If you plan to submit a bid directly to the Department of Transportation

PREQUALIFICATION

Any contractor who desires to become pre-qualified to bid on work advertised by IDOT must submit the properly completed pre-qualification forms to the Bureau of Construction no later that 4:30 p.m. prevailing time twenty-one days prior to the letting of interest. This pre-qualification requirement applies to first time contractors, contractors renewing expired ratings, contractors maintaining continuous pre-qualification or contractors requesting revised ratings. To be eligible to bid, existing pre-qualification ratings must be effective through the date of letting.

REQUESTS FOR AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Contractors wanting to bid on items included in a particular letting must submit the properly completed "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124INT) and the ORIGINAL "Affidavit of Availability" (BC 57) to the proper office no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time, three (3) days prior to the letting date.

WHO CAN BID?

Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written **Authorization to Bid** from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?: When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124INT) he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued a Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction, that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If Authorization to Bid cannot be approved, the Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form will indicate the reason for denial.

ABOUT AUTHORIZATION TO BID: Firms that have not received an authorization form within a reasonable time of complete and correct original document submittal should contact the department as to status. This is critical in the week before the letting. These documents must be received three days before the letting date. Firms unsure as to authorization status should call the Prequalification Section of the Bureau of Construction at the number listed at the end of these instructions.

ADDENDA AND REVISIONS: It is the contractor's responsibility to determine which, if any, addenda or revisions pertain to any project they may be bidding. Failure to incorporate all relevant addenda or revisions may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

Each addendum will be placed with the contract number. Addenda and revisions will also be placed on the Addendum/Revision Checklist and each subscription service subscriber will be notified by e-mail of each addendum and revision issued.

The Internet is the Department's primary way of doing business. The subscription server e-mails are an added courtesy the Department provides. It is suggested that bidders check IDOT's website at http://www.dot.il.gov/desenv/delett.html before submitting final bid information.

IDOT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY E-MAIL FAILURES.

Addenda Questions may be directed to the Contracts Office at (217)782-7806 or D&Econtracts@dot.il.gov

Technical Questions about downloading these files may be directed to Tim Garman (217)524-1642 or Timothy.Garman@illinois.gov.

WHAT MUST BE INCLUDED WHEN BIDS ARE SUBMITTED?: Bidders need not return the entire proposal when bids are submitted. That portion of the proposal that must be returned includes the following:

- 1. All documents from the Proposal Cover Sheet through the Proposal Bid Bond
- 2. Other special documentation and/or information that may be required by the contract special provisions

All proposal documents, including Proposal Guaranty Checks or Proposal Bid Bonds, should be stapled together to prevent loss when bids are processed by IDOT personnel.

ABOUT SUBMITTING BIDS: It is recommended that bidders deliver bids in person to insure they arrive at the proper location prior to the time specified for the receipt of bids. Any bid received at the place of letting after the time specified will not be accepted.

WHO SHOULD BE CALLED IF ASSISTANCE IS NEEDED?

Questions Regarding	Call
Prequalification and/or Authorization to Bid	217/782-3413
Preparation and submittal of bids	217/782-7806
Mailing of plans and proposals	217/782-7806

ADDENDUMS AND REVISIONS TO THE PROPOSAL FORMS

Planholders should verify that they have received and incorporated any addendum and/or revision prior to submitting their bid. Failure by the bidder to include and addendum or revision could result in a bid being rejected as irregular.

111

1121 91111 111111 212
Proposal Submitted By
Name
Address
City

Letting June 12, 2009

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS

This proposal can be used for bidding purposes by only those companies that request and receive written AUTHORIZATION TO BID from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE INSIDE OF COVER)

Notice To Bidders, Specifications, Proposal, Contract and Contract Bond



Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 60E01 WILL-DUPAGE-COOK Counties Section 2007-062I Route FAI 55 Project CMI-055-6(236)249 District 1 Construction Funds

PLEASE MARK THE APPROPRIATE BOX BELOW:	
☐ A <u>Bid Bond</u> is included.	
☐ A <u>Cashier's</u> <u>Check</u> or a <u>Certified</u> <u>Check</u> is included	
	_

Prepared by

Checked by

Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)

BIDDERS NEED NOT RETURN THE ENTIRE PROPOSAL (See instructions inside front cover)

INSTRUCTIONS

ABOUT IDOT PROPOSALS: All proposals issued by IDOT are potential bidding proposals. Each proposal contains all Certifications and Affidavits, a Proposal Signature Sheet and a Proposal Bid Bond required for Prime Contractors to submit a bid after written **Authorization to Bid** has been issued by IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

WHO CAN BID?: Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written Authorization to Bid from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction. To request authorization, a potential bidder <u>must complete and submit Part B of the Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status form (BDE 124 INT) and submit an original Affidavit of Availability (BC 57).</u>

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?: When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Proposal Forms and Plans" he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued a Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction, that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If Authorization to Bid cannot be approved, the Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form will indicate the reason for denial. If a contractor has requested to bid but has not received a Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form, they should contact the Central Bureau of Construction in advance of the letting date.

WHAT MUST BE INCLUDED WHEN BIDS ARE SUBMITTED?: Bidders need not return the entire proposal when bids are submitted. That portion of the proposal that must be returned includes the following:

- 1. All documents from the Proposal Cover Sheet through the Proposal Bid Bond
- 2. Other special documentation and/or information that may be required by the contract special provisions

All proposal documents, including Proposal Guaranty Checks or Proposal Bid Bonds, should be stapled together to prevent loss when bids are processed by IDOT personnel.

ABOUT SUBMITTING BIDS: It is recommended that bidders deliver bids in person to insure they arrive at the proper location prior to the time specified for the receipt of bids. Any bid received at the place of letting after the time specified will not be accepted.

Call

WHO SHOULD BE CALLED IF ASSISTANCE IS NEEDED?

Questions Regarding

Prequalification and/or Authorization to Bid Preparation and submittal of bids Mailing of CD-ROMS	217/782-3413 217/782-7806 217/782-7806



PROPOSAL

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Route FAI 55

District 1 Construction Funds

. Proposal of	
Taxpayer Identification Number (Mandatory)	
for the improvement identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:	
Contract No. 60E01 WILL-DUPAGE-COOK Counties Section 2007-062I Project CMI-055-6(236)249	

Closed circuit television installation and fiber optic cable installation at various locations along I-55 in Will, DuPage and Cook counties.

2. The undersigned bidder will furnish all labor, material and equipment to complete the above described project in a good and workmanlike manner as provided in the contract documents provided by the Department of Transportation. This proposal will become part of the contract and the terms and conditions contained in the contract documents shall govern performance and payments.

BD 353A (Rev. 12/2005)

- 3. ASSURANCE OF EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION/WAIVER. The undersigned further declares that he/she has carefully examined the proposal, plans, specifications, form of contract and contract bond, and special provisions, and that he/she has inspected in detail the site of the proposed work, and that he/she has familiarized themselves with all of the local conditions affecting the contract and the detailed requirements of construction, and understands that in making this proposal he/she waives all right to plead any misunderstanding regarding the same.
- 4. **EXECUTION OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT BOND.** The undersigned further agrees to execute a contract for this work and present the same to the department within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her. The undersigned further agrees that he/she and his/her surety will execute and present within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her contract bond satisfactory to and in the form prescribed by the Department of Transportation, in the penal sum of the full amount of the contract, guaranteeing the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.
- 5. **PROPOSAL GUARANTY.** Accompanying this proposal is either a bid bond on the department form, executed by a corporate surety company satisfactory to the department, or a proposal guaranty check consisting of a bank cashier's check or a properly certified check for not less than 5 per cent of the amount bid or for the amount specified in the following schedule:

<u> </u>	Amount o	of Bid	Proposal Guaranty	<u>An</u>	nount c	of Bid	Proposal <u>Guaranty</u>
Up to		\$5,000	\$150	\$2,000,000	to	\$3,000,000	\$100,000
\$5,000	to	\$10,000	\$300	\$3,000,000	to	\$5,000,000	\$150,000
\$10,000	to	\$50,000	\$1,000	\$5,000,000	to	\$7,500,000	\$250,000
\$50,000	to	\$100,000	\$3,000	\$7,500,000	to	\$10,000,000	\$400,000
\$100,000	to	\$150,000	\$5,000	\$10,000,000	to	\$15,000,000	\$500,000
\$150,000	to	\$250,000	\$7,500	\$15,000,000	to	\$20,000,000	\$600,000
\$250,000	to	\$500,000	\$12,500	\$20,000,000	to	\$25,000,000	\$700,000
\$500,000	to	\$1,000,000	\$25,000	\$25,000,000	to	\$30,000,000	\$800,000
\$1,000,000	to	\$1,500,000	\$50,000	\$30,000,000	to	\$35,000,000	\$900,000
\$1,500,000	to	\$2,000,000	\$75,000	over		\$35,000,000	\$1,000,000

Bank cashier's checks or properly certified checks accompanying proposals shall be made payable to the Treasurer, State of Illinois, when the state is awarding authority; the county treasurer, when a county is the awarding authority; or the city, village, or town treasurer, when a city, village, or town is the awarding authority.

If a combination bid is submitted, the proposal guaranties which accompany the individual proposals making up the combination will be considered as also covering the combination bid.

Attach Cashier's Check or Certified Check Here

In the event that one proposal guaranty check is intended to cover two or more p	roposals, the amount must be equal to the sum
of the proposal guaranties which would be required for each individual proposal.	If the guaranty check is placed in another proposal,
state below where it may be found.	
The proposal average to about will be found in the proposal form	lka aa

The proposal guaranty check will be found in the proposal for: Item ______

Section No.

County _____

Mark the proposal cover sheet as to the type of proposal guaranty submitted.

-3-

6. COMBINATION BIDS. The undersigned further agrees that if awarded the contract for the sections contained in the following combination, he/she will perform the work in accordance with the requirements of each individual proposal comprising the combination bid specified in the schedule below, and that the combination bid shall be prorated against each section in proportion to the bid submitted for the same. If an error is found to exist in the gross sum bid for one or more of the individual sections included in a combination, the combination bid shall be corrected as provided in the specifications.

When a combination bid is submitted, the schedule below must be completed in each proposal comprising the combination.

If alternate bids are submitted for one or more of the sections comprising the combination, a combination bid must be submitted for each alternate.

Schedule of Combination Bids

Combination		Combination Bid			
No.	Sections Included in Combination	Dollars	Cents		

- 7. SCHEDULE OF PRICES. The undersigned bidder submits herewith, in accordance with the rules and instructions, a schedule of prices for the items of work for which bids are sought. The unit prices bid are in U.S. dollars and cents, and all extensions and summations have been made. The bidder understands that the quantities appearing in the bid schedule are approximate and are provided for the purpose of obtaining a gross sum for the comparison of bids. If there is an error in the extension of the unit prices, the unit prices shall govern. Payment to the contractor awarded the contract will be made only for actual quantities of work performed and accepted or materials furnished according to the contract. The scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished may be increased, decreased or omitted as provided elsewhere in the contract.
- 8. **CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.** The undersigned bidder, if a business organized under the laws of another State, assures the Department that it will furnish a copy of its certificate of authority to do business in the State of Illinois with the return of the executed contract and bond. Failure to furnish the certificate within the time provided for execution of an awarded contract may be cause for cancellation of the award and forfeiture of the proposal guaranty to the State.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE OF PRICES CONTRACT NUMBER - 60E01

State Job # - C-91-159-08 PPS NBR - 1-77935-0000

County Name - COOK- DUPAGE- WILL

Code - 31 - 43 - 197
District - 1 - 1 - 1
Section Number - 2007-062I

Project Number	Route
CMI-0556/236/249	FAI 55

Item Number	Pay Item Description	Unit of Measure	Quantity	X	Unit Price	=	Total Price
XX006937	GROUND ROD 5/8 X 10	EACH	39.000				
X0323898	CCTV DOME CAMERA	EACH	39.000				
X0323914	FOC SPLICE - LATERAL	EACH	5.000				
X0323957	FOC SPLICE - MAINLINE	EACH	1.000				
X0324794	COMM SHELTER 10X12	EACH	1.000				
X0325040	FO INNERDUCT 1 1/4"	FOOT	47,740.000				
X0326459	HANDHOLE C CONC 30X48	EACH	19.000				
X0326460	CCTV EQPT WIRELESS DS	EACH	102.000				
X0326461		EACH	15.000				
X0326462		L SUM	1.000				
X0326463		L SUM	1.000				
X0326464		EACH	39.000				
X0326465		L SUM	1.000				
X7011015		L SUM	1.000				
	SERV INSTALL GRND MT	EACH	13.000				

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE OF PRICES CONTRACT NUMBER - 60E01

State Job # - C-91-159-08 PPS NBR - 1-77935-0000

County Name - COOK- DUPAGE- WILL

Code - 31 - 43 - 197
District - 1 - 1 - 1
Section Number - 2007-062I

Project Number	Route
CMI-0556/236/249	FAI 55

Item Number	Pay Item Description	Unit of Measure	Quantity	x	Unit Price	=	Total Price
X8160162	UD 2#8#10G EPRRHW 1.25	FOOT	11,803.000				
X8710028	FIB OPT CBL 6F SM	FOOT	1,380.000				
X8710035	FIB OPT CBL 96F SM	FOOT	48,740.000				
Z0076600	TRAINEES	HOUR	500.000				
67000400	ENGR FIELD OFFICE A	CAL MO	9.000				
67100100	MOBILIZATION	L SUM	1.000				
70102620	TR CONT & PROT 701501	L SUM	1.000				
80400200	ELECT UTIL SERV CONN	L SUM	1.000		26,000.000		26,000.000
81000700	CON T 2 1/2 GALVS	FOOT	715.000				
81018600	CON P 2 1/2 GALVS	FOOT	1,364.000				
81018900	CON P 4 GALVS	FOOT	946.000				
81100705	CON AT ST 2.5 PVC GS	FOOT	220.000				
81101005	CON AT ST 4 PVC GALVS	FOOT	275.000				
81300960	JUN BX SS AS 42X36X12	EACH	2.000				
81900200	TR & BKFIL F ELECT WK	FOOT	34,584.000				
89502200	MOD EX CONTR	EACH	26.000				

CONTRACT NUMBER	60E01	
THIS IS THE TOTAL BID		\$

NOTES:

- 1. Each PAY ITEM should have a UNIT PRICE and a TOTAL PRICE.
- 2. The UNIT PRICE shall govern if no TOTAL PRICE is shown or if there is a discrepancy between the product of the UNIT PRICE multiplied by the QUANTITY.
- 3. If a UNIT PRICE is omitted, the TOTAL PRICE will be divided by the QUANTITY in order to establish a UNIT PRICE.
- 4. A bid may be declared UNACCEPTABLE if neither a unit price nor a total price is shown.

STATE REQUIRED ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING CONTRACT PROCUREMENT: ASSURANCES, CERTIFICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

I. GENERAL

- **A.** Article 50 of the Illinois Procurement Code establishes the duty of all State chief procurement officers, State purchasing officers, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.
- **B.** In order to comply with the provisions of Article 50 and to carry out the duty established therein, all bidders are to adhere to ethical standards established for the procurement process, and to make such assurances, disclosures and certifications required by law. By execution of the Proposal Signature Sheet, the bidder indicates that each of the mandated assurances has been read and understood, that each certification is made and understood, and that each disclosure requirement has been understood and completed.
- **C.** In addition to all other remedies provided by law, failure to comply with any assurance, failure to make any disclosure or the making of a false certification shall be grounds for termination of the contract and the suspension or debarment of the bidder.

II. ASSURANCES

A. The assurances hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous assurance, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for the completion of the contract.

B. Felons

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-10. Felons. Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any state agency from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-10.

C. Conflicts of Interest

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides in pertinent part:

Section 50-13. Conflicts of Interest.

- (a) Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person holding an elective office in this State, holding a seat in the General Assembly, or appointed to or employed in any of the offices or agencies of state government and who receives compensation for such employment in excess of 60% of the salary of the Governor of the State of Illinois, or who is an officer or employee of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority, or who is the spouse or minor child of any such person to have or acquire any contract, or any direct pecuniary interest in any contract therein, whether for stationery, printing, paper, or any services, materials, or supplies, that will be wholly or partially satisfied by the payment of funds appropriated by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or in any contract of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway authority.
- (b) Interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) is entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.
- (c) Combined interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) together with his or her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.
- (d) Securities. Nothing in this Section invalidates the provisions of any bond or other security previously offered or to be offered for sale or sold by or for the State of Illinois.
- (e) Prior interests. This Section does not affect the validity of any contract made between the State and an officer or employee of the State or member of the General Assembly, his or her spouse, minor child or any combination of those persons if that contract was in existence before his or her election or employment as an officer, member, or employee. The contract is voidable, however, if it cannot be completed within 365 days after the officer, member, or employee takes office or is employed.

The current salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00. Sixty percent of the salary is \$106,447.20.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-13, or that an effective exemption has been issued by the Board of Ethics to any individual subject to the Section 50-13 prohibitions pursuant to the provisions of Section 50-20 of the Code and Executive Order Number 3 (1998). Information concerning the exemption process is available from the Department upon request.

D. Negotiations

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides in pertinent part:

Section 50-15. Negotiations.

- (a) It is unlawful for any person employed in or on a continual contractual relationship with any of the offices or agencies of State government to participate in contract negotiations on behalf of that office or agency with any firm, partnership, association, or corporation with whom that person has a contract for future employment or is negotiating concerning possible future employment.
- 2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-15, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

E. Inducements

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-25. Inducement. Any person who offers or pays any money or other valuable thing to any person to induce him or her not to bid for a State contract or as recompense for not having bid on a State contract is guilty of a Class 4 felony. Any person who accepts any money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract or who withholds a bid in consideration of the promise for the payment of money or other valuable thing is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-25, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

F. Revolving Door Prohibition

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-30. Revolving door prohibition. Chief procurement officers, associate procurement officers, State purchasing officers, their designees whose principal duties are directly related to State procurement, and executive officers confirmed by the Senate are expressly prohibited for a period of 2 years after terminating an affected position from engaging in any procurement activity relating to the State agency most recently employing them in an affected position for a period of at least 6 months. The prohibition includes, but is not limited to: lobbying the procurement process; specifying; bidding; proposing bid, proposal, or contract documents; on their own behalf or on behalf of any firm, partnership, association, or corporation. This Section applies only to persons who terminate an affected position on or after January 15, 1999.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-30, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

G. Reporting Anticompetitive Practices

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-40. Reporting anticompetitive practices. When, for any reason, any vendor, bidder, contractor, chief procurement officer, State purchasing officer, designee, elected official, or State employee suspects collusion or other anticompetitive practice among any bidders, offerors, contractors, proposers, or employees of the State, a notice of the relevant facts shall be transmitted to the Attorney General and the chief procurement officer.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has not failed to report any relevant facts concerning the practices addressed in Section 50-40 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

H. Confidentiality

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-45. Confidentiality. Any chief procurement officer, State purchasing officer, designee, or executive officer who willfully uses or allows the use of specifications, competitive bid documents, proprietary competitive information, proposals, contracts, or selection information to compromise the fairness or integrity of the procurement, bidding, or contract process shall be subject to immediate dismissal, regardless of the Personnel code, any contract, or any collective bargaining agreement, and may in addition be subject to criminal prosecution.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any fact relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-45 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

I. Insider Information

1. The Illinois Procurement Act provides:

Section 50-50. Insider information. It is unlawful for any current or former elected or appointed State official or State employee to knowingly use confidential information available only by virtue of that office or employment for actual or anticipated gain for themselves or another person.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-50 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

III. CERTIFICATIONS

A. The certifications hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous certification, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Bribery

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-5. Bribery.

- (a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:
 - (1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or
 - (2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.
- (b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:
 - (1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or
 - (2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.
- (d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State shall contain a certification by the contractor that the contractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.
- 2. The bidder certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50.5.

C. Educational Loan

- 1. Section 3 of the Educational Loan Default Act provides:
- § 3. No State agency shall contract with an individual for goods or services if that individual is in default, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, on an educational loan. Any contract used by any State agency shall include a statement certifying that the individual is not in default on an educational loan as provided in this Section.
- 2. The bidder, if an individual as opposed to a corporation, partnership or other form of business organization, certifies that the bidder is not in default on an educational loan as provided in Section 3 of the Act.

D. Bid-Rigging/Bid Rotating

1. Section 33E-11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 provides:

§ 33E-11. (a) Every bid submitted to and public contract executed pursuant to such bid by the State or a unit of local government shall contain a certification by the prime contractor that the prime contractor is not barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or 33E-4 of this Article. The State and units of local government shall provide the appropriate forms for such certification.

(b) A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

A violation of Section 33E-3 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rigging which, in addition to Class 3 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be barred for 5 years from the date of conviction from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

A violation of Section 33E-4 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rotating which, in addition to Class 2 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be permanently barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

2. The bidder certifies that it is not barred from contracting with the Department by reason of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or Section 33E-4.

E. International Anti-Boycott

- 1. Section 5 of the International Anti-Boycott Certification Act provides:
- § 5. State contracts. Every contract entered into by the State of Illinois for the manufacture, furnishing, or purchasing of supplies, material, or equipment or for the furnishing of work, labor, or services, in an amount exceeding the threshold for small purchases according to the purchasing laws of this State or \$10,000.00, whichever is less, shall contain certification, as a material condition of the contract, by which the contractor agrees that neither the contractor nor any substantially-owned affiliated company is participating or shall participate in an international boycott in violation of the provisions of the U.S. Export Administration Act of 1979 or the regulations of the U.S. Department of Commerce promulgated under that Act.
- 2. The bidder makes the certification set forth in Section 5 of the Act.

F. Drug Free Workplace

- 1. The Illinois "Drug Free Workplace Act" applies to this contract and it is necessary to comply with the provisions of the "Act" if the contractor is a corporation, partnership, or other entity (including a sole proprietorship) which has 25 or more employees.
- 2. The bidder certifies that if awarded a contract in excess of \$5,000 it will provide a drug free workplace by:
- (a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of a controlled substance, including cannabis, is prohibited in the contractor's workplace; specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of such prohibition; and notifying the employee that, as a condition of employment on such contract, the employee shall abide by the terms of the statement, and notify the employer of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five (5) days after such conviction.
- (b) Establishing a drug free awareness program to inform employees about the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace; the contractor's policy of maintaining a drug free workplace; any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and the penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug violations.
- (c) Providing a copy of the statement required by subparagraph (1) to each employee engaged in the performance of the contract and to post the statement in a prominent place in the workplace.
- (d) Notifying the Department within ten (10) days after receiving notice from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of the conviction of an employee for a violation of any criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace.
- (e) Imposing or requiring, within 30 days after receiving notice from an employee of a conviction or actual notice of such a conviction, an appropriate personnel action, up to and including termination, or the satisfactory participation in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved by a federal, state or local health, law enforcement or other appropriate agency.
- (f) Assisting employees in selecting a course of action in the event drug counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation is required and indicating that a trained referral team is in place.
- (g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug free workplace through implementation of the actions and efforts stated in this certification.

G. Debt Delinquency

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract under 30 ILCS 500. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The contractor further acknowledges that the contracting State agency may declare the contract void if this certification is false or if the contractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

H. Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

1. The Illinois Procurement Code, Section 50-60(c), provides:

The contractor certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 for a period of five years prior to the date of the bid or contract. The contractor acknowledges that the contracting agency shall declare the contract void if this certification is false.

I. Addenda

The contractor or bidder certifies that all relevant addenda have been incorporated in to this contract. Failure to do so may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

J. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

The contractor certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-12 that the bidder or contractor is not barred from being awarded a contract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The contractor acknowledges that the contracting agency may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

K. Apprenticeship and Training Certification (Does not apply to federal aid projects)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 30-22 (6) of the Illinois Procurement Code, the bidder certifies that it is a participant, either as an individual or as part of a group program, in the approved apprenticeship and training programs applicable to each type of work or craft that the bidder will perform with its own forces. The bidder further certifies for work that will be performed by subcontract that each of its subcontractors submitted for approval either (a) is, at the time of such bid, participating in an approved, applicable apprenticeship and training program; or (b) will, prior to commencement of performance of work pursuant to this contract, begin participation in an approved apprenticeship and training program applicable to the work of the subcontract. The Department, at any time before or after award, may require the production of a copy of each applicable Certificate of Registration issued by the United States Department of Labor evidencing such participation by the contractor and any or all of its subcontractors. Applicable apprenticeship and training programs are those that have been approved and registered with the United States Department of Labor. The bidder shall list in the space below, the official name of the program sponsor holding the Certificate of Registration for all of the types of work or crafts in which the bidder is a participant and that will be performed with the bidder's forces. Types of work or craft work that will be subcontracted shall be included and listed as subcontract work. The list shall also indicate any type of work or craft job category that does not have an applicable apprenticeship or training program. The bidder is responsible for making a complete report and shall make certain that each type of work or craft job category that will be utilized on the project as reported on the Construction Employee Workforce Projection (Form BC-1256) and returned with the bid is accounted for and listed.

NA - FEDERAL

The requirements of this certification and disclosure are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require this certification provision to be included in all approved subcontracts. In order to fulfill this requirement, it shall not be necessary that an applicable program sponsor be currently taking or that it will take applications for apprenticeship, training or employment during the performance of the work of this contract.

L. Executive Order Number 1 (2007) Regarding Lobbying on Government Procurements

The bidder hereby warrants and certifies that they have complied and will comply with the requirements set forth in this Order. The requirements of this warrant and certification are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require this warrant and certification provision to be included in all approved subcontracts.

M. Disclosure of Business Operations in Iran

Section 50-36 of the Illinois Procurement Code, 30ILCS 500/50-36 provides that each bid, offer, or proposal submitted for a State contract shall include a disclosure of whether or not the Company acting as the bidder, offer or, or proposing entity, or any of its corporate parents or subsidiaries, within the 24 months before submission of the bid, offer, or proposal had business operations that involved contracts with or provision of supplies or services to the Government of Iran, companies in which the Government of Iran has any direct or indirect equity share, consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran, or companies involved in consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran and either of the following conditions apply:

- (1) More than 10% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve oil-related activities or mineral-extraction activities; less than 75% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve contracts with or provision of oil-related or mineral-extraction products or services to the Government of Iran or a project or consortium created exclusively by that government; and the Company has failed to take substantial action.
- (2) The Company has, on or after August 5, 1996, made an investment of \$20 million or more, or any combination of investments of at least \$10 million each that in the aggregate equals or exceeds \$20 million in any 12-month period, which directly or significantly contributes to the enhancement of Iran's ability to develop petroleum resources of Iran.

The terms "Business operations", "Company", "Mineral-extraction activities", "Oil-related activities", "Petroleum resources", and "Substantial action" are all defined in the Code.

Failure to make the disclosure required by the Code shall cause the bid, offer or proposal to be considered not responsive. The disclosure will be considered when evaluating the bid, offer, or proposal or awarding the contract. The name of each Company disclosed as doing business or having done business in Iran will be provided to the State Comptroller.

Check the appropriate statement:
// Company has no business operations in Iran to disclose.
// Company has business operations in Iran as disclosed the attached document.

N. Political Contributions and Registration with the State Board of Elections

Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Illinois Procurement Code regulate political contributions from business entities and any affiliated entities or affiliated persons bidding on or contracting with the state. Generally under Section 50-37, any business entity, and any affiliated entity or affiliated person of the business entity, whose current year contracts with all state agencies exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, are prohibited from making any contributions to any political committees established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for the awarding of the contracts or any other declared candidate for that office for the duration of the term of office of the incumbent officeholder or a period 2 years after the termination of the contract, whichever is longer. Any business entity and affiliated entities or affiliated persons whose state contracts in the current year do not exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, but whose aggregate pending bids and proposals on state contracts exceed \$50,000, either alone or in combination with contracts not exceeding \$50,000, are prohibited from making any political contributions to any political committee established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for awarding the pending contract during the period beginning on the date the invitation for bids or request for proposals is issued and ending on the day after the date of award or selection if the entity was not awarded or selected. Section 20-160 requires certification of registration of affected business entities in accordance with procedures found in Section 9-35 of The Election Code.

By submission of a bid, the contractor business entity acknowledges and agrees that it has read and understands Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Illinois Procurement Code, and that it makes the following certification:

The undersigned business entity certifies that it has registered as a business with the State Board of Elections and acknowledges a continuing duty to update the registration in accordance with the above referenced statutes. A copy of the certificate of registration shall be submitted with the bid. The bidder is cautioned that the Department will not award a contract without submission of the certificate of registration.

These requirements and compliance with the above referenced statutory sections are a material part of the contract, and any breach thereof shall be cause to void the contract under Section 50-60 of the Illinois Procurement Code. This provision does not apply to Federal-aid contracts.

TO BE RETURNED WITH BID

IV. DISCLOSURES

A. The disclosures hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous disclosure, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code provides that all bids of more than \$10,000 shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the bidder. This disclosed information for the successful bidder, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the bidding entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the contractor or bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 400 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any person or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each person making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each person making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the bidding entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. <u>Disclosure Forms</u>. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. Subject individuals should be covered each by one form. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies. **The forms must be included with each bid or incorporated by reference.**

C. Disclosure Form Instructions

Form A: For bidders that have previously submitted the information requested in Form A

The Department has retained the Form A disclosures submitted by all bidders responding to these requirements for the April 24, 1998 or any subsequent letting conducted by the Department. The bidder has the option of submitting the information again or the bidder may check the following certification statement indicating that the information previously submitted by the bidder is, as of the date of submission, current and accurate. Before checking this certification, the bidder should carefully review its prior submissions to ensure the Certification is correct. If the Bidder checks the Certification, the Bidder should proceed to Form B instructions.

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

accurate, and all forms a	ne Form A disclosure information previously submitted re hereby incorporated by reference in this bid. Any no previously submitted forms are attached to this bid.	
	(Bidding Company)	
	Signature of Authorized Representative	Date

Form A: For bidders who have NOT previously submitted the information requested in Form A

D.

If the bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 400 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any person or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a bidder is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the bidder must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the bidder should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on the second page of Form A must be signed and dated by a person that is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

1.	Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES NO
2.	Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than \$102,600.00? YES NO
3.	Does anyone in your organization receive more than \$106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income? (Note: Distributive income is, for these purposes, any type of distribution of profits. An annual salary is not distributive income.) YES NO
4.	Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the bidding entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than \$106,447.20? YES NO
	(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed <u>per person per bid</u> even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)
the biddi authorize	answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The bidder must determine each individual in the bidding entity or ing entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by a person that is ed to execute contracts for your organization. Photocopied or stamped signatures are not acceptable . The person signing can be, but thave to be, the person for which the form is being completed. The bidder is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.
	swer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the <u>NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT</u> on page 2 of Form A must be signed and dated by a that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.
bidding (Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information Disclosure Form B must be completed for each bid submitted by the entity. Note: Checking the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A does not allow the bidder to ignore Form B. Form B must be ed, checked, and dated or the bidder may be considered nonresponsive and the bid will not be accepted.
ongoing	der shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the bidder must do one of the following:
agency pattached	If the bidder did not submit an Affidavit of Availability to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an I sheet(s). Do not include IDOT contracts. Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts not to be included. Contracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital ment Board must be included. Bidders who submit Affidavits of Availability are suggested to use Option II.
"See Aff agency	: If the bidder is required and has submitted an Affidavit of Availability in order to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder may write or type idavit of Availability" which indicates that the Affidavit of Availability is incorporated by reference and includes all non-IDOT State of Illinois bending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. For any contracts that are not covered by the of Availability, the bidder must identify them on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). These might be such things as leases.
Bidders	Submitting More Than One Bid
	submitting multiple bids may submit one set of forms consisting of all required Form A disclosures and one Form B for use with all bids. Indicate in the space provided below the bid item that contains the original disclosure forms and the bid items which incorporate the forms ence.
	he bid submitted for letting item contains the Form A disclosures or Certification Statement and the Form B sclosures. The following letting items incorporate the said forms by reference:

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form A Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest Disclosure

Contractor Name			
Legal Address			
City, State, Zip			
Telephone Number		Email Address	Fax Number (if available)
LCS 500). Vend potential conflict publicly available contracts. A put	dors desiring to enter into a of interest information as secontract file. This Form a plicly traded company mass set forth in Form A. See	a contract with the State of Illinois specified in this Disclosure Form. A must be completed for bids in a submit a 10K disclosure (or explications).	50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code (30 must disclose the financial information and This information shall become part of the excess of \$10,000, and for all open-ended equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of
	DISCLO	OSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORM	MATION
of ownership or of the Governor A for each indi	distributive income share in	excess of 5%, or an interest which te copies of this form as necessal irements)	n interest in the BIDDER (or its parent) in terms in has a value of more than \$106,447.20 (60% ary and attach a separate Disclosure Form
NAME:			
ADDRES		ma charai	
Type of C	ownership/distributable incor	ne snare:	
stock % or \$ va	sole proprietorship lue of ownership/distributable i		other: (explain on separate sheet):
			indicate which, if any, of the following is "Yes", please attach additional pages and
(a) State e	employment, currently or in t	he previous 3 years, including conf	tractual employment of services. Yes No
If your	answer is yes, please answ	er each of the following questions.	
1.	Are you currently an office Highway Authority?	r or employee of either the Capitol	Development Board or the Illinois Toll YesNo
2.	currently appointed to or elexceeds \$106,447.20, (60	mployed by any agency of the Stat	of the State of Illinois? If you are e of Illinois, and your annual salary 3/1/09) provide the name the State

3.	If you are currently appointed to or employed by any age salary exceeds \$106,447.20, (60% of the Governor's sal (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the	lary as of 3/1/09) are you entitled to receive of your firm, partnership, association or
4.	If you are currently appointed to or employed by any age salary exceeds \$106,447.20, (60% of the Governor's sal or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (i salary of the Governor?	ary as of 3/1/09) are you and your spouse aggregate of the total distributable income
` '	employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, in previous 2 years.	cluding contractual employment for services
	answer is yes, please answer each of the following question	YesNo ons.
1.	Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer o Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority?	r employee of the Capitol Development YesNo
2.	Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to f Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are current agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary Governor's salary as of 3/1/09) provide the name of the spof the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/lemants.	ly appointed to or employed by any exceeds \$106,447.20, (60% of the ouse and/or minor children, the name
3.	If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appoins State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds \$106,400 as of 3/1/09) are you entitled to receive (i) more than 71/2 firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an a Governor?	447.20.00, (60% of the salary of the Governor % of the total distributable income of your
4.	If your spouse or any minor children are currently appoint State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds \$106,443/1/09) are you and your spouse or any minor children en aggregate of the total distributable income from your firm, (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Govern	47.20, (60% of the Governor's salary as of titled to receive (i) more than 15% in the partnership, association or corporation, or
		Yes No
unit of	e status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois local government authorized by the Constitution of the Stacurrently or in the previous 3 years.	
` '	onship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the particular.	revious 2 years; spouse, father, mother, YesNo
Americ of the S	ntive office; the holding of any appointive government office a, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitute of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensationarge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years.	tution of the State of Illinois or the statues
	nship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the daughter.	previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, YesNo
(g) Employ	yment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any reg	gistered lobbyist of the State government. YesNo

(h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spou son, or daughter. YesN	
(i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered elect committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Electric Newsray (State or the Federal Board of Electric Newsray).	is, or any political ections.
(j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensate last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secret county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either State or the Federal Board of Elections.	tary of State or any
Yes N	o <u> </u>
APPLICABLE STATEMENT	
This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous	s page.
Completed by:	
Signature of Individual or Authorized Representative	Date
NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT	
I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet the crite require the completion of this Form A.	ria that would
This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the CONTRACTOR listed on the pre	evious page.
Signature of Authorized Representative	Date

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form B Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information Disclosure

Contractor Name		
Legal Address		
City, State, Zip		
Telephone Number	Email Address	Fax Number (if available)
Disclosure of the information contained in thi	s Form is required by the Section	50-35 of the Illinois Procurement
Act (30 ILCS 500). This information shall be	• • • • • •	contract file. This Form B must
pe completed for bids in excess of \$10,000,	and for all open-ended contracts.	
DISCLOSURE OF OTHER	CONTRACTS AND PROCUREME	NT RELATED INFORMATION
1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procure has any pending contracts (including lease any other State of Illinois agency: Yes_ If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs	s), bids, proposals, or other ongoin No	g procurement relationship with
2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such information such as bid or project number (INSTRUCTIONS:		
THE FOL	LOWING STATEMENT MUST BE	CHECKED
	Signature of Authorized Representative	Date

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The following requirements of the Illinois Department of Human Rights' Rules and Regulations are applicable to bidders on all construction contracts advertised by the Illinois Department of Transportation:

CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEE UTILIZATION PROJECTION

- (a) All bidders on construction contracts shall complete and submit, along with and as part of their bids, a Bidder's Employee Utilization Form (Form BC-1256) setting forth a projection and breakdown of the total workforce intended to be hired and/or allocated to such contract work by the bidder including a projection of minority and female employee utilization in all job classifications on the contract project.
- (b) The Department of Transportation shall review the Employee Utilization Form, and workforce projections contained therein, of the contract awardee to determine if such projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification in accordance with the Equal Employment Opportunity Clause and Section 7.2 of the Illinois Department of Human Rights' Rules and Regulations for Public Contracts adopted as amended on September 17, 1980. If it is determined that the contract awardee's projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification, it shall be advised in writing of the manner in which it is underutilizing and such awardee shall be considered to be in breach of the contract unless, prior to commencement of work on the contract project, it submits revised satisfactory projections or an acceptable written affirmative action plan to correct such underutilization including a specific timetable geared to the completion stages of the contract.
- (c) The Department of Transportation shall provide to the Department of Human Rights a copy of the contract awardee's Employee Utilization Form, a copy of any required written affirmative action plan, and any written correspondence related thereto. The Department of Human Rights may review and revise any action taken by the Department of Transportation with respect to these requirements.



PART I. IDENTIFICATION

TRAINEES

Contract No. 60E01
WILL-DUPAGE-COOK Counties
Section 2007-062I
Project CMI-055-6(236)249
Route FAI 55
District 1 Construction Funds

Dept. Human Right	s#						_ Du	ration (of Proj	ect: _							·
Name of Bidder: _																	
PART II. WORKFO A. The undersigned which this contract wo projection including a	l bidder h	as analyz e perform	ed mir ed, an	d for th d fema	ne locat	ions fro	m whic	h the b	idder re	cruits	employe	es, and he	reby subn	nits the foll	owir con	ng workfo	rce
		TOTA	AL Wo	rkforce	Projec	tion for	Contra	ıct						CURRENT	EM	IPLOYEE	S
				MINO	ORITY I	EMPI O	YEES			TRA	AINEES			TO BE		IGNED RACT	
JOB CATEGORIES		TAL OYEES	BL	ACK	HISP			HER OR.	APPF TIC	REN-	ON T	HE JOB INEES		OTAL LOYEES		MINO EMPLO	
	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	M	F		М	F
OFFICIALS (MANAGERS)																	
SUPERVISORS																	
FOREMEN																	
CLERICAL																	
EQUIPMENT OPERATORS																	
MECHANICS																	
TRUCK DRIVERS																	
IRONWORKERS																	
CARPENTERS																	
CEMENT MASONS																	
ELECTRICIANS																	
PIPEFITTERS, PLUMBERS																	
PAINTERS																	
LABORERS, SEMI-SKILLED																	
LABORERS, UNSKILLED																	
TOTAL																	
7	TAI OTAL Tr	BLE C	niectio	n for C	ontract				1			FOR	DEPART	/ENT USE	01	ILY	
EMPLOYEES	TO	TAL					_	THER	1								
IN		OYEES		ACK		ANIC		VOR.	4								
TRAINING APPRENTICES	M	F	М	F	М	F	M	F									
ON THE IOD	+																

Note: See instructions on page 2

BC 1256 (Rev. 12/11/08)

Other minorities are defined as Asians (A) or Native Americans (N).
Please specify race of each employee shown in Other Minorities column.

Contract No. 60E01 WILL-DUPAGE-COOK Counties Section 2007-062I Project CMI-055-6(236)249 Route FAI 55 District 1 Construction Funds

PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION - continued

B.	 Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is the total nur event the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract. 	umber of new hires that would be employed in the
	The undersigned bidder projects that: (number)	new hires would be
	recruited from the area in which the contract project is locate	ated; and/or (number)
	new hires would be	e recruited from the area in which the bidder's principal
	office or base of operation is located.	
C.	 Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is a projection undersigned bidder as well as a projection of numbers of per 	
	The undersigned bidder estimates that (number)	persons will
	be directly employed by the prime contractor and that (number	nber) persons will be
	employed by subcontractors.	
PART I	III. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN	
A.	. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that in the utilization projection included under PART II is determined to in any job category, and in the event that the undersigned be commencement of work, develop and submit a written Affirm (geared to the completion stages of the contract) whereby dutilization are corrected. Such Affirmative Action Plan will be the Department of Human Rights .	to be an underutilization of minority persons or women bidder is awarded this contract, he/she will, prior to rmative Action Plan including a specific timetable deficiencies in minority and/or female employee
B.	The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that the m submitted herein, and the goals and timetable included under to be part of the contract specifications.	
Compa	pany	Telephone Number
Addres	ress	
	NOTICE REGARDING S	SIGNATURE
	Bidder's signature on the Proposal Signature Sheet will constitute the completed only if revisions are required.	the signing of this form. The following signature block needs
Signati	ature: 🗌	Title: Date:
Instruction	ctions: All tables must include subcontractor personnel in addition to prim	ime contractor personnel.
Table A		perform the contract work and the total number currently employed apprentices and on-the-job trainees. The "Total Employees" columns and on-the-job trainees to be employed on the contract work.
Table B	B - Include all employees currently employed that will be allocated to currently employed.	to the contract work including any apprentices and on-the-job trainees
Table C	C - Indicate the racial breakdown of the total apprentices and on-the-j	e-job trainees shown in Table A.
		DO 4052 (D. 12/11/22)

ADDITIONAL FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

In addition to the Required Contract Provisions for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts (FHWA 1273), all bidders make the following certifications.

- A. By the execution of this proposal, the signing bidder certifies that the bidding entity has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action, in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid. This statement made by the undersigned bidder is true and correct under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States.
- B. <u>CERTIFICATION, EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY:</u>

1.	Have you participated in any previous contracts or subcontracts subject to the equal opportunity clause. YES NO
2.	If answer to #1 is yes, have you filed with the Joint Reporting Committee, the Director of OFCC, any Federal agency, or the former President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, all reports due under the applicable filing requirements of those organizations? YES NO

Contract No. 60E01 WILL-DUPAGE-COOK Counties Section 2007-062I Project CMI-055-6(236)249 Route FAI 55 District 1 Construction Funds

PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The undersigned bidder hereby makes and submits this bid on the subject Proposal, thereby assuring the Department that all requirements of the Invitation for Bids and rules of the Department have been met, that there is no misunderstanding of the requirements of paragraph 3 of this Proposal, and that the contract will be executed in accordance with the rules of the Department if an award is made on this bid.

(IF AN INDIVIDUAL) Signature of Owner Business Address Firm Name By (IF A CO-PARTNERSHIP) Business Address Name and Address of All Members of the Firm: Corporate Name By Signature of Authorized Representative Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative Attest Attest Signature Signature Signature
Business Address
(IF A CO-PARTNERSHIP) Business Address Name and Address of All Members of the Firm:
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SECOND PARTY SHOULD SIGN BELOW)
Corporate Name
(IF A JOINT VENTURE) Signature of Authorized Representative
Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative
Attest
Signature
Business Address
If more than two parties are in the joint venture, please attach an additional signature sheet

Illinois Department of Transportation

Return with Bid

Division of Highways Proposal Bid Bond (Effective November 1, 1992)

			Item No.
			Letting Date
KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESE	NTS, That We		
as PRINCIPAL, and			
as i Kinoli AL, aliu			OURETY
specified in Article 102.09 of the "Sta	ndard Specifications for Rope paid unto said STATE	oad and Bridge Constr	as SURETY, ar sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amou ruction" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, whichev payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executor
	h the Department of Tran	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the PRINCIPAL has submitted a bid proposal to the provement designated by the Transportation Bulletin Ite
and as specified in the bidding and cafter award by the Department, the Fincluding evidence of the required in performance of such contract and for failure of the PRINCIPAL to make the to the Department the difference not	contract documents, submit PRINCIPAL shall enter into nsurance coverages and por the prompt payment of required DBE submission to exceed the penalty her with another party to perform	t a DBE Utilization Plan o a contract in accorda providing such bond a labor and material furn or to enter into such co eof between the amou	NCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time in that is accepted and approved by the Department; and ance with the terms of the bidding and contract document as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithfunished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL payant specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null as
paragraph, then Surety shall pay the	penal sum to the Departmented he Department may bring a	ent within fifteen (15) dans action to collect the	ly with any requirement as set forth in the preceding lays of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make for a amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all in whole or in part.
,		·	caused this instrument to be signed by
their respective officers this	day of		A.D.,
PRINCIPAL		SURET	
(Company Nar	 me)		(Company Name)
Ву	no,	By:	(Company Name)
(Signature	e & Title)		(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)
	Notary Certi	fication for Principal an	nd Surety
STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of			
Ι,		, a Notary F	Public in and for said County, do hereby certify that
		and	
	Insert names of individuals		
	nis day in person and ackn		scribed to the foregoing instrument on behalf of PRINCIPA that they signed and delivered said instrument as their from
Given under my hand and nota	rial seal this	day of	A.D
My commission expires			
In Bound completion the above	ing of the Decree 1 D' 1 T	amen the Dutantinal	Notary Public
marking the check box next to the Si	ignature and Title line belo	ow, the Principal is ens	y file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the proposal ar suring the identified electronic bid bond has been execute tions of the bid bond as shown above.
Electronic Bid Bond ID#	Company / Bidder	Name	Signature and Title

PROPOSAL ENVELOPE



PROPOSALS

for construction work advertised for bids by the Illinois Department of Transportation

Item No.	Item No.
	Item No.

Submitted By:

Name:	
Address:	
Phone No.	

Bidders should use an IDOT proposal envelope or affix this form to the front of a 10" x 13" envelope for the submittal of bids. If proposals are mailed, they should be enclosed in a second or outer envelope addressed to:

Engineer of Design and Environment - Room 326 Illinois Department of Transportation 2300 South Dirksen Parkway Springfield, Illinois 62764

NOTICE

Individual bids, including Bid Bond and/or supplemental information if required, should be securely stapled.

CONTRACTOR OFFICE COPY OF CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

NOTICE

None of the following material needs to be returned with the bid package unless the special provisions require documentation and/or other information to be submitted.

Contract No. 60E01 WILL-DUPAGE-COOK Counties Section 2007-062I Project CMI-055-6(236)249 Route FAI 55 District 1 Construction Funds



Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Sealed proposals for the improvement described herein will be received by the Department of Transportation at the Harry R. Hanley Building, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, in Springfield, Illinois until 10:00 o'clock a.m., June 12, 2009. All bids will be gathered, sorted, publicly opened and read in the auditorium at the Department of Transportation's Harry R. Hanley Building shortly after the 10:00 a.m. cut off time.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 60E01
WILL-DUPAGE-COOK Counties
Section 2007-062I
Project CMI-055-6(236)249
Route FAI 55
District 1 Construction Funds

Closed circuit television installation and fiber optic cable installation at various locations along I-55 in Will, DuPage and Cook counties.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Gary Hannig, Acting Secretary

FAI Route 55 (I-55) Project CMI-055-6 (236) 249 Section 2007-062I Cook, DuPage, Will Contract No. 60E01

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2009

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-07) (Revised 1-1-09)

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FAI Route 55 (I-55) Project CMI-055-6 (236) 249 Section 2007-062I Cook, DuPage, Will Contract No. 60E01

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

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4		Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities	
		Non Federal-Aid Contracts (Eff. 3-20-69) (Rev. 1-1-94)	
5		Required Provisions - State Contracts (Eff. 4-1-65) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
6		Reserved	
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8		Haul Road Stream Crossings, Other Temporary Stream Crossings, and	00
_		In-Stream Work Pads (Eff. 1-2-92) (Rev. 1-1-98)	
9		Construction Layout Stakes Except for Bridges (Eff. 1-1-99) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
10		Construction Layout Stakes (Eff. 5-1-93) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
11		Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing (Eff. 1-1-95) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
12		Subsealing of Concrete Pavements (Eff. 11-1-84) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
13		Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction (Eff. 11-1-87) (Rev. 1-1-09)	
14		Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing (Eff. 2-1-00) (Rev. 1-1-09)	
15 16		PCC Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching (Eff. 1-1-98) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
17	Х	Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal (Eff. 10-1-95) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
18	^	PVC Pipeliner (Eff. 4-1-04) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
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21		Bicycle Racks (Eff. 4-1-94) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
22		Temporary Modular Glare Screen System (Eff. 1-1-00) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
23		Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals (Eff. 8-1-03) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
24		Work Zone Public Information Signs (Eff. 9-1-02) (Rev. 1-1-07)	
25		Night Time Inspection of Roadway Lighting (Eff. 5-1-96)	
26		English Substitution of Metric Bolts (Eff. 7-1-96)	
27		English Substitution of Metric Reinforcement Bars (Eff. 4-1-96) (Rev. 1-1-03)	
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FAI Route 55 (I-55) Project CMI-055-6 (236) 249 Section 2007-062I Cook, DuPage, Will Contract No. 60E01

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FAI Route 55 (I-55) Project CMI-055-6 (236) 249 Section 2007-062I Cook, DuPage, Will Contract No. 60E01

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2007, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAI Route 55 (I-55), Project CMI-055-6(236) 249, Section 2007-062I, in Cook, DuPage, and Will Counties, Contract No. 60E01, and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

FAI Route 55 (I-55)
Project CMI-055-6(236) 249
Section 2007-062I
Cook, DuPage, and Will Counties
Contract No. 60E01

LOCATION OF PROJECT

The project is located on FAI 55 from approximately the I-294 interchange to south od US 6 in the counties of Cook, DuPage, and Will.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The project involves in the installation Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) cameras, camera structures a wireless video distribution system and the installation of fiber optic cable from the I-355 interchange to west of the I-55 Weigh Station.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

STANDARDS:

701001

701006

701301

701501

701901

DETAILS:

TC-10

TC-17

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

Keeping Expressway Open to Traffic. Traffic Control and Protection (Expressways). Personal Protective Equipment Reflective Sheeting on Channelizing Devices

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (EXPRESSWAYS)

Effective: 3/8/96 Revised: 4/1/09

<u>Description</u>. This work shall include furnishing, installing, maintaining, replacing, relocating, and removing all traffic control devices used for the purpose of regulating, warning, or directing traffic. Traffic control and protection shall be provided as called for in the plans, applicable Highway Standards, District One Expressway details, Standards and Supplemental Specifications, these Special Provisions, or as directed by the Engineer.

<u>General</u>. The governing factor in the execution and staging of work for this project is to provide the motoring public with the safest possible travel conditions on the expressway through the construction zone. The Contractor shall arrange his operations to keep the closing of lanes and/or ramps to a minimum.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper location, installation, and arrangement of all traffic control devices. Special attention shall be given to existing warning signs and overhead guide signs during all construction operations. Warning signs and existing guide signs with down arrows shall be kept consistent with the barricade placement at all times. The Contractor shall immediately remove, completely cover, or turn from the motorist's view all signs which are inconsistent with lane assignment patterns.

The Contractor shall coordinate all traffic control work on this project with adjoining or overlapping projects, including barricade placement necessary to provide a uniform traffic detour pattern. When directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove all traffic control devices that were furnished, installed, or maintained by him under this contract, and such devices shall remain the property of the Contractor. All traffic control devices shall remain in place until specific authorization for relocation or removal is received from the Engineer.

Additional requirements for traffic control devices shall be as follows.

(a) Traffic Control Setup and Removal. The setting and removal of barricades for the taper portion of a lane closure shall be done under the protection of a vehicle with a crash attenuator and arrow board. The attenuator vehicle shall be positioned in the live lane that is being closed or opened in advance of the workers and shall have the arrow panel directing traffic to the adjacent open lane. Failure to meet this requirement will subject to a Traffic Control Deficiency charge. The deficiency will be calculated as outlined in Article 105.03 of the Standard Specifications. Attenuator vehicles shall comply with Article 1106.02(g).

(b) Sign Requirements

- (1) Sign Maintenance. Prior to the beginning of construction operations, the Contractor will be provided a sign log of all existing signs within the limits of the construction zone. The Contractor is responsible for verifying the accuracy of the sign log. Throughout the duration of this project, all existing traffic signs shall be maintained by the Contractor. All provisions of Article 107.25 of the Standard Specifications shall apply except the third paragraph shall be revised to read: "The Contractor shall maintain, furnish, and replace at his own expense, any traffic sign or post which has been damaged or lost by the Contractor or a third party. The Contractor will not be held liable for third party damage to large freeway guide signs".
- (2) Work Zone Speed Limit Signs. Work zone speed limit signs shall be installed as required in Article 701.14(b) and as shown in the plans and Highway Standards. Based upon the exiting posted speed limit, work zone speed limits shall be established and signed as follows.
 - a. Existing Speed Limit of 55mph or higher. The initial work zone speed limit assembly, located approximately 3200' before the closure, shall be 55mph as shown in 701400. Additional work zone 45mph assemblies shall be used as required according to Article 701.14(b) and as shown in the Highway Standards and plans.
 - b. Existing Speed Limit of 45mph. The advance 55mph work zone speed limit assembly shown in 701400 shall be replaced with a 45mph assembly. Additional work zone 45mph assemblies shall be used as required according to Article 701.14(b) and as shown in the Highway Standards and plans. "Resumes" assemblies shall be eliminated. END WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT signs are required.
- (3) Exit Signs. The exit gore signs as shown in Standard 701411 shall be a minimum size of 48 inch by 48 inch with 12 inch capital letters and a 20 inch arrow. EXIT OPEN AHEAD signs shown in Standard 701411 shall be a minimum size of 48 inch by 48 inch with 8 inch capital letters.
- (4) Uneven Lanes Signs. The Contractor shall furnish and erect "UNEVEN LANES" signs (W8-11) on both sides of the expressway, at any time when the elevation

difference between adjacent lanes open to traffic equals or exceeds one inch. Signs shall be placed 500' in advance of the drop-off, within 500' of every entrance, and a minimum of every mile.

(c) Drums/Barricades. Check barricades shall be placed in work areas perpendicular to traffic every 1000', one per lane and per shoulder, to prevent motorists from using work areas as a traveled way. Check barricades shall also be placed in advance of each open patch, or excavation, or any other hazard in the work area, the first at the edge of the open traffic lane and the second centered in the closed lane. Check barricades, either Type I or II, or drums shall be equipped with a flashing light.

To provide sufficient lane widths (10' minimum) for traffic and also working room, the Contractor shall furnish and install vertical barricades with steady burn lights, in lieu of Type II or drums, along the cold milling and asphalt paving operations. The vertical barricades shall be placed at the same spacing as the drums.

- (d) Vertical Barricades. Vertical barricades shall not be used in lane closure tapers, lane shifts, and exit ramp gores. Also, vertical barricades shall not be used as patch barricades or check barricades. Special attention shall be given, and ballast provided per manufacture's specification, to maintain the vertical barricades in an upright position and in proper alignment.
- (e) Temporary Concrete Barrier Wall. Prismatic barrier wall reflectors shall be installed on both the face of the wall next to traffic, and the top of all sections of the temporary concrete barrier wall. The color of these reflectors shall match the color of the edgelines (yellow on the left and crystal or white on the right). If the base of the temporary concrete barrier wall is 12 inches or less from the travel lane, then the lower slope of the wall shall also have a 6 inch wide temporary pavement marking edgeline (yellow on the left and white on the right).

<u>Method of Measurement</u>. This item of work will be measured on a lump sum basis for furnishing, installing, maintaining, replacing, relocating, and removing traffic control devices required in the plans and these Special Provisions. Traffic control and protection required under Standards 701101, 701400, 701401, 701402, 701406, 701411, 701416, 701426, 701901 and District details TC-8, TC-9, TC-17, TC-18 and TC-25 will be included with this item.

Basis of Payment.

(a) This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (EXPRESSWAYS). This price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, transportation, handling, and incidental work necessary to furnish, install, maintain, replace, relocate, and remove all Expressway traffic control devices required in the plans and specifications.

In the event the sum total value of all the work items for which traffic control and protection is required is increased or decreased by more than ten percent (10%), the contract bid price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (EXPRESSWAYS) will be adjusted as follows:

Adjusted contract price = .25P + .75P [1+(X-0.1)]

Where: "P" is the bid unit price for Traffic Control and Protection

Where: "X" =

Difference between original and final sum total value of all work items for which traffic control and protection is required

Original sum total value of all work items for which traffic control and protection is required.

The value of the work items used in calculating the increase and decrease will include only items that have been added to or deducted from the contract under Article 104.02 of the Standard Specifications and only items which require use of Traffic Control and Protection.

- (b) The <u>Engineer</u> may require additional traffic control be installed in accordance with standards and/or designs other than those included in the plans. In such cases, the standards and/or designs will be made available to the Contractor at least one week in advance of the change in traffic control. Payment for any additional traffic control required will be in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.
- (c) Revisions in the phasing of construction or maintenance operations, requested by the Contractor, may require traffic control to be installed in accordance with standards and/or designs other than those included in the plans. Revisions or modifications to the traffic control shown in the contract shall be submitted by the Contractor for approval by the Engineer. No additional payment will be made for a Contractor requested modification.
- (d) Temporary concrete barrier wall will be measured and paid for according to Section 704.
- (e) Impact attenuators, temporary bridge rail, and temporary rumble strips will be paid for separately.
- (f) Temporary pavement markings shown not shown on the Standard will be measured and paid for according to Section 703 and Section 780.
- (g) All pavement marking removal will be measured and paid for according to Section 703 or Section 783.
- (h) Temporary pavement marking on the lower slope of the temporary concrete barrier wall will be measured and paid for as TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKING, 6".
- (i) All prismatic barrier wall reflectors will be measured and paid for according to the Recurring Special Provision Guardrail and Barrier Wall Delineation.

KEEPING THE EXPRESSWAY OPEN TO TRAFFIC

Effective: March 22, 1996 Revised: February 9, 2005

Whenever work is in progress on or adjacent to an expressway, the Contractor shall provide the necessary traffic control devices to warn the public and to delineate the work zone as required in these Special Provisions, the Standard Specifications, the State Standards and the District Freeway details. All Contractors' personnel shall be limited to these barricaded work zones and shall not cross the expressway.

The Contractor shall request and gain approval from the Illinois Department of Transportation's Expressway Traffic Operations Engineer (847-705-4151) twenty-four (24) hours in advance of all daily lane, ramp and shoulder closures and seventy-two (72) hours in advance of all permanent and weekend closures on all Freeways and/or Expressways in District One. This advance notification is calculated based on workweek of Monday through Friday and shall not include weekends or Holidays.

Shoulder closures or partial ramp closures (per attached TC-17) will <u>not</u> be permitted on weekdays (Monday thru Friday) from 5:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and from 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Lane closures are normally <u>not</u> permitted during the day. Exact hours will be determined by the expressway traffic Operations Engineer.

All daily lane closures shall be removed during adverse weather conditions such as rain, snow, and/or fog and as determined by the Engineer.

Additional lane closure hour restrictions may have to be imposed to facilitate the flow of traffic to and from major sporting events and/or other events.

Private vehicles shall not be parked in the work zone. Contractor's equipment and/or vehicles shall not be parked on the shoulders or in the median during non-working hours. The parking of equipment and/or vehicles on State right-of-way will only be permitted at the locations approved by the Engineer.

GENERAL ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

Effective: June 1, 2009

Add the following to Article 801 of the Standard Specifications:

"Maintenance transfer and Preconstruction Inspection:

<u>General.</u> Before performing any excavation, removal, or installation work (electrical or otherwise) at the site, the Contractor shall request a maintenance transfer and preconstruction site inspection, to be held in the presence of the Engineer and a representative of the party or parties responsible for maintenance of any lighting and/or traffic control systems which may be affected by the work. The request for the maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection shall be made no less than seven (7) calendar days prior to the desired inspection date. The maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection shall:

Establish the procedures for formal transfer of maintenance responsibility required for the construction period.

Establish the approximate location and operating condition of lighting and/or traffic control systems which may be affected by the work

Marking of Existing Cable Systems. The party responsible for maintenance of any existing lighting and/or traffic control systems at the project site will, at the Contractor's request, mark and/or stake, once per location, all underground cable routes owned or maintained by the State. A project may involve multiple "locations" where separated electrical systems are involved (i.e. different controllers). The markings shall be taken to have a horizontal tolerance of at least 304.8 mm (one (1) foot) to either side.. The request for the cable locations and marking shall be made at the same time the request for the maintenance transfer and preconstruction inspection is made. The Contractor shall exercise extreme caution where existing buried cable runs are involved. The markings of existing systems are made strictly for assistance to the Contractor and this does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the repair or replacement of any cable run damaged in the course of his work, as specified elsewhere herein. Note that the contractor shall be entitled to only one request for location marking of existing systems and that multiple requests may only be honored at the contractor's expense. No locates will be made after maintenance is transferred, unless it is at the contractor's expense.

Condition of Existing Systems. The Contractor shall conduct an inventory of all existing electrical system equipment within the project limits, which may be affected by the work, making note of any parts which are found broken or missing, defective or malfunctioning. Megger and load readings shall be taken for all existing circuits which will remain in place or be modified. If a circuit is to be taken out in its entirety, then readings do not have to be taken. The inventory and test data shall be reviewed with and approved by the Engineer and a record of the inventory shall be submitted to the Engineer for the record. Without such a record, all systems transferred to the Contractor for maintenance during construction shall be returned at the end of construction in complete, fully operating condition."

Revise the 6th paragraph of Article 801.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

<u>"Resubmittals."</u> All submitted items reviewed and marked 'APPROVED AS NOTED', or 'DISAPPROVED' are to be resubmitted in their entirety with a disposition of previous comments to verify contract compliance at no additional cost to the state unless otherwise indicated within the submittal comments."

Revise Article 801.11(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"<u>Lighting Operation and Maintenance Responsibility</u>. The scope of work shall include the assumption of responsibility for the continuing operation and maintenance the of existing, proposed, temporary, sign and navigation lighting, or other lighting systems and all appurtenances affected by the work as specified elsewhere herein. Maintenance of lighting systems will be paid for separately"

Add the following to Section 801.11(a) of the Standard Specifications:

"Energy and Demand Charges. The payment of basic energy and demand charges by the electric utility for existing lighting which remains in service will continue as a responsibility of the Owner, unless otherwise indicated. Unless otherwise indicated or required by the Engineer duplicate lighting systems (such as temporary lighting and proposed new lighting) shall not be operated simultaneously at the Owner's expense and lighting systems shall not be kept in operation during long daytime periods at the Owner's expense. Upon written authorization from the Engineer to place a proposed new lighting system in service, whether the system has passed final acceptance or not, (such as to allow temporary lighting to be removed), the Owner will accept responsibility for energy and demand charges for such lighting, effective the date of authorization. All other energy and demand payments to the utility shall be the responsibility of the Contractor until final acceptance."

Add the following to Section 801 of the Standard Specifications:

<u>"Lighting Cable Identification.</u> Each wire installed shall be identified with its complete circuit number at each termination, splice, junction box or other location where the wire is accessible."

"Lighting Cable Fuse Installation. Standard fuse holders shall be used on non-frangible (non-breakaway) light pole installations and quick-disconnect fuse holders shall be used on frangible (breakaway) light pole installations. Wires shall be carefully stripped only as far as needed for connection to the device. Over-stripping shall be avoided. An oxide inhibiting lubricant shall be applied to the wire for minimum connection resistance before the terminals are crimped-on. Crimping shall be performed in accordance with the fuse holder manufacturer's recommendations. The exposed metal connecting portion of the assembly shall be taped with two half-lapped wraps of electrical tape and then covered by the specified insulating boot. The fuse holder shall be installed such that the fuse side is connected to the pole wire (load side) and the receptacle side of the holder is connected to the line side."

Revise the 2nd and 3rd sentences of the second paragraph of Article 801.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Unless otherwise indicated, materials and equipment shall bear the UL label, or an approved equivalent, whenever such labeling is available for the type of material or equipment being furnished."

Revise the 2nd paragraph of Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When the work is complete, and seven days before the request for a final inspection, the full-size set of contract drawings. Stamped "RECORD DRAWINGS", shall be

submitted to the Engineer for review and approval and shall be stamped with the date and the signature of the Contractor's supervising Engineer or electrician. The record drawings shall be submitted in PDF format on CDROM as well as hardcopy for review and approval. In addition to the record drawings, copies of the final catalog cuts which have been Approved or Approved as Noted shall be submitted in PDF format along with the record drawings. The PDF files shall clearly indicate either by filename or PDF table of contents the respective pay item number. Specific part or model numbers of items which have been selected shall be clearly visible."

Add the following to Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications:

"In addition to the specified record drawings, the Contactor shall record GPS coordinates of the following electrical components:

- Last light pole on each circuit
- Handholes
- Conduit crossings
- Controllers
- Buildings
- Structures with electrical connections, i.e. DMS, lighted signs.
- Electric Service locations

Datum to be used shall be North American 1983.

Data shall be provided electronically and in print form. The electronic format shall be compatible with MS Excel. Latitude and Longitude shall be in decimal degrees with a minimum of 6 decimal places. Each coordinate shall have the following information:

- 1. Description of item
- 2. Designation or approximate station if the item is undesignated
- 3. Latitude
- 4. Longitude

Examples:

Description	Designation	Latitude	Longitude
CCTV Camera pole	ST42	41.580493	-87.793378
FO mainline splice handhole	HHL-ST31	41.558532	-87.792571
Handhole	HH at STA 234+35	41.765532	-87.543571
Electric Service	Elec Srv	41.602248	-87.794053
Conduit crossing	SB IL83 to EB I290 ramp	41.584593	-87.793378
Light Pole	DA03	41.558532	-87.792571
Lighting Controller	X	41.651848	-87.762053
Sign Structure	FGD	41.580493	-87.793378
Video Collection Point	VCP-IK	41.558532	-87.789771
Fiber splice connection	Toll Plaza34	41.606928	-87.794053

Prior to the collection of data, the contractor shall provide a sample data collection of at least six data points of known locations to be reviewed and

verified by the Engineer to be accurate within 100 feet. Upon verification, data collection can begin. Data collection can be made as construction progresses, or can be collected after all items are installed. If the data is unacceptable the contractor shall make corrections to the data collection equipment and or process and submit the data for review and approval as specified.

Accuracy. Data collected is to be mapping grade. A handheld mapping grade GPS device shall be used for the data collection. The receiver shall support differential correction and data shall have a minimum 5 meter accuracy after post processing.

GPS receivers integrated into cellular communication devices, recreational and automotive GPS devices are not acceptable.

The GPS shall be the product of an established major GPS manufacturer having been in the business for a minimum of 6 years."

CCTV CAMERA STRUCTURE

Effective: June 1, 2009

Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a CCTV camera structure complete with foundation and camera lowering device. The structure may be either a galvanized steel structure with a concrete foundation, or a spun concrete structure directly embedded. Specifications for each type of structure are detailed in the respective section herein.

Definitions.

CCTV Camera Structure: The complete camera structure and lowering device as one integral working system.

Shaft: The camera structure shaft.

Lowering Device: The components involved with the mounting, operation, and raising and lowering of the CCTV camera.

Tower Height: The height of the tower shall be measured from the bottom of the base plate to the center-line of the camera. This dimension is also referred to as Mounting Height.

Materials.

Materials shall be as specified elsewhere herein.

Deflection.

The design of the tower shaft shall achieve a maximum, fully loaded deflection at the top of the pole, which is not greater than 3.5%

Submittals and Certifications.

The structure shall be designed in accordance with 2001 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals with Appendix C wind pressure for a 90 mph wind zone with a 1.3 gust factor. The pole shall be designed for use with a single arm camera lowering device with a total effective area of 2 square feet and total weight of 95 lbs. The structure shall also be designed to accommodate the loading of the radio antennas as required and specified elsewhere herein. The structure shall not exceed 1" deflection in a 30 mph (non-gust) wing.

The camera support shall be designed and constructed so no structural member or other component is applied in excess of the manufacturer's recommended rating (when applicable) or the published rating, whichever is lower

Shop drawings, product data and certifications shall be submitted. The submitted information shall be complete and shall include information relative to all specified requirements suitable for verification of compliance.

THE SUBMITTALS SHALL BE ARRANGED AND CROSS-REFERENCED TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. FAILURE TO CROSS-REFERENCE THE SUBMITTAL INFORMATION WITH THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS WILL RESULT IN THE SUBMITTAL BEING RETURNED WITHOUT REVIEW.

The submittal information shall be dated, current, project specific, identified as to the project, and shall also include the following calculations and certifications:

- Shaft design calculations, including Registered Engineer Certification.
- Certification of intent to provide domestic steel in accordance with Article 106.01 of the Standard Specifications.
- Welding details and procedures.
- Letter of intent to provide specified weld inspection reports.
- Confirmation of coordination between anchor rod supplier and the structure manufacturer for adequacy of anchor rod assembly.
- Foundation Design
- Manufacturer's recommended installation procedures.
- Letter of intent to provide manufacturer's representative during installation and to provide specified installation certification.

All certifications shall be notarized.

Steel Camera Structure

Shaft.

The pole shall be a maximum of three sections for field assembly. The pole shafts shall be a round cross section and meet the requirements of ASTM A595 grade A with a minimum yield strength of 55,000 psi. The bottom section shall have a minimum .3125 wall thickness and a minimum diameter of 23". The three shafts sections shall taper at a

rate of .14" per foot and have an overall height of 80'. The pole base plate shall meet the requirements of ASTM A36 and be arranged to accommodate four (4) 1 ½" x 54" x 6" anchor bolts on a 27" bolt circle. Anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM F1554 gr. 55

The pole assembly shall be equipped with a 6" x 27" reinforced hand hole opening with a 3 gauge cover and shall be attached with four (4) $\frac{1}{4}$ "-20 hex hd s.s. screws. The bottom of the hand hole shall be located up 14" from the bottom. The hand hole frame shall meet ASTM A529 grade 50and shall be made from $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " bar. There shall be a 3/8" diameter rod for wire tie off located at the top of the opening and 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " from the front of the hand hole frame and also a $\frac{1}{2}$ " tapped hole located 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " from the front of the frame at the bottom of the opening as shown on the drawing.

Six (6) 1" i.d. eye rings for power and communication cables are required as shown on the drawing. Two (2) shall be located 38" up from the bottom, two (2) located 6" below the top of the bottom shaft and two (2) 6" below the top of the center shaft.

There shall be a 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " schedule 40 (4" od) pipe tenon 11 $\frac{3}{4}$ " tall on a 3/8" thick plate welded to the top of the pole. The pipe tenon shall include a 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ " slot and two (2) 5/8" holes as shown on the drawing to accommodate the Camera Lowering System arm assembly. A J-hook shall be included inside the top of the tenon assembly and shall include a removable cast aluminum pole top.

CCTV equipment mounting provision. The tower shaft shall include four (4) mounting standoffs welded to the tower shaft prior to finishing. The standoffs shall be configured as indicated on the drawings and shall be arranged to facilitate the installation of a standard 20° x 16° x 10° NEMA 4X stainless steel junction box as manufactured by Hoffman Enclosures (A-20H1610SSLP) or Electromate Enclosures (E-20H1610SS) as a minimum size. The contractor's selection of equipment, specified elsewhere herein, may require a larger junction box. The mounting of the box shall be fully coordinated with any other pay items. The standoffs shall be drilled and tapped to accept a 7/16" diameter bolt.

Foundation

The structure manufacturer shall provide a pole foundation detail based on the soil conditions of the project. Soil borings from recent expressway mainline reconstruction projects are available for viewing at the District Electrical Design Section office by appointment with 48 hour notice

Installation

The structure shall be installed as speficied in Article 800 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the structure manufacturer.

Concrete Camera Structure

The pole shall achieve a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 8,000 psi. Cement shall conform to the latest requirements of Type I Portland Cement in accordance with

ASTM-C150. Maximum size aggregate may be ¾ inch (19mm) or ¾ of the clear spacing between reinforcing steel and surface of pole. Any water reducers, retarders, or accelerating admixtures shall conform to ASTM-C494. Water shall be free from foreign materials in amounts harmful to concrete and embedded steel.

Reinforcing Steel- Deformed steel reinforcement shall conform to requirements of ASTM-A615 for Grade 60 Rebar.

Prestressing Steel- Prestressing steel reinforcement shall conform to uncoated 7-wire, stress relieved strand; ASTM-A416.

Spiral Reinforcement- Steel spiral reinforcement shall conform to the requirements of ASTM-A82 and shall not be less than .150-inch diameter.

Hardware- All structural steel shall conform to ASTM-A36 and zinc alloy AC41A shall conform to ASTM-B240. The finish shall be hot dipped galvanized in accordance with ASTM-A153.

Electrical Ground- All poles will be supplied with a #6 stranded copper ground wire cast into the wall of the pole at the handhole box location.

Any pigments used shall be non-fade iron or chromium oxides. The color shall approved by the Engineer. All poles to be etched and finished with two coats of waterproof breathing membrane of methyl methacrylate. Any deviation from this aggregate finish, color, and composition requires approval from Owner.

All manufacturing tolerance, details of reinforcement, and finishes shall be in accordance with the Guide Specification for Prestressed Concrete Poles as published in the May-June, 1982, issue of the Journal of the Prestressed Concrete Institute.

A concrete cylinder test shall be performed for each 100 cubic yards of concrete poured. A final quality control check shall be carried out on each pole after manufacturing is complete. All quality control procedures shall be mandated in a written manual and be submitted for review and approval.

Fabrication, General

The manufacture shall have a minimum of 15 years of experience in the design and production of centrifugally spun concrete poles. Poles shall be prestressed and the concrete placed by the centrifugal spinning process. The centrifugal spinning is to insure both a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 8,000 psi and a minimum of $\frac{3}{4}$ inch cover over the prestressing strand.

Poles shall have a smooth natural form finish, soft gray in color.

Poles shall be designed and constructed so that all wiring and grounding facilities are concealed within the pole. All handholes, couplings, thru-bolt holes and ground wire shall be cast into the pole during the manufacturing process.

Poles shall be round in cross section and provide a continuous taper of .18" per foot of length and provide a minimum 3/4" of concrete coverage over the prestressing strands.

All cable entry holes shall be in accordance with the location on submittal drawings, and sizes as required, and shall be free from sharp edges for passages of electrical wiring.

A. Two 3" x 12" conduit entrance openings centered 18" below grade.

B. Handhole and pole top tenon as shown on the plans & per lowering device provider. Camera lowering device to mount to a special designed tenon bolted to the top of pole (see assembly drawings).

All poles shall be provided with a fish wire to facilitate cable installation.

All poles to have a minimum inside raceway dimension of 5" at tip of pole.

Handling and Installation

Prestressed concrete poles shall be lifted and supported during manufacturing, stockpiling, transporting and erection operations only at the points shown on the shop drawings.

Transportation, site handling, and erection shall be performed with acceptable equipment and methods, and by qualified personnel.

Installation. The concrete structure manufacturer shall provide a pole embedment detail based on the soil conditions of the project. Soil borings from recent expressway mainline reconstruction projects are available for viewing at the District Electrical Design Section office by appointment with 48 hour notice.

Camera Lowering Device

General.

The camera lowering system shall be designed to support and lower a standard closed circuit television camera, lens, housing, PTZ mechanism, cabling, connectors and other supporting field components without damage or causing degradation of camera operations. The camera lowering system device and the pole are interdependent; and thus, must be considered a single unit or system. The lowering system shall consist of a pole, suspension contact unit, divided support arm, and a pole adapter for attachment to a pole top tenon, pole top junction box, conduit mount adapter and camera connection box. The divided support arm and receiver brackets shall be designed to self-align the contact unit with the pole center line during installation and insure the contact unit cannot twist under high wind conditions. For maximum arm strength, round support arms are not acceptable. The camera-lowering device shall withstand wind forces of 100mph with a 30 percent gust factor using a 1.65 safety factor. The lowering device manufacturer, upon request, shall furnish independent laboratory testing documents certifying adherence to the stated wind force criteria utilizing, as a minimum effective projected area, the actual EPA or an EPA greater than that of the camera system to be attached.

The camera-lowering device to be furnished shall be the product of manufacturers with a minimum of 3 years of experience in the successful manufacturing of camera lowering systems. The lowering device provider shall be able to identify a minimum of 3 previous projects where the purposed system has been installed successfully for over a one-year period of time each.

The lowering device manufacturer shall furnish a factory representative to assist the electrical contractor with the assembly and testing of the first lowering system onto the pole assembly. The manufacturer shall furnish the applicable DOT engineer documentation certifying that the electrical contractor has been instructed on the installation, operation and safety features of the lowering device. The contractor shall be responsible for providing applicable maintenance personnel "on site" operational instructions.

Suspension Contact Unit.

The suspension contact unit shall have a load capacity 600 lbs. with a 4 to 1 safety factor. There shall be a locking mechanism between the fixed and moveable components of the lowering device. The movable assembly shall have a minimum of 2 latches. This latching mechanism shall securely hold the device and its mounted equipment. The latching mechanism shall operate by alternately raising and lowering the assembly using the winch and lowering cable. When latched, all weight shall be removed from the lowering cable. The fixed unit shall have a heavy duty cast tracking guide and means to allow latching in the same position each time. The contact unit housing shall be weatherproof with a gasket provided to seal the interior from dust and moisture.

The prefabricated components of the lift unit support system shall be designed to preclude the lifting cable from contacting the power or video cabling. The lowering device manufacturer shall provide a conduit mount adapter for housing the lowering cable. This adapter shall have an interface to allow the connection of a contractor provided 1.25 inch PVC conduit and be located just below the cable stop block at the back of the lowering device. The Contractor shall supply internal conduit in the pole as directed by the Lowering Device provider. The only cable permitted to move within the pole or lowering device during lowering or raising shall be the stainless steel lowering cable. All other cables must remain stable and secure during lowering and raising operations.

The female and male socket contact halves of the connector block shall be made of thermosetting synthetic rubber known as Hypalon. The female brass socket contacts and the male high conductivity brass pin contacts shall be permanently molded into the Hypalon body.

The current carrying male contacts shall be 1/8 inches in diameter. There shall be two male contacts that are longer than the rest which will make first and break last providing optimum grounding performance. The number of contacts shall be 14 and the camera mounted thereto, shall be capable of performing all of its necessary functions on 14 contacts or less.

The current carrying female contacts shall be 1/8 inches I.D. All of the contacts shall be recessed 0.125" from the face of the connector. Cored holes in the rubber measuring 0.25" in diameter and 0.125" deep molded into the connector body are centered on each contact on the face of the connector to create rain-tight seals when mated with the male connector.

The wire leads from both the male and female contacts shall be permanently and integrally molded in the Hypalon body. The current carrying and signal wires molded to the connector body shall be constructed of #18/1 AWG Hypalon jacketed wire.

The contacts shall be self-wiping with a shoulder at the base of each male contact so that it will recess into the female block, thereby giving a rain-tight seal when mated. The facility manufacturing the electrical contact connector must comply with Mil Spec Q-9858 and Mil Spec I-45208.

Lowering Tool.

The camera-lowering device shall be operated by use of a portable lowering tool. The tool shall consist of a lightweight metal frame and winch assembly with cable as described herein, a quick release cable connector, an adjustable safety clutch and a variable speed industrial duty electric drill motor. This tool shall be compatible with accessing the support cable through the hand hole of the pole. The lowering tool shall attach to the pole with one single bolt. The tool will support itself and the load assuring lowering operations and provide a means to prevent freewheeling when loaded. The lowering tool shall be delivered to the State upon project completion. The lowering tool shall have a reduction gear to reduce the manual effort required to operate the lifting handle to raise and lower a capacity load. The lowering tool shall be provided with an adapter for operating the lowering device by a portable drill using a clutch mechanism. The lowering tool shall be equipped with a positive breaking mechanism to secure the cable reel during raising and lowering operations and prevent freewheeling. manufacturer shall provide a variable speed, heavy-duty reversible drill motor and a minimum of one lowering tool plus any additional tools required by plan notes. The lowering tool shall be made of durable and corrosion resistant materials, powder coated, galvanized, or otherwise protected from the environment by industry-accepted coatings to withstand exposure to a corrosive environment.

Camera Junction Box

The camera junction box shall be of two piece clamshell design with one hinge side and one latch side to facilitate easy opening. The general shape of the box shall be cylindrical to minimize the EPA. The Camera Junction Box shall be cast aluminum with stabilizing weights on the outside of the box to increase room on the interior. The box shall be capable of having up to 40 pounds of stabilizing weights. The bottom of the Camera Junction Box shall be drilled and tapped with a 1-1/2" NPT thread to accept industry standard dome housings and be able to be modified to accept a wide variety of other camera mountings. The junction box shall be gasketed to prevent water intrusion. The bottom of the box shall incorporate a screened and vented hole to allow airflow and reduce internal condensation.

Materials

All pulleys for the camera lowering device and portable lowering tool shall have sealed, self lubricated bearings, oil tight bronze bearings, or sintered- oil impregnated, bronze bushings. The lowering cable shall be a minimum 1/8-inch diameter stainless steel aircraft cable with a minimum breaking strength of 1740 pounds with (7) strands of 19 wire each.

All electrical and video coaxial connections between the fixed and lowerable portion of the contact block shall be protected from exposure to the weather by a waterproof seal to prevent degradation of the electrical contacts. The electrical connections between the fixed and movable lowering device components shall be designed to conduct high frequency data bits and one (1) volt peak-to-peak video signals as well as the power requirements for operation of dome environmental controls.

The interface and locking components shall be made of stainless steel and or aluminum. All external components of the lowering device shall be made of corrosion resistant materials, powder coated, galvanized, or otherwise protected from the environment by industry-accepted coatings to withstand exposure to a corrosive environment.

The Camera Manufacturer shall provide weights and /or counterweights as necessary to assure that the alignment of pins and connectors are proper for the camera support to be raised into position without binding. The lowering unit will have sufficient weight to disengage the camera and its control components in order that it can be lowered properly

<u>Method Of Measurement.</u> CCTV camera structures shall be counted, each with foundation and lowering device installed.

<u>Basis Of Payment.</u> This item shall be paid at the contract unit each for **Closed Circuit Television CAMERA STRUCTURE** of the mounting height specified.

HANDHOLE, COMPOSITE CONCRETE

Effective: June 1, 2009

Description

Work under this item shall consist of constructing a composite concrete handhole a cover, in accordance with the details shown on the Plans and as specified herein.

<u>Materials</u>. The composite concrete handhole and vault lid shall be constructed of polymer concrete material, and shall be gray in color.

The composite concrete handhole shall be 30 inches x 48 inches and shall have an effective height of 57 inches, including one 24-inch tall stackable vault and one 36 inch stackable vault with 3 inch overlap.

The composite concrete handhole lid shall withstand AASHTO H 20 loading and shall have a permanently recessed logo that reads "FIBER OPTIC". The composite concrete handhole lid shall have two ½-in x 4-in pull slots. The lid surface shall have a coefficient of friction of 0.50 in accordance with ASTM C-1028.

The Contractor shall install manufacturer-approved gasketing between the lid and the top 24-inch deep stackable vault to prevent water from entering the composite concrete handhole. The composite concrete handhole lid shall be secured to the vault with two 3/8-inch NC stainless steel penta-head bolts and washers to lock the lid. In addition, a "lock tool" shall be provided for composite concrete handhole entry.

A fiber optic cable support assembly shall be recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer for fiber optic cable and splice enclosures used in the vault. Each support assembly shall consist of multiple brackets, racks, and/or rails required to suspend the required surplus cabling and any splice enclosures required.

The support assembly shall be made from or coated with weather resistant material such that there is no corrosion of the supports. The support assemblies shall be anchored to the vault using stainless steel hardware.

The fiber optic cable support assemblies shall be included in the Contract unit price for the composite concrete handhole. Void areas between openings and conduit shall be filled with self-curing caulking consisting of a permanent, flexible rubber which is unaffected by sunlight, water, oils, mild acids or alkalis. The caulking shall be mildew resistant and non-flammable. The material shall provide a permanent bond between the conduit entering the vault and the polymer concrete. The caulking shall be gray in color.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Composite concrete handholes shall be installed in accordance with applicable requirements of Section 800 of the Standard Specifications and as provided herein.

A manufacturer-approved knockout punch driver shall be used to provide openings in the vaults for conduit, or the required openings may be machined at the time of stackable vault fabrication. Voids between entering conduits and punch driven or machined openings shall not exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch.

Any void areas shall be caulked from the interior and exterior of the composite concrete handhole. The caulk shall be allowed to fully cure per the manufacturer's specifications, prior to backfilling.

The composite concrete handhole shall be placed on 12 inches of coarse aggregate, CA-5 Class A, as specified in Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications. Seal and flash test the vault per the manufacturer's recommendations.

A minimum of 50 feet of excess cable per cable run shall be coiled in each composite concrete handhole containing splices to allow moving the splice enclosure to the splicing vehicle unless otherwise indicated in the plans.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for **HANDHOLE**, **COMPOSITE CONCRETE**, of the size indicated, which shall be payment in full for all material and work as specified herein.

ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE CONNECTION (COMED)

Effective: January 1, 2002 Revised February 1, 2005

<u>Description.</u> This item shall consist of payment for work performed by ComEd in providing or modifying electric service as indicated. THIS MAY INVOLVE WORK AT MORE THAN ONE ELECTRIC SERVICE. For summary of the Electrical Service Drop Locations see the schedule contained elsewhere herein.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>General.</u> It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact ComEd. The Contractor shall coordinate his work fully with the ComEd both as to the work required and the timing of the installation. No additional compensation will be granted under this or any other item for extra work caused by failure to meet this requirement. Please contact ComEd, New Business Center Call Center, at 866 NEW ELECTRIC (1-866-639-3532) to begin the service connection process. The Call Center Representatives will create a work order for the service connection. The representative will ask the requestor for information specific to the request. The representative will assign the request based upon the location of project.

The Contractor should make particular note of the need for the earliest attention to arrangements with ComEd for service. In the event of delay by ComEd, no extension of time will be considered applicable for the delay unless the Contractor can produce written evidence of a request for electric service within 30 days of execution.

<u>Method Of Payment.</u> The Contractor will be reimbursed to the exact amount of money as billed by ComEd for its services. Work provided by the Contractor for electric service will be paid separately as described under ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION. No extra compensation shall be paid to the Contractor for any incidental materials and labor required to fulfill the requirements as shown on the plans and specified herein.

For bidding purposes, this item shall be estimated as \$26,000

<u>Basis Of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for **ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE CONNECTION** which shall be reimbursement in full for electric utility service charges.

ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION – GROUND MOUNT

Effective: June 1, 2009

Revise Section 805 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Description

This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to install, modify, or extend the electric service installation..

General

The electric service installation shall be the electric service disconnecting means and it shall be identified as suitable for use as service equipment.

The electric utility contact information is noted on the plans and represents the current information at the time of contract preparation. The Contractor must request in writing for service and/or service modification within 10 days of contract award and must follow-up with the electric utility to assure all necessary documents and payment are received by the utility. The Contractor shall forward copies of all correspondence between the contractor and utility company. The service agreement and sketch shall be submitted for signature to the Traffic Program's engineer.

Materials

General. The completed control panel shall be constructed in accordance with UL Std. 508A, Industrial Control Panel, and carry the UL label. Wire terminations shall be UL listed.

Enclosure. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 3R unfinished single door design with back panel. The cabinet shall be fabricated from Type 5052 H-32 aluminum with the frame and door 0.125-inch (3.175 mm) thick, the top 0.250-inch (6.350 mm) thick and the bottom 0.500-inch (12.70 mm) thick. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. The door and door opening shall be double flanged. The door shall be approximately 80% of the front surface, with a full length tamperproof stainless steel .075-inch (1.91 mm) thick hinge bolted to the cabinet with stainless steel carriage bolts and nylocks nuts. The locking mechanism shall be slam-latch type with a keyhole cover. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 40-inches (1000 mm) high, 16-inches (400 mm) wide and 15-inches (375 mm) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be mounted upon a square Type A concrete foundation as indicated on the plans. The foundation is paid for separately.

Surge Protector. Overvoltage protection, with LED indicator, shall be provided for the 120 volt load circuit by the means MOV and thermal fusing technology. The response time shall be <5n seconds and operate within a range of –40C to +85C. The surge protector shall be UL 1449 Listed.

Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall be standard UL listed molded case, thermal-magnetic bolt-on type circuit breakers with trip free indicating handles. 120 volt circuit breakers shall have an interrupting rating of not less than 65,000 rms symmetrical amperes. Unless otherwise indicated, the main disconnect circuit breaker for the traffic signal controller shall be rated 60 amperes, 120 V and the auxiliary circuit breakers shall be rated 10 amperes, 120 V.

Fuses, Fuseholders and Power Indicating Light. Fuses shall be small-dimensional cylindrical fuses of the dual element time-delay type. The fuses shall be rated for 600 V AC and shall have

a UL listed interrupting rating of not less than 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes at rated voltage. The power indicating light shall be LED type with a green colored lens and shall be energized when electric utility power is present.

Ground and Neutral Bus Bars. A single copper ground and neutral bus bar, mounted on the equipment panel shall be provided. Ground and neutral conductors shall be separated on the bus bar. Compression lugs, plus 2 spare lugs, shall be sized to accommodate the cables with the heads of the connector screws painted green for ground connections and white for neutral connections.

Utility Services Connection. The Contractor shall notify the Utility Company marketing representative a minimum of 30 working days prior to the anticipated date of hook-up. This 30 day advance notification will begin only after the Utility Company marketing representative has received service charge payments from the Contractor. Prior to contacting the Utility Company marketing representative for service connection, the service installation controller cabinet and cable must be installed for inspection by the Utility Company.

Ground Rod. Ground rods shall be copper-clad steel, a minimum of 10 feet (3.0m) in length, and 3/4 inch (20mm) in diameter. Ground rod resistance measurements to ground shall be 25 ohms or less. If necessary additional rods shall be installed to meet resistance requirements at no additional cost to the contract.

Installation

General. The Contractor shall confirm the orientation of the traffic service installation and its door side with the engineer, prior to installation. All conduit entrances into the service installation shall be sealed with a pliable waterproof material.

Pole Mounted. Brackets designed for pole mounting shall be used. All mounting hardware shall be stainless steel. Mounting height shall be as noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Ground Mounted. The service installation shall be mounted plumb and level on the foundation and fastened to the anchor bolts with hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel nuts and washers. The space between the bottom of the enclosure and the top of the foundation shall be caulked at the base with silicone.

Basis of Payment

The service installation shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for **SERVICE INSTALLATION** of the type specified which shall be payment in full for the work described herein. Utility company charges shall be paid for under the pay item Electric Utility Service Connection..

MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER FOR CCTV POWER

Effective: June 1, 2009

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of providing an un-switched 120 volt, 15 ampere power circuit to an existing controller for CCTV video power as shown on the plans and specified herein. The controller may be either a lighting controller, DMS sign controller, or other existing ITS control cabinet

<u>Method Of Measurement.</u> The modification of the existing lighting controller for CCTV power shall be counted as each.

<u>Basis Of Payment.</u> This work shall be paid for at the contract price each for **MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER FOR CCTV POWER**, which shall be payment for the work as described herein and as indicated in the plans.

BUDGETARY ALLOWANCE FOR TOLLWAY FIBER CONNECTION

Effective: June 1, 2009

DESCRIPTION:

This item is to establish a budget account to allocate funds for the payment of the Tollway Fiber Connection. A budgetary allowance has been established since the final cost is unknown.

This allowance will not be used to repair damage caused by the Contractor's operations. Damage caused by the Contractor's operations shall be repaired at not additional cost to the Contract.

This item shall be bid at a price of \$3,000.00

Basis of Payment. This item shall be paid for at the contract lump sum price or fraction thereof for **BUDGETARY ALLOWANCE FOR TOLLWAY FIBER CONNECTION**, which shall include all work as described herein.

CLOSED CIRCUIT DOME VIDEO CAMERA, MATERIAL ONLY

Effective: February 25, 2005

1. **Description**.

This item shall consist of furnishing an integrated Closed-Circuit Television (CCTV) Dome Camera Assembly as describer herein and as indicated in the Plans.

2. **Definitions:**

CCTV Dome Camera The complete camera assembly including the camera,

PTZ mechanism, upper and lower dome housings, and

any mounts.

Dome, lower dome, dome bubble

Clear dome (bubble) on the lower portion of the CCTV

dome camera which the camera views through

Dome housing, upper

dome

The upper portion of the CCTV dome cameras which

houses the camera and PTZ Mechanism.

PTZ The motorized Pan, Tilt and Zoom mechanism

Camera The color camera

3. Materials.

3.1 General. The CCTV Dome Color Camera shall be a rugged, non-pressurized, outdoor surveillance domed camera system. The CCTV Dome Camera shall be designed to perform over a wide range of environmental and lighting conditions and automatically switches from color daytime to monochrome nighttime operation. For compatibility with the existing CCTV cameras installed on this expressway, the dome cameras shall be manufactured by Phillips/Bosch or equal approved by the Engineer. The equivalent shall comply with all the requirements herein and shall provide the same operation/functionality as the installed cameras without the use of any external devices for the modification/translation of video and PTZ commands.

All equipment and materials used shall be standard components that are regularly manufactured and utilized in the manufacturer's system.

The manufacturer shall be ISO 14001 Certified. The manufacturer's quality system shall be in compliance with the I.S./ISO 9001/EN 29001, QUALITY SYSTEM. The manufacturer shall provide a three year (3) warranty. The manufacturer shall pay inbound and outbound shipping charges during the warranty period for products returned as warranty claims. The manufacturer shall also provide an advance exchange program for warranty claims.

The warranty period shall begin on the date of final acceptance of the video distribution system. This warranty shall include repair or replacement of all failed components via a factory authorized repair facility. All items sent to the repair facility for repair shall be returned within two weeks of the date of receipt at the facility. The repair facility location shall be in the United States. Any extended warranty coverage required to comply with the specified warranty period shall be provided as a part of this pay item at no additional cost to the State.

3.2 Physical construction. The CCTV Dome Camera shall be provided in a NEMA 4X or IP66 certified, rugged, weather-resistant package. The CCTV Dome Camera shall also comply with the following requirements:

Environmental	Requirement
IP Rating	IP 66
Weight (max.)	14 lbs
Overall Dimensions	10" dia. x 14"
Humidity	0 to 100%
Operating temperature	-40°C to 50°C
Mount	1 ½" NPT

The CCTV dome camera shall be equipped with a fan and heater controlled by a thermostat. The heater shall prevent internal fogging of the lower dome throughout the operating temperature range of the camera.

An optional rugged clear dome bubble shall be available from the CCTV camera manufacturer. The rugged dome shall be made from 3mm thick polycarbonate, designed to meet stringent strength standards without compromising optical clarity. The dome, by itself, shall withstand a 100 foot-pound impact. This energy is equivalent to that of a 10 lb sledgehammer being dropped from a height of 10 feet. The dome, when installed in the CCTV camera, shall exceed the UL 1598 horizontal impact standard for lighting fixtures, by a factor of 10. The submittal needs to indicate compliance with this requirement.

3.3 Power. The CCTV Dome Camera shall be designed to operate from a 120v power source. The appropriate power supply, if required for the CCTV Dome Camera to operate, shall be included as a part of this item. The power requirements for the camera shall comply with the following:

Electrical	Requirement
Voltage	18 to 30 VAC
Load	25 VA
Heater Load	45 VA
Listing	UL Listed
FCC	Class B
Surge & Lighting Protection	Yes

3.4 Camera.

The CCTV Dome Camera shall incorporate a solid state CDD imaging camera with the following requirements.

- 3.4.1 The camera shall automatically switch from daylight color operation to a higher sensitivity nighttime monochrome mode when light levels fall below a user adjustable threshold level.
- 3.4.2 The camera shall provide a selectable slow shutter (frame integration) function that increases the camera's sensitivity up to 50 times by reducing the shutter speed. Selectable slow shutter speeds shall be 1/60 sec., 1/30 sec., 1/15 sec., 1/8 sec., 1/4 sec., 1/2 sec., 1 sec., and fully automatic.

3.4.3 Digital image stabilization shall be provided using electronic compensation that filters out vibrations caused by wind and other environmental conditions.

The camera shall also comply with the following requirements:

Camera	Requirement
Imager	1/4" CCD or smaller
Effective Pixels	724H x 494V
Zoom Lens Power (without digital enhancement)	25x
Aperture	f1.6 to f2.7
Focus	Auto / Manual
Iris	Auto / Manual
Maximum Field of View Horizontal	45°
Video Output	1.0v +/- 0.07v
Gain Control	Auto / off
Synchronization	Internal / AC line lock, phase adj. via remote control, V-Sync
Digital Zoom	10x
Horizontal Resolution	>470 lines
Signal – Noise Ratio	>50dB
White Balance	Auto / Manual
Shutter Speed	½ to 1/30,000

Min Illumination		Values in lux
Color	Fast Shut	2.00
	Slow Shut	0.15
B&W	Fast Shut	0.3
	Slow Shut	0.017

3.5 PTZ Mechanical

The CCTV dome camera shall have an integrated motorized PTZ mechanism as specified herein and shall be compatible and coordinated with the control system described elsewhere herein. The camera's 360° pan rotation shall is divided into 16 independent sectors with 16-character titles per sector. Any or all of the 16 sectors may be blanked from the operator. In addition to the blanking function, a privacy masking feature shall be provided that allows creation of up to six (6) rectangular masks that prohibit areas of the field of view from being seen even if the camera is panned, tilted, or zoomed.

Mechanical (Dome Drive)		Requirement
Pan		360°
Tilt		+2° to –92°
Continuous PT	Z Operation	Yes
Pre-position	Pan	360°/sec
speed	Tilt	200°/sec
Accuracy	Pan	+/- 0.5°
Variable	Pan	80°/sec or 150°/sec
speed	Tilt	40°/sec

3.6 Functionality

Camera Commands

- 3.6.1 The camera shall allow the storage of up to 99 preset scenes with each preset programmable for 16 character titles. A tour function shall be available to consecutively display each of the preset scenes for a programmed dwell time. Any or all of the presets may be included or excluded from the tour.
- 3.6.2 The camera shall be capable of recording two (2) separate tours of an operator's keyboard movements consisting of, tilt, and zoom activities for a total combined duration time of 15 minutes. Recorded tours can be continuously played back.
- 3.6.3 When an operator stops manual control of the camera, and a programmed period of time is allowed to expire, the camera will execute one of the following programmable options: 1) return to preset #1 or 2) return to the automated tour previously executed or 3) do nothing and remain at the present position.
- 3.6.4 The camera shall ensure that any advanced commands required to program the camera are accessed via three levels of password protection ranging from low to high security.
- 3.6.5 The camera system shall provide a feature that automatically rotates, or pivots, the camera to simplify tracking of a person walking directly under the camera.
- 3.6.6 The camera's 360° pan rotation shall is divided into 16 independent sectors with 16-character titles per sector. Any or all of the 16 sectors may be blanked from the operator.
- 3.6.7 In addition to the blanking function, a privacy masking feature shall be provided that allows creation of up to six (6) rectangular masks that prohibit areas of the field of view from being seen even if the camera is panned, tilted, or zoomed

Visual Effects	Requirement	
Sectors/Zones	8	
Titling	20 characters	
Max Presets	99	
Motion Detection	Yes	
Password Protection	Yes	
On Screen Voc		
Configuration Menus	Yes	
Image Stabilization	Yes	
Preset Tour / max presets		
Recorded Variable PTZ	2	
Tour	۷	
Auto Flip	Yes	
Auto Return to preset after	Vos	
operator inactivity	Yes	
Window Blanking		
Quantity	6	
Grey out	Yes	
Alarms	Yes	

- 3.6.8 The manufacturer shall fully document and provide to the Department the communication protocol implemented by the CCTV dome camera. This protocol shall be open and allow third-party development of control software. If the current protocol is not NTCIP compliant, the manufacturer shall supply upgrades to make the software compliant in the future at no cost to the Department.
- 3.6.9 Diagnostic software shall be provided with each CCTV camera which shall allow all camera functions accessible via a Windows XP based PC. A RS232 cable, or a USB cable if available, shall be provided to connect to CCTV dome camera assembly. A copy of the diagnostic software shall be supplied for each CCTV camera. The program shall be capable of configuring and controlling the CCTV dome camera assembly and its functions (position, zoom, focus, iris, power, color balance, etc.) from within it. This includes storing and recalling preset positions for fast system configuration.

3.7 Interface

Control System. Camera commands shall be transmitted over twisted pair, RS 232, RS 422 and RS 485. The method of transmission shall be user selectable.

The camera shall provide four (4) normally open or normally closed alarm input contacts and one (1) relay output. Any or all of the input contacts may be programmed upon activation to automatically move the camera to any preposition location, close the output relay for a programmed period of time, and display an alarm indication on the on-screen display of the display monitor.

4. Testing.

The Contractor shall test each CCTV Dome Camera Assembly as required and described under Shop Floor Testing within the CCTV Distribution System special provision contained elsewhere herein. Upon successful completion of the testing, the CCTV camera may be counted for payment.

5. Product Support.

The manufacturer shall provide technical support via email, fax and toll-free telephone. The above forms of support shall be provided Monday through Friday, 8:00am to 8:00pm EST.

6. Measurement.

Closed-Circuit Television (CCTV) Dome Cameras shall be counted as each upon successful completion of the testing describer herein for payment.

7. Basis of Payment.

This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for **CLOSED CIRCUIT DOME TELEVISION CAMERA**, which shall be payment in full for all material and work as specified herein.

CCTV EQUIPMENT

Effective: June 1, 2009

Description.

This item shall consist of furnishing and installing equipment for the control and distribution of CCTV video from the CCTV camera to the Communications Shelter, also identified as a Video Collection Point (VCP). Transmission for the video and control signal shall be either by radio or fiber optic cable as specified elsewhere herein and as indicated in the plans.

The transmission of the video over fiber shall include fiber transceivers at the camera location and the VCP. The video CODEC specified herein shall be located in the VCP for fiber distributed cameras.

Where wireless transmission is indicated, the radio link will be provided under the Wireless Video Distribution pay item and shall be fully coordinated with this item. For wireless cameras, the CODEC shall be located in the CCTV equipment enclosure at the camera as specified herein.

The CODEC decoders are specified under the Modification of Existing Video Distribution System pay item and shall be fully coordinated and of the same manufacturer as the CODEC encoders.

Enclosure

<u>CCTV Cabinet</u>. The CCTV Cabinet, as a minimum, shall be a Hoffman Enclosures Model A20H1610SS6LP, Electromate Enclosures Model E-20H1610SSLP, or approved equal. The cabinet shall be NEMA 4X compliant. The nominal dimensions of the cabinet shall be 20 inches high by 16 inches wide by 10 inches deep. These manufacturers and model numbers are included as a guide to indicate the type of cabinet to be provided and may not be the exact manufacturer and part numbers. Due to contractor selection of equipment to be utilized, the cabinet may need to be larger. The contractor shall be responsible for providing an adequately sized cabinet and shall be included in the bid unit price for this item.

The cabinet shall be fabricated of 14 gauge Type 304 or Type 316L stainless steel. All seams shall be continuously welded and ground smooth with no holes or knockouts. The cabinet shall be fabricated with a rolled lip around three sides of the door and on all sides of the enclosure openings to exclude liquids and contaminants. A stainless steel door clamp assembly shall assure a watertight seal. A seamless gasket shall be included to assure a watertight and dust-tight seal.

The cabinet shall have provisions for padlocking in the closed position. The lock shall be Corbin #2 and two keys shall be supplied to the Department with each lock. The keys shall be removable in the locked position only.

A data pocket of high impact thermoplastic material shall be provided. The nominal dimensions of this pocket shall be 12 inches by 12 inches.

Collar studs shall be provided for mounting the stainless steel backboard panel.

The cabinet shall be unpainted. Cover, sides, top, and bottom shall have a smooth brushed finish.

The cabinet shall mount on the high-mast lighting towers, using the fabricated bolt pattern.

<u>Stainless Steel Panel</u>. The cabinet shall be furnished with a stainless steel panel. This panel shall have nominal dimensions of 17 inches by 13 inches. It shall mount on the collar stude fabricated with the CCTV cabinet.

<u>Closed Circuit Television Camera Power Supply</u>. The Closed Circuit Television Camera Power Supply shall supply power to the camera dome assembly. The requirements include:

Input voltage 120 VAC \pm 10% Output voltage 24 VAC \pm 10%

Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +70°C (minimum)
Storage Temperature Range: -40°C to +75°C (minimum)

The power supply shall include an AC power indicator with power on/off switch. All outputs shall be fused. The power supply shall be sized for the dome units being supplied, considering pan/tilt, heating, and blower requirements, and shall not be less than 100 VA.

<u>Over-voltage Protection</u>. Over-voltage protection shall be provided on the power conductors, camera control conductors, and the video cables. The specific protection is based on the elements being protected.

<u>Incoming Power Protection</u>. The incoming power shall be protected with a filtering surge protector that absorbs power line noise and switching transients. The specified performance shall be as follows:

Peak current 20 kA (8x20 µs waveshape)

Life Test 5% change

Clamp voltage 280 V typical @ 20 kA

Response time ≤5 ns

Continuous service current 10 amps max. 120 VAC/60 Hz

Operating Temperature -40°C to +75°C (minimum)

Nominal dimensions 7.15 inches by 3.13 inches by 2.3 inches

<u>Video Cable Protection</u>. The coaxial cable from the camera shall be protected with gas tubes and silicon avalanche devices. The units shall include re-settable fuses to protect against sneak currents. Specific requirements include:

Frequency 0 to 20 MHz

Peak surge current 20 kA (8x20 µs waveshape)

Technology Hybrid, solid-state Attenuation 0.1 dB at 10 MHz

Response time ≤1 ns

Protection Line-to-shield

Input/output connectors BNC

Impedance 75 ohms

Temperature range -40°C to +75°C (minimum)
Humidity 0% to 95% (non-condensing)

Clamping voltage 6 V

Nominal dimensions 4.5 inches by 1.5 inches by 1.25 inches

The video cable protector shall be UL listed.

<u>Camera Control Cable Protection</u>. The camera control cable protector shall protect the RS-422/RS-485 signal leads going to the camera dome assembly. Specific requirements include:

Technology Hybrid, solid-state

Response time ≤5 ns

Protection Line-to-ground Input/output connectors terminal block

Temperature range

-40°C to +75°C (minimum)

Humidity

0% to 95% (non-condensing)

Clamping voltage

7.25 V (maximum); ≤7.0 V (typical)

Nominal dimensions

4.5 inches by 3.3 inches by 1.8 inches

The protector shall protect a minimum of four conductors. [Transmit Data (2 wires) and Receiver Data (2 wires)]

The Contractor shall include all necessary wires and cables necessary to interconnect the components of the CCTV cabinet. The Contractor shall provide a furcation kit to break-out, protect the individual fibers of the 6-fiber cable. The Contractor shall install ST-type connectors on these fibers.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>General</u>. The Contractor shall prepare and submit a shop drawing detailing the complete closed-circuit television cabinet equipment installation. The shop drawings shall identify the installation and specifications of all components to be supplied, for approval of the Engineer. Particular emphasis shall be given to the cabling and the interconnection of all of the components.

The Contractor shall demonstrate a prototype assembly using the proposed components. This demonstration shall take place at a Contractor selected and Engineer approved location. These conformance tests shall be completed prior to the delivery of any completed assemblies to the project site. Any deviations from these specifications that are identified during this testing shall be corrected prior to shipment of the assembly to the project site.

Appropriate connectors shall be furnished and installed to interface the in-cabinet components to the integrated dome camera assembly. The Contractor shall mount the in-cabinet components in the equipment cabinet and connect them to AC power, communications, and video feeds.

<u>Testing</u>. The Contractor shall test each installed CCTV Cabinet Equipment. The test shall be conducted from the field cabinet using the standard communication protocol and a laptop computer. The Contractor shall verify that the camera can be fully exercised and moved through the entire limits of Pan, Tilt, Zoom, Focus and Iris adjustments, using both the manual control and presets. In addition, a video monitor and an oscilloscope shall verify that the video signal meets or exceeds the specified requirements.

The Contractor shall repeat the test at the communications shelter associated with the CCTV camera. This test confirms the distribution portion of the video circuit, that is, the portion of the circuit from the CCTV camera to the digital video encoder.

The Contractor shall maintain a log of all testing and the corresponding results. A representative of the Contractor and a representative of the Engineer shall sign the log as witnessing the results. Records of all tests shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to accepting the installation.

<u>Documentation</u>. One copy of all operations and maintenance manuals for each CCTV component shall be delivered for each assembly installed. In addition, full documentation for all software and associated protocols shall be supplied to the Department on a 3.5-inch floppy disk(s) and a CD-ROM. The Department reserves the right to provide this documentation to other parties who may be Contracted with in order to provide overall integration or maintenance of this item.

<u>Warranty</u>. The Contractor shall warranty all materials and workmanship including labor for a period of two years after the completion and acceptance of the installation, unless other warranty requirements prevail. The warranty period shall begin when the Contractor completes all construction obligations related to this item and when the components for this item have been accepted, which shall be documented as the final completion date in the construction status report. This warranty shall include repair and/or replacement of all failed components via

a factory authorized depot repair service. All items sent to the depot for repair shall be returned within two weeks of the date of receipt at the facility. The depot location shall be in the United States. Repairs shall not require more then two weeks from date of receipt and the provider of the warranty shall be responsible for all return shipping costs.

The depot maintainer designated for each component shall be authorized by the original manufacturer to supply this service. A warranty certificate shall be supplied for each component from the designated depot repair site indicating the start and end dates of the warranty. The certificate shall be supplied at the conclusion of the system acceptance test and shall be for a minimum of two years after that point. The certificate shall name the Department as the recipient of the service. The Department shall have the right to transfer this service to other private parties who may be Contracted to perform overall maintenance of the facility.

Fiber Optic Distribution

<u>Fiber Optic Video Transceiver Pair</u>. The CCTV Cabinet Equipment shall include a matched pair fiber optic video transceiver pair as described herein. To maintain compatibility with the previously installed transceivers on this roadway, the transceiver pair shall be manufacturer by Meridian Technologies, Series DV-1W 1MPS, or approved equal by the Engineer. The Approved equal shall be 100% interchangeable with the existing units.

<u>Fiber Optic Video Transmitter</u>. The fiber optic video transmitter shall provide simplex transmission of NTSC video from the CCTV cabinet and duplex communications of camera-control, asynchronous data. Optic video and data transmission shall use one single mode fiber operating in the 1310/1550 nm windows using simple wavelength division multiplexing.

Mechanical and environmental requirements include the following:

Nominal dimensions: 7 inches by 5 inches by 1.5 inches
Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +70°C (minimum)
Storage Temperature Range: -40°C to +75°C (minimum)
Relative Humidity Range 0% to 95% (non-condensing)

MTBF 0% to 95% (non-condensing)
75,000 hours (minimum)

Optical requirements include:

Connector: ST

Optical Power Budget: 15 dB (minimum) using 9/125 µm single mode fiber Operational Wavelengths: WDM using 1310/1550 nm and a single fiber

Video/data requirements include:

Video connector BNC

Data connector: 9-pin EIA RS-232, 25-pin EIA RS-232

connector, or terminal block

Data rates 1200-9600 bps, asynchronous

Input signal 0.5 - 2.0 V pk-pk (1 V nominal)/75 ohms

impedance

Bandwidth 5 Hz – 7.0 MHz (minimum)

Differential Gain ≤5%Differential Phase $≤5^{\circ}$ Tilt ≤1%

Signal-to-Noise Ratio 50 dB with 10 dB of attenuation

The equipment shall operate from 120 VAC and include a power supply manufactured by the transceiver manufacturer. Power requirements shall not exceed 15 watts.

The fiber optic video Receiver. The receiver shall receive optical simplex transmission of NTSC video from the CCTV cabinet and shall provide duplex optical communications of camera-control, asynchronous data. Optic video and data transmission shall use one single mode fiber operating in the 1310/1550 nm windows using simple wavelength division multiplexing.

Mechanical and environmental requirements include the following:

Nominal dimensions: 7 inches by 5 inches by 1.5 inches

Operating Temperature Range: 0°C to +70°C (minimum)
Storage Temperature Range: 0°C to +75°C (minimum)
Relative Humidity Range 0% to 95% (non-condensing)
MTBF 75,000 hours (minimum)

Optical requirements include:

Connector: ST

Optical Power Budget 15 dB (minimum) using 9/125 µm single mode fiber Operational Wavelengths: WDM using 1310/1550 nm and a single fiber

Video requirements include:

Connector BNC

Input signal 0.5–2.0 V pk-pk (1 V nominal)/75 ohms impedance

Bandwidth 5 Hz - 7.0 MHz (minimum)

Differential Gain $\leq 5\%$ Differential Phase $\leq 5^{\circ}$ Tilt $\leq 1\%$

Signal-to-Noise Ratio 50 dB with 10 dB of link attenuation

The receivers shall operate from 120 VAC. One 7 slot, 19" rack mount chassis with power supply shall be included in this item to be installed at the Nordic Communications Hut. Only one chassis shall be provided for the total quantity of equipment cabinets.

CODEC

<u>Video Encoders and Decoders</u>. Video encoders and decoders (codecs) shall be dedicated hardware devices, and except for differences between encoders and decoders they shall all of the same type from the same common manufacturer. The codecs may be either single or dual video type to transfer "full motion" 30 frame-per-second high quality color video via MPEG-2

video compression at 6 Megabits per second. The units shall operate to produce a robust data communications stream that shall allow for both video and audio transmission and shall be immune to timing disruptions in the IP multi-cast configuration specified herein.

The units shall be rack-mountable, complete with redundant power supplies as required for the rack configurations indicated on the plans, operating from a 120-volt single phase AC power input.

Encoder units shall accept NTSC video BNC inputs and Ethernet RJ-45 control/communications input connections.

Approvable codecs shall be compatible with and demonstrably interoperable with the standard codec product of at least one other vendor. Final approval of codec equipment shall be dependent upon a demonstration test of multi-vendor interoperability. Initial submittal information shall include documentation of this interoperability and a demonstration testing plan for approval by the Engineer.

The decoders shall be rack-mountable, complete with redundant power supplies as required for the rack configurations indicated on the plans, operating from a 120-volt single phase AC power input.

The encoders shall interface the serial communications port of the CCTV camera assembly through the fiber optic video link. Using the Ethernet port on the encoder and its IP address, commands shall be exchanged between the camera control computer at the Communications Center and the serial port of the CCTV camera.

Materials shall be supplied to satisfy the following:

Video

Analog Video NTSC (30 fps)

Analog Video Connections BNC connector, 75 ohms; S-Video

Encoding Format ISO/IEC 13818 MPEG-2

Decoding Format NTSC

Encoding Rate 1 Mbps to 12 Mbps Decoding Rate 1 Mbps to 12 Mbps to 12 Mbps

G.O.P. Structure User Selectable: I; I&P; I,B&P

Intra-picture Distance 1 to 19 frames
Reference Distance 0 to 2 frames
Resolution D1, 720 x 480

Codec Control Web server, IP and HTML interface

MPEG-2 Stream Types Transport

Low Speed Data Transmission

Interface RS232, RS422, RS485

Connections DB-9, RJ-45

Data Rate 1.2Kbps to 115.2 Kbps

Data Channel

Format Serial, asynchronous, RS-422

Interface IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

Network Connections RJ-45
Data Rate RJ-45

Broadcast Unicast / Multicast

Management SNMP, Web server, C. L. I.

The encoder's serial data channel (RS-422) for camera control shall be accessed through the network port using a TCP or EDP connection

Physical Requirements

Operating Temperature 0° to +70° C

Relative Humidity 95% non-Condensing

The encoders and decoders shall be UL listed and be type-accepted to 47 CFR (FCC), Part 15, Type A.

The Codecs shall be the standard product of an established North American manufacturer. The manufacturer shall have been in business for a minimum of 7 years. The manufacturer shall provide a minimum of a twelve (12) month warranty from the date of installation. The manufacturer shall provide technical support via email, fax and telephone. The above forms of support shall be provided Monday through Friday, 8:00am to 5:00pm EST. The Manufacturer shall also have a repair facility within North America.

The units shall be 19-inch rack-mountable, complete with power supplies as required for the rack configurations indicated on the plans, operating from a 120-volt single phase AC power input

The codecs shall be fully capable of transmitting the PTZ commands of the CCTV camera manufacturer being furnished under this contract as well as existing Philips/Bosch, Pelco, Vicon and Cohu camera commands. Serial data will be transmitted over TCP-IP. Each serial port must support IP addressing with the ability to select the appropriate IP socket number. The codecs must provide the ability to establish an IP connection directly from a workstation to any encoder IP address and socket number to pass serial data. Transmission of serial data must be independent of the video stream. Any serial data conversion required by the codec to communicate to the camera shall be included in this pay item and shall not be paid for separately.

The Encoder/Decoder serial data port must support Multicast data to broadcast a single serial data input to multiple remote encoder serial data port recipient. Bi-directional data must be supported on the codecs.

If the codecs cannot consistently transmit the PTZ commands without any data errors, timing conflicts, or malfunctions, a serial device server shall be provided for each codec to interface the serial data to the multicast network and shall be provided at no additional cost to the State.

A demonstration of this low speed serial data transfer shall be required before material submittal approval is given. See submittal requirements in this Special Provision.

Latency shall not exceed 300ms at D1 resolution at a minimum data rate of 5 Mbps.

Codec operation and management.

Each unit must support a local console accessible using one of the serial interfaces to provide access to all configuration menus of the product including the initial IP address configuration as well as for troubleshooting purposes. The interface must be menu driven for novice users.

Each unit must support 'remote' Telnet console access functionality to provide access to all configuration menus of the product. The interface must be menu driven for novice users. The console access must be restricted by a username and password to prevent un-authorized access. For ease of management, both the local and Telnet console must present the same menu commands and structure to the operator.

All units (encoders and decoders) must support SNMPv2 management protocol to provide the ability to control and monitor all configuration parameters and diagnostics from any 3rd party SNMP management application.

The Encoders/Decoders must support firmware updates from a central site. Updates must be downloadable to a single unit or by bulk via a single command from a firmware utility application via the Ethernet network. The firmware utility application must provide confirmation of the successful and unsuccessful updates. Upon completing of the update, the units must resume to original configuration without the need to reload the unit configuration.

Still Picture Capture

The codecs shall support and shall be coordinated with an automated still picture capture application specified elsewhere. A demonstration of this compatibly shall be required before material submittal approval is given.

Special Submittal Requirements and Operational Demonstration

As a part of the product catalog cut submittal, the Contractor shall provide a demonstration of the codecs at the time of the initial product submittal. The manufacturer shall demonstrate the following interoperability with at least one other codec manufacturer. Compatibility shall also include successful transmission of PTZ commands. The demonstration shall be comprised of the following parts:

- Codec CCTV camera PTZ compatibility. The demonstration shall include a pair of the proposed codecs, a proposed CCTV camera, and a CCTV camera of another manufacturer other than the proposed CCTV which is of a manufacturer already installed in the State system.
- Video interoperability. The demonstration shall demonstrate the following interoperability: The proposed encoder shall be capable of encoding a video stream that is decodable by at least one other Manufacturer compiling with this specification, or of a

manufacturer which equipment is presently in use by IDOT District 1 at the time of bidding. The interoperability demonstration shall be conducted in multicast mode.

- **Software video decoding.** A software based video decoder with PTZ control shall be provided for viewing and controlling a video stream remotely over the IP network.
- Video snapshot capability. A fully functional copy of the proposed video snapshot program shall be provided for the demonstration and throughout the 10 day period described herein.

After a successful demonstration of the above requirements, the codec pair shall remain with the Department for 10 working days for further observation. After 10 working days, the Contractor may pick up the codec pair. All costs for this demonstration shall be included in the cost of this pay item. It is the Contractor's responsibly to provide all hardware (including dome CCTV cameras and Ethernet switches) and software to perform the demonstrations as specified.

Method Of Measurement. CCTV equipment shall be counted, each installed.

<u>Basis Of Payment.</u> This item shall be paid at the contract unit each for **Closed Circuit Television EQUIPMENT** of the distribution method specified.

WIRELESS VIDEO DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Effective: June 1, 2009

Description.

This item shall consist of furnishing, shop staging, testing and installing all radio equipment for the transmission of Ethernet data over a wireless radio system operating in the 5 GHz frequency band. The type of equipment shall be selected to comply with the performance requirements contained herein. A preliminary radio spectrum analysis has been performed with results included at the end of this Special Provision. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to determine the type, quantity and location of radio backhaul circuits to maintain the level of performance specified herein. All radio requirements shall be fully coordinated with the other work in the contract. Coordination shall include, but not limited to, antenna and structure loading, equipment housings and mounting arrangements.

As indicated elsewhere herein, the locations of the cctv camera installations are approximate. The contractor may adjust the locations of the installations up to 400 feet to facilitate installation with written approval of the resident engineer and the electrical design section. All standard non-frangible setback requirements as well as clear zone requirements shall be maintained

General Requirements

The radio mesh router shall be a network enabled highly reliable system capable of distributed Ethernet switch functionality and shall support a source based routing protocol. The wireless mesh nodes shall be modular and not share any radios with access point functionality. The manufacturer shall provide one year warranty on the hardware. The wireless mesh nodes shall comply with all Ethernet transport standards.

Radio Requirements

The radio shall support up to two radios dedicated for backhaul switching capability. The mesh nodes shall support 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g and the licensed 4.9 GHz band on the same physical hardware. The wireless mesh nodes shall support a maximum output power of 400 mW. The wireless mesh nodes shall support the following receive sensitivities:

2.4 GHz, DSSS - 1 Mbps: -95 dBm; 11 Mbps: -88 dBm 2.4 GHz, OFDM - 6 Mbps: -90 dBm; 11 Mbps: -73 dBm 5 GHz - 6 Mbps: -90 dBm; 11 Mbps: -73 dBm

The wireless mesh nodes shall provide ability to eliminate weak radio links in the network. The radio mesh nodes shall provide the ability to configure any channel. The wireless mesh nodes shall support dynamic frequency channel selection. The wireless mesh nodes shall support transmit power control (TPC). The wireless mesh nodes shall provide software control over the two radios for different radio configurations and topologies. The two radios could be combined together to form a logical single radio. The wireless mesh nodes shall provide the ability to recover neighbor radio nodes in different bands and frequencies.

Interfaces

Radio mesh nodes shall support three 10/100BaseT Ethernet switch ports in outdoor models using environmentally sealed connectors. Radio indoor wireless mesh nodes shall provide four (4) 10/100BaseT Ethernet switch ports using RJ45 connectors. The outdoor mesh nodes shall support DC pass through on the Ethernet connectors. The wireless mesh nodes shall support 802.3af PoE standard and be able to power two devices that are capable of deriving power over Ethernet. The wireless mesh nodes shall provide a mix of radio and Ethernet interfaces over the routing domain. The wireless mesh nodes shall provide the ability to bridge multiple wireless networks using Ethernet. The mesh nodes shall support user defined & prioritized static routes to allow uni-directional flow between source node and destination node with zero or more intermediate nodes. Each static route on the Source Node can be assigned the following client traffic entering the Source Node and exiting at a Destination Node:

- All client traffic.
- All client traffic entering an Ethernet Port or
- All client traffic with a particular VLAN
- Static routes can be selected between any two source and destination nodes having max 10 hops between them. Static route should fall back to a dynamic route if the Static Route is down because of a down link.

Throughput Requirements

The radio shall support up to 70 Mbps throughput in a bonded mode of operation with allowance for throughput degradation. The radio shall support up to 35 Mbps sustained throughput anywhere in the wireless network across multiple hops. The mesh nodes shall support low latency of the order of 1.5 msec per hop on an average and maximum of 2 msec per hop.

Quality of Service (QoS) Requirements

The mesh nodes shall have simultaneous support for video, voice and data multi services. The radio mesh nodes shall support port based QoS and 802.1p standards based QoS. The wireless mesh nodes shall support VLANs and VLAN trunking. The wireless mesh nodes shall provide load balancing on alternate routing paths between source and destination MAC addresses. The wireless mesh nodes shall provide congestion control within the network.

Management Requirements

The wireless mesh nodes shall provide management interfaces via HTTP, SNMP, GUI. The management architecture shall be a client-server architecture with multiple clients logging into the server. The management station shall provide statistics and alarms and events on a per radio basis. The hardware shall provide system status LEDs for power, mesh, faults. The wireless mesh node shall support remote software upgrade ability. The wireless mesh node shall support telnet access. The management system will provide single integrated management for both wireless mesh nodes and access points.

Security Specifications

The mesh nodes shall support user name and password security for all Ethernet and serial interfaces. The wireless mesh nodes shall support hardware based encryption. The wireless mesh nodes shall have the capability to distinguish between radios that are part of their network from radios that are not. The wireless mesh nodes shall support manufacturing based digital certificates on each node that authenticates with the network. The digital certificate mechanism shall have the ability to have user defined / signed certificates. The wireless mesh nodes shall have digitally signed firmware files. The wireless mesh nodes shall have the ability to lockout malicious users as they try to access the network. The wireless mesh nodes shall support 128 and 256-bit AES, 64/128 bit WEP, and 256-bit WPA2 encryption keys. The wireless mesh nodes shall support ESSID encryption. The radio mesh nodes shall support MAC address filtering. The hardware shall provide for physical security via a lockable mounting bracket.

Scalability Requirements

The radio mesh nodes shall support mesh networks of up to 1000 nodes. The radio mesh networks shall provide the ability to have Ethernet interfaces as part of the routing domain to make use of the wire where it is available. The wireless mesh nodes shall provide the ability to connect multiple wireless mesh networks using Ethernet bridging. The wireless mesh nodes shall support multiple gateway interconnects for large networks and increased throughput.

Mobility Requirements

The radio mesh nodes shall support mesh node mobility at high speeds with low handoff times between roaming nodes. The radio networks shall support 802.11 client mobility across multiple Layer 3 domains. The mesh network shall maintain connections while moving at speeds greater than 90 MPH (145 KmPH).

Power Requirements

All wireless hardware units shall support 90–240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 0.9A. The hardware units shall support 16 VDC input at the same time.

Physical & Environmental Requirements

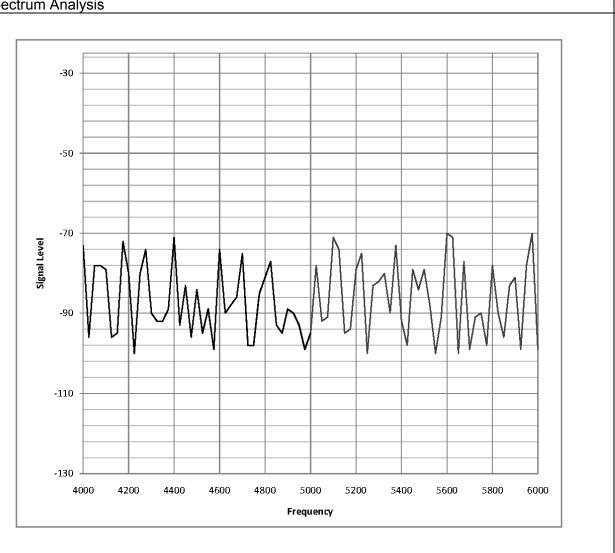
The wireless mesh nodes enclosure shall be rugged NEMA 4X/IP67 rated for outdoor deployments. The wireless mesh nodes shall support optional surge suppression protection. The radio mesh nodes shall be plenum rated for indoor use. The outdoor mesh nodes shall have weather proof antenna connectors. The outdoor devices shall be pole and/or wall mountable (with low profile mounting). The outdoor mesh nodes shall provide an optional sunshield for environmental protection. The indoor devices shall be ceiling, or wall mountable. The wireless mesh nodes shall be ROHS & WEEE compliant. The outdoor units shall have the following environmental specifications:

- Operating temperature: -40°C to +60°C
- Storage temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- Humidity (non-condensing) 10% to 90%
- Storage humidity (non-condensing) 5% to 95%
- Maximum altitude 15,000 feet (4600 meters)
- The indoor units shall comply with the following specifications –
- Operating temperature: 0°C to +60°C
- Storage temperature: -20°C to +70°C
- Humidity (non-condensing) 10% to 90%
- Storage humidity (non-condensing) 5% to 95%
- Maximum altitude 15,000 feet (4600 meters)

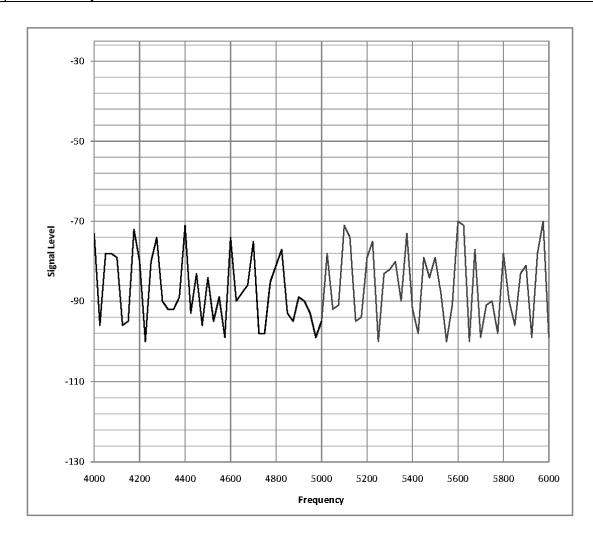
Method of Measurement. The System shall be counted for payment when furnished and installed, connected, field tested and accepted. A 25% payment will be allowed when all subsystems are assembled, delivered to the shop staging location and approved for testing by the Engineer. An additional 25% payment will be allowed when all sub-systems have been connected in simulation and successfully passed shop staging testing as approved by the Engineer. An additional 25% payment will be allowed for individual sub-systems as they are installed and made operational. The final 25% payment will be allowed when all sub-systems have been installed, connected and passed installed operational testing; when all training has been provided; and when all documentation has been completed, delivered and approved by the Engineer.

<u>Basis Of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for **WIRELESS VIDEO DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM** which shall be for the work as specified herein.

Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	Wolf Road	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna		
ST16	Omni directional		
Spectrum Analysis			
-			

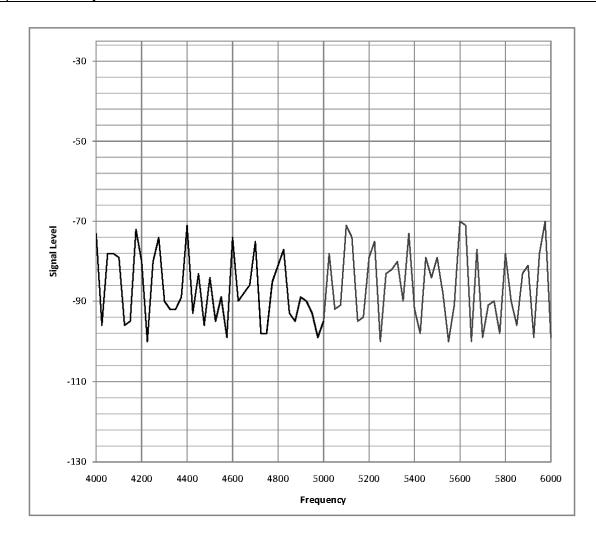


Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	West of I294	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	_	
ST16A	Omni directional		



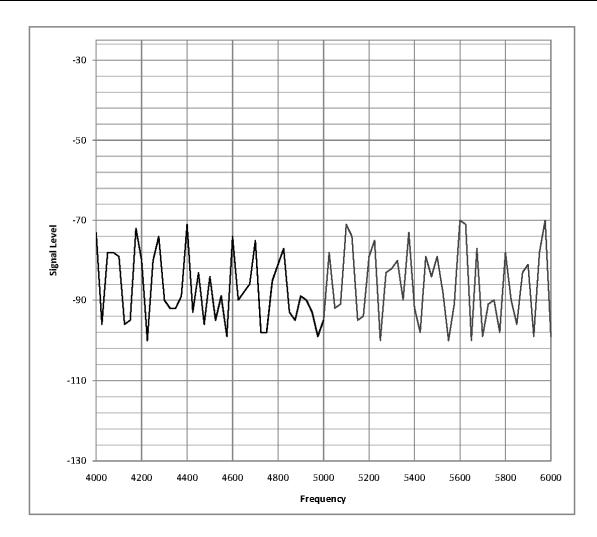
Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	County Line Road	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna		
ST17	Omni directional		
0 1 1 1			



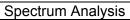


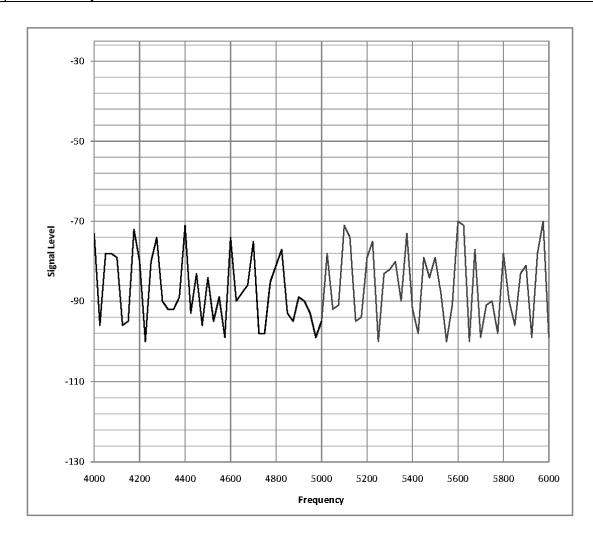
Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	West of County Line Road	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST18	Omni directional	



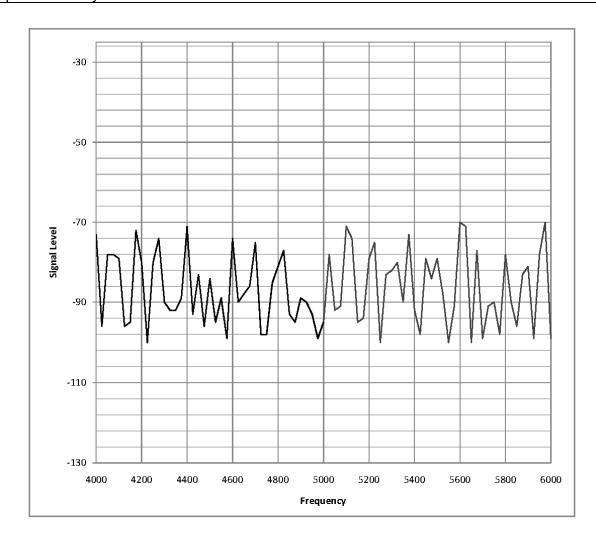


Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Madison Street	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST18A	Omni directional	



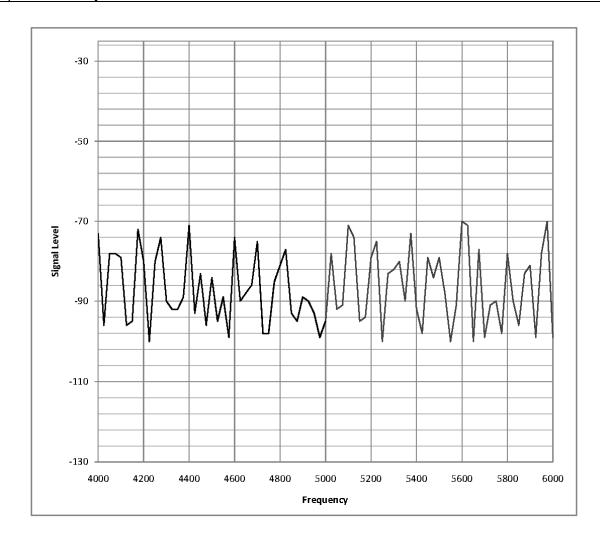


Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	IL 53	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST19	Omni directional	

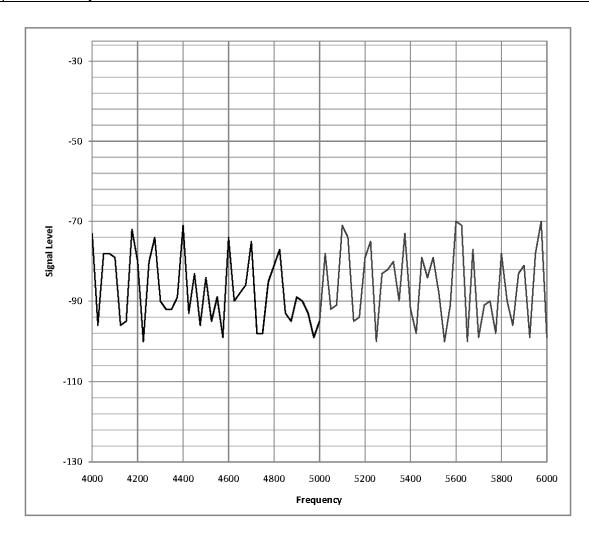


Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Between Cass Ave and IL 83	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST20	Omni directional	

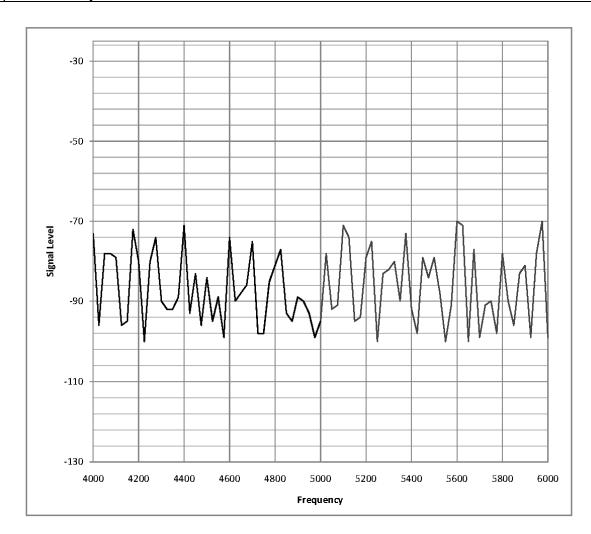




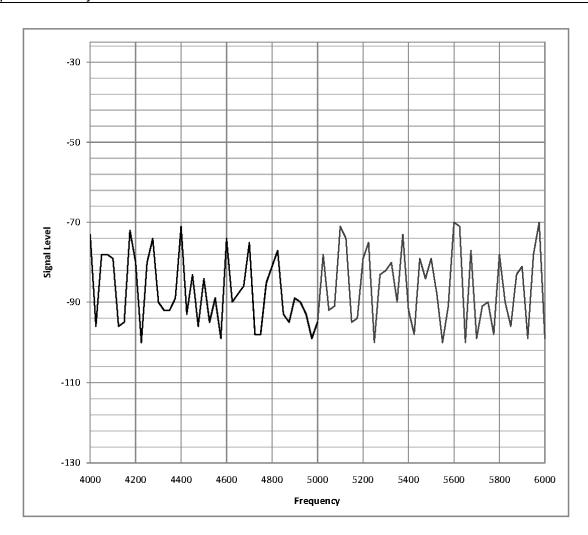
Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Cass Avenue	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST20A	Omni directional	



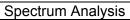
Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	East of Lemont Road	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST22	Omni directional	

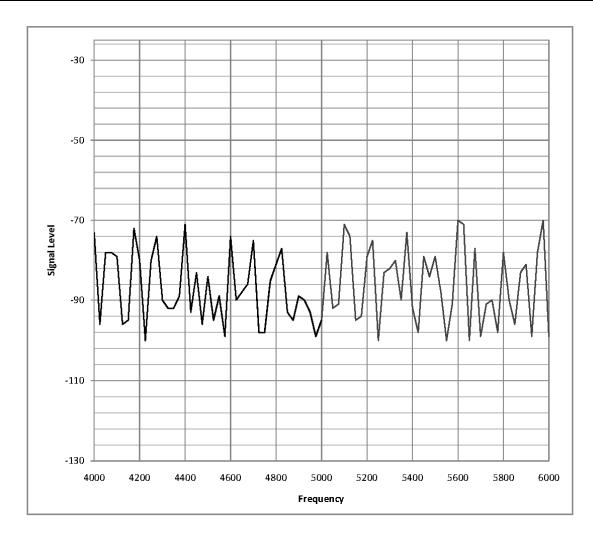


Route I-55	Cross Street Between I355 and Lemont Rd	Date April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST23	Omni directional	



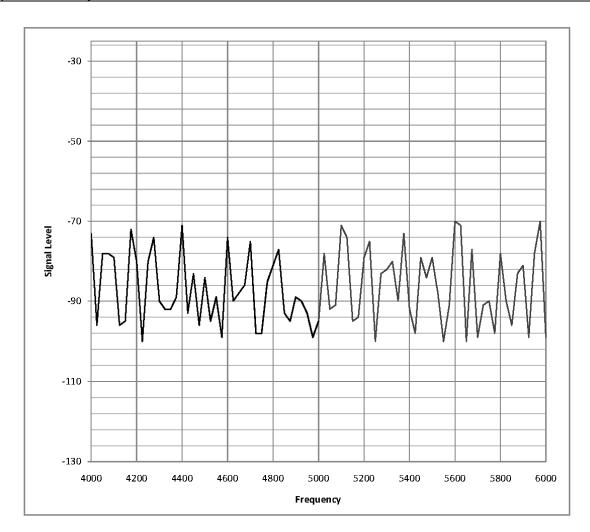
Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	I355	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST24	Omni directional	



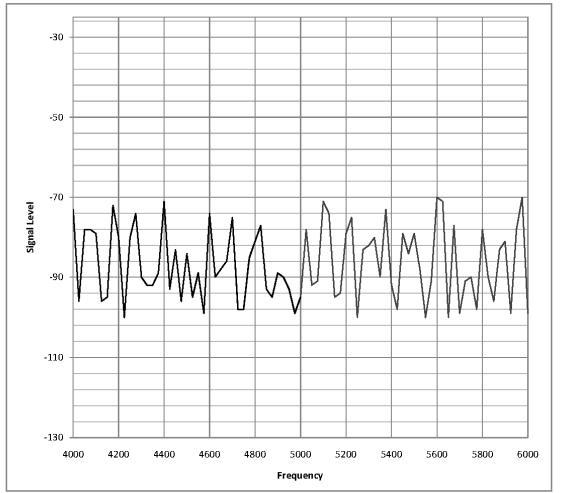


Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Veterans Parkway	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST29	Omni directional	

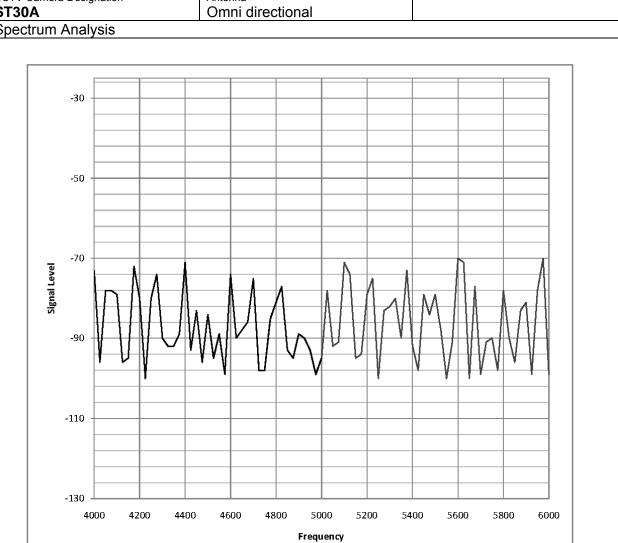




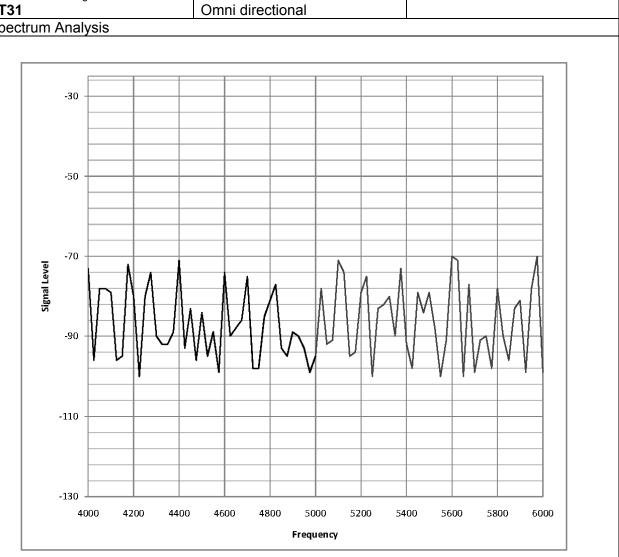
Route				Cros	s Street			Date				
I-55		We	Weber Road		April 2009							
CCTV Camera	a Desig	nation		Ante	nna			-				
ST30				Om	ni direc	ctional						
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	-30										1	



Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Weber Road	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST30A	Omni directional	
Spectrum Analysis		

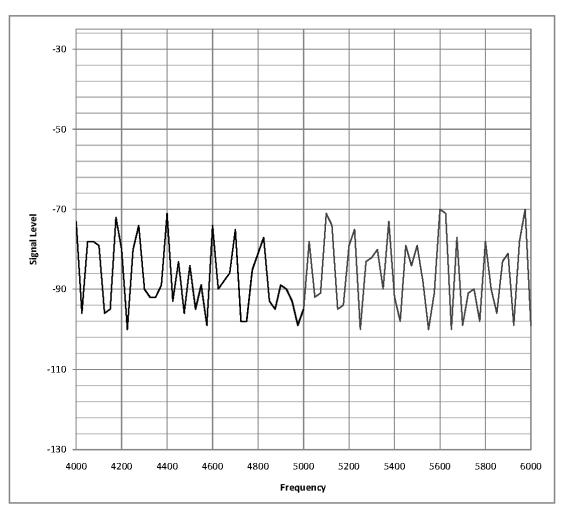


Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Road	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST31	Omni directional	
Spectrum Analysis		·



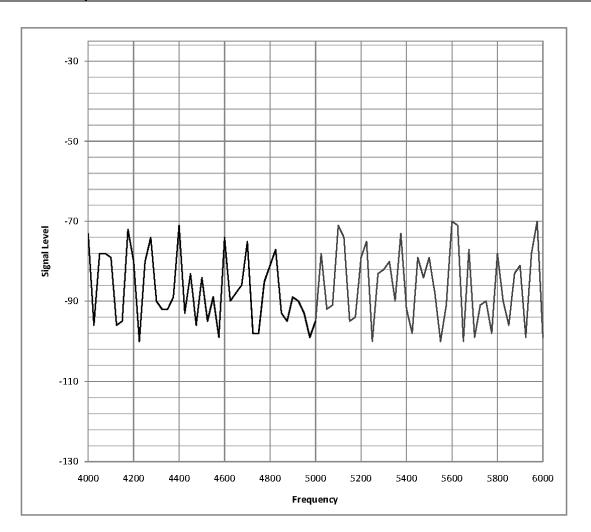
tte 5	Cross Street IL 126	April 2009
TV Camera Designation	Antenna Omni directional	
ectrum Analysis	1	
-30		
-50		
Signal Level		
-90		
-110		
-130		
4000 4200 4	4400 4600 4800 5000 5200 Frequency	5400 5600 5800 6000

I-55 IL 126 CCTV Camera Designation Antenna	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation Antenna	•
ST32A Omni dire	ectional
Spectrum Analysis	



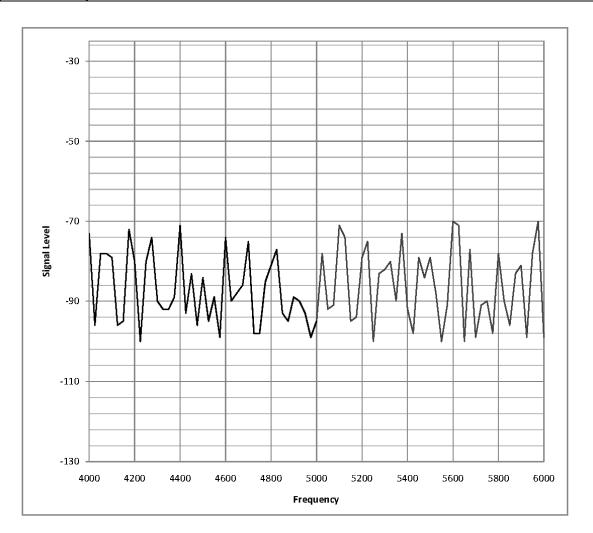
Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Lockport Road	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST34	Omni directional	



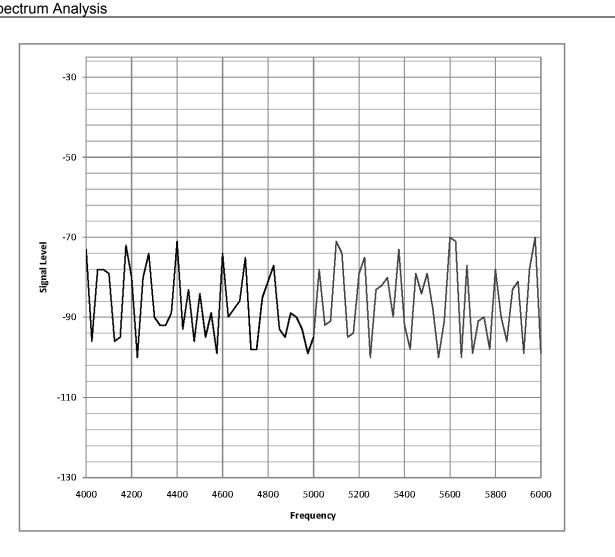


Cross Street	Date
Renwick Road	April 2009
Antenna	
Omni directional	
	Renwick Road Antenna

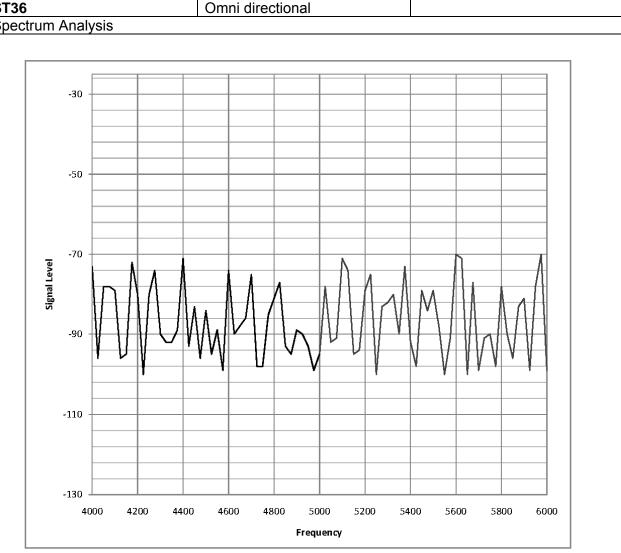




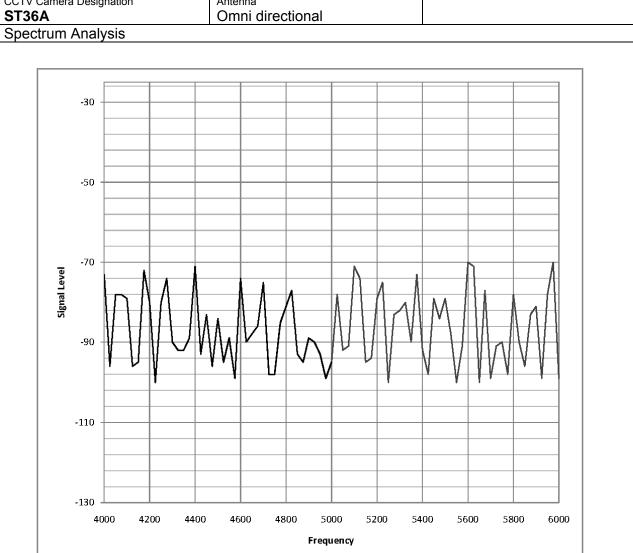
Cross Street	Date				
US 30	April 2009				
Antenna					
Omni directional					
ST35A Omni directional Spectrum Analysis					
	US 30 Antenna				



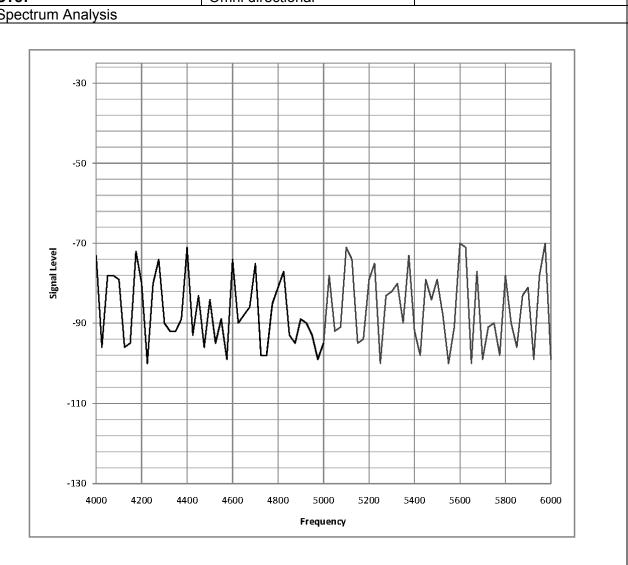
Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	US 30	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST36	Omni directional	
Spectrum Analysis		



Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	US 30	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	_	
ST36A	Omni directional		

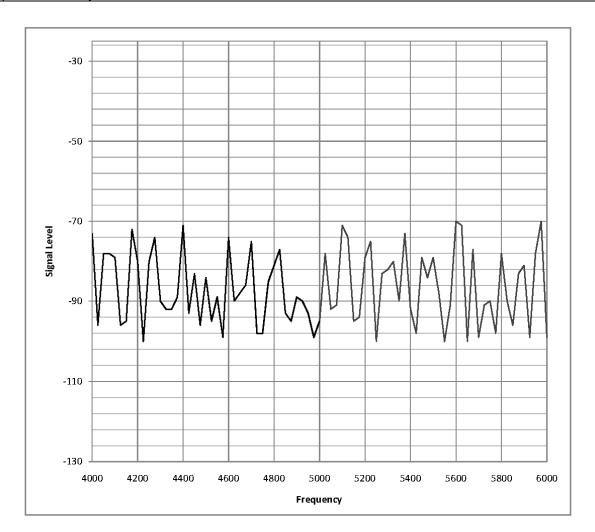


Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	Road	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	-	
ST37	Omni directional		
Spectrum Analysis			



Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	Caton Farm Road	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST37A	Omni directional	





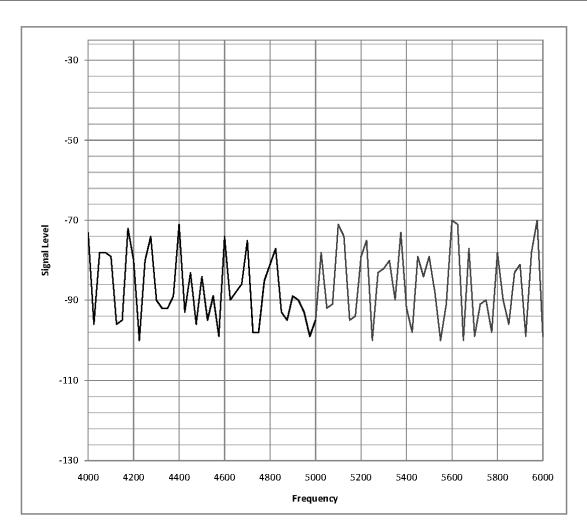
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-110								

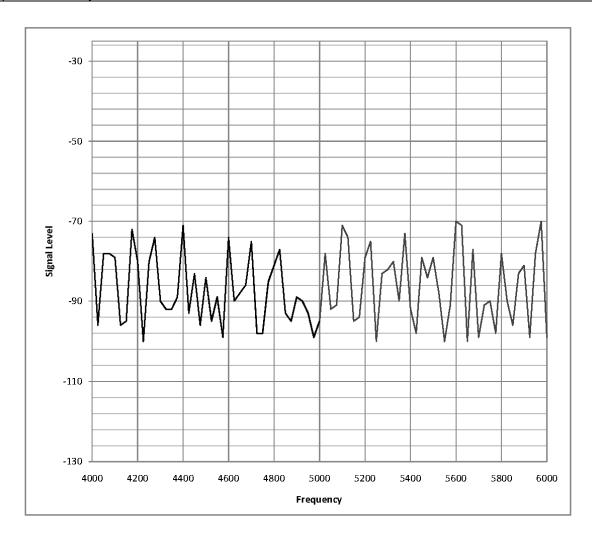
Cross Street	Date
Black Road	April 2009
Antenna	
Omni directional	
	Black Road Antenna



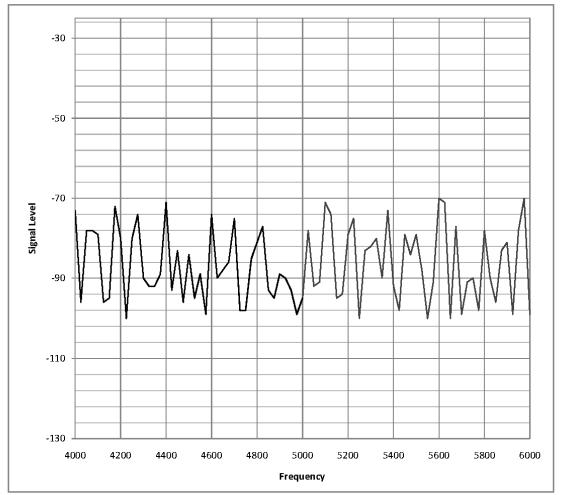


Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	North of Jefferson St.	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna		,
ST40	Omni directional		

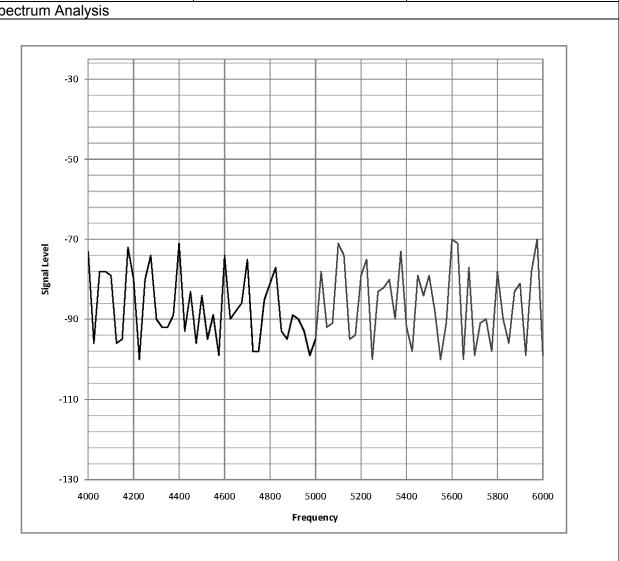




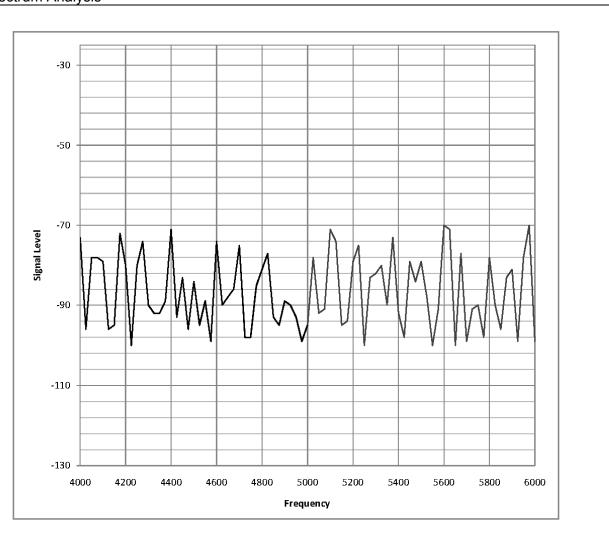
Route		Cross Stree			Date			
I-55		Jefferso	on St.		April	2009		
CCTV Camera Desig	nation	Antenna						
ST40A		Omni dir	rectional					
Spectrum Analy	ysis							
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30							1	
-30				+	 		1	



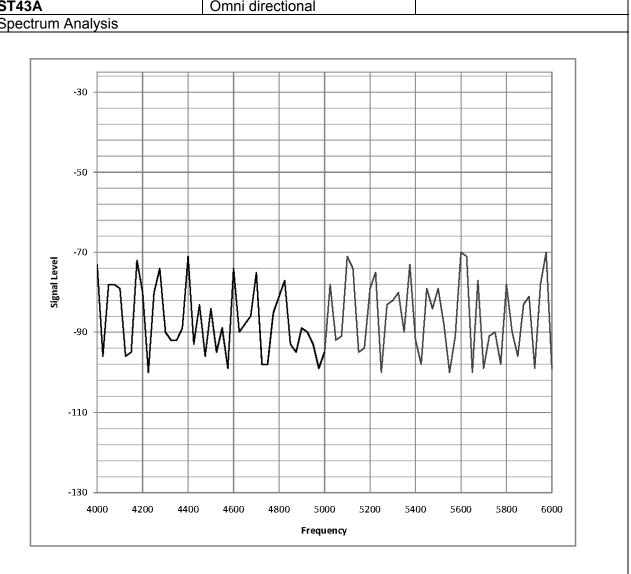
Road	April 2009
nna	-
ni directional	
1	na



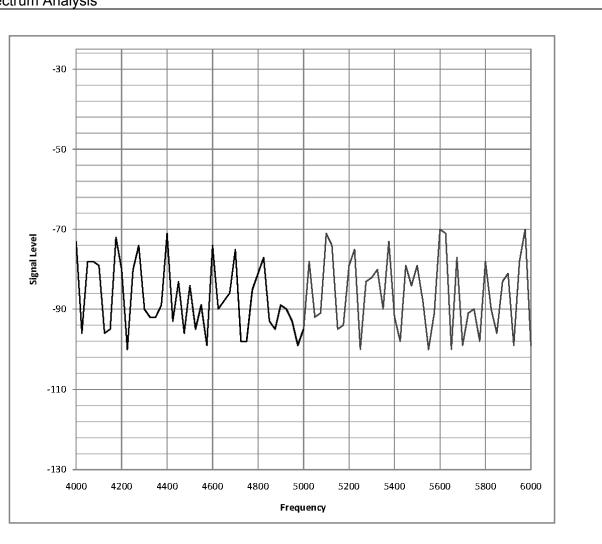
Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	I-80 (North)	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	•	
ST43	Omni directional		
Spectrum Analysis	·		



Route	Cross Street	Date	
I-55	I-80 (South)	April 2009	
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	_	
ST43A	Omni directional		
Spectrum Analysis		•	



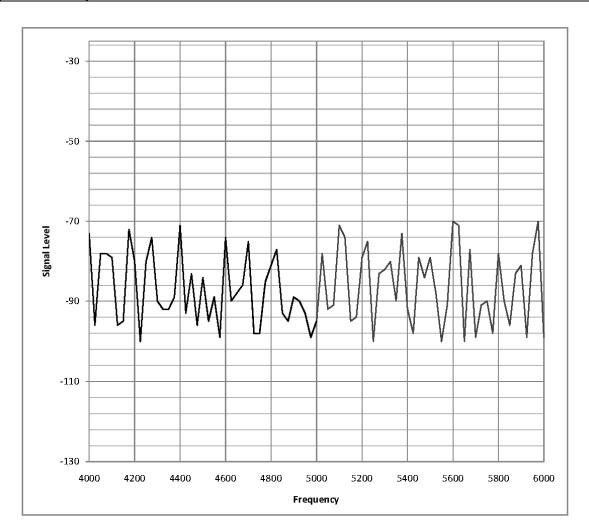
6	April 2009	
enna		
nni directional		
	nni directional	



Radio Spectrum Analysis

Route	Cross Street	Date
I-55	South of US 6	April 2009
CCTV Camera Designation	Antenna	
ST46	Omni directional	





COMMUNICATIONS SHELTER

Effective: June 1, 2009

Description.

Provide fabrication, delivery, installation and testing of Equipment Shelter to support Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) communication equipment. The shelter shall be used to house electronic communication equipment, power supplies, and related components necessary for the proper operating conditions of the equipment to be installed within a controlled environment.

<u>Technical Abbreviations and Definitions</u>. The abbreviations, acronyms and their definitions listed below may be used throughout this section:

AWG American Wire Gauge

BCH Bose-Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem (type of cyclic redundancy code)

CMOS Complimentary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor

FSK Frequency Shift Keying

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers

mA Milliamperes

MTBF Mean Time Between Failure
NEC National Electrical Code
RTU Remote Terminal Unit

TIA Telecommunications Industry Association

UPS Uninterruptible Power Supply

<u>Applicable Publications</u>. The publications listed below form a part of these Specifications to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the test by basic designation only. Conform to reference standards by date of issue in effect on date of Contract Advertisement.

ANSI/TIA/EIA-606 Administration Standard for the Telecommunications Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings,

ANSI/TIA/EIA-607 Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications.

National Electrical Code (NEC), Article 800.

IEEE Surge Withstand Capability Test C37-90-1.

Materials.

<u>Prefabricated Equipment Shelter</u>. The equipment shelter shall be pre-assembled, and of reinforced solid concrete construction. The shelter shall be a standard item provided by any of several manufacturers. The shelter shall come complete with a secure door; power distribution panels; a heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) system; lightning protection; a grounding system; and any other necessary appurtenances to provide for an integrated communication shelter. The shelter shall be built and constructed to wind loads as required by local building codes. The shelter's exterior shall be provided with a concrete aggregate finish.

The shelter shall have a bullet-resistant surface as required by UL 752. The shelter's exterior color shall be earth tone to blend into surroundings. The shelter's heat transfer coefficient shall not exceed 0.07 British Thermal Unit (BTU) per hour per square foot (h/ft) per degree Fahrenheit (OF) [0.3 kilocalorie (kcal) per hour per square meter (hr/M2) per degree Celsius ('Q].

Shelter floor and foundations. The equipment shelter's supporting floor shall be concrete or a concrete composite material. The communication shelter's foundation shall be a monolithic slab with a footing foundation. The foundation for the communication shelter as shown on the contract drawings shall be evaluated for the specific requirements of the site, in consideration of local soil conditions, and local building restrictions. Shelter anchor locations shall be coordinated with shelter manufacturer. The top of the foundation shall be a minimum of 1 foot [0.3 meter] above grade. Sufficient cross bracing shall be provided to prevent the equipment shelter's structure from bending or breaking during moving, towing, or hoisting, and to ensure minimum warping after the shelter has been placed on the foundation with the interior equipment installed. The equipment room's finished floor covering shall be industrial-grade vinyl flooring fastened to the sub floor with waterproof glue. The sub floor shall be 6 inch (15cm) precast reinforced concrete, insulated, and equipped with integral lifting points, and shall contain a recessed step-joint, to prevent water intrusion into the shelter. The floor shall be designed and constructed to support a minimum live load of 150 pounds per square foot (lbs/f) [7.2 kilopascals (kPa)] while on foundation.

<u>Door</u>. The door shall be an exterior pre-hung, fully insulated, bullet-resistant, galvanized steel door with continuous hinge, and shall be provided with baked enamel finish, and a door check and doorstop. The exterior door shall be 36 inches [0.91 meter] in width by 84 inches [2.1 meters] in length with a mortised deadbolt security common-keyed lock, consistent with other Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) sites. The keys to the door's lock shall be provided to the Department. Doors shall have a hydraulic door closer, and a passage style lever handle on both the inside and outside for opening and closing.

<u>Walls</u>. The walls shall be constructed of 4 inch (0.1cm) thick reinforced concrete, with a two-step keyway joint, to prevent water intrusion into the shelter. The walls shall be insulated using a minimum insulating factor of R11. Interior surfaces shall be sheathed with 1.5 inches (4cm) of high performance hard board insulation. The interior of the walls shall be finished with an aesthetically pleasing 0.5 inch (1.3cm) wood panel with a white laminate coating, and molding on all corners. Total wall system shall have a thermal insulation rating of R19. All floor/wall intersections shall have 4-inch [0.1 -meter] vinyl baseboards installed using waterproof glue.

The ceiling structure shall be designed and constructed to support all of the proposed fixtures, cable trays, etc., or a minimum live load of 30 lbs/SF. (1.4 kPa).

Roof. The roof sections shall be designed and constructed of 4 inch thick reinforced concrete, with a minimum 0.25-inch per foot [3.2 millimeters per 304.8 millimeters] pitch from the center for drainage. All voided areas between the roof and the ceiling shall be sheathed with 1.5 inches (4 cm) of high performance hard board insulation with a thermal performance of R11, covered with a layer of an aesthetically pleasing 0.5 inch (1.3 cm) white laminate wood panel with a vapor shield. The exterior of the roof shall be covered with an ultraviolet resistant, reflective elastomeric coating to prevent water intrusion. The roof shall be designed and constructed to support a minimum live load of 100 lbs/f (4.8 kPa).

<u>Entrance Stoop</u>. The shelter's entrance shall have a 3 foot by 5 foot reinforced concrete slab, installed so that the top of the slab matches the top of the foundation slab. The distance from the final grade to the shelter floor shall not exceed 12 inches [0.2 meter], and the entrance slab shall be separated from the foundation wall by a continuous 0.5 inch (1.3cm) pre-moulded joint filler.

<u>Lighting</u>. The equipment shelter shall utilize dual-bulb 40-watt fluorescent surface-mounted fixtures. The Contractor shall supply a sufficient quantity of light fixtures to provide a uniform light level of 150 footcandles, or lumens per ft² [1614.6 metercandles] or lumens per M² at 4 feet [1.2 meters] above the floor to void shadows throughout the building. An interior light switch shall be mounted adjacent to the entry door. The Contractor shall furnish and install one 35-watt high pressure sodium vandal-resistant floodlight mounted on the outside near the entrance door with a photocell and interior light switch. The Contractor shall also furnish and install an interior two-headed emergency light with rechargeable batteries, a charger pilot, and test light that are wired unswitched to the interior lighting circuit.

Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning System. The Contractor shall provide exterior vertical wall-mounted air conditioners for the communication shelter. The heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) system shall provide an alarm that indicates failure (i.e., a dry contact closure alarm point). The unit shall have an adjustable time delay initially set to five minutes to prevent compressor damage or generator stall if utility power service is prematurely restored following a power failure. The unit shall also have a hard start device installed to reduce the starting current required during a cold start or under high-head pressure conditions. The unit shall be capable of safely operating when the outside temperature falls below 60 'F [15.5 'C], allowing continuous interior equipment cooling and dehumidification in cold weather. The unit shall have sufficient capacity to cool from a 95 'F [35 'C] ambient temperature to 75 '17 [23.9 'C], including the equipment heat load.

<u>Cable Tray</u>. The Contractor shall provide cable trays that are 1 foot [0.3 meter] wide and of sufficient strength to support the control wires, and alarm wires associated with the communication equipment. The cable tray construction shall be galvanized steel, aluminum, or painted steel. The cable trays shall be suspended from the ceiling. All cable trays shall be fabricated in an open ladder type arrangement to permit easy cable routing. In addition, all rack and cabling tray units shall be electrically bonded together. Flat washers shall be used to facilitate rack bonding on non-painted surface areas. After bonding, these areas shall be covered with an antioxidant compound. The Contractor shall ground the cable tray assemblies to the shelter interior ground.

<u>Wall Mounted Fiber Optic Termination Frame</u>. The Contractor shall provide a wall mounted fiber optic termination frame used to terminate outside plant fiber optic cables inside the communication shelter as shown on the Plans. Each termination frame shall terminate a minimum of 480 single-mode fibers. The termination frame shall store excess fiber and splice individual pigtails. The pigtails are mounted on bulkhead sleeves using type SC connectors. These connectors shall be accessible to a technician standing in front of the frame. Each SC connector on the panel shall not cause in excess of 0.3dB optical signal loss when tested at 1310nm. The single mode fiber used in the pigtails shall meet the optical characteristics of the outside plant fiber optic cable used, including mode field diameter.

The termination frame shall route fiber optic patch cables between any two connectors without reaching the patch cables' minimum bending radius.

The termination frame shall include standard anchor bolts for securing to a wall and the floor. The termination frame shall include ground bar which shall be used to ground the frame to the shelter's central ground point.

<u>Fire Smoke Detection and Suppression</u>. The equipment shelter shall include one ionization and one photoelectric smoke detector operating on alternating current (AC). The smoke detector shall be mounted on the ceiling and shall include a dry contact closure that will activate during smoke detection conditions. A hand-held carbon dioxide fire extinguisher suitable for use on electrical fires shall be mounted on the wall near the door. The extinguisher shall have a valid inspection tag and be refillable.

<u>Electrical</u>. The standard electrical configuration for the shelter site shall be single-phase 120/240 volts of alternating current (VAQ per 60 hertz (Hz) with a 150-amp minimum service. The Contractor shall provide the necessary power service drop and site-specific power needs on to site. Provide one 225 Amp, 42-circuit distribution panel, and two 100 Amp, 24-circuit distribution panels.

AC-Powered Transient Voltage Surge Suppression Device. The shelter shall have a primary AC transient voltage surge suppression (TVSS) device that has been pre-approved in writing by the engineer. The TVSS device shall use field-replaceable modular technology and shall include a set of Normally Opened (NO) Normally Closed (NC) Form C contacts for remote alarm monitoring as detailed below.

The Contractor shall ground the TVSS device using a minimum #12 American Wire Gauge (AWG) copper wire that is exothermically welded to the interior perimeter ground. The device shall consist of primary modules using silicon avalanche diode (SAD) technology and a secondary module using the metal oxide varistor (MOV) technology. The shelter shall have a spare MOV and SAD module with each primary AC TVSS device. For substitute product approval, the Contractor shall submit a certified, signed, and sealed statement that the device meets or exceeds all requirements as detailed herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract from an engineer registered in the State of Illinois.

In addition, the Contractor shall submit unpotted samples of each module to the engineer for inspection. The modules shall be bolted in the TVSS device. No plug-in modules shall be permitted. The equivalent of a minimum of two SAD modules and one MOV module shall be installed from each phase conductor to the neutral conductor. One or more separate MOV modules capable of handling at least 75 kiloamperes (kA) of surge current shall be installed between the neutral and ground.

A 200-kA ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) fused disconnect shall be installed in the TVSS device. The TVSS device shall have a surge counter that counts the number of surge current transients that are being suppressed over 150 amps. Surges in any mode and phase shall be counted. The TVSS device shall have a UL 1283 listed electromagnetic interference (EMI)/radio frequency interference (RFI) filter with a maximum attenuation of 75 decibels (dB) from 100

kilohertz (kHz) to 100 megahertz (MHz). Enclosure ratings shall be a minimum of NEMA 1, 2, 3, 3S, 4, 4X, 12, and 13, and shall be compliant with the UL 95 standard's Test 5V. The TVSS device shall be listed in the second edition of the UL 1449 standard.

The TVSS device shall comply with the specifications detailed herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract, including:

- A maximum surge current (8x20uS) for a SAD module that is greater than or equal to (~:) 24 kA;
- minimum energy absorption for a SAD module of 0.9 BTU [1,000 joules];
- maximum surge current (8x2OuS) for a MOV module that is ~: 50 kA;
- minimum energy absorption for a MOV module of 4.7 BTUs [5,000 joules];
- maximum continuous operating voltage of 150 volts; and
- let-through voltage of 339 volts as required in the second edition of the UL 1449 standard.

<u>Conduit Entry</u>. The shelter shall have a rectangular floor opening to accommodate the entry of communication related conduits as shown on the contract drawings. Gaps in floor remaining between the conduit stub ups and the floor opening are to be filled solid with self-expanding sealant caulk.

<u>Serial Device Server</u>. The Contractor shall furnish industrially-hardened, Ethernet serial device servers. The device server shall be a multi-port serial-to-Ethernet server, specifically designed to operate in harsh environments. The Ethernet server shall operate within specifications over the temperature range of -40° to 85° C. The server shall operate with relative humidity of 95%, non-condensing.

The Ethernet server shall have four RS-232 ports, two 100BaseT ports, and two 100BaseFX ports. The optical ports shall satisfy the following:

- Shall be designed to operate into single mode cable with physical core of 8-9 microns
- Shall provide a nominal output power of -16 dBm, receive sensitivity of -32 dBm, and link power budget of 16 dB.
- Shall operate at 1310 nm (nominal)

The Ethernet ports shall be full duplex. The Ethernet switch management shall include:

- Enhanced Rapid Spanning Tree (IEEE 802.1w) for fault tolerance with rapid recovery times
- Quality of Service (IEEE 802.1p) for real-time traffic
- Port rate limiting: 128 kbps, 256 kbps, 512 kbps, 4 Mbps, and 8 Mbps
- VLAN (IEEE 802.1q) for traffic segregation with double tagging
- IGMP Snooping for multicast filtering
- Port configuration, status, statistics, mirroring, and security
- Loss of link management for link pulse control on fiber ports
- Web-based, Telnet, CLI management interfaces
- SNMP v2 and RMON
- Diagnostics with logging and alarm

The serial device server shall include a power supply compatible with 120 VAC. The power supply shall be compatible with the environment specified for the device server.

The device server shall be DIN rail or panel mounted.

The server shall comply with the following IEEE standards:

- 802.3—10BaseT
- 802.3u—100BaseTX, 100BaseFX
- 802.3x—Flow Control
- 802.3d—MAC Bridges
- 802.1d—Spanning Tree Protocol
- 802.1p—Class of Service
- 802.1q—VLAN Tagging
- 802.1w—Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol

The server shall comply 47 CFR, Part 15, Type A and be UL listed.

<u>SCADA System</u>. The remote terminal unit(s) (RTU) shall be fully compatible with the IDOT DISTRICT 1 existing Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system. The Contractor shall expand the existing District 1 Headquarters SCADA equipment by integrating additional remote terminal units (RTUs) specified under this contract. The remote terminal units shall collect device status data. The flow of alarm data to the District 1 Headquarters shall be initiated by equipment on/off sensors installed in equipment to be monitored.

The Contractor shall include all required programming and updating of the SCADA database at communication shelters as part of this contract. In addition, all communications equipment and components necessary for a complete and operational system at the District 1 Headquarters, if required.

In each communication shelter the Contractor shall furnish and install a SCADA cabinet consisting of line surge protection and ground fault detection, power supply, central processor, and digital input modules, and digital output modules.

The SCADA RTU inputs shall be communication shelter alarm inputs. The Contractor shall provide one 16 port digital output card under this contract for the SCADA Alarm System identified as SCADA Main and a second 16 port digital output card identified as SCADA Backup, both individually transported via 4 TW pair Ethernet cable to an Serial Device Server as specified herein.

Remote Terminal Units (RTUs) shall be furnished and installed in the Communication Shelters, and shall include the auxiliary equipment necessary for the interface functions associated with equipment at these locations.

REMOTE TERMINAL UNITS (RTUs)

<u>Functional Requirements</u>. The RTUs shall be microprocessor controlled such that changes in their operation may be made by merely changing memory elements. System input/output boards shall be cable connected to logic boards and arranged such that future expansion of the RTU may be made with minimum effort and not require specialized tools or knowledge.

All remote terminal units shall communicate with the IDOT District 1 Headquarters over the IDOT District 1 Fiber Optic backbone.

CAT-5 Ethernet cable shall be used to connect the RTU to a Serial Device Server as specified herein.

The inputs to the RTU shall be on/off sensors such as dry contacts, limit switches, etc. The RTU shall be furnished with an MODBUS RTU protocol and external modem to permit polling over telephone lines using DF-1 Protocol.

All Contractor furnished equipment shall function and communicate with existing IDOT District 1 Headquarters SCADA equipment, located at the Headquarters communication center.

<u>Operational Requirements</u>. The remote station RTU enclosures shall be fused to protect the lines and equipment in the event of accidental contact with 120VAC.

The RTU shall support programmable calculation and control algorithms. These shall be written on a portable laptop computer using a script editor. These shall be compiled and loaded into non-volatile memory in the RTU. The RTU shall have the capability to upload the script to the Master Station. In the event of a failure of the RTU or corruption of the script file, the Master Station shall download the file into the RTU. This file format and communication protocol shall be compatible with the existing District 1 Headquarters SCADA System.

As a minimum, the calculation and control routines shall support the following mathematical and logical functions: add, subtract, multiply, divide, assign, log, exponential, sine, cosine, tan, arcsine, arccosine, arctan, equal to, not equal to, greater than or equal to, less

The available database for the above shall include: local status values, local accumulator values, set-point values from Master Station, date and time variables, and communications failure.

Functions shall include: set status value, set accumulator value, and start local timer. The RTU shall have a built-in circuit to detect and isolate a grounded SCADA communication line from the RTU so a "ground" at only one point on the data transmission line wire shall not cause a LINE SUPERVISION alarm or impair operation of the system. (LINE SUPERVISION is defined as loss of communication between the Master Station and the RTU).

The RTU shall have an adjustable ground detection system capable of sensing a resistance to ground with an adjustable range between 5,000 Ohms and 50,000 Ohms on the RTU station DC power (both positive and negative). 2 outputs of ground detector circuits shall be dry contacts with configuration "energized in Normal Condition".

The negative supply potential of the ground detectors shall be connected to ground or Shelter Structure as appropriate. The ground detector system shall be energized from an independent DC power supply, rectified and filtered from an isolated 120 VAC -60 Hz source

Input and Output Points.

<u>Status Points</u>. The RTU shall be capable of accepting SCADA inputs from 64 sources. These shall be monitored by the remote station. All status points associated with an RTU shall be interrogated by the RTU at least once every 10 milliseconds.

The RTU shall be equipped such that if a device change of state occurs, but disappears before that remote is polled by the Master Station, the change is not lost. Storage for up to 7 changes of state per status point must be available.

All RTU inputs shall be protected against voltage surges and shall meet the IEEE surge withstand test.

A separated industrial barrier type interposing terminal blocks shall be provided for all interface connections between other, contractor furnished equipment and the SCADA RTU inputs. These terminal blocks shall accommodate up to No. 10 AWG wire, and shall be General Electric type EB-5 or approved equal.

Local LED indicators shall be provided to display the state of all status points.

Circulating current to dry contacts shall be supplied by the RTU at a 12 VDC level. Non-shielded wires shall be used and the input point shall not be affected by electromagnetic and electrostatic interferences. The input points shall be capable of operating from contact devices up to 400 feet from the RTU over No. 14 AWG non-shielded wires.

The initial configuration shall contain the following inputs:

Source

Alarm Description

i.	AC Normal Power	Normal Power Failure
ii.	AC Reliable Power	Reliable Power Failure
iii.	Communication Shelter Door Intrusion	Comm. Shelter Key Switch
iv.	Fire Alarm Panel	General Alarm – Fire
٧.	Fire Alarm Panel	Panel Alarm – Trouble
vi.	Comm. Shelter Temp.	comm Shelter Alarm – Low Temp.
vii.		Comm. Shelter Temp.
		Comm. Shelter High High
		Temp Alarm
viii.	HVAC #1	HVAC #1 Malfunction
ix.	HVAC #2	HVAC #2 Malfunction
X.	Generator Alarm	Low Fuel
xi.	Generator Alarm	Generator Malfunction
xii.	Generator Alarm	Emergency Generator Running

xiii. AC Transfer Switch

Automatic Transfer Switch

"Bypassed"

AC Transfer Switch AC Normal Power Failure

xv. AC Transfer Switch

xiv.

Automatic Transfer Switch

"EM Generator Position"

xvi. AC Transfer Switch

Automatic Transfer Switch

"Normal Power"

xvii. AC Transfer Switch

Automatic Transfer Switch -

Malfunction

<u>Communication Path Security</u>. The RTU's encoding/decoding of information shall guard against false commands being executed and prevent false data from being transmitted to the Master Station. As a minimum the following security features are required:

BCH error detection coding or equivalent cross-hatch parity, error detection encoding shall be used. The RTU shall re-encode and retransmit (to the Master Station) part or all information control messages according to existing master handshake procedures.

<u>Internal Operation and Construction Security</u>. As a minimum, the following features are required:

High stability clocks for internal timing. The time base of all RTUs shall be periodically synchronized by the Master Station to ensure Sequence of Event accuracy and a time base for calculate and control programs.

The following conditions shall not produce false control operations by the Master Station. In addition, these conditions shall not produce false or continuous transmission to the Master Station. These conditions are: Power up of the RTU; Switching from the primary power source to the back-up source; Communication circuit failure; Any component failure in the RTU; A logic card left out of the RTU.

The RTU design shall be modular for ease of maintenance and expansion. Failure of one card containing a group of input or output points shall not disable the entire RTU. The RTU reliability shall be high, with a mean time between failures (MTBF) of at least 10,000 hours.

The Manufacturer shall provide details of all data security features for the review/approval of the Engineer prior to the start of the manufacturing process.

Integrated circuits using circuit types other than CMOS logic shall require the approval of the Engineer prior to the start of the manufacturing process.

RTU Hardware.

<u>Control Panel</u>. The RTU shall be an Allen Bradley ControlLogix 1756. It shall acquire data from two separate communication systems. The first and the primary system is an IDOT fiber optic communications backbone network. The second is a dial up phone system operating at the slow speed of 2400 baud to accommodate the existing RTU's.

The RTU shall be microprocessor controlled such that changes in their operation may be made by merely changing memory elements. The controller shall be modular and multiple controllers may be placed in any slot of the backplane. The Controller shall be able to communicate with or other processors across RS-232 (DFI/DH-485 protocol), DeviceNet, DH+, ControlNet, Ethernet/IP networks. The contractor shall select the appropriate communications interface module.

<u>RTU Supervision</u>. The supervision of all devices shall be accomplished via the monitoring of dedicated auxiliary contact(s) on each device.

The auxiliary contact(s) will open or close depending on the status of the device (open, closed, running, etc.). The RTU shall monitor the position of the contacts and report the status of the device to the Master Station. The status of 2 auxiliary contacts shall indicate a maximum of 4 possible positions of the device.

The RTU shall be equipped with local indicators that will display the state of each and every contact.

Visual Basic code in the RSView application software requests data from Kepware, at which point Kepware communicates with the modem for dialing and data transfer.

<u>Terminal Blocks</u>. Within the RTU cabinet, all external wiring interfacing with the RTU cabinet shall terminate on easily accessible interposing terminal blocks. This wiring shall include, but not be limited to: emergency power supply wiring, supervision contacts, interposing relay contacts, telemetering points and line wires. Terminal blocks shall be General Electric type EB-5 or approved equal. Self-extinguishing white vinyl marking strips shall be included on all interposing terminal blocks. All terminals to which battery or other high voltages are to be connected, shall be provided with protective covers. All terminal blocks shall be labeled and have corresponding identification on unit schematic prints.

<u>Wiring</u>. All wiring shall be stranded and of suitable gauge and insulation to meet the intended use. Extra flexible stranded control wires shall be used for wiring between hinged and stationary portions of panels. All internal wiring to interposing terminal blocks shall be a minimum of No. 14 AWG stranded wire.

Input and output wiring shall be kept physically separate where possible. AC and low voltage DC wiring shall be kept physically separate where possible.

All wiring shall be clearly identified with designation at each end using white plastic slip-on markers with black lettering. The marker diameter shall be consistent with the wire diameter to insure a snug fit, but yet be able to be rotated for identification.

All wiring shall be secured into harnesses. All wiring including harnesses shall be routed in such a manner as to not obstruct the installation or removal of RTU components, and shall be secured to the cabinet where appropriate for neatness and to reduce strain on components.

All terminations to terminal strips within all RTUs shall be made with crimp-on insulated ring type terminals.

<u>Input/Output Isolation and Protection</u>. All inputs and outputs including power supply and circuit ports shall be capable of withstanding the IEEE SWC standard test without damage.

<u>Components</u>. Proper mounting shall be employed for all components on printed circuit boards to prevent damage from shipping and vibration encountered in the IDOT "right-of-way" environments.

Circuit boards and their components shall be suitably protected from dampness and corrosion common to the exterior environments.

<u>Construction/Packaging/Labeling</u>. In addition to general quality workmanship the following shall be implemented:

All plug-in printed circuit cards shall be keyed to prevent damage to the RTU or devices connected to the RTU through improper connection.

Gold plated contacts shall be used on all printed circuit board and other multi-pin connectors.

All printed circuit boards shall be made of glass-epoxy material.

Each printed circuit board and all subassemblies shall be serial numbered to uniquely identify them for warranty.

All nameplates for cabinets, panels, components, relays, fuse blocks, switches and terminal blocks (except terminal block numbering strips) shall be plastic, utilize white printing on a black background, and shall match those on existing IDOT District 1 SCADA equipment. All nameplates shall meet the approval of the Engineer.

All terminal blocks, rows and/or columns shall be suitably and clearly labeled by the contractor using standard methods.

All plug-in devices/cards shall employ a positive locking design to prevent loosening from vibration.

All internal components shall be labeled and referenced to the internal schematic diagram.

<u>Remote Terminal Unit Enclosure</u>. Cabinets shall be rigid, weatherproof and constructed from fiberglass reinforced polyester resins for use in highly corrosive atmospheres. Design shall conform to NEMA Type 4X construction.

The main box portion of the cabinet shall be of one-piece construction, with smooth, rounded comers and a mounting flange around the entire perimeter (attached back plate is unacceptable). All fabrication seams must be sealed and no unused holes are permitted. There shall be no gasketed joints except for the neoprene door gasket. Gasket material shall be approved by IDOT.

Cabinet shall have automatic, corrosion-proof condensation drain plugs installed in the bottom. Plugs shall be of tamper-proof design with stainless steel screening. Cabinet design shall incorporate an integral fiberglass drip shield to protect the door hardware from water, ice/snow buildups and settling dust.

The cabinet shall be arranged for top or bottom cable entry and shall have overlapping double doors. Each door shall be fastened to the main box with a continuous stainless steel hinge (16 gauge minimum) for the full length of the door. All hinges, latches, etc. shall be fastened to the cabinet using stainless steel rivets with stainless steel backup washers. All rivets shall be sealed with RTV or similar material. All doors shall be capable of opening a minimum of 180 degrees and shall be of tamperproof design and construction.

The door surfaces shall incorporate fiberglass bracing to prevent door buckling or warpage. No RTU electronic components or modules shall be mounted on the doors. The doors shall be equipped with holdopens for the 180 degree position. All cabinet doors shall be furnished with suitable handles and 3-point latching mechanisms. All door locks shall be keyed to match existing SCADA RTU cabinet locks. Doors shall be provided with hasps suitable for a IDOT supplied 5/8 inch padlock. All cabinets shall have a print pocket attached to the inside of the cabinet door for the storage of prints and point assignment charts.

Cabinets shall be provided with a 3/8 inch fiberglass laminate interior mounting panel of NEMA GPO-2 construction with a UL 94V-0 rating for high flame resistance. The panel shall be attached to the inside of the cabinet by stainless steel collar stude embedded in the main cabinet interior. All RTU components shall be installed on this mounting board using bolted connections. All mounting holes must be tapped (nuts behind panels are not permitted).

Cabinet shall be designed so that removal of the cabinet from its mounts or the removal of any internal components from the RTU shall not require the removal of any interior mounting panel. Maximum dimensions of the RTU cabinet shall be 48" high by 23" wide by 15" deep.

All cabinets shall be designed to incorporate necessary bracing to assure the rigidity of the cabinet structure including an optional door(s). The cabinets shall be of sufficient strength that no external supports are required if the cabinets are securely fastened to the wall.

Each cabinet shall have mounted on it a large, easily readable identification label corresponding to the location where the RTU will be installed. These shall match labels on existing IDOT District 1 RTUs or shall be approved by the Engineer.

A ground lug capable of accommodating up to a No. 8 AWG stranded grounding cable shall be provided in each cabinet.

Other. All RTUs shall have a switchable interior AC light and dual duplex AC receptacle mounted inside the RTU cabinet.

Two rack-mounted, plug-in type modems are to be provided for installation in the Communication Line Termination Cabinet in the Control Center. These modems will be installed and setup by IDOT personnel. The modems shall be hot-plugable. Modems shall be US model V.3225 or approved equal.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All materials shall be furnished with the most recently developed product versions that meet or exceed these specifications. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that all components comply with the performance requirements specified herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract. In case of conflict between the requirements of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), the Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Incorporated, and local codes, permitting requirements, and requirements contained herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract, the most stringent specifications shall apply. All materials and practices shall comply with the applicable requirements of the United States Department of Labor's (USDOL) Occupational Safety and Health Standards.

<u>Contractor Requirements</u>. The Contractor is solely responsible for all designs, equipment, materials, and services proposed. The Contractor is responsible for verifying the completeness of the materials required and the suitability of devices used to meet these specifications. The Contractor shall provide and install, without claim, any additional equipment required for operation as required herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract.

The Contractor shall possess the qualifications, skills, and experience necessary to accomplish the work required herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract to construct, furnish, and install equipment shelter. The Contractor who performs the lightning protection system installation shall document experience and competency in the proper design and installation of lightning protection systems, and be certified by the Lightning Protection Institute (LPI). This requirement is in addition to the normal contractor licensing requirements of the State of Illinois.

<u>General Installation</u>. Equipment shelter installation shall meet or exceed the design requirements contained herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract. The Contractor shall be responsible for identifying local facilities for the delivery, storage, and legal disposition of post-installation materials. The Contractor shall also be responsible for locating and protecting any existing underground utilities at the work site. The Contractor shall repair any damage to existing installations at no additional cost to the Department.

The Contractor shall submit detailed drawings of the proposed installation to the engineer for approval. All concrete work shall be performed according with IDOT's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

The Contractor shall supply a concrete mix design to the engineer for approval. The concrete mix design shall be signed and sealed by a professional engineer registered in the State of Illinois. When the concrete is delivered on site, the Contractor shall provide the actual mix design to the engineer for approval. If the concrete mix design does not meet the requirements of the signed and sealed concrete mix design, the Contractor shall not be permitted to use the concrete. At a minimum, the Contractor shall take five samples (i.e., cylinders) of concrete from

each truckload. The Contractor is responsible for performing concrete break tests on the samples at 3-, 7-, 14-, and 28-day intervals. The Contractor shall use a fifth sample as a spare in the event one of the other samples becomes damaged. The Contractor shall submit all concrete break tests in writing to the engineer. No construction or installation may begin on a concrete foundation until the concrete break tests indicate that the concrete has reached its design strength.

The Contractor shall also perform slump and temperature tests for each truckload. If the concrete is beyond the limits of the design or IDOT requirements, the Contractor shall not be permitted to use concrete. Some sites may be located in environmentally sensitive areas and require special treatment of the waste products associated with drilled shaft excavations.

<u>Electrical Installation</u>. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing and connecting electrical power to the shelter. Routing of wires and cables shall be neat and orderly. Electrical connectors and all costs associated with providing power shall be the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall install the power service as required by IDOT's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall provide underground power service.

The Contractor shall provide all electrical connections from the service drop to the shelter's receptacles. The receptacles, switches, and light fixtures shall be wired using a minimum of # 12 AWG copper wires. All wire shall be run in a minimum 0.50-inch [1.27 -centimeter] electrical metallic tubing (EMT). The electrical loads shall be divided among as many load centers as necessary to contain the quantity of circuit breakers required to protect the communication shelter facility. The load centers shall contain separate, appropriately sized circuit breakers for the HVAC units as required for each major branch, receptacle, and remaining location in the 42-circuit panel. Power outlets consisting of quad receptacles shall be mounted on unistruts fastened to the overhead cable tray, above the equipment cabinet racks. In addition, a total of five duplex outlets shall be mounted in the equipment shelter walls as shown on the contract drawings. A separate 20-amp single-pole circuit breaker shall be provided to protect the lighting circuits.

All electrical conduits shall be installed in a neat and orderly fashion. Symmetry shall be employed wherever possible. The main power shall enter the equipment shelter at a primary power switch to allow for the disconnection of commercial power and shall then be routed to an automatic transfer panel that will switch to emergency generator power in the event commercial power is lost. Emergency generator power shall also enter the equipment shelter through a power switch prior to connection to the automatic transfer panel. The main power from the automatic transfer switch shall be routed to a manual transfer switch with the mobile emergency generator connection installed on the outside of the shelter. The emergency generator connection shall allow IDOT personnel to power the site from a portable generator in the event that both the commercial power and emergency power is lost. The resulting main power shall then be routed to a 42-circuit distribution panel and through the associated AC TVSS devices as described herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract.

Grounding. The purpose for installing a grounding system is to provide personnel safety and equipment lightning protection and to minimize the induced noise and static in the system. The grounding system shall comply with the specifications detailed herein, within the plan set, and/or

in the Contract, and with National Electrical Code (NEC) requirements and National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) standards detailed in NFPA-70, as well as all local grounding-related building codes.

The equipment shelter's exterior grounding system shall function as the primary ground sink. All grounds for the shelter shall be installed on the side of the shelter that the utilities, communication cables, and fiber enter. The grounding system for the surge protection devices shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations and shall be connected to the existing grounding system with no less than the minimum wire size specified herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract, or the manufacturer's recommended wire size, whichever is larger, typically a #2 AWG stranded copper wire. The grounding system shall be bonded at a single point so that the communication cables, AC power, generator, signaling equipment, and equipment frames are connected by the shortest practical route to the grounding system. Lead lengths from each device to the device shall be protected and grounding shall be minimized for all devices according to installation requirements. The TVSS device's lead lengths shall not exceed 10 inches [0.3 meter]. Any variance from the IDOT requirements shall be submitted in writing and pre-approved by the engineer for acceptance.

All belowground connections shall use an exothermic bonding process. The Contractor shall not backfill the openings where the underground exothermic bonds are made until the engineer has inspected and approved the grounding system.

All aboveground exterior connections shall use an exothermic bonding process to bond ground conductors to the exterior of the equipment shelter. Grounding connections to interior ground bus shall be mechanical connections using two bolts on a double lug connector. After a firm connection has been made to the connectors, an application of an anti-oxidant compound shall be required.

All connections to fence posts shall be exothermic bonds. Connections to top rails and fabric shall be mechanical connections. After a firm connection has been made to the connectors, an application of an anti-oxidant compound shall be required. See IDOT Fence Grounding Specifications for additional details.

Connection of conductors to interior equipment, such as panels and cable trays, shall use tow bolts on a double lug connector, or clamps appropriate to the size and type of wire, and the requirements of the equipment being grounded. Wires connected to lugs or clamps shall be crimped and soldered for reliable electrical contact. All non-conducting surface coatings shall be removed before each connection is made. Application of an anti-oxidant compound shall be required. Star washers, or another means that accommodates the fasteners used, shall be installed to ensure reliable electrical connections. The objective is to provide reliable, low-maintenance electrical and mechanical connections that will not deteriorate.

<u>Ground Conductor Bending</u>. Ground conductors shall be downward coursing and vertical and shall be as short and straight as possible. The minimum bending radius for interior shelter grounds shall be 8 inches [0.2 meter]. Sharp bends and multiple bends in conductors shall be avoided in all cases. Any deviation shall be submitted in writing and pre-approved in writing by the engineer.

<u>Interior Grounding</u>. One "halo" ground system consisting of an interior copper ground bus bar .25 inch x 2 inch (.64cm x 5cm), approximately 6 inches (15.24cm) below the ceiling, with a vertical #2 AWG stranded copper drop through the floor at each corner, with a sufficient length of coiled wire slack at the drop to allow attachment to an exterior ring ground system.

The cable trays shall be mechanically connected to the upper interior perimeter ground using #2 AWG stranded copper wires with bolted terminal connectors at the cable tray ends. All points where cable tray sections meet shall be made electrically continuous by use of a short jumper wire with terminals attached at each end. All other metallic objects, such as door frames and doors, air conditioners, alarm systems, wall-mounted communication equipment, etc., shall be directly bonded to the closest interior upper or lower perimeter ground with the shortest possible #2 AWG stranded copper wire. The door shall be bonded to the doorframe using flexible welding cable. A bond shall be made between the lower and upper internal perimeter grounds using #2 AWG stranded copper wires at each comer of the room, and shall continue to provide a bond between the internal and external grounding systems.

Exterior Grounding. The shelter's exterior grounding system shall consist of a ground ring consisting of four ground rods placed a minimum of approximately 2 feet from the building foundation corners and enclosed within a pre-fabricated 10 inch ground inspection well. The ground rods shall be bonded together using #2 AWG stranded copper wires and an exothermic bonding process. The bonding wires shall be buried a minimum of 2 feet [0.6 meter] below the finished grade. The following items shall also be bonded to the shelter's external grounding system using #2 AWG stranded copper wires:

 Ground rods provided by power or telephone utilities for grounding of AC power or surge protection devices, as permitted by local codes; and any metal object greater than 4 ft2 [0.4 m2].

<u>Punch Block Transient Voltage Surge Suppression Grounding</u>. All Type 66 punch blocks shall have #2 AWG stranded copper wires installed to ground external line surge protection devices. The #2 AWG stranded copper wires shall be installed as required by the TVSS manufacturer's recommendations and shall be mechanically connected to the shelter's interior perimeter ground.

<u>Site Preparation</u>. IDOT shall provide site space for shelter installations. The Contractor shall install the shelter and other necessary facilities and equipment in the provided space and make all necessary electrical and mechanical connections. General site preparation, specific building tie-downs, and landscaping shall be the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall comply with all environmental protection requirements and shall contact the engineer for specific information regarding shelter site preparation. The Contractor shall provide a weed barrier mat and gravel ground cover in the fenced-in compound.

<u>Land Clearing</u>. The Contractor shall be responsible for the clearing of brush, trees, or any other obstructions, including the removal of asphalt or concrete. The Contractor shall coordinate with the engineer as to the extent and schedule for all land clearing activities to ensure that there is no interference with concurrent operations at the site. Any tree stumps resulting from clearing shall be grubbed. The Contractor shall comply with all environmental protection requirements. The engineer shall pre-approve in writing any site clearing and tree trimming.

<u>Debris Removal</u>. After installation, inspection, and approval by the engineer as specified herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract, the Contractor shall remove all onsite debris, backfill, and compact all excavations, and return the grounds to their original condition. The Contractor shall comply with all environmental protection requirements.

<u>Sanitary Provision</u>. The Contractor shall provide and maintain neat and sanitary accommodations for the use of its employees as required for compliance with the Illinois Department of Health and all applicable county regulations. No nuisances shall be permitted.

<u>Excess Garbage and Clutter Removal</u>. The trash generated from the installation, including lunch bags and drinks, shall be stored in a neat manner until disposed of properly. The Contractor shall be responsible for removing and legally disposing of trash in a timely manner. Trash shall not be allowed to blow around or away from any construction site.

Fencing. The Contractor shall include and install metal fencing to provide complete perimeter security at the shelter site. The fence shall form a rectangle or square shape, unless otherwise specified herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract, and allow for 5 feet [1.5 meters] of space between the fence and any enclosed item whenever possible. The fence shall be a chainlink as per IDOT Standard Detail 664001-01 "Chain Link Fence", and as modified per details on the contract drawings. The basic fence shall be a height of 6 feet [1.8 meters] and shall be topped with three strands of barbed wire. The barbed wire shall be held outward from the fence at a 45-degree angle with galvanized hardware. In addition, the fence fabric shall be fastened to a top rail and installed on top of the fence. The fence shall include a double-gate made of the same material as the fence material. The gate shall have a width of 12 feet [3 6 meters] and include a gate closing arrangement consisting of a female pipe receptacle anchored in the ground with concrete. A hardened, four-digit combination gate lock shall be provided by the Contractor, and the combination shall be set to the IDOT specifications.

<u>Weed Prevention</u>. The fenced compound area at all sites shall be treated with an IDOT-approved herbicide and covered with weed prevention material. The Contractor shall apply gravel or crushed rock to the area to a depth of 6 inches [0.2 meter] so that mowing and other requirements are minimized, unless otherwise specified herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract. A woven plastic weed barrier shall be placed on the ground before gravel installation. The barrier shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations. The manufacturer's recommendations shall describe the minimum 10 percent overlap for each section and the method of securing the edges of the mat with stakes. See gravel section detail on contract drawings.

<u>Compound Gravel Finish</u>. The Contractor shall install gravel or crushed rock covering all unimproved areas inside the new fenced area to a depth of 6 inches [152.4 millimeters]. The gravel or crushed rock shall be obtained locally and the size shall not exceed 3 inches [76.2 millimeters] in diameter so that foot traffic is not difficult.

<u>Fence Grounding</u>. The fence shall be electrically grounded to prevent shock hazards from lightning or other electrical sources. One metal fence or gate post located adjacent to the exterior ground triad shall be grounded to one of three ground rods with #2 AWG stranded copper wire. The ground wire shall be buried 2.0 feet [0.6 meter] below finished grade. The gate

and gatepost shall be bonded together with a flexible ground, such as welding cable wires. All connections to the ground wire shall be exothermically bonded. The fence's top rail shall be connected to the post.

<u>Grounding Lead</u>. Ground leads shall be #2 AWG stranded copper wires and shall be required for all above and belowground grounding wire installations.

<u>Wall Mounted Fiber Optic Termination Frame</u>. The fiber optic termination frame shall be installed in the communication shelter as specified on the Plans. The frames shall come with cable strain relief hardware and pull out label for administrative documentation. All work shall be neat and in a workmanlike manner. Particular care shall be taken as to not crush or kink the fiber optic cable.

<u>Cutover Work.</u> The Contractor shall relocate and re-terminate existing fiber optic cables as shown on the plans. This effort shall be considered a component of the installation of termination panels in the 10 X 20 SHELTER.

In relocating and re-terminating these cables, the Contractor shall recognize that they are being used for operations. The Contractor shall maintain operations during this operation, with a minimum impact. The process of moving these cables or relocating termination equipment from the cabinets to the shelter shall be done during specific times identified by the Department. Typically the timeframes available to make these changes will be on non-holiday weekends. The Contractor shall assume that the work will be accomplished during this timeframe and provide the necessary resources to accomplish the work without causing an operational impact to the systems.

When splicing into existing fiber optic cables that are supporting operations, the Contractor shall take additional precautions to avoid disrupting Communications Center and Traffic System Center operations. The specific timeframes for performing the work shall be dictated by the Engineer. The Contractor shall commit adequate resources to finish the work during the authorized periods. In addition, the Contractor shall exercise additional precautions to ensure that only the fibers, conductors, or equipment that are assigned to this project, are accessed by the Contractor's technicians.

Prior to splicing or re-terminating any existing cables or fibers, the Contractor shall provide specific details of the work to be done to the Engineer with an anticipated timeframe to complete the work. This must be done a minimum of seven calendar days prior to commencing the work. The Engineer will grant approval for any operations 72 hours in advance of their commencement.

Prior to commencing any operations, the Contractor shall document the existing attenuation of any fibers using an OTDR and source/power meter. Subsequent to relocating and reterminating the cable, the Contractor shall measure the attenuation of all fibers affected by the move. Any difference in attenuation greater than 0.5 dB shall be addressed and if necessary, the Contractor shall re-splice the fibers.

REMOTE TERMINAL UNITS (RTUs)

<u>Installation</u>. Install the Remote Terminal Unit at the location indicated in the Contract Drawings and connect to the assigned terminals of the telephone terminal cabinet. Installation of the RTUs may necessitate the purchase of communications components from the RTU manufacturer to be installed at the control center. In addition, some field programming may be required.

<u>Mounting</u>. Mount enclosures as shown on the Contract Drawings, so that all equipment at the location is of uniform height. A grounding cable shall be attached mechanically to the enclosure such that it can be easily removed if necessary.

<u>Verification</u>. Following completion of the installation of all SCADA equipment at a site, the Contractor shall inspect all equipment wiring to verify that all mechanical connections are made and property secured, all hardware is installed in its proper location, and all wiring is property terminated. This inspection shall include conductor and shield continuity and isolation verification of all installation wiring. Data sheets containing evidence of such inspection, certified as correct by the Contractor's Quality Control Engineer for the project, shall be delivered to the Engineer for approval. The Contractor shall receive approval of such inspection certification before applying power to the SCADA equipment covered by such certification.

<u>Grounding</u>. Grounding of all of the equipment shall be provided as required by the Manufacturer's specifications and Electrical Grounding Section of this Specification, and shall be approved by the Engineer.

LOCAL FIELD ACCEPTANCE TESTS

Perform local field acceptance test in accordance with the approved test procedures and furnish a report of each test.

Test SCADA system's rack equipment under power following approval of the Contractor's installation inspection by the Engineer. Installation testing shall demonstrate the full functional capability of the equipment.

INTEGRATION TESTING

Integration testing of the complete SCADA system for the project shall follow completion of all work regarding the SCADA system under the Contract, including system testing at all stations and at the Control Center. Integration testing shall consist of exercising the overall SCADA system from the Control Center and locally to verify all is operational, and shall be done in accordance with the equipment Manufacturer's recommended System Testing.

DOCUMENTATION

The system shall include thorough documentation of all hardware and software to be supplied. Documentation for all procured Master Station equipment shall consist of the original manufacturer's manuals (one per unit supplied). Documentation delivered for hardware and software manufactured by the RTU vendor shall be subject to approval.

HARDWARE DOCUMENTATION

<u>System Manual</u>. A System Manual shall be provided which includes a complete summary list of deliverable items: remote stations, spares, test equipment, consumables, and all documentation manuals and drawings.

Remote Station Manuals. The remote station manual shall include as a minimum the following items:

- Installation and startup instructions
- Instructions for expansion of the RTU module
- Theory of operation
- Maintenance and trouble shooting guidelines
- Functional block diagrams
- Layout drawings and interconnect drawings
- Schematics of each RTU module
- Replacement parts list.

<u>Warranty</u>. The equipment shelter shall carry a manufacturer's warranty of one year from the date of final IDOT acceptance. Said warranty shall be transferable from the Contractor to the IDOT upon the anniversary of the Contractor's one-year warranty period.

<u>Training</u>. The training for this section shall be in accordance with Specification – General Provisions.

<u>Inspection and Verification</u>. The inspection shall be performed by the Contractor and witnessed by the engineer or a designated representative. The Contractor shall notify the engineer at least 10 calendar days prior to completion of the installation. Following shelter equipment installation, the Contractor, in conjunction with the engineer or designated personnel, shall verify that all equipment is correctly installed and functional.

For ground system inspections, the Contractor shall notify the engineer at least 2 calendar days prior to completion of the installation. Below-grade ground installations and ground connections shall not be backfilled until inspected and approved by the engineer. All test results shall be recorded in a standardized format to be determined by the Contractor and approved by the engineer prior to testing. All recorded test report data shall be dated, witnessed, and signed by at least one representative of IDOT and the Contractor. The Contractor, at no cost to IDOT shall remedy all deficiencies.

<u>Mechanical Inspection</u>. Equipment that is to be mounted to the shelter walls shall be inspected to ensure adequate support has been provided. The HVAC system shall be tested for adequate heating, cooling, and dehumidification. The building shall be inspected for the proper sealing of conduit ports, telephone/signal cables, and ground wire penetrations. The Contractor shall be responsible for correcting any deficiencies.

<u>Electrical Inspection</u>. The shelter lights and smoke detectors shall be verified for proper operation. The Contractor shall verify proper power load balances and provide a report to the engineer prior to acceptance of the site. The Contractor shall be responsible for correcting any deficiencies.

<u>Grounding Inspections</u>. The grounding system shall be inspected for proper connection types, tightness, workmanship, as well as conformance to the approved design. Any exothermic bonds that are deemed unsatisfactory shall be repaired with new bonds. Any mechanical connections that are deemed unsatisfactory shall be repaired or replaced.

<u>Site Inspection</u>. The site shall be inspected and shown to be free of debris, and proof that excavations are backfilled and restored shall be provided.

<u>Performance Testing</u>. Following the completion of all acceptance testing and inspections, the installed site(s) shall be subjected to a minimum 20-day performance period. For the purpose of a successful performance period, failure of operation is defined as the failure of a major site component (i.e., HVAC systems, etc.). Degradation of performance is not a failure if function and proper operation is maintained. The performance verification shall be accomplished with the engineer or his designee present. Upon acceptance of the test criteria by the engineer, the 20-day performance period shall begin.

This requirement shall be accomplished during a period of time not to exceed 45 consecutive calendar days after equipment installation, testing, and inspection. If a successful performance period cannot be accomplished within 45 consecutive calendar days after the equipment testing and inspection, IDOT reserves the right to deem the Contractor in default and enforce the provisions set forth in the contract.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>. The communication shelter shall be measured for payment as each is furnished, installed, configured, warranted, made fully operational, and tested according to the specifications detailed herein, within the plan set, and/or in the Contract.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for **COMMUNICATIONS SHELTER**, of the size specified, which shall be reimbursement in full for the work described herein.

MODIFICATION OF EXISTING CCTV DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM June 1, 2009

Description.

<u>General</u>. The CCTV (Closed Circuit Television) Distribution System shall be a fully integrated IP multicast system, comprised of hardware and software, providing multi-point internet protocol based video images and control over Ethernet to multiple monitoring center locations while minimizing bandwidth demand upon the system. The system shall be configured to avoid a single point of failure that could totally shut down the system. The system shall include video selection and control features as well as video management and archiving as specified.

The system shall be generally configured as indicated on the plans to collect video images and connect control from field mounted cameras at distribution node locations and to produce video images and controls at designated distribution nodes and at three monitoring locations under this contract work.

The work under this Special Provision shall include system integration and complete, coordinated submittals as specified. The work shall also include a structured shop-floor test of the assembled and interconnected nodal sub-systems witnessed by the Engineer as specified, staged installation and activation, complete record documentation, system maintenance during construction, system maintenance training, and extended maintenance and support, all as specified.

The two monitoring locations to be addressed by this contract under this item are:

The ComCenter at the District 1 Headquarters in Schaumburg The Traffic Systems Center in Oak Park

These monitoring locations and the distribution node locations are depicted on the plans and are as defined by the sub-system pay items under this Special Provision. The system shall have capability for additional locations under future work without the need to replace existing system equipment items.

Equipment shall be installed at locations as indicated on the plans, including existing buildings, existing and proposed distribution node equipment huts and at temporary locations as may be indicated.

The system shall utilize existing CCTV elements to the extent indicated but shall otherwise include all materials and equipment necessary to provide a complete operating system. Cameras that are provided under this contract are specified as separate pay items and the connection of these cameras to respective distribution system nodes is covered under separate pay item work. The work under this Special Provision includes the coordination with camera equipment provided under this contract and coordination with existing CCTV equipment as indicated, including adjustments of or supplements to the remote equipment as may be required, but in general, the CCTV Distribution System work shall encompass physical interface to electrical power, fiber optic cable and existing devices as indicated within the various distribution system nodes (equipment huts) and at the monitoring locations.

The system shall operate to allow monitoring location workstations to select and accept video image and control information on fiber from remote field devices and to route display within the monitoring location. When display or control is initiated from a monitoring center, the system shall select and route the image and control information producing the directed image on the selected monitor and connecting control to the selected camera. The system shall provide for display of the same selected image simultaneously at multiple monitoring center locations and on multiple monitors at the same monitoring center location without adding to the system bandwidth demand. Control features shall be as specified in detail elsewhere herein.

The integration of this system with existing CCTV distribution will allow the re-use of designated CCTV elements, but certain existing CCTV distribution elements will no longer be used within

this system. Unless otherwise indicated, all existing CCTV equipment and systems that are removed from service shall remain property of the Department and shall be appropriately removed and delivered in working order in safe storage packing to the Engineer at a designated location within District 1.

<u>Gigabit Ethernet Switches</u>. Gigabit Ethernet Switches shall be provided that satisfy the following:

Environmental

Temperature: 0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F) Humidity 10% to 90% (non-condensing)

Backplane 60 Gbps full duplex 4 Gbps uplinks

Port Density 48 minimum; expandable to 240 (96 at the ETP)

Physical Characteristics

Weight (maximum) 100 pounds

Dimensions (nominal) 17.4" x 17.3" x 12.5"; the equipment shall mount in

a standard EIA 19-inch rack and occupy no more

than 10 standard rack units.

Power 120VAC±10%; redundant power supplies

(The power supplies shall be removable while the

equipment is operating with no degradation.)

Optical Interface GBIC; single mode long haul and multimode short

haul

Link Power Budget 17 dB at 1310 nm; 8.3 µm fiber core

Network Interface

Physical Connector RJ-45

Network Rates 10/100/1000 MHz Ethernet

Port Density: 240

Regulatory Compliance

Safety UL Listed; UL 60950

EMC 47 CFR (FCC) Part 15, Type A certification

Environmental GR-63-Core Network Equipment Building

Standards

Telecom 47 CFR (FCC) Part 68 compliance

Supported protocols

Ethernet IEEE 802.3; 10BaseT Fast Ethernet IEEE 802.3u; 100BaseTX

Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3z; IEEE 802.3x; and IEEE 802.3 ab 1000Base-X (GBIC) 1000Base-SX;1000Base-LX/LH;and 1000Base-ZX

Virtual LAN trunking/tagging IEEE 802.1Q; IEEE 802.3ad

Spanning Tree Protocol IEEE 802.1D; IEEE 902.1w; and IEEE 802.1s

Security IEEE 802.1x

The Gigabit Ethernet Switches shall be Cisco Model 4506 or interchangeable equal approved by the Engineer. Note: At the ETP, a smaller footprint is desired. Accordingly, a smaller version of the same Gigabit Ethernet switch shall be provided. For example: a Cisco Model 4503.

The Gigabit Ethernet Switches shall operate on the District's single-mode optical fibers, as detailed in this specification. The GBIC shall provide a minimal optical link budget of 17 dB. If in-line optical attenuators are required for short links, the cost of the attenuators shall be included in this item and not paid for separately.

The Contractor shall furnish adequate 100BaseT ports to satisfy the system requirements identified in the plans and special provisions. A standard manufacturer port count shall be utilized; a minimum of 24 unused ports or additional ports as indicated on the plans shall be provided, whichever is greater.

The Contractor shall furnish adequate licenses for each switch to use the RMON agent or the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).

<u>Video Encoders and Decoders</u>. Video encoders and decoders (codecs) shall be dedicated hardware devices, and except for differences between encoders and decoders they shall all of the same type from the same common manufacturer. The codecs may be either single or dual video type to transfer "full motion" 30 frame-per-second high quality color video via MPEG-2 video compression at 6 Megabits per second. The units shall operate to produce a robust data communications stream that shall allow for both video and audio transmission and shall be immune to timing disruptions in the IP multi-cast configuration specified herein.

The units shall be rack-mountable, complete with redundant power supplies as required for the rack configurations indicated on the plans, operating from a 120-volt single phase AC power input.

Encoder units shall accept NTSC video BNC inputs and Ethernet RJ-45 control/communications input connections.

Approvable codecs shall be compatible with and demonstrably interoperable with the standard codec product of at least one other vendor. Final approval of codec equipment shall be dependent upon a demonstration test of multi-vendor interoperability. Initial submittal information shall include documentation of this interoperability and a demonstration testing plan for approval by the Engineer.

The decoders shall be rack-mountable, complete with redundant power supplies as required for the rack configurations indicated on the plans, operating from a 120-volt single phase AC power input.

The encoders shall interface the serial communications port of the CCTV camera assembly through the fiber optic video link. Using the Ethernet port on the encoder and its IP address, commands shall be exchanged between the camera control computer at the Communications Center and the serial port of the CCTV camera.

Materials shall be supplied to satisfy the following:

Video

Analog Video NTSC (30 fps)

Analog Video Connections BNC connector, 75 ohms; S-Video

Encoding Format ISO/IEC 13818 MPEG-2

Decoding Format NTSC

Encoding Rate 1 Mbps to 12 Mbps Decoding Rate 1 Mbps to 12 Mbps to 12 Mbps

G.O.P. Structure User Selectable: I; I&P; I,B&P

Intra-picture Distance 1 to 19 frames
Reference Distance 0 to 2 frames
Resolution D1, 720 x 480

Codec Control Web server, IP and HTML interface

MPEG-2 Stream Types Transport

Low Speed Data Transmission

Interface RS232, RS422, RS485

Connections DB-9, RJ-45

Data Rate 1.2Kbps to 115.2 Kbps

Data Channel

Format Serial, asynchronous, RS-422

Interface IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

Network Connections RJ-45
Data Rate RJ-45

Broadcast Unicast / Multicast

Management SNMP, Web server, C. L. I.

The encoder's serial data channel (RS-422) for camera control shall be accessed through the network port using a TCP or EDP connection

Physical Requirements

Operating Temperature 0° to +70° C

Relative Humidity 95% non-Condensing

The encoders and decoders shall be UL listed and be type-accepted to 47 CFR (FCC), Part 15, Type A.

The Codecs shall be the standard product of an established North American manufacturer. The manufacturer shall have been in business for a minimum of 7 years. The manufacturer shall provide a minimum of a twelve (12) month warranty from the date of installation. The manufacturer shall provide technical support via email, fax and telephone. The above forms of support shall be provided Monday through Friday, 8:00am to 5:00pm EST. The Manufacturer shall also have a repair facility within North America.

The units shall be 19-inch rack-mountable, complete with power supplies as required for the rack configurations indicated on the plans, operating from a 120-volt single phase AC power input

The codecs shall be fully capable of transmitting the PTZ commands of the CCTV camera manufacturer being furnished under this contract as well as existing Philips/Bosch, Pelco, Vicon and Cohu camera commands. Serial data will be transmitted over TCP-IP. Each serial port must support IP addressing with the ability to select the appropriate IP socket number. The codecs must provide the ability to establish an IP connection directly from a workstation to any encoder IP address and socket number to pass serial data. Transmission of serial data must be independent of the video stream. Any serial data conversion required by the codec to communicate to the camera shall be included in this pay item and shall not be paid for separately.

The Encoder/Decoder serial data port must support Multicast data to broadcast a single serial data input to multiple remote encoder serial data port recipient. Bi-directional data must be supported on the codecs.

If the codecs cannot consistently transmit the PTZ commands without any data errors, timing conflicts, or malfunctions, a serial device server shall be provided for each codec to interface the serial data to the multicast network and shall be provided at no additional cost to the State.

A demonstration of this low speed serial data transfer shall be required before material submittal approval is given. See submittal requirements in this Special Provision.

Latency shall not exceed 300ms at D1 resolution at a minimum data rate of 5 Mbps.

Codec operation and management.

Each unit must support a local console accessible using one of the serial interfaces to provide access to all configuration menus of the product including the initial IP address configuration as well as for troubleshooting purposes. The interface must be menu driven for novice users.

Each unit must support 'remote' Telnet console access functionality to provide access to all configuration menus of the product. The interface must be menu driven for novice users. The console access must be restricted by a username and password to prevent un-authorized access. For ease of management, both the local and Telnet console must present the same menu commands and structure to the operator.

All units (encoders and decoders) must support SNMPv2 management protocol to provide the ability to control and monitor all configuration parameters and diagnostics from any 3rd party SNMP management application.

The Encoders/Decoders must support firmware updates from a central site. Updates must be downloadable to a single unit or by bulk via a single command from a firmware utility application

via the Ethernet network. The firmware utility application must provide confirmation of the successful and unsuccessful updates. Upon completing of the update, the units must resume to original configuration without the need to reload the unit configuration.

Still Picture Capture

The codecs shall support and shall be coordinated with an automated still picture capture application specified elsewhere. A demonstration of this compatibly shall be required before material submittal approval is given.

Special Submittal Requirements and Operational Demonstration

As a part of the product catalog cut submittal, the Contractor shall provide a demonstration of the codecs at the time of the initial product submittal. The manufacturer shall demonstrate the following interoperability with at least one other codec manufacturer. Compatibility shall also include successful transmission of PTZ commands. The demonstration shall be comprised of the following parts:

- Codec CCTV camera PTZ compatibility. The demonstration shall include a pair of the proposed codecs, a proposed CCTV camera, and a CCTV camera of another manufacturer other than the proposed CCTV which is of a manufacturer already installed in the State system.
- Video interoperability. The demonstration shall demonstrate the following interoperability: The proposed encoder shall be capable of encoding a video stream that is decodable by at least one other Manufacturer compiling with this specification, or of a manufacturer which equipment is presently in use by IDOT District 1 at the time of bidding. The interoperability demonstration shall be conducted in multicast mode.
- **Software video decoding.** A software based video decoder with PTZ control shall be provided for viewing and controlling a video stream remotely over the IP network.
- Video snapshot capability. A fully functional copy of the proposed video snapshot program shall be provided for the demonstration and throughout the 10 day period described herein.

After a successful demonstration of the above requirements, the codec pair shall remain with the Department for 10 working days for further observation. After 10 working days, the Contractor may pick up the codec pair. All costs for this demonstration shall be included in the cost of this pay item. It is the Contractor's responsibly to provide all hardware (including dome CCTV cameras and Ethernet switches) and software to perform the demonstrations as specified.

The Contractor shall furnish, install, provision, and test software to select and control the cameras. The software shall allow an operator to select a camera using a pointing device. The pointing device shall allow the operator to associate the camera with a specific monitor. When the operator clicks or releases a button, the video from that camera shall be displayed on the monitor.

The software shall also provide mouse and joystick control of the cameras. The operator shall have the option of using either the mouse or the joystick to pan, tilt, zoom, and otherwise control the cameras.

The basic video control program will be comprised of a server application, client application and device driver applications.

The various software components shall be able to be started in any order. The software shall allow clients, servers and device drivers to be added at any time, during or after initial configuration. The software shall allow additional devices to be added at any time during or after initial configuration. The software shall allow equipment from different manufacturers to be controlled by this program.

The unexpected or unplanned termination of a component shall not cause any other component to fail.

The software shall support client-to-server and client-to-multiple-server communications and operation. The software shall support server-to-server communications and operation to allow video sharing. The software shall be capable of linking to external access control and alarm systems to create an integrated security system.

<u>Server Application</u>. The server application shall have 'Hot Standby' capability with automatic switchover to the backup server. The configuration interface shall provide a connection manager for defining switchable connections within the system. The switching algorithm shall oute video based on configurable parameters for path selection.

<u>Time servers</u>. The configuration interface shall provide a means to identify time servers and have other servers synchronize to them on a periodic basis, as established during the setup process. Any server shall be able to act as a network time server.

<u>Operation Modes</u>. The server application shall have two modes of operation: a run mode and a configuration mode.

In the run mode, the server application shall accept connections and requests client workstations

In the configuration mode, the server application shall present a graphical user interface that allows all aspects of the software to be configured.

The configuration and run modes shall be capable of running simultaneously to allow configuration to take place without interfering with the client connections and operation.

A single user interface shall be used to configure all devices, including equipment from different manufacturers. Functions not available for a specific piece of equipment shall be indicated through a difference in color or intensity.

<u>Devices</u>. The configuration interface shall provide the ability to add or remove devices and to modify the configuration of any configured device driver.

The software shall provide a configurable arbitration system that eliminates CCTV resource conflicts and allows users to take exclusive control of specific devices. The configuration interface shall provide the means to define interlocks between devices that conditionally prevent a device from being controlled.

<u>Maps</u>. The software shall import maps in standard graphics file formats: wmf, .emf, .bmp, and jpg.

Users shall customize the maps by placing device icons, user-defined labels, user-defined hyperlinks, and alarm icons on them. The configuration interface shall provide a drag-and-drop capability for placing these labels, hyperlinks, device icons and alarm icons on maps. Device icons on maps shall be capable of showing the active status of the physical devices they represent. Labels on maps shall have single-click and double-click scripting capability. Hyperlinks on the maps shall have 'controllable transparency and scripting capability. Alarm icons on maps shall have scripting capability. Alarm icons on maps shall be capable of being animated when triggered.

<u>Client Application</u>. The client application shall be configurable to log into diferent servers. The client application shall provide server auto-discover functionality. The client application shall automatically synchronize with the server application after a valid username and password has been entered. This synchronization shall include all support and graphical files (i.e. maps) necessary for the client to run. The client interface shall be comprised of a main map display area, an event viewer, a device list, and any number of custom windows. The client application shall provide multi-monitor support.

<u>Interface</u>. The client program shall have a common interface to control equipment from different manufacturers. The same interface shall be used to retrieve archived video from different devices.

<u>Workspaces</u>. The client application shall have configurable workspaces that can be saved and loaded. There shall be no limit on the number of workspaces. Workspaces shall allow configuration of which predefined and custom windows are visible. Workspaces shall allow configuration of the size of predefined and custom windows, including the ability to make them fixed size or dynamically sizeable.

Workspaces shall allow configuration of the position of predefined and custom windows, including the ability to make them fixed position or moveable.

Workspaces shall allow configuration of the content of custom windows, including the permitted types of content and the default content. Workspaces shall allow configuration of the appearance of custom windows, including their borders and how they are layered. Workspaces shall support multi-monitor systems.

Custom windows. The client interface shall support any number of custom windows.

Custom windows shall allow users to view live and archived video, load maps, connect to and control remote PCs, or connect to the Internet via an integral browser window. Multipurpose windows shall have context sensitive toolbars to control the different types of window content. Custom windows shall have the ability to be opened and closed, moved, locked in place, scaled, and scaled to content. Custom windows shall be independent of each other, allowing different types of content to be displayed at the same time and different types of devices to be controlled. Custom windows shall allow video to be loaded by dragging the camera from a map or from the device list to the window's display area. Custom windows shall act as live control pads, allowing

the user to control the currently loaded camera using the mouse or mouse wheel. Custom windows shall provide a search and filter utility to aid in locating archived alarms and events and archived video.

<u>Camera Groups</u>. The program shall have the ability for the user to place any camera together with any other camera into logical groups for use in other portions of the program. The group names shall be user assignable. The minimum number of camera groups shall be 64.

<u>Video Monitor Quick Display</u>. The program shall have a quick display option to enable the operator to quickly assign various video sources (cameras or groups of cameras) to specific monitors from one pull down menu without having to use a map interface. The menu` shall consist of a two column display consisting of a column of monitors on the left and a column of sources on the right.

<u>Video monitor rotation</u>. The system shall include a application which will allow the operator to select a group of cameras to be displayed on a given monitor with the individual cameras within the group to be sequenced through at a user specified rate.

<u>Event viewer</u>. The client application shall provide an event viewer that shows activities as they occur, including alarms and events, scheduled events, and scripts. The event viewer shall have the ability to filter and sort activities on date, priority, event category, and key words in description fields. The event viewer shall provide the means to view archived alarms and events. The event viewer shall provide a search and filter utility to aid in locating archived alarms and events.

<u>Device List</u>. The device list shall list all the devices for which the user has access privileges. The device list shall provide access to each device's controls. The device list shall provide a means to switch devices.

<u>Maps</u>. The user shall be able to select a map from the list of available maps. The user shall be able to adjust the view of the currently loaded map by zooming in, zooming out, zooming to fit, and loading a stored view. Maps shall show icons representing physical devices and alarms. Clicking a device icon on a map shall provide access to controls for the device represented by that icon. The device list and event viewer shall provide all the functionality of maps, effectively making maps optional.

<u>Device Drivers</u>. Device drivers shall be provided to communicate with any device via direct serial cable connection, IP, or modem pool. Multiple device drivers shall be able to share ail or a portion of a modem pool. Each device driver shall be unique to the type of equipment it controls. The addition of a new device driver shall require no modification to the client or server application. Device drivers shall run anywhere on the network, not necessarily located where the server is installed. Device drivers shall have the capability of running as a Windows Service or as an executable.

The software shall operate with the existing CCTV cameras and the CCTV cameras installed under this contract. The software system shall be equivalent to that of the Chameleon System provided by 360° Surveillance and approved by the Engineer.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>. The modification of existing video distribution system shall be measured for payment as lump sum when furnished, installed, configured, warranted, made fully operational, and tested as detailed herein.

<u>Basis Of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for **MODIFICATION OF EXISTING VIDEO DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM** which shall be for the work as specified herein.

FIBER OPTIC CABLE INNERDUCT

Effective: April 1, 2005

1. Description.

This item shall consist of furnishing, installing, splicing, connecting and demonstrating continuity of fiber optic cable innerduct of sizes specified herein and as shown on the contract drawings. The innerduct shall be High Density Polyethylene.

Materials.

3.1 General:

The duct shall be a plastic duct which is intended for underground use and which can be manufactured and coiled or reeled in continuous transportable lengths and uncoiled for further processing and/or installation without adversely affecting its properties of performance.

The duct shall be made of high density polyethylene which shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 3035. The innerduct material shall be composed of high density polyethylene meeting the requirements of PE334470E/C as defined in ASTM D3350.

Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with the details of these requirements.

3.2 Dimensions:

Duct dimensions shall conform to the standards listed in ASTM D3035, SDR-11. Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with these requirements.

Nominal Size (Diameter)	Inside Diameter (minimum)	Outside Diameter (Average)	Wall Thickness (Min.)	Bend Radius (minimum)	Pull Strength	Weight Average (lbs/100ft.)
1"	1.030"	1.315"	0.120"	14"	500	19
1.25"	1.313"	1.660"	0.151"	17"	750	31
1.5"	1.506"	1.900"	0.173"	19"	1000	40
2"	1.885"	2.375"	0.216"	24"	1600	60

3.3 Marking:

As specified in NEMA Standard Publication No. TC-7, the duct shall be clearly and durably marked at least every 10 feet with the material designation (HDPE for high density polyethylene), nominal size of the duct, and the name and/or trademark of the manufacturer.

3.4 Color:

Innerduct shall be colored as follows or as directed by the Engineer.

Usage Designation	Color
Fiber Optic Trunk Cable (Ducts containing cables of 96 fibers)	Orange
Fiber Optic Distribution Cable (Ducts containing cables of 6 or 4 fibers)	Blue

4. Installation.

4.1 Pulling Tension.

Pulling tension of the duct shall be monitored throughout the pull and pulling tension shall not exceed those listed in the table or the specific manufacturer maximum pulling tensions as indicated in the catalog cut submittals. Failure to monitor the pulling tension will result is non-payment of that particular duct span and the span may be reinstalled with new duct at no additional cost to the State. Lubricants used shall be compatible with the duct.

4.2 Junction boxes.

Where duct passes through junction and/or pull boxes, the duct shall remain continuous unless a break is specifically indicated in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

4.3 Handholes.

Where duct passes through handholes, the duct shall be looped uncut within the handhole unless otherwise indicated on the Plans or directed by the Engineer. Bends.

Minimum bending radius shall be in accordance with the above table or the manufacturer's recommended radius, whichever is larger. Bends shall be made so that the duct will not be damaged and the internal diameter of the duct will not be effectively reduced. The degrees of bend in one duct run shall not exceed 360° between termination points.

4.4 In Trench

Where duct is installed in trench, it shall be placed in the bottom of the trench after all loose stones have been removed and all protruding stones have been removed or covered with backfill material as directed by the Engineer.

Where duct is shown to be installed in trench, it shall be installed at a depth not less than 30 inches unless otherwise indicated or specifically directed by the Engineer.

Where the specification for trench and backfill permits plowing in lieu of trench and backfill, the unit duct may be plowed into place. Unless otherwise indicated or specifically approved by the Engineer, plowing of unit duct shall lay the duct in place and shall not pull the duct through the length of the cut behind a bullet-nose mandrel or similar apparatus. In all cases, plowing operations shall be non-injurious to the duct.

4.5 In Raceway

Where duct is installed in raceways, lubricating compounds shall be used where necessary to assure smooth installation.

4.6 Encased in Concrete

Concrete shall be class SI complying with Section 720 of the Standard Specifications.

Steel Reinforcement Bars. Steel reinforcement bars shall comply with Section 706.10 of the Standard Specifications.

Underground concrete-encased conduit shall be supported on interlocking plastic spacers specifically designed for the purpose spaced along the length of the run as recommended by the manufacturer. Spacing between raceways within a common duct dank shall be not less than 2 inches. The interlocking spacers shall be used at a minimum interval of 8 ft.

Concrete cover overall shall not be less than 3 inches all around the encased run. Space below the conduit, and concrete fill shall be assured. Care shall be exercised during concrete placement to assure that there are no voids, so that spacers are undisturbed, and so that conduit joints stay secure and unbroken. Concrete shall be deflected during placement to minimize the possible damage to or movement of the conduits.

Conduit encased in concrete shall have steel reinforcing where installed below roadway or other paved vehicle areas (including shoulder) and the reinforcement shall extend not less than 5 feet additional from the edge of pavement unless otherwise indicated. Steel reinforcement shall not be less than No. 4 bars at corners and otherwise spaced on 12-inch centers, tied with No. 4 bars on 12-inch centers.

The Engineer shall examine all conduit joints for compliance with section 5 of this specification before concrete is poured.

4.7 Embedded

Conduit embedded in structure shall be supported on interlocking plastic spacers specifically designed for the purpose spaced along the length of the run as recommended by the manufacturer. Spacing between raceways within a common structure shall be not less than 2 inches. The interlocking spacers shall be used at a minimum interval of 8 ft.

Concrete cover overall shall not be less than 3 inches all around the embedded run. Space below the conduit, and concrete fill shall be assured. Care shall be exercised during concrete placement to assure that there are no voids, so that spacers are undisturbed, and so that conduit joints stay secure and unbroken. Concrete shall be deflected during placement to minimize the possible damage to or movement of the conduits.

The Engineer shall examine all conduit joints for compliance with section 5 of this specification before concrete is poured.

5. Joints

- 5.1 All HDPE duct to HDPE duct joints shall be made with an approved duct fusion splicing device.
- 5.2 HDPE coilable non-metallic conduit to non-HDPE coilable non-metallic conduit joints shall be either made with an approved mechanical connector or with a chemical compound. Both methods must be specifically designed for joining HDPE coilable non-metallic conduit. Minimum pullout force for the chemical compound shall be as listed in the following table.

Nominal Size		Pullout Force	
mm	in	N	Lbs
31.75	1.25	2400	540
38.1	1.50	2535	570
50.8	2.0	3335	750
63.5	2.5	4445	1,000
76.2	3.0	6225	1,400
101.6	4.0	8890	2,000

7. Measurement.

The duct shall be measured for payment in linear feet in place as described herein. Measurements shall be made in straight lines between horizontal changes in direction between the centers of the terminating points (poles, cabinets, junction boxes). Vertical measurement of the duct shall be as follows:

For runs terminating at junction boxes and/or control cabinets, the vertical measurement shall be taken from the bottom of the trench, or horizontal raceway, to a point 18-inches beyond the center of the junction box or control cabinet.

For runs terminating at poles, the vertical measure shall be taken from the bottom of the trench, or horizontal raceway, to a point 18-inch beyond the center of the light pole handhole regardless of light pole mounting method

Innerduct installed in excess of the limits describes herein shall not be paid for.

8. Basis of Payment.

This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for **INNERDUCT**, of the size of duct as indicated, which shall be payment in full for all material and work as specified herein.

FIBER OPTIC CABLE, SINGLE MODE

Effective: July 10, 2006

<u>Description.</u> The Contractor shall furnish and install loose-tube, single-mode, fiber optic cable of the number of fibers specified as shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Other ancillary components, required to complete the fiber optic cable plant, including but not limited to, moisture and water sealants, cable caps, fan-out kits, etc., shall be included in the cost of fiber optic cable and will not be paid for separately.

<u>Materials</u> The single-mode, fiber optic cable shall incorporate a loose, buffer-tube design. The cable shall be an accepted product of the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Utilities Service (RUS) 7 CFR 1755.900 and meet the requirements of ANSI/ICEA Standard for Fiber Optic Outside Plant Communications Cable, ANSI/ICEA S-87-640-1999 for a single sheathed, non-armored cable, and shall be new, unused and of current design and manufacture.

Fibers.

The cables shall use dispersion unshifted fibers. The optical and physical characteristics of the un-cabled fibers shall include:

The single-mode fiber shall meet EIA/TIA-492CAAA, "Detail Specification for Class IVa Dispersion-Unshifted Single-Mode Optical Fibers," and ITU recommendation G.652.D, "Characteristics of a single-mode optical fiber cable."

Physical Construction						
Requirement		Units	Value			
Cladding Diameter		(µm)	125.0 ± 0.7			
Core-to-Cladding Concentricity		(µm)	≤ 0.5			
Cladding Non-Circularity	Cladding Non-Circularity					
Mode Field Diameter	1310 nm	(1170)	9.2 ± 0.4			
Wode Field Diameter	(µm)	10.4 ± 0.5				
Coating Diameter	(µm)	245 ± 5				
Colored Fiber Nominal Diameter	(µm)	253 - 259				
Fiber Curl radius of curvature		(m)	> 4.0 m			

Optical Characteristics						
Requirement			Units	Value		
Cabled Fiber Attenuation	2	1310 nm	(dD/km)	≤ 0.4		
Cabled Fiber Atteritiation	1	1550 nm	(dB/km)	≤ 0.3		
Point discontinuity		1310 nm	(dB)	≤ 0.1		
		1550 nm	(dB)	≤ 0.1		
Macrobend	Turns	Mandrel OD				
Attenuation	1	32 ± 2 mm		< 0.05 at 1550 nm		
	100	50 ± 2 mm	(dD)	< 0.05 at 1310 nm		
	100	50 ± 2 mm	(dB)	< 0.10 at 1550 nm		
	100	60 ± 2 mm		< 0.05 at 1550 nm		
	100	60 ± 2 mm		< 0.05 at 1625 nm		
Cable Cutoff Wavelengtl			(nm)	< 1260		
Zero Dispersion Wavele	ngth (λ _o)		(nm)	$1302 \le \lambda_0 \le 1322$		
Zero Dispersion Slope (\$	S _o)		(ps/(nm²•km))	≤ 0.089		
	15	50 nm		≤ 3.5		
Total Dispersion	128	35-1330 nm	(ps/(nm•km))	≤ 17.5		
		25 nm		≤ 21.5		
Cabled Polarization Mode Dispersion			(ps/km ⁻²)	≤ 0.2		
IEEE 802.3 GbE - 1300 nm Laser Distance			(m)	up to 5000		
Water Peak Attenuation:	: 1 <mark>383 ± 3</mark>	3 nm	(dB/km)	≤ 0.4		

Cable Construction.

The number of fibers in each cable shall be as specified on the plans.

Optical fibers shall be placed inside a loose buffer tube. The nominal outer diameter of the buffer tube shall be 3.0 mm. Each buffer tube shall contain up to 12 fibers. The fibers shall not adhere to the inside of the buffer tube.

Each fiber shall be distinguishable by means of color coding in accordance with TIA/EIA-598-B, "Optical Fiber Cable Color Coding." The fibers shall be colored with ultraviolet (UV) curable inks.

Buffer tubes containing fibers shall be color coded with distinct and recognizable colors in accordance with TIA/EIA-598-B, "Optical Fiber Cable Color Coding." Buffer tube colored stripes shall be inlaid in the tube by means of co-extrusion when required. The nominal stripe width shall be 1 mm.

For cables containing more than 12 buffer tubes, standard colors are used for tubes 1 through 12 and stripes are used to denote tubes 13 through 24. The color sequence applies to tubes containing fibers only, and shall begin with the first tube. If fillers are required, they shall be placed in the inner layer of the cable. The tube color sequence shall start from the inside layer and progress outward.

In buffer tubes containing multiple fibers, the colors shall be stable across the specified storage and operating temperature range and shall not be subject to fading or smearing onto each other. Colors shall not cause fibers to stick together.

The buffer tubes shall be resistant to external forces and shall meet the buffer tube cold bend and shrinkback requirements of 7 CFR 1755.900.

Fillers may be included in the cable core to lend symmetry to the cable cross-section where needed. Fillers shall be placed so that they do not interrupt the consecutive positioning of the buffer tubes. In dual layer cables, any fillers shall be placed in the inner layer. Fillers shall be nominally 2.5 mm or 3.0 mm in outer diameter.

The central member shall consist of a dielectric, glass reinforced plastic (GRP) rod (optional steel central member). The purpose of the central member is to provide tensile strength and prevent buckling. The central member shall be overcoated with a thermoplastic when required to achieve dimensional sizing to accommodate buffer tubes/fillers.

Each buffer tube shall contain a water-swellable yarn for water-blocking protection. The water-swellable yarn shall be non-nutritive to fungus, electrically non-conductive, and homogeneous. It shall also be free from dirt or foreign matter. This yarn will preclude the need for other water-blocking material; the buffer-tube shall be gel-free. The optical fibers shall not require cleaning before placement into a splice tray or fan-out kit.

Buffer tubes shall be stranded around the dielectric central member using the reverse oscillation, or "S-Z", stranding process.

Water swellable yarn(s) shall be applied longitudinally along the central member during stranding.

Two polyester yarn binders shall be applied contrahelically with sufficient tension to secure each buffer tube layer to the dielectric central member without crushing the buffer tubes. The binders shall be non-hygroscopic, non-wicking, and dielectric with low shrinkage.

For single layer cables, a water swellable tape shall be applied longitudinally around the outside of the stranded tubes/fillers. The water swellable tape shall be non-nutritive to fungus, electrically non-conductive, and homogenous. It shall also be free from dirt and foreign matter.

For dual layer cables, a second (outer) layer of buffer tubes shall be stranded over the original core to form a two layer core. A water swellable tape shall be applied longitudinally over both the inner and outer layer. The water swellable tape shall be non-nutritive to fungus, electrically non-conductive, and homogenous. It shall also be free from dirt and foreign matter.

The cables shall contain one ripcord under the sheath for easy sheath removal.

Tensile strength shall be provided by the central member, and additional dielectric yarns as required.

The dielectric yarns shall be helically stranded evenly around the cable core.

The cables shall be sheathed with medium density polyethylene (MDPE). The minimum nominal jacket thickness shall be 1.4 mm. Jacketing material shall be applied directly over the tensile strength members (as required) and water swellable tape. The polyethylene shall contain carbon black to provide ultraviolet light protection and shall not promote the growth of fungus.

The MDPE jacket material shall be as defined by ASTM D1248, Type II, Class C, Category 4 and Grades J4, E7 and E8.

The jacket or sheath shall be free of holes, splits, and blisters.

The cable jacket shall contain no metal elements and shall be of a consistent thickness.

Cable jackets shall be marked with the manufacturer's name, month and year of manufacture, sequential meter or foot markings, a telecommunication handset symbol as required by Section 350G of the National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), fiber count, and fiber type. The actual length of the cable shall be within -0/+1% of the length markings. The print color shall be white, with the exception that cable jackets containing one or more co-extruded white stripes, which shall be printed in light blue. The height of the marking shall be approximately 2.5 mm.

The maximum pulling tension shall be 2700 N (608 lbf) during installation (short term) and 890 N (200 lbf) long term installed.

The shipping, storage, and operating temperature range of the cable shall be -40° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C. The installation temperature range of the cable shall be -30° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C.

General Cable Performance Specifications

The fiber optic cable manufacturer shall provide documentation and certify that the fiber optic cable complies with the following EIA-455-xxx Fiber Optic Test Procedures (FOTP):

When tested in accordance with FOTP-3, "Procedure to Measure Temperature Cycling Effects on Optical Fibers, Optical Cable, and Other Passive Fiber Optic Components," the change in attenuation at extreme operational temperatures (-40°C and +70°C) shall not exceed 0.15 dB/km at 1550 nm for single-mode fiber and 0.3 dB/km at 1300 nm for multimode fiber.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-82, "Fluid Penetration Test for Fluid-Blocked Fiber Optic Cable," a one meter length of unaged cable shall withstand a one meter static head or equivalent continuous pressure of water for one hour without leakage through the open cable end.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-81, "Compound Flow (Drip) Test for Filled Fiber Optic Cable," the cable shall exhibit no flow (drip or leak) of filling and/or flooding material at 70°C.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-41, "Compressive Loading Resistance of Fiber Optic Cables," the cable shall withstand a minimum compressive load of 220 N/cm (125 lbf/in) applied uniformly over the length of the sample. The 220 N/cm (125 lbf/in) load shall be applied at a rate of 2.5 mm (0.1 in) per minute. The load shall be maintained for a period of 1 minute. The load shall then be decreased to 110 N/cm (63 lbf/in). Alternatively, it is acceptable to remove the 220 N/cm (125 lbf/in) load entirely and apply the 110 N/cm (63 lbf/in) load within five minutes at a rate of 2.5 mm (0.1 in) per minute. The 110 N/cm (63 lbf/in) load shall be maintained for a period of 10 minutes. Attenuation measurements shall be performed before release of the 110 N/cm (63 lbf/in) load. The change in attenuation shall not exceed 0.15 dB at 1550 nm for single-mode fibers and 0.30 dB at 1300 nm for multimode fiber.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-104, "Fiber Optic Cable Cyclic Flexing Test," the cable shall withstand 25 mechanical flexing cycles around a sheave diameter not greater than 20 times the cable diameter. The change in attenuation shall not exceed 0.15 dB at 1550 nm for single-mode fiber and 0.30 dB at 1300 nm for multimode fiber.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-25, "Repeated Impact Testing of Fiber Optic Cables and Cable Assemblies," except that the number of cycles shall be two at three locations along a one meter cable length and the impact energy shall be atleast 4.4 Nm (in accordance with ICEA S-87-640)", the change in attenuation shall not exceed 0.15 dB at 1550 nm for single-mode fiber and 0.30 dB at 1300 nm for multimode fiber.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-33, "Fiber Optic Cable Tensile Loading and Bending Test," using a maximum mandrel and sheave diameter of 560 mm, the cable shall withstand a rated tensile load of 2670N (601 lbf) and residual load of 30% of the rated installation load. The axial fiber strain shall be \leq 60% of the fiber proof level after completion of 60 minute conditioning and while the cable is under the rated installation load. The axial fiber strain shall be \leq 20% of the fiber proof level after completion of 10 minute conditioning and while the cable is under the residual load. The change in attenuation at residual load and after load removal shall not exceed 0.15 dB at 1550 nm for single mode fiber and 0.30 dB at 1300 nm for multimode fiber.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-85, "Fiber Optic Cable Twist Test," a length of cable no greater than 2 meters shall withstand 10 cycles of mechanical twisting. The change in attenuation shall not exceed 0.15 dB at 1550 nm for single-mode fiber and 0.30 dB at 1300 nm for multimode fiber.

When tested in accordance with FOTP-37, "Low or High Temperature Bend Test for Fiber Optic Cable," the cable shall withstand four full turns around a mandrel of \leq 20 times the cable diameter after conditioning for four hours at test temperatures of -30°C and +60°C. Neither the inner or outer surfaces of the jacket shall exhibit visible cracks, splits, tears, or other openings. The change in attenuation shall not exceed 0.30 dB at 1550 nm for single mode fiber and 0.50 dB at 1300 nm for multimode fiber.

Quality Assurance Provision

All cabled optical fibers > 1000 meters in length shall be 100% attenuation tested. The attenuation of each fiber shall be provided with each cable reel. The cable manufacturer shall be TL 9000 registered.

Packaging

Top and bottom ends of the cable shall be available for testing. Both ends of the cable shall be sealed to prevent the ingress of moisture. Each reel shall have a weather resistant reel tag attached identifying the reel and cable. The reel tag shall include the following information:

- Cable Number
- Gross Weight
- Shipped Cable Length in Meters
- Job Order Number
- Product Number
- Customer Order Number
- Date Cable was Tested
- Manufacturer Order Number
- Cable Length Markings
 - a: Top (inside end of cable)
 - b: Bottom (outside end of cable)

The reel (one flange) marking shall include:

- Manufacturer
- Country of origin
- An arrow indicating proper direction of roll when handling
- Fork lift-handling illustration
- Handling Warnings.

Each cable shall be accompanied by a cable data sheet. The cable data sheet shall include the following information:

- Manufacturer Cable Number
- Manufacturer Product Number
- Manufacturer Factory Order Number
- Customer Name
- Customer Cable Number
- Customer Purchase Order Number
- Mark for Information
- Ordered Length
- Maximum Billable Length
- Actual Shipped Length
- Measured Attenuation of Each Fiber

The cable shall be capable of withstanding a minimum-bending radius of 20 times its outer diameter during installation and 10 times its outer diameter during operation without changing the characteristics of the optical fibers.

The cable shall meet all of specified requirements under the following conditions:

- Shipping/storage temperature: -58° F to +158° F (-50° C to +70° C)
- Installation temperature: -22° F to +158° F (-30° C to +70° C)
- Operating temperature: -40° F to +158° F (-40° C to +70° C)
- Relative humidity from 0% to 95%, non-condensing

Optical Patch Cords and Pigtails.

The optical patch cords and pigtails shall comply with the following:

- The optical patch cords shall consist of a section of single fiber, jacketed cable equipped with optical connectors at both ends.
- The factory installed connector furnished as part of the optical patch cords and pigtails shall meet or exceed the requirements for approved connectors specified herein.
- The fiber portion of each patch cord and pigtail shall be a single, jacketed fiber with optical properties identical to the optical cable furnished under this contract.
- The twelve fiber single-mode fiber optic cable shall be installed as a pigtail with factory installed ST compatible connectors.
- The patch cords shall comply with Telcordia GR-326-CORE

Connectors.

The optical connectors shall comply with the following:

- All connectors shall be factory installed ST compatible connectors. Field installed connectors shall not be allowed.
- Maximum attenuation 0.4dB, typical 0.2dB.
- No more than 0.2dB increase in attenuation after 1000 insertions.
- Attenuation of all connectors will be checked and recorded at the time of installation with an insertion test minimum 5 times checked with an OTDR.
- All fibers shall be connectorized at each end.
- All fibers shall terminate at a fiber patch panel
- Unused fibers will be protected with a plastic cap to eliminate dust and moisture.
- Termination shall be facilitated by splicing factory OEM pigtails on the end of the bare fiber utilizing the fusion splicing method. Pigtails shall be one meter in length.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Experience Requirements.

Personnel involved in the installation, splicing and testing of the fiber optic cables shall meet the following requirements:

- A minimum of three (3) years experience in the installation of fiber optic cables, including fusion splicing, terminating and testing single mode fibers.
- Install two systems where fiber optic cables are outdoors in conduit and where the systems have been in continuous satisfactory operation for at least two years. The Contractor shall submit as proof, photographs or other supporting documents, and the names, addresses and telephone numbers of the operating personnel who can be contacted regarding the installed fiber optic systems.
- One fiber optic cable system (which may be one of the two in the preceding paragraph), which the Contractor can arrange for demonstration to the Department representatives and the Engineer.

Installers shall be familiar with the cable manufacturer's recommended procedures for installing the cable. This shall include knowledge of splicing procedures for the fusion splicer being used on this project and knowledge of all hardware such as breakout (furcation) kits and splice closures. The Contractor shall submit documented procedures to the Engineer for approval and to be used by Construction inspectors.

Personnel involved in testing shall have been trained by the manufacturer of the fiber optic cable test equipment to be used, in fiber optic cable testing procedures. Proof of this training shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval. In addition, the Contractor shall submit documentation of the testing procedures and a copy of the test equipment operation manual for approval by the Engineer.

Installation in Raceways.

The Contractor shall provide a cable-pulling plan, identifying where the cable will enter the underground system and the direction of pull. This plan will address locations where the cable is pulled out of a handhole, coiled in a figure eight, and pulled back into the hand hole. The plan shall address the physical protection of the cable during installation and during periods of downtime. The cable-pulling plan shall be provided to the Engineer for approval a minimum of 15 working days prior to the start of installation. The Engineer's approval shall be for the operation on the freeway and does not include an endorsement of the proposed procedures. The Contractor is responsible for the technical adequacy of the proposed procedures.

During cable pulling operations, the Contractor shall ensure that the minimum bending of the cable is maintained during the unreeling and pulling operations. Entry guide chutes shall be used to guide the cable into the handhole conduit ports. Lubricating compound shall be used to minimize friction. Corner rollers (wheels), if used, shall not have radii less than the minimum installation-bending radius of the cable. A series array of smaller wheels can be used for accomplishing the bend if the cable manufacturers specifically approve the array.

The pulling tension shall be continuously measured and shall not be allowed to exceed the maximum tension specified by the manufacturer of the cable. Fuse links and breaks can be used to ensure that the cable tensile strength is not exceeded. The pulling system shall have an audible alarm that sounds whenever a pre-selected tension level is reached. Tension levels shall be recorded continuously and shall be given to the Engineer.

The cable shall be pulled into the conduit as a single component, absorbing the pulling force in all tension elements. The central strength member and Aramid yarn shall be attached directly to the pulling eye during cable pulling. "Basket grip" or "Chinese-finger type" attachments, which only attach to the cable's outer jacket, shall not be permitted. A breakaway swivel, rated at 95% of the cable manufacturer's approved maximum tensile loading, shall be used on all pulls. When simultaneously pulling fiber optic cable with other cables, separate grooved rollers shall be used for each cable.

To minimize the exposure of the backbone cable and to facilitate the longer lengths of fiber optic cable, the Contractor shall use a "blown cable" (pneumatically assisted) technique to place the fiber optic cable.

Where cable is to be pulled through existing conduit which contains existing cables, optical or other, the existing cables shall be removed and reinstalled with the fiber optic cable as indicated on the plans. The removal of the cable(s) shall be paid for separately. Reinstallation of the existing cables, if indicated on the plans, along with the fiber optic cable shall be included in this item for payment.

Construction Documentation Requirements

Installation Practices for Outdoor Fiber Optic Cable Systems

The Contractor shall examine the proposed cable plant design. At least one month prior to starting installation of the fiber optic cable plant, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer for review and approval, ten (10) copies of the Contractor's "Installation Practices for Outdoor Fiber Optic Cable Systems" manual. This manual shall address the Contractor's proposed practices covering all aspects of the fiber optic cable plant. This submittal shall include all proposed procedures, list of installation equipment, and splicing and test equipment. Test and quality control procedures shall be detailed as well as procedures for corrective action.

Operation and Maintenance Documentation

After the fiber optic cable plant has been installed, ten (10) complete sets of Operation and Maintenance Documentation shall be provided. The documentation shall, as a minimum, include the following:

- Complete and accurate as-built diagrams showing the entire fiber optic cable plant including locations of all splices.
- Final copies of all approved test procedures
- Complete performance data of the cable plant showing the losses at each splice location and each terminal connector.
- Complete parts list including names of vendors.

Testing Requirements

The Contractor shall submit detailed test procedures for approval by the Engineer. All fibers (terminated and unterminated) shall be tested bi-directionally at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm with both an Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) and a power meter with an optical source.

For testing, intermediate breakout fibers may be concatenated and tested end-to-end. Any discrepancies between the measured results and these specifications will be resolved to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Unterminated (non-connectorized) fibers shall be tested with an approved bare fiber adapter.

The Contractor shall provide the date, time and location of any tests required by this specification to the Engineer at least 5 days before performing the test. Upon completion of the cable installation, splicing, and termination, the Contractor shall test all fibers for continuity, events above 0.1 dB, and total attenuation of the cable. The test procedure shall be as follows:

A Certified Technician utilizing an Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) and Optical Source/Power Meter shall conduct the installation test. The Technician is directed to conduct the test using the standard operating procedures defined by the manufacturer of the test equipment. All fibers installed shall be tested in both directions.

A fiber ring or fiber box shall be used to connect the OTDR to the fiber optic cable under test at both the launch and receive ends. The tests shall be conducted at 1310 and 1550 nm for all fibers.

At the completion of the test, the Contractor shall provide two copies of documentation of the test results to the Project Engineer. The test documentation shall be submitted as both a bound copy and a CDROM and shall include the following:

Cable & Fiber Identification:

- Cable ID
- Cable Location beginning and end point
- Fiber ID, including tube and fiber color
- Wavelength
- Pulse width (OTDR)
- Refractory index (OTDR)

- Operator Name
- Date & Time
- Setup Parameters
- Range (OTDR)
- Scale (OTDR)
- Setup Option chosen to pass OTDR "dead zone"

Test Results shall include:

- OTDR Test results
- Total Fiber Trace
- Splice Loss/Gain
- Events > 0.10 dB

- Measured Length (Cable Marking)
- Total Length (OTDR)
- Optical Source/Power Meter Total Attenuation (dB/km)

Sample Power Meter Tabulation:

	Power Meter Measurements (dB)								
Loca	ation	Fiber No.	Cable Length	A to B		Bt	o A		ctional rage
Α	В	INO.	(km)	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm
		1							
		2							
	Maximum Loss								
	Minimum Loss								

The OTDR test results file format must be Bellcore/Telcordia compliant according to GR-196-CORE Issue 2, OTDR Data Standard, GR 196, Revision 1.0, GR 196, Revision 1.1, GR 196, Revision 2.0 (SR-4731) in a ".SOR" file format. These results shall also be provided in tabular form, see sample below:

	OTDR Summary						
Cable Designation:	TCF-IK-03	OTDR Location:	Pump Sta. 67	Date: 1/1/00			
Fiber	Event	Event	Event Lo	ss (dB)			
Number	Type	Location	1310 nm	1550 nm			
1	Splice	23500 Ft.	.082	.078			
1	Splice	29000 Ft.	.075	.063			
2	Splice	29000 Ft.	.091	.082			
3	Splice	26000 Ft.	.072	.061			
3	Bend	27000 Ft.	.010	.009			

The following shall be the criteria for the acceptance of the cable:

The test results shall show that the dB/km loss does not exceed +3% of the factory test or 1% of the cable's published production loss. However, no event shall exceed 0.10 dB. If any event is detected above 0.10 dB, the Contractor shall replace or repair the fiber including that event point.

The total loss of the cable (dB), less events, shall not exceed the manufacturer's production specifications as follows: 0.5 dB/km at both 1310 and 1550 nm.

If the total loss exceeds these specifications, the Contractor shall replace or repair that cable run at the no additional cost to the state, both labor and materials. Elevated attenuation due to exceeding the pulling tension during installation shall require the replacement of the cable run at no additional cost to the State, including labor and materials.

Splicing Requirements

Splices shall be made at locations shown on the Plans. Any other splices shall be permitted only with the approval of the Engineer. Splices will be paid for separately.

Slack Storage of Fiber Optic Cables.

Included as a part of this item, slack fiber shall be supplied as necessary to allow splicing the fiber optic cables in a controlled environment, such as a splicing van or tent. After splicing has been completed, the slack fiber shall be stored underground in handholes or in the raised base adapters of ground mounted cabinets.

Where identified on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer, additional lengths of fiber shall be stored, as maintenance coils. The aggregate lengths of the maintenance coils and the slack fiber will be used to repair and maintain the fiber optic cable.

Fiber optic cable shall be tagged inside handholes with yellow tape containing the text: "CAUTION - FIBER OPTIC CABLE." In addition, permanent tags, as approved by the engineer, shall be attached to all cable in a hand hole or other break-out environment. These tags shall be stainless steel, nominally 0.75" by 1.72", and permanently embossed. These tags shall be attached with stainless steel straps, and shall identify the cable number, the number of fibers, and the specific fiber count. Tags and straps shall be Panduit or approved equal.

Label the destination of each trunk cable onto the cable in each handhole, vault or cable termination panel.

<u>Method of Measurement</u> Fiber optic cable will be measured for payment in feet in place installed and tested. Fiber optic cable will be measured horizontally and vertically between the changes in direction, including slack cable. The cable length in the foundation of a termination or splice point will be accounted as 6 feet or the actual installed length which ever is less. The entire lengths of cables installed in buildings will be measured for payment

Basis of Payment This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for **FIBER OPTIC CABLE** of the type, size, and number of fibers specified. Payment shall not be made until the cable is installed, spliced and tested in compliance with these special provisions.

FIBER OPTIC SPLICE

Effective: April 1, 2005

<u>Description</u>. The Contractor will splice optical fibers from different cable sheaths and protect them with a splice closure at the locations shown on the Plans. Fiber splicing consists of in-line fusion splices for all fibers described in the cable plan at the particular location.

Two splices are identified. A mainline splice includes all fibers in the cable sheath. In a lateral splice, the buffer tubes in the mainline cable are dressed out and those fibers identified on the plans are accessed in and spliced to lateral cables.

Materials.

<u>Splice Closures</u>. Splice Closures shall be designed for use under the most severe conditions such as moisture, vibration, impact, cable stress and flex temperature extremes as demonstrated by successfully passing the factory test procedures and minimum specifications listed below:

<u>Physical Requirements</u>. The closures shall provide ingress for up to four cables in a butt configuration. The closure shall prevent the intrusion of water without the use of encapsulates.

The closure shall be capable of accommodating splice organizer trays that accept mechanical, or fusion splices. The splice closure shall have provisions for storing fiber splices in an orderly manner, mountings for splice organizer assemblies, and space for excess or un-spliced fiber. Splice organizers shall be re-enterable. The splice case shall be UL rated.

Closure re-entry and subsequent reassembly shall not require specialized tools or equipment. Further, these operations shall not require the use of additional parts.

The splice closure shall have provisions for controlling the bend radius of individual fibers to a minimum of 38 mm (1.5 in.).

Factory Testing.

Compression Test. The closure shall not deform more than 10% in its largest cross-sectional dimension when subjected to a uniformly distributed load of 1335 N at temperatures of –18 and 38 degrees Celsius (0 and 100 degrees Fahrenheit). The test shall be performed after stabilizing at the required temperature for a minimum of two hours. It shall consist of placing an assembled closure between two flat parallel surfaces, with the longest closure dimension parallel to the surfaces. The weight shall be placed on the upper surface for a minimum of 15 minutes. The measurement shall then be taken with weight in place.

<u>Impact Test</u>. The assembled closure shall be capable of withstanding an impact of 28 N-M at temperatures of –18 and 38 degrees Celsius (0 and 100 degrees Fahrenheit). The test shall be performed after stabilizing the closure at the required temperature for a minimum of 2 hours. The test fixture shall consist of 9 kg (20 lb) cylindrical steel impacting head with a 50 mm (2 in.) spherical radius at the point where it contacts the closure. It shall be dropped from a height of 305 mm (12 in.). The closure shall not exhibit any cracks or fractures to the housing that would preclude it from passing the water immersion test. There shall be no permanent deformation to the original diameter or characteristic vertical dimension by more than 5%.

<u>Cable Gripping and Sealing Testing</u>. The cable gripping and sealing hardware shall not cause an increase in fiber attenuation in excess of 0.05 dB/fiber @ 1550 nm when attached to the cables and the closure assembly. The test shall consist of measurements from six fibers, one from each buffer tube or channel, or randomly selected in the case of a single fiber bundle. The measurements shall be taken from the test fibers before and after assembly to determine the effects of the cable gripping and sealing hardware on the optical transmission of the fibers.

<u>Vibration Test</u>. The splice organizers shall securely hold the fiber splices and store the excess fiber. The fiber splice organizers and splice retaining hardware shall be tested per EIA Standard FOTP-II, Test Condition 1. The individual fibers shall not show an increase in attenuation in excess of 0.1 dB/fiber.

<u>Water Immersion Test.</u> The closure shall be capable of preventing a 3 m (10 ft) water head from intruding into the splice compartment for a period of 7 days. Testing of the splice closure is to be accomplished by the placing of the closure into a pressure vessel and filling the vessel with tap water to cover the closure. Apply continuous pressure to the vessel to maintain a hydrostatic head equivalent 3 m (10 ft) on the closure and cable. This process shall be continued for 30 days. Remove the closure and open to check for the presence of water. Any intrusion of water in the compartment containing the splices constitutes a failure.

<u>Certification</u>. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to insure that either the manufacturer, or an independent testing laboratory has performed all of the above tests, and the appropriate documentation has been submitted to the Department. Manufacturer certification is required for the model(s) of closure supplied. It is not necessary to subject each supplied closure to the actual tests described herein.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

The closure shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommended guidelines. For mainline splices, the cables shall be fusion spliced. 45 days prior to start of the fiber optic cabling installation, the Contractor shall submit the proposed locations of the mainline splice points for review by the Department.

The Contractor shall prepare the cables and fibers in accordance with the closure and cable manufacturers' installation practices. A copy of these practices shall be provided to the Engineer 21 days prior to splicing operations.

Using a fusion splicer, the Contractor shall optimize the alignment of the fibers and fuse them together. The Contractor shall recoat the fused fibers and install mechanical protection over them.

Upon completing all splicing operations for a cable span, the Contractor shall measure the mean bi-directional loss at each splice using an Optical Time Domain Reflectometer. This loss shall not exceed 0.1 dB.

The Contractor shall measure the end-to-end attenuation of each fiber, from connector to connector, using an optical power meter and source. This loss shall be measured at from both directions and shall not exceed 0.5 dB per installed kilometer of single mode cable. Measurements shall be made at both 1300 and 1550 nm for single mode cable. For multimode cable, power meter measurements shall be made at 850 and 1300 nm. The end-to-end attenuation shall not exceed 3.8 dB/installed kilometers at 850nm or 1.8 dB per installed kilometer at 1300nm for multimode fibers.

As directed by the Engineer, the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department shall replace any cable splice not satisfying the required objectives.

The Contractor shall secure the Splice Closure to the side of the splice facility using cable support brackets. All cables shall be properly dressed and secured to rails or racks within the manhole. No cables or enclosures will be permitted to lie on the floor of the splice facility. Cables that are spliced inside a building will be secured to the equipment racks or walls as appropriate and indicated on the Plans.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>. Fiber optic splice of the type specified will be measured as each, completely installed and tested with all necessary splices completed within the enclosure, and the enclosure secured to the wall of the splice facility.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This item shall be paid at the contract unit price each for **FIBER OPTIC SPLICE**, **LATERAL** or **FIBER OPTIC SPLICE**, **MAINLINE** of the type specified, which shall be payment in full for the work, complete, as specified herein.

GROUND ROD

Effective: January 1, 2007

<u>Description.</u> This item shall consist of furnishing, installing and connecting ground rods for the grounding of service neutral conductors and for supplementing the equipment grounding system via connection at poles or other equipment throughout the system. All materials and work shall be in accordance with Article 250 of the NEC.

Materials. Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials

Item	Article/Section
(a) Grounding Electrodes	1087.01(b)
(b) Grounding Electrode Conductors	1087.01(a)
(c) Access Well	1087.01(c)

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>General.</u> All connections to ground rods, structural steel or fencing shall be made with exothermic welds. Where such connections are made to insulated conductors, the connection shall be wrapped with at least 4 layers of electrical tape extended 152.4 mm (six inches) onto the conductor insulation.

Ground rods shall be driven so that the tops of the rod are 609.6 mm (24 inches) below finished grade. Where indicated, ground wells shall be included to permit access to the rod connections.

Where indicated, ground rods shall be installed through concrete foundations.

Where ground conditions, such as rock, preclude the installation of the ground rod, the ground rod may be deleted with the approval of the Engineer.

Where a ground field of "made" electrodes is provided, such as at control cabinets, the exact locations of the rods shall be documented by dimensioned drawings as part of the Record Drawings.

Ground rod connection shall be made by exothermic welds. Ground wire for connection to foundation steel or as otherwise indicated shall be stranded uncoated bare copper in accordance the applicable requirements of ASTM Designation B-3 and ASTM Designation B-8 and shall be included in this item. Unless otherwise indicated, the wire shall not be less than No. 2 AWG.

Where connections are made to epoxy coated reinforcing steel, the epoxy coating shall be sufficiently removed to facilitate the exothermic weld.

<u>Method Of Measurement.</u> Ground rods shall be counted, each. Ground wires and connection of ground rods at poles shall be included in this pay item.

<u>Basis Of Payment.</u> This item shall be paid at the contract unit price each for **GROUND ROD**, of the diameter and length indicated which shall be payment in full for the material and work described herein.

EXPOSED RACEWAYS

Effective: January 1, 2007

Revise the first paragraph of Article 811.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"General. Rigid metal conduit installation shall be according to Article 810.03(a). Conduits terminating in junction and pull boxes shall be terminated with insulated and gasketed watertight threaded NEMA 4X conduit hubs. The hubs shall be Listed under UL 514B. The insulated throat shall be rated up to 105° C. When PVC coated conduit is utilized, the aforementioned hubs shall also be PVC coated."

Add the following to Article 811.03(b) of the Standard Specifications:

"Where PVC coated conduit is utilized, all conduit fittings, couplings and clamps shall be PVC coated. All other mounting hardware and appurtenances shall be stainless steel."

"The personnel installing the PVC coated conduit must be trained and certified by the PVC coated conduit Manufacturer or Manufacturer's representative to install PVC coated conduit. Documentation demonstrating this requirement must be submitted for review and approval."

Revise Article 1088.01(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Couplings and fittings shall meet ANSI Standard C80.5 and U.L. Standard 6. Elbows and nipples shall conform to the specifications for conduit. All fittings and couplings for rigid conduit shall be of the threaded type. All conduit hubs shall be gasketed and watertight with an integral O-ring seal.

All iron and steel products, which are to be incorporated into the work, including conduit and all conduit fittings, shall be domestically manufactured or produced and fabricated as specified in Article 106."

Revise Article 1088.01(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "a. PVC Coated Steel Conduit. The PVC coated rigid metal conduit shall be UL Listed (UL 6). The PVC coating must have been investigated by UL as providing the primary corrosion protection for the rigid metal conduit. Ferrous fittings for general service locations shall be UL Listed with PVC as the primary corrosion protection. Hazardous location fittings, prior to plastic coating shall be UL listed.
- b. The PVC coating shall have the following characteristics:

Hardness:	85+ Shore A Durometer
Dielectric Strength:	400V/mil @ 60 Hz
Aging:	1,000 Hours Atlas Weatherometer
Temperature	The PVC compound shall conform at 0° F. to Federal Specifications PL-406b, Method 2051, Amendment 1 of 25 September 1952 (ASTM D 746)
Elongation:	200%

- c. The exterior and interior galvanized conduit surface shall be chemically treated to enhance PVC coating adhesion and shall also be coated with a primer before the PVC coating to ensure a bond between the zinc substrate and the PVC coating. The bond strength created shall be greater than the tensile strength of the plastic coating.
- d. The nominal thickness of the PVC coating shall be 1 mm (40 mils). The PVC exterior and urethane interior coatings applied to the conduit shall afford sufficient flexibility to permit field bending without cracking or flaking at temperatures above -1°C (30°F).
- e. An interior urethane coating shall be uniformly and consistently applied to the interior of all conduit and fittings. This internal coating shall be a nominal 2 mil thickness. The interior coating shall be applied in a manner so there are no runs, drips, or pinholes at any point. The coating shall not peel, flake, or chip off after a cut is made in the conduit or a scratch is made in the coating.
- f. Conduit bodies shall have a tongue-in-groove gasket for maximum sealing capability. The design shall incorporate a positive placement feature to assure proper installation. Certified test results confirming seal performance at 15 psig (positive) and 25 in. of mercury (vacuum) for 72 hours shall be submitted for review when requested by the Engineer.
- g. The PVC conduit shall pass the following tests:

Exterior PVC Bond test RN1:

Two parallel cuts 13 mm (1/2 inch) apart and 40 mm (1 1/2 inches) in length shall be made with a sharp knife along the longitudinal axis. A third cut shall be made perpendicular to and crossing the longitudinal cuts at one end. The knife shall then be worked under the PVC coating for 13 mm (1/2 inch) to free the coating from the metal.

Using pliers, the freed PVC tab shall be pulled with a force applied vertically and away from the conduit. The PVC tab shall tear rather than cause any additional PVC coating to separate from the substrate.

Boil Test:

Acceptable conduit coating bonds (exterior and interior) shall be confirmed if there is no disbondment after a minimum average of 200 hours in boiling water or exposure to steam vapor at one atmosphere. Certified test results from a national recognized independent testing laboratory shall be submitted for review and approval. The RN1 Bond Test and the Standard Method for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test shall be utilized.

Exterior Adhesion. In accordance with ASTM D870, a 6" length of conduit test specimen shall be placed in boiling water. The specimen shall be periodically removed, cooled to ambient temperature and immediately tested according to the bond test (RN1). When the PVC coating separates from the substrate, the boil time to failure in hours shall be recorded.

Interior Adhesion. In accordance with ASTM D3359, a 6" conduit test specimen shall be cut in half longitudinally and placed in boiling water or directly above boiling water with the urethane surface facing down. The specimen shall be periodically removed, cooled to ambient temperature and tested in accordance with the Standard Method of Adhesion by Tape Test (ASTM D3359). When the coating disbonds, the time to failure in hours shall be recorded.

Heat/Humidity Test:

Acceptable conduit coating bonds shall be confirmed by a minimum average of 30 days in the Heat and Humidity Test. The RN1 Bond Test and the Standard Method for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test shall be utilized.

Exterior Adhesion. In accordance with ASTM D1151, D1735, D2247 and D4585, conduit specimens shall be placed in a heat and humidity environment where the temperature is maintained at 150°F (66°C) and 95% relative humidity. The specimens shall be periodically removed and a bond test (RN1) performed. When the PVC coating separates from the substrate, the exposure time to failure in days shall be recorded.

Interior Adhesion. In accordance with ASTM D3359, conduit specimens shall be placed in a heat and humidity environment where the temperature is maintained at 150°F (66°C) and 95% relative humidity. When the coating disbonds, the time to failure in hours shall be recorded.

Add the following to Article 1088.01(a)(4) of the Standard Specifications:

"All liquid tight flexible metal conduit fittings shall have an insulated throat to prevent abrasion of the conductors and shall have a captive sealing O-ring gasket. The fittings shall be Listed under UL 514B. The insulated throat shall be rated up to 105° C."

Revise Article 811.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"811.05 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter (foot) for CONDUIT ATTACHED TO STRUCTURE, of the diameter specified, GALVANIZED STEEL or CONDUIT ATTACHED TO STRUCTURE, of the diameter specified, PVC COATED GALVANIZED STEEL."

UNDERGROUND RACEWAYS

Effective: January 1, 2007

Revise Article 810.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Installation. All underground conduit shall have a minimum depth of 30-inches (700 mm) below the finished grade."

Add the following to Article 810.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"All metal conduit installed underground shall be Rigid Steel Conduit unless otherwise indicated on the plans."

Add the following to Article 810.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"All raceways which extend outside of a structure or duct bank but are not terminated in a cabinet, junction box, pull box, handhole, post, pole, or pedestal shall extend a minimum or 300 mm (12") or the length shown on the plans beyond the structure or duct bank. The end of this extension shall be capped and sealed with a cap designed for the conduit to be capped. The ends of rigid metal conduit to be capped shall be threaded, the threads protected with full galvanizing, and capped with a threaded galvanized steel cap. The ends of rigid nonmetallic conduit and coilable nonmetallic conduit shall be capped with a rigid PVC cap of not less than 3 mm (0.125") thick. The cap shall be sealed to the conduit using a room-temperature-vulcanizing (RTV) sealant compatible with the material of both the cap and the conduit. A washer or similar metal ring shall be glued to the inside center of the cap with epoxy, and the pull cord shall be tied to this ring."

Add the following to Article 810.03(c) of the Standard Specifications:

"Coilable non-metallic conduit shall be machine straightened to remove the longitudinal curvature caused by coiling the conduit onto reels prior to installing in trench, encasing in

concrete or embedding in structure. The straightening shall not deform the cross-section of the conduit such that any two measured outside diameters, each from any location and at any orientation around the longitudinal axis along the conduit differ by more than 6 mm (0.25")." The longitudinal axis of the straightened conduit shall not deviate by more than 20 mm per meter (0.25" per foot" from a straight line. The HDPE and straightening mechanism manufacturer operating temperatures shall be followed.

TRENCH AND BACKFILL FOR ELECTRICAL WORK

Effective: January 1, 2007

Revise the first sentence of Article 819.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Trench. Trenches shall have a minimum depth of 30 in. (760 mm) or as otherwise indicated on the plans, and shall not exceed 12 in. (300 mm) in width without prior approval of the Engineer."

UNIT DUCT

Effective: January 1, 2007

Revise the second paragraph of Article 816.03(a) to read:

"The unit duct shall be installed at a minimum depth of 760 mm (30-inches) unless otherwise directed by the Engineer."

Revise Article 1088.01(c) to read:

"(c) Coilable Nonmetallic Conduit.

General:

The duct shall be a plastic duct which is intended for underground use and which can be manufactured and coiled or reeled in continuous transportable lengths and uncoiled for further processing and/or installation without adversely affecting its properties of performance. The duct shall be a plastic duct which is intended for underground use and can be manufactured and coiled or reeled in continuous transportable lengths and uncoiled for further processing and/or installation without adversely affecting its properties of performance.

The duct shall be made of high density polyethylene which shall meet the requirements of ASTM D 2447, for schedule 40. The duct shall be composed of black high density polyethylene meeting the requirements of ASTM D 3350, Class C, Grade P33. The wall thickness shall be in accordance with Table 2 for ASTM D 2447.

The duct shall be UL Listed per 651-B for continuous length HDPE coiled conduit. The duct shall also comply with NEC Article 354.100 and 354.120.

Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with the details of these requirements.

Dimensions:

Duct dimensions shall conform to the standards listed in ASTM D2447. Submittal information shall demonstrate compliance with these requirements.

Nominal S	Nominal Size		al I.D.	Nominal O.D.		Minimum Wall	
mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in
31.75	1.25	35.05	1.380	42.16	1.660	3.556 +0.51	0.140 +0.020
38.1	1.50	40.89	1.610	48.26	1.900	3.683 +0.51	0.145 +0.020

Nominal Size		Pulled Tensile		
mm	in	N	lbs	
31.75	1.25	3322	747	
38.1	1.50	3972	893	

Marking:

As specified in NEMA Standard Publication No. TC-7, the duct shall be clearly and durably marked at least every 3.05 meters (10 feet) with the material designation (HDPE for high density polyethylene), nominal size of the duct and the name and/or trademark of the manufacturer.

Performance Tests:

Polyethylene Duct testing procedures and test results shall meet the requirements of UL 651. Certified copies of the test report shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to the installation of the duct. Duct crush test results shall meet or exceed the following requirements:

_	ict neter		required to ample 50%
mm	in	N	lbs
35	1.25	4937	1110
41	1.5	4559	1025

WIRE AND CABLE

Effective: January 1, 2007

Revise the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1066.02(a) to read:

"The cable shall be rated at a minimum of 90°C dry and 75°C wet and shall be suitable for installation in wet and dry locations, and shall be resistant to oils and chemicals."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1066.02(b) to read:

"Uncoated conductors shall be according to ASTM B3, ICEA S-95-658/NEMA WC70, and UL Standard 44. Coated conductors shall be according to ASTM B 33, ASTM B 8, ICEA S-95-658/NEMA WC70 and UL Standard 44."

Revise the third paragraph of Article 1066.02(b) to read:

"All conductors shall be stranded. Stranding meeting ASTM B 8, ICEA S-95-658/NEMA WC70 and UL Standard 44. Uncoated conductors meeting ASTM B 3, ICEA S-95-658/NEMA WC70 and UL Standard 44."

Revise the first sentence of Article 1066.03(a)(1) to read:

"General. Cable insulation designated as XLP shall incorporate cross-linked polyethylene (XLP) insulation as specified and shall meet or exceed the requirements of ICEA S-95-658, NEMA WC70, U.L. Standard 44."

Add the following to Article 1066.03(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications:

"The cable shall be rated 600 volts and shall be UL Listed Type RHH/RHW/USE."

Revise the Aerial Electric Cable Properties table of Article 1066.03(a)(3) to read:

Aerial Electric Cable Properties

Pha	se Conduct	or	ľ	Messenger v	vire
Size	Stranding	Ave	rage	Minimum	Stranding
AWG		Insu	lation	Size	
		Thicl	kness	AWG	
		mm	mils		
6	7	1.1	(45)	6	6/1
4	7	1.1	(45)	4	6/1
2	7	1.1	(45)	2	6/1
1/0	19	1.5	(60)	1/0	6/1
2/0	19	1.5	(60)	2/0	6/1
3/0	19	1.5	(60)	3/0	6/1
4/0	19	1.5	(60)	4/0	6/1

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1066.03(b) to read:

"EPR Insulation. Cable insulation shall incorporate ethylene propylene rubber (EPR) as specified and the insulation shall meet or exceed the requirements of ICEA S-95-658, NEMA Standard Publication No. WC70, and U.L. Standard 44, as applicable."

Add the following to Article 1066.03(b) of the Standard Specifications:

"Cable sized No. 2 AWG and smaller shall be U.L. listed Type RHH/RHW and may be Type RHH/RHW/USE. Cable sized larger than No. 2 AWG shall be U.L. listed Type RHH/RHW/USE."

Revise Article 1066.04 to read:

"Aerial Cable Assembly. The aerial cable shall be an assembly of insulated aluminum conductors according to Section 1066.02 and 1066.03. Unless otherwise indicated, the cable assembly shall be composed of three insulated conductors and a steel reinforced bare aluminum conductor (ACSR) to be used as the ground conductor. Unless otherwise indicated, the code word designation of this cable assembly is "Palomino". The steel reinforced aluminum conductor shall conform to ASTM B-232. The cable shall be assembled according to ANSI/ICEA S-76-474."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1066.05 to read:

"The tape shall have reinforced metallic detection capabilities consisting of a woven reinforced polyethylene tape with a metallic core or backing."

Revise Article 1066.08 to read:

"Electrical Tape. Electrical tape shall be all weather vinyl plastic tape resistant to abrasion, puncture, flame, oil, acids, alkalies, and weathering, conforming to Federal Specification MIL-I-24391, ASTM D1000 and shall be listed under UL 510 Standard. Thickness shall not be less than 0.215 mm (8.5 mils) and width shall not be less than 20 mm (3/4-inch)."

ALKALI-SILICA REACTION FOR CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2007 Revised: January 1, 2009

<u>Description</u>. This special provision is intended to reduce the risk of a deleterious alkali-silica reaction in concrete exposed to humid or wet conditions. The special provision is not intended or adequate for concrete exposed to potassium acetate, potassium formate, sodium acetate or sodium formate. The special provision shall not apply to the dry environment (humidity less than 60 percent) found inside buildings for residential or commercial occupancy. The special provision shall also not apply to precast products or precast prestressed products.

Aggregate Expansion Values. Each coarse and fine aggregate will be tested by the Department for alkali reaction according to ASTM C 1260. The test will be performed with Type I or II cement having a total equivalent alkali content ($Na_2O + 0.658K_2O$) of 0.90 percent or greater. The Engineer will determine the assigned expansion value for each aggregate, and these values will be made available on the Department's Alkali-Silica Potential Reactivity Rating List. The Engineer may differentiate aggregate based on ledge, production method, gradation number, or other factors. An expansion value of 0.05 percent will be assigned to limestone or dolomite coarse aggregates and 0.03 percent to limestone or dolomite fine aggregates (manufactured stone sand); however the Department reserves the right to perform the ASTM C 1260 test.

<u>Aggregate Groups</u>. Each combination of aggregates used in a mixture will be assigned to an aggregate group. The point at which the coarse aggregate and fine aggregate expansion values intersect in the following table will determine the group.

AGGREGATE GROUPS						
Coarse Aggregate or	Fine Aggregate or					
Coarse Aggregate Blend	Fine Aggregate Blend					
ASTM C 1260 Expansion	AS	STM C 1260 Expansi	ion			
	≤ 0.16% > 0.16% - 0.27% > 0.27%					
≤ 0.16%	Group I	Group II	Group III			
> 0.16% - 0.27%	Group II Group III Group III					
> 0.27%	Group III	Group III	Group IV			

<u>Mixture Options</u>. Based upon the aggregate group, the following mixture options shall be used; however, the Department may prohibit a mixture option if field performance shows a deleterious alkali-silica reaction or Department testing indicates the mixture may experience a deleterious alkali-silica reaction.

Group I - Mixture options are not applicable. Use any cement or finely divided mineral.

Group II - Mixture options 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 shall be used.

Group III - Mixture options 1, 2 and 3 combined, 4, or 5 shall be used.

Group IV - Mixture options 1, 2 and 4 combined, or 5 shall be used.

For Class PP-3 concrete the mixture options are not applicable, and any cement may be used with the specified finely divided minerals.

a) Mixture Option 1. The coarse or fine aggregates shall be blended to place the material in a group that will allow the selected cement or finely divided mineral to be used.

When a coarse or fine aggregate is blended, the weighted expansion value shall be calculated separately for the coarse and fine aggregate as follows:

Weighted Expansion Value = $(a/100 \times A) + (b/100 \times B) + (c/100 \times C) + ...$

Where: a, b, c... = percentage of aggregate in the blend; A, B, C... = expansion value for that aggregate.

- b) Mixture Option 2. A finely divided mineral shall be used as described in 1), 2), 3), or 4) that follow. The replacement ratio is defined as "finely divided mineral:portland cement".
 - 1) Class F Fly Ash. For Class PV, BS, MS, DS, SC, and SI concrete and cement aggregate mixture II (CAM II), Class F fly ash shall replace 15 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.5:1.
 - 2) Class C Fly Ash. For Class PV, MS, SC, and SI Concrete, Class C fly ash with 18 percent to less than 26.5 percent calcium oxide content, and less than 2.0 percent loss on ignition, shall replace 20 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1:1; or at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.25:1 if the loss on ignition is 2.0 percent or greater. Class C fly ash with less than 18 percent calcium oxide content shall replace 20 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.25:1.

For Class PP-1, RR, BS, and DS concrete and CAM II, Class C fly ash with less than 26.5 percent calcium oxide content shall replace 15 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.5:1.

3) Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag. For Class PV, BS, MS, SI, DS, and SC concrete, ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall replace 25 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1:1.

For Class PP-1 and RR concrete, ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall replace 15 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.5:1.

For Class PP-2, ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall replace 25 to 30 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1:1.

- 4) Microsilica or High Reactivity Metakaolin. Microsilica solids or high reactivity metakaolin shall be added to the mixture at a minimum 25 lb/cu yd (15 kg/cu m) or 27 lb/cu yd (16 kg/cu m) respectively.
- c) Mixture Option 3. The cement used shall have a maximum total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.60 percent. When aggregate in Group II is involved, any finely divided mineral may be used with a portland cement.

- d) Mixture Option 4. The cement used shall have a maximum total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.45 percent. When aggregate in Group II or III is involved, any finely divided mineral may be used with a portland cement.
- e) Mixture Option 5. The proposed cement or finely divided mineral may be used if the ASTM C 1567 expansion value is ≤ 0.16 percent when performed on the aggregate in the concrete mixture with the highest ASTM C 1260 test result. The ASTM C 1567 test will be valid for two years, unless the Engineer determines the materials have changed significantly. For latex concrete, the ASTM C 1567 test shall be performed without the latex. The 0.20 percent autoclave expansion limit in ASTM C 1567 shall not apply.

If during the two year time period the Contractor needs to replace the cement, and the replacement cement has an equal or lower total equivalent alkali content $(Na_2O + 0.658K_2O)$, a new ASTM C 1567 test will not be required.

<u>Testing.</u> If an individual aggregate has an ASTM C 1260 expansion value > 0.16 percent, an ASTM C 1293 test may be performed by the Contractor to evaluate the Department's ASTM C 1260 test result. The ASTM C 1293 test shall be performed with Type I or II cement having a total equivalent alkali content ($Na_2O + 0.658K_2O$) of 0.80 percent or greater. The interior vertical wall of the ASTM C 1293 recommended container (pail) shall be half covered with a wick of absorbent material consisting of blotting paper. If the testing laboratory desires to use an alternate container or wick of absorbent material, ASTM C 1293 test results with an alkali-reactive aggregate of known expansion characteristics shall be provided to the Engineer for review and approval. If the expansion is less than 0.040 percent after one year, the aggregate will be assigned an ASTM C 1260 expansion value of 0.08 percent that will be valid for two years, unless the Engineer determines the aggregate has changed significantly.

The Engineer reserves the right to verify a Contractor's ASTM C 1293 or 1567 test result. The Engineer will not accept the result if the precision and bias for the test methods are not met.

The laboratory performing the ASTM C 1567 test shall either be accredited by the AASHTO Materials Reference Laboratory (AMRL) for ASTM C 227 under Portland Cement Concrete or Aggregate; or shall be inspected for Hydraulic Cement - Physical Tests by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL) and shall be approved by the Department. The laboratory performing the ASTM C 1293 test shall be inspected for Portland Cement Concrete by CCRL and shall be approved by the Department.

APPROVAL OF PROPOSED BORROW AREAS, USE AREAS, AND/OR WASTE AREAS INSIDE ILLINOIS STATE BORDERS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2008

Revise the title of Article 107.22 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"107.22 Approval of Proposed Borrow Areas, Use Areas, and/or Waste Areas Inside Illinois State Borders."

Add the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of Article 107.22 of the Standard Specifications:

"Proposed borrow areas, use areas, and/or waste areas outside of Illinois shall comply with Article 107.01."

CEMENT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2007 Revised: April 1, 2009

Revise Section 1001 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"SECTION 1001. CEMENT

1001.01 Cement Types. Cement shall be according to the following.

(a) Portland Cement. Acceptance of portland cement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Portland or Blended Cement Acceptance Procedure for Qualified and Non-Qualified Plants".

Portland cement shall be according to ASTM C 150, and shall meet the standard physical and chemical requirements. Type I or Type II may be used for cast-in-place, precast, and precast prestressed concrete. Type III may be used according to Article 1020.04, or when approved by the Engineer. All other cements referenced in ASTM C 150 may be used when approved by the Engineer.

The total of all organic processing additions shall be a maximum of 1.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. The total of all inorganic processing additions shall be a maximum of 4.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. However, a cement kiln dust inorganic processing addition shall be limited to a maximum of 1.0 percent. Organic processing additions shall be limited to grinding aids that improve the flowability of cement, reduce pack set, and improve grinding efficiency. Inorganic processing additions shall be limited to granulated blast-furnace slag according to the chemical requirements of AASHTO M 302, Class C fly ash according to the chemical requirements of AASHTO M 295, and cement kiln dust.

(b) Portland-Pozzolan Cement. Acceptance of portland-pozzolan cement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Portland or Blended Cement Acceptance Procedure for Qualified and Non-Qualified Plants".

Portland-pozzolan cement shall be according to ASTM C 595 and shall meet the standard physical and chemical requirements. Type IP may be used for cast-in-place, precast, and precast prestressed concrete, except when Class PP concrete is used. The pozzolan constituent for Type IP shall be a maximum of 21 percent of the weight (mass) of the portland-pozzolan cement.

For cast-in-place construction, portland-pozzolan cement shall not be used in concrete mixtures when the air temperature is below 40 °F (4 °C) without permission of the Engineer. If permission is given, the mix design strength requirement may require the

Contractor to increase the cement or eliminate the cement factor reduction for a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture which is permitted according to Article 1020.05(b).

The total of all organic processing additions shall be a maximum of 1.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. Organic processing additions shall be limited to grinding aids as defined in (a) above. Inorganic processing additions shall be limited to cement kiln dust at a maximum of 1.0 percent.

(c) Portland Blast-Furnace Slag Cement. Acceptance of portland blast-furnace slag cement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Portland or Blended Cement Acceptance Procedure for Qualified and Non-Qualified Plants".

Portland blast-furnace slag cement shall be according to ASTM C 595 and shall meet the standard physical and chemical requirements. Type IS portland blast-furnace slag cement may be used for cast-in-place, precast, and precast prestressed concrete, except when Class PP concrete is used. The blast-furnace slag constituent for Type IS shall be a maximum of 25 percent of the weight (mass) of the portland blast-furnace slag cement.

For cast-in-place construction, portland blast-furnace slag cement shall not be used in concrete mixtures when the air temperature is below 40 °F (4 °C) without permission of the Engineer. If permission is given, the mix design strength requirement may require the Contractor to increase the cement or eliminate the cement factor reduction for a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture which is permitted according to Article 1020.05(b).

The total of all organic processing additions shall be a maximum of 1.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. Organic processing additions shall be limited to grinding aids as defined in (a) above. Inorganic processing additions shall be limited to cement kiln dust at a maximum of 1.0 percent.

- (d) Rapid Hardening Cement. Rapid hardening cement shall be used according to Article 1020.04 or when approved by the Engineer. The cement shall be on the Department's current "Approved List of Packaged, Dry, Rapid Hardening Cementitious Materials for Concrete Repairs", and shall be according to the following.
 - (1) The cement shall have a maximum final set of 25 minutes, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 191.
 - (2) The cement shall have a minimum compressive strength of 2000 psi (13,800 kPa) at 3.0 hours, 3200 psi (22,100 kPa) at 6.0 hours, and 4000 psi (27,600 kPa) at 24.0 hours, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 109.
 - (3) The cement shall have a maximum drying shrinkage of 0.050 percent at seven days, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 596.

- (4) The cement shall have a maximum expansion of 0.020 percent at 14 days, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 1038.
- (5) The cement shall have a minimum 80 percent relative dynamic modulus of elasticity; and shall not have a weight (mass) gain in excess of 0.15 percent or a weight (mass) loss in excess of 1.0 percent, after 100 cycles, according to AASHTO T 161, Procedure B.
- (e) Calcium Aluminate Cement. Calcium aluminate cement shall be used only where specified by the Engineer. The cement shall meet the standard physical requirements for Type I cement according to ASTM C 150, except the time of setting shall not apply. The chemical requirements shall be determined according to ASTM C 114 and shall be as follows: minimum 38 percent aluminum oxide (Al₂O₃), maximum 42 percent calcium oxide (CaO), maximum 1 percent magnesium oxide (MgO), maximum 0.4 percent sulfur trioxide (SO₃), maximum 1 percent loss on ignition, and maximum 3.5 percent insoluble residue.
- **1001.02 Uniformity of Color.** Cement contained in single loads or in shipments of several loads to the same project shall not have visible differences in color.
- **1001.03 Mixing Brands and Types.** Different brands or different types of cement from the same manufacturing plant, or the same brand or type from different plants shall not be mixed or used alternately in the same item of construction unless approved by the Engineer.
- **1001.04 Storage.** Cement shall be stored and protected against damage, such as dampness which may cause partial set or hardened lumps. Different brands or different types of cement from the same manufacturing plant, or the same brand or type from different plants shall be kept separate."

CONCRETE ADMIXTURES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2003 Revised: April 1, 2009

Replace the first paragraph of Article 1020.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Admixtures. The use of admixtures to increase the workability or to accelerate the hardening of the concrete will be permitted when approved by the Engineer. Admixture dosages shall result in the mixture meeting the specified plastic and hardened properties. The Department will maintain an Approved List of Corrosion Inhibitors. Corrosion inhibitor dosage rates shall be according to Article 1020.05(b)(12). The Department will also maintain an Approved List of Concrete Admixtures, and an admixture technical representative shall be consulted when determining an admixture dosage from this list. The dosage shall be within the range indicated on the approved list unless the influence by other admixtures, jobsite conditions (such as a very short haul time), or other circumstances warrant a dosage outside the range. The Engineer shall be notified when a dosage is proposed outside the range. To determine an admixture dosage, air temperature, concrete temperature, cement source and quantity, finely divided mineral sources(s) and quantity, influence of other admixtures, haul time,

placement conditions, and other factors as appropriate shall be considered. The Engineer may request the Contractor to have a batch of concrete mixed in the lab or field to verify the admixture dosage is correct. An admixture dosage or combination of admixture dosages shall not delay the initial set of concrete by more than one hour. When a retarding admixture is required or appropriate for a bridge deck or bridge deck overylay pour, the initial set time shall be delayed until the deflections due to the concrete dead load are no longer a concern for inducing cracks in the completed work. However, a retarding admixture shall not be used to further extend the pour time and justify the alteration of a bridge deck pour sequence.

When determining water in admixtures for water/cement ratio, the Contractor shall calculate 70 percent of the admixture dosage as water, except a value of 50 percent shall be used for a latex admixture used in bridge deck latex concrete overlays."

Revise Section 1021 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"SECTION 1021. CONCRETE ADMIXTURES

1021.01 **General.** Admixtures shall be furnished in liquid form ready for use. The admixtures shall be delivered in the manufacturer's original containers, bulk tank trucks or such containers or tanks as are acceptable to the Engineer. Delivery shall be accompanied by a ticket which clearly identifies the manufacturer and trade name of the material. Containers shall be readily identifiable as to manufacturer and trade name of the material they contain.

Corrosion inhibitors will be maintained on the Department's Approved List of Corrosion Inhibitors. All other concrete admixture products will be maintained on the Department's Approved List of Concrete Admixtures. For the admixture submittal, a report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by the AASHTO Materials Reference Laboratory (AMRL) for Portland Cement Concrete shall be provided. The report shall show the results of physical tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal, according to applicable specifications. However, for corrosion inhibitors the ASTM G 109 test information specified in ASTM C 1582 is not required to be from and independent lab. All other information in ASTM C 1582 shall be from and independent lab.

Tests shall be conducted using materials and methods specified on a "test" concrete and a "reference" concrete, together with a certification that no changes have been made in the formulation of the material since the performance of the tests. Per the manufacturer's option, the cement content for all required tests shall either be according to applicable specifications or 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). Compressive strength test results for six months and one year will not be required.

Prior to the approval of an admixture, the Engineer reserves the right to request a sample for testing. The test and reference concrete mixtures tested by the Engineer will contain a cement content of 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). For freeze-thaw testing, the Department will perform the test according to AASHTO T 161, Procedure B. The flexural strength test will be performed according to AASHTO T 177. If the Engineer decides to test the admixture, the manufacturer shall submit AASHTO T 197 water content and set time test results on the standard cement used by the Department. The test and reference concrete mixture shall

contain a cement content of 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). The manufacturer may select their lab or an independent lab to perform this testing. The laboratory is not required to be accredited by AASHTO.

The manufacturer shall include in the submittal the following admixture information: the manufacturing range for specific gravity, the midpoint and manufacturing range for residue by oven drying, and the manufacturing range for pH. The submittal shall also include an infrared spectrophotometer trace no more than five years old.

For air-entraining admixtures according to Article 1021.02, the specific gravity allowable manufacturing range shall be established by the manufacturer and the test method shall be according to ASTM C 494. For residue by oven drying and pH, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to ASTM C 260.

For admixtures according to Articles 1021.03, 1021.04, 1021.05, 1021.06, and 1021.07, the pH allowable manufacturing range shall be established by the manufacturer and the test method shall be according to ASTM E 70. For specific gravity and residue by oven drying, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to ASTM C 494.

When test results are more than seven years old, the manufacturer shall re-submit the infrared spectrophotometer trace and the report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO.

All admixtures, except chloride-based accelerators, shall contain a maximum of 0.3 percent chloride by weight (mass).

Random field samples may be taken by the Department to verify an admixture meets specification. A split sample will be provided to the manufacturer if requested. Admixtures that do not meet specification requirements or an allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be replaced with new material.

1021.02Air-Entraining Admixtures. Air-entraining admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 154.

1021.03Retarding and Water-Reducing Admixtures. The admixture shall be according to the following.

- (a) The retarding admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type B (retarding) or Type D (water-reducing and retarding).
- (b) The water-reducing admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type A.
- (c) The high range water-reducing admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F (high range water-reducing) or Type G (high range water-reducing and retarding).

1021.04Accelerating Admixtures. The admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type C (accelerating) or Type E (water reducing and accelerating).

1021.05 Self-Consolidating Admixtures. The self-consolidating admixture system shall consist of either a high range water-reducing admixture only or a high range water-reducing admixture combined with a separate viscosity modifying admixture. The one or two component admixture system shall be capable of producing a concrete mixture that can flow around reinforcement and consolidate under its own weight without additional effort and without segregation.

The high range water-reducing admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F.

The viscosity modifying admixture shall be according to ASTM C 494, Type S (specific performance).

1021.06Rheology-Controlling Admixture. The rheology-controlling admixture shall be capable of producing a concrete mixture with a lower yield stress that will consolidate easier for slipform applications used by the Contractor. The rheology-controlling admixture shall be according to ASTM C 494, Type S (specific performance).

1021.07Corrosion Inhibitor. The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to one of the following.

- (a) Calcium Nitrite. The corrosion inhibitor shall contain a minimum 30 percent calcium nitrite by weight (mass) of solution, and shall comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type C (accelerating).
- (b) Other Materials. The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to ASTM C 1582."

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY - IDLING RESTRICTIONS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2009

Idling Restrictions. The Contractor shall establish truck-staging areas for all diesel powered vehicles that are waiting to load or unload material at the jobsite. Staging areas shall be located where the diesel emissions from the equipment will have a minimum impact on adjacent sensitive receptors. The Department will review the selection of staging areas, whether within or outside the existing highway right-of-way, to avoid locations near sensitive areas or populations to the extent possible. Sensitive receptors include, but are not limited to, hospitals, schools, residences, motels, hotels, daycare facilities, elderly housing and convalescent facilities. Diesel powered engines shall also be located as far away as possible from fresh air intakes, air conditioners, and windows. The Engineer will approve staging areas before implementation.

Diesel powered vehicle operators may not cause or allow the motor vehicle, when it is not in motion, to idle for more than a total of 10 minutes within any 60 minute period, except under any of the following circumstances:

- 1) The motor vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 8000 lb (3630 kg).
- 2) The motor vehicle idles while forced to remain motionless because of on-highway traffic, an official traffic control device or signal, or at the direction of a law enforcement official.

- 3) The motor vehicle idles when operating defrosters, heaters, air conditioners, or other equipment solely to prevent a safety or health emergency.
- 4) A police, fire, ambulance, public safety, other emergency or law enforcement motor vehicle, or any motor vehicle used in an emergency capacity, idles while in an emergency or training mode and not for the convenience of the vehicle operator.
- 5) The primary propulsion engine idles for maintenance, servicing, repairing, or diagnostic purposes if idling is necessary for such activity.
- 6) A motor vehicle idles as part of a government inspection to verify that all equipment is in good working order, provided idling is required as part of the inspection.
- 7) When idling of the motor vehicle is required to operate auxiliary equipment to accomplish the intended use of the vehicle (such as loading, unloading, mixing, or processing cargo; controlling cargo temperature; construction operations, lumbering operations; oil or gas well servicing; or farming operations), provided that this exemption does not apply when the vehicle is idling solely for cabin comfort or to operate non-essential equipment such as air conditioning, heating, microwave ovens, or televisions.
- 8) When the motor vehicle idles due to mechanical difficulties over which the operator has no control.
- 9) The outdoor temperature is less than 32 °F (0 °C) or greater than 80 °F (26 °C).

When the outdoor temperature is greater than or equal to 32 °F (0 °C) or less than or equal to 80 °F (26 °C), a person who operates a motor vehicle operating on diesel fuel shall not cause or allow the motor vehicle to idle for a period greater than 30 minutes in any 60 minute period while waiting to weigh, load, or unload cargo or freight, unless the vehicle is in a line of vehicles that regularly and periodically moves forward.

The above requirements do not prohibit the operation of an auxiliary power unit or generator set as an alternative to idling the main engine of a motor vehicle operating on diesel fuel.

<u>Environmental Deficiency Deduction</u>. When the Engineer is notified, or determines that an environmental control deficiency exists based on non-compliance with the idling restrictions, he/she will notify the Contractor, and direct the Contractor to correct the deficiency.

If the Contractor fails to correct the deficiency a monetary deduction will be imposed. The monetary deduction will be \$1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: November 1, 2008

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory or most recent addendum.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor:

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. This determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 7.00% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that firmly committed DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal; or
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders may consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217)785-4611, or by visiting the Department's web site at www.dot.il.gov.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with the bidding procedures of this Special Provision is required prior to the award of the contract and the failure of the as-read low bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

- (a) In order to assure the timely award of the contract, the as-read low bidder shall submit a Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan on Department form SBE 2026 within seven working days after the date of letting. To meet the seven day requirement, the bidder may send the Plan by certified mail or delivery service within the seven working day period. If a question arises concerning the mailing date of a Plan, the mailing date will be established by the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the original certified mail receipt from the U.S. Postal Service or the receipt issued by a delivery service. It is the responsibility of the bidder to ensure that the postmark or receipt date is affixed within the seven working days if the bidder intends to rely upon mailing or delivery to satisfy the submission day requirement. The Plan is to be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217)785-1524). It is the responsibility of the bidder to obtain confirmation of telefax delivery. The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the seven day submittal requirement and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive due to a failure to submit a Plan or failure to comply with the bidding procedures set forth herein, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty, and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids. The Department reserves the right to invite any other bidder to submit a Utilization Plan at any time for award consideration or to extend the time for award.
- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.
- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. The signatures on these forms must be original signatures. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:
 - (1) The name and address of each DBE to be used;

- (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the commercially useful work to be done by each DBE;
- (3) The price to be paid to each DBE for the identified work specifically stating the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
- (4) A commitment statement signed by the bidder and each DBE evidencing availability and intent to perform commercially useful work on the project; and
- (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s).
- (d) The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder is approved. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Plan commits sufficient commercially useful DBE work performance to meet the contract goal. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Plan does not commit sufficient DBE performance to meet the contract goal unless the bidder documents that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. The good faith procedures of Section VIII of this special provision apply. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient in a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no less than a five working day period in order to cure the deficiency.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies,

excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.

- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contact. Credit will be given for the full value of all such DBE trucks operated using DBE employed drivers. Goal credit will be limited to the value of the reasonable fee or commission received by the DBE if trucks are leased from a non-DBE company.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials or supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a regular dealer or manufacturer.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. If the bidder cannot obtain sufficient DBE commitments to meet the contract goal, the bidder must document in the Utilization Plan the good faith efforts made in the attempt to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken those efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where

appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.

- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines that the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will

award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the bidder of that preliminary determination by contacting the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan. The preliminary determination shall include a statement of reasons why good faith efforts have not been found, and may include additional good faith efforts that the bidder could take. The notification will designate a five working day period during which the bidder shall take additional efforts. The bidder is not limited by a statement of additional efforts, but may take other action beyond any stated additional efforts in order to obtain additional DBE commitments. The bidder shall submit an amended Utilization Plan if additional DBE commitments to meet the contract goal are secured. If additional DBE commitments sufficient to meet the contract goal are not secured, the bidder shall report the final good faith efforts made in the time allotted. All additional efforts taken by the bidder will be considered as part of the bidder's good faith efforts. If the bidder is not able to meet the goal after taking additional efforts, the Department will make a pre-final determination of the good faith efforts of the bidder and will notify the designated responsible company official of the reasons for an adverse determination.

(c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a pre-final determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217)785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The pre-final determination shall become final if a request is not made and delivered. A request may provide additional written documentation and/or argument concerning the issue of whether an adequate good faith effort was made to meet the contract goal. In addition, the request shall be considered a consent by the bidder to extend the time for award. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based

upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal.

- (a) No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the Participation Statement. The Contractor shall not terminate for convenience a DBE listed in the Utilization Plan and then perform the work of the terminated DBE with its own forces, those of an affiliate or those of another subcontractor, whether DBE or not, without first obtaining the written consent of the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises to amend the Utilization Plan. If a DBE listed in the Utilization Plan is terminated for reasons other than convenience, or fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make good faith efforts to find another DBE to substitute for the terminated DBE. The good faith efforts shall be directed at finding another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, but only to the extent needed to meet the contract goal or the amended contract goal. The Contractor shall notify the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises of any termination for reasons other than convenience, and shall obtain approval for inclusion of the substitute DBE in the Utilization Plan. If good faith efforts following a termination of a DBE for cause are not successful, the Contractor shall contact the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises and provide a full accounting of the efforts undertaken to obtain substitute DBE participation. The Bureau of Small Business Enterprises will evaluate the good faith efforts in light of all circumstances surrounding the performance status of the contract, and determine whether the contract goal should be amended.
- (c) The Contractor shall maintain a record of payments for work performed to the DBE participants. The records shall be made available to the Department for inspection upon request. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Regional Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Plan, the Department will deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages.

- (d) The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department.

ENGINEER'S FIELD OFFICE TYPE A (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2008

Revise Article 670.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"670.02 Engineer's Field Office Type A. Type A field offices shall have a minimum ceiling height of 7 ft (2 m) and a minimum floor space 450 sq ft (42 sq m). The office shall be provided with sufficient heat, natural and artificial light, and air conditioning.

The office shall have an electronic security system that will respond to any breach of exterior doors and windows. Doors and windows shall be equipped with locks. Doors shall also be equipped with dead bolt locks or other secondary locking device.

Windows shall be equipped with exterior screens to allow adequate ventilation. All windows shall be equipped with interior shades, curtains, or blinds. Adequate all-weather parking space shall be available to accommodate a minimum of ten vehicles.

Suitable on-site sanitary facilities meeting Federal, State, and local health department requirements shall be provided, maintained clean and in good working condition, and shall be stocked with lavatory and sanitary supplies at all times.

Sanitary facilities shall include hot and cold potable running water, lavatory and toilet as an integral part of the office where available. Solid waste disposal consisting of two waste baskets and an outside trash container of sufficient size to accommodate a weekly provided pick-up service.

In addition, the following furniture and equipment shall be furnished.

(a) Four desks with minimum working surface 42 x 30 in. (1.1 m x 750 mm) each and five non-folding chairs with upholstered seats and backs.

- (b) One desk with minimum working surface 48 x 72 in. (1.2 x 1.8 m) with height adjustment of 23 to 30 in. (585 to 750 mm).
- (c) One four-post drafting table with minimum top size of 37 1/2 x 48 in. (950 mm x 1.2 m). The top shall be basswood or equivalent and capable of being tilted through an angle of 50 degrees. An adjustable height drafting stool with upholstered seat and back shall also be provided.
- (d) Two free standing four drawer legal size file cabinet with lock and an underwriters' laboratories insulated file device 350 degrees one hour rating.
- (e) One 6 ft (1.8 m) folding table with six folding chairs.
- (f) One equipment cabinet of minimum inside dimension of 44 in. (1100 mm) high x 24 in. (600 mm) wide x 30 in. (750 mm) deep with lock. The walls shall be of steel with a 3/32 in. (2 mm) minimum thickness with concealed hinges and enclosed lock constructed in such a manner as to prevent entry by force. The cabinet assembly shall be permanently attached to a structural element of the field office in a manner to prevent theft of the entire cabinet.
- (g) One refrigerator with a minimum size of 16 cu ft (0.45 cu m) with a freezer unit.
- (h) One electric desk type tape printing calculator.
- (i) A minimum of two communication paths. The configuration shall include:
 - (1) Internet Connection. An internet service connection using telephone DSL, cable broadband, or CDMA wireless technology. Additionally, an 802.11g/N wireless router shall be provided, which will allow connection by the Engineer and up to four Department staff.
 - (2) Telephone Lines. Three separate telephone lines.
- (j) One plain paper copy machine capable of reproducing prints up to 11 x 17 in. (280 x 432 mm) with an automatic feed tray capable of storing 30 sheets of paper. Letter size and 11 x 17 in. (280 x 432 mm) paper shall be provided.
- (k) One plain paper fax machine with paper.
- (I) Two telephones, with touch tone, where available, and a digital telephone answering machine, for exclusive use by the Engineer.
- (m) One electric water cooler dispenser.
- (n) One first-aid cabinet fully equipped.
- (o) One microwave oven, 1 cu ft (0.03 cu m) minimum capacity.

- (p) One fire-proof safe, 0.5 cu ft (0.01 cu m) minimum capacity.
- (q) One electric paper shredder.
- (r) One post mounted rain gauge, located on the project site for each 5 miles (8 km) of project length."

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 670.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The building or buildings fully equipped as specified will be paid for on a monthly basis until the building or buildings are released by the Engineer."

Revise the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 670.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"This price shall include all utility costs and shall reflect the salvage value of the building or buildings, equipment, and furniture which become the property of the Contractor after release by the Engineer, except that the Department will pay that portion of the monthly long distance telephone bills that, when combined, exceed \$150."

EQUIPMENT RENTAL RATES (BDE)

Effective: August 2, 2007 Revised: January 2, 2008

Replace the second and third paragraphs of Article 105.07(b)(4)a. of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4)."

Replace Article 109.04(b)(4) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

- "(4) Equipment. Equipment used for extra work shall be authorized by the Engineer. The equipment shall be specifically described, be of suitable size and capacity for the work to be performed, and be in good operating condition. For such equipment, the Contractor will be paid as follows.
 - a. Contractor Owned Equipment. Contractor owned equipment will be paid for by the hour using the applicable FHWA hourly rate from the "Equipment Watch Rental Rate Blue Book" (Blue Book) in effect when the force account work begins. The FHWA hourly rate is calculated as follows.

FHWA hourly rate = (monthly rate/176) x (model year adj.) x (Illinois adj.) + EOC

Where: EOC = Estimated Operating Costs per hour (from the Blue Book)

The time allowed will be the actual time the equipment is operating on the extra work. For the time required to move the equipment to and from the site of the extra work and any authorized idle (standby) time, payment will be made at the following hourly rate: 0.5 x (FHWA hourly rate - EOC).

All time allowed shall fall within the working hours authorized for the extra work.

The rates above include the cost of fuel, oil, lubrication, supplies, small tools, necessary attachments, repairs, overhaul and maintenance of any kind, depreciation, storage, overhead, profits, insurance, and all incidentals. The rates do not include labor.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer sufficient information for each piece of equipment and its attachments to enable the Engineer to determine the proper equipment category. If a rate is not established in the Blue Book for a particular piece of equipment, the Engineer will establish a rate for that piece of equipment that is consistent with its cost and use in the industry.

b. Rented Equipment. Whenever it is necessary for the Contractor to rent equipment to perform extra work, the rental and transportation costs of the equipment plus five percent for overhead will be paid. In no case shall the rental rates exceed those of established distributors or equipment rental agencies.

All prices shall be agreed to in writing before the equipment is used."

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2009

Revise the table in Article 108.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Schedule of Deductions for Each Day of Overrun in Contract Time						
Original Contract Amount		Daily Charges				
From More	To and Including	Calendar	Work			
Than		Day	Day			
\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 375	\$ 500			
100,000	500,000	625	875			
500,000	1,000,000	1,025	1,425			
1,000,000	3,000,000	1,125	1,550			
3,000,000	5,000,000	1,425	1,950			
5,000,000	10,000,000	1,700	2,350			
10,000,000	And over	3,325	4,650"			

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM / EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEFICIENCY DEDUCTION (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2007 Revised: November 1, 2008

Revise Article 105.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) / Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction. When the Engineer is notified or determines an erosion and/or sediment control deficiency(s) exists, or the Contractor's activities represents a violation of the Department's NPDES permits, the Engineer will notify and direct the Contractor to correct the deficiency within a specified time. The specified time, which begins upon notification to the Contractor, will be from 1/2 hour to 1 week based on the urgency of the situation and the nature of the work effort required. The Engineer will be the sole judge.

A deficiency may be any lack of repair, maintenance, or implementation of erosion and/or sediment control devices included in the contract, or any failure to comply with the conditions of the Department's NPDES permits. A deficiency may also be applied to situations where corrective action is not an option such as the failure to participate in a jobsite inspection of the project, failure to install required measures prior to initiating earth moving operations, disregard of concrete washout requirements, or other disregard of the NPDES permit.

If the Contractor fails to correct a deficiency within the specified time, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency exists. The calendar day(s) will begin with notification to the Contractor and end with the Engineer's acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be either \$1000.00 or 0.05 percent of the awarded contract value, whichever is greater. For those deficiencies where corrective action was not an option, the monetary deduction will be immediate and will be valued at one calendar day."

PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2000 Revised: January 1, 2006

Federal regulations found at 49 CFR §26.29 mandate the Department to establish a contract clause to require Contractors to pay subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their subcontracts and to set the time for such payments.

State law also addresses the timing of payments to be made to subcontractors and material suppliers. Section 7 of the Prompt Payment Act, 30 ILCS 540/7, requires that when a Contractor receives any payment from the Department, the Contractor shall make corresponding, proportional payments to each subcontractor and material supplier performing work or supplying material within 15 calendar days after receipt of the Department payment. Section 7 of the Act further provides that interest in the amount of two percent per month, in addition to the payment due, shall be paid to any subcontractor or material supplier by the Contractor if the payment required by the Act is withheld or delayed without reasonable cause.

The Act also provides that the time for payment required and the calculation of any interest due applies to transactions between subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors and material suppliers throughout the contracting chain.

This Special Provision establishes the required federal contract clause, and adopts the 15 calendar day requirement of the State Prompt Payment Act for purposes of compliance with the federal regulation regarding payments to subcontractors. This contract is subject to the following payment obligations.

When progress payments are made to the Contractor according to Article 109.07 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall make a corresponding payment to each subcontractor and material supplier in proportion to the work satisfactorily completed by each subcontractor and for the material supplied to perform any work of the contract. The proportionate amount of partial payment due to each subcontractor and material supplier throughout the contracting chain shall be determined by the quantities measured or otherwise determined as eligible for payment by the Department and included in the progress payment to the Contractor. Subcontractors and material suppliers shall be paid by the Contractor within 15 calendar days after the receipt of payment from the Department. The Contractor shall not hold retainage from the subcontractors. These obligations shall also apply to any payments made by subcontractors and material suppliers to their subcontractors and material suppliers; and to all payments made to lower tier subcontractors and material suppliers throughout the contracting chain. Any payment or portion of a payment subject to this provision may only be withheld from the subcontractor or material supplier to whom it is due for reasonable cause.

This Special Provision does not create any rights in favor of any subcontractor or material supplier against the State or authorize any cause of action against the State on account of any payment, nonpayment, delayed payment, or interest claimed by application of the State Prompt Payment Act. The Department will not approve any delay or postponement of the 15 day requirement except for reasonable cause shown after notice and hearing pursuant to Section 7(b) of the State Prompt Payment Act. State law creates other and additional remedies available to any subcontractor or material supplier, regardless of tier, who has not been paid for work properly performed or material furnished. These remedies are a lien against public funds set forth in Section 23(c) of the Mechanics Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c), and a recovery on the Contractor's payment bond according to the Public Construction Bond Act, 30 ILCS 550.

PAYROLLS AND PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: March 1, 2009

<u>FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS</u>. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include each worker's name, address, telephone number, social security number, classification, rate of pay, number of hours worked each day, starting and ending times of work each day, total hours worked each week, itemized deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit payroll records to the Engineer each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number.). The submittals shall be on the Department's form SBE 48, or an approved facsimile. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate box ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") checked on the form."

<u>STATE CONTRACTS</u>. Revise Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"IV. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PREVAILING WAGE ACT

- 1. Prevailing Wages. All wages paid by the Contractor and each subcontractor shall be in compliance with The Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130), as amended, except where a prevailing wage violates a federal law, order, or ruling, the rate conforming to the federal law, order, or ruling shall govern. The Contractor shall be responsible to notify each subcontractor of the wage rates set forth in this contract and any revisions thereto. If the Department of Labor revises the wage rates, the Contractor will not be allowed additional compensation on account of said revisions.
- 2. Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall make and keep, for a period of three years from the date of completion of this contract, records of the wages paid to his/her workers. The payroll records shall include each worker's name, address, telephone number, social security number, classification, rate of pay, number of hours worked each day, starting and ending times of work each day, total hours worked each week, itemized deductions made, and actual wages paid. Upon two business days' notice, these records shall be available, at all reasonable hours at a location within the State, for inspection by the Department or the Department of Labor.
- 3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit payroll records to the Engineer each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The submittals shall be on the Department's form SBE 48, or an approved facsimile. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate box ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") checked on the form.

Each submittal shall be accompanied by a statement signed by the Contractor or subcontractor which avers that: (i) such records are true and accurate; (ii) the hourly rate paid to each worker is not less than the general prevailing rate of hourly wages required by the Act; and (iii) the Contractor or subcontractor is aware that filing a payroll record that he/she knows to be false is a Class B misdemeanor.

4. Employee Interviews. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall permit his/her employees to be interviewed on the job, during working hours, by compliance investigators of the Department or the Department of Labor."

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2008

Revise the first sentence of Article 701.12 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"All personnel on foot, excluding flaggers, within the highway right-of-way shall wear a fluorescent orange, fluorescent yellow/green, or a combination of fluorescent orange and fluorescent yellow/green vest meeting the requirements of ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 for Conspicuity Class 2 garments."

REFLECTIVE SHEETING ON CHANNELIZING DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2007 Revised: November 1, 2008

Revise the seventh paragraph of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"At the time of manufacturing, the retroreflective prismatic sheeting used on channelizing devices shall meet or exceed the initial minimum coefficient of retroreflection as specified in the following table. Measurements shall be conducted according to ASTM E 810, without averaging. Sheeting used on cones, drums and flexible delineators shall be reboundable as tested according to ASTM D 4956. Prestriped sheeting for rigid substrates on barricades shall be white and orange. The sheeting shall be uniform in color and devoid of streaks throughout the length of each roll. The color shall conform to the latest appropriate standard color tolerance chart issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, and to the daytime and nighttime color requirements of ASTM D 4956.

Initial Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material						
Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	White	Orange	Fluorescent Orange		
0.2	-4	365	160	150		
0.2	+30	175	80	70		
0.5	-4	245	100	95		
0.5	+30	100	50	40"		

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1106.02(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Revise the third sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1106.02(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

[&]quot;Barricades and vertical panels shall have alternating white and orange stripes sloping downward at 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic will pass."

"The bottom panels shall be 8 x 24 in. (200 x 600 mm) with alternating white and orange stripes sloping downward at 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic will pass."

REINFORCEMENT BARS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2005 Revised: April 1, 2009

Revise Article 1006.10(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(a) Reinforcement Bars. Reinforcement bars will be accepted according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reinforcement Bar and/or Dowel Bar Plant Certification Procedure". The Department will maintain an approved list of producers.
 - (1) Reinforcement Bars (Non-Coated). Reinforcement bars shall be according to ASTM A 706 (A 706M), Grade 60 (420) for deformed bars and the following.
 - a. For straight bars furnished in cut lengths and with a well-defined yield point, the yield point shall be determined as the elastic peak load, identified by a halt or arrest of the load indicator before plastic flow is sustained by the bar and dividing it by the nominal cross-sectional area of the bar.
 - b. Tensile strength shall be a minimum of 1.20 times the yield strength.
 - c. For bars straightened from coils or bars bent from fabrication, there shall be no upper limit on yield strength; and for bar designation Nos. 3 6 (10 19), the elongation after rupture shall be at least 9%.
 - d. Heat Numbers. Bundles or bars at the construction site shall be marked or tagged with heat identification numbers of the bar producer.
 - e. Guided Bend Test. Bars may be subject to a guided bend test across two pins which are free to rotate, where the bending force shall be centrally applied with a fixed or rotating pin of a certain diameter as specified in Table 3 of ASTM A 706 (A 706M). The dimensions and clearances of this guided bend test shall be according to ASTM E 190.
 - f. Spiral Reinforcement. Spiral reinforcement shall be deformed or plain bars conforming to the above requirements or cold-drawn steel wire conforming to AASHTO M 32.
 - (2) Epoxy Coated Reinforcement Bars. Epoxy coated reinforcement bars shall be according to Article 1006.10(a)(1) and shall be epoxy coated according to AASHTO M 284 (M 284M) and the following.
 - a. Certification. The epoxy coating applicator shall be certified according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Epoxy Coating Plant Certification Procedure". The Department will maintain an approved list.

- b. Coating Thickness. When spiral reinforcement is coated after fabrication, the thickness of the epoxy coating shall be 7 to 20 mils (0.18 to 0.50 mm).
- c. Cutting Reinforcement. Reinforcement bars may be sheared or sawn to length after coating, providing the end damage to the coating does not extend more than 0.5 in. (13 mm) back and the cut is patched before any visible rusting appears. Flame cutting will not be permitted."

REINFORCEMENT BARS - STORAGE AND PROTECTION (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2008 Revised: April 1, 2009

Revise Article 508.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"508.03 Storage and Protection. Reinforcement bars shall be stored off the ground using platforms, skids, or other supports; and shall be protected from mechanical injury and from deterioration by exposure. Epoxy coated bars shall be stored on wooden or padded steel cribbing and all systems for handling shall have padded contact areas. The bars or bundles shall not be dragged or dropped.

When epoxy coated bars are stored in a manner where they will be exposed to the weather more than 60 days prior to use, they shall be protected from deterioration such as that caused by sunlight, salt spray, and weather exposure. The protection shall consist of covering with opaque polyethylene sheeting or other suitable opaque material. The covering shall be secured and allow for air circulation around the bars to minimize condensation under the cover.

Covering of the epoxy coated bars will not be required when the bars are installed and tied, or when they are partially incorporated into the concrete."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2005

To account for the preparatory work and operations necessary for the movement of subcontractor personnel, equipment, supplies, and incidentals to the project site and for all other work or operations that must be performed or costs incurred when beginning work approved for subcontracting in accordance with Article 108.01 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall make a mobilization payment to each subcontractor.

This mobilization payment shall be made at least 14 days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be equal to 3 percent of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

This provision shall be incorporated directly or by reference into each subcontract approved by the Department.

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within **95** working days.

TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS (BDE)

Effective: October 15, 1975

This Training Special Provision supersedes Section 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved. The number of trainees to be trained under this contract will be **1 Trainee**. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, he shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The Contractor shall also insure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the Contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within the reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Illinois Department of Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the Contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g. by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that he has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he has been employed as a journeyman. The Contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the Contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the Contractor and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program, if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the Contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved by not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather then clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented Training in the laborer classification may be permitted toward construction applications. provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. Some offsite training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the Contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the Engineer, reimbursement will be made for training of persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the Contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the Contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainee as a journeyman, is caused by the Contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor in meeting the requirement of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program.

It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A Contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The Contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training. The Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily complete.

The Contractor shall provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting his performance under this Training Special Provision.

Method of Measurement. The unit of measurement is in hours.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of 80 cents per hour for TRAINEES. The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

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ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment Preference for Appalachian Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

- 1. These contract provisions shall apply to all word performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided for in each section, the contractor shall insert in each subcontract all of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions, and further require their inclusion in any lower tier subcontract or purchase order that may in turn be made. The Required Contract Provisions shall not be incorporated by reference in any case. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with these Required Contract Provisions.
- **3.** A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions shall be sufficient grounds for termination of the contract
- **4.** A breach of the following clauses of the Required Contract Provisions may also be grounds for debarment as provided in 29 CFR 5.12:

Section I, paragraph 2; Section IV, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7; Section V, paragraphs 1 and 2a through 2g.

- **5.** Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of Section IV (except paragraph 5) and Section V of these Required Contract Provisions shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as set forth in 29 CFR 5, 6 and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the DOL, or the contractor's employees or their representatives.
- **6.** Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not:
 - **a.** Discriminate against labor from any other State, possession, or territory of the United States (except for employment preference for Appalachian contracts, when applicable, as specified in Attachment A), or
 - **b.** Employ convict labor for any purpose within the limits of the project unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630 and 41 CFR 60 (and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set forth under 41 CFR 60-4.3 and the provisions of the American Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seg.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
 - **a.** The contractor will work with the State highway agency (SHA) and the Federal Government in carrying out EEO obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.
 - **b.** The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement: "It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job-training."
- **2. EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the SHA contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for an must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of EEO and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- **3. Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
 - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
 - b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
 c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the
 - c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.
 - **d.** Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
 - **e.** The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
 - **a.** The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employees referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish which such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred

to the contractor for employment consideration.

- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The DOL has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)
- **c.** The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
 - **a.** The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
 - **b.** The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
 - **c.** The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
 - d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- **a.** The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision.
- **c.** The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- **d.** The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:
 - a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women

- for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- **b.** The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the SHA and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The DOL has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the SHA.
- **8.** Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.
 - **a.** The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers of his/her EEO obligations under this contract.
 - b. Disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), as defined in 49 CFR 23, shall have equal opportunity to compete for and perform subcontracts which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of DBE construction firms from SHA personnel.
 - **c.** The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.
- **9. Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the SHA and the FHWA.
 - a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
 - (1) The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women;
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and
 - (4) The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.
 - **b.** The contractors will submit an annual report to the SHA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the

contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

- **a.** By submission of this bid, the execution of this contract or subcontract, or the consummation of this material supply agreement or purchase order, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, material supplier, or vendor, as appropriate, certifies that the firm does not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that the firm does not permit its employees to perform their services at any location, under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The firm agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the EEO provisions of this contract. The firm further certifies that no employee will be denied access to adequate facilities on the basis of sex or disability.
- **b.** As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, timeclocks, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive, or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, age or disability, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. The only exception will be for the disabled when the demands for accessibility override (e.g. disabled parking).
- **c.** The contractor agrees that it has obtained or will obtain identical certification from proposed subcontractors or material suppliers prior to award of subcontracts or consummation of material supply agreements of \$10,000 or more and that it will retain such certifications in its files.

IV. PAYMENT OF PREDETERMINED MINIMUM WAGE

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt.)

1. General:

a. All mechanics and laborers employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account [except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations (29 CFR 3) issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. 276c)] the full amounts of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment. The payment shall be computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter "the wage determination") which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or its subcontractors and such laborers and mechanics. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 2 of this Section IV and the DOL poster (WH-1321) or Form FHWA-1495) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers. For the purpose of this Section, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of Section IV, paragraph 3b, hereof. Also, for the purpose of this Section, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred

- during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Section IV.
- b. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.
- **c.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon Act and related acts contained in 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

2. Classification:

- **a.** The SHA contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics employed under the contract, which is not listed in the wage determination, shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.
- **b.** The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification, wage rate and fringe benefits only when the following criteria have been met:
- (1) the work to be performed by the additional classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
- **(2)** the additional classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry;
- (3) the proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and
- **(4)** with respect to helpers, when such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.
- c. If the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers and mechanics (if known) to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the DOL, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- d. In the event the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the question, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. Said Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advised the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- **e.** The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 2c or 2d of this Section IV shall be paid to all workers performing work in the additional classification from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

3. Payment of Fringe Benefits:

a. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly case equivalent thereof.

b. If the contractor or subcontractor, as appropriate, does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, he/she may consider as a part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any cost reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

4. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOL) and Helpers:

a. Apprentices:

- (1) Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the DOL, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his/her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State apprenticeship agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.
- (2) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyman-level employees on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate listed in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor or subcontractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman-level hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.
- (3) Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator for the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.
- (4) In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the comparable work performed by regular employees until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees:

(1) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and

individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the DOL, Employment and Training Administration.

- (2) The ratio of trainees to journeyman-level employees on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.
- (3) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for his/her level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman-level wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices, in which cases such trainees shall receive the same fringe benefits as apprentices.
- (4) In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Helpers:

Helpers will be permitted to work on a project if the helper classification is specified and defined on the applicable wage determination or is approved pursuant to the conformance procedure set forth in Section IV. 2. Any worker listed on a payroll at a helper wage rate, who is not a helper under a approved definition, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed.

5. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOT):

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

6. Withholding:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from the contractor or subcontractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, as much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainee's and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the SHA contracting officer may, after written notice to the contractor, take

such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

7. Overtime Requirements:

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers, mechanics, watchmen, or guards (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers described in paragraphs 4 and 5 above) shall require or permit any laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard in any workweek in which he/she is employed on such work, to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard receives compensation at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

8. Violation:

Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages: In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7 above, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible thereof shall be liable to the affected employee for his/her unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard work week of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 7.

9. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages:

The SHA shall; upon its own action or upon written request of any authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 8 above.

V. STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural collectors, which are exempt.)

1. Compliance with Copeland Regulations (29 CFR 3):

The contractor shall comply with the Copeland Regulations of the Secretary of Labor which are herein incorporated by reference.

2. Payrolls and Payroll Records:

- **a.** Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor and each subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract for all laborers, mechanics, apprentices, trainees, watchmen, helpers, and guards working at the site of the work.
- **b.** The payroll records shall contain the name, social security number, and address of each such employee; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of

contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalent thereof the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. In addition, for Appalachian contracts, the payroll records shall contain a notation indicating whether the employee does, or does not, normally reside in the labor area as defined in Attachment A, paragraph 1. Whenever the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to Section IV, paragraph 3b, has found that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act, the contractor and each subcontractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and show the cost anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing benefits. Contractors or subcontractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprentices and trainees, and ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- c. Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish, each week in which any contract work is performed, to the SHA resident engineer a payroll of wages paid each of its employees (including apprentices trainees, and helpers, described in Section IV, paragraphs 4 and 5, and watchmen and guards engaged on work during the preceding weekly payroll period). The payroll submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal stock number 029-005-0014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for submitting payroll copies of all subcontractors.
- **d**. Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his/her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
- (1) that the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V and that such information is correct and complete;
- (2) that such laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR 3;
- (3) that each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less that the applicable wage rate and fringe benefits or cash equivalent for the classification of worked performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- **e**. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 2d of this Section V.
- f. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U/S. C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.
- g. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 2b of this Section V available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the SHA, the FHWA, or the DOL, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the SHA, the FHWA, the DOL, or all may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such

actions as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

VI. RECORD OF MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, AND LABOR

- 1. On all federal-aid contracts on the national highway system, except those which provide solely for the installation of protective devices at railroad grade crossings, those which are constructed on a force account or direct labor basis, highway beautification contracts, and contracts for which the total final construction cost for roadway and bridge is less than \$1,000,000 (23 CFR 635) the contractor shall:
 - a. Become familiar with the list of specific materials and supplies contained in Form FHWA-47, "Statement of Materials and Labor Used by Contractor of Highway Construction Involving Federal Funds," prior to the commencement of work under this contract.
 - **b.** Maintain a record of the total cost of all materials and supplies purchased for and incorporated in the work, and also of the quantities of those specific materials and supplies listed on Form FHWA-47, and in the units shown on Form FHWA-47.
 - **c.** Furnish, upon the completion of the contract, to the SHA resident engineer on /Form FHWA-47 together with the data required in paragraph 1b relative to materials and supplies, a final labor summary of all contract work indicating the total hours worked and the total amount earned.
- 2. At the prime contractor's option, either a single report covering all contract work or separate reports for the contractor and for each subcontract shall be submitted.

VII. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the State. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractors' own organization (23 CFR 635).
 - a. "Its own organization" shall be construed to include only workers employed and paid directly by the prime contractor and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor, assignee, or agent of the prime contractor.
 - b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of Section VII is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the SHA contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the SHA contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the SHA has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

VIII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the SHA contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S. C. 333).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

IX. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, the following notice shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONNEL ENGAGED ON FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROJECTS

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

X. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$100,000 or more).

By submission of this bid or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any facility that is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract, unless such contract is exempt under the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857 et seq., as amended by Pub.L. 91-604), and under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., as amended by Pub.L. 92-500), Executive Order 11738, and regulations in implementation thereof (40 CFR 15) is not listed, on the date of contract award, on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.
- 2. That the firm agrees to comply and remain in compliance with all the requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act and Section 308 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and all regulations and guidelines listed thereunder.
- **3.** That the firm shall promptly notify the SHA of the receipt of any communication from the Director, Office of Federal Activities, EPA indicating that a facility that is or will be utilized for the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.
- **4.** That the firm agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph 1 through 4 of this Section X in every nonexempt subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the government may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

1. Instructions for Certification - Primary Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all Federal-aid contracts - 49 CFR 29)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.
b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in

this transaction.

- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- **d.** The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible,""lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- f. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the nonprocurement portion of the "Lists of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement or Nonprocurement Programs" (Nonprocurement List) which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph f of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Primary Covered Transactions

- 1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
 - a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from

covered transactions by any Federal department or agency; b. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property:

- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph 1b of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- 2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions of \$25,000 or more - 49 CFR 29)

- **a**. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- **b.** The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- **c.** The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "primary covered transaction," "participant," "person," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- **e.** The prospective lower tie participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- **g.** A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not

required to, check the Nonprocurement List.

- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealing.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility And Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

XII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 - 49 CFR 20)

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
 - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
 - b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not

more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

MINIMUM WAGES FOR FEDERAL AND FEDERALLY ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

This project is funded, in part, with Federal-aid funds and, as such, is subject to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Sta. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in a 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix A, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act and pursuant to the provisions of 29 CFR Part 1. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits shown in the General Wage Determination Decisions issued by the U.S. Department of Labor shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

General Wage Determination Decisions, modifications and supersedes decisions thereto are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable DBRA Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits contained in the General Wage Determination Decision shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

NOTICE

The most current **General Wage Determination Decisions** (wage rates) are available on the IDOT web site. They are located on the Letting and Bidding page at http://www.dot.state.il.us/desenv/delett.html.

In addition, ten (10) days prior to the letting, the applicable Federal wage rates will be e-mailed to subscribers. It is recommended that all contractors subscribe to the Federal Wage Rates List or the Contractor's Packet through IDOT's subscription service.

PLEASE NOTE: if you have already subscribed to the Contractor's Packet you will automatically receive the Federal Wage Rates.

The instructions for subscribing are at http://www.dot.state.il.us/desenv/subsc.html.

If you have any questions concerning the wage rates, please contact IDOT's Chief Contract Official at 217-782-7806.