

#### **Abbreviated Structure Geotechnical Report**

Original Report Date: 10-	-25-2017 Proposed SN	: 047-3182	Route:	Collins Road
Revised Date: 07-09-2021	Existing SN:	N/A	Section:	16-00133-00-EG
Geotechnical Engineer: T	Ferry McCleary(McE), Jeff R	tothamer(CTL)	County:	Kendall
Structural Engineer: Johr	n Peradotti(WBK), Andy Un	derwager(HRG)	Contract:	

**Indicate the proposed structure type, substructure types, and foundation locations (attach plan and elevation drawing):** This is a new structure at a new location carrying the proposed Collins Road extension over Morgan Creek. The originally proposed structure was a single span structure (66.00 ft. back to back of abutments) on integral abutments.(see attached integral abutment analysis). The abutments were proposed to have H-piles bearing on limestone bedrock. The bridge width was originally proposed to be 51 ft. 2 in. (out to out) and will accommodate 2 twelve foot lanes, 2 eight ft. outside shoulders, and a 8 ft. median (54.85 ft. estimated foundation width). The factored loadings at the abutments is 1404.4 kips. The TSL showed a left hand forward skew of 18 degrees. The surrounding terrain is level.

The revised proposed structure based off the plans provided by HR Green (HRG) dated 3/5/21 is now a duel 12 ft x 7 ft cast-in-place box culvert with a headwall out to out width of 123 ft. 2 1/8 in. The horizontal cantilever wing walls will be located to the north and south of the culvert with widths of 11 ft. to 13 ft. The culvert width will be 27 ft and will accomidate two (2) 12 ft. lanes, two (2) 6 ft. outside shoulders, a 18 ft. median and a 10 ft. multi-use path. Discuss the existing boring data, existing plans foundation information, new subsurface exploration and need for any additional exploration to be provided with SGR Technical Memo (attach all data and subsurface profile plot): Two borings were taken for this structure, one on each side of Morgan Creek on April 4, 2016. Both borings hit the top of rock at about a 29 ft. depth. The top 5.5 ft. of both borings show Topsoils, Silty Clays and Clays. Beneath that, Boring SB-1 showed a medium dense layer of Coarse Sand (2.5 ft. thick) with a blow count of 13, not reflected at all in Boring SB-2, which instead has a matching thickness of Loose Silt and Fine Sand with a blow count of only 4. The next 2.5 ft. of SB-1 showed Loose Gray Silt with trace Sand; SB-2 showed the next 2.5 ft. to be Soft Dark Gray Clay Loam. Below this both borings show a 4 ft. layer of Soft Gray Silty Clay. SB-1 follows with 10 ft. of Medium Dense Sand & Gravel, 3.5 ft. of Fine to Medium Sand, and a foot of Weathered Rock. SB-2 follows with 4 ft. of coarse sand, then 3 ft. of Silty Till, on top of 8 ft. of Hard Silty Till with blow counts as high as 63. Only SB-1 encountered water at a 12 ft. depth. Rock cores were taken of the Limestone bedrock (the top of rock elevations were Elev. 602.54 and 599.70 for SB-1 and SB-2, respectively. Rock core strengths ranged from 95.8 to 278.8 tsf. Water was first encountered in SB-1 at Elev. 619.5, SB-2 was dry.

Provide the location and maximum height of any new soil fill or magnitude of footing bearing pressure. Estimate the amount and time of the expected settlement. Indicate if further testing, analysis, and/or ground improvement/treatment is necessary: Morgan Creek is a small creek with high banks (+/- 10ft. vertical) and the area in the immediate vicinity of the structure is flat. Fills will be minimal; we expect approximately 3 ft. between the proposed profile and the existing grade. Due to the soft soil layers shown in the borings we do expect settlement of the in situ materials. We estimate 0.59 inches of total settlement. Almost 90% of the settlement will occur in a 50 year time frame, the granular material settlement will occur almost immediately. No further testing is deemed necessary. Identify any new cuts or fill slope angles and heights. Estimate the factor of safety against slope failure. Indicate if further testing, analysis or ground improvement/treatment is necessary: Based on the current

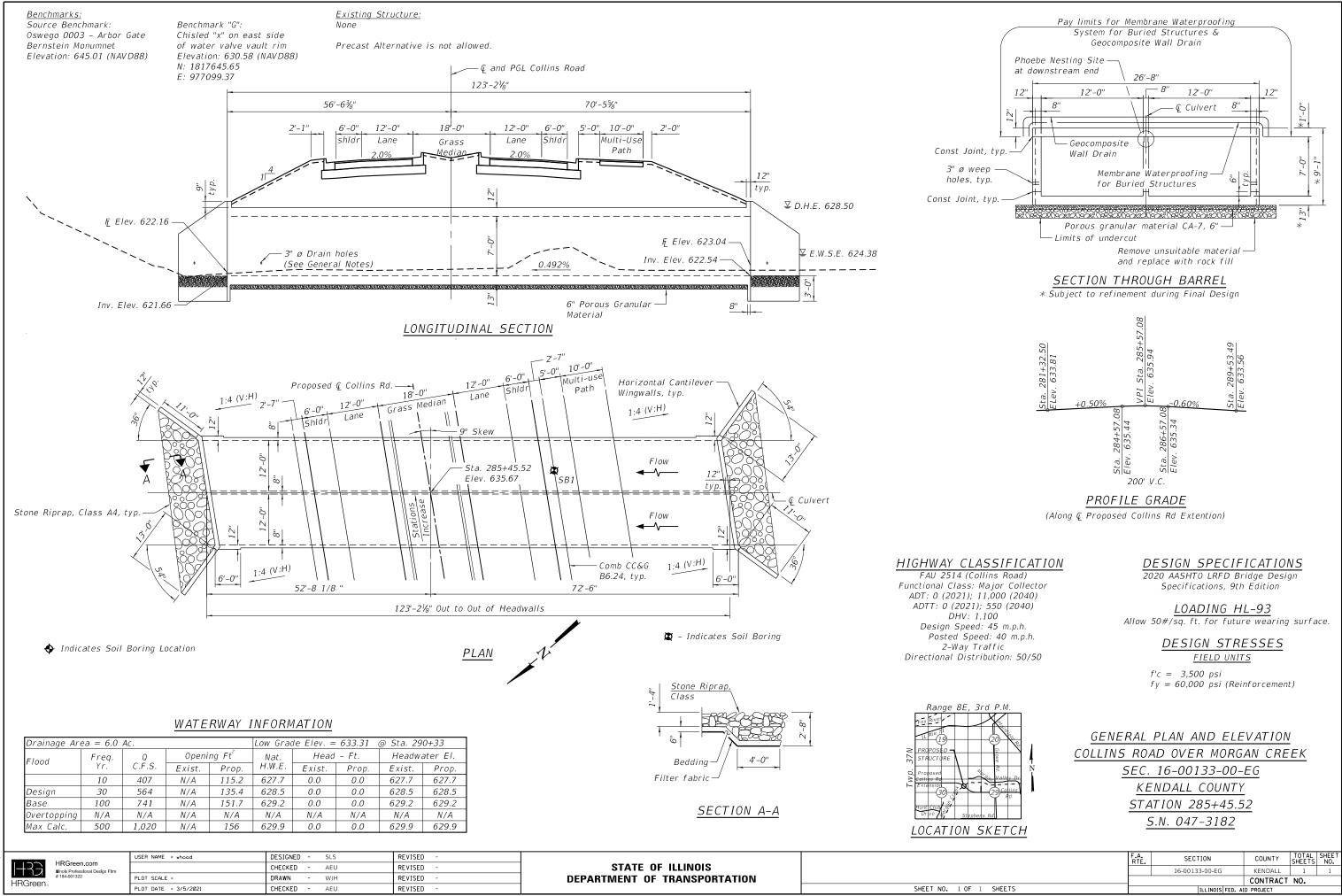
TS&L, 1:4 slopes are proposed on top of the new culvert with less than 10 feet of new fill being placed. Therefore, a slope stability analysis will not be required for this structure.

Indicate at each substructure, the 100-year and 200-year total scour depths in the Hydraulics report, the nongranular scour depth reduction, the proposed ground surface, and the recommended foundation design scour elevations: Per the IDOT Bridge Manual Section 2.3.6.3.2, box culverts do not mandate a calculation or elevation of scour. For box culverts, the design scour should be taken into consideration and be taken at the bottom of the cutoff wall. Concrete wing walls will protect the soil slopes adjacent to the culvert from being eroded by scour. It is recommended that riprap be placed at open ends of the culvert to protect from the effects of scour on the soils within the flow route.

**Determining the seismic soil site class, the seismic performance zone, the 0.2 and 1.0 second design spectral accelerations and indicate if that the soils are liquefiable:** This site is in a seismic performance zone, SPZ = 1 and has a seismic soil site class of "C", an SDs = 0.125 and an SD1 = 0.066. A liquefaction analysis was not performed because the SPZ is 1. Confirm feasibility of the proposed foundation or wall type and provide design parameters. Attach a pile design table indicating feasible pile types, various nominal required bearings, factored resistances available and corresponding estimated lengths at locations where piles will be used. Provide factored bearing resistance and unit sliding resistance at various elevations and confirm no ground improvement/treatment is necessary where spread footings are proposed. Estimated top of rock elevations as well as preliminary factored unit side and tip resistance values shall be indicated when drilled shafts are proposed: Two borings, SB-1 and SB-2, were used to the design the foundations of the proposed structure. Based on the soft soil layers encounted, undercuts up to 4 feet below the proposed culvert could be needed in order to reach the suitable medium dense sand and gravel soils encountered at an approximate elevation of 617 ft. The undercut areas should be replaced with granular structural fill in accordance with IDOT standard construction requirements.

Calculate the estimated water surface elevation and determine the need for cofferdams (type 1 or 2), and seal coat: The EWSE is 624.38. Based on the proposed plans and the anticipated undercuts below the structure, cofferdams (type 1 or 2) may be needed if the creek is not diverted during construction.

Assess the need for sheeting or soil retention or temporary construction slope and provide recommendation for other construction concerns: There are no stage construction concerns for this structure as there is no existing structure or roadway to contend with.



ast HRG HRG FILE



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### SOIL BORING LOG

Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>

Date 4/4/16

ROUTE	Collins Rd	DE	SCR	PTION	۱	We	st Abutment over Morgan Creek	L(	OGG	ED BY	T	LM
SECTION			_ I	OCA1		NW 1/	4, SEC. 30, TWP. 37N, RNG. 8E, 3 de , Longitude	<sup>rd</sup> PM,		-11		
COUNTY	Kendall D	RILLING	ME	THOD			llow Stem Auger HAMMER	TYPE	(	CME A	utoma	tic
Station BORING NO. Station Offset			D E P T H	B L O W S (/6")	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T (%)	Surface Water Elev Stream Bed Elev Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter619.5 Upon Completion After Hrs	_ ft _ ft⊻ ft		B L O W S (/6")	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T (%)
	stiff Black Silty Clay						Medium Dense Gray Sand & Gravel (continued)	_				
with organitos	·)			2	1.0	30				6 6		16
				4	P	00				6		
				2						14		
			-5	3	1.0 P	26	Medium Dense Gray Fine to	607.04	-25	10 8		14
Loose Brown	Silt & Fine Sand	626.04		2			Medium Sand with trace clay			17		
Loose Grav S	ilt & Fine Sand	624.54		2 3 1		22				10 8		20
L		623.54						603.54				
Loose Gray S	ilt with trace sand			2			Top of Weathered Rock	602.54	_	80/4"		11
			-10	1 1		25	Borehole continued with rock coring.		-30			
Soft Gray Silt	y Clay (wet)	621.04		1								
		1	<u> </u>	1 1	0.4 B	26						
				3								
Medium Dens Gravel	se Gray Sand &	617.04	-15	6 7		20			-35			
				5								
				5 5		15						
				4								
			-20	5 6		15			-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

<sup>C</sup> Cleary ngineering

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#### **ROCK CORE LOG**

Date 4/4/16

ROUTE Collin	is Rd	DESCRIPTION	West Abutmer	nt over Morgan C	Creek		_ LO	GGED	) BY	TLM
SECTION		LOCATION	NW 1/4, SEC. 30	, <b>TWP.</b> 37N, <b>RN</b>	G. 8E	3 <sup>rd</sup> <b>P</b>	M,			
			Latitude , Longi	tude						
COUNTY Kendal	CORI	ING METHOD Wire					R		CORE	S
						1.1	E	R		Т
				NO	<b></b>		С		T	R
STRUCT. NO.		CORING BARREL	TYPE & SIZE _	NQ	- D	С	0	Q	1	E
Station		Core Diameter	2	in	E	0	V		M	N
	0.D. /	Ton of Book Ek	ev. 602.54	 ft	P	R	E	D	E	G
BORING NO.	SB-1	Pagin Core Ele	v. <u>602.54</u>	- <del>1</del>	Т	E	R			Т
Station 22 Offset 17	85+20	Begin Core Elev			H		Y			н
Offset17	7.0 ft Lt.	2			(4)	(41)	10/1	(0/)	(min/ft)	(405)
Ground Surface Elev.	631.54	ft			( ft)	(#)	(%)		(min/ft)	(tsf)
Gray/green Limestone				602.54	1	1	99	52	1.69	
					-30	1				
										114.2
										117.2
				599.24						
Gray/green/red Limesto					·	2	99	52	1.3	
Chay/green/red Enneste										
										297.2
					-35					
				596.04						
Gray/green Limestone					!					
Gray/green Linestone										
					_					
				592.54						
End of Boring										
0					-40					
					-					
					_					
					_					
					-45					
					-40					
					_					
					_					
					_					
									1	

Color pictures of the cores

Cores will be stored for examination until

The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

<sup>1 c</sup> Cleary Cngineering

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# SOIL BORING LOG

Date 4/4/16

ROUTE Collins Rd	DE	SCR	IPTION	۱	Ea	st Abutment over Morgan Creek	_ LO	GGI	ED BY	<u> </u>	LM
SECTION		_ เ			NW 1/	/4, <b>SEC</b> . 30, <b>TWP</b> . 37N, <b>RNG</b> . 8E, 3 <sup>rd</sup> <b>PM</b> Ide , Longitude	M,		187.		
COUNTY Kendall D	RILLING	S ME	THOD			llow Stem Auger HAMMER TY	'PE _	0	CME A	utoma	tic
STRUCT. NOStation		D E P	B L O	U C S	M 0	Surface Water Elev f Stream Bed Elev f	ft ft	D E P T	B L O W	U C S	M 0 1 S
BORING NO. SB-2   Station 286+27   Offset 40.0 ft Lt.		Т Н	w s	Qu	S T	Groundwater Elev.: First EncounterDryf Upon Completionf	ft	Н	S	Qu	т
Ground Surface Elev. 632.70	ft	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	After Hrs f	ft	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)
16" Topsoil (Brown Silty Clay)	631.37	_				Very stiff to hard Gray/Brown Silty Till (continued)		_	10		
Medium stiff Gray Clay Fill			2 4 4		32	61 Hard Gray/Brown Silty Till	11.20		10 16 28	9.3 B	11
			2				-	_	14		
	007.00	-5	3 4	1.0 P	25		-	-25	15 33	6.2 B	8
Medium Dense Coarse Sand with trace gravel	627.20		6				-	_	20		
	004 70		6 7		16		_	_	28 35	5.9 B	7
Soft Dark Gray Clay Loam	624.70		2				-	_	14		
		-10	2 1	0.4 B	26	603 Gray Weathered Limestone	3.20	-30	26 43	4.3 B	8
Soft Gray Silty Clay	622.20						-	_			
			1 1 1	0.4 B	25			_			
						599 Gray/red/green Limestone	9.70	-	50/2"		18
Loose Gray Coarse Sand	618.20	-15	WH 2 10	0.5 B	22	Borehole continued with rock coring.	_	-35	5072		10
		_	7				_	_			
Medium Stiff Gray Silty Till with	615.70		7 6 3	0.8 P	19			_			
angular gravel	614.20										
Very stiff to hard Gray/Brown Silty Till		-20	9 11 9	4.5 B	12		-	-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

<sup>7°</sup> Cleary Cngineering

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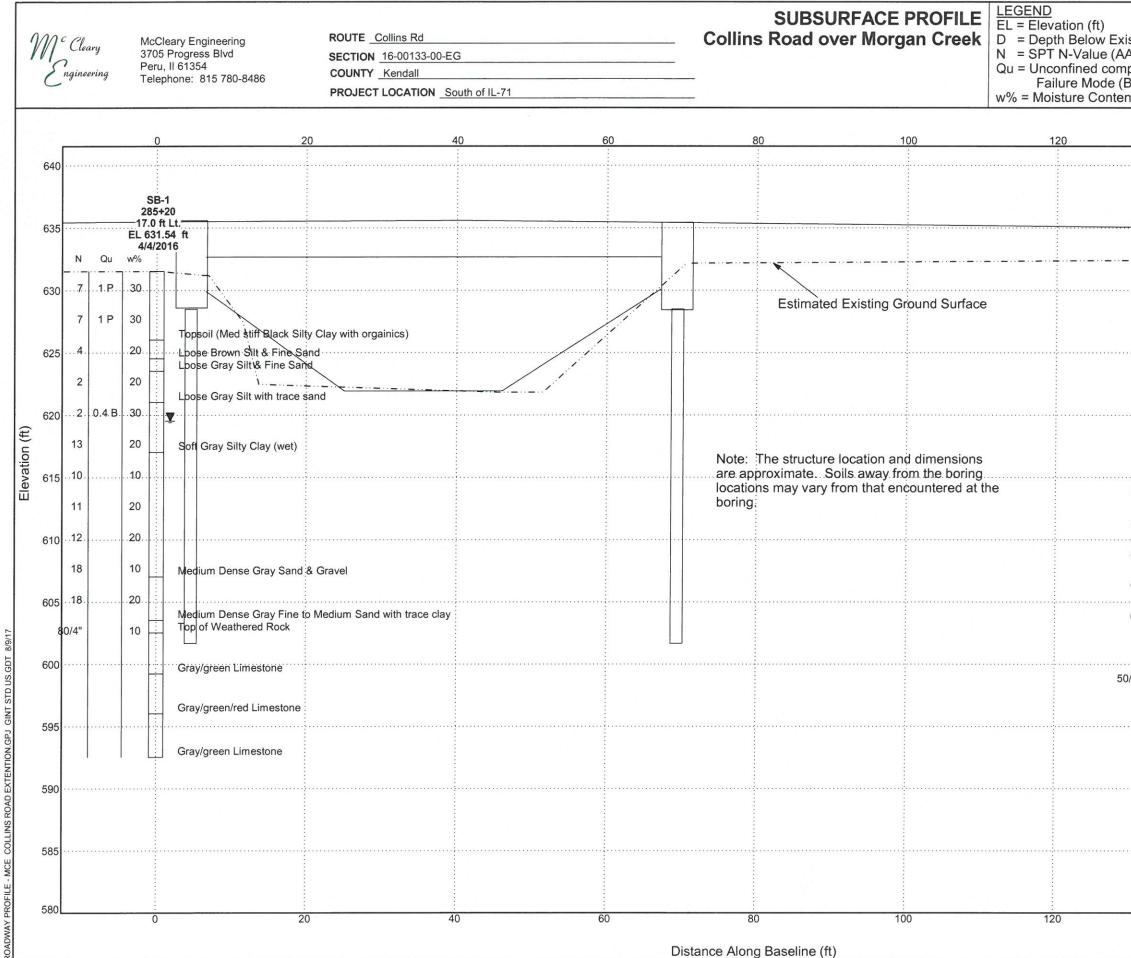
# **ROCK CORE LOG**

	Solutions You Can Build On						D	)ate	4/4/16
	ROUTE Collins Rd DESCRIPTION	East Abutment	t over Morgan C	reek		_ LO	GGED	) BY	TLM
		NW 1/4, SEC. 30,	TWP. 37N, RNC	<b>3</b> . 8E,	3 <sup>rd</sup> <b>P</b>	М,			
	COUNTY Kendall CORING METHOD Wirel	Latitude , Longit	tude			R		CORE	
						E C	R	т	T R
	STRUCT. NO CORING BARREL Station			D E	C O	o V	Q	I M	EN
	Core Diameter	<u>2</u> . <u>599.70</u>	ft	P	R	E	D	E	G
	Station 286+27 Begin Core Elev.	599.70	_ ft	T H	Е	R Y	•		Т Н
	Offset 40.0 ft Lt. Ground Surface Elev. 632.70 ft			( ft)	(#)	(%)	(%)	(min/ft)	(tsf)
	Gray/red/green Limestone		599.70	_	1	100	65	2.4	124.7
				-35					
				_					
			595.70	_					
	Gray/green Limestone			-					
				-40					95.8
									55.0
				_					278.8
					2	100	77	1.8	98.6
9/16				-45					
DT 8/29				-					
OT.GL									
				_					
ON.GF									
TENTI			583.45						
AD EX	End of Boring		000.40	- 50					105.0
INS R(				_					
COLL									
ROCK CORE COLLINS ROAD EXTENTION.GPJ IL_DOT.GDT 8/29/16									
ROCK				_					

Color pictures of the cores

Cores will be stored for examination until

The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)



		-		
			WATER TABLE LE	GEND
kistin ASF	ig Gro ITO T	und 206)	Surface (ft) > = First Encoun	tered
npre	ssive	Strei	ngth (tsf)	etion
ent P	ercen	tage	v = After hour	s
			10	
		14	40 160	1
			SB-2	640
		2	86+27 0.0 ft Lt.	
			632.70 ft /4/2016	635
N	Qu	w%	<del>F</del>	
8		30	16" Topsoil (Brown-Silty Clay)	
7	1 P	30	N -	630
13		20	Medium stiff Gray Clay Fill	
			Medium Dense Coarse Sand with trace grav	625
3	0.4 B	30	Soft Dark Gray Clay Loam	
2	0.4 B	20		
12	0.5 B	20	Soft Gray Silty Clay	620
9	0.8 P	20	Loose Gray Coarse Sand	
20	4.5 B	10	Medium Stiff Gray Silty Till with angular grav	ရှာ15
44	9.3 B	10	Very stiff to hard Gray/Brown Silty Till	
48	6.2 B	8		610
63	5.9 B	7		
69	4.3 B	8	Hard Gray/Brown Silty Till	605
50/2"		20	Gray Weathered Limestone	600
			Gray/red/green Limestone	595
				590
				585
	I	l	Gray/green Limestone	
				580
		14(	0 160	

#### **EUSGS** Design Maps Summary Report

**User-Specified Input** 

Report Title Collins Road Structure over Morgan Creek Fri July 1, 2016 02:52:42 UTC

Building Code Reference Document 2009 AASHTO Guide Specifications for LRFD Seismic Bridge Design (which utilizes USGS hazard data available in 2002)

Site Coordinates 41.65834°N, 88.35754°W

Site Soil Classification Site Class C – "Very Dense Soil and Soft Rock"



#### **USGS**–Provided Output

PGA =	0.050 g	$A_s =$	0.059 g	Design Response Spectrum
$S_s =$	0.104 g	<b>S</b> <sub>DS</sub> =	0.125 g	
<b>S</b> <sub>1</sub> =	0.039 g	S <sub>D1</sub> =	0.066 g	0.14 0.12 0.10 0.08 0.06 0.04 0.02 0.00 0.00 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 Period, T (sec)

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