

INTERIOR GIRDER MOMENT TABLE (GIRDER 6)		
		0.5 Sp. 1
I_s	(in ⁴)	17679
$I_c(n)$	(in ⁴)	36701
$I_c(3n)$	(in ⁴)	27035
$I_c(cr)$	(in ⁴)	---
S_s	(in ³)	905
$S_c(n)$	(in ³)	1136
$S_c(3n)$	(in ³)	1046
$S_c(cr)$	(in ³)	---
S_{xc}	(in ³)	67
DC1	(k/')	0.71
M _{DC1}	('k)	681
DC2	(k/')	0.15
M _{DC2}	('k)	143
DW	(k/')	0.267
M _{DW}	('k)	249
$M_{\xi} + 1M$	('k)	821
f_r (Strength I)	(ksi)	9
$M_u + \frac{1}{2}f_r S_{xc}$	('k)	3042
$\phi_r M_n$	('k)	4353
f_s DC1	(ksi)	9
f_s DC2	(ksi)	2
f_s DW	(ksi)	3
f_s ($\xi + 1M$)	(ksi)	9
f_r (Service II)	(ksi)	10
$f_s + \frac{1}{2}f_r$ (Service II)	(ksi)	30
$0.95R_n F_y f$	(ksi)	47.5
$f_s + \frac{1}{3}$ (Total)(Strength I)	(ksi)	37
$\phi_r F_n$	(ksi)	50
V_r	(k)	22

EXTERIOR GIRDER MOMENT TABLE (GIRDER 7)		
		0.5 Sp. 1
I_s	(in ⁴)	17679
$I_c(n)$	(in ⁴)	36545
$I_c(3n)$	(in ⁴)	26923
$I_c(cr)$	(in ⁴)	---
S_s	(in ³)	905
$S_c(n)$	(in ³)	1134
$S_c(3n)$	(in ³)	1044
$S_c(cr)$	(in ³)	---
S_{xc}	(in ³)	67
DC1	(k/')	0.70
M _{DC1}	('k)	761
DC2	(k/')	0.15
M _{DC2}	('k)	208
DW	(k/')	0.267
M _{DW}	('k)	283
$M_{\xi} + 1M$	('k)	1291
f_r (Strength I)	(ksi)	12
$M_u + \frac{1}{2}f_r S_{xc}$	('k)	4163
$\phi_r M_n$	('k)	4388
f_s DC1	(ksi)	10
f_s DC2	(ksi)	2
f_s DW	(ksi)	3
f_s ($\xi + 1M$)	(ksi)	14
f_r (Service II)	(ksi)	10
$f_s + \frac{1}{2}f_r$ (Service II)	(ksi)	39
$0.95R_n F_y f$	(ksi)	47.5
$f_s + \frac{1}{3}$ (Total)(Strength I)	(ksi)	48
$\phi_r F_n$	(ksi)	50
V_r	(k)	29

I_s , S_s : Non-composite moment of inertia and section modulus of the steel section used for computing f_s (Total-Strength I, and Service II) due to non-composite dead loads (in⁴ and in³).

$I_c(n)$, $S_c(n)$: Composite moment of inertia and section modulus of the steel and deck based upon the modular ratio, "n", used for computing f_s (Total-Strength I, and Service II) in uncracked sections due to short term composite live loads (in⁴ and in³).

$I_c(3n)$, $S_c(3n)$: Composite moment of inertia and section modulus of the steel and deck based upon 3 times the modular ratio, "3n", used for computing f_s (Total-Strength I, and Service II) in uncracked sections due to long-term composite (superimposed) dead loads (in⁴ and in³).

$I_c(cr)$, $S_c(cr)$: Composite moment of inertia and section modulus of the steel and longitudinal deck reinforcement, used for computing f_s (Total-Strength I and Service II) in cracked sections, due to both short-term composite live loads and long-term composite (superimposed) dead loads (in⁴ and in³).

S_{xc} : Section modulus about the major axis of section to the controlling flange, tension or compression, taken as yield moment with respect to the controlling flange over the yield strength of the controlling flange (in³).

DC1: Un-factored non-composite dead load (kips/ft.).

M_{DC1}: Un-factored moment due to non-composite dead load (kip-ft.).

DC2: Un-factored long-term composite (superimposed excluding future wearing surface) dead load (kips/ft.).

M_{DC2}: Un-factored moment due to long-term composite (superimposed excluding future wearing surface) dead load (kip-ft.).

DW: Un-factored long-term composite (superimposed future wearing surface only) dead load (kips/ft.).

M_{DW}: Un-factored moment due to long-term composite (superimposed future wearing surface only) dead load (kip-ft.).

$M_{\xi} + 1M$: Un-factored live load moment plus dynamic load allowance (impact)(kip-ft.).

f_r : Factored calculated normal stress at edge of flange for controlling flange plate due to lateral bending, Strength I or Service II as applicable (kip-ft.).

$M_u + \frac{1}{2}f_r S_{xc}$: Factored design moment (kip-ft.).

$1.25 (M_{DC1} + M_{DC2}) + 1.5 M_{DW} + 1.75 M_{\xi} + 1M$

$\phi_r M_n$: Factored resistance available according to A6.1.1 (kips).

f_s DC1: Un-factored stress at edge of flange for controlling steel flange due to vertical non-composite dead loads as calculated below (ksi):

M_{DC1} / S_{nc}

f_s DC2: Un-factored stress at edge of flange for controlling steel flange due to vertical composite dead loads as calculated below (ksi):

$M_{DC2} / S_c(3n)$ or $M_{DC2} / S_c(cr)$ as applicable.

f_s DW: Un-factored stress at edge of flange for controlling steel flange due to vertical composite future wearing surface loads as calculated below (ksi):

$M_{DW} / S_c(3n)$ or $M_{DW} / S_c(cr)$ as applicable.

f_s ($\xi + 1M$): Un-factored stress at edge of flange for controlling steel flange due to vertical composite live plus impact loads as calculated below (ksi):

$M_{\xi} + 1M / S_c(n)$ or $M_{\xi} + 1M / S_c(cr)$ as applicable.

$f_s + \frac{1}{2}f_r$ (Service II): Sum of stresses as computed below (ksi):

$f_s DC1 + f_s DC2 + f_s DW + 1.3 f_s (\xi + 1M) + \frac{1}{2}f_r$

$0.95R_n F_y f$: Composite stress capacity for Service II loading according to Article 6.10.4.2 (ksi).

$f_s + \frac{1}{3}$ (Total)(Strength I): Sum of stresses as computed below on non-compact section (ksi).

$1.25 (f_s DC1 + f_s DC2) + 1.5 f_s DW + 1.75 f_s (\xi + 1M) + \frac{1}{3}f_r$

$\phi_r F_n$: Non-Compact composite positive or negative stress capacity for Strength I loading according to Article 6.10.7 or 6.10.8 (ksi).

V_r : Maximum factored shear range in span computed according to Article 6.10.10.

Note:

M_{ξ} and R_{ξ} include the effects of centrifugal force and superelevation.

INTERIOR GIRDER REACTION TABLE		
	E. Abut.	W. Abut.
Location of Max. Reaction	Girder 6	Girder 4
R _{DC1}	(k) 36.5	33.1
R _{DC2}	(k) 10.0	2.7
R _{DW}	(k) 12.7	11.7
$R_{\xi} + 1$	(k) 50.5	71.8
R _{Total}	(k) 109.7	119.3

EXTERIOR GIRDER REACTION TABLE		
	E. Abut.	W. Abut.
Location of Max. Reaction	Girder 7	Girder 7
R _{DC1}	(k) 34.9	38.9
R _{DC2}	(k) 9.9	12.8
R _{DW}	(k) 12.9	14.7
$R_{\xi} + 1$	(k) 71.1	85.0
R _{Total}	(k) 128.8	151.4