# 138

June 15, 2018 Letting

# Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 72J96 Various Counties Section D6 CABLE/GUARDRAIL 2017-4 Various Routes District 6 Construction Funds

Prepared by	s
Checked by	
(Printed by authority of the State of	f Illinois



#### **NOTICE TO BIDDERS**

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 10:00 a.m. June 15, 2018 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 72J96 Various Counties Section D6 CABLE/GUARDRAIL 2017-4 Various Routes District 6 Construction Funds

On-call repair of guardrail, cable median barrier, impact attenuators and fence at locations throughout District 6.

- **3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
  - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation Randall S. Blankenhorn,

Secretary

#### INDEX

#### FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

#### Adopted January 1, 2018

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

#### ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 4-1-16) (Revised 1-1-18)

#### SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Std. Spec.	Sec.	Page No.
106	Control of Materials	1
403	Bituminous Surface Treatment (Class A-1, A-2, A-3)	2
404	Micro-Surfacing and Slurry Sealing	3
405	Cape Seal	14
420	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	24
442	Pavement Patching	26
502	Excavation for Structures	27
503	Concrete Structures	29
504	Precast Concrete Structures	32
542	Pipe Culverts	33
586	Sand Backfill for Vaulted Abutments	34
630	Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	36
631	Traffic Barrier Terminals	39
670	Engineer's Field Office and Laboratory	40
701	Work Zone Traffic Control and Protection	41
704	Temporary Concrete Barrier	42
781	Raised Reflective Pavement Markers	44
888	Pedestrian Push-Button	45
1003	Fine Aggregates	46
1004	Coarse Aggregates	47
1006	Metals	50
1020	Portland Cement Concrete	51
1050	Poured Joint Sealers	53
1069	Pole and Tower	55
1077	Post and Foundation	56
1096	Pavement Markers	57
1101	General Equipment	58
1102	Hot-Mix Asphalt Equipment	59
1103	Portland Cement Concrete Equipment	61
1106	Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	63

#### **RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

CHEC	K SH	IEET # PAGE	<u>NO.</u>
1		Additional State Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts	64
2		Subletting of Contracts (Federal-Aid Contracts)	67
3	Х	EEO	68
4	Х	Specific EEO Responsibilities Non Federal-Aid Contracts	78
5	Х	Required Provisions - State Contracts	83
6		Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal	89
7		Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos HMA Surface Removal	90
8		Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads	91
9		Construction Layout Stakes Except for Bridges	92
10		Construction Layout Stakes	95
11		Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing	98
12		Subsealing of Concrete Pavements	100
13		Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction	104
14		Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing	106
15		Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal	107
16		Polymer Concrete	109
17		PVC Pipeliner	111
18		Bicycle Racks	112
19		Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals	114
20	Х	Work Zone Public Information Signs	116
21	~	Nighttime Inspection of Roadway Lighting	117
22		English Substitution of Metric Bolts	118
23		Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete	119
24		Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant	120
25		Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures	128
25		Digital Terrain Modeling for Earthwork Calculations	144
20		Reserved	146
28		Preventive Maintenance – Bituminous Surface Treatment (A-1)	140
20		Reserved	153
30		Reserved	153
30		Reserved	154
32 33		Temporary Raised Pavement Markers	156 157
		Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam	-
34		Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay	160
35		Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	164

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

LOCATION OF PROJECT	1
DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT	1
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	1
TRAFFIC CONTROL INSPECTION AND DEFICIENCY DEDUCTION	3
CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE FOR PUBLIC EVENTS	3
JOINT UTILITY LOCATION INFORMATION FOR EXCAVATORS	3
INTERPRETATION OF QUANTITIES	3
WORK ORDERS	4
COMPLETION OF WORK	4
CALL OUT	5
GENERAL WORK REQUIREMENTS	5
REMOVE AND REPLACE IMPACT ATTENUATOR SAND MODULE	6
REMOVAL OR REPAIR OF GUARDRAIL	6
REPAIRING OF HIGH TENSION CABLE MEDIAN BARRIER SYSTEMS	6
SPEED DISPLAY TRAILER (BDE) (REV.)	8
MIDWEST GUARDRAIL SYSTEM	9
REPAIR TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL	
REPAIR STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL	11
STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL, ATTACHED TO STRUCTURE (SPECIAL)	12
COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)	
COMPLETION DATE (VIA CALENDAR DAYS) (BDE)	16
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)	
EQUIPMENT PARKING AND STORAGE (BDE)	27
LIGHTS ON BARRICADES (BDE)	
PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS (BDE)	
PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)	29
SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)	
SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)	
WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)	31
STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)	31

Various Routes Section D6 Cable/Guardrail 2017-4 Various Counties Contract No. 72J96

#### STATE OF ILLINOIS

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Adopted April 1, 2016", the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein, which apply to and govern the construction of Various Routes, Section D6 Cable/Guardrail 2017-4, Various Counties, Contract No. 72J96, and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

#### LOCATION OF PROJECT

The locations of repair will be located in the following counties: Adams, Brown, Cass, Christian, Hancock, Logan, Macoupin, Mason, Menard, Montgomery, Morgan, Pike, Sangamon, Schuyler, and Scott. Specific locations will depend on guardrail/attenuator repair needs based on motorist caused highway damage, hit and runs, or natural causes.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The work included in this contract consists of repairing and replacing cable median barrier, guardrail, guardrail end terminals, and impact attenuators damaged by motorists or natural causes, as well as any other work necessary to complete this project.

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: November 1, 1984

Revised: January 2, 2007

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the applicable guidelines contained in the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, these Special Provisions, any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

Special attention is called to Sections 107 and 701 through 705 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, and as amended by the Supplemental Specifications, Recurring Special Provisions, the Special Provisions contained herein, and the following highway standards relating to traffic control:

701001	701006	701101	701106
701201	701301	701400	701406
701411	701421	701422	701426
701427	701428	701456	701501
701502	701601	701602	701606
701701	701901		

**Limitations of Construction:** The Contractor shall coordinate the items of work in order to keep hazards and traffic inconveniences to a minimum, as specified below.

- 1. During the construction of this section at least one lane shall remain open to traffic at all times.
- 2. The Contractor shall provide, erect, and maintain all the necessary barricades, cones, drums, and lights for the warning and protection of traffic, as required by Sections 107 and 701 through 703 of the Standard Specifications, and as modified.
- 3. No nighttime lane closures will be permitted.
- 4. Access to all residences, commercial entrances, and side roads shall be maintained.
- 5. On interstates in Sangamon County, no lane closures will be allowed from 6:30 AM to 8:30 AM or from 3:30 PM to 6:00 PM on weekdays except as follows:

Lane closures from 6:30 AM to 8:30 AM will be allowed on Northbound I-55 north of Sherman and on Southbound I-55 south of Sixth Street. Lane closures from 3:30 PM to 6:00 PM will be allowed on three-lane portions of I-55 where two open lanes can be maintained in each direction.

- 6. No lane closures will be allowed on Fridays in Sangamon County on the two-lane portions of I-55.
- 7. Other lane closure restrictions (i.e. work along certain busy routes could be limited to 9 am to 4 pm, etc.) may be included in the work order assignment by the Engineer as needed.
- 8. If the Contractor is working on one side of an open lane, equipment and personnel will not be allowed on the other side of the lane. (Examples: Equipment and personnel are not allowed on both sides of a two-lane road or on the outside shoulder of a multilane road and in the median at the same time.)
- 9. All advance warning signs shall be in new or like new condition at the start of the project. All warning signs shall be 48" by 48" and have a black legend on the fluorescent orange reflectorized background.

**Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment.** The appropriate Traffic Control and Protection Standard shall be used at the work location as stated on the Work Order. Traffic Control and Protection Standards 701201, 701501, 701502, 701601, 701602, 701606, and 701701 will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, CALL OUT WORK. Traffic Control and Protection Standards 701406, 701421, 701422, and 701456 will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, FREEWAY/EXPRESSWAY, CALL OUT WORK. Traffic Control and Protection Standard 701411 will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, STANDARD 701411.

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL INSPECTION AND DEFICIENCY DEDUCTION

Any work on State right-of-way shall not begin unless proper work zone traffic control, in accordance with the plans, is utilized. When the Engineer is notified or determines a traffic control deficiency exists, he will contact the Contractor. If the Contractor does not take immediate action to correct the deficiency, a deduction in the amount specified in Section 105 of the Standard Specifications. If the Engineer judges the deficiency to be an immediate safety hazard, repair/replacement work shall be immediately stopped and all equipment, personnel, and material that constitute the hazard shall be removed from the right-of-way until the traffic control deficiency is corrected. No extension of time for completion of repair or replacement work shall be allowed for time used to correct traffic control deficiencies.

#### CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE FOR PUBLIC EVENTS

Depending on the location and severity of the work necessary, the Engineer may restrict work during the following dates and during other dates noted on the work order:

Illinois State Fair	August 08, 2018 – August 19, 2018 &
	August 07, 2019 – August 18, 2019

If directed by the Engineer, no work will be allowed during the event, and all barricades, cones, drums and other warning devices shall also be removed from the traveled way during these periods. These periods will be specified by the Engineer but shall typically begin at 4:00 p.m. of the day proceeding the beginning day of each event, and end at 12:00 midnight on the final day of each event. Any inconvenience caused the Contractor in complying with this Special Provision shall be considered as incidental to the contract and no additional compensation will be allowed.

#### JOINT UTILITY LOCATION INFORMATION FOR EXCAVATORS

Whenever a question arises regarding the existence or location of a buried utility, the Contractor shall call the toll free J.U.L.I.E. telephone number, 800-892-0123, before starting excavation. Allow 48 hours for other than emergency assistance.

#### INTERPRETATION OF QUANTITIES

The quantities appearing in the Summary of Quantities of the plans is merely an estimate of motorist caused damage for bidding purposes. Payment will be made only for actual quantities utilized and accepted as satisfactory. Payment for work will be made in accordance with the items listed in the summary of quantities in the plans.

#### WORK ORDERS

No work is to be performed by the Contractor unless he/she possesses a work order authorizing the repairs. All repairs are to be made using new material and include the removal and disposal of the damaged materials. All work orders will be sent to the Contractor's place of business, by Fax machine or email.

All work orders will be filled out and signed by the Engineer or Technician in charge. A work order will show the date, job number, location, quantity of materials, and traffic control needed to make the repairs. If special instructions are required, they will be written on the work order. If there is a discrepancy of items or quantities on a work order, a revised work order must be obtained from the Engineer, if he agrees, before the repairs are started.

After the repairs have been completed, the Contractor is to place the completion date on the work order, sign it, and return it to the department's district office. The repairs will be inspected and, if completed in accordance with the contract, the Engineer will sign and date the work order. The work order will then be processed for payment.

#### **COMPLETION OF WORK**

The Contractor is allowed thirty (30) days after the work order assignment for Regular Work and seven (7) calendar days after the work order assignment for Emergency Work to complete the work in a manner acceptable to the Engineer. If work is not completed within these time limits, the Contractor shall be liable to the Department the amount of \$250.00 per calendar day per work order, not as a penalty but as liquidated damages for each day of overrun as specified herein. The time (calendar days) required by the Engineer to inspect the work will not be counted against the balance of days remaining for the Contractor to perform the work.

In fixing the damages as set out herein, the desire is to establish a certain mode of calculation for the work since the Department's actual loss, in the event of delay, cannot be predetermined and could otherwise be a matter of argument and unprofitable litigation. This said mode is an equitable rule for measurement of the Department's actual loss and fairly takes into account the prolonged loss of a safety device or appurtenance for the roadway. The Department shall not be required to provide any actual loss in order to recover these liquidated damages provided herein, as said damages are very difficult to ascertain. Furthermore, no provision of this clause shall be construed as a penalty, as such is not the intention of the parties.

A calendar day is every day on the calendar and starts at 12:00 midnight and ends at the following 12:00 midnight, twenty-four hours later. No liquidated damages will be assessed for any day less than twenty-four hours.

#### CALL OUT

This work shall consist of all preparations and operations necessary for the movement of personnel, equipment, supplies and incidentals for each call-out to various sites as designated by the Engineer with the issuance of a work order.

**Regular Work.** Regular Work involves those situations where the amount or nature of damage does not pose an immediate hazard to the public, in the opinion of the Engineer. Work of this type shall be completed within thirty (30) calendar days of the authorization of work.

**Emergency Work.** Emergency Work involves those situations which are determined by the Engineer be a hazard to the public of such severity that life and/or property are endangered and immediate corrective action is required. Emergency Work shall be completed within seven (7) calendar days of the authorization to work.

Emergency Work can generally be described, but is not limited to, damage in one of the following categories:

- 1. Guardrail damage consisting of any openings or exposed ends,
- 2. Guardrail elements including either posts or panels in a down position,
- 3. Any damage which could cause a spearing effect,
- 4. Terminal end sections which have damaged posts or panel elements, or
- 5. Attenuator damage which exposes a hazardous situation.

**Method of Measurement.** An individual work order may consist of multiple locations, however an individual CALL OUT or EMERGENCY CALL OUT will cover only a single county, except for cases where an individual incident caused damage in two counties at the county line.

**Basis of Payment.** Regular Work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for CALL OUT. Emergency Work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for EMERGENCY WORK CALL OUT.

#### GENERAL WORK REQUIREMENTS

Before work begins at each work area, the Contractor shall inform the Engineer of the location and schedule of work, including how long the work is expected to take, so that the Engineer can schedule IDOT personnel to be on-site as needed. The Contractor shall update the Engineer if the schedule changes.

The Contractor will not be allowed to start work in a location until needed equipment and materials are available to completely finish the work required.

#### REMOVE AND REPLACE IMPACT ATTENUATOR SAND MODULE

**Description.** This work shall consist of removing and replacing damaged sand modules (or barrels) in an impact attenuator.

**Materials.** Materials shall be according to the existing manufacturer's specifications for the type of impact attenuator being repaired, and according to the Section 643 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

**Requirements.** The sand module shall be installed according to the Section 643 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. Removal items shall be disposed of by the Contractor off the jobsite.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVE AND REPLACE IMPACT ATTENUATOR SAND MODULE. Each barrel will be measured for payment separately but will include the sand inside.

#### **REMOVAL OR REPAIR OF GUARDRAIL**

All damaged material shall be replaced by new material unless otherwise specified. Guardrail removal will not be allowed unless total and complete removal and replacement can be made during one continuous operation. Damaged guardrail removed shall be replaced on the same day it is removed unless approval is obtained from the Engineer.

#### **REPAIRING OF HIGH TENSION CABLE MEDIAN BARRIER SYSTEMS**

**Description.** This work shall consist of repairing high tension cable median barrier at locations shown on the work order.

**Materials.** Materials shall be according to the existing barrier manufacturer's specifications for the type of barrier being repaired.

**Equipment.** Equipment shall be according to the existing barrier manufacturer's specifications for the type of barrier being repaired.

**Locations.** Current locations and types of high tension cable median barrier in District 6 are as follows:

Location_	Type	<u>Length</u>
I-55 north of Fancy Cr to south of Sherman Exit	NU-CABLE TL-3	2.1 miles
I-55 south of Sherman Exit to north of Clear Lake Exit	Gibraltar TL-4-4	5.3 miles
I-55 north of Clear Lake Exit to south of 6th St Exit	Gibraltar TL-4	4.3 miles
I-55 south of 6th St Exit to south of Chatham Exit	NU-CABLE TL-3	3.3 miles
I-55 south of Chatham Exit to north of IL 104 Exit	Gibraltar TL-4	5.4 miles
I-72 west of IL 4 to west of 6th St Exit	Gibraltar TL-4-4	3.7 miles

These locations are shown for information only. The Contractor is responsible for verifying the type of high tension cable median barrier present.

**Construction Requirements.** Repair shall consist of removing and replacing damaged items to the existing system. The Contractor shall provide all new materials required for making repairs. Removed items shall be disposed of by the Contractor off the jobsite.

All work shall match the manufacturer's requirements of the existing high tension cable median barrier being repaired. The work shall also match the existing post spacing. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to gain a working knowledge of the different systems so that the system is repaired according to the manufacturer's specifications. A representative of Gibraltar may be reached at (800) 495-8957. A representative of NU-CABLE, formerly Marion Steel SAFERoads and U.S. High Tension Cable System, may be reached at (800) 333-4011.

**Cable Repair.** During repair, required cable splice turnbuckles shall be installed and the cable tension shall be reset according to manufacturer specifications.

**Remove and Replace Posts.** When posts require replacement, a new post with new hardware shall be installed. Posts which are to be replaced shall be completely removed.

**Repair Posts.** Posts that do not require replacing shall be adjusted as necessary, and all damaged hardware shall be replaced. If posts which are to be reused were pulled out of the ground, they shall be replaced securely in the original hole.

**Method of Measurement.** Repair of high tension cable will be measured for payment in feet, and the length will be the length of cable replaced, including new turn buckles.

**Basis of Payment.** The repair of damaged cable, including required cable splice turnbuckles shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for REPAIR HIGH TENSION CABLE, of the type specified.

Adjustment of high tension barrier terminals and reconnection of the cables will not be paid for separately but will be included in the cost of the other high tension cable items at that location. The repair of the high tension barrier terminal end sections shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REPAIR HIGH TENSION BARRIER TERMINAL, of the type specified. Replacement of severely damaged high tension barrier terminals which require installation of a new concrete pad will be paid for according to Section 644 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction., and the manufacturer and type of the terminal shall match the adjacent cable barrier. Removal of a terminal which is to be replaced is included in the pay item HIGH TENSION CABLE MEDIAN BARRIER TERMINALS.

Posts requiring removal and replacement shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVE AND REPLACE POSTS, of the type specified, which shall include all hardware, proper cable re-tensioning, and other items for the post to operate per the manufacturer's specifications.

#### SPEED DISPLAY TRAILER (BDE) (REV.)

Effective: April 2, 2014

Revised: January 1, 2017

Add the following to Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications:

"(m) Speed Display Trailer. A speed display trailer shall be utilized on freeways and expressways as part of Highway Standard 701400. The trailer shall be placed on the right hand side of the roadway adjacent to, or within 100 ft (30 m) beyond, the first work zone speed limit sign.

Whenever the speed display trailer is not in use, it shall be considered non-operating equipment and shall be stored according to Article 701.11."

Add the following to Article 701.20 of the Standard Specifications:

"(k) Speed Display Trailer will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the pay item TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, FREEWAY/EXPRESSWAY, CALL OUT WORK."

Add the following to Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications:

"(o) Speed Display Trailer. The speed display trailer shall consist of a LED speed indicator display with self-contained, one-direction radar mounted on an orange see-through trailer. The height of the display and radar shall be such that it will function and be visible when located behind concrete barrier.

The speed measurement shall be by radar and provide a minimum detection distance of 1000 ft (300 m). The radar shall have an accuracy of  $\pm 1$  mile per hour.

The speed indicator display shall face approaching traffic and shall have a sign legend of "YOUR SPEED" immediately above or below the speed display. The sign letters shall be between 5 and 8 in. (125-200mm) in height. The digital speed display shall show two digits (00 to 99) in mph. The color of the changeable message legend shall be a yellow legend on a black background. The minimum height of the numerals shall be 18 in. (450 mm), and the nominal legibility distance shall be at least 750 ft (250 m).

The speed indicator display shall be equipped with a violation alert that flashes the displayed detected speed when the posted limit is exceeded. The speed indicator shall have a maximum speed cutoff. On roadway facilities with a normal posted speed limit greater than or equal to 45 mph, the detected speeds of vehicles traveling more than 25 mph over the work zone speed limit shall not be displayed. On facilities with normal posted speed limit of less than 45 mph, the detected speeds of vehicles traveling more than 15 mph over the work zone speed limit shall not be displayed. On any roadway facility of detected speeds are less than 25 mph, they shall not be displayed. The display shall include automatic dimming for nighttime operation.

The speed indicator measurement and display functions shall be equipped with the power supply capable of providing 24 hours of uninterrupted service."

#### MIDWEST GUARDRAIL SYSTEM

Effective January 1, 2007 the department adopted the Midwest Guardrail System (MGS) for use on all its state and federal highways. The MGS is reflected in the current Highway Standards in this contract. Details of Pre-MGS guardrail and traffic barrier terminals have been included in the plans and are appropriately marked. **MGS guardrail is not compatible with earlier versions of Pre-MGS guardrail.** Some notable differences between MGS and Pre-MGS include:

- The guardrail mounting height has increased 3-7/8", raising the nominal top of rail mounting height to 31" as shown in standard 630001.
- The block out dimension for Type A and B guardrail has increased from 6" to 1'-0".
- Steel blockouts are no longer used. Wood blockouts or plastic blockouts on IDOT's approved list may be used.
- The use of Type "C" rail has been discontinued.
- The splice point for rail pieces is different.
- The length of both Type A and B guardrail posts has been reduced from 6'-9" to 6-0".

Many of the guardrail terminal standards have also changed, the Contractor is advised to note changes in specifications and pay limits.

MGS work consists of repairing or replacing guardrail or traffic barrier terminals in accordance with Section 631 of the Standard Specifications and the Highway Standards shown on the plans.

Pre-MGS work consists of repairing or replacing guardrail or traffic barrier terminals in accordance with Section 631 of the Standard Specifications and the Highway Standards effective April 1, 2006. A copy of the April 1, 2006 standards have been included in the plans and are designated "Pre-MGS". The Contractor must supply a TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL TYPE 1 SPECIAL from the approved list, attached herein, titled Illinois Department of Transportation, Bureau of Materials and Physical Research, **APPROVED LIST OF TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL, TYPE 1 SPECIAL, December 17, 2004.** 

The pay items in this contract do not differentiate between MGS and Pre-MGS guardrail. There will be one pay item of guardrail work regardless of whether it's an MGS or Pre-MGS guardrail assembly. The Contractor shall include any extra labor, equipment, or material costs to repair or replace either MGS or Pre-MGS guardrail in the contract unit price of the appropriate pay item.

Various Routes Section D6 Cable/Guardrail 2017-4 Various Counties Contract No. 72J96

#### Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Materials and Physical Research APPROVED LIST OF TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL, TYPE 1 SPECIAL December 17, 2004 Special Provision for Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Revised January 1, 2003) Material Code 55601

#### Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Tangent)

Road Systems, Inc. 3616 Old Howard County Airport Big Spring, Texas 79720 Phone: 915-263-2435 "SKT"

Wood blockouts only. Wood post system only. Posts 1 & 2 to use steel soil tubes (6'-6" or 6'-0" with wood posts). Posts 3 through 8 to use 4'-6" soil tubes with wood posts (soil plates not required), OR posts 3 through 8 may be 6' CRT posts.

Trinity Industries, Inc. 2525 N. Stemmons Freeway Dallas, TX 75207 Phone: 800-644-7976 or 801-292-4461 "ET-2000" Wood blockouts only

A wood post system may be used. Posts 1 & 2 to use steel soil tubes (6'-6" or 6'-0" with wood posts). Posts 3 through 8 to use 4'-6" soil tubes with wood posts (soil plates not required), OR posts 3 through 8 may be 6' CRT posts.

OR a system using the Steel Yielding Terminal Post (SYTP) (Posts 2 to 8) and one Hinged Break Away post (HBA) (Post 1) may be used.

#### Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Flared)

Energy Absorption Systems, Inc. One East Wacker Drive Chicago, IL60601-2076 Phone: 312-467-6750 "REGENT"

Road Systems, Inc. 3616 Old Howard County Airport Big Spring, Texas 79720 Phone: 915-263-2435 "FLEAT" Wood post system only.

Trinity Industries, Inc. 2525 N. Stemmons Freeway Dallas, TX 75207 Phone: 800-644-7976 or 801-292-4461 "SRT-350" Wood post system only.

#### REPAIR TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL

This work consists of removing and replacing all damaged components of existing Traffic Barrier Terminals Type 1 Special (Tangent) or (Flared), Type 2, Type 5, or Type 6.

### These pay items shall be used when, in the opinion of the Engineer, 50% or less of the above ground barrier terminal components are damaged.

Undamaged traffic barrier terminal components and hardware may be reused in the new work, with the approval of the Engineer. The Engineer will make the determination and inform the Contractor prior to commencing repairs. The Contractor's bid shall reflect this in his bid for this item. All damaged components shall be replaced with new components.

The Contractor shall adjust and realign existing rail element plates and posts adjacent to the traffic barrier terminal repaired, as directed by the Engineer. Unbolting, bolting, adjusting, realigning or any other work necessary to accomplish the desired realignment shall be considered included in the contract unit price for the repair of the traffic barrier terminal.

See the special provision MIDWEST GUARDRAIL SYSTEM for additional important information.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REPAIR TRAFFIC BARRIER TERMINAL, of the type specified.

#### REPAIR STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL

This work consists of removing and replacing all damaged components of existing guardrail.

## This pay item shall be used when, in the opinion of the Engineer, 50% or less of the components are damaged.

Undamaged guardrail components and hardware may be reused in the new work, with the approval of the Engineer. The Engineer will make the determination and inform the Contractor prior to commencing repairs. The Contractor's bid shall reflect this in his bid for this item. All damaged components shall be replaced with new components.

The Contractor shall adjust and realign existing rail element plates and posts adjacent to the repaired guardrail, as directed by the Engineer, including unbolting, bolting, adjusting, realigning, and any other work necessary to accomplish the desired realignment. This adjustment and realignment work shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract unit price for REPAIR STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL, of the type specified.

See the special provision MIDWEST GUARDRAIL SYSTEM for additional important information.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for REPAIR STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL, of the type specified.

#### STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL, ATTACHED TO STRUCTURE (SPECIAL)

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing Weak Post Guardrail Attached to Culvert in accordance with Article 630 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and Highway Standard 630111.

**Basis of Payment:** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for STEEL PLATE BEAM GUARDRAIL, ATTACHED TO STRUCTURE (SPECIAL), which will apply to all six cases shown in the Highway Standard.

#### COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
  - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
  - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
  - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
  - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
  - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
  - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
  - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
  - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
  - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
  - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"**109.13 Payment for Contract Delay.** Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

(a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.

- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
  - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid. For working day contracts the payment will be made according to Article 109.04. For completion date contracts, an adjustment will be determined as follows.

Extended Traffic Control occurs between April 1 and November 30:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Extended Traffic Control occurs between December 1 and March 31:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x 1.5 (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Where:TE = Duration of approved time extension in calendar days.

% = Percent maintenance for the traffic control, % (see table below).

CUP = Contract unit price for the traffic control pay item in place during the delay.

OCT = Original contract time in calendar days.

Original Contract Amount	Percent Maintenance
Up to \$2,000,000	65%
\$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000	75%
\$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000	85%
Over \$20,000,000	90%

When an ETCP adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

#### COMPLETION DATE (VIA CALENDAR DAYS) (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2008

The Contractor shall complete all work on or before the completion date of this contract which will be based upon **730** calendar days.

The completion date will be determined by adding the specified number of calendar days to the date the Contractor begins work, or to the date ten days after execution of the contract, whichever is the earlier, unless a delayed start is granted by the Engineer.

#### DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: April 2, 2018

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

<u>STATE OBLIGATION</u>. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

<u>OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT</u>. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

<u>CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR</u>. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform **0.00**% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprisecertification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is required prior to the award of the contract and the failure of the low bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

In order to assure the timely award of the contract, the low bidder shall submit:

- (a) The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan on completed Department forms SBE 2025 and 2026.
  - (1) The final Utilization Plan must be submitted within five calendar days after the date of the letting in accordance with subsection (a)(2) of Bidding Procedures herein.
  - (2) To meet the five day requirement, the bidder may send the Utilization Plan electronically by scanning and sending to <u>DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov</u> or faxing to (217) 785-1524. The subject line must include the bid Item Number and the Letting date. The Utilization Plan should be sent as one .pdf file, rather than multiple files and emails for the same Item Number. It is the responsibility of the bidder to obtain confirmation of email or fax delivery.

Alternatively, the Utilization Plan may be sent by certified mail or delivery service within the five calendar day period. If a question arises concerning the mailing date of a Utilization Plan, the mailing date will be established by the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the certified mail receipt from the U.S. Postal Service or the receipt issued by a delivery service when the Utilization Plan is received by the Department. It is the responsibility of the bidder to ensure the postmark or receipt date is affixed within the five days if the bidder intends to rely upon mailing or delivery to satisfy the submission day requirement. The Utilization Plan is to be submitted to:

Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Small Business Enterprises Contract Compliance Section 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319 Springfield, Illinois 62764 The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the five day submittal requirement and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive due to a failure to submit a Utilization Plan or failure to comply with the bidding procedures set forth herein, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty, and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids. The Department reserves the right to invite any other bidder to submit a Utilization Plan at any time for award consideration.

- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of Utilization Plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.
- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. For bidding purposes, submission of the completed SBE 2025 forms, signed by the DBEs and scanned or faxed to the bidder will be acceptable as long as the original is available and provided upon request. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:
  - (1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
  - (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the work each DBE will perform;
  - (3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating. The dollar amount of participation for identified work shall specifically state the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
  - (4) DBE Participation Commitment Statements, form SBE 2025, signed by the bidder and each participating DBE firm documenting the commitment to use the DBE subcontractors whose participation is submitted to meet the contract goal;
  - (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the Utilization Plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s); and,
  - (6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts; the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the apparent successful bidder is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document that enough DBE participation has been obtained or document that good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan does not document sufficient DBE participation to meet the contract goal unless the apparent successful bidder documented in the Utilization Plan that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words, efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.
  - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
  - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

Various Routes Section D6 Cable/Guardrail 2017-4 Various Counties Contract No. 72J96

- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
  - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with subsection (c)(6) of the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.

- (b) If the Department determines that the apparent successful bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification shall include a statement of reasons for the determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period in order to cure the deficiency.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the receipt of the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217) 785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The determination shall become final if a request is not made and delivered. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.

- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
  - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
  - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owneroperator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
  - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
  - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
  - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

<u>CONTRACT COMPLIANCE</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall be come the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, than a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor shall not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure that the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide DBE subcontracts to IDOT upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
  - (1) That the replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or

- (2) That the DBE is aware that its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
- (3) That the DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) <u>TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES</u>. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;

- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated, or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department shall provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

(f) <u>FINAL PAYMENT</u>. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.

- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor my request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

#### EQUIPMENT PARKING AND STORAGE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2017

Replace the first paragraph of Article 701.11 of the Standard Specifications with the following.

"**701.11 Equipment Parking and Storage.** During working hours, all vehicles and/or nonoperating equipment which are parked, two hours or less, shall be parked at least 8 ft (2.5 m) from the open traffic lane. For other periods of time during working and for all nonworking hours, all vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be parked or stored as follows.

- (a) When the project has adequate right-of-way, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 30 ft (9 m) from the pavement.
- (b) When adequate right-of-way does not exist, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 15 ft (4.5 m) from the edge of any pavement open to traffic.
- (c) Behind temporary concrete barrier, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 24 in. (600 mm) behind free standing barrier or a minimum of 6 in. (150 mm) behind barrier that is either pinned or restrained according to Article 704.04. The 24 in. or 6 in. measurement shall be from the base of the non-traffic side of the barrier.
- (d) Behind other man-made or natural barriers meeting the approval of the Engineer."

#### LIGHTS ON BARRICADES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2018

Revise Article 701.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**701.16 Lights.** Lights shall be used on devices as required in the plans, the traffic control plan, and the following table.

Circumstance	Lights Required
Daylight operations	None
First two warning signs on each approach to the work involving a nighttime lane closure and "ROUGH GROOVED SURFACE" (W8-I107) signs	Flashing mono-directional lights
Devices delineating isolated obstacles, excavations, or hazards at night (Does not apply to patching)	Flashing bi-directional lights
Devices delineating obstacles, excavations, or hazards exceeding 100 ft (30 m) in length at night (Does not apply to widening)	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on two-lane roads	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on multi-lane roads	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on multi-lane roads separating opposing directions of traffic	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime along lane shifts on multilane roads	Steady burn mono-directional lights
Channelizing devices for night time along lane shifts on two lane roads	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Devices in nighttime lane closure tapers on Standards 701316 and 701321	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Devices in nighttime lane closure tapers	Steady burn mono-directional lights
Devices delineating a widening trench	None
Devices delineating patches at night on roadways with an ADT less than 25,000	None
Devices delineating patches at night on roadways with an ADT of 25,000 or more	None

Batteries for the lights shall be replaced on a group basis at such times as may be specified by the Engineer."

Delete the fourth sentence of the first paragraph of Article 701.17(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 603.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"603.07 Protection Under Traffic. After the casting has been adjusted and Class SI concrete has been placed, the work shall be protected by a barricade for at least 72 hours."

#### PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 109.11 of the Standard Specifications:

"If reasonable cause is asserted, written notice shall be provided to the applicable subcontractor and/or material supplier and the Engineer within five days of the Contractor receiving payment. The written notice shall identify the contract number, the subcontract or material purchase agreement, a detailed reason for refusal, the value of payment being withheld, and the specific remedial actions required of the subcontractor and/or material supplier so that payment can be made."

#### PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2013

Revise Article 109.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the quantity of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

Progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics' Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

If a Contractor or subcontractor has defaulted on a loan issued under the Department's Disadvantaged Business Revolving Loan Program (20 ILCS 2705/2705-610), progress payments may be reduced pursuant to the terms of that loan agreement. In such cases, the amount of the estimate related to the work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor, in default of the loan agreement, will be offset, in whole or in part, and vouchered by the Department to the Working Capital Revolving Fund or designated escrow account. Payment for the work shall be considered as issued and received by the Contractor on the date of the offset voucher. Further, the amount of the offset voucher shall be a credit against the Department's obligation to pay the Contractor's or subcontractor's total loan indebtedness to the Department. The offset shall continue until such time as the entire loan indebtedness is satisfied. The Department will notify the Contractor and Fund Control Agent in a timely manner of such offset.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved."

#### SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"**109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting.** The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

#### SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least 14 days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%"

#### WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

Revised: April 2, 2015

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Monday through Sunday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

#### STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2004

Revised: August 1, 2017

**Description**. Steel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in steel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment.

**Types of Steel Products**. An adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of steel used in the manufacture of the following items:

Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling) Structural Steel Reinforcing Steel

Other steel materials such as dowel bars, tie bars, mesh reinforcement, guardrail, steel traffic signal and light poles, towers and mast arms, metal railings (excluding wire fence), and frames and grates will be subject to a steel cost adjustment when the pay items they are used in have a contract value of \$10,000 or greater.

The adjustments shall apply to the above items when they are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply when the item is added as extra work and paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

**Documentation**. Sufficient documentation shall be furnished to the Engineer to verify the following:

- (a) The dates and quantity of steel, in lb (kg), shipped from the mill to the fabricator.
- (b) The quantity of steel, in lb (kg), incorporated into the various items of work covered by this special provision. The Department reserves the right to verify submitted quantities.

Method of Adjustment. Steel cost adjustments will be computed as follows:

SCA = Q X D

Where: SCA = steel cost adjustment, in dollars

- Q = quantity of steel incorporated into the work, in lb (kg)
- D = price factor, in dollars per lb (kg)

 $\mathsf{D}=\mathsf{MPI}_\mathsf{M}-\mathsf{MPI}_\mathsf{L}$ 

- Where:  $MPI_M =$  The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month the steel is shipped from the mill. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).
  - $MPI_L =$  The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price,. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

The unit weights (masses) of steel that will be used to calculate the steel cost adjustment for the various items are shown in the attached table.

No steel cost adjustment will be made for any products manufactured from steel having a mill shipping date prior to the letting date.

If the Contractor fails to provide the required documentation, the method of adjustment will be calculated as described above; however, the  $MPI_M$  will be based on the date the steel arrives at the job site. In this case, an adjustment will only be made when there is a decrease in steel costs.

**Basis of Payment**. Steel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the  $MPI_{L}$  and  $MPI_{M}$  in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = { $(MPI_L - MPI_M) \div MPI_L$ } × 100

Steel cost adjustments will be calculated by the Engineer and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the cost of the steel as described herein. No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of manufacturing, fabrication, shipping, storage, etc.

The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

#### Various Routes Section D6 Cable/Guardrail 2017-4 Various Counties Contract No. 72J96

Attachment

Attachment	
Item	Unit Mass (Weight)
Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling)	
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.179 in. (3.80 mm) wall thickness)	23 lb/ft (34 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	32 lb/ft (48 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 14 in. (356 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	37 lb/ft (55 kg/m)
Other piling	See plans
Structural Steel	See plans for weights
	(masses)
Reinforcing Steel	See plans for weights
	(masses)
Dowel Bars and Tie Bars	6 lb (3 kg) each
Mesh Reinforcement	63 lb/100 sq ft (310 kg/sq m)
Guardrail	
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type A w/steel posts	20 lb/ft (30 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type B w/steel posts	30 lb/ft (45 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Types A and B w/wood posts	8 lb/ft (12 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 2	305 lb (140 kg) each
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 6	1260 lb (570 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Tangent)	730 lb (330 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Flared)	410 lb (185 kg) each
Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms	
Traffic Signal Post	11 lb/ft (16 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 30 - 40 ft (9 – 12 m)	14 lb/ft (21 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 45 - 55 ft (13.5 – 16.5 m)	21 lb/ft (31 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 30 - 50 ft (9 – 15.2 m)	13 lb/ft (19 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 55 - 60 ft (16.5 – 18 m)	19 lb/ft (28 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 80 - 110 ft (24 – 33.5 m)	31 lb/ft (46 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 120 - 140 ft (36.5 – 42.5 m)	65 lb/ft (97 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 150 - 160 ft (45.5 – 48.5 m)	80 lb/ft (119 kg/m)
Metal Railings (excluding wire fence)	
Steel Railing, Type SM	64 lb/ft (95 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type S-1	39 lb/ft (58 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type T-1	53 lb/ft (79 kg/m)
Steel Bridge Rail	52 lb/ft (77 kg/m)
Frames and Grates	
Frame	250 lb (115 kg)
Lids and Grates	150 lb (70 kg)

#### **REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES**

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at <a href="http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/">http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/</a> or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.