

BID PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

ABOUT IDOT PROPOSALS: All proposals are potential bidding proposals. Each proposal contains all certifications and affidavits, a proposal signature sheet and a proposal bid bond.

PREQUALIFICATION

Any contractor who desires to become pre-qualified to bid on work advertised by IDOT must submit the properly completed pre-qualification forms to the Bureau of Construction no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time twenty-one days prior to the letting of interest. This pre-qualification requirement applies to first time contractors, contractors renewing expired ratings, contractors maintaining continuous pre-qualification or contractors requesting revised ratings. To be eligible to bid, existing pre-qualification ratings must be effective through the date of letting.

WHO CAN BID ?

Bids will be accepted from only those companies that request and receive written Authorization to Bid from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

REQUESTS FOR AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Contractors wanting to bid on items included in a particular letting must submit the properly completed "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status" (BDE 124) and the ORIGINAL "Affidavit of Availability" (BC 57) to the proper office no later than 4:30 p.m. prevailing time, three (3) days prior to the letting date.

WHAT CONSTITUTES WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION TO BID?

When a prospective prime bidder submits a "Request for Authorization to Bid/or Not For Bid Status"(BDE 124) he/she must indicate at that time which items are being requested For Bidding purposes. Only those items requested For Bidding will be analyzed. After the request has been analyzed, the bidder will be issued an **Authorization to Bid or Not for Bid Report**, approved by the Central Bureau of Construction and the Chief Procurement Officer that indicates which items have been approved For Bidding. If **Authorization to Bid** cannot be approved, the **Authorization to Bid or Not for Bid Report** will indicate the reason for denial.

ABOUT AUTHORIZATION TO BID

Firms that have not received an Authorization to Bid or Not For Bid Report within a reasonable time of complete and correct original document submittal should contact the Department as to the status. Firms unsure as to authorization status should call the Prequalification Section of the Bureau of Construction at the number listed at the end of these instructions.

ADDENDA AND REVISIONS

It is the bidder's responsibility to determine which, if any, addenda or revisions pertain to any project they may be bidding. Failure to incorporate all relevant addenda or revisions may cause the bid to be declared unacceptable.

Each addendum or revision will be included with the Electronic Plans and Proposals. Addenda and revisions will also be placed on the Addendum/Revision Checklist and each subscription service subscriber will be notified by e-mail of each addendum and revision issued.

The Internet is the Department's primary way of doing business. The subscription service emails are an added courtesy the Department provides. It is suggested that bidders check IDOT's website at <http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/procurements/construction-services/construction-bulletins/transportation-bulletin/index#TransportationBulletin> before submitting final bid information.

IDOT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY E-MAIL FAILURES.

Addenda questions may be directed to the Contracts Office at (217)782-7806 or DOT.D&Econtracts@illinois.gov

Technical questions about downloading these files may be directed to Tim Garman at (217)524-1642 or Timothy.Garman@illinois.gov.

STANDARD GUIDELINES FOR SUBMITTING BIDS

- All pages should be single sided.
- Use the Cover Page that is provided in the Bid Proposal (posted on the IDOT Web Site) as the first page of your submitted bid. It has the item number in large bold type in the upper left-hand corner and lines provided for your company name and address in the upper right-hand corner.
- Do not use report covers, presentation folders or special bindings and do not staple multiple times on left side like a book. Use only 1 staple in the upper left hand corner. Make sure all elements of your bid are stapled together including the bid bond or guaranty check (if required).
- Do not include any certificates of eligibility, your authorization to bid, Addendum Letters or affidavit of availability.
- Do not include the Subcontractor Documentation with your bid (pages i – iii and pages a – g). This documentation is required only if you are awarded the project.
- Use the envelope cover sheet (provided with the proposal) as the cover for the proposal envelope.
- Do not rely on overnight services to deliver your proposal prior to 10 AM on letting day. It will not be read if it is delivered after 10 AM.
- Do not submit your Substance Abuse Prevention Program (SAPP) with your bid. If you are awarded the contract this form is to be submitted to the district engineer at the pre-construction conference.

BID SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST

- Cover page** (the sheet that has the item number on it) – This should be the first page of your bid proposal, **followed by your bid (the Schedule of Prices/Pay Items)**. If you are using special software or CBID to generate your schedule of prices, do not include the blank pages of the schedule of prices that came with the proposal package.
- Page 4 (Item 9)** – Check “YES” if you will use a subcontractor(s) with an annual value over \$50,000. Include the subcontractor(s) name, address, general type of work to be performed and the dollar amount. If you will use subcontractor(s) but are uncertain who or the dollar amount; check “YES” but leave the lines blank.
- After page 4** – Insert the following documents: The **Illinois Office Affidavit** (Not applicable to federally funded projects) followed by Cost Adjustments for Steel, Bituminous and Fuel (if applicable) and the Contractor Letter of Assent (if applicable). The general rule should be, if you don’t know where it goes, put it after page 4.
- Page 10 (Paragraph J)** – Check “YES” or “NO” whether your company has any business in Iran.
- Page 10 (Paragraph K)** – (Not applicable to federally funded projects) List the name of the apprenticeship and training program sponsor holding the certificate of registration from the US Department of Labor. If no applicable program exists, please indicate the work/job category. Do not include certificates with your bid. Keep the certificates in your office in case they are requested by IDOT.
- Page 11 (Paragraph L)** – A copy of your State Board of Elections certificate of registration is no longer required with your bid.
- Page 11 (Paragraph M)** – Indicate if your company has hired a lobbyist in connection with the job for which you are submitting the bid proposal.
- Page 12 (Paragraph C)** – This is a work sheet to determine if a completed Form A is required. It is not part of the form and you do not need to make copies for each completed Form A.
- Pages 14-17 (Form A)** – One Form A (4 pages) is required for each applicable person in your company. Copies of the forms can be used and only need to be changed when the information changes. The certification signature and date must be original for each letting. **Do not staple the forms together.** If you answered “NO” to all of the questions in Paragraph C (page 12), complete the first section (page 14) with your company information and then sign and date the Not Applicable statement on page 17.
- Page 18 (Form B)** - If you check “YES” to having other current or pending contracts it is acceptable to use the phrase, “See Affidavit of Availability on file”. **Ownership Certification** (at the bottom of the page) - Check N/A if the Form A(s) you submitted accounts for 100 percent of the company ownership. Check YES if any percentage of ownership falls outside of the parameters that require reporting on the Form A. Checking NO indicates that the Form A(s) you submitted is not correct and you will be required to submit a revised Form A.
- Page 20 (Workforce Projection)** – Be sure to include the Duration of the Project. It is acceptable to use the phrase “Per Contract Specifications”.

Proposal Bid Bond – (Insert after the proposal signature page) Submit your proposal Proposal Bid Bond (if applicable) using the current Proposal Bid Bond form provided in the proposal package. The Power of Attorney page should be stapled to the Proposal Bid Bond. If you are using an electronic bond, include your bid bond number on the Proposal Bid Bond and attach the Proof of Insurance printed from the Surety’s Web Site.

Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan and/or Good Faith Effort – The last items in your bid should be the DBE Utilization Plan (SBE 2026), followed by the DBE Participation Statement (SBE 2025) and supporting paperwork. If you have documentation of a Good Faith Effort, it is to follow the SBE Forms.

The Bid Letting is now available in streaming Audio/Video from the IDOT Web Site. A link to the stream will be placed on the main page of the current letting on the day of the Letting. The stream will not begin until 10 AM. The actual reading of the bids does not begin until approximately 10:30 AM.

Following the Letting, the As-Read Tabulation of Bids will be posted by the end of the day. You will find the link on the main Web page for the current letting.

QUESTIONS: pre-letting up to execution of the contract

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Contractor pre-qualification | 217-782-3413 |
| Small Business, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) | 217-785-4611 |
| Contracts, Bids, Letting process or Internet downloads | 217-782-7806 |
| Estimates Unit..... | 217-785-3483 |
| Aeronautics..... | 217-785-8515 |
| IDNR (Land Reclamation, Water Resources, Natural Resources)..... | 217-782-6302 |

QUESTIONS: following contract execution

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Subcontractor documentation, payments | 217-782-3413 |
| Railroad Insurance | 217-785-0275 |

47

RETURN WITH BID

| |
|-----------------------|
| Proposal Submitted By |
| Name |
| Address |
| City |

Letting January 30, 2015

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS

This proposal can be used for bidding purposes by only those companies that request and receive written AUTHORIZATION TO BID from IDOT's Central Bureau of Construction.

BIDDERS NEED NOT RETURN THE ENTIRE PROPOSAL

Notice to Bidders, Specifications, Proposal, Contract and Contract Bond



**Illinois Department
of Transportation**

Springfield, Illinois 62764

**Contract No. 97574
JERSEY County
Section 11-00027-03-RS
Route JERSEY
Project RS-0748(111)
District 8 Construction Funds**

PLEASE MARK THE APPROPRIATE BOX BELOW:

- A Bid Bond is included.
- A Cashier's Check or a Certified Check is included
- An Annual Bid Bond is included or is on file with IDOT.

Prepared by

Checked by

F

Page intentionally left blank

RETURN WITH BID



PROPOSAL

TO THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

1. Proposal of _____

Taxpayer Identification Number (Mandatory) _____

For the improvement identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 97574
JERSEY County
Section 11-00027-03-RS
Project RS-0748(111)
Route JERSEY
District 8 Construction Funds**

Full depth pavement reconstruction, shoulder improvements, regrading ditches, culvert replacement and guardrail installation; project begins East of Stagecoach Road to Grange Hall Road, 2.66 miles in length.

2. The undersigned bidder will furnish all labor, material and equipment to complete the above described project in a good and workmanlike manner as provided in the contract documents provided by the Department of Transportation. This proposal will become part of the contract and the terms and conditions contained in the contract documents will govern performance and payments.

RETURN WITH BID

3. **ASSURANCE OF EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION/WAIVER.** The undersigned bidder further declares that he/she has carefully examined the proposal, plans, specifications, addenda form of contract and contract bond, and special provisions, and that he/she has inspected in detail the site of the proposed work, and that he/she has familiarized themselves with all of the local conditions affecting the contract and the detailed requirements of construction, and understands that in making this bid proposal he/she waives all right to plead any misunderstanding regarding the same.

4. **EXECUTION OF CONTRACT AND CONTRACT BOND.** The undersigned bidder further agrees to execute a contract for this work and present the same to the department within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her. The undersigned further agrees that he/she and his/her surety will execute and present within fifteen (15) days after the contract has been mailed to him/her contract bond satisfactory to and in the form prescribed by the Department of Transportation, in the penal sum of the full amount of the contract, or as specified in the special provisions, guaranteeing the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.

5. **PROPOSAL GUARANTY.** Accompanying this proposal is either a bid bond on the department form, executed by a corporate surety company satisfactory to the department, or a proposal guaranty check consisting of a bank cashier's check or a properly certified check for not less than 5 per cent of the amount bid or for the amount specified in the following schedule:

| <u>Amount of Bid</u> | | <u>Proposal Guaranty</u> | <u>Amount of Bid</u> | | <u>Proposal Guaranty</u> | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----|--------------------------|-------------|
| Up to | \$5,000 | \$150 | \$2,000,000 | to | \$3,000,000 | \$100,000 |
| \$5,000 | to \$10,000 | \$300 | \$3,000,000 | to | \$5,000,000 | \$150,000 |
| \$10,000 | to \$50,000 | \$1,000 | \$5,000,000 | to | \$7,500,000 | \$250,000 |
| \$50,000 | to \$100,000 | \$3,000 | \$7,500,000 | to | \$10,000,000 | \$400,000 |
| \$100,000 | to \$150,000 | \$5,000 | \$10,000,000 | to | \$15,000,000 | \$500,000 |
| \$150,000 | to \$250,000 | \$7,500 | \$15,000,000 | to | \$20,000,000 | \$600,000 |
| \$250,000 | to \$500,000 | \$12,500 | \$20,000,000 | to | \$25,000,000 | \$700,000 |
| \$500,000 | to \$1,000,000 | \$25,000 | \$25,000,000 | to | \$30,000,000 | \$800,000 |
| \$1,000,000 | to \$1,500,000 | \$50,000 | \$30,000,000 | to | \$35,000,000 | \$900,000 |
| \$1,500,000 | to \$2,000,000 | \$75,000 | over | | \$35,000,000 | \$1,000,000 |

Bank cashier's checks or properly certified checks accompanying bid proposals will be made payable to the Treasurer, State of Illinois.

If a combination bid is submitted, the proposal guaranties which accompany the individual bid proposals making up the combination will be considered as also covering the combination bid.

The amount of the proposal guaranty check is _____ \$(_____). If this proposal is accepted and the undersigned will fail to execute a contract bond as required herein, it is hereby agreed that the amount of the proposal guaranty will become the property of the State of Illinois, and shall be considered as payment of damages due to delay and other causes suffered by the State because of the failure to execute said contract and contract bond; otherwise, the bid bond will become void or the proposal guaranty check will be returned to the undersigned.

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Attach Cashier's Check or Certified Check Here | |
| In the event that one proposal guaranty check is intended to cover two or more bid proposals, the amount must be equal to the sum of the proposal guaranties which would be required for each individual bid proposal. If the guaranty check is placed in another bid proposal, state below where it may be found. | |
| The proposal guaranty check will be found in the bid proposal for: | Item _____ |
| | Section No. _____ |
| | County _____ |

Mark the proposal cover sheet as to the type of proposal guaranty submitted.

RETURN WITH BID

6. **COMBINATION BIDS.** The undersigned bidder further agrees that if awarded the contract for the sections contained in the following combination, he/she will perform the work in accordance with the requirements of each individual contract comprising the combination bid specified in the schedule below, and that the combination bid shall be prorated against each section in proportion to the bid submitted for the same. If an error is found to exist in the gross sum bid for one or more of the individual sections included in a combination, the combination bid shall be corrected as provided in the specifications.

When a combination bid is submitted, the schedule below must be completed in each proposal comprising the combination.

If alternate bids are submitted for one or more of the sections comprising the combination, a combination bid must be submitted for each alternate.

Schedule of Combination Bids

| Combination No. | Sections Included in Combination | Combination Bid | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | Dollars | Cents |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

7. **SCHEDULE OF PRICES.** The undersigned bidder submits herewith, in accordance with the rules and instructions, a schedule of prices for the items of work for which bids are sought. The unit prices bid are in U.S. dollars and cents, and all extensions and summations have been made. The bidder understands that the quantities appearing in the bid schedule are approximate and are provided for the purpose of obtaining a gross sum for the comparison of bids. If there is an error in the extension of the unit prices, the unit prices will govern. Payment to the contractor awarded the contract will be made only for actual quantities of work performed and accepted or materials furnished according to the contract. The scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished may be increased, decreased or omitted as provided elsewhere in the contract.
8. **AUTHORITY TO DO BUSINESS IN ILLINOIS.** Section 20-43 of the Illinois Procurement Code (the Code) (30 ILCS 500/20-43) provides that a person (other than an individual acting as a sole proprietor) must be a legal entity authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in the State of Illinois prior to submitting the bid.
9. **EXECUTION OF CONTRACT:** The Department of Transportation will, in accordance with the rules governing Department procurements, execute the contract and shall be the sole entity having the authority to accept performance and make payments under the contract. Execution of the contract by the Chief Procurement Officer (CPO) or the State Purchasing Officer (SPO) is for approval of the procurement process and execution of the contract by the Department. Neither the CPO nor the SPO shall be responsible for administration of the contract or determinations respecting performance or payment there under except as otherwise permitted in the Code.
10. **The services of a subcontractor will be used.**

Check box Yes
 Check box No

For known subcontractors with subcontracts with an annual value of more than \$50,000, the contract shall include their name, address, general type of work to be performed, and the dollar allocation for each subcontractor.
 (30 ILCS 500/20-120)

STATE JOB # - C-98-329-12
PPS NBR -

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SCHEDULE OF PRICES
CONTRACT NUMBER - 97574

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECRM003 PAGE 1
RUN DATE - 12/02/14
RUN TIME - 183123

| COUNTY NAME | CODE | DIST | SECTION NUMBER | PROJECT NUMBER | ROUTE | | |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------|-----|
| JERSEY | 083 | 08 | 11-00027-03-RS | RS-0748/111/000 | FAS 748 | | |
| ITEM NUMBER | PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION | UNIT OF MEASURE | QUANTITY | UNIT PRICE DOLLARS | CENTS | TOTAL PRICE DOLLARS | CTS |
| LR355000 | PROCESS STAB BSE CSE | SQ YD | 48,368.000 X | | = | | |
| XX008999 | ROADWAY GRADING | SQ YD | 48,368.000 X | | = | | |
| X0327301 | RELOCATE EX MAILBOX | EACH | 10.000 X | | = | | |
| X4404400 | PAVT REMOVAL SPL | SQ YD | 821.000 X | | = | | |
| X6650202 | WOV W FENCE REMOV | FOOT | 37.000 X | | = | | |
| X7010216 | TRAF CONT & PROT SPL | L SUM | 1.000 X | | = | | |
| Z0000100 | ABANDON EX CULVERT | EACH | 4.000 X | | = | | |
| Z0013798 | CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT | L SUM | 1.000 X | | = | | |
| Z0018600 | DRAINAGE STR RECONST | EACH | 3.000 X | | = | | |
| Z0018700 | DRAINAGE STR REMOVED | EACH | 3.000 X | | = | | |
| Z0048665 | RR PROT LIABILITY INS | L SUM | 1.000 X | | = | | |
| Z0076600 | TRAINEES | HOUR | 1,000.000 X | 0.80 | = | 800.00 | |
| Z0076604 | TRAINEES TPG | HOUR | 1,000.000 X | 15.00 | = | 15,000.00 | |
| 20100110 | TREE REMOV 6-15 | UNIT | 20.000 X | | = | | |
| 20100500 | TREE REMOV ACRES | ACRE | 2.200 X | | = | | |

FAS 748
 11-00027-03-RS
 JERSEY

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT NUMBER - 97574

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE 2
 RUN DATE - 12/02/14
 RUN TIME - 183123

| ITEM NUMBER | PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION | UNIT OF MEASURE | QUANTITY | UNIT PRICE | | TOTAL PRICE | |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|------------|-------|-------------|-----|
| | | | | DOLLARS | CENTS | DOLLARS | CTS |
| 20200100 | EARTH EXCAVATION | CU YD | 10,381.000 | = | | | |
| 20400800 | FURNISHED EXCAVATION | CU YD | 1,162.000 | = | | | |
| 20800150 | TRENCH BACKFILL | CU YD | 129.900 | = | | | |
| 25000210 | SEEDING CL 2A | ACRE | 7.800 | = | | | |
| 25000400 | NITROGEN FERT NUTR | POUND | 702.000 | = | | | |
| 25000500 | PHOSPHORUS FERT NUTR | POUND | 702.000 | = | | | |
| 25000600 | POTASSIUM FERT NUTR | POUND | 702.000 | = | | | |
| 25100115 | MULCH METHOD 2 | ACRE | 2.000 | = | | | |
| 25100635 | HD EROS CONTR BLANKET | SQ YD | 28,198.000 | = | | | |
| 28000250 | TEMP EROS CONTR SEED | POUND | 780.000 | = | | | |
| 28000305 | TEMP DITCH CHECKS | FOOT | 98.000 | = | | | |
| 28000400 | PERIMETER EROS BAR | FOOT | 3,214.000 | = | | | |
| 28000500 | INLET & PIPE PROTECT | EACH | 14.000 | = | | | |
| 28100707 | STONE DUMP RIP CL A4 | SQ YD | 3,411.000 | = | | | |
| 28200200 | FILTER FABRIC | SQ YD | 3,411.000 | = | | | |

FAS 748
 11-00027-03-RS
 JERSEY

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT NUMBER - 97574

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE 3
 RUN DATE - 12/02/14
 RUN TIME - 183123

| ITEM NUMBER | PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION | UNIT OF MEASURE | QUANTITY | UNIT PRICE | | TOTAL PRICE | CTS |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|-------|-------------|-----|
| | | | | DOLLARS | CENTS | | |
| 35101400 | AGG BASE CSE B | TON | 10,908.000 | = | | | |
| 35200500 | CEMENT | 100 WT | 33,856.000 | = | | | |
| 40200800 | AGG SURF CSE B | TON | 286.000 | = | | | |
| 40201000 | AGGREGATE-TEMP ACCESS | TON | 151.000 | = | | | |
| 40600275 | BIT MATLS PR CT | POUND | 120,391.000 | = | | | |
| 40600895 | CONSTRUC TEST STRIP | EACH | 1.000 | = | | | |
| 40600982 | HMA SURF REM BUTT JT | SQ YD | 32.600 | = | | | |
| 40600990 | TEMPORARY RAMP | SQ YD | 52.700 | = | | | |
| 40603080 | HMA BC IL-19.0 N50 | TON | 5,733.000 | = | | | |
| 40603310 | HMA SC "C" N50 | TON | 3,971.000 | = | | | |
| 40800050 | INCIDENTAL HMA SURF | TON | 80.000 | = | | | |
| 42300200 | PCC DRIVEWAY PAVT 6 | SQ YD | 331.000 | = | | | |
| 44000200 | DRIVE PAVEMENT REM | SQ YD | 369.000 | = | | | |
| 44000400 | GUTTER REM | FOOT | 7,374.000 | = | | | |
| 44000500 | COMB CURB GUTTER REM | FOOT | 134.000 | = | | | |

FAS 748
 11-00027-03-RS
 JERSEY

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT NUMBER - 97574

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE 4
 RUN DATE - 12/02/14
 RUN TIME - 183123

| ITEM NUMBER | PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION | UNIT OF MEASURE | QUANTITY | UNIT PRICE | | TOTAL PRICE |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------|------------|-------|-------------|
| | | | | DOLLARS | CENTS | |
| 44004000 | PAVED DITCH REMOVAL | FOOT | 956.000 | = | | |
| 48100300 | AGGREGATE SHLDS A 4 | SQ YD | 268.000 | = | | |
| 50104400 | CONC HDWL REM | EACH | 1.000 | = | | |
| 50105220 | PIPE CULVERT REMOV | FOOT | 618.000 | = | | |
| 542A0220 | P CUL CL A 1 | FOOT | 88.000 | = | | |
| 542A0229 | P CUL CL A 1 | FOOT | 48.000 | = | | |
| 542A1081 | P CUL CL A 2 | FOOT | 56.000 | = | | |
| 542C0220 | P CUL CL C 1 | FOOT | 126.000 | = | | |
| 542C0229 | P CUL CL C 1 | FOOT | 67.000 | = | | |
| 542C0235 | P CUL CL C 1 | FOOT | 36.000 | = | | |
| 542C0247 | P CUL CL C 1 | FOOT | 51.000 | = | | |
| 542D1069 | P CUL CL D 2 | FOOT | 48.000 | = | | |
| 542D1075 | P CUL CL D 2 | FOOT | 10.000 | = | | |
| 54213660 | PRC FLAR END SEC 15 | EACH | 4.000 | = | | |
| 54213669 | PRC FLAR END SEC 24 | EACH | 5.000 | = | | |

FAS 748
 11-00027-03-RS
 JERSEY

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT NUMBER - 97574

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE 5
 RUN DATE - 12/02/14
 RUN TIME - 183123

| ITEM NUMBER | PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION | UNIT OF MEASURE | QUANTITY | UNIT PRICE | | TOTAL PRICE |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|-------|-------------|
| | | | | DOLLARS | CENTS | |
| 54213681 | PRC FLAR END SEC 36 | EACH | 2.000 | = | | |
| 54213885 | STEEL END SEC 30 | EACH | 2.000 | = | | |
| 54213897 | STEEL END SEC 42 | EACH | 2.000 | = | | |
| 54390170 | INSERT CUL LIN 22 | FOOT | 958.000 | = | | |
| 54390200 | INSERT CUL LIN 28 | FOOT | 65.000 | = | | |
| 550A1020 | STORM SEW CL A 4 27 | FOOT | 82.000 | = | | |
| 60218300 | MAN TA 4 DIA T1F OL | EACH | 1.000 | = | | |
| 60218400 | MAN TA 4 DIA T1F CL | EACH | 1.000 | = | | |
| 60600095 | CLASS SI CONC OUTLET | CU YD | 107.000 | = | | |
| 60602500 | CONC GUTTER TA | FOOT | 6,407.000 | = | | |
| 60608572 | COMB CC&G TM4.18 | FOOT | 134.000 | = | | |
| 63000001 | SPBGR TY A 6FT POSTS | FOOT | 538.000 | = | | |
| 63100167 | TR BAR TRM T1 SPL TAN | EACH | 1.000 | = | | |
| 63100169 | TR BAR TRM T1 SPL FLR | EACH | 11.000 | = | | |
| 63200310 | GUARDRAIL REMOV | FOOT | 2,803.000 | = | | |

FAS 748
 11-00027-03-RS
 JERSEY

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT NUMBER - 97574

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE 6
 RUN DATE - 12/02/14
 RUN TIME - 183123

| ITEM NUMBER | PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION | UNIT OF MEASURE | QUANTITY | UNIT PRICE | | TOTAL PRICE |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|-------|-------------|
| | | | | DOLLARS | CENTS | |
| 66500105 | WOV W FENCE 4 | FOOT | 37.000 X | = | | |
| 66600105 | FUR ERECT ROW MARKERS | EACH | 18.000 X | = | | |
| 66700205 | PERM SURV MKRS T1 | EACH | 1.000 X | = | | |
| 67000500 | ENGR FIELD OFFICE B | CAL MO | 12.000 X | = | | |
| 67100100 | MOBILIZATION | L SUM | 1.000 X | = | | |
| 72000100 | SIGN PANEL T1 | SQ FT | 124.300 X | = | | |
| 72400310 | REMOV SIGN PANEL T1 | SQ FT | 45.000 X | = | | |
| 72400500 | RELOC SIN PAN ASSY TA | EACH | 3.000 X | = | | |
| 72400600 | RELOC SIN PAN ASSY TB | EACH | 2.000 X | = | | |
| 73000100 | WOOD SIN SUPPORT | FOOT | 287.000 X | = | | |
| 78001100 | PT PVT MK LTRS & SYMB | SQ FT | 122.000 X | = | | |
| 78001110 | PAINT PVT MK LINE 4 | FOOT | 47,106.000 X | = | | |
| 78001180 | PAINT PVT MK LINE 24 | FOOT | 66.000 X | = | | |
| 78100100 | RAISED REFL PAVT MKR | EACH | 176.000 X | = | | |
| 78200410 | GUARDRAIL MKR TYPE A | EACH | 22.000 X | = | | |

FAS 748
 11-00027-03-RS
 JERSEY

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 SCHEDULE OF PRICES
 CONTRACT NUMBER - 97574

ECMS002 DTGECM03 ECMR003 PAGE 7
 RUN DATE - 12/02/14
 RUN TIME - 183123

| ITEM NUMBER | PAY ITEM DESCRIPTION | UNIT OF MEASURE | QUANTITY | UNIT PRICE | | TOTAL PRICE | |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------|------------|-------|-------------|-----|
| | | | | DOLLARS | CENTS | DOLLARS | CTS |
| 78201000 | TERMINAL MARKER - DA | EACH | 12.000 | X | | | |
| | | | | TOTAL | \$ | | |

NOTE:

1. EACH PAY ITEM SHOULD HAVE A UNIT PRICE AND A TOTAL PRICE.
2. THE UNIT PRICE SHALL GOVERN IF NO TOTAL PRICE IS SHOWN OR IF THERE IS A DISCREPANCY BETWEEN THE PRODUCT OF THE UNIT PRICE MULTIPLIED BY THE QUANTITY.
3. IF A UNIT PRICE IS OMITTED, THE TOTAL PRICE WILL BE DIVIDED BY THE QUANTITY IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH A UNIT PRICE.
4. A BID MAY BE DECLARED UNACCEPTABLE IF NEITHER A UNIT PRICE NOR A TOTAL PRICE IS SHOWN.

RETURN WITH BID

STATE REQUIRED ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING CONTRACT PROCUREMENT: ASSURANCES, CERTIFICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES

I. GENERAL

A. Article 50 of the Code establishes the duty of all State CPOs, SPOs, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

B. In order to comply with the provisions of Article 50 and to carry out the duty established therein, all bidders are to adhere to ethical standards established for the procurement process, and to make such assurances, disclosures and certifications required by law. Except as otherwise required in subsection III, paragraphs J-M, by execution of the Proposal Signature Sheet, the bidder indicates that each of the mandated assurances have been read and understood, that each certification is made and understood, and that each disclosure requirement has been understood and completed.

C. In addition to all other remedies provided by law, failure to comply with any assurance, failure to make any disclosure or the making of a false certification shall be grounds for the CPO to void the contract, and may result in the suspension or debarment of the bidder or subcontractor. If a false certification is made by a subcontractor the contractor's submitted bid and the executed contract may not be declared void unless the contractor refuses to terminate the subcontract upon the State's request after a finding that the subcontractor's certification was false.

I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions.

II. ASSURANCES

The assurances hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder.

A. Conflicts of Interest

Section 50-13. Conflicts of Interest.

(a) Prohibition. It is unlawful for any person holding an elective office in this State, holding a seat in the General Assembly, or appointed to or employed in any of the offices or agencies of state government and who receives compensation for such employment in excess of 60% of the salary of the Governor of the State of Illinois, or who is an officer or employee of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, or who is the spouse or minor child of any such person to have or acquire any contract, or any direct pecuniary interest in any contract therein, whether for stationery, printing, paper, or any services, materials, or supplies, that will be wholly or partially satisfied by the payment of funds appropriated by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or in any contract of the Capital Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority.

(b) Interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) is entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(c) Combined interests. It is unlawful for any firm, partnership, association, or corporation, in which any person listed in subsection (a) together with his or her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the Governor, to have or acquire any such contract or direct pecuniary interest therein.

(d) Securities. Nothing in this Section invalidates the provisions of any bond or other security previously offered or to be offered for sale or sold by or for the State of Illinois.

(e) Prior interests. This Section does not affect the validity of any contract made between the State and an officer or employee of the State or member of the General Assembly, his or her spouse, minor child or any combination of those persons if that contract was in existence before his or her election or employment as an officer, member, or employee. The contract is voidable, however, if it cannot be completed within 365 calendar days after the officer, member, or employee takes office or is employed. The current salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00. Sixty percent of the salary is \$106,447.20.

RETURN WITH BID

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-13, or that an effective exemption has been issued by the Board of Ethics to any individual subject to the Section 50-13 prohibitions pursuant to the provisions of Section 50-20 of the Code. Information concerning the exemption process is available from the Department upon request.

B. Negotiations

Section 50-15. Negotiations.

It is unlawful for any person employed in or on a continual contractual relationship with any of the offices or agencies of State government to participate in contract negotiations on behalf of that office or agency with any firm, partnership, association, or corporation with whom that person has a contract for future employment or is negotiating concerning possible future employment.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-15, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

C. Inducements

Section 50-25. Inducement.

Any person who offers or pays any money or other valuable thing to any person to induce him or her not to provide a submission to a vendor portal or to bid for a State contract or as recompense for not having bid on a State contract is guilty of a Class 4 felony. Any person who accepts any money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract, not making a submission to a vendor portal, or who withholds a bid or submission to a vendor portal in consideration of the promise for the payment of money or other valuable thing is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-25, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

D. Revolving Door Prohibition

Section 50-30. Revolving door prohibition.

CPOs, SPOs, procurement compliance monitors, their designees whose principal duties are directly related to State procurement, and executive officers confirmed by the Senate are expressly prohibited for a period of 2 years after terminating an affected position from engaging in any procurement activity relating to the State agency most recently employing them in an affected position for a period of at least 6 months. The prohibition includes, but is not limited to: lobbying the procurement process; specifying; bidding; proposing bid, proposal, or contract documents; on their own behalf or on behalf of any firm, partnership, association, or corporation. This Section applies only to persons who terminate an affected position on or after January 15, 1999.

The bidder assures the Department that the award and execution of the contract would not cause a violation of Section 50-30, and that the bidder has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the kinds of acts prohibited therein.

E. Reporting Anticompetitive Practices

Section 50-40. Reporting anticompetitive practices.

When, for any reason, any vendor, bidder, contractor, CPO, SPO, designee, elected official, or State employee suspects collusion or other anticompetitive practice among any bidders, offerors, contractors, proposers, or employees of the State, a notice of the relevant facts shall be transmitted to the Attorney General and the CPO.

The bidder assures the Department that it has not failed to report any relevant facts concerning the practices addressed in Section 50-40 which may involve the contract for which the bid or submission to a vendor portal is submitted.

F. Confidentiality

Section 50-45. Confidentiality.

Any CPO, SPO, designee, or executive officer who willfully uses or allows the use of specifications, competitive bid documents, proprietary competitive information, proposals, contracts, or selection information to compromise the fairness or integrity of the procurement, bidding, or contract process shall be subject to immediate dismissal, regardless of the Personnel code, any contract, or any collective bargaining agreement, and may in addition be subject to criminal prosecution.

The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any fact relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-45 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

RETURN WITH BID

G. Insider Information

Section 50-50. Insider information.

It is unlawful for any current or former elected or appointed State official or State employee to knowingly use confidential information available only by virtue of that office or employment for actual or anticipated gain for themselves or another person.

The bidder assures the Department that it has no knowledge of any facts relevant to the practices addressed in Section 50-50 which may involve the contract for which the bid is submitted.

I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions for the above assurances.

III. CERTIFICATIONS

The certifications hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. Section 50-2 of the Code provides that every person that has entered into a multi-year contract and every subcontractor with a multi-year subcontract shall certify, by July 1 of each fiscal year covered by the contract after the initial fiscal year, to the responsible CPO whether it continues to satisfy the requirements of Article 50 pertaining to the eligibility for a contract award. If a contractor or subcontractor is not able to truthfully certify that it continues to meet all requirements, it shall provide with its certification a detailed explanation of the circumstances leading to the change in certification status. A contractor or subcontractor that makes a false statement material to any given certification required under Article 50 is, in addition to any other penalties or consequences prescribed by law, subject to liability under the Whistleblower Reward and Protection Act for submission of a false claim.

A. Bribery

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government, or subcontracting under such a contract, as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, or which is signatory to the contract which the subcontract relates, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State, and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the contractor or the subcontractor, respectively, that the contractor or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any certifications required by this Section are false. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

The contractor or subcontractor certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50-5.

B. Felons

Section 50-10. Felons.

(a) Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any State agency, or enter into a subcontract, from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

(b) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code and every vendor's submission to a vendor portal shall contain a certification by the bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any of the certifications required by this Section are false.

RETURN WITH BID

C. Debt Delinquency

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under the Code. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, further acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if this certification is false or if the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

D. Prohibited Bidders, Contractors and Subcontractors

Section 50-10.5 and 50-60(c). Prohibited bidders, contractors and subcontractors.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with Section 50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 or if in violation of Subsection (c) for a period of five years from the date of conviction. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO shall declare the related contract void if any of the certifications completed pursuant to this Section are false.

E. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

Section 50-14 Environmental Protection Act violations.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with Section 50-14 that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, is not barred from being awarded a contract or entering into a subcontract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency, or entering into any subcontract, that is subject to the Code by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, acknowledges that the CPO may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

F. Educational Loan

Section 3 of the Educational Loan Default Act, 5 ILCS 385/3.

Pursuant to the Educational Loan Default Act no State agency shall contract with an individual for goods or services if that individual is in default on an educational loan.

The bidder, if an individual as opposed to a corporation, partnership or other form of business organization, certifies that the bidder is not in default on an educational loan as provided in Section 3 of the Act.

G. Bid-Rigging/Bid Rotating

Section 33E-11 of the Criminal Code of 2012, 720 ILCS 5/3BE-11.

(a) Every bid submitted to and public contract executed pursuant to such bid by the State or a unit of local government shall contain a certification by the prime contractor that the prime contractor is not barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or 33E-4 of this Article.

(b) A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

A violation of Section 33E-3 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rigging which, in addition to Class 3 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be barred for 5 years from the date of conviction from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

The bidder certifies that it is not barred from contracting with the Department by reason of a violation of either Section 33E-3 or Section 33E-4.

RETURN WITH BID

H. International Anti-Boycott

Section 5 of the International Anti-Boycott Certification Act provides every contract entered into by the State of Illinois for the manufacture, furnishing, or purchasing of supplies, material, or equipment or for the furnishing of work, labor, or services, in an amount exceeding the threshold for small purchases according to the purchasing laws of this State or \$10,000.00, whichever is less, shall contain certification, as a material condition of the contract, by which the contractor agrees that neither the contractor nor any substantially-owned affiliated company is participating or shall participate in an international boycott in violation of the provisions of the U.S. Export Administration Act of 1979 or the regulations of the U.S. Department of Commerce promulgated under that Act.

The bidder makes the certification set forth in Section 5 of the Act.

I. Drug Free Workplace

The Illinois "Drug Free Workplace Act" applies to this contract and it is necessary to comply with the provisions of the "Act" if the contractor is a corporation, partnership, or other entity (including a sole proprietorship) which has 25 or more employees.

The bidder certifies that if awarded a contract in excess of \$5,000 it will provide a drug free workplace in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

J. Disclosure of Business Operations in Iran

Section 50-36 of the Code provides that each bid, offer, or proposal submitted for a State contract shall include a disclosure of whether or not the Company acting as the bidder, offeror, or proposing entity, or any of its corporate parents or subsidiaries, within the 24 months before submission of the bid, offer, or proposal had business operations that involved contracts with or provision of supplies or services to the Government of Iran, companies in which the Government of Iran has any direct or indirect equity share, consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran, or companies involved in consortiums or projects commissioned by the Government of Iran and either of the following conditions apply:

- (1) More than 10% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve oil-related activities or mineral-extraction activities; less than 75% of the Company's revenues produced in or assets located in Iran involve contracts with or provision of oil-related or mineral-extraction products or services to the Government of Iran or a project or consortium created exclusively by that government; and the Company has failed to take substantial action.
- (2) The Company has, on or after August 5, 1996, made an investment of \$20 million or more, or any combination of investments of at least \$10 million each that in the aggregate equals or exceeds \$20 million in any 12-month period, which directly or significantly contributes to the enhancement of Iran's ability to develop petroleum resources of Iran.

The terms "Business operations", "Company", "Mineral-extraction activities", "Oil-related activities", "Petroleum resources", and "Substantial action" are all defined in the Code.

Failure to make the disclosure required by the Code may cause the bid, offer or proposal to be considered not responsive. The disclosure will be considered when evaluating the bid or awarding the contract. The name of each Company disclosed as doing business or having done business in Iran will be provided to the State Comptroller.

Check the appropriate statement:

Company has no business operations in Iran to disclose.

Company has business operations in Iran as disclosed on the attached document.

RETURN WITH BID

K. Apprenticeship and Training Certification (Does not apply to federal aid projects)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 30-22 (6) of the Code, the bidder certifies that it is a participant, either as an individual or as part of a group program, in the approved apprenticeship and training programs applicable to each type of work or craft that the bidder will perform with its own forces. The bidder further certifies for work that will be performed by subcontract that each of its subcontractors submitted for approval either (a) is, at the time of such bid, participating in an approved, applicable apprenticeship and training program; or (b) will, prior to commencement of performance of work pursuant to this contract, begin participation in an approved apprenticeship and training program applicable to the work of the subcontract. The Department, at any time before or after award, may require the production of a copy of each applicable Certificate of Registration issued by the United States Department of Labor evidencing such participation by the contractor and any or all of its subcontractors. Applicable apprenticeship and training programs are those that have been approved and registered with the United States Department of Labor. The bidder shall list in the space below, the official name of the program sponsor holding the Certificate of Registration for all of the types of work or crafts in which the bidder is a participant and that will be performed with the bidder's forces. Types of work or craft work that will be subcontracted shall be included and listed as subcontract work. The list shall also indicate any type of work or craft job category that does not have an applicable apprenticeship or training program. **The bidder is responsible for making a complete report and shall make certain that each type of work or craft job category that will be utilized on the project as reported on the Construction Employee Workforce Projection (Form BC-1256) and returned with the bid is accounted for and listed.**

Additionally, Section 30-22 of the Code requires that the bidder certify that an Illinois office be maintained as the primary place of employment for persons employed for this contract.

NA-FEDERAL

The requirements of these certifications and disclosures are a material part of the contract, and the contractor shall require these certification provisions to be included in all approved subcontracts. In order to fulfill this requirement, it shall not be necessary that an applicable program sponsor be currently taking, or that it will take applications for apprenticeship, training or employment during the performance of the work of this contract.

RETURN WITH BID

L. Political Contributions and Registration with the State Board of Elections

Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Code regulate political contributions from business entities and any affiliated entities or affiliated persons bidding on or contracting with the state. Generally under Section 50-37, any business entity, and any affiliated entity or affiliated person of the business entity, whose current year contracts with all state agencies exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, are prohibited from making any contributions to any political committees established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for the awarding of the contracts or any other declared candidate for that office for the duration of the term of office of the incumbent officeholder or a period 2 years after the termination of the contract, whichever is longer. Any business entity and affiliated entities or affiliated persons whose state contracts in the current year do not exceed an awarded value of \$50,000, but whose aggregate pending bids and proposals on state contracts exceed \$50,000, either alone or in combination with contracts not exceeding \$50,000, are prohibited from making any political contributions to any political committee established to promote the candidacy of the officeholder responsible for awarding the pending contract during the period beginning on the date the invitation for bids or request for proposals or any other procurement opportunity is issued and ending on the day after the date of award or selection if the entity was not awarded or selected. Section 20-160 requires certification of registration of affected business entities in accordance with procedures found in Section 9-35 of The Election Code.

By submission of a bid, the contractor business entity acknowledges and agrees that it has read and understands Sections 20-160 and 50-37 of the Code, and that it makes the following certification:

The undersigned bidder certifies that it has registered as a business with the State Board of Elections and acknowledges a continuing duty to update the registration in accordance with the above referenced statutes. If the business entity is required to register, the CPO shall verify that it is in compliance on the date the bid or proposal is due. The CPO shall not accept a bid or proposal if the business entity is not in compliance with the registration requirements.

These requirements and compliance with the above referenced statutory sections are a material part of the contract, and any breach thereof shall be cause to void the contract under Section 50-60 of the Code. This provision does not apply to Federal-aid contracts.

M. Lobbyist Disclosure

Section 50-38 of the Code requires that any bidder or offeror on a State contract that hires a person required to register under the Lobbyist Registration Act to assist in obtaining a contract shall:

- (i) Disclose all costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, and other remunerations paid or to be paid to the lobbyist related to the contract,
- (ii) Not bill or otherwise cause the State of Illinois to pay for any of the lobbyist's costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, or other remuneration, and
- (iii) Sign a verification certifying that none of the lobbyist's costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements, or other remuneration were billed to the State.

This information, along with all supporting documents, shall be filed with the agency awarding the contract and with the Secretary of State. The CPO shall post this information, together with the contract award notice, in the online Procurement Bulletin.

Pursuant to Subsection (c) of this Section, no person or entity shall retain a person or entity to attempt to influence the outcome of a procurement decision made under the Code for compensation contingent in whole or in part upon the decision or procurement. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a business offense and shall be fined not more than \$10,000.

Bidder acknowledges that it is required to disclose the hiring of any person required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act (25 ILCS 170) in connection with this contract.

Bidder has not hired any person required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act in connection with this contract.

Or

Bidder has hired the following persons required to register pursuant to the Illinois Lobbyist Registration Act in connection with the contract:

Name and address of person: _____
All costs, fees, compensation, reimbursements and other remuneration paid to said person: _____

I acknowledge, understand and accept these terms and conditions for the above certifications.

RETURN WITH BID

IV. DISCLOSURES

- A. The disclosures hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder. The bidder further certifies that the Department has received the disclosure forms for each bid.

The CPO may void the bid, or contract, respectively, if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous disclosure. A contractor or subcontractor may be suspended or debarred for violations of the Code. Furthermore, the CPO may void the contract and the surety providing the performance bond shall be responsible for completion of the contract.

B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Code provides that all bids of more than \$50,000 and all submissions to a vendor portal shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the bidder. This disclosed information for the successful bidder, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, filed with the Procurement Policy Board, and shall be incorporated as a material term of the contract. Furthermore, pursuant to Section 5-5, the Procurement Policy Board may review a proposal, bid, or contract and issue a recommendation to void a contract or reject a proposal or bid based on any violation of the Code or the existence of a conflict of interest as provided in subsections (b) and (d) of Section 50-35.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the bidding entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the contractor or bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each individual making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each individual making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form.

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the bidding entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. Disclosure Forms. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. A separate Disclosure Form A must be submitted with the bid for each individual meeting the above requirements. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies and a total ownership certification. **The forms must be included with each bid.**

C. Disclosure Form Instructions

Form A Instructions for Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest

If the bidder is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a bidder is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a bidder is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the bidder must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the bidder should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for the bidding company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES ___ NO ___
2. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___
3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income? YES ___ NO ___
4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the bidding entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___

(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed per individual per bid even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The bidder must determine each individual in the bidding entity or the bidding entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. The individual signing can be, but does not have to be, the individual for which the form is being completed. The bidder is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

RETURN WITH BID

Form B: Instructions for Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information

Disclosure Form B must be completed for each bid submitted by the bidding entity. *Note: Checking the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A does not allow the bidder to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, checked, and dated or the bidder may be considered nonresponsive and the bid will not be accepted.*

The Bidder shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the check box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the bidder must do one of the following:

Option I: If the bidder did not submit an Affidavit of Availability to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Do not include IDOT contracts. Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included. Bidders who submit Affidavits of Availability are suggested to use Option II.

Option II: If the bidder is required and has submitted an Affidavit of Availability in order to obtain authorization to bid, the bidder may write or type "See Affidavit of Availability" which indicates that the Affidavit of Availability is incorporated by reference and includes all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. For any contracts that are not covered by the Affidavit of Availability, the bidder must identify them on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). These might be such things as leases.

RETURN WITH BID

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Form A
Financial Information &
Potential Conflicts of Interest
Disclosure**

| | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Contractor Name | | |
| Legal Address | | |
| City, State, Zip | | |
| Telephone Number | Email Address | Fax Number (if available) |

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Vendors desiring to enter into a contract with the State of Illinois must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for bids in excess of \$50,000, and for all open-ended contracts. **A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. See Disclosure Form Instructions.**

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Disclosure of Financial Information.** The individual named below has an interest in the BIDDER (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor. **(Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)**

| | |
|--|---|
| FOR INDIVIDUAL (type or print information) | |
| NAME: | _____ |
| ADDRESS | _____ |
| Type of ownership/distributable income share: | |
| stock _____ | sole proprietorship _____ |
| Partnership _____ | other: (explain on separate sheet): _____ |
| % or \$ value of ownership/distributable income share: _____ | |

- 2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest.** Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

- (a) State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual employment of services.
Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

- Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___
- Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary. _____

RETURN WITH BID

3. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___
4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___

(b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment for services in the previous 2 years.

Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___
2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name of the spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary. _____
-
3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess 100% of the annual salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___
4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or any minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15% in the aggregate of the total distributable income from your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor? Yes ___ No ___

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years. Yes ___ No ___

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United State of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years. Yes ___ No ___

(f) Relationship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government. Yes ___ No ___

RETURN WITH BID

(h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

(j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

3. Communication Disclosure.

Disclose the name and address of each lobbyist and other agent of the bidder or offeror who is not identified in Section 2 of this form, who is has communicated, is communicating, or may communicate with any State officer or employee concerning the bid or offer. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the process and throughout the term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name and address of person(s): _____

RETURN WITH BID

4. Debarment Disclosure. For each of the persons identified under Sections 2 and 3 of this form, disclose whether any of the following has occurred within the previous 10 years: debarment from contracting with any governmental entity; professional licensure discipline; bankruptcies; adverse civil judgments and administrative findings; and criminal felony convictions. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the procurement process and term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name of person(s): _____

Nature of disclosure: _____

APPLICABLE STATEMENT

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous page. Under penalty of perjury, I certify the contents of this disclosure to be true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Completed by: _____
Signature of Individual or Authorized Representative Date

NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT

Under penalty of perjury, I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet the criteria that would require the completion of this Form A.

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the CONTRACTOR listed on the previous page.

Signature of Authorized Representative Date

The bidder has a continuing obligation to supplement these disclosures under Sec. 50-35 of the Code.

RETURN WITH BID

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form B Other Contracts & Financial Related Information Disclosure

Contractor Name, Legal Address, City, State, Zip, Telephone Number, Email Address, Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form B must be completed for all bids.

DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The BIDDER shall identify whether it has any pending contracts (including leases), bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes ___ No ___

If "No" is checked, the bidder only needs to complete the signature box on this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS:

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE CHECKED

Signature of Authorized Representative, Date

OWNERSHIP CERTIFICATION

Please certify that the following statement is true if the individuals for all submitted Form A disclosures do not total 100% of ownership.

Any remaining ownership interest is held by individuals receiving less than \$106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income or holding less than a 5% ownership interest.

Yes No N/A (Form A disclosure(s) established 100% ownership)

RETURN WITH BID

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The following requirements of the Illinois Department of Human Rights Act are applicable to bidders on all construction contracts advertised by the Illinois Department of Transportation:

CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEE UTILIZATION PROJECTION

- (a) All bidders on construction contracts shall complete and submit, along with and as part of their bids, a Bidder's Employee Utilization Form (Form BC-1256) setting forth a projection and breakdown of the total workforce intended to be hired and/or allocated to such contract work by the bidder including a projection of minority and female employee utilization in all job classifications on the contract project.
- (b) The Department of Transportation shall review the Employee Utilization Form, and workforce projections contained therein, of the contract awardee to determine if such projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification in accordance with the Equal Employment Opportunity Clause and Title 44, Illinois Administrative Code, Section 750.120. If it is determined that the contract awardee's projections reflect an underutilization of minority persons and/or women in any job classification, it shall be advised in writing of the manner in which it is underutilizing and such awardee shall be considered to be in breach of the contract unless, prior to commencement of work on the contract project, it submits revised satisfactory projections or an acceptable written affirmative action plan to correct such underutilization including a specific timetable geared to the completion stages of the contract.
- (c) The Department of Transportation shall provide to the Department of Human Rights a copy of the contract awardee's Employee Utilization Form, a copy of any required written affirmative action plan, and any written correspondence related thereto. The Department of Human Rights may review and revise any action taken by the Department of Transportation with respect to these requirements.

RETURN WITH BID

**Contract No. 97574
JERSEY County
Section 11-00027-03-RS
Project RS-0748(111)
Route JERSEY
District 8 Construction Funds**

PART II. WORKFORCE PROJECTION - continued

- B. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is the total number of **new hires** that would be employed in the event the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract.

The undersigned bidder projects that: (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the contract project is located; and/or (number) _____ new hires would be recruited from the area in which the bidder's principal office or base of operation is located.

- C. Included in "Total Employees" under Table A is a projection of numbers of persons to be employed directly by the undersigned bidder as well as a projection of numbers of persons to be employed by subcontractors.

The undersigned bidder estimates that (number) _____ persons will be directly employed by the prime contractor and that (number) _____ persons will be employed by subcontractors.

PART III. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

- A. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that in the event the foregoing minority and female employee utilization projection included under **PART II** is determined to be an underutilization of minority persons or women in any job category, and in the event that the undersigned bidder is awarded this contract, he/she will, prior to commencement of work, develop and submit a written Affirmative Action Plan including a specific timetable (geared to the completion stages of the contract) whereby deficiencies in minority and/or female employee utilization are corrected. Such Affirmative Action Plan will be subject to approval by the contracting agency and the **Illinois Department of Human Rights**.
- B. The undersigned bidder understands and agrees that the minority and female employee utilization projection submitted herein, and the goals and timetable included under an Affirmative Action Plan if required, are deemed to be part of the contract specifications.

Company _____ Telephone Number _____

Address _____

NOTICE REGARDING SIGNATURE

The Bidder's signature on the Proposal Signature Sheet will constitute the signing of this form. The following signature block needs to be completed only if revisions are required.

Signature: _____ Title: _____ Date: _____

- Instructions: All tables must include subcontractor personnel in addition to prime contractor personnel.
- Table A - Include both the number of employees that would be hired to perform the contract work and the total number currently employed (Table B) that will be allocated to contract work, and include all apprentices and on-the-job trainees. The "Total Employees" column should include all employees including all minorities, apprentices and on-the-job trainees to be employed on the contract work.
- Table B - Include all employees currently employed that will be allocated to the contract work including any apprentices and on-the-job trainees currently employed.
- Table C - Indicate the racial breakdown of the total apprentices and on-the-job trainees shown in Table A.

RETURN WITH BID

ADDITIONAL FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

In addition to the Required Contract Provisions for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts (FHWA 1273), all bidders make the following certifications.

- A. By the execution of this proposal, the signing bidder certifies that the bidding entity has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action, in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid. This statement made by the undersigned bidder is true and correct under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States.
- B. CERTIFICATION, EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY:
1. Have you participated in any previous contracts or subcontracts subject to the equal opportunity clause. YES _____ NO _____
 2. If answer to #1 is yes, have you filed with the Joint Reporting Committee, the Director of OFCC, any Federal agency, or the former President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, all reports due under the applicable filing requirements of those organizations? YES _____ NO _____

RETURN WITH BID

**Contract No. 97574
JERSEY County
Section 11-00027-03-RS
Project RS-0748(111)
Route JERSEY
District 8 Construction Funds**

PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The undersigned bidder hereby makes and submits this bid on the subject Proposal, thereby assuring the Department that all requirements of the Invitation for Bids and rules of the Department have been met, that there is no misunderstanding of the requirements of paragraph 3 of this Proposal, and that the contract will be executed in accordance with the rules of the Department if an award is made on this bid.

(IF AN INDIVIDUAL)

Firm Name _____
Signature of Owner _____
Business Address _____

(IF A CO-PARTNERSHIP)

Firm Name _____
By _____
Business Address _____
Name and Address of All Members of the Firm: _____

(IF A CORPORATION)

Corporate Name _____
By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative _____
Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative _____
Attest _____
Signature _____
(IF A JOINT VENTURE, USE THIS SECTION FOR THE MANAGING PARTY AND THE SECOND PARTY SHOULD SIGN BELOW)
Business Address _____

(IF A JOINT VENTURE)

Corporate Name _____
By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative _____
Typed or printed name and title of Authorized Representative _____
Attest _____
Signature _____
Business Address _____

If more than two parties are in the joint venture, please attach an additional signature sheet.



This Annual Proposal Bid Bond shall become effective at 12:01 AM (CDST) on _____ and shall be valid until _____ 11:59 PM (CDST).

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, That We _____

as PRINCIPAL, and _____

as SURETY, and held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in the bid proposal under "Proposal Guaranty" in effect on the date of the Invitation for Bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH that whereas, the PRINCIPAL may submit bid proposal(s) to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for various improvements published in the Transportation Bulletin during the effective term indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal(s) of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said PRINCIPAL has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said SURETY has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____

(Company Name)

(Company Name)

By _____
(Signature and Title)

By _____
(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

Notary for PRINCIPAL

Notary for SURETY

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)

by _____
(Name of Notary Public)

by _____
(Name of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Date Commission Expires)

(Date Commission Expires)

In lieu of completing the above section of the Annual Proposal Bid Bond form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the proposal(s) the Principal is ensuring the identified electronic bid bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

| Electronic Bid Bond ID # | Company/Bidder Name | Signature and Title |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|

This bond may be terminated, at Surety's request, upon giving not less than thirty (30) days prior written notice of the cancellation/termination of the bond. Said written notice shall be issued to the Illinois Department of Transportation, Chief Contracts Official, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Springfield, Illinois, 62764, and shall be served in person, by receipted courier delivery or certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. Said notice period shall commence on the first calendar day following the Department's receipt of written cancellation/termination notice. Surety shall remain firmly bound to all obligations herein for proposals submitted prior to the cancellation/termination. Surety shall be released and discharged from any obligation(s) for proposals submitted for any letting or date after the effective date of cancellation/termination.



Item No. _____

Letting Date _____

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, That We _____

as PRINCIPAL, and _____

as SURETY, and held jointly, severally and firmly bound unto the STATE OF ILLINOIS in the penal sum of 5 percent of the total bid price, or for the amount specified in the bid proposal under "Proposal Guaranty" in effect on the date of the Invitation for Bids, whichever is the lesser sum, well and truly to be paid unto said STATE OF ILLINOIS, for the payment of which we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

THE CONDITION OF THE FOREGOING OBLIGATION IS SUCH that whereas, the PRINCIPAL has submitted a bid proposal to the STATE OF ILLINOIS, acting through the Department of Transportation, for the improvement designated by the Transportation Bulletin Item Number and Letting Date indicated above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Department shall accept the bid proposal of the PRINCIPAL; and if the PRINCIPAL shall, within the time and as specified in the bidding and contract documents; and if, after award by the Department, the PRINCIPAL shall enter into a contract in accordance with the terms of the bidding and contract documents including evidence of the required insurance coverages and providing such bond as specified with good and sufficient surety for the faithful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or if, in the event of the failure of the PRINCIPAL to enter into such contract and to give the specified bond, the PRINCIPAL pays to the Department the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount specified in the bid proposal and such larger amount for which the Department may contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid proposal, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN THE EVENT the Department determines the PRINCIPAL has failed to comply with any requirement as set forth in the preceding paragraph, then Surety shall pay the penal sum to the Department within fifteen (15) days of written demand therefor. If Surety does not make full payment within such period of time, the Department may bring an action to collect the amount owed. Surety is liable to the Department for all its expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred in any litigation in which it prevails either in whole or in part.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said PRINCIPAL has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said SURETY has caused this instrument to be signed by its officer _____ day of _____ A.D., _____.

(Company Name)

(Company Name)

By _____
(Signature and Title)

By _____
(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)

Notary for PRINCIPAL

Notary for SURETY

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)
by _____

Signed and attested before me on _____ (date)
by _____

(Name of Notary Public)

(Name of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Seal) _____
(Signature of Notary Public)

(Date Commission Expires)

(Date Commission Expires)

In lieu of completing the above section of the Proposal Bid Bond form, the Principal may file an Electronic Bid Bond. By signing the proposal the Principal is ensuring the identified electronic bid bond has been executed and the Principal and Surety are firmly bound unto the State of Illinois under the conditions of the bid bond as shown above.

Electronic Bid Bond ID # _____ Company/Bidder Name _____ Signature and Title _____

(1) Policy

It is public policy that disadvantageded businesses as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. Consequently the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract.

(2) Obligation

The contractor agrees to ensure that disadvantageded businesses as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts or subcontracts financed in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26 and the Special Provision to ensure that said businesses have the maximum opportunity to compete for and perform under this contract. The contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin or sex in the award and performance of contracts.

(3) Project and Bid Identification

Complete the following information concerning the project and bid:

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Route _____ | Total Bid _____ |
| Section _____ | Contract DBE Goal _____ (Percent) _____ (Dollar Amount) |
| Project _____ | |
| County _____ | |
| Letting Date _____ | |
| Contract No. _____ | |
| Letting Item No. _____ | |

(4) Assurance

I, acting in my capacity as an officer of the undersigned bidder (or bidders if a joint venture), hereby assure the Department that on this project my company : (check one)

- Meets or exceeds contract award goals and has provided documented participation as follows:
Disadvantaged Business Participation _____ percent

Attached are the signed participation statements, forms SBE 2025, required by the Special Provision evidencing availability and use of each business participating in this plan and assuring that each business will perform a commercially useful function in the work of the contract.

- Failed to meet contract award goals and has included good faith effort documentation to meet the goals and that my company has provided participation as follows:

Disadvantaged Business Participation _____ percent

The contract goals should be accordingly modified or waived. Attached is all information required by the Special Provision in support of this request including good faith effort. Also attached are the signed participation statements, forms SBE 2025, required by the Special Provision evidencing availability and use of each business participating in this plan and assuring that each business will perform a commercially useful function in the work of the contract.

Company

By _____

Title _____

Date _____

The "as read" Low Bidder is required to comply with the Special Provision.

Submit only one utilization plan for each project. The utilization plan shall be submitted in accordance with the special provision.

| | |
|---|--|
| Bureau of Small Business Enterprises 2300 South Dirksen Parkway Springfield, Illinois 62764 | Local Let Projects Submit forms to the Local Agency |
|---|--|

The Department of Transportation is requesting disclosure of information that is necessary to accomplish the purpose as outlined under State and Federal law. Disclosure of this information is **REQUIRED**. Failure to provide any information will result in the contract not being awarded. This form has been approved by the State Forms Manager Center.

PROPOSAL ENVELOPE



PROPOSALS

for construction work advertised for bids by the
Illinois Department of Transportation

| Item No. | Item No. | Item No. |
|----------|----------|----------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Submitted By:

| |
|-----------|
| Name: |
| Address: |
| |
| |
| Phone No. |

Bidders should use an IDOT proposal envelope or affix this form to the front of a 10" x 13" envelope for the submittal of bids. If proposals are mailed, they should be enclosed in a second or outer envelope addressed to:

Engineer of Design and Environment - Room 326
Illinois Department of Transportation
2300 South Dirksen Parkway
Springfield, Illinois 62764

NOTICE

Individual bids, including Bid Bond and/or supplemental information if required, should be securely stapled.

CONTRACTOR OFFICE COPY OF CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

NOTICE

None of the following material needs to be returned with the bid package unless the special provisions require documentation and/or other information to be submitted.

**Contract No. 97574
JERSEY County
Section 11-00027-03-RS
Project RS-0748(111)
Route JERSEY
District 8 Construction Funds**



Illinois Department of Transportation

SUBCONTRACTOR DOCUMENTATION

Public Acts 96-0795, 96-0920, and 97-0895 enacted substantial changes to the provisions of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Among the changes are provisions affecting subcontractors. The Contractor awarded this contract will be required as a material condition of the contract to implement and enforce the contract requirements applicable to subcontractors that entered into a contractual agreement with a total value of \$50,000 or more with a person or entity who has a contract subject to the Code and approved in accordance with article 108.01 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

If the Contractor seeks approval of subcontractors to perform a portion of the work, and approval is granted by the Department, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the subcontract to the Illinois Department of Transportation's CPO upon request within 15 calendar days after execution of the subcontract.

Financial disclosures required pursuant to Sec. 50-35 of the Code must be submitted for all applicable subcontractors. The subcontract shall contain the certifications required to be made by subcontractors pursuant to Article 50 of the Code. This Notice to Bidders includes a document incorporating all required subcontractor certifications and disclosures for use by the Contractor in compliance with this mandate. The document is entitled State Required Ethical Standards Governing Subcontractors.

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

STATE ETHICAL STANDARDS GOVERNING SUBCONTRACTORS

Article 50 of the Code establishes the duty of all State CPOs, SPOs, and their designees to maximize the value of the expenditure of public moneys in procuring goods, services, and contracts for the State of Illinois and to act in a manner that maintains the integrity and public trust of State government. In discharging this duty, they are charged by law to use all available information, reasonable efforts, and reasonable actions to protect, safeguard, and maintain the procurement process of the State of Illinois.

The certifications hereinafter made by the subcontractor are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department approve the subcontractor. The CPO may terminate or void the contract approval if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous certification. If a false certification is made by a subcontractor the contractor's submitted bid and the executed contract may not be declared void unless the contractor refuses to terminate the subcontract upon the State's request after a finding that the subcontractor's certification was false.

Section 50-2 of the Code provides that every person that has entered into a multi-year contract and every subcontractor with a multi-year subcontract shall certify, by July 1 of each fiscal year covered by the contract after the initial fiscal year, to the responsible CPO whether it continues to satisfy the requirements of Article 50 pertaining to the eligibility for a contract award. If a contractor or subcontractor is not able to truthfully certify that it continues to meet all requirements, it shall provide with its certification a detailed explanation of the circumstances leading to the change in certification status. A contractor or subcontractor that makes a false statement material to any given certification required under Article 50 is, in addition to any other penalties or consequences prescribed by law, subject to liability under the Whistleblower Reward and Protection Act for submission of a false claim.

A. Bribery

Section 50-5. Bribery.

(a) Prohibition. No person or business shall be awarded a contract or subcontract under this Code who:

(1) has been convicted under the laws of Illinois or any other state of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any other state in that officer's or employee's official capacity; or

(2) has made an admission of guilt of that conduct that is a matter of record but has not been prosecuted for that conduct.

(b) Businesses. No business shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government, or subcontracting under such a contract, as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of the business if the employee or agent is no longer employed by the business and:

(1) the business has been finally adjudicated not guilty; or

(2) the business demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract, or which is signatory to the contract to which the subcontract relates, and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was not authorized, requested, commanded, or performed by a director, officer, or high managerial agent on behalf of the business as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 5-4 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

(c) Conduct on behalf of business. For purposes of this Section, when an official, agent, or employee of a business committed the bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the business and in accordance with the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the business, the business shall be chargeable with the conduct.

(d) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State, and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the contractor or the subcontractor, respectively, that the contractor or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any certifications required by this Section are false. A contractor who makes a false statement, material to the certification, commits a Class 3 felony.

The contractor or subcontractor certifies that it is not barred from being awarded a contract under Section 50-5.

B. Felons

Section 50-10. Felons.

(a) Unless otherwise provided, no person or business convicted of a felony shall do business with the State of Illinois or any State agency, or enter into a subcontract, from the date of conviction until 5 years after the date of completion of the sentence for that felony, unless no person held responsible by a prosecutorial office for the facts upon which the conviction was based continues to have any involvement with the business.

(b) Certification. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if any of the certifications required by this Section are false.

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

C. Debt Delinquency

Section 50-11 and 50-12. Debt Delinquency.

The contractor or bidder or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it, or any affiliate, is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under the Code. Section 50-11 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it knows or should know that it, or any affiliate, is delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State as defined by the Debt Collection Board. Section 50-12 prohibits a person from entering into a contract with a State agency, or entering into a subcontract, if it, or any affiliate, has failed to collect and remit Illinois Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Use Tax Act. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, further acknowledges that the CPO may declare the related contract void if this certification is false or if the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, or any affiliate, is determined to be delinquent in the payment of any debt to the State during the term of the contract.

D. Prohibited Bidders, Contractors and Subcontractors

Section 50-10.5 and 50-60(c). Prohibited bidders, contractors and subcontractors.

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-10.5 that no officer, director, partner or other managerial agent of the contracting business has been convicted of a felony under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 or a Class 3 or Class 2 felony under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 or if in violation of Subsection (c) for a period of five years from the date of conviction. Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the State and every subcontract subject to Section 20-120 of the Code shall contain a certification by the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, respectively, that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor is not barred from being awarded a contract or subcontract under this Section and acknowledges that the CPO shall declare the related contract void if any of the certifications completed pursuant to this Section are false.

E. Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act

The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies in accordance with 30 ILCS 500/50-14 that the bidder, contractor, or subcontractor, is not barred from being awarded a contract or entering into a subcontract under this Section which prohibits the bidding on or entering into contracts with the State of Illinois or a State agency, or entering into any subcontract, that is subject to the Code by a person or business found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the Environmental Protection Act for a period of five years from the date of the order. The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, acknowledges that the CPO may declare the contract void if this certification is false.

The undersigned, on behalf of the subcontracting company, has read and understands the above certifications and makes the certifications as required by law.

| | | |
|---|---------------|--|
| _____ Name of Subcontracting Company | | |
| _____ Authorized Officer | _____ Date | |

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT
SUBCONTRACTOR DISCLOSURES

I. DISCLOSURES

- A.** The disclosures hereinafter made by the subcontractor are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed. The subcontractor further certifies that the Department has received the disclosure forms for each subcontract.

The CPO may void the bid, contract, or subcontract, respectively, if it is later determined that the bidder or subcontractor rendered a false or erroneous disclosure. A contractor or subcontractor may be suspended or debarred for violations of the Code. Furthermore, the CPO may void the contract.

B. Financial Interests and Conflicts of Interest

1. Section 50-35 of the Code provides that all subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, shall be accompanied by disclosure of the financial interests of the subcontractor. This disclosed information for the subcontractor, will be maintained as public information subject to release by request pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, filed with the Procurement Policy Board, and shall be incorporated as a material term of the Prime Contractor's contract. Furthermore, pursuant to this Section, the Procurement Policy Board may recommend to allow or void a contract or subcontract based on a potential conflict of interest.

The financial interests to be disclosed shall include ownership or distributive income share that is in excess of 5%, or an amount greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, of the subcontracting entity or its parent entity, whichever is less, unless the subcontractor is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, in which case it may submit its 10K disclosure in place of the prescribed disclosure. If a subcontractor is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. The disclosure shall include the names, addresses, and dollar or proportionate share of ownership of each individual making the disclosure, their instrument of ownership or beneficial relationship, and notice of any potential conflict of interest resulting from the current ownership or beneficial interest of each individual making the disclosure having any of the relationships identified in Section 50-35 and on the disclosure form.

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

In addition, all disclosures shall indicate any other current or pending contracts, subcontracts, proposals, leases, or other ongoing procurement relationships the subcontracting entity has with any other unit of state government and shall clearly identify the unit and the contract, subcontract, proposal, lease, or other relationship.

2. Disclosure Forms. Disclosure Form A is attached for use concerning the individuals meeting the above ownership or distributive share requirements. A separate Disclosure Form A must be submitted with the bid for each individual meeting the above requirements. In addition, a second form (Disclosure Form B) provides for the disclosure of current or pending procurement relationships with other (non-IDOT) state agencies and a total ownership certification. **The forms must be included with each bid.**

C. Disclosure Form Instructions

Form A Instructions for Financial Information & Potential Conflicts of Interest

If the subcontractor is a publicly traded entity subject to Federal 10K reporting, the 10K Report may be submitted to meet the requirements of Form A. If a subcontractor is a privately held entity that is exempt from Federal 10K reporting, but has more than 100 shareholders, it may submit the information that Federal 10K companies are required to report, and list the names of any individual or entity holding any ownership share that is in excess of 5%. If a subcontractor is not subject to Federal 10K reporting, the subcontractor must determine if any individuals are required by law to complete a financial disclosure form. To do this, the subcontractor should answer each of the following questions. A "YES" answer indicates Form A must be completed. If the answer to each of the following questions is "NO", then the **NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT** on the second page of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for the subcontracting company. Note: These questions are for assistance only and are not required to be completed.

1. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of greater than 5% of the bidding entity or parent entity? YES ___ NO ___
2. Does anyone in your organization have a direct or beneficial ownership share of less than 5%, but which has a value greater than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___
3. Does anyone in your organization receive more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor of the subcontracting entity's or parent entity's distributive income? YES ___ NO ___

(Note: Distributive income is, for these purposes, any type of distribution of profits. An annual salary is not distributive income.)

4. Does anyone in your organization receive greater than 5% of the subcontracting entity's or parent entity's total distributive income, but which is less than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor? YES ___ NO ___

(Note: Only one set of forms needs to be completed per individual per subcontract even if a specific individual would require a yes answer to more than one question.)

A "YES" answer to any of these questions requires the completion of Form A. The subcontractor must determine each individual in the subcontracting entity or the subcontracting entity's parent company that would cause the questions to be answered "Yes". Each form must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your organization. The individual signing can be, but does not have to be, the individual for which the form is being completed. The subcontractor is responsible for the accuracy of any information provided.

If the answer to each of the above questions is "NO", then the **NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT** on page 2 of Form A must be signed and dated by an individual that is authorized to execute contracts for your company.

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

Form B: Instructions for Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information

Disclosure Form B must be completed for each subcontract submitted by the subcontracting entity. *Note: Checking the NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT on Form A does not allow the subcontractor to ignore Form B. Form B must be completed, checked, and dated or the subcontract will not be approved.*

The Subcontractor shall identify, by checking Yes or No on Form B, whether it has any pending contracts, subcontracts, leases, bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other (non-IDOT) State of Illinois agency. If "No" is checked, the subcontractor only needs to complete the check box on the bottom of Form B. If "Yes" is checked, the subcontractor must list all non-IDOT State of Illinois agency pending contracts, subcontracts, leases, bids, proposals, and other ongoing procurement relationships. These items may be listed on Form B or on an attached sheet(s). Contracts with cities, counties, villages, etc. are not considered State of Illinois agency contracts and are not to be included. Contracts or subcontracts with other State of Illinois agencies such as the Department of Natural Resources or the Capital Development Board must be included.

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Form A
Subcontractor: Financial
Information & Potential Conflicts
of Interest Disclosure**

| | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Subcontractor Name | | |
| Legal Address | | |
| City, State, Zip | | |
| Telephone Number | Email Address | Fax Number (if available) |

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). Subcontractors desiring to enter into a subcontract of a State of Illinois contract must disclose the financial information and potential conflict of interest information as specified in this Disclosure Form. This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file. This Form A must be completed for subcontracts with a total value of \$50,000 or more, from subcontractors identified in Section 20-120 of the Code, and for all open-ended contracts. **A publicly traded company may submit a 10K disclosure (or equivalent if applicable) in satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Form A. See Disclosure Form Instructions.**

The current annual salary of the Governor is \$177,412.00.

DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Disclosure of Financial Information. The individual named below has an interest in the SUBCONTRACTOR (or its parent) in terms of ownership or distributive income share in excess of 5%, or an interest which has a value of more than 60% of the annual salary of the Governor. **(Make copies of this form as necessary and attach a separate Disclosure Form A for each individual meeting these requirements)**

| | |
|---|-------|
| FOR INDIVIDUAL (type or print information) | |
| NAME: | _____ |
| ADDRESS | _____ |
| Type of ownership/distributable income share: | |
| stock _____ sole proprietorship _____ Partnership _____ other: (explain on separate sheet): | |
| % or \$ value of ownership/distributable income share: | _____ |

2. Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest. Check "Yes" or "No" to indicate which, if any, of the following potential conflict of interest relationships apply. If the answer to any question is "Yes", please attach additional pages and describe.

(a) State employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, including contractual employment of services. Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Are you currently an officer or employee of either the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority? Yes ___ No ___

2. Are you currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name the State agency for which you are employed and your annual salary. _____

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

3. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

4. If you are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and your annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

(b) State employment of spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter, including contractual employment services in the previous 2 years.

Yes ___ No ___

If your answer is yes, please answer each of the following questions.

1. Is your spouse or any minor children currently an officer or employee of the Capitol Development Board or the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority?
Yes ___ No ___

2. Is your spouse or any minor children currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois? If your spouse or minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, provide the name of your spouse and/or minor children, the name of the State agency for which he/she is employed and his/her annual salary. _____

3. If your spouse or any minor children is/are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you entitled to receive (i) more than 7 1/2% of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of 100% of the annual salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

4. If your spouse or any minor children are currently appointed to or employed by any agency of the State of Illinois, and his/her annual salary exceeds 60% of the annual salary of the Governor, are you and your spouse or minor children entitled to receive (i) more than 15 % in the aggregate of the total distributable income of your firm, partnership, association or corporation, or (ii) an amount in excess of two times the salary of the Governor?
Yes ___ No ___

(c) Elective status; the holding of elective office of the State of Illinois, the government of the United States, any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois currently or in the previous 3 years.
Yes ___ No ___

(d) Relationship to anyone holding elective office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter.
Yes ___ No ___

(e) Appointive office; the holding of any appointive government office of the State of Illinois, the United States of America, or any unit of local government authorized by the Constitution of the State of Illinois or the statutes of the State of Illinois, which office entitles the holder to compensation in excess of the expenses incurred in the discharge of that office currently or in the previous 3 years.
Yes ___ No ___

(f) Relationship to anyone holding appointive office currently or in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter.
Yes ___ No ___

(g) Employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, as or by any registered lobbyist of the State government.
Yes ___ No ___

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

(h) Relationship to anyone who is or was a registered lobbyist in the previous 2 years; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter. Yes ___ No ___

(i) Compensated employment, currently or in the previous 3 years, by any registered election or reelection committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

(j) Relationship to anyone; spouse, father, mother, son, or daughter; who was a compensated employee in the last 2 years by any registered election or re-election committee registered with the Secretary of State or any county clerk of the State of Illinois, or any political action committee registered with either the Secretary of State or the Federal Board of Elections. Yes ___ No ___

3 Communication Disclosure.

Disclose the name and address of each lobbyist and other agent of the bidder or offeror who is not identified in Section 2 of this form, who is has communicated, is communicating, or may communicate with any State officer or employee concerning the bid or offer. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the process and throughout the term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name and address of person(s): _____

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

4. Debarment Disclosure. For each of the persons identified under Sections 2 and 3 of this form, disclose whether any of the following has occurred within the previous 10 years: debarment from contracting with any governmental entity; professional licensure discipline; bankruptcies; adverse civil judgments and administrative findings; and criminal felony convictions. This disclosure is a continuing obligation and must be promptly supplemented for accuracy throughout the procurement process and term of the contract. If no person is identified, enter "None" on the line below:

Name of person(s): _____

Nature of disclosure: _____

APPLICABLE STATEMENT

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the INDIVIDUAL named on previous page. Under penalty of perjury, I certify the contents of this disclosure to be true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Completed by: _____ Date _____
Signature of Individual or Authorized Officer

NOT APPLICABLE STATEMENT

Under penalty of perjury, I have determined that no individuals associated with this organization meet the criteria that would require the completion of this Form A.

This Disclosure Form A is submitted on behalf of the SUBCONTRACTOR listed on the previous page.

_____ Date _____
Signature of Authorized Officer

RETURN WITH SUBCONTRACT

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Form B
Subcontractor: Other Contracts & Financial Related Information Disclosure

Form with fields: Subcontractor Name, Legal Address, City, State, Zip, Telephone Number, Email Address, Fax Number (if available)

Disclosure of the information contained in this Form is required by Section 50-35 of the Code (30 ILCS 500). This information shall become part of the publicly available contract file.

DISCLOSURE OF OTHER CONTRACTS, SUBCONTRACTS, AND PROCUREMENT RELATED INFORMATION

1. Identifying Other Contracts & Procurement Related Information. The SUBCONTRACTOR shall identify whether it has any pending contracts, subcontracts, including leases, bids, proposals, or other ongoing procurement relationship with any other State of Illinois agency: Yes ___ No ___
If "No" is checked, the subcontractor only needs to complete the signature box on this page.

2. If "Yes" is checked. Identify each such relationship by showing State of Illinois agency name and other descriptive information such as bid or project number (attach additional pages as necessary). SEE DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS:

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE CHECKED

Signature box with fields for Signature of Authorized Officer and Date

OWNERSHIP CERTIFICATION

Please certify that the following statement is true if the individuals for all submitted Form A disclosures do not total 100% of ownership

Any remaining ownership interest is held by individuals receiving less than \$106,447.20 of the bidding entity's or parent entity's distributive income or holding less than a 5% ownership interest.

Yes No N/A (Form A disclosure(s) established 100% ownership)



- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Sealed proposals for the improvement described herein will be received by the Department of Transportation. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). Paper-based bids are to be submitted to the Chief Procurement Officer for the Department of Transportation in care of the Chief Contracts Official at the Harry R. Hanley Building, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, in Springfield, Illinois until 10:00 a.m. January 30, 2015. All bids will be gathered, sorted, publicly opened and read in the auditorium at the Department of Transportation's Harry R. Hanley Building shortly after 10:00 a.m.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK.** The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 97574
JERSEY County
Section 11-00027-03-RS
Project RS-0748(111)
Route JERSEY
District 8 Construction Funds**

Full depth pavement reconstruction, shoulder improvements, regrading ditches, culvert replacement and guardrail installation; project begins East of Stagecoach Road to Grange Hall Road, 2.66 miles in length.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.

(b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS.** This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Erica J. Borggren,
Acting Secretary

**INDEX
FOR
SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

Adopted January 1, 2015

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-12) (Revised 1-1-15)

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

| <u>Std. Spec. Sec.</u> | <u>Page No.</u> |
|--|------------------------|
| 101 Definition of Terms | 1 |
| 102 Advertisement, Bidding, Award, and Contract Execution | 2 |
| 105 Control of Work | 3 |
| 106 Control of Materials | 5 |
| 107 Legal Regulations and Responsibility to Public | 6 |
| 108 Prosecution and Progress | 14 |
| 109 Measurement and Payment | 15 |
| 202 Earth and Rock Excavation | 17 |
| 211 Topsoil and Compost | 19 |
| 250 Seeding | 20 |
| 253 Planting Woody Plants | 21 |
| 280 Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control | 23 |
| 312 Stabilized Subbase | 24 |
| 406 Hot-Mix Asphalt Binder and Surface Course | 25 |
| 407 Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavement (Full-Depth) | 28 |
| 420 Portland Cement Concrete Pavement | 32 |
| 424 Portland Cement Concrete Sidewalk | 34 |
| 440 Removal of Existing Pavement and Appurtenances | 35 |
| 502 Excavation for Structures | 36 |
| 503 Concrete Structures | 37 |
| 504 Precast Concrete Structures | 40 |
| 506 Cleaning and Painting New Steel Structures | 41 |
| 512 Piling | 42 |
| 516 Drilled Shafts | 43 |
| 521 Bearings | 44 |
| 540 Box Culverts | 45 |
| 588 Bridge Relief Joint System | 46 |
| 589 Elastic Joint Sealer | 48 |
| 602 Catch Basin, Manhole, Inlet, Drainage Structure, and Valve Vault Construction, Adjustment, and Reconstruction | 49 |
| 603 Adjusting Frames and Grates of Drainage and Utility Structures | 50 |
| 606 Concrete Gutter, Curb, Median, and Paved Ditch | 52 |
| 610 Shoulder Inlets with Curb | 53 |
| 639 Precast Prestressed Concrete Sight Screen | 54 |
| 642 Shoulder Rumble Strips | 55 |
| 643 Impact Attenuators | 56 |
| 644 High Tension Cable Median Barrier | 58 |
| 669 Removal and Disposal of Regulated Substances | 60 |
| 670 Engineer's Field Office and Laboratory | 64 |

| <u>Std. Spec. Sec.</u> | <u>Page No.</u> |
|---|-----------------|
| 701 Work Zone Traffic Control and Protection | 65 |
| 706 Impact Attenuators, Temporary | 68 |
| 707 Movable Traffic Barrier | 71 |
| 708 Temporary Water Filled Barrier | 73 |
| 730 Wood Sign Support | 75 |
| 780 Pavement Striping | 76 |
| 816 Unit Duct | 81 |
| 836 Pole Foundation | 82 |
| 860 Master Controller | 83 |
| 1001 Cement | 84 |
| 1003 Fine Aggregates | 85 |
| 1004 Coarse Aggregates | 87 |
| 1006 Metals | 91 |
| 1011 Mineral Filler | 93 |
| 1017 Packaged, Dry, Combined Materials for Mortar | 94 |
| 1018 Packaged Rapid Hardening Mortar or Concrete | 95 |
| 1019 Controlled Low-Strength Material (CLSM) | 96 |
| 1020 Portland Cement Concrete | 97 |
| 1024 Grout and Nonshrink Grout | 136 |
| 1030 Hot-Mix Asphalt | 137 |
| 1040 Drain Pipe, Tile, Drainage Mat, and Wall Drain | 142 |
| 1042 Precast Concrete Products | 143 |
| 1069 Pole and Tower | 144 |
| 1070 Foundation and Breakaway Devices | 145 |
| 1073 Controller | 146 |
| 1081 Materials for Planting | 147 |
| 1082 Preformed Bearing Pads | 148 |
| 1083 Elastomeric Bearings | 149 |
| 1088 Wireway and Conduit System | 150 |
| 1095 Pavement Markings | 152 |
| 1101 General Equipment | 155 |
| 1102 Hot-Mix Asphalt Equipment | 157 |
| 1103 Portland Cement Concrete Equipment | 159 |
| 1105 Pavement Marking Equipment | 160 |
| 1106 Work Zone Traffic Control Devices | 161 |

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

| <u>CHECK SHEET #</u> | <u>PAGE NO.</u> |
|--|-----------------|
| 1 X Additional State Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts | 163 |
| 2 X Subletting of Contracts (Federal-Aid Contracts) | 166 |
| 3 X EEO | 167 |
| 4 Specific EEO Responsibilities Non Federal-Aid Contracts | 177 |
| 5 Required Provisions - State Contracts | 182 |
| 6 Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal | 188 |
| 7 Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos HMA Surface Removal | 189 |
| 8 Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads | 190 |
| 9 Construction Layout Stakes Except for Bridges | 191 |
| 10 X Construction Layout Stakes | 194 |
| 11 Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing | 197 |
| 12 Subsealing of Concrete Pavements | 199 |
| 13 Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction | 203 |
| 14 Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing | 205 |
| 15 Reserved | 206 |
| 16 Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal | 207 |
| 17 Polymer Concrete | 208 |
| 18 PVC Pipeliner | 210 |
| 19 Pipe Underdrains | 211 |
| 20 X Guardrail and Barrier Wall Delineation | 212 |
| 21 Bicycle Racks | 216 |
| 22 Reserved | 218 |
| 23 Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals | 219 |
| 24 Work Zone Public Information Signs | 221 |
| 25 Nighttime Inspection of Roadway Lighting | 222 |
| 26 English Substitution of Metric Bolts | 223 |
| 27 English Substitution of Metric Reinforcement Bars | 224 |
| 28 Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete | 225 |
| 29 Reserved | 226 |
| 30 Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant | 227 |
| 31 Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures | 235 |
| 32 X Digital Terrain Modeling for Earthwork Calculations | 251 |
| 33 Pavement Marking Removal | 253 |
| 34 Preventive Maintenance – Bituminous Surface Treatment | 254 |
| 35 Preventive Maintenance – Cape Seal | 260 |
| 36 Preventive Maintenance – Micro-Surfacing | 275 |
| 37 Preventive Maintenance – Slurry Seal | 286 |
| 38 Temporary Raised Pavement Markers | 296 |
| 39 Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam | 297 |

LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

Table of Contents

| CHECK SHEET # | | PAGE NO. |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|
| LRS 1 | Reserved | 301 |
| LRS 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> Furnished Excavation | 302 |
| LRS 3 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Work Zone Traffic Control Surveillance | 303 |
| LRS 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flaggers in Work Zones | 304 |
| LRS 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> Contract Claims | 305 |
| LRS 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Contract Proposals | 306 |
| LRS 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Material Proposals | 312 |
| LRS 8 | Reserved | 318 |
| LRS 9 | <input type="checkbox"/> Bituminous Surface Treatments | 319 |
| LRS 10 | Reserved | 320 |
| LRS 11 | <input type="checkbox"/> Employment Practices | 321 |
| LRS 12 | <input type="checkbox"/> Wages of Employees on Public Works | 323 |
| LRS 13 | <input type="checkbox"/> Selection of Labor | 325 |
| LRS 14 | <input type="checkbox"/> Paving Brick and Concrete Paver Pavements and Sidewalks | 326 |
| LRS 15 | <input type="checkbox"/> Partial Payments | 329 |
| LRS 16 | <input type="checkbox"/> Protests on Local Lettings | 330 |
| LRS 17 | <input type="checkbox"/> Substance Abuse Prevention Program..... | 331 |
| LRS 18 | <input type="checkbox"/> Multigrade Cold Mix Asphalt | 332 |

**INDEX TO
 SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

| <u>ITEM</u> | <u>PAGE NO.</u> |
|--|-----------------|
| 1. LOCATION OF PROJECT..... | 2 |
| 2. WORK DESCRIPTION..... | 2 |
| 3. SITE INSPECTION..... | 2 |
| 4. SAFETY & PROTECTION..... | 2 |
| 5. TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN..... | 4 |
| 6. PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS..... | 4 |
| 7. TRAFFIC CONTROL & PROTECTION..... | 4 |
| 8. KEEPING THE ROAD OPEN TO TRAFFIC..... | 6 |
| 9. STATUS OF UTILITIES..... | 6 |
| 10. CONTRACTOR ACCESS..... | 8 |
| 11. ENTRANCE ACCESS..... | 8 |
| 12. EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNS..... | 8 |
| 13. SURPLUS MATERIAL DISPOSAL..... | 9 |
| 14. TREE REMOVAL..... | 9 |
| 15. CEMETERY AVOIDANCE | 10 |
| 16. EARTH EXCAVATION..... | 10 |
| 17. ABANDON EXISTING CULVERT..... | 10 |
| 18. SOIL-CEMENT BASE COURSE..... | 11 |
| 19. ROADWAY GRADING..... | 14 |
| 20. AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B..... | 15 |
| 21. TERMINAL MARKERS DIRECT APPLIED..... | 15 |
| 22. RELOCATE EXISTING MAILBOX | 15 |
| 23. RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE..... | 16 |
| 24. PAVEMENT REMOVAL SPECIAL | 16 |
| 25. DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE REMOVED..... | 16 |
| 26. DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE RECONSTRUCTED..... | 16 |
| 27. PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS D, TYPE 2..... | 17 |
| 28. MITCHELL CREEK ROAD REMOVAL..... | 17 |
| 29. WOVEN WIRE FENCE REMOVAL..... | 17 |
| <i>ARMY CORPS PERMIT</i> | <i>18</i> |
| <i>PAYROLLS AND PROCEDURES</i> | <i>34</i> |
| <i>SWPPP</i> | <i>38</i> |
| <i>TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE</i> | <i>47</i> |

INDEX LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS SPECIAL PROVISIONS

| <u>LR #</u> | <u>Pg #</u> | <u>Special Provision Title</u> | <u>Effective</u> | <u>Revised</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| LR SD12 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Slab Movement Detection Device | Nov. 11, 1984 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR SD13 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Required Cold Milled Surface Texture | Nov. 1, 1987 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR SD406 | | <input type="checkbox"/> RESCINDED | | |
| LR 102-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Contract Proposals | Jan. 1, 2001 | Jan. 1, 2014 |
| LR 105 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Cooperation with Utilities | Jan. 1, 1999 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 107-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Railroad Protective Liability Insurance for Local Lettings | Mar. 1, 2005 | Jan. 1, 2006 |
| LR 107-4 | 49 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Insurance | Feb. 1, 2007 | Aug. 1, 2007 |
| LR 107-7 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Wages of Employees on Public Works | Jan. 1, 1999 | Jan. 1, 2014 |
| LR 108 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Combination Bids | Jan. 1, 1994 | Mar. 1, 2005 |
| LR 109 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Equipment Rental Rates | Jan. 1, 2012 | |
| LR 212 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Shaping Roadway | Aug. 1, 1969 | Jan. 1, 2002 |
| LR 355-1 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Bituminous Stabilized Base Course, Road Mix or Traveling Plant Mix | Oct. 1, 1973 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 355-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Bituminous Stabilized Base Course, Plant Mix | Feb. 20, 1963 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 400-1 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Bituminous Treated Earth Surface | Jan. 1, 2007 | Apr. 1, 2012 |
| LR 400-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Bituminous Surface Plant Mix (Class B) | Jan. 1, 2008 | |
| LR 400-3 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Hot In-Place Recycling (HIR) – Surface Recycling | Jan. 1, 2012 | |
| LR 400-4 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Full-Depth Reclamation (FDR) with Emulsified Asphalt | Apr. 1, 2012 | Jun. 1, 2012 |
| LR 400-5 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Cold In-Place Recycling (CIR) With Emulsified Asphalt | Apr. 1, 2012 | Jun. 1, 2012 |
| LR 400-6 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Cold In Place Recycling (CIR) with Foamed Asphalt | June 1, 2012 | |
| LR 400-7 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Full-Depth Reclamation (FDR) with Foamed Asphalt | June 1, 2012 | |
| LR 402 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Stabilized Surface Course | Feb. 20, 1963 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 403-1 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Profile Milling of Existing, Recycled or Reclaimed Flexible Pavement | Apr. 1, 2012 | Jun. 1, 2012 |
| LR 403-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Bituminous Hot Mix Sand Seal Coat | Aug. 1, 1969 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 406 | 50 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Filling HMA Core Holes with Non-shrink Grout | Jan. 1, 2008 | |
| LR 420 | | <input type="checkbox"/> PCC Pavement (Special) | May 12, 1964 | Jan. 2, 2007 |
| LR 442 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Bituminous Patching Mixtures for Maintenance Use | Jan. 1, 2004 | Jun. 1, 2007 |
| LR 451 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Crack Filling Bituminous Pavement with Fiber-Asphalt | Oct. 1, 1991 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 503-1 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Furnishing Class SI Concrete | Oct. 1, 1973 | Jan. 1, 2002 |
| LR 503-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Furnishing Class SI Concrete (Short Load) | Jan. 1, 1989 | Jan. 1, 2002 |
| LR 542 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Pipe Culverts, Type _____ (Furnished) | Sep. 1, 1964 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 663 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Calcium Chloride Applied | Jun. 1, 1958 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 702 | 51 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Construction and Maintenance Signs | Jan. 1, 2004 | Jun. 1, 2007 |
| LR 1000-1 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Cold In-Place Recycling (CIR) and Full Depth Reclamation (FDR) with Emulsified Asphalt Mix Design Procedures | Apr. 1, 2012 | Jun. 1, 2012 |
| LR 1000-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Cold In-Place Recycling (CIR) and Full Depth Reclamation (FDR) with Foamed Asphalt Mix Design Procedures | June 1, 2012 | |
| LR 1004 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Coarse Aggregate for Bituminous Surface Treatment | Jan. 1, 2002 | Jan. 1, 2007 |
| LR 1030 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Growth Curve | Mar. 1, 2008 | Jan. 1, 2010 |
| LR 1032-1 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Emulsified Asphalts | Jan. 1, 2007 | Feb. 7, 2008 |
| LR 1102 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Road Mix or Traveling Plan Mix Equipment | Jan. 1, 2007 | |

BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following special provisions indicated by an "x" are applicable to this contract. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

| <u>File Name</u> | <u>Pg.</u> | <u>Special Provision Title</u> | <u>Effective</u> | <u>Revised</u> |
|------------------|------------|---|------------------|----------------|
| 80240 | | Above Grade Inlet Protection | July 1, 2009 | Jan. 1, 2012 |
| 80099 | | Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS) | April 1, 2003 | Jan. 1, 2014 |
| 80274 | | Aggregate Subgrade Improvement | April 1, 2012 | Jan. 1, 2013 |
| 80192 | | Automated Flagger Assistance Device | Jan. 1, 2008 | |
| 80173 | 52 | X Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments | Nov. 2, 2006 | Aug. 1, 2013 |
| 80241 | | Bridge Demolition Debris | July 1, 2009 | |
| 50261 | | Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable and Friable Asbestos) | Sept. 1, 1990 | April 1, 2010 |
| 50481 | | Building Removal-Case II (Non-Friable Asbestos) | Sept. 1, 1990 | April 1, 2010 |
| 50491 | | Building Removal-Case III (Friable Asbestos) | Sept. 1, 1990 | April 1, 2010 |
| 50531 | | Building Removal-Case IV (No Asbestos) | Sept. 1, 1990 | April 1, 2010 |
| * 80310 | | Coated Galvanized Steel Conduit | Jan. 1, 2013 | Jan. 1, 2015 |
| * 80341 | | Coilable Nonmetallic Conduit | Aug. 1, 2014 | Jan. 1, 2015 |
| 80198 | | Completion Date (via calendar days) | April 1, 2008 | |
| 80199 | | Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days | April 1, 2008 | |
| 80293 | | Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 Feet | April 1, 2012 | April 1, 2014 |
| 80294 | | Concrete Box Culverts with Skews ≤ 30 Degrees Regardless of Design Fill and Skews > 30 Degrees with Design Fills > 5 Feet | April 1, 2012 | April 1, 2014 |
| 80311 | | Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts | Jan. 1, 2013 | |
| 80334 | 55 | X Concrete Gutter, Curb, Median, and Paved Ditch | April 1, 2014 | Aug. 1, 2014 |
| 80277 | | Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided | Jan. 1, 2012 | Jan. 1, 2014 |
| 80261 | 56 | X Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit | June 1, 2010 | Nov. 1, 2014 |
| 80335 | 59 | X Contract Claims | April 1, 2014 | |
| 80029 | 60 | X Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation | Sept. 1, 2000 | Jan. 2, 2015 |
| 80265 | 71 | X Friction Aggregate | Jan. 1, 2011 | Nov. 1, 2014 |
| 80229 | 75 | X Fuel Cost Adjustment | April 1, 2009 | July 1, 2009 |
| 80329 | | Glare Screen | Jan. 1, 2014 | |
| 80304 | | Grooving for Recessed Pavement Markings | Nov. 1, 2012 | Aug. 1, 2014 |
| 80246 | | Hot-Mix Asphalt – Density Testing of Longitudinal Joints | Jan. 1, 2010 | April 1, 2012 |
| 80322 | 79 | X Hot-Mix Asphalt – Mixture Design Composition and Volumetric Requirements | Nov. 1, 2013 | Nov. 1, 2014 |
| 80323 | 90 | X Hot-Mix Asphalt – Mixture Design Verification and Production | Nov. 1, 2013 | Nov. 1, 2014 |
| 80347 | | Hot-Mix Asphalt – Pay for Performance Using Percent Within Limits – Jobsite Sampling | Nov. 1, 2014 | |
| 80348 | 94 | X Hot-Mix Asphalt – Prime Coat | Nov. 1, 2014 | |
| 80315 | 99 | X Insertion Lining of Culverts | Jan. 1, 2013 | Nov. 1, 2013 |
| * 80351 | | Light Tower | Jan. 1, 2015 | |
| 80336 | | Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching | April 1, 2014 | |
| 80324 | 105 | X LRFD Pipe Culvert Burial Tables | Nov. 1, 2013 | Nov. 1, 2014 |
| 80325 | | LRFD Storm Sewer Burial Tables | Nov. 1, 2013 | Nov. 1, 2014 |
| 80045 | | Material Transfer Device | June 15, 1999 | Aug. 1, 2014 |
| * 80342 | | Mechanical Side Tie Bar Inserter | Aug. 1, 2014 | Jan. 1, 2015 |
| 80165 | | Moisture Cured Urethane Paint System | Nov. 1, 2006 | Jan. 1, 2010 |
| 80337 | | Paved Shoulder Removal | April 1, 2014 | |
| 80349 | | Pavement Marking Blackout Tape | Nov. 1, 2014 | |
| 80298 | | Pavement Marking Tape Type IV | April 1, 2012 | |
| 80254 | | Pavement Patching | Jan. 1, 2010 | |
| * 80352 | | Pavement Striping - Symbols | Jan. 1, 2015 | |
| * 80353 | | Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay | Jan. 1, 2015 | |
| 80338 | | Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching | April 1, 2014 | |

| <u>File Name</u> | <u>Pg.</u> | | <u>Special Provision Title</u> | <u>Effective</u> | <u>Revised</u> |
|------------------|------------|---|---|------------------|----------------|
| 80343 | | | Precast Concrete Handhole | Aug. 1, 2014 | |
| 80300 | | | Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Type D - Inlaid | April 1, 2012 | |
| 80328 | 125 | X | Progress Payments | Nov. 2, 2013 | |
| 34261 | 126 | X | Railroad Protective Liability Insurance | Dec. 1, 1986 | Jan. 1, 2006 |
| 80157 | | | Railroad Protective Liability Insurance (5 and 10) | Jan. 1, 2006 | |
| * 80306 | 128 | X | Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) and Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS) | Nov. 1, 2012 | Jan. 2, 2015 |
| 80350 | 138 | X | Retroreflective Sheeting for Highway Signs | Nov. 1, 2014 | |
| 80327 | 140 | X | Reinforcement Bars | Nov. 1, 2013 | |
| 80344 | | | Rigid Metal Conduit | Aug. 1, 2014 | |
| * 80354 | | | Sidewalk, Corner, or Crosswalk Closure | Jan. 1, 2015 | |
| 80340 | | | Speed Display Trailer | April 2, 2014 | |
| 80127 | | | Steel Cost Adjustment | April 2, 2004 | April 1, 2009 |
| 80317 | | | Surface Testing of Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlays | Jan. 1, 2013 | |
| * 80355 | | | Temporary Concrete Barrier | Jan. 1, 2015 | |
| 80301 | | | Tracking the Use of Pesticides | Aug. 1, 2012 | |
| * 80356 | | | Traffic Barrier Terminals Type 6 or 6B | Jan. 1, 2015 | |
| 20338 | 142 | X | Training Special Provisions | Oct. 15, 1975 | |
| 80318 | | | Traversable Pipe Grate | Jan. 1, 2013 | April 1, 2014 |
| 80345 | | | Underpass Luminaire | Aug. 1, 2014 | |
| * 80357 | | | Urban Half Road Closure with Mountable Median | Jan. 1, 2015 | |
| 80346 | | | Waterway Obstruction Warning Luminaire | Aug. 1, 2014 | |
| 80288 | 145 | X | Warm Mix Asphalt | Jan. 1, 2012 | Nov. 1, 2014 |
| 80302 | 147 | X | Weekly DBE Trucking Reports | June 2, 2012 | |
| 80289 | | | Wet Reflective Thermoplastic Pavement Marking | Jan. 1, 2012 | |
| 80071 | 148 | X | Working Days | Jan. 1, 2002 | |

The following special provisions are in the 2015 Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions:

| <u>File Name</u> | <u>Special Provision Title</u> | <u>New Location</u> | <u>Effective</u> | <u>Revised</u> |
|------------------|--|---|------------------|----------------|
| 80292 | Coarse Aggregate in Bridge Approach Slabs/Footings | Articles 1004.01(b) and 1004.02(f) | April 1, 2012 | April 1, 2013 |
| 80303 | Granular Materials | Articles 1003.04, 1003.04(c), and 1004.05(c) | Nov. 1, 2012 | |
| 80330 | Pavement Marking for Bike Symbol | Article 780.14 | Jan. 1, 2014 | |
| 80331 | Payrolls and Payroll Records | Recurring CS #1 and #5 | Jan. 1, 2014 | |
| 80332 | Portland Cement Concrete – Curing of Abutments and Piers | Article 1020.13 | Jan. 1, 2014 | |
| 80326 | Portland Cement Concrete Equipment | Article 1103.03(a)(5) | Nov. 1, 2013 | |
| 80281 | Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures | Recurring CS #31 | Jan. 1, 2012 | Jan. 1, 2014 |
| 80283 | Removal and Disposal of Regulated Substances | Articles 669.01, 669.08, 669.09, 669.14, and 669.16 | Jan. 1, 2012 | Nov. 2, 2012 |
| 80319 | Removal and Disposal of Surplus Materials | Article 202.03 | Nov. 2, 2012 | |
| 80307 | Seeding | Article 250.07 | Nov. 1, 2012 | |
| 80339 | Stabilized Subbase | Article 312.06 | April 1, 2014 | |
| 80333 | Traffic Control Setup and Removal Freeway/Expressway | Articles 701.18(l) and 701.19(a) | Jan. 1, 2014 | |

The following special provisions require additional information from the designer. The additional information needs to be included in a separate document attached to this check sheet. The Project Development and Implementation section will then include the information in the applicable special provision. The Special Provisions are:

- Bridge Demolition Debris
- Building Removal-Case I
- Building Removal-Case II
- Building Removal-Case III
- Building Removal-Case IV
- Completion Date
- Completion Date Plus Working Days
- DBE Participation
- Material Transfer Device
- Railroad Protective Liability Insurance
- Training Special Provisions
- Working Days

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2012, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," the current "Highway Standards," the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAS Route 748 (Delhi Road); Section #11-00027-03-RS; Jersey County; Contract No. 97574 and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

1. LOCATION OF PROJECT

The proposed improvement designated as Section 11-00027-03-RS is known as Delhi Road (FAS Route 748). The improvements begin just east of the intersection with Stage Coach Road and extends easterly to just west of the intersection with Grange Hall Road, located in Jersey County.

2. WORK DESCRIPTION

The work under this contract includes a Hot Mix Asphalt overlay and widening to provide a 22 ft. bituminous road surface. A full Depth Reclamation process shall be used on the existing pavement to provide a base for the HMA overlay. This reclamation process shall include the addition of rock as required to meet the proposed roadway grades and cement stabilization. Shoulders along the roadway will be widened to provide a 4 foot asphalt shoulder with regrading of ditches as required to tie back into existing roadway embankments. Removal and replacement of existing culverts located under the roadway, in roadside ditches, driveways, and field entrances are included in this project. Rock riprap will be used to line roadway ditches, installation of new guardrails, and installation of Type A gutters will also be a part of the project.

3. SITE INSPECTION

The Contractor shall be responsible for an on-site inspection of the construction site prior to submitting a bid on this project. Submission of a bid on this project indicates the Contractor is familiar with the construction site and has thoroughly reviewed the construction plans.

4. SAFETY & PROTECTION

The Contractor shall be responsible for implementing, maintaining, and supervising all safety programs/precautions in connection with construction of the proposed improvements to prevent damage, injury, or loss to:

- 1) All employees and other individuals/organizations who could potentially be affected;
- 2) All completed construction;

- 3) All material and equipment in storage (both on and off-site);
- 4) Any on-site property adjacent thereto (especially any existing trees, shrubs, lawns, sidewalks, entrance pavement, side road pavement, structures, and utilities that are not designated for removal, relocation, or replacement as a result of the proposed improvements).

The Contractor shall comply with all local, state, and federal Laws/Regulations to protect individuals and property from damage, injury, or loss. The Contractor shall be responsible for the erection and maintenance of all necessary safeguards to provide the utmost level of safety and protection. He/she shall be responsible for notifying adjacent property owners and utility owners when construction operations will impact them and cooperate with them on the protection, relocation, replacement, and/or removal of their property in accordance with Article 107.20 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

All damage, injury, or loss to items #1-#4, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by the Contractor, any Sub-Contractor, supplier, or any other individual/organization directly or indirectly employed by any of them to execute work/furnish supplies for this project, shall be remedied by the Contractor (except damage, injury, or loss attributable to faulty Drawings, Specifications, or acts not attributable to the fault/negligence of the Contractor). The Contractor's duties and responsibilities for the safety and protection of Items #1-#4 above shall continue until all the work is completed and the Engineer has issued a notice (to the Owner and Contractor) that all the work is acceptable.

In EMERGENCIES affecting the safety or protection of Items #1-#4 above, the Contractor is obligated to act, without special instructions/authorization from the Engineer or Owner, to prevent severe damage, injury, or loss. If significant changes to the proposed improvements or variations to the Contract Documents are required as a result of an emergency response, the Contractor shall promptly provide the Engineer with a written notice requesting a Work Directive Change (or Change Order) for the changes/variatioins.

The Contractor shall designate a responsible representative to serve as the Project Superintendent. The Project Superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring that on-site construction activities are being safely executed to prevent damage, injury, or loss to Items #1-#4 above.

All construction activities shall be kept within the right-of-way. Jersey County has secured the right-of-way and/or easements necessary for the construction of the work. These documents are on file with the ENGINEER and may be reviewed by all bidders prior to the bid date. The CONTRACTOR shall be furnished copies of these documents so that he may contain his construction activities to the permissible areas listed in each easement.

Some property owners may have restrictive clauses in their easement regarding trees and shrubbery, fences, private utilities, width of easement, cash crops, etc... The CONTRACTOR shall comply with these restrictive clauses.

The CONTRACTOR shall perform the work in accordance with the provisions of the various county, township and state permits.

Any easements secured by the CONTRACTOR for their convenience are to be considered separate and not related to the project.

5. TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

All traffic control shall conform to applicable sections of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, these special provisions, any included stage construction/traffic control plans, and any traffic control standards contained herein and in the plans.

The Contractor shall furnish the name of the individual, in his direct employ, who will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of all the traffic control on this project at the preconstruction meeting. If the installation and maintenance of all the traffic control on the project will be the responsibility of a Sub-Contractor, consent shall be requested of the Engineer at the time of the preconstruction meeting (according to Article 108.01 of Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction). This shall not relieve the Contractor of the foregoing requirement of nominating an individual in his direct employ. This nominated individual will be responsible for proper implementation and maintenance of all traffic control on this project in accordance with all applicable portions of the above listed documents.

Special attention to Articles 107.09 and 107.14 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and the following Highway Standards are highly suggested: 701001, 701006, 701011, 701201, 701301, 701306, 701311, 701901, BLR 17, BLR 18, BLR 21, and BLR 22.

6. PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

This work shall be done in accordance with Section 108 of the Standard Specifications except as herein modified.

The CONTRACTOR will be responsible for sequencing the work to minimize cost, ensure completion within the allotted working days, and produce the product specified. Any out of sequence work, not attributed to an action of the ENGINEER or Jersey County, which results in additional cost will not form the basis for an increase in contract price.

The ENGINEER reserves the right to require a statement from the manufacturer of any products or equipment that the specific products or equipment have been inspected and tested to conform with the specifications.

7. TRAFFIC CONTROL & PROTECTION

This contract item shall include the delivery, installation, maintenance, relocation, and removal of all approved traffic control devices utilized for the intent of guiding, regulating, or warning affected traffic during the construction of the intended improvements.

Traffic control devices governed by this special provision shall include:

- All temporary traffic control signs (including the sign supports);
- All regulatory signs (including the sign supports);
- All barricades with sand bags;

- All plastic drums;
- All channelization devices;
- All warning lights;
- All arrowboards (if necessary);
- All flaggers;
- Any other device utilized for the purpose of guiding, regulating, or warning traffic to avoid the construction zone or approach with caution.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper installation and arrangement of all traffic control devices as indicated on any included stage construction/traffic control plans, traffic control standards, or as directed by the Engineer. Special attention shall be given to advance warning signs during construction to ensure that driving lane assignments are consistent with properly located barricades at any given stage of construction. The Contractor shall install one warning sign on each side of the improvements that indicates that the **roadway is not striped**. The Contractor shall cover or remove all traffic control devices that are inconsistent with driving lane assignments during construction staging transitions. Any relocation or removal of such traffic control devices which were delivered, installed, and maintained by the Contractor under this contract shall remain in place until specific authorization is received from the Engineer.

All construction vehicles associated with this project shall move with and not against the flow of traffic when approaching the construction area. These vehicles shall enter/exit the work area in such a manner that will not be hazardous to or interfere with traffic. Personal vehicles shall park in specific areas designated for parking.

The Contractor shall contact the Engineer at least 72 (seventy-two) hours prior to the commencement of construction to allow for proper coordination of the Traffic Control Plan and construction operations necessary to construct the proposed improvements. In addition, the Contractor shall notify adjacent property owners about any private/commercial entrance access restrictions at least 72 (seventy-two) hours prior to the access restriction, inform them on the anticipated duration of the access restriction, and provide them with an update on a weekly basis. All work shall conform to applicable portions of Section 701 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, and any included stage construction/traffic control plans included in the project construction plans. Inclusive, all traffic control devices shall conform to the plans, special provisions, traffic control standards, and the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways. No modification of the requirements set forth in these documents will be allowed without the expressed written consent of the Engineer.

The lump sum price shall include the cost of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocation, and removing traffic control devices, warning signs, red flags, flagmen, lights, traffic control surveillance, etc. as required herein to ensure the safety of the public, the convenience of traffic, and to provide the required detours.

This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND

PROTECTION, SPECIAL and no extra compensation will be allowed.

8. KEEPING THE ROAD OPEN TO TRAFFIC

Delhi Road shall be kept open to local traffic during the majority of the construction period, with the exception of the 950 foot section just east of Schafer Road which requires a grade adjustment, Stage 4 which does not include any private entrances, and the 400 foot section just east of Mitchell Creek Road that requires a grade adjustment. As detailed on the plans and specified elsewhere, these sections can be closed to all traffic to make the necessary grade adjustments.

At all other times the road should be kept open to at least one lane of local traffic and two lanes of local traffic to the greatest extent possible.

Access to public roads and private entrances shall be maintained during all stages of construction.

The contractor shall schedule and conduct his operations so as to ensure the least possible obstruction to traffic, create a minimum of confusion to the public and conform to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications.

9. STATUS OF UTILITIES

The following entities have utility facilities within/directly adjacent to the construction limits of this project:

| Utility Entity | Anticipated Conflict(s) | Estimated Date of Completed Relocation |
|---|---|--|
| Communications, Telephone, TV | | |
| AT&T Communications Ph: (618) 346-6499 | Minor Conflicts (Buried telephone line along the east half of project to be relocated.) | Prior To Construction |
| Frontier Communications Ph: (217) 854-2025 | Minor Conflicts (Buried telephone line along the west half of project to be relocated in some areas.) | Prior To Construction |
| Electric | | |
| MJM Electric Cooperative 264 North East Street Carlinville, IL 62626 Ph: (217) 854-3137 | Minor Conflicts (Pole Relocation) | Prior To Construction |
| Potable Water | | |
| Jersey County Rural Water 1009 State Highway 16 Jerseyville, IL 62052 Ph: (618) 498-9534 | Vertical relocation required at Sta. 66+72 waterline crossing. | Prior To Construction |

The above listed utility entities and anticipated conflicts represent the best information determined through field surveys performed after joint utility location requests. This information has been included only for the convenience of the bidder.

All Joint Utility Locating (J.U.L.I.E.) work shall be executed in accordance with Article 107.31 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction with the following exceptions:

- The Contractor shall notify the Resident Engineer, in writing, 72 (seventy-two) hours prior to commencing excavation at any specific location;
- The Contractor shall stake locations of proposed storm sewers, signs, light foundations, signal foundations, structures, etc. to satisfy all prior notification requirements for utility companies and the Resident Engineer;
- The Contractor shall notify the utility owner of any location marker destruction and shall bear the costs of remarking the facilities at his/her expense.

All utility adjustments to accommodate the proposed improvements shall be completed in accordance with Article 105.07 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, with exception of changes noted in project specific special provisions. The Contractor shall coordinate his operations with the on-site utility entities to minimize delays in the construction of the project. If any utility adjustments have not been completed when required by the Contractor's operations, the Contractor should notify the Engineer in writing. An extension of time may be granted to the extent that the Contractor's operations were affected if it is deemed that sufficient notification was provided by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall notify utility owners when construction operations will impact a utility and cooperate with the utility owner(s) on the protection, relocation, replacement, and/or removal of their facilities in accordance with Article 107.20 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

The CONTRACTOR shall maintain in operating condition all utilities encountered in this work. Any damage to existing utilities as a result of this construction shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the owner of the utility at the CONTRACTOR'S expense, whether or not said utilities are shown on the drawings. Existing utilities may be relocated with the approval of the owner of the utility to clear the proposed improvement.

The CONTRACTOR, however, shall be solely responsible for the location of the utilities. The utilities shown on the plans are for informational purposes only and Jersey County and the ENGINEER do not imply that the information is complete.

The CONTRACTOR shall be entirely responsible for all damage to water pipes, gas lines, electrical conduits, existing drains or sewers, poles carrying currents, telephone or telegraph lines, cable lines, culverts, utility appurtenances, or other utility services of any kind met with during the prosecution of the work, whether on public or private property.

Any unknown field drainage tiles or storm sewers interfered with by the construction of the improvement shall be rerouted around the improvement in such a way as to maintain the

drainage of areas upstream and downstream of the improvements; any such work shall be approved by the ENGINEER and shall be done by the CONTRACTOR as per Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

Compliance with this special provision shall be considered inclusive to this contract; no additional compensation will be provided.

10. CONTRACTOR ACCESS

The Contractor shall provide for and maintain all weather construction access by furnishing and placing CA-6 aggregate on all project construction entrances. Any mud deposited onto the subject roadway or adjacent roadways shall be removed in accordance with Article 107.15 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

At road closure locations (where Type III Barricades typically prevent motorist/general public access into and out of the construction zone), the Contractor shall implement Highway Standard BLR 22 to allow vehicular access for construction crews and local residents while discouraging thru traffic. When roadway paving preparation, paving, and curing operations are in progress, Highway Standard BLR 21 will need to be implemented to prevent all non-construction related vehicular access into the construction zone. All traffic, including construction related traffic, shall be minimized within the construction zone during the soil-cement base course curing operations. See item 352.15 in these Special Provisions for specific requirements.

All material, labor, and equipment cost to implement this task shall be included in the contract; no additional compensation will be provided.

11. ENTRANCE ACCESS

The Contractor shall provide and maintain access to all existing entrances or side roads adjacent to the subject route during construction in accordance with Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction unless noted otherwise.

All placement, removal, and disposal procedures for temporary aggregate shall conform to Article 402.10 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

All material, labor, and equipment required to install, maintain, remove, and properly dispose of the temporary aggregate surface in accordance with the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall be included in the contract unit price.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for AGGREGATE FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS. No additional compensation will be provided.

12. EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNS

This item of work shall consist of furnishing all labor, material, and equipment necessary to remove, stockpile, and reset all existing traffic signs at their existing location in accordance with Article 107.25 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Highway Standard 720006, and all applicable statutes outlined in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control

Devices for Streets and Highways. Those signs indicated to be removed but not relocated shall be salvaged and stockpiled for Jersey County.

The Contractor will be held responsible for the damage or destruction of property of any degree resulting from neglect, misconduct, or failure to use satisfactory materials to complete the work. This responsibility shall not be released until all existing signs, that are not slated for relocation or elimination, are reset and site inspection indicates that the work complies with all applicable portions of the above listed documents.

If it is deemed by the Engineer that any signs/sign supports have been damaged or destroyed due to circumstances beyond the Contractor's control, the signs/sign supports shall be replaced in accordance with Sections 1090 thru 1093 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. Payment for signs/sign supports damaged due to circumstances beyond the Contractor's control shall be paid for according to Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

All material, labor, and equipment costs to complete the work shall be included in the contract unit price per code item in the schedule of quantities; no additional compensation will be allowed.

13. SURPLUS MATERIAL DISPOSAL

All surplus materials that meet the following criteria shall be removed from the work site by the Contractor and disposed of in accordance with Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction:

- Cannot be used for embankment (according to Article 202.03 and Section 205 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction);
- Have no salvageable value as deemed by the Engineer.

All surplus material that is suitable for embankment according to Article 202.03 and Section 205 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall be segregated and stockpiled at an on-site location specified by the Engineer. The cost of this work shall be included in the cost of the individual removal pay items; no additional payment will be provided.

14. TREE REMOVAL

This contract item shall be performed in accordance with Section 201 of the Standard Specifications and as specified as follows.

To comply with endangered species protection requirements, select trees designated for removal have been previous cut and left on the ground at the project site. The Contractor shall remove the cut trees, stumps and remaining designated trees according to Section 201.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per acre or unit of diameter as shown on the plans for TREE REMOVAL and no additional compensation will be allowed.

15. CEMETERY AVOIDANCE

An existing cemetery adjoins the project on the south side of Delhi Road near Sta. 51+00 to 52+00 RT. The contractor shall take all required measures to protect the existing cemetery. No construction activity shall take place within the cemetery limits. No excavation shall take place in the ditch along Delhi Road that is adjacent to the cemetery.

16. EARTH EXCAVATION

This work shall be done in accordance with Section 202 of the Standard Specifications except as herein modified.

Where the proposed shoulder falls within five feet of the ditch line or where the normal excavation process does not remove all vegetation, siltation, or unconsolidated material from the ditch, the CONTRACTOR shall remove all said undesirable material as may be required to insure the proper compaction of the subgrade. No additional compensation will be allowed for the removal and compaction of this material but will be considered in the unit price bid for earth excavation. In addition, all areas disturbed which will not be paved shall be fertilized, mulched and seeded.

Excavation is required in some segments for the roadway widening. These required segments are to be determined by the Contractor based on the proposed cross sections and construction layout. Wherever less than 12" of clearance exists between the bottom of the HMA overlay and the existing shoulder surface, excavation is required to widen the existing roadway base. No excavation is required to widen the base course when 12" or more of rock can be placed on top of the existing shoulder surface and up to the bottom of the HMA overlay. No excavation is required under proposed shoulders.

All unsuitable material containing contaminants or possessing other characteristics that could endanger the public or private environment shall be disposed of at an approved Environmental Protection Agency landfill and would be paid for by the owner.

No payment for overhaul will be allowed for excavated materials moved to or from any sites. Unless approved by the ENGINEER ahead of time in writing, earth moved more than once will only be paid for once.

17. ABANDON EXISTING CULVERTS

Existing drainage culverts as shown on the plans or designated by the Engineer, shall be abandoned in place. This work includes box culvert and pipe culvert abandonment. This work shall consist of all required excavation, partial removal, satisfactorily disposal, flowable fill, and backfill of the excavation where required.

The length of the box culvert to be abandoned at Sta. 43+10 is unknown. The top of the culvert shall be removed and culvert back filled with approved material. The existing concrete headwall shall be done and paid for in accordance with Section 501 of the Standard Specifications.

The ends of the existing culverts to be abandoned shall be removed to the lengths indicated on the plans prior to abandonment and shall be done and paid for in accordance with Section 501 of the Standard Specifications.

The pipe to be abandoned in place shall be filled with flowable fill and the ends plugged with concrete.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for ABANDON EXISTING CULVERTS.

18. SOIL-CEMENT BASE COURSE

This provision amends Section 352 of the Illinois Department of Transportation "Standards and Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted January 1, 2012. It shall be considered to be a part thereof, superseding any conflicting provisions therein that are applicable to the work under this contract.

352.01 Description. This Article will be deleted and the following inserted:

This work shall consist of constructing a soil-cement base course composed of the existing roadway material, added aggregate base course, soil, Portland cement, and water. All new pavement in this project shall be constructed on a Soil-Cement Base Course, achieved by full depth reclamation. This includes Delhi Road, Mitchell Creek Road, and the Schafer Road intersection.

CONTRACTOR AND JERSEY COUNTY SHALL AGREE UPON A SCHEDULE FOR SEQUENCING ALL WORK UNDER THIS SPECIAL PROVISION BEFORE ANY WORK BEGINS.

352.03 Equipment. Add the following sentences to this Article:

(e) A motor grader for pre-shaping, aerating, spreading and final shaping of the material is necessary. The motor grader shall have a cross slope indicator.

(f) A vibratory padfoot roller with 84 inch wide drum and 10 ton minimum weight is required. A double drum vibratory steel roller with 10 ton minimum weight with water spray system is required.

(g) A vibratory sheepsfoot roller shall not be less than 8 feet in width constructed in two or more independent sections having a minimum weight of 90 lbs. per inch width of the of drum; a blade is recommended for back-dragging.

(h) The self-propelled reclaimer shall be capable of fully reclaiming the existing road to the depth required, incorporate the chemical additive and water, and mix the materials to produce a homogeneous material. The recommended minimum power of the reclaimer is 500 hp. The machine shall be capable of reclaiming up to 12-inches deep in each pass. The mechanical mixer shall be capable of pulverizing the material so that 100% passes a 2 inch sieve. The reclaimer shall have a system for water with a full width spray bar consisting of a positive displacement pump interlocked to the machine speed so that the amount of water being added is automatically adjusted with changes in machine speed. The additive system shall be capable of incorporating up to 7 gallons of water per square yard. Individual valves on the spray bar shall be capable of being turned off as necessary to minimize water overlap on subsequent passes.

The Contractor shall submit a description of all of the equipment that will be used for the construction of the full depth reclamation. This information shall be submitted to the Engineer with the submittal of the Quality Control Plan. The Contractor shall not begin the distribution of the cement until the Engineer informs the Contractor that the proposed equipment and method of monitoring cement placement is adequately described.

352.05 Proportioning. This Article will be deleted and the following inserted:

Samples. Jersey County hired a Consultant that has gathered the required samples and has determined the Mix Design. The mix design was determined based on a minimum seven day compressive strength (with no correction for length to diameter ratio) of 300 psi.

Mix Design. The Consultant retained by Jersey County has determined the actual proportions of the cement to be 6% by dry weight for a 12" depth. The quantity of cement shown on the plans was computed at a rate of 70 pounds of cement (Type 1 Portland Cement) per square yard. This will require that the materials are properly mixed and compacted to at least 95% of the Standard Proctor density, with less than one hour delay, and be within a moisture content range of about ± 2 percent of the optimum moisture content (8.5 percent). If Jersey County's Consultant determines that field conditions vary, the actual percentage of cement will be adjusted by the consultant who will provide QC/QA for the Soil-Cement Base Course.

352.07 Pulverizing. This Article is rewritten as follows:

"The existing pavement and soil to be processed shall be scarified and pulverized prior to being shaped to the proper grade as specified in Article 352.06, adding aggregate base course, and the application of the cement. The depth of the initial of pulverization shall vary to ensure that the pulverization does not exceed the depth of the processed cement stabilized base. In areas where fill is required pulverization of the existing road is required through the entire depth of the existing bituminous surface. Prior to filling over the pulverized road it shall be compacted to 95 percent of the Standard Proctor density at a moisture content of 8.5 percent. Pulverization shall be continued until the soil meets the gradation requirement specified in Article 352.10 and the moisture content of the soil does not exceed that which will permit a uniform mixture of soil and cement."

352.08 Application of Cement. Add the following sentences to this article:

Prior to the application of the Cement, the moisture content of the base should be determined. If necessary, adjustments must be made during mixing so that following the application of the stabilizer, the moisture content of the resulting mixture is within ± 2 percent of the optimum moisture. If moisture content of the base material is too high, drying and/or an increase in cement content may be required.

352.11 Compacting and Finishing. The third sentence of this article is rewritten as follows:

The mixture shall then be uniformly compacted with a vibratory sheepfoot roller in conjunction with other compaction equipment until the specified density has been obtained.

352.12 Compressive Strength. The third sentence of this article is rewritten as follows:

The compacted, cured specimens shall have a minimum seven day compressive strength of 300 psi, or a specified design strength, whichever is greater. Jersey County will retain a consultant to provide QC/QA for the completed Soil-Cement base course.

352.13 Protection and Cover. CSS-1H 50%-50% blend will be used to meet the bituminous material requirements of this Article at a maximum application rate of 0.25 lbs/sf. An aggregate prime coat shall be applied at a rate of 6 lbs/sy to prevent tracking of the bituminous material. Moisture curing will not be allowed for these improvements.

352.15 Opening to Traffic. Add the following sentences to this Article:

“Jersey County will require a curing period of 48 hours before the soil-cement base course is opened to through traffic. Only local traffic will be allowed during this 2 day period. An extended curing time of a minimum of 5 additional days will be required before HMA binder course can be placed.

The soil cement base course will be done in four phases. The two day curing period must be complete before beginning the next phase.”

352.16 Maintenance. Add the following sentence to this Article:

“The Contractor shall confine their work to the limits designated by the Engineer and spillover outside of this area shall be avoided. Any corrective work or cleanup caused by spillover or negligence on the contractor’s part shall be corrected by the Contractor at no cost to Jersey County.”

352.18 Method of Measurement. Add the following sentences to this Article:

- (6) Scarifying, pulverizing, grading and shaping of the existing roadway shall be measured for payment by the unit according to the following Special Provision on “Roadway Grading”.

- (7) Additional aggregate base course needed to achieve the design grade and cross slope shall be measured for payment per Article 351.11 of the Standard Specifications.

352.19 Basis of Payment. Remove paragraph (a) from this article and replace with the following:

- (a) Per square yard for PROCESSING STABILIZED BASE COURSE.

Add the following to this Article:

- (f) Per pound for BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT).

19. ROADWAY GRADING

The existing pavement and soil shall be pulverized to a depth determined by the contractor based on the provided cross sections and construction layout. The pulverized material shall be graded to match the proposed roadway cross slope and width, as detailed on the plans. Aggregate base course, Type B, shall then be added to the road base and the road shall be graded to match the proposed stabilized base profile, as detailed on the plans. All depressions, holes, ruts, soft places, and other defects shall be corrected.

The existing pavement on Delhi Rd (from Sta. 61+75 to Sta. 68+50 and from Sta. 149+75 to Sta. 153+70) shall be pulverized and stockpiled for reuse, prior to the excavation operation. After the excavation is complete the subgrade shall be properly prepared. The contractor shall then place the stockpiled pulverized pavement material on the proposed subgrade after the excavation work is complete and prior to cement stabilization.

The Contractor shall widen the existing base course on Delhi Road to 30'. The contractor shall be responsible for determining whether the area will need to be milled out and filled in with the pulverized pavement material/aggregate base course or if aggregate base course will be placed over the existing shoulder surface. A minimum of 12" of pavement/aggregate material is required under the pavement lanes prior to processing the cement stabilized base course. A minimum of 6" of pavement/aggregate material is required to be under the shoulders prior to processing the cement stabilized base course.

The Contractor shall trim the Cement Stabilized base course to the proper line and grade prior to applying the prime coat and placing the HMA Binder Course.

This work shall include the scarification, pulverization, grading and compaction of the road bed, including stockpiling, respreading, and trimming.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard basis for ROADWAY GRADING.

20. AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B

Aggregate Base Course will be needed on Delhi Road and Mitchell Creek Road to bring the reshaped pulverized pavement material to the proposed stabilized base profile as detailed on the plans. Aggregate Base Course will also be needed for reconstructed entrances. The new Aggregate shall be provided by the Contractor in accordance with Section 351 of the Standard Specifications.

Compaction of the Aggregate Base Course for use on Delhi Road and Mitchell Creek Road will not be required as this work will be immediately followed by the application of the cement, which will be pulverized and mixed in preparation of the Soil-Cement Stabilized Base Course.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE B.

21. TERMINAL MARKERS-DIRECT APPLIED

Terminal markers shall be direct applied to the traffic barrier after installation of the end section. Contractor shall clean and prepare the end section per the manufactures recommendation prior to applying the marker.

This work shall include all costs, including application per the manufacturers recommendation.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each cost for TERMINAL MARKERS-DIRECT APPLIED.

22. RELOCATE EXISTING MAILBOX

Several mailboxes within the project limits, as detailed on the plans or directed by the Engineer, will need to be relocated pursuant to Article 107.30 of the Standard Specifications.

Any posts that are replaced by the Contractor shall be of an approved breakaway design and similar character as the existing support.

All existing mailboxes shall be set as detailed on the plans. Any new post shall be embedded no less than 30". The post shall be backfilled and compacted in eight inch (8") lifts with suitable excavated material meeting the approval of the ENGINEER.

This work shall include all costs for any materials, labor, and equipment required to both temporarily and permanently relocated a mailbox pursuant to this Special Provision.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for RELOCATE EXISTING MAILBOX.

23. RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Contractor's attention is directed to the attached permit at the back of the Special Provisions, that the County executed with the Kansas City Southern Railway Company in order to get an approved agreement to cover the work detailed in the plans. The Contractor shall thoroughly read and be familiar with all the terms, conditions, and requirements of the permits.

Contrary to Article 107.12, the Contractor will be responsible for the cost of all flaggers needed to complete the work as detailed on the plans or directed by the ENGINEER.

This work shall include all costs associated with this Special Provision, including but not limited to all required safety training, all costs for flagmen, and any insurance requirements.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE.

24. PAVEMENT REMOVAL SPECIAL

This work shall consist of the removal of all bituminous material from the surface of the bridges. The removal shall take place immediately before the installation of the adjacent HMA surface course limiting the exposure of the concrete deck beams. Extra care shall be taken to protect the concrete deck beams and any damage to the bridges shall be repaired to the approval of ENGINEER by the contractor at no additional cost. Milling machines or reclaimers will not be allowed to remove the bituminous pavement. Note that all weight limits on the bridge must be observed during construction. The finished surface after removal of bituminous pavement material shall be in accordance with Section 440 of the Standard Specifications.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for PAVEMENT REMOVAL SPECIAL.

25. DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE REMOVED

Existing drainage structures as shown on the plans or designated by the Engineer, shall be removed by and becomes property of the Contractor. This work shall consist of all required excavation, the complete removal, satisfactorily disposal, and suitable backfill of the excavation where required. All structures shall be neatly stacked until they are removed from the job site by the Contractor.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE REMOVED.

26. DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE RECONSTRUCTED

Existing drainage structures as shown on the plans or designated by the Engineer, shall be reconstructed or modified by the Contractor as shown in the plans. This work shall consist of all required excavation, saw cutting of existing structure, proposed rebar, proposed 6" flat slab tops,

proposed Neenah R-4349-C or equal grate, disposal of any excess materials, mastic, and backfill of the excavation where required. Mastic or other approved material shall be used to seal flat slab top to existing structure.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for DRAINAGE STRUCTURE TO BE RECONSTRUCTED.

27. PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS D, TYPE 2

This work shall consist of extending the culvert liner pipe beyond the end of the existing culvert. The pipe material and connections shall be in accordance with Section 543 of the standard specifications. The pipe shall be a continuous pipe with the culvert liner. The bedding, backfill, etc. shall be in accordance with Section 542 of the standard specifications. The length of payment will be measured from end of existing culvert that will be lined to end of the pipe extension.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS D, TYPE 2, specified size.

28. MITCHELL CREEK ROAD REMOVAL

The existing Mitchell Creek Road shall be removed after the new relocated Mitchell Creek road is completed and open to traffic. The existing roadway including the oil and chip pavement and rock base shall be removed in its entirety and disposed of by the contractor. This material may be used as Aggregate Base Course Type B with the approval of the Engineer. The roadway ditches and cored out roadway shall be filled with topsoil to allow sheet flow across the roadway in such a manner to maintain the natural drainage pattern and prevent any ponding from occurring. This shall be done to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for EARTH EXCAVATION.

29. WOVEN WIRE FENCE REMOVAL

Where shown on the plans the existing fence shall be removed and disposed of by the Contractor. All posts shall be removed for their full buried length rather than broken off at the ground. In areas where livestock is contained by these fences, Contractor shall construct temporary fences prior to removal of the old fence or otherwise safely contain the livestock.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for WOVEN WIRE FENCE REMOVAL.

END SPECIAL PROVISIONS



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS
1222 SPRUCE STREET
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63103-2833

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

June 18, 2014

Regulatory Branch
File Number: MVS-2014-417

Thomas E. Klasner
Jersey County Highway Dept.
722 State highway 16
Jerseyville, Illinois 62052

Dear Mr. Klasner:

We have reviewed your application received on June 6, 2014, in regard to the Delhi Road Phase 2 Roadway Improvements over three unnamed tributaries to Piasa Creek between New Delhi and Brighton, Jersey County, Illinois. The proposed project involves the widening of pavement, drainage and safety improvements. The roadway side slope will be regraded and culverts extended to provide better roadside safety and improved drainage. More specifically, the project is located in Sections 16, 17, 18 and 19, Township 7 North, Range 10 West of the 3rd Principal Meridian, Jersey County, Illinois. Piasa Creek flows into the Mississippi River.

Based upon a review of the U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute topographical map, National Wetland Inventory map, aerial photos and the submittal and a field visit we determined that the 3 unnamed tributaries to Piasa Creek would possess an ordinary high water elevation at these locations and would be considered jurisdictional waters of the United States. Therefore, the placement of fill material below the ordinary high water elevation or within jurisdictional wetlands requires a permit from this office.

The Corps of Engineers has determined that this activity will have no affect on endangered species, and is authorized under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act by an existing Department of the Army nationwide permit for *Linear Transportation Projects*, as described in the February 21, 2012, Federal Register, Reissuance of Nationwide Permits; Notice (77 FR 10273), Appendix A (B)(14). This verification is valid until March 18, 2017, unless the District Engineer modifies, suspends, or revokes the nationwide permit authorization in accordance with 33 CFR 330.5(d). If you commence, or are under contract to commence, this activity before the nationwide permit expires, you will have 12 months after the date the nationwide permit expires or is modified, suspended, or revoked, to complete the activity under the present terms and conditions of this nationwide permit. Enclosed is a copy of the nationwide permit and conditions and management practices with which you must comply. The District Engineer has further conditioned the permit to include the following special conditions:

1. All unused excavated material shall be placed on an upland site and should not impact any jurisdictional waters of the United States. If you believe you may impact any wetlands or jurisdictional waters with the remaining excavated material you shall contact our office prior to completing the work.
2. That the Permittee notify the Corps should any change in size, location of methods to accomplish the work occur. Changes could potentially require additional authorizations from the Corps as well as other federal, state or local agencies.
3. Any disturbed areas shall be re-vegetated with native species to minimize erosion and soil run-off.
4. Tree removal shall be avoided to the maximum extent possible to complete the work.
5. All terms and conditions of water quality certification issued by the State of Illinois under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act are hereby incorporated and made conditions of this permit.

In accordance with General Condition number 30 of the Nationwide Permit, a compliance certification (Attachment A of this package) must be completed within 30 days of project completion or the permit issuance may be revoked and considered null and void.

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control (IEPA/WPC) has conditionally issued general Section 401 Water Quality Certification for this nationwide permit, subject to the special conditions and three general conditions (see enclosure). These conditions are part of the Corps permit. If you have any questions regarding the water quality certification conditions, you may call Mr. Dan Heacock, IEPA/WPC, at 217-782-3362.

This determination is applicable only to the permit program administered by the Corps of Engineers. It does not eliminate the need to obtain other federal, state or local approvals before beginning work. This permit verification does not convey property rights, nor authorize any injury to property or invasion of other rights.

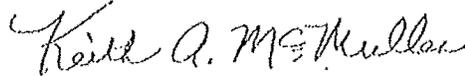
You are reminded that the permit is based on submitted plans. Variations from these plans shall constitute a violation of Federal law and may result in the revocation of the permit. If this nationwide permit is modified, reissued, or revoked during this period, the provisions described at 33 CFR 330.6(b) will apply.

The jurisdictional determination for this project is considered a preliminary jurisdictional determination (PJD) in accordance with Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331. A PJD is an expedited determination that does not require interagency coordination, but is also not appealable. If you consent to the findings of this PJD, please sign and date the enclosed *Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination Form* and return it to this office at the letterhead

address. If you do not agree with the PJD, you may request an Approved Jurisdictional Determination, which may be appealed, by contacting our office for further instruction.

If you have any questions, please contact Gerald Berning at (314) 331-8584. Please refer to file number MVS-2014-417. The St. Louis District Regulatory Branch is committed to providing quality and timely service to our customers. In an effort to improve customer service, please take a moment to go to our Customer Service Survey found on our web site at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=regulatory_survey.

Sincerely,



Keith McMullen
Illinois Section Chief
Regulatory Branch

Enclosures

Diedrichson, IDNR
Heacock, IEPA

ATTACHMENT A

COMPLETED WORK CERTIFICATION

Date of Issuance: June 18, 2014

File Number: MVS-2014-417

Name of Permittee: Thoma A. Klasner

River Basin/County/State: Mississippi River/Jereseey/Illinois

Project Manager: Gerald Berning

Upon completion of this activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, sign this certification and return it to the following address:

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Attn: Regulatory Branch (OD-F)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, Missouri 63103-2833**

(Please note that your permitted activity is subject to a compliance inspection by a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers representative. If you fail to comply with this permit, you are subject to permit suspension, modification or revocation.)

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the said permit, and required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions.

Signature of Permittee

Date



U.S. Army Corps
Of Engineers
St. Louis District

Nationwide Permit Summary

No. 14, LINEAR TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS (NWP Final Notice, 77 FR 10273)

Activities required for the construction, expansion, modification, or improvement of linear transportation projects (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways, and taxiways) in waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in non-tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/3-acre of waters of the United States. Any stream channel modification, including bank stabilization, is limited to the minimum necessary to construct or protect the linear transportation project; such modifications must be in the immediate vicinity of the project.

This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work necessary to construct the linear transportation project. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a manner, that will not be eroded by expected high flows. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.

This NWP cannot be used to authorize non-linear features commonly associated with transportation projects, such as vehicle maintenance or storage buildings, parking lots, train stations, or aircraft hangars.

Notification: The permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity if: (1) the loss of waters of the United States exceeds 1/10-acre; or (2) there is a discharge in a special aquatic site, including wetlands. (See general condition 31.) (Sections 10 and 404)

Note: Some discharges for the construction of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, may qualify for an exemption under Section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act (see 33 CFR 323.4).

NATIONWIDE PERMIT CONDITIONS

Note: To qualify for NWP authorization, the prospective permittee must comply with the following general conditions, as applicable, in addition to any regional or case-specific conditions imposed by the division engineer or district engineer. Prospective permittees should contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine if regional conditions have been imposed on an NWP. Prospective permittees should also contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine the status of Clean Water Act Section 401 water quality certification and/or Coastal Zone Management Act consistency for an NWP. Every person who may wish to obtain permit authorization under one or more NWPs, or who is currently relying on an existing or prior permit authorization under one or more NWPs, has been and is on notice that all of the provisions of 33 CFR 330.1 through 330.6 apply to every NWP authorization. Note especially 33 CFR 330.5 relating to the modification, suspension, or revocation of any NWP authorization.

1. **Navigation.** (a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.

(b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.

(c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

2. **Aquatic Life Movements.** No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species.

3. **Spawning Areas.** Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.

4. **Migratory Bird Breeding Areas.** Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

5. **Shellfish Beds.** No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48, or is a shellfish seeding or habitat restoration activity authorized by NWP 27.

6. **Suitable Material.** No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act).

7. **Water Supply Intakes.** No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.

8. **Adverse Effects From Impoundments.** If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

9. **Management of Water Flows.** To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water management activities, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

10. **Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains.** The activity must comply with applicable FEMA-approved state or local floodplain management requirements.

11. **Equipment.** Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

12. **Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls.** Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow.

13. **Removal of Temporary Fills.** Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.

14. **Proper Maintenance.** Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety, and compliance with applicable NWP general conditions, as well as any activity-specific conditions added by the district engineer to an NWP authorization.

15. **Single and Complete Project.** The activity must be a single and complete project. The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.

16. **Wild and Scenic Rivers.** No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status. Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or study river (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service).

17. **Tribal Rights.** No activity or its operation may impair reserved tribal rights, including, but not limited to, reserved water rights and treaty fishing and hunting rights.

18. **Endangered Species.** (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed.

(b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address ESA compliance for the NWP activity, or whether additional ESA consultation is necessary.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the pre-construction notification must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed work. The district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-Federal applicant of the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification. In cases where the non-Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification the proposed activities will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until Section 7 consultation has been completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the FWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific regional endangered species conditions to the NWPs.

(e) Authorization of an activity by a NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the U.S. FWS or the NMFS, The Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(f) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the U.S. FWS and NMFS or their world web pages at <http://www.fws.gov/> or <http://www.fws.gov/ipac> and <http://www.noaa.gov/fisheries.html> respectively.

19. **Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles.** The permittee is responsible for obtaining any "take" permits required under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's regulations governing compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee should contact the appropriate local office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine if such "take" permits are required for a particular activity.

20. **Historic Properties.** (a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may affect properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate

compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address section 106 compliance for the NWP activity, or whether additional section 106 consultation is necessary.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if the authorized activity may have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the pre-construction notification must state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic resources can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing pre-construction notifications, district engineers will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted and these efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the proposed activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties on which the activity may have the potential to cause effects and so notified the Corps, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either that the activity has no potential to cause effects or that consultation under Section 106 of the NHPA has been completed.

(d) The district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA Section 106 consultation is required. Section 106 consultation is not required when the Corps determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 33 CFR 800.3(a)). If NHPA section 106 consultation is required and will occur, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin work until Section 106 consultation is completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(e) Prospective permittees should be aware that section 110k of the NHPA (16 U.S.C. 470h-2(k)) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant. If circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant, SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the permitted activity on historic properties.

21. Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until

the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

22. Designated Critical Resource Waters. Critical resource waters include, NOAA-managed marine sanctuaries and marine monuments, and National Estuarine Research Reserves. The district engineer may designate, after notice and opportunity for public comment, additional waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological significance, such as outstanding national resource waters or state natural heritage sites. The district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and opportunity for public comment.

(a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States are not authorized by NWPs 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 51, and 52 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.

(b) For NWPs 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, and 38, notification is required in accordance with general condition 31, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWPs only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.

23. Mitigation. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal:

(a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site).

(b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating for resource losses) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the adverse effects to the aquatic environment are minimal.

(c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10 acre and require pre-construction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse effects of the proposed activity are minimal, and provides a project-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10 acre or less that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR part 332.

(1) The prospective permittee is responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option if compensatory mitigation is necessary to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

(2) Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, wetland restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation option considered.

(3) If permittee-responsible mitigation is the proposed option, the prospective permittee is responsible for submitting a mitigation plan. A conceptual or detailed mitigation plan may be used by the district engineer to make the decision on the NWP verification request, but a final mitigation plan that addresses the applicable requirements of 33 CFR 332.4(c)(2)-(14) must be approved by the district engineer before the permittee begins work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary

to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation (see 33 CFR 332.3(k)(3)).

(4) If mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits are the proposed option, the mitigation plan only needs to address the baseline conditions at the impact site and the number of credits to be provided.

(5) Compensatory mitigation requirements (e.g., resource type and amount to be provided as compensatory mitigation, site protection, ecological performance standards, monitoring requirements) may be addressed through conditions added to the NWP authorization, instead of components of a compensatory mitigation plan.

(d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation, such as stream rehabilitation, enhancement, or preservation, to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

(e) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWPs. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2 acre, it cannot be used to authorize any project resulting in the loss of greater than 1/2 acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that a project already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the minimal impact requirement associated with the NWPs.

(f) Compensatory mitigation plans for projects in or near streams or other open waters will normally include a requirement for the restoration or establishment, maintenance, and legal protection (e.g., conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some cases, riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation required. Riparian areas should consist of native species. The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns. Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water quality or habitat loss concerns. If it is not possible to establish a riparian area on both sides of a stream, or if the waterbody is a lake or coastal waters, then restoring or establishing a riparian area along a single bank or shoreline may be sufficient. Where both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g., riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based on what is best for the aquatic environment on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of compensatory mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland compensatory mitigation for wetland losses.

(g) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or separate permittee-responsible mitigation. For activities resulting in the loss of marine or estuarine resources, permittee-responsible compensatory mitigation may be environmentally preferable if there are no mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs in the area that have marine or estuarine credits available for sale or transfer to the permittee. For permittee-responsible mitigation, the special conditions of the NWP verification must clearly indicate the party or parties responsible for the implementation and performance of the compensatory mitigation project, and, if required, its long-term management.

(h) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected, such as the conversion of a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse effects of the project to the minimal level.

24. Safety of Impoundment Structures. To ensure that all

impoundment structures are safely designed, the district engineer may require non-Federal applicants to demonstrate that the structures comply with established state dam safety criteria or have been designed by qualified persons. The district engineer may also require documentation that the design has been independently reviewed by similarly qualified persons, and appropriate modifications made to ensure safety.

25. Water Quality. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA Section 401, individual 401 Water Quality Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.

26. Coastal Zone Management. In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

27. Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or U.S. EPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.

28. Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits. The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.

29. Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications. If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature: "When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

(Transferee)

(Date)

30. Compliance Certification. Each permittee who receives an NWP verification letter from the Corps must provide a signed certification documenting completion of the authorized activity and any required compensatory mitigation. The success of any required permittee-responsible mitigation, including the achievement of ecological performance standards, will be addressed separately by the district engineer. The Corps will provide the permittee the certification

document with the NWP verification letter. The certification document will include:

(a) A statement that the authorized work was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general, regional, or activity-specific conditions;

(b) A statement that the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions. If credits from a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program are used to satisfy the compensatory mitigation requirements, the certification must include the documentation required by 33 CFR 332.3(l)(3) to confirm that the permittee secured the appropriate number and resource type of credits; and

(c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the work and mitigation.

31. Pre-Construction Notification. (a) Timing. Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a pre-construction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, if the PCN is determined to be incomplete, notify the prospective permittee within that 30 day period to request the additional information necessary to make the PCN complete. The request must specify the information needed to make the PCN complete. As a general rule, district engineers will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:

(1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or

(2) 45 calendar days have passed from the district engineer's receipt of the complete PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that listed species or critical habitat might be affected or in the vicinity of the project, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 20 that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that there is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) has been completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee may not begin the activity until the district engineer issues the waiver. If the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee cannot begin the activity until an individual permit has been obtained. Subsequently, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).

(b) Contents of Pre-Construction Notification: The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:

(1) Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;

(2) Location of the proposed project;

(3) A description of the proposed project; the project's purpose; direct and indirect adverse environmental effects the project would cause, including the anticipated amount of loss of water of the United States expected to result from the NWP activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure; any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used

to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity. The description should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse effects of the project will be minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation. Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the project and when provided results in a quicker decision. Sketches should contain sufficient detail to provide an illustrative description of the proposed activity (e.g., a conceptual plan), but do not need to be detailed engineering plans);

(4) The PCN must include a delineation of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites and other waters on the project site, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation, especially if the project site is large or contains many waters of the United States. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been submitted to or completed by the Corps, as appropriate;

(5) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the mitigation requirement will be satisfied, or explaining why the adverse effects are minimal and why compensatory mitigation should not be required. As an alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan.

(6) If any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or utilize the designated critical habitat that may be affected by the proposed work. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with the Endangered Species Act; and

(7) For an activity that may affect a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must state which historic property may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic property. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

(c) Form of Pre-Construction Notification: The standard individual permit application form (Form ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is a PCN and must include all of the information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used.

(d) Agency Coordination: (1) The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs and the need for mitigation to reduce the project's adverse environmental effects to a minimal level.

(2) For all NWP activities that require pre-construction notification and result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, for NWP 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52 activities that require pre-construction notification and will result in the loss of greater than 300 linear feet of stream bed, and for all NWP 48 activities that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer will immediately provide (e.g., via email, facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy of the complete PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (U.S. FWS, state natural resource or water quality agency, EPA, State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) or Tribal Historic Preservation Office (THPO), and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to telephone or fax the district engineer notice

that they intend to provide substantive, site-specific comments. The comments must explain why the agency believes the adverse effects will be more than minimal. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the preconstruction notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame, concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWP, including the need for mitigation to ensure the net adverse environmental effects to the aquatic environment of the proposed activity are minimal. The district engineer will provide no response to the resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.

(3) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by Section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

(4) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps with either electronic files or multiple copies of pre-construction notifications to expedite agency coordination.

D. District Engineer's Decision:

1. In reviewing the PCN for the proposed activity, the district engineer will determine whether the activity authorized by the NWP will result in more than minimal individual or cumulative adverse environmental effects or may be contrary to the public interest. For a linear project, this determination will include an evaluation of the individual crossings to determine whether they individually satisfy the terms and conditions of the NWP(s), as well as the cumulative effects caused by all of the crossings authorized by NWP. If an applicant requests a waiver of the 300 linear foot limit on impacts streams or of an otherwise applicable limit, as provided for in NWPs 13, 21, 29, 36, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51 or 52, the district engineer will only grant the waiver upon a written determination that the NWP activity will result in minimal adverse effects. When making minimal effects determinations the district engineer will consider the direct and indirect effects caused by the NWP activity. The district engineer will also consider site specific factors, such as the environmental setting in the vicinity of the NWP activity, the type of resource that will be affected by the NWP activity, the functions provided by the aquatic resources that will be affected by the NWP activity, the degree or magnitude to which the aquatic resources perform those functions, the extent that aquatic resource functions will be lost as a result of the NWP activity (e.g., partial or complete loss), the duration of the adverse effects (temporary or permanent), the importance of the aquatic resource functions to the region (e.g., watershed or ecoregion), and mitigation required by the district engineer. If an appropriate functional assessment method is available and practicable to use, that assessment method may be used by the district engineer to assist in the minimal adverse effects determination. The district engineer may add case-specific special conditions to the NWP authorization to address site-specific environmental concerns.

2. If the proposed activity requires a PCN and will result in a loss of greater than 1/10 acre of wetlands, the prospective permittee should submit a mitigation proposal with the PCN. Applicants may also propose compensatory mitigation for projects with smaller impacts. The district engineer will consider any proposed compensatory mitigation the applicant has included in the proposal in determining whether the net adverse environmental effects to the aquatic environment of the proposed activity are minimal. The compensatory

mitigation proposal may be either conceptual or detailed. If the district engineer determines that the activity complies with the terms and conditions of the NWP and that the adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal, after considering mitigation, the district engineer will notify the permittee and include any activity-specific conditions in the NWP verification the district engineer deems necessary. Conditions for compensatory mitigation requirements must comply with the appropriate provisions at 33 CFR 332.3(k). The district engineer must approve the final mitigation plan before the permittee commences work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation. If the prospective permittee elects to submit a compensatory mitigation plan with the PCN, the district engineer will expeditiously review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan. The district engineer must review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan within 45 calendar days of receiving a complete PCN and determine whether the proposed mitigation would ensure no more than minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. If the net adverse effects of the project on the aquatic environment (after consideration of the compensatory mitigation proposal) are determined by the district engineer to be minimal, the district engineer will provide a timely written response to the applicant. The response will state that the project can proceed under the terms and conditions of the NWP, including any activity specific conditions added to the NWP authorization by the district engineer.

3. If the district engineer determines that the adverse effects of the proposed work are more than minimal, then the district engineer will notify the applicant either: (a) that the project does not qualify for authorization under the NWP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an individual permit; (b) that the project is authorized under the NWP subject to the applicant's submission of a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level; or (c) that the project is authorized under the NWP with specific modifications or conditions. Where the district engineer determines that mitigation is required to ensure no more than minimal adverse effects occur to the aquatic environment, the activity will be authorized within the 45-day PCN period, with activity-specific conditions that state the mitigation requirements. The authorization will include the necessary conceptual or detailed mitigation or a requirement that the applicant submit a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level. When mitigation is required, no work in waters of the United States may occur until the district engineer has approved a specific mitigation plan or has determined that prior approval of a final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation.

E. Further Information

1. District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP.
2. NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.
3. NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.
4. NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.
5. NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.

F. Definitions

Best management practices (BMPs): Policies, practices, procedures, or structures implemented to mitigate the adverse environmental effects on surface water quality resulting from development. BMPs are categorized as structural or non-structural.

Compensatory mitigation: The restoration (re-establishment or

rehabilitation), establishment (creation), enhancement, and/or in certain circumstances preservation of aquatic resources for the purposes of offsetting unavoidable adverse impacts which remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has been achieved.

Currently serviceable: Useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.

Direct effects: Effects that are caused by the activity and occur at the same time and place.

Discharge: The term "discharge" means any discharge of dredged or fill material.

Enhancement: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of an aquatic resource to heighten, intensify, or improve a specific aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement results in the gain of selected aquatic resource function(s), but may also lead to a decline in other aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

Ephemeral stream: An ephemeral stream has flowing water only during, and for a short duration after, precipitation events in a typical year. Ephemeral stream beds are located above the water table year-round. Groundwater is not a source of water for the stream. Runoff from rainfall is the primary source of water for stream flow.

Establishment (creation): The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics present to develop an aquatic resource that did not previously exist at an upland site. Establishment results in a gain in aquatic resource area.

High Tide Line: The line of intersection of the land with the water's surface at the maximum height reached by a rising tide. The high tide line may be determined, in the absence of actual data, by a line of oil or scum along shore objects, a more or less continuous deposit of fine shell or debris on the foreshore or berm, other physical markings or characteristics, vegetation lines, tidal gages, or other suitable means that delineate the general height reached by a rising tide. The line encompasses spring high tides and other high tides that occur with periodic frequency but does not include storm surges in which there is a departure from the normal or predicted reach of the tide due to the piling up of water against a coast by strong winds such as those accompanying a hurricane or other intense storm.

Historic Property: Any prehistoric or historic district, site (including archaeological site), building, structure, or other object included in, or eligible for inclusion in, the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to and located within such properties. The term includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization and that meet the National Register criteria (36 CFR part 60).

Independent utility: A test to determine what constitutes a single and complete non-linear project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

Indirect effects: Effects that are caused by the activity and are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable.

Intermittent stream: An intermittent stream has flowing water during certain times of the year, when groundwater provides water for stream flow. During dry periods, intermittent streams may not have flowing water. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

Loss of waters of the United States: Waters of the United States that are permanently adversely affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity. Permanent adverse effects include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a

waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. The acreage of loss of waters of the United States is a threshold measurement of the impact to jurisdictional waters for determining whether a project may qualify for an NWP; it is not a net threshold that is calculated after considering compensatory mitigation that may be used to offset losses of aquatic functions and services. The loss of stream bed includes the linear feet of stream bed that is filled or excavated. Waters of the United States temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, or drained, but restored to pre-construction contours and elevations after construction, are not included in the measurement of loss of waters of the United States. Impacts resulting from activities eligible for exemptions under Section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act are not considered when calculating the loss of waters of the United States.

Non-tidal wetland: A non-tidal wetland is a wetland that is not subject to the ebb and flow of tidal waters. The definition of a wetland can be found at 33 CFR 328.3(b). Non-tidal wetlands contiguous to tidal waters are located landward of the high tide line (i.e., spring high tide line).

Open water: For purposes of the NWPs, an open water is any area that in a year with normal patterns of precipitation has water flowing or standing above ground to the extent that an ordinary high water mark can be determined. Aquatic vegetation within the area of standing or flowing water is either non-emergent, sparse, or absent. Vegetated shallows are considered to be open waters. Examples of "open waters" include rivers, streams, lakes, and ponds.

Ordinary High Water Mark: An ordinary high water mark is a line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics, or by other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas (see 33 CFR 328.3(e)).

Perennial stream: A perennial stream has flowing water year-round during a typical year. The water table is located above the stream bed for most of the year. Groundwater is the primary source of water for stream flow. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

Practicable: Available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.

Pre-construction notification: A request submitted by the project proponent to the Corps for confirmation that a particular activity is authorized by nationwide permit. The request may be a permit application, letter, or similar document that includes information about the proposed work and its anticipated environmental effects. Pre-construction notification may be required by the terms and conditions of a nationwide permit, or by regional conditions. A pre-construction notification may be voluntarily submitted in cases where pre-construction notification is not required and the project proponent wants confirmation that the activity is authorized by nationwide permit.

Preservation: The removal of a threat to, or preventing the decline of, aquatic resources by an action in or near those aquatic resources. This term includes activities commonly associated with the protection and maintenance of aquatic resources through the implementation of appropriate legal and physical mechanisms. Preservation does not result in a gain of aquatic resource area or functions.

Re-establishment: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former aquatic resource. Re-establishment results in rebuilding a former aquatic resource and results in a gain in aquatic resource area and functions.

Rehabilitation: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of repairing natural/historic functions to a degraded aquatic resource. Rehabilitation results in a gain in aquatic resource function, but does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

Restoration: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former or degraded aquatic resource. For the purpose of tracking net gains in aquatic resource area, restoration is divided into two categories: re-establishment and rehabilitation.

Riffle and pool complex: Riffle and pool complexes are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. Riffle and pool complexes sometimes characterize steep gradient sections of streams. Such stream sections are recognizable by their hydraulic characteristics. The rapid movement of water over a coarse substrate in riffles results in a rough flow, a turbulent surface, and high dissolved oxygen levels in the water. Pools are deeper areas associated with riffles. A slower stream velocity, a streaming flow, a smooth surface, and a finer substrate characterize pools.

Riparian areas: Riparian areas are lands adjacent to streams, lakes, and estuarine-marine shorelines. Riparian areas are transitional between terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, through which surface and subsurface hydrology connects riverine, lacustrine, estuarine, and marine waters with their adjacent wetlands, non-wetland waters, or uplands. Riparian areas provide a variety of ecological functions and services and help improve or maintain local water quality. (See general condition 23.)

Shellfish seedling: The placement of shellfish seed and/or suitable substrate to increase shellfish production. Shellfish seed consists of immature individual shellfish or individual shellfish attached to shells or shell fragments (i.e., spat on shell). Suitable substrate may consist of shellfish shells, shell fragments, or other appropriate materials placed into waters for shellfish habitat.

Single and complete linear project: A linear project is a project constructed for the purpose of getting people, goods, or services from a point of origin to a terminal point, which often involves multiple crossings of one or more waterbodies at separate and distant locations. The term "single and complete project" is defined as that portion of the total linear project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers that includes all crossings of a single water of the United States (i.e., a single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single or multiple waterbodies several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for purposes of NWP authorization. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies, and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately.

Single and complete non-linear project: For non-linear projects, the term "single and complete project" is defined at 33 CFR 330.2(i) as the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. A single and complete non-linear project must have independent utility (see definition of "independent utility"). Single and complete non-linear projects may not be "piecemealed" to avoid the limits in an NWP authorization.

Stormwater management: Stormwater management is the mechanism for controlling stormwater runoff for the purposes of reducing downstream erosion, water quality degradation, and flooding and mitigating the adverse effects of changes in land use on the aquatic environment.

Stormwater management facilities: Stormwater management facilities are those facilities, including but not limited to, stormwater retention and detention ponds and best management practices, which retain water for a period of time to control runoff and/or improve the quality (i.e., by reducing the concentration of nutrients, sediments, hazardous substances and other pollutants) of stormwater runoff.

Stream bed: The substrate of the stream channel between the ordinary high water marks. The substrate may be bedrock or inorganic particles that range in size from clay to boulders. Wetlands contiguous to the stream bed, but outside of the ordinary high water marks, are not considered part of the stream bed.

Stream channelization: The manipulation of a stream's course, condition, capacity, or location that causes more than minimal interruption of normal stream processes. A channelized stream remains a water of the United States.

Structure: An object that is arranged in a definite pattern of organization. Examples of structures include, without limitation, any

pier, boat dock, boat ramp, wharf, dolphin, weir, boom, breakwater, bulkhead, revetment, riprap, jetty, artificial island, artificial reef, permanent mooring structure, power transmission line, permanently moored floating vessel, piling, aid to navigation, or any other manmade obstacle or obstruction.

Tidal wetland: A tidal wetland is a wetland (i.e., water of the United States) that is inundated by tidal waters. The definitions of a wetland and tidal waters can be found at 33 CFR 328.3(b) and 33 CFR 328.3(f), respectively. Tidal waters rise and fall in a predictable and measurable rhythm or cycle due to the gravitational pulls of the moon and sun. Tidal waters end where the rise and fall of the water surface can no longer be practically measured in a predictable rhythm due to masking by other waters, wind, or other effects. Tidal wetlands are located channelward of the high tide line, which is defined at 33 CFR 328.3(d).

Vegetated shallows: Vegetated shallows are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. They are areas that are permanently inundated and under normal circumstances have rooted aquatic vegetation, such as seagrasses in marine and estuarine systems and a variety of vascular rooted plants in freshwater systems.

Waterbody: For purposes of the NWPs, a waterbody is a jurisdictional water of the United States. If a jurisdictional wetland is adjacent—meaning bordering, contiguous, or neighboring—to a waterbody determined to be a water of the United States under 33 CFR 328.3(a)(1)–(6), that waterbody and its adjacent wetlands are considered together as a single aquatic unit (see 33 CFR 328.4(c)(2)). Examples of "waterbodies" include streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, and wetlands.

PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM

This preliminary JD finds that there "may be" waters of the United States on the subject project site, and identifies all aquatic features on the site that could be affected by the proposed activity, based on the following information:

| | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| District Office | St. Louis District | File/ORM # | MVS-2014-417 | PJD Date: | June 18, 2014 |
| State | IL | City/County | New Delhi/Jersey | Name/Address of Person Requesting PJD | Thomas E. Klasner Jersey County Highway Department 722 State Highway 16 Jerseyville, Illinois 62052 |
| Nearest Waterbody: | Piassa | | Location: TRS, Lat/Long or UTM: | Lat: 39.04333 Long: -90.22138888 | |
| Identify (Estimate) Amount of Waters in the Review Area: | Name of Any Water Bodies on the Site Identified as Section 10 Waters: | | Tidal: | | |
| Non-Wetland Waters: | Stream Flow: | Non-Tidal: | | | |
| Linear ft | width | acres | Intermittent | | |
| 0 | 0.06 | | | | |
| Wetlands: | 0 | acre(s) | Cowardin Class: | Riverine | |
| | | | <input type="checkbox"/> Office (Desk) Determination | | |
| | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Field Determination: | Date of Field Trip: 6/3/2014 | |

SUPPORTING DATA: Data reviewed for preliminary JD (check all that apply - checked items should be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference sources below):

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: Heneghan and Associates
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.
 - Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report.
 - Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps
- Corps navigable waters' study: _____
- U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
 - USGS NHD data.
 - USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
- U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite quad name: 7.6 Minute-Brighto, IL
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: _____
- National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: _____
- State/Local wetland inventory map(s): _____
- FEMA/FIRM maps: _____
- 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: _____
- Photographs: Aerial (Name & Date): google earth
 - Other (Name & Date): _____
- Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: _____
- Other information (please specify): _____

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information recorded on this form has not necessarily been verified by the Corps and should not be relied upon for later jurisdictional determinations.

Signature and Date of Regulatory Project Manager
(REQUIRED)

Signature and Date of Person Requesting Preliminary JD
(REQUIRED, unless obtaining the signature is impracticable)

EXPLANATION OF PRELIMINARY AND APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATIONS:

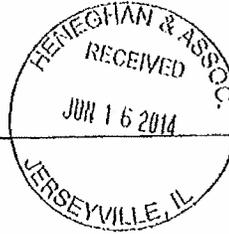
1. The Corps of Engineers believes that there may be jurisdictional waters of the United States on the subject site, and the permit applicant or other affected party who requested this preliminary JD is hereby advised of his or her option to request and obtain an approved jurisdictional determination (JD) for that site. Nevertheless, the permit applicant or other person who requested this preliminary JD has declined to exercise the option to obtain an approved JD in this instance and at this time.

2. In any circumstance where a permit applicant obtains an individual permit, or a Nationwide General Permit (NWP) or other general permit verification requiring "preconstruction notification" (PCN), or requests verification for a non-reporting NWP or other general permit, and the permit applicant has not requested an approved JD for the activity, the permit applicant is hereby made aware of the following: (1) the permit applicant has elected to seek a permit authorization based on a preliminary JD, which does not make an official determination of jurisdictional waters; (2) that the applicant has the option to request an approved JD before accepting the terms and conditions of the permit authorization, and that basing a permit authorization on an approved JD could possibly result in less compensatory mitigation being required or different special conditions; (3) that the applicant has the right to request an individual permit rather than accepting the terms and conditions of the NWP or other general permit authorization; (4) that the applicant can accept a permit authorization and thereby agree to comply with all the terms and conditions of that permit, including whatever mitigation requirements the Corps has determined to be necessary; (5) that undertaking any activity in reliance upon the subject permit authorization without requesting an approved JD constitutes the applicant's acceptance of the use of the preliminary JD, but that either form of JD will be processed as soon as is practicable; (6) accepting a permit authorization (e.g., signing a proffered individual permit) or undertaking any activity in reliance on any form of Corps permit authorization based on a preliminary JD constitutes agreement that all wetlands and other water bodies on the site affected in any way by that activity are jurisdictional waters of the United States, and precludes any challenge to such jurisdiction in any administrative or judicial compliance or enforcement action, or in any administrative appeal or in any Federal court; and (7) whether the applicant elects to use either an approved JD or a preliminary JD, that JD will be processed as soon as is practicable. Further, an approved JD, a proffered individual permit (and all terms and conditions contained therein), or individual permit denial can be administratively appealed pursuant to 33 C.F.R. Part 331, and that in any administrative appeal, jurisdictional issues can be raised (see 33 C.F.R. 331.5(a)(2)). If, during that administrative appeal, it becomes necessary to make an official determination whether CWA jurisdiction exists over a site, or to provide an official delineation of jurisdictional waters on the site, the Corps will provide an approved JD to accomplish that result, as soon as is practicable.



Illinois Department of Natural Resources

One Natural Resources Way Springfield, Illinois 62702-1271
http://dnr.state.il.us



Pat Quinn, Governor
Marc Miller, Director

June 11, 2014

Jersey County Highway Department (Thomas Klasner)

STATEWIDE PERMIT NOTIFICATION LETTER

Delhi Road Improvements over tributaries to Piasa Creek

Thank you for your recent submittal regarding the project as shown on the enclosed copy of your submittal. Based on the information you have submitted, it appears that the project qualifies for approval under the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Water Resources statewide permit program. We have enclosed a copy of the applicable statewide permit(s) (as noted below) which appear to apply to your work. Please review this material to confirm whether your work will meet the terms and conditions of the permit(s). If any of the conditions would not be met, please inform us of the differences and we will continue with the formal permit process.

If we do not hear from you within thirty (30) days, we will assume it is your intention to comply with the conditions of the statewide permit(s).

This letter should not be construed as a release from any other federal, state or local requirements. If you have not already done so, you should contact the local regulatory agency to ascertain applicable local floodplain construction requirements.

If you have any questions feel free to contact Jerry Bishoff at 217/558-6617.

BY: _____

cc:

Local Agency -

Agent - Heneghan & Associates, P.C. (Curtis Westrich) w/encl.

Statewide Permit(s) Enclosed:

SW 1 - Fringe Construction
SW 2 - Rural Bridges
SW 3 - Barge Fleeting Facilities
SW 4 - Aerial Utility Crossings
SW 5 - Minor Boat Docks
SW 6 - Minor Floodway Construction
SW 7 - Outfalls

SW 8 - Underground Crossings
SW 9 - Shoreline/Streambank Protection
SW 10 - Additions/Accessory Structures
SW 11 - Dredging
SW 12 - Replacement Structures
SW 13 - Temporary Construction
SW 14 - Special Use of Public Water

**U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
APPLICATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT
33 CFR 325. The proponent agency is CECW-CO-R.**

*Form Approved -
OMB No. 0710-0003
Expires 31-AUGUST-2013*

Public reporting for this collection of information is estimated to average 11 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of the collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters, Executive Services and Communications Directorate, Information Management Division and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0710-0003). Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. Please DO NOT RETURN your form to either of those addresses. Completed applications must be submitted to the District Engineer having jurisdiction over the location of the proposed activity.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

Authorities: Rivers and Harbors Act, Section 10, 33 USC 403; Clean Water Act, Section 404, 33 USC 1344; Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act, Section 103, 33 USC 1413; Regulatory Programs of the Corps of Engineers; Final Rule 33 CFR 320-332. Principal Purpose: Information provided on this form will be used in evaluating the application for a permit. Routine Uses: This information may be shared with the Department of Justice and other federal, state, and local government agencies, and the public and may be made available as part of a public notice as required by Federal law. Submission of requested information is voluntary, however, if information is not provided the permit application cannot be evaluated nor can a permit be issued. One set of original drawings or good reproducible copies which show the location and character of the proposed activity must be attached to this application (see sample drawings and/or instructions) and be submitted to the District Engineer having jurisdiction over the location of the proposed activity. An application that is not completed in full will be returned.

JUN 09 2014

(ITEMS 1 THRU 4 TO BE FILLED BY THE CORPS)

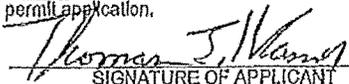
| | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---|-------------------|--|
| 1. APPLICATION NO. <i>S20140144</i> | 2. FIELD OFFICE CODE | 3. DATE RECEIVED <i>JUNE 9, 2014</i> | AS POM PLNG | 4. DATE APPLICATION COMPLETE <i>RIN</i> |
|--|----------------------|---|-------------------|--|

(ITEMS BELOW TO BE FILLED BY APPLICANT)

| | |
|--|--|
| 5. APPLICANT'S NAME First - Thomas Middle - E. Last - Klasner Company - Jersey County Highway Department E-mail Address - tklasner@jerseycounty-il.us | 8. AUTHORIZED AGENT'S NAME AND TITLE (agent is not required) First - Curtis Middle - A. Last - Westrich Company - Heneghan & Associates, P.C. E-mail Address - cawestrich@heneghanassoc.com |
| 6. APPLICANT'S ADDRESS: Address - 722 State Highway 16 City - Jerseyville State - IL Zip - 62052 Country - US | 9. AGENT'S ADDRESS: Address - 1004 State Highway 16 City - Jerseyville State - IL Zip - 62052 Country - US |
| 7. APPLICANT'S PHONE NOs. w/AREA CODE a. Residence b. Business c. Fax 618-498-9074 618-498-7921 | 10. AGENT'S PHONE NOs. w/AREA CODE a. Residence b. Business c. Fax 618-498-6418 618-498-6410 |

STATEMENT OF AUTHORIZATION

11. I hereby authorize, Curtis A. Westrich to act in my behalf as my agent in the processing of this application and to furnish, upon request, supplemental information in support of this permit application.


6/3/14
 SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT DATE

NAME, LOCATION, AND DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY

| | | |
|--|--|------------------------|
| 12. PROJECT NAME OR TITLE (see Instructions) Delhi Road Phase 2 Roadway Improvements | | |
| 13. NAME OF WATERBODY, IF KNOWN (if applicable) Unnamed Tributary to Piasa Creek | 14. PROJECT STREET ADDRESS (if applicable) Address Delhi Road | |
| 15. LOCATION OF PROJECT Latitude: <i>N 39° 2' 36"</i> Longitude: <i>W 90° 13' 17"</i> | City - Brighton | State - IL Zip - 62012 |
| 16. OTHER LOCATION DESCRIPTIONS, IF KNOWN (see Instructions) State Tax Parcel ID Municipality Section - 16, 17, 18, 19 Township - 7N Range - 10W | | |

17. DIRECTIONS TO THE SITE

The project is located in Jersey County and is Phase 2 of Delhi Road improvements between Delhi and Brighton. The west terminus of the proposed improvements is just east of the intersection with Stage Coach Road approximately 0.5 miles east of IL Rte. 67. Delhi Road (PAS 748) then proceeds easterly to its east terminus near the intersection with Grange Hall Road approximately 3.4 miles west of IL Rte. 267/111. See attached location and vicinity map.

18. Nature of Activity (Description of project, include all features)

The improvements to Delhi Road include: widening of pavement, drainage and safety improvements. The roadway side slope will be regraded and culverts extended to provide better roadside safety and improved drainage. The project contains three channels that require permits. Work will also be done in drainage ditches immediately upstream of two major drainage channels.

See attached for more details about each location.

See attached drawings for each location.

19. Project Purpose (Describe the reason or purpose of the project, see instructions)

The improvements to Delhi Road include: widening of pavement, drainage and safety improvements. The roadway side slope will be regraded and culverts extended to provide better roadside safety and improved drainage. Riprap will be installed to help reduce maintenance and prevent erosion from occurring.

Approximate start date for construction is March, 2015.

USE BLOCKS 20-23 IF DREDGED AND/OR FILL MATERIAL IS TO BE DISCHARGED

20. Reason(s) for Discharge

The project will utilize riprap at the culvert discharge ends as shown on the plans. The riprap is to help reduce maintenance and prevent erosion from occurring.

21. Type(s) of Material Being Discharged and the Amount of Each Type in Cubic Yards:

| Type Amount in Cubic Yards | Type Amount in Cubic Yards | Type Amount in Cubic Yards |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|

See attached.

22. Surface Area in Acres of Wetlands or Other Waters Filled (see instructions)

Acres See attached.

or

Linear Feet

23. Description of Avoidance, Minimization, and Compensation (see instructions)

The project disturbance along the ditches was minimized by only using riprap where needed and excavating only to improve safety at these culvert crossings. Due to minimal disturbance along the ditches and the measures taken to help reduce disturbance we believe no mitigation should be required.

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
ALL CONTRACTS**

PAYROLLS and PROCEDURES

EFFECTIVE 2/5/1975, REVISED 11/7/1986, 1/14/1994, and June 2001

The prime contractor and each subcontractor shall submit a weekly certified original and one copy of their company's payroll directly to the District Engineer.

Payrolls must be received within seven days of the payroll ending period.

Payroll data shall be submitted on Payroll Form RE 48 or an approved facsimile.

Every person paid by a contractor or subcontractor in any manner for his or her labor in the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of this public work is **employed** and receiving "wages", regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between him or her and the real employer.

Payroll data shall include all persons employed on the job site.

The following employee codes are to be used to identify each individual on the payroll:

A. Gender: M - Male F - Female

B. Ethnic Group: 1 - White 2 - Black 3 - Hispanic
4 - American Indian/Alaskan Native 5 - Asian/Pacific Islander

C. Work Classification: OF - Officials SU - Supervisors FO - Foremen
CL - Clerical CA - Carpenters EO - Operators ME - Mechanics
TD - Truck Drivers IW - Ironworkers PA - Painters CM - Cement Masons EL - Electricians PP - Pipefitters
TE - Technical LA - Laborers
OT - Other

D. Employee Status: O - Owner Operator J - Journeyman C - Company A - Apprentice T - Trainee

Payroll data shall be submitted by the prime contractor and each subcontractor for each consecutive week, from the start to the completion of their work. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll is still required to be sent to the District Engineer, with the appropriate box ("No Work", "Suspended", "Completed") checked at the bottom of the Payroll Form RE 48. **Do Not** check any of these boxes when payroll data is being reported on the payroll.

The Department of Transportation is requesting disclosure of information necessary to accomplish the statutory purpose as outlined under 23CFR part 230 and 41CFR part 60.4 and the Illinois Human Rights Act. Disclosure of this information is **REQUIRED**. Failure to comply with this special provision may result in the withholding of payments to the contractor and/or cancellation, termination, or suspension of the contract in whole or part.

Compliance with this Special Provision shall be considered incidental to the cost of the contract and no additional compensation will be allowed for any costs incurred.

This Special Provision must be included in each subcontract agreement.

**Required Contract Provisions
All Contracts
Monthly Labor Summary and Activity Reporting System**

Effective: 1-1-1995 Revised June 2001

I. Monthly Labor Summary Report, Form SBE 148

The prime contractor and each first and second tier sub-contractor, (hereinafter referred to as "subcontractor") shall submit a certified Monthly Labor Summary Report directly to the District Engineer.

This report is in lieu of submittal of the Monthly Workforce Analysis Report, Form SBE 956.

This report must be received in District Eight no later than the tenth day of the next month.

This Report shall be submitted by the prime contractor and each subcontractor, for each consecutive month, from the start, to the completion of their work on the contract.

The data source for this Report will be a summation of all personnel and hours worked on each subject contract for the month based on weekly payrolls for that month.

The Monthly Labor Summary Report is required to be submitted in one of the following formats:

- a.) For contractors having IDOT contracts valued in the aggregate at \$250,000 or less, the report may be typed or clearly handwritten using Form SBE 148 for submittal to the District Engineer for District Eight.
- b.) For contractors having IDOT contracts valued in the aggregate at more than \$250,000, the report must be submitted in a specific "Fixed Length Comma Delimited ASCII Text File Format". The subject file format is detailed on the next page. Submittal of this file may be by 3.5 in. disk, modem, or by e-mail.

II. Monthly Contract Activity Report, Form SBE 248

The prime contractor and each subcontractor shall submit a monthly report directly to the District Engineer, reflecting their contract activity on all Illinois Department of Transportation contracts they have in force in District Eight.

This report shall be submitted for each consecutive month, from the start, to the completion of all contracts in District Eight.

The report must be received in the District Office no later than the tenth day of the next month.

Monthly Labor Summary and Activity Reporting System Codes and Formats

Indicated below for your reference are the Employee Codes and File Formats required for this system.

I.) Monthly Labor Summary Report, Form SBE 148

The following employee codes are to be used to identify each individual on the Summary Report:

1. Gender: M - Male F - Female

2. Ethnic Group: 1 - White 2 - Black 3 - Hispanic
4 - American Indian/Alaskan Native 5 - Asian/Pacific Islander

3. Work Classification: OF - Official SU - Supervisor FO - Foremen
CL - Clerical CA - Carpenter EO - Operator ME - Mechanic
TD - Truck Driver IW - Ironworker PA - Painter OT - Other
EL - Electrician PP - Pipefitter TE - Technical LA - Laborer CM - Cement Mason

4. Employee Status: O - Owner Operator J - Journeyman C - Company A - Apprentice T - Trainee

Specific "Fixed Length Comma Delimited ASCII File Format"

| Order | Field Name | Type | Size |
|-------|-----------------------------|------|------|
| 1 | Contractor Number | A | 4 |
| 2 | Contractor Reference Number | A | 6 |
| 3 | Contract Number | A | 5 |
| 4 | Period (07/28/2000) | D | 10 |
| 5 | SSN (111-11-1111) | A | 11 |
| 6 | Name | A | 40 |
| 7 | Gender | A | 1 |
| 8 | Ethnic Group | A | 1 |
| 9 | Work Classification | A | 1 |
| 10 | Employee Status | A | 1 |
| 11 | Total Hours (0000060.00) | N | 10 |

File Name Conventions: (Contractor Number + Report Month/Year).Txt
i.e. 20001298.Txt

II.) Monthly Contract Activity Report, Form SBE 248

The following activity codes are to be used to identify the contractors contract status each month on the Monthly Activity Report, Form SBE 248:

A. Contract Status: 1 - Not Started 2 - Active 3 - No Work 4 - Suspended 5 - Complete

Failure to comply with this special provision may result in the withholding of payments to the contractor, and/or cancellation, termination, or suspension of the contract in whole or part.

Compliance with this Special Provision shall be considered incidental to the cost of the contract and no additional compensation will be allowed for any costs incurred.

All prime and subcontractors having contracts in the aggregate exceeding \$250,000 must provide a "Fixed Length Comma Delimited ASCII File" for approval prior to the start of construction.

This Special Provision must be included in each subcontract agreement.

monitor/molassp2

(2)



Route FAS 748
Section 11-00027-03-RS
County Jersey

Marked Rte. Delhi Road
Project No. RS-748
Contract No. 97574

This plan has been prepared to comply with the provisions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. ILR10 (Permit ILR10), issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) for storm water discharges from construction site activities.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Thomas Klasner
Print Name
County Engineer
Title
Jersey County
Agency

Thomas J. Klasner
Signature
10/22/14
Date

I. Site Description:

- A. Provide a description of the project location (include latitude and longitude):
The project consists of the following proposed improvements along Delhi Road (to be constructed in accordance with current I.D.O.T. policies and procedures): improved vertical alignment, drainage, pavement, and grading.
B. Provide a description of the construction activity which is the subject of this plan:
Construction consists of: earthwork, culverts, ditches, pavement, and other miscellaneous items to complete the work.
C. Provide the estimated duration of this project:
D. The total area of the construction site is estimated to be 17.5 acres.
The total area of the site estimated to be disturbed by excavation, grading or other activities is 7.8 acres.
E. The following is a weighted average of the runoff coefficient for this project after construction activities are completed:
Average Runoff Co-efficient = 0.30 (Rational Method)
F. List all soils found within project boundaries. Include map unit name, slope information, and erosivity:
Existing soil types (from west to east along the length of the project):
Elco Silt Loam (119D2), Oconee Silt Loam (113A), Blyton Silt Loam (3634A), Elco Silty Clay Loam (119D3), Bunkam Silty Clay Loam (515C3), Homen Silt Loam (582B), Bunkam Silt Loam (515B2), Hickory loam (8F2), Hickory silt loam (8G), Rushville silt loam (16A), Herrick silt loam (46A), Drury silt loam (75C), Elco silt loam (119C2), Rozetta silt loam (279B), Bunkum silt loam (515C2).
G. Provide an aerial extent of wetland acreage at the site:
H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:

H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:

Potentially erosive areas include culvert and PCC gutter discharge areas at various stations on Delhi Road. Riprap will be used where needed to prevent erosion.

I. The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g. steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc):

No exceptionally erosive areas should result from the construction of this project (seeding, mulch, ditch checks, and perimeter erosion barrier will be implemented to minimize erosion and establish temporary and/or permanent vegetation.

J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands) and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.

K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:

Jersey County owns the drainage system within the project.

L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located.

M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:

The entire project drains into Piasa Creek and a tributary to Piasa Creek. Piasa Creek discharges into the Mississippi River. The proposed improvements will not produce significant additional runoff.

N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes, highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc.

O. The following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project, and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development:

- Floodplain
- Wetland Riparian
- Threatened and Endangered Species
- Historic Preservation
- 303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation
- Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment, total suspended solids, turbidity or siltation
- Applicable Federal, Tribal, State or Local Programs
- Other

1. 303(d) Listed receiving waters (fill out this section if checked above):

a. The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment:

b. Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:

- c. Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body:
- d. Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water body:
- 2. TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)
 - a. The name(s) of the listed water body:
 - b. Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:
 - c. If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet that allocation:

P. The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this construction project:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Soil Sediment | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil / fluids) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Concrete | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antifreeze / Coolants |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Concrete Truck Waste | <input type="checkbox"/> Waste water from cleaning construction equipment |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Concrete Curing Compounds | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Solid Waste Debris | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paints | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Solvents | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fertilizers / Pesticides | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |

II. Controls:

This section of the plan addresses the controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in I.C. above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For each measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for its implementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures indicated. The Contractor, and subcontractors, will notify the Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certification on forms which are attached to, and are a part of, this plan:

- A. **Erosion and Sediment Controls:** At a minimum, controls must be coordinated, installed and maintained to:
 1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
 2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
 3. Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible;
 4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.
- B. **Stabilization Practices:** Provided below is a description of interim and permanent stabilization practices, including site- specific scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II(B)(1) and II(B)(2), stabilization measures shall be initiated **immediately** where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than **one (1) day** after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceases on all disturbed portions of the site where construction will not occur for a period of fourteen (14) or more calendar days.

1. Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
2. On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization method can be used.

The following stabilization practices will be used for this project:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preservation of Mature Vegetation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Blanket / Mulching |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetated Buffer Strips | <input type="checkbox"/> Sodding |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protection of Trees | <input type="checkbox"/> Geotextiles |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temporary Erosion Control Seeding | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Mulching | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permanent Seeding | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized during construction:

All stabilization practices indicated above shall be implemented according to the current edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and all current applicable I.D.O.T. Highway Standards.

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:

All stabilization practices indicated above shall be implemented according to the current edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and all current applicable I.D.O.T. Highway Standards.

- C. **Structural Practices:** Provided below is a description of structural practices that will be implemented, to the degree attainable, to divert flows from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Such practices may include but are not limited to: perimeter erosion barrier, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch checks, subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain inlet protection, rock outlet protection, reinforced soil retaining systems, gabions, and temporary or permanent sediment basins. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The following structural practices will be used for this project:

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perimeter Erosion Barrier | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock Outlet Protection |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temporary Ditch Check | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Riprap |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Storm Drain Inlet Protection | <input type="checkbox"/> Gabions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Trap | <input type="checkbox"/> Slope Mattress |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Pipe Slope Drain | <input type="checkbox"/> Retaining Walls |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Sediment Basin | <input type="checkbox"/> Slope Walls |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Stream Crossing | <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete Revetment Mats |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stabilized Construction Exits | <input type="checkbox"/> Level Spreaders |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Turf Reinforcement Mats | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Permanent Check Dams | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Permanent Sediment Basin | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aggregate Ditch | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paved Ditch | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) |

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized during construction:

Perimeter Erosion Barrier - Silt Fences shall be placed along the construction limits in an effort to contain silt and runoff from leaving the site. Construct at the beginning of construction and remove at the end of construction. All perimeter erosion barrier shall be implemented according to the current edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and all current applicable I.D.O.T. Highway Standards.

Temporary Ditch Checks - Ditch Checks shall be placed in the roadside ditches as indicated on the drainage/erosion control plans or at every 1.5 feet fall/rise in ditch grade. Straw bales, hay bales, perimeter erosion barrier, and silt fences will not be permitted for temporary or permanent ditch checks. Ditch checks shall

be composed of aggregate, silt panels, rolled excelsior, urethane foam/geotextile (silt wedges), earth median and/or any other material approved by the District 8 office of the Illinois Department of Transportation. All ditch checks shall be implemented according to the current edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and all current applicable I.D.O.T. Highway Standards.

Inlet & Pipe Protection - Inlet and Pipe Protection shall be placed as indicated on the drainage/erosion control plans or at every storm sewer inlet/crossroad culvert entrance. All inlet and pipe protection shall be implemented according to the current edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and all current applicable I.D.O.T. Highway Standards.

Riprap - Stone Riprap with filter fabric shall be placed as indicated on the drainage/erosion control plans or at every storm sewer outlet/crossroad culvert exit. For projects involving a proposed bridge structure, stone riprap with filter fabric shall be placed as indicated on the bridge structural plans protecting the structure from abutment to abutment; preventing scouring and erosion (additional riprap may be required to create weirs and jetties to re-align the channel naturally). All riprap and filter fabric shall be implemented according to the current edition of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and all current applicable I.D.O.T. Highway Standards.

As soon as reasonable access is available to all locations where water drains away from the project, perimeter erosion barrier, temporary ditch checks, and inlet/pipe protection shall be installed as called out in the drainage/erosion control plans and directed by the engineer. All erosion control products furnished shall be specifically recommended by the manufacturer for the use specified in the drainage/erosion control plans. Prior to the approval and use of a product, the contractor shall submit to the engineer a notarized certification by the producer stating the intended use of the product and that the physical properties required for this application are met or exceeded. The contractor shall provide manufacturer installation procedures to facilitate the engineer in construction inspection.

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:

D. Treatment Chemicals

Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this project: Yes No

If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals will be utilized on this project.

E. Permanent Storm Water Management Controls: Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several practices).

The practices selected for implementation were determined on the basis of the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT Bureau of Design and Environment Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.

2. Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g. maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of permanent storm water management controls:

Construction plans specify the location of permanent riprap at specific storm sewer/pipe culvert discharge points. All storm water management controls shall be implemented according to the current edition of the

Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and all current applicable I.D.O.T. Highway Standards.

- F. **Approved State or Local Laws:** The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

All erosion control procedures shall conform to the following:

1. All criteria contained in this document.
2. The drainage and erosion control plans (included in the construction plans).
3. All applicable sections of the current Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.
4. All applicable current I.D.O.T. District 8 Highway Standards.
5. All applicable local, state, and federal laws.

- G. **Contractor Required Submittals:** Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342a.

1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
 - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
 - Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
 - Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
 - Mobilization timeframe
 - Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
 - Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
 - Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized construction entrances/exits)
 - Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
 - Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
 - Major planned stockpiling operations
 - Timeframe for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges such as dewatering, grinding, etc.
 - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
2. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:

- Vehicle Entrances and Exits – Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
- Material Delivery, Storage and Use – Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
- Stockpile Management – Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
- Waste Disposal – Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
- Spill Prevention and Control – Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
- Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes – Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
- Litter Management – Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.)
- Vehicle and Equipment Fueling – Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance – Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Dewatering Activities – Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
- Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals – Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
- Additional measures indicated in the plan.

III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

All erosion control measures shall be maintained as outlined in Section II of this document. All maintenance of erosion control measures shall be executed according to the current Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

IV. Inspections:

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report (BC 2259). Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov, telephone or fax within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
Attn: Compliance Assurance Section
1021 North Grand East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Additional Inspections Required:

V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.

IDOT TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISION (TPG)

Effective: August 1, 2012

Revised: February 1, 2014

In addition to the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action efforts undertaken as elsewhere required by this Contract, the Contractor is encouraged to participate in the incentive program to provide additional on-the-job training to certified graduates of IDOT funded pre-apprenticeship training programs outlined by this Special Provision.

It is the policy of IDOT to fund IDOT pre-apprenticeship training programs throughout Illinois to provide training and skill-improvement opportunities to assure the increased participation of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all phases of the highway construction industry. The intent of this IDOT Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision is to place certified graduates of these IDOT funded pre-apprentice training programs on IDOT project sites when feasible, and provide the graduates with meaningful on-the-job training intended to lead to journey-level employment. IDOT and its sub-recipients, in carrying out the responsibilities of a state contract, shall determine which construction contracts shall include "Training Program Graduate Special Provisions." To benefit from the incentives to encourage the participation in the additional on-the-job training under this Training Program Graduate Special Provision, the Contractor shall make every reasonable effort to employ certified graduates of IDOT funded Pre-apprenticeship Training Programs to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable recruitment area.

Participation pursuant to IDOT's requirements by the Contractor or subcontractor in this Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision entitles the Contractor or subcontractor to be reimbursed at \$15.00 per hour for training given a certified TPG on this contract. As approved by the Department, reimbursement will be made for training persons as specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the Contractor or subcontractor may receive additional training program funds from other sources for other trainees, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor or subcontractor from receiving other reimbursement. For purposes of this Special Provision the Contractor is not relieved of requirements under applicable federal law, the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act, and is not eligible for other training fund reimbursements in addition to the Training Program Graduate (TPG) Special Provision reimbursement.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if the Contractor or subcontractor fails to provide the required training. It is normally expected that a TPG will begin training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project through completion of the contract, so long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program. Should the TPG's employment end in advance of the completion of the contract, the Contractor shall promptly notify the designated IDOT staff member under this Special Provision that the TPG's involvement in the contract has ended and supply a written report of the reason for the end of the involvement, the hours completed by the TPG under the Contract and the number of hours for which the incentive payment provided under this Special Provision will be or has been claimed for the TPG.

The Contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this Special Provision.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of \$15.00 per hour for certified TRAINEES TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE. The estimated total number of hours, unit price and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

The Contractor shall provide training opportunities aimed at developing full journeyworker in the type of trade or job classification involved. The initial number of TPGs for which the incentive is available under this contract is **2**. During the course of performance of the Contract the Contractor may seek approval from the Department for additional incentive eligible TPGs. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, it shall determine how many, if any, of the TPGs are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this Special Provision. The Contractor shall also insure that this Training Program Graduate Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract if the TPGs are to be trained by a subcontractor and that the incentive payment is passed on to each subcontractor.

For the Contractor to meet the obligations for participation in this TPG incentive program under this Special Provision, the Department has contracted with several entities to provide screening, tutoring and pre-training to individuals interested in working in the applicable construction classification and has certified those students who have successfully completed the program and are eligible to be TPGs. A designated IDOT staff member, the Director of the Office of Business and Workforce Diversity (OBWD), will be responsible for providing assistance and referrals to the Contractor for the applicable TPGs. For this contract, the Director of OBWD is designated as the responsible IDOT staff member to provide the assistance and referral services related to the placement for this Special Provision. For purposes of this Contract, contacting the Director of OBWD and interviewing each candidate he/she recommends constitutes reasonable recruitment.

Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Department for approval the TPGs to be trained in each selected classification. Furthermore, the Contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. No employee shall be employed as a TPG in any classification in which he/she has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he/she has been employed as a journeyman. Notwithstanding the on-the-job training purpose of this TPG Special Provision, some offsite training is permissible as long as the offsite training is an integral part of the work of the contract and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Training and upgrading of TPGs of IDOT pre-apprentice training programs is intended to move said TPGs toward journeyman status and is the primary objective of this Training Program Graduate Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll TPGs by recruitment through the IDOT funded TPG programs to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that it has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance and entitled to the Training Program Graduate Special Provision \$15.00 an hour incentive.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall provide each TPG with a certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

State of Illinois
Department of Transportation
Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION
FOR
INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007
Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:

Jersey County Illinois

The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

State of Illinois
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Bureau of Local Roads & Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION
FOR
FILLING HMA CORE HOLES WITH NON-SHRINK GROUT

Effective: January 1, 2008

All references to Sections and Articles in this Special Provision shall be construed to mean specific Sections and Articles in the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted by the Department of Transportation.

Add the following after the first paragraph of Article 406.07(c) of the Standard Specifications:

“Upon completion of coring for density testing, all free water shall be removed from the core holes prior to filling. All core holes shall be filled with a non-shrink grout from the Department’s approved list, which shall be mixed in a separate container prior to placement in the hole. Only enough water to permit placement and consolidation by rodding shall be used, and the material shall be struck-off flush with the adjacent pavement.”

State of Illinois
Department of Transportation
Bureau of Local Roads and Streets
SPECIAL PROVISION
FOR
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE SIGNS

Effective: January 1, 2004
Revised: June 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean a specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

701.14. Signs. Add the following paragraph to Article 701.14:

All warning signs shall have minimum dimensions of 1200 mm x 1200 mm (48" x 48") and have a black legend on a fluorescent orange reflectorized background, meeting, as a minimum, Type AP reflectivity requirements of Table 1091-2 in Article 1091.02.

BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE) (RETURN FORM WITH BID)

Effective: November 2, 2006

Revised: August 1, 2013

Description. Bituminous material cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or credit to the Department, for fluctuations in the cost of bituminous materials when optioned by the Contractor. The adjustments shall apply to permanent and temporary hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixtures, bituminous surface treatments (cover and seal coats), and preventative maintenance type surface treatments. The adjustments shall not apply to bituminous prime coats, tack coats, crack filling/sealing, or joint filling/sealing.

The bidder shall indicate on the attached form whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract and submit the completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form, or failure to fill out the form completely, shall make this contract exempt of bituminous materials cost adjustments.

Method of Adjustment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

$$CA = (BPI_P - BPI_L) \times (\%AC_V / 100) \times Q$$

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$.
BPI_P = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).
BPI_L = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).
%AC_V = Percent of virgin Asphalt Cement in the Quantity being adjusted. For HMA mixtures, the % AC_V will be determined from the adjusted job mix formula. For bituminous materials applied, a performance graded or cutback asphalt will be considered to be 100% AC_V and undiluted emulsified asphalt will be considered to be 65% AC_V.
Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) (see below).

For HMA mixtures measured in square yards: $Q, \text{ tons} = A \times D \times (G_{mb} \times 46.8) / 2000$. For HMA mixtures measured in square meters: $Q, \text{ metric tons} = A \times D \times (G_{mb} \times 1) / 1000$. When computing adjustments for full-depth HMA pavement, separate calculations will be made for the binder and surface courses to account for their different G_{mb} and % AC_V.

For bituminous materials measured in gallons: $Q, \text{ tons} = V \times 8.33 \text{ lb/gal} \times SG / 2000$
For bituminous materials measured in liters: $Q, \text{ metric tons} = V \times 1.0 \text{ kg/L} \times SG / 1000$

Where: A = Area of the HMA mixture, sq yd (sq m).
D = Depth of the HMA mixture, in. (mm).
G_{mb} = Average bulk specific gravity of the mixture, from the approved mix design.
V = Volume of the bituminous material, gal (L).

SG = Specific Gravity of bituminous material as shown on the bill of lading.

Basis of Payment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the BPI_L and BPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

$$\text{Percent Difference} = \{(BPI_L - BPI_P) \div BPI_L\} \times 100$$

Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable bituminous material is placed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the work placed during the month are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

Return With Bid

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**OPTION FOR
BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS**

The bidder shall submit this completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form, or failure to fill out the form completely, shall make this contract exempt of bituminous materials cost adjustments. After award, this form, when submitted, shall become part of the contract.

Contract No.: _____

Company Name: _____

Contractor's Option:

Is your company opting to include this special provision as part of the contract?

Yes No

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

80173

CONCRETE GUTTER, CURB, MEDIAN, AND PAVED DITCH (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2014

| Revised: August 1, 2014

Add the following to Article 606.02 of the Standard Specifications:

“(i) Polyurethane Joint Sealant 1050.04”

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 606.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Transverse contraction and longitudinal construction joints shall be sealed according to Article 420.12, except transverse joints in concrete curb and gutter shall be sealed with polysulfide or polyurethane joint sealant.”

Add the following to Section 1050 of the Standard Specifications:

| **1050.04 Polyurethane Joint Sealant.** The joint sealant shall be a polyurethane sealant, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25 or better, Use T (T₁ or T₂), according to ASTM C 920.”

80334

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2010

Revised: November 1, 2014

The reduction of emissions of particulate matter (PM) for off-road equipment shall be accomplished by installing retrofit emission control devices. The term "equipment" refers to diesel fuel powered devices rated at 50 hp and above, to be used on the jobsite in excess of seven calendar days over the course of the construction period on the jobsite (including rental equipment).

Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract shall be retrofitted using the phased in approach shown below. Equipment that is of a model year older than the year given for that equipment's respective horsepower range shall be retrofitted:

| Effective Dates | Horsepower Range | Model Year |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------|
| June 1, 2010 ^{1/} | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |
| June 1, 2011 ^{2/} | 100-299 | 2003 |
| | 300-599 | 2001 |
| | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |
| June 1, 2012 ^{2/} | 50-99 | 2004 |
| | 100-299 | 2003 |
| | 300-599 | 2001 |
| | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |

1/ Effective dates apply to Contractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

2/ Effective dates apply to Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

The retrofit emission control devices shall achieve a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent and shall be:

- a) Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) *Verified Retrofit Technology List* (<http://www.epa.gov/cleandiesel/verification/verif-list.htm>), or verified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (<http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm>); or
- b) Retrofitted with a non-verified diesel retrofit emission control device if verified retrofit emission control devices are not available for equipment proposed to be used on the project, and if the Contractor has obtained a performance certification from the retrofit

device manufacturer that the emission control device provides a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent.

Note: Large cranes (Crawler mounted cranes) which are responsible for critical lift operations are exempt from installing retrofit emission control devices if such devices adversely affect equipment operation.

Diesel powered off-road equipment with engine ratings of 50 hp and above, which are unable to be retrofitted with verified emission control devices or if performance certifications are not available which will achieve a minimum 50 percent PM reduction, may be granted a waiver by the Department if documentation is provided showing good faith efforts were made by the Contractor to retrofit the equipment.

Construction shall not proceed until the Contractor submits a certified list of the diesel powered off-road equipment that will be used, and as necessary, retrofitted with emission control devices. The list(s) shall include (1) the equipment number, type, make, Contractor/rental company name; and (2) the emission control devices make, model, USEPA or CARB verification number, or performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer. Equipment reported as fitted with emissions control devices shall be made available to the Engineer for visual inspection of the device installation, prior to being used on the jobsite.

The Contractor shall submit an updated list of retrofitted off-road construction equipment as retrofitted equipment changes or comes on to the jobsite. The addition or deletion of any diesel powered equipment shall be included on the updated list.

If any diesel powered off-road equipment is found to be in non-compliance with any portion of this special provision, the Engineer will issue the Contractor a diesel retrofit deficiency deduction.

Any costs associated with retrofitting any diesel powered off-road equipment with emission control devices shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed. The Contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a claim.

Diesel Retrofit Deficiency Deduction

When the Engineer determines that a diesel retrofit deficiency exists, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency continues to exist. The calendar day(s) will begin when the time period for correction is exceeded and end with the Engineer's written acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be \$1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

The deficiency will be based on lack of diesel retrofit emissions control.

If a Contractor accumulates three diesel retrofit deficiency deductions for the same piece of equipment in a contract period, the Contractor will be shutdown until the deficiency is corrected.

Such a shutdown will not be grounds for any extension of the contract time, waiver of penalties, or be grounds for any claim.

80261

CONTRACT CLAIMS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2014

Revise the first paragraph of Article 109.09(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(a) Submission of Claim. All claims filed by the Contractor shall be in writing and in sufficient detail to enable the Department to ascertain the basis and amount of the claim. As a minimum, the following information must accompany each claim submitted.”

Revise Article 109.09(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(e) Procedure. The Department provides two administrative levels for claims review.

- Level I Engineer of Construction
- Level II Chief Engineer/Director of Highways or Designee

- (1) Level I. All claims shall first be submitted at Level I. Two copies each of the claim and supporting documentation shall be submitted simultaneously to the District and the Engineer of Construction. The Engineer of Construction, in consultation with the District, will consider all information submitted with the claim and render a decision on the claim within 90 days after receipt by the Engineer of Construction. Claims not conforming to this Article will be returned without consideration. The Engineer of Construction may schedule a claim presentation meeting if in the Engineer of Construction's judgment such a meeting would aid in resolution of the claim, otherwise a decision will be made based on the claim documentation submitted. If a Level I decision is not rendered within 90 days of receipt of the claim, or if the Contractor disputes the decision, an appeal to Level II may be made by the Contractor.
- (2) Level II. An appeal to Level II shall be made in writing to the Engineer of Construction within 45 days after the date of the Level I decision. Review of the claim at Level II shall be conducted as a full evaluation of the claim. A claim presentation meeting may be scheduled if the Chief Engineer/Director of Highways determines that such a meeting would aid in resolution of the claim, otherwise a decision will be made based on the claim documentation submitted. A Level II final decision will be rendered within 90 days of receipt of the written request for appeal.

Full compliance by the Contractor with the provisions specified in this Article is a contractual condition precedent to the Contractor's right to seek relief in the Court of Claims. The Director's written decision shall be the final administrative action of the Department. Unless the Contractor files a claim for adjudication by the Court of Claims within 60 days after the date of the written decision, the failure to file shall constitute a release and waiver of the claim.”

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (DBE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: January 2, 2015

FEDERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 15.00% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at www.dot.il.gov.

BIDDING PROCEDURES. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement. The failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

- (a) The bidder shall submit a Disadvantaged Business Utilization Plan on Department forms SBE 2025 and 2026 with the bid.
- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.

- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. For bidding purposes, submission of the completed SBE 2025 forms, signed by the DBEs and faxed to the bidder will be acceptable as long as the original is available and provided upon request. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:
- (1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
 - (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the work each DBE will perform;
 - (3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating. The dollar amount of participation for identified work shall specifically state the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
 - (4) DBE Participation Commitment Statements, form SBE 2025, signed by the bidder and each participating DBE firm documenting the commitment to use the DBE subcontractors whose participation is submitted to meet the contract goal;
 - (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s); and,
 - (6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts; the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the apparent successful bidder is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document that enough DBE participation has been obtained or document that good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work performance to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan does not document sufficient DBE participation to meet the contract goal unless the apparent successful bidder documented in the Utilization Plan that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of

efforts that the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts, in other words, efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

(a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.

(1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

(2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.

(3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

(4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.

b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith

efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with Section 6 of the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
 - (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
 - (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
 - (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines that the apparent successful bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification shall include a statement of reasons for the determination.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the receipt of the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217) 785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The determination shall become final if a request is not made and delivered. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in

order to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for consideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.

- (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.

(e) DBE as a material supplier:

- (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
- (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
- (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a regular dealer or manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the Participation Statement.

- (a) NO AMENDMENT. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) CHANGES TO WORK. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, than a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor shall not be

required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure that the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.

- (c) SUBCONTRACT. The Contractor must provide DBE subcontracts to IDOT upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractor-initiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
- (1) That the replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) That the DBE is aware that its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) That the DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a). Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE listed in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of

Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law.
- (6) You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime

Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated, or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department shall provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) PAYMENT RECORDS. The Contractor shall maintain a record of payments for work performed to the DBE participants. The records shall be made available to the Department for inspection upon request. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Regional Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) ENFORCEMENT. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) RECONSIDERATION. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance

to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department.

80029

FRICITION AGGREGATE (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2011

Revised: November 1, 2014

Revise Article 1004.01(a)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(4) Crushed Stone. Crushed stone shall be the angular fragments resulting from crushing undisturbed, consolidated deposits of rock by mechanical means. Crushed stone shall be divided into the following, when specified.

- a. Carbonate Crushed Stone. Carbonate crushed stone shall be either dolomite or limestone. Dolomite shall contain 11.0 percent or more magnesium oxide (MgO). Limestone shall contain less than 11.0 percent magnesium oxide (MgO).
- b. Crystalline Crushed Stone. Crystalline crushed stone shall be either metamorphic or igneous stone, including but is not limited to, quartzite, granite, rhyolite and diabase."

Revise Article 1004.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1004.03 Coarse Aggregate for Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA). The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

(a) Description. The coarse aggregate for HMA shall be according to the following table.

| Use | Mixture | Aggregates Allowed |
|---------|---------------|--|
| Class A | Seal or Cover | <u>Allowed Alone or in Combination</u> ^{5/} : Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag Crushed Concrete |

| Use | Mixture | Aggregates Allowed | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|-----------------|----------------|
| HMA Low ESAL | Stabilized Subbase or Shoulders | <u>Allowed Alone or in Combination</u> ^{5/} : Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag ^{1/} Crushed Concrete | | |
| HMA High ESAL Low ESAL | Binder IL-19.0 or IL-19.0L SMA Binder | <u>Allowed Alone or in Combination</u> ^{5/} : Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone ^{2/} Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Concrete ^{3/} | | |
| HMA High ESAL Low ESAL | C Surface and Leveling Binder IL-9.5 or IL-9.5L SMA Ndesign 50 Surface | <u>Allowed Alone or in Combination</u> ^{5/} : Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone ^{2/} Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag ^{4/} Crushed Concrete ^{3/} | | |
| HMA High ESAL | D Surface and Leveling Binder IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 50 Surface | <u>Allowed Alone or in Combination</u> ^{5/} : Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone (other than Limestone) ^{2/} Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag ^{4/} Crushed Concrete ^{3/} | | |
| | | <u>Other Combinations Allowed:</u> | | |
| | | <table border="1"> <tr> <td><i>Up to...</i></td> <td><i>With...</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>25% Limestone</td> <td>Dolomite</td> </tr> </table> | <i>Up to...</i> | <i>With...</i> |
| <i>Up to...</i> | <i>With...</i> | | | |
| 25% Limestone | Dolomite | | | |

| Use | Mixture | Aggregates Allowed | |
|--|--|--|---|
| | | 50% Limestone | Any Mixture D aggregate other than Dolomite |
| | | 75% Limestone | Crushed Slag (ACBF) or Crushed Sandstone |
| HMA High ESAL | E Surface IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface | <u>Allowed Alone or in Combination</u> ^{5/} : | |
| | | Crushed Gravel Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag Crushed Concrete ^{3/} No Limestone. | |
| | | <u>Other Combinations Allowed:</u> | |
| | | <i>Up to...</i> | <i>With...</i> |
| | | 50% Dolomite ^{2/} | Any Mixture E aggregate |
| 75% Dolomite ^{2/} | Crushed Sandstone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), Crushed Steel Slag, or Crystalline Crushed Stone | | |
| 75% Crushed Gravel or Crushed Concrete ^{3/} | Crushed Sandstone, Crystalline Crushed Stone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), or Crushed Steel Slag | | |
| HMA High ESAL | F Surface IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface | <u>Allowed Alone or in Combination</u> ^{5/} : | |
| | | Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag No Limestone. | |
| | | <u>Other Combinations Allowed:</u> | |

| Use | Mixture | Aggregates Allowed | |
|-----|---------|--|--|
| | | <i>Up to...</i> | <i>With...</i> |
| | | 50% Crushed Gravel, Crushed Concrete ^{3/} , or Dolomite ^{2/} | Crushed Sandstone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), Crushed Steel Slag, or Crystalline Crushed Stone |

- 1/ Crushed steel slag allowed in shoulder surface only.
- 2/ Carbonate crushed stone shall not be used in SMA Ndesign 80. In SMA Ndesign 50, carbonate crushed stone shall not be blended with any of the other aggregates allowed alone in Ndesign 50 SMA binder or Ndesign 50 SMA surface.
- 3/ Crushed concrete will not be permitted in SMA mixes.
- 4/ Crushed steel slag shall not be used as leveling binder.
- 5/ When combinations of aggregates are used, the blend percent measurements shall be by volume."

80265

FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE) (RETURN FORM WITH BID)

Effective: April 1, 2009

Revised: July 1, 2009

Description. Fuel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in fuel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate on the attached form whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract and submit the completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or failure to indicate contract number, company name and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of fuel cost adjustments for all categories of work. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any category of work will make that category of work exempt from fuel cost adjustment.

General. The fuel cost adjustment shall apply to contract pay items as grouped by category. The adjustment shall only apply to those categories of work checked "Yes", and only when the cumulative plan quantities for a category exceed the required threshold. Adjustments to work items in a category, either up or down, and work added by adjusted unit price will be subject to fuel cost adjustment only when the category representing the added work was subject to the fuel cost adjustment. Added work paid for by time and materials will not be subject to fuel cost adjustment. Category descriptions and thresholds for application and the fuel usage factors which are applicable to each are as follows:

(a) Categories of Work.

- (1) Category A: Earthwork. Contract pay items performed under Sections 202, 204, and 206 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered earthwork. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 25,000 cu yd (20,000 cu m). Included in the fuel usage factor is a weighted average 0.10 gal/cu yd (0.50 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.
- (2) Category B: Subbases and Aggregate Base Courses. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 311, 312 and 351 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered construction of a subbase or aggregate, stabilized or modified base course. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is a 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.
- (3) Category C: Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 355, 406, 407 and 482 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered HMA bases, pavements and shoulders. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.

- (4) Category D: Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 353, 420, 421 and 483 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered PCC base, pavement or shoulder. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 7500 sq yd (6000 sq m). Included in the fuel usage factor is 1.20 gal/cu yd (5.94 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.
- (5) Category E: Structures. Structure items having a cumulative bid price that exceeds \$250,000 for pay items constructed under Sections 502, 503, 504, 505, 512, 516 and 540 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered structure work when similar to that performed under these sections and not included in categories A through D.

(b) Fuel Usage Factors.

| English Units | | |
|--|--------|--------------|
| Category | Factor | Units |
| A - Earthwork | 0.34 | gal / cu yd |
| B - Subbase and Aggregate Base courses | 0.62 | gal / ton |
| C - HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 1.05 | gal / ton |
| D - PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 2.53 | gal / cu yd |
| E - Structures | 8.00 | gal / \$1000 |

| Metric Units | | |
|--|--------|---------------------|
| Category | Factor | Units |
| A - Earthwork | 1.68 | liters / cu m |
| B - Subbase and Aggregate Base courses | 2.58 | liters / metric ton |
| C - HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 4.37 | liters / metric ton |
| D - PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 12.52 | liters / cu m |
| E - Structures | 30.28 | liters / \$1000 |

(c) Quantity Conversion Factors.

| Category | Conversion | Factor |
|----------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| B | sq yd to ton | 0.057 ton / sq yd / in depth |
| | sq m to metric ton | 0.00243 metric ton / sq m / mm depth |
| C | sq yd to ton | 0.056 ton / sq yd / in depth |
| | sq m to metric ton | 0.00239 m ton / sq m / mm depth |
| D | sq yd to cu yd | 0.028 cu yd / sq yd / in depth |
| | sq m to cu m | 0.001 cu m / sq m / mm depth |

Method of Adjustment. Fuel cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

$$| CA = (FPI_P - FPI_L) \times FUF \times Q$$

- Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$
FPI_P = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/gal (\$/liter)
FPI_L = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting, \$/gal (\$/liter)
FUF = Fuel Usage Factor in the pay item(s) being adjusted
Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) or cu yd (cu m)

The entire FUF indicated in paragraph (b) will be used regardless of use of trucking to perform the work.

Progress Payments. Fuel cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable work is performed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

Final Quantities. Upon completion of the work and determination of final pay quantities, an adjustment will be prepared to reconcile any differences between estimated quantities previously paid and the final quantities. The value for the balancing adjustment will be based on a weighted average of FPI_P and Q only for those months requiring the cost adjustment. The cost adjustment will be applicable to the final measured quantities of all applicable pay items.

Basis of Payment. Fuel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the FPI_L and FPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

$$\text{Percent Difference} = \{(FPI_L - FPI_P) \div FPI_L\} \times 100$$

Return With Bid

**ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION**

**OPTION FOR
FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT**

The bidder shall submit this completed form with his/her bid. Failure to submit the form or properly complete contract number, company name, and sign and date the form shall make this contract exempt of fuel cost adjustments in all categories. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any category of work at the time of bid will make that category of work exempt from fuel cost adjustment. After award, this form, when submitted shall become part of the contract.

Contract No.: _____

Company Name: _____

Contractor's Option:

Is your company opting to include this special provision as part of the contract plans for the following categories of work?

- | | | |
|--|-----|--------------------------|
| Category A Earthwork. | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Category B Subbases and Aggregate Base Courses | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Category C HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Category D PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Category E Structures | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

80229

HOT-MIX ASPHALT – MIXTURE DESIGN COMPOSITION AND VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013

Revised: November 1, 2014

Revise the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 312.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The minimum compacted thickness of each lift shall be according to Article 406.06(d).”

Delete the minimum compacted lift thickness table in Article 312.05 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the second paragraph of Article 355.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The mixture composition used shall be IL-19.0.”

Revise Article 355.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(a) The top lift thickness shall be 2 1/4 in. (60 mm) for mixture composition IL-19.0.”

Revise the Leveling Binder table and second paragraph of Article 406.05(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

| “Leveling Binder | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Nominal, Compacted, Leveling Binder Thickness, in. (mm) | Mixture Composition |
| ≤ 1 1/4 (32) | IL-4.75, IL-9.5, or IL-9.5L |
| > 1 1/4 to 2 (32 to 50) | IL-9.5 or IL-9.5L |

The density requirements of Article 406.07(c) shall apply for leveling binder, machine method, when the nominal compacted thickness is: 3/4 in. (19 mm) or greater for IL-4.75 mixtures; and 1 1/4 in. (32 mm) or greater for IL-9.5 and IL-9.5L mixtures.”

Revise the table in Article 406.06(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

| “MINIMUM COMPACTED LIFT THICKNESS | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Mixture Composition | Thickness, in. (mm) |
| IL-4.75 | 3/4 (19) |
| IL-9.5, IL-9.5L | 1 1/4 (32) |
| SMA-12.5 | 1 1/2 (38) |
| IL-19.0, IL-19.0L | 2 1/4 (57)” |

Revise the ninth paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Test strip mixture will be evaluated at the contract unit price according to the following."

Revise Article 406.14(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) If the HMA placed during the initial test strip is determined to be acceptable the mixture will be paid for at the contract unit price."

Revise Article 406.14(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) If the HMA placed during the initial test strip (1) is determined to be unacceptable to remain in place by the Engineer, and (2) was not produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids or within the individual control limits of the JMF according to the Department's test results, the mixture will not be paid for and shall be removed at the Contractor's expense. An additional test strip shall be constructed and the mixture will be paid for in full, if produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids and within the individual control limits of the JMF."

Revise Article 406.14(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) If the HMA placed during the initial test strip (1) is determined to be unacceptable to remain in place by the Engineer, and (2) was produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids and within the individual control limits of the JMF according to the Department's test results, the mixture shall be removed. Removal will be paid according to Article 109.04. This initial mixture will be paid for at the contract unit price. An additional test strip shall be constructed and the mixture will be paid for in full, if produced within 2.0 to 6.0 percent air voids and within the individual control limits of the JMF."

Delete Article 406.14(d) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 406.14(e) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete the last sentence of Article 407.06(c) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Note 2. of Article 442.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 2. The mixture composition of the HMA used shall be IL-19.0 binder, designed with the same Ndesign as that specified for the mainline pavement."

Delete the second paragraph of Article 482.02 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first sentence of the sixth paragraph of Article 482.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When the mainline HMA binder and surface course mixture option is used on resurfacing projects, shoulder resurfacing widths of 6 ft (1.8 m) or less may be placed simultaneously with the adjacent traffic lane for both the binder and surface courses."

Revise the second sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 601.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The top 5 in. (125 mm) of the trench shall be backfilled with an IL-19.0L Low ESAL mixture meeting the requirements of Section 1030 and compacted to a density of not less than 90 percent of the theoretical density."

Revise the second sentence of the fifth paragraph of Article 601.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The top 8 in. (200 mm) of the trench shall be backfilled with an IL-19.0L Low ESAL mixture meeting the requirements of Section 1030 and compacted to a density of not less than 90 percent of the theoretical density."

Revise Article 1003.03(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) Gradation. The fine aggregate gradation for all HMA shall be FA 1, FA 2, FA 20, FA 21, or FA 22. The fine aggregate gradation for SMA shall be FA/FM 20.

For mixture IL-4.75 and surface mixtures with an $N_{design} = 90$, at least 50 percent of the required fine aggregate fraction shall consist of either stone sand, slag sand, or steel slag meeting the FA 20 gradation.

For mixture IL-19.0, $N_{design} = 90$ the fine aggregate fraction shall consist of at least 67 percent manufactured sand meeting FA 20 or FA 22 gradation. For mixture IL-19.0, $N_{design} = 50$ or 70 the fine aggregate fraction shall consist of at least 50 percent manufactured sand meeting FA 20 or FA 22 gradation. The manufactured sand shall be stone sand, slag sand, steel slag sand, or combinations thereof.

Gradation FA 1, FA 2, or FA 3 shall be used when required for prime coat aggregate application for HMA."

Remove footnote 3/ from the tables and at the end of the tables in Article 1004.01(c) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1004.03(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the table in Article 1004.03(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "Use | Size/Application | Gradation No. |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Class A-1, 2, & 3 | 3/8 in. (10 mm) Seal | CA 16 |
| Class A-1 | 1/2 in. (13 mm) Seal | CA 15 |
| Class A-2 & 3 | Cover | CA 14 |
| HMA High ESAL | IL-19.0 IL-9.5 | CA 11 ^{1/} CA 16 and/or CA 13 CA 16 |
| HMA Low ESAL | IL-19.0L IL-9.5L Stabilized Subbase or Shoulders | CA 11 ^{1/} CA 16 |

1/ CA 16 or CA 13 may be blended with the gradations listed."

Revise the nomenclature table in Article 1030.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

| | |
|------------|--|
| "High ESAL | IL-19.0 binder; IL-9.5 surface |
| Low ESAL | IL-19.0L binder; IL-9.5L surface; Stabilized Subbase (HMA) ^{1/} ; HMA Shoulders ^{2/} |

1/ Uses 19.0L binder mix.

2/ Uses 19.0L for lower lifts and 9.5L for surface lift."

Revise Article 1030.02 of the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications to read:

"1030.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|--|-----------------|
| (a) Coarse Aggregate | 1004.03 |
| (b) Fine Aggregate | 1003.03 |
| (c) RAP Material | 1031 |
| (d) Mineral Filler | 1011 |
| (e) Hydrated Lime | 1012.01 |
| (f) Slaked Quicklime (Note 1) | |
| (g) Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (Note 2) | 1032 |
| (h) Fibers (Note 3) | |
| (i) Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) Technologies (Note 4) | |

Note 1. Slaked quicklime shall be according to ASTM C 5.

Note 2. The asphalt binder shall be an SBS PG 76-28 when the SMA is used on a full-depth asphalt pavement and SBS PG 76-22 when used as an overlay.

Note 3. A stabilizing additive such as cellulose or mineral fiber shall be added to the SMA mixture according to Illinois Modified AASHTO M 325. The stabilizing additive shall meet the Fiber Quality Requirements listed in Illinois Modified AASHTO M 325. Prior to approval and use of fibers, the Contractor shall submit a notarized certification by the producer of these materials stating they meet these requirements.

Note 4. Warm mix additives or foaming processes shall be selected from the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Approved List, "Warm Mix Asphalt Technologies".

Revise Article 1030.04(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications and the Supplemental Specifications to read:

"(1) High ESAL Mixtures. The Job Mix Formula (JMF) shall fall within the following limits.

| High ESAL, MIXTURE COMPOSITION (% PASSING) ^{1/} | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-----|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|------------|-------------------|
| Sieve Size | IL-19.0 mm | | SMA 12.5 ^{4/} | | IL-9.5 mm | | IL-4.75 mm | |
| | min | max | min | max | min | max | min | max |
| 1 1/2 in (37.5 mm) | | | | | | | | |
| 1 in. (25 mm) | | 100 | | | | | | |
| 3/4 in. (19 mm) | 90 | 100 | | 100 | | | | |
| 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) | 75 | 89 | 90 | 99 | | 100 | | 100 |
| 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) | | | 50 | 85 | 90 | 100 | | 100 |
| #4 (4.75 mm) | 40 | 60 | 20 | 40 | 32 | 69 | 90 | 100 |
| #8 (2.36 mm) | 26 | 42 | 16 | 24 ^{5/} | 32 | 52 ^{2/} | 70 | 90 |
| #16 (1.18 mm) | 15 | 30 | | | 10 | 32 | 50 | 65 |
| #50 (300 µm) | 6 | 15 | | | 4 | 15 | 15 | 30 |
| #100 (150 µm) | 4 | 9 | | | 3 | 10 | 10 | 18 |
| #200 (75 µm) | 3 | 6 | 8.0 | 11.0 ^{3/} | 4 | 6 | 7 | 9 |
| Ratio Dust/Asphalt Binder | | 1.0 | | | | 1.0 | | 1.0 ^{3/} |

1/ Based on percent of total aggregate weight.

2/ The mixture composition shall not exceed 44 percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve for surface courses with N_{design} = 90.

3/ Additional minus No. 200 (0.075 mm) material required by the mix design shall be mineral filler, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

- 4/ The maximum percent passing the #635 (20 µm) sieve shall be ≤ 3 percent.
- 5/ When establishing the Adjusted Job Mix Formula (AJMF) the percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve shall not be adjusted above 24 percent.”

Delete Article 1030.04(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1030.04(a)(4) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the table in Article 1030.04(b)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS High ESAL | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------|-----------------------|--|
| | Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA), % minimum | | | Voids Filled with Asphalt Binder (VFA), % |
| Ndesign | IL-19.0 | IL-9.5 | IL-4.75 ^{1/} | |
| 50 | 13.5 | 15.0 | 18.5 | 65 – 78 ^{2/} |
| 70 | | | | 65 - 75 |
| 90 | | | | |

1/ Maximum Draindown for IL-4.75 shall be 0.3 percent

2/ VFA for IL-4.75 shall be 76-83 percent”

Revise the table in Article 1030.04(b)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS Low ESAL | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| Mixture Composition | Design Compactive Effort | Design Air Voids Target % | VMA (Voids in the Mineral Aggregate), % min. | VFA (Voids Filled with Asphalt Binder), % |
| IL-9.5L | N _{DES} =30 | 4.0 | 15.0 | 65-78 |
| IL-19.0L | N _{DES} =30 | 4.0 | 13.5 | N/A” |

Replace Article 1030.04(b)(3) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“(3) SMA Mixtures.

| ESALs (million) | Ndesign | Design Air Voids Target % | Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA), % min. | Voids Filled with Asphalt (VFA), % |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| ≤ 10 | 50 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 75 – 80 |
| > 10 | 80 | 4.0 | 17.0 | 75 – 80” |

Delete Article 1030.04(b)(4) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1030.04(b)(5) from the Supplemental Specifications.

Revise the table in Article 1030.05(d)(2)a. of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "Parameter | Frequency of Tests | | Test Method See Manual of Test Procedures for Materials |
|--|---|---|--|
| | High ESAL Mixture | Low ESAL Mixture | |
| Aggregate Gradation % passing sieves: 1/2 in. (12.5 mm), No. 4 (4.75 mm), No. 8 (2.36 mm), No. 30 (600 µm) No. 200 (75 µm) | 1 washed ignition oven test on the mix per half day of production | Note 3. | Illinois Procedure |
| Asphalt Binder Content by Ignition Oven Note 1. | 1 per half day of production | | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 308 |
| VMA Note 2. | Day's production ≥ 1200 tons: 1 per half day of production | Day's production < 1200 tons: 1 per half day of production for first 2 days and 1 per day thereafter (first sample of the day) | Illinois-Modified AASHTO R 35 |

| "Parameter | Frequency of Tests | | Test Method See Manual of Test Procedures for Materials |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--|
| | High ESAL Mixture | Low ESAL Mixture | |
| Air Voids Bulk Specific Gravity of Gyratory Sample Note 4. | Day's production ≥ 1200 tons: 1 per half day of production | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 312 | |
| | Day's production < 1200 tons: 1 per half day of production for first 2 days and 1 per day thereafter (first sample of the day) | | |
| Maximum Specific Gravity of Mixture | Day's production ≥ 1200 tons: 1 per half day of production | Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 209 | |
| | Day's production < 1200 tons: 1 per half day of production for first 2 days and 1 per day thereafter (first sample of the day) | | |

Note 1. The Engineer may waive the ignition oven requirement for asphalt binder content if the aggregates to be used are known to have ignition asphalt binder content calibration factors which exceed 1.5 percent. If the ignition oven requirement is waived, other Department approved methods shall be used to determine the asphalt binder content.

Note 2. The G_{sb} used in the voids in the mineral aggregate (VMA) calculation shall be the same average G_{sb} value listed in the mix design.

Note 3. The Engineer reserves the right to require additional hot bin gradations for batch plants if control problems are evident.

Note 4. The WMA compaction temperature for mixture volumetric testing shall be 270 ± 5 °F (132 ± 3 °C) for quality control testing. The WMA compaction temperature for quality assurance testing will be 270 ± 5 °F (132 ± 3 °C) if the mixture is not allowed to cool to room temperature. If the mixture is allowed to cool to room temperature, it shall be reheated to standard HMA compaction temperatures."

Revise the table in Article 1030.05(d)(2)b. of the Standard Specifications to read:

| | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| "Parameter | High ESAL Mixture Low ESAL Mixture |
| Ratio Dust/Asphalt Binder | 0.6 to 1.2 |
| Moisture | 0.3 %" |

Revise the Article 1030.05(d)(4) of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

"(4) Control Limits. Target values shall be determined by applying adjustment factors to the AJMF where applicable. The target values shall be plotted on the control charts within the following control limits.

| CONTROL LIMITS | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Parameter | High ESAL Low ESAL | | SMA | | IL-4.75 | |
| | Individual Test | Moving Avg. of 4 | Individual Test | Moving Avg. of 4 | Individual Test | Moving Avg. of 4 |
| % Passing: ^{1/} | | | | | | |
| 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) | ± 6 % | ± 4 % | ± 6 % | ± 4 % | | |
| 3/8 in. (9.5mm) | | | ± 4 % | ± 3 % | | |
| No. 4 (4.75 mm) | ± 5 % | ± 4 % | ± 5 % | ± 4 % | | |
| No. 8 (2.36 mm) | ± 5 % | ± 3 % | ± 4 % | ± 2 % | | |
| No. 16 (1.18 mm) | | | ± 4 % | ± 2 % | ± 4 % | ± 3 % |
| No. 30 (600 µm) | ± 4 % | ± 2.5 % | ± 4 % | ± 2.5 % | | |
| Total Dust Content No. 200 (75 µm) | ± 1.5 % | ± 1.0 % | | | ± 1.5 % | ± 1.0 % |
| Asphalt Binder Content | ± 0.3 % | ± 0.2 % | ± 0.2 % | ± 0.1 % | ± 0.3 % | ± 0.2 % |
| Voids | ± 1.2 % | ± 1.0 % | ± 1.2 % | ± 1.0 % | ± 1.2 % | ± 1.0 % |
| VMA | -0.7 % ^{2/} | -0.5 % ^{2/} | -0.7 % ^{2/} | -0.5 % ^{2/} | -0.7 % ^{2/} | -0.5 % ^{2/} |

1/ Based on washed ignition oven

2/ Allowable limit below minimum design VMA requirement

| DENSITY CONTROL LIMITS | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Mixture Composition | Parameter | Individual Test |
| IL-4.75 | Ndesign = 50 | 93.0 - 97.4 % ^{1/} |
| IL-9.5 | Ndesign = 90 | 92.0 - 96.0 % |
| IL-9.5, IL-9.5L | Ndesign < 90 | 92.5 - 97.4 % |
| IL-19.0 | Ndesign = 90 | 93.0 - 96.0 % |
| IL-19.0, IL-19.0L | Ndesign < 90 | 93.0 ^{2/} - 97.4 % |
| SMA | Ndesign = 50 & 80 | 93.5 - 97.4 % |

1/ Density shall be determined by cores or by correlated, approved thin lift nuclear gauge.

2/ 92.0 % when placed as first lift on an unimproved subgrade.”

Revise the table in Article 1030.05(d)(5) of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

| “CONTROL CHART REQUIREMENTS | High ESAL, Low ESAL, SMA & IL-4.75 |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Gradation ^{1/ 3/} | % Passing Sieves: 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) ^{2/} No. 4 (4.75 mm) No. 8 (2.36 mm) No. 30 (600 μm) |
| Total Dust Content ^{1/} | No. 200 (75 μm) |
| | Asphalt Binder Content |
| | Bulk Specific Gravity |
| | Maximum Specific Gravity of Mixture |
| | Voids |
| | Density |
| | VMA |

1/ Based on washed ignition oven.

2/ Does not apply to IL-4.75.

3/ SMA also requires the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve.”

Delete Article 1030.05(d)(6)a.1.(b.) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1030.06(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Article 1102.01(e) of the Standard Specifications.

80322

HOT-MIX ASPHALT – MIXTURE DESIGN VERIFICATION AND PRODUCTION (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013

Revised: November 1, 2014

Description. This special provision provides the requirements for Hamburg Wheel and tensile strength testing for High ESAL, IL-4.75, and Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixes during mix design verification and production. This special provision also provides the plant requirements for hydrated lime addition systems used in the production of High ESAL, IL-4.75, and SMA mixes.

Mix Design Testing. Add the following below the referenced AASHTO standards in Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications:

AASHTO T 324 Hamburg Wheel Test

AASHTO T 283 Tensile Strength Test

Add the following to Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications:

“(d) Verification Testing. High ESAL, IL-4.75, and SMA mix designs submitted for verification will be tested to ensure that the resulting mix designs will pass the required criteria for the Hamburg Wheel Test (Illinois Modified AASHTO T 324) and the Tensile Strength Test (Illinois Modified AASHTO T 283). The Department will perform a verification test on gyratory specimens compacted by the Contractor. If the mix fails the Department’s verification test, the Contractor shall make necessary changes to the mix and provide passing Hamburg Wheel and tensile strength test results from a private lab. The Department will verify the passing results.

All new and renewal mix designs shall meet the following requirements for verification testing.

(1) Hamburg Wheel Test Criteria. The maximum allowable rut depth shall be 0.5 in. (12.5 mm). The minimum number of wheel passes at the 0.5 in. (12.5 mm) rut depth criteria shall be based on the high temperature binder grade of the mix as specified in the mix requirements table of the plans.

Illinois Modified AASHTO T 324 Requirements ^{1/}

| PG Grade | Number of Passes |
|----------------------|------------------|
| PG 58-xx (or lower) | 5,000 |
| PG 64-xx | 7,500 |
| PG 70-xx | 15,000 |
| PG 76-xx (or higher) | 20,000 |

1/ When produced at temperatures of 275 ± 5 °F (135 ± 3 °C) or less, loose Warm Mix Asphalt shall be oven aged at 270 ± 5 °F (132 ± 3 °C) for two hours prior to gyratory compaction of Hamburg Wheel specimens.

(2) Tensile Strength Criteria. The minimum allowable conditioned tensile strength shall be 60 psi (415 kPa) for non-polymer modified performance graded (PG) asphalt binder and 550 kPa (80 psi) for polymer modified PG asphalt binder. The maximum allowable unconditioned tensile strength shall be 200 psi (1380 kPa)."

Production Testing. Revise Article 1030.06(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) High ESAL, IL-4.75, WMA, and SMA Mixtures. For each contract, a 300 ton (275 metric tons) test strip will be required at the beginning of HMA production for each mixture with a quantity of 3000 tons (2750 metric tons) or more according to the Manual of Test Procedures for Materials "Hot Mix Asphalt Test Strip Procedures".

Before start-up, target values shall be determined by applying gradation correction factors to the JMF when applicable. These correction factors shall be determined from previous experience. The target values, when approved by the Engineer, shall be used to control HMA production. Plant settings and control charts shall be set according to target values.

Before constructing the test strip, target values shall be determined by applying gradation correction factors to the JMF when applicable. After any JMF adjustment, the JMF shall become the Adjusted Job Mix Formula (AJMF). Upon completion of the first acceptable test strip, the JMF shall become the AJMF regardless of whether or not the JMF has been adjusted. If an adjustment/plant change is made, the Engineer may require a new test strip to be constructed. If the HMA placed during the initial test strip is determined to be unacceptable to remain in place by the Engineer, it shall be removed and replaced.

The limitations between the JMF and AJMF are as follows.

| Parameter | Adjustment |
|------------------------|-------------|
| 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) | ± 5.0 % |
| No. 4 (4.75 mm) | ± 4.0 % |
| No. 8 (2.36 mm) | ± 3.0 % |
| No. 30 (600 μ m) | * |
| No. 200 (75 μ m) | * |
| Asphalt Binder Content | ± 0.3 % |

* In no case shall the target for the amount passing be greater than the JMF.

Any adjustments outside the above limitations will require a new mix design.

Mixture sampled to represent the test strip shall include additional material sufficient for the Department to conduct Hamburg Wheel testing according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T324 (approximately 60 lb (27 kg) total).

The Contractor shall immediately cease production upon notification by the Engineer of failing Hamburg Wheel test. All prior produced material may be paved out provided all other mixture criteria is being met. No additional mixture shall be produced until the Engineer receives passing Hamburg Wheel tests.

The Department may conduct additional Hamburg Wheel tests on production material as determined by the Engineer.”

Revise the title of Article 1030.06(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Low ESAL Mixtures.”

System for Hydrated Lime Addition. Revise the fourth sentence of the third paragraph of Article 1030.04(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The method of application shall be according to Article 1102.01(a)(10).”

Replace the first three sentences of the second paragraph of Article 1102.01(a)(10) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“When hydrated lime is used as the anti-strip additive, a separate bin or tank and feeder system shall be provided to store and accurately proportion the lime onto the aggregate either as a slurry, as dry lime applied to damp aggregates, or as dry lime injected onto the hot aggregates prior to adding the liquid asphalt cement. If the hydrated lime is added either as a slurry or as dry lime on damp aggregates, the lime and aggregates shall be mixed by a power driven pugmill to provide a uniform coating of the lime prior to entering the dryer. If dry hydrated lime is added to the hot dry aggregates in a dryer-drum plant, the lime shall be added in such a manner that the lime will not become entrained into the air stream of the dryer-drum and that thorough dry mixing shall occur prior to the injection point of the liquid asphalt. When a batch plant is used, the hydrated lime shall be added to the mixture in the weigh hopper or as approved by the Engineer.”

Basis of Payment. Replace the seventh paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“For mixes designed and verified under the Hamburg Wheel criteria, the cost of furnishing and introducing anti-stripping additives in the HMA will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the contract unit price of the HMA item involved.

If an anti-stripping additive is required for any other HMA mix, the cost of the additive will be paid for according to Article 109.04. The cost incurred in introducing the additive into the

HMA will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the contract unit price of the HMA item involved.

No additional compensation will be awarded to the Contractor because of reduced production rates associated with the addition of the anti-stripping additive.”

80323

HOT MIX ASPHALT – PRIME COAT (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2014

Revise Note 1 of Article 406.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Note 1. The bituminous material used for prime coat shall be one of the types listed in the following table.

When emulsified asphalts are used, any dilution with water shall be performed by the emulsion producer. The emulsified asphalt shall be thoroughly agitated within 24 hours of application and show no separation of water and emulsion.

| Application | Bituminous Material Types |
|---|--|
| Prime Coat on Brick, Concrete, or HMA Bases | SS-1, SS-1h, SS-1hP, SS-1vh, RS-1, RS-2, CSS-1, CSS-1h, CSS-1hp, CRS-1, CRS-2, HFE-90, RC-70 |
| Prime Coat on Aggregate Bases | MC-30, PEP” |

Add the following to Article 406.03 of the Standard Specifications.

- “(i) Vacuum Sweeper 1101.19
- “(j) Spray Paver 1102.06”

Revise Article 406.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Prime Coat. The bituminous material shall be prepared according to Article 403.05 and applied according to Article 403.10. The use of RC-70 shall be limited to air temperatures less than 60 °F (15 °C).

- (1) Brick, Concrete or HMA Bases. The base shall be cleaned of all dust, debris and any substance that will prevent the prime coat from adhering to the base. Cleaning shall be accomplished by sweeping to remove all large particles and air blasting to remove dust. As an alternative to air blasting, a vacuum sweeper may be used to accomplish the dust removal. The base shall be free of standing water at the time of application. The prime coat shall be applied uniformly and at a rate that will provide a residual asphalt rate on the prepared surface as specified in the following table.

| Type of Surface to be Primed | Residual Asphalt Rate lb/sq ft (kg/sq m) |
|--|---|
| Milled HMA, Aged Non-Milled HMA, Milled Concrete, Non-Milled Concrete & Tined Concrete | 0.05 (0.244) |
| Fog Coat between HMA Lifts, IL-4.75 & Brick | 0.025 (0.122) |

The bituminous material for the prime coat shall be placed one lane at a time. If a spray paver is not used, the primed lane shall remain closed until the prime coat is

fully cured and does not pickup under traffic. When placing prime coat through an intersection where it is not possible to keep the lane closed, the prime coat may be covered immediately following its application with fine aggregate mechanically spread at a uniform rate of 2 to 4 lb/sq yd (1 to 2 kg/sq m).

- (2) Aggregate Bases. The prime coat shall be applied uniformly and at a rate that will provide a residual asphalt rate on the prepared surface of 0.25 lb/sq ft \pm 0.01 (1.21 kg/sq m \pm 0.05).

The prime coat shall be permitted to cure until the penetration has been approved by the Engineer, but at no time shall the curing period be less than 24 hours for MC-30 or four hours for PEP. Pools of prime occurring in the depressions shall be broomed or squeegeed over the surrounding surface the same day the prime coat is applied.

The base shall be primed 1/2 width at a time. The prime coat on the second half/width shall not be applied until the prime coat on the first half/width has cured so that it will not pickup under traffic.

The residual asphalt rate will be verified a minimum of once per type of surface to be primed as specified herein for which at least 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) of HMA will be placed. The test will be according to the "Determination of Residual Asphalt in Prime and Tack Coat Materials" test procedure.

Prime coat shall be fully cured prior to placement of HMA to prevent pickup by haul trucks or paving equipment. If pickup occurs, paving shall cease in order to provide additional cure time, and all areas where the pickup occurred shall be repaired.

If after five days, loss of prime coat is evident prior to covering with HMA, additional prime coat shall be placed as determined by the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department."

Revise the last sentence of the first paragraph of Article 406.13(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Water added to emulsified asphalt, as allowed in Article 406.02, will not be included in the quantities measured for payment."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 406.13(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Aggregate for covering prime coat will not be measured for payment."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

406.14 Basis of Payment. Prime Coat will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound (kilogram) of residual asphalt applied for BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT), or POLYMERIZED BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT)."

Revise Article 407.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“407.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to Article 406.02, except as follows.

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Packaged Rapid Hardening Mortar or Concrete | 1018” |

Revise Article 407.06(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) A bituminous prime coat shall be applied between each lift of HMA according to Article 406.05(b).”

Delete the second paragraph of Article 407.12 of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 408.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“408.04 Method of Measurement. Bituminous priming material will be measured for payment according to Article 406.13.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 408.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“408.05 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound (kilogram) of residual asphalt applied for BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT) or POLYMERIZED BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (PRIME COAT) and at the contract unit price per ton (metric ton) for INCIDENTAL HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACING.”

Revise Article 1032.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“1032.02 Measurement. Asphalt binders, emulsified asphalts, rapid curing liquid asphalt, medium curing liquid asphalts, slow curing liquid asphalts, asphalt fillers, and road oils will be measured by weight.

A weight ticket for each truck load shall be furnished to the inspector. The truck shall be weighed at a location approved by the Engineer. The ticket shall show the weight of the empty truck (the truck being weighed each time before it is loaded), the weight of the loaded truck, and the net weight of the bituminous material.

When an emulsion or cutback is used for prime coat, the percentage of asphalt residue of the actual certified product shall be shown on the producer’s bill of lading or attached certificate of analysis. If the producer adds extra water to an emulsion at the request of the purchaser, the amount of water shall also be shown on the bill of lading.

Payment will not be made for bituminous materials in excess of 105 percent of the amount specified by the Engineer.”

Add the following to the table in Article 1032.04 of the Standard Specifications.

| | | |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| "SS-1vh | 160-180 | 70-80 |
| RS-1, CRS-1 | 75-130 | 25-55" |

Add the following to Article 1032.06 of the Standard Specifications.

"(g) Non Tracking Emulsified Asphalt SS-1vh shall be according to the following.

| Requirements for SS-1vh | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----------|--------------------|
| Test | | SPEC | AASHTO Test Method |
| Saybolt Viscosity @ 25C, | SFS | 20-200 | T 72 |
| Storage Stability, 24hr., | % | 1 max. | T 59 |
| Residue by Evaporation, | % | 50 min. | T 59 |
| Sieve Test, | % | 0.3 max. | T 59 |
| Tests on Residue from Evaporation | | | |
| Penetration @25°C, 100g., 5 sec., dmm | | 20 max. | T 49 |
| Softening Point, | °C | 65 min. | T 53 |
| Solubility, | % | 97.5 min. | T 44 |
| Orig. DSR @ 82°C, | kPa | 1.00 min. | T 315" |

Revise the last table in Article 1032.06(f)(2)d. of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "Grade | Use |
|---|------------------------------------|
| SS-1, SS-1h, RS-1, RS-2, CSS-1, CRS-1, CRS-2, CSS-1h, HFE-90, SS-1hP, CSS-1hP, SS-1vh | Prime or fog seal |
| PEP | Bituminous surface treatment prime |
| RS-2, HFE-90, HFE-150, HFE- 300, CRSP, HFP, CRS-2, HFRS-2 | Bituminous surface treatment |
| CSS-1h Latex Modified | Microsurfacing" |

Add the following to Article 1101 of the Standard Specifications.

"1101.19 Vacuum Sweeper. The vacuum sweeper shall have a minimum sweeping path of 52 in. (1.3 m) and a minimum blower rating of 20,000 cu ft per minute (566 cu m per minute)."

Add the following to Article 1102 of the Standard Specifications:

"1102.06 Spray Paver. The spreading and finishing machine shall be capable of spraying a rapid setting emulsion tack coat, paving a layer of HMA, and providing a smooth HMA mat in one pass. The HMA shall be spread over the tack coat in less than five seconds after the

application of the tack coat during normal paving speeds. No wheel or other part of the paving machine shall come into contact with the tack coat before the HMA is applied. In addition to meeting the requirements of Article 1102.03, the spray paver shall also meet the requirements of Article 1102.05 for the tank, heating system, pump, thermometer, tachometer or synchronizer, and calibration. The spray bar shall be equipped with properly sized and spaced nozzles to apply a uniform application of tack coat at the specified rate for the full width of the mat being placed.”

80348

INSERTION LINING OF CULVERTS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2013
Revised: November 1, 2013

"SECTION 543. INSERTION LINING OF CULVERTS

543.01 Description. This work shall consist of insertion lining of existing pipe culverts and grouting of the annular space between the existing culvert and the liner.

543.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Polyethylene (PE) Solid Wall Pipe with a Smooth Interior (Note 1) | 1040.04 |
| (b) Polyethylene (PE) Profile Wall Pipe (Note 1) | 1040.04 |
| (c) Reinforced Plastic Mortar (RPM) Pipe (Note 1) | 1040.05 |
| (d) Corrugated PVC with a Smooth Interior (Note 1) | 1040.03 |
| (e) Corrugated Steel Pipe (Note 1)(Note 3)..... | 1006.01 |
| (f) Steel Casing (Note 1)(Note 4)..... | 1006.05(d) |
| (g) Grout Mixture (Note 2) | 1024.01 |
| (h) Portland Cement Concrete..... | 1020 |
| (i) Controlled Low-Strength Material..... | 1019 |
| (j) Cellular Concrete | 1029 |

Note 1. Insertion linings are specified according to the existing pipe's inside diameter to be lined. Unless the Contractor can demonstrate by calculation that a small cross sectional area is hydraulically equivalent or better, the insertion lining shall provide a minimum of 72 percent of the cross sectional opening of the existing culvert for diameters under 5 ft (1.5 m), 82 percent for culverts between 5 and 10 ft (1.5 and 3 m) in diameter, and 90 percent for culverts greater than 10 ft (3 m) in diameter.

Any of the listed liner materials are permitted if the cross sectional area requirement is met and the liner is structurally adequate to handle the dead and live loads per current AASHTO LRFD Design Standards without the existing culvert taken into consideration.

Note 2. The grout mixture shall be 6.50 hundredweight/cu yd (385 kg/cu m) of portland cement plus fine aggregate and water. Fly ash may replace a maximum of 5.25 hundredweight/cu yd (310 kg/cu m) of the portland cement. The water/cement ratio, according to Article 1020.06, shall not exceed 0.60. An air-entraining admixture shall be used to produce an air content, according to Article 1020.08, of not less than 6.0 percent nor more than 9.0 percent of the volume of the grout. The Contractor shall have the option to use a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture.

Note 3. Corrugated metal pipe shall be spiral ribbed or double walled with a smooth interior and shall be polymer coated or Aluminized Steel Type 2.

Note 4. For pipe diameter 24 in. (600 mm) and less, use 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) minimum wall thickness, and for pipe 36 in. (900 mm) and above use 1/2 in. (13 mm) minimum wall thickness.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

543.03 General. The Contractor shall submit a work plan at least 15 days prior to the start of work, detailing the methods for cleaning and preparing the existing culvert, the method(s) for joining the liner segments, the method for advancing the liner into the existing culvert, the process to fill the annular space and the proposed grout or cellular concrete mix design, and a list of potential corrective actions to address common installation issues that may arise. When applicable the method(s) for reconnecting or perpetuating existing lateral connections shall also be submitted. The Contractor shall verify that the specified liner can be installed and enough room remains to adequately fill the annular space remaining prior to ordering any materials. If a problem is discovered it shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer for resolution before ordering any materials.

Individual liner section lengths shall be planned to have no more than three joints per 50 ft (15 m) of pipe length unless approved by the Engineer.

Existing deformed culvert structures that require ovalled liners shall be lined with initial round solid wall PE pipe modified to an oval shape or elongated corrugated metal pipe.

All obvious cavities outside the existing culvert shall be filled with controlled low-strength material prior to the liner installation or with material placed in conjunction with filling the annular space between the liner and existing culvert.

Prior to commencing the liner installation, all jagged existing culvert edges or other deformities shall be repaired. All foreign material shall be removed from the existing culvert.

Joints shall be watertight and meet a 10.8 psi (74 kPa) laboratory test per ASTM D 3212. A mechanical coupler or male and female joint design shall use a gasket meeting ASTM F 477.

Joints shall have sufficient longitudinal or axial compression strength to withstand a maximum compressive force of 100 lbs/in. (17.5 N/mm) of outside diameter circumference in compression while maintaining joint integrity when tested.

Joints shall have sufficient pull-apart strength to withstand maximum tensile force of 100 lbs/in. (17.5 N/mm) of outside diameter circumference in tension without joint disassembly when tested.

Joints shall provide sufficient longitudinal or axial strength to preserve liner alignment, prevent separation at the joints, and maintain integrity while pushing or pulling pipe lengths into existing culverts. Joints shall be mechanical, fusion welded, or male and female joint connections. Mechanical or male and female joint connections shall be an integral part of the

liner. Alternatively, the mechanical joint, male and female joints, or pipe ends may be heat fused provided that the fusion process meets the requirements of ASTM F 2620 and that the fused connection is water tight, and shall not reduce the inside diameter or enlarge the outside diameter of the liner being joined by 1/4 in. (6 mm).

If a liner is fusion welded, it shall be welded with a continuous weld for the circumference of the liner both inside and outside. The ends of liners that are to be welded or fused shall be at the same ambient temperature ± 5 °F (2.8 °C) and alignment bands shall be utilized. Welding, fusing, or joining shall be performed at all times by an installer trained and certified by either the liner's manufacturer or the welding, fusing, or joining equipment manufacturer. A copy of the welder's, fuser's, or joiner's certificate shall be provided to the Engineer prior to the start of work.

RPM liners or corrugated PVC liners with a smooth interior shall be joined according to the manufacturer's recommendations using joint lubricant. The joining may be accomplished in a jacking pit or other convenient location where the assembled liner can be brought into alignment with the existing culvert bore without damage. The Engineer will approve each joint before each section of liner is inserted.

The insertion may be made by pushing or pulling the assembled liner from either end of the culvert or if the size permits assembling inside the existing culvert. The Engineer may require the liner to have a temporary nose cone or plug to guide the liner past minor obstructions. The insertion operation shall not cause joints to separate nor damage the liner.

After the liner has been completely inserted and has been inspected in place by the Engineer, it shall be cut off 8 in. (200 mm) past the ends of the existing culvert or as otherwise directed by the Engineer. The liner shall be allowed to cool to the temperature of the existing culvert before it is cut off. The entire length of the annular space between the existing culvert and the liner shall be filled with a grout or cellular concrete.

Prior to filling the annular space, the upstream and downstream ends of the annular space shall have concrete bulkheads constructed to contain the grout mixture. The bulkheads shall be constructed with Class SI concrete. Alternative materials for the bulkhead as recommend by the pipe lining manufacturer may be used if approved by the Engineer. The bulkheads shall extend inward a minimum depth of 18 in. (450 mm) from the ends of the culvert. A method of venting through the bulkheads or grouting ports at the crown shall be utilized to allow air to escape when pumping material and to allow verification that the annular space has been filled.

When the grout or cellular concrete is pumped into the annular space, the Contractor shall prevent the floating of the liner. This shall be accomplished by any of the following methods.

- (a) Intermittent Pumping Method. Small amounts of material shall be pumped into the annular space and allowed to harden. This shall continue until the bond between the liner and material is sufficient to resist floating. The remainder of the annular space shall then be filled.

- (b) Bracing Method. Braces shall be installed in the annular space to prevent floating of the liner. Only braces which do not damage the liner shall be used. Bracing shall run parallel to the culvert.
- (c) Water Fill Method. The liner shall be temporarily filled with water before filling the annular space with grout.

The pumping operation shall completely fill the annular space along the entire length, but shall be performed in a manner that does not distort the liner. The pressure developed in the annular space shall not exceed the liner manufacturer's recommended value. The air temperature at time of placement and for 24 hours thereafter shall be a minimum of 35 °F (2 °C). The temperature of the cellular concrete at point of discharge shall be a minimum of 45 °F (7 °C) and a maximum of 95 °F (35 °C).

The grout or cellular concrete mixture shall have a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 150 psi (1035 kPa). The Engineer will sample the grout or cellular concrete a minimum of once each day for compression strength during production. Mold the grout specimens according to ASTM C 1107, and the cellular concrete according to ASTM C 495. For each test, three 2 in. x 2 in. (50 mm x 50 mm) specimens will be molded for the grout and four 3 in. x 6 in. (75 mm x 150 mm) specimens will be molded for the cellular concrete. The specimens shall be stored in a temperature range of 60 to 80 °F (16 to 27 °C) for the first 24-72 hours, and the Contractor shall provide a field curing box. After this time, the Engineer will transport the specimens to the laboratory for curing and testing. The grout will be tested for compressive strength according to ASTM C 109, and the cellular concrete will be tested for compressive strength according to ASTM C 495.

Upon completion of the pumping operation, all remaining unfilled vent holes including those at both the upstream and downstream ends shall be filled with a nonshrink grout. Only enough water to make a stiff but workable nonshrink grout shall be used. The air temperature at time of placement and for 24 hours thereafter shall be a minimum of 35 °F (2 °C).

543.04 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment in place in feet (meters).

Excavation in rock will be measured for payment according to Article 502.12.

543.05 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for INSERTION CULVERT LINER for the existing size specified.

Excavation in rock will be paid for according to Article 502.13.”

Revise Section 1040.04(d) of the Standard Specifications to read as follows.

“(d) PE Solid Wall Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 714 (DR 32.5) or ASTM F 2720 (SIDR 35), with a minimum cell classification of PE 335434 as defined in ASTM D 3350.

- (1) Pipe Culverts. The section properties shall be according to AASHTO's Section 17. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets AASHTO's Section 17 properties and the resin used to manufacture the pipe meets or exceeds the minimum cell classification requirements.
- (2) Insertion Lining. When used for insertion lining of culverts, the pipe liner for pipe diameters up to 63 in. (1600 mm) shall be according to AASHTO M 326.
- (3) Oval shaped pipe liners. Standard round size pipe may be ovalled by compression so as to allow liner installation in deformed existing structures to maximize hydraulic capacity. Compression ovaling shall be performed by the pipe supplier at their facility. Compression ovaling will not be permitted in the field or on the construction site. An ovalled liner may not be compressed to a rise/span ratio less than 0.7 unless approved by the Engineer. Ovalled liners shall be strutted in both the horizontal and vertical axis so as to maintain the oval shape when the compressive source is removed. Struts and bracing shall result in a uniform shaped culvert. Struts shall not be removed until the liner has been completely installed and the grout or cellular concrete has fully cured to its minimum compressive strength."

Add the following Section to the Standard Specifications.

"SECTION 1029. CELLULAR CONCRETE

1029.01 Description. This item shall consist of the materials and equipment to manufacture cellular concrete.

1029.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) Portland Cement | 1001 |
| (b) Fly Ash | 1010 |
| (c) Water..... | 1002 |
| (d) Fine Aggregate..... | 1003 |
| (e) Concrete Admixtures..... | 1021 |
| (f) Foaming Agent (Note 1) | |

Note 1. The foaming agent shall be according to ASTM C 869 and be listed on the Department's Approved List of Foaming Agents for Cellular Concrete. The manufacturer shall provide an infrared spectrophotometer trace no more than five years old. When the infrared spectrophotometer trace is more than seven years old, a new one shall be provided.

1029.03 Equipment. Equipment shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|--|-----------------|
| (a) Concrete Mixers and Trucks | 1103.01 |
| (b) Batching and Weighing Equipment | 1103.02 |
| (c) Automatic and Semi-Automatic Batching Equipment..... | 1103.03 |
| (d) Water Supply Equipment | 1103.11 |
| (e) Mobile Portland Cement Concrete Plants | 1103.04 |
| (f) Foam Generator (Note 1) | |
| (g) Mobile Site Batch Plants (Note 2) | |

Note 1. Foam generating equipment shall be calibrated daily to produce an accurate volume of foam.

Note 2. Mobile site batch plants shall be capable of mixing and pumping cellular concrete, and shall have a minimum 1 cu yd (0.76 cu m) capacity. Mobile site plants shall be calibrated before the start of a project and during the project as necessary.”

80315

LRFD PIPE CULVERT BURIAL TABLES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013

Revised: November 1, 2014

Revise Article 542.02 of the Standard Specifications to read as follows:

| "Item | Article/Section |
|--|-----------------|
| (a) Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe | 1006.01 |
| (b) Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch | 1006.01 |
| (c) Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe | 1006.01 |
| (d) Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch | 1006.01 |
| (e) Reserved | |
| (f) Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe | 1006.01 |
| (g) Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe Arch | 1006.01 |
| (h) Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe | 1006.01 |
| (i) Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch | 1006.01 |
| (j) Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe | 1006.03 |
| (k) Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe Arch | 1006.03 |
| (l) Extra Strength Clay Pipe | 1040.02 |
| (m) Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe | 1042 |
| (n) Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe | 1042 |
| (o) Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe..... | 1042 |
| (p) Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe | 1042 |
| (q) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe | 1040.03 |
| (r) Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior | 1040.03 |
| (s) Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) pipe with smooth Interior | 1040.07 |
| (t) Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior | 1040.04 |
| (u) Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior | 1040.04 |
| (v) Rubber Gaskets and Preformed Flexible Joint Sealants for Concrete Pipe | 1056 |
| (w) Mastic Joint Sealer for Pipe | 1055 |
| (x) External Sealing Band | 1057 |
| (y) Fine Aggregate (Note 1) | 1003.04 |
| (z) Coarse Aggregate (Note 2) | 1004.05 |
| (aa) Packaged Rapid Hardening Mortar or Concrete | 1018 |
| (bb) Nonshrink Grout | 1024.02 |
| (cc) Reinforcement Bars and Welded Wire Fabric | 1006.10 |
| (dd) Handling Hole Plugs | 1042.16 |

Note 1. The fine aggregate shall be moist.

Note 2. The coarse aggregate shall be wet."

Revise the table for permitted materials in Article 542.03 of the Standard Specifications as follows:

| Class | Materials |
|-------|---|
| A | Rigid Pipes: Extra Strength Clay Pipe Concrete Sewer Storm Drain and Culvert Pipe, Class 3 Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe |
| C | Rigid Pipes: Extra Strength Clay Pipe Concrete Sewer Storm Drain and Culvert Pipe, Class 3 Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Flexible Pipes: Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe Arch Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe Arch Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with Smooth Interior |
| D | Rigid Pipes: Extra Strength Clay Pipe Concrete Sewer Storm Drain and Culvert Pipe, Class 3 Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe Flexible Pipes: Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe Bituminous Coated Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe Aluminized Steel Type 2 Corrugated Pipe Arch Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Precoated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe Arch Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior Polyethylene (PE) Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) Pipe with Smooth Interior |

Revise Articles 542.03(b) and (c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Extra strength clay pipe will only be permitted for pipe culverts Type 1, for 10 in., 12 in., 42 in. and 48 in. (250 mm, 300 mm, 1050 mm and 1200 mm), Types 2, up to and including 48 in. (1200 mm), Type 3, up to and including 18 in. (450 mm), Type 4 up to and including 10 in. (250 mm), for all pipe classes.

(c) Concrete sewer, storm drain, and culvert pipe Class 3 will only be permitted for pipe culverts Type 1, up to and including 10 in (250 mm), Type 2, up to and including 30 in. (750 mm), Type 3, up to and including 15 in. (375 mm); Type 4, up to and including 10 in. (250 mm), for all pipe classes.”

Replace the pipe tables in Article 542.03 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"Table IA: Classes of Reinforced Concrete Pipe
for the Respective Diameters of Pipe and Fill Heights over the Top of the Pipe

| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 1 | Type 2 | Type 3 | Type 4 | Type 5 | Type 6 | Type 7 |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Fill Height: 3' and less 1' min cover | Fill Height: Greater than 3' not exceeding 10' | Fill Height: Greater than 10' not exceeding 15' | Fill Height: Greater than 15' not exceeding 20' | Fill Height: Greater than 20' not exceeding 25' | Fill Height: Greater than 25' not exceeding 30' | Fill Height: Greater than 30' not exceeding 35' |
| 12 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 15 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 18 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 21 | III | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 24 | III | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 30 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 36 | III | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 42 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 48 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 54 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 60 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 66 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 72 | II | II | III | IV | V | V | V |
| 78 | II | II | III | IV | 2020 | 2370 | 2730 |
| 84 | II | II | III | IV | 2020 | 2380 | 2740 |
| 90 | II | II | III | 1680 | 2030 | 2390 | 2750 |
| 96 | II | III | III | 1690 | 2040 | 2400 | 2750 |
| 102 | II | III | III | 1700 | 2050 | 2410 | 2760 |
| 108 | II | III | 1360 | 1710 | 2060 | 2410 | 2770 |

Notes:

A number indicates the D-Load for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required.
Design assumptions: Water filled pipe, Type 2 bedding and Class C Walls

Table IA: Classes of Reinforced Concrete Pipe for the Respective Diameters of Pipe and Fill Heights over the Top of the Pipe (Metric)

| Nominal Diameter mm | Type 1 | Type 2 | Type 3 | Type 4 | Type 5 | Type 6 | Type 7 |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| | Fill Height: 1 m and less 0.3 m min cover | Fill Height: Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m | Fill Height: Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m | Fill Height: Greater than 4.5 m not exceeding 6 m | Fill Height: Greater than 6 m not exceeding 7.5 m | Fill Height: Greater than 7.5 m not exceeding 9 m | Fill Height: Greater than 9 m not exceeding 10.5 m |
| 300 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 375 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 450 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 525 | III | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 600 | III | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 750 | IV | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 900 | III | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 1050 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 1200 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 1350 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 1500 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 1650 | II | II | III | IV | IV | V | V |
| 1800 | II | II | III | IV | V | V | V |
| 1950 | II | II | III | IV | 100 | 110 | 130 |
| 2100 | II | II | III | IV | 100 | 110 | 130 |
| 2250 | II | II | III | 80 | 100 | 110 | 130 |
| 2400 | II | III | III | 80 | 100 | 110 | 130 |
| 2550 | II | III | III | 80 | 100 | 120 | 130 |
| 2700 | II | III | 70 | 80 | 100 | 120 | 130 |

Notes:

A number indicates the D-Load for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required.
Design assumptions: Water filled pipe, Type 2 bedding and Class C Walls

| TABLE IB: THICKNESS OF CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE FOR 2 2/3"x1/2", 3"x1" AND 5"x1" CORRUGATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|--|----------------|---|----------------|---|----------------|---|----------------|---|----------------|---|----------------|
| Nominal Diameter in. | Type 1 | | Type 2 | | Type 3 | | Type 4 | | Type 5 | | Type 6 | | Type 7 | |
| | Fill Height: 3' and less 1' min. cover | | Fill Height: Greater than 3' not exceeding 10' | | Fill Height: Greater than 10' not exceeding 15' | | Fill Height: Greater than 15' not exceeding 20' | | Fill Height: Greater than 20' not exceeding 25' | | Fill Height: Greater than 25' not exceeding 30' | | Fill Height: Greater than 30' not exceeding 35' | |
| | 2 2/3" x 1/2" | 3"x1" 5"x1" | 2 2/3" x 1/2" | 3"x1" 5"x1" | 2 2/3" x 1/2" | 3"x1" 5"x1" | 2 2/3" x 1/2" | 3"x1" 5"x1" | 2 2/3" x 1/2" | 3"x1" 5"x1" | 2 2/3" x 1/2" | 3"x1" 5"x1" | 2 2/3" x 1/2" | 3"x1" 5"x1" |
| 12 | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | |
| 15 | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | |
| 18 | (0.079) | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | (0.079) | | (0.079) | |
| 21 | (0.079) | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | (0.079) | | (0.079) | | (0.079) | |
| 24 | (0.079) | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | (0.079) | | (0.079) | | (0.109) | |
| 30 | (0.109E) | | 0.064 | | 0.064 | | (0.079) | | (0.079) | | (0.109) | | 0.109 | |
| 36 | (0.109E) | | 0.064 | | (0.079) | | (0.079) | | (0.109) | | 0.109 | | (0.138E) | |
| 42 | 0.079 | | 0.064 | | (0.079) | | (0.079) | | (0.109) | | (0.109E) | | (0.109E) | |
| 48 | 0.109 | (0.109) | 0.109 | 0.079 | 0.079 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 |
| 54 | 0.109 | (0.109) | 0.109 | 0.079 | 0.079 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.138E | 0.138 |
| 60 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.079 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.138E | 0.138 | 0.138E | 0.138 |
| 66 | (0.138) | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.079 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.138E | 0.138 | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 72 | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.109) | 0.138 | (0.109) | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.138) | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 78 | 0.168 | 0.109 | 0.168 | (0.109) | 0.168 | (0.109) | 0.168 | 0.109 | 0.168 | (0.138) | 0.168E | 0.168E | 0.168E | 0.168E |
| 84 | 0.168 | (0.138) | 0.168 | (0.109) | 0.168 | (0.109) | 0.168 | 0.109 | 0.168 | (0.138) | 0.168E | 0.168E | 0.168E | 0.168E |
| 90 | | (0.138) | (0.138) | (0.109) | 0.109 | (0.138) | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.138) | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 96 | | (0.138) | (0.138) | (0.109) | 0.109 | (0.138) | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.138) | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 102 | | 0.109Z | 0.109Z | (0.109) | 0.109 | (0.138) | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.138) | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 108 | | 0.109Z | (0.138Z) | 0.109 | 0.109 | (0.138) | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.138) | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 114 | | 0.109Z | (0.138Z) | 0.109 | 0.109 | (0.138) | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.138) | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 120 | | 0.109Z | (0.138Z) | 0.109 | 0.109 | (0.138) | 0.138 | 0.109 | 0.138 | (0.138) | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 126 | | 0.138Z | 0.138Z | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 132 | | 0.138Z | 0.138Z | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 138 | | 0.138Z | 0.138Z | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138 | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E | 0.138E |
| 144 | | 0.168Z | 0.168Z | 0.168 | 0.168 | 0.168 | 0.168 | 0.168 | 0.168 | 0.168 | 0.168E | 0.168E | 0.168E | 0.168E |

Notes:
* Aluminized Type 2 Steel or Precoated Galvanized Steel shall be required for diameters up to 42" according to Article 1006.01. 1 1/2" x 1/4" corrugations shall be used for diameters less than 12".
Thickesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized.
E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e)
Z 1'-6" Minimum fill

| TABLE IB: THICKNESS OF CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE FOR 68 mm x 13 mm, 75 mm x 25 mm AND 125 mm x 25 mm CORRUGATIONS (Metric) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------|---------|----------|
| Nominal Diameter mm * | Type 1 Fill Height | | Type 2 Fill Height | | Type 3 Fill Height | | Type 4 Fill Height | | Type 5 Fill Height | | Type 6 Fill Height | | Type 7 Fill Height | | |
| | 1 m and less 0.3 m min. cover | Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m | Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m | Greater than 4.5 m not exceeding 6 m | Greater than 6 m not exceeding 7.5 m | Greater than 7.5 m not exceeding 9 m | Greater than 9 m not exceeding 10.5 m | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 68 x 13 | 75 x 25 | 125 x 25 | 68 x 13 | 75 x 25 | 125 x 25 | 68 x 13 | 75 x 25 | 125 x 25 | 68 x 13 | 75 x 25 | 125 x 25 | 68 x 13 | 75 x 25 | 125 x 25 |
| 375 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.01) | (2.01) |
| 450 | (2.01) | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.01) | (2.01) | (2.01) |
| 525 | (2.01) | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.01) | (2.01) | (2.01) |
| 600 | (2.01) | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.01) | (2.01) | (2.01) |
| 750 | (2.77E) | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) |
| 900 | (2.77E) | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) |
| 1050 | 2.01 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.77E) | (2.77E) | (2.77E) |
| 1200 | 2.77 | (2.77) | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 |
| 1350 | 2.77 | (2.77) | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 |
| 1500 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 |
| 1650 | (3.51) | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 |
| 1800 | 3.51 | 2.77 | (3.51) | 3.51 | (2.77) | (2.77) | 3.51 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 |
| 1950 | 4.27 | 2.77 | (3.51) | 4.27 | (2.77) | 2.77 | 4.27 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 |
| 2100 | 4.27 | (3.51) | (3.51) | 4.27 | (2.77) | 2.77 | 4.27 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 |
| 2250 | | (3.51) | (3.51) | | (2.77) | 2.77 | | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | | | |
| 2400 | | (3.51) | (3.51) | | (2.77) | 2.77 | | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | | | |
| 2550 | | 2.77Z | 2.77Z | | (2.77) | 2.77 | | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | | | |
| 2700 | | 2.77Z | (3.51Z) | | 2.77 | 2.77 | | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | | | |
| 2850 | | 2.77Z | (3.51Z) | | 2.77 | 2.77 | | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | | | |
| 3000 | | 2.77Z | (3.51Z) | | 2.77 | 2.77 | | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | | | |
| 3150 | | 3.51Z | 3.51Z | | 3.51 | 3.51 | | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | | | |
| 3300 | | 3.51Z | 3.51Z | | 3.51 | 3.51 | | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | | | |
| 3450 | | 3.51Z | 3.51Z | | 3.51 | 3.51 | | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | | | |
| 3600 | | 4.27Z | 4.27Z | | 4.27 | 4.27 | | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | | | |

Notes:
* Aluminized Type 2 Steel or Precoated Galvanized Steel shall be required for diameters up to 1050 mm according to Article 1006.01, 38 mm x 6.5 mm corrugations shall be used for diameters less than 300 mm.
Thickneses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized.
A thickness preceded by an "H" indicates only helical seam fabrication is allowed.
E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e)
Z 450 mm Minimum Fill

| TABLE IC: THICKNESS OF CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE FOR 2 2/3"x1/2" AND 3"x1" CORRUGATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| Nominal Diameter | Type 1 | | Type 2 | | Type 3 | | Type 4 | | Type 5 | | Type 6 | | Type 7 | |
| | Fill Height: | 3' and less 1' min. cover | Fill Height: | Greater than 3' not exceeding 10' | Fill Height: | Greater than 10' not exceeding 15' | Fill Height: | Greater than 15' not exceeding 20' | Fill Height: | Greater than 20' not exceeding 25' | Fill Height: | Greater than 25' not exceeding 30' | Fill Height: | Greater than 30' not exceeding 35' |
| | 2 2/3"x1/2" | 3"x1" | 2 2/3"x1/2" | 3"x1" | 2 2/3"x1/2" | 3"x1" | 2 2/3"x1/2" | 3"x1" | 2 2/3"x1/2" | 3"x1" | 2 2/3"x1/2" | 3"x1" | 2 2/3"x1/2" | 3"x1" |
| 12 | (0.075) | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | |
| 15 | (0.075) | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | |
| 18 | (0.075) | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | |
| 21 | H 0.060E | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | |
| 24 | (0.105E) | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | | 0.060 | |
| 30 | H 0.075E | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 |
| 36 | (0.135E) | H 0.060E | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 | 0.075 | H 0.060 |
| 42 | 0.105E | (0.075) | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 |
| 48 | 0.105E | (0.075) | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 |
| 54 | 0.105E | (0.105) | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 | 0.105 | 0.060 |
| 60 | 0.135E | (0.105) | 0.135 | 0.060 | 0.135 | (0.075) | 0.135 | (0.075) | 0.135 | (0.105) | 0.135 | (0.105) | 0.135 | (0.105) |
| 66 | 0.164E | (0.105) | 0.164 | 0.060 | 0.164 | (0.075) | 0.164 | (0.075) | 0.164 | (0.105) | 0.164 | (0.105) | 0.164 | (0.105) |
| 72 | 0.164E | (0.105) | 0.164 | 0.060 | 0.164 | (0.075) | 0.164 | (0.075) | 0.164 | (0.105) | 0.164 | (0.105) | 0.164 | (0.105) |
| 78 | (0.135) | (0.135) | 0.075 | 0.075 | 0.105 | (0.105) | 0.105 | (0.105) | 0.105 | (0.135) | 0.135 | (0.135) | 0.135 | (0.135) |
| 84 | (0.135) | (0.135) | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 |
| 90 | (0.135) | (0.135) | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 |
| 96 | (0.135) | (0.135) | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.105 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 |
| 102 | 0.135Z | 0.135Z | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 |
| 108 | 0.135Z | 0.135Z | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.135 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 |
| 114 | 0.164Z | 0.164Z | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 |
| 120 | 0.164Z | 0.164Z | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 | 0.164 |

Notes:

Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "0" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized.
 A thickness preceded by an "H" indicates only helical seam fabrication is allowed.

E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e), the elongation requirement for Type 1 fill heights may be eliminated for fills above 1'-6"

Z 1'-6" Minimum fill

| TABLE IC: THICKNESS OF CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE FOR 68 mm x 13 mm AND 75 mm x 25 mm CORRUGATIONS (Metric) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Nominal Diameter | Type 1 | | Type 2 | | Type 3 | | Type 4 | | Type 5 | | Type 6 | | Type 7 | |
| | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: | Fill Height: |
| | 1 m and less 0.3 m min. cover | Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m | Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m | Greater than 4.5 m not exceeding 6 m | Greater than 6 m not exceeding 7.5 m | Greater than 7.5 m not exceeding 9 m | Greater than 9 m not exceeding 10.5 m | | | | | | | |
| | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm |
| 300 | (1.91) | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | |
| 375 | (1.91) | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | |
| 450 | (1.91) | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | |
| 525 | H 1.52E | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | |
| 600 | (2.67E) | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | |
| 750 | H 1.91E | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | |
| 900 | (3.43E) | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | 1.91 | H 1.52 | |
| 1050 | 2.67E | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 2.67E | H 1.52E |
| 1200 | 2.67E | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 2.67E | (2.67E) |
| 1350 | 2.67E | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 1.52 | 2.67 | 2.67E | (3.43E) |
| 1500 | 3.43E | 3.43 | 1.52 | 3.43 | 1.52 | 3.43 | 1.52 | 3.43 | 1.52 | 3.43 | 1.52 | 3.43 | 3.43E | (3.43E) |
| 1650 | 4.17E | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 4.17E | (3.43E) |
| 1800 | 4.17E | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 1.52 | 4.17 | 4.17E | (3.43E) |
| 1950 | (3.43) | 1.91 | (2.67) | 1.91 | (2.67) | 1.91 | (2.67) | 1.91 | (2.67) | 1.91 | (2.67) | 1.91 | 4.17E | (4.17E) |
| 2100 | (3.43) | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 4.17E | (4.17E) |
| 2250 | (3.43) | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 4.17E | (4.17E) |
| 2400 | (3.43) | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 4.17E | (4.17E) |
| 2550 | 3.43Z | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 4.17E | H 3.43E |
| 2700 | 3.43Z | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 4.17E | H 3.43E |
| 2850 | 4.17Z | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17E | H 4.17E |
| 3000 | 4.17Z | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17E | H 4.17E |

Notes:
 Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized.
 A thickness preceded by an "H" indicates only helical seam fabrication is allowed.
 E Elongation according to Article 542.04(e), the elongation requirement for Type 1 fill heights may be eliminated for fills above 450 mm.
 Z 450 mm Minimum fill

| Table IIA: THICKNESS FOR CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE ARCHES AND CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE ARCHES FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------|---|------------|--|------------|---|------------|---|------------|---|------------|------------|
| Equivalent Round Size (in.) | Type 1 | | | | Type 2 | | | | Type 3 | | | | |
| | Fill Height: 3' and less | | | | Fill Height: Greater than 3' not exceeding 10' | | | | Fill Height: Greater than 10' not exceeding 15' | | | | |
| | Corrugated Steel & Aluminum Pipe Arch 2 2/3" x 1/2" | | Corrugated Steel & Aluminum Pipe Arch 3" x 1" | | Corrugated Steel Rise Pipe Arch 5" x 1" | | Corrugated Steel Rise Pipe Arch 5" x 1" | | Corrugated Steel Rise Pipe Arch 5" x 1" | | Corrugated Steel Rise Pipe Arch 5" x 1" | | |
| Span (in.) | Rise (in.) | Span (in.) | Rise (in.) | Span (in.) | Rise (in.) | Span (in.) | Rise (in.) | Span (in.) | Rise (in.) | Span (in.) | Rise (in.) | Span (in.) | Rise (in.) |
| 15 | 17 | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 21 | 15 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | 24 | 18 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 28 | 20 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 35 | 24 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 42 | 29 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | 49 | 33 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 48 | 57 | 38 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 54 | 64 | 43 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 71 | 47 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | 77 | 52 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | 83 | 57 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 84 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 90 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 96 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 102 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 114 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 120 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

- * Aluminized Type 2 Steel or Precoated Galvanized Steel shall be required for steel spans up to 42" according to Article 1006.01.
- Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized.
- The Type 1 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 3 tons per square foot.
- The Type 2 and 3 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 2 tons per square foot.
- This minimum bearing capacity will be determined by the Engineer in the field.

Table IIA: THICKNESS FOR CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE ARCHES AND CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY PIPE ARCHES FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE (Metric)

| Equivalent Round Size (mm) | Corrugated Steel & Aluminum Pipe Arch 68 x 13 mm | | Corrugated Steel & Aluminum Pipe Arch 75 x 25 mm | | Corrugated Steel Pipe Arch 125 x 25 mm | | Min. Cover | | Type 1 Fill Height: 1 m and less | | | | | | Type 2 Fill Height: Greater than 1 m not exceeding 3 m | | | | | | Type 3 Fill Height: Greater than 3 m not exceeding 4.5 m | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|------------------|------------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|------------|------------|--------|--|--|
| | Span (mm)* | Rise (mm) | Span (mm) | Rise (mm) | Span (mm) | Rise (mm) | Steel & Aluminum | Steel | | Aluminum | | Steel | | Aluminum | | Steel | | Aluminum | | Steel | | Aluminum | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | 68 x 13 mm | 75 x 25 mm | | | |
| 375 | 430 | 330 | | | | | Steel & Aluminum | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.52 | 1.52 | | |
| 450 | 530 | 380 | | | | | 0.5 m | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | | |
| 525 | 610 | 460 | | | | | 0.5 m | 1.63 | 1.63 | (1.91) | 1.91 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | | |
| 600 | 710 | 510 | | | | | 0.5 m | (2.01) | (2.01) | (2.67) | 2.67 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.91 | | |
| 750 | 870 | 630 | | | | | 0.5 m | (2.01) | (2.01) | (2.67) | 2.67 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | (2.01) | (2.01) | (2.67) | | |
| 900 | 1060 | 740 | | | | | 0.5 m | (2.01) | (2.01) | 2.67 | 2.67 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | | |
| 1050 | 1240 | 840 | | | | | 0.5 m | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.67 | 2.67 | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | | |
| 1200 | 1440 | 970 | 1340 | 1050 | 1340 | 1050 | 0.5 m | 2.77 | 2.77 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | | |
| 1350 | 1620 | 1100 | 1520 | 1170 | 1520 | 1170 | 0.5 m | 2.77 | 2.77 | 4.17 | 4.17 | (1.91) | (1.91) | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | | |
| 1500 | 1800 | 1200 | 1670 | 1300 | 1670 | 1300 | 0.5 m | 3.51 | 3.51 | 4.17 | 4.17 | (1.91) | (1.91) | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | | |
| 1650 | 1950 | 1320 | 1850 | 1400 | 1850 | 1400 | 0.5 m | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.91 | | |
| 1800 | 2100 | 1450 | 2050 | 1500 | 2050 | 1500 | 0.5 m | 4.27 | 4.27 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | | |
| 1950 | | | 2200 | 1620 | 2200 | 1620 | 0.5 m | | | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | | |
| 2100 | | | 2400 | 1720 | 2400 | 1720 | 0.5 m | | | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | | |
| 2250 | | | 2600 | 1820 | 2600 | 1820 | 0.5 m | | | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | (2.77) | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | | |
| 2400 | | | 2840 | 1920 | 2840 | 1920 | 0.5 m | | | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | | |
| 2550 | | | 2970 | 2020 | 2970 | 2020 | 0.5 m | | | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 4.17 | 4.17 | 4.17 | | |
| 2700 | | | 3240 | 2120 | 3240 | 2120 | 0.5 m | | | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | | |
| 2850 | | | 3470 | 2220 | 3470 | 2220 | 0.5 m | | | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.51 | | |
| 3000 | | | 3600 | 2320 | 3600 | 2320 | 0.5 m | | | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | | |

Notes:
 * Aluminized Type 2 Steel or Precoated Galvanized Steel shall be required for steel spans up to 1060 mm according to Article 1006.01. Thicknesses are based on longitudinal riveted seam fabrication, values in "()" can be reduced by one gage thickness if helical seam fabrication is utilized. The Type 1 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 290 kN per square meter. The Type 2 and 3 corrugated steel or aluminum pipe arches shall be placed on soil having a minimum bearing capacity of 192 kN per square meter. This minimum bearing capacity will be determined by the Engineer in the field.

| Table IIB: CLASSES OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELLIPTICAL AND REINFORCED CONCRETE ARCH PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|------|
| Equivalent Round Size (in.) | Reinforced Concrete Elliptical pipe (in.) | | Reinforced Concrete Arch pipe (in.) | | Minimum Cover | Type 1 | | Type 2 | | Type 3 | | |
| | Span | Rise | Span | Rise | | HE | Arch | HE | Arch | HE | Arch | |
| 15 | 23 | 14 | 18 | 11 | RCCP | HE & A | HE | Arch | HE | Arch | HE | Arch |
| 18 | 23 | 14 | 22 | 13 1/2 | 1'-0" | | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 21 | 30 | 19 | 26 | 15 1/2 | 1'-0" | | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 24 | 30 | 19 | 28 1/2 | 18 | 1'-0" | | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 27 | 34 | 22 | 36 1/4 | 22 1/2 | 1'-0" | | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 30 | 38 | 24 | 36 1/4 | 22 1/2 | 1'-0" | | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 36 | 45 | 29 | 43 3/4 | 26 5/8 | 1'-0" | | HE-II | A-II | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 42 | 53 | 34 | 51 1/8 | 31 5/16 | 1'-0" | | HE-I | A-I | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 48 | 60 | 38 | 58 1/2 | 36 | 1'-0" | | HE-I | A-I | HE-III | A-III | 1460 | 1450 |
| 54 | 68 | 43 | 65 | 40 | 1'-0" | | HE-I | A-I | HE-III | A-III | 1460 | 1460 |
| 60 | 76 | 48 | 73 | 45 | 1'-0" | | HE-I | A-I | HE-III | A-III | 1460 | 1470 |
| 66 | 83 | 53 | 88 | 54 | 1'-0" | | HE-I | A-I | HE-III | A-III | 1470 | 1480 |
| 72 | 91 | 58 | 88 | 54 | 1'-0" | | HE-I | A-I | HE-III | A-III | 1470 | 1480 |

Notes:

A number indicates the D-Load for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required. Design assumptions; Water filled pipe, AASHTO Type 2 installation per AASHTO LRFD Table 12.10.2.1-1

| Table 11B: CLASSES OF REINFORCED CONCRETE ELLIPTICAL AND REINFORCED CONCRETE ARCH PIPE FOR THE RESPECTIVE EQUIVALENT ROUND SIZE OF PIPE AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF PIPE (Metric) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------|------------------------------------|------|---------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------|
| Equivalent Round Size (mm) | Reinforced Concrete Elliptical pipe (mm) | | Reinforced Concrete Arch pipe (mm) | | Minimum Cover | Type 1 | | Type 2 | | Type 3 | |
| | Span | Rise | Span | Rise | | HE | Arch | HE | Arch | HE | Arch |
| 375 | 584 | 356 | 457 | 279 | RCCP HE & A | HE | Arch | HE | Arch | HE | Arch |
| 450 | 584 | 356 | 559 | 343 | 0.3 m | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 525 | 762 | 483 | 660 | 394 | 0.3 m | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 600 | 762 | 483 | 724 | 457 | 0.3 m | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 686 | 864 | 559 | 921 | 572 | 0.3 m | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 750 | 965 | 610 | 921 | 572 | 0.3 m | HE-III | A-III | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 900 | 1143 | 737 | 1111 | 676 | 0.3 m | HE-II | A-II | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 1050 | 1346 | 864 | 1299 | 795 | 0.3 m | HE-I | A-II | HE-III | A-III | HE-IV | A-IV |
| 1200 | 1524 | 965 | 1486 | 914 | 0.3 m | HE-I | A-II | HE-III | A-III | 70 | 70 |
| 1350 | 1727 | 1092 | 1651 | 1016 | 0.3 m | HE-I | A-II | HE-III | A-III | 70 | 70 |
| 1500 | 1930 | 1219 | 1854 | 1143 | 0.3 m | HE-I | A-II | HE-III | A-III | 70 | 70 |
| 1676 | 2108 | 1346 | 2235 | 1372 | 0.3 m | HE-I | A-II | HE-III | A-III | 70 | 70 |
| 1800 | 2311 | 1473 | 2235 | 1372 | 0.3 m | HE-I | A-II | HE-III | A-III | 70 | 70 |

Notes:

A number indicates the D-Load for the diameter and depth of fill and that a special design is required. Design assumptions; Water filled pipe, AASHTO Type 2 installation per AASHTO LRFD Table 12.10.2.1-1

| TABLE IIIA: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------|----|-----|-----|-----|---|------|----|-----|-----|-----|--|----|-----|-----|--|------|----|-----|
| Nominal Diameter (in.) | Type 1 Fill Height: 3' and less, with 1' min | | | | | | Type 2 Fill Height: Greater than 3', not exceeding 10' | | | | | | Type 3 Fill Height: Greater than 10', not exceeding 15' | | | | Type 4 Fill Height: Greater than 15', not exceeding 20' | | | |
| | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | CPP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPP |
| | 10 | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X |
| 12 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 15 | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | X |
| 18 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 21 | X | X | NA | NA | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA |
| 24 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 30 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 36 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 42 | X | NA | X | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |
| 48 | X | NA | X | X | X | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |

Notes:

- PVC Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior
- CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior
- PE Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior
- CPE Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior
- CPP Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) pipe with a smooth interior
- X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height
- NA Not Available

| TABLE IIIA: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE (Metric) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------|----|-----|-----|----|---|------|----|-----|-----|-----|---|----|-----|-----|---|------|----|----|
| Nominal Diameter (mm) | Type 1 Fill Height: 1 m and less, with 0.3 m min. cover | | | | | | Type 2 Fill Height: Greater than 1 m, not exceeding 3 m | | | | | | Type 3 Fill Height: Greater than 3 m, not exceeding 4.5 m | | | | Type 4 Fill Height: Greater than 4.5 m, not exceeding 6 m | | | |
| | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | PVC | CPVC | PE | CPE | CPP | PVC | CPVC | PE | |
| | 250 | X | X | X | X | NA | | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X |
| 300 | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | NA |
| 375 | X | X | NA | X | X | | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA | X |
| 450 | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | NA |
| 525 | X | X | NA | NA | NA | | X | X | NA | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA | NA | X | X | NA | NA |
| 600 | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 750 | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | NA | X | X | X | X | NA |
| 900 | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | NA | NA | X | X | X | NA |
| 1000 | X | NA | X | X | NA | | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |
| 1200 | X | NA | X | X | X | | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA | NA | X | NA | X | NA |

Notes:

- PVC Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior
- CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior
- PE Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior
- CPE Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior
- CPP Corrugated Polypropylene (CPP) pipe with a smooth interior
- X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height
- NA Not Available

| TABLE IIIIB: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE | | | | | | |
|---|--|------|--|------|--|------|
| Nominal Diameter (in.) | Type 5 | | Type 6 | | Type 7 | |
| | Fill Height: Greater than 20', not exceeding 25' | | Fill Height: Greater than 25', not exceeding 30' | | Fill Height: Greater than 30', not exceeding 35' | |
| | PVC | CPVC | PVC | CPVC | PVC | CPVC |
| 10 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 12 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 15 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 18 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 21 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 24 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 30 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 36 | X | X | X | X | | |
| 42 | X | NA | X | NA | NA | NA |
| 48 | X | NA | X | NA | NA | NA |

Notes:
PVC Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior
CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior
X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height
NA Not Available

| TABLE IIIIB: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE (metric) | | | | | | |
|---|--|------|--|------|---|----|
| Nominal Diameter (mm) | Type 5 | | Type 6 | | Type 7 | |
| | Fill Height: Greater than 6 m, not exceeding 7.5 m | | Fill Height: Greater than 7.5 m, not exceeding 9 m | | Fill Height: Greater than 9 m, not exceeding 10.5 m | |
| | PVC | CPVC | PVC | CPVC | CPVC | |
| 250 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 300 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 375 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 450 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 525 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 600 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 750 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 900 | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 1000 | X | NA | X | NA | NA | NA |
| 1200 | X | NA | X | NA | NA | NA |

Notes:

- PVC Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe with a smooth interior
- CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipe with a smooth interior
- PE Polyethylene (PE) pipe with a smooth interior
- X This material may be used for the given pipe diameter and fill height
- NA Not Available*

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 542.04(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Compacted aggregate, at least 4 in. (100 mm) in depth below the pipe culvert, shall be placed the entire width of the trench and for the length of the pipe culvert, except compacted impervious material shall be used for the outer 3 ft (1 m) at each end of the pipe culvert.”

Revise the seventh paragraph of Article 542.04(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“PVC, PE and CPP pipes shall be joined according to the manufacturer’s specifications.”

Replace the third sentence of the first paragraph of Article 542.04(h) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“The total cover required for various construction loadings shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.”

Delete “Table IV : Wheel Loads and Total Cover” in Article 542.04(h) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Article 542.04(i) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(i) Deflection Testing for Pipe Culverts. All PE, PVC and CPP pipe culverts shall be tested for deflection not less than 30 days after the pipe is installed and the backfill compacted. The testing shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer.

For PVC, PE, and CPP pipe culverts with diameters 24 in. (600 mm) or smaller, a mandrel drag shall be used for deflection testing. For PVC, PE, and CPP pipe culverts with diameters over 24 in. (600 mm), deflection measurements other than by a mandrel shall be used.”

Revise Articles 542.04(i)(1) and (2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(1) For all PVC pipe: as defined using ASTM D 3034 methodology.

(2) For all PE and CPP pipe: the average inside diameter based on the minimum and maximum tolerances specified in the corresponding ASTM or AASHTO material specifications.”

Revise the second sentence of the second paragraph of Article 542.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When a prefabricated end section is used, it shall be of the same material as the pipe culvert, except for polyethylene (PE), polyvinylchloride (PVC), and polypropylene (PP) pipes which shall have metal end sections."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1040.03 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe. Acceptance testing of PVC pipe and fittings shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which they are installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements."

Delete Articles 1040.03(e) and (f) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Articles 1040.04(c) and (d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) PE Profile Wall Pipe for Insertion Lining. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 894. When used for insertion lining of pipe culverts, the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 46 psi (317 kPa) at five percent deflection for nominal inside diameters of 42 in. (1050 mm) or less. For nominal inside diameters of greater than 42 in. (1050 mm), the pipe liner shall have a minimum pipe stiffness of 32.5 psi (225 kPa) at five percent deflection. All sizes shall have wall construction that presents essentially smooth internal and external surfaces.

(d) PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 714 (DR 32.5) with a minimum cell classification of PE 335434 as defined in ASTM D 3350. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties and the resin used to manufacture the pipe meets or exceeds the minimum cell classification requirements."

Add the following to Section 1040 of the Standard Specifications:

"1040.08 Polypropylene (PP) Pipe. Storage and handling shall be according to the manufacturer's recommendations, except in no case shall the pipe be exposed to direct sunlight for more than six months. Acceptance testing of the pipe shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which it is installed. The section properties shall be according to the manufacturer pre-submitted geometric properties on file with the Department. The manufacturer shall submit written certification that the material meets those properties. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements.

(a) Corrugated PP Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AAHSTO M 330 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type S or D.

(b) Perforated Corrugated PP Pipe with A Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to AASHTO M 330 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be

Type SP. In addition, the top centerline of the pipe shall be marked so that it is readily visible from the top of the trench before backfilling, and the upper ends of the slot perforations shall be a minimum of ten degrees below the horizontal."

80324

PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2013

Revise Article 109.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the quantity of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

Progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics' Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

If a Contractor or subcontractor has defaulted on a loan issued under the Department's Disadvantaged Business Revolving Loan Program (20 ILCS 2705/2705-610), progress payments may be reduced pursuant to the terms of that loan agreement. In such cases, the amount of the estimate related to the work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor, in default of the loan agreement, will be offset, in whole or in part, and vouchered by the Department to the Working Capital Revolving Fund or designated escrow account. Payment for the work shall be considered as issued and received by the Contractor or subcontractor on the date of the offset voucher. Further, the amount of the offset voucher shall be a credit against the Department's obligation to pay the Contractor, the Contractor's obligation to pay the subcontractor, and the Contractor's or subcontractor's total loan indebtedness to the Department. The offset shall continue until such time as the entire loan indebtedness is satisfied. The Department will notify the Contractor and Fund Control Agent in a timely manner of such offset. The Contractor or subcontractor shall not be entitled to additional payment in consideration of the offset.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved.”

80328

RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE (BDE)

Effective: December 1, 1986

Revised: January 1, 2006

Description. Railroad Protective Liability and Property Damage Liability Insurance shall be carried according to Article 107.11 of the Standard Specifications. A separate policy is required for each railroad unless otherwise noted.

| NAMED INSURED & ADDRESS | NUMBER & SPEED OF PASSENGER TRAINS | NUMBER & SPEED OF FREIGHT TRAINS |
|---|---|--|
| Kansas City Southern Railway 427 West 12th Street Kansas City, MO 64105-1403 | 0 | 8 @ 40 mph |
| DOT/AAR No.: 294542V RR Division: Midwest | RR Mile Post: 35.28 RR Sub-Division: Godfrey | |
| For Freight/Passenger Information Contact: Allen Pepper For Insurance Information Contact: Dennis Harber | | Phone: (662) 617-0727 Phone: (816) 983-1470 |

DOT/AAR No.:
RR Division:

RR Mile Post:
RR Sub-Division:

For Freight/Passenger Information Contact:
For Insurance Information Contact:

Phone:
Phone:

Approval of Insurance. The original and one certified copy of each required policy shall be submitted to the following address for approval:

Illinois Department of Transportation
Bureau of Design and Environment
2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 326
Springfield, Illinois 62764

The Contractor will be advised when the Department has received approval of the insurance from the railroad(s). Before any work begins on railroad right-of-way, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer evidence that the required insurance has been approved by the railroad(s). The Contractor shall also provide the Engineer with the expiration date of each required policy.

Basis of Payment. Providing Railroad Protective Liability and Property Damage Liability Insurance will be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum for RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE.

34261

RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND RECLAIMED ASPHALT SHINGLES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2012

Revise: January 2, 2015

Revise Section 1031 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“SECTION 1031. RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND RECLAIMED ASPHALT SHINGLES

1031.01 Description. Reclaimed asphalt pavement and reclaimed asphalt shingles shall be according to the following.

- (a) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP). RAP is the material produced by cold milling or crushing an existing hot-mix asphalt (HMA) pavement. The Contractor shall supply written documentation that the RAP originated from routes or airfields under federal, state, or local agency jurisdiction.
- (b) Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS). Reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS). RAS is from the processing and grinding of preconsumer or post-consumer shingles. RAS shall be a clean and uniform material with a maximum of 0.5 percent unacceptable material, as defined in Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum “Reclaimed Asphalt Shingle (RAS) Sources”, by weight of RAS. All RAS used shall come from a Bureau of Materials and Physical Research approved processing facility where it shall be ground and processed to 100 percent passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 93 percent passing the #4 (4.75 mm) sieve based on a dry shake gradation. RAS shall be uniform in gradation and asphalt binder content and shall meet the testing requirements specified herein. In addition, RAS shall meet the following Type 1 or Type 2 requirements.
 - (1) Type 1. Type 1 RAS shall be processed, preconsumer asphalt shingles salvaged from the manufacture of residential asphalt roofing shingles.
 - (2) Type 2. Type 2 RAS shall be processed post-consumer shingles only, salvaged from residential, or four unit or less dwellings not subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP).

1031.02 Stockpiles. RAP and RAS stockpiles shall be according to the following.

- (a) RAP Stockpiles. The Contractor shall construct individual, sealed RAP stockpiles meeting one of the following definitions. No additional RAP shall be added to the pile after the pile has been sealed. Stockpiles shall be sufficiently separated to prevent intermingling at the base. Stockpiles shall be identified by signs indicating the type as listed below (i.e. “Homogeneous Surface”).

Prior to milling, the Contractor shall request the District provide documentation on the quality of the RAP to clarify the appropriate stockpile.

- (1) Fractionated RAP (FRAP). FRAP shall consist of RAP from Class I, HMA (High and Low ESAL) mixtures. The coarse aggregate in FRAP shall be crushed aggregate and may represent more than one aggregate type and/or quality but shall be at least C quality. All FRAP shall be fractionated prior to testing by screening into a minimum of two size fractions with the separation occurring on or between the #4 (4.75 mm) and 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) sieves. Agglomerations shall be minimized such that 100 percent of the RAP shall pass the sieve size specified below for the mix into which the FRAP will be incorporated.

| Mixture FRAP will be used in: | Sieve Size that 100% of FRAP Shall Pass |
|-------------------------------|---|
| IL-25.0 | 2 in. (50 mm) |
| IL-19.0 | 1 1/2 in. (40 mm) |
| IL-12.5 | 1 in. (25 mm) |
| IL-9.5 | 3/4 in. (20 mm) |
| IL-4.75 | 1/2 in. (13 mm) |

- (2) Homogeneous. Homogeneous RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I, HMA (High and Low ESAL) mixtures and represent: 1) the same aggregate quality, but shall be at least C quality; 2) the same type of crushed aggregate (either crushed natural aggregate, ACBF slag, or steel slag); 3) similar gradation; and 4) similar asphalt binder content. If approved by the Engineer, combined single pass surface/binder millings may be considered "homogenous" with a quality rating dictated by the lowest coarse aggregate quality present in the mixture.
- (3) Conglomerate. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I, HMA (High and Low ESAL) mixtures. The coarse aggregate in this RAP shall be crushed aggregate and may represent more than one aggregate type and/or quality but shall be at least C quality. This RAP may have an inconsistent gradation and/or asphalt binder content prior to processing. All conglomerate RAP shall be processed prior to testing by crushing to where all RAP shall pass the 5/8 in. (16 mm) or smaller screen. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall not contain steel slag.
- (4) Conglomerate "D" Quality (DQ). Conglomerate DQ RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I, HMA (High or Low ESAL), or "All Other" (as defined by Article 1030.04(a)(3)) mixtures. The coarse aggregate in this RAP may be crushed or round but shall be at least D quality. This RAP may have an inconsistent gradation and/or asphalt binder content. Conglomerate DQ RAP stockpiles shall not contain steel slag.
- (5) Non-Quality. RAP stockpiles that do not meet the requirements of the stockpile categories listed above shall be classified as "Non-Quality".

RAP/FRAP containing contaminants, such as earth, brick, sand, concrete, sheet asphalt, bituminous surface treatment (i.e. chip seal), pavement fabric, joint sealants, etc., will be unacceptable unless the contaminants are removed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Sheet asphalt shall be stockpiled separately.

- (b) RAS Stockpiles. Type 1 and Type 2 RAS shall be stockpiled separately and shall not be intermingled. Each stockpile shall be signed indicating what type of RAS is present.

Unless otherwise specified by the Engineer, mechanically blending manufactured sand (FM 20 or FM 22) up to an equal weight of RAS with the processed RAS will be permitted to improve workability. The sand shall be "B Quality" or better from an approved Aggregate Gradation Control System source. The sand shall be accounted for in the mix design and during HMA production.

Records identifying the shingle processing facility supplying the RAS, RAS type and lot number shall be maintained by project contract number and kept for a minimum of three years.

1031.03 Testing. RAP/FRAP and RAS testing shall be according to the following.

- (a) RAP/FRAP Testing. When used in HMA, the RAP/FRAP shall be sampled and tested either during or after stockpiling.

(1) During Stockpiling. For testing during stockpiling, washed extraction samples shall be run at the minimum frequency of one sample per 500 tons (450 metric tons) for the first 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) and one sample per 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) thereafter. A minimum of five tests shall be required for stockpiles less than 4000 tons (3600 metric tons).

(2) After Stockpiling. For testing after stockpiling, the Contractor shall submit a plan for approval to the District proposing a satisfactory method of sampling and testing the RAP/FRAP pile either in-situ or by restockpiling. The sampling plan shall meet the minimum frequency required above and detail the procedure used to obtain representative samples throughout the pile for testing.

Each sample shall be split to obtain two equal samples of test sample size. One of the two test samples from the final split shall be labeled and stored for Department use. The Contractor shall extract the other test sample according to Department procedure. The Engineer reserves the right to test any sample (split or Department-taken) to verify Contractor test results.

- (b) RAS Testing. RAS or RAS blended with manufactured sand shall be sampled and tested during stockpiling according to Illinois Department of Transportation Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Shingle (RAS) Source".

Samples shall be collected during stockpiling at the minimum frequency of one sample per 200 tons (180 metric tons) for the first 1000 tons (900 metric tons) and one sample per 250 tons (225 metric tons) thereafter. A minimum of five samples are required for stockpiles less than 1000 tons (900 metric tons). Once a ≤ 1000 ton (900 metric ton), five-sample/test stockpile has been established it shall be sealed. Additional incoming RAS or RAS blended with manufactured sand shall be stockpiled in a separate working pile as designated in the Quality Control plan and only added to the sealed stockpile when the test results of the working pile are complete and are found to meet the tolerances specified herein for the original sealed RAS stockpile.

Before testing, each sample shall be split to obtain two test samples. One of the two test samples from the final split shall be labeled and stored for Department use. The Contractor shall perform a washed extraction and test for unacceptable materials on the other test sample according to Department procedures. The Engineer reserves the right to test any sample (split or Department-taken) to verify Contractor test results.

If the sampling and testing was performed at the shingle processing facility in accordance with the QC Plan, the Contractor shall obtain and make available all of the test results from start of the initial stockpile.

1031.04 Evaluation of Tests. Evaluation of tests results shall be according to the following.

- (a) Evaluation of RAP/FRAP Test Results. All of the extraction results shall be compiled and averaged for asphalt binder content and gradation and, when applicable G_{mm} . Individual extraction test results, when compared to the averages, will be accepted if within the tolerances listed below.

| Parameter | FRAP/Homogeneous /Conglomerate | Conglomerate "D" Quality |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 in. (25 mm) | | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) | $\pm 8 \%$ | $\pm 15 \%$ |
| No. 4 (4.75 mm) | $\pm 6 \%$ | $\pm 13 \%$ |
| No. 8 (2.36 mm) | $\pm 5 \%$ | |
| No. 16 (1.18 mm) | | $\pm 15 \%$ |
| No. 30 (600 μm) | $\pm 5 \%$ | |
| No. 200 (75 μm) | $\pm 2.0 \%$ | $\pm 4.0 \%$ |
| Asphalt Binder | $\pm 0.4 \%$ ^{1/} | $\pm 0.5 \%$ |
| G_{mm} | ± 0.03 | |

1/ The tolerance for FRAP shall be $\pm 0.3 \%$.

If more than 20 percent of the individual sieves and/or asphalt binder content tests are out of the above tolerances, the RAP/FRAP shall not be used in HMA unless the

RAP/FRAP representing the failing tests is removed from the stockpile. All test data and acceptance ranges shall be sent to the District for evaluation.

With the approval of the Engineer, the ignition oven may be substituted for extractions according to the Illinois Test Procedure, "Calibration of the Ignition Oven for the Purpose of Characterizing Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)".

- (b) Evaluation of RAS and RAS Blended with Manufactured Sand Test Results. All of the test results, with the exception of percent unacceptable materials, shall be compiled and averaged for asphalt binder content and gradation. Individual test results, when compared to the averages, will be accepted if within the tolerances listed below.

| Parameter | RAS |
|------------------------|---------|
| No. 8 (2.36 mm) | ± 5 % |
| No. 16 (1.18 mm) | ± 5 % |
| No. 30 (600 µm) | ± 4 % |
| No. 200 (75 µm) | ± 2.0 % |
| Asphalt Binder Content | ± 1.5 % |

If more than 20 percent of the individual sieves and/or asphalt binder content tests are out of the above tolerances, or if the percent unacceptable material exceeds 0.5 percent by weight of material retained on the # 4 (4.75 mm) sieve, the RAS or RAS blend shall not be used in Department projects. All test data and acceptance ranges shall be sent to the District for evaluation.

1031.05 Quality Designation of Aggregate in RAP/FRAP.

- (a) RAP. The aggregate quality of the RAP for homogenous, conglomerate, and conglomerate "D" quality stockpiles shall be set by the lowest quality of coarse aggregate in the RAP stockpile and are designated as follows.

- (1) RAP from Class I, Superpave/HMA (High ESAL), or (Low ESAL) IL-9.5L surface mixtures are designated as containing Class B quality coarse aggregate.
- (2) RAP from Superpave/HMA (Low ESAL) IL-19.0L binder mixture is designated as Class D quality coarse aggregate.
- (3) RAP from Class I, Superpave/HMA (High ESAL) binder mixtures, bituminous base course mixtures, and bituminous base course widening mixtures are designated as containing Class C quality coarse aggregate.
- (4) RAP from bituminous stabilized subbase and BAM shoulders are designated as containing Class D quality coarse aggregate.

- (b) FRAP. If the Engineer has documentation of the quality of the FRAP aggregate, the Contractor shall use the assigned quality provided by the Engineer.

If the quality is not known, the quality shall be determined as follows. Coarse and fine FRAP stockpiles containing plus #4 (4.75 mm) sieve coarse aggregate shall have a maximum tonnage of 5,000 tons (4,500 metric tons). The Contractor shall obtain a representative sample witnessed by the Engineer. The sample shall be a minimum of 50 lb (25 kg). The sample shall be extracted according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 164 by a consultant prequalified by the Department for the specified testing. The consultant shall submit the test results along with the recovered aggregate to the District Office. The cost for this testing shall be paid by the Contractor. The District will forward the sample to the BMPR Aggregate Lab for MicroDeval Testing, according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 327. A maximum loss of 15.0 percent will be applied for all HMA applications.

1031.06 Use of RAP/FRAP and/or RAS in HMA. The use of RAP/FRAP and/or RAS shall be a Contractor's option when constructing HMA in all contracts.

(a) RAP/FRAP. The use of RAP/FRAP in HMA shall be as follows.

- (1) Coarse Aggregate Size. The coarse aggregate in all RAP shall be equal to or less than the nominal maximum size requirement for the HMA mixture to be produced.
- (2) Steel Slag Stockpiles. Homogeneous RAP stockpiles containing steel slag will be approved for use in all HMA (High ESAL and Low ESAL) Surface and Binder Mixture applications.
- (3) Use in HMA Surface Mixtures (High and Low ESAL). RAP/FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA surface mixtures (High and Low ESAL) shall be FRAP or homogeneous in which the coarse aggregate is Class B quality or better. RAP/FRAP from Conglomerate stockpiles shall be considered equivalent to limestone for frictional considerations. Known frictional contributions from plus #4 (4.75 mm) homogeneous RAP and FRAP stockpiles will be accounted for in meeting frictional requirements in the specified mixture.
- (4) Use in HMA Binder Mixtures (High and Low ESAL), HMA Base Course, and HMA Base Course Widening. RAP/FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA binder mixtures (High and Low ESAL), HMA base course, and HMA base course widening shall be FRAP, homogeneous, or conglomerate, in which the coarse aggregate is Class C quality or better.
- (5) Use in Shoulders and Subbase. RAP/FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA shoulders and stabilized subbase (HMA) shall be FRAP, homogeneous, conglomerate, or conglomerate DQ.
- (6) When the Contractor chooses the RAP option, the percentage of RAP shall not exceed the amounts indicated in Article 1031.06(c)(1) below for a given N Design.

- (b) RAS. RAS meeting Type 1 or Type 2 requirements will be permitted in all HMA applications as specified herein.
- (c) RAP/FRAP and/or RAS Usage Limits. Type 1 or Type 2 RAS may be used alone or in conjunction with RAP or FRAP in HMA mixtures up to a maximum of 5.0% by weight of the total mix.
- (1) RAP/RAS. When RAP is used alone or RAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the Max RAP/RAS ABR table listed below for the given Ndesign.

RAP/RAS Maximum Asphalt Binder Replacement (ABR) Percentage

| HMA Mixtures ^{1/, 2/} | RAP/RAS Maximum ABR % | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------------|
| Ndesign | Binder/Leveling Binder | Surface | Polymer Modified |
| 30 | 30 | 30 | 10 |
| 50 | 25 | 15 | 10 |
| 70 | 15 | 10 | 10 |
| 90 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 105 | 10 | 10 | 10 |

1/ For HMA "All Other" (shoulder and stabilized subbase) N-30, the RAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.

2/ When RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG64-22 to be reduced to a PG58-28). If warm mix asphalt (WMA) technology is utilized, and production temperatures do not exceed 275 °F (135 °C) the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade when RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 25 percent (i.e. 26 percent RAP/RAS ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG64-22 to be reduced to a PG58-28).

(2) FRAP/RAS. When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the FRAP/RAS table listed below for the given N design.

FRAP/RAS Maximum Asphalt Binder Replacement (ABR) Percentage

| HMA Mixtures ^{1/, 2/} | FRAP/RAS Maximum ABR % | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|
| Ndesign | Binder/Leveling Binder | Surface | Polymer Modified ^{3/, 4/} |
| 30 | 50 | 40 | 10 |

| | | | |
|-----|----|----|----|
| 50 | 40 | 35 | 10 |
| 70 | 40 | 30 | 10 |
| 90 | 40 | 30 | 10 |
| 105 | 40 | 30 | 10 |

- 1/ For HMA "All Other" (shoulder and stabilized subbase) N30, the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent for all mixes the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG64-22 to be reduced to a PG58-28). If warm mix asphalt (WMA) technology is utilized, and production temperatures do not exceed 275 °F (135 °C) the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade when FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 25 percent (i.e. 26 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG64-22 to be reduced to a PG58-28).
- 3/ For SMA the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 20 percent.
- 4/ For IL-4.75 mix the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 30 percent.

1031.07 HMA Mix Designs. At the Contractor's option, HMA mixtures may be constructed utilizing RAP/FRAP and/or RAS material meeting the detailed requirements specified herein.

- (a) RAP/FRAP and/or RAS. RAP/FRAP and/or RAS mix designs shall be submitted for verification. If additional RAP/FRAP stockpiles are tested and found that no more than 20 percent of the results, as defined under "Testing" herein, are outside of the control tolerances set for the original RAP/FRAP stockpile and HMA mix design, and meets all of the requirements herein, the additional RAP/FRAP stockpiles may be used in the original mix design at the percent previously verified.
- (b) RAS. Type 1 and Type 2 RAS are not interchangeable in a mix design. A RAS stone bulk specific gravity (Gsb) of 2.300 shall be used for mix design purposes.

1031.08 HMA Production. HMA production utilizing RAP/FRAP and/or RAS shall be as follows.

- (a) RAP/FRAP. The coarse aggregate in all RAP/FRAP used shall be equal to or less than the nominal maximum size requirement for the HMA mixture being produced.

To remove or reduce agglomerated material, a scalping screen, gator, crushing unit, or comparable sizing device approved by the Engineer shall be used in the RAP feed system to remove or reduce oversized material. If material passing the sizing device adversely affects the mix production or quality of the mix, the sizing device shall be set at a size specified by the Engineer.

If the RAP/FRAP control tolerances or QC/QA test results require corrective action, the Contractor shall cease production of the mixture containing RAP/FRAP and either switch to the virgin aggregate design or submit a new RAP/FRAP design.

(b) RAS. RAS shall be incorporated into the HMA mixture either by a separate weight depletion system or by using the RAP weigh belt. Either feed system shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes. The portion of RAS shall be controlled accurately to within ± 0.5 percent of the amount of RAS utilized. When using the weight depletion system, flow indicators or sensing devices shall be provided and interlocked with the plant controls such that the mixture production is halted when RAS flow is interrupted.

(c) RAP/FRAP and/or RAS. HMA plants utilizing RAP/FRAP and/or RAS shall be capable of automatically recording and printing the following information.

(1) Dryer Drum Plants.

- a. Date, month, year, and time to the nearest minute for each print.
- b. HMA mix number assigned by the Department.
- c. Accumulated weight of dry aggregate (combined or individual) in tons (metric tons) to the nearest 0.1 ton (0.1 metric ton).
- d. Accumulated dry weight of RAP/FRAP/RAS in tons (metric tons) to the nearest 0.1 ton (0.1 metric ton).
- e. Accumulated mineral filler in revolutions, tons (metric tons), etc. to the nearest 0.1 unit.
- f. Accumulated asphalt binder in gallons (liters), tons (metric tons), etc. to the nearest 0.1 unit.
- g. Residual asphalt binder in the RAP/FRAP material as a percent of the total mix to the nearest 0.1 percent.
- h. Aggregate and RAP/FRAP moisture compensators in percent as set on the control panel. (Required when accumulated or individual aggregate and RAP/FRAP are printed in wet condition.)

(2) Batch Plants.

- a. Date, month, year, and time to the nearest minute for each print.
- b. HMA mix number assigned by the Department.

- c. Individual virgin aggregate hot bin batch weights to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- d. Mineral filler weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- e. RAP/FRAP/RAS weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- f. Virgin asphalt binder weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- g. Residual asphalt binder in the RAP/FRAP/RAS material as a percent of the total mix to the nearest 0.1 percent.

The printouts shall be maintained in a file at the plant for a minimum of one year or as directed by the Engineer and shall be made available upon request. The printing system will be inspected by the Engineer prior to production and verified at the beginning of each construction season thereafter.

1031.09 RAP in Aggregate Surface Course and Aggregate Shoulders. The use of RAP in aggregate surface course (temporary access entrances only) and aggregate wedge shoulders Type B shall be as follows.

- (a) Stockpiles and Testing. RAP stockpiles may be any of those listed in Article 1031.02, except "Non-Quality" and "FRAP". The testing requirements of Article 1031.03 shall not apply. RAP used to construct aggregate surface course and aggregate shoulders shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research's Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications".
- (b) Gradation. One hundred percent of the RAP material shall pass the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve. The RAP material shall be reasonably well graded from coarse to fine. RAP material that is gap-graded or single sized will not be accepted."

80306

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2014

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1091.03(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“When tested according to ASTM E 810, with averaging, the sheeting shall have a minimum coefficient of retroreflection as show in the following tables.”

Replace the Tables for Type AA sheeting, Type AP sheeting, Type AZ sheeting and Type ZZ sheeting in Article 1091.03(a)(3) with the following.

Type AA Sheeting
Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
Candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type AA (Average of 0 and 90 degree rotation)

| Observation Angle (deg.) | Entrance Angle (deg.) | White | Yellow | Red | Green | Blue | FO |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------|-----|-------|------|-----|
| 0.2 | -4 | 800 | 600 | 120 | 80 | 40 | 200 |
| 0.2 | +30 | 400 | 300 | 60 | 35 | 20 | 100 |
| 0.5 | -4 | 200 | 150 | 30 | 20 | 10 | 75 |
| 0.5 | +30 | 100 | 75 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 35 |

Type AA (45 degree rotation)

| Observation Angle (deg.) | Entrance Angle (deg.) | Yellow | FO |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----|
| 0.2 | -4 | 500 | 165 |
| 0.2 | +30 | 115 | 40 |
| 0.5 | -4 | 140 | 65 |
| 0.5 | +30 | 60 | 30 |

Type AP Sheeting
 Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
 Candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type AP (Average of 0 and 90 degree rotation)

| Observation Angle (deg.) | Entrance Angle (deg.) | White | Yellow | Red | Green | Blue | Brown | FO |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------|-----|-------|------|-------|-----|
| 0.2 | -4 | 500 | 380 | 75 | 55 | 35 | 25 | 150 |
| 0.2 | +30 | 180 | 135 | 30 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 55 |
| 0.5 | -4 | 300 | 225 | 50 | 30 | 20 | 15 | 90 |
| 0.5 | +30 | 90 | 70 | 15 | 10 | 7.5 | 5 | 30 |

Type AZ Sheeting
 Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
 Candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type AZ (Average of 0 and 90 degree rotation)

| Observation Angle (deg.) | Entrance Angle (deg.) | White | Yellow | Red | Green | Blue | FYG | FY |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------|-----|-------|------|-----|------|
| 0.2 | -4 | 375 | 280 | 75 | 45 | 25 | 300 | 230 |
| 0.2 | +30 | 235 | 170 | 40 | 25 | 15 | 190 | 150 |
| 0.5 | -4 | 245 | 180 | 50 | 30 | 20 | 200 | 155 |
| 0.5 | +30 | 135 | 100 | 25 | 15 | 10 | 100 | 75 |
| 1.0 | -4 | 50 | 37.5 | 8.5 | 5 | 2 | 45 | 25 |
| 1.0 | +30 | 22.5 | 20 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 25 | 12.5 |

Type ZZ Sheeting
 Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection
 Candelas/foot candle/sq ft (candelas/lux/sq m) of material

Type ZZ (Average of 0 and 90 degree rotation)

| Observation Angle (deg.) | Entrance Angle (deg.) | White | Yellow | Red | Green | Blue | FYG | FY | FO |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------|-----|-------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| 0.2 | -4 | 570 | 425 | 90 | 60 | 30 | 460 | 340 | 170 |
| 0.2 | +30 | 190 | 140 | 35 | 20 | 10 | 150 | 110 | 65 |
| 0.5 | -4 | 400 | 300 | 60 | 40 | 20 | 320 | 240 | 120 |
| 0.5 | +30 | 130 | 95 | 20 | 15 | 7 | 100 | 80 | 45 |
| 1.0 | -4 | 115 | 90 | 17 | 12 | 5 | 95 | 70 | 35 |
| 1.0 | +30 | 45 | 35 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 35 | 25 | 15 |

80350

REINFORCEMENT BARS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2013

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

508.05 Placing and Securing. All reinforcement bars shall be placed and tied securely at the locations and in the configuration shown on the plans prior to the placement of concrete. Manual welding of reinforcement may only be permitted on precast concrete products as indicated in the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum "Quality Control / Quality Assurance Program for Precast Concrete Products", and for precast prestressed concrete products as indicated in the Department's current "Manual for Fabrication of Precast Prestressed Concrete Products". Reinforcement bars shall not be placed by sticking or floating into place or immediately after placement of the concrete.

Bars shall be tied at all intersections, except where the center to center dimension is less than 1 ft (300 mm) in each direction, in which case alternate intersections shall be tied. Molded plastic clips may be used in lieu of wire to secure bar intersections, but shall not be permitted in horizontal bar mats subject to construction foot traffic or to secure longitudinal bar laps. Plastic clips shall adequately secure the reinforcement bars, and shall permit the concrete to flow through and fully encase the reinforcement. Plastic clips may be recycled plastic, and shall meet the approval of the Engineer. The number of ties as specified shall be doubled for lap splices at the stage construction line of concrete bridge decks when traffic is allowed on the first completed stage during the pouring of the second stage."

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Supports for reinforcement in bridge decks shall be metal. For all other concrete construction the supports shall be metal or plastic. Metal bar supports shall be made of cold-drawn wire, or other approved material and shall be either epoxy coated, galvanized or plastic tipped. When the reinforcement bars are epoxy coated, the metal supports shall be epoxy coated. Plastic supports may be recycled plastic. Supports shall be provided in sufficient number and spaced to provide the required clearances. Supports shall adequately support the reinforcement bars, and shall permit the concrete to flow through and fully encase the reinforcement. The legs of supports shall be spaced to allow an opening that is a minimum 1.33 times the nominal maximum aggregate size used in the concrete. Nominal maximum aggregate size is defined as the largest sieve which retains any of the aggregate sample particles. All supports shall meet the approval of the Engineer."

Revise the first sentence of the eighth paragraph of Article 508.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Epoxy coated reinforcement bars shall be tied with plastic coated wire, epoxy coated wire, or molded plastic clips where allowed."

Add the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of Article 508.06(c) of the Standard Specifications:

"In addition, the total slip of the bars within the splice sleeve of the connector after loading in tension to 30 ksi (207 MPa) and relaxing to 3 ksi (20.7 MPa) shall not exceed 0.01 in. (254 microns)."

Revise Article 1042.03(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(d) Reinforcement and Accessories: The concrete cover over all reinforcement shall be within $\pm 1/4$ in. (± 6 mm) of the specified cover.

Welded wire fabric shall be accurately bent and tied in place.

Miscellaneous accessories to be cast into the concrete or for forming holes and recesses shall be carefully located and rigidly held in place by bolts, clamps, or other effective means. If paper tubes are used for vertical dowel holes, or other vertical holes which require grouting, they shall be removed before transportation to the construction site."

80327

TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS (BDE) This Training Special Provision supersedes Section 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved. The number of trainees to be trained under this contract will be **2**. In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, he shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also insure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within the reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the contractor shall submit to the Illinois Department of Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g. by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that he has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he has been employed as a journeyman. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the contractor and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program, if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved by not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather than clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented toward construction applications. Training in the laborer classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. Some offsite training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the Engineer, reimbursement will be made for training of persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainee as a journeyman, is caused by the contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the contractor in meeting the requirement of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program.

It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training. The contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily complete.

The contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting his performance under this Training Special Provision.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of 80 cents per hour for TRAINEES. The estimated total number of hours, unit price and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

20338

WARM MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2012

Revised: November 1, 2014

Description. This work shall consist of designing, producing and constructing Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) in lieu of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) at the Contractor's option. Work shall be according to Sections 406, 407, 408, 1030, and 1102 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein. In addition, any references to HMA in the Standard Specifications, or the special provisions shall be construed to include WMA.

WMA is an asphalt mixture which can be produced at temperatures lower than allowed for HMA utilizing approved WMA technologies. WMA technologies are defined as the use of additives or processes which allow a reduction in the temperatures at which HMA mixes are produced and placed. WMA is produced by the use of additives, a water foaming process, or combination of both. Additives include minerals, chemicals or organics incorporated into the asphalt binder stream in a dedicated delivery system. The process of foaming injects water into the asphalt binder stream, just prior to incorporation of the asphalt binder with the aggregate.

Approved WMA technologies may also be used in HMA provided all the requirements specified herein, with the exception of temperature, are met. However, asphalt mixtures produced at temperatures in excess of 275 °F (135 °C) will not be considered WMA when determining the grade reduction of the virgin asphalt binder grade.

Equipment.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1102.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1102.01 Hot-Mix Asphalt Plant. The hot-mix asphalt (HMA) plant shall be the batch-type, continuous-type, or dryer drum plant. The plants shall be evaluated for prequalification rating and approval to produce HMA according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Approval of Hot-Mix Asphalt Plants and Equipment". Once approved, the Contractor shall notify the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research to obtain approval of all plant modifications. The plants shall not be used to produce mixtures concurrently for more than one project or for private work unless permission is granted in writing by the Engineer. The plant units shall be so designed, coordinated and operated that they will function properly and produce HMA having uniform temperatures and compositions within the tolerances specified. The plant units shall meet the following requirements."

Add the following to Article 1102.01(a) of the Standard Specifications.

"(13) Equipment for Warm Mix Technologies.

- a. Foaming. Metering equipment for foamed asphalt shall have an accuracy of ± 2 percent of the actual water metered. The foaming control system shall be electronically interfaced with the asphalt binder meter.

- b. Additives. Additives shall be introduced into the plant according to the supplier's recommendations and shall be approved by the Engineer. The system for introducing the WMA additive shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes."

Mix Design Verification.

Add the following to Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications.

"(e) Warm Mix Technologies.

- (1) Foaming. WMA mix design verification will not be required when foaming technology is used alone (without WMA additives). However, the foaming technology shall only be used on HMA designs previously approved by the Department.
- (2) Additives. WMA mix designs utilizing additives shall be submitted to the Engineer for mix design verification."

Construction Requirements.

Revise the second paragraph of Article 406.06(b)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The HMA shall be delivered at a temperature of 250 to 350 °F (120 to 175 °C).
WMA shall be delivered at a minimum temperature of 215 °F (102 °C)."

Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid at the contract unit price bid for the HMA pay items involved. Anti-strip will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the cost of the work.

80288

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

The Contractor shall provide a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used on the jobsite; or used for the delivery and/or removal of equipment/material to and from the jobsite. The jobsite shall also include offsite locations, such as plant sites or storage sites, when those locations are used solely for this contract.

The report shall be submitted on the form provided by the Department within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Monday through Sunday for each week reportable trucking activities occur. The report shall be submitted to the Engineer and a copy shall be provided to the district EEO Officer.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

80302

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 130 working days.

80071

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If

the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color,

religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such

action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g. , the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for

debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such

contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;

(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.

2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded,"

as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with

commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the

certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

**MINIMUM WAGES FOR FEDERAL AND FEDERALLY
ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

This project is funded, in part, with Federal-aid funds and, as such, is subject to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Sta. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in a 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix A, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act and pursuant to the provisions of 29 CFR Part 1. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits shown in the General Wage Determination Decisions issued by the U.S. Department of Labor shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

General Wage Determination Decisions, modifications and supersedes decisions thereto are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable DBRA Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits contained in the General Wage Determination Decision shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.