



623 Cooper Court • Schaumburg, IL 60173

Tel: 630.994.2600 • Fax: 312.733.5612

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May 24, 2018

Mr. Olufemi Oladeinde, P.E. S.E.
SDIENGR Corp
309 West Washington Street, Ste 325
Chicago, Illinois 60606

Abbreviated Structural Geotechnical Report
Bridge Replacement Project
US 45 over Prairie Creek
IDOT PTB 156-26
Structure Number: 038-0225
County: Iroquois

Dear Mr. Oladeinde:

Attached is a copy of the Abbreviated Structural Geotechnical Report – Form BBS 132 for the above referenced project. The site investigation was completed by IDOT in 2016 and included advancing two soil borings for the design and construction of the proposed bridge. The borings were drilled to depths of 61.5 to 66.5 feet. The foundation recommendations include supporting the proposed abutments on driven piles.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please call us at 312-733-6262.

Sincerely,

Dawn Edgell, P.E.
Sr. Project Engineer



Original Report Date: <u>11/10/2017</u>	Proposed SN: <u>038-0225</u>	Route: <u>FAS 317</u>
Revised Date: <u>05/24/2018</u>	Existing SN: <u>038-0039</u>	Section: <u>36BR-1</u>
Geotechnical Engineer: <u>Ms. Dawn Edgell, P.E.</u>		County: <u>Iroquois County</u>
Structural Engineer: <u>Mr. Olufemi Oladeinde</u>		Contract: <u>#66F70</u>

Indicate the proposed structure type, substructure types, and foundation locations (attach plan and elevation drawing): The proposed structure is a new bridge that will be supported on driven pile supported integral abutments. The proposed total bridge length would be 84 feet from back to back of the abutments. The out-to-out deck width of the new bridge would be 35 feet 2 inches. The new bridge will consist of two lanes with 4-foot shoulders in either direction.

Discuss the existing boring data, existing plans foundation information, new subsurface exploration and need for any additional exploration to be provided with SGR Technical Memo (attach all data and subsurface profile plot): The site investigation was conducted by IDOT on September 7th, 2016 and the soil boring logs provided by IDOT in Appendix C. The soil boring logs provide specific conditions encountered at each boring location, including: soil descriptions, stratifications, penetration resistance, elevations, location of the samples, water levels (when encountered), and moisture test results.

Borings 01 and 02 were drilled in the existing pavement area in the vicinity of the existing bridge. Borings 01 and 02 noted augered shoulder stone mixed with black silty clay loam fill to depths of 2.5 feet below grade, underlain by stiff to hard brown, gray, and black silty clay loam fill to depths of 7 feet. The fill layer was underlain by stiff brown and gray and dark gray silty clay and silty clay loam till to depths of 12 feet below grade. Boring 02 also noted some organic materials within this layer. Below this depth, the borings noted hard gray silty clay till, very uniform and monolithic with silt and sand layers, to the termination depths of between 61.5 and 66.5 feet.

In general, the native upper cohesive materials encountered had unconfined compressive strengths ranging between 1.4 and 1.6 tsf. The lower till had unconfined compressive strengths ranging from 4.3 to 5.2 tsf.

No additional investigations are necessary for the proposed design.

Provide the location and maximum height of any new soil fill or magnitude of footing bearing pressure. Estimate the amount and time of the expected settlement. Indicate if further testing, analysis, and/or ground improvement/treatment is necessary: The existing slopes of US 45 are about 1:2 (V:H) towards the north and south side of Prairie Creek and the proposed slopes grades for the new bridge will be similar to the existing slopes with similar elevations. The new approach slabs on either end of the bridge will be supported by the existing grade or new engineered fill replacing the removed abutment structures. It is anticipated that a maximum of 1 to 2 feet of additional fill will be placed at the embankment approaches. Therefore, the anticipated settlement due to the regrading activity is considered to be negligible. No additional ground improvement or treatment is necessary.

Identify any new cuts or fill slope angles and heights. Estimate the factor of safety against slope failure. Indicate if further testing, analysis or ground improvement/treatment is necessary: The proposed embankment slopes below the new bridge after removal of the existing closed abutments, will be about 1:2 (V:H) on the north and south sides of US 45. Based on the proposed geometry for the improvements, slope stability was required.

Slide 7.0 is a comprehensive slope stability analysis software used to evaluate the proposed slopes for the project based on the limit equilibrium method. The proposed side slopes were analyzed based on the preliminary grading and the soils encountered while drilling. Both circular and block failure analysis were evaluated using the simplified Bishop analysis methods for the proposed slope geometry. Based on the proposed geometry and the soil borings, global stability analyses were performed. A circular and block failure analysis were evaluated for both a short term (undrained) and long term (drained) condition.

The factors of safety for the short term analyses were between 9.2 and 10.2; the long term analyses results ranged between 1.6 to 1.8. The resultant analyses exceed the minimum factor of safety of 1.5, therefore no further testing or ground improvements is necessary.

Indicate at each substructure, the 100-year and 200-year total scour depths in the Hydraulics report, the non-granular scour depth reduction, the proposed ground surface, and the recommended foundation design scour elevations: For the bridge, the proposed 100-year and 200-year total scour depths are 639.6 and 640.0 feet respectively. The proposed ground surface is 643 feet. The recommended foundation design scour elevation is 639.6 feet.

Determining the seismic soil site class, the seismic performance zone, the 0.2 and 1.0 second design spectral accelerations and indicate if that the soils are liquefiable: The seismic soil site class was found to be Soil Site Class C "Very Dense Soil and Soft Rock". The Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ) was found to be Seismic Performance Zone 1. The short (SDS) period design spectral acceleration coefficient was determined to be 0.133g and the long (SD1) period design spectral acceleration coefficient was determined to be 0.078g. The IDOT Seismic Site Classification Determination is attached.

Confirm feasibility of the proposed foundation or wall type and provide design parameters. Attach a pile design table indicating feasible pile types, various nominal required bearings, factored resistances available and corresponding estimated lengths at locations where piles will be used. Provide factored bearing resistance and unit sliding resistance at various elevations and confirm no ground improvement/treatment is necessary where spread footings are proposed. Estimated top of rock elevations as well as preliminary factored unit side and tip resistance values shall be indicated when drilled shafts are proposed:

The existing bridge structure is supported on a system of shallow foundations for the bridge abutments and driven piles for the pier. GSG evaluated foundation system for the proposed new bridge and determined driven piles as the most feasible option. The anticipated factored loads for the bridge structure are as follows:

Factored Live Load + Impact Load = 245 kips * 1.75 = 429 kips

Factored Dead Load = 530 kips * 1.25 = 663 kips

Factored Wearing Surface Dead Load = 69 kips * 1.5 = 104 kips

Piles considered for this site include metal shell piles, concrete piles, and H-piles. Concrete piles are not recommended for this site because the pile lengths cannot be readily adjusted to accommodate variability in soil conditions. Metal shell piles and H-piles are a feasible option for the site.

For metal shell piles, a wall thickness of 0.25" or greater is recommended to minimize potential damage during driving. The estimated pile lengths are based on the pile cut off elevations provided on the preliminary plans (639.41 feet for the South abutment and 639.39 feet for the North abutment). The IDOT design tables for various pile sections, capacities and depths are provided in Appendix E, based on the uncorrected SPT N values of the boring logs. A summary table of the maximum nominal bearing of each pile, the maximum factored resistance available and the maximum pile length for each pile size is included in Appendix E also. The actual pile length and capacity should be evaluated based on test piles installed in accordance with the specifications provided in Section 512.15 of IDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. A minimum of 1 test pile per abutment should be completed at a location away from the soil borings at the northeast and southwest corners of the bridge. Per section 3.10.1.11 of the IDOT Bridge Manual (2012), the minimum pile spacing should be 3 pile diameters, and the maximum pile spacing should not be more than 3.5 times the effective footing thickness plus one foot, not to exceed a total of 8 feet.

Lateral loadings applied to pile foundations are typically resisted by battering selected piles, the soil/structure interaction, pile flexure, or a combination of these factors. Section 3.10.1.10 of the 2012 IDOT Bridge Manual requires performing detailed structure interaction analysis if the factored lateral loading per pile exceeds 3 kips. The analysis shall determine actual pile moment and deflection to determine the selected pile adequacy for the existing loadings.

Table D, Appendix D: Recommended Geotechnical Design Parameters provides recommended lateral soil modulus and soil strain parameters that can be used for laterally loaded pile analysis via the p-y curve method based on the encountered subsurface conditions. Table D also provides lateral earth pressure coefficients and soil parameters for the design of the abutment walls. The lateral earth pressures for the abutment should be designed using the at-rest condition.

Traffic and other surcharge loads should be included in the abutment design. The Integral Abutment Feasibility Analysis spreadsheet from IDOT is attached in Appendix D. A live load surcharge shall be applied where vehicular load is expected to act on the surface of the backfill within a distance equal to one-half the wall height behind the back face of the wall in accordance with Article 3.11.6.4 of AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Calculate the estimated water surface elevation and determine the need for cofferdams (type 1 or 2), and seal coat: Based on the preliminary plan provided to GSG, the estimated water surface elevation is 626.63 feet. Cofferdams are not anticipated to be necessary for the construction of the integral abutments due to the pile driving elevation being at above the water surface elevation.

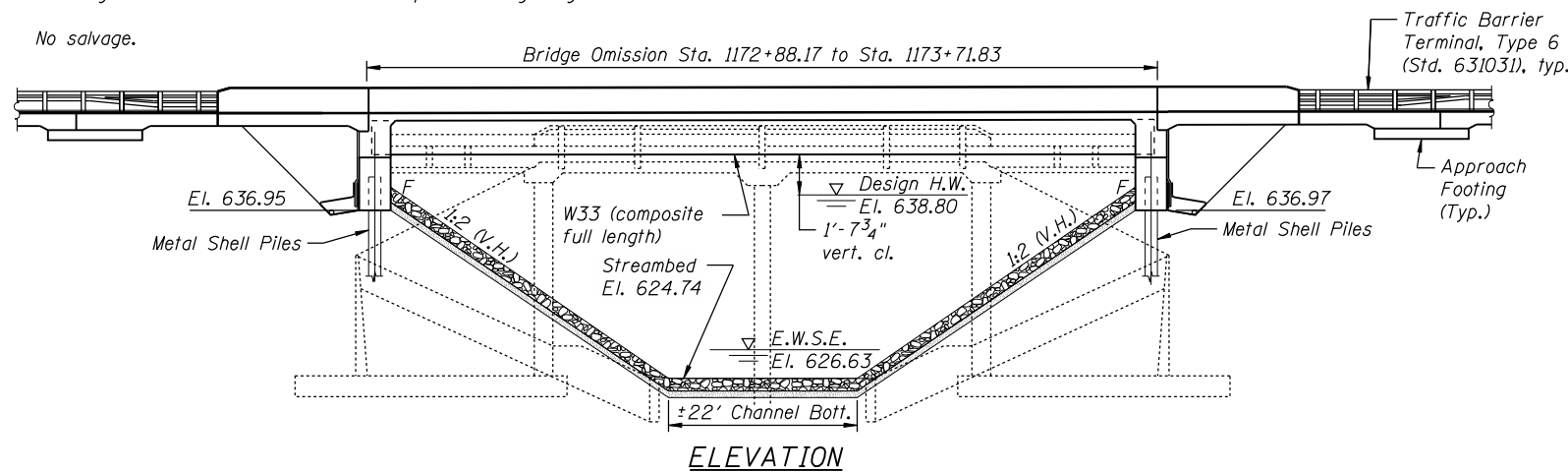
Assess the need for sheeting or soil retention or temporary construction slope and provide recommendation for other construction concerns: The preliminary plans indicate that construction of the proposed bridge will require complete removal of the existing structure using staged construction, therefore portions of the bridge will remain in use during installation of the new structure. Temporary sheet piling will be necessary during construction for the staged construction, in addition to behind and in front of the proposed abutment construction and should extend from the back of each existing abutment to the far end of the new bridge Structure Excavation below each approach slab. The sheet pile retaining system should be designed in accordance with the IDOT Bridge Design Manual, Section 3.13.1, Temporary Sheet Piling Design, Temporary Soil Retention Systems and Braced Excavations and the IDOT Design Guide, Section 3.13.1, Temporary Sheet Piling Design. Temporary sheet piling design charts can be used to provide a design.

APPENDIX A
GENERAL PLAN & ELEVATION

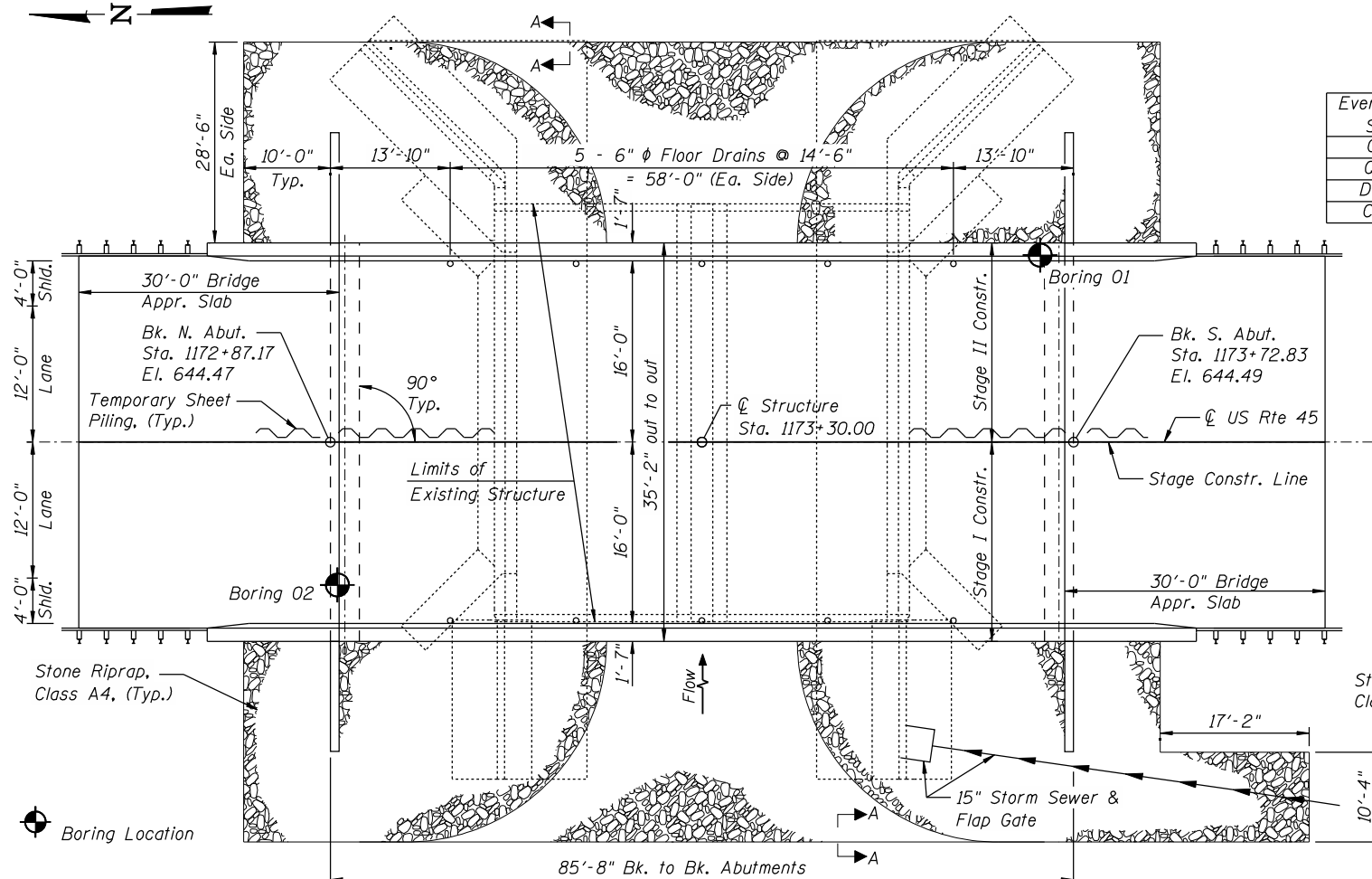
B.M. #1: Chiseled "□" in top of N.E. Wingwall, Sta. 1173+05.20, 22.95' Lt., Elev. 641.696

Existing Structure: S.N. 038-0039 (ex.), originally constructed in 1922 as a single span concrete slab bridge (Rt. SBI-25, Sec. 36). In 1952 the bridge was converted into a two span bridge by widening the original north and south Abutments and adding a center Pier that consists of 6 precast concrete piles directly supporting a new widened Superstructure slab (Rt. SBI-25, Sec. 36BY). The Superstructure slab was then replaced in 1984 (Rt. SBI-25, Sec. 36BR-1). Concrete Sealer was applied to the deck surface in 2012. Currently, the existing structure consists of 11" CIP concrete slab supported on closed abutments and a center concrete pile Pier. The existing bridge currently measures 47'-8" back to back of Abutment and 38'-0" out to out of bridge deck. Existing structure to be removed and replaced using stage construction.

No salvage.



ELEVATION



PLAN

SEISMIC DATA

Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ) = 1
 Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec. (S_{D1}) = 0.078 g
 Design Spectral Acceleration at 0.2 sec. (S_{D5}) = 0.133 g
 Soil Site Class = C

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

2017 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 8th Edition

LOADING HL-93

Allow 50#/sq. ft. for future wearing surface.

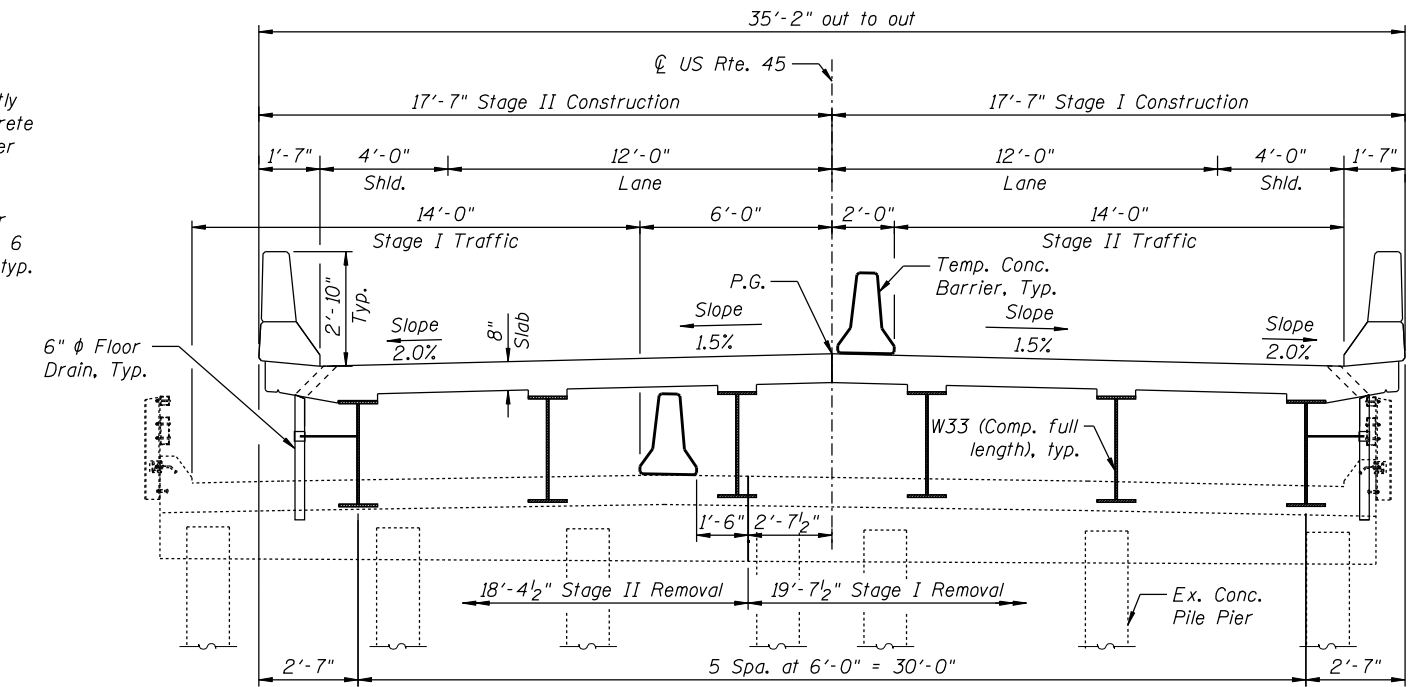
DESIGN STRESSES

FIELD UNITS

f'c = 3,500 p.s.i.
 f'c = 4,000 p.s.i. (Superstructure Concrete)
 fy = 60,000 p.s.i. (Reinforcement)
 fy = 50,000 p.s.i. (Structural Steel)
 AASHTO M270 Grade 50W

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION

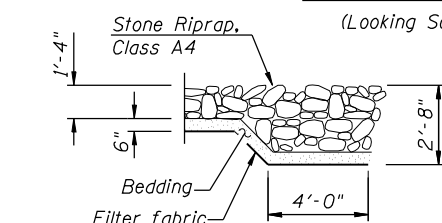
FAS 317 (US45)
 Functional Class: Major Collector
 ADT: 2520 (2020) / 3000 (2040)
 ADTT: 330 (2020) / 393 (2040)
 DHV: 285 (2040)
 Design Speed: 55 mph
 Posted Speed: 55 mph
 Two-Way Traffic
 Directional Distribution: 50/50



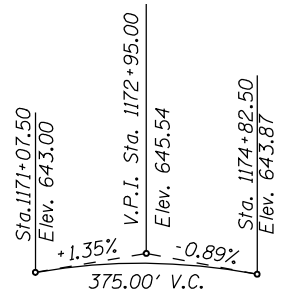
CROSS SECTION

DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATION TABLE

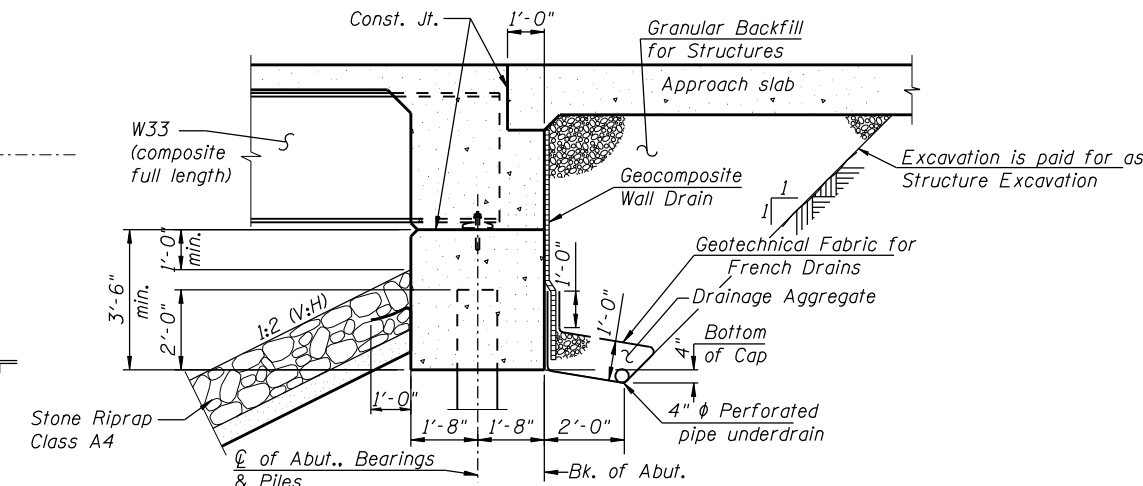
Event/Limit	Design Scour Elevations (ft.)		Item 113
	North Abut.	South Abut.	
Q100	636.95	636.97	8
Q200	636.95	636.97	
Design	636.95	636.97	
Check	636.95	636.97	



SECTION A-A



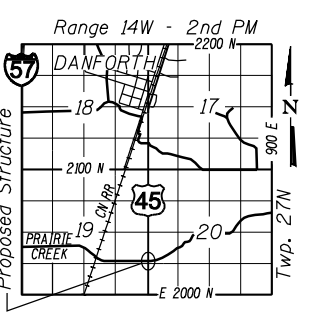
PROFILE GRADE



SECTION THRU INTEGRAL ABUTMENT

WATERWAY INFORMATION

FLOOD	FREQUENCY (Yr.)	Q (cfs)	OPENING Sq. ft.		HEAD - ft.		HEADWATER EL.		
			Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	
	10	1570	482	579	637.9	0.1	0.1	638.0	638.0
Hydraulic Design	50	2410	522	645	638.8	0.5	0.4	639.3	639.2
Base/Scour Des.	100	2760	535	667	639.1	0.7	0.5	639.8	639.6
Scour Check	200	3130	547	688	639.4	0.9	0.7	640.3	640.0
Max. Calc.	500	3610	561	713	639.7	1.5	0.8	641.2	640.5
Overtopping	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



LOCATION SKETCH

GENERAL PLAN & ELEVATION
US RT. 45 OVER PRAIRIE CREEK

F.A.S. ROUTE 317 (US 45)

SECTION (36BR-1)ES

IROQUOIS COUNTY

STATION 1173+30.00

STRUCTURE NO. 038-0225



USER NAME = #USER#	DESIGNED - BL/AA	REVISED -
PLOT SCALE = #SCALE#	DRAWN - AA	REVISED -
PLOT DATE = #DATE#	CHECKED - OAO	REVISED -
	DATE - 05-14-2018	REVISED -

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

GENERAL PLAN
S.N. 038-0225

F.A.S. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
317	(36BR-1)ES	IROQUOIS		
CONTRACT NO. 66F70				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

SHEET NO. OF SHEETS

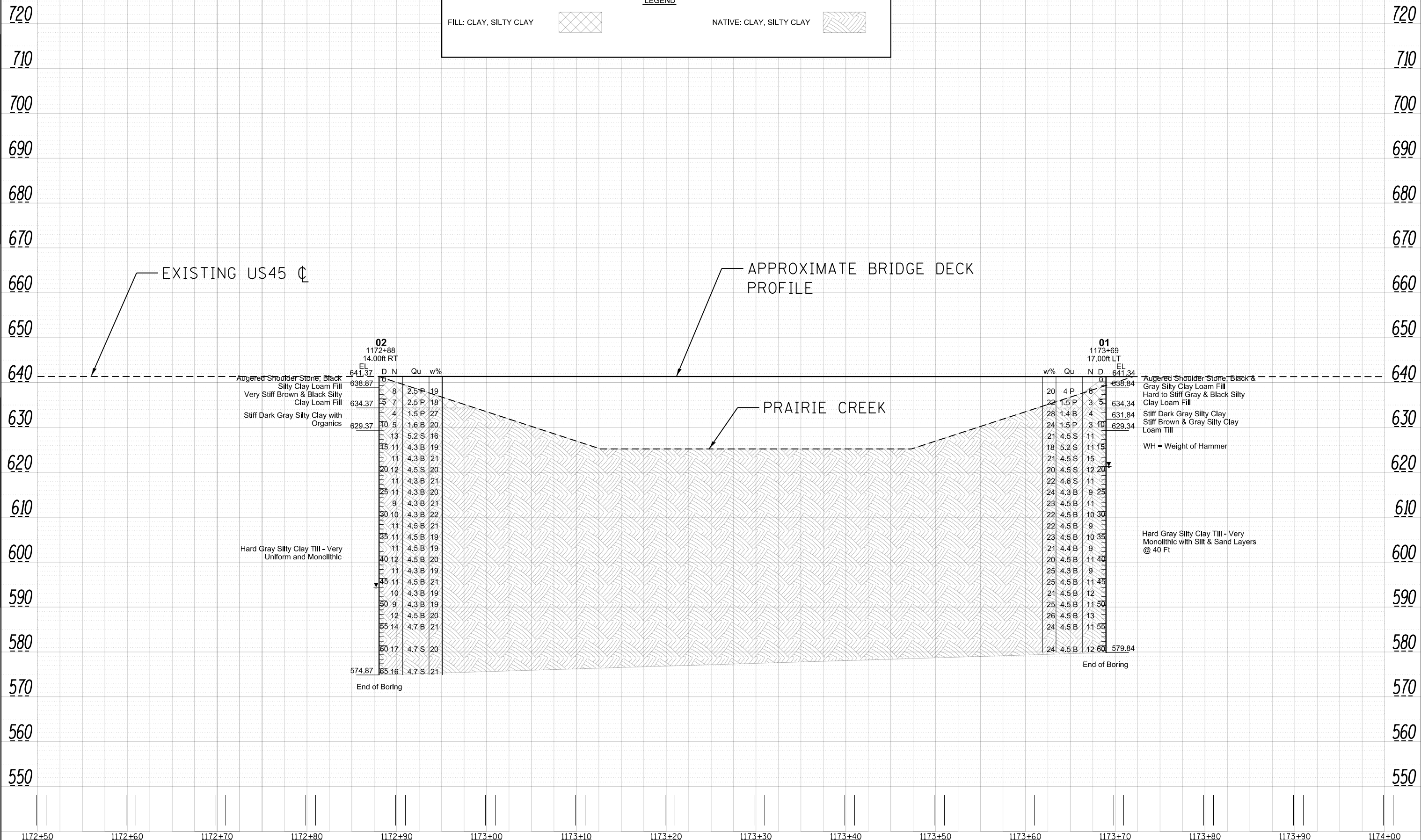
APPENDIX B
SOIL BORING PROFILE

PLAN	SURVEYED	DATE
	PLOTTED	BY
	GRADES CHECKED	
	ALIGNMENT CHECKED	
	FILE NAME	
	CARD FILE NAME	
	NO.	

PROFILE	SURVEYED	DATE
	PLOTTED	BY
	GRADES CHECKED	
	STRUCTURE NOT AT THIS CHFD	
	NO.	

LEGEND

FILL: CLAY, SILTY CLAY NATIVE: CLAY, SILTY CLAY



02
1172+88
14.00ft RT

EL	D	N	Qu	w%
641.37	8	2.5 P	19	
638.87	7	2.5 P	18	
634.37	4	1.5 P	27	
629.37	5	1.6 B	20	
	13	5.2 S	16	
	15	11	4.3 B	19
	11	4.3 B	21	
	20	12	4.5 S	20
	11	4.3 B	21	
	25	11	4.3 B	20
	9	4.3 B	21	
	30	10	4.3 B	22
	11	4.5 B	21	
	35	11	4.5 B	19
	11	4.5 B	19	
	40	12	4.5 B	20
	11	4.3 B	19	
	45	11	4.5 B	21
	10	4.3 B	19	
	50	9	4.3 B	19
	12	4.5 B	20	
	55	14	4.7 B	21
	60	17	4.7 S	20
574.87	65	16	4.7 S	21

End of Boring

01
1173+69
17.00ft LT

w%	Qu	N	D	EL
20	4 P	6	0	641.34
22	1.5 P	3	5	635.84
28	1.4 B	4		634.34
24	1.5 P	3	10	631.84
21	4.5 S	11		629.34
18	5.2 S	11	15	
21	4.5 S	15		
20	4.5 S	12	20	
22	4.6 S	11		
24	4.3 B	9	25	
23	4.5 B	11		
22	4.5 B	10	30	
22	4.5 B	9		
23	4.5 B	10	35	
21	4.4 B	9		
20	4.5 B	11	40	
25	4.3 B	9		
25	4.5 B	11	45	
21	4.5 B	12		
25	4.5 B	11	50	
26	4.5 B	13		
24	4.5 B	11	55	
24	4.5 B	12	60	579.84

End of Boring

Augered Shoulder Stone, Black & Gray Silty Clay Loam Fill
Very Stiff Brown & Black Silty Clay Loam Fill
Stiff Dark Gray Silty Clay with Organics

Augered Shoulder Stone, Black & Gray Silty Clay Loam Fill
Hard to Stiff Gray & Black Silty Clay Loam Fill
Stiff Dark Gray Silty Clay
Stiff Brown & Gray Silty Clay Loam Till

Hard Gray Silty Clay Till - Very Uniform and Monolithic

Hard Gray Silty Clay Till - Very Monolithic with Silt & Sand Layers @ 40 Ft

WH = Weight of Hammer

APPENDIX C
SOIL BORING LOGS



SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE SBI 25 (US 45) DESCRIPTION US 45 over Prairie Creek, 2.35 miles North of US 24 LOGGED BY Larry Myers

SECTION 36-BY LOCATION SW 1/4, SEC. 20, TWP. 27N, RNG. 14W, 2nd PM,
Latitude 40.80041, Longitude -87.978798

COUNTY Iroquois DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME Automatic

STRUCT. NO.	Station	BORING NO.	Station	Offset	Ground Surface Elev.	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T	Surface Water Elev.	Stream Bed Elev.	Groundwater Elev.:	First Encounter	Upon Completion	After	Hrs.	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T
						(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft		(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)
Augered Shoulder Stone, Black & Gray Silty Clay Loam Fill					638.84													4		
																		5	4.5	20
																		7	S	
Hard to Stiff Gray & Black Silty Clay Loam Fill							3											4		
							3	4.0	20									5	4.6	22
							3	P										6	S	
						-5														
							3											3		
							1	1.5	22									4	4.3	24
							2	P										5	B	
Stiff Dark Gray Silty Clay					634.34															
							2											4		
							2	1.4	28									5	4.5	23
							2	B										6	B	
Stiff Brown & Gray Silty Clay Loam Till					631.84															
						-10														
							WH													
							1	1.5	24									3		
							2	P										4	4.5	22
Hard Gray Silty Clay Till - Very Monolithic with Silt & Sand Layers @ 40 Ft					629.34															
							4													
							5	4.5	21									3	4.5	23
							6	S										4	B	
						-15														
							4													
							5	5.2	18									3	4.5	23
							6	S										4	B	
							5													
							6	4.5	21									4	4.4	21
							9	S										5	B	
						-20														

SOIL BORING 038-0039.GPJ IL_DOT_GDT 10/18/16

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE SBI 25 (US 45) DESCRIPTION US 45 over Prairie Creek, 2.35 miles North of US 24 LOGGED BY Larry Myers

SECTION 36-BY LOCATION SE 1/4, SEC. 19, TWP. 27N, RNG. 14W, 2nd PM,
Latitude 40.800633, Longitude -87.978904

COUNTY Iroquois DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME Automatic

STRUCT. NO.	Station	BORING NO.	Station	Offset	Ground Surface Elev.	D E P T H (ft)	B L O W S (/6")	U C S (tsf)	M O I S T (%)	Surface Water Elev.	Stream Bed Elev.	Groundwater Elev.:	First Encounter	Upon Completion	After	Hrs.	D E P T H (ft)	B L O W S (/6")	U C S (tsf)	M O I S T (%)		
038-0039	1173+30	02 (N.W. Quad.)	1172+88	14.0 ft Rt.	641.37					626.69	625.05											
Augered Shoulder Stone, Black Silty Clay Loam Fill						638.87				Hard Gray Silty Clay Till - Very Uniform and Monolithic (continued)						4						
Very Stiff Brown & Black Silty Clay Loam Fill							2											5	4.5	20		
							3	2.5	19													4
							5	P											5	4.3	21	
							4															
						-5																
							2															
634.37							3	2.5	18										5	4.3	20	
							4	P														
Stiff Dark Gray Silty Clay with Organics							2															
							2	1.5	27													
							2	P											4	4.3	21	
							2															
						-10																
							1															
629.37							2	1.6	20										5	4.3	22	
							3	B														
Hard Gray Silty Clay Till - Very Uniform and Monolithic							4															
							6	5.2	16													
							7	S											5	4.5	21	
							7															
						-15																
							4															
							5	4.3	19											5	4.5	19
							6	B														
							4															
							5	4.3	21													
							6	B											5	4.5	19	
							6															
						-20																
							4															
							5	4.3	19										6	B		
							6															
							4															
							5	4.3	21													
							6	B											4			
							6															
						-20																
							4															

SOIL BORING 038-0039.GPJ IL_DOT_GDT 10/18/16

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
 The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE SBI 25 (US 45) DESCRIPTION US 45 over Prairie Creek, 2.35 miles North of US 24 LOGGED BY Larry Myers

SECTION 36-BY LOCATION SE 1/4, SEC. 19, TWP. 27N, RNG. 14W, 2nd PM,

Latitude 40.800633, Longitude -87.978904

COUNTY Iroquois DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME Automatic

STRUCT. NO. 038-0039
Station 1173+30

BORING NO. 02 (N.W. Quad.)
Station 1172+88

Offset 14.0 ft Rt.
Ground Surface Elev. 641.37 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOWS (/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

Surface Water Elev.	<u>626.69</u> ft
Stream Bed Elev.	<u>625.05</u> ft
Groundwater Elev.:	
First Encounter	<u>594.4</u> ft ▼
Upon Completion	<u>591.4</u> ft ▼
After _____ Hrs.	_____ ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOWS (/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

Hard Gray Silty Clay Till - Very Uniform and Monolithic
(continued)

5			
6	4.5	20	
6	B		

Hard Gray Silty Clay Till - Very Uniform and Monolithic
(continued)

5			
8	4.7	20	
9	S		

4			
5	4.3	19	
6	B		

-45	4		
	5	4.5	21
	6	B	

5			
8	4.7	21	
8	S		

574.87

▼

4			
5	4.3	19	
5	B		

End of Boring

▽ -50

4			
4	4.3	19	
5	B		

4			
6	4.5	20	
6	B		

-55	5		
	7	4.7	21
	7	B	

-60

-65			

-80

SOIL BORING 038-0039.GPJ IL_DOT.GDT 10/18/16

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

APPENDIX D

RECOMMENDED GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN PARAMETERS

Table D: Summary of Soil Parameters

Elevation feet	Soil Description	In situ Unit Weight γ (pcf)	Undrained		Drained		Active Earth Pressure Coefficient (K_a)	Passive Earth Pressure Coefficient (K_p)	At Rest Earth Pressure Coefficient (K_o)	Lateral Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (pci)	Soil Strain (ϵ_{50})	OSHA Soil Type
			Cohesion c (psf)	Friction Angle ϕ (°)	Cohesion c (psf)	Friction Angle ϕ (°)						
	New Engineered Clay Fill	125	1,000	0	50	25	0.40	2.50	0.58	500	0.007	Type B
640-634	Fill Brown and Black Silty Clay	133	2,600	0	100	28	0.36	2.77	0.53	1,310	0.005	Type A
634-632	Dark Gray Stiff Silty Clay	134	1,400	0	50	25	0.41	2.46	0.58	720	0.007	Type B
632-629	Brown and Gray Stiff Silty Clay	135	1,500	0	75	25	0.41	2.46	0.58	750	0.007	Type B
629-574	Gray Hard Silty Clay	140	4,500	0	150	28	0.36	2.77	0.53	2,260	0.004	Type A

INTEGRAL ABUTMENT FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS

I.D.O.T. BBS FOUNDATIONS AND GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

Modified 1/7/2014

STRUCTURE NUMBER===== 038-0039
 STRUCTURE TYPE ===== SIMPLE-SPAN
 STRUCTURE SKEW===== 0 DEGREES
 TOTAL STRUCTURE LENGTH===== 84.00 FT

ABUTMENT #1 DATA

ABUTMENT NAME ===== North
 ABUTMENT REFERENCE BORING===== B-2
 BOTTOM OF ABUTMENT ELEVATION===== 637.39 FT
 ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PILES AT ABUT.===== 6

ABUTMENT #2 DATA

ABUTMENT NAME ===== South
 ABUTMENT REFERENCE BORING===== B-1
 BOTTOM OF ABUTMENT ELEVATION===== 637.41 FT
 ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PILES AT ABUT.===== 6

SOIL DATA FOR 10 FT BENEATH BOTTOM OF ABUTMENT #1				
BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT)	LAYER THICKNESS (FT)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TSF)	N S.P.T. VALUE (BLOWS/12 IN.)	Qu EQUIV. FOR N VALUE (TSF)
634.39	3.00	1.5		
631.89	2.50	1.4		
629.39	2.50	1.5		
627.39	2.00	4.5		

10.00 FT = TOTAL DEPTH ENTERED

SOIL DATA FOR 10 FT BENEATH BOTTOM OF ABUTMENT #2				
BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT)	LAYER THICKNESS (FT)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TSF)	N S.P.T. VALUE (BLOWS/12 IN.)	Qu EQUIV. FOR N VALUE (TSF)
634.41	3.00	2.5		
631.91	2.50	1.5		
629.41	2.50	1.6		
627.41	2.00	5.20		

10.00 FT = TOTAL DEPTH ENTERED

WEIGHTED AVERAGE Qu FOR ABUTMENT #1===== 2.08 TSF

WEIGHTED AVERAGE Qu FOR ABUTMENT #2===== 2.57 TSF

PILE STIFFNESS MODIFIER FOR ABUTMENT #1
 = 1/(1.45-[0.3*2.08])===== 1.21

PILE STIFFNESS MODIFIER FOR ABUTMENT #2
 = 1/(1.45-[0.3*2.57])===== 1.47

DISTANCE TO CENTROID OF STIFFNESS FROM ABUTMENT #1 = $[1.21*6*0+1.47*6*84]/[1.21*6+1.47*6]$ ===== 46.09 FT

DISTANCE TO CENTROID OF STIFFNESS FROM ABUTMENT #2 = $[1.47*6*0+1.21*6*84]/[1.47*6+1.21*6]$ ===== 37.91 FT

EFFECTIVE EXPANSION LENGTH (EEL) CALCULATION

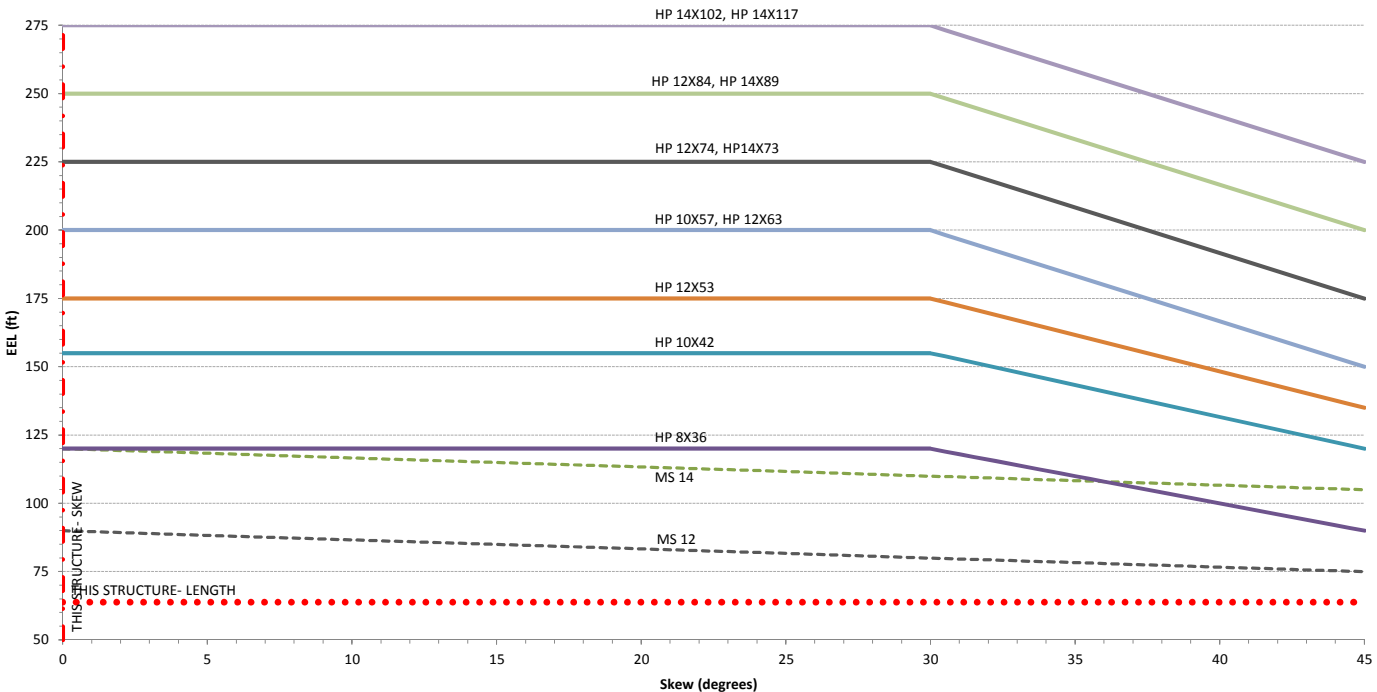
CONTROLLING ABUTMENT===== ABUT. #1 North
 CONTROLLING EXPANSION LENGTH (DISTANCE TO CENTROID OF STIFFNESS FROM CONTROLLING ABUTMENT) ===== 46.09 FT
 WEIGHTED AVE. Qu FOR CONTROLLING ABUTMENT ===== 2.08 TSF
 Qu CORRECTION FACTOR ===== 2.08/1.5 ===== 1.38
 EFFECTIVE EXPANSION LENGTH (EEL) ===== EEL = 46.09*1.38 ===== 63.76 FT

FEASIBLE PILE TYPES PER CHART IN ABD MEMO 12.3 BASED ON SKEW AND EEL OR MODIFIED EEL:

ALL PILE SIZES MAY BE USED FOR THIS INTEGRAL ABUTMENT STRUCTURE

AVAILABLE PILE SIZES:

MS 12, MS 14, HP 8X36, HP 10X42, HP 10X53, HP 10X57, HP 12X63, HP 12X74, HP 14X73, HP 12X84, HP 14X89, HP 14X102, HP 14X117



APPENDIX E

IDOT PILE DESIGN TABLES

South Abutment – Boring #1

Pile Size	Maximum Nominal Bearing of Pile (kips)	Maximum Nominal Bearing of Boring (kips)	Maximum Factored Resistance of Boring (kips)	Maximum Pile Length in Boring (feet)
Metal Shell 12" w. 0.179" walls	254	254	140	27
Metal Shell 12" w. 0.25" walls	353	353	194	37
Metal Shell 14" w. 0.25" walls	413	413	227	35
Metal Shell 14" w. 0.312" walls	513	513	282	45
Steel HP 8x36	286	286	157	55
Steel HP 10x42	335	335	184	47
Steel HP 10x57	454	391	215	55*
Steel HP 12x53	418	418	230	50
Steel HP 12x63	497	475	261	55*
Steel HP 12x74	589	482	286	55*
Steel HP 12x84	664	489	269	55*
Steel HP 14x73	578	571	314	55*
Steel HP 14x89	705	578	318	55*
Steel HP 14x102	810	585	322	55*
Steel HP 14x117	929	592	326	55*

*Maximum pile length calculated based on available soil boring information

North Abutment – Boring #2

Pile Size	Maximum Nominal Bearing of Pile (kips)	Maximum Nominal Bearing of Boring (kips)	Maximum Factored Resistance of Boring (kips)	Maximum Pile Length in Boring (feet)
Metal Shell 12" w. 0.179" walls	254	254	140	27
Metal Shell 12" w. 0.25" walls	353	353	194	37
Metal Shell 14" w. 0.25" walls	413	413	227	37
Metal Shell 14" w. 0.312" walls	513	513	282	45
Steel HP 8x36	286	286	157	52
Steel HP 10x42	335	335	184	50
Steel HP 10x57	454	419	230	60*
Steel HP 12x53	418	418	230	50
Steel HP 12x63	497	497	273	60
Steel HP 12x74	589	515	284	60*
Steel HP 12x84	664	523	287	60*
Steel HP 14x73	578	578	318	60
Steel HP 14x89	705	618	340	60*
Steel HP 14x102	810	626	344	60*
Steel HP 14x117	929	633	348	60*

*Maximum pile length calculated based on available soil boring information

Pile Design Table for South Abutment utilizing Boring #1											
	Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated
	Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile
	Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length
	(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.179" walls				Steel HP 10 X 57				Steel HP 14 X 73			
25	13	5		14	8	5		20	11	5	
62	34	7		31	17	7		43	23	7	
94	52	10		57	31	10		80	44	10	
113	62	12		81	45	12		115	63	12	
139	76	15		107	59	15		151	83	15	
165	91	17		132	72	17		188	103	17	
188	104	20		146	80	20		223	123	20	
215	118	22		165	91	22		255	140	22	
240	132	25		182	100	25		279	154	25	
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls				Steel HP 12 X 53				Steel HP 14 X 89			
25	13	5		217	120	30		328	181	30	
62	34	7		234	129	32		351	193	32	
94	52	10		252	139	35		377	207	35	
113	62	12		268	147	37		397	219	37	
139	76	15		286	158	40		425	234	40	
165	91	17		304	167	42		449	247	42	
188	104	20		321	177	45		474	260	45	
215	118	22		339	186	47		498	274	47	
240	132	25		356	196	50		522	287	50	
266	146	27		391	215	55		571	314	55	
291	160	30		16	9	5		20	11	5	
316	174	32		34	19	7		45	25	7	
342	188	35		66	36	10		83	46	10	
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.25" walls				Steel HP 12 X 63				Steel HP 14 X 102			
31	17	5		95	52	12		118	65	12	
80	44	7		125	69	15		155	85	15	
118	65	10		155	85	17		191	105	17	
140	77	12		181	100	20		227	125	20	
170	93	15		204	112	22		259	142	22	
201	110	17		224	123	25		283	156	25	
227	125	20		245	135	27		308	169	27	
258	142	22		266	146	30		333	183	30	
288	158	25		285	157	32		355	196	32	
318	175	27		307	169	35		382	210	35	
347	191	30		324	178	37		402	221	37	
376	207	32		347	191	40		430	237	40	
406	224	35		368	202	42		455	250	42	
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.312" walls				Steel HP 12 X 63				Steel HP 14 X 102			
31	17	5		388	214	45		480	264	45	
80	44	7		409	225	47		504	277	47	
118	65	10		17	9	5		529	291	50	
140	77	12		36	20	7		578	318	55	
170	93	15		68	37	10		21	12	5	
201	110	17		97	53	12		47	26	7	
227	125	20		128	70	15		85	47	10	
258	142	22		159	87	17		120	66	12	
288	158	25		183	101	20		157	86	15	
318	175	27		206	113	22		194	107	17	
347	191	30		227	125	25		230	126	20	
376	207	32		248	136	27		262	144	22	
406	224	35		268	148	30		287	158	25	
434	239	37		288	158	32		312	172	27	
465	256	40		310	170	35		337	185	30	
495	272	42		328	180	37		360	198	32	



Pile Design Table for South Abutment utilizing Boring #1											
	Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated
	Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile
	Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length
	(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)
Steel HP 8 X 36					351	193	40		387	213	35
	11	6	5		371	204	42		408	224	37
	23	13	7		392	216	45		436	240	40
	44	24	10		413	227	47		461	253	42
	64	35	12		434	239	50		486	267	45
	83	46	15		475	261	55		511	281	47
	98	54	17	Steel HP 12 X 74					535	295	50
	110	61	20		17	9	5		585	322	55
	125	69	22		38	21	7	Steel HP 14 X 117			
	139	76	25		70	38	10		22	12	5
	153	84	27		99	55	12		49	27	7
	167	92	30		130	71	15		88	49	10
	180	99	32		161	88	17		123	68	12
	195	107	35		186	102	20		160	88	15
	208	114	37		209	115	22		197	108	17
	222	122	40		231	127	25		233	128	20
	236	130	42		252	138	27		266	146	22
	250	138	45		273	150	30		291	160	25
	264	145	47		292	161	32		317	174	27
	278	153	50		314	173	35		342	188	30
Steel HP 10 X 42					333	183	37		365	201	32
	13	7	5		356	196	40		392	215	35
	29	16	7		377	207	42		413	227	37
	55	30	10		398	219	45		441	243	40
	79	43	12		419	230	47		466	257	42
	104	57	15		440	242	50		492	270	45
	128	70	17		482	265	55		517	284	47
	142	78	20	Steel HP 12 X 84					542	298	50
	161	89	22		18	10	5		592	326	55
	178	98	25		39	21	7	Precast 14"x 14"			
	195	107	27		72	39	10		40	22	5
	212	117	30		101	55	12		102	56	7
	229	126	32		132	72	15		150	83	10
	246	135	35		163	90	17		178	98	12
	262	144	37		189	104	20		216	119	15
	280	154	40		213	117	22		255	140	17
	297	163	42		234	129	25	Timber Pile			
	314	173	45		255	141	27		16	9	5
	332	182	47		277	152	30		37	20	7
					297	163	32		64	35	10
					319	175	35		88	48	12
					337	186	37		113	62	15
					361	198	40		139	77	17
					382	210	42				
					404	222	45				
					425	234	47				
					446	245	50				
					489	269	55				



Pile Design Table for North Abutment utilizing Boring #2											
	Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated
	Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile
	Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length
	(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.179" walls				Steel HP 10 X 57				Steel HP 14 X 73			
30	16	5		19	10	5		27	15	5	
42	23	7		31	17	7		44	24	7	
86	47	10		49	27	10		69	38	10	
103	57	12		73	40	12		103	57	12	
128	70	15		97	54	15		138	76	15	
155	85	17		122	67	17		174	95	17	
178	98	20		139	77	20		209	115	20	
203	112	22		156	86	22		242	133	22	
228	125	25		173	95	25		265	146	25	
252	139	27		190	104	27		289	159	27	
				209	115	30		316	174	30	
Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls											
30	16	5		226	124	32		341	187	32	
42	23	7		244	134	35		365	201	35	
86	47	10		261	144	37		390	214	37	
103	57	12		277	152	40		410	226	40	
128	70	15		296	163	42		438	241	42	
155	85	17		311	171	45		458	252	45	
178	98	20		328	180	47		482	265	47	
203	112	22		347	191	50		509	280	50	
228	125	25		366	201	52		537	296	52	
252	139	27		384	211	55		562	309	55	
279	153	30		419	230	60					
304	167	32		Steel HP 12 X 53				Steel HP 14 X 89			
330	181	35		22	12	5		28	15	5	
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.25" walls											
				36	20	7		45	25	7	
37	20	5		56	31	10		72	39	10	
52	29	7		85	47	12		106	58	12	
109	60	10		114	63	15		141	78	15	
128	70	12		143	79	17		177	97	17	
157	86	15		173	95	20		213	117	20	
188	103	17		193	106	22		245	135	22	
215	118	20		213	117	25		269	148	25	
244	134	22		233	128	27		293	161	27	
273	150	25		256	141	30		321	176	30	
302	166	27		276	152	32		345	190	32	
333	183	30		297	163	35		370	203	35	
363	199	32		317	175	37		395	217	37	
392	216	35		335	184	40		415	228	40	
Metal Shell 14"Φ w/.312" walls											
				358	197	42		443	244	42	
37	20	5		376	207	45		464	255	45	
52	29	7		396	218	47		488	268	47	
109	60	10		418	230	50		515	284	50	
128	70	12		Steel HP 12 X 63				Steel HP 14 X 102			
157	86	15		23	12	5		544	299	52	
188	103	17		37	20	7		569	313	55	
215	118	20		58	32	10		618	340	60	
244	134	22		87	48	12					
273	150	25		117	64	15		28	16	5	
302	166	27		147	81	17		46	25	7	
333	183	30		175	96	20		74	41	10	
363	199	32		195	107	22		108	59	12	
392	216	35		215	118	25		143	79	15	
422	232	37		235	129	27		179	99	17	
450	247	40		258	142	30		215	118	20	
481	264	42		279	153	32		249	137	22	
508	280	45		300	165	35		273	150	25	
								297	163	27	
								325	179	30	

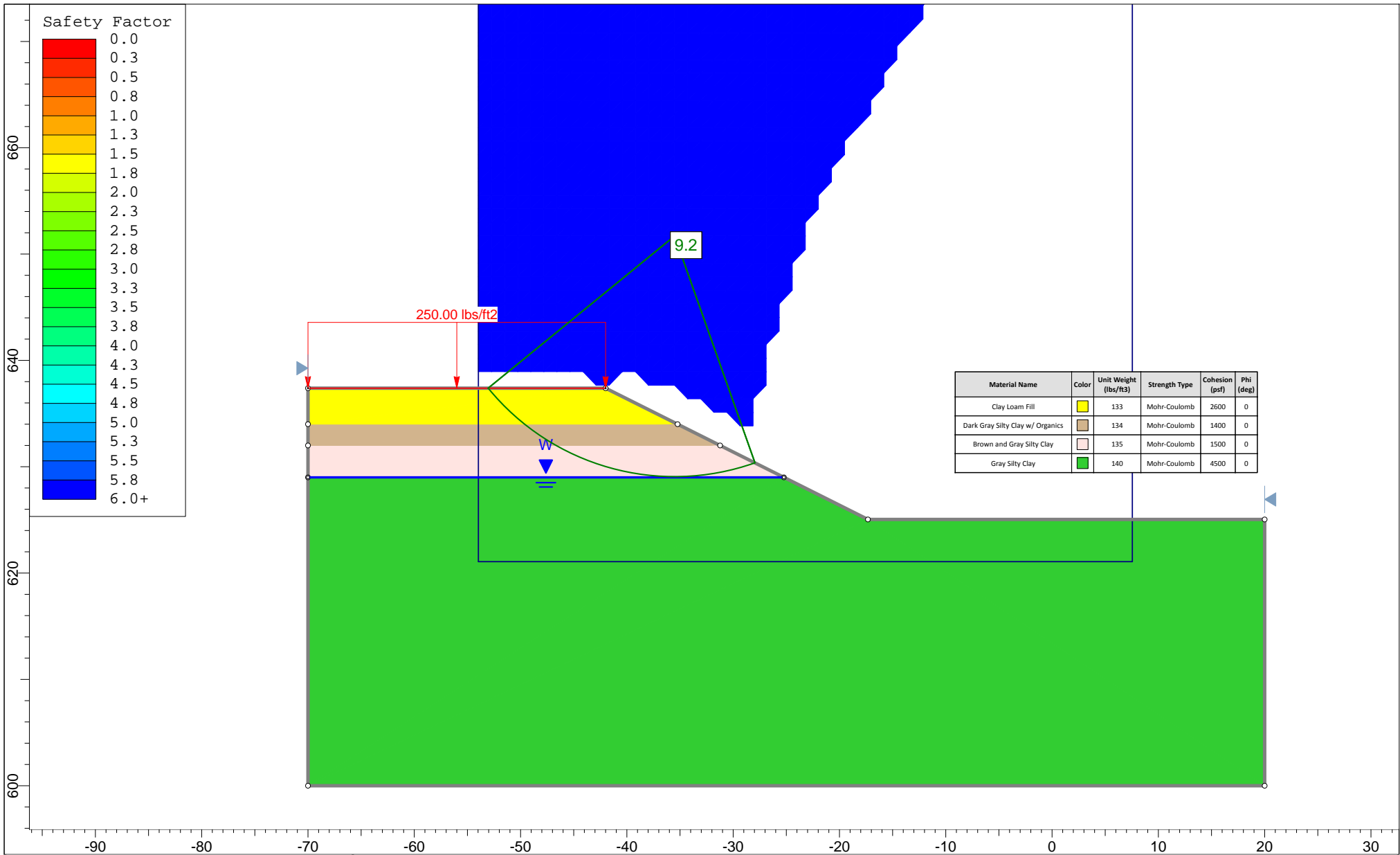



Pile Design Table for North Abutment utilizing Boring #2											
	Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated		Nominal	Factored	Estimated
	Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile		Required	Resistance	Pile
	Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length		Bearing	Available	Length
	(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)		(Kips)	(Kips)	(Ft.)
Steel HP 8 X 36					321	176	37		350	192	32
	15	8	5		339	186	40		375	206	35
	24	13	7		361	199	42		400	220	37
	38	21	10		379	209	45		421	231	40
	57	31	12		399	220	47		449	247	42
	77	42	15		422	232	50		470	258	45
	92	51	17		446	245	52		494	272	47
	105	58	20		467	257	55		522	287	50
	118	65	22	Steel HP 12 X 74					551	303	52
	132	72	25		23	13	5		576	317	55
	145	80	27		38	21	7		626	344	60
	160	88	30		60	33	10	Steel HP 14 X 117			
	174	96	32		89	49	12		29	16	5
	188	103	35		119	65	15		47	26	7
	202	111	37		149	82	17		77	42	10
	215	118	40		178	98	20		111	61	12
	230	126	42		198	109	22		146	80	15
	242	133	45		219	120	25		183	100	17
	256	141	47		239	131	27		219	120	20
	271	149	50		262	144	30		252	139	22
	286	157	52		283	156	32		277	152	25
Steel HP 10 X 42					304	167	35		301	165	27
	18	10	5		325	179	37		329	181	30
	30	17	7		344	189	40		354	195	32
	47	26	10		367	202	42		380	209	35
	71	39	12		385	212	45		405	223	37
	95	52	15		405	223	47		426	234	40
	120	66	17		428	236	50		454	250	42
	136	75	20		452	249	52		476	262	45
	152	84	22		473	260	55		500	275	47
	169	93	25		515	284	60		528	291	50
	185	102	27	Steel HP 12 X 84					558	307	52
	204	112	30		24	13	5		583	321	55
	221	122	32		38	21	7		633	348	60
	238	131	35		62	34	10	Precast 14"x 14"			
	255	140	37		91	50	12		47	26	5
	271	149	40		120	66	15		66	36	7
	289	159	42		151	83	17		138	76	10
	304	167	45		181	100	20		163	90	12
	321	176	47		202	111	22		200	110	15
					222	122	25		239	132	17
					243	134	27	Timber Pile			
					266	146	30		21	12	5
					288	158	32		33	18	7
					309	170	35		56	31	10
					330	182	37		79	43	12
					349	192	40		104	57	15
					372	205	42		129	71	17
					390	215	45				
					411	226	47				
					435	239	50				
					459	252	52				
					480	264	55				
					523	287	60				

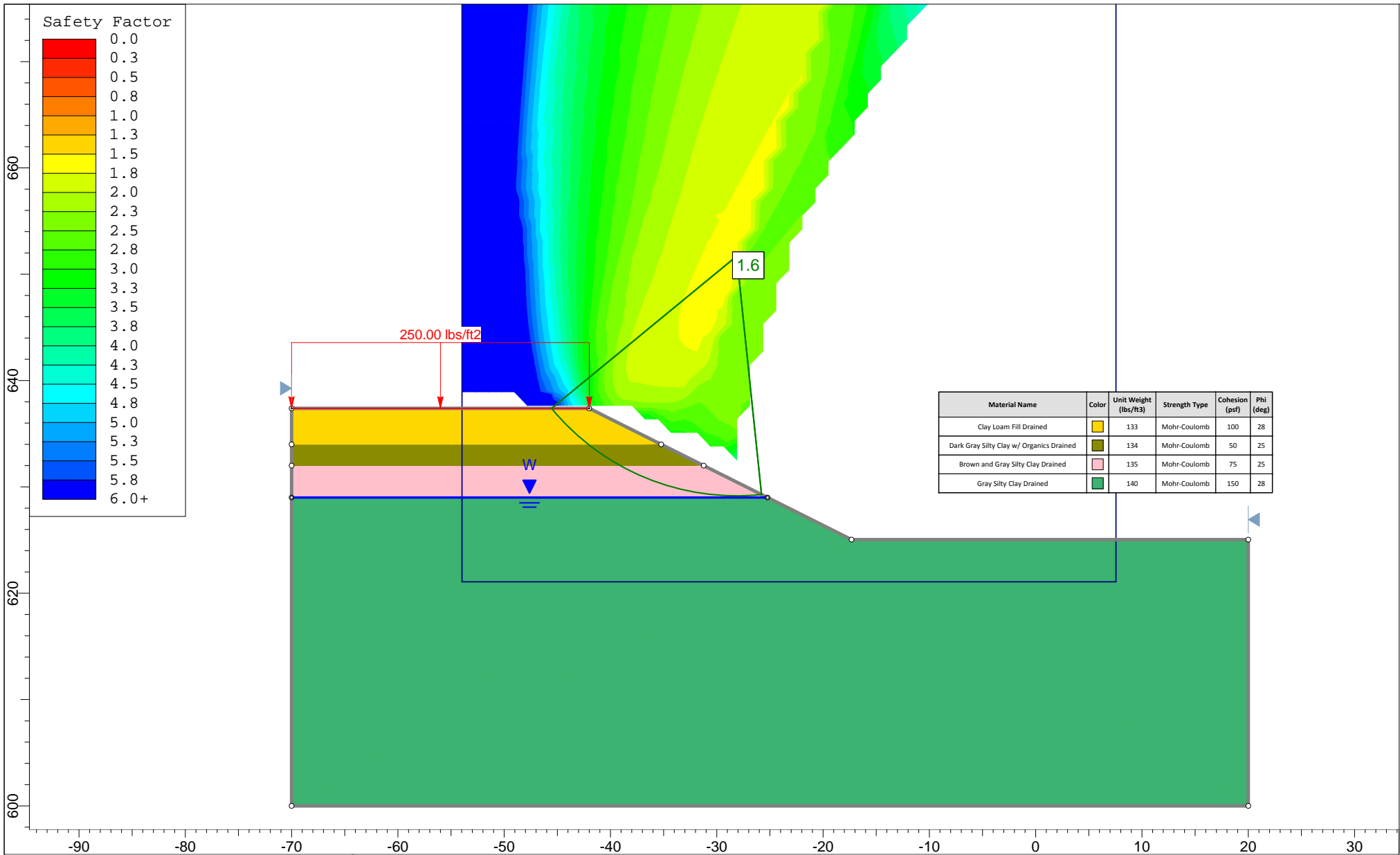



APPENDIX F

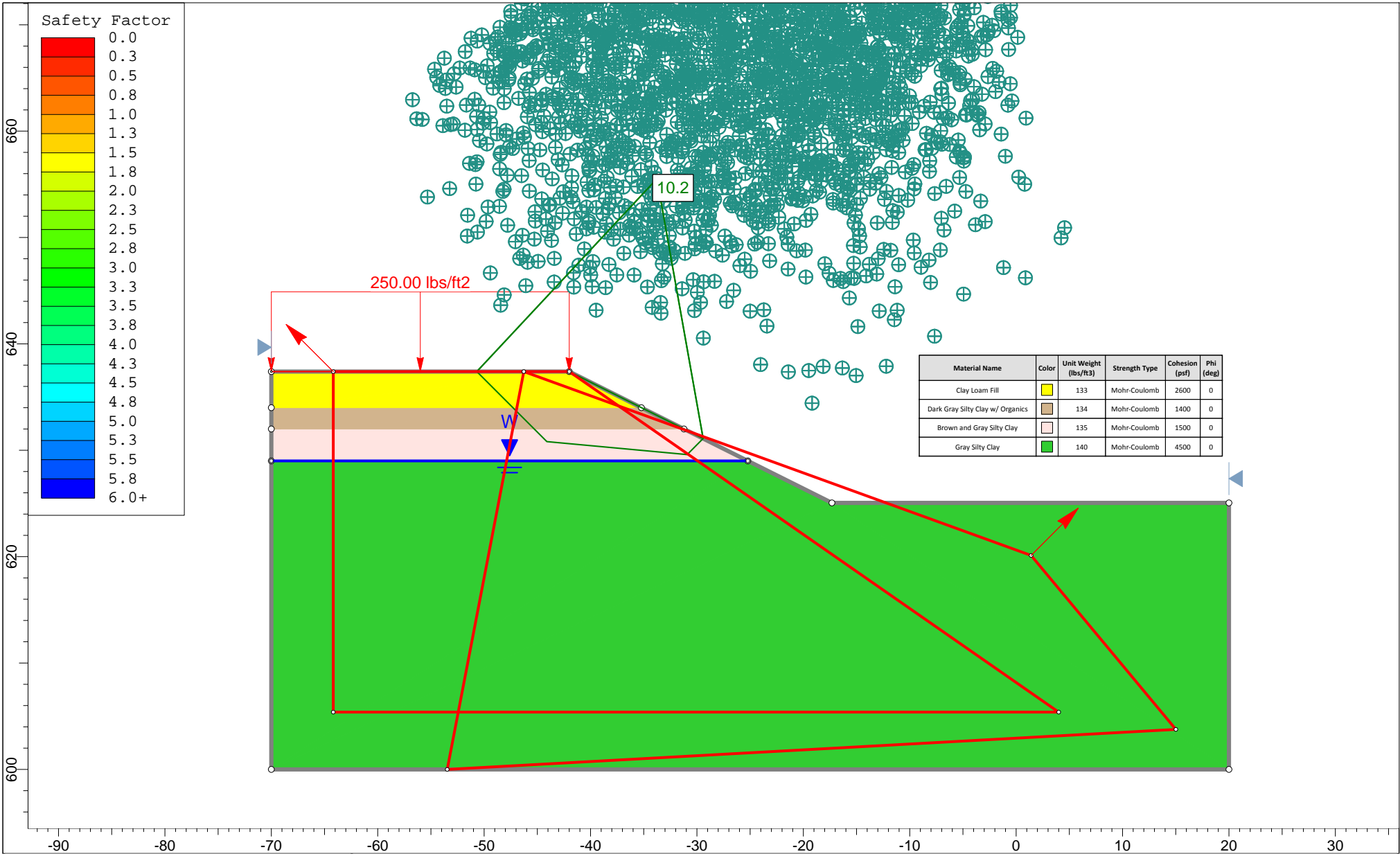
SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSES EXHIBITS




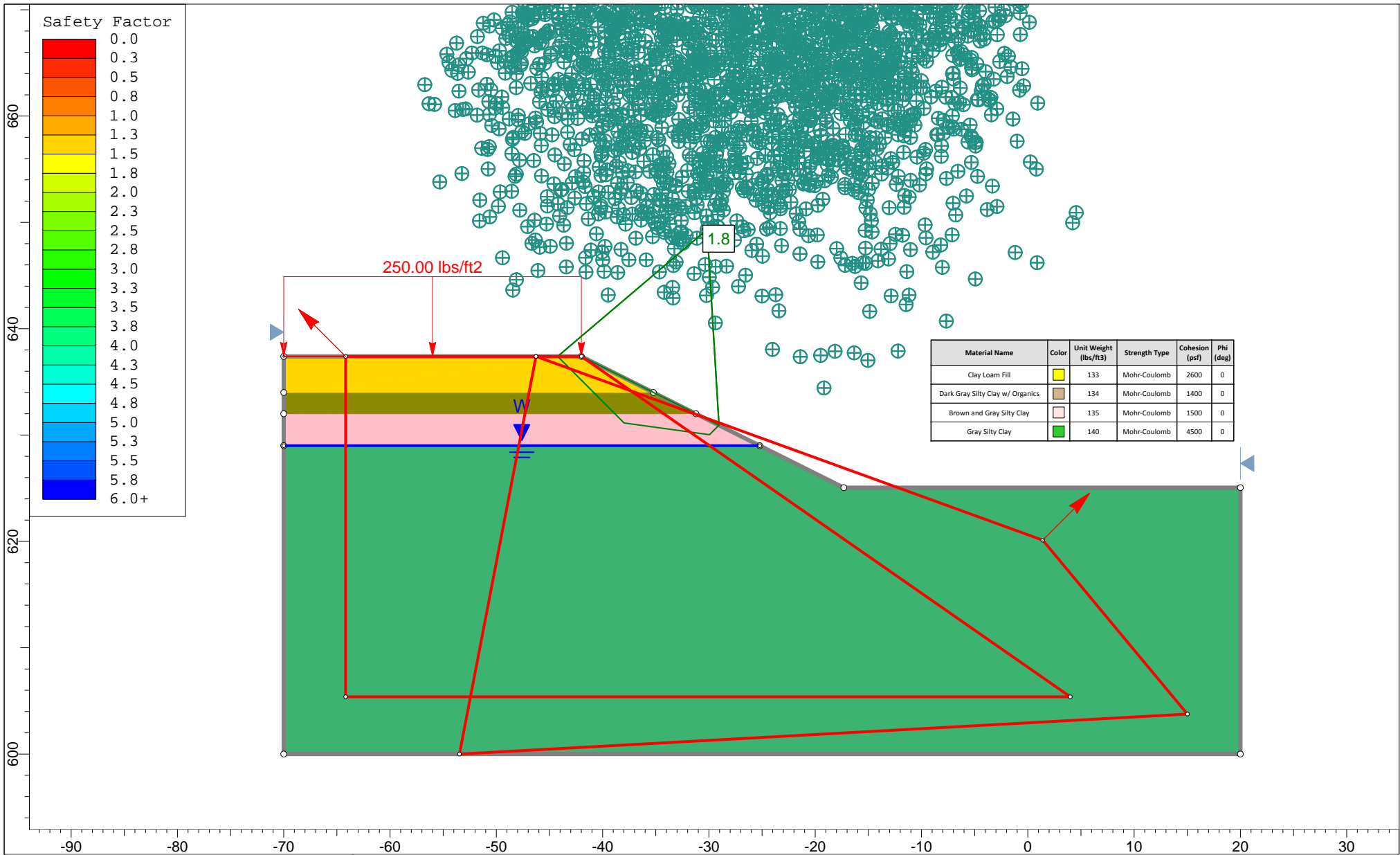
 <p>GSG CONSULTANTS, INC. 855 West Adams, Suite 200 Chicago, Illinois 60607 tel: 312.733.6262 • fax: 312.733.5612</p>	Project IDOT US 45 over Prairie Creek			
	Analysis Description Exhibit 1 - Circular Short Term			
	Drawn By JR	Scale 1:150	Company GSG Consultants, Inc	
	Date 11/29/2017, 11:15:24 AM		File Name US 45 North Slope.slim	




 <p>GSG CONSULTANTS, INC. 855 West Adams, Suite 200 Chicago, Illinois 60607 tel: 312.733.6262 • fax: 312.733.5612</p>	<i>Project</i> IDOT US 45 over Prairie Creek				
	<i>Analysis Description</i> Exhibit 2 - Circular Long Term				
	<i>Drawn By</i> JR	<i>Scale</i> 1:150	<i>Company</i> GSG Consultants, Inc		
	<i>Date</i> 11/29/2017, 11:15:24 AM	<i>File Name</i> US 45 North Slope.slim			



 <p>GSG CONSULTANTS, INC. 855 West Adams, Suite 200 Chicago, Illinois 60607 tel: 312.733.6262 • fax: 312.733.5612</p>	<i>Project</i> IDOT US 45 over Prairie Creek			
	<i>Analysis Description</i> Exhibit 3 - Block Short Term			
	<i>Drawn By</i> JR	<i>Scale</i> 1:150	<i>Company</i> GSG Consultants, Inc	
	<i>Date</i> 11/29/2017, 11:15:24 AM	<i>File Name</i> US 45 North Slope.slim		



 <p>GSG CONSULTANTS, INC. 855 West Adams, Suite 200 Chicago, Illinois 60607 tel: 312.733.6262 • fax: 312.733.5612</p>	<i>Project</i> <p style="text-align: center;">IDOT US 45 over Prairie Creek</p>		
	<i>Analysis Description</i> <p style="text-align: center;">Exhibit 4 - Block Long Term</p>		
	<i>Drawn By</i> <p style="text-align: center;">JR</p>	<i>Scale</i> <p style="text-align: center;">1:150</p>	<i>Company</i> <p style="text-align: center;">GSG Consultants, Inc</p>
	<i>Date</i> <p style="text-align: center;">11/29/2017, 11:15:24 AM</p>	<i>File Name</i> <p style="text-align: center;">US 45 North Slope.slim</p>	