216

Letting April 26, 2024

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 89835
PEORIA County
Section 20-00387-00-PV (City Of Peoria)
Route FAU 6643 (Pioneer Parkway)
Project NMGI-915 ()
District 4 Construction Funds

Prepared by

F

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. **TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. April 26, 2024 at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 89835
PEORIA County
Section 20-00387-00-PV (City Of Peoria)
Project NMGI-915 ()
Route FAU 6643 (Pioneer Parkway)
District 4 Construction Funds

Reconstruct the intersecton of Pioneer Parkway and University Street in Peoria.

- 3. **INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to re-advertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman, Secretary

CONTRACT 89835

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2024

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction

(Adopted 1-1-22) (Revised 1-1-24)

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Std. Spe	ec. Sec.	Page No
202	Earth and Rock Excavation	1
204	Borrow and Furnished Excavation	
207	Porous Granular Embankment	3
211	Topsoil and Compost	4
407	Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavement (Full-Depth)	5
420	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	6
502	Excavation for Structures	
509	Metal Railings	8
540	Box Culverts	9
542	Pipe Culverts	29
586	Granular Backfill for Structures	34
630	Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	35
644	High Tension Cable Median Barrier	36
665	Woven Wire Fence	37
782	Reflectors	38
801	Electrical Requirements	40
821	Roadway Luminaires	43
1003	Fine Aggregates	44
1004	Coarse Aggregates	45
1010	Finely Divided Minerals	46
1020	Portland Cement Concrete	47
1030	Hot-Mix Asphalt	48
1061	Waterproofing Membrane System	49
1067	Luminaire	50
1097	Reflectors	57

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

CHE	CK SH	<u>IEET#</u> PA	AGE NO.
1	\boxtimes	Additional State Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts	59
2	\boxtimes	Subletting of Contracts (Federal-Aid Contracts)	62
3	\boxtimes	EEO	63
4		Specific EEO Responsibilities Non Federal-Aid Contracts	73
5		Required Provisions - State Contracts	78
6		Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal	84
7		Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos HMA Surface Removal	
8		Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads	
9	\boxtimes	Construction Layout Stakes	87
10		Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing	90
11		Subsealing of Concrete Pavements	
12		Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction	
13		Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing	
14		Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal	99
15		Polymer Concrete	
16		Reserved	
17		Bicycle Racks	
18		Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals	106
19		Nighttime Inspection of Roadway Lighting	108
20		English Substitution of Metric Bolts	
21		Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete	110
22		Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant	
23	\boxtimes	Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures	119
24		Reserved	135
25		Reserved	
26		Temporary Raised Pavement Markers	
27		Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam	
28		Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay	
29		Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	145
30		Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching	
31		Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided	
32	\boxtimes	Station Numbers in Pavements or Overlays	151

LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Table of Contents

CHECK SHEET #	<u>PAGE NO.</u>
LRS 1 Reserved	153
LRS 2	154
LRS 3 Work Zone Traffic Control Surveillance	155
LRS 4 Flaggers in Work Zones	156
LRS 5 Contract Claims	157
LRS 6 Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Contract Proposals	158
LRS 7	164
LRS 8 Reserved	170
LRS 9	
LRS 10 Reserved	175
LRS 11	176
LRS 12	178
LRS 13 Selection of Labor	
LRS 14 Paving Brick and Concrete Paver Pavements and Sidewalks	181
LRS 15 Partial Payments	184
LRS 16 Protests on Local Lettings	185
LRS 17 Substance Abuse Prevention Program	186
LRS 18 Multigrade Cold Mix Asphalt	187
LRS 19 Reflective Crack Control Treatment	

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LOCATION OF PROJECT	1
DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT	1
DATE OF COMPLETION (PLUS WORKING DAYS)	2
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	2
DETOUR SIGNING	3
STATUS OF UTILITIES/UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED	3
UTILITIES - LOCATIONS/INFORMATION ON PLANS	4
REMOVAL OF ABANDONED UNDERGROUND UTILITIES	4
SALVAGING EXISTING MATERIALS	5
REMOVE & REINSTALL SIGN PANEL	5
CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT RESPONSIBILITY	6
CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT UTILIZING GPS EQUIPMENT	6
EQUIPMENT VAULT FOR NUCLEAR TESTING EQUIPMENT	7
EMBANKMENT (RESTRICTIONS)	7
PROOF ROLLING	8
SUBGRADE TREATMENT	8
AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT – 6" and 10"	9
EARTH EXCAVATION, SPECIAL	9
TRIAXIAL GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT, TY. 1	10

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835 Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

TEMPORARY PAVEMENT	10
INLETS, TYPE G-1 (SPECIAL)	11
INLET-MANHOLE, TYPE G-1, 4' (1.2 M) DIAMETER, SPECIAL	11
STORM SEWER, (WATER MAIN QUALITY PIPE)	12
STORM SEWER REMOVAL	15
REMOVING INLETS AND MANHOLES	15
REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES	16
PCC SLIPFORM PAVING AGGREGATE OPTIMIZATION	17
MEMBRANE CURING METHOD	18
PCC QMP ELECTRONIC REPORTS SUBMITTAL	18
PCC AUTOMATIC BATCHING EQUIPMENT	19
STORM WATER STORAGE CHAMBER	19
ISLAND PAVEMENT REMOVAL	20
GROOVING FOR RECESSED PAVEMENT MARKING, LETTERS AND SYMBOLS	20
TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND LIGHTING AS-BUILT DOCUMENTATION	21
TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONSTRUCTION STAGING	21
REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT	22
POTHOLING FOR LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES	23
UNDERGROUND CONDUIT, PVC, 1" DIA, 1 ½" DIA, 3" DIA & 4" DIA	23
ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, EQUIPMENT GROUNDING CONDUCTOR, NO. 6 1C	23

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835 Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

CONCRETE FOUNDATION	24
HANDHOLE, PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	24
DOUBLE HANDHOLE, PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	25
ELECTRICAL WORK CONTRACT GUARANTEE	26
MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL WORK	26
CAT 5 ETHERNET CABLE	28
TRAFFIC SIGNAL BACKPLATE, RETROREFLECTIVE	28
PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON POST	29
PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, LED, 2-FACE, BRACKET MOUNTED WITH COUNTDOWN TIMER	29
EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM	31
FULL ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET, SPECIAL	32
ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL)	34
SIGNAL HEAD, LED	35
TRAFFIC SIGNAL LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS	36
VIDEO VEHICLE DETECTION, 4 CAMERAS	39
TRAFFIC SIGNAL BATTERY BACKUP SYSTEM	45
REMOVE EXISTING LIGHTING SYSTEM	55
LUMINAIRES	56

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835 Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

FIBER OPTIC ETHERNET DROP AND REPEAT SWITCH	56
RELOCATE EXISTING PTZ CAMERA	58
ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS (APS)	59
APS EXTENSION BRACKET	64
PIPE UNDERDRAIN, TYPE 2, 6 INCH	64
INSURANCE (LR 107-4)	66
LOCAL QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY MANAGEMENT QC/AQ (LR 1030-2)	67-68
STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)	69-75
CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION STATEMENT	76
SOIL BORING LOGS	77-83

BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following special provisions indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

<u>File</u> Name	Pg.	Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80099		Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	Jan. 1, 2022
80274	84	Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2022
80192		Automated Flagger Assistance Device	Jan. 1, 2008	April 1, 2023
80173		Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2017
80426		Bituminous Surface Treatment with Fog Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
80241		Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	
50531		Building Removal	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
50261		Building Removal with Asbestos Abatement	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
80449	87	Cement, Type IL	Aug. 1, 2023	
80384	88	Compensable Delay Costs	June 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
80198		Completion Date (via calendar days)	April 1, 2008	
80199		Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008	
80453		Concrete Sealer	Nov. 1, 2023	Nav. 4 0044
80261		Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
80434	92	☐ Corrugated Plastic Pipe (Culvert and Storm Sewer)☐ Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Jan. 1, 2021	Mar 2 2010
80029 80229	92	☑ Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation☑ Fuel Cost Adjustment	Sept. 1, 2000	Mar. 2, 2019 Aug. 1, 2017
80452		☐ Full Lane Sealant Waterproofing System	April 1, 2009 Nov. 1, 2023	Aug. 1, 2017
80447		Grading and Shaping Ditches	Jan 1, 2023	
80433		Green Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Markings	Jan. 1, 2021	Jan. 1, 2022
80443		☐ High Tension Cable Median Barrier Removal	April 1, 2022	0an. 1, 2022
80456	102	Hot-Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2024	
80446	102	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Longitudinal Joint Sealant	Nov. 1, 2022	Aug. 1, 2023
* 80438		Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative – State Funded Contracts	June 2, 2021	April 2, 2024
80045		Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Jan. 1, 2022
80450		Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Aug. 1, 2023	
80441	103	Performance Graded Asphalt Binder	Jan 1, 2023	
80451	108	□ Portland Cement Concrete	Aug. 1, 2023	
34261		Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2022
* 80455	109	Removal and Disposal of Regulated Substances	Jan. 1, 2024	April 1, 2024
80445		Seeding	Nov. 1, 2022	
* 80457	111	Short Term and Temporary Pavement Markings	April 1, 2024	
80448	114	Source of Supply and Quality Requirements	Jan. 2, 2023	
80340		Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2022
80127	445	Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2022
80397	115	Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	A
80391	116		Nov. 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
80437	117 119	Submission of Payroll RecordsSurface Testing of Pavements – IRI	April 1, 2021	Nov. 2, 2023
80435 80410	119	Surface Testing of Pavements – IRITraffic Spotters	Jan. 1, 2021 Jan. 1, 2019	Jan. 1, 2023
20338	125	☐ Trainic Spotters ☐ Training Special Provisions	Oct. 15, 1975	Sept. 2, 2021
80429	123	☐ Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	April 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
80439	128	☐ Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights	Nov. 1, 2021	Nov. 1, 2022
80302	129	Weekly DBE Trucking Reports ■	June 2, 2012	Nov. 1, 2021
80454	0	Wood Sign Support	Nov. 1, 2023	. 101. 1, 2021
80427	130		Mar. 2, 2020	
80071		Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	
			•	

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", <u>Adopted January 1, 2022</u>, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein, and the "Recommended Standards for Water Works", (Ten State Standards), latest edition, which apply to and govern the construction of Section 20-00387-00-PV – Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction in the City of Peoria, IL and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

The project is located on Pioneer Parkway from west of Harker Drive to 650' east of University St. and on University St. from Altorfer Drive to 550' south of Pioneer Parkway.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The project consists of the following:

Pioneer Parkway - Complete reconstruction within the project limits. The proposed work includes removal of all existing items, aggregate subbase, curb and gutter, storm sewer, PCC Pavement, PCC driveway pavement, HMA shared use path, PCC sidewalk, sod, pavement markings, traffic signals, and other collateral work.

University St. – south of Pioneer Parkway - Complete reconstruction within the project limits. The proposed work includes removal of all existing items, aggregate subbase, curb and gutter, storm sewer, PCC Pavement, PCC driveway pavement, PCC sidewalk, sod, pavement markings, traffic signals, street lighting, and other collateral work.

University St. – north of Pioneer Parkway – Complete reconstruction for 50' north of Pioneer Parkway. The proposed work includes removal of all existing items, aggregate subbase, curb and gutter, storm sewer, PCC Pavement, PCC sidewalk, sod, pavement markings, traffic signals, street lighting, and other collateral work. From 50' north of Pioneer Parkway to Altorfer Drive the proposed work includes HMA shared use path, PCC driveway pavement, and other collateral work.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

DATE OF COMPLETION (PLUS WORKING DAYS)

Effective March 1, 1990 Revised August 3, 2018

The Contractor shall schedule his operations to complete all work in Stages 1-3, except as specified below, and open all the roadways, sidewalks, bike paths, etc. to traffic on or before November 22, 2024. The Contractor shall schedule his operations to complete all work in Stages 4-5, except as specified below, and open all the roadways, sidewalks, bike paths, etc. to traffic on or before July 18, 2025. The Contractor will be allowed to complete punch list and the following items by September 15, 2025:

- 1. Sodding
- 2. Fertilizing

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," the applicable guidelines contained in the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," these Special Provisions, and any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

Special attention is called to Section 701 and Articles 107.09 and 107.14 of the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", traffic control plan in the project plans, and the following Highway Standards relating to traffic control:

701602 701701 701801 701901

The construction drawings include project specific Stage Construction Plans to be followed by the Contractor. The traffic control measures shall be tailored to the Sequence of Work that is employed by the Contractor. The Contractor is solely responsible for traffic control and protection within the project limits from the inception of the work until the final completion. The Resident Engineer is available to the Contractor for consultation about the minimum requirements of the Standard Details and Standard Specifications. Any modifications to the sequence of staging or maintenance of traffic shall be approved by the Engineer prior to implementation.

All traffic control will be paid for at the contract unit price per lump sum for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (SPECIAL).

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

DETOUR SIGNING

Traffic control signs, devices and changeable message signs necessary to mark the detour route as shown in the plans shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Signs and traffic control devices shall be installed in accordance with applicable standard details and the Illinois Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

All materials and labor to install and maintain traffic control devices along the detour route will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for DETOUR SIGNING.

STATUS OF UTILITIES/UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

The following utilities are located within the project limits. For relocations, the utility companies have provided the estimated dates.

				Estimated
Name, Contact, Email And Phone			Relocation	Date Relocation
Number of Utility	Type	Location	Needed	Completed
Greater Peoria Sanitary District	Sanitary	Job	Yes	During
Emily Ambroso	Sewer	Limits		Construction
eambroso@gpsd.org				
(309) 620-1108				
Illinois American Water	Water	Job	Yes	During
Trip Barton		Limits		Construction
Charles.Barton@amwater.com				
Comcast	Cable-	Job	Yes	During
Mark Wabel	Fiber	Limits		Construction
Mark.wabel@comcast.com				
(309) 643-3986				
Stratus	Cable-	Job	Yes	Prior to
Butch Forkel	Fiber	Limits		Construction
bforkel@stratusnet.com				
(309) 241-6599				
Windstream	Cable-	Job	Yes	Prior to
Mark Mills	Fiber	Limits		Construction
mark.mills@winstream.com				
AT&T	Cable-	Job	Yes	Prior to
Bill Conover	Fiber	Limits		Construction
wc2473@att.com				

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

ITV-3	Cable-	Job	Yes	Prior to
Matt Cain	Fiber	Limits		Construction
matt.cain@i3broadband.net				
Bluebird Network	Cable-	Job	Yes	Prior to
Patrick Higgins	Fiber	Limits		Construction
Patrick.higgins@bluebirdnetwrok.com				
Ameren	Gas	Job	No	N/A
Kent Kowalske		Limits		
kkowalske@ameren.com				
Ameren	Electric	Job	Yes	Prior to
John Reick		Limits		Construction
jreick@ameren.com				
(309) 693-4707				

The above represents the best information of the City and is only included for the convenience of the bidder. The applicable provisions of Articles 105.07, 107.20, 107.39 and 108.02 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall apply.

UTILITIES – LOCATIONS/INFORMATION ON PLANS

Effective: November 8, 2013

The locations of existing water mains, gas mains, sewers, electric power lines, telephone lines, and other utilities as shown on the plans are based on field investigation and locations provided by the utility companies, but they are not guaranteed. Unless elevations are shown, all utility locations shown on the cross sections are based on the approximate depth supplied by the utility company. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to ascertain their exact location from the utility companies and by field inspection.

REMOVAL OF ABANDONED UNDERGROUND UTILITIES

Effective January 15, 1996 Revised November 21, 1996

This work shall be completed in accordance with Article 105.07 of the Standard Specifications and the items outlined herein: The cost of removal of abandoned or to be abandoned underground utilities shown on the plans are the responsibility of the owner. The Contractor shall make

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

arrangements with the utility owner for removal and payment. The utility owner is listed in the plans under Status of Utilities.

Prior to removal of the abandoned facility, the owner shall be notified so that representatives can be present during the removal operation.

If an unknown abandoned utility is encountered, the Contractor will be paid for any removal required by the Engineer as extra work in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

SALVAGING EXISTING MATERIALS

All existing municipally owned street castings, frames and grates on inlets and manholes, signs and posts, traffic signal control cabinets, traffic poles and mast arms, traffic signal heads, video detection system, and light poles and luminaires in usable condition within the limits of the improvement shall, if not required for further use in the construction of the improvement, be carefully excavated and preserved by the Contractor. Items desired by the City, shall be hauled from the job site by the Contractor to a location (within the City limits) determined by the City.

The cost of salvaging existing municipally owned items, as outlined herein, will not be paid for separately, but the cost shall be included in the contract unit price for the item of construction involved.

REMOVE & REINSTALL SIGN PANEL

Existing signs at locations shown on the plans shall be removed, stored in safe location, and reinstalled at locations directed by the Engineer. This work shall be completed in accordance with Section 724 of the Standard Specifications.

If the contractor damages signs during the removal process or they damaged while being stored, the contractor will be responsible for providing a new sign at no additional cost.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Sq Ft for REMOVE & REINSTALL SIGN PANEL.

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT RESPONSIBILITY

Effective April 26, 2015 Revised: November 6, 2015

This special provision is included in addition to Check Sheet #9 of the Recurring Special Provisions, Special Provision for Construction Layout Stakes, to clearly define the responsibility of the Contractor for construction layout.

As the Contractor is generating the survey layout model, all roadway elements shall be verified to fit within the final proposed slopes and right-of-way. If the Contractor determines a portion of the plans is incorrect or a portion does not agree with another portion, they shall contact the Engineer to have the problem resolved and additional work, if any, agreed upon. The Contractor shall not proceed until authority is received from the Engineer and problems are resolved. The Engineer shall contact Hutchison Engineering, Inc. if need be.

The Contractor shall set all horizontal control points at the end of construction and provide cross ties in a hardback survey book to the Engineer.

The Contractor shall also set and provide the Engineer with a list of final benchmarks in a hardback survey book at the end of construction for future control.

No additional compensation will be allowed for complying with this Special Provision, but all costs shall be included in the contract Lump Sum price for CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT.

CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT UTILIZING GPS EQUIPMENT

If the Contractor opts to utilize GPS equipment for Construction Layout, the Contractor shall be required to complete the following in addition to the requirements of Check Sheet #9 of the recurring special provisions and as directed by the Engineer.

A portable GPS unit as a means to check grade, locate stationing, and offsets shall be on the job weekly and shall be available to the Engineer when checking and re-checking the Contractor's final grades for acceptance. Stationing lathes at 100' increments shall be placed and maintained along a left or right R.O.W. line throughout the duration of the contract.

No additional compensation will be allowed for complying with this special provision, but all

6

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

costs shall be included in the contract Lump Sum Price for CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT.

EQUIPMENT VAULT FOR NUCLEAR TESTING EQUIPMENT

Effective June 24, 1993 Revised November 8, 2019

Add the following to the list of equipment and furniture to be furnished under Article 670.05 Engineer's Field Laboratory.

A cabinet or vault shall be provided for the nuclear density equipment which shall have a suitable barrier system of concrete, steel, lead, or other radiation barrier material and shall remain at the job site. The vault shall be located in a secure, weather-proof location and be a minimum of 15' from any work station and approved by the RSO. It shall have a dimension capable of holding the number of units being stored at the site and shall have a lock for security to prevent intruders from gaining access to this equipment. All walls and doors of the unit shall be sufficient thickness to prevent any radiation leakage from the equipment should a malfunction result which would allow this leakage.

The cost of furnishing the equipment vault will not be paid for separately but shall be considered as included in the unit cost for ENGINEER'S FIELD LABORATORY.

EMBANKMENT (RESTRICTIONS)

Effective: January 21, 2005 Revised: August 5, 2022

Replace the sixth and seventh paragraphs of Article 205.04 with the following:

Alternating layers of suitable soil and restricted-use material will not be permitted. Restricted-use materials may only be incorporated into the embankment by using one of the following procedures:

- a. Restricted-use materials shall be placed in 4" lifts and disked with the underlying lift material until a uniform and homogenous material is formed having more than 35% passing the number 200 sieve.
- b. Sand, gravel or crushed stone embankment when placed on the existing ground surface will be drained using a 10' (3 m) by 10' (3 m) French drain consisting of nonwoven geotechnical fabric with 12" (0.3 m) of B-3 riprap. This shall be constructed on both sides of the embankment at the toe of the foreslope spaced 150' (46 m) apart. At locations requiring a French drain the 3' (1 m) cohesive cap shall not be installed within the 10' by

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

10' riprap area. If the Engineer determines that the existing ground is a granular free draining soil, the French drain may be deleted.

c. Sand, gravel or crushed stone embankment when placed on top of a cohesive embankment will be drained with a permanent 4" (100 mm) underdrain system. The underdrain system shall consist of a longitudinal underdrain on both sides of the embankment and transverse underdrains spaced at 250' (75 m) centers. The underdrain shall consist of a 2' (0.6 m) deep by 1' (0.3 m) wide trench, backfilled with FA4 sand and a 4" (100 mm) diameter underdrain. In addition, both sides of the embankment will have a 6" (150 mm) diameter pipe drain which will drain the underdrain system and outletted into a permanent drainage structure or outletted by a headwall at the toe of the embankment.

The above work will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of EARTH EXCAVATION, FURNISHED EXCAVATION, or BORROW EXCAVATION.

PROOF ROLLING

Effective April 23, 2004 Revised January 1, 2007

This work shall consist of proof rolling the subgrade with a fully loaded tandem axle dump truck and driver at the direction of the Engineer. The truck shall travel the subgrade in all the proposed lanes of traffic in the presence of the Engineer.

This work will not be paid for separately, but considered included in the various earthwork pay items.

SUBGRADE TREATMENT

Effective July 1, 1990 Revised January 1, 2022

Revise first sentence of first paragraph of Article 301.04 as follows:

"When compacted, the subgrade shall have a minimum dry density of 95 percent of the standard laboratory dry density and a minimum immediate bearing value (IBV) of 4."

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

Delete the second paragraph (including subparagraphs a, b, and c) of Article 301.04 of the Standard Specifications and replace it with the following:

"In cut sections the Contractor responsible for the rough grading shall obtain not less than 95% of the standard laboratory density and not more than 110% of the optimum moisture for the top 1' (300 mm) of the subgrade.

The Contractor may, at his/her option, add a drying agent to lower the moisture content as specified. The drying agent must be approved by the Engineer prior to use. Additional compensation will not be allowed for the use of a drying agent but will be considered as included in the cost of the various earthwork items."

AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT – 6" and 10"

This work shall be completed in accordance with Section 303 of the Standard Specifications, the BDE Specification for Aggregate Subgrade Improvement, and the details included in the plans.

Aggregate Subgrade Improvement 10" shall be used under all of the new pavement as shown in the plans.

Aggregate Subgrade Improvement 6" shall be used in addition to Aggregate Subgrade 10" at locations determined by the Engineer where unsuitable soil conditions exist.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT 6" and AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT 10". The earth excavation required to construct these items will be paid for separately. Earth Excavation required to construct AGGREGATE SUBGRADE 6" will be paid for as EARTH EXCAVATION, SPECIAL and earth excavation required to construct AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT 10" will be paid for as EARTH EXCAVATION.

EARTH EXCAVATION, SPECIAL

This pay item shall be used to excavate and dispose of unsuitable material encountered under proposed pavement areas. The work shall be completed in accordance with Section 202 of the Standard Specifications at locations directed by the Engineer.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard for EARTH EXCAVATION, SPECIAL.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

TRIAXIAL GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT, TY. 1

This work consists of furnishing and installing a triaxial geogrid at locations as indicated on the plans.

The geogrid shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

The geogrid shall be manufactured from a punched polypropylene sheet.

Load transfer capability shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D6637-10 and ASTM D7737-11 and shall meet a minimum junction efficiency of 93% (percentage of ultimate tensile strength).

Radial stiffness shall be at least 300 kN/m(20,580 lb/ft) at low strain (0.5%) as determined from the tensile stiffness measured in any in-plane axis from testing in accordance with ASTM D6637-10.

The geogrid shall maintain 100% of load capacity or structural integrity when subjected to chemically aggressive environments in accordance with EPA 9090 immersion testing.

The geogrid shall maintain at least 70% of load capacity or structural integrity when subjected to 500 hours of ultraviolet light and aggressive weathering in accordance with ASTM D4355-05.

Contractor shall verify with the manufacturer that the geogrid selected is appropriate and will perform as anticipated given the d50 of the subgrade improvement aggregate.

<u>Basis of payment.</u> This work will be measured and paid for in place at the contract unit price per square yard for TRIAXIAL GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT, TYPE 1, which shall include all labor, equipment and materials necessary to furnish and install the geogrid.

TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

This work shall consist of the placement and removal of temporary pavement and aggregate backfill (as needed) in the two existing islands on the south side of Pioneer Parkway/University St. intersection and in the proposed median on the south leg of N. University St. This work is required to accommodate traffic patterns in the various stages.

The temporary pavement shall be 8" HMA or PCC Base Course. Materials and construction procedures shall be in accordance with Section 353 or 355 of the Standard Specifications. Material for HMA Base Course shall be in accordance with Sections 406 and 407 and as shown

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

in the Mix Design Table. Tack Coat shall be in accordance with Section 406 and at the rate shown in the General

Removal operations shall be conducted in accordance with Section 440 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for TEMPORARY PAVEMENT, which price shall include all labor, equipment and materials (including variable depth aggregate base course as needed) necessary to complete the placement and removal work.

INLETS, TYPE G-1, SPECIAL

Effective October 1, 1995 Revised January 1, 2007

This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment, and material for the construction of Type G-1, Special inlets and Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter in accordance with Sections 602 and 606 of the Standard Specifications and the details in the plans.

Add "INLETS, G-1, SPECIAL" to Article 602.16 of the Standard Specifications. Delete the first paragraph in Articles 606.14 and 606.15.

Payment for transitional Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter will be included in "INLETS, TYPE G-1, SPECIAL" in accordance with details shown in the plans.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for INLETS, TYPE G-1, SPECIAL.

INLET-MANHOLE, TYPE G-1, 4' (1.2 M) DIAMETER, SPECIAL

Effective October 1, 1995 Revised January 1, 2007

This work shall consist of all labor, equipment, and material for the construction of Inlet/Manhole, Type G-1, 4' (1.2 m) Diameter, Special and Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter in accordance with Section 602 and 606 of the Standard Specifications and the details in the plans.

Add "INLET-MANHOLE, TYPE G-1, 4' (1.2 m) DIAMETER, SPECIAL" to Article 602.16 of the Standard Specifications. Delete the first paragraph of Articles 606.14 and 606.15.

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

Payment for transitional Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter will be included in "INLETMANHOLE, TYPE G-1, 4' (1.2 m) DIAMETER, SPECIAL" in accordance with details shown in the plans.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for INLET-MANHOLE, TYPE G-1, 4' (1.2 m) DIAMETER, SPECIAL.

STORM SEWER, (WATER MAIN QUALITY PIPE)

Effective January 1, 2011

Revised January 1, 2021

This work consists of constructing storm sewer to meet water main standards, as required by the IEPA or when otherwise specified. The work shall be performed in accordance with applicable parts of Section 550 of the Standard Specifications, applicable sections of the current edition of the IEPA Regulations (Title 35 of the Illinois Administrative Code, Subtitle F, Chapter II, Section 653.119), the applicable sections of the current edition of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", and as herein specified.

This provision shall govern the installation of all storm sewers which do not meet IEPA criteria for separation distance between storm sewers and water mains. Separation criteria for storm sewers placed adjacent to water mains and water service lines are as follows:

- (1) Water mains and water service lines shall be located at least 10 feet (3.05 meters) horizontally from any existing or proposed drain, storm sewer, sanitary sewer, or sewer service connections.
- (2) Water mains and water service lines may be located closer than 10 feet (3.05 meters) to a sewer line when:
 - (a) Local conditions prevent a lateral separation of 10 feet (3.05 meters); and
 - (b) The water main or water service invert is 18 inches (460 mm) above the crown of the sewer; and
 - (c) The water main or water service is either in a separate trench or in the same trench on an undisturbed earth shelf located to one side of the sewer.
- (3) A water main or water service shall be separated from a sewer so that its invert is a minimum of 18 inches (460 mm) above the crown of the drain or sewer whenever water

Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

mains or services cross storm sewers, sanitary sewers or sewer service connections. The vertical separation shall be maintained for that portion of the water main or water services located within 10 feet (3.05 meters) horizontally of any sewer or drain crossed.

When it is impossible to meet (1), (2) or (3) above, the storm sewer shall be constructed of concrete pressure pipe, slip-on or mechanical joints ductile iron pipe, or PVC pipe equivalent to water main standards of construction. Construction shall extend on each side of the crossing until the perpendicular distance from the water main or water service to the sewer or drain line is at least 10 feet (3.05 meters). Storm sewer meeting water main requirements shall be constructed of the following pipe materials:

Concrete Pressure Pipe

Concrete pressure pipe shall conform to the latest ANSI/AWWA C300, C301, or C303.

Joints shall conform to Article 41-2.07B of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois."

Ductile Iron Pipe Ductile

Iron pipe shall conform to ANSI A 21.51 (AWWA C151), class or thickness designed per ANSI A 2150 (AWWA C150), tar (seal) coated and/or cement lined per ANSI A 21.4 (AWWA C104), with a mechanical or rubber ring (slip seal or push on) joints.

Joints for ductile iron pipe shall be in accordance with the following applicable specifications.

- 1. Mechanical Joints AWWA C111 and
- 2. C600 2. Push-On Joints AWWA C111 and C600

Plastic Pipe

Plastic pipe shall be marked with the manufacturer's name (or trademark); ASTM or AWWA specification; Schedule Number, Dimension Ratio (DR) Number or Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) Number; and Cell Class. The pipe and fittings shall also meet NSF Standard 14 and bear the NSF seal of approval. Fittings shall be compatible with the type of pipe used. The plastic pipe options shall be in accordance with the following:

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) conforming to ASTM Standard D 1785. Schedule 80 is the minimum required for all pipe sizes, except when the pipe is to be threaded, and then it shall be Schedule 120. It shall be made from PVC compound meeting ASTM D 1784, Class 12454C.
- 2. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) conforming to ASTM D 2241. A minimum wall thickness of SDR 26 is required for all pipe sizes (Note: The lower the SDR number, the higher the wall thickness and pressure rating). It shall be made from PVC compound meeting ASTM D 1784, Class 12454B.
- 3. Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) conforming to ASTM F 441. A minimum of Schedule 80 is required for all pipe sizes. Threaded joints are not allowed. It shall be made from CPVC compound meeting ASTM D 1784, Class 3447B.
- 4. Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) conforming to ASTM F 442M/F422M. A minimum wall thickness of SDR 26 is required for all pipe sizes (Note: The lower the SDR number, the higher the wall thickness and pressure rating). It shall be made from CPVC compound meeting ASTM D 1784.
- 5. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) conforming to ANSI/AWWA C900. A minimum of wall thickness of DR 25 is required for all pipe sizes (Note: The lower the DR number, the higher the wall thickness and pressure rating). It shall be made from PVC compound meeting ASTM D 1784, Class 12454.
- Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) conforming to ANSI/AWWA C905. A minimum of wall thickness of DR 26 is required for all pipe sizes (Note: The lower the DR number, the higher the wall thickness and pressure rating). It shall be made from PVC compound meeting ASTM D 1784, Class 12454.

Joining of plastic pipe shall be by push-on joint, solvent welded joint, heat welded joint, flanged joint, or threaded joint, butt fused or electro fused, in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's instructions and industry standards. Special precautions shall be taken to insure clean, dry contact surfaces when making solvent or heat welded joints. Adequate setting time shall be allowed for maximum strength.

Elastometric seals (gaskets) used for push-on joints shall comply with ASTM F477.

Solvent cement shall be specific for the plastic pipe material and shall comply with ASTM D 2564 (PVC) or ASTM F 493 (CPVC) and be approved by NSF.

Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

This work will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per Foot (Meter) for STORM SEWER (WATER MAIN QUALITY PIPE) of the diameter and type specified.

STORM SEWER REMOVAL

This work shall consist of the removal and satisfactory disposal of the existing storm sewers as shown on the plans. The work shall be done in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 551 of the Standard Specifications.

Any voids created by the removal shall be backfilled with trench backfill in accordance with Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

Existing sewers shall be plugged anytime they are cut and not removed or as noted on the plans. The cost for plugging sewers shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the various sewer items.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for STORM SEWER REMOVAL, of the type specified, which price shall include all labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work. Trench backfill shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract unit price for STORM SEWER REMOVAL.

REMOVING INLETS AND MANHOLES

This work shall consist of the removal and satisfactory disposal of the existing inlets and manholes as shown on the plans. The work shall be done in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 605 of the Standard Specifications.

Any voids created by the removal shall be backfilled with trench backfill in accordance with Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVING INLETS and REMOVING MANHOLES, which price shall include all labor, equipment and materials necessary to complete the work. Trench backfill shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract unit price per each for REMOVING INLETS and REMOVING MANHOLES.

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES

Description. This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of regulated substances according to Section 669 of the Standard Specifications as revised below.

Contract Specific Work Areas. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas listed below shall be managed as either "uncontaminated soil", hazardous waste, special waste or non-special waste. For stationing, the lateral distance is measured from centerline and the farthest distance is the offset distance or construction limit, whichever is less.

Soil Disposal Analysis. When the waste material requires sampling for landfill disposal acceptance, the Contractor shall secure a written list of the specific analytical parameters and analytical methods required by the landfill. The Contractor shall collect and analyze the required number of samples for the parameters required by the landfill using the appropriate analytical procedures. A copy of the required parameters and analytical methods (from landfill email or on landfill letterhead) shall be provided as Attachment 4A of the BDE 2733 (Regulated Substances Final Construction Report). The price shall include all sampling materials and effort necessary for collection and management of the samples, including transportation of samples from the job site to the laboratory. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the specific disposal facilities to be utilized; and collect and analyze any samples required for disposal facility acceptance using a NELAP certified analytical laboratory registered with the State of Illinois. The following contract specific work areas shall be monitored by the Environmental Firm for soil contamination and workers protection.

Site 4940-3-SB-2 – Pioneer Parkway It. sta. 105+78 to 109+16 – Roadway centerline to north ROW line - ground surface to maximum anticipated excavation depth. The Engineer has determined this material meets the criteria of and shall be managed in accordance with Article 669.05(a)(1). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Manganese.

Site 4940-7-SB-2 – Pioneer Parkway It. sta. 117+73 to 120+50 – Roadway centerline to north ROW line - from five feet below ground surface to maximum anticipated excavation depth. The Engineer has determined this material meets the criteria of and shall be managed in accordance with Article 669.05(b)(1). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: pH.

It is anticipated that no excavation will required at this site below five feet of the ground surface.

Site 4940-11-SB-2 – Pioneer Parkway rt. Sta. 116+88 to 118+59 – Roadway centerline to south ROW line – from five feet below ground surface to maximum anticipated excavation depth. The

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

Engineer has determined this material meets the criteria of and shall be managed in accordance with Article 669.05(b)(1). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: pH.

It is anticipated that no excavation will required at this site below five feet of the ground surface. **Site 4940-13-SB-1 – University St. It. sta. 7+23 to 9+57** – Roadway centerline to west ROW line - from five feet below ground surface to maximum anticipated excavation depth. The Engineer has determined this material meets the criteria of and shall be managed in accordance with Article 669.05(a)(1). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Benzene, PID.

It is anticipated that no excavation will required at this site below five feet of the ground surface.

Site 4940-13-SB-2 – Pioneer Parkway – rt. Sta. 110+41 to 113+50 – Roadway centerline to south ROW line - from ground surface to five feet below ground surface. The Engineer has determined this material meets the criteria of and shall be managed in accordance with Article 669.05(a)(5). Contaminants of concern sampling parameters: Manganese.

Work Zones

Three distinct OSHA HAZWOPER work zones (exclusion, decontamination, and support) shall apply to projects adjacent to or within sites with documented leaking underground storage tank (LUST) incidents, or sites under management in accordance with the requirements of the Site Remediation Program (SRP), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), or Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), or as deemed necessary. For this project, the work zones apply for the following ISGS PESA Sites: **None**

Additional information on the contract specific work areas listed above collected during the regulated substances due-diligence process is available through the City's Public Works Department.

PCC SLIPFORM PAVING AGGREGATE OPTIMIZATION

Effective: August 3, 2012 Revised: January 1, 2022

Delete Note 7/ of Article 1004.01(c) and replace Article 1004.02(d)(1) with the following:

For the slipform paving of concrete pavement, the Class PV concrete shall be uniformly graded. This may be accomplished by using a uniformly graded single coarse aggregate, or by blending

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

two or more coarse aggregate sizes. As a minimum for multiple coarse aggregate sizes, CA 7 or CA 11 shall be blended with CA 13, CA 14, or CA 16. The final single coarse aggregate or combined coarse aggregate gradation shall have minimum 45 percent and maximum 60 percent passing the 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) sieve. However, the Contractor may propose for approval by the Engineer an alternate uniformly graded concrete mixture using the information in the "Portland Cement Concrete Level III Technician Course – Manual of Instructions for Design of Concrete Mixtures".

MEMBRANE CURING METHOD

Effective: July 29, 2016 Revised: November 17, 2017

Revise Article 1020.13(a)(4) paragraph 2 to read: "After all finishing work to the concrete surface has been completed, the surface and all exposed edges shall be sealed with membrane curing compound of the type specified within ten minutes. The seal shall be maintained for the specified curing period. The edges of the concrete shall, likewise, be sealed within ten minutes after the forms are removed. Two separate applications, applied at least one minute and no more than fifteen (15) minutes apart, each at the rate of not less than 1 gal./250 sq. ft. (0.16L/sq. m) will be required upon the surfaces and edges of the concrete. These applications shall be made with the mechanical equipment specified. Type III compound shall be agitated immediately before and during the application.

PCC QMP ELECTRONIC REPORT SUBMITTALS

Effective January 13, 2022

The Contractor's QC personnel shall be responsible for electronically submitting the following reports to the Engineer: PRO and IND data for BMPR MI654 "Air, Slump, & Quantity"; PRO data for BMPR MI655 "PCC Strength"; and PRO data for BMPR MI504 "Field/Lab Gradation".

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

PCC AUTOMATIC BATCHING EQUIPMENT

Effective April 23, 2010 Revised November 7, 2014

Portland cement concrete provided shall be produced from batch plants that conform to the requirements of Article 1103.03 (a) and (b) of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. Semi-automatic batching will not be allowed.

In addition, the batching plant shall be a computerized plant interfaced with a printer and shall print actual batch weights and aggregate mixtures, all water added, amount of each admixture or additive per batch, and percentage variance from design. The ticket shall also state the actual water-cement ratio as batched, and the amount of water that can be added to the batch without exceeding the maximum water-cement ratio. Truck delivery tickets will still be required as per Article 1020.11 (a)(7) of the Standard Specifications.

STORM WATER STORAGE CHAMBER

This work shall include all labor, equipment and materials including 8" inlet piping, storage chambers, geosynthetic fabric, end caps, inspection ports, rodent shields, foundation stone, and embedment stone to excavate and install the storage chambers at the locations shown in the plans and in accordance with these special provisions and details included in the plans.

The foundation and embedment aggregate shall be CA-7 or CA-11 per section 1004. Because the aggregate must allow water to freely flow through, the aggregate shall be kept in a clean condition and not contaminated with native material, vegetation, sand, or other debris. The aggregate shall not be stockpiled on the project site. The material shall be transferred directly from the delivery truck into the trench. Contaminated aggregates shall be removed from the project at the Contractor's expense.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment in feet. Measurement will only include the total top length of the storage chamber. The inlet piping will not be included in the measurement.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid at the contract unit price per FOOT for STORM WATER STORAGE CHAMBER. This work also includes the disposal of the surplus excavated material which is replaced by the foundation stone, embedment stone, and trench backfill. Such disposal shall be made according to Article 202.03 and will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract unit price for STORM WATER STORAGE CHAMBER.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

ISLAND PAVEMENT REMOVAL

This work shall be completed in accordance with applicable parts of Section 440 of the Standard Specifications.

The material removed shall be disposed off-site by the Contractor.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for ISLAND PAVEMENT REMOVAL.

GROOVING FOR RECESSED PAVEMENT MARKING, LETTERS AND SYMBOLS

This work shall be completed per Article 780.05, except that the grooving for letters and symbols shall be as close to the shape of the letter or symbol as possible, being a minimum of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch wider on all sides. Excessive boxing out for the letter or symbol shall not be allowed.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per SQ FT from the table below for GROOVING FOR RECESSED PAVEMENT MARKING, LETTERS AND SYMBOLS.

Grooving Area Chart (Symbols)

SYMBOLS						
Symbol	Pavement Marking Large Size (SF)	Grooving (SF)	Pavement Marking Small Size (SF)	Grooving (SF)		
Through Arrow	11.5	12.6	6.5	7.3		
Left or Right Arrow	15.6	16.8	8.8	9.8		
2 Arrow Combination Left (or Right) and Through	26.0	28.2	14.7	16.2		
3 Arrow Combination Left, Right, and Through	38.4	41.3	20.9	23.0		
Lane Drop Arrow	41.5	43.5				
Wrong Way Arrow	24.3	27.3				

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

Railroad "R" 6ft (1.8m)	3.6	5.3	
Railroad "X" 20ft (6.1m)	54.0	57.5	
International Symbol of Accessibility	3.1	4.0	
Bike Symbol	4.7	12.3	
Shared Lane Symbol	8.0	16.7	

TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND LIGHTING AS-BUILT DOCUMENTATION

The Contractor shall locate all proposed conduit, communication vaults, handholes, light poles, traffic signal posts, mast arms, controller cabinets, and all other electrical structures every 100 feet using a GIS locating device that is accurate to the nearest foot.

The Contractor shall provide a GIS based map of the conduit route (located every 100 feet) with all traffic and lighting components listed above with a complete listing of all of map coordinates in an electronic format (Google Earth KML or KMZ shape file).

This work will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the various traffic signal and lighting contract unit prices.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONSTRUCTION STAGING

The Contractor will be allowed to place the intersection into all-red flash mode for the following reasons:

- 1. To facilitate the installation of the proposed traffic signal controller, mast arms, signal heads, electrical cable, and other components.
- 2. To remove existing handholes in the medians and temporarily splice traffic signal wiring to operate existing signals until proposed signals are installed.

The Contractor shall furnish and install a minimum of two stop signs per approach when the intersection is operating in all-red flash mode. Stop sign placement shall be in accordance with MUTCD requirements. The traffic signals may be placed into all-red flash mode between the hours of 8:30 A.M. and 3:00 P.M. only.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The Contractor shall restore the traffic signal to normal operation at all other times, unless specifically directed otherwise by the Engineer.

The Contractor will be allowed to place the intersection into flash for a maximum of five (5) days.

All costs (labor, materials, and equipment) associated with these requirements including splicing of existing traffic signal wiring shall be included in the contract bid price. There will be no additional compensation for items requirement to implement staging, included but not limited to, temporary cable splices, temporary traffic posts, and premium time hours.

REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

This work shall include removing all of the existing traffic signal equipment including but not limited to traffic signal foundations, handholes, double handholes, posts, mast arms, signal heads, video detection system, lighting on traffic signal poles, control cabinet, conduit, wiring, and all other items associated with the existing traffic signals.

Refer to SALVAGING EXISTING MATERIALS specification for items that shall be salvaged.

Any voids created by the removal shall be backfilled with trench backfill in accordance with Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall recycle all LED modules and high pressure sodium lamps through a certified recycling company. The Contractor shall submit detailed information pertaining to LED module recycling to the Resident Engineer for review along with the electrical material submittals. The Contractor shall submit proof of recycling.

The Contractor shall deliver the traffic signal controller cabinets and contents, complete Gridsmart video detection system, EVP GPS antenna, and confirmation beacons to the City of Peoria. The Contractor shall allow the City of Peoria to salvage any traffic signal components prior to disposal. The Contractor shall deliver these items to the City of Peoria Dries Lane Facility located at 3505 N. Dries Lane, Peoria, IL. The Contractor shall contact Andy O'Neil at (309) 271-9700 a minimum of 48 hours prior to equipment delivery.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per lump sum for REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT which price shall include all labor, equipment and materials necessary to complete the work. Trench backfill shall not be paid for separately but shall

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

be included in the contract unit price per lump sum for REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT.

POTHOLING FOR LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES

Potholing to locate existing underground utilities shall be included in the contract bid price for the conduit pay items.

Removal and replacement of existing sidewalk, pavement, and islands only for utility locating purposes will not be paid for separately, but shall also be included in the contract bid price for the conduit pay items.

UNDERGROUND CONDUIT, PVC, 1" DIA, 1 1/2" DIA, 3" DIA, & 4" DIA

This work shall be completed in accordance with applicable parts of Section 810 of the Standard Specifications.

Trench backfill in accordance with Section 208 of the Standard Specifications will be required to fill all trenches. Trench backfill shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of this item.

Conduit shall be trenched or bored at the contractor's discretion. No additional compensation will be allowed for the different methods of installation.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for UNDERGROUND CONDUIT, PVC, 1" DIA, UNDERGROUND CONDUIT, 1 ½" DIA, UNDERGROUND CONDUIT, PVC, 3" DIA, and UNDERGROUND CONDUIT, PVC, 4" DIA.

ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, EQUIPMENT GROUNDING CONDUCTOR, NO. 6 1C

This work shall be in accordance with the applicable Articles of Sections 801, 806, 873, 1076, and 1088 of the Standard Specifications with the following modifications:

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a grounding wire to bond all traffic signal handholes (lids and rings), mast arm assemblies, posts, light poles, cabinets and exposed metallic conduits.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The Contractor shall attach the proposed ground wire to the proposed traffic structures to ground and safety bond them in accordance with NEC requirements. All labor, materials, and equipment required to bond the proposed structures (wire, clamps, hardware, etc.) shall be included in the bid price for this pay item.

The Contractor shall also be responsible for locating all handholes and uncovering them as required to facilitate the work.

The proposed ground wire shall be an insulated #6 XLP copper conductor with green insulation.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, EQUIPMENT GROUNDING CONDUCTOR, NO. 6 1C which price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide the grounding cable described above.

CONCRETE FOUNDATION

This work shall consist installing a Concrete Foundations in accordance with Section 878 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and State Standard 878001. The soils reports indicate that the average unconfined compression strength is at or slightly less than the required 1.0 tsf. If testing during foundation drilling indicates that the average unconfined compressive strength is less than 1.0 tsf, the contractor shall submit a foundation design, for each location not meeting the strength requirements, sealed by an Illinois licensed Structural Engineer.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment in place in feet of foundation depth.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for CONCRETE FOUNDATION of the type and size specified which price shall be payment in full for all labor, material, and equipment necessary, including foundation design if applicable, to perform the work.

HANDHOLE. PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

This work shall consist of furnishing the materials and constructing a handhole in accordance with the applicable Articles of Section 814 and 1088 of the Standard Specifications with the following modifications:

The lift ring for the cover shall consist of a solid closed ring of stainless steel at least 3/8 inch in diameter. The lift ring shall be attached to the cover by a loop of stainless steel at least 3/8 inch

Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

in diameter. The lift ring and loop shall be recessed in the cover.

The Contractor shall install heavy-duty, fully-galvanized hooks, with a minimum diameter of 1/2" in the proposed handhole. The Contractor shall submit this material to the Engineer prior to construction of the handholes.

Traffic signal system handhole lids shall be marked "Traffic Signals". Lighting system handhole lids shall be marked "Lighting".

Pre-cast or composite concrete handholes are not allowed.

All unsuitable materials shall be properly disposed of by the Contractor outside the job limits.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for HANDHOLE, PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE, which price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide the handhole described above as well as any necessary excavating, backfilling, disposal of unsuitable materials, and furnishing all materials within the limits of the handhole.

DOUBLE HANDHOLE, PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

This work shall consist of furnishing the materials and constructing a handhole in accordance with the applicable Articles of Section 814 and 1088 of the Standard Specifications with the following modifications:

The lift ring for the cover shall consist of a solid closed ring of stainless steel at least 3/8 inch in diameter. The lift ring shall be attached to the cover by a loop of stainless steel at least 3/8 inch in diameter. The lift ring and loop shall be recessed in the cover.

The Contractor shall install heavy-duty, fully galvanized hooks, with a minimum diameter of ½" in the proposed handhole. The Contractor shall submit this material to the Engineer prior to construction of the handholes.

The lid shall be marked with the legend "Traffic Signals".

Pre-cast handholes are not allowed.

All unsuitable materials shall be disposed of by the Contractor outside the job limits.

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for DOUBLE HANDHOLE, PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE which price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide the handhole described above as well as any necessary excavating, backfilling, disposal of unsuitable materials, and furnishing all materials within the limits of the handhole.

ELECTRICAL WORK CONTRACT GUARANTEE

The Contractor shall guarantee all electrical equipment, apparatus, materials, and workmanship provided under the contract for a period of six (6) months after the date of final inspection according to Article 801.14.

All instruction sheets required to be furnished by the manufacturer for materials and supplies and for operations shall be delivered to the Engineer prior to the acceptance of the project, with the following warranties and guarantees:

- 1. The manufacturer's standard written warranty for each piece of electrical equipment or apparatus furnished under the contract.
- 2. The Contractor's written guarantee that, for a period of six (6) months after the date of final inspection of the project, all necessary repairs to or replacement of said warranted equipment, or apparatus shall be made by the Contractor at no cost to the Department.
- 3. The Contractor's written guarantee for satisfactory operation of all electrical systems furnished and constructed under the contract for a period of 6 months after final inspection of the project.

MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL WORK

This work will consist of removing existing fiber optic cable from conduits, storing the fiber optic cable onsite during construction, installing the existing fiber optic cable into the proposed conduits, and terminating the existing fiber optic cable inside the proposed controller cabinet.

The Contractor shall remove the existing city of Peoria owned fiber optic cables from the existing interconnect conduits located along University St. and along Pioneer Parkway.

Prior to removing the existing fiber optic cable from the cabinet, the Contractor shall note all existing terminations including fiber type, buffer tube, fiber strand colors and provider this

City of Peoria

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

information to the Resident Engineer and city of Peoria. This information will be used to determine which fiber strands will need to be re-terminated inside the proposed traffic signal cabinet.

The Contractor shall remove all city of Peoria owned fiber optic cable that is in conflict with the proposed construction and store it onsite in a secure manner where it will not be damaged by construction or third parties.

After the proposed conduit and handholes have been installed, the Contractor shall install the existing fiber optic cable into the proposed conduits and handholes and controller cabinet.

If additional fiber cable is required for installation, the Contractor shall pull the slack fiber from the existing vaults and handholes as needed.

The Contractor shall re-terminate all existing strands as recorded previously prior to removal.

In the event that the existing terminations were not recorded, the Contractor shall terminate a total of 12 single mode and 12 multimode fibers from each cable end with ST connectors inside the proposed traffic signal cabinet. All unused buffer tubes shall be broken out and coiled neatly inside the cabinet to facilitate future splicing. All terminated fibers shall be labeled with buffer tube, strand color, and cable location.

All terminated strands shall be fusion spliced using preformed pig tails. The Contractor shall furnish and install all items required for termination including but not limited to fiber optic enclosures, splice trays, splice sleeves.

The Contractor shall submit catalog cutsheets for all material prior to ordering.

The Contractor shall test the re-terminated fibers using an OTDR and Power Meter and Source and provide all test results to the Resident Engineer for the city of Peoria to review.

The Contractor shall verify all field conditions prior to bidding. There will be no additional compensation for this work.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per LSUM for MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL WORK and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to remove the fiber optic cable, store it during construction, install it inside the proposed conduits and handholes, re-terminate, and test as described above, complete.

CAT 5 ETHERNET CABLE

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 873, 1076, and 1088 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an outdoor rated CAT5E cable in conduits, handholes, and poles.

The cable shall be rated for outdoor use and conform to the following specifications:

- Outdoor CMX Rated Jacket (climate/oil resistant jacket)
- UV Resistant Outer Jacket Material (PVC-UV, UV Stabilized)
- Outer Jacket Ripcord
- Designed For Outdoor Above- Ground or Conduit Duct applications
- Cat5E rated to 350MHz (great for 10/100 or even 1000mbps Gigabit Ethernet)
- Meets TIA/EIA 568b.2 Standard
- Shielded Twist Pair
- 4 Pairs, 8 Conductors
- 24AWG, Solid Core Copper
- UL 444 ANSI TIA/EIA-568.2 ISO/IEC 11801
- RoHS Compliant
- Water Blocking Gel

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment in feet according to Article 873.05.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for CAT 5 ETHERNET CABLE, which shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and materials required to provide and install the cable described above, complete.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL BACKPLATE, RETROREFLECTIVE

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 882 and 1078 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The traffic signal backplates shall be of the same material as the traffic signal heads as specified on the plans.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

A three (3) inch wide strip of reflective sheeting shall be applied to the outside perimeter of the face of the backplates. The reflective tape shall be fluorescent yellow in color and shall consist of type AZ sheeting.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for TRAFFIC SIGNAL BACKPLATE, RETROREFLECTIVE and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to furnish and install a traffic signal backplate with reflective tape as described above, complete.

PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON POST

This work shall consist of constructing a concrete foundation and furnishing and installing a pedestrian push-button post in accordance with section 876 of the current Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and as described as follows:

The pedestrian push-button posts shall comply with the current AASHTO breakaway support requirements. An acceptance letter will be required from the manufacturer.

The push-button shall be located a maximum horizontal reach <10" and button of height <42".

The pedestrian push button post shall consist of aluminum post, breakaway base, and post cap. The breakaway base shall have a 12" diameter with a 6" bolt circle- and a foundation depth of 30".

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price EACH for PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON POST and shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and materials required to install.

PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, LED, 2-FACE, BRACKET MOUNTED WITH COUNTDOWN TIMER

This work shall be in accordance with Section 881 and 1078 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The pedestrian signal head shall consist of two 18" polycarbonate sections equipped with an overlaid LED indication with countdown timer (Walking Person/Upraised Hand).

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The traffic signal head shall have a black finish with black doors and tunnel visors.

All pedestrian head brackets shall be galvanized steel.

The LED signal faces shall be equipped with spade connectors and connected to the traffic signal head terminal block.

The LED signal face shall have international symbols (Upraised Hand - Color: Portland Orange, Walking Person - Color: Lunar White). Only filled indications will be allowed.

The LED assembly must conform to the following minimum specifications:

Lens: 16" x 18", Hard Coated for Abrasion Resistance, UV Stabilized Dome

LEDS: Interconnected to minimize the effect of single LED failures, Nominal Wattage White: 8W

or less, Nominal Wattage Orange: 11W or less, Nominal Wattage Countdown: 6W

Luminous Intensity (min): Countdown = 1,400 cd/m², Hand = 1,400 cd/m², Person = 2,200 cd/m²

Product Warranty: 5 Year Replacement

Combination hand/person pedestrian signal modules shall incorporate separate power supplies for the hand and the person displays.

The assembly shall be capable of operating from 80 to 135 VAC with less than 10% variation in intensity, shall have an operating temperature range of -40° to 74°C, and shall be sealed and highly resistant to water intrusion.

All LED Pedestrian Signal Modules shall be fully compliant to the ITE PTCSI Part-2: LED Pedestrian Traffic Signal Modules specifications adopted March19, 2004 or the latest adopted version as listed on the ITE website at time of bid.

The assembly shall be compatible with signal control equipment per NEMA TS-2, NEMA TS-1 standards, and include transient voltage protection and fusing to withstand high-repetition noise transients and low repetition high energy transients per NEMA standard 1992 per ITE VTCSH - STD Part 2.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit prices each for PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, POLYCARBONATE, LED, 2-FACE, BRACKET MOUNTED WITH COUNTDOWN TIMER and will be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and materials required to provide and install the pedestrian traffic signal heads equipped with LED indications described above.

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 887 and 1072 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The emergency vehicle priority system shall be fully compatible with the existing Global Traffic Technologies Opticom GPS/secure radio communication system that is installed at multiple intersections in the City of Peoria.

The emergency vehicle priority system shall include a multiple direction detector- Opticom Model 3101 GPS Radio Unit containing a GPS receiver and a 2.4 GHz spread spectrum transceiver with the following:

- 1. Opticom Model 764 GPS Phase Selector
- 2. Opticom Model 760 Card Rack
- 3. Opticom 1050 GPS/Radio Antenna
- 4. Opticom 1072 GPS Cable Assembly
- 5. Opticom 1070 GPS Installation Cable

The system shall include confirmation beacons, all cables/wiring, brackets, mounting hardware, and all necessary components for a complete and fully functional system. The system shall be fully tested by the contractor at the time of installation.

The system shall include a detector and confirmation beacon for each direction and located on each mast arm as shown on the plans.

The following are the minimum specification requirement for the Emergency vehicle priority system:

Construction:

IP Rating: Ingress Protection rating of IP65 for dust and water

Ambient Temperature : Suitable for up to 113° F (45° C) ambient temperature Cold Weather Starting: The minimum starting temperature is -4° F (-20° C)

Thermal Management: Superior thermal management with external Air-Flow fins.

Housing : Aluminum + PC + Steel

Lens: Polycarbonate

Mounting Methods: Knuckle Mount Included (optional) Trunnion Mount (for 30W and 50W only) (optional) Flood Mount (for 30W and 50W only)

Green Technology: Mercury and UV free, and RoHS compliant. Polyester powder coat finish

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

formulated without the use of VOC or toxic heavy metals.

Finish:

Our environmentally friendly polyester powder coating is formulated from high-durability and long-lasting color, and contains no VOC or toxic heavy metals.

LED Characteristics:

Lifespan: 100,000-hour LED lifespan based on IES LM-80 results and TM-21 calculations.

LEDs: Multi-chip, high-output, long-life LEDs

Color Stability: LED color temperature is warrantied to shift no more than 200K in CCT over a 5-

year period.

Color Temp: 4000 K (neutral white), 5000 K (daylight), 5700 K

Color Uniformity: Paclights range of CCT follows the guidelines of the American National

Standards for the Specifications for the Chromaticity of Solid-State

Lighting (SSL) Products, ANCI c78.377.2011

Color Rendering Index:>70

Electrical:

Drivers: 100-277V, 50-60 Hz

Power Factor > 0.90

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide, install, and test the equipment described above, complete.

FULL ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET, SPECIAL

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 857, 1073, and 1074 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The controller and cabinet shall be compliant with NEMA TS-2 standards and NTCIP standards 1201 and 1202.

The traffic signal cabinet shall have a NEMA TS-2 back panel. The cabinet shall include a malfunction management unit to allow enhanced fault monitoring capabilities. The malfunction management unit shall support flashing yellow arrow operation and be a Reno A&E model MMU2-1600G equipped with a graphical display and Ethernet port. The malfunction management unit shall be equipped with the latest software and firmware revisions.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The controller shall be an Econolite Cobalt G20232 controller equipped with basic display, Ethernet ports, USB ports, and data key. The controller shall be equipped with the latest firmware.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a plexi-glass shield that covers the power panel which houses the mercury bus relay, line filter, circuit breakers, and other electrical components.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a plexi-glass shield that covers the thermostat and a LED lighting assembly that turns on when the door is opened. The lighting assembly shall be mounted in a location that will not interfere with cabinet maintenance.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a cabinet riser that raises the cabinet approximately twelve inches above the concrete foundation. The riser shall bolt directly to the existing foundation anchor bolts and the riser shall be attached to the cabinet using galvanized steel hardware. The riser shall be fabricated from 0.125-inch (3 mm) sheet aluminum with flanges on the top and bottom to provide rigidity. The riser shall be equipped with mounting flanges as required to connect with the controller cabinet and foundation anchor bolts. The outside surface of the riser shall have a smooth, uniform, natural finish.

The traffic signal cabinet shall be equipped with a sixteen load switch back panel to accommodate future expansion.

The cabinet shall be furnished with a compact heater strip to be used for moisture reduction during cold weather. The heater shall be thermostatically controlled, operate at 120 volts, have a minimum wattage of 150 watts, a maximum wattage of 250 watts, have a shield to protect service personnel and equipment from damaging heat, be separately fused, and be mounted where it does not interfere with a person working in the cabinet.

The traffic signal cabinet shall be equipped with two non GFCI duplex NEMA 5-15R receptacles to be used to provide power to auxiliary equipment.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a twenty-four fiber wall- mountable interconnect center and two six-fiber bulkheads.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a slide out document holder assembly.

The cabinet shall be equipped with toggle switch guards for all switches located on the door to prevent accidental switching. The cabinet shall include a permanent re-usable washable air filter.

The cabinet shall be equipped with additional surge protection for the controller, malfunction

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

management unit, and detector amplifiers, and/or video detection system. The surge protector shall be a Transtector model ACP100BWN3 and shall be included in addition to an EDCO SHA-1250 IRS protector. The EDCO SHA-1250 IRS surge protector is to be provided in accordance with Section 1085.47 A(4a) and shall be wired to provide surge protection for the controller, malfunction management unit, and detector amplifiers. The Transtector surge suppressor may be wired to the equipment protected power terminals of the EDCO SHA-1250 IRS unit provided that the controller, MMU, and detection system are protected.

The Contractor shall set up each cabinet in his or her shop for inspection by the Engineer. All phases that are utilized shall be hooked up to a light board to provide observation for each signal indication. The Engineer shall be notified when the setup is complete so that all pertinent timings may be entered into the each traffic signal controller. The facility shall be subject to a seven day burn-in period before installation will be allowed.

After installing the cabinet in the field, prior to resuming normal signal operation, the Contractor shall test the cabinet by connecting a jumper to the cabinet field terminals to ensure that all conflicting signals will place the cabinet into conflict flash and to verify that the cabinet, controller, and malfunction management unit are operating correctly. The Contractor shall make arrangements with the local police agency to provide traffic control during the conflict test.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for FULL ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET SPECIAL and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to furnish, install, and test the traffic signal cabinet described above.

ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL)

This work will consist of furnishing and installing a switched load 200A commercial power pedestal equipped with an integrated meter socket on a concrete foundation.

The power pedestal shall be Ameren approved and meet the following requirements:

- 1 Phase, 3 Wire 120/240V
- Designed not only to provide power for various loads, but also to switch specific loads on and off under certain conditions.
- Equipped with a photoelectric cell to switch controlled loads
- 200 Amps meter socket with optional field-installable fifth Terminals kit available.

> Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 22K Amps interrupting capacity (AIC) standard.
- Separate sealable and lockable utility termination section.
- Separate sealable and lockable metering section.
- Separate sealable and lockable customer section with a control circuit including PE receptacle, Lexan® window, glare shield, Hand-Off-Auto (HOA) switch, contractor controlling a 16-circuit load center for controlled loads, a pre-mounted DIN rail and pre-wired connector to add an optional "plug-and-play" time clock kit for PE on and TC off operation and a circuit directory to document configuration.
- A load center for "always on" loads that includes a main circuit breaker, a control power circuit breaker, a switched load center main breaker, nine (125 or 200 Amps model) or 11 (100 Amps model) blank breaker spaces and a circuit directory to document configuration.
- Powder Coated Black Finish

The traffic signal controller cabinet shall be connected to a 30A 1 Pole circuit breaker located in the "always on" load center.

Luminaires shall be connected to circuit breakers located inside the switched load center.

The Contractor shall coordinate with Ameren for installation and service connection.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL) and shall include all labor, equipment and materials required to furnish and install the switched load commercial power pedestal as described above.

SIGNAL HEAD, LED

This work shall be in accordance with Sections 880 and 1078 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The traffic signal heads shall consist of 12" polycarbonate sections and shall be equipped with LED assemblies for all red bulb, yellow bulb, green bulb, red arrow, yellow arrow, and green arrow indications.

The traffic signal heads shall have a black finish with black doors and tunnel visors with 3M retroreflective tape around the border.

All traffic signal bracket heads shall be galvanized steel.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The LED signal faces shall be equipped with spade connectors and connected to the traffic signal head terminal block.

The LED modules shall conform to the specifications listed under the section TRAFFIC SIGNAL LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit prices each for Signal Head, LED of the type specified and shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide and install the traffic signal heads.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL LED MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

The material requirement shall be in accordance with Sections 880 and 1078 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

The traffic signal LED module shall be:

- Dialight 12" Long Life XL15 ITE Compliant Traffic Balls and 12" Long Life XOD15 ITE Compliant Omni-Arrows, or
- Leotek 12" Extended Life DT Series Incandescent Look Ball and 12" Extended Life DT Series Incandescent Look Arrows

All traffic signal solid indication and arrow LED assemblies shall be designed for a fifteen year service life with enhanced power supplies and LEDs and shall have a fifteen year replacement warranty.

The LED assemblies for the red, yellow, and green solid and arrow indications shall meet or exceed the following minimum specifications:

Solid Indication LED Module Specifications

Compliance: Fully compliant with ITE VTCSH LED Circular Signal Supplement

specifications dated and adopted June 27, 2005

Compliance Verification: Intertek ETL verified compliance – Product must be listed

on the "Directory of LED Modules Certified Products" list located

on the ETL website at

http://www.intertek.com/lighting/performancetesting/ traffic-signals/

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

Diameter: 12" (300mm)

Lens: UV stabilized scratch resistant polycarbonate, tinted red or yellow,

clear for green, uniform non-pixelated illumination, Incandescent

Appearance

LEDS: Hi-Flux

Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +74C (-40 to +165F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

Turn-On/Turn-Off Time: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 10.0 W (Red), 18.0W (Yellow), 12.5 W (Green)

Nominal Wavelength: 625-626 nm (Red), 589-590 nm (Yellow), 500-502 nm (Green)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 365 Cd (Red), 910 Cd (Yellow), 475 Cd (Green)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for moisture

resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical vibration, NEMA TS2

Transient Voltage Protection

Warranty: 15 year replacement (materials, workmanship, and intensity)

Arrow Indication LED Module Specifications (Red, Yellow, Green)

Compliance: Fully compliant with ITE VTCSH LED Vehicle Arrow Supplement

specifications adopted July 1, 2007

Compliance Verification: Intertek ETL verified compliance – Product must be listed on the

"Directory of LED Modules Certified Products" list located on the

ETL website at

http://www.intertek.com/lighting/performancetesting/ traffic-signals/

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

Diameter: 12" (300mm)

Lens: Clear Frosted, UV stabilized scratch resistant polycarbonate,

tinted red or yellow, clear for green, uniform non-pixelated

illumination, incandescent appearance, omni-directional

LEDS: Hi-flux LEDs

Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +74°C (-40 to +165°F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

Turn-On/Turn-Off Time: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 5.0-7.0 W (Red), 6.0-12.5W (Yellow), 5.0-7.0 W (Green)

Nominal Wavelength: 625-628 nm (Red), 590 nm (Yellow), 500nm (Green)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 56.8-58.4 Cd (Red), 141.6-146.0 Cd (Yellow), 73.9-76.0

Cd (Green)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for moisture

resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical vibration, NEMA TS2

Transient Voltage Protection

Warranty: 15 year replacement (materials, workmanship, and intensity)

16" Pedestrian LED Module Specifications (Man/Hand with Countdown Timer)

Compliance: Fully compliant with ITE PTCSI Part-2 LED Pedestrian Traffic

Signal Modules specification adopted August 4, 2010

Compliance Verification: Intertek ETL verified compliance – Product must be listed on the

"Directory of LED Modules Certified Products" list located on the

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

ETL website at

http://www.intertek.com/lighting/performancetesting/ traffic-signals/

Size: 16" x 18"

Configuration: Man/Hand Overlay with Countdown Timer

Lens: UV stabilized scratch resistant polycarbonate, uniform

non-pixelated illumination, incandescent appearance

Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +74°C (-40 to +165°F)

Operating Voltage Range: 80 to 135 V (60Hz AC)

Power Factor (PF): > 90%

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): < 20%

Minimum Voltage Turn-Off: 35V

Turn-On/Turn-Off Time: <75 ms

Nominal Power: 6.0-9.0 W (Man), 7.0-9.0W (Hand), 5.0-8.0 W (Timer)

Minimum Maintained Intensity: 1,400 Cd (Hand), 1,400 Cd (Timer), 2,200 Cd (Man)

Standard Conformance: FCC compliant for electrical noise, MIL-STD-810F for moisture

resistance, MIL-STD-883 for mechanical vibration, NEMA TS2

Transient Voltage Protection

Warranty: 5 year replacement (materials, workmanship, and intensity)

VIDEO VEHICLE DETECTION, 4 CAMERAS

The following video detection systems are approved for use within District 4:

- Iteris Vantage Next
- Econolite Autoscope Vision

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The video vehicle detection system shall include all necessary electric cable, electrical junction boxes, electrical and communications surge suppression, hardware, software, programming, and any camera brackets that are required for installation and configuration. These items should be taken into consideration and shall be included in the bid price for the video detection system.

All CAT 5 Ethernet cable shall meet the requirements contained in the special provisions (outdoor rated, gel-filled, shielded, etc.).

One 12" – 15" color LCD video monitor and 4-camera video selector (if required to switch camera videos) shall be included to allow for the setup and monitoring of the video detection system.

All vehicle video detection systems shall be equipped with the latest software or firmware revisions.

All video detection cameras shall be installed on the mast arms, centered over the detection area, at a 25 ft. minimum mounting height. All camera brackets shall be constructed of aluminum. The video vehicle system shall be configured and installed to NEMA TS2 Standards (use of the SDLC port and BIU). Installation conforming to NEMA TS1 standards will not be allowed.

The minimum requirements for a video vehicle detection system are listed below:

1.0 General

This Specification sets forth the minimum requirements for a system that monitors vehicles on a roadway via processing of video images and provides detector outputs to a traffic controller or similar device.

- 1.1 System Hardware The system shall consist of four video cameras and an automatic control unit (ACU). The ACU shall process all detected calls and shall be equipped with the latest firmware revisions.
- 1.2 System Software The system shall be able to detect either approaching or receding vehicles in multiple traffic lanes. A minimum of 24 detection zones shall be user-definable per camera. The user shall be able to modify and delete previously defined detection zones. The software shall provide remote access operation and shall be the latest revision.

2.0 Functional Capabilities

2.1 Real-Time Detection

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 2.2 The ACU shall be capable of simultaneously processing information from up to four (4) digital video sources. The video shall be digitized and analyzed at a rate of 30 times per second.
- 2.3 The system shall be able to detect the presence of vehicles in a minimum of 96 detection zones within the combined field of view of the image sensors.

3.0 Vehicle Detection

- 3.1 Detection Zone Placement The video detection system shall provide flexible detection zone placement anywhere and at any orientation within the combined field of view of the image sensors. In addition, detection zones shall have the capability of implementing logical functions including AND OR.
- 3.2 Optimal Detection The video detection system shall reliably detect vehicle presence when the image sensor is mounted 10m (30 ft.) or higher above the roadway, when the image sensor is adjacent to the desired coverage area, and when the length of the detection area or field of view (FOV) is not greater than ten (10) times the mounting height of the image sensor. The image sensor shall not be required to be mounted directly over the roadway. A single image sensor, placed at the proper mounting height with the proper lens, shall be able to monitor six (6) to eight (8) traffic lanes simultaneously.
- 3.3 Detection Performance Overall performance of the video detection system shall be comparable to inductive loops. Using standard image sensor optics and in the absence of occlusion, the system shall be able to detect vehicle presence with 98% accuracy under normal conditions, (days & night) and 96% accuracy under adverse conditions (fog, rain, snow). The ACU shall output a constant call for each enabled detector output channel if a loss of video signal occurs in any camera.

The ACU shall be capable of processing a minimum of twenty detector zones placed anywhere in the field of view of the camera.

4.0 ACU Hardware

- 4.1 ACU Mounting The ACU shall be shelf or rack mountable. Nominal outside dimensions excluding connectors shall not exceed 180mm (7.25") x 475mm (19") x 260mm (10.5") (H x W x D).
- 4.2 ACU Environmental The ACU shall be designed to operate reliably in the adverse environment found in the typical roadside traffic cabinet. It shall meet the environmental requirements set forth by the NEMA (National Electrical Manufacturers Association) TS1 and TS2 standards as well as the environmental

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

requirements for Type 170 and Type 179 controllers. The minimum operating temperature range shall be from -35 to +74 degrees C at 0% to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing.

5.0 ACU Electrical

- 5.1 The ACU shall be modular in design and provide processing capability equivalent to the Intel Pentium microprocessor. The bus connections used to interconnect the modules of the ACU shall be gold-plated DIN connectors.
- 5.2 The ACU shall be powered by 89 135 VAC, 60 Hz, single phase, and draw 0.25 amps, or by 190 270 VAC, 50 Hz, single phase and draw 0.12 amps. If a rack mountable ACU is supplied, it shall be capable of operating from 10 to 28 VDC. The power supply shall automatically adapt to the input power level. Surge ratings shall be as set forth in the NEMA TS1 and TS2 specifications.
- 5.3 Serial communications to a remote computer equipped with remote monitoring software shall be through a RJ-45 Ethernet port.
- 5.4 The ACU shall be equipped with a NEMA TS2 RS-485 SDLC interface for communicating input and output information. Front panel LEDs shall provide status information when communications are open.
- 5.5 The ACU and/or camera hookup panel shall be equipped with four RJ-45 connector based/terminal block connections for cameras so that signals from four image sensors can be processed in real-time.
- 5.6 The ACU shall be equipped with USB ports, WiFi, and Ethernet ports to provide communications to a computer running the configuration and remote access software.
- 5.7 The ACU and/or camera hookup panels used for a rack mountable ACU shall be equipped with a video output port.
- 5.8 The ACU shall be equipped with viewable front panel detection LED indications.

6.0 Camera

- 6.1 The video detection system shall use high resolution, color, cameras as the video source for real-time vehicle detection. As a minimum, each image sensor shall provide the following capabilities:
 - a. MPEG-4 and H.264 video compression and transport
 - b. Support video streaming that is viewable through a standard web browser with an adjustable frame rates of 5/15/30 fps

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- c. Images shall be produced with a CCD sensing element with horizontal resolution of at least 720 lines and vertical resolution of at least 480 lines.
- d. Useable video and resolvable features in the video image shall be produced when those features have luminance levels as low as 0.1 lux at night.
- e. Useable video and resolvable features in the video image shall be produced when those features have luminance levels as high as 10,000 lux during the day.
- f. Automatic gain, automatic iris, and absolute black reference controls shall be furnished.
- g. An optical filter and appropriate electronic circuitry shall be included in the image sensor to suppress "blooming" effects at night.
- 6.2 The image sensor shall be equipped with an integrated zoom lens with zoom and focus capabilities that can be changed using either configuration computer software or handheld controller. The machine vision processor (MVP) may be enclosed within the camera.
- 6.3 The image sensor and lens assembly shall be housed in an environmental enclosure that provides the following capabilities:
 - a. The enclosure shall be waterproof and dust-tight to NEMA-4 specifications. The camera shall be IP-67 rated.
 - b. The enclosure shall allow the image sensor to operate satisfactorily over an ambient temperature range from -34°C to +74°C while exposed to precipitation as well as direct sunlight.
 - c. The enclosure shall allow the image sensor horizon to be rotated in the field during installation.
 - d. A heater shall be at the front of the enclosure to prevent the formation of ice and condensation in cold weather, as well as to assure proper operation of the lens' iris mechanism. The heater shall not interfere with the operation of the image sensor electronics, and it shall not cause interference with the video signal.
 - f. The enclosure shall be light-colored and shall include a sun shield to minimize solar heating. The front edge of the sunshield shall protrude beyond the front edge of the environmental enclosure and shall include provision to divert water flow to the sides of the sunshield. The amount of overhang of the sun shield shall bemadjustable to prevent direct sunlight from entering the lens or hitting the faceplate.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- g. The total weight of the image sensor in the environmental enclosure with sunshield shall be less than 2.7 kg (6 pounds).
- h. When operating in the environmental enclosure with power and video signal cables connected, the image sensor shall meet FCC class B requirements for electromagnetic interference emissions.
- 6.4 The video output of the image sensor shall be isolated from earth ground. All video connections from the image sensor to the video interface panel shall also be isolated from earth ground.
- 6.5 The video output, communication, and power to the image sensor shall include transient protection to prevent damage to the sensor due to transient voltages occurring on the cable leading from the image sensor to other field locations.
- 6.6 A stainless steel junction box shall be available as an option with each image sensor for installation on the structure used for image sensor mounting. The junction box shall contain a terminal block for terminating power to the image sensor and connection points for cables from the image sensor and from the ACU.

7.0 Software

- 7.1 The system shall include the remote access software that is used to setup and configure the video detection system. The software shall be of the latest revision.
- 7.2 All necessary cable, adapters, and other equipment shall be included with the system.

8.0 Installation and Training

8.1 The supplier of the video detection system shall supervise the installation and testing of the video and video vehicle detection equipment. A factory certified representative from the supplier shall be on-site during installation.

9.0 Warranty, Maintenance, and Support

9.1 The video detection system shall be warranted by its supplier for a minimum of three (3) years from date of turn-on. This warranty shall cover all material defects and shall also provide all parts and labor as well as unlimited technical support.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 9.2 Ongoing software support by the supplier shall include updates of the ACU and supervisor software. These updates shall be provided free of charge during the warranty period.
- 9.3 The supplier shall maintain a program for technical support and software updates following expiration of the warranty period. This program shall be made available to the contracting agency in the form of a separate agreement for continuing support.

Basis of Payment: This work will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the contract unit price each for VIDEO VEHICLE DETECTION, 4 CAMERAS which price shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and materials required to furnish, install, and test the video vehicle detection system described above, complete.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL BATTERY BACKUP SYSTEM

The following models of Battery Backup Systems are approved for use within District Four:

- Alpha Technologies Novus XFM 1100 (with standard IDOT cabinet or Alpha Technologies Side Mount 6 Integrated BBS Cabinet), Equipped with Ethernet SNMP Interface and Enhanced Capability Battery Monitoring System (AlphaGuard Plus)
- Multilink, EP 2200-T, 1500 Watts/2 kVA, 48 Volt, Equipped with Internal Communication Card and Monitoring Software
- Myers Emergency Powers Systems, Model MP2000CA, Equipped with Ethernet SNMP card and Web Based Configuration

The Contractor may elect to submit an alternate product for consideration provided that it meets the minimum requirements contained in this specification.

The Contractor shall be responsible for providing Battery Backup Systems that are sized appropriately for the intersection load. The total system load shall not exceed the manufacturer's specifications.

The Battery Backup System shall be equipped with a deluxe pleated air filter and plexiglass covers to prevent accidental contact to terminal strips and connections carrying line voltage.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The battery backup systems shall be installed as shown on the plan detail sheets and as follows:

- A separate circuit breaker shall be installed in the battery backup system cabinet (or in the
 traffic signal cabinet). The circuit breaker shall be rated equivalent to the main power circuit
 breaker rating in the existing traffic signal cabinet. The Contractor shall install #6 wiring
 from the test circuit breaker to the line voltage in the traffic signal cabinet. The circuit
 breaker shall be used to shut off the incoming utility power to test the battery backup
 system.
- The cabinet light, ventilation fans, heater strips, and service receptacle shall be wired to a separate circuit that will not be powered by the battery backup system. Equipment receptacles shall be wired for BBS power.
- A hole of sufficient size for the cables will be drilled into the side of the cabinet to accommodate the battery backup system cables and harnesses from the BBS cabinet.
 The hole shall be free of sharp edges and equipped with a plastic or rubber grommet.
- The fail-safe automatic by-pass switch and blue indicator light shall be installed in the battery backup cabinet (or in the existing traffic signal cabinet).

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: The Battery Back-up System (BBS) shall include, but not be limited to the following: inverter/charger, power transfer relay, batteries, battery cabinet, a separate failsafe automatic bypass switch and all necessary hardware and interconnect wiring. The BBS shall provide reliable emergency power to a traffic signal in the event of a power failure or interruption. The transfer from utility power to battery power and vice versa shall not interfere with the normal operation of traffic controller, conflict monitor/malfunction management unit or any other peripheral devices within the traffic controller assembly.

The BBS shall provide power for full run-time operation for an "LED-only" intersection (all colors red, yellow, and green) or flashing mode operation for an intersection using Red LED's. As the battery reserve capacity reaches 50%, the intersection shall automatically be placed in all-red flash. The BBS shall allow the controller to automatically resume normal operation after the power has been restored. The BBS shall log an alarm in the controller for each time it is activated.

All 48-volt Battery Backup Systems shall include four batteries and all 36-volt Battery Backup Systems shall include six batteries.

The BBS shall be designed for outdoor applications, and shall meet the environmental requirements of, "NEMA Standards Publication No. TS 2 – Traffic Controller Assemblies," or

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

applicable successor NEMA specifications, except as modified herein.

The BBS shall conform to the following specifications:

1.0 OPERATION

- 1.1 The BBS shall be on line and provide voltage regulation and power conditioning when utilizing utility power.
- 1.2 The BBS shall provide a minimum two (2) hours of full run-time operation and four (4) hours all-red flash operation for an "LED-only" intersection (minimum 1,000W/1,000VA active output capacity, with 80% minimum inverter efficiency).
- 1.3 The maximum transfer time from loss of utility power to switchover to battery backed inverter power shall be 150 milliseconds.
- 1.4 The BBS shall provide the user with 4-sets of normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) single-pole double-throw (SPDT) relay contact closures, available on a panel mounted terminal block, rated at a minimum 120V/1A, and labeled to identify each contact. For typical configuration, see the plan detail sheet
- 1.5 A first set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized whenever the unit switches to battery power. Contact shall be labeled or marked "On Batt."
- 1.6 The second set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized whenever the battery approaches approximately 40% of remaining useful capacity. Contact shall be labeled or marked "Low Batt."
- 1.7 The third set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized two hours after the unit switches to battery power. Contact shall be labeled or marked "Timer."
- 1.8 The fourth set of NO and NC contact closures shall be energized in the event of inverter/charger failure, battery failure or complete battery discharge. Contact shall be labeled or marked "BBS Fail or Status."
- 1.9 A surge suppression unit shall be provided for the output power if available as an option by the BBS manufacturer.
- 1.10 Operating temperature for both the inverter/power transfer relay and failsafe automatic bypass switch shall be -37_°C to +74_°C.

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 1.11 The Power Transfer Relay shall be rated at 240VAC/30AMPS minimum and failsafe automatic bypass switch shall be rated at 240VAC/20 amps, minimum.
- 1.12 The fail-safe automatic bypass switch shall be wired to provide power to the BBS when the switch is set to bypass.
- 1.13 The BBS shall use a temperature-compensated battery charging system. The charging system shall compensate over a range of 2.5 4.0 mV/_oC per cell.
- 1.14 The temperature sensor shall be external to the inverter/charger unit. The temperature sensor shall come with 2 meters (6' 6") of wire.
- 1.15 Batteries shall not be recharged when battery temperature exceeds 50°C ±3°C.
- 1.16 BBS shall bypass the utility line power whenever the utility line voltage is outside of the following voltage range: 100VAC to 130VAC (±2VAC).
- 1.17 When utilizing battery power, the BBS output voltage shall be between 110 VAC and 125 VAC, pure sine wave output, ±3% THD, 60Hz ±3Hz.
- 1.18 BBS shall be compatible with Illinois DOT's traffic controller assemblies utilizing NEMA TS 1 or NEMA TS 2 controllers and cabinet components for full time operation.
- 1.19 When the utility line power has been restored at above 105 VAC ±2 VAC for more than 30 seconds, the BBS shall dropout of battery backup mode and return to utility line mode.
- 1.20 When the utility line power has been restored at below 125VAC ±2 VAC for more than 30 seconds, the BBS shall dropout of battery backup mode and return to utility line mode.
- 1.21 BBS shall be equipped to prevent malfunction feedback to the cabinet or from feeding back to the utility service.
- 1.22 In the event of inverter/charger failure, battery failure or complete battery discharge, the power transfer relay shall revert to the NC state, where utility line power is reconnected to the cabinet. The BBS shall always revert to utility line power and shall be designed to revert to utility line power in the event of a BBS fault condition.
- 1.23 Recharge time for the battery, from "protective low-cutoff" to 80% or more of full battery charge capacity, shall not exceed twenty (20) hours.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 1.24 When the intersection is in battery operation, the BBS shall bypass all internal cabinet lights, ventilation fans, heater strips, and service receptacles.
- 1.25 The fail-safe automatic bypass switch shall be wired to provide power to the BBS when the switch is set to bypass.
- 1.26 A blue LED indicator light shall be mounted on the front of the traffic signal cabinet or on the side of the BBS cabinet facing traffic and shall turn on to indicate when the cabinet power has been disrupted and the BBS is in operation. The light shall be a minimum 1" diameter, be viewable from the driving lanes, and shall be large enough and visible enough to be seen from 200 ft. away.
- 1.27 All 36 volt and 48-volt systems shall include an external component that monitors battery charging to ensure that every battery in the string is fully charged. The device shall compensate for the effects of adding a new battery to an existing battery system by ensuring that the charge voltage is spread equally across all batteries. All cables, harnesses, cards, and other components that are required to provide the functionality described above shall be included in the unit bid price for the battery backup system. The following products are currently approved for use within District 4: Alpha Technologies: AlphaGuard with Charge Management Technology Module and Approved Equivalent
- 1.28 The BBS shall be equipped with an integrated safety switch that will interrupt inverter output power in the event of a cabinet knockdown. The safety switch may be either internal to the inverter/charger is externally mounted inside of the BBS cabinet. The safety switch shall be designed to interrupt output power if the charger/inverter is tilted more than twenty degrees on any axis. The switch shall be mechanically latching to ensure that power is not automatically restored to the BBS until the charger/inverter has been "reset". The switch shall also be resettable and reusable unless it has been physically damaged.
- 1.29 The BBS shall be equipped with an Ethernet port and network management card.
- 2.0 MOUNTING AND CONFIGURATION
- 2.1 GENERAL
- 2.2 Inverter/Charger Unit shall be rack or shelf mounted.
- 2.3 (Reserved).

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 2.4 All interconnect wiring provided between Power Transfer Relay, Bypass Switch and Cabinet Terminal Service Block shall be no greater than two (2) meters (6' 6") of #10 AWG wire.
- 2.5 Relay contact wiring provided for each set of NO/NC relay contact closure terminals shall be #18 AWG wire.
- 2.6 All necessary hardware for mounting (shelf angles, rack, etc.) shall be included in the bid price of the BBS. The swing-trays shall be screwed to the Type IV or Type V NEMA cabinets using continuous stainless steel or aluminum piano hinge. All bolts/fasteners and washers shall be ½" diameter galvanized or stainless steel.

3.0 EXTERNAL BATTERY CABINET

- 3.1 The external cabinet shall be a rated NEMA Type 3R Cabinet.
- 3.2 Inverter/Charger and Power Transfer Relay shall be installed inside the external battery cabinet and the failsafe automatic bypass switch shall be installed inside the existing traffic signal cabinet or proposed battery backup cabinet.
- 3.3 Batteries shall be housed in the external cabinet which shall be NEMA Standard rated cabinet mounted to the side of the Type IV or Type V Cabinet (see plan sheets for details). This external battery cabinet shall conform to the IDOT Standard Specifications for traffic signal cabinets for the construction and finish of the cabinet.
- 3.4 The external battery cabinet shall mount to the Type IV or Type V NEMA Cabinet with a minimum of four (4) bolts to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 3.5 The dimensions of the external battery cabinet shall be 25" (L) x 16" (W) x 41" (H) and installed in accordance with the plan sheet cabinet detail and this specification.
- 3.6 The cabinet shall include heater mats for each battery shelf and/or battery. If the BBS charger/inverter does not have facilities to accommodate heater mat connections, thermostatically controlled heater mats shall be provided with the system. The heater mat thermostat shall be a separate thermostat (from the ventilation fan thermostat) and be adjustable from 0°F to 32°F for heater mat turn-on.
- 3.7 A warning sticker shall be placed on the outside of the cabinet indicating that there is an Uninterruptible Power Supply inside the cabinet.

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 3.8 The external battery cabinet shall be ventilated using louvered vents (2), filters, and one thermostatically controlled fan as per NEMA TS 2 Specifications. The cabinet shall include a cleanable or replaceable cabinet filter.
- 3.9 External battery cabinet fan shall be AC operated from the same line output of the bypass switch that supplies power to the Type IV or Type V Cabinet.
- 3.10 The BBS with external battery cabinet shall come with all bolts, conduits and bushings, gaskets, shelves, and hardware needed for mounting. The external battery cabinet shall have a hinged door opening to the entire cabinet. The cabinet shall include a bottom constructed from the same material as the cabinet.
- 3.11 The external cabinet shall be equipped with a power receptacle to accommodate the inverter/charger. The receptacle shall be wired to the line output of the manual bypass switch.

4.0 MAINTENANCE, DISPLAYS, CONTROLS AND DIAGNOSTICS

- 4.1 The BBS shall include a display and /or meter to indicate current battery charge status and conditions.
- 4.2 The BBS shall have lightning surge protection compliant with IEEE/ANSI C.62.41.
- 4.3 The BBS shall be equipped with an integral system to prevent battery from destructive discharge and overcharge.
- 4.4 The BBS and batteries shall be easily replaced with all needed hardware and shall not require any special tools for installation.
- 4.5 The BBS shall be equipped with a RS-232 port.
- 4.6 The BBS shall include a resettable front-panel event counter display to indicate the number of times the BBS was activated and a front-panel hour meter to display the total number of hours the unit has operated on battery power.
- 4.7 Manufacturer shall include two (2) sets of equipment lists, operation and maintenance manuals, and board-level schematic and wiring diagrams of the BBS, and the battery data sheets. Manufacturer shall include any software needed to monitor, diagnose, and operate the BBS. The manufacturer shall include any required cables to connect to a laptop computer.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

- 4.8 The BBS shall include a data cable for the serial connection to the RS232 port and diagnostic software if it is available as an option with the unit (only two cables required for project).
- 4.9 One copy of the owner/maintenance manuals shall be provided with the BBS.

5.1 BATTERY SYSTEM

- 5.2 Individual batteries shall be 12V type and shall be easily replaced and commercially available off the shelf.
- 5.3 The batteries shall be premium gel type with a 5-year full replacement warranty.
- 5.4 Batteries used for BBS shall consist of a minimum of four (4) to eight (8) batteries with a cumulative minimum rated capacity of 280 amp-hours.
- 5.5 Batteries shall be deep cycle, completely sealed, silver alloy VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) requiring no maintenance with maximum run time.
- 5.6 Batteries shall be certified by the manufacturer to operate over a temperature range of 40∘C to +71∘C.
- 5.7 The batteries shall be provided with appropriate interconnect wiring and corrosion-resistant mounting trays and/or brackets appropriate for the cabinet into which they will be installed.
- 5.8 Batteries shall indicate maximum recharge data and recharging cycles.
- 5.9 Battery interconnect wiring shall be via modular harness. Batteries shall be shipped with positive and negative terminals pre-wired with red and black cabling that terminates into a typical power-pole style connector. Harness shall be equipped with mating power-pole style connectors for batteries and a single, insulated plug-in style connection to inverter/charger unit. Harness shall allow batteries to be quickly and easily connected in any order and shall be keyed and wired to ensure proper polarity and circuit configuration.
- 5.10 Battery terminals shall be covered and insulated to prevent accidental shorting.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

6.0 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- 6.1 BBS shall be manufactured in accordance with a manufacturer quality assurance (QA) program. The QA program shall include two types of quality assurance: (1) Design quality assurance and (2) Production quality assurance. The production quality assurance shall include statistically controlled routine tests to ensure minimum performance levels of BBS units built to meet this specification and a documented process of how problems are to be resolved.
- 6.2 QA process and test results documentation shall be kept on file for a minimum period of seven years.
- 6.3 Battery Backup System designs not satisfying design qualification testing and the production quality assurance testing performance requirements described below shall not be labeled, advertised, or sold as conforming to this specification.

7.0 DESIGN QUALIFICATION TESTING

- 7.1 The manufacturer, or an independent testing lab hired by the manufacturer, shall perform design Qualification Testing on new BBS designs, and when a major design change has been implemented on an existing design. A major design change is defined as a design change (electrical or physical) which changes any of the performance characteristics of the system, or results in a different circuit configuration.
- 7.2 Burn In. The sample systems shall be energized for a minimum of 5 hours, with full load of 700 watts, at temperatures of +74_°C and -37_°C., excluding batteries, before performing any design qualification testing.
- 7.3 Any failure of the BBS, which renders the unit non-compliant with the specification after burn-in, shall be cause for rejection.
- 7.4 For Operational Testing, all specifications may be measured including, but not limited to:
- 7.5 Run time while in battery backup mode, at full load.
- 7.6 Proper operation of all relay contact closures ("On-Batt", "Low-Batt", "Timer" and "BBSFail").
- 7.7 Inverter output voltage, frequency, harmonic distortion, and efficiency, when in battery

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

backup mode.

- 7.8 All utility mode battery backup mode transfer voltage levels. See Section 1 Operation.
- 7.9 Power transfer time from loss of utility power to switchover to battery backed inverter power.
- 7.10 Backfeed voltage to utility when in battery backup mode.
- 7.11 IEEE/ANSI C.62.41 compliance.
- 7.12 Battery charging time.
- 7.13 Event counter and runtime meter accuracy.

8.0 PRODUCTION QUALITY CONTROL TESTING

- 8.1 Production Quality Control tests shall consist of the above listed tests and shall be performed on each new system prior to shipment. Failure to meet requirements of any of these tests shall be cause for rejection. The manufacturer shall retain test results for seven years.
- 8.2 Each BBS shall be given a minimum 100-hour burn-in period to catch any premature failures.
- 8.3 Each system shall be visually inspected for any exterior physical damage or assembly anomalies. Any defects shall be cause for rejection.

9.0 WARRANTY

- 9.1 Manufacturers shall provide a minimum two (2) year factory-repair warranty for parts and labor on the BBS from date of acceptance by the State. Batteries shall be warranted for full replacement for five (5) years from date of purchase. The warranty shall be included in the total bid price of the BBS.
- 9.2 The Contractor shall furnish a warranty certificate for each Battery Backup System that includes the equipment description and details, serial numbers, effective dates, and the details of the warranty regarding materials and labor. The warranty period shall begin on

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

the date of installation and the warranty certificate shall reflect this date.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> The above work will be paid for at the contract unit price Each for TRAFFIC SIGNAL BATTERY BACKUP SYSTEM shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide, install, and test the battery backup system described above, complete.

REMOVE EXISTING LIGHTING SYSTEM

This work shall include removing all of the existing lighting equipment including but not limited to light foundations, posts, luminaires, control cabinet, conduit, wiring, and all other items associated with the existing lighting system within the project limits on N. University St. south of Pioneer Parkway.

Any voids created by the removal shall be backfilled with trench backfill in accordance with Section 208 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall recycle all LED modules and high pressure sodium lamps through a certified recycling company. The Contractor shall submit detailed information pertaining to LED module recycling to the Resident Engineer for review along with the electrical material submittals. The Contractor shall submit proof of recycling.

The Contractor shall deliver all existing LED luminaires to the city of Peoria. The Contractor shall deliver these items to the city of Peoria Dries Lane Operations facility located at 3505 N. Dries Ln., Peoria. The Contractor shall contact Andy O'Neill at (309) 271-9700 a minimum of 48 hours prior to equipment delivery.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per lump sum for REMOVE EXISTING LIGHTING SYSTEM which price shall include all labor, equipment and materials necessary to complete the work. Trench backfill shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract unit price per lump sum for REMOVE EXISTING LIGHTING SYSTEM.

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

LUMINAIRES

Luminaires for the mast arms and light poles shall be as follows:

- Phillip Lumec catalog number RFM0160W-48LED-4K-T-R3S-UNIV or
- American Electric Lighting catalog number ATB2-40BLEDE13-MVOLT-R3

FIBER OPTIC ETHERNET DROP AND REPEAT SWITCH

The Contractor shall furnish a fiber optic drop and repeat switch complete with the accessories specified below and install it inside an existing or proposed traffic signal cabinet.

The Contractor shall install a 10" section of DIN for mounting the ethernet switch and power supply.

The Contractor shall wire the proposed power supply using a standard NEMA 5-15P three prong power cord and plug the power supply into the equipment outlets inside each cabinet.

The fiber optic drop and repeat switch shall meet or exceed the following minimum specifications:

<u>Approved Models</u>: <u>Antaira Technologies Model LNX-0702G-SFP-T (7-Port (5-port 10/100/1000T + 2 10/100/1000T SFP ports Industrial Ethernet Switch, Wide Operating Temperature)</u>

Features:

• 5-Port 10/100/1000TX + 2-Port 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo
• Store-and-Forward Switching Architecture
• 10Gbps Back-Plane (Switching Fabric)
• 1 Mbits Memory Buffer
• 8K MAC Address Table
• Wide-Range Redundant Power Design
• Power Polarity Reserve Protect
• Provides EFT Protection 3000 VDC for Power Line
• Supports 6000 VDC Ethernet ESD Protection
• IP30 Rugged Aluminum Case Design
• 5-Year Warranty

Standard:
• IEEE 802.3 10BaseT Ethernet

IEEE 802.3u 100BaseTX Fast EthernetIEEE 802.z Gigabit Fiber

IEEE 802.3x Flow Control and Back-Pressure

Protocol: • CSMA/CD

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

	Florieer Farkway/Oniversity St. Intersection Reconstruction
Switch Architecture:	Back-Plane (Switching Fabric): 10Gbps
Transfer Rate: MAC Address:	 14,880pps for Ethernet Port 148,800pps for Fast Ethernet Port 1,488,000pps for Gigabit Fiber Ethernet Port 8K MAC Address Table
Memory Buffer:	• 7,926 pps (default)
LED:	 Unit: Power 1, Power 2, Fault 10/100 TX: Link/Activity, Full Duplex/Collision Gigabit Copper: Link/Activity, Speed SFP: Link/Activity
Connector:	 10/100T: 5 x RJ-45 100/1000T: 2 x 100/1000 SFP Sockets
Network Cable:	 10BaseT: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 3, 4, 5 cable EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m) 100BaseTX: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 5 cable EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m)
Power Supply:	 DC 12 ~ 48V, Redundant Power with Polarity Reverse Protect Function and Removable Terminal Block
Power Consumption:	6 Watts
Reverse Polarity Protection:	• Present
Overload Current Protection:	Present
Mechanical:	 Casing: IP30 Metal Case Dimension (W x H x D): 30 x 99 x 142 mm Installation: DIN-Rail/Wall Mountable
Weight:	Unit Weight: 1.3 lbs.Shipping Weight: 1.7 lbs.
Operation Temperature:	 Wide Operating Temperature: -40° C to 75° C (-40° F to 176° F)
Operation Humidity:	• 5% to 95% (Non-condensing)

Storage Temperature:

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

EMI: • FCC Class A

CE EN6100-4-2/EN6100-4-3/EN6100-4-4/EN6100-

4-5/EN6100-4-6

/EN6100-4-8/EN6100-4-11/EN6100-4-12/EN6100-6-

2/EN6100-6-4

Stability Testing: • Shock: IEC60068-2-27

Free Fall: IEC60068-2-32
Vibration: IEC60068-2-6

Warranty: • 5-Year Warranty

The following items shall also be included with each switch:

• SFP Fiber Optic Module – Qty. 2 (Antaira SFP-S20-T, 1.25Gbps Ethernet SFP Transceiver, Single Mode 10KM / LC / 1310nm, -40°C~85°C)

• Fiber Optic Patch Cable – Qty. 2 (single mode fiber, 1 meter length, duplex, LC/ST connectors)

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for FIBER OPTIC ETHERNET DROP AND REPEAT SWITCH which price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to provide the fiber optic Ethernet drop and repeat switch and associated equipment and install it inside the proposed traffic signal cabinet.

RELOCATE EXISTING PTZ CAMERA

This work shall be in accordance with the applicable Articles of Sections 895, 1073, and 1074 of the Standard Specifications with the following modifications:

This item shall consist of removing an existing CCTV camera from a mast arm strain pole and relocating it to a proposed mast arm.

The Contractor shall remove the existing CCTV camera and camera bracket and install it on the strain pole of a proposed mast arm at the locations shown in the plans.

The Contractor shall install new CAT 5E cabling from the existing controller cabinet to the proposed camera location. The CAT 5E cable will be paid for separately under the pay item for CAT 5 ETHERNET CABLE.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The Department will test the camera after relocation to verify that it is functioning correctly.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for RELOCATE EXISTING PTZ CAMERA which price shall be payment in full for all labor, materials, and equipment required to relocate the existing CCTV camera as described above.

ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS (APS)

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing accessible pedestrian signals (APS). Each APS shall consist of an interactive vibrotactile pedestrian pushbutton with speaker, an informational sign, a light emitting diode (LED) indicator light, a solid-state electronic control board, a power supply, wiring, and mounting hardware. The APS shall meet the requirements of the MUTCD and Sections 801 and 888 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Add the following to Article 888.03 of the Standard Specifications:

The contractor is not allowed to install a push-button assembly with the sign below the push-button to meet mounting requirements.

Add the following to Article 1074.02(e) of the Standard Specifications:

Stations shall be designed to be mounted to a post, mast arm pole or wood pole. The station shall be aluminum and shall accept a 3 inch round push-button assembly and a regulatory pedestrian instruction sign according to MUTCD, sign series R10-3e, 9" x 15" sign (Type ZZ Sheeting) with arrow(s) for a count-down pedestrian signal. Stations shall be powder coated black with a black pushbutton and stainless steel arrow on pushbutton.

Electrical Requirements. The APS shall operate with systems providing 95 to 130 VAC, 60 Hz and throughout an ambient air temperature range of -29°F to +160°F (-34°C to +70°C).

The APS shall be designed for two wire operation to allow APS stations to operate using existing 2/C pushbutton wires. The 2/C pushbutton wires shall be used to provide power and communications (placing pedestrian phase calls) from the APS station to the central control unit in the traffic signal cabinet. Wireless communications between the APS station and the central control unit shall only be used for programming, firmware updates, and APS station management, not for placing pedestrian phase calls.

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

The APS stations shall be equipped with a shelf mounted central control unit that is located inside the traffic signal controller cabinet and connects to each APS pushbutton station. The central control unit shall be equipped with an Ethernet port that can be used for remote system monitoring, configuration, and administration. A total of one central control unit shall be furnished for each traffic signal cabinet.

The AC power input for the system shall be disconnected in the event that the intersection goes into flash.

The APS shall contain a power protection circuit consisting of both fuse and transient protection.

Audible Indications. A pushbutton locator tone shall sound at each pushbutton and shall be deactivated during the associated walk indication and when associated traffic signals are in flashing mode. Pushbutton locator tones shall have a duration of 0.15 seconds or less and shall repeat at 1-second intervals. Each actuation of the pushbutton shall be accompanied by the speech message "Wait". Locator tones shall be audible 6 to 12 ft from pushbutton.

If two accessible pedestrian pushbuttons are placed less than 10 ft. (3 m) apart or placed on the same pole, the audible walk and don't walk indication shall be a speech message. This speech message shall sound throughout the WALK interval only. Common street name shall be used and not the route number of the street unless there is no common street name. The street name used in programming shall reflect the street name mast arm mounted sign panel. Locations without street name (ex. private benefit driveways, shopping plaza entrance, etc.) shall use a general term "Commercial Driveway" as a street name for that leg. The speech message shall be modeled after: "Street Name.' Walk Sign is on to cross "Street Name!." For signalized intersections utilizing exclusive pedestrian phasing, the verbal message shall be "Walk sign is on for all crossings". In addition, a speech pushbutton information message shall be provided by actuating the APS pushbutton when the WALK interval is not timing. This verbal message shall be modeled after: "Wait. Wait to cross 'Street Name' at 'Street Name'".

Railroad Preemption.

At locations with railroad interconnection APS pushbutton shall be capable of receiving a railroad preemption similar to a traffic signal controller and shall be hard wired to the railroad preemption relay inside the traffic signal cabinet. A shelf mount control unit shall be provided and installed inside the cabinet capable of receiving and transmitting the railroad preemption to all the push buttons.

At railroad intersections all APS pushbuttons shall use the speech message and shall follow the below speech models.

City of Peoria

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

<u>During Don't Walk:</u> "Wait to cross 'Street Name' at 'Street Name', Caution, Walk time shortened when train approaches'" – this does not repeat, plays only once with every push button press.

<u>During Walk:</u> "Walk sign is on to cross 'Street Name', – this repeats as many times as possible during Walk interval only.

<u>During Railroad preemption:</u> All push buttons at same time "Train Approaching" – this message shall be repeated two times.

At locations with emergency vehicle preemption, NO additional speech message shall be provided.

<u>Locations with Corner Islands or Center Medians</u>

At locations with corner islands pushbuttons shall follow the requirement of the 10 ft as specified herein regarding the percussive tone vs a speech message. When push buttons are closer than 10 ft apart the speech message shall follow the format specified herein for the main street crossing. The speech message shall follow the below speech models for the unusual configurations.

<u>Crossing of the right turn lane from or to Corner Island:</u> "Wait to cross right turn lane for 'Street Name' at 'Street Name' crosswalks" and "Walk sign is on to cross right turn lane for 'Street Name' at 'Street Name' crosswalks"

Crossing from Corner Island to Corner Island where second pushbutton actuation is required: "Wait to cross 'Street Name' at 'Street Name' to median with second pushbutton" and "Walk sign is on to cross 'Street Name' to median with second pushbutton"

Center Medians on a divided highways with push buttons will require pushbutton to have a dual arrow on the pushbutton.

Where two accessible pedestrian pushbuttons are separated by at least 10 ft. (3 m), the walk indication shall be an audible percussive tone. It shall repeat at 8 to 10 ticks per second with a dominant frequency of 880 Hz.

Automatic volume adjustments in response to ambient traffic sound level shall be provided up to a maximum volume of 100 dBA. Locator tone and verbal messages shall be no more than 5 dB louder than ambient sound.

<u>Pedestrian Pushbutton.</u> Pedestrian pushbuttons shall be at least 2 in. (50 mm) in diameter or width. The force required to activate the pushbutton shall be no greater than 3.5 lb. (15.5 N).

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

A red LED shall be located on or near the pushbutton which, when activated, acknowledges the pedestrians request to cross the street.

APS pushbutton systems that utilize any wireless technology including Bluetooth technology to place calls or communicate with controller will not be allowed. A central master control unit shall be provided and installed in the traffic signal cabinet. Push button shall be connected directly to the master control unit in the traffic signal cabinet using only 2 wires. All pushbuttons shall be capable of placing a pedestrian call request into the controller and shall be hard wired. APS pushbuttons shall be a direct replacement of existing standard push buttons and shall be weather resistant with a minimum warranty of 3 years.

All APS pushbuttons shall come with the messages pre-programmed for each particular intersection regardless of the location or the 10 ft separation. Final field adjustments including percussive tone vs speech message use shall be completed once push buttons are installed in the final location. All push buttons shall be programmed with the appropriate parameters and settings as directed by the Engineer. These settings shall be standard for all pushbuttons and will vary based on the manufacturer. Access to pushbutton settings shall be provided through an app either through wired, wireless, or Bluetooth connection. Pushbutton information, settings, and access instructions shall all be provided in a weatherproof pouch and safely stored inside each traffic signal cabinet.

Contractor shall remove any existing pedestrian isolation boards, field wire terminals, and any wires to the board when easily accessible. If the pedestrian isolation board has been installed from the factory on the back panel of the cabinet, contractor is to disconnect the power to the isolation board and any wires while leaving the board mounted. This work shall be included in the cost of Accessible Pedestrian Signals and will not be paid for separately.

<u>Signage</u>. A sign shall be located immediately above the pedestrian pushbutton and parallel to the crosswalk controlled by the pushbutton. The sign shall conform to the following standard MUTCD design: R10-3e.



R10-e

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV

Project #: NMGI(915) Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

<u>Tactile Arrow.</u> A tactile arrow, pointing in the direction of travel controlled by a pushbutton, shall be provided on the pushbutton.

<u>Vibrotactile Feature</u>. The pushbutton shall pulse when depressed and shall vibrate continuously throughout the WALK interval.

<u>Hardware: All hardware shall be stainless steel.</u> The Contractor shall apply anti-seize compound on all stainless steel threads during installation. APS station hardware that is accessible from outside the unit shall be tamperproof.

Redline Prints: The Contractor shall furnish three copies of red-lined prints inside the controller cabinet and a PDF copy of the modified cabinet prints.

The Contractor shall re-arrange traffic signal cabinet components as required to facilitate installation of the APS system components.

All cables shall have cable connectors that are locked or secured into place to prevent accidental disconnection. The central controller unit power cord shall be direct wired or utilize a NEMA plug. If the power cable utilizes a NEMA plug, the Contractor shall install a duplex non-GFCI equipment outlet inside the cabinet for power.

The Contractor shall be responsible for programming the APS units with IDOT approved settings, street names, speech/tone configurations, etc. in accordance with MUTCD requirements. The Contractor shall furnish and install one pedestrian pushbutton sign (R10-3e) per APS unit. The sign shall be constructed using Type ZZ retroreflective sheeting in accordance with Article 1091.03. The sign shall have the correct arrow orientation and shall not be modified in any way.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment as Each, per pushbutton.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per Each for ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS and shall include all labor, equipment and materials required to furnish, install, and program the APS pushbuttons and install the associated brackets, hardware, and accessories as described above.

City of Peoria

Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

APS EXTENSION BRACKET

This work will consist of furnishing and installing an extension bracket for an APS pushbutton station onto a proposed pedestrian pushbutton post, light pole, traffic signal post, or mast arm strain pole.

The APS extension bracket shall meet the following specifications:

- Design allows either MPS or APS devices be mounted to the bracket
- Available in telescoping sizes with field adjustable length and static sizes
- Compatible with most APS devices in the market
- Wire chase for service entry
- Adjustable mounting saddles allow easy banding or bolting to any size pole
- All aluminum design is vandal/weatherproof
- Machined 6061 T6 aluminum with a black powder coat finish.
- All stainless-steel mounting hardware.

The Contractor shall install the extension bracket in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Extension brackets shall be sized as required to provide a maximum 10" clearance from the edge of the pavement to the APS pushbutton in accordance with MUTCD requirements.

<u>Installation:</u> The Contractor shall install the proposed APS stations with the sign housing/ button arrow parallel to the crosswalk. The Contractor shall furnish and install additional hardware, including a swivel kit, as required to meet this alignment requirement at locations determined by the Resident Engineer in addition to the locations listed in the plans.

Anti-seize past shall be installed on all threaded connections.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: This work will not be paid separately, but shall be included in the unit bid price for ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRAIN SIGNALS.

PIPE UNDERDRAIN, TYPE 2, 6 INCH

Pipe Underdrain shall be in accordance with Section 601 of the Standard Specifications except as follows:

City of Peoria Section #: 20-00387-00-PV Project #: NMGI(915)

Contract #: 89835

Pioneer Parkway/University St. Intersection Reconstruction

Pipe underdrains shall be installed at locations shown on the plans and as directed by the engineer.

The trench shall be excavated to the dimensions as shown in the plans.

The pipe underdrain shall be Perforated Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) pipe according to Article 1040.03 of the standard specifications.

The geotechnical fabric shall be non-woven.

The underdrain aggregate shall be CA-7 or CA-11 per section 1004. The aggregate shall be gravel and not crushed. Because the aggregate must allow water to freely flow through the french drain, the aggregate shall be kept in a clean condition and not contaminated with native material, vegetation, sand, or other debris. The aggregate shall not be stockpiled on the project site. The material shall be transferred directly from the delivery truck into the trench. Contaminated aggregates shall be removed from the project at the Contractor's expense.

The pipe underdrains shall be connected to storm sewer structures as shown on the plans and as directed by the engineer. A hole will be made in the structure in order to connect the pipe underdrain.

Excavation, geotechnical fabric, all pipe tees, connectors, and underdrain aggregate will not be measured and paid for separately but will be included in the contract unit price per foot of the pipe underdrain. Coring a hole into inlets and manholes in order to outlet the pipe underdrain will not be paid for separately but included in the cost per foot of the pipe underdrain.

This item will be paid for the at contract unit price per FOOT for PIPE UNDERDRAIN, TYPE 2, 6 INCH which price shall be payment in full for all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to

complete this item as specified and to the satisfaction of the engineer.

State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:
City of Peoria

The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

State of Illinois DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Bureau of Local Roads & Streets SPECIAL PROVISION FOR

LOCAL QUALITY ASSURANCE/ QUALITY MANAGEMENT QC/QA Effective: January 1, 2022

Replace the first five paragraphs of Article 1030.06 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"1030.06 Quality Management Program. The Quality Management Program (QMP) will be Quality Control / Quality Assurance (QC/QA) according to the following."

Delete Article 1030.06(d)(1) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 1030.09(g)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(3) If core testing is the density verification method, the Contractor shall provide personnel and equipment to collect density verification cores for the Engineer. Core locations will be determined by the Engineer following the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations" at density verification intervals defined in Article 1030.09(b). After the Engineer identifies a density verification location and prior to opening to traffic, the Contractor shall cut a 4 in. (100 mm) diameter core. With the approval of the Engineer, the cores may be cut at a later time."

Revise Article 1030.09(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) After final rolling and prior to paving subsequent lifts, the Engineer will identify the random density verification test locations. Cores or nuclear density gauge testing will be used for density verification. The method used for density verification will be as selected below

Density Verification Method					
Cores					
Nuclear Density Gauge (Correlated when					
paving ≥ 3,000 tons per mixture)					

Density verification test locations will be determined according to the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations". The density testing interval for paving wider than or equal to 3 ft (1 m) will be 0.5 miles (800 m) for lift thicknesses of 3 in. (75 mm) or less and 0.2 miles (320 m) for lift thicknesses greater than 3 in. (75 mm). The density testing interval for paving less than 3 ft (1 m) wide will be 1 mile (1,600 m). If a day's paving will be less than the prescribed density testing interval, the length of the day's paving will be the interval for that day. The density testing interval for mixtures used for patching will be 50 patches with a minimum of one test per mixture per project.

If core testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will witness the Contractor coring, and secure and take possession of all density samples at the

density verification locations. The Engineer will test the cores collected by the Contractor for density according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 166 or AASHTO T 275.

If nuclear density gauge testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will conduct nuclear density gauge tests. The Engineer will follow the density testing procedure detailed in the document "Illinois Modified ASTM D 2950, Standard Test Method for Density of Bituminous Concrete In-Place by Nuclear Method".

A density verification test will be the result of a single core or the average of the nuclear density tests at one location. The results of each density test must be within acceptable limits. The Engineer will promptly notify the Contractor of observed deficiencies."

Revise the seventh paragraph and all subsequent paragraphs in Section D. of the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Initial Daily Plant and Random Samples" to read:

"Mixtures shall be sampled from the truck at the plant by the Contractor following the same procedure used to collect QC mixture samples (Section A). This process will be witnessed by the Engineer who will take custody of the verification sample. Each sample bag with a verification mixture sample will be secured by the Engineer using a locking ID tag. Sample boxes containing the verification mixture sample will be sealed/taped by the Engineer using a security ID label."



Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan



Route	Marked Route	Section Numbe	r
FAU 6643/FAU 6593	N/A	20-00387-00	
Project Number	County	Contract Number	er
NMGI(915)	Peoria	89835	
This plan has been prepared to comply ILR10 (Permit ILR10), issued by the III activities.			
I certify under penalty of law that this of system designed to assure that qualifies the person or persons who manage the submitted is, to the best of my knowled submitting false information, including	ed personnel properly gathered an e system, or those persons directly dge and belief, true, accurate and o	d evaluated the information submitte y responsible for gathering the inform complete. I am aware that there are	ed. Based on my inquiry of nation, the information
Signature			Date
W. Shan	- La	-	10/09/23
Print Name	Title	Agency	
W. Shane Larson	Senior Vice Presiden	t Hutchison Er	ngineering, Inc.
A. Provide a description of the project Pioneer Parkway from west of I 40D 47' 00.43" N 89D 37' 08.7	Harker Drive to 650' east of 8" W) and University St. fror	University St. (40D 47' 00.43" n immediately north of Pionee	r Parkway to 475' south
of Pioneer Parkway (40D 46' 5	5.70" N 89D 37' 17.33" W to	5 40D 47' 01.48N 89D 37' 17.3	33W).
B. Provide a description of the construimprovements, in-stream work, inst		of this plan. Include the number of co erosion measures, and permanent st	
Roadway reconstruction includiuse path, PCC sidewalk, traffic	•	•	vement; HMA shared
C. Provide the estimated duration of the	nis proiect:		
April 2024 to December 2024.			
	7.0		
D. The total area of the construction si		acres.	
The total area of the site estimated	to be disturbed by excavation, gra	ding or other activities is 7.6	acres.
E. The following are weighted average Section 4-102 of the IDOT Drainage		project before and after construction	activities are completed; see
0.6			
F. List all soils found within project box	undaries: include man unit name	slope information, and erosivity	
86B Osco silt loam; 2 to 5% slo	-	sope mornadon, and orderity.	
802B Orthents, Loamy; Undula			

G. If wetlands were delineated for this project, provide an extent of wetland acreage at the site; see Phase I report:
No wetlands delineated.
H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:
Potentially erosive areas include the roadway subgrade; storm sewer excavations; and excavated areas along the proposed shared use path and sidewalk.
I. The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g., steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc.):
Soil disturbing activities include cutting/filling roadway profile to subgrade; storm sewer installation; and
building embankment for the shared use path and sidewalk subgrade. Foreslopes and backslopes are
generally flat .
J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands), and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.
K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:
City of Peoria
L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located:
City of Peoria
M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. In addition, include receiving waters that are listed as Biologically Significant Streams by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR). The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:
The receiving waters are an unnamed tributary to Kickapoo Creek which ultimately drains to Kickapoo Creek.
N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes (i.e., 1:3 or steeper), highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc. Include any commitments or requirements to protect adjacent wetlands.
For any storm water discharges from construction activities within 50-feet of Waters of the U.S. (except for activities for water-dependent structures authorized by a Section 404 permit, describe: a) How a 50-foot undisturbed natural buffer will be provided between the construction activity and the Waters of the U.S. or b) How additional erosion and sediment controls will be provided within that area.
All disturbed ares will be seeded and mulched, with temporary seeding during construction as necessary.
Perimeter erosion barrier, ditch checks, and inlet protections will also be used during construction.
O. Per the Phase I document, the following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development. Further guidance on these resources is available in Section 41-4 of the BDE Manual.
N/A
303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation. The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment:
N/A
Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:

Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body:							
Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges t	to the MS4 and/or water body:						
Applicable Federal, Tribal, State, or Local Programs							
Applicable Federal, Tribal, Otate, of Local Frograms							
Floodplain							
Historic Preservation							
Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sedir	ment, total suspended solids, turbidity or siltation						
TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)							
The name(s) of the listed water body:							
Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that	t will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the						
assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:	t will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the						
If a manific muse and a waste local allocation has been patablished that we	carried comply to the superiorable dischanges many idea of decarring to a file						
necessary steps to meet that allocation:	If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet that allocation:						
	ALL D						
Threatened and Endangered Species/Illinois Natural Areas (INAI)/	Nature Preserves						
Other							
☐ Wetland							
P. The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this cons							
	Solid Waste Debris						
Concrete	Solvents						
Concrete Curing Compounds	Waste water from cleaning construction equipments						
Concrete Truck Waste	Other (Specify)						
Fertilizers / Pesticides	Other (Specify)						
Paints	Other (Specify)						
Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil / fluids)	Other (Specify)						
⊠ Soil Sediment	Other (Specify)						

II. Controls:

This section of the plan addresses the controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in Section I.C above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For each measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for its implementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures indicated. The Contractor, and subcontractors, will notify the Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certification on forms which are attached to, and are a part of, this plan:

- A. Erosion and Sediment Controls: At a minimum, controls must be coordinated, installed and maintained to:
 - 1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
 - 2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
 - 3. Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible;
 - 4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.
- B. **Stabilization Practices:** Provided below is a description of interim and permanent stabilization practices, including site-specific scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II.B.1 and II.B.2, stabilization measures shall be initiated **immediately** where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than **one (1) day** after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceases on all disturbed portions of the site where construction will not occur for a period of fourteen (14) or more calendar days.
 - 1. Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

2. On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization

method can be used.

The following stabilization practices will be used for this project:

☐ Erosion Control Blanket / Mulching
☐ Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7)
☐ Geotextiles
☐ Temporary Mulching

 ☐ Permanent Seeding
 ☐ Vegetated Buffer Strips

 ☐ Preservation of Mature Seeding
 ☐ Other (Specify)

 ☐ Protection of Trees
 ☐ Other (Specify)

 ☐ Sodding
 ☐ Other (Specify)

 ☐ Temporary Erosion Control Seeding
 ☐ Other (Specify)

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized during construction:

Temporary erosion control seeding will be used throughout construction on bare soil as needed. Sodding will be placed after final grading has been completed.

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:

After construction activities are complete, the sodding will be placed on all final graded areas. After sodding has been established, perimeter erosion barrier, ditch checks, and inlet protections can be removed.

C. Structural Practices: Provided below is a description of structural practices that will be implemented, to the degree attainable, to divert flows from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Such practices may include but are not limited to: perimeter erosion barrier, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch checks, subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain inlet protection, rock outlet protection, reinforced soil retaining systems, gabions, and temporary or permanent sediment basins. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

i Walei Aci.	
Aggregate Ditch	Stabilized Construction Exits
Concrete Revetment Mats	Stabilized Trench Flow
☐ Dust Suppression	☐ Slope Mattress
Dewatering Filtering	☐ Slope Walls
Gabions	

☐ In-Stream or Wetland Work	☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
Level Spreaders	☐ Temporary Sediment Basin
Paved Ditch	Temporary Stream Crossing
Permanent Check Dams	Turf Reinforcement Mats
── Perimeter Erosion Barrier	Other (Specify)
Permanent Sediment Basin	Other (Specify)
☐ Retaining Walls	Other (Specify)
☐ Riprap	Other (Specify)
Rock Outlet Protection	Other (Specify)
Sediment Trap	Other (Specify)
Storm Drain Inlet Protection	Other (Specify)
Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized Perimeter erosion barrier will be used in areas where	
travel off site or into swales or ditches that travel off s	·
flow lines during stage construction to slow the speed	d of water traveling through the ditch, giving
sediments a chance to settle out and creating less er	osion through the ditch. Storm drain inlet
protections will be utilized to keep sediment from ente	ering the storm sewer system at inlets or end
sections, while still allowing the storm water to enter.	
Describe how the characterist was trace listed above will be willinged	
Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized	·
After construction activities are complete, the sodding	•
sodding has been established, perimeter erosion bar removed.	ner, ditch checks, and inlet protections can be
Terrioved.	
D. Treatment Chemicals	
Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this	s project: Yes X No
viii polymor nooddana or treatment onermodio be daileed on the	, project. — —
If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treat	ment chemicals will be utilized on this project.
	ment Controls: Provided below is a description of measures that will be d pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after constructions may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.
	vater detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention es and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential
Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT BDE Manual. If p	pased on the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm tractices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for t from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions
non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course	ons and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a e so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions c conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to
Description of permanent storm water management controls:	
No permanent storm water management controls are	necessary for this project.
	• • •

F. **Approved State or Local Laws:** The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the IEPA's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures

and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

N/A

- G. **Contractor Required Submittals:** Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342A.
- 1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
 - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
 - Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
 - Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
 - Mobilization time-frame
 - Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
 - Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
 - Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized cons
 - Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
 - Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
 - Major planned stockpiling operation
 - · Time frame for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges as dewatering, grinding, etc
 - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
- 2. During the pre-construction meeting, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:
 - Temporary Ditch Checks Identify what type and the source of Temporary Ditch Checks that will be installed as part of the project. The installation details will then be included with the SWPPP.
 - Vehicle Entrances and Exits Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
 - Material Delivery, Storage and Use Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
 - Stockpile Management Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
 - Waste Disposal Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
 - Spill Prevention and Control Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
 - Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
 - Litter Management Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
 - · Vehicle and Equipment Fueling Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
 - Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
 - Dewatering Activities Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
 - Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
 - Additional measures indicated in the plan.

III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides (e.g., IDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Field Guide) to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. Describe how all items will be checked for structural

integrity, sediment accumulation and functionality. Any damage or undermining shall be repaired immediately. Provide specifics on how repairs will be made. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

Perimeter erosions barrier, ditch checks, and inlet protections shall be checked periodically and maintained in proper working condition throughout the duration of the project. Accumulated silt and/or debris shall be removed as required or as directed by the Engineer. Temporary seeding shall be cast on those areas which remain open for 7 days and will be disturbed within 14 days or more at the direction of the engineer. Removal of temporary erosion control items shall not be performed until the final vegetation cover is established from the sodding or as directed by the Engineer. Damage to any erosion control items shall be repaired immediately.

IV. Inspections:

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site including Borrow, Waste, and Use Areas, which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report, BC 2259. Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov, telephone or fax within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
Attn: Compliance Assurance Section
1021 North Grand East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.



Contractor Certification Statement



Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this contract, the Contractor and every subcontractor must complete and return to the Resident Engineer the following certification. A separate certification must be submitted by each firm. Attach to this certification all items required by Section II.G of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which will be handled by the Contractor/subcontractor completing this form.

Route	Marked Route	Section Number								
FAU 6643/FAU 6593	N/A	20-00387-00-PV								
Project Number	County	Contract Number								
NMGI(915)	Peoria	89835								
•	This certification statement is a part of SWPPP for the project described above, in accordance with the General NPDES Permit No. ILR10 issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.									
I certify under penalty of law that I unders associated with industrial activity from the		•								
Additionally, I have read and understand a project; I have received copies of all approto be in compliance with the Permit ILR10	priate maintenance procedures; and, I have	ve provided all documentation required								
☐ Contractor ☐ Sub-Contractor										
Signature	Date									
Print Name	Title									
Name of Firm	Phone									
Street Address	City	State Zip Code								
Items which this Contractor/subcontractor will	Items which this Contractor/subcontractor will be responsible for as required in Section II.G. of SWPPP									



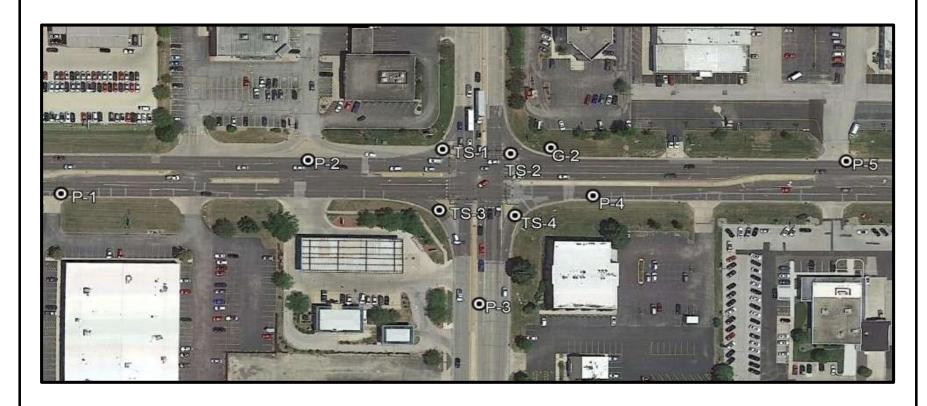
Millennia Professional Services

11 Executive Drive #12, Fairview Heights, IL

Phone: (618) 624-8610

Fax: (618) 624-8611

Project No.: MG22009



\frac{1}{N}	FIGURE 2: BORING LOCATION PLAN Pioneer Parkway - University St. Intersection Improvements Peoria, Illinois				
Approximate Boring Location:	Drawn by:	M. Jenkins	Checked by:	J. Schaeffer	
Image obtained from Google Earth *Not to scale	Project No.:	MG22009	Date:	3/22/2022	

3.0 Subsurface Conditions

Details of the subsurface conditions encountered at the boring locations are shown on the Boring Logs in Appendix B. The general subsurface conditions encountered and their pertinent engineering characteristics are described in the following paragraphs. Conditions represented by the borings should be considered applicable only at the boring locations on the dates shown; the reported conditions may be different at other locations and at other times.

3.1 Existing Pavement Section

The existing pavement conditions encountered at pavement cores P-1 through P-5 consists of approximately 2.5 to 7.5 inches of asphalt overlying 8.25 to 10.5 inches of Portland Cement Concrete (PCC). Approximately 2 to 10 inches of crushed limestone was encountered beneath the pavement section at pavement cores P-3 and P-4. No crushed limestone base material was encountered beneath the pavement section at pavement cores P-1, P-2, or P-5.

The existing pavement section encountered at the signal mast boring locations (TS-1 through TS-4) generally consists of approximately 4.0 inches of asphalt and approximately 10.0 inches of crushed limestone.

The following table lists the surface pavement, base pavement, and base rock thicknesses at each boring location:

Table 1:
Approximate Pavement Section Thickness

Boring ID	Asphalt Thickness (inches)	Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) Thickness (inches)	Crushed Rock Base Thickness (inches)
P-1	2.75	8.25	None - clay under PCC
P-2	2.75	9.25	None - clay under PCC
P-3	2.50	10.50	2" crushed limestone
P-4	7.50	8.50	10" crushed limestone
P-5	3.50	9.50	None - clay under PCC
TS-1*	4.0	None	10.0
TS-2*	4.0	None	10.0
TS-3*	4.0	None	10.0
TS-4*	4.0	None	10.0

^{* =} pavement section was not cored

3.2 Generalized Subsurface Profile

The subsurface profile consists of medium stiff to stiff clays overlying stiffer glacial till.

The soil profile within the upper 5.5 to 10 feet at the borings was observed to be softer than the glacial till soils. The upper soils generally consists of lean, lean to fat, and fat clays (CL, CL-CH, and CH), with a variable content of sand. Standard penetration test (N) values range from 4 to 11 blows per foot (bpf). Unconfined compression test values performed using Rimac tests and

BORING NUMBER G-2 PAGE 1 OF 1



	CLIENT Hutchison Engineering, Inc.														
	PROJECT NUMBER MG22009														
	DATE STARTED 3/3/22 COMPLETED 3/3/22			MPLETED 3/3/22	GROUND ELEVATION HOLE SIZE _inches										
GPJ	DRILL	ING C	ONTRACTOR Geotechnology	1	GROUND WATER LEVELS:										
SINT.	DRILL	ING N	Hollow Stem Auger		AT	TIME OF	DRIL	LING N	lot En	counte	red				
VAY (LOGG	SED B	M. Jenkins CH	ECKED BY J. Schaeffer	AT	END OF	DRILL	ING D	ry						
ARKV	NOTE	s			AF	TER DRI	LLING	N/A							
ER P						Ш	%			Ŀ		ATT	ERBE	RG	Ę
TS/FIELD DATA/PIONE	o DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG		AL DESCRIPTION		SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY 9 (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	RIMAC QU (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID	PLASTIC WILLIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	FINES CONTENT (%)
MEN			TOPSOIL (4") Brown, lean CLAY (CL), tra	ace sand											
TY STREET INTERSECTION IMPROVE	5		2.0m, 10an 02m (02), 110												
- UNIVERSI						ST 1	92		1.5	102	24				
NΑΥ.		<u> </u>	Bottom o	of borehole at 8.0 feet.											
GEOTECH BH COLUMNS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 4/5/22 13:53 - G:PROJECT FILES/2022/MG22009 PIONEER PARKWAY - UNIVERSITY STREET INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS/FIELD DATA/PIONEER PARKWAY GINT.GPJ															

BORING NUMBER TS-1 PAGE 1 OF 1



	MILL	ENNI	<u>A</u>										
С	LIEN	IT <u>H</u> ı	utchison Engineering, Inc.	PROJECT NAME	Pione	eer Parkwa	ıy - Un	iversity	y St. Ir	nterse	ction I	mprove	<u>emen</u> t
Р	ROJ	ECT N	IUMBER MG22009	_ PROJECT LOCAT	TION _	Peoria, Illir	nois						
D	ATE	STAR	TED 3/3/22 COMPLETED 3/3/22	_ GROUND ELEVA	TION _			HOLE	SIZE	inch	ies		
g D	RILL	ING C	CONTRACTOR Geotechnology	_ GROUND WATER	RLEVE	LS:							
ž D	RILL	ING N	IETHOD Hollow Stem Auger	AT TIME OF	FDRIL	LING 1	Not En	counte	red				
L	OGG	ED B	Y M. Jenkins CHECKED BY J. Schaeffer	AT END OF	DRILL	.ING D	ry						
N	OTE	s		AFTER DRI	LLING	N/A							
7				Щ	%			L.	(9	AT	TERBE LIMITS		LΝ
	=	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	RIMAC QU (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	'			FINES CONTENT (%)
E P	(#)	XAPI LOC	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION) JMB	NS I	VAL VAL	/AC (tsf)	Pog NJ	IST TEN	≘⊨	ST	흔찙	88
ם ה	נ	GF		AMF	RECOVERY (RQD)	moz	문	ᇫ	8 S S	LIQUID	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	NES
<u> </u>	0			S	I'E				O			굽	듄
			— ASPHALT (4") CRUSHED LIMESTONE (10")										
) -	-	$\langle\!\langle\!\langle\!\langle\!\langle\!\langle$	Grey to brown, lean to fat CLAY (CL-CH)	√ ss		4-3-4							
-	-		,	X 33 X 1	61	(7)	1.75		31				
				/ N				-		-			
ASEC.								 		-			
	-			ss 2	50	1-2-3 (5)	1.25		27				
	5_			/\ 2		(3)		-					
2			Grey to brown, fat CLAY (CH), trace silt and sand										
				√ ss		2-2-2							
	-			3	72	(4)	0.75		38				
5	_			/									
¥ X			- undrained shear strength = 0.49 tsf at 8.0 ft.	ST									
<u></u>	-			4	75		1.5	103	26				
Ž Ž	10			—									
<u> </u>			Brown, lean CLAY (CL), with silt, trace sand										
30027				√ ss	400	2-4-6	0.07		40				
9	-			5	100	(10)	2.27		13				
7202	_			,									
<u>-</u>	_			ss 6	94	4-4-7 (11)	2.47		15				
Ž	15_			/ \		, ,				-			
(j	_		- grey, trace gravel below 15.5 ft.										
2				SS 7	89	3-6-7	3.30		14				
77/0/	-			7	05	(13)	0.00		17				
-	-												
5						270							
				SS 8	50	3-7-8 (15)	3.50		13				
	20			<u>/ \</u>									
	_												
2													
- LOW													
<u> </u>	-												
	_			\		2-8-8				-			
, E	25			SS 9	100	(16)	2.47		13				

BORING NUMBER TS-2 PAGE 1 OF 1



	PROFESS	IONAL SERVIC												
	CLIEN	IT Hu	utchison Engineering, Inc.	PROJEC	T NAME	Pione	eer Parkwa	y - Uni	iversity	/ St. Ir	ntersec	ction Ir	nprove	<u>emen</u> t
			UMBER _MG22009		T LOCAT	ION _	Peoria, Illir	nois						
	DATE STARTED 3/3/22 COMPLETED 3/3/22			GROUND ELEVATION HOLE SIZE inches										
,														
5			IETHOD Hollow Stem Auger	R Geotechnology GROUND WATER LEVELS: AT TIME OF DRILLING Not Encountered										
5														
			M. Jenkins CHECKED BY J. Schaeffer											
	NOTE	s		AF	TER DRI	LLING	N/A							
					Щ	%			<u>.</u> .	(9)	ATT	ERBE	:RG	Ϋ́
	I	GRAPHIC LOG			SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	RIMAC QU (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	IRE T (%			<u>'</u>	FINES CONTENT (%)
	DEPTH (ft)	4PF	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		LE .	VEI	P N N	AC tsf)	pcf)	STC EN	₽⊨	읃니	등시	(%)
	ä	GR.			MP	SS (F)		\₹	ر ج(ON TNC	절목	₽¥	IS B	SE
					SA	RE		"	씸	200	LIQUID	[교기	ا = کٍا	Z I
5	0		ASPHALT (4")										_	_
	_	\bowtie	CRUSHED LIMESTONE (10")											
2			Brown and grey, lean CLAY (CL)		V ss		2-4-4	4.0		00				
					1	56	(8)	4.0		22				
5					/V									
	-				V ss	33	2-2-2	1.5		29				
=	5				2	33	(4)	1.5		23				
-			Brown and grey, lean to fat CLAY (CL-CH), trace gravel - undrained shear strength = 0.69 tsf at 6.0 ft.											
2			- undrained shear strength – 0.09 tsi at 6.0 ft.		ST									
1	_				3	75		2.0	113	21				
			Brown, lean CLAY (CL), trace silt, sand, and gravel		1									
ĺ					SS 4	100	1-3-5	1.65		16				
	10				/\ 4		(8)							
2			- no gravel below 10.5 ft.											
200	-		- 110 graver below 10.3 ft.		\									
770					SS 5	100	2-3-5 (8)	1.73		17				
72211					/ \		(0)							
1	_													
					\		4-6-8							
					SS 6	100	(14)	2.22		14				
2	15				/ \ <u> </u>		. ,							
5	L		- grey to light brown, trace gravel below 15.5 ft.											
3	_				\bigvee ss		3-6-8							
77					SS 7	100	(14)	3.09		14				
2					/ N									
3			- grey, with silt below 18.0 ft.											
į					V ss	100	4-6-8	2 00		0				
	20				SS 8	100	(14)	2.89		9				
					y V									
2														
	-													
3														
5					\ /			-						
2					SS 9	100	4-8-12	3.92		12				
	25	<i>[/////</i> ///////////////////////////////			/\ 9	.55	(20)	0.02						

BORING NUMBER TS-3 PAGE 1 OF 1



	MILL	ENNI.											
	CLIEN	IT H	utchison Engineering, Inc.	_ PROJECT NAME	Pione	eer Parkwa	y - Uni	iversit	y St. Ir	nterse	ction Ir	mprove	ement
			UMBER MG22009	PROJECT LOCATION Peoria, Illinois									
	DATE STARTED 3/4/22 COMPLETED 3/4/22			GROUND ELEVATION HOLE SIZE inches									
3	DRILL	ING C	ONTRACTOR Geotechnology	_ GROUND WATER	LEVE	LS:							
J.	DRILL	ING N	IETHOD Hollow Stem Auger										
בור בור	LOGG	ED B	M. Jenkins CHECKED BY J. Schaeffer	_ AT END OF	DRILL	.ING D	ry						
Ž				_ AFTER DRI	LLING	N/A							
2				ш	%			L.	_	AT1	ERBE	RG	Ę
FIELD DATAIFIONE		GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	RIMAC QU (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	FINES CONTENT (%)
Ó.	0	~~~~	ASPHALT (4")										_
			CRUSHED LIMESTONE (10")										
2			Brown and grey, lean to fat CLAY (CL-CH)	√ ss	0	2-3-2							
				1		(5)							
	L -		- with silt below 3.0 ft.				-		-				
Į L			- undrained shear strength = 0.44 tsf at 3.5 ft.	ST	67		1.5	103	26				
Ξ	5			2	"			.00	20				
ב ב ב	J												
٥ -			Brown, lean CLAY (CL), trace sand										
2				V ss	100	2-5-6	1.48		13				
	_			3		(11)		-					
اخ	_												
إذ				ST	63		4.0	121	15				
뷥	10			4			1.0	'-'	13				
	10												
3			- trace silt and gravel below 10.5 ft.						<u> </u>				
0220				V ss	94	4-7-10	3.5		12				
1M/27	-			5		(17)			<u> </u>				
DZ/CI	_		- grey below 13.0 ft.										
			g. ey 2010 ii. 1010 iii.	// 00		3-7-9							
NEC.	15			SS 6	83	(16)	3.71		13				
בור בור	13			V V		1							
2	_		- brown from 15.5 ft. to 18.0 ft.	\									
2.5				SS 7	67	4-9-12 (21)	4.12		13				
4/3/2.	_			/\ /		(41)							
إذ	-												
S I				√ ss		3-6-8							
l Sol	20			8	56	(14)	3.30		12				
9				V V		1							
5													
			- trace pockets of fat clay below 22.0 ft.										
				1 20		4-19-8	1						
	O.E.			SS 9	89	4-19-8 (27)			14				

BORING NUMBER TS-4 PAGE 1 OF 1



	MILL	ENNI											
	CLIEN	IT H	utchison Engineering, Inc.	_ PROJECT NAME	Pione	eer Parkwa	y - Uni	iversit	y St. Ir	nterse	ction I	mprove	<u>emen</u> t
- 1			UMBER MG22009										
	DATE	STAR	TED 3/3/22 COMPLETED 3/3/22	ETED 3/3/22 GROUND ELEVATION HOLE SIZE inches									
	DRILL	ING C	ING CONTRACTOR Geotechnology GROUND WATER LEVELS:										
2	DRILL	ING N	IETHOD Hollow Stem Auger										
2	LOGG	ED B	M. Jenkins CHECKED BY J. Schaeffer	_ AT END OF	DRILL	.ING D	ry						
	NOTE	s		_ AFTER DR	ILLING	N/A							
-										ATT	ERBE		⊢
LIELD DAI ANTIONE		GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	RIMAC QU (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	FINES CONTENT (%)
5	0		ASPHALT (4")										
	_		CRUSHED LIMESTONE (10")										
			Brown and grey, lean CLAY (CL), trace sand	SS 1	67	3-3-4 (7)	2.5		28				
				V \									
				√ ss		5-4-4		-					
	_				100	(8)	1.03		24				
밝	5_			/ \									
5			- brown, trace sand and gravel below 5.5 ft.					-					
2				ST									
				3	67		4.0		15				
-													
				V 66		4.0.0							
Ĭ	40			SS 4	83	4-6-8 (14)	3.0		15				
밝	10			/ \				-					
2220				V ss	89	4-5-8	3.0		13				
			- grey below 12.0 ft.	5		(13)	0.0						
2020													
	_			1		0.044							
3				SS 6	100	8-9-11 (20)	3.5		13				
	15			/ \									
5													
5				SS 7	78	3-5-9	3.30		13				
77/01	-			/\ /		(14)	0.00						
: -													
5				1		4.7.40		-					
3	_			\ SS \ 8	72	4-7-10 (17)	3.42		13				
1	20			<u>/ \</u>									
2													
3													
5				1		0.5.0							
				SS 9	94	3-5-8 (13)	3.30		11				

AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2012 Revised: April 1, 2022

Add the following Section to the Standard Specifications:

"SECTION 303. AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT

303.01 Description. This work shall consist of constructing an aggregate subgrade improvement (ASI).

303.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Coarse Aggregate	1004.07
(b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)	1031.09

- **303.03 Equipment.** The vibratory roller shall be according to Article 1101.01, or as approved by the Engineer. Vibratory machines, such as tampers, shall be used in areas where rollers do not fit.
- **303.04 Soil Preparation.** The minimum immediate bearing value (IBV) of the soil below the improved subgrade shall be according to the Department's "Subgrade Stability Manual" for the aggregate thickness specified.
- **303.05 Placing and Compacting.** The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CA 2, CA 6, and CA 10 when compacted shall be 9 in. (225 mm). The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CS 1, CS 2, and RR 1 when compacted shall be 24 in. (600 mm).

The top surface of the aggregate subgrade improvement shall consist of a layer of capping aggregate gradations CA 6 or CA 10 that is 3 in. (75 mm) thick after compaction. Capping aggregate will not be required when aggregate subgrade improvement is used as a cubic yard pay item for undercut applications.

Each lift of aggregate shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the moisture content of the material is such that compaction cannot be obtained, sufficient water shall be added so that satisfactory compaction can be obtained.

303.06 Finishing and Maintenance. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be finished to the lines, grades, and cross sections shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be maintained in a smooth and compacted condition.

303.07 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment according to Article 311.08.

303.08 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) or ton (metric ton) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT or at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT, of the thickness specified."

Add the following to Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications:

"1004.07 Coarse Aggregate for Aggregate Subgrade Improvement (ASI). The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

- (a) Description. The coarse aggregate shall be crushed gravel, crushed stone, or crushed concrete. In applications where greater than 24 in. (600 mm) of ASI material is required, gravel may be used below the top 12 in (300 mm) of ASI.
- (b) Quality. The coarse aggregate shall consist of sound durable particles reasonably free of deleterious materials.
- (c) Gradation.
 - (1) The coarse aggregate gradation for total ASI thickness less than or equal to 12 in. (300 mm) shall be CA 2, CA 6, CA 10, or CS 1.

The coarse aggregate gradation for total ASI thickness greater than 12 in. (300 mm) shall be CS 1 or CS 2 as shown below or RR 1 according to Article 1005.01(c).

	COA	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS					
Grad No.		Sieve Siz	ze and Percent	Passing			
Giau No.	8"	6"	4"	2"	#4		
CS 1	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20		
CS 2		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15			

	COARSE	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS (Metric)					
Grad No.		Sieve Siz	ze and Percent	Passing			
Grad No.	200 mm	150 mm	100 mm	50 mm	4.75 mm		
CS 1	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20		
CS 2		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15			

(2) Capping aggregate shall be gradation CA 6 or CA 10."

Add the following to Article 1031.09 of the Standard Specifications:

"(b) RAP in Aggregate Subgrade Improvement (ASI). RAP in ASI shall be according to Articles 1031.01(a), 1031.02(a), 1031.06(a)(1), and 1031.06(a)(2), and the following.

- (1) The testing requirements of Article 1031.03 shall not apply.
- (2) Crushed RAP used for the lower lift may be mechanically blended with aggregate gradations CS 1, CS 2, and RR 1 but it shall be no greater than 40 percent of the total product volume. RAP agglomerations shall be no greater than 4 in. (100 mm).
- (3) For capping aggregate, well graded RAP having 100 percent passing the 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) sieve may be used when aggregate gradations CS 1, CS 2, CA 2, or RR 1 are used in the lower lift. FRAP will not be permitted as capping material.

Blending shall be through calibrated interlocked feeders or a calibrated blending plant such that the prescribed blending percentage is maintained throughout the blending process. The calibration shall have an accuracy of \pm 2.0 percent of the actual quantity of material delivered."

80274

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.
 - Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).
 - (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the

Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
	One Project Manager,
Over \$50,000,000	Two Project Superintendents,
Over \$50,000,000	One Engineer, and
	One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

80384

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: March 2, 2019

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments:
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 4.00% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the

bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.

(c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.

- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
 - (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.

(e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.

- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.
 - When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.
- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be

made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

(h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024

Revise the second paragraph of Articles 1030.07(a)(11) and 1030.08(a)(9) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be based on the running average of four available Department test results for that project. If less than four G_{mm} test results are available, an average of all available Department test results for that project will be used. The initial G_{mm} will be the last available Department test result from a QMP project. If there is no available Department test result from a QMP project, the Department mix design verification test result will be used as the initial G_{mm} ."

In the Supplemental Specifications, replace the revision for the end of the third paragraph of Article 1030.09(h)(2) with the following:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be the Department mix design verification test result."

Revise the tenth paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Production is not required to stop after a test strip has been constructed."

PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDER (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2023

Revise Article 1032.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1032.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder. These materials will be accepted according to the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure." The Department will maintain a qualified producer list. These materials shall be free from water and shall not foam when heated to any temperature below the actual flash point. Air blown asphalt, recycle engine oil bottoms (ReOB), and polyphosphoric acid (PPA) modification shall not be used.

When requested, producers shall provide the Engineer with viscosity/temperature relationships for the performance graded asphalt binders delivered and incorporated in the work.

(a) Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans and the following.

Test	Parameter
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113) BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)	-5 °C min.

(b) Modified Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans.

Asphalt binder modification shall be performed at the source, as defined in the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure."

Modified asphalt binder shall be safe to handle at asphalt binder production and storage temperatures or HMA construction temperatures. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) shall be provided for all asphalt modifiers.

(1) Polymer Modification (SB/SBS or SBR). Elastomers shall be added to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade and shall be either a styrene-butadiene diblock, triblock copolymer without oil extension, or a styrenebutadiene rubber. The polymer modified asphalt binder shall be smooth, homogeneous, and be according to the requirements shown in Table 1 or 2 for the grade shown on the plans.

Table 1 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer (SB/SBS) Modified Asphalt Binders			
Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-28 SB/SBS PG 64-3 SB/SBS PG 70-22 SB/SBS PG 76-2 SB/SBS PG 76-2 SB/SBS PG 76-2			
Separation of Polymer ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder" Difference in °F (°C) of the softening point between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.	
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)			
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, %	60 min.	70 min.	

Table 2 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Rubber (SBR) Modified Asphalt Binders			
Test	Asphalt Grade SBR PG 64-28 SBR PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SBR PG 76-22 SBR PG 76-28	
Separation of Polymer			
ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder"			
Difference in °F (°C) of the softening			
point between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.	
Toughness	, ,	, ,	
ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),			
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	110 (12.5) min.	110 (12.5) min.	
Tenacity ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),			
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	75 (8.5) min.	75 (8.5) min.	
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)			
Elastic Recovery			
ASTM D 6084, Procedure A,			
77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, %	40 min.	50 min.	

(2) Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modification. GTR modification is the addition of recycled ground tire rubber to liquid asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. GTR shall be produced from processing automobile and/or truck tires by the ambient

grinding method or micronizing through a cryogenic process. GTR shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm) in any dimension and shall not contain free metal particles, moisture that would cause foaming of the asphalt, or other foreign materials. A mineral powder (such as talc) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 17 may be added, up to a maximum of four percent by weight of GTR to reduce sticking and caking of the GTR particles. When tested in accordance with Illinois Modified AASHTO T 27 "Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates" or AASHTO PP 74 "Standard Practice for Determination of Size and Shape of Glass Beads Used in Traffic Markings by Means of Computerized Optical Method", a 50 g sample of the GTR shall conform to the following gradation requirements.

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	100
No. 30 (600 µm)	95 ± 5
No. 50 (300 µm)	> 20

GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for rotational viscosity according to AASHTO T 316 using spindle S27. GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for original dynamic shear and RTFO dynamic shear according to AASHTO T 315 using a gap of 2 mm.

The GTR modified asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of Table 3.

Table 3 - Requirements for Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modified Asphalt Binders			
Test Asphalt Grade GTR PG 64-28 GTR PG 76-22 GTR PG 70-28 GTR PG 70-28			
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)			
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, % 60 min. 70 min.			

(3) Softener Modification (SM). Softener modification is the addition of organic compounds, such as engineered flux, bio-oil blends, modified vegetable oils, glycol amines, and fatty acid derivatives, to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. Softeners shall be dissolved, dispersed, or reacted in the asphalt binder to enhance its performance and shall remain compatible with the asphalt binder with no separation. Softeners shall not be added to modified PG asphalt binder as defined in Articles 1032.05(b)(1) or 1032.05(b)(2).

An Attenuated Total Reflectance-Fourier Transform Infrared spectrum (ATR-FTIR) shall be collected for both the softening compound as well as the softener modified

asphalt binder at the dose intended for qualification. The ATR-FTIR spectra shall be collected on unaged softener modified binder, 20-hour Pressurized Aging Vessel (PAV) aged softener modified binder, and 40-hour PAV aged softener modified binder. The ATR-FTIR shall be collected in accordance with Illinois Test Procedure 601. The electronic files spectral files (in one of the following extensions or equivalent: *.SPA, *.SPG, *.IRD, *.IFG, *.CSV, *.SP, *.IRS, *.GAML, *.[0-9], *.IGM, *.ABS, *.DRT, *.SBM, *.RAS) shall be submitted to the Central Bureau of Materials.

Softener modified asphalt binders shall meet the requirements in Table 4.

Table 4 - Requirements for Softener Modified Asphalt Binders		
	Asphalt Grade	
	SM PG 46-28 SM P	G 46-34
Test	SM PG 52-28 SM P	G 52-34
	SM PG 58-22 SM P	G 58-28
	SM PG 64-22	
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113)		
BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs	-5°C min.	
continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)		
Large Strain Parameter (Illinois Modified		
AASHTO T 391) DSR/LAS Fatigue	≥ 54 %	
Property, Δ G* peak τ, 40 hrs PAV	2 54 %	
(40 hrs continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)		

The following grades may be specified as tack coats.

Asphalt Grade	Use
PG 58-22, PG 58-28, PG 64-22	Tack Coat"

Revise Article 1031.06(c)(1) and 1031.06(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(1) RAP/RAS. When RAP is used alone or RAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin ABR shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA Mixtures - RAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/ 2/			
Ndesign Binder Surface Polymer Modified Binder or Surface ^{3/}			
30	30	30	10
50	25	15	10
70	15	10	10
90	10	10	10

1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the RAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.

- 2/ When RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for ground tire rubber (GTR) modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes.
- (2) FRAP/RAS. When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA Mixtures - FRAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/2/			
Ndesign	Binder	Surface	Polymer Modified Binder or Surface ^{3/}
30	55	45	15
50	45	40	15
70	45	35	15
90	45	35	15
SMA			25
IL-4.75			35

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent for all mixes, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for GTR modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes."

Add the following to the end of Note 2 of Article 1030.03 of the Standard Specifications.

"A dedicated storage tank for the ground tire rubber (GTR) modified asphalt binder shall be provided. This tank shall be capable of providing continuous mechanical mixing throughout and/or recirculation of the asphalt binder to provide a uniform mixture. The tank shall be heated and capable of maintaining the temperature of the asphalt binder at 300 °F to 350 °F (149 °C to 177 °C). The asphalt binder metering systems of dryer drum plants shall be calibrated with the actual GTR modified asphalt binder material with an accuracy of ± 0.40 percent."

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2023

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1103.03(a)(4) the Standard Specifications to read:

"The dispenser system shall provide a visual indication that the liquid admixture is actually entering the batch, such as via a transparent or translucent section of tubing or by independent check with an integrated secondary metering device. If approved by the Engineer, an alternate indicator may be used for admixtures dosed at rates of 25 oz/cwt (1630 mL/100 kg) or greater, such as accelerating admixtures, corrosion inhibitors, and viscosity modifying admixtures."

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024 Revised: April 1, 2024

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas shall be managed as either uncontaminated soil, hazardous waste, special waste, or non-special waste.

As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 "Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)"."

Revise the first two sentences of the nineteenth paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility and provide the specific analytical testing requirements of that facility. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection, transportation, and analysis of landfill acceptance testing."

Revise the last paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall select a permitted landfill facility or CCDD/USFO facility meeting the requirements of 35 III. Admin. Code Parts 810-814 or Part 1100, respectively. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor based upon information provided in BDE 2730. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected facility shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.07 Temporary Staging. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. All other soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Topsoil for re-use as final cover which has been field screened and found not to exhibit PID readings over daily background readings as documented on the BDE 2732, visual staining or

odors, and is classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option."

Add the following paragraph after the sixth paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications.

"The sampling and testing of effluent water derived from dewatering discharges for priority pollutants volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutants semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), or priority pollutants metals, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8260B, SVOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 8270C, or RCRA METALS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 6010B and 7471A. This price shall include transporting the sample from the job site to the laboratory."

Revise the first sentence of the eight paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) to be managed and disposed of, if required and approved by the Engineer, will be paid according to Article 109.04."

SHORT TERM AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2024

Revise Article 1095.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1095.06 Pavement Marking Tapes. Type IV tape shall consist of white or yellow tape with wet reflective media incorporated to provide immediate and continuing retroreflection in wet and dry conditions. The wet retroreflective media shall be bonded to a durable polyurethane surface. The patterned surface shall have approximately 40 ± 10 percent of the surface area raised and presenting a near vertical face to traffic from any direction. The channels between the raised areas shall be substantially free of exposed reflective elements or particles.

Blackout marking tape shall consist of a matte black, non-reflective, patterned surface that is precoated with a pressure sensitive adhesive. The surface of the blackout pavement marking tape shall provide a minimum skid resistance value of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303.

(a) Color. The material shall meet the following requirements for daylight reflectance and color, when tested, using a color spectrophotometer with 45 degrees circumferential/zero degree geometry, illuminant D65, and two degree observer angle. The color instrument shall measure the visible spectrum from 380 to 720 nm with a wavelength measurement interval and spectral bandpass of 10 nm.

Color	Daylight Reflectance %Y
White	65 min.
Yellow *	36 - 59

*Shall match Aerospace Material Specification Standard 595 33538 (Orange Yellow) and the chromaticity limits as follows.

Х	0.490	0.475	0.485	0.530
У	0.470	0.438	0.425	0.456

(b) Retroreflectivity. The white and yellow markings shall be retroreflective. Reflective values measured in accordance with the photometric testing procedure of ASTM D 4061 shall not be less than those listed in the table below. The coefficient of retroreflected luminance, R_L, shall be expressed as average millicandelas/footcandle/sq ft (millicandelas/lux/sq m), measured on a 3.0 x 0.5 ft (900 mm x 150 mm) panel at 86 degree entrance angle.

Coefficient of Retroreflected Luminance, R _L , Dry			
Observation Angle White Yellow			
0.2°	1300	1200	
0.5°	1100	1000	

Wet retroreflectance shall be measured for Type IV under wet conditions according to ASTM E 2177 and meet the following.

Wet Retroreflectance, Initial R _L	
Color	R _L 1.05/88.76
White	300
Yellow	200

- (c) Skid Resistance. The surface of Type IV markings shall provide an average minimum skid resistance of 50 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303.
- (d) Application. The pavement marking tape shall have a precoated pressure sensitive adhesive and shall require no activation procedures. Test pieces of the tape shall be applied according to the manufacturer's instructions and tested according to ASTM D 1000, Method A, except that a stiff, short bristle roller brush and heavy hand pressure will be substituted for the weighted rubber roller in applying the test pieces to the metal test panel. Material tested as directed above shall show a minimum adhesion value of 750 g/in. (30 g/mm) width at the temperatures specified in ASTM D 1000. The adhesive shall be resistant to oils, acids, solvents, and water, and shall not leave objectionable stains or residue after removal. The material shall be flexible and conformable to the texture of the pavement.
- (e) Durability. The pavement marking tape shall be capable of performing for the duration of a normal construction season and shall then be capable of being removed intact or in large sections at pavement temperatures above 40 °F (4 °C) either manually or with a roll-up device without the use of sandblasting, solvents, or grinding. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer certification, from the manufacturer of the tape, that the material to be furnished meets the requirements for being removed after the following minimum traffic exposure based on transverse test decks with rolling traffic.
 - (1) Time in place 400 days
 - (2) ADT per lane 9,000 (28 percent trucks)
 - (3) Axle hits 10,000,000 minimum

Samples of the material, applied to standard specimen plates will be measured for thickness, and tested for durability in accordance with Federal Test Method Standard No. 141A, Method 6192, using a CS-17 wheel and 1000-gram load, and shall meet the following criteria for minimum initial thickness and for durability, showing no significant change in color after being tested for the number of cycles indicated.

Test	White	Yellow	Blackout
Initial Thickness, mils (mm)	20 (0.51)	20 (0.51)	65 (1.65) ^{1/} 10 (0.25) ^{2/}
Durability (cycles)	1,500	1,500	1,500

- 1/ Measured at the thickest point of the patterned surface.
- 2/ Measured at the thinnest point of the patterned surface.

The pavement marking tape, when applied according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures, shall be weather resistant and shall show no appreciable fading, lifting, or shrinkage during the useful life of the marking. The tape, as applied, shall be of good appearance, free of cracks, and edges shall be true, straight, and unbroken."

SOURCE OF SUPPLY AND QUALITY REQUIREMENTS (BDE)

Effective: January 2, 2023

Add the following to Article 106.01 of the Standard Specifications:

"The final manufacturing process for construction materials and the immediately preceding manufacturing stage for construction materials shall occur within the United States. Construction materials shall include an article, material, or supply that is or consists primarily of the following.

- (a) Non-ferrous metals;
- (b) Plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables);
- (c) Glass (including optic glass);
- (d) Lumber;
- (e) Drywall.

Items consisting of two or more of the listed construction materials that have been combined through a manufacturing process, and items including at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed through a manufacturing process shall be exempt."

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%"

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021 Revised: November 2, 2023

<u>FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS</u>. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker's name, social security number, last known address, telephone number, email address, classification(s) of work actually performed, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof), daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit certified payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers, last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls need only include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

<u>STATE CONTRACTS</u>. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/.

When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

SURFACE TESTING OF PAVEMENTS – IRI (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2021 Revised: January 1, 2023

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of testing the ride quality of the finished surface of pavement sections with new concrete pavement, PCC overlays, full-depth HMA, and HMA overlays with at least 2.25 in. (57 mm) total thickness of new HMA combined with either HMA binder or HMA surface removal, according to Illinois Test Procedure 701, "Ride Quality Testing Using the International Roughness Index (IRI)". Work shall be according to Sections 406, 407, or 420 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Overlays

Add the following to Article 406.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(n) Pavement Surface Grinding Equipment......1101.04"

Revise Article 406.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"406.11 Surface Tests. Prior to HMA overlay pavement improvements, the Engineer will measure the smoothness of the existing high-speed mainline pavement. The Contractor shall measure the smoothness of the finished high-speed mainline, low-speed mainline, and miscellaneous pavements after the pavement improvement is complete but within the same construction season. Testing shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer and according to Illinois Test Procedure 701. The pavement will be identified as high-speed mainline, low-speed mainline, or miscellaneous as follows.

- (a) Test Sections.
 - (1) High-Speed Mainline Pavement. High-speed mainline pavement consists of pavements, ramps, and loops with a posted speed limit greater than 45 mph. These sections shall be tested with an inertial profiling system (IPS).
 - (2) Low-Speed Mainline Pavement. Low-speed mainline pavement consists of pavements, ramps, and loops with a posted speed limit of 45 mph or less. These sections shall be tested using a 16 ft (5 m) straightedge or with an IPS analyzed using the rolling 16 ft (5 m) straightedge simulation in ProVAL.
 - (3) Miscellaneous Pavement. Miscellaneous pavement are segments that either cannot readily be tested by an IPS or conditions beyond the control of the Contractor preclude the achievement of smoothness levels typically achievable with mainline pavement construction. This may include the following examples or as determined by the Engineer.

- Pavement on horizontal curves with a centerline radius of curvature of less than or equal to 1,000 ft (300 m) and the pavement within the superelevation transition of such curves;
- b. Pavement on vertical curves having a length less than or equal to 200 ft (60 m) in combination with an algebraic change in tangent grade greater than or equal to 3 percent as may occur on urban ramps or other constricted-space facilities;
- c. The first and last 50 ft (15 m) of a pavement section where the Contractor is not responsible for the adjoining surface;
- d. Intersections and the 25 ft (7.6 m) before and after an intersection or end of radius return;
- e. Variable width pavements;
- f. Side street returns, to the end of radius return;
- g. Crossovers;
- h. Pavement connector for bridge approach slab;
- i. Bridge approach slab;
- j. Pavement that must be constructed in segments of 600 ft (180 m) or less;
- k. Pavement within 25 ft (7.6 m) of manholes, utility structures, at-grade railroad crossings, or other appurtenances;
- I. Turn lanes: and
- m. Pavement within 5 ft (1.5 m) of jobsite sampling locations for HMA volumetric testing that fall within the wheel path.

Miscellaneous pavement shall be tested using a 16 ft (5 m) straightedge.

- (4) International Roughness Index (IRI). An index computed from a longitudinal profile measurement using a quarter-car simulation at a simulation speed of 50 mph (80 km/h).
- (5) Mean Roughness Index (MRI). The average of the IRI values for the right and left wheel tracks.
 - a. MRI_O. The MRI of the existing pavement prior to construction.
 - b. MRI_I. The MRI value that warrants an incentive payment.

- c. MRI_F. The MRI value that warrants full payment.
- d. MRI_D. The MRI value that warrants a financial disincentive.
- (6) Areas of Localized Roughness (ALR). Isolated areas of roughness, which can cause significant increase in the calculated MRI for a given sublot.
- (7) Sublot. A continuous strip of pavement 0.1 mile (160 m) long and one lane wide. A partial sublot greater than or equal to 264 ft (80 m) will be subject to the same evaluation as a whole sublot. Partial sublots less than 264 ft (80 m) shall be included with the previous sublot for evaluation purposes.
- (b) Corrective Work. Corrective work shall be completed according to the following.
 - (1) High-Speed Mainline Pavement. For high-speed mainline pavement, any 25 ft (7.6 m) interval with an ALR in excess of 200 in./mile (3,200 mm/km) will be identified by the Engineer and shall be corrected by the Contractor. Any sublot having a MRI greater than MRI_D, including ALR, shall be corrected to reduce the MRI to the MRI_F, or replaced at the Contractor's option.
 - (2) Low-Speed Mainline Pavement. Surface variations in low-speed mainline pavement which exceed the 5/16 in. (8 mm) tolerance will be identified by the Engineer and shall be corrected by the Contractor.
 - (3) Miscellaneous Pavements. Surface variations in miscellaneous pavement which exceed the 5/16 in. (8 mm) tolerance will be identified by the Engineer and shall be corrected by the Contractor.

Corrective work shall be completed with pavement surface grinding equipment or by removing and replacing the pavement. Corrective work shall be applied to the full lane width. When completed, the corrected area shall have uniform texture and appearance, with the beginning and ending of the corrected area perpendicular to the centerline of the paved surface.

Upon completion of the corrective work, the surface of the sublot(s) shall be retested. The Contractor shall furnish the data and reports to the Engineer within 2 working days after corrections are made. If the MRI and/or ALR still do not meet the requirements, additional corrective work shall be performed.

Corrective work shall be at no additional cost to the Department.

(c) Smoothness Assessments. Assessments will be paid to or deducted from the Contractor for each sublot of high-speed mainline pavement per the Smoothness Assessment Schedule. Assessments will be based on the MRI of each sublot prior to performing any corrective work unless the Contractor has chosen to remove and replace the pavement. For pavement that is replaced, assessments will be based on the MRI determined after replacement.

The upper MRI thresholds for high-speed mainline pavement are dependent on the MRI of the existing pavement before construction (MRI₀) and shall be determined as follows.

	MRI Thresholds (High-Spe	eed, HMA Overlay)
Upper MRI Thresholds 1/	MRI₀ ≤ 125.0 in./mile (≤ 1,975 mm/km)	$MRI_0 > 125.0 \text{ in./mile}^{-1/2}$ (> 1,975 mm/km)
Incentive (MRI _I)	45.0 in./mile (710 mm/km)	0.2 × MRI ₀ + 20
Full Pay (MRI _F)	75.0 in./mile (1,190 mm/km)	$0.2 \times MRI_0 + 50$
Disincentive (MRI _D)	100.0 in./mile (1,975 mm/km)	$0.2 \times MRI_0 + 75$

^{1/} MRI₀, MRI_I, MRI_F, and MRI_D shall be in in./mile for calculation.

Smoothness assessments for high-speed mainline pavement shall be determined as follows.

SMOOTHNESS ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE (High-Speed, HMA Overlay)		
Mainline Pavement MRI Range	Assessment Per Sublot 1/	
MRI ≤ MRI _I	+ (MRI _I – MRI) × \$20.00 ^{2/}	
$MRI_{I} < MRI \le MRI_{F}$	+ \$0.00	
$MRI_F < MRI \le MRI_D$	$- (MRI - MRI_F) \times 8.00	
MRI > MRI _D	- \$200.00	

- 1/ MRI, MRI, MRIF, and MRID shall be in in./mile for calculation.
- 2/ The maximum incentive amount shall not exceed \$300.00.

Smoothness assessments will not be paid or deducted until all other contract requirements for the pavement are satisfied. Pavement that is corrected or replaced for reasons other than smoothness, shall be retested as stated herein."

Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavement (Full-Depth)

Revise the first paragraph of Article 407.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"407.03 Equipment. Equipment shall be according to Article 406.03."

Revise Article 407.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"407.09 Surface Tests. The finished surface of the pavement shall be tested for smoothness

according to Article 406.11, except as follows:

The testing of the existing pavement prior to improvements shall not apply and the smoothness assessment for high-speed mainline pavement shall be determined according to the following table.

SMOOTHNESS ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE (High-Speed, Full-Depth HMA)		
Mainline Pavement MRI, in./mile (mm/km)	Assessment Per Sublot 1/	
≤ 45.0 (710)	+ (45 – MRI) × \$45.00 ^{2/}	
> 45.0 (710) to 75.0 (1,190)	+ \$0.00	
> 75.0 (1,190) to 100.0 (1,580)	– (MRI – 75) × \$20.00	
> 100.0 (1,580)	- \$500.00	

- 1/ MRI shall be in in./mile for calculation.
- 2/ The maximum incentive amount shall not exceed \$800.00."

Portland Cement Concrete Pavement

Delete Article 420.03(i) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 420.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"420.10 Surface Tests. The finished surface of the pavement shall be tested for smoothness according to Article 406.11, except as follows.

The testing of the existing pavement prior to improvements shall not apply. The Contractor shall measure the smoothness of the finished surface of the pavement after the pavement has attained a flexural strength of 250 psi (3,800 kPa) or a compressive strength of 1,600 psi (20,700 kPa).

Membrane curing damaged during testing shall be repaired as directed by the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department.

- (a) Corrective Work. No further texturing for skid resistance will be required for areas corrected by grinding. Protective coat shall be reapplied to areas ground according to Article 420.18 at no additional cost to the Department.
 - Jointed portland cement concrete pavement corrected by removal and replacement, shall be corrected in full panel sizes.
- (b) Smoothness Assessments. Smoothness assessment for high-speed mainline pavement shall be determined as follows.

SMOOTHNESS ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE (High-Speed, PCC)	
Mainline Pavement MRI, in./mile (mm/km) 3/	Assessment Per Sublot 1/
≤ 45.0 (710)	+ (45 – MRI) × \$60.00 ^{2/}
> 45.0 (710) to 75.0 (1,190)	+ \$0.00
> 75.0 (1,190) to 100.0 (1,580)	$- (MRI - 75) \times 37.50
> 100.0 (1,580)	- \$750.00

- 1/ MRI shall be in in./mile for calculation.
- 2/ The maximum incentive amount shall not exceed \$1200.00.
- 3/ If pavement is constructed with traffic in the lane next to it, then an additional 10 in./mile will be added to the upper thresholds."

Removal of Existing Pavement and Appurtenances

Revise the first paragraph of Article 440.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"440.04 HMA Surface Removal for Subsequent Resurfacing. The existing HMA surface shall be removed to the depth specified on the plans with a self-propelled milling machine. The removal depth may be varied slightly at the discretion of the Engineer to satisfy the smoothness requirements of the finished pavement. The temperature at which the work is performed, the nature and condition of the equipment, and the manner of performing the work shall be such that the milled surface is not torn, gouged, shoved or otherwise damaged by the milling operation. Sufficient cutting passes shall be made so that all irregularities or high spots are eliminated to the satisfaction of the Engineer. When tested with a 16 ft (5 m) straightedge, the milled surface shall have no surface variations in excess of 3/16 in. (5 mm)."

General Equipment

Revise Article 1101.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "1101.04 Pavement Surface Grinding Equipment. The pavement surface grinding device shall have a minimum effective head width of 3 ft (0.9 m).
 - (a) Diamond Saw Blade Machine. The machine shall be self-propelled with multiple diamond saw blades.
 - (b) Profile Milling Machine. The profile milling machine shall be a drum device with carbide or diamond teeth with spacing of 0.315 in. (8 mm) or less and maintain proper forward speed for surface texture according to the manufacturer's specifications."

TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS (BDE)

Effective: October 15, 1975 Revised: September 2, 2021

This Training Special Provision supersedes Section 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the Contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved. The number of trainees to be trained under this contract will be $\underline{\mathbf{4}}$. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, it shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the Contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The Contractor shall also ensure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the Contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within the reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the Contractor shall submit to the Illinois Department of Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the Contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The Contractor will be credited for each trainee it employs on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g. by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The Contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps it has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he or she has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he or she has been employed as a journeyman. The Contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used, the Contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the Contractor and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program, if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the Contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved by not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather than clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented toward construction applications. Training in the laborer classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. Some offsite training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the Contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the Engineer, reimbursement will be made for training of persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the Contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the Contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the Contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainee as a journeyman, is caused by the Contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor in meeting the requirement of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program.

It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A Contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The Contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training. The Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily complete.

The Contractor shall provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting its performance under this Training Special Provision.

For contracts with an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor is required to comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules to the extent permitted by Section 20-20(g). For federally funded projects, the number of trainees to be trained under this contract, as stated in the Training Special Provisions, will be the established goal for the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative 30 ILCS 559/20-20(g). The Contractor shall make a good faith effort to meet this goal. For federally funded projects, the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative will be implemented using the FHWA approved OJT procedures. The Contractor must comply with the recordkeeping and reporting obligations of the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative for the life of the project, including the certification as to whether the trainee/apprentice labor hour goals were met.

Method of Measurement. The unit of measurement is in hours.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of 80 cents per hour for TRAINEES. The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021 Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

"The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations."

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(q) Temporary Sign Supports1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact

attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.
 - Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.
- (I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The designbuilder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
- II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women

- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
 - (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
 - (2) Assessing sanctions;
 - (3) Liquidated damages, and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.
- c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA- 1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Wage rates and fringe benefits. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.
- b. Frequently recurring classifications. (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in 29 CFR part 1, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:
 - (i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

- (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.
- c. Conformance. (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.
- (3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to <code>DBAconformance@dol.gov</code>, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.
- (5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

- under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- d. Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- e. Unfunded plans. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- f. Interest. In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Withholding requirements. The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
- b. Priority to withheld funds. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

- 2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
 - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- (2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.
- (3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.
- (4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

- agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.
- (2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/ legacy/files/wh347/.pdf or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.
- (3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:
 - (i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (4) Use of Optional Form WH–347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

- (5) Signature. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.
- (6) Falsification. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 3729.
- (7) Length of certified payroll retention. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- c. Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- d. Required disclosures and access (1) Required record disclosures and access to workers. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.
- (2) Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.
- (3) Required information disclosures. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Apprentices (1) Rate of pay. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- (2) Fringe benefits. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.
- (3) Apprenticeship ratio. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.
- (4) Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.
- b. Equal employment opportunity. The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **6. Subcontracts**. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- **8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- **10. Certification of eligibility**. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).

- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of $\underline{40}$ $\underline{\text{U.s.c. }3144(b)}$ or \S 5.12(a).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, <u>18</u> <u>U.S.C. 1001</u>.
- **11. Anti-retaliation**. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or $\underline{29\ CFR\ part\ 1}$ or $\underline{3}$;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

- a. Withholding process. The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.
- b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate:
 - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lowertier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

- **5. Anti-retaliation.** It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees:
 - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
 - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
- 2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
- 5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal- aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EYELLISION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
 "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
 and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
 in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200.
 "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
 transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal
 funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract).
 "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
 transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as
 subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant
 who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or
 subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general
 contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who
 has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier
 Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as
 subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800:
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800: and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
- (5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 - 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:
- (1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;
- (2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
- b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

- 1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
- 2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS

ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B) This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region
- The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.