52
193	106	54
208	114	57
221	122	59
264	145	67

Steel HP 14 X 102

53	29	11
118	65	31
120	66	34
157	86	36
168	93	44
193	106	47
208	115	49
218	120	52
232	127	54
250	138	57
265	146	59
315	173	72
325	179	74
330	181	77
338	186	79
357	196	82
368	202	84
375	206	87
385	212	89
421	232	92
438	241	94
454	250	97
470	259	99
472	259	102

Steel HP 14 X 117

54	30	11
120	66	31
121	67	34
159	87	36
170	94	44
195	107	47
211	116	49
220	121	52
235	129	54
253	139	57
269	148	59
318	175	72
328	181	74
333	183	77
342	188	79
361	198	82
372	205	84
379	208	87
389	214	89
426	234	92
443	243	94
459	253	97
476	262	99
477	262	102

Precast 14"x 14"

67	37	11
168	92	28
173	95	31
177	97	34

266	146	72
274	151	74
279	154	77
286	158	79
301	165	82
311	171	84
317	174	87
325	179	89
353	194	92
367	202	94
381	210	97
395	217	99
398	219	102

Timber Pile

101	55	28
113	62	31
117	64	34
138	76	36

Pile Design Table for North Abutment - Integral utilizing Boring #29

Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.179" walls			Steel HP 10 X 57			Steel HP 14 X 73		
118	65	34	140	77	52	118	65	34
203	112	37	164	90	60	172	95	37
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls			174	95	62	174	96	39
118	65	34	178	98	65	179	98	45
203	112	37	179	98	67	187	103	47
204	112	47	188	104	75	193	106	50
217	119	50	197	109	77	208	114	52
233	128	52	211	116	80	240	132	60
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.25" walls			222	122	82	253	139	62
139	76	34	230	126	85	256	141	65
243	134	47	239	132	87	258	142	67
257	142	50	248	137	90	273	150	75
275	151	52	258	142	92	286	157	77
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.312" walls			273	150	95	307	169	80
139	76	34	284	156	97	322	177	82
243	134	47	296	163	100	331	182	85
257	142	50	308	169	102	345	190	87
275	151	52	347	191	105	357	196	90
Steel HP 8 X 36			Steel HP 12 X 53			370	204	92
148	81	75	151	83	47	395	217	95
155	85	77	157	86	50	410	226	97
166	91	80	170	93	52	427	235	100
174	96	82	197	108	60	444	244	102
181	99	85	209	115	62	513	282	105
188	104	87	212	117	65	Steel HP 14 X 89		
196	108	90	214	118	67	120	66	34
203	112	92	226	124	75	174	96	37
215	118	95	236	130	77	176	97	39
224	123	97	254	140	80	181	100	45
233	128	100	266	146	82	190	104	47
242	133	102	275	151	85	195	107	50
269	148	105	286	157	87	210	116	52
Steel HP 10 X 42			297	163	90	243	133	60
137	75	52	308	169	92	257	141	62
160	88	60	327	180	95	259	142	65
170	93	62	340	187	97	261	143	67
174	96	65	354	195	100	276	152	75
175	96	67	368	202	102	289	159	77
184	101	75	Steel HP 12 X 63			311	171	80
193	106	77	146	80	45	326	179	82
207	114	80	152	84	47	335	184	85
217	119	82	159	87	50	349	192	87
225	124	85	171	94	52	361	199	90
234	129	87	199	110	60	375	206	92
243	134	90	211	116	62	399	220	95
252	139	92	214	118	65	415	228	97
267	147	95	216	119	67	433	238	100
278	153	97	228	125	75	449	247	102
290	159	100	239	131	77	520	286	105

256	141	80
269	148	82
277	152	85
289	159	87
299	165	90
311	171	92
330	181	95
343	189	97
358	197	100
371	204	102
424	233	105

Steel HP 12 X 74

148	81	45
155	85	47
161	89	50
174	96	52
202	111	60
214	118	62
217	119	65
219	120	67
231	127	75
242	133	77
260	143	80
272	150	82
281	155	85
293	161	87
303	167	90
315	173	92
334	184	95
348	191	97
363	199	100
376	207	102
430	237	105

Steel HP 12 X 84

150	83	45
157	86	47
163	90	50
176	97	52
205	113	60
217	119	62
220	121	65
222	122	67
234	129	75
245	135	77
263	145	80
276	152	82
285	157	85
297	163	87
307	169	90
319	175	92
339	186	95
353	194	97
367	202	100
381	210	102
436	240	105

Steel HP 14 X 102

121	67	34
177	97	37
179	98	39
184	101	45
193	106	47
198	109	50
213	117	52
246	135	60
260	143	62
262	144	65
264	145	67
279	154	75
292	161	77
315	173	80
330	182	82
339	187	85
353	194	87
365	201	90
379	208	92
404	222	95
420	231	97
438	241	100
454	250	102
527	290	105

Steel HP 14 X 117

123	67	34
179	99	37
181	100	39
186	102	45
195	107	47
200	110	50
216	119	52
249	137	60
263	145	62
265	146	65
267	147	67
283	155	75
296	163	77
319	175	80
334	184	82
343	189	85
357	197	87
370	203	90
383	211	92
409	225	95
425	234	97
443	244	100
459	253	102
533	293	105

Precast 14"x 14"

90	50	17
170	93	31
177	97	34

Timber Pile

Pile Design Table for North Abutment - Stub utilizing Boring #29

Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (Kips)	Factored Resistance Available (Kips)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.179" walls			Steel HP 10 X 57			Steel HP 14 X 73		
59	33	16	83	46	33	68	37	16
112	62	30	111	61	36	118	65	33
118	65	33	113	62	38	172	95	36
203	112	36	118	65	44	174	96	38
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls			123	68	46	179	98	44
59	33	16	129	71	49	187	103	46
112	62	30	140	77	51	193	106	49
118	65	33	164	90	59	208	114	51
203	112	36	174	95	61	240	132	59
204	112	46	178	98	64	253	139	61
217	119	49	179	98	66	256	141	64
233	128	51	188	104	74	258	142	66
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.25" walls			198	109	76	273	150	74
71	39	16	211	116	79	286	157	76
133	73	30	222	122	81	308	169	79
139	76	33	230	126	84	322	177	81
243	134	46	239	132	86	332	182	84
257	141	49	248	137	89	345	190	86
275	151	51	258	142	91	357	197	89
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.312" walls			273	150	94	371	204	91
71	39	16	284	156	96	395	217	94
133	73	30	296	163	99	411	226	96
139	76	33	308	169	101	428	235	99
243	134	46	347	191	104	444	244	101
257	141	49	Steel HP 12 X 53			514	283	104
275	151	51	99	54	33	Steel HP 14 X 89		
Steel HP 8 X 36			137	76	36	69	38	16
108	60	51	139	77	38	120	66	33
128	70	59	144	79	44	174	96	36
136	75	61	151	83	46	176	97	38
140	77	64	157	86	49	181	100	44
141	78	66	169	93	51	190	104	46
148	81	74	197	108	59	195	107	49
155	85	76	209	115	61	210	116	51
166	91	79	212	117	64	243	133	59
174	96	81	214	118	66	256	141	61
181	99	84	226	124	74	259	142	64
189	104	86	237	130	76	261	143	66
196	108	89	254	140	79	276	152	74
204	112	91	266	147	81	289	159	76
215	118	94	275	151	84	311	171	79
224	123	96	286	158	86	326	180	81
233	128	99	297	163	89	336	185	84
242	133	101	308	169	91	349	192	86
269	148	104	327	180	94	362	199	89
Steel HP 10 X 42			340	187	96	375	206	91
110	61	38	355	195	99	400	220	94
115	63	44	368	202	101	415	228	96
120	66	46	Steel HP 12 X 63			433	238	99

126	69	49
137	75	51
160	88	59
170	93	61
174	96	64
175	96	66
184	101	74
193	106	76
207	114	79
217	119	81
225	124	84
234	129	86
243	134	89
253	139	91
267	147	94
278	153	96
290	160	99
301	166	101

100	55	33
139	76	36
141	77	38
146	80	44
152	84	46
159	87	49
171	94	51
199	110	59
211	116	61
214	118	64
216	119	66
228	125	74
239	131	76
256	141	79
269	148	81
277	153	84
289	159	86
300	165	89
311	171	91
330	182	94
343	189	96
358	197	99
372	204	101
424	233	104

Steel HP 12 X 74

101	56	33
141	78	36
143	79	38
148	81	44
155	85	46
161	89	49
174	96	51
202	111	59
214	118	61
217	119	64
219	120	66
231	127	74
242	133	76
260	143	79
273	150	81
281	155	84
293	161	86
304	167	89
315	173	91
335	184	94
348	191	96
363	200	99
377	207	101
430	237	104

Steel HP 12 X 84

102	56	33
143	79	36
145	80	38
150	83	44
157	86	46

449	247	101
520	286	104
Steel HP 14 X 102		
70	38	16
121	67	33
177	97	36
179	98	38
184	101	44
193	106	46
198	109	49
213	117	51
246	135	59
260	143	61
262	144	64
264	145	66
280	154	74
293	161	76
315	173	79
330	182	81
340	187	84
353	194	86
366	201	89
379	209	91
404	222	94
420	231	96
438	241	99
454	250	101
527	290	104

Steel HP 14 X 117

71	39	16
123	67	33
179	99	36
181	100	38
186	102	44
195	107	46
200	110	49
216	119	51
249	137	59
263	145	61
265	146	64
267	147	66
283	156	74
296	163	76
319	175	79
334	184	81
344	189	84
358	197	86
370	203	89
384	211	91
409	225	94
425	234	96
443	244	99
460	253	101
534	293	104

Precast 14"x 14"

163	90	49
176	97	51
205	113	59
217	119	61
220	121	64
222	122	66
234	129	74
246	135	76
264	145	79
276	152	81
285	157	84
297	163	86
308	169	89
319	176	91
339	187	94
353	194	96
368	202	99
382	210	101
437	240	104

90	50	16
169	93	30
177	97	33
Timber Pile		
105	58	30
115	64	33
147	81	36

Appendix F

Estimated Factored Structural Loadings

I-57 - I 74 INTERCHANGE STRUCTURES

Information for Geotechnical Engineering SGR's **03.24.2015**

Structure:	RAMP G over RAMP F	Station		
S.N.	010-1002	724+26.33		
No. of Spans:	1			
Option No.	Superstructure Type / Option	Substructure		
1	Details	PPC BULB TEE IL63-2438		
		Superstructure: Tangent Girder on Curved Alignment		
		Substructure Element		
		ABUT 1	ABUT 2	
		Abutment Type: (Integral, Semi Integral, Stub, etc.)	Integral *	Integral *
		Pier Type	n/a	n/a
		Deck Joints	n/a	n/a
		Bearing Type	Fixed	Fixed
		Est. Bottom of Abutment Elevation	780.73	783.03
		Est. Abutment Length	35'-8"	35'-8"
		Est. Pier Bottom of Footing	n/a	n/a
		Est. Pier Footing Dimensions	n/a	n/a
		Total Factored Vertical DL + LL	2,000 Kips *	2,000 Kips *
		Additional Notes / Comments		Single row of vertical steel piles. * Dynamic Load Allowance (IM) included for integral abutment.
2	Details	STEEL PLATE GIRDER, WEB DEPTH = 60 IN.		
		Superstructure: Curved Girder on Curved Alignment		
		Substructure Element		
		ABUT 1	ABUT 2	
		Abutment Type: (Integral, Semi Integral, Stub, etc.)	Stub	Stub
		Pier Type	n/a	n/a
		Deck Joints	Strip Seal	Strip Seal
		Bearing Type	Elastomeric	Elastomeric
		Est. Bottom of Abutment Elevation	780.73	783.03
		Est. Abutment Length	34'-0"	34'-0"
		Est. Pier Bottom of Footing	n/a	n/a
		Est. Pier Footing Dimensions	n/a	n/a
		Total Factored Vertical DL + LL	1,382 Kips **	1,382 Kips **
		Additional Notes / Comments		Two rows of piles. Vertical back row, 12:3 battered front ** Dynamic Load Allowance (IM) not included.