If you plan to submit a bid directly to the Department of Transportation

PREQUALIFICATION

Any contractor who desires to become pre-qualified to bid on work advertised by IDOT must submit the properly completed pre-qualification forms to the Bureau of Construction no later that 4:30 p.m. prevailing time twenty-one days prior to the letting of interest. This pre-qualification requirement applies to first time contractors, contractors renewing expired ratings, contractors maintaining continuous pre-qualification or contractors requesting revised ratings. To be eligible to bid, existing pre-qualification ratings must be effective through the date of letting.

REQUESTS FOR AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Contractors wanting to bid on items included in a particular letting must submit the properly completed "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124INT) and the ORIGINAL "Affidavit of Availability" (BC 57) to the proper office no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time, three (3) days prior to the letting date.

WHO CAN BID ?

Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written **Authorization to Bid** from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?: When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status"(BDE 124INT) he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued a **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form**, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction, that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If **Authorization to Bid** cannot be approved, the **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form** will indicate the reason for denial.

ABOUT AUTHORIZATION TO BID: Firms that have not received an authorization form within a reasonable time of complete and correct original document submittal should contact the department as to status. This is critical in the week before the letting. These documents must be received three days before the letting date. Firms unsure as to authorization status should call the Prequalification Section of the Bureau of Construction at the number listed at the end of these instructions.

ADDENDA AND REVISIONS: It is the contractor's responsibility to determine which, if any, addenda or revisions pertain to any project they may be bidding. Failure to incorporate all relevant addenda or revisions may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

Each addendum will be placed with the contract number. Addenda and revisions will also be placed on the Addendum/Revision Checklist and each subscription service subscriber will be notified by e-mail of each addendum and revision issued.

The Internet is the Department's primary way of doing business. The subscription server e-mails are an added courtesy the Department provides. It is suggested that bidders check IDOT's website at http://www.dot.il.gov/desenv/delett.html before submitting final bid information.

IDOT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY E-MAIL FAILURES.

Addenda Questions may be directed to the Contracts Office at (217)782-7806 or D&Econtracts@dot.il.gov

Technical Questions about downloading these files may be directed to Tim Garman (217)524-1642 or Timothy.Garman@illinois.gov.

WHAT MUST BE INCLUDED WHEN BIDS ARE SUBMITTED?: Bidders need not return the entire proposal when bids are submitted. That portion of the proposal that must be returned includes the following:

1. All documents from the Proposal Cover Sheet through the Proposal Bid Bond
2. Other special documentation and/or information that may be required by the contract special provisions

All proposal documents, including Proposal Guaranty Checks or Proposal Bid Bonds, should be stapled together to prevent loss when bids are processed by IDOT personnel.

ABOUT SUBMITTING BIDS: It is recommended that bidders deliver bids in person to insure they arrive at the proper location prior to the time specified for the receipt of bids. Any bid received at the place of letting after the time specified will not be accepted.

WHO SHOULD BE CALLED IF ASSISTANCE IS NEEDED?

Questions Regarding	**Call**
Prequalification and/or Authorization to Bid	217/782-3413
Preparation and submittal of bids	217/782-7806
Mailing of plans and proposals	217/782-7806

ADDENDUMS AND REVISIONS TO THE PROPOSAL FORMS

Planholders should verify that they have received and incorporated any addendum and/or revision prior to submitting their bid. Failure by the bidder to include and addendum or revision could result in a bid being rejected as irregular.

RETURN WITH BID

10

Proposal Submitted By
Name
Address
City

Letting June 12, 2009

BIDDERS NEED NOT RETURN THE ENTIRE PROPOSAL
(See instructions inside front cover)

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS
This proposal can be used for bidding purposes by only those companies that request and receive written AUTHORIZATION TO BID from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.
(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE INSIDE OF COVER)

Notice To Bidders, Specifications, Proposal, Contract and Contract Bond

Illinois Department of Transportation

Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 60G31
COOK County
Section 2009-031 TS
District 1 Construction Funds
Route FAP 389

PLEASE MARK THE APPROPRIATE BOX BELOW:

☐ A Bid Bond is included.

☐ A Cashier's Check or a Certified Check is included.

Prepared by

S

Checked by

(Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)

INSTRUCTIONS

ABOUT IDOT PROPOSALS: All proposals issued by IDOT are potential bidding proposals. Each proposal contains all Certifications and Affidavits, a Proposal Signature Sheet and a Proposal Bid Bond required for Prime Contractors to submit a bid after written **Authorization to Bid** has been issued by IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

WHO CAN BID?: Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written **Authorization to Bid** from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction. To request authorization, a potential bidder must complete and submit Part B of the Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status form (BDE 124 INT) and submit an original Affidavit of Availability (BC 57).

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?: When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Proposal Forms and Plans" he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued a **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form**, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction, that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If **Authorization to Bid** cannot be approved, the **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form** will indicate the reason for denial. If a contractor has requested to bid but has not received a **Proposal Denial and/or Authorization Form**, they should contact the Central Bureau of Construction in advance of the letting date.

WHAT MUST BE INCLUDED WHEN BIDS ARE SUBMITTED?: Bidders need not return the entire proposal when bids are submitted. That portion of the proposal that must be returned includes the following:

1. All documents from the Proposal Cover Sheet through the Proposal Bid Bond

2. Other special documentation and/or information that may be required by the contract special provisions

All proposal documents, including Proposal Guaranty Checks or Proposal Bid Bonds, should be stapled together to prevent loss when bids are processed by IDOT personnel.

ABOUT SUBMITTING BIDS: It is recommended that bidders deliver bids in person to insure they arrive at the proper location prior to the time specified for the receipt of bids. Any bid received at the place of letting after the time specified will not be accepted.

WHO SHOULD BE CALLED IF ASSISTANCE IS NEEDED?

Questions Regarding	Call
Prequalification and/or Authorization to Bid	217/782-3413
Preparation and submittal of bids	217/782-7806
Mailing of CD-ROMS	217/782-7806

RETURN WITH BID

Illinois Department of Transportation

PROPOSAL

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

1. Proposal of _____

   _____

Taxpayer Identification Number (Mandatory) _____ a

for the improvement identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 60G31
COOK County
Section 2009-031 TS
Route FAP 389
District 1 Construction Funds

Traffic signal improvement on Congress Parkway/Wacker Drive at Monroe Street and Adams Street in Chicago.

2. The undersigned bidder will furnish all labor, material and equipment to complete the above described project in a good and workmanlike manner as provided in the contract documents provided by the Department of Transportation. This proposal will become part of the contract and the terms and conditions contained in the contract documents shall govern performance and payments.

RETURN WITH BID

3. **ASSURANCE OF EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION/WAIVER.** The undersigned further declares that he/she has carefully examined the proposal, plans, specifications, form of contract and contract bond, and special provisions, and that he/she has inspected in detail the site of the proposed work, and that he/she has familiarized themselves with all of the local conditions affecting the contract and the detailed requirements of construction, and understands that in making this proposal he/she waives all right to plead any misunderstanding regarding the same.

4. **EXECUTION OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT BOND.** The undersigned further agrees to execute a contract for this work and present the same to the department within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her. The undersigned further agrees that he/she and his/her surety will execute and present within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her contract bond satisfactory to and in the form prescribed by the Department of Transportation, in the penal sum of the full amount of the contract, guaranteeing the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.

5. **PROPOSAL GUARANTY.** Accompanying this proposal is either a bid bond on the department form, executed by a corporate surety company satisfactory to the department, or a proposal guaranty check consisting of a bank cashier's check or a properly certified check for not less than 5 per cent of the amount bid or for the amount specified in the following schedule:

Amount of Bid			Proposal Guaranty	Amount of Bid			Proposal Guaranty
Up to		$5,000	$150	$2,000,000	to	$3,000,000	$100,000
$5,000	to	$10,000	$300	$3,000,000	to	$5,000,000	$150,000
$10,000	to	$50,000	$1,000	$5,000,000	to	$7,500,000	$250,000
$50,000	to	$100,000	$3,000	$7,500,000	to	$10,000,000	$400,000
$100,000	to	$150,000	$5,000	$10,000,000	to	$15,000,000	$500,000
$150,000	to	$250,000	$7,500	$15,000,000	to	$20,000,000	$600,000
$250,000	to	$500,000	$12,500	$20,000,000	to	$25,000,000	$700,000
$500,000	to	$1,000,000	$25,000	$25,000,000	to	$30,000,000	$800,000
$1,000,000	to	$1,500,000	$50,000	$30,000,000	to	$35,000,000	$900,000
$1,500,000	to	$2,000,000	$75,000	over		$35,000,000	$1,000,000

Bank cashier's checks or properly certified checks accompanying proposals shall be made payable to the Treasurer, State of Illinois, when the state is awarding authority; the county treasurer, when a county is the awarding authority; or the city, village, or town treasurer, when a city, village, or town is the awarding authority.

If a combination bid is submitted, the proposal guaranties which accompany the individual proposals making up the combination will be considered as also covering the combination bid.

The amount of the proposal guaranty check is _____ $( ). If this proposal is accepted and the undersigned shall fail to execute a contract bond as required herein, it is hereby agreed that the amount of the proposal guaranty shall become the property of the State of Illinois, and shall be considered as payment of damages due to delay and other causes suffered by the State because of the failure to execute said contract and contract bond; otherwise, the bid bond shall become void or the proposal guaranty check shall be returned to the undersigned.

Attach Cashier's Check or Certified Check Here

In the event that one proposal guaranty check is intended to cover two or more proposals, the amount must be equal to the sum of the proposal guaranties which would be required for each individual proposal. If the guaranty check is placed in another proposal, state below where it may be found.

The proposal guaranty check will be found in the proposal for:

Item _____

Section No. _____

County _____

Mark the proposal cover sheet as to the type of proposal guaranty submitted.

6. **COMBINATION BIDS.** The undersigned further agrees that if awarded the contract for the sections contained in the following combination, he/she will perform the work in accordance with the requirements of each individual proposal comprising the combination bid specified in the schedule below, and that the combination bid shall be prorated against each section in proportion to the bid submitted for the same. If an error is found to exist in the gross sum bid for one or more of the individual sections included in a combination, the combination bid shall be corrected as provided in the specifications.

When a combination bid is submitted, the schedule below must be completed in each proposal comprising the combination.

If alternate bids are submitted for one or more of the sections comprising the combination, a combination bid must be submitted for each alternate.

Schedule of Combination Bids

Combination No.	Sections Included in Combination	Combination Bid Dollars	Cents

7. **SCHEDULE OF PRICES.** The undersigned bidder submits herewith, in accordance with the rules and instructions, a schedule of prices for the items of work for which bids are sought. The unit prices bid are in U.S. dollars and cents, and all extensions and summations have been made. The bidder understands that the quantities appearing in the bid schedule are approximate and are provided for the purpose of obtaining a gross sum for the comparison of bids. If there is an error in the extension of the unit prices, the unit prices shall govern. Payment to the contractor awarded the contract will be made only for actual quantities of work performed and accepted or materials furnished according to the contract. The scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished may be increased, decreased or omitted as provided elsewhere in the contract.

8. **CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.** The undersigned bidder, if a business organized under the laws of another State, assures the Department that it will furnish a copy of its certificate of authority to do business in the State of Illinois with the return of the executed contract and bond. Failure to furnish the certificate within the time provided for execution of an awarded contract may be cause for cancellation of the award and forfeiture of the proposal guaranty to the State.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SCHEDULE OF PRICES
CONTRACT NUMBER - 60G31

State Job # - C-91-364-09
PPS NBR - 1-78187-0001
County Name - COOK- -
Code - 31 - -
District - 1 - -
Section Number - 2009-031TS

Project Number

Route FAP 389

Item Number	Pay Item Description	Unit of Measure	Quantity	x	Unit Price	=	Total Price
X0322689	P S AB 10 7G 34'-6"	EACH	1.000				
X0322690	P S AB 10 3G 34'-6"	EACH	2.000				
X0326363	CLN/RK EX EL MAN/HH	EACH	2.000				
X0326451	VIDEO SYS DET CAMERA	EACH	3.000				
X0326452	VIDEO SYS DET PROCSSR	EACH	2.000				
X0326453	VIDEO DET 2 CARD RACK	EACH	2.000				
X0326455	MB TRAF SIG POLE EX S	EACH	3.000				
X0326456	BREAK DWN EX FOUND SP	EACH	2.000				
X0326457	MA STL MONOTUBE 16	EACH	2.000				
X0326473	ELCBL C 14 3C VIDEO	FOOT	400.000				
X0966700	JUNC BOX POLE/POST MT	EACH	6.000				
X8730185	ELCBL C SIGNAL 14 19C	FOOT	400.000				
X8730570	EC C COAX VID RG 59/U	FOOT	400.000				
X8808030	OPSH P LED 1F 3S BM	EACH	10.000				
X8810280	PED SH P LED 1F BM CD	EACH	16.000				

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SCHEDULE OF PRICES
CONTRACT NUMBER - 60G31

State Job # - C-91-364-09
PPS NBR - 1-78187-0001
County Name - COOK- -
Code - 31 - -
District - 1 - -
Section Number - 2009-031TS

Project Number

Route FAP 389

Item Number	Pay Item Description	Unit of Measure	Quantity	x	Unit Price	=	Total Price
Z0018940	DRILL EX MAN/HANDHOLE	EACH	2.000				
67100100	MOBILIZATION	L SUM	1.000				
70102620	TR CONT & PROT 701501	L SUM	1.000				
70102630	TR CONT & PROT 701601	L SUM	1.000				
70102635	TR CONT & PROT 701701	L SUM	1.000				
70102640	TR CONT & PROT 701801	L SUM	1.000				
81100805	CON AT ST 3 PVC GALVS	FOOT	290.000				
81300550	JUN BX SS AS 12X12X6	EACH	8.000				
85000200	MAIN EX TR SIG INSTAL	EACH	2.000				
88024130	OPSH 1F 3S MAM	EACH	2.000				
89502200	MOD EX CONTR	EACH	2.000				
89502375	REMOV EX TS EQUIP	EACH	2.000				

CONTRACT NUMBER **60G31**

THIS IS THE TOTAL BID **$** _____

NOTES:

1. **Each PAY ITEM should have a UNIT PRICE and a TOTAL PRICE.**
2. **The UNIT PRICE shall govern if no TOTAL PRICE is shown or if there is a discrepancy between the product of the UNIT PRICE multiplied by the QUANTITY.**
3. **If a UNIT PRICE is omitted, the TOTAL PRICE will be divided by the QUANTITY in order to establish a UNIT PRICE.**
4. **A bid may be declared UNACCEPTABLE if neither a unit price nor a total price is shown.**

RETURN WITH BID

STATE REQUIRED ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING CONTRACT PROCUREMENT: ASSURANCES, CERTIFICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

I. GENERAL

A. Article 50 of the Illinois Procurement Code establishes the duty of all State chief procurement officers, State purchasing officers, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

B. In order to comply with the provisions of Article 50 and to carry out the duty established therein, all bidders are to adhere to ethical standards established for the procurement process, and to make such assurances, disclosures and certifications required by law. By execution of the Proposal Signature Sheet, the bidder indicates that each of the mandated assurances has been read and understood, that each certification is made and understood, and that each disclosure requirement has been understood and completed.

C. In addition to all other remedies provided by law, failure to comply with any assurance, failure to make any disclosure or the making of a false certification shall be grounds for termination of the contract and the suspension or debarment of the bidder.

II. ASSURANCES

A. The assurances hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous assurance, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for the completion of the contract.

B. Felons

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-10. Felons. Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any state agency from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-10.

C. Conflicts of Interest

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides in pertinent part:

Section 50-13. Conflicts of Interest.

(a) Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person holding an elective office in this State, holding a seat in the General Assembly, or appointed to or employed in any of the offices or agencies of state government and who receives compensation for such employment in excess of 60% of the salary of the Governor of the State of Illinois, or who is an officer or employee of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority, or who is the spouse or minor child of any such person to have or acquire any contract, or any direct pecuniary interest in any contract therein, whether for stationery, printing, paper, or any services, materials, or supplies, that will be wholly or partially satisfied by the payment of funds appropriated by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or in any contract of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway authority.

(b) Interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) is entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(c) Combined interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) together with his or her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(d) Securities. Nothing in this Section invalidates the provisions of any bond or other security previously offered or to be offered for sale or sold by or for the State of Illinois.

(e) Prior interests. This Section does not affect the validity of any contract made between the State and an officer or employee of the State or member of the General Assembly, his or her spouse, minor child or any combination of those persons if that contract was in existence before his or her election or employment as an officer, member, or employee. The contract is voidable, however, if it cannot be completed within 365 days after the officer, member, or employee takes office or is employed.

The current salary of the Governor is $177,412.00. Sixty percent of the salary is $106,447.20.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-13, or that an effective exemption has been issued by the Board of Ethics to any individual subject to the Section 50-13 prohibitions pursuant to the provisions of Section 50-20 of the Code and Executive Order Number 3 (1998). Information concerning the exemption process is available from the Department upon request.

D. Negotiations

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides in pertinent part:

Section 50-15. Negotiations.

(a) It is unlawful for any person employed in or on a continual contractual relationship with any of the offices or agencies of State government to participate in contract negotiations on behalf of that office or agency with any firm, partnership, association, or corporation with whom that person has a contract for future employment or is negotiating concerning possible future employment.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-15, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

E. Inducements

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-25. Inducement. Any person who offers or pays any money or other valuable thing to any person to induce him or her not to bid for a State contract or as recompense for not having bid on a State contract is guilty of a Class 4 felony. Any person who accepts any money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract or who withholds a bid in consideration of the promise for the payment of money or other valuable thing is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-25, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

F. Revolving Door Prohibition

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-30. Revolving door prohibition. Chief procurement officers, associate procurement officers, State purchasing officers, their designees whose principal duties are directly related to State procurement, and executive officers confirmed by the Senate are expressly prohibited for a period of 2 years after terminating an affected position from engaging in any procurement activity relating to the State agency most recently employing them in an affected position for a period of at least 6 months. The prohibition includes, but is not limited to: lobbying the procurement process; specifying; bidding; proposing bid, proposal, or contract documents; on their own behalf or on behalf of any firm, partnership, association, or corporation. This Section applies only to persons who terminate an affected position on or after January 15, 1999.

2. The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-30, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

G. Reporting Anticompetitive Practices

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-40. Reporting anticompetitive practices. When, for any reason, any vendor, bidder, contractor, chief procurement officer, State purchasing officer, designee, elected official, or State employee suspects collusion or other anticompetitive practice among any bidders, offerors, contractors, proposers, or employees of the State, a notice of the relevant facts shall be transmitted to the Attorney General and the chief procurement officer.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has not failed to report any relevant facts concerning the practices addressed in Section 50-40 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

H. Confidentiality

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-45. Confidentiality. Any chief procurement officer, State purchasing officer, designee, or executive officer who willfully uses or allows the use of specifications, competitive bid documents, proprietary competitive information, proposals, contracts, or selection information to compromise the fairness or integrity of the procurement, bidding, or contract process shall be subject to immediate dismissal, regardless of the Personnel code, any contract, or any collective bargaining agreement, and may in addition be subject to criminal prosecution.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any fact relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-45 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

RETURN WITH BID

I. Insider Information

1. The Illinois Procurement Act provides:

Section 50-50. Insider information. It is unlawful for any current or former elected or appointed State official or State employee to knowingly use confidential information available only by virtue of that office or employment for actual or anticipated gain for themselves or another person.

2. The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-50 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

III. CERTIFICATIONS

A. The certifications hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous certification, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Bribery

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State shall contain a certification by the contractor that the contractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

2. The bidder certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50.5.

C. Educational Loan

1. Section 3 of the Educational Loan Default Act provides:

§ 3. No State agency shall contract with an individual for goods or services if that individual is in default, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, on an educational loan. Any contract used by any State agency shall include a statement certifying that the individual is not in default on an educational loan as provided in this Section.

2. The bidder, if an individual as opposed to a corporation, partnership or other form of business organization, certifies that the bidder is not in default on an educational loan as provided in Section 3 of the Act.

D. Bid-Rigging/Bid Rotating

1. Section 33E-11 of the Criminal Code of 1961 provides:

§ 33E-11. (a) Every bid submitted to and public contract executed pursuant to such bid by the State or a unit of local government shall contain a certification by the prime contractor that the prime contractor is not barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or 33E-4 of this Article. The State and units of local government shall provide the appropriate forms for such certification.

(b) A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

A violation of Section 33E-3 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rigging which, in addition to Class 3 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be barred for 5 years from the date of conviction from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

A violation of Section 33E-4 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rotating which, in addition to Class 2 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be permanently barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

2. The bidder certifies that it is not barred from contracting with the Department by reason of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or Section 33E-4.

E. International Anti-Boycott

1. Section 5 of the International Anti-Boycott Certification Act provides:

§ 5. State contracts. Every contract entered into by the State of Illinois for the manufacture, furnishing, or purchasing of supplies, material, or equipment or for the furnishing of work, labor, or services, in an amount exceeding the threshold for small purchases according to the purchasing laws of this State or $10,000.00, whichever is less, shall contain certification, as a material condition of the contract, by which the contractor agrees that neither the contractor nor any substantially-owned affiliated company is participating or shall participate in an international boycott in violation of the provisions of the U.S. Export Administration Act of 1979 or the regulations of the U.S. Department of Commerce promulgated under that Act.

2. The bidder makes the certification set forth in Section 5 of the Act.

F. Drug Free Workplace

1. The Illinois “Drug Free Workplace Act” applies to this contract and it is necessary to comply with the provisions of the “Act” if the contractor is a corporation, partnership, or other entity (including a sole proprietorship) which has 25 or more employees.

2. The bidder certifies that if awarded a contract in excess of $5,000 it will provide a drug free workplace by:

(a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of a controlled substance, including cannabis, is prohibited in the contractor’s workplace; specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of such prohibition; and notifying the employee that, as a condition of employment on such contract, the employee shall abide by the terms of the statement, and notify the employer of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five (5) days after such conviction.

(b) Establishing a drug free awareness program to inform employees about the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace; the contractor’s policy of maintaining a drug free workplace; any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and the penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug violations.

(c) Providing a copy of the statement required by subparagraph (1) to each employee engaged in the performance of the contract and to post the statement in a prominent place in the workplace.

(d) Notifying the Department within ten (10) days after receiving notice from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of the conviction of an employee for a violation of any criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace.

(e) Imposing or requiring, within 30 days after receiving notice from an employee of a conviction or actual notice of such a conviction, an appropriate personnel action, up to and including termination, or the satisfactory participation in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved by a federal, state or local health, law enforcement or other appropriate agency.

(f) Assisting employees in selecting a course of action in the event drug counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation is required and indicating that a trained referral team is in place.

(g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug free workplace through implementation of the actions and efforts stated in this certification.

G. Debt Delinquency

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.
The contractor or bidder certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract under 30 ILCS 500. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The contractor further acknowledges that the contracting State agency may declare the contract void if this certification is false or if the contractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

H. Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

1. The Illinois Procurement Code provides:

Section 50-60(c).
The contractor certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 for a period of five years prior to the date of the bid or contract. The contractor acknowledges that the contracting agency shall declare the contract void if this certification is false.

I. Addenda

The contractor or bidder certifies that all relevant addenda have been incorporated in to this contract. Failure to do so may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

J. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

The contractor certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-12 that the bidder or contractor is not barred from being awarded a contract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The contractor acknowledges that the contracting agency may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

K. Apprenticeship and Training Certification (Does not apply to federal aid projects)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 30-22 (6) of the Illinois Procurement Code, the bidder certifies that it is a participant, either as an individual or as part of a group program, in the approved apprenticeship and training programs applicable to each type of work or craft that the bidder will perform with its own forces. The bidder further certifies for work that will be performed by subcontract that each of its subcontractors submitted for approval either (a) is, at the time of such bid, participating in an approved, applicable apprenticeship and training program; or (b) will, prior to commencement of performance of work pursuant to this contract, begin participation in an approved apprenticeship and training program applicable to the work of the subcontract. The Department, at any time before or after award, may require the production of a copy of each applicable Certificate of Registration issued by the United States Department of Labor evidencing such participation by the contractor and any or all of its subcontractors. Applicable apprenticeship and training programs are those that have been approved and registered with the United States Department of Labor. The bidder shall list in the space below, the official name of the program sponsor holding the Certificate of Registration for all of the types of work or crafts in which the bidder is a participant and that will be performed with the bidder's forces. Types of work or craft work that will be subcontracted shall be included and listed as subcontract work. The list shall also indicate any type of work or craft job category that does not have an applicable apprenticeship or training program. **The bidder is responsible for making a complete report and shall make certain that each type of work or craft job category that will be utilized on the project as reported on the Construction Employee Workforce Projection (Form BC-1256) and returned with the bid is accounted for and listed.**

_____

_____

_____

The requirements of this certification and disclosure are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require this certification provision to be included in all approved subcontracts. In order to fulfill this requirement, it shall not be necessary that an applicable program sponsor be currently taking or that it will take applications for apprenticeship, training or employment during the performance of the work of this contract.

L. Executive Order Number 1 (2007) Regarding Lobbying on Government Procurements

The bidder hereby warrants and certifies that they have complied and will comply with the requirements set forth in this Order. The requirements of this warrant and certification are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require this warrant and certification provision to be included in all approved subcontracts.

M. Disclosure of Business Operations in Iran

Section 50-36 of the Illinois Procurement Code, 30ILCS 500/50-36 provides that each bid, offer, or proposal submitted for a State contract shall include a disclosure of whether or not the Company acting as the bidder, offeror, or proposing entity, or any of its corporate parents or subsidiaries, within the 24 months before submission of the bid, offer, or proposal had business operations that involved contracts with or provision of supplies or services to the Government of Iran, companies in which the Government of Iran has any direct or indirect equity share, consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran, or companies involved in consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran and either of the following conditions apply:

(1) More than 10% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve oil-related activities or mineral-extraction activities; less than 75% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve contracts with or provision of oil-related or mineral-extraction products or services to the Government of Iran or a project or consortium created exclusively by that government; and the Company has failed to take substantial action.

(2) The Company has, on or after August 5, 1996, made an investment of $20 million or more, or any combination of investments of at least $10 million each that in the aggregate equals or exceeds $20 million in any 12-month period, which directly or significantly contributes to the enhancement of Iran's ability to develop petroleum resources of Iran.

The terms “Business operations”, “Company”, “Mineral-extraction activities”, “Oil-related activities”, “Petroleum resources”, and “Substantial action” are all defined in the Code.

Failure to make the disclosure required by the Code shall cause the bid, offer or proposal to be considered not responsive. The disclosure will be considered when evaluating the bid, offer, or proposal or awarding the contract. The name of each Company disclosed as doing business or having done business in Iran will be provided to the State Comptroller.

Check the appropriate statement:

/___/ Company has no business operations in Iran to disclose.

/___/ Company has business operations in Iran as disclosed the attached document.

N. Political Contributions and Registration with the State Board of Elections

Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Illinois Procurement Code regulate political contributions from business entities and any affiliated entities or affiliated persons bidding on or contracting with the state. Generally under Section 50-37, any business entity, and any affiliated entity or affiliated person of the business entity, whose current year contracts with all state agencies exceed an awarded value of $50,000, are prohibited from making any contributions to any political committees established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for the awarding of the contracts or any other declared candidate for that office for the duration of the term of office of the incumbent officeholder or a period 2 years after the termination of the contract, whichever is longer. Any business entity and affiliated entities or affiliated persons whose state contracts in the current year do not exceed an awarded value of $50,000, but whose aggregate pending bids and proposals on state contracts exceed $50,000, either alone or in combination with contracts not exceeding $50,000, are prohibited from making any political contributions to any political committee established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for awarding the pending contract during the period beginning on the date the invitation for bids or request for proposals is issued and ending on the day after the date of award or selection if the entity was not awarded or selected. Section 20-160 requires certification of registration of affected business entities in accordance with procedures found in Section 9-35 of The Election Code.

By submission of a bid, the contractor business entity acknowledges and agrees that it has read and understands Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Illinois Procurement Code, and that it makes the following certification:

The undersigned business entity certifies that it has registered as a business with the State Board of Elections and acknowledges a continuing duty to update the registration in accordance with the above referenced statutes. A copy of the certificate of registration shall be submitted with the bid. The bidder is cautioned that the Department will not award a contract without submission of the certificate of registration.

These requirements and compliance with the above referenced statutory sections are a material part of the contract, and any breach thereof shall be cause to void the contract under Section 50-60 of the Illinois Procurement Code. This provision does not apply to Federal-aid contracts.

TO BE RETURNED WITH BID

IV. DISCLOSURES

A. The disclosures hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The Department may terminate the contract if it is later determined that the bidder rendered a false or erroneous disclosure, and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code provides that all bids of more than $10,000 shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the bidder. This disclosed information for the successful bidder, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the bidding entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the contractor or bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 400 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any person or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each person making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each person making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the bidding entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. Disclosure Forms. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. Subject individuals should be covered each by one form. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies. **The forms must be included with each bid or incorporated by reference.**

C. Disclosure Form Instructions

Form A: For bidders that have previously submitted the information requested in Form A

The Department has retained the Form A disclosures submitted by all bidders responding to these requirements for the April 24, 1998 or any subsequent letting conducted by the Department. The bidder has the option of submitting the information again or the bidder may check the following certification statement indicating that the information previously submitted by the bidder is, as of the date of submission, current and accurate. Before checking this certification, the bidder should carefully review its prior submissions to ensure the Certification is correct. If the Bidder checks the Certification, the Bidder should proceed to Form B instructions.

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

I have determined that the Form A disclosure information previously submitted is current and accurate, and all forms are hereby incorporated by reference in this bid. Any necessary additional forms or amendments to previously submitted forms are attached to this bid.

_____
(Bidding Company)

☐ _____ _____
Signature of Authorized Representative Date

Form A: For bidders who have NOT previously submitted the information requested in Form A

If the bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 400 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any person or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a bidder is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the bidder must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the bidder should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on the second page of Form A must be signed and dated by a person that is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES ___ NO___
2. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than $106,447.20? YES ____ NO___
3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than $106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income? (Note: Distributive income is, for these purposes, any type of distribution of profits. An annual salary is not distributive income.) YES ___ NO __
4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the bidding entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than $106,447.20? YES ____ NO __

   (Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed per person per bid even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The bidder must determine each individual in the bidding entity or the bidding entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by a person that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. **Photocopied or stamped signatures are not acceptable**. The person signing can be, but does not have to be, the person for which the form is being completed. The bidder is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on page 2 of Form A must be signed and dated by a person that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

Form B: **Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information** Disclosure Form B must be completed for each bid submitted by the bidding entity. *Note: Checking the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A does not allow the bidder to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, checked, and dated or the bidder may be considered nonresponsive and the bid will not be accepted.*

The Bidder shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the check box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the bidder must do one of the following:

Option I: If the bidder did not submit an Affidavit of Availability to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Do not include IDOT contracts. Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included. Bidders who submit Affidavits of Availability are suggested to use Option II.

Option II: If the bidder is required and has submitted an Affidavit of Availability in order to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder may write or type "See Affidavit of Availability" which indicates that the Affidavit of Availability is incorporated by reference and includes all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. For any contracts that are not covered by the Affidavit of Availability, the bidder must identify them on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). These might be such things as leases.

D. Bidders Submitting More Than One Bid

Bidders submitting multiple bids may submit one set of forms consisting of all required Form A disclosures and one Form B for use with all bids. Please indicate in the space provided below the bid item that contains the original disclosure forms and the bid items which incorporate the forms by reference.

- The bid submitted for letting item _____ contains the Form A disclosures or Certification Statement and the Form B disclosures. The following letting items incorporate the said forms by reference:

_____

_____

RETURN WITH BID/OFFER

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form A
Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest Disclosure

Contractor Name		
Legal Address		
City, State, Zip		
Telephone Number	Email Address	Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by the Section 50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Code (30 ILCS 500). Vendors desiring to enter into a contract with the State of Illinois must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for bids in excess of $10,000, and for all open-ended contracts. **A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. See Disclosure Form Instructions.**

DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Disclosure of Financial Information. The individual named below has an interest in the BIDDER (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than $106,447.20 (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/07). **(Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)**

FOR INDIVIDUAL (type or print information)

NAME: _____

ADDRESS _____

_____

Type of ownership/distributable income share:

stock _____ sole proprietorship _____ Partnership _____ other: (explain on separate sheet):

% or $ value of ownership/distributable income share: _____

2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest. Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

(a) State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual employment of services. Yes ___ No __

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No __

2. Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds $106,447.20, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/07) provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary. _____
_____

3. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds $106,447.20, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/07) are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor? Yes ___No __

4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds $106,447.20, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/07) are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor? Yes ___No __

(b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment services in the previous 2 years.

Yes ___No __

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___No __

2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds $106,447.20, (60 % of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/07) provide the name of your spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary. _____
_____

3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds $106,447.20, (60% of the salary of the Governor as of 7/1/07) are you entitled to receive (i) more then 71/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor? Yes ___No __

4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds $106,447.20, (60% of the Governor's salary as of 7/1/07) are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor?

Yes ___No __

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years. Yes ___No __

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___No __

(e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United States of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years. Yes ___No __

(f) Relationship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___No __

(g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government. Yes ___No __

(h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No __

(i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections.
Yes ___ No __

(j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections.
Yes ___ No __

APPLICABLE STATEMENT

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous page.

Completed by: ☐ _____ _____
Signature of Individual or Authorized Representative Date

NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT

I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet the criteria that would require the completion of this Form A.

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the CONTRACTOR listed on the previous page.

☐ _____ _____
Signature of Authorized Representative Date

RETURN WITH BID/OFFER

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form B
Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information Disclosure

Contractor Name		
Legal Address		
City, State, Zip		
Telephone Number	Email Address	Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by the Section 50-35 of the Illinois Procurement Act (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form B must be completed for bids in excess of $10,000, and for all open-ended contracts.

DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The BIDDER shall identify whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes ___ No __
If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the signature box on the bottom of this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS:

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE CHECKED

☐ _____ _____
Signature of Authorized Representative Date

RETURN WITH BID

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The following requirements of the Illinois Department of Human Rights' Rules and Regulations are applicable to bidders on all construction contracts advertised by the Illinois Department of Transportation:

CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEE UTILIZATION PROJECTION

(a) All bidders on construction contracts shall complete and submit, along with and as part of their bids, a Bidder's Employee Utilization Form (Form BC-1256) setting forth a projection and breakdown of the total workforce intended to be hired and/or allocated to such contract work by the bidder including a projection of minority and female employee utilization in all job classifications on the contract project.

(b) The Department of Transportation shall review the Employee Utilization Form, and workforce projections contained therein, of the contract awardee to determine if such projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification in accordance with the Equal Employment Opportunity Clause and Section 7.2 of the Illinois Department of Human Rights' Rules and Regulations for Public Contracts adopted as amended on September 17, 1980. If it is determined that the contract awardee's projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification, it shall be advised in writing of the manner in which it is underutilizing and such awardee shall be considered to be in breach of the contract unless, prior to commencement of work on the contract project, it submits revised satisfactory projections or an acceptable written affirmative action plan to correct such underutilization including a specific timetable geared to the completion stages of the contract.

(c) The Department of Transportation shall provide to the Department of Human Rights a copy of the contract awardee's Employee Utilization Form, a copy of any required written affirmative action plan, and any written correspondence related thereto. The Department of Human Rights may review and revise any action taken by the Department of Transportation with respect to these requirements.

RETURN WITH BID

Illinois Department of Transportation

Contract No. 60G31
COOK County
Section 2009-031 TS
Route FAP 389
District 1 Construction Funds

PART I. IDENTIFICATION

Dept. Human Rights #_____ Duration of Project: _____

Name of Bidder: _____

PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION

A. The undersigned bidder has analyzed minority group and female populations, unemployment rates and availability of workers for the location in which this contract work is to be performed, and for the locations from which the bidder recruits employees, and hereby submits the following workforce projection including a projection for minority and female employee utilization in all job categories in the workforce to be allocated to this contract:

TABLE A

TOTAL Workforce Projection for Contract													TABLE B: CURRENT EMPLOYEES TO BE ASSIGNED TO CONTRACT			
			MINORITY EMPLOYEES						TRAINEES							
JOB CATEGORIES	TOTAL EMPLOYEES		BLACK		HISPANIC		*OTHER MINOR.		APPREN-TICES		ON THE JOB TRAINEES		TOTAL EMPLOYEES		MINORITY EMPLOYEES	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
OFFICIALS (MANAGERS)																
SUPERVISORS																
FOREMEN																
CLERICAL																
EQUIPMENT OPERATORS																
MECHANICS																
TRUCK DRIVERS																
IRONWORKERS																
CARPENTERS																
CEMENT MASONS																
ELECTRICIANS																
PIPEFITTERS, PLUMBERS																
PAINTERS																
LABORERS, SEMI-SKILLED																
LABORERS, UNSKILLED																
TOTAL																

TABLE C

TOTAL Training Projection for Contract								
EMPLOYEES IN TRAINING	TOTAL EMPLOYEES		BLACK		HISPANIC		*OTHER MINOR.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
APPRENTICES								
ON THE JOB TRAINEES								

FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

* Other minorities are defined as Asians (A) or Native Americans (N).
Please specify race of each employee shown in Other Minorities column.

BC 1256 (Rev. 12/11/07)

Note: See instructions on page 2

RETURN WITH BID

Contract No. 60G31
COOK County
Section 2009-031 TS
Route FAP 389
District 1 Construction Funds

PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION - continued

B. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is the total number of **new hires** that would be employed in the event the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract.

The undersigned bidder projects that: (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the contract project is located; and/or (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the bidder's principal office or base of operation is located.

C. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is a projection of numbers of persons to be employed directly by the undersigned bidder as well as a projection of numbers of persons to be employed by subcontractors.

The undersigned bidder estimates that (number) _____ persons will be directly employed by the prime contractor and that (number) _____ persons will be employed by subcontractors.

PART III. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

A. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that in the event the foregoing minority and female employee utilization projection included under **PART II** is determined to be an underutilization of minority persons or women in any job category, and in the event that the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract, he/she will, prior to commencement of work, develop and submit a written Affirmative Action Plan including a specific timetable (geared to the completion stages of the contract) whereby deficiencies in minority and/or female employee utilization are corrected. Such Affirmative Action Plan will be subject to approval by the contracting agency and the **Department of Human Rights**.

B. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that the minority and female employee utilization projection submitted herein, and the goals and timetable included under an Affirmative Action Plan if required, are deemed to be part of the contract specifications.

Company _____ Telephone Number _____

_____

Address _____

NOTICE REGARDING SIGNATURE

The Bidder's signature on the Proposal Signature Sheet will constitute the signing of this form. The following signature block needs to be completed if revisions are required.

Signature: ☐ _____ Title: _____ Date: _____

Instructions: All tables must include subcontractor personnel in addition to prime contractor personnel.

Table A - Include both the number of employees that would be hired to perform the contract work and the total number currently employed (Table B) that will be allocated to contract work, and include all apprentices and on-the-job trainees. The "Total Employees" column should include all employees including all minorities, apprentices and on-the-job trainees to be employed on the contract work.

Table B - Include all employees currently employed that will be allocated to the contract work including any apprentices and on-the-job trainees currently employed.

Table C - Indicate the racial breakdown of the total apprentices and on-the-job trainees shown in Table A.

BC-1256 (Rev. 12/11/07)

RETURN WITH BID

Contract No. 60G31
COOK County
Section 2009-031 TS
Route FAP 389
District 1 Construction Funds

PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The undersigned bidder hereby makes and submits this bid on the subject Proposal, thereby assuring the Department that all requirements of the Invitation for Bids and rules of the Department have been met, that there is no misunderstanding of the requirements of paragraph 3 of this Proposal, and that the contract will be executed in accordance with the rules of the Department if an award is made on this bid.

Firm Name _____

(IF AN INDIVIDUAL) Signature of Owner _____

Business Address _____

_____

Firm Name _____

By _____

(IF A CO-PARTNERSHIP) Business Address _____

_____
Name and Address of All Members of the Firm:

_____ _____

_____ _____

Corporate Name _____

By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative

_____
Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative

(IF A CORPORATION)

Attest _____
Signature

(IF A JOINT VENTURE, USE THIS SECTION FOR THE MANAGING PARTY AND THE SECOND PARTY SHOULD SIGN BELOW) Business Address _____

_____

Corporate Name _____

By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative

_____
Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative

(IF A JOINT VENTURE)

Attest _____
Signature

Business Address _____

_____

If more than two parties are in the joint venture, please attach an additional signature sheet.

Illinois Department of Transportation

Return with Bid

Division of Highways
Proposal Bid Bond
(Effective November 1, 1992)

Item No. _____

Letting Date _____

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That We _____

_____

as PRINCIPAL, and _____

_____ as SURETY, are held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in Article 102.09 of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas, the PRINCIPAL has submitted a bid proposal to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for the improvement designated by the Transportation Bulletin Item Number and Letting Date indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents, submit a DBE Utilization Plan that is accepted and approved by the Department; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to make the required DBE submission or to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said PRINCIPAL and the said SURETY have caused this instrument to be signed by

their respective officers this _____ day of _____ A.D., _____ .

PRINCIPAL	**SURETY**
_____ (Company Name)	_____ (Company Name)
By _____ (Signature & Title)	By: _____ (Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

Notary Certification for Principal and Surety

STATE OF ILLINOIS,
County of _____

I, _____ , a Notary Public in and for said County, do hereby certify that

_____ and _____
(Insert names of individuals signing on behalf of PRINCIPAL & SURETY)

who are each personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument on behalf of PRINCIPAL and SURETY, appeared before me this day in person and acknowledged respectively, that they signed and delivered said instrument as their free and voluntary act for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and notarial seal this _____ day of _____ A.D. _____

My commission expires _____ _____
Notary Public

In lieu of completing the above section of the Proposal Bid Form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the proposal and marking the check box next to the Signature and Title line below, the Principal is ensuring the identified electronic bid bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

Electronic Bid Bond ID#	Company / Bidder Name	☐ Signature and Title

PROPOSAL ENVELOPE

Illinois Department of Transportation

PROPOSALS

for construction work advertised for bids by the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Item No.	Item No.	Item No.

Submitted By:

Name:
Address:
Phone No.

Bidders should use an IDOT proposal envelope or affix this form to the front of a 10” x 13” envelope for the submittal of bids. If proposals are mailed, they should be enclosed in a second or outer envelope addressed to:

Engineer of Design and Environment - Room 326
Illinois Department of Transportation
2300 South Dirksen Parkway
Springfield, Illinois 62764

NOTICE

Individual bids, including Bid Bond and/or supplemental information if required, should be securely stapled.

CONTRACTOR OFFICE COPY OF CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

NOTICE

None of the following material needs to be returned with the bid package unless the special provisions require documentation and/or other information to be submitted.

Contract No. 60G31
COOK County
Section 2009-031 TS
Route FAP 389
District 1 Construction Funds

Illinois Department of Transportation

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

1. **TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Sealed proposals for the improvement described herein will be received by the Department of Transportation at the Harry R. Hanley Building, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, in Springfield, Illinois until 10:00 o'clock a.m., June 12, 2009. All bids will be gathered, sorted, publicly opened and read in the auditorium at the Department of Transportation's Harry R. Hanley Building shortly after the 10:00 a.m. cut off time.

2. **DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

   Contract No. 60G31
   COOK County
   Section 2009-031 TS
   Route FAP 389
   District 1 Construction Funds

Traffic signal improvement on Congress Parkway/Wacker Drive at Monroe Street and Adams Street in Chicago.

3. **INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.

   (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.

4. **AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS**. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Gary Hannig,
Acting Secretary

INDEX
FOR
SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2009

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2007, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAP Route 389 (Congress Parkway/Wacker Drive), Section 2009-031 TS, Cook County, Contract 60G31, and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

Wacker Drive at Monroe Street and Wacker Drive at Adams Street in Chicago, IL.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

Traffic Signal Modernization

UTILITY COORDINATION - CITY OF CHICAGO

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: November 1, 1996

The City of Chicago is to make adjustments to their street lighting and/or traffic signal facilities. The Contractor shall coordinate his work and cooperate with the City of Chicago in these adjustments.

This coordination and cooperation by the Contractor will not be paid for separately but shall be considered included in the costs of the contract.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

STANDARDS:
701501 701601 701701 701801 701901

DETAILS:

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:
Temporary Information Signing
Reflective Sheeting on Channelizing Devices
Personal Protective Equipment

EPOXY COATING ON REINFORCEMENT (DISTRICT ONE)
Effective: January 1, 2007

For work outside the limits of bridge approach pavement, all references in the Highway Standards and Standard Specifications for reinforcement, dowel bars, tie bars and chair supports for pavement, shoulders, curb, gutter, combination curb and gutter and median shall be epoxy coated, unless noted on the plan.

TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING
Effective: November 13, 1996 Revised: January 2, 2007

Description.
This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating for various states of construction and eventually removing temporary informational signs. Included in this item may be ground mount signs, skid mount signs, truss mount signs, bridge mount signs, and overlay sign panels which cover portions of existing signs.

Materials.
Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

	Item	Article/Section
a.)	Sign Base (Notes 1 & 2)	1090
b.)	Sign Face (Note 3)	1091
c.)	Sign Legends	1092
d.)	Sign Supports	1093
e.)	Overlay Panels (Note 4)	1090.02

Note 1. The Contractor may use 5/8 inch (16 mm) instead of 3/4 inch (19 mm) thick plywood.
Note 2. Type A sheeting can be used on the plywood base.
Note 3. All sign faces shall be Type A except all orange signs shall meet the requirements of Article 1106.01.
Note 4. The overlay panels shall be 0.08 inch (2 mm) thick.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIRMENTS

Installation.
The sign sizes and legend sizes shall be verified by the Contractor prior to fabrication.

Signs which are placed along the roadway and/or within the construction zone shall be installed according to the requirements of Article 701.14 and Article 720.04. The signs shall be 7 ft (2.1 m) above the near edge of the pavement and shall be a minimum of 2 ft (600 mm) beyond the edge of the paved shoulder. A minimum of two (2) posts shall be used.

The attachment of temporary signs to existing sign structures or sign panels shall be approved by the Engineer. Any damage to the existing signs due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired or signs replaced, as determined by the Engineer, at the Contractor's expense.

Signs which are placed on overhead bridge structures shall be fastened to the handrail with stainless steel bands. These signs shall rest on the concrete parapet where possible. The Contractor shall furnish mounting details for approval by the Engineer.

Method Of Measurement.
This work shall be measured for payment in square feet (square meters) edge to edge (horizontally and vertically).

All hardware, posts or skids, supports, bases for ground mounted signs, connections, which are required for mounting these signs will be included as part of this pay item.

Basis Of Payment.
This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot (square meter) for TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The following Detailed Specifications supplement the Illinois Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as the Standard Specifications or SSRBC); the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions", adopted January 1, 2008; the latest edition of the "Illinois Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways"" in effect on the date of invitation for bid; the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bid; the City of Chicago Department of Transportation Regulations for Openings, Construction and Repair in the Public Way (including Appendix B – ADA Standards) in effect on date of invitation for bids; and the City of Chicago Street Restoration Requirements in effect on date of invitation for bids. The latter two (2) documents are available on the City of Chicago Department of Transportation's web site. In case of conflict with any part or parts of said specifications, these Detailed Specifications will take precedence and will govern.

Unless otherwise specified, the Description, General Requirements, Method of Measurements and Basis of Payment for the following items shall be as stated in the appropriate Sections of the Standard Specifications.

Any references in these Detail Specifications to "the Engineer" will be read "the Commissioner, Department of Transportation, City of Chicago" (Commissioner), and any reference to the "Department" will be read "Chicago Department of Transportation, Division of Engineering" (CDOT).

The following specifications from the City of Chicago are applicable: Standard Specification for Sewer Construction, Department of Water Management, and the Bureau of Electricity Standard Specifications.

These Detail Specifications and the referenced standard specifications will govern the construction of the **FAP ROUTE 389/Congress Parkway (Wacker Drive).**

LOCATION OF PROJECT

Wacker Drive at Adams Street

Wacker Drive at Monroe Street

LIST OF STANDARD PAY ITEMS AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SPECIAL PROVISION (SP) NOTE:

"Y" DENOTES ITEMS WITH CONTRACT OR PROJECT SPECIFIC SPECIAL PROVISIONS, AND/OR CONFORMS TO IDOT RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND IDOT BUREAU OF DESIGN & ENVIRONMENT (BDE) SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

"N" DENOTES ITEMS WHICH CONFORM TO THE ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION", ADOPTED JANUARY 1, 2007 OR THE LATEST EDITION OF THE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS.

IDOT Standard Specifications Coded Pay Item Index

No. 201	-----	To No. 671	-----	Road and Bridge Construction Items
No. 701	-----	To No. 783	-----	Traffic Control, Signing, Pavement Marking
No. Z	-----	To No. Z	-----	Special Pay Items
No. XX	-----	To No.	-----	Local Roads Temporary Pay Items
No. XZ	-----	To XZ	-----	Design Temporary Pay Items

Typical Example and Digit Breakdown of a Coded Pay Item

Code No.	**Description**
20100110	Tree Removal (6 TO 15 Units Diameter)
	201 - First 3 digits indicate the section in the Standard Specifications
	00110 - Last 5 digits indicate the numerical sequence the item has in that section.

ITEM NO.	SP Req.	CODE NO.	ITEM	PAGE NO.
1	Y	********	TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION	DS-1
2	Y	********	MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION	DS-8
3	Y	********	DRILL EXISTING MANHOLE OR HANDHOLE	DS-10
4	Y	********	CLEAN EXISTING MANHOLE OR HANDHOLE	DS-11
5	Y	********	REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT	DS-12
6	Y	********	GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT IN TRENCH 2"	DS-13
7	Y	********	ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, 3/C #14 FOR VIDEO	DS-15
8	Y	********	ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, SIGNAL, NO. 14, 19/C	DS-16
9	Y	********	ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, #14, 2C SHIELDED	DS-18
10	Y	********	SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 1-FACE, 3-SECTION, BRACKET MOUNTED	DS-19
11	Y	********	SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 3-SECTION, MAST ARM MOUNTED	DS-21
12	Y	********	PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, 1-FACE, LED, BRACKET MOUNTED, COUNTDOWN	DS-23
13	Y	********	JUNCTION BOX, POLE OR POST MOUNTED	DS-25
14	Y	********	MAST ARM, STEEL, MONOTUBE, 16 FOOT	DS-26
15	Y	********	VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM CAMERA	DS-28
16	Y	********	VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM PROCESSOR	DS-28
17	Y	********	VIDEO DETECTION, TWO CARD RACK	DS-28
18	Y	********	COAXIAL VIDEO CABLE	DS-34
19	Y	********	POLE, STEEL, ANCHOR BASE, 10" DIAMETER, 7 GAUGE, 34'-6"	DS-36
20	Y	********	POLE, STEEL, ANCHOR BASE, 10" DIAMETER, 3 GAUGE, 34'-6"	DS-36
21	Y	********	MOUNTING BRACKET – TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE TO EXISTING STRUCTURE	DS-37
22	Y	********	BREAKDOWN EXISTING FOUNDATION (SPECIAL)	DS-38
			SPECIAL PROVISION: OPERATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNALS	DS-39
			SPECIAL PROVISION: TRAFFIC SIGNAL, TURN ON	DS-40

ITEM 1: TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION

Description: This item consists of the following items and includes a charge for failure to provide this Work.

A. **Traffic Control and Protection:** Work includes furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating and removing signs, signals, markings, traffic cones, drums, barricades, temporary barriers, warning lights, flaggers and other devices for regulating, warning or guiding traffic during construction and special events.

B. **Maintenance of Access to Abutting Property:** Work consists of providing, maintaining, removing and disposing temporary access from the street being improved to abutting property. Use pedestrian bridges, temporary walkways, steel plates, crushed stone, or other items as directed by the Commissioner.

C. **Security and Weather Protection:** Work consists of providing security and weather protection for vaulted areas of abutting property in accordance with Book 1 of the Contract Specifications.

A. TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION

General Requirements: Perform work in accordance with Section 701and Articles 107.09 and 107.14 of the Standard Specifications and applicable sections of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions, guidelines contained in the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, Interim Special Provisions and any Special Details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans. Placement and maintenance of all traffic control devices shall be as directed by the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall be the sole judge as to the acceptability of placement and maintenance of the traffic control devices prescribed in the appropriate standards.

Care shall be taken to adhere to provisions of the City of Chicago Municipal Code Section 13-32-125 Construction Site Cleanliness. Should contractor fail to comply, they may be cited for violation of the ordinance. Erection of a chain link fence and permeable mesh fabric as specified by the ordinance will be paid for under TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCE. This fence will be relocated as necessary to protect the current work zone. Relocation of the temporary chain link fence to work areas shall be paid for under RELOCATE TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCE.

This item of work shall include furnishing, installation, maintenance, relocation and subsequent removal of all signs, signals, markings, traffic cones, barricades warning lights, flaggers, variable message sign, and other devices which are to be used for the purpose of regulating, warning or guiding traffic and maintaining pedestrian access during the construction of this improvement.

A reduction of the traffic control shown in the contract will not be allowed.

The Contractor must install changeable message signs one week prior to any major change in traffic patterns and/or detours.

Temporary information signing necessary for detours or maintaining access and community relations as indicated in the plans and herein will not be measured separately for payment but is considered incidental to the contract.

Special attention must be given to advance guide signs during these operations in order to keep barricade placement consistent with lane assignment. The Contractor must cover all traffic control devices which may be inconsistent with traffic patterns during the transfer from one construction stage to another.

At the completion of each stage of construction or whenever operations indicate that a relocation of a proposed or existing traffic control device is advisable as determined by the Commissioner, the Contractor must remove all traffic control devices which were furnished, installed and maintained by him/her under this contract, and such devices shall remain the property of the Contractor. Any traffic control devices furnished, installed and maintained by the City will be removed by City forces and will remain the property of the City. All traffic control devices must remain in place until specific authorization for relocation or removal is received from the Commissioner.

Placement of short term, temporary and permanent pavement markings will be paid for separately under appropriate contract line items, unless otherwise noted as incidental on the plans.

The Commissioner will provide to the Contractor “NO PARKING AT ANY TIME - TOW ZONE” signs to be banded to all light poles or existing sign posts within the work zone, when construction is in progress.

Personal vehicles will not be permitted to park within the right of way except in specific areas designated by the Commissioner.

The Contractor must immediately furnish a certified flagger or flaggers if, in the opinion of the Commissioner, the Contractor's construction means or methods warrant. No additional compensation shall be made for flaggers. If no flaggers are available the Contractor must cease operations until they become available.

The Contractor must be aware of the requirements for coordination of all work in this project and adjoining or overlapping projects and for coordination of barricade placement necessary to provide a uniform traffic detour pattern. The Contractor will not be permitted to erect, change or remove his/her detour barricade system without the prior approval of the Commissioner.

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEFFICIENCIES:

The following tasks are incidental to this item. **Failure to complete any of the following in a timely manner will result in the CHARGE FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEFICIENCIES being assessed daily until adequate traffic control is provided or the task is completed satisfactorily in the opinion of the Commissioner.**

1. Pavement Removal/ Replacement: Traffic control and protection required to safely route traffic around the removed pavement until the replacement pavement has cured and is ready to be opened to traffic. This traffic control and protection must include the use of arrow boards when required. The Commissioner will be the sole judge of the need for arrow boards.

2. Paving Operations: At all times when paving operations are in progress to place surface, binder and/or leveling binder on roadways open to traffic, the contractor must provide a minimum of two certified flaggers. Flaggers must be assigned exclusively to flagging duties. Additional traffic control may also be required, including but not limited to arrow boards and cones.

3. Sidewalk at Corners: At intersections, sidewalk must be replaced on corners within 10 calendar days after removal, unless otherwise approved by Commissioner.

4. Driveway Access: The sole access to properties must never be closed completely. Access must be maintained at all times.

Maintenance of Roadways: Beginning on the date when the Contractor begins work on this project he/she shall assume responsibility for the normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Commissioner but shall not include snow removal operations.

The work involved in maintaining the existing pavement as above specified will be paid paid for as extra work, in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications. Traffic control and protection required for this work shall be considered included in the lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION.

Project Signs: The Contractor is required to furnish, erect, and maintain signs identifying the project subject to the requirements contained in Section XVI, Part I, Paragraph 6 of Book 1 (page 66). A total of two (2) signs will be required for this project.

Arrow Boards: A flashing arrow board meeting the requirements of Article 1106.02(H) of the Standard Specifications shall be operating at all times when a lane is closed to traffic on a multi-lane highway. Arrow boards shall be provided and located in ahead-on position within each lane closure taper. The cost of furnishing and maintaining arrow boards will be considered incidental to the Contract Lump Sum Price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION.

Delays to the Contractor caused by complying with these requirements will be considered incidental to the item for Traffic Control and Protection, and no additional compensation will be allowed.

Pedestrian Access: The Contractor must maintain pedestrian access to adjacent properties by installing ADA compliant wood frame-constructed walkways and ramps from the curb line to adjacent property entrances, and at either end of the pedestrian path as directed by the Commissioner. These ramps can be reused, if maintained in acceptable condition, throughout the project. Pedestrian access to adjacent properties must be uninterrupted until the walk is fully restored.

The Contractor must maintain disabled person pedestrian access to crosswalks across the main arterial street and side streets at all times via ADA compliant wood frame-constructed walkways and ramps through the work zones. These accesses must be observed and protected by the Contractor at all times, as shown on the M.O.T. plans.

Installation, maintenance and removal of necessary signs and barricades needed to direct pedestrians to usable sidewalks and walkways during the construction is incidental to this item. Contractor may provide temporary access with clean crushed stone as described in Maintenance of Access to Abutting Property in conjunction with wood ramps compliant with the ADA to provide walkways and access to abutting properties. TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCE may be used to also delineate the pedestrian path in addition to being the perimeter of the construction work site, however, care must be taken to not obstruct the proposed path with fence footings.

NOTES:

1) Illinois Standard sign R11-1102 Sign legend "Sidewalk Closed (Arrow) Use Other Side": Size 24" x 30"; black legend on a white reflectorized background) must be placed at pedestrian crossing locations informing pedestrians of closed sidewalk sections where necessitated. Barricades shall be placed on all closed sidewalk sections.

2) Barricades shall be Type I or II.

3) Pedestrian access paths will be maintained on both sides of the street where possible. Full closures of sidewalk must be approved by Commissioner. At minimum, where construction activities involve sidewalks on both sides of the street, the work shall be staged so that both sidewalks are not out of service at the same time.

4) At each point of closure, sufficient numbers of barricades shall be used to completely close the pathway. Use one “Sidewalk Closed” sign at each end of a sidewalk section being reconstructed.

5) Pedestrian walkways shall be maintained free of any obstructions and hazards such as holes, debris, mud, construction equipment, stored materials, etc.

6) All hazards near or adjacent to walkways shall be clearly delineated.

7) Care shall be taken to comply with the ADA Accessibility Guidelines while providing temporary pedestrian access, including: a) at minimum a 4’ wide unobstructed path and a 5’ wide x 5’ long area at minimum every 200’, b) maintain curb ramp access to open sidewalks and c) open excavations adjacent to pedestrian access paths must be protected by barricades or fence and delineated by a continuous bottom edge at least 6” high from walkway and a continuous rail or surface (fence) at 3’ above the walkway.

8) In accordance with the ADA guidelines, a 4’ wide unobstructed sidewalk shall be maintained adjacent to the property line. Should this sidewalk be removed, replacement must be completed within 72 hours, unless otherwise directed by the Commissioner.

Submittals:

A. Name of the individual in his/her direct employ who is to be responsible for the installation and maintenance of the traffic control and any temporary chain link fence for this project (see Article 701.04)

B. The Contractor must notify the O.E.M.C. – Permit Section at 744-0330, 121 N. La Salle St., Room 905, Chicago, IL and apply for the required permits at least seven (7) days before commencing construction or changing traffic flow unless otherwise approved by the Commissioner.

C. Contractor must submit a traffic control plan at the beginning of the project identifying proposed pedestrian access path, access to adjacent business and residential entrances, and delineating proposed signage to clearly define pedestrian walkways during each construction phase.

Traffic control plans must be approved by the Commissioner prior to start of work.

B. MAINTENANCE OF ACCESS TO ABUTTING PROPERTY

General Requirements: The Contractor must at all times conduct the work in such a manner as to insure the least obstruction to vehicular and pedestrian traffic. The convenience of the general public and of residents along the involved streets shall be provided for in an adequate and satisfactory manner as directed by the Commissioner.

Where possible, the Contractor must provide the temporary access by placing clean crushed stone fill having a CA-6 gradation meeting the requirements of Article 1004.04 of the Standard Specifications, from the street under improvement to abutting side streets, alleys, driveways, parking lots, buildings, houses, crosswalks, CTA bus stops disturbed by the construction, including access from sidewalks to the bus stops, and to any other property where egress and ingress is required. Also, to fill sewer trenches from the sub-base elevation to existing surface elevation.

The Contractor must provide and install steel plates to cover open trenches until pavement or sidewalk is placed.

When permanent access has been re-established, the materials used for temporary access shall be removed by the Contractor and shall become his/her property for disposal thereof. However, he/she may use the same material in other locations to provide temporary access if approved by and as directed by the Commissioner.

The contractor shall provide at least 2 weatherproof (vinyl or similar material) banners displaying the message, “BUSINESSES OPEN” or similar. These banners will be securely affixed to the TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCE as directed by the Commissioner to indicate and pedestrians that the local business establishments are open for business during construction. The banners may be perforated to allow wind to pass through. These banners will be relocated as necessary with the TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCE.

Ground mounted signs may be substituted or a different message, banner type, or mounting type may be used with the Commissioner’s approval.

Banner and legend size and color will be determined by the contractor and approved by the Commissioner, and should meet a minimum requirement of 6” letter height.

C. SECURITY AND WEATHER PROTECTION

Description: This work consists of providing security and weather protection for abutting property in accordance with Part 1 of the Contract Specifications.

General Requirements: The Contractor is responsible for coordinating the work with the building owners and their tenants, when the vault areas are uncovered and/or otherwise disturbed due to construction activities. The Contractor must define the limits of the proposed disturbance and the location of improvements at each individual vault space in consultation with the building owners/occupants prior to the demolition of any vault areas.

Plywood Enclosures:

The Contractor must provide plywood enclosures as necessary for security and protection of abutting property.

Temporary Heat:

A. The Contractor will be responsible for temporary heating, as required during construction, to protect the work and adjacent properties from frost damage; also to ensure suitable working conditions for the construction operations of all trades. In areas where work is being conducted, the temperature must be maintained as specified in various Sections of the Specifications, but not less than 45 degrees F.

B. The Contractor must provide adequate ventilation to prevent the accumulation of excess moisture in the area of the work.

C. It is understood that when the permanent heating system is used for temporary heat for construction purposes, the Contractor must (1) obtain the approval of the Commissioner; (2) assume responsibility for the use of the existing system, and (3) pay all costs for restoring heating system to existing condition upon completion of the work.

D. Upon conclusion of the temporary heating period, the Contractor must remove all temporary piping and facilities, and recondition those parts of the permanent heating system used for temporary services.

Maintenance: Maintain security and weather protection uninterrupted, until sidewalk vaults are fully restored or filled.

Special Security Requirements: When a vault space is opened that has access to a building owner/occupant space, the Contractor will be responsible for maintaining security for said property. In some cases, the building owner/occupants may have special security requirements. These special security requirements may include, but not be limited to security clearances and badges for the Contractor and Subcontractor, personnel working within areas that access the building; special requirements for security walls; security wall alarm systems; a bonded security guard registered in the State of Illinois at the property site wherever there is construction access to the building owner/occupant space (day or night), etc. These special security requirements will be included in this item and no additional payment will be made.

Method of Measurement: TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, which consists of the items of Traffic Control and Protection, Maintenance of Access to Abutting Property, and Security and Weather Protection as described, will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Lump Sum Price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, which price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, equipment, transportation, handling and incidentals necessary to furnish, install, maintain, removing, and disposing of all traffic control devices, materials for temporary access, and materials for security and weather protection required by the appropriate standards and as approved by the Commissioner.

No adjustment or additional compensation will be allowed except as specified herein. The salvage value of the materials removed shall be reflected in the bid price for this item.

CHARGE FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEFICIENCY

To ensure a prompt response to incidents involving the integrity of the work zone traffic control devices, the Contractor must provide a telephone number where a responsible individual can be contacted on a 24-hour-a-day basis.

When the Commissioner is notified or determines a deficiency exists, in Traffic Control, Maintenance of Access to Abutting Property, Security and Weather protection, or pedestrian access/safety, (s)he will be the sole judge as to whether the deficiency is an immediate safety hazard. The Contractor must dispatch sufficient resources within 2 hours of notification to make needed corrections of deficiencies that constitute an immediate safety hazard. Other deficiencies shall be corrected within 12 hours. If the Contractor fails to restore the required traffic control and protection within the time limits specified above, the Commissioner will impose a daily monetary deduction for each 24-hour period (or portion thereof) the deficiency exists. This time period will begin with the time of notification to the Contractor and end with the Commissioner's acceptance of the corrections. For this project, the daily deduction will be **$1,000** per calendar day. For those deficiencies where corrective action was not an option, this monetary deduction will be immediate.

In addition, if the Contractor fails to respond, the Commissioner may correct the deficiencies and the cost thereof will be deducted from monies due or which may become due the Contractor. This corrective action will in no way relieve the Contractor of his/her contractual requirements or responsibilities.

In addition any work performed by the Contractor within the work zone that presents a hazard to vehicular or pedestrian traffic shall be subject to charges for TRAFFIC CONTROL DEFICIENCY. Debris removal, fly dumping, proper access to abutting property, timely and correct placement of short term, temporary and permanent pavement markings, along with all items of work contained within this item are also subject to this charge.

MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION

Description: The Contractor must maintain the existing traffic signal system at each intersection in this contract, as described in the Special Provision "Operation of Traffic Signals", which is a section of this specification. The maintenance must commence at a time after contract award that is mutually agreed upon by the contractor, the City, and the State. Existing traffic signals must be used as temporary traffic signals during the construction period. The provision and use of temporary aerial cable, traffic controllers, traffic heads, and poles must be the responsibility of the contractor and must be incidental to this pay item. Maintenance must continue in force until the new signals are accepted by the City. If signal installation is not completed and accepted within the time allotted for the project, the signals must be maintained by the contractor at no additional cost to the State or the City.

A properly operating traffic signal system must be maintained by the contractor at each intersection in the contract until such date as the new traffic signal system must be accepted for operation and maintenance by the City. The acceptance conditions are noted in the Special Provision "Traffic Signal Turn On", which is a section of this specification, and which date will constitute the cut-off date for maintenance of signals at a specified intersection.

Maintenance Procedure: Before taking over maintenance of the existing traffic signal installation, the Contractor must arrange to make an inspection with the Resident Engineer to determine if any corrective action needs to be done, and to mutually agree on a date for transferring maintenance. The contractor should normally begin maintaining the existing traffic signals as soon as he begins any work at the site.

The Contractor is responsible for maintaining the traffic signal installation in proper operating condition. The contractor must follow the procedures as specified in Section 850, Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation, Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Illinois Department of Transportation. The Contractor must perform the maintenance procedures as outlined in Article 801.11 of the Standard Specifications.

The traffic controller shall be maintained as outlined in Article 850.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Emergency Maintenance: The Contractor must respond to all emergency calls from the Commissioner or other Agency of the City of Chicago within one hour after notification and provide immediate corrective action. When equipment has been damaged or becomes faulty beyond repair, the Contractor must replace it with new and identical equipment. The cost of furnishing and installing the replaced equipment shall be borne by the Contractor at no additional charge to the City. The Contractor may institute action to recover damages from a responsible third party. If at any time the Contractor fails to perform all work as specified herein to keep the traffic signal installation in proper operating condition or if the Commissioner cannot contact the Contractor's designated personnel, the Commissioner shall direct the Bureau of Electricity perform the maintenance work required. The Bureau of Electricity shall bill the Contractor for the total cost of the work with a 500% mark-up. The Contractor will pay this bill within thirty (30) days of the date of receipt of the invoice or the cost of such work will be deducted from the amount due the Contractor.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each intersection signal system. The time frame shall begin at the mutually agreed date for taking over maintenance. The time frame shall end upon the issuance of a Signal Acceptance Notice from the Resident Engineer. Before such notice is given, a final inspection shall be performed with the contractor, the Resident Engineer, and a representative from the Chicago Department of Transportation. The time frame may be measured in full weeks and fractions thereof.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per each intersection signal system, for MAINTAIN EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, which payment shall be in full for maintaining the traffic signals during said time frame at each separate signalized intersection. If for any reason the contractor fails to properly maintain the traffic installation, leading to and requiring a response from the City maintenance forces, the cost of such a response will be charged to the Contractor.

DRILL EXISTING MANHOLE OR HANDHOLE

Description: This work will consist of drilling a hole in an existing handhole or manhole for the installation of a new conduit. This item must meet the requirements of Article 879 of the Standard Specifications.

Construction: The size of the hole must be as close as possible to the size of the conduit to be installed. The conduit must be installed in the drilled hole with a bushing before the hole is grouted. The conduit will be covered by a separate item. The space between the conduit and the handhole or manhole wall must be caulked with a waterproof grout. Standard Drawing 814 provides additional information.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each hole drilled.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price each for DRILL EXISTING MANHOLE OR HANDHOLE, which price will be payment in full for drilling the hole, grouting and any additional work required to accomplish this task.

CLEAN EXISTING MANHOLE OR HANDHOLE

Description: This item will consist of furnishing all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to clean a manhole or handhole. Work must include the removal and disposal of all foreign debris and liquids from the manhole or handhole. Manholes or handholes to be cleaned will be identified on the plans or by the Resident Engineer.

Cleaning: The inside dimension of the handhole will normally be 30 to 36 inches in diameter and three feet in depth. The inside dimension of the manhole will normally be 3'x4'x4' or 4'x6'x6'. Handholes and manholes of other dimensions may be encountered. Cleaning will include opening the lid and placing the lid back in place after cleaning. The cables must not be damaged or disturbed during the cleaning process. All debris removed from the hole must be properly disposed of in an approved manner and not be left in the public way or dumped into the City sewer system. Guidelines outlined in Section 202.03 of the Standard Specifications should be followed.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each manhole/handhole cleaned.
Basis of Payment: This work will be paid at the Contract Unit Price each for CLEAN EXISTING MANHOLE OR HANDHOLE, as directed by the Resident Engineer, which payment will include both cleaning and debris disposal.

REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

Description: This work will consist of removing all the existing traffic signal equipment at the intersections listed on the plans.

Removal: The items to be removed will include traffic signal arms, traffic signal poles, traffic signal heads, traffic signal controllers, and all associated equipment and cable.

The traffic signal items, except for traffic signal cable, are to remain the property of the City of Chicago. The Contractor must deliver the obsolete traffic signal equipment to the City of Chicago Yard at 4101 South Cicero Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Twenty four hour advance notice is necessary before delivery. The traffic signal cable must be removed and become the property of the Contractor and must be disposed of by him, outside the right of way, at his sole expense.

The Contractor must provide three (3) copies of a list of equipment that is to remain the property of the City, including model and serial numbers where applicable. He must also provide a copy of the contract plan, or special provisions, showing the quantities and type of equipment. The Contractor will be responsible for the condition of the traffic control equipment from the time of removal until its acceptance by a receipt drawn by the City indicating that the items have been returned.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured as one unit per each signalized intersection, which covers all equipment to be removed at that particular intersection. The breaking down of foundations and manholes will not be considered part of this item.
Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract price each for an entire signalized intersection for REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT. This price will be payment in full for removing the equipment and disposing of it as required and the salvage value of the cable retained by the Contractor must be reflected in this price.

ITEM 6: GALVANIZED STEEL CONDUIT ATTACHED TO STRUCTURE 3"

Description: This work will consist of furnishing and installing a conduit lateral of the type and size specified.

Material: Galvanized rigid steel conduit must conform to the requirements of Material Specification 1462.

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit must conform to the requirements of Material Specification 1533 and to the requirements of the National Electrical Manufacturers Association Standard, Publication Number TC2 for EPC 40, or EPC-80. Conduit color will be determined by the Resident Engineer.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Construction:

Definition of Laterals: A lateral will mean a conduit raceway extending from one sub surface location to another sub surface location, and in every case intended to encase electric circuit cable under paved surfaces, or in unpaved parkway, street or alley, where specifically designated.

Locations: Laterals must be installed at the locations shown on the construction plans. Laterals must be installed in the shortest practicable line between points of termination, or under adverse conditions, as directed by the Resident Engineer. Laterals not shown on the drawing, but necessary to be installed will be paid for at the unit price bid for laterals as additional units of construction.

Installation: Galvanized rigid steel conduit may be installed in a trench, pushed underground, or attached to a structure. PVC conduit will normally be installed in a trench or attached to a structure. The Contractor must exercise care in installing the conduit to ensure that it is smooth, free from sharp bends or kinks, and has the minimum practicable number of bends. Crushed or deformed conduit will not be accepted. All conduit and fittings must have the burrs and rough places smoothed, and all conduit runs must be cleaned and swabbed before installation of electric cables. If cable is not to be installed immediately after cleaning of the conduit, a light weight pulling line such as 1/8" polyethylene line must be placed in the conduit and will remain in the conduit for future work. The excavation for pushing conduit must be located at least two feet (2') from the edge of pavement. All underground conduits must have a minimum cover of thirty inches (30") below grade. If conduit cannot be installed with a minimum cover of thirty inches (30"), the conduit must be encased in concrete for protection. The method of encasement and protection must be approved by the Resident Engineer. Concrete encasement will be paid for as a separate pay item.

When multiple laterals in a common trench are required, no more than three (3) three inch (3") or smaller conduit laterals can be laid on a single, horizontal level. Four or more conduit laterals must be installed on two (2) levels in accordance with instructions of the Resident Engineer.

Conduit laterals attached to a structure must be flush to the structure where possible. Clamps or hangers must be used at a maximum interval of five feet (5') to hold the conduit rigidly in place. Fittings must be supplied and installed that are compatible with the conduit in use. Expansion couplings must be used at locations where the conduit crosses expansion joints in the structure.

Conduit laterals installed under vaulted walks must be securely attached to the retaining wall by means of galvanized clamps and clamp backs held in place by anchor bolts. Laterals will be fastened as close to the underside of the sidewalk as possible, and securing clamps installed every five feet (5'). Laterals must be continuous through party walls.

Threaded fittings and bends of the same material as conduit must be furnished and installed as required. Threadless couplings may be used only for splicing existing conduit. All conduit splices, where required, will be considered incidental to this pay item.

Method of Measurement: The length measured will be the number of lineal feet of conduit installed and accepted, measured in place. Each conduit will be measured separately even if in a single trench. The length for measurement will be the distance horizontally between changes in the direction of the conduit plus the conduit vertically attached to structures. All conduits on structures will be measured from point to point, whether vertical or horizontal.
Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per lineal foot for Conduit of the type and size as specified, which price will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the conduit and fittings complete. Cleaning, swabbing, and p-lining of new conduit will be incidental to this pay item. Hangers, clamps, and fittings for conduit attached to structure will be incidental to this item. Trench and backfill will be paid for separately. Concrete encasement, if required, will be paid for separately. No additional payment will be allowed for pushing under pavements or for jackholes for conduit laterals.

ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, 3/C #14 FOR VIDEO

Description: This work will consist of furnishing and installing electric cable as specified. The cable will be installed in underground conduit and in traffic signal poles. The cable will be used for power service to a video camera.

Material: The cable must meet the applicable requirements of Material Specification 1457 of the Bureau of Electricity, City of Chicago.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Construction: The cable must be installed with care to prevent damage to the cable. Any defects found in the cable must be reported to the Resident Engineer. Damaged cable must be replaced at no cost to the City.

The cable will be terminated at one end at the camera interface panel in a traffic signal controller cabinet. The cable will be terminated at the other end to a terminal strip in a junction box mounted on a traffic signal pole. The cable will run in underground conduit, handholes, manholes, and pole shafts.

The cable must be pulled with a minimum of friction. Lubricants will be used to facilitate installation if deemed necessary. Bends in the cable must conform to the recommended minimum radius as outlined in the National Electric Code. No splicing of the cable will be allowed.

Cable passing through manholes or handholes must be trained and racked around the sides of the manhole or handhole into a permanent position. If the racks are non-existent or in poor condition the Contractor must install new racks. The material must be approved by the Resident Engineer. Any material and labor involved in training and racking the cable will be considered incidental to the cost of this pay item.

Cable in a handhole will have at least five feet of slack and cable in a manhole will have at least ten feet of slack.

Method of Measurement: The length of cable furnished and installed will be measured as the entire length of cable; measurements being taken both vertically and horizontally, plus any slack in manholes or handholes.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per lineal foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, 3/C #14 FOR VIDEO. Such price will be payment in full for furnishing, installing, terminating, and testing the cable, and will include all material, labor, and incidentals necessary to complete the work and complete an operating and working circuit as per the plans.

ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, SIGNAL, NO. 14, 19/C

Description: This work will consist of furnishing and installing electric cable for traffic signals of the type, size and number of conductors as specified on the plans. The cable will be rated 600 volts and comply with the following requirements.

Material: All cable must conform to the requirements of Material Specification number 1537, for Traffic Signal Cable.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Construction: All cable must be installed in conduit, as indicated on the plans, with care to prevent damage to the insulation or cable. Suitable devices must be used in pulling the cable, and only approved lubricants should be used. All cables installed in conduit will be from the power source to the traffic signal controller cabinet, from the traffic controller cabinet to the traffic signal junction box, or from junction box to junction box. For cable terminating in a traffic signal controller cabinet or traffic signal junction box the following procedures must be followed:

a. Controllers.

   1. Remove thirty six inches (36") of neoprene jacket.

   2. Wrap vinyl electrical tape on two inches (2") of the neoprene jacket and two inches (2") on the exposed conductors.

   3. Remove one inch (1") of insulation and scrape copper conductor.

   4. Train cables neatly along the base and back of cabinet.

   5. Connect conductors to proper terminal lugs.

b. Traffic Signal Junction Box.

   1. Remove twenty four inches (24") of neoprene jacket.

   2. Wrap vinyl electrical tape on two inches (2") of neoprene jacket and two inches (2") on the exposed conductors.

3. Remove one inch (1") of insulation and scrape copper conductor.

4. Train cables neatly along the side and back of the box.

5. Connect all conductors to terminal strip.

Cable Slack: The length of cable slack that must be provided will be in accordance with the following schedule:

Location	Length of Slack Cable (feet)
Base of Controller	7
Detector, Junction Box	1
Base of Traffic Signal Post or Traffic Signal Pole	4
City Handhole	6
City Manhole	12
Commonwealth Edison Manhole	25

Cable slack in manholes/handholes must be trained and racked in the holes. If racks are non-existent, racks must be provided, and considered incidental and a part of this pay item.

No cable splices will be allowed for traffic signal cable, with the exception of 7 conductor interconnect cable. These splices must be indicated on the plans.

Method of Measurement: The ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, SIGNAL, NO. 14, 19/C will be measured in lineal horizontal feet. The length of measurement must be the distance horizontally measured between changes in direction, and will include cable slack. All vertical cables will not be measured for payment.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per lineal foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, SIGNAL, NO. 14, 19/C. This price will be payment in full for furnishing, installing, connecting, splicing, and testing of cable, and will include all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work, as specified herein, and as shown on the plans.

ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, #14, 2C SHIELDED

Description: This work will consist of furnishing and installing a shielded lead-in cable for a traffic loop detector.

Material: The cable must be rated 600 Volts, 90º Centigrade wet and dry. The cable will have soft annealed tinned copper conductors with a PVC insulation and a PVC jacket overall with an appropriate shield. The cable will be equal to that manufactured by Belden, for instrumentation/ process control tray cable, Part No. 9343, or an approved equal.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Construction: The Contractor will install the cable from the existing traffic controller to the manhole/ hand hole as indicated on the contract plan drawing. The Contractor must splice the cable to the detector loop cable in the manhole or handhole. The other end of the cable must be terminated at the controller.

Method of Measurement: The cable will be measured per lineal horizontal foot from the location of the controller to the handhole or manhole of the splice. Additional footage may be added for slack. Five feet of slack will be allowed for each handhole and ten feet of slack will be allowed for each manhole the cable passes through. An additional ten feet may be added at the controller.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per lineal foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, #14, 2C SHIELDED, which price will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the cable and performing all necessary connections to make the detector operational.

SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 1-FACE, 3-SECTION, BRACKET MOUNTED

Description: These items will consist of furnishing and installing a traffic signal head or combination of heads on a street light pole, a traffic signal pole, or a traffic signal post as shown on the plans, as specified herein, or as directed by the Commissioner. Specific installations and configurations are shown on Drawing Numbers 834 and 835, entitled "Standard Traffic Signal Mounting Details".

The type of installation will be as indicated on the plans. The number of signal faces, the number of signal sections in each signal face, any dual indication sections, and the method of mounting will be as indicated in the plans and in the standard drawings.

Each signal face must be pointed in the direction of the approaching traffic that it is to control and must be aimed to have maximum effectiveness for an approaching driver located at a distance from the stop line equal to the normal distance traversed while stopping. The signal face must be programmed in accordance with the visibility requirements of the Traffic Engineer.

During construction and until the installation is placed in operation, all signal faces must be hooded. The hooding material must be securely fastened so it will not be disturbed by normal inclement weather or wind.

Material: The traffic signal head construction must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1543 for optically programmable LED signals. The mounting brackets must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1495, unless the Engineer deems that the signal heads are too heavy for this type of bracket. The cable must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1475.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Installation: The signals must be mounted using pole mounting brackets meeting Material Specification 1495, or equivalent, banded to the pole with two strips of 3/4" stainless steel banding single wrapped, one at the top and one at the bottom of the brackets, each secured with a stainless steel banding clip. The banding and clips will have a baked-on black finish. The mounting configuration connecting the signals to the mounting bracket must consist of sections of 1 1/2" galvanized steel conduit of precise lengths, as indicated on the standard drawings or polycarbonate brackets specifically made for mounting signal heads to the side of poles, to create the designated structure, connected with cross fittings, tees, etcetera to create the desired configuration.

When the signals are to be mounted on a square pole of flat surface, the bracket used will be bolted to the flat pole or surface using 3/8" drive studs where permissible or using 3/8" studs in tapped holes.

The bottom mounting bracket must be accurately located to cover an opening 1" in diameter, for cable entrance, drilled into the pole or standard at a calculated height to position the bottom signal face at a standard height of 10 feet, or a height indicated on the plans. The opening must be reamed or filed to remove all sharp edges or burrs which might damage cable during installation or through vibration when the signals are in operation.

Cable: The Contractor must provide and install a length of 8/C #16 AWG, as per Specification 1475, flexible electrical cord, medium duty, of sufficient length to extend without strain or stress from the terminal strip in the "Green" section of the signal head to the terminal strip in the junction box mounted on the pole. The number of conductors in the cord, and the color coding of the conductors, must be sufficient to match the requirements of the signal head being installed, and must be connected in accordance with Specification 1543. Both ends of the cable length must be carefully stripped of six inches (6") of jacket and one inch (1") of insulation, and each conductor properly tinned. The service cable from the signal heads must enter the pole through the bottom mounting bracket and enter the long sweep elbow to terminate by attachment to the terminal strip in the junction box in accordance with connector schematic, Bureau of Electricity Drawing Number 12268 A.

The signal mounting brackets, and the tees, crosses, conduit, etcetera must be factory painted gloss black, or as specified in the plans.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each signal head unit installed, completely wired and operational.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price for each SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 1-FACE, 3-SECTION, BRACKET MOUNTED and SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 1-FACE, 5-SECTION, BRACKET MOUNTED, which price will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the signal head complete.

SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 3-SECTION, MAST ARM MOUNTED

Description: These items will consist of furnishing and installing a traffic signal head on a traffic signal monotube mast arm, as shown on the plans, as specified herein, or as directed by the Commissioner. Specific installations and configurations are shown on Drawing 834 entitled "Standard Traffic Signal Mounting Details".

Each signal face must be pointed in the direction of the approaching traffic that it is to control and must be aimed to have maximum effectiveness for an approaching driver at a distance from the stop equal line to the normal distance traversed while stopping. The optically programmed signal face must be programmed in accordance with the visibility requirements of the Traffic Engineer.

During construction, and until the installation is placed in operation, all signal faces must be hooded. The hooding material must be securely fastened so it will not be disturbed by normal inclement weather or wind.

Material: The traffic signal head construction must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1493 for LED traffic signals. The material for a programmed LED traffic signal head must meet the Material Specification 1543. The mast arm bracket must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1463. The cable must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1475.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Installation: The signal must be mounted on the mast arm at the position indicated on the drawing in the manner shown on Drawing 834. The bracket must be banded to the mast arm with the 5/8" banding as shown on Drawing Number 834. The banding and clips must have a baked-on black finish. The bracket must be located over a hole drilled into the mast arm for the installation of cable. The hole must be reamed or filed to remove any sharp edges or burrs which might damage cable during installation or through vibration when the signals are in operation.

Cable: The Contractor must provide and install a length of 8/C #16 flexible electrical cord, of sufficient length to extend without strain or stress from the terminal strip in the "Green" section of the signal head to the terminal strip in the junction box mounted on the pole. The number of conductors in the cord, and the color coding of the conductors, must be sufficient to match the requirements of the signal head being installed, and must be connected in accordance with Material Specification 1493 for LED traffic signals, or Material Specification 1543 for optically programmed LED traffic signals. Both ends of the cable length must be carefully stripped of six inches (6") of jacket and one inch (1") of insulation, and each conductor properly tinned. The service cable from the signal heads must enter the traffic signal mast arm through the hole from the mounting bracket, whence it will continue and enter the pole through the hole for mast arm wiring, then extend downward through the pole to enter the long sweep elbow to terminate by attachment to the terminal strip in the junction box in accordance with the terminal strip connector schematic, Bureau of Electricity Drawing Number 12268 A.

The mast arm brackets must be painted gloss black or another color as indicated in the plans.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each signal unit installed, completely wired and operational.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price each for SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, LED, 3-SECTION, MAST ARM MOUNTED, SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, LED, 4-SECTION, MAST ARM MOUNTED, SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 3-SECTION, MAST ARM MOUNTED, and SIGNAL HEAD, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, LED, 5-SECTION, MAST ARM MOUNTED which price will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the signal head, or the optically programmed signal head, complete.

PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, 1-FACE, LED, BRACKET MOUNTED, COUNTDOWN

Description: This item consists of furnishing and installing a pedestrian signal on a street light pole, a traffic signal pole or a traffic signal post as shown on the Plans, as specified herein, or as directed by the Commissioner. The signal may be installed as a single unit on a pole or in combination with other pedestrian signals or with traffic signals of various types and sizes. Specific installations and configurations are shown on Drawing Numbers 834 and 835 entitled "Standard Traffic Signal Mounting Details" approved by the Bureau of Electricity and the Illinois Department of Transportation for installation on Federal Aid Highway Projects and on Illinois Department of Transportation Projects.

The method of mounting must be indicated on the Plans. Each signal face must be pointed in the direction of the marked cross walk area for the pedestrians it is intended to control.

During construction and until the installation is placed in operation, all signal faces must be hooded. The hooding material must be securely fastened so it will not be disturbed by inclement weather or wind

Signal Materials: The pedestrian signal head material must be consistent with the requirements of Bureau of Electricity Material Specification # 1475 for wiring, 1495 for mounting brackets, and 1545 for pedestrian heads. All housing units must be made of polycarbonate.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the materials comply with these specifications.

Installation Requirements: The signal must be mounted using pole mounting brackets meeting Material Specification 1495, banded to the pole with two strips of 3/4" stainless steel banding, single wrapped, one at the top and one at the bottom of the bracket, each secured with a stainless steel banding clip. The banding and clips must have a baked-on black finish. The mounting configuration connecting the signals to the mounting bracket must consist of sections of 1 1/2" polycarbonate conduit of precise lengths as indicated on the Standard Drawing to create the designated structure, connected with cross fittings per Standard Drawing 741, as required.

The bottom mounting bracket must be accurately located to cover a hole 1" in diameter for cable entrance drilled into the pole or standard at a height calculated to position the bottom signal face at a standard height of 10 feet, or a height indicated on the Plans. The hole must be reamed or filed to remove all sharp edges or burrs which might damage cable during installation or through vibration when the signals are in operation.

When the pedestrian signal is attached below a traffic signal head, the separate opening for cable may be omitted to eliminate additional weakening of the pole and the pedestrian signal cord must be installed using the same opening as the traffic signal cord.

CABLE:

The contractor must provide and install a length of 8/C #18 AWG flexible electric cord, meeting the requirements of Material Specification 1475, of sufficient length to extend without strain or stress from the terminal strip in the pedestrian signal to the terminal strip in the junction box mounted on the pole. The number of conductors in the cord, and the color coding of the conductors, must be sufficient to match the requirements of the signal head being installed, and must be so connected in accordance with Material Specification 1494. Both ends of the cable must be carefully stripped of six inches (6") of jacket and one inch (1") of insulation, and each conductor properly tinned. The cord must be attached to the terminal block in the junction box in accordance with the terminal strip connector schematic, Bureau of Electricity Drawing Number 12268-A. The service cord from pedestrian signal must enter the pole through the bottom mounting bracket and enter the long sweep elbow to terminate by attachment to the terminal strip in accordance with the terminal strip connector schematic, Bureau of Electricity Drawing Number 12268-A.

The pedestrian signal head housing, pole mounting brackets and crosses must be the same color.

Any mounting hardware that needs to be touched-up must be painted to match the pole.

Method of Measurement: The measurement will be based on each PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, 1-FACE, LED, BRACKET MOUNTED, COUNTDOWN installed complete

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This Work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price each for PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, 1-FACE, LED, BRACKET MOUNTED, COUNTDOWN, which price will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the signal head complete.

JUNCTION BOX, POLE OR POST MOUNTED

Description: This item consists of furnishing and installing a Junction Box on each traffic signal post, traffic signal pole, street light pole on which a signal or pedestrian head is mounted, as shown on the plans, specified herein, or as directed by the Commissioner. The junction box, 16" high, 6" wide and 4" deep must be installed with appurtenances as shown on Standard Drawing 834 and as described herein.

Materials and Assembly: The Junction Box must conform to the requirements of Specification Number 1407 Detail Specification for a Junction Box, and must be mounted above and attached by four (4) #10-24 x 3/4" stainless steel screws, to a long sweep elbow, Leitelt Brothers Company Item Number LB-16-64-A-2, or approved equal. A stainless steel, sign mounting, banding bracket, Drawing Number 11984, must be attached to the center of the back of the box with a 5/16" x 1" stainless steel machine screw. The box must contain a 20 conductor terminal strip, Marathon Special Products Corporation Catalog Number 360002, or approved equal, securely fastened to a Terminal Block "Z" Bracket, Leitelt Brother Company Item Number LB-16-6-4B, or approved equal, mounted with two Number 8-24 x 1/2" stainless steel machine screws in tapped holes in the mounting bosses, and located 3/4" from the right side facing the open box.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the materials comply with these specifications.

Installation Requirements: The junction box and elbow must be mounted to the side of the pole away from the roadway, or as directed by the Commissioner. The center of the box shall be located approximately fifty-eight inches (58") above the adjacent sidewalk. The long sweep elbow must be properly positioned over a hole 1 1/2" diameter drilled in the pole approximately 48" above the sidewalk, for the installation of the cable. The hole must be reamed or filed to remove all sharp edges or burrs which might damage cable during installation or through vibration when the signals are in operation. The box and elbows must be banded to the pole with five (5) 3/4" stainless steel bands, one through the banding bracket and one each at the top and bottom of the elbow. The banding and clips must have a baked-on black finish.

Color: Color must be black unless otherwise noted on the Plans and directed by the Commissioner. Color must conform to City of Chicago Standards. A color sample must be submitted to the Commissioner for approval prior to fabrication.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each JUNCTION BOX, POLE OR POST MOUNTED installed, complete with elbows.
Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for a JUNCTION BOX, POLE OR POST MOUNTED, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the junction box complete with its component parts and appurtenances. Connection of cables and wires to the terminal strip will not be part of the cost of the junction box but will be considered part of the installation of the underground cable and the installation of signal heads.

MAST ARM, STEEL, MONOTUBE, 16 FOOT

Description: These items will consist of furnishing and installing a steel, monotube, mast arm for the purpose of supporting traffic signals, and/or illuminated signs on an anchor base pole at the locations shown on the plans, or as specified or directed by the Commissioner. The length of the mast arm and the angular orientation of the arm relative to the centerline of the roadway will be as indicated on the plans.

A mast arm must be installed only on a 3 gauge pole, and the length of the mast arm will govern the minimum base diameter of the pole on which the arm is to be installed, in accordance with the following chart:

Mast Arm Length (feet)	Pole Base Diameter (inches)
16	10
30	11
35	12.5
40	12.5

Material: The mast arm must be 7 gauge steel meeting the requirements of Standard Drawing 870 and BOE Material Specification No. 1454.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Installation: The mast arm must be mounted on the pole at the height specified on Drawing 834, or at a different height if specified on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. A one inch (1") diameter opening for the installation of cable must be field drilled in the pole in line with the orientation of the mast arm. The hole must be reamed or filed to remove all sharp edges or burrs which might damage cable during installation or through vibration when the signals are in operation. A neoprene grommet must be inserted into the finished hole prior to the installation of the cable.

Two holes must be field drilled in the pole at 180 degrees relative to the orientation of the pole for installation of locator shear pins, provided with the back plate, to prevent rotation of the mast arm. These holes must be drilled after the mast arm is in place in order that the position of the holes will match the location of the locator bushings attached to the back half of the clamp.

All signals, signs, and electrical equipment must be attached in the correct relative position to the mast arm, with service cord in place, prepared to be installed on the pole, prior to the attachment of the mast arm to the pole. The installation of the cord in the pole must be coordinated with the attachment of the mast arm to the pole. The clamp bolts must be tightened securely so that there is no slippage of the mast arm either upward or downward to exert a vertical force on the shear pins. The end cap must be secured in place with the attachment screws provided.

The mast arm must be delivered completely finished with a factory applied black powder coat per BOE Material Specification No. 1454. The Contractor must utilize non-abrasive slinging materials and must otherwise exercise due care in erecting the pole and mast arm to prevent any damage to the finish.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each monotube arm installed on a traffic pole.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price for each MAST ARM, STEEL, MONOTUBE of the length indicated, and will be payment in full for furnishing and installing a steel mast arm in place, complete. Attachment of signals and signs will not be part of this pay item.

VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM CAMERA
VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM PROCESSOR
VIDEO DETECTION, TWO CARD RACK

Description: The work of this Section shall consist of furnishing, installing, and testing a video detection system camera and a video detection system processor for vehicular traffic, complete with all mounting hardware, hybrid cables, and software required for a fully operational system that provides all the features and functions described herein and shown on the Contract Drawings.

The video detection system shall accommodate present and future vehicular traffic system detection requirements for the City of Chicago.

All required hardware and software components including tools, equipment, cables, materials, supplies, and manufactured articles required to successfully install and integrate the components of the video detection system camera and video detection system processor as shown on the Plans and as specified herein.

All equipment and component parts furnished shall be new, be of the latest design and manufacture, and be in an operable condition at the time of delivery and installation. All parts shall be of high quality workmanship, and no part or attachment shall be substituted or applied contrary to the manufacturer's recommendations and standard practices.

The design shall be such as to prevent reversed assembly or improper installation of connectors, fasteners, etc. Each item of equipment shall be designed to protect personnel from exposure to high voltage during equipment operation, adjustments, and maintenance.

The work under this Section shall include all shop drawings and sample submittals as required for the detection system. The work shall also include such items as identification tags for equipment and manuals for the operation and maintenance of the system.

MATERIAL ACCEPTANCE

The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the materials comply with these specifications.

Video Detection System Camera:

MATERIALS

The camera shall meet the following operational requirements:

Electrical

Operating voltage: 95-135 VAC @ 60 Hz
Connector: Single, multi-pin weather proof connector for video, power, and lens control wiring.

Camera

Image sensor: 1/4 to 1/3 inch format monochrome or color interline transfer CCD camera

Lens zoom: Continuously adjustable power zoom within a range of at least 6 mm to 60 mm.

Video output: Composite 75 ohm analog 1.0 Vpp

Signal format: Compatible with all applicable National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) specifications

Signal to noise ratio (SNR): ≥ 45 dB

Filtering: Integral IR filter

Usable video illumination 0.0014 footcandles (0.014 lux)

Full video output illumination: 0.0055 footcandles (0.055 lux)

Resolution: > 450 vertical lines

Environmental

Temperature: -40º C to +50º C (-40º F to +122º F)

Humidity: Up to 100% relative humidity per MIL-E-5400T paragraph 4.3.24.4

Sustained wind speed: < 90 MPH with a 30% gust factor

Housing and sunshield

Enclosure: A white, weather-resistant finish cylindrical aluminum housing designed to NEMA-4 housing, IP65

Heater: Thermostatically controlled faceplate heater/defogger

Sunshield: Adjustable weather and sunshield with drip guard.

No item, component, or subassembly shall emit a noise level exceeding the peak level of 55 dBA when measured at a distance of 3.3 feet (1 meter) away from the surface.

Communication Cable

A weatherproof, UV-resistant hybrid cable shall be supplied with the camera assembly. The hybrid cable shall consist of a 75 ohm coaxial cable for the video signal, a multi-conductor cable for power to the camera, and a multi-conductor cable for zoom lens control. The coaxial cable shall not have signal attenuation greater than 0.78 dB per 100 feet at 10 MHz. The cabling shall comply with the National Electric Code (NEC), as well as local electrical codes. The hybrid cable shall be terminated on one end with a connector that mates with the multi-pin connector on the camera housing. The other end of the hybrid cable shall be unterminated.

Power Supply

Provide a power supply, if necessary, in the local equipment cabinet that shall provide appropriate electrical power to the video detection system camera. No modular DC power

supplies with integral AC plugs shall be used. The device shall protect the camera against damage from power line transients and surges. The device shall include surge protection in accordance with IEC 1000-4-5/EN 61000-4-5. The video detection camera power supply may be integrated as part of the video detection processor.

Mounting Bracket

- A mounting bracket for each video detector shall be provided.
- Provide painted steel, stainless steel, or all aluminum construction brackets capable of supporting a load of 22 lb (10 kg) for approval by the Engineer.
- Incorporate a ball joint or other approved mechanism that can be tilted in both axes and locked into place in order to provide the optimum area of coverage.
- Bands fastening the video detector mounting bracket to the support pole shall be made of minimum ¾ in (19 mm) wide, 0.025 in (0.635 mm) thick stainless steel.

The video detection camera should optimally detect vehicle presence when the camera is mounted 30 feet (10 meters) or higher above the roadway, when the camera is directly adjacent to or over the center of the desired coverage area, and when the length of the field of view is not greater than ten (10) times the mounting height of the camera. Cameras should be mounted as close as possible to the center of the traffic lanes to be viewed, in order to diminish the effects of cross lane, adjacent lane, and same lane occlusion.

The suggested video camera shall be a Philips VPK351A Series camera that is fully compatible with all other components in the system.

Video Detection System Processor

The video detection system processor will provide accurate vehicle tracking and presence detection during varied environmental conditions including rain, snow, fog, and darkness.

MATERIALS

The video detection system processor shall meet the following functional requirements:

Electrical

Voltage: 10.8 V to 30 V (supplied by traffic signal controller)

Connectors: RJ-45 for serial port PC connection

BNC for video input and video output

Video format: Shall support RS-170, NTSC, or PAL formats for either monochrome or color CCD cameras

Environment

Temperature: -34º C to +74º C (-29º F to +165º F)

Humidity: 0% to 95% non-condensing

The video processor module (VPM) shall be a plug-in rack detector card that inserts into an existing traffic signal controller. The bus interface between the video processor card and traffic signal controller shall be a 22-pin NEMA standard edge connector.

The video processor detection features shall be compatible with NEMA TS1/TS2 (Type 1 or 2), Type 170/179 and ATC controllers.

The camera inputs shall accept either monochrome (RS-170) or color (NTSC or PAL) inputs. Any of the video inputs shall be individually selectable to be routed to a video output connection for system setup or monitoring. The VPM shall be capable of 26 zones of detection per camera. The VPM shall be able to automatically select the five video inputs in a user-defined sequence and route each input sequentially to the output.

The video detection system processor shall include a user-friendly graphical user interface (GUI) program for detection zone setup and viewing. The setup program shall be available for installation on a laptop/notebook running Windows 9x/2000/XP. The video detection system processor shall connect to the laptop/notebook via an RS-232 connection or equivalent.

Each detection zone shall be capable of logging the following statistics:

- Volume/counts (# of vehicles)
- Lane occupancy (% time lane is occupied)
- Speed (average speed in mph or kph)
- Density (average density = volume/speed)
- Headway (average headway in seconds)
- Length (average vehicle length in ft/meters)
- Vehicle classification by user-selectable lengths (5 bins)
- Delay (average delay in seconds)
- Queue length

The system shall save all data to be stored in selectable time periods of 10, 20, or 30 seconds; or 1, 5, 10, 15, 30, or 60 minutes. The system must be able to provide traffic data via RS-232 in real-time and also be capable of storing data. The number of zones selected for storage and time slice determines the maximum storage time (days, weeks). RS-232 real-time statistics shall be viewable within the PC software provided with the system and must also be available for real-time monitoring via a published protocol designed for use by third party software developers who may choose to integrate video detection into a large traffic management system.

In addition, the video detection system processor shall meet the following operational requirements:

- Continuous or single video snapshots: The user shall be able to select both the resolution and quality of the image.
- Detector file upload/download

- Ability to store the snapshot image
- Security protection to prevent unauthorized remote access
- Directional detection: detection zones shall be directional to reduce false detections from objects traveling in directions other than the desired direction of travel in the detection zone.
- Detection zone setup shall not require site specific information such as latitude and longitude to be entered into the system.

Using a camera mounted as defined in the Video Detection System Camera section and in the location as defined on the Plans, the system shall count vehicles with less than four (4) percent error under normal conditions and less than seven (7) percent error rate under artifact conditions caused by shadows, fog, rain, and snow or other environmental conditions. This accuracy shall be based on volume count for the entire field of view compiled over multiple time intervals that contain a minimum of 100 vehicles to ensure statistical significance.

An input/output (I/O) module shall be supplied and installed with each VPM. The I/O module shall be a 3U module and shall provide 32 outputs and 16 inputs. The inputs and outputs shall be accessed through a D-subminiature connector for connection to the back-panel in the traffic signal controller cabinet. The I/O module shall support either 12V or 24V operation, selected by a jumper within the module, for compatibility with the traffic signal control equipment. The video detection system processor shall be compatible with NEMA, TS1/TS2, Type 170/179, and 2070 and ATC traffic signal controllers.

The power supply module shall operate on either 120VAC at 60 Hz or 240VAC at 50 Hz. The power supply shall include a 3-wire cord and grounded plug.

The suggested video processor shall be a Peek UniTrakTM that is fully compatible with all other components in the system.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Video Detection System Camera and Video System Processor Assembly

The video detection system camera shall be mounted in an overhead configuration on poles or sign structures at the specified locations, using the manufactured supplied mounting brackets as shown in the Plans and specified herein. The Contractor shall install the video detection system camera unit on a pole at the height specified above the road surface as shown in the Plans so that the masking of vehicles is minimized and that all detection zones are contained within the specified elevation angle as suggested by the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer.

Coordinate with the Engineer when mounting the video detection system cameras an overhead configuration and when programming the detection zones. Perform all operations and integration necessary to install the video detection system camera, including all the setup activities and associated tests. The detection zones shall be setup using the software provided from the manufacturer and a notebook computer.

Prepare the power and communications cable according to the detector manufacturer's instructions and as approved by the Engineer. Inside the equipment cabinet, terminate cable pairs used for detector power on the communications interface terminal block, and make the appropriate connections to a power supply or power distribution assembly.

Miscellaneous

The video detection system camera and video detection system processor includes installation of the following components: a video detection camera assembly, power to the unit, and appurtenant mounting hardware, conduits, and power and communications cables. All the earthwork preparation and grading necessary for the installation of the overhead video detection camera station shall be included in the bid price of this item, including repairing disturbed portions of the construction area.

Install cable tags for all controller and internal wiring harnesses, jumper cables, and video detection camera cables. Include the cable function, origin, destination, equipment location, and other information to facilitate testing, operation, and maintenance as required and approved by the Engineer.

Comply with the requirements of associations, societies, codes, and regulations as applicable. Provide certifications as required by law.

Testing and Integration: Test and integrate all equipment in the video detection system camera and video detection system processor assembly to demonstrate the required functionality and performance mentioned above in these Special Provisions, and provide complete test documentation to the Engineer. The Contractor shall work closely with the Engineer and City personnel to prove and test the video detection units are made operational to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Final detection zone setup shall be set in the field by City personnel.

Warranty: Warranty must be as referenced in Book 1. A manufacturer's warranty should be valid for 2 years. The warranty period will begin on the date of Final Punch List Completion and Acceptance of the work. This warranty must include repair and/or replacement of all failed components via a factory authorized depot repair service. All items sent to the depot for repair must be returned within two weeks of the date of receipt at the facility. The depot location must be in the United States. Repairs shall not require more then two weeks from date of receipt and the provider of the warranty must be responsible for all return shipping costs. The depot maintainer designated for each component shall be authorized by the original manufacturer to supply this service. A warranty certificate must be supplied for each component from the designated depot repair site indicating the start and end dates of the warranty. The certificate must be supplied at the conclusion of the system acceptance test and shall be for a minimum of two years after that point. The certificate must name the Department as the recipient of the service. The Department will have the right to transfer this service to other private parties who may be contracted to perform overall maintenance of the facility.

Method of Measurement: This item shall be measured for payment by the actual number of VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM CAMERA; VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM PROCESSOR; and VIDEO DETECTION, TWO CARD RACK assemblies installed, activated, tested, and accepted.

Basis of Payment: The price for items shall include payment in full for all work necessary to provide the power supply for the video detection cameras, racks; including cable, power supply equipment, all connections, and testing. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM CAMERA; VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM PROCESSOR; and VIDEO DETECTION, TWO CARD RACK.

COAXIAL VIDEO CABLE

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing electric cable of the size, type and number of conductors specified on the plan. The cable shall comply with the following requirements.

Coaxial Video, RG-59/U: All coaxial cable shall be 75 ohm and shall not have attenuation greater than 10 dB/100 feet at 900 MHz.

MATERIAL ACCEPTANCE

The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the materials comply with these specifications.

Installation Requirements: All cable must be installed in conduit, aerially or in poles, as indicated on the Contract Drawings, with care to prevent damage to the insulation or cable. Suitable devices shall be used in pulling the cable and only approved lubricants shall be used. All cables installed in conduit will be from the power source to the traffic signal controller, from the traffic controller to the City traffic signal junction box, from junction box to junction box, or as shown on the plans. Signal and service cables that terminate in a traffic signal junction box shall extend 2 feet above the bottom of the box or cabinet and the following procedure shall be followed:

A. Controllers

- Remove 36 inches of neoprene jacket.
- Wrap vinyl electrical tape on 2 inches of the neoprene jacket and on 2 inches of the insulated conductors.
- Remove one (1) inch of insulation and scrape copper conductor.
- Train cables neatly along the base and back of cabinet.
- Connect conductors to proper terminal lugs.

B. Traffic Signal Junction Box

- Remove 24 inches of neoprene jacket.
- Wrap vinyl electrical tape on 2 inches of neoprene jacket and on 2 inches of the insulated conductors.
- Remove 1 inch of insulation and scrape copper conductor.

- Train cables neatly along the side and back of the box.
- Connect all conductors to terminal strip.

Slack Cable: The length of cable slack shall be provided in accordance with the following schedule:

Location	Length of Slack Cable
Base of Controller Post	1 foot
Detector, Junction Box	1 foot
Base of Traffic Signal Post or Traffic Signal Pole	2 feet
Controller Cabinet	3 feet
City Handhole	6 feet
City Manhole	12 feet
Commonwealth Edison Manhole	25 feet

Cable Splices: Cable splices will be made only for magnetic detector leads, detector loops, and existing copper interconnect cable or at locations which will be indicated on the Contract Drawings. The detailed splicing procedure is described in Article 873.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Measurement: The length of measurement shall be the distance horizontally measured in feet between changes in direction including slack cable. All vertical cables will not be measured for payment. Lengths of slack cable required will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per linear foot for cable of the type specified.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per foot for COAXIAL VIDEO CABLE. This price will be payment in full for furnishing, installing, connecting, splicing, and testing of cable and shall include all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work as specified herein and as shown on the Contract Drawings.

POLE, STEEL, ANCHOR BASE, 10" DIAMETER, 7 GAUGE, 34'-6"
POLE, STEEL, ANCHOR BASE, 10" DIAMETER, 3 GAUGE, 34'-6"

Description: These items will consist of furnishing, installing, and setting plumb a steel anchor base pole to which equipment may be attached for the extension of the City street light and traffic signal systems.

Material: The material of the pole must meet the requirements of BOE Material Specification No. 1447.

Material Acceptance: The Contractor must provide a Manufacturer's written certification that the material complies with these specifications.

Installation: The pole must be installed on the concrete foundation designed for the particular pole usage as indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Double nut construction must be used as shown on Drawing 837. Double nut construction provides the proper ventilation, as well as providing a way to plumb the pole. Any exposed portions of anchor rods extending above the nuts which interfere with the installation of the bolt covers must be cut off to provide the necessary clearance. The excess must not be burned off. The pole must be set secure, properly orientated, and plumb using the nuts and washers provided with the anchor bolts. The bolt covers, handhole cover, and pole cap must be securely attached.

The Contractor will utilize non abrasive slinging materials and will otherwise exercise due care in erecting the pole and mast arm to minimize any possible damage to the finish. When necessary, the Contractor will utilize, at his own expense, factory approved touch up materials and methods to restore the finish to like new appearance and durability.

Method of Measurement: This item will be measured per each unit installed, complete with anchor bolt covers, pole cap, and handhole cover.
Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price each for a POLE, STEEL, ANCHOR BASE, 34'-6", which will be payment in full for furnishing and installing the pole complete in place. Light standard foundations, mast arms, and luminaires will not be included in this pay item but will be paid for separately.

MOUNTING BRACKET – TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE TO EXISTING STRUCTURE

Description: The mounting bracket will be attached to existing structure to be used for attaching and structurally supporting street light poles or traffic signal poles.

Material: Grout must be meeting the requirements of Article 1024 of the Standard Specifications. Anchor rods must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1467 and the ground rod must meet the requirements of Material Specification 1465. Structural Steel must be meeting the requirements of Article 1006 of the Standard Specifications. Conduit elbows must be galvanized steel conduit meeting the requirements of Article 1088 of the Standard Specifications.

Construction: Every foundation will be installed at the location designated and in the manner herein specified or in special cases as specifically directed. The contractor will locate foundations as per plan or as directed by the Resident Engineer.

- **Concrete Foundation, 24" Diameter, 1 ¼" Anchor Rods, 15" Bolt Circle, 7 Feet**: for arterial street light pole; either steel or aluminum, conventional or davit (Standard Drawing 818).

- **Concrete Foundation, 24" Diameter, 1 ¼" Anchor Rods, 15" Bolt Circle, 9 Feet**: for a traffic pole which can accommodate a 16, 20, or 26 foot monotube arm (Standard Drawing 818).

Top surface of these mounting brackets will be at an elevation of three and one half inches (3 1/2") above grade or as required by the Engineer. Care must be taken to install a level foundation and to ensure adequate anchor rod projections for double nut installation. The foundations must be centered back from the face of the curb in accordance with dimensions shown on the construction plans. Foundation raceways must consist of large radius conduit elbow(s) in quantity, size and type as specified on the corresponding standard drawing or in the construction plans. Any number of elbows in excess of the number shown on the standard drawing must be paid for under a separate pay item. The elbow ends above ground will be capped with standard conduit bushings. The Contractor must furnish anchor rods, hardware, conduit elbow(s) and all other material shown on the structural detail.

Anchor rods must be set in accordance with applicable construction plans so that when poles are mounted on the foundations, the street lighting mast arm will be properly oriented as indicated on the construction plans. Anchor rods must conform in all respects to the appropriate City drawing.

Grout shall achieve design strength prior to any loading of the mounting bracket.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each foundation installed complete.
Basis of Payment: Payment will be made for mounting brackets installed in place, including elbows, in accordance with construction drawings, constructions plans and these specifications. All necessary excavation and restoration of pavement, sidewalk and fill to their original conditions will be included in the unit price. This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price per each as specified in the Contract, for MOUNTING BRACKET – Traffic Signal POLE TO EXISTING STRUCTURE

BREAKDOWN EXISTING FOUNDATION (SPECIAL)

Description: This work will consist of removing a concrete foundation for the specific item referenced.

Material: Grout must be meeting the requirements of Article 1024 of the Standard Specifications.

Demolition: The foundation must be completely removed or broken down such that there are no protrusions exposed. Any anchor bolts or conduit extending above the structure surface shall be saw cut down as close to the structure surface as possible. Use of a cutting torch SHALL NOT be allowed. Any potential remaining protrusions shall be covered with a cap of non-shrink grout meeting the material specifications stated above. The area of grout cap shall extend no less than 3 inches beyond any bolt along the centerline of the raised median. The grout cap shall extend to the edges of the raised median in the direction transverse to the centerline of the median. The grout cap shall be no less than 2 inches thick as measured from the top of the median surface to the lowest point on the grout cap. Debris must be disposed of according to Section 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each foundation removed, which will also include proper disposal and grout.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the Contract Unit Price each for BREAKDOWN EXISTING FOUNDATION (SPECIAL), of the type specified, which price will be payment in full for all labor and materials necessary to complete the work as described above. No additional payment will be made for backfill or disposal of debris.

OPERATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNALS

Existing traffic control signal installations and/or any electrical facilities at certain intersections included in this Section may be altered or reconstructed totally or partially as part of the Work on this Section. The Contractor is hereby advised that all traffic control equipment, presently installed at these locations, is the property of the City of Chicago.

The Contractor is further advised that the existing traffic signals, or the existing temporary installation, must remain in operation during all construction stages except for the most essential down time. Any shutdown of the installation, for a period to exceed fifteen (15) minutes, must have the prior approval of the Commissioner. Such approval will generally only be granted during the period extending from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on weekdays. Any other traffic signal shutdown, either for periods in excess of one (1) hour or outside of the 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. weekday period must have prior approval of the Commissioner.

The Contractor, prior to the commencement of his Work, must notify the City of Chicago of his intent to perform his Work. Upon request from the Contractor, the City of Chicago will locate any buried conduit or other electrical facility which may interfere with the Contractor's operations without charge to him. This will in no way relieve the Contractor's responsibility to repair and/or replace electrical facilities damaged by his operations.

Any known or suspected damage to the electrical facility must be reported immediately to the Commissioner. The Contractor will be held fully responsible for the repair and/or temporary, if, in sole opinion of the Commissioner, such damage was caused by the negligence of the Contractor, his agents, or employees.

No part of this Special Provision must be construed as exempting the Contractor from his duty to follow careful construction practices, including all standard provisions in the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

The intent of this Special Provision is to prescribe a procedure wherein a Contractor may obtain formal approval of a traffic signal installation at a given intersection, and a release from maintenance responsibility for the new materials installed, in order to be permitted to disconnect and remove the old traffic signal equipment.

When the road is open to traffic, except under conditions where existing traffic signals are being maintained or when a temporary traffic signal installation has been installed, the Contractor may request a turn on and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request must be made to the Bureau of Electricity, a minimum of three (3) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. Upon demonstration that the signals are operating and all Work is completed in accordance with the Contract and to the satisfaction

of the Commissioner, the Bureau of Electricity's Inspector will then allow the signals to be placed into continuous operation. The Agency that is responsible for the maintenance of each traffic signal installation will assume the maintenance upon successful completion of this inspection.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL, TURN ON

The intent of this Special Provision is to prescribe a procedure wherein a Contractor may obtain formal approval of a traffic signal installation at a given intersection, and a release from maintenance responsibility for the new materials installed, in order to be permitted to disconnect and remove the old traffic signal equipment.

When the road is open to traffic, except under conditions where existing traffic signals are being maintained or when a temporary traffic signal installation has been installed, the Contractor may request a turn on and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request must be made to the Bureau of Electricity, a minimum of three (3) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. Upon demonstration that the signals are operating and all Work is completed in accordance with the Contract and to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Bureau of Electricity's Inspector will then allow the signals to be placed into continuous operation. The Agency that is responsible for the maintenance of each traffic signal installation will assume the maintenance upon successful completion of this inspection.

SPECIFICATION 1447
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED OCTOBER 3 , 2001

POLE: ANCHOR BASE, 3 AND 7 GAUGE, TAPERED TUBULAR STEEL, WITH HANDHOLE ENTRY

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for tapered, tubular, 3 gauge and 7 gauge steel anchor base poles with mast arm supports. They will support street light luminaires and/or traffic signal mast arms and will be served by underground cables.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The poles must conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, and to the Specifications and Methods of Test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number of which the most recently published revisions will govern.

(b) Acceptance. Poles not conforming to this specification will not be accepted.

(c) Bidders Drawings. Bidders must submit with their bids detailed scale drawings of the mast showing actual dimensions, details, and welds. Shop drawings must be original engineering drawings created by the manufacturer. The drawings must show every dimension necessary to show how all parts will fit each other and be properly held in assembly. These drawings must also be submitted in electronic format, preferably Microstation 95, if so requested by the City.

(d) Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Streets and Sanitation being an integral part of this specification cooperating to state necessary requirements.

(e) Sample. If requested by the City, one completely assembled anchor-base pole of the manufacture intended to be furnished, must be submitted for review by the Commissioner within 14 working days of receiving Notice-to-Proceed.

(f) Warranty. The manufacturer must warrant the performance and construction of the light poles to meet the requirements of this Specification and must warrant all parts, components, and appurtenances against defects due to design, workmanship, or material developing within a period of three years after the light poles have been delivered. This will be interpreted particularly to mean structural or mechanical failure of any element or weld, or failure of any portion of the painting system. The warranty must be furnished in writing guaranteeing material replacement including shipment, free of charge to the City. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made and the Commissioner=s decision will be final.

STANDARDS

3. (a) Assembly. Each anchor base pole must consist of a steel mast with handhole entry, entry door with machine screws, grounding nut, mast base plate, top cap for mast, two (2) mast arm supports, bolt covers, and all necessary hardware required for complete assembly of these parts, ready for assembly, without special tools.

(b) Interchangeability. Members of each pole type must be mutually interchangeable for assembly, so that no reworking will be required to make any member fit properly in the place of any other similar member of any other similar pole.

(c) Design. Each pole type must conform in design and dimensions to the pertinent drawing(s) listed in Table "A".

MASTS

4. (a) Mast Size. The outside diameters of the mast of each pole type must be as listed in Table A. The mast must be tapered at 0.14 inches per foot.

(b) Material. The mast must be fabricated from one length of No. 3, No. 7, or No. 11 Standard gauge steel meeting the material requirements of ASTM A606 for low alloy high strength coil steel, which, after fabrication, must possess an ultimate tensile strength of not less than 70,000 psi and a yield strength of not less than 60,000 psi, in accordance with ASTM A595, Grade C. Chemistry of the steel must be such as to insure resistance to atmospheric corrosion superior to that of ordinary copper bearing steel. Material certification is required. Manufacturer's steel meeting the specified physical and chemical requirements, and approved by the Commissioner, will be accepted.

(c) Fabrication. The mast must be fabricated with not more than one (1) longitudinal weld. The weld must be ground smooth so that it is virtually invisible. There must be no lateral welds in the masts other than where the masts are welded to the steel bases. The completed, unpainted masts must have smooth external surfaces free from protuberances, dents, cracks or other imperfections marring their appearance. Each mast must be straight and centered on its longitudinal axis.

(d) Base. The mast base must be a steel plate, of low alloy, high strength steel as noted in Par. 4 (b).

Plate Base. The base plate for each pole type must be as listed in Table "A". It must be fabricated from the same ASTM A606 low alloy, high strength steel as is used for the mast. After fabrication the steel must meet the requirements of ASTM A588. The mast must be inserted into the base to a maximum depth which will still allow for an adequate weld to be made between the bottom of the mast and the plate. A circumferential weld must be made between the mast and the base at both the top and underside of the plate. Non-metallic removable bolt covers which completely cover the anchor bolts and nuts must be provided. The covers must be attached with non-metallic screws or another type of non-seizing fastener, as approved by the Commissioner. The covers must enclose the anchor bolts and be secured in an approved manner. The base must be attached to the mast so that the bearing surface of the base is at right angles to the longitudinal axis of the mast. The vertical center line of the seam must be positioned so that no welds for the simplex attachments or the handhole opening will go through the seam.

Anchor Rod Openings. All anchor rod openings for each pole type must have a width as listed in Table "A". Each opening must be sized to have a circumferential slot length equal to 15 degrees of the circumference.

(e) Mast Arm Support Plates. The mast arm support plates will be made of cast steel conforming to the requirements for Grade 65-35 cast steel of ASTM A27, or equivalent, subject to approval. They must neatly fit the external surface of the mast. The upper mast arm support plate must have a hollow protuberance, the hole of which must be approximately equivalent to two (2) inches in diameter, extending into the interior of the pole providing a smooth surface for the lamp cables to rest upon. The mast arm support plates must be designed so that they will carry the mast arm and hold it in the proper position for fastening the mast arm to the mast. The design of the mast arm support plates must be a two (2) bolt type as shown on Drawing No. 659.

(f) Provision for Ground. a 1/2"-13 square nut must be welded to the inside of the mast on the handhole entry frame for a ground connection.

(g) Entry. A vertical doorframe carrying a removable door providing access to the interior of the mast must be welded into a close fitting opening centered approximately 15 inches above the bottom of the base. The doorframe must be formed and welded of steel with a cross section of two and one-quarter(2-1/4) inches wide by one-quarter (1/4) inch thick so as to adequately reinforce the opening of the mast. The internal horizontal clearance of the doorframe must be four and three-quarter(4-3/4) inches; its internal vertical clearance must be seven(7) inches. Its upper and lower ends must be semi-circular meeting its straight sides tangentially. The radius of this opening must be two and three-eighths(2-3/8) inches. The vertical center line of the entry must be at a right angle clockwise from the vertical center line of the mast arm supports. The frame must have two welded tabs; one at the top and one at the bottom of the door frame. These tabs must be drilled to accept a 1/4" screw. The top hole must be located 13/16 of an inch from the top of the opening. The bottom hole must be located 13/16 of an inch from the bottom of the opening. Steel spring clips must be mounted to the tabs. These clips must be made to accept 1/4"- 20 machine screws. The 1/4"-20 allen head machine screws must have a button head. The screws must have a stainless steel core within a threaded nylon body. Other non-seizing types of screws and fasteners may be considered.(The above requirements apply to all pole masts except those with a 10 inch bolt circle. Poles with 10 inch bolt circles must have handhole openings of 3" by 5". All other requirements apply.)

(h) Door. The removable door must be formed of non-metallic material subject to approval of the Commissioner. It must fit the doorframe closely and be dished so that it will stay in proper position even if its locking screws must be slightly loosened. The door must be drilled top and bottom to accept the 1/4"-20 Allen head machine screws which will

fasten the door to the doorframe. All doors must be interchangeable. Alternate methods will be subject to approval by the Commissioner or his duly authorized representative.

(i) Locking Device. Any other door locking device, other than the one outlined above in (g) and (h), must be approved by the Commissioner or his duly authorized representative.

(j) Tag. To each pole must be attached immediately below the handhole, by mechanical means and not by adhesive, a stainless steel tag with a stamped or embossed legend which must include the pole outside diameter at the base, the overall length, and the gauge; i.e., 12.5" X 34'-6" X 3 gauge.

(k) Structural Requirements. The mast must be manufactured in accordance with AASTHO's 1994 version of the AStandard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals @. The shaft and base assembly must be designed to meet AASTHO's 1994 criteria for 80 MPH wind loading with a 30% gust factor. The poles must be designed appropriately for Chicago applications for both street lighting and traffic signal applications, including signal mast arms.

TOP

5. (a) Design. The mast top must be essentially conical with a globe-shaped upper-end and having a minimum wall thickness throughout of not less than 1/4 inch. The cone portion must meet the skirted portion of the top in a smooth filet, the skirt must enclose the top 7/8" inches of the mast. Three stainless steel, or other similar approved material, set screws not less than 3/4 inches long must be equally spaced in tapped holes around the skirt and must hold the top securely in place atop the mast. The design of the top must be similar to one shown on Drawing #11420A.

(b) Material. The top must be aluminum alloy 356-F per ASTM B108. It must have smooth surfaces, neat edges and corners and be free from fins, holes or other casting flaws. Non-metallic tops may be substituted if approved by the Commissioner.

(c) Finish. Tops must be painted as herein specified.

HARDWARE

6. All the hardware necessary to complete the assembly of the pole must be furnished. All hardware will be as specified elsewhere in these specifications. Hardware not specified elsewhere must be stainless steel, or equal corrosion-resistant non-seizing metal, or a non-metallic material subject to approval by the Commissioner.

WELDING

7. (a) General. Every welded joint must be made in conformity with the proper interpretation of the standard welding symbols of the American Welding Society as indicated on the drawings; however, each bidder must submit with his proposal a drawing showing the sizes and types of welds, must state the type of electrode, and must describe the welding methods, he proposes to use in fabricating the pole.

(b) Testing. All welds of five percent (5%) of the poles in every lot must be inspected for penetration and soundness of the welds by the magnetic particle inspection method or by radiography. Acceptance or rejection will be governed by the same conditions as in Section 9. If the magnetic inspection process is to be used, the dry method with the direct current must be employed. All transverse welds must be magnetized by the "prod" (Circular magnetization) method. Longitudinal welds may be magnetized by either circular or longitudinal magnetization.

PAINTING

8. (a) Oil and Grease Removal. All metal surfaces must be washed with an alkaline detergent to remove any oils or grease.

(b) Metal Cleaning. All exterior metal surfaces must be cleaned by blasting with a combination of shot and grit to remove all dirt, mill scale, rust, corrosion, oxides and foreign matter and provide a "near white" surface in accordance with SSPCS-SP10. Included in this process must be the interior base section of the mast to a minimum height of twelve (12) inches.

(c) Chemical Pretreatment. The cleaned metal surfaces must then be treated with a hot, pressurized iron phosphate wash and must be dried by convection heat.

(d) Exterior Coat. A thermosetting, weathering, Polyester powder coat must be applied electrostatically to all cleaned and treated surfaces to a uniform eight (8) mil thickness in a one coat application. This powder coat must be cured in a convection oven at a minimum temperature of $400^{o}F$ to form a high molecular weight fusion bonded finish.

(e) Alternate Methods. Alternate powder coat methods may be reviewed and tested on a case by case basis. However, no coating method will be accepted unless the Commissioner judges such alternate to be equal to the coating herein specified.

(f) Interior Coat. The interior metal surfaces must be powder coated with a thermoplastic hydrocarbon resin containing corrosion inhibitors. The resin must be formulated for application over untreated metal surfaces. The resin must be applied at a temperature of approximately 200°F to a minimum thickness of three (3) mils. The interior thermoplastic coat must overlap the interior, thermosetting base coat by approximately six (6) inches. Alternate interior coatings may be used subject to prior approval of the Commissioner.

(g) Durability. Both the exterior and interior coats must be capable of passing 1,000 hours of salt spray exposure as per ASTM B117 in a five percent (5%) Na Cl (by weight) solution at 95°F and 95% relative humidity without blistering Before test, the panel must be scribed with an "X" down to bare metal.

(h) Coating Measurement. Measurement of coating thickness must be done in accordance with SSPC-Pa 2-73T, "Measurement of Dry Paint Thickness with Magnetic Gauges," except that the lowest "single spot measurement" in an area of two square inches must be not less than 7.0 mils.

(i) Color. Color must be gloss black unless otherwise noted in the order. A color sample must be submitted for approval prior to fabrication.

MAST TEST

9. (a) General. All completed masts must be available for testing for maximum deflection and set. The masts must meet the structural requirements of section 4(k). Unless specifically authorized in writing, all tests must be made at the works of the manufacturer. A record of every test must be made and a certified copy of the test record must be submitted to the Purchasing Agent before the masts are shipped. An engineer from the Bureau of Electricity, Engineering Division, must be present during the testing procedures, if so requested by the City.

(b) Lot. Tests for deflection and set of the mast and of the mast arm supports must be made upon five (5%) percent of all the masts in every lot (two (2) min.). The selection of masts for testing must be random from the entire completed lot. If any of the masts in any lot fail to meet the test, an additional three (3%) percent of the masts of the same lot must be tested (two (2) min.). If any of these masts fail to meet the test requirements, the entire lot will be subject to rejection, except that the manufacturer may subject each mast in the lot to the test, and those which fulfill the requirement will be accepted. After testing, each base weld must be inspected by the magnetic particle method to determine that the welds have not been affected.

(c) Mast Requirements. With base rigidly anchored, a test load as indicated in Table A must be applied at a point approximately two feet (2'0") from the free end. The load must be applied at right angles to the center line of the mast and in the same vertical plane. The deflection must not be greater than that indicated in Table A. Within one (1) minute after the test load is released, measurement must be made of the set taken by the mast. This set must not be greater than that indicated in Table A. The deflection measurement device must be reset to zero and the test load must be reapplied. The deflection must not change from the deflection noted in the first test by more than ±5%. No measurable set must be noted within one (1) minute after test load is released.

(d) Mast Arm Support (simplex) Requirements. With an appropriate mast arm firmly attached to the mast, a test load of 300 pounds must be applied to the mast arm as a side pull at a point seven (7) feet from the mast. After the test, the mast arm support welds on the mast must be tested by the magnetic particle method to determine that they have not been affected.

(e) The contractor must include in his bid, the cost of travel, food and lodging for one (1) engineer. Travel for 150 miles or greater must utilize a major airline. Lodging accommodations must be equal to those provided at a Holiday Inn. The engineer must be given ten (10) working days notice of travel arrangements.

PACKAGING

10. (a) General. The poles must be shipped in twelve (12) pole bundles. Each pole must be individually wrapped so that the pole can be bundled for shipping and unbundled for delivery to the City without damaging the pole or its finish.

(b) Bundles. The bundles must consist of twelve (12) poles laid base to top to form an approximately rectangular cylinder. Materials such as lumber (2" x 4" min.), non-marring banding, and other appropriate bundling materials must be used to make a rigid, long lasting, bundle capable of being handled, shipped and stored without shifting of contents or breaking, subject to approval. Any bundles, in which either poles or packaging is received broken, damaged or with contents shifted, will not be accepted and it will be the responsibility of the supplier to return the bundle to its original destination at no cost to the City of Chicago. The bundles should be capable of being stacked two (2) high without breaking, or shifting of the contents. Each bundle must be capable of being lifted by a fork lift truck or crane and the bundles must be shipped on a flat bed truck to facilitate unloading. Each pole wrapping must be clearly labeled indicating the pole size, i.e. 34'6", 7 GAUGE, STEEL POLE, 15" B.C.

(c) Hardware. The bolt covers and their attachment devices must be shipped with each bundle and packaged in twelve (12) sets of four (4) each. The package must be labeled and placed in a prominent position to facilitate accessibility, and must be attached to, or within, the bundle in such a manner as to assure safe delivery. Payment will be withheld for any bundle delivered without the accompanying hardware. Pole caps must be attached at the manufacturer's facilities, or be packed separately in a manner similar to the bolt covers, and the same payment conditions will prevail. Cracked, broken or chipped parts will be considered as an incomplete delivery as regards payment.

(d) Delivery. All poles will be delivered to the Bureau of Electricity storage yard at 4101 South Cicero Avenue in Chicago, or to another location within the City as indicated on the order. Light pole information must include any recommendations of the manufacturer for storage.

INSPECTION

11. An inspector representing the City must have free entry at all times, while the work on the contract is being performed, to all parts of the manufacturer's works which concern the manufacture of poles. The manufacturer must afford the inspector, without charge, all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the poles are being furnished in accord with these specifications. The final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any poles rejected as defective must be removed and disposed of by the contractor at his sole cost.

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

TABLE A

POLE	GAUGE	BOLT CIRCLE	ANCHOR ROD	BASE PLATE	TEST LOAD	MAX. DEF	MAX. SET	DRAWING
7.67"x12.5"x34'6"	3	16.5"	1.5"	1.75"	3200#	22"	2.5"	827
6.17"x11"x34'6"	3	17.25"	1.25"	1.5"	2500#	26"	2.5"	824
5.17"x10.0"x34'6"	3	15.0"	1.25"	1.5"	2000#	30"	2.5"	808
5.17"x10.0"x34'6"	7	15.0"	1.25"	1.5"	1500#	30"	2.5"	808
3.95"x8.5"x32'6"	3	11.5"	1.25"	1.5"	1500#	33"	2.5"	763
3.95"x8.5"x32'6"	7	11.5"	1.0"	1.25"	1200#	33"	2.5"	762
3.87"x8.0"x29'6"	3	10.0"	1.0"	1.5"	1500#	28"	1.0"	657
3.87"x8.0"x29'6"	7	10.0"	1.0"	1.25"	1200#	28"	1.0"	656
4.15"x8.0"x27'6"	3	10.0"	1.0"	1.5"	1500#	23"	1.0"	655
4.15"x8.0"x27'6"	7	10.0"	1.0"	1.25	1200#	23"	1.0"	654
4.20"x7.0"x20'0"	3	10.0"	1.0"	1.0"	1500#	13"	1.0"	653
3.70"x6.5"x20'0"	11	10.0"	1.0"	1.0"	800#	14"	1.0"	652

SPECIFICATION 1454
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
MAY 24, 2001

MAST ARM: MONO-TUBE

SUBJECT

1. This specification states the requirements for tapered, tubular, 7 gauge steel mono-tube arm with mounting brackets. The arm will support traffic signals and signs.

GENERAL

2. (a) Specifications. The arms must conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, and to the Specifications and Methods of Test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number of which the most recently published revisions will govern.

(b) Acceptance. Arms not conforming to this specification will not be accepted.

(c) Bidders Drawings. Bidders must submit with their bids detailed scale drawings of the mast arm showing actual dimensions, details, and welds. Shop drawings must be original engineering drawings created by the manufacturer. The drawings must show every dimension necessary to show how all parts will fit each other and be properly held in assembly. These drawings must also be submitted in electronic format, preferably Microstation 95, if so requested by the City.

(d) Drawings. The drawings mentioned herein are drawings of the Department of Streets and Sanitation being an integral part of this specification cooperating to state necessary requirements.

(e) Sample. If requested by the City, one complete mast arm of the manufacture intended to be furnished must be submitted for review by the Commissioner within 14 working days of receiving Notice-to-Proceed.

(f) Warranty. The manufacturer must warrant the performance and construction of the mast arms to meet the requirements of this Specification and must warrant all parts, components, and appurtenances against defects due to design , workmanship, or material developing within a period of three years after the mast arms have been delivered. This will be interpreted particularly to mean structural or mechanical failure of

any element or weld, or failure of any portion of the painting system. The warranty must be furnished in writing guaranteeing material replacement including shipment, free of charge to the City. The Commissioner will be the sole judge in determining which replacements are to be made and the Commissioner=s decision will be final.

STANDARDS

3. (a)Assembly. Each arm must consist of a tubular tapered steel shaft, mounting brackets, an aluminum cap, and all mounting hardware.

(b)Interchangeability. Members of each arm type must be mutually interchangeable for assembly, so that no reworking will be required to make any member fit properly in the place of any other similar member of any other similar arm.

(c)Design. Each arm must meet the requirements as shown on Standard Drawing 870.

ARMS

4. (a)Arm Size. The outside diameters of the arm of each size must be as listed in Standard Drawing 870.

(b)Material. The arm must be fabricated from one length of No. 7 Standard gauge steel meeting the requirements of ASTM A606 for low alloy high strength coil steel, which, after fabrication, must possess an ultimate tensile strength of not less than 70,000 psi and a yield strength of not less than 60,000 psi, in accordance with ASTM A595, Grade C. Chemistry of the steel must be such as to insure resistance to atmospheric corrosion superior to that of ordinary copper bearing steel. Material certification is required. Manufacturer's steel meeting the specified physical and chemical requirements, and approved by the Commissioner, will be accepted.

(c)Fabrication. The arm must be fabricated with not more than one (1) longitudinal weld. The weld must be ground smooth so that it is virtually invisible. There must be no lateral welds in the arms other than where the arms are welded to the steel clamp. The completed, unpainted arms must have smooth external surfaces free from protuberances, dents, cracks or other imperfections marring their appearance. Each arm must be straight and centered on its longitudinal axis.

(d)Clamp. The arm clamp must be of low alloy, high strength steel as noted in Section 4 (b). The clamp must be constructed as shown on Standard Drawing 870.

(e) Structural Requirements. The mast arm must be manufactured in accordance with AASTHO=s 1994 version of the AStandard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals@. The arm assembly must be designed to meet AASTHO=s 1994 criteria for 80 MPH wind loading with a 30% gust factor. The arms must be designed appropriately for traffic signal applications within the City of Chicago.

CAP

5. (a)Design. The arm cap must be essentially conical with a globe-shaped upper-end and having a minimum wall thickness throughout of not less than 5/32 inches. The cone portion must meet the skirted portion of the arm in a smooth filet, the skirt must enclose the top 7/8" inches of the arm. Three stainless steel, or other similar approved material, set screws not less than 3/4 inches long must be equally spaced in tapped holes around the skirt and must hold the cap securely in place on the arm.

(b)Material. The cap must be of aluminum alloy 356-F per ASTM B108. It must have smooth surfaces, neat edges and corners and be free from fins, holes or other casting flaws.

(c)Finish. Tops must be painted as herein specified.

HARDWARE

6. All the hardware necessary to complete the assembly of the arm must be furnished. All hardware must be stainless steel, or equal corrosion-resistant non-seizing metal, subject to approval.

WELDING

7. (a)General. Every welded joint must be made in conformity with the proper interpretation of the standard welding symbols of the American Welding Society as indicated on the drawings; however, each bidder must submit with his proposal a drawing showing the sizes and types of welds, must state the type of electrode, and must describe the welding methods, he proposes to use in fabricating the arm.

(b)Testing. All welds of five percent (5%) of the arms in every lot must be inspected for penetration and soundness of the welds by the magnetic particle inspection method or by radiography. Acceptance or rejection must be governed by the same conditions as in Section 9. If the magnetic inspection process be used, the dry method with the direct current must be employed. All transverse welds must be magnetized by the "prod" (Circular magnetization) method. Longitudinal welds may be magnetized by either circular or longitudinal magnetization.

PAINTING

8. (a)Oil and Grease Removal. All metal surfaces must be washed with an alkaline detergent to remove any oils or grease.

(b)Metal Cleaning. All exterior metal surfaces must be cleaned by blasting with a combination of shot and grit to remove all dirt, mill scale, rust, corrosion, oxides and foreign matter and provide a "near white" surface in accordance with SSPCS-SP 10.

(c)Chemical Pretreatment. The cleaned metal surfaces must then be treated with a hot, pressurized iron phosphate wash and must be dried by convection heat.

(d)Exterior Coat. A thermosetting, weathering, Polyester powder coat must be applied electrostatically to all cleaned and treated surfaces to a uniform eight (8) mil thickness in a one coat application. This powder coat must be cured in a convection oven at a minimum temperature of 400^{o}F to form a high molecular weight fusion bonded finish.

(e)Alternate Methods. Alternate powder coat methods may be reviewed and tested on a case by case basis. However, no coating method will be accepted unless the Commissioner judges such alternate to be equal to the coating herein specified.

(f)Interior Coat. The interior metal surfaces must be powder coated with a thermoplastic hydrocarbon resin containing corrosion inhibitors. The resin must be formulated for application over untreated metal surfaces. The resin must be applied at a temperature of approximately 200^{o}F to a minimum thickness of three (3) mils. The interior thermoplastic coat must overlap the interior, thermosetting base coat by approximately six (6) inches. Alternate interior coatings may be used subject to prior approval of the Commissioner.

(g)Durability. Both the exterior and interior coats must be capable of passing 1,000 hours of salt spray exposure as per ASTM B117 in a five percent (5%) Na Cl (by weight) solution at 95^{o}F and 95% relative humidity without blistering Before test, the panel must be scribed with an "X" down to bare metal.

(h)Coating Measurement. Measurement of coating thickness must be done in accordance with SSPC-Pa 2-73T, "Measurement of Dry Paint Thickness with Magnetic Gauges," except that the lowest "single spot measurement" in an area of two square inches must not be less than 7.0 mils.

(i)Color. Color must be gloss black unless noted otherwise in the order. A paint chip must be submitted for approval prior to fabrication.

ARM TEST

9. (a)General. All completed arms must be available for testing for maximum deflection and set. Unless specifically authorized in writing, all tests must be made at the works of the manufacturer. A record of every test must be made and a certified copy of the test record must be submitted to the Purchasing Agent before the arms are shipped. If requested by the City, an engineer from the Bureau of Electricity, Engineering Division, will be present during the testing procedures.

(b)Lot. Tests for deflection and set must be made upon five (5%) percent of all the arms in every lot (two (2) min.). If any of the arms in any lot fail to meet the test, an additional three (3%) percent of the arms of the same lot must be tested (two (2) min.). If any of these arms fail to meet the test requirements, the entire lot will be subject to rejection, except that the manufacturer may subject each arm in the lot to the test, and those which fulfill the requirement will be accepted. After testing, each weld must be inspected by the magnetic particle method to determine that the welds have not been affected.

(c)Requirements. With arm rigidly anchored, a test load as indicated in the table in Standard Drawing 870 must be applied at a point approximately two feet (2'0") from the free end. The load must be applied at right angles to the center line of the arm and in the same vertical plane. The deflection must not be greater than that indicated. Within one (1) minute after the test load is released, measurement must be made of the set taken by the arm. The deflection measurement device must be reset to zero and the test load must be reapplied. The deflection must not change from the deflection noted in the first test by more than ±5%. No measurable set must be noted within one (1) minute after test load is released.

(d)The contractor must include in his bid, the cost of travel, food and lodging for one (1) engineer. Travel for 150 miles or greater must utilize a major airline. Lodging accommodations must be equal to those provided at a Holiday Inn. The engineer must be given ten (10) working days notice of travel arrangements.

PACKAGING

10. (a)General. The arms must be shipped in twelve (12) arm bundles. Each arm must be individually wrapped so that the arm can be bundled for shipping and unbundled for delivery to the job site without damaging the arm or its finish.

(b) Bundles. The bundles must consist of twelve (12) arms laid base to top to form an approximately rectangular cylinder. Materials such as lumber (2" x 4" min.), non-marring banding, and other appropriate bundling materials must be used to make a rigid, long lasting, bundle capable of being handled, shipped and stored without shifting of contents or breaking, subject to approval. Any bundles, in which either arms or packaging is received broken, damaged or with contents shifted, will not be accepted and it will be the responsibility of the supplier to return the bundle to its original destination at no cost to the City of Chicago. The bundles should be capable of being stacked two (2) high without breaking, or shifting of the contents. Each bundle must be capable of being lifted by a fork lift truck or crane and the bundles must be shipped on a flat bed truck to facilitate unloading. Each arm wrapping must be clearly labeled indicating the mast size, i.e. 30' SIGNAL MAST ARM.

(c) Hardware. The hardware must be shipped with each bundle and packaged in twelve (12) sets of four (4) each. The package must be placed in a prominent position to facilitate accessibility, and must be attached to, or within, the bundle in such a manner as to assure safe delivery. Payment will be withheld for any bundle delivered without the accompanying hardware. Arm caps must be attached at the manufacturer's facilities, or be packed separately in a manner similar to the other hardware, and the same payment conditions will prevail. Cracked, broken or chipped parts will be considered as an incomplete delivery as regards payment.

(d) Delivery. All mast arms will be delivered to the Bureau of Electricity storage yard at 4101 South Cicero Avenue in Chicago, or to another location within the City as indicated on the order.

INSPECTION

11. An inspector representing the City must have free entry at all times, while the work on the contract is being performed, to all parts of the manufacturer's works which concern the manufacture of arms. The manufacturer must afford the inspector, without charge, all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the arms are being furnished in accord with these specifications. The final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any arms rejected as defective must be removed and disposed of by the contractor at his sole cost.

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

SPECIFICATION 1462
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
AUGUST 7, 1992

RIGID STEEL CONDUIT (HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED)

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1. SCOPE

This specification describes rigid steel conduit, zinc coated.

2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Rigid steel conduit must be zinc coated by the hot-dip process. Conduit must be furnished in 10 foot lengths, threaded on each end and with one coupling attached to one end and a protective cap at the other end.

3. STANDARDS

The conduit must be manufactured according to Underwriters Laboratories Standard U.L. - 6 and must meet ANSI Standard C 80.1 and the requirements of NEC Article 244. In addition, conduit must be recognized as an equipment grounding conductor as per NEC Article 250.118(2). There will be no exceptions to meeting these standards.

4. STEEL

Conduit must be formed from steel suitable for use as an electrical raceway. It must be structurally sound so that it will hang straight and true when supported by hangers in accordance with Chicago electrical code requirements and must be capable of being field bent without deformation of the walls.

Conduit must have a circular cross section sufficiently accurate to permit the cutting of threads in accordance with Table 2 and must provide a uniform wall thickness throughout. All surfaces must be smooth and free of injurious defects. The dimensions and weights of rigid steel conduit must be in accordance with Table 1.

5. THREADING AND CHAMFERING

Each length of conduit, and each nipple, elbow and bend must be threaded on both ends, and each end must be chamfered to remove burrs and sharp edges.

The number of threads per inch, and the length of the threaded portion at each end of each length of conduit, nipple and elbow must be as indicated in Table 2. The perfect thread must be tapered for its entire length, and the taper must be 3/4 inch per foot.

6. ZINC COATING

After all cutting threading and chamfering all conduit surfaces must be thoroughly cleaned before application of zinc. The cleaning process must leave the interior and exterior surfaces of the conduit in such a condition that the zinc will be firmly adherent and smooth.

The conduit must be hot dipped galvanized both inside and out to provide approximately two (2) ounces of zinc per square foot. This is equivalent to 3.4 mils of zinc coating. An additional interior coating to aid in the installation of wires is required.

7. COUPLINGS

Couplings must comply with the following requirements:

(a)The outside surface of couplings must be protected by means of a zinc coating. The zinc content of the coating on the outside surface must be equivalent to a minimum thickness of 3.4 mils.

(b)Couplings must be so made that all threads will be covered when the coupling is pulled tight on standard conduit threads.

(c)Both ends of the coupling must be chamfered to prevent damage to the starting threads.

(d)The outside diameter, length and weight of coupling must be as indicated in Table 3.

(e)Couplings must be straight tapped, except that the 2 2 inch and larger sizes may be taper-tapped.

8. PACKING AND IDENTIFICATION

The pipe must be delivered in bundles. Each length of conduit must be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark. Securely attached to each bundle at two (2) locations on the bundle must be a weather resistant tag containing the following information:

1) conduit size
2) footage of bundle
3) gross weight of bundle

Precaution will be taken by the contractor in handling during shipment or delivery of conduit, and any conduit found to be damaged will not be accepted.

9. TEST AND INSPECTION

Galvanized rigid conduit must be capable of being bent cold into a quarter of a circle around a mandrel, the radius of which is four times the nominal size of the conduit, without developing cracks at any portion and without opening the weld.

The protective coatings used on the outside and inside surfaces of rigid steel conduit must be sufficiently elastic to prevent their cracking or flaking off when a finished sample of 2 inch conduit is tested within one year after the time of manufacture, by bending it into a half of a circle around a mandrel, the radius of which is 3 2 inches.

Tests on sizes other than 2 inch may be conducted within one year after the time of manufacture. If such tests are conducted, the conduit must be bent into a quarter of a circle around a mandrel, the radius of which is six times the nominal size of the conduit.

One of the following three test methods must be employed for measuring the thickness or extent of the external zinc coating on conduit:

(a) Magnetic test.
(b) Dropping test.
(c) Preece test (Material which will withstand four 1-minute immersions will be considered as meeting requirements as follows; the zinc content of the coating on the outside surface must be equivalent to a minimum thickness of 3.4 mils).

All tests and inspections must be made at the place of manufacture prior to shipment unless otherwise specified, and must be so conducted as not to interfere with normal manufacturing processes.

Each length of conduit must be examined visually both on the outside and inside to determine if the product is free from slivers, burrs, scale or other similar injurious defects (or a combination thereof), and if coverage of the coating is complete.

If any samples of rigid steel conduit tested as prescribed in this specification should fail, two additional samples must be tested, both of which must comply with the requirements of the specification.

All pipe which may develop any defect under tests, or which may before testing or on delivery be found defective, or not in accordance with these specifications, must be removed by the Contractor at his own expense; and such pipe so removed by the Contractor must be replaced by him within ten (10) days of such rejection with other pipe which will conform to these specifications.

TABLE 1

Design Dimension and Weights of Rigid Steel Conduit

Nominal or Trade Size of Conduit	Inside Diameter	Outside Diameter	Wall Thickness	Length Without Coupling	Minimum Weight of Ten Unit Lengths With Couplings
(Inches)	(Inches)	(Inches)	(Inches)	(Feet &Inches)	(Pounds)
2	0.622	0.840	0.109	9-11 1/4	79.00
3/4	0.824	1.050	0.113	9-11 1/4	105.0
1	1.049	1.315	0.133	9-11	153.0
1 1/4	1.380	1.660	0.140	9-11	201.0
1 2	1.610	1.900	0.145	9-11	249.0
2	2.067	2.375	0.154	9-11	334.0
2 1//2	2.469	2.875	0.203	9-10 2	527.0
3	3.068	3.500	0.216	9-10 2	690.0
3 2	3.548	4.000	0.226	9-10 1/4	831.0
4	4.026	4.500	0.237	9-10 1/4	982.0

NOTE: The applicable tolerances are:

Length: + 1/4 inch (without coupling)

Outside diameter: + 1/64 inch or -1/32 inch for the 1 2 inch and smaller sizes, ± 1 percent for the 2-inch and larger sizes.

Wall thickness: - 12 2 percent

TABLE 2

Dimensions of Threads

Nominal or Trade Size of Conduit (Inches)	Threads per Inch	Pitch Diameter at end of Thread (Inches) Tapered 3/4 Inch per foot	Length of Thread (Inches) Effective L2	Overall L4
1/2	14	0.7584	0.53	0.78
3/4	14	0.9677	0.55	0.79
1	11 1/2	1.2136	0.68	0.98
1 1/4	11 1/2	1.5571	0.71	1.01
1 1/2	11 1/2	1.7961	0.72	1.03
2	11 1/2	2.2690	0.76	1.06
2 1/2	8	2.7195	1.14	1.57
3	8	3.3406	1.20	1.63
3 1/2	8	3.8375	1.25	1.68
4	8	4.3344	1.30	1.73

NOTE: The applicable tolerances are:

Threaded Length (L_4 Col 5): Plus or minus one thread

Pitch Diameter (Col 3): Plus or minus one turn is the maximum variation permitted from the gaging face of the working thread gages. This is equivalent to plus or minus one and one half turns from basic dimensions, since a variation of plus or minus one half turn from basic dimensions is permitted in working gages.

TABLE 3

Designed Dimensions and Weights of Couplings

Nominal or Trade Size of Conduit (INCHES)	Outside Diameter (INCHES)	Minimum Length (INCHES)	Minimum Weight (POUNDS)
1/2	1.010	1-9/16	0.115
3/4	1.250	1-5/8	0.170
1	1.525	2 0.300	
1 1/4	1.869	2-1/16	0.370
1 1/2	2.155	2-1/16	0.515
2	2.650	2 1/8	0.671
2 1/2	3.250	3-1/8	1.675
3	3.870	3-1/4	2.085
3 1/2	4.500	3-3/8	2.400
4	4.875	3-1/2	2.839

SPECIFICATION 1463
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED JUNE 22, 2001

TRAFFIC SIGNAL MOUNTING BRACKETS FOR MONOTUBE ARMS

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1. SUBJECT

This specification states the requirements for mounting brackets which will be used to secure traffic signals and illuminated signs to steel monotube mast arms.

2. GENERAL

(a) Specifications. The mounting brackets must conform in detail to the requirements herein stated and to the specifications and methods of test of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation number of which the most recently published revision will govern.

(b) Acceptance. Mounting brackets not conforming to these specifications will not be accepted.

(c) Sample. One complete mounting bracket must be submitted within fourteen (14) business days upon request of the Commissioner. It must be delivered to the Engineer of Electricity, 2451 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60608.

(d) Experience. The manufacturer must demonstrate a knowledge of past production of the monotube arms herein described, as demonstrated by a submittal list of comparable projects.

3. DESIGN

(a) General. The mounting bracket must be designed such that no portion of the bracket is put into tension when it is attached to either the mast arm or to the signal support tube. All materials must be corrosion resistant and designed to be structurally sound.

(b) Hardware. All components of the mounting brackets must be held firmly in place with stainless steel hardware.

(c) Adjustments. Bracket must allow for mounting and adjustment of signal faces in any direction desired on a fixed mast arm. Adjustments must be made using standard hand tools. Neither mounting nor adjusting the bracket should require the use of a torque wrench.

(d) Signal Mounting. Mounting hardware must be available for use with standard two, three and five signal head configurations; for use with 3M optically programmed signal heads; and with signs.

(e) Warranty. Bracket must have a minimum three (3) year warranty. The warranty must cover the material and workmanship. Any structural flaws or inability to maintain alignment will be deemed a failure and result in the warranty being invoked.

(f) Wiring. Bracket design must allow for ease of installation of components and wiring. All wiring troughs and nipples must provide smooth, burr-free surfaces and adequate space for facile movement of nominal 2" diameter cable between the mast arm and the signal face.

(g) Banding. Where banding is used to attach the mounting bracket to the mast arm, the banding must be 3/4" x 42" stainless steel.

(h) Castings. Where castings are used for the brackets, they must be smooth and free of defects.

4. **TESTING**

(a) General. One Percent (1%) of the traffic signal mounting brackets in each order must be tested for rigidity and structural integrity.

(b) Re-testing. If any mounting bracket fails any portion of the test, an additional three percent (3%) of the brackets must be tested. If an additional bracket fails, the entire lot will be rejected.

(c) Witness Tests. All tests must be witnessed by a representative of the Bureau of Electricity. The contractor must include in his bid, the cost of travel, food and lodging for one (1) representative. Travel for 150 miles or greater must utilize a major airline. Lodging accommodations must be equal to those provided at a Holiday Inn. The representative must be given ten (10) working days notice of all travel arrangements.

(d) Tests.

1. With five (5), twelve inch (12") signal head sections attached to the bracket, the assembly must be mounted to a suitable and proper supporting structure.

2. Using a calibrated dynamometer, a one hundred pound force must be applied for sixty seconds at the center of the bracket in the horizontal plane. At the completion of the test, there must be no movement of the assembly or deterioration of the bracket or appurtenant hardware.

3. Using a calibrated dynamometer, a one hundred pound force must be applied to the top signal head section for sixty seconds in a direction which will pull the head away from the mounting post in the mounting post plane. During this time period, the mounting bracket castings must be struck ten times with an eight once flat head hammer at the point(s) which appear to be most vulnerable to stress. At the completion of the test, no movement of the assembly must have been observed and there must be no cracking of the castings or deterioration of the appurtenant hardware.

4. The above test must be repeated except that the force must be applied in a plane which is perpendicular to the mounting post plane.

5. **INSPECTION**

An inspector representing the City must have free entry at all times while the work on the contract is being performed, to all parts of the manufacturer's works which concern the manufacture of these mounting brackets. The manufacturer must afford the inspector, without charge, all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the mounting brackets are being furnished in accord with this specification. The final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any mounting brackets rejected as defective must be removed and disposed of by the contractor at his sole cost.

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

SPECIFICATION 1467
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
MAY 12, 1993

ROD: ANCHOR, STEEL, WITH HARDWARE

SUBJECT

1. This Specification states the requirements for steel anchor rods with hardware for the street light pole foundations.

GENERAL

2. (a)Specifications. The anchor rods must conform in detail to the requirements herein stated, and to the specifications of the American Society for Testing and Materials cited by ASTM Designation Number, of which the most recently published revision will govern.

   (b)Drawing. The drawings mentioned herein are issued by the Department of Streets and Sanitation, and are an integral part of this specification.

ANCHOR ROD

3. (a)Fabrication. Each anchor rod must be fabricated in conformity with City of Chicago drawings numbered 806, 811, 830 and 844.

   (b)Material. The rods must be fabricated from cold rolled carbon steel bar meeting the requirements of ASTM Specification A-36, except that the Specification must be modified to provide a minimum yield point of 55,000 psi (379 MPa).

   (c)Thread. The straight end of each rod must be threaded as shown on City of Chicago drawing for that size rod, and must be American Standard, National Coarse.

HARDWARE

4. Hardware furnished with the anchor rod must be as shown on the applicable drawing. It must include two (2) hexagonal nuts, American Standard Regular, two (2) flat washers, type B, series W, and one (1) lock washer, steel, helical spring. The nuts must have a Class 2 or 3 fit.

FINISH

5. (a)Galvanizing. The threaded end of each rod must be hot dipped galvanized for the distance shown on the applicable drawing. The thickness of the galvanized coating must not be less than 0.0021 inches. Each hexagonal nut and washer must be galvanized to the minimum thickness required by ASTM A-153, Class C, or ASTM B-454, Class 50. After galvanization, each anchor rod and nut must have a mating fit equivalent to the American Standard Class 2 or 3 fit for nuts and bolts.

   (b)Rust Inhibitor. With the hardware in place on the end of the bolt, the galvanized portion of the bolt must be coated with heavy No-Ox-Id or equal rust inhibiting greasy compound.

TESTS

6. At the discretion of the Commissioner, anchor rods and hardware furnished under this specification will be subject to testing to determine compliance with the materials physical requirements.

INSPECTION

7. Final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any anchor rods and hardware rejected must be removed by the Contractor at his sole expense.

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

SPECIFICATION 1474
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED 5/26/05

CABLE: TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABLE MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR, COPPER WIRE, 600 VOLT CROSS-LINKED POLYETHYLENE INSULATION LOW SMOKE ZERO HALOGEN JACKET

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1. SUBJECT

This specification states the requirements for a multiple cable to be installed in underground conduits and uses to distribute electrical energy to operate automatic traffic control equipment at street intersections within the City of Chicago.

2. INDUSTRY STANDARDS

Cable manufactured per this specification must meet and/or exceed all requirements of the latest editions of the standards listed below. Where this specification differs from the requirements of the below standards, this specification must take precedence. The cable must further meet and/or exceed those applicable standards not stated herein but referenced by the below standards.

UL 44	Thermostat Insulated Wires and Cables
UL 1581	Refrence Standard for Electrical Wires, Cables, and Flexible Cords
UL 1685	Vertical-Tray Fire Propagation & Smoke Release Test
IEEE 1202	Standard for Flame Testing of Cables for Use in Cable Tray in Industrial and Commercial Occupancies
IEEE 383	Flame Test Only / 210,000 BTU
ICEA T-29-520	Guide for Conducting Vertical Cable Tray Flame Tests With Theoretical Heat Input Rate of 210,000 B.T.U./Hour
ASTM B-8	Specification for Concentric-Lay-Solid Copper Conductor, Hard, Medium-hard, or Soft
ASTM B-33	Specification for Tinned Soft of Annealed Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes
ASTM D1894 *	Test method for Static and Kinetic Coefficients of Friction of Plastic Film and Sheeting
ASTM D2863	Test Method for Measuring the Minimum Oxygen Concentration to Support Candle-Like Combustion of Plastics (Oxygen Index)

3. CABLES

(a) Construction. The cable must consist of coated conductors each concentri- cally encased with a XLPE Cross Linked Polyethelene insulation. In two-conductor cables, the insulated and covered conductors must be parallel and not twisted with suitable filler, as necessary, to produce a flat core minimum practicable dimensions. In the larger court cables suitable fillers must be used to produce an essentially round cross-section. A Mylar tape must b e wrapped over the conductor assembly, and low smoke zero halogen, jacket applied overall.

(b) Outer Diameter. The maximum allowable outer diameter for round cables must be as follows:

No. of Conductors	Outer Diameter (Inches)
Seven	0.49
Ten	**0.69**
Nineteen	**0.90**

(a) Sealing. Both ends of each length of cable must be thoroughly sealed to prevent the entrance of moisture and other foreign matter.

4. COLOR CODE

Conductor identification must be provided by color synthetic-resin coverings, or an approved equal.

(a) The conductor must be Class B solid, compressed uncoated copper in accordance with the applicable standards listed in section 2.

5. INSULATION

The insulation system must be a cross-linked polyethylene meeting and/or exceeding the appropriate standards listed in Section 2 and the values stated in the following table. The insulation system must be a Single Cross Linked Polyethyene thermosetting, polyolefin material, consisting of an XLPE, optimized for superior electrical properties and optimized for premium mechanical protection. The insulation must be compatible with the conductor and a mylar separator tape must be applied between the conductor and the insulation. The insulation thickness must be per ICEA S-95-658, Table 3, 1A Column A: and the outer layer must be filly colorable.

Conductor Size AWG	Stranding (No. Of Wires)	No. of Conductors	Insulation (Thickness (mils)
#14	**1**	**7**	**30**
#14	**1**	**10**	**30**
#14	**1**	**19**	**30**

6. CABLE TAPE

The assembled and cabled conductor core must be wrapped with a one mil (0.001 inch) thick Mylar tape allowing a minimum of ten percent (10%) overlap.

7. JACKET

(a) The jacket must be heavy low smoke zero halogen meeting the Physical and electrical requirements specified herein.

8. IDENTIFICATION

The insulation must be marked by means of surface or indent print with the following information; unmarked surfaces must not exceed 6 inches.

1. Manufacturer & plant of manufacture
2. Type and Size of Cable
3. Type of insulation, thickness and insulation level
4. Voltage Rating
5. Year of Manufacture
6. Sequential footage markings (at 2-foot minimum intervals)
7. US Cable Ratings:
   LS
   SUN RES
   CT USE (where applicable)
   UL 1685

9. PRODUCTION TESTS

Cable must be subjected to and pass all production tests as required by the appropriate standards listed in Section 2.

10. PACKAGING

(a) Reels. The completed cable must be delivered on sound substantial nonreturnable reels. Both ends of each length of cable must be properly sealed against the entrance of moisture and other foreign matter by the use of clamp-on cable caps, such as Reliable Electric Company neoprene cable cap No. 1405, or equal. The ends must be securely fastened so as not to become loose in transit.

(b) Footage. Each reel must contain the length of cable as set forth below. A tolerance limit of plus or minus five percent must be adhered to.

(1) Two-Conductor	2000 feet
(2) Seven-Conductor	2000 feet
(3) Ten-Conductor	2000 feet
(4) Nineteen Conductor	1000 feet

c ( ) Marking. A metal tag must be securely attached to each reel indicating the reel number, contract number, date of shipment, gross and tare weights, the appropriate City Commodity Code Number as set below, and a description of the cable. Also, each reel must have permanent marking on it indicating directions for unrolling the cable and the footage of cable contained in the reel. Indelible ink or other such material susceptible to washing off or fading will not be permitted; and approved permanent marking material such as paint or a securely attached metal tag is required.

(d) Commodity Code Number

(1) Seven-Conductor 31-4686-5620
(2) Ten-Conductor **31-4686-5630**
(3) Nineteen-Conductor 31-4682-5645

TABLE A COLOR CODE CONDUCTOR IDENTIFICATION

Base Color	First Tracer	Second Tracer	2 (# 6)	2 (# 4)	7	10	19
White	Black	Red	--	--	--	--	14
White	Red	Green	--	--	--	--	14
Black	--	--	6	4	14	14	14
White	--	--	6	4	14	14	14
Red	--	--	--	--	14	14	14
Green	--	--	--	--	14	14	14
Orange	--	--	--	--	14	14	14
Blue	--	--	--	--	14	--	14
White	Black	--	--	--	14	--	--
Red	Black	--	--	--	--	14	14
Green	Black	--	--	--	14	14	14
Orange	Black	--	--	--	--	14	14
Blue	Black	--	--	--	--	14	--
Black	White	--	--	--	--	--	--
Red	White	--	--	--	--	--	14
Green	White	--	--	--	--	--	14

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

SPECIFICATION 1495
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
MARCH 20, 2000

TRAFFIC SIGNAL MOUNTING BRACKET POLYCARBONATE, SIDE OF POLE

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1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.1 This specification states the requirements for polycarbonate brackets designed for mounting 12 inch traffic and pedestrian signal heads from side of poles.

1.2 Sample and Certified Test Reports. One complete signal bracket of the manufacture proposed to be furnished, must be submitted along with the required certified test reports, within fourteen (14) working days upon request of the Commissioner. The sample must be delivered to the Engineer of Electricity, Bureau of Electricity, 2451 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60608.

1.3 Standards. Equipment furnished under this specification must meet the appropriate requirements of the following standards, as required within the body of this specification:

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)
American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE)
National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)

1.4 Definitions. Where referenced in the specification, the following definitions will apply:

1.4.1 Approval. Approval will mean approval in writing by the Commissioner or his/her duly authorized representative.

2. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

2.1 The bracket must be one piece, ultra violet stabilized polycarbonate resin of the specified color, injection molded complete with integral top, bottom, and sides.

(a) The polycarbonate formulation used must provide these physical properties in the bracket (Tests may be performed on separately molded specimens).

TEST	REQUIRED	METHOD
Specific gravity	1.17 minimum	ASTM D 792
Vicat Softening temp	310-320 deg. F	ASTM D 1525
Brittleness temp.	Below-200 deg. F	ASTM D 746
Flammability	Self-extinguishing	ASTM D 635
Tensile strength, yield	8,500 PSI	ASTM D 638
Elongation at yield	5.5-8.5%	ASTM D 638
Shear strength, yield	5,500 PSI min.	ASTM D 732
Izod impact strength (notched, 1/8" thick)	12-16 ft. lbs./in.	ASTM D 256
Fatigue strength (at 2.5 mm cycles)	950 PSI min.	ASTM D 671

(b) **GLASS.** The polycarbonate must be glass impregnated between 30% and 40% to increase strength.

2.2 **POSITIONING DEVICE** The top and bottom opening of the bracket must have integral serrated bosses that will provide positive positioning of the signal head in five degree increments to eliminate undesirable rotation or misalignment of the signal head between sections. A total of 72 teeth must be provided in the serrated bosses to allow the signal head to be rotated 360 degrees about its axis. The teeth must be clean and sharp to provide positive positioning with the grooves of the signal head.

2.3 **HARDWARE**. The mounting brackets must be provided complete with one (1) polycarbonate shim, 1/4" thick, one (1) 1-1/2" chase nipple with rubber gasket, and one (1) pinnacle cap with rubber gasket.

2.4 **DIMENSIONS.** The bracket must have nominal dimensions of 12 inches long, by 6 inches high, by 3 inches wide, plus or minus 1/4 inch.

2.5 **WIRING SPACE.** The bracket must have an integral molded wireway with a minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter opening suitable for installation of multi-conductor cables.

2.6 **DESIGN STRENGTH.** The bracket must be designed to support a 12 inch, single face, five-section, polycarbonate signal head with a 100 mile-per-hour wind

2.7 **PACKING.** Each bracket must be packed in a suitable carton so secured that the bracket will not be damaged during shipment, handling, or storage.

2.8 **MARKING**. Each carton containing brackets must be clearly marked on the outside in letters not less than three-eighths inch (3/8") tall with the legend: "POLYCARBONATE SIGNAL BRACKET, SIDE OF POLE" the appropriate City Commodity Code Number, the name of the manufacturer, and the pertinent contract number.

3. TESTING AND DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

3.1 **DOCUMENTATION.** The contractor must provide certified manufacturing and testing documentation to demonstrate that the brackets being supplied meet or exceed the specification requirements.

3.2 **INSPECTION.** The brackets will be subject to inspection at the discretion of the Commissioner. Final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any bracket rejected must be removed and disposed of by the contractor at his sole cost.

3.3 **WARRANTY.** The contractor must warrant the signal bracket to meet the requirements of this specification, and must warrant all equipment, components, parts and appurtenances against defective design, material and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from date of acceptance. In the event defects and failures become apparent during this period, the Contractor must repair or replace such defects and failures at no expense to the City. This warranty must be evidenced by a letter or certificate of warranty submitted to the City at the time final delivery is made.

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

SPECIFICATION 1543
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
JULY 23, 2005

TRAFFIC SIGNAL: OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED, TWELVE-INCH SINGLE FACE, SINGLE OR MULTIPLE-SECTION, LED

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1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.1 This specification states the requirements for optically programmed, twelve-inch, single face, single and multiple-section, electric traffic signals with aluminum housings for use in the traffic control system of the City of Chicago.

1.2 Sample and Certified Test Reports. One complete signal, fully assembled and wired, of the manufacture proposed to be furnished, must be submitted along with the required certified test reports, within fourteen (14) working days upon request of the Commissioner. The sample must be delivered to the Engineer of Electricity, Bureau of Electricity, 2451 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60608.

1.3 Standards. Equipment furnished under this specification must meet the appropriate requirements of the following standards, as required within the body of this specification:

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)
American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE)
National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
Underwriters Laboratories (UL)

1.4 Definitions. Where referenced in the specification, the following definitions will apply:

1.4.1 Approval. Approval will mean approval in writing by the Commissioner or his/her duly authorized representative.

2. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

2.1 The traffic signal heads must conform to ITE Standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads" (VTCSH), in which the most recently published revisions will govern.

2.2 Housing. The housing of each section must be one piece, cast aluminum, complete with integral top, bottom, and sides.

(a) The aluminum die casting material must meet or exceed the ITE alloy composition and tensile strength requirements. The housing must be prepared with chromate treatment primer and painted with two coats of enamel in color as specified in the PROPOSAL or Contract Plans.

(b)Assembly. A traffic signal section must be comprised of, but not limited to, the housing, hinged front and rear doors, visor, optical unit and all necessary gaskets and hardware. The multi-section, single face, traffic signal must be comprised of single face single sections assembled together, containing an internally mounted terminal block. Arrow indications must be shipped as single sections. The traffic signals must be designed and constructed to permit sections to be assembled together, one above the other, forming a weatherproof and dust-tight unit. Each housing must be equipped with holes to be used for mounting backplates.

(c)Individual sections must be fastened together with adjustable coupling assemblies which lock the individual sections together. The assembly must allow the incremental tilting of the signal faces +/- 10 degrees from horizontal while maintaining a common vertical axis for the sections. The hole in the coupling assembly must accommodate three 3/4 inch cables.

(d)Height. The overall height of an assembled traffic signal must be fourteen (14) inches for a single-section signal, forty-two (42) inches for a three-section signal, and seventy (70) inches for a five-section, plus or minus one (1) inch.

(e)Mounting. The traffic signal must be designed for mounting with standard traffic signal brackets using 1-1/2 inch pipe size fittings.

(f)Positioning Device. The top and bottom opening of each housing must have integral serrated bosses that will provide positive positioning of the signal head in five degree increments. A total of 72 teeth must be provided in the serrated bosses to allow the signal face to be rotated 360 degrees about its axis. The teeth must be clean and well defined to provide positive positioning.

(g)Hinges. The signal housing must be sectional; one section for each optical unit. Each housing must have four integral hinge lugs, with stainless steel hinge pins (AISI 304 or equivalent), located on the left side for mounting the front door and on the right side for the rear door. The hinge pins must be straight and not protrude past the outside of the housing lugs. The housing must have two integral latching bolt lugs on the right side of the front door and one bolt lug on the left side of the rear door. Each closure must consist of a stainless steel hinge pin to which a latching bolt (AISI 304 or equivalent), washer, and wing nut will be attached. The wing nuts must be captive and must provide for opening and closing the door without the use of tools.

(h)Front and Rear Doors. The doors must be one piece die cast aluminum construction. The front door must house the objective lens and allow access to the optical-limiter diffuser. Two (2) hinge lugs on the left side and two (2) sets of latch screw jaws centered on the right side, as viewed from the front of the signal, must be integrally cast with the housing front door. The front door must be prepared with chromate treatment primer and

painted with two coats of flat black enamel. The rear door must allow access to the lamp. Two (2) hinge lugs on the right side and one (1) set of latch screw jaws centered on the left side, as viewed from the rear of the signal, must be integrally cast with the housing rear door. The rear door must be prepared with chromate treatment primer and painted with two coats of enamel in color matching the signal housing. The doors must be hinged to the housing with two (2) stainless steel hinge pins, drive fitted. The inside of the doors must be grooved to accommodate a one piece, air-cored EPDM (ethylene propylene diene monomer) gasket to provide a weatherproof and dust proof seal when the door is closed.

(i)Visor Each traffic signal must have a visor for each signal indication (section). The visor must be the cutaway type, minimum nine inches (9") long, fabricated of sheet aluminum, prepared with chromate treatment primer and painted with two coats of flat black enamel. The visor must fit tightly against the front door and not permit any light leakage between the door and visor. All hardware necessary for, but not limited to, attachment of the visor must be of stainless steel. The visor must have four mounting lugs for attaching the visor to the door. Screws must go through the visor lugs into the metal door to secure the visor.

2.3The traffic signal heads must be provided with LED optical units capable of providing a selectively visible or veiled projected indication anywhere within 15 degrees of the signal optical axis.

2.3.1OPTICAL UNITS

(a)Optical System. The optical system will consist of LED lamp for optically programmable signals, lamp collar, optical limiter-diffuser, objective lens and photo controls. The optical units and visor must be designed as a whole so as to eliminate the return of outside rays entering the unit from above the horizontal (known as sun phantom). The optical unit must be designed and assembled so that no light can escape from one indication to another.

(b)Light Emitting Diode (Led) Optical Units

(i) Light emitting diode (LED) optical units must consist of an integral unit containing the following components: housing, integral lens, matrix of light emitting diodes (LEDs) emitting monochromatic light of desired signal color, and electronic and electrical components necessary to permit operation at nominal 120 volt, 60 hertz power.

(ii) The LED unit must be of such dimensions as to permit mounting in programmable traffic signal housing, be interchangeable with incandescent optical units.

(iii) The LED unit must meet the applicable requirements of the ITE standards for Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads(VTCSH) Part 2: LED Vehicle Signal Modules, for color (chromaticity), signal brightness (luminance), and beam spread (luminance at various vertical and horizontal angles). Yellow LED modules must meet the green module requirements for brightness.

(iv) Minimum brightness of LED signal units must be in accordance with the luminous requirements in a standard testing procedure as defined by Section 4 of the VTCSH Part 2: LED Vehicle Signal Modules. During the required operating life of LED signal units, the luminance output of the units must not be less than 60 percent (.60) of the values specified in the standard.

(v) Unit lenses must be twelve inches in diameter and be constructed of ultraviolet (UV) stabilized , impact resistant polycarbonate, acrylic or other approved material. Lenses must be clear or tinted.

(vi) Units must consist of LEDs uniformly distributed to present a homogeneous appearance on the face of the lens from a wide viewing angle.

(vii) LEDs must be wired so that the loss of a single LED or a string of LEDs will not reduce the luminescence below the minimum requirement.

(viii) For purposes of this specification, failure of a single unit is defined as an occurrence where the luminescence of the signal measured in candela in standard test procedures is less than the required initial luminance or luminance at time points and conditions specified; or where minimum required brightness is achieved, but two or more series strings of LEDs or in excess of twenty percent of 20% of LEDs are not operable.

(ix) Unit power supply must be constant current regulated and filtered to provide instant on indications, and to prevent momentary signal outages or flicker. Units must be fully operable over a range of 90 volts to 130 volts at 60 hertz, plus or minus 3 hertz.

(x) Surge protection: Each unit must be provided with integral surge protection to withstand transient of 600 volt, 100 microsecond rise and 1 millisecond pulse width. The surge protector must provide full electrical and physical protection to all unit components.

(xi) Maximum permissible power consumption at ambient conditions (nominal 120 volts, 60 hertz, 70 degrees F.) must be 30 watts at a minimum 90 percent power factor. Power consumed must not vary by more than ten (10) percent from nominal power consumption over voltage range of 105 volts to 125 volts, and over permissible environmental ranges.

(xii) Units must be fully operable at temperature ranges of -40 degrees F. (-40 deg C) to +165 degrees F. (+74 deg C) at up to 100 percent relative humidity.

(xiii) Units must be clearly marked on the back surface of the unit in a permanent manner showing information required for warranty and long term performance. Information to be shown must include manufacturer name, date of manufacture, electric power requirements, signal model type including color and indication type, and signal serial number.

(xiv) The LED unit must be compatible with the traffic signal controller equipment currently in use by the City of Chicago, and meeting the City=s latest specifications for traffic signal control equipment. In particular the LED unit must be compatible with the NEMA TS-1 and later traffic signal load switches and conflict monitors.

(xv) Units must meet applicable sections of Title 47, SubPart B, Section 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules as applies to electronic noise limitation and electromagnetic interference.

(xvi) Total harmonic distortion (THD) induced into the voltage and current AC power line sine waves must not exceed 20 percent.

(xvii) LED optical units must meet the requirements of VTCSH Part 2: LED Vehicle Signal Modules Section 6.3.1 for signal burn-in

(a) Lamp Collar. The lamp housing must consist of an integral lamp support, indexed ceramic socket, and quick release self-aligning lamp retainer. The electrical connection between the lamp housing and signal case must be accomplished with an interlock assembly which disconnects the lamp housing when opened.

(d)Optical Limiter - Diffuser. The optical limiter-diffuser must provide an imaging surface at focus on the optical axis for objects 900 to 1,200 feet distance and permit an optical masking tape to be variously applied as determined by the desired visibility zone. The optical limiter-diffuser must be provided with positive indexing means and composed of heat-resistant glass.

(e)Objective Lens. The objective lens must be a high resolution planar incremental lens hermetically sealed with a flat laminate of weather-resistant acrylic. The lens must be symmetrical in outline and capable of being rotated to any 90 degree orientation about the optical axis. The projected signal indication must be capable of being veiled anywhere within 15 degrees of the optical axis. The indication must not result from external illumination and must conform to the Institute of Transportation Engineers Standards.

2.4Wiring. Each lamp connector must be furnished with three (3) leads color coded as follows:

White	Common
Red	Red Section 1
Yellow	Yellow Section 2
Green	Green Section 3
Yellow with Black Tracer	Yellow Arrow Section 4
Green with Black Tracer	Green Arrow Section 5

The lead must be type TEW No. 18 AWG stranded copper wire with 2/64 inch thick, 600 volt, 105 degrees C rated, thermo-plastic insulation meeting MIL-W-76A specifications. The lead must connect to the terminal strip without being spliced. The ends of the lamp leads must be stripped of one-half inch (2") of insulation and tinned.

2.5Terminal Strip. A dual-point, barrier type, terminal strip with a solid base and pressure plate type connectors (Marathon Special Products Corporation Catalog No. TB-300 Series -SP, or equal) must be securely attached at both ends to the housing body inside the "Green" section of the signal head. The number of terminal points must be predicated upon the number of sections in the signal head. Single section, 2 section, 3 section and 4 section heads must have 5 point blocks, while 5 section heads must have 6 point blocks.

2.6Cable. One, eleven foot (11') length of flexible electric cord, medium duty, type SO, No. 16 AWG stranded copper conductor, color coded, rubber insulated, neoprene jacketed, must be furnished with each signal head. The number of conductors must include a neutral, ground, and one switch leg for each section. Both ends of each cable length must be carefully stripped of six inches (6") of jacket and one inch (1") of insulation, and each conductor properly tinned.

2.7Gaskets. Wherever necessary to make a completely dust-proof, moisture-proof and weatherproof assembly of the housing and optical system, approved type gaskets of neoprene or silicone rubber must be provided.

3. TESTING AND DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

3.1Documentation. The contractor must provide certified manufacturing and testing documentation to demonstrate that the traffic signals being supplied meet or exceed the specification requirements.

3.2Inspection. The signals will be subject to inspection at the discretion of the Commissioner. Final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any signal rejected must be removed and disposed of by the contractor at his sole cost.

3.3Warranty. The contractor must warrant the signals to meet the requirements of this specification, and must warrant all equipment, components, parts and appurtenances against defective design, material and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from date of acceptance. In the event defects and failures become apparent during this period, the Contractor must repair or replace such defects and failures at no expense to the City.

In addition, LED optical units must carry a seven(7) year warranty against failure or loss of color (chromicity) and signal brightness (luminance) below minimum acceptable VTCSH standard levels from date of final acceptance for contract construction, or date of delivery on a specific order. In the event defects and failures occur in the LED units during the first three(3) years of the warranty period, the Contractor must repair or replace such defects and failures at no expense to the City and reimburse the City for any labor costs associated with replacing defective LED units. In lieu of reimbursing the City for such labor costs, Contractor may elect to provide to the City two LED units for each failed or defective unit. In the event defects or failures occur in the LED units during the last four(4) years of the warranty period, the contractor must repair and/or replace all defective materials at no expense to the City. This warranty must be evidenced by a letter or certificate of warranty submitted to the City at the time delivery is made. The LED warranty must cover all units delivered in an order or installed by contract, and must include unit serial numbers. The warranty must be signed and dated by an official of the manufacturer who is empowered by the manufacturer to enter into such a warranty.

4. PACKAGING

4.1 Packing. Each traffic signal assembly must be packed in a suitable carton so secured that the signal will not be damaged during shipment, handling or storage.

4.2 Marking. Each carton containing a traffic signal must be clearly marked on the outside in letters not less than three-eighths (3/8) inch tall with the legend: "TRAFFIC SIGNAL, OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED@, the number of Sections as required, the colors, the name of the manufacturer, the pertinent Contract Number and the appropriate City Commodity Code Number.

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

SPECIFICATION 1545
BUREAU OF ELECTRICITY
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION
CITY OF CHICAGO
REVISED AUGUST 31 , 2005

PEDESTRIAN COUNTDOWN TRAFFIC SIGNAL, LED, 16 INCH WITH SYMBOLIC WALK/DONT WALK LENSES

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1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.1 This specification states the requirements for a single section pedestrian countdown signal with light emitting diode (LED) symbolic messages on nominal sixteen inch by eighteen inch lenses and enclosed in a polycarbonate housing.

1.2 Sample and Certified Test Reports. One complete pedestrian countdown signal, fully assembled and wired, of the manufacture proposed to be furnished, must be submitted along with the required certified test reports, within fourteen (14) working days upon request of the Commissioner. The sample must be delivered to the Engineer of Electricity, Bureau of Electricity, 2451 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60608.

1.3 Standards. Equipment furnished under this specification must meet the appropriate requirements of the following standards, as required within the body of this specification:

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)
American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE)
National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
Underwriters Laboratories (UL)

1.4 Definitions. Where referenced in the specification, the following definitions will apply:

1.4.1 Approval. Approval will mean approval in writing by the Commissioner or his/her duly authorized representative.

2. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

2.1 The pedestrian signal heads must conform to ITE Standard "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications" (PTCSI), in which the most recently published revisions will govern.

2.2 HOUSING DESIGN The housing must be one piece, ultra violet stabilized polycarbonate resin of the specified color, injection molded complete with integral top, bottom, and sides, having a minimum thickness of 0.100 inches.

(a) The polycarbonate formulation used must provide these physical properties in the housing (Tests may be performed on separately molded specimens).

TEST	REQUIRED	METHOD
Specific gravity	1.17 minimum	ASTM D 792
Vicat Softening temp	310-320 deg. F	ASTM D 1525
Brittleness temp.	Below-200 deg. F	ASTM D 746
Flammability	Self-extinguishing	ASTM D 635
Tensile strength, yield	8,500 PSI	ASTM D 638
Elongation at yield	5.5-8.5%	ASTM D 638
Shear strength, yield	5,500 PSI min.	ASTM D 732
Izod impact strength (notched, 1/8" thick)	12-16 ft. lbs./in.	ASTM D 256
Fatigue strength (at 2.5 mm cycles)	950 PSI min.	ASTM D 671

(b) **POSITIONING DEVICE.** The top and bottom opening of each housing must have integral serrated bosses that will provide positive positioning of the signal head in five degree increments to eliminate undesirable rotation or misalignment of the signal head between sections. A total of 72 teeth must be provided in the serrated bosses to allow the signal face to be rotated 360 degrees about its axis. The teeth must be clean and sharp to provide positive positioning with the grooves of the mating section or framework. Each opening must accommodate standard 1 2" pipe fittings and brackets.

(c) **HINGES.** The housing must have four integral hinge lugs, with stainless steel hinge pins (AISI 304 or equivalent), located on the left side for mounting the door. The hinge pins must be straight and not protrude past the outside of the housing lugs. The housing must have two integral latching bolt lugs on the right side each with a stainless steel hinge pin to which a latching bolt (AISI 304 or equivalent), washer, and wing nut will be attached. The wing nuts must be captive.

(d) **DOOR.** The door must be a one piece ultraviolet stabilized polycarbonate resin of the specified color, injection molded complete with a minimum thickness of 0.1 inch. Two (2) hinge lugs on the left side and two (2)sets of latch screw jaws centered on the right side, as viewed from the front of the signal, must be integrally cast with the housing door. The door must be hinged to the housing with two (2) stainless steel hinge pins, drive fitted. Two (2) stainless steel latch screws and wing nuts and washer assemblies on the latch side of the housing body must provide for opening and closing the door without the use of tools. The door must have four (4) holes with threaded metal inserts for stainless steel machine screws to secure the
lens.

The inside of the door must be grooved to accommodate a one piece, air-cored EPDM (ethylene propylene diene monomer) gasket to provide a weatherproof and dust proof seal when the door is closed. The inside of the door must have four equally spaced threaded metal inserts for the lens attachment. The

outside of the door must have an integral rim completely encircling the lens opening to prevent leakage between the door and the lens. The rim must have equally spaced tabs around the circumference with threaded metal inserts for the visor attachment.

2.3 LED OPTICAL UNIT

2.3.1 **LED OPTICAL UNIT**. The light emitting diode (LED) optical unit must consist of a lens, reflector and lamp holder. All units must form a neat compact unit within the housing body with no light leakage between the door and the housing body, and the signal indication and the visor.

(a) Light emitting diode (LED) optical units must consist of an integral unit containing the following components: power leads, housing, integral lens, matrix of light emitting diodes (LEDs) emitting monochromatic light of desired colors, and electronic and electrical components necessary to permit operation at nominal 120 volt, 60 hertz power.

(b) The LED unit must meet the applicable requirements of ITE standards for color (chromaticity) and brightness (luminance). During the required operating life of LED signal units, the luminance output of the units must not be less than 60 percent (.60) of the values specified in the standard.

(c) Unit power supply must be constant current regulated and filtered to provide instant on indications, and to prevent momentary signal outages or flicker.

(d) Units must consist of LEDs uniformly distributed to present a homogeneous appearance on the face of the lens from a wide viewing angle.

(e) LEDs must be wired so that the loss of a single LED or a string of LEDs will not reduce the luminescence below the minimum requirement.

(f) For purposes of this specification, failure of a single unit is defined as an occurrence where the luminescence of the signal measured in candela in standard test procedures is less than the required initial luminance or luminance at time points and conditions specified; or where minimum required brightness is achieved, but two or more series strings of LEDs or in excess of twenty percent of 20% of LEDs are not operable.

(g) Units must be fully operable over a range of 90 volts to 130 volts at 60 hertz, plus or minus 3 hertz.

(h) Surge protection: Each unit must be provided with integral surge protection to withstand transient of 600 volt, 100 microsecond rise and 1 millisecond pulse width. The surge protector must provide full electrical and physical protection to all unit components.

(i) Maximum permissible power consumption at ambient conditions (nominal 120 volts, 60 hertz, 70 degrees F.) must be 18 watts at a minimum 90 percent power factor. Power consumed must not vary by more than ten (10) percent from nominal power consumption over voltage range of 105 volts to 125 volts, and over permissible environmental ranges.

(j) Units must be fully operable at temperature ranges of -40 degrees F. (-40 deg C) to +165 degrees F. (+74 deg C) at up to 100 percent relative humidity.

(k) Units must be clearly marked on the back surface of the unit in a permanent manner showing information required for warranty and long term performance. Information to be shown must include manufacturer name, date of manufacture, electric power requirements, signal model type, and signal serial number.

(l) The LED unit must be compatible with all traffic signal controller equipment currently in use by the City of Chicago, and meeting the City=s latest specifications for traffic signal control equipment. In particular the LED unit must be compatible with the NEMA TS-1 and later traffic signal load switches and conflict monitors.

(m) Units must meet applicable sections of Title 47, SubPart B, Section 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules as applies to electronic noise limitation and electromagnetic interference.

(n) Total harmonic distortion (THD) induced into the voltage and current AC power line sine waves must not exceed 20 percent.

(o) **BURN-IN.** LED Optical units must be energized for a minimum 24 hour burn-in at 100% on-time duty cycle.

2.3.2 **DISPLAY.** The message area must be approximately 16 inches square and display the double overlay "Don't Walk" and "Walk" symbols immediately adjacent to the countdown digits. The symbols must be applied in such a manner as to provide an opaque polycarbonate background and illuminated legends.

a) SYMBOLIC MESSAGES. Symbols for "Walk" (Man) and "Don't Walk" (Hand) must conform in style and color to those of ITE. The symbols must be not less than nine and one-half inches (9 2") tall with proportional width. The "Don't Walk" symbol must be Portland Orange, and the "Walk" symbol must be of lunar white, conforming to the specifications of the ITE/PTCSI.

b) COUNTDOWN DIGITS. Countdown digits must be Portland Orange and not less 9" high with proportional width and shall be compliant with latest ITE standards.

2.4 **LENS.** The unit lenses must be constructed of ultraviolet (UV) stabilized , impact resistant polycarbonate, acrylic or other approved material. Lenses must be anti-glare, smooth texture, and clear.

2.5 **WIRING.** Each lamp holder must have three (3) leads color coded as follows:

White - Common
Red - "Don't Walk" Indication
Green - "Walk" Indication

The leads must be TEW, number 18 AWG, stranded copper wire with 2/64 inch thick, 600 volt, 105 degree C, thermoplastic insulation meeting MIL-W-76Aspecifications. The ends of the lamp leads must be stripped of one-half inch (2") of insulation and tinned. The leads must be splice-free and connected to one side of the terminal strip.

2.6 **TERMINAL STRIP.** A four terminal, eight point, barrier type terminal strip with solid base and pressure plate type connectors, such as Marathon Special Products Corporation Catalog Number TB-304-SP, must be securely attached at each end to the housing body inside the walk section.

2.7 **CABLE.** One eleven foot (11') length of flexible electric cord, medium duty, type SO, 3-conductor No. 16 AWG stranded copper, color coded, rubber insulated, neoprene jacketed, must be furnished with each two (2) section signal. Both ends of each cable length must be carefully stripped of six inches (6") of jacket and one inch (1") of insulation, and each conductor properly tinned.

2.8 **PACKING.** Each pedestrian signal assembly must be packed in a suitable carton so secured that the signal will not be damaged during shipment, handling, or storage.

2.9 **MARKING.** Each carton containing a pedestrian signal must be clearly marked on the outside in letters not less than three-eighths inch (3/8") tall with the legend: "PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL, SIXTEEN-INCH, SYMBOLIC LED WALK-DON'T WALK," the appropriate City Commodity Code Number, the name of the manufacturer, and the pertinent contract number.

3. COUNTDOWN FUNCTIONALITY.

3.1 The countdown module must be compatible with all traffic signal controller equipment currently in use by the City of Chicago, and meeting the City=s latest specifications for traffic signal control equipment.

3.2 The countdown timer must have a micro-processor capable of recording its own time when connected to a traffic controller.

3.3 The countdown timer module must continuously monitor the traffic controller for any changes to the pedestrian phase time and re-program itself automatically as needed.

3.4 The countdown module must register the time for the walk and clearance intervals individually and must begin counting down at the beginning of the pedestrian change interval (flashing Hand).

3.5 At the end of the pedestrian change interval, the module must display A0" and the blank out. The display must remain dark until the beginning of the next countdown.

3.6 In the event of a preemption sequence, the countdown module must skip the pre-empted clearance time and reach 0 at the end of the pedestrian change interval.

3.7 The countdown must remain synchronized with signal indications and always reach A0" at the end of the pedestrian change interval.

3.8 The countdown must not display an erroneous or conflicting time when subjected to defective load switches.

4. TESTING AND DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

4.1 **DOCUMENTATION.** The contractor must provide certified manufacturing and testing documentation to demonstrate that the pedestrian signals being supplied meet or exceed the specification requirements. Testing must be conducted by an independent and certified testing laboratory.

4.2 **INSPECTION.** The signals must be subject to inspection at the discretion of the Commissioner. Final inspection must be made at point of delivery. Any signal rejected must be removed and disposed of by the contractor at his sole cost.

4.3 **WARRANTY.** The contractor must warrant the signals to meet the requirements of this specification, and must warrant all equipment, components, parts and appurtenances against defective design, material and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from date of acceptance. In addition, LED optical units must carry an additional warranty against failure or loss of color (chromaticity) and signal brightness (luminance) below minimum acceptable VTCSH standard levels for a period of seven (7) years from date of final acceptance for contract construction, or date of delivery on a specific order. In the event defects or failures occur in the LED unit during the first three(3) years of the warranty, the Contractor must repair or replace such defects and failures at no expense to the City and reimburse the City for any labor costs associated with replacing defective units. In lieu of reimbursing the City for such labor costs, Contractor may elect to provide to the City two units for each failed or defective unit. In the event defects or failures in the LED units occur during the last four(4) years of the warranty period, the contractor must repair and/or replace all defective materials at no expense to the City. This warranty must be evidenced by a letter or certificate of warranty submitted to the City at the time final delivery is made. The warranty must cover all units delivered in an order or installed by contract, and must include unit serial numbers for all LED units. The warranty must be signed by an official of the manufacturer who is empowered by the manufacturer to enter into such an agreement.

THIS SPECIFICATION MUST NOT BE ALTERED

ALKALI-SILICA REACTION FOR CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE (BDE)
Effective: August 1, 2007 Revised: January 1, 2009

Description. This special provision is intended to reduce the risk of a deleterious alkali-silica reaction in concrete exposed to humid or wet conditions. The special provision is not intended or adequate for concrete exposed to potassium acetate, potassium formate, sodium acetate or sodium formate. The special provision shall not apply to the dry environment (humidity less than 60 percent) found inside buildings for residential or commercial occupancy. The special provision shall also not apply to precast products or precast prestressed products.

Aggregate Expansion Values. Each coarse and fine aggregate will be tested by the Department for alkali reaction according to ASTM C 1260. The test will be performed with Type I or II cement having a total equivalent alkali content ($Na_2O + 0.658K_2O$) of 0.90 percent or greater. The Engineer will determine the assigned expansion value for each aggregate, and these values will be made available on the Department's Alkali-Silica Potential Reactivity Rating List. The Engineer may differentiate aggregate based on ledge, production method, gradation number, or other factors. An expansion value of 0.05 percent will be assigned to limestone or dolomite coarse aggregates and 0.03 percent to limestone or dolomite fine aggregates (manufactured stone sand); however the Department reserves the right to perform the ASTM C 1260 test.

Aggregate Groups. Each combination of aggregates used in a mixture will be assigned to an aggregate group. The point at which the coarse aggregate and fine aggregate expansion values intersect in the following table will determine the group.

AGGREGATE GROUPS			
Coarse Aggregate or Coarse Aggregate Blend ASTM C 1260 Expansion	Fine Aggregate or Fine Aggregate Blend ASTM C 1260 Expansion		
	≤ 0.16%	> 0.16% - 0.27%	> 0.27%
≤ 0.16%	Group I	Group II	Group III
> 0.16% - 0.27%	Group II	Group II	Group III
> 0.27%	Group III	Group III	Group IV

Mixture Options. Based upon the aggregate group, the following mixture options shall be used; however, the Department may prohibit a mixture option if field performance shows a deleterious alkali-silica reaction or Department testing indicates the mixture may experience a deleterious alkali-silica reaction.

Group I - Mixture options are not applicable. Use any cement or finely divided mineral.
Group II - Mixture options 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 shall be used.
Group III - Mixture options 1, 2 and 3 combined, 4, or 5 shall be used.
Group IV - Mixture options 1, 2 and 4 combined, or 5 shall be used.

For Class PP-3 concrete the mixture options are not applicable, and any cement may be used with the specified finely divided minerals.

a) Mixture Option 1. The coarse or fine aggregates shall be blended to place the material in a group that will allow the selected cement or finely divided mineral to be used.

   When a coarse or fine aggregate is blended, the weighted expansion value shall be calculated separately for the coarse and fine aggregate as follows:

   Weighted Expansion Value = (a/100 x A) + (b/100 x B) + (c/100 x C) + …

   Where: a, b, c... = percentage of aggregate in the blend;
   A, B, C…= expansion value for that aggregate.

b) Mixture Option 2. A finely divided mineral shall be used as described in 1), 2), 3), or 4) that follow. The replacement ratio is defined as “finely divided mineral:portland cement”.

   1) Class F Fly Ash. For Class PV, BS, MS, DS, SC, and SI concrete and cement aggregate mixture II (CAM II), Class F fly ash shall replace 15 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.5:1.

   2) Class C Fly Ash. For Class PV, MS, SC, and SI Concrete, Class C fly ash with 18 percent to less than 26.5 percent calcium oxide content, and less than 2.0 percent loss on ignition, shall replace 20 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1:1; or at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.25:1 if the loss on ignition is 2.0 percent or greater. Class C fly ash with less than 18 percent calcium oxide content shall replace 20 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.25:1.

      For Class PP-1, RR, BS, and DS concrete and CAM II, Class C fly ash with less than 26.5 percent calcium oxide content shall replace 15 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.5:1.

   3) Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag. For Class PV, BS, MS, SI, DS, and SC concrete, ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall replace 25 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1:1.

      For Class PP-1 and RR concrete, ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall replace 15 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1.5:1.

      For Class PP-2, ground granulated blast-furnace slag shall replace 25 to 30 percent of the portland cement at a minimum replacement ratio of 1:1.

   4) Microsilica or High Reactivity Metakaolin. Microsilica solids or high reactivity metakaolin shall be added to the mixture at a minimum 25 lb/cu yd (15 kg/cu m) or 27 lb/cu yd (16 kg/cu m) respectively.

c) Mixture Option 3. The cement used shall have a maximum total equivalent alkali content ($Na_2O + 0.658K_2O$) of 0.60 percent. When aggregate in Group II is involved, any finely divided mineral may be used with a portland cement.

d) Mixture Option 4. The cement used shall have a maximum total equivalent alkali content ($Na_2O + 0.658K_2O$) of 0.45 percent. When aggregate in Group II or III is involved, any finely divided mineral may be used with a portland cement.

e) Mixture Option 5. The proposed cement or finely divided mineral may be used if the ASTM C 1567 expansion value is ≤ 0.16 percent when performed on the aggregate in the concrete mixture with the highest ASTM C 1260 test result. The ASTM C 1567 test will be valid for two years, unless the Engineer determines the materials have changed significantly. For latex concrete, the ASTM C 1567 test shall be performed without the latex. The 0.20 percent autoclave expansion limit in ASTM C 1567 shall not apply.

   If during the two year time period the Contractor needs to replace the cement, and the replacement cement has an equal or lower total equivalent alkali content ($Na_2O + 0.658K_2O$), a new ASTM C 1567 test will not be required.

Testing. If an individual aggregate has an ASTM C 1260 expansion value > 0.16 percent, an ASTM C 1293 test may be performed by the Contractor to evaluate the Department's ASTM C 1260 test result. The ASTM C 1293 test shall be performed with Type I or II cement having a total equivalent alkali content ($Na_2O + 0.658K_2O$) of 0.80 percent or greater. The interior vertical wall of the ASTM C 1293 recommended container (pail) shall be half covered with a wick of absorbent material consisting of blotting paper. If the testing laboratory desires to use an alternate container or wick of absorbent material, ASTM C 1293 test results with an alkali-reactive aggregate of known expansion characteristics shall be provided to the Engineer for review and approval. If the expansion is less than 0.040 percent after one year, the aggregate will be assigned an ASTM C 1260 expansion value of 0.08 percent that will be valid for two years, unless the Engineer determines the aggregate has changed significantly.

The Engineer reserves the right to verify a Contractor's ASTM C 1293 or 1567 test result. The Engineer will not accept the result if the precision and bias for the test methods are not met.

The laboratory performing the ASTM C 1567 test shall either be accredited by the AASHTO Materials Reference Laboratory (AMRL) for ASTM C 227 under Portland Cement Concrete or Aggregate; or shall be inspected for Hydraulic Cement - Physical Tests by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL) and shall be approved by the Department. The laboratory performing the ASTM C 1293 test shall be inspected for Portland Cement Concrete by CCRL and shall be approved by the Department.

APPROVAL OF PROPOSED BORROW AREAS, USE AREAS, AND/OR WASTE AREAS INSIDE ILLINOIS STATE BORDERS (BDE)
Effective: November 1, 2008

Revise the title of Article 107.22 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**107.22 Approval of Proposed Borrow Areas, Use Areas, and/or Waste Areas Inside Illinois State Borders.**"

Add the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of Article 107.22 of the Standard Specifications:

"Proposed borrow areas, use areas, and/or waste areas outside of Illinois shall comply with Article 107.01."

CEMENT (BDE)
Effective: January 1, 2007 Revised: April 1, 2009

Revise Section 1001 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**SECTION 1001. CEMENT**

1001.01 Cement Types. Cement shall be according to the following.

(a) Portland Cement. Acceptance of portland cement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Portland or Blended Cement Acceptance Procedure for Qualified and Non-Qualified Plants".

Portland cement shall be according to ASTM C 150, and shall meet the standard physical and chemical requirements. Type I or Type II may be used for cast-in-place, precast, and precast prestressed concrete. Type III may be used according to Article 1020.04, or when approved by the Engineer. All other cements referenced in ASTM C 150 may be used when approved by the Engineer.

The total of all organic processing additions shall be a maximum of 1.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. The total of all inorganic processing additions shall be a maximum of 4.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. However, a cement kiln dust inorganic processing addition shall be limited to a maximum of 1.0 percent. Organic processing additions shall be limited to grinding aids that improve the flowability of cement, reduce pack set, and improve grinding efficiency. Inorganic processing additions shall be limited to granulated blast-furnace slag according to the chemical requirements of AASHTO M 302, Class C fly ash according to the chemical requirements of AASHTO M 295, and cement kiln dust.

(b) Portland-Pozzolan Cement. Acceptance of portland-pozzolan cement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Portland or Blended Cement Acceptance Procedure for Qualified and Non-Qualified Plants".

Portland-pozzolan cement shall be according to ASTM C 595 and shall meet the standard physical and chemical requirements. Type IP may be used for cast-in-place, precast, and precast prestressed concrete, except when Class PP concrete is used. The pozzolan constituent for Type IP shall be a maximum of 21 percent of the weight (mass) of the portland-pozzolan cement.

For cast-in-place construction, portland-pozzolan cement shall not be used in concrete mixtures when the air temperature is below 40 ºF (4 ºC) without permission of the Engineer. If permission is given, the mix design strength requirement may require the Contractor to increase the cement or eliminate the cement factor reduction for a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture which is permitted according to Article 1020.05(b).

The total of all organic processing additions shall be a maximum of 1.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. Organic processing additions shall be limited to grinding aids as defined in (a) above. Inorganic processing additions shall be limited to cement kiln dust at a maximum of 1.0 percent.

(c) Portland Blast-Furnace Slag Cement. Acceptance of portland blast-furnace slag cement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Portland or Blended Cement Acceptance Procedure for Qualified and Non-Qualified Plants".

Portland blast-furnace slag cement shall be according to ASTM C 595 and shall meet the standard physical and chemical requirements. Type IS portland blast-furnace slag cement may be used for cast-in-place, precast, and precast prestressed concrete, except when Class PP concrete is used. The blast-furnace slag constituent for Type IS shall be a maximum of 25 percent of the weight (mass) of the portland blast-furnace slag cement.

For cast-in-place construction, portland blast-furnace slag cement shall not be used in concrete mixtures when the air temperature is below 40 ºF (4 ºC) without permission of the Engineer. If permission is given, the mix design strength requirement may require the Contractor to increase the cement or eliminate the cement factor reduction for a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture which is permitted according to Article 1020.05(b).

The total of all organic processing additions shall be a maximum of 1.0 percent by weight (mass) of the cement. Organic processing additions shall be limited to grinding aids as defined in (a) above. Inorganic processing additions shall be limited to cement kiln dust at a maximum of 1.0 percent.

(d) Rapid Hardening Cement. Rapid hardening cement shall be used according to Article 1020.04 or when approved by the Engineer. The cement shall be on the Department's current "Approved List of Packaged, Dry, Rapid Hardening Cementitious Materials for Concrete Repairs", and shall be according to the following.

(1) The cement shall have a maximum final set of 25 minutes, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 191.

(2) The cement shall have a minimum compressive strength of 2000 psi (13,800 kPa) at 3.0 hours, 3200 psi (22,100 kPa) at 6.0 hours, and 4000 psi (27,600 kPa) at 24.0 hours, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 109.

(3) The cement shall have a maximum drying shrinkage of 0.050 percent at seven days, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 596.

(4) The cement shall have a maximum expansion of 0.020 percent at 14 days, according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 1038.

(5) The cement shall have a minimum 80 percent relative dynamic modulus of elasticity; and shall not have a weight (mass) gain in excess of 0.15 percent or a weight (mass) loss in excess of 1.0 percent, after 100 cycles, according to AASHTO T 161, Procedure B.

(e) Calcium Aluminate Cement. Calcium aluminate cement shall be used only where specified by the Engineer. The cement shall meet the standard physical requirements for Type I cement according to ASTM C 150, except the time of setting shall not apply. The chemical requirements shall be determined according to ASTM C 114 and shall be as follows: minimum 38 percent aluminum oxide (Al_2O_3), maximum 42 percent calcium oxide (CaO), maximum 1 percent magnesium oxide (MgO), maximum 0.4 percent sulfur trioxide (SO_3), maximum 1 percent loss on ignition, and maximum 3.5 percent insoluble residue.

1001.02 Uniformity of Color. Cement contained in single loads or in shipments of several loads to the same project shall not have visible differences in color.

1001.03 Mixing Brands and Types. Different brands or different types of cement from the same manufacturing plant, or the same brand or type from different plants shall not be mixed or used alternately in the same item of construction unless approved by the Engineer.

1001.04 Storage. Cement shall be stored and protected against damage, such as dampness which may cause partial set or hardened lumps. Different brands or different types of cement from the same manufacturing plant, or the same brand or type from different plants shall be kept separate."

CONCRETE ADMIXTURES (BDE)
Effective: January 1, 2003 Revised: April 1, 2009

Replace the first paragraph of Article 1020.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Admixtures. The use of admixtures to increase the workability or to accelerate the hardening of the concrete will be permitted when approved by the Engineer. Admixture dosages shall result in the mixture meeting the specified plastic and hardened properties. The Department will maintain an Approved List of Corrosion Inhibitors. Corrosion inhibitor dosage rates shall be according to Article 1020.05(b)(12). The Department will also maintain an Approved List of Concrete Admixtures, and an admixture technical representative shall be consulted when determining an admixture dosage from this list. The dosage shall be within the range indicated on the approved list unless the influence by other admixtures, jobsite conditions (such as a very short haul time), or other circumstances warrant a dosage outside the range. The Engineer

shall be notified when a dosage is proposed outside the range. To determine an admixture dosage, air temperature, concrete temperature, cement source and quantity, finely divided mineral sources(s) and quantity, influence of other admixtures, haul time, placement conditions, and other factors as appropriate shall be considered. The Engineer may request the Contractor to have a batch of concrete mixed in the lab or field to verify the admixture dosage is correct. An admixture dosage or combination of admixture dosages shall not delay the initial set of concrete by more than one hour. When a retarding admixture is required or appropriate for a bridge deck or bridge deck overlay pour, the initial set time shall be delayed until the deflections due to the concrete dead load are no longer a concern for inducing cracks in the completed work. However, a retarding admixture shall not be used to further extend the pour time and justify the alteration of a bridge deck pour sequence.

When determining water in admixtures for water/cement ratio, the Contractor shall calculate 70 percent of the admixture dosage as water, except a value of 50 percent shall be used for a latex admixture used in bridge deck latex concrete overlays."

Revise Section 1021 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**SECTION 1021. CONCRETE ADMIXTURES**

1021.01 **General.** Admixtures shall be furnished in liquid form ready for use. The admixtures shall be delivered in the manufacturer's original containers, bulk tank trucks or such containers or tanks as are acceptable to the Engineer. Delivery shall be accompanied by a ticket which clearly identifies the manufacturer and trade name of the material. Containers shall be readily identifiable as to manufacturer and trade name of the material they contain.

Corrosion inhibitors will be maintained on the Department's Approved List of Corrosion Inhibitors. All other concrete admixture products will be maintained on the Department's Approved List of Concrete Admixtures. For the admixture submittal, a report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by the AASHTO Materials Reference Laboratory (AMRL) for Portland Cement Concrete shall be provided. The report shall show the results of physical tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal, according to applicable specifications. However, for corrosion inhibitors the ASTM G 109 test information specified in ASTM C 1582 is not required to be from and independent lab. All other information in ASTM C 1582 shall be from and independent lab.

Tests shall be conducted using materials and methods specified on a "test" concrete and a "reference" concrete, together with a certification that no changes have been made in the formulation of the material since the performance of the tests. Per the manufacturer's option, the cement content for all required tests shall either be according to applicable specifications or 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). Compressive strength test results for six months and one year will not be required.

Prior to the approval of an admixture, the Engineer reserves the right to request a sample for testing. The test and reference concrete mixtures tested by the Engineer will contain a cement content of 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). For freeze-thaw testing, the Department will perform the test according to AASHTO T 161, Procedure B. The flexural strength test will be

performed according to AASHTO T 177. If the Engineer decides to test the admixture, the manufacturer shall submit AASHTO T 197 water content and set time test results on the standard cement used by the Department. The test and reference concrete mixture shall contain a cement content of 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). The manufacturer may select their lab or an independent lab to perform this testing. The laboratory is not required to be accredited by AASHTO.

The manufacturer shall include in the submittal the following admixture information: the manufacturing range for specific gravity, the midpoint and manufacturing range for residue by oven drying, and the manufacturing range for pH. The submittal shall also include an infrared spectrophotometer trace no more than five years old.

For air-entraining admixtures according to Article 1021.02, the specific gravity allowable manufacturing range shall be established by the manufacturer and the test method shall be according to ASTM C 494. For residue by oven drying and pH, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to ASTM C 260.

For admixtures according to Articles 1021.03, 1021.04, 1021.05, 1021.06, and 1021.07, the pH allowable manufacturing range shall be established by the manufacturer and the test method shall be according to ASTM E 70. For specific gravity and residue by oven drying, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to ASTM C 494.

When test results are more than seven years old, the manufacturer shall re-submit the infrared spectrophotometer trace and the report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO.

All admixtures, except chloride-based accelerators, shall contain a maximum of 0.3 percent chloride by weight (mass).

Random field samples may be taken by the Department to verify an admixture meets specification. A split sample will be provided to the manufacturer if requested. Admixtures that do not meet specification requirements or an allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be replaced with new material.

1021.02 Air-Entraining Admixtures. Air-entraining admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 154.

1021.03 Retarding and Water-Reducing Admixtures. The admixture shall be according to the following.

(a) The retarding admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type B (retarding) or Type D (water-reducing and retarding).

(b) The water-reducing admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type A.

(c) The high range water-reducing admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F (high range water-reducing) or Type G (high range water-reducing and retarding).

1021.04 Accelerating Admixtures. The admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type C (accelerating) or Type E (water reducing and accelerating).

1021.05 Self-Consolidating Admixtures. The self-consolidating admixture system shall consist of either a high range water-reducing admixture only or a high range water-reducing admixture combined with a separate viscosity modifying admixture. The one or two component admixture system shall be capable of producing a concrete mixture that can flow around reinforcement and consolidate under its own weight without additional effort and without segregation.

The high range water-reducing admixture shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F.

The viscosity modifying admixture shall be according to ASTM C 494, Type S (specific performance).

1021.06 Rheology-Controlling Admixture. The rheology-controlling admixture shall be capable of producing a concrete mixture with a lower yield stress that will consolidate easier for slipform applications used by the Contractor. The rheology-controlling admixture shall be according to ASTM C 494, Type S (specific performance).

1021.07 Corrosion Inhibitor. The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to one of the following.

(a) Calcium Nitrite. The corrosion inhibitor shall contain a minimum 30 percent calcium nitrite by weight (mass) of solution, and shall comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type C (accelerating).

(b) Other Materials. The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to ASTM C 1582."

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY - IDLING RESTRICTIONS (BDE)
Effective: April 1, 2009

Idling Restrictions. The Contractor shall establish truck-staging areas for all diesel powered vehicles that are waiting to load or unload material at the jobsite. Staging areas shall be located where the diesel emissions from the equipment will have a minimum impact on adjacent sensitive receptors. The Department will review the selection of staging areas, whether within or outside the existing highway right-of-way, to avoid locations near sensitive areas or populations to the extent possible. Sensitive receptors include, but are not limited to, hospitals, schools, residences, motels, hotels, daycare facilities, elderly housing and convalescent facilities. Diesel powered engines shall also be located as far away as possible from fresh air intakes, air conditioners, and windows. The Engineer will approve staging areas before implementation.

Diesel powered vehicle operators may not cause or allow the motor vehicle, when it is not in motion, to idle for more than a total of 10 minutes within any 60 minute period, except under any of the following circumstances:

1) The motor vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 8000 lb (3630 kg).
2) The motor vehicle idles while forced to remain motionless because of on-highway traffic, an official traffic control device or signal, or at the direction of a law enforcement official.
3) The motor vehicle idles when operating defrosters, heaters, air conditioners, or other equipment solely to prevent a safety or health emergency.
4) A police, fire, ambulance, public safety, other emergency or law enforcement motor vehicle, or any motor vehicle used in an emergency capacity, idles while in an emergency or training mode and not for the convenience of the vehicle operator.
5) The primary propulsion engine idles for maintenance, servicing, repairing, or diagnostic purposes if idling is necessary for such activity.
6) A motor vehicle idles as part of a government inspection to verify that all equipment is in good working order, provided idling is required as part of the inspection.
7) When idling of the motor vehicle is required to operate auxiliary equipment to accomplish the intended use of the vehicle (such as loading, unloading, mixing, or processing cargo; controlling cargo temperature; construction operations, lumbering operations; oil or gas well servicing; or farming operations), provided that this exemption does not apply when the vehicle is idling solely for cabin comfort or to operate non-essential equipment such as air conditioning, heating, microwave ovens, or televisions.
8) When the motor vehicle idles due to mechanical difficulties over which the operator has no control.
9) The outdoor temperature is less than 32 °F (0 °C) or greater than 80 °F (26 °C).

When the outdoor temperature is greater than or equal to 32 °F (0 °C) or less than or equal to 80 °F (26 °C), a person who operates a motor vehicle operating on diesel fuel shall not cause or allow the motor vehicle to idle for a period greater than 30 minutes in any 60 minute period while waiting to weigh, load, or unload cargo or freight, unless the vehicle is in a line of vehicles that regularly and periodically moves forward.

The above requirements do not prohibit the operation of an auxiliary power unit or generator set as an alternative to idling the main engine of a motor vehicle operating on diesel fuel.

Environmental Deficiency Deduction. When the Engineer is notified, or determines that an environmental control deficiency exists based on non-compliance with the idling restrictions, he/she will notify the Contractor, and direct the Contractor to correct the deficiency.

If the Contractor fails to correct the deficiency a monetary deduction will be imposed. The monetary deduction will be $1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)
Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: November 1, 2008

FEDERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory or most recent addendum.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor:

> The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. This determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform **0.0%** of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Special Provision:

(a) The bidder documents that firmly committed DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal; or

(b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES. Bidders may consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217)785-4611, or by visiting the Department's web site at www.dot.il.gov.

BIDDING PROCEDURES. Compliance with the bidding procedures of this Special Provision is required prior to the award of the contract and the failure of the as-read low bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

(a) In order to assure the timely award of the contract, the as-read low bidder shall submit a Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan on Department form SBE 2026 within seven working days after the date of letting. To meet the seven day requirement, the bidder may send the Plan by certified mail or delivery service within the seven working day period. If a question arises concerning the mailing date of a Plan, the mailing date will be established by the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the original certified mail receipt from the U.S. Postal Service or the receipt issued by a delivery service. It is the responsibility of the bidder to ensure that the postmark or receipt date is affixed within the seven working days if the bidder intends to rely upon mailing or delivery to satisfy the submission day requirement. The Plan is to be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217)785-1524). It is the responsibility of the bidder to obtain confirmation of telefax delivery. The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the seven day submittal requirement and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive due to a failure to submit a Plan or failure to comply with the bidding procedures set forth herein, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty, and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids. The Department reserves the right to invite any other bidder to submit a Utilization Plan at any time for award consideration or to extend the time for award.

(b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.

(c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. The signatures on these forms must be original signatures. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:

(1) The name and address of each DBE to be used;

(2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the commercially useful work to be done by each DBE;

(3) The price to be paid to each DBE for the identified work specifically stating the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;

(4) A commitment statement signed by the bidder and each DBE evidencing availability and intent to perform commercially useful work on the project; and

(5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s).

(d) The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder is approved. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Plan commits sufficient commercially useful DBE work performance to meet the contract goal. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Plan does not commit sufficient DBE performance to meet the contract goal unless the bidder documents that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. The good faith procedures of Section VIII of this special provision apply. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient in a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no less than a five working day period in order to cure the deficiency.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

(a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.

(b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.

(c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.

(d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contact. Credit will be given for the full value of all such DBE trucks operated using DBE employed drivers. Goal credit will be limited to the value of the reasonable fee or commission received by the DBE if trucks are leased from a non-DBE company.

(e) DBE as a material supplier:

(1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.

(2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials or supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.

(3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a regular dealer or manufacturer.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. If the bidder cannot obtain sufficient DBE commitments to meet the contract goal, the bidder must document in the Utilization Plan the good faith efforts made in the attempt to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken those efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

(a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.

(1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

(2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.

(3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

(4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.

b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

(5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.

(6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.

(7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.

(8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.

(b) If the Department determines that the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the bidder of that preliminary determination by contacting the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan. The preliminary determination shall include a statement of reasons why good faith efforts have not been found, and may include

additional good faith efforts that the bidder could take. The notification will designate a five working day period during which the bidder shall take additional efforts. The bidder is not limited by a statement of additional efforts, but may take other action beyond any stated additional efforts in order to obtain additional DBE commitments. The bidder shall submit an amended Utilization Plan if additional DBE commitments to meet the contract goal are secured. If additional DBE commitments sufficient to meet the contract goal are not secured, the bidder shall report the final good faith efforts made in the time allotted. All additional efforts taken by the bidder will be considered as part of the bidder's good faith efforts. If the bidder is not able to meet the goal after taking additional efforts, the Department will make a pre-final determination of the good faith efforts of the bidder and will notify the designated responsible company official of the reasons for an adverse determination.

(c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a pre-final determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217)785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The pre-final determination shall become final if a request is not made and delivered. A request may provide additional written documentation and/or argument concerning the issue of whether an adequate good faith effort was made to meet the contract goal. In addition, the request shall be considered a consent by the bidder to extend the time for award. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal.

(a) No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.

(b) All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the Participation Statement. The Contractor shall not terminate for convenience a DBE listed in the Utilization Plan and then perform the work of the terminated DBE with its own forces, those of an affiliate or those of another subcontractor, whether DBE or not, without first obtaining the written consent of the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises to amend the Utilization Plan. If a DBE listed in the Utilization Plan is terminated for reasons other than convenience, or fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make good faith efforts to find another DBE to substitute for the terminated DBE. The good faith efforts shall be directed at finding another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, but only to the extent needed to meet the contract goal or the amended contract goal. The Contractor shall notify the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises of any termination for reasons other than convenience, and shall obtain approval for inclusion of the substitute DBE in the Utilization Plan. If good faith efforts following a termination of a DBE for cause are not successful, the Contractor shall contact the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises and provide a full accounting of the efforts undertaken to obtain substitute DBE participation. The Bureau of Small Business Enterprises will evaluate the good faith efforts in light of all circumstances surrounding the performance status of the contract, and determine whether the contract goal should be amended.

(c) The Contractor shall maintain a record of payments for work performed to the DBE participants. The records shall be made available to the Department for inspection upon request. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Regional Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Plan, the Department will deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages.

(d) The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department.

EQUIPMENT RENTAL RATES (BDE)
Effective: August 2, 2007 Revised: January 2, 2008

Replace the second and third paragraphs of Article 105.07(b)(4)a. of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4)."

Replace Article 109.04(b)(4) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"(4) Equipment. Equipment used for extra work shall be authorized by the Engineer. The equipment shall be specifically described, be of suitable size and capacity for the work to be performed, and be in good operating condition. For such equipment, the Contractor will be paid as follows.

a. Contractor Owned Equipment. Contractor owned equipment will be paid for by the hour using the applicable FHWA hourly rate from the "Equipment Watch Rental Rate Blue Book" (Blue Book) in effect when the force account work begins. The FHWA hourly rate is calculated as follows.

FHWA hourly rate = (monthly rate/176) x (model year adj.) x (Illinois adj.) + EOC

Where: EOC = Estimated Operating Costs per hour (from the Blue Book)

The time allowed will be the actual time the equipment is operating on the extra work. For the time required to move the equipment to and from the site of the extra work and any authorized idle (standby) time, payment will be made at the following hourly rate: 0.5 x (FHWA hourly rate - EOC).

All time allowed shall fall within the working hours authorized for the extra work.

The rates above include the cost of fuel, oil, lubrication, supplies, small tools, necessary attachments, repairs, overhaul and maintenance of any kind, depreciation, storage, overhead, profits, insurance, and all incidentals. The rates do not include labor.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer sufficient information for each piece of equipment and its attachments to enable the Engineer to determine the proper equipment category. If a rate is not established in the Blue Book for a particular piece of equipment, the Engineer will establish a rate for that piece of equipment that is consistent with its cost and use in the industry.

b. Rented Equipment. Whenever it is necessary for the Contractor to rent equipment to perform extra work, the rental and transportation costs of the equipment plus five percent for overhead will be paid. In no case shall the rental rates exceed those of established distributors or equipment rental agencies.

All prices shall be agreed to in writing before the equipment is used."

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES (BDE)
Effective: April 1, 2009

Revise the table in Article 108.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Schedule of Deductions for Each Day of Overrun in Contract Time			
Original Contract Amount		Daily Charges	
From More Than	To and Including	Calendar Day	Work Day
$ 0	$ 100,000	$ 375	$ 500
100,000	500,000	625	875
500,000	1,000,000	1,025	1,425
1,000,000	3,000,000	1,125	1,550
3,000,000	5,000,000	1,425	1,950
5,000,000	10,000,000	1,700	2,350
10,000,000	And over	3,325	4,650"

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM / EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEFICIENCY DEDUCTION (BDE)
Effective: April 1, 2007 Revised: November 1, 2008

Revise Article 105.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) / Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction. When the Engineer is notified or determines an erosion and/or sediment control deficiency(s) exists, or the Contractor's activities represents a violation of the Department's NPDES permits, the Engineer will notify and direct the Contractor to correct the deficiency within a specified time. The specified time, which begins upon notification to the Contractor, will be from 1/2 hour to 1 week based on the urgency of the situation and the nature of the work effort required. The Engineer will be the sole judge.

A deficiency may be any lack of repair, maintenance, or implementation of erosion and/or sediment control devices included in the contract, or any failure to comply with the conditions of the Department's NPDES permits. A deficiency may also be applied to situations where corrective action is not an option such as the failure to participate in a jobsite inspection of the project, failure to install required measures prior to initiating earth moving operations, disregard of concrete washout requirements, or other disregard of the NPDES permit.

If the Contractor fails to correct a deficiency within the specified time, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency exists. The calendar day(s) will begin with notification to the Contractor and end with the Engineer's acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be either $1000.00 or 0.05 percent of the awarded contract value, whichever is greater. For those deficiencies where corrective action was not an option, the monetary deduction will be immediate and will be valued at one calendar day."

PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS (BDE)
Effective: June 1, 2000 Revised: January 1, 2006

Federal regulations found at 49 CFR §26.29 mandate the Department to establish a contract clause to require Contractors to pay subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their subcontracts and to set the time for such payments.

State law also addresses the timing of payments to be made to subcontractors and material suppliers. Section 7 of the Prompt Payment Act, 30 ILCS 540/7, requires that when a Contractor receives any payment from the Department, the Contractor shall make corresponding, proportional payments to each subcontractor and material supplier performing work or supplying material within 15 calendar days after receipt of the Department payment. Section 7 of the Act further provides that interest in the amount of two percent per month, in addition to the payment due, shall be paid to any subcontractor or material supplier by the Contractor if the payment required by the Act is withheld or delayed without reasonable cause. The Act also provides that the time for payment required and the calculation of any interest due applies to transactions between subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors and material suppliers throughout the contracting chain.

This Special Provision establishes the required federal contract clause, and adopts the 15 calendar day requirement of the State Prompt Payment Act for purposes of compliance with the federal regulation regarding payments to subcontractors. This contract is subject to the following payment obligations.

When progress payments are made to the Contractor according to Article 109.07 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall make a corresponding payment to each subcontractor and material supplier in proportion to the work satisfactorily completed by each subcontractor and for the material supplied to perform any work of the contract. The proportionate amount of partial payment due to each subcontractor and material supplier throughout the contracting chain shall be determined by the quantities measured or otherwise determined as eligible for payment by the Department and included in the progress payment to

the Contractor. Subcontractors and material suppliers shall be paid by the Contractor within 15 calendar days after the receipt of payment from the Department. The Contractor shall not hold retainage from the subcontractors. These obligations shall also apply to any payments made by subcontractors and material suppliers to their subcontractors and material suppliers; and to all payments made to lower tier subcontractors and material suppliers throughout the contracting chain. Any payment or portion of a payment subject to this provision may only be withheld from the subcontractor or material supplier to whom it is due for reasonable cause.

This Special Provision does not create any rights in favor of any subcontractor or material supplier against the State or authorize any cause of action against the State on account of any payment, nonpayment, delayed payment, or interest claimed by application of the State Prompt Payment Act. The Department will not approve any delay or postponement of the 15 day requirement except for reasonable cause shown after notice and hearing pursuant to Section 7(b) of the State Prompt Payment Act. State law creates other and additional remedies available to any subcontractor or material supplier, regardless of tier, who has not been paid for work properly performed or material furnished. These remedies are a lien against public funds set forth in Section 23(c) of the Mechanics Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c), and a recovery on the Contractor's payment bond according to the Public Construction Bond Act, 30 ILCS 550.

PAYROLLS AND PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)
Effective: March 1, 2009

FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include each worker's name, address, telephone number, social security number, classification, rate of pay, number of hours worked each day, starting and ending times of work each day, total hours worked each week, itemized deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit payroll records to the Engineer each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number.). The submittals shall be on the Department's form SBE 48, or an approved facsimile. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate box ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") checked on the form."

STATE CONTRACTS. Revise Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"IV. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PREVAILING WAGE ACT

1. Prevailing Wages. All wages paid by the Contractor and each subcontractor shall be in compliance with The Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130), as amended, except where a prevailing wage violates a federal law, order, or ruling, the rate conforming to the federal law, order, or ruling shall govern. The Contractor shall be responsible to notify each subcontractor of the wage rates set forth in this contract and any revisions thereto. If the Department of Labor revises the wage rates, the Contractor will not be allowed additional compensation on account of said revisions.

2. Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall make and keep, for a period of three years from the date of completion of this contract, records of the wages paid to his/her workers. The payroll records shall include each worker's name, address, telephone number, social security number, classification, rate of pay, number of hours worked each day, starting and ending times of work each day, total hours worked each week, itemized deductions made, and actual wages paid. Upon two business days' notice, these records shall be available, at all reasonable hours at a location within the State, for inspection by the Department or the Department of Labor.

3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit payroll records to the Engineer each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The submittals shall be on the Department's form SBE 48, or an approved facsimile. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate box ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") checked on the form.

   Each submittal shall be accompanied by a statement signed by the Contractor or subcontractor which avers that: (i) such records are true and accurate; (ii) the hourly rate paid to each worker is not less than the general prevailing rate of hourly wages required by the Act; and (iii) the Contractor or subcontractor is aware that filing a payroll record that he/she knows to be false is a Class B misdemeanor.

4. Employee Interviews. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall permit his/her employees to be interviewed on the job, during working hours, by compliance investigators of the Department or the Department of Labor."

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (BDE)
Effective: November 1, 2008

Revise the first sentence of Article 701.12 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"All personnel on foot, excluding flaggers, within the highway right-of-way shall wear a fluorescent orange, fluorescent yellow/green, or a combination of fluorescent orange and fluorescent yellow/green vest meeting the requirements of ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 for Conspicuity Class 2 garments."

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (BDE)
Effective: January 1, 2000

Add the following paragraph after the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications.

"On weekends, excluding holidays, roadways with Average Daily Traffic of 25,000 or greater, all lanes shall be open to traffic from 3:00 P.M. Friday to midnight Sunday except where structure construction or major rehabilitation makes it impractical."

REFLECTIVE SHEETING ON CHANNELIZING DEVICES (BDE)
Effective: April 1, 2007 Revised: November 1, 2008

Revise the seventh paragraph of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"At the time of manufacturing, the retroreflective prismatic sheeting used on channelizing devices shall meet or exceed the initial minimum coefficient of retroreflection as specified in the following table. Measurements shall be conducted according to ASTM E 810, without averaging. Sheeting used on cones, drums and flexible delineators shall be reboundable as tested according to ASTM D 4956. Prestriped sheeting for rigid substrates on barricades shall be white and orange. The sheeting shall be uniform in color and devoid of streaks throughout the length of each roll. The color shall conform to the latest appropriate standard color tolerance chart issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, and to the daytime and nighttime color requirements of ASTM D 4956.

Initial Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material				
Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	White	Orange	Fluorescent Orange
0.2	-4	365	160	150
0.2	+30	175	80	70
0.5	-4	245	100	95
0.5	+30	100	50	40"

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1106.02(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Barricades and vertical panels shall have alternating white and orange stripes sloping downward at 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic will pass."

Revise the third sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1106.02(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The bottom panels shall be 8 x 24 in. (200 x 600 mm) with alternating white and orange stripes sloping downward at 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic will pass."

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING, NONREFLECTIVE SHEETING, AND TRANSLUCENT OVERLAY FILM FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS (BDE)
Effective: April 1, 2007

General. This special provision covers retroreflective sheeting and translucent overlay films intended for application on new or refurbished aluminum. The sheeting serves as the reflectorized background for sign messages and as cutout legends and symbols applied to the reflectorized background. Messages may be applied in opaque black or transparent colors.

This special provision also covers nonreflective sheeting for application on new or refurbished aluminum, and as material for cutout legends and symbols applied to the reflectorized background.

All material furnished under this specification shall have been manufactured within 18 months of the delivery date. All material shall be supplied by the same manufacturer.

Retroreflective Sheeting Properties. Retroreflective sheeting shall consist of a flexible, colored, prismatic, or glass lens elements adhered to a synthetic resin, encapsulated by a flexible, transparent plastic having a smooth outer surface and shall meet the following requirements.

Only suppliers whose products have been tested and approved in the Department's periodic Sheeting Study will be eligible to supply material. All individual batches and or lots of material shall be tested and approved by the Department. The Department reserves the right to sample and test delivered materials according to Federal Specification LS-300.

(a) Adhesive. The sheeting shall have a Class 1, pre-coated, pressure sensitive adhesive according to ASTM D 4956. The adhesive shall have a protective liner that is easily removed when tested according to ASTM D 4956. The adhesive shall be capable of being applied to new or refurbished aluminum and reflectorized backgrounds without additional adhesive.

(b) Color. The sheeting shall be uniform in color and devoid of streaks throughout the length of each roll. The color shall conform to the latest appropriate standard color tolerance chart issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration and to the daytime and nighttime color requirements of ASTM D 4956. Sheeting used for side by side overlay applications shall have a Hunter Lab Delta E of less than 3.

(c) Coefficient of Retroreflection. When tested according to ASTM E 810, without averaging, the sheeting shall have a minimum coefficient of retroreflection as shown in the following tables. The brightness of the sheeting when totally wet shall be a minimum of 90 percent of the values shown when tested according to the standard rainfall test specified in Section 7.10.1 of AASHTO M 268-84.

Type A Sheeting
Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type A

Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	White	Yellow	Orange	Red	Green	Blue	Brown
0.2	-4	250	170	100	45	45	20	12
0.2	+30	150	100	60	25	25	12	8.5
0.5	-4	95	65	30	15	15	8	5
0.5	+30	75	50	25	10	10	5	3.5

Type AA Sheeting
Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type AA (0 and 90 degree rotation)

Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	White	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	FO
0.2	-4	800	660	215	80	43	200
0.2	+30	400	340	100	35	20	120
0.5	-4	200	160	45	20	9.8	80
0.5	+30	100	85	26	10	5.0	50

Type AA (45 degree rotation)

Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	Yellow	FO
0.2	-4	550	165
0.2	+30	130	45
0.5	-4	145	70
0.5	+30	70	40

Type AP Sheeting
Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type AP

Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	White	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	Brown	FO
0.2	-4	550	425	100	75	50	30	275
0.2	+30	200	150	40	35	25	15	90
0.5	-4	300	250	60	35	25	20	150
0.5	+30	100	70	20	20	10	5	50

Type AZ Sheeting
Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type AZ (0 degree rotation)

Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	White	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	FYG	FY
0.2	-4	430	350	110	45	20	325	240
0.2	+30	235	140	60	24	11	200	150
0.5	-4	250	200	60	25	10	235	165
0.5	+30	170	135	40	19	7	105	75
1.0	-4	70	45	10	10	4	70	30
1.0	+30	30	20	7	5	2.5	45	15

Type AZ (90 degree rotation)

Observation Angle (deg.)	Entrance Angle (deg.)	White	Yellow	Red	Green	Blue	FYG	FY
0.2	-4	320	250	100	45	20	300	220
0.2	+30	235	140	40	24	11	200	150
0.5	-4	240	200	60	25	10	235	165
0.5	+30	100	85	20	10	7	80	75
1.0	-4	30	30	7	5	4	65	20
1.0	+30	15	15	5	2	2	30	10

(d) Gloss. The sheeting surface shall exhibit a minimum 85 degree gloss-meter rating of 50 when tested according to ASTM D 523.

(e) Durability. When processed and applied, the sheeting shall be weather resistant.

Accelerated weathering testing will be performed for 1000 hours (300 hours for orange/FO) according to ASTM G 151. The testing cycle will consist of 8 hours of light at 140 °F (60 °C), followed by 4 hours of condensation at 104 °F (40 °C). Following accelerated weathering, the sheeting shall exhibit a minimum of 80 percent of its initial minimum coefficient of retroreflection as listed in the previous tables.

Outdoor weathering will entail an annual evaluation of material placed in an outdoor rack with a 45 degree angle and a southern sun exposure. The sheeting will be evaluated for five years. Following weathering, the test specimens will be cleaned by immersing them in a five percent hydrochloric acid solution for 45 seconds, then rinsed with water and blotted dry with a soft clean cloth. Following cleaning, the applied sheeting shall show no appreciable discoloration, cracking, streaking, crazing, blistering, or dimensional change. The sheeting shall exhibit a Hunter Lab Delta E of 5 or less when compared to the original.

(f) Shrinkage. When tested according to ASTM D 4956, the sheeting shall not shrink in any dimension more than 1/32 in. (0.8 mm) in ten minutes and not more than 1/8 in. (3 mm) in 24 hours.

(g) Workability. The sheeting shall show no cracking, scaling, pitting, blistering, edge lifting, inter-film splitting, curling, or discoloration when processed and applied using mutually acceptable processing and application procedures.

(h) Splices. A single roll of sheeting shall contain a maximum of four splices per 50 yd (45 m) length. The sheeting shall be overlapped a minimum of 3/16 in. (5 mm) at each splice.

(i) Adhesive Bond. The sheeting shall form a durable bond to smooth, corrosion and weather-resistant surfaces and adhere securely when tested according to ASTM D 4956.

(j) Positionability. Sheeting, with ASTM D 4956 Class 3 adhesive, used for manufacturing cutout legends and borders shall provide sufficient positionability during the fabrication process to permit removal and reapplication without damage to either the legend or sign background and shall have a plastic liner suitable for use on bed cutting machines. Thereafter, all other adhesive and bond requirements contained in the specification shall apply.

Positionablility shall be verified by cutting 4 in. (100 mm) letters E, I, K, M, S, W, and Y out of the positionable material. The letters shall then be applied to a sheeted aluminum blank using a single pass of a two pound roller. The letters shall sit for five minutes and then a putty knife shall be used to lift a corner. The thumb and fore finger shall be used to slowly pull the lifted corner to lift letters away from the sheeted aluminum. The letters shall not tear or distort when removed.

(k) Thickness. The thickness of the sheeting without the protective liner shall be less than or equal to 0.015 in. (0.4 mm), or 0.025 in. (0.6 mm) for prismatic material.

(l) Processing. The sheeting shall permit cutting and color processing according to the sheeting manufacturer's specifications at temperatures of 60 to 100 °F (15 to 38 °C) and within a relative humidity range of 20 to 80 percent. The sheeting shall be heat resistant and permit forced curing without staining the applied or unapplied sheeting at temperatures recommended by the manufacturer. The sheeting shall be solvent resistant and capable of being cleaned with VM&P naptha, mineral spirits, and turpentine.

Transparent color and opaque black inks shall be single component and low odor. The inks shall dry within eight hours and not require clear coating. After color processing on white sheeting, the sheeting shall show no appreciable discoloration, cracking, streaking, crazing, blistering, or dimensional change when tested for durability (e). The ink on the weathered, prepared panel shall exhibit a Hunter Lab Delta E of 5 or less when compared to the original.

Transparent color electronic cutting films shall be acrylic. After application to white sheeting, the films shall show no appreciable discoloration, cracking, streaking, crazing, blistering, or dimensional change when tested for durability (e). The films on the weathered, prepared panel shall exhibit a Hunter Lab Delta E of 5 or less when compared to the original.

Transparent colors screened, or transparent acrylic electronic cutting films, on white sheeting, shall have a minimum initial coefficient of retroreflection values of 50 percent for yellow and red, and a minimum 70 percent for green, blue, and brown of the 0.2 degree observation angle/-4.0 degree entrance angle values as listed in the previous tables for the color being applied. After durability testing, the colors shall retain a minimum 80 percent of the initial coefficient of retroreflection.

(m) Identification. The sheeting shall have a distinctive overall pattern in the sheeting unique to the manufacturer. If material orientation is required for optimum retroreflectivity,

permanent orientation marks shall be incorporated into the face of the sheeting. Neither the overall pattern nor the orientation marks shall interfere with the reflectivity of the sheeting.

(n) Packaging. Both ends of each box shall be clearly labeled with the sheeting type, color, adhesive type, manufacturer's lot number, date of manufacture, and supplier's name. Material Safety Data Sheets and technical bulletins for all materials shall be furnished to the Department with each shipment.

Nonreflective Sheeting Properties. Nonreflective sheeting shall consist of a flexible, pigmented cast vinyl film having a smooth, flat outer surface and shall meet the following requirements.

The Department reserves the right to sample and test delivered materials according to Federal Specification LS-300.

(a) Adhesive. The sheeting shall have a Class 1, pre-coated, pressure sensitive adhesive according to ASTM D 4956. The adhesive shall have a protective liner that is easily removed when tested according to ASTM D 4956. The adhesive shall be capable of being applied to new or refurbished aluminum and reflectorized backgrounds without additional adhesive.

(b) Color. The sheeting shall be uniform in color and devoid of streaks throughout the length of each roll.

(c) Gloss. The sheeting shall exhibit a minimum 85 degree gloss-meter rating of 40 when tested according to ASTM D 523.

(d) Durability. Applied sheeting that has been vertically exposed to the elements for seven years shall show no appreciable discoloration, cracking, crazing, blistering, delamination, or loss of adhesion. A slight amount of chalking is permitted but the sheeting shall not support fungus growth.

(e) Testing. Test panels shall be prepared by applying the sheeting to 6 1/2 x 6 1/2 in. (165 x 165 mm) pieces of aluminum according to the manufacturer's specifications. The edges of the panel shall be trimmed evenly and aged 48 hours at 70 to 90 °F (21 to 32 °C). Shrinkage and immersion testing shall be as follows.

(1) Shrinkage. The sheeting shall not shrink more then 1/64 in. (0.4 mm) from any panel edge when subjected to a temperature of 150 °F (66 °C) for 48 hours and shall be sufficiently heat resistant to retain adhesion after one week at 150 °F (66 °C).

(2) Immersion Testing. The sheeting shall show no appreciable decrease in adhesion, color, or general appearance when examined one hour after being immersed to a depth of 2 or 3 in. (50 or 75 mm) in the following solutions at 70 to 90 °F (21 to 32 °C) for specified times.

Solution	Immersion Time (hours)
Reference Fuel (M I L-F-8799A) (15 parts xylol and 85 parts mineral spirits by weight)	1
Distilled Water	24
SAE No. 20 Motor Oil	24
Antifreeze (1/2 ethylene glycol, 1/2 distilled water)	24

(f) Adhesive Bond: The sheeting shall form a durable bond to smooth, corrosion and weather-resistant surfaces and adhere securely when tested according to ASTM D 4956.

(g) Thickness. The thickness of the sheeting without the protective liner shall be a maximum of 0.005 in. (0.13 mm).

(h) Cutting. Material used on bed cutting machines shall have a smooth plastic liner.

(i) Identification. The sheeting shall have a distinctive overall pattern in the sheeting unique to the manufacturer. If material orientation is required for optimum retroreflectivity, permanent orientation marks shall be incorporated into the face of the sheeting. Neither the overall pattern nor the orientation marks shall interfere with the reflectivity of the sheeting.

(j) Packaging. Both ends of each box shall be clearly labeled with the sheeting type, color, adhesive type, manufacturer's lot number, date of manufacture, and supplier's name. Material Safety Data Sheets and technical bulletins for all materials shall be furnished to the Department with each shipment.

SIGN PANELS AND SIGN PANEL OVERLAYS (BDE)
Effective: November 1, 2008

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing, fabricating, and installing sign panels and/or sign panel overlays. Work shall be according to Sections 720 and 721 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Materials. Type AP and AZ sheeting shall meet the requirements of the special provision, "Retroreflective Sheeting, Nonreflective Sheeting, and Translucent Overlay Film for Highway Signs". Type ZZ sheeting shall meet the requirements of the special provision, "Type ZZ Retroreflective Sheeting, Nonreflective Sheeting, and Translucent Overlay Film for Highway Signs".

The sheeting for the background, legend, border, shields, and symbols shall be provided by the same manufacturer.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Fabrication. Signs shall be fabricated according to the current Bureau of Operations Policy Memorandum, "Fabrication of Highway Signs", the MUTCD, the FHWA Standard Highway Signs manual, the Illinois standard highway signs, and as shown on the plans.

Signs shall be fabricated such that the material for the background, legend, border, shields, and symbols is applied in the preferred orientation for the maximum retroreflectivity per the manufacturer's recommendation. The nesting of legend, border, shields, or symbols will not be permitted.

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)
Effective: April 2, 2005

To account for the preparatory work and operations necessary for the movement of subcontractor personnel, equipment, supplies, and incidentals to the project site and for all other work or operations that must be performed or costs incurred when beginning work approved for subcontracting in accordance with Article 108.01 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall make a mobilization payment to each subcontractor.

This mobilization payment shall be made at least 14 days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be equal to 3 percent of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

This provision shall be incorporated directly or by reference into each subcontract approved by the Department.

WORKING DAYS (BDE)
Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within **40** working days.

STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE) (RETURN FORM WITH BID)
Effective: April 2, 2004 Revised: April 1, 2009

Description. Steel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in steel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate on the attached form whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract and submit the completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or failure to indicate contract number, company name, and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments for all items of steel. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment.

Types of Steel Products. An adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of steel used in the manufacture of the following items:

Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling)
Structural Steel
Reinforcing Steel

Other steel materials such as dowel bars, tie bars, mesh reinforcement, guardrail, steel traffic signal and light poles, towers and mast arms, metal railings (excluding wire fence), and frames and grates will be subject to a steel cost adjustment when the pay items they are used in has a contract value of $10,000 or greater.

Documentation. Sufficient documentation shall be furnished to the Engineer to verify the following:

(a) The dates and quantity of steel, in lb (kg), shipped from the mill to the fabricator.
(b) The quantity of steel, in lb (kg), incorporated into the various items of work covered by this special provision. The Department reserves the right to verify submitted quantities.

Method of Adjustment. Steel cost adjustments will be computed as follows:

$SCA = Q \times D$

Where: SCA = steel cost adjustment, in dollars
Q = quantity of steel incorporated into the work, in lb (kg)
D = price factor, in dollars per lb (kg)

$D = MPI_M - MPI_L$

Where: MPI_M = The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month the steel is shipped from the mill. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

MPI_L = The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month prior to the letting. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

The unit weights (masses) of steel that will be used to calculate the steel cost adjustment for the various items are shown in the attached table.

No steel cost adjustment will be made for any products manufactured from steel having a mill shipping date prior to the letting date.

If the Contractor fails to provide the required documentation, the method of adjustment will be calculated as described above; however, the MPI_M will be based on the date the steel arrives at the job site. In this case, an adjustment will only be made when there is a decrease in steel costs.

Basis of Payment. Steel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the MPI_L and MPI_M in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

$$\text{Percent Difference} = \{(MPI_L - MPI_M) \div MPI_L\} \times 100$$

Steel cost adjustments will be calculated by the Engineer and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the cost of the steel as described herein. No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of manufacturing, fabrication, shipping, storage, etc.

The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

Attachment

Item	Unit Mass (Weight)
Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling)	
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.179 in. (3.80 mm) wall thickness)	23 lb/ft (34 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	32 lb/ft (48 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 14 in. (356 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	37 lb/ft (55 kg/m)
Other piling	See plans
Structural Steel	See plans for weights (masses)
Reinforcing Steel	See plans for weights (masses)
Dowel Bars and Tie Bars	6 lb (3 kg) each
Mesh Reinforcement	63 lb/100 sq ft (310 kg/sq m)
Guardrail	
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type A w/steel posts	20 lb/ft (30 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type B w/steel posts	30 lb/ft (45 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Types A and B w/wood posts	8 lb/ft (12 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 2	305 lb (140 kg) each
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 6	1260 lb (570 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Tangent)	730 lb (330 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Flared)	410 lb (185 kg) each
Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms	
Traffic Signal Post	11 lb/ft (16 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 30 - 40 ft (9 – 12 m)	14 lb/ft (21 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 45 - 55 ft (13.5 – 16.5 m)	21 lb/ft (31 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 30 - 50 ft (9 – 15.2 m)	13 lb/ft (19 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 55 - 60 ft (16.5 – 18 m)	19 lb/ft (28 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 80 - 110 ft (24 – 33.5 m)	31 lb/ft (46 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 120 - 140 ft (36.5 – 42.5 m)	65 lb/ft (97 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 150 - 160 ft (45.5 – 48.5 m)	80 lb/ft (119 kg/m)
Metal Railings (excluding wire fence)	
Steel Railing, Type SM	64 lb/ft (95 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type S-1	39 lb/ft (58 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type T-1	53 lb/ft (79 kg/m)
Steel Bridge Rail	52 lb/ft (77 kg/m)
Frames and Grates	
Frame	250 lb (115 kg)
Lids and Grates	150 lb (70 kg)

RETURN WITH BID

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

OPTION FOR STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT

The bidder shall submit this completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or properly complete contract number, company name, and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of steel cost adjustments for all items of steel. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment. After award, this form, when submitted shall become part of the contract.

Contract No.: _____

Company Name:_____

Contractor's Option:

Is your company opting to include this special provision as part of the contract plans for the following items of work?

Metal Piling	Yes	☐
Structural Steel	Yes	☐
Reinforcing Steel	Yes	☐
Dowel Bars, Tie Bars and Mesh Reinforcement	Yes	☐
Guardrail	Yes	☐
Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms	Yes	☐
Metal Railings (excluding wire fence)	Yes	☐
Frames and Grates	Yes	☐

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

PREVAILING WAGES FOR
COOK COUNTY
EFFECTIVE MAY 2009

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/ or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.

Cook County Prevailing Wage for May 2009

Trade Name	RG	TYP	C	Base	FRMAN	*M-F>8	OSA	OSH	H/W	Pensn	Vac	Trng
ASBESTOS ABT-GEN		ALL		34.750	35.250	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.830	6.170	0.000	0.270
ASBESTOS ABT-MEC		BLD		29.930	0.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.170	9.260	0.000	0.320
BOILERMAKER		BLD		41.230	44.940	2.0	2.0	2.0	6.720	8.940	0.000	0.350
BRICK MASON		BLD		38.030	41.830	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.000	9.970	0.000	0.550
CARPENTER		ALL		39.770	41.770	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.460	7.790	0.000	0.490
CEMENT MASON		ALL		41.850	43.850	2.0	1.5	2.0	7.850	7.410	0.000	0.170
CERAMIC TILE FNSHER		BLD		32.150	0.000	2.0	1.5	2.0	6.150	7.370	0.000	0.380
COMM. ELECT.		BLD		35.440	37.940	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.400	7.660	0.000	0.700
ELECTRIC PWR EQMT OP		ALL		38.600	44.970	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.110	11.34	0.000	0.290
ELECTRIC PWR GRNDMAN		ALL		30.110	44.970	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.120	8.850	0.000	0.230
ELECTRIC PWR LINEMAN		ALL		38.600	44.970	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.110	11.34	0.000	0.290
ELECTRICIAN		ALL		39.400	42.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	10.83	8.740	0.000	0.750
ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTOR		BLD		44.930	50.550	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.525	8.210	2.700	0.000
FENCE ERECTOR		ALL		30.700	32.200	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.950	8.430	0.000	0.500
GLAZIER		BLD		37.000	38.500	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.340	12.05	0.000	0.740
HT/FROST INSULATOR		BLD		39.900	42.400	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.170	10.46	0.000	0.320
IRON WORKER		ALL		40.250	42.250	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.950	14.74	0.000	0.300
LABORER		ALL		34.750	35.500	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.830	6.170	0.000	0.270
LATHER		ALL		39.770	41.770	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.460	7.790	0.000	0.490
MACHINIST		BLD		40.530	42.530	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.000	7.670	0.650	0.000
MARBLE FINISHERS		ALL		28.650	0.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.920	9.970	0.000	0.550
MARBLE MASON		BLD		38.030	41.830	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.000	9.970	0.000	0.550
MATERIAL TESTER I		ALL		24.750	0.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.830	6.170	0.000	0.270
MATERIALS TESTER II		ALL		29.750	0.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.830	6.170	0.000	0.270
MILLWRIGHT		ALL		39.770	41.770	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.460	7.790	0.000	0.490
OPERATING ENGINEER		BLD	1	43.800	47.800	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		BLD	2	42.500	47.800	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		BLD	3	39.950	47.800	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		BLD	4	38.200	47.800	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		FLT	1	47.250	47.250	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.850	5.600	1.900	0.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		FLT	2	45.750	47.250	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.850	5.600	1.900	0.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		FLT	3	40.700	47.250	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.850	5.600	1.900	0.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		FLT	4	33.850	47.250	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.850	5.600	1.900	0.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		HWY	1	42.000	46.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		HWY	2	41.450	46.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		HWY	3	39.400	46.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		HWY	4	38.000	46.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
OPERATING ENGINEER		HWY	5	36.800	46.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.600	6.550	1.900	1.000
ORNAMNTL IRON WORKER		ALL		39.050	41.300	2.0	2.0	2.0	7.950	13.19	0.000	0.500
PAINTER		ALL		36.900	41.510	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.350	8.400	0.000	0.470
PAINTER SIGNS		BLD		30.820	34.600	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.600	2.470	0.000	0.000
PILEDRIVER		ALL		39.770	41.770	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.460	7.790	0.000	0.490
PIPEFITTER		BLD		42.050	45.050	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.660	8.550	0.000	1.370
PLASTERER		BLD		38.100	40.390	1.5	1.5	2.0	7.500	8.440	0.000	0.400
PLUMBER		BLD		43.000	45.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.110	5.960	0.000	1.030
ROOFER		BLD		36.400	39.400	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.950	4.670	0.000	0.330
SHEETMETAL WORKER		BLD		39.130	42.260	1.5	1.5	2.0	9.130	11.83	0.000	0.610
SIGN HANGER		BLD		27.360	28.210	1.5	1.5	2.0	4.350	2.530	0.000	0.000
SPRINKLER FITTER		BLD		40.500	42.500	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.500	6.850	0.000	0.500
STEEL ERECTOR		ALL		40.250	42.250	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.950	14.74	0.000	0.300
STONE MASON		BLD		38.030	41.830	1.5	1.5	2.0	8.000	9.970	0.000	0.550
TERRAZZO FINISHER		BLD		33.810	0.000	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.150	9.850	0.000	0.310
TERRAZZO MASON		BLD		37.390	40.390	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.150	11.11	0.000	0.350
TILE MASON		BLD		38.630	42.630	2.0	1.5	2.0	6.150	9.010	0.000	0.500
TRAFFIC SAFETY WRKR		HWY		24.300	25.900	1.5	1.5	2.0	3.780	1.875	0.000	0.000
TRUCK DRIVER	E	ALL	1	30.700	31.350	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.750	5.450	0.000	0.150
TRUCK DRIVER	E	ALL	2	30.950	31.350	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.750	5.450	0.000	0.150
TRUCK DRIVER	E	ALL	3	31.150	31.350	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.750	5.450	0.000	0.150

TRUCK DRIVER	E	ALL	4	31.350	31.350	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.750	5.450	0.000	0.150
TRUCK DRIVER	W	ALL	1	32.550	33.100	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.500	4.350	0.000	0.000
TRUCK DRIVER	W	ALL	2	32.700	33.100	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.500	4.350	0.000	0.000
TRUCK DRIVER	W	ALL	3	32.900	33.100	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.500	4.350	0.000	0.000
TRUCK DRIVER	W	ALL	4	33.100	33.100	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.500	4.350	0.000	0.000
TUCKPOINTER		BLD		38.200	39.200	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.580	9.550	0.000	0.280

Legend:

M-F>8 (Overtime is required for any hour greater than 8 worked each day, Monday through Friday.

OSA (Overtime is required for every hour worked on Saturday)

OSH (Overtime is required for every hour worked on Sunday and Holidays)

H/W (Health & Welfare Insurance)

Pensn (Pension)

Vac (Vacation)

Trng (Training)

Explanations

COOK COUNTY

TRUCK DRIVERS (WEST) - That part of the county West of Barrington Road.

The following list is considered as those days for which holiday rates of wages for work performed apply: New Years Day, Memorial/Decoration Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day. Generally, any of these holidays which fall on a Sunday is celebrated on the following Monday. This then makes work performed on that Monday payable at the appropriate overtime rate for holiday pay. Common practice in a given local may alter certain days of celebration such as the day after Thanksgiving for Veterans Day. If in doubt, please check with IDOL.

EXPLANATION OF CLASSES

ASBESTOS - GENERAL - removal of asbestos material/mold and hazardous materials from any place in a building, including mechanical systems where those mechanical systems are to be removed. This includes the removal of asbestos materials/mold and hazardous materials from ductwork or pipes in a building when the building is to be demolished at the time or at some close future date.
ASBESTOS - MECHANICAL - removal of asbestos material from mechanical systems, such as pipes, ducts, and boilers, where the mechanical systems are to remain.

CERAMIC TILE FINISHER

The grouting, cleaning, and polishing of all classes of tile, whether for interior or exterior purposes, all burned, glazed or unglazed products; all composition materials, granite tiles, warning detectable tiles, cement tiles, epoxy composite materials, pavers, glass, mosaics, fiberglass, and all substitute materials, for tile made in

tile-like units; all mixtures in tile like form of cement, metals, and other materials that are for and intended for use as a finished floor surface, stair treads, promenade roofs, walks, walls, ceilings, swimming pools, and all other places where tile is to form a finished interior or exterior. The mixing of all setting mortars including but not limited to thin-set mortars, epoxies, wall mud, and any other sand and cement mixtures or adhesives when used in the preparation, installation, repair, or maintenance of tile and/or similar materials. The handling and unloading of all sand, cement, lime, tile, fixtures, equipment, adhesives, or any other materials to be used in the preparation, installation, repair, or maintenance of tile and/or similar materials. Ceramic Tile Finishers shall fill all joints and voids regardless of method on all tile work, particularly and especially after installation of said tile work. Application of any and all protective coverings to all types of tile installations including, but not be limited to, all soap compounds, paper products, tapes, and all polyethylene coverings, plywood, masonite, cardboard, and any new type of products that may be used to protect tile installations, Blastrac equipment, and all floor scarifying equipment used in preparing floors to receive tile. The clean up and removal of all waste and materials. All demolition of existing tile floors and walls to be re-tiled.

COMMUNICATIONS ELECTRICIAN - Installation, operation, inspection, maintenance, repair and service of radio, television, recording, voice sound vision production and reproduction, telephone and telephone interconnect, facsimile, data apparatus, coaxial, fibre optic and wireless equipment, appliances and systems used for the transmission and reception of signals of any nature, business, domestic, commercial, education, entertainment, and residential purposes, including but not limited to, communication and telephone, electronic and sound equipment, fibre optic and data communication systems, and the performance of any task directly related to such installation or service whether at new or existing sites, such tasks to include the placing of wire and cable and electrical power conduit or other raceway work within the equipment room and pulling wire and/or cable through conduit and the installation of any incidental conduit, such that the employees covered hereby can complete any job in full.

MARBLE FINISHER

Loading and unloading trucks, distribution of all materials (all stone, sand, etc.), stocking of floors with material, performing all rigging for heavy work, the handling of all mateiral that may be needed for the installation of such materials, building of scaffolding, polishing if needed, patching, waxing of material if damaged, pointing up, caulking, grouting and cleaning of marble, holding water on diamond or Carborundum blade or saw for setters cutting, use of tub saw or any other saw needed for preparation of material, drilling of holes for wires that anchor material set by setters, mixing up of molding plaster for installation of material, mixing up thin set for the installation of material, mixing up of sand to cement for the installatin of material and such other work as may be required in helping a Marble Setter in the handling of all material in the erection or installation of interior marble, slate, travertine, art marble, serpentine, alberene stone, blue stone, granite and other stones (meaning as to stone any foreign or domestic materials as are specified and used in building interiors and experiors and customarily known as stone in the trade), carrara, sanionyx, vitrolite and similar opaque glass and the laying of all marble tile, terrazzo tile, slate tile and precast tile, steps, risers treads, base, or any other materials that may be used as substitutes for any of the aforementioned materials and which are used on interior

and experior which sare installed in a similar manner.

MATERIAL TESTER I: Hand coring and drilling for testing of materials; field inspection of uncured concrete and asphalt.

MATERIAL TESTER II: Field inspection of welds, structural steel, fireproofing, masonry, soil, facade, reinforcing steel, formwork, cured concrete, and concrete and asphalt batch plants; adjusting proportions of bituminous mixtures.

TERRAZZO FINISHER

The handling of sand, cement, marble chips, and all other materials that may be used by the Mosaic Terrazzo Mechanic, and the mixing, grinding, grouting, cleaning and sealing of all Marble, Mosaic, and Terrazzo work, floors, base, stairs, and wainscoting by hand or machine, and in addition, assisting and aiding Marble, Masonic, and Terrazzo Mechanics.

OPERATING ENGINEERS - BUILDING

Class 1. Mechanic; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Spreader; Autograde; Backhoes with Caisson attachment; Batch Plant; Benoto; Boiler and Throttle Valve; Caisson Rigs; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Back Hoe Front End-loader Machine; Compressor and Throttle Valve; Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted); Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Paver; Concrete Placer; Concrete Placing Boom; Concrete Pump (Truck Mounted); Concrete Tower; Cranes, All; Cranes, Hammerhead; Cranes, (GCI and similar Type); Creter Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derricks, Traveling; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Grader, Elevating; Grouting Machines; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader 2-1/4 yd. and over; Hoists, Elevators, outside type rack and pinion and similar machines; Hoists, one, two and three Drum; Hoists, Two Tugger One Floor; Hydraulic Backhoes; Hydraulic Boom Trucks; Hydro Vac (and similar equipment); Locomotives, All; Motor Patrol; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Post Hole Digger; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Pump Cretes; Squeeze Cretes-screw Type Pumps; Raised and Blind Hole Drill; Roto Mill Grinder; Scoops - Tractor Drawn; Slip-form Paver; Straddle Buggies; Tournapull; Tractor with Boom and Side Boom; Trenching Machines.

Class 2. Boilers; Broom, All Power Propelled; Bulldozers; Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Forklift Trucks; Greaser Engineer; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloaders under 2-1/4 yd.; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, inside Freight Elevators; Hoists, Sewer Dragging Machine; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Laser Screed; Rock Drill self-propelled); Rock Drill (truck mounted); Rollers, All; Steam Generators; Tractors, All; Tractor Drawn Vibratory Roller; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame.

Class 3. Air Compressor; Combination - Small Equipment Operator; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hoists, Inside Elevators - (Rheostat Manual Controlled); Hydraulic Power Units (Pile Driving, Extracting, and Drilling); Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300 ft.); Pumps, Well Points; Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 small Electric Drill Winches; Bobcat (up to and including 3/4 cu. yd.).

Class 4. Bobcats and/or other Skid Steer Loaders; Oilers; and Brick Forklift.

OPERATING ENGINEERS - FLOATING

Class 1. Craft foreman (Master Mechanic), diver/wet tender, engineer (hydraulic dredge).

Class 2. Crane/backhoe operator, mechanic/welder, assistant engineer (hydraulic dredge), leverman (hydraulic dredge), and diver tender.

Class 3. Deck equipment operator (machineryman), maintenance of crane (over 50 ton capacity) or backhoe (96,000 pounds or more), tug/launch operator, loader, dozer and like equipment on barge, breakwater wall,
slip/dock or scow, deck machinery, etc.

Class 4. Deck equipment operator machineryman/fireman), (4 equipment units or more) and crane maintenance 50 ton capacity and under or backhoe weighing 96,000 pounds or less, assistant tug operator.

OPERATING ENGINEERS - HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

Class 1. Craft Foreman; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Heater and Planer Combination; Asphalt Heater Scarfire; Asphalt Spreader; Autograder/GOMACO or other similar type machines; ABG Paver; Backhoes with Caisson attachment; Ballast Regulator; Belt Loader; Caisson Rigs; Car Dumper; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine, (1 cu. yd. Backhoe Bucket or over or with attachments); Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted): Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Paver over 27E cu. ft.; Concrete Placer; Concrete Tube Float; Cranes, all attachments; Cranes, Hammerhead, Linden, Peco & Machines of a like nature; Crete Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derrick Boats; Derricks, Traveling; Dowell machine with Air Compressor; Dredges; Field Mechanic-Welder; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Gradall and Machines of a like nature; Grader, Elevating; Grader, Motor Grader, Motor Patrol, Auto Patrol, Form Grader, Pull Grader, Subgrader; Guard Rail Post Driver Mounted; Hoists, One, Two and Three Drum; Hydraulic Backhoes; Backhoes with shear attachments; Mucking Machine; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Rock Drill - Crawler or Skid Rig; Rock Drill - Truck Mounted; Roto Mill Grinder; Slip-Form Paver; Soil Test Drill Rig (Truck Mounted); Straddle Buggies; Hydraulic Telescoping Form (Tunnel); Tractor Drawn Belt Loader (with attached pusher - two engineers); Tractor with Boom; Tractaire with Attachments; Trenching Machine; Truck Mounted Concrete Pump with Boom; Raised or Blind Hole; Drills (Tunnel Shaft); Underground Boring and/or Mining Machines; Wheel Excavator; Widener (APSCO).

Class 2. Batch Plant; Bituminous Mixer; Boiler and Throttle Valve; Bulldozers; Car Loader Trailing Conveyors; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine (less than 1 cu. yd. Backhoe Bucket or over or with attachments); Compressor and Throttle Valve; Compressor, Common Receiver (3); Concrete Breaker or Hydro Hammer; Concrete Grinding Machine; Concrete Mixer or Paver 7S Series to and including 27 cu. ft.; Concrete Spreader; Concrete Curing Machine, Burlap Machine, Belting Machine and Sealing Machine; Concrete Wheel Saw; Conveyor Muck Cars (Haglund or Similar Type); Drills, All; Finishing Machine - Concrete; Greaser Engineer; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader; Hoist - Sewer Dragging Machine; Hydraulic Boom Trucks (All Attachments); Hydro-Blaster; All Locomotives, Dinky; Pump Cretes; Squeeze Cretes-Screw Type Pumps, Gypsum Bulker and Pump; Roller, Asphalt; Rotory Snow Plows; Rototiller, Seaman, etc., self-propelled; Scoops - Tractor Drawn; Self-Propelled Compactor; Spreader - Chip - Stone, etc.; Scraper; Scraper - Prime Mover in Tandem (Regardless of Size); Tank Car Heater; Tractors, Push, Pulling Sheeps Foot, Disc, Compactor, etc.; Tug Boats.

Class 3. Boilers; Brooms, All Power Propelled; Cement Supply Tender; Compressor, Common Receiver (2); Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Farm-Type Tractors Used for Mowing, Seeding, etc.; Fireman on Boilers; Forklift Trucks; Grouting Machine; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, All Elevators; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Jeep Diggers; Pipe Jacking Machines; Post-Hole Digger; Power Saw, Concrete Power Driven; Pug Mills; Rollers, other than asphalt; Seed and Straw Blower; Steam Generators; Stump Machine; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame; Work Boats; Tamper - Form-Motor Driven.

Class 4. Air Compressor; Combination - Small Equipment Operator; Directional Boring Machine; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hydraulic Power Unit (Pile Driving, Extracting, or Drilling); Hydro-Blaster; Light Plants, All (1 through 5); Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300 ft.); Pumps, Well Points; Tractaire; Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 Small Electric Drill Winches.

Class 5. Bobcats (all); Brick Forklifts, Oilers.

TRAFFIC SAFETY

Work associated with barricades, horses and drums used to reduce lane usage on highway work, the installation and removal of temporary lane markings, and the installation and removal of temporary road signs.

TRUCK DRIVER - BUILDING, HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION - EAST & WEST

Class 1. Two or three Axle Trucks. A-frame Truck when used for transportation purposes; Air Compressors and Welding Machines, including those pulled by cars, pick-up trucks and tractors; Ambulances; Batch Gate Lockers; Batch Hopperman; Car and Truck Washers; Carry-alls; Fork Lifts and Hoisters; Helpers; Mechanics Helpers and Greasers; Oil Distributors 2-man operation; Pavement Breakers; Pole Trailer, up to 40 feet; Power Mower Tractors; Self-propelled Chip Spreader; Skipman; Slurry Trucks, 2-man operation; Slurry Truck Conveyor Operation, 2 or 3 man; TEamsters Unskilled dumpman; and Truck Drivers hauling warning lights, barricades, and portable toilets on the job site.

Class 2. Four axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors under 7 yards; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnapulls or Turnatrailers when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment under 16 cubic yards; Mixer Trucks under 7 yards; Ready-mix Plant Hopper Operator, and Winch Trucks, 2 Axles.

Class 3. Five axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors 7 yards and over; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnatrailers or turnapulls when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment over 16 cubic yards; Explosives and/or Fission Material Trucks; Mixer Trucks 7 yards or over; Mobile Cranes while in transit; Oil Distributors, 1-man operation; Pole Trailer, over 40 feet; Pole and Expandable Trailers hauling material over 50 feet long; Slurry trucks, 1-man operation; Winch trucks, 3 axles or more; Mechanic--Truck Welder and Truck Painter.

Class 4. Six axle trucks; Dual-purpose vehicles, such as mounted crane trucks with hoist and accessories; Foreman; Master Mechanic; Self-loading equipment like P.B. and trucks with scoops on the front.

Other Classifications of Work:

For definitions of classifications not otherwise set out, the Department generally has on file such definitions which are available. If a task to be performed is not subject to one of the classifications of pay set out, the Department will upon being contacted state which neighboring county has such a classification and provide such rate, such rate being deemed to exist by reference in this document. If no neighboring county rate applies to the task, the Department shall undertake a special determination, such special determination being then deemed to have existed under this determination. If a project requires these, or any classification not listed, please contact IDOL at 618/993-7271 for wage rates or clarifications.

LANDSCAPING

Landscaping work falls under the existing classifications for laborer, operating engineer and truck driver. The work performed by landscape plantsman and landscape laborer is covered by the existing classification of laborer. The work performed by landscape operators (regardless of equipment used or its size) is covered by the classifications of operating engineer. The work performed by landscape truck drivers (regardless of size of truck driven) is covered by the classifications of truck driver.