183

Letting April 27, 2018

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 87685
DEKALB County
Section 15-P4005-00-BT
Route GREAT WESTERN TRAIL
Project UTLN-716 ()
District 3 Construction Funds

Prepared by

Checked by

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Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 10:00 a.m. April 27, 2018 at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 87685
DEKALB County
Section 15-P4005-00-BT
Project UTLN-716 ()
Route GREAT WESTERN TRAIL
District 3 Construction Funds

Construction of a multi-use trail along the north side of Kishwaukee River from Brickville Road to Main Street and along the west side of Main Street from the South Branch/East Branch of the Kishwaukee River north to Maplewood Drive.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Randall S. Blankenhorn, Secretary

CONTRACT 87685

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2018

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 4-1-16) (Revised 1-1-18)

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Std. Spe	Std. Spec. Sec. Page No.				
106	Control of Materials	1			
403	Bituminous Surface Treatment (Class A-1, A-2, A-3)	2			
404	Micro-Surfacing and Slurry Sealing	3			
405	Cape Seal	14			
420	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement	24			
442	Pavement Patching	26			
502	Excavation for Structures	27			
503	Concrete Structures	29			
504	Precast Concrete Structures	32			
542	Pipe Culverts	33			
586	Sand Backfill for Vaulted Abutments	34			
630	Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	36			
631	Traffic Barrier Terminals				
670	Engineer's Field Office and Laboratory	40			
701	Work Zone Traffic Control and Protection	41			
704	Temporary Concrete Barrier	42			
781	Raised Reflective Pavement Markers				
888	Pedestrian Push-Button	45			
1003	Fine Aggregates				
1004	Coarse Aggregates	47			
1006	Metals				
1020	Portland Cement Concrete				
1050	Poured Joint Sealers				
1069	Pole and Tower				
1077	Post and Foundation	56			
1096	Pavement Markers				
1101	General Equipment	58			
1102	Hot-Mix Asphalt Equipment				
1103	Portland Cement Concrete Equipment				
1106	Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	63			

CHECK SHEET FOR RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

<u>СН</u>	<u>ECK</u>	SHEET #	<u>PAGE NO.</u>
1	Χ	Additional State Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts	64
2	Χ	Subletting of Contracts (Federal-Aid Contracts)	67
3	Χ	EEO	68
4		Specific EEO Responsibilities Non Federal-Aid Contracts	78
5		Required Provisions - State Contracts	83
6		Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal	89
7		Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos HMA Surface Removal	90
8		Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads	91
9		Construction Layout Stakes Except for Bridges	92
10	Χ	Construction Layout Stakes	95
11		Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing	98
12		Subsealing of Concrete Pavements	100
13		Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction	104
14		Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing	106
15		Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal	107
16		Polymer Concrete	109
17		PVC Pipeliner	111
18		Bicycle Racks	112
19		Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals	114
20		Work Zone Public Information Signs	116
21		Nighttime Inspection of Roadway Lighting	117
22		English Substitution of Metric Bolts	118
23		Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete	119
24		Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant	120
25		Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures	128
26		Digital Terrain Modeling for Earthwork Calculations	144
27		Reserved	146
28		Preventive Maintenance – Bituminous Surface Treatment (A-1)	147
29		Reserved	153
30		Reserved	154
31		Reserved	155
32		Temporary Raised Pavement Markers	156
33		Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam	157
34		Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay	160
35		Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	164

CHECK SHEET FOR LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

CHECK	SHEET #	PAGE NO.
LRS 1	Reserved	168
LRS 2	☐ Furnished Excavation	169
LRS 3		170
LRS 4	☐ Flaggers in Work Zones	171
LRS 5	Contract Claims	172
LRS 6	☐ Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Contract Proposals	173
LRS 7	☐ Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Material Proposals	179
LRS 8	Reserved	185
LRS 9	☐ Bituminous Surface Treatments	186
LRS 10	Reserved	187
LRS 11	☐ Employment Practices	188
LRS 12	☐ Wages of Employees on Public Works	190
LRS 13	Selection of Labor	192
LRS 14	☐ Paving Brick and Concrete Paver Pavements and Sidewalks	193
LRS 15	Partial Payments	196
LRS 16	Protests on Local Lettings	197
LRS 17	☐ Substance Abuse Prevention Program	198
LRS 18	Multigrade Cold Mix Asphalt	199

INDEX OF SPECIAL PROVISIONS

<u>Item</u>	<u>Page</u>
Location of Project	1
Description of Project	2
Sequence of Construction	2
Permits	3
Status of Utilities to be Adjusted	2 2 3 3 3
Wetland Areas	3
Embankment	4
Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	4
Traffic Control Plan	6
Equipment Illumination	7
Granular Materials	7
Stabilized Construction Entrance	8
Clearing & Grubbing	9
Earth Excavation	9
Topsoil Excavation & Placement	10
Sawcutting	10
Aggregate Base Course, Special	11
Fold Down Bollards	11
Bollards	12
Flashing Beacon, Post Mounted, Solar Powered Installation	12
Tubular Steel Gate	12
Tree Removal (Of The Diameter Specified)	13
Pavement Removal	13
Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Course	13
Temporary Chain Link Fence	14
Remove Existing Gate	14
SWPPP	15
NOI	23
IDNR OWR Floodway Permit	26
USACE Authorization	30
Soil Borings	33
LPC-663	47
LR107-4	51
LR1030	52

BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following special provisions indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

<u>File</u> Name	<u>Pg.</u>		Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80099			Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	Jan. 1, 2014
80382	54	Х	Adjusting Frames and Grates	April 1, 2017	.,
80274			Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80192			Automated Flagger Assistance Device	Jan. 1, 2008	•
80173			Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2017
80241			Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	_
50261			Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable and Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50481			Building Removal-Case II (Non-Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50491			Building Removal-Case III (Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50531			Building Removal-Case IV (No Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
80366			Butt Joints	July 1, 2016	
80386			Calcium Aluminate Cement for Class PP-5 Concrete Patching	Nov. 1, 2017	
80396			Class A and B Patching	Jan. 1, 2018	
80384	56	Χ	Compensable Delay Costs	June 2, 2017	
80198			Completion Date (via calendar days)	April 1, 2008	
80199			Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008	
80293			Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 Feet	April 1, 2012	July 1, 2016
80311			Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2016
80277			Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided	Jan. 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80261			Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
80387			Contrast Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking	Nov. 1, 2017	
* 80029	60	Χ	Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	April 2, 2018
80378			Dowel Bar Inserter	Jan. 1, 2017	Jan. 1, 2018
80388	71	Χ	Equipment Parking and Storage	Nov. 1, 2017	
80229	72	Χ	Fuel Cost Adjustment	April 1, 2009	Aug. 1, 2017
80304			Grooving for Recessed Pavement Markings	Nov. 1, 2012	Nov. 1, 2017
80246	75	Χ	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Density Testing of Longitudinal Joints	Jan. 1, 2010	April 1, 2016
80347			Hot-Mix Asphalt – Pay for Performance Using Percent Within Limits - Jobsite Sampling	Nov. 1, 2014	Jan. 1, 2018
80383			Hot-Mix Asphalt – Quality Control for Performance	April 1, 2017	Nov. 1, 2017
80376	76	Χ	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Tack Coat	Nov. 1, 2016	
80392	77	Χ	Lights on Barricades	Jan. 1, 2018	
80336			Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching	April 1, 2014	April 1, 2016
* 80393	79	Х	Manholes, Valve Vaults, and Flat Slab Tops		March 2, 2018
80045			Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Aug. 1, 2014
* 80394			Metal Flared End Section for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2018	April 1, 2018
80165			Moisture Cured Urethane Paint System	Nov. 1, 2006	Jan. 1, 2010
80349			Pavement Marking Blackout Tape	Nov. 1, 2014	April 1, 2016
80371			Pavement Marking Removal	July 1, 2016	
80390	81	X	Payments to Subcontractors	Nov. 2, 2017	A '14 0047
80377	00	- V	Portable Changeable Message Signs	Nov. 1, 2016	April 1, 2017
80389	82	X	Portland Cement Concrete	Nov. 1, 2017	Na. 4 0047
80359	00		Portland Cement Concrete Bridge Deck Curing	April 1, 2015	Nov. 1, 2017
80385	83	X	Portland Cement Concrete Sidewalk	Aug. 1, 2017	Amril 4 0040
80300	0.4		Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Type D - Inlaid	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80328	84	Х	Progress Payments Reilroad Protective Liebility Incurance	Nov. 2, 2013	lan 1 2006
3426l		-	Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2006
80157			Railroad Protective Liability Insurance (5 and 10)	Jan. 1, 2006	

<u>File</u> Name	Pg.		Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80306	85	Х	Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) and Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)	Nov. 1, 2012	Jan. 1, 2018
80395			Sloped Metal End Section for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2018	
80340			Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2017
80127			Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2014	Aug. 1, 2017
* 80397	95	Χ	Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	
80391	96	Χ	Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	Nov. 2, 2017	
80317			Surface Testing of Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlays	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2016
80298			Temporary Pavement Marking (NOTE: This special provision was previously named "Pavement Marking Tape Type IV".)	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2017
20338			Training Special Provision	Oct. 15, 1975	
80318			Traversable Pipe Grate for Concrete End Sections (Note: This special provision was previously named "Traversable Pipe Grate".)	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2018
80288	97	Χ	Warm Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80302	99	Χ	Weekly DBE Trucking Reports	June 2, 2012	April 2, 2015
80071	100	Χ	Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	

The following special provisions are in the 2018 Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions.

<u>File</u>	Special Provision Title	New Location	Effective	<u>Revised</u>
<u>Name</u>				
80368	Light Tower	Article 1069.08	July 1, 2016	
80369	Mast Arm Assembly and Pole	Article 1077.03(a)(1)	July 1, 2016	
80338	Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	Recurring CS #35	April 1, 2014	April 1, 2016
80379	Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	Articles 630.02, 630.05, 630.06, and 630.08	Jan. 1, 2017	
80381	Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special	Article 631.04	Jan. 1, 2017	
80380	Tubular Markers	Articles 701.03, 701.15, 701.18, and 1106.02	Jan. 1, 2017	

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Adopted April 1, 2016", the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions Adopted January 1, 2018" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein, which apply to and govern the construction of the proposed improvements designated below, in DeKalb County, and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

Multi-Use Path: Brickville Road to Main Street (IL Route 23)
Section No.: 15-P4005-00-BT
Project No.: UTLN(716)
Job No.: C-93-049-18

Contract No.: 87685

LOCATION OF PROJECT

The proposed multi-use trail project is located generally along the north side of the Kishwaukee River from Brickville Road to Main Street (IL Route 23) and along the west side of Main Street (IL Route 23) from the South Branch East Branch Kishwaukee River north to Maplewood Drive. The trail is located on property owned by Sycamore Community School District 427, Illinois Department of Transportation (ROW), and City of Sycamore (ROW), in the City of Sycamore and unincorporated DeKalb County. The portion of trail adjacent to IL Route 23 will be a replacement and widening of an existing sub-standard asphalt trail. A second leg of the trail travels generally parallel to the north side of the South Branch East Branch Kishwaukee River, along the edge of a forested buffer area. A third portion of the trail connects these two trails at the south end of the Sycamore Middle School athletic fields. The gross length of the project is approximately 5,788 feet.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The project consists of 5,788 linear feet of 10-foot wide multi-use trails constructed with hot-mix asphalt surface pavement. Approximately 2,449 linear feet of the trail will be widening an existing narrow asphalt trail. The project also includes installation of storm sewers, signage, bollards, gates, compensatory storage basin, topsoil, seeding, erosion control blanket, and all the incidental and collateral work necessary to complete the project as shown on the plans and as described herein. The project local agency is the Sycamore Park District. However, a majority of the project is located on Sycamore Community School District property. The Sycamore Park District has entered into an IGA with the School District and established permanent and temporary construction easements, as shown on the plans.

A majority of the project is located within the 100-year floodplain and regulatory floodway of the South Branch East Branch Kishwaukee River. As the project is located in an existing farmed area, drain tiles may be encountered. Should they be encountered, the Contractor shall contact the Owner or Engineer immediately. Any damage to tiles shall be repaired and replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

The basis of this proposed sequence of construction is to avoid impacts to and improve safety for pedestrian traffic along IL Route 23 (Main St.) when Sycamore Middle School is in normal session. The substantial completion date for work along IL Route 23 (Sta. 300+27 to Sta. 324+76) shall be no later than August 3, 2018 due to the schedule for the Sycamore Middle School, with exception to the topsoil stockpile area to the west of Main Street, which shall be utilized for the entire project. Substantial completion in this area shall include all work as required to safely open the trail to pedestrians, including topsoil placement, seeding, and erosion control blanket. The overall sequence of construction throughout the entire project is as follows:

- 1. Install all temporary fence, tree protection, perimeter erosion barrier, and erosion control measures prior to earthwork activities.
- 2. Remove existing Route 23 (Main St.) trail, perform additional required excavation, and install new trail (Sta. 300+27 to Sta. 324+76).
- 3. Perform fine grading, seed, and stabilize areas adjacent to competed portions of Main St. trail.
- 4. Isolate completed portions of Main St. trail with additional temporary fence once trail is opened to pedestrians.
- 5. Perform tree removal (downed trees), clearing, & grubbing throughout remainder of project.
- 6. Excavate site for trail installation, with all proposed trail areas graded to roughly 1-foot below final elevations on plans, perform proof roll, and remove and replace material as necessary.
- 7. Construct utilities. After completion of storm sewer installation, temporary & permanent sediment control filter barrier and sediment control flow-through filters shall be immediately place at each open-grate structure.
- 8. Construct asphalt trails.
- 9. Temporarily stabilize site immediately following mass grading completion throughout project.
- 10. Perform fine grading
- 11. Seed and stabilize site with biodegradable erosion control mat as fine grading is completed throughout the site.
- 12. Remove temporary erosion control measures following final stabilization & approval by Engineer & Owner.

PERMITS

Several permitting bodies have regulatory authority over specific portions of the project. The Owner has or will secure all permits prior to construction. However, it is the responsibility of the Contractor to be knowledgeable of all of the stipulations within these permits and follow the requirements of each permit and permitting body. The following is a list of the permits specifically received for this project:

- 1. City of Sycamore Building Permit
- 2. DeKalb County Site Development Permit
- 3. United States Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide Permit
- 4. Illinois Department of Natural Resources Office of Water Resources Statewide Permit
- 5. Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ILR10 Construction Permit

STATUS OF UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

(Effective January 1, 2007; Revised January 24, 2011)

Name & Address of Utility	<u>Type</u>	Location	Date Of Relocation**
Frontier Communications 112 W Elm Street Sycamore, IL 60178	Overhead Communications Wire	Just east of Brickville Road ROW	To be completed during construction

The above represents the best information of the Department and is only included for the convenience of the bidder. The applicable provisions of Section 102 and Articles 105.07, 107.20, 107.37, 107.38, 107.39, 107.40, and 108.02 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall apply.

** Frontier Communications has requested that the additional pole installation and raising of the overhead wires be coordinated with the Contractor during construction. It is recommended that trail fill at this location be placed early in the project to allow for early pole installation. This coordination will be finalized during the preconstruction meeting.

WETLAND AREAS

(Effective April 3, 1997; Revised April 22, 2010)

<u>Description</u>: According to Federal Executive Order 11990, dated May 24, 1977, and Articles 107.01 and 107.23 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall protect the wetland areas on or adjacent to this project.

This work shall consist of constructing, maintaining, removing, and disposing of a temporary fence, perimeter erosion barrier, and signs as shown on the plans and as described herein.

<u>Materials</u>: Temporary fence shall be a minimum of 4 ft. (1.2 m) in height and shall be a high visibility orange snow fence. Fence stakes shall meet the requirements of Article 1081.15(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Perimeter erosion barrier shall meet the requirements of Section 280 of the Standard Specifications.

Signs shall meet the requirements of Article 720.02 of the Standard Specifications and shall be 9" x 12" (225 mm x 300 mm) and shall read "Federally Protected Wetlands: KEEP OUT." Sign supports shall meet the requirements of Section 1093 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Construction Requirements</u>: The Contractor shall install fence at all wetland areas as shown on the plans. The Contractor shall also install a minimum of two signs at each wetland location. Signs shall not be spaced greater than 300' (100 m) apart.

The Contractor shall remove the temporary fence at the completion of the project.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>: The temporary fence will be measured for payment in place in feet (meters) along the top of the fence. The signs, sign supports, and fence stakes will not be measured for payment.

Perimeter erosion barrier will be measured for payment according to Article 280.07 of the Standard Specifications. The Owner reserves the right to increase or reduce the quantity for perimeter erosion barrier. The Contractor is not entitled to compensation for any changes in quantities for this pay item.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: The temporary fence will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for TEMPORARY FENCE, which price shall include the cost of the snow fence, fence stakes, signs, and sign supports.

Perimeter erosion barrier will be paid for according to Article 280.08 of the Standard Specifications.

EMBANKMENT

(Effective July 1, 1990; Revised January 1, 2007)

This work shall be performed in accordance with Section <u>205</u> of the Standard Specifications except that the embankment material shall not be placed and compacted at moisture contents in excess of 110 percent of optimum moisture unless authorized, in writing, by the Engineer.

AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT (District 3)

(Effective April 1, 2012; Revised January 1, 2013)

Add the following Section to the Standard Specifications:

303. AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT

303.01 Description. This work shall consist of constructing an aggregate subgrade improvement.

303.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Coarse Aggregate	1004.06
(b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) (Notes 1, 2, and 3)	1031

Note 1. Crushed RAP, from either full depth or single lift removal, may be mechanically blended with aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 but shall not exceed 40 percent of the total product. The top size of the RAP shall be less than 4 in. (100 mm) and well graded.

- Note 2. RAP having 100 percent passing the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve and being well graded, may be used as capping aggregate in the top 3 in. (75 mm) when aggregate gradations CS 01 or CS 02 are used in lower lifts. The RAP shall not be gap graded, single sized, or have a maximum size of less than 3/4 in. (19 mm).
- Note 3. The RAP used for aggregate subgrade improvement shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications".
- **303.03 Equipment.** The vibratory machine shall be according to Article 1101.01 or as approved by the Engineer.
- **303.04 Soil Preparation.** The stability of the soil shall be according to the Department's Subgrade Stability Manual for the aggregate thickness specified.
- **303.05 Placing Aggregate.** The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CS 01 and CS 02 shall be 24 in. (600 mm).
- **303.06 Capping Aggregate.** The top surface of the aggregate subgrade shall consist of a minimum 3 inches (75 mm) of aggregate gradations CA 06 or CA 10.
- **303.07 Compaction.** All aggregate lifts shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the moisture content of the material is such that compaction cannot be obtained, sufficient water shall be added so that satisfactory compaction can be obtained.
- **303.08 Finishing and Maintenance of Aggregate Subgrade Improvement.** The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be finished to the lines, grades, and cross sections shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be maintained in a smooth and compacted condition.
- **303.09 Method of Measurement.** This work will be measured for payment according to Article 311.08.
- **303.10 Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT, of the thickness specified."

Add the following to Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications:

"1004.07 Coarse Aggregate for Aggregate Subgrade Improvement. The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

- (a) Description. The coarse aggregate shall be crushed gravel, crushed stone, or crushed concrete.
- (b) Quality. The coarse aggregate shall consist of sound durable particles reasonably free of deleterious materials.
- (c) Gradation.
 - (1) The coarse aggregate gradation for total subgrade thickness less than or equal to 12 inches (300 mm) shall be CS 02.

The coarse aggregate gradation for total subgrade thickness more than 12 inches (300 mm) shall be CS 01 or CS 02.

	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE					
Grad No.		Sieve Size	e and Perce	nt Passing		
Grad No.	8"	6"	4"	2"	#4	
CS 01	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20	
CS 02		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15		

	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS					
Grad No.	Sieve Size and Percent Passing					
Grad No.	200 mm	150 mm	100 mm	50 mm	4.75 mm	
CS 01	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20	
CS 02		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15		

(2) The 3 inch (75 mm) capping aggregate shall be gradation CA 6 or CA 10."

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

(Revised November 14, 2016)

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the applicable guidelines contained in the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, these special provisions, and any special details and Highway Standards herein and in the plans.

Special attention is called to the following sections of the Standard Specifications, the Highway Standards, and the special provisions relating to traffic control:

Standard Specifications:

Section 701 - Work Zone Traffic Control and Protection

Section 703 - Work Zone Pavement Marking

Section 780 - Pavement Striping

Section 783 - Pavement Marking and Marker Removal

Section 1106 - Work Zone Traffic Control Devices

Highway Standards:

701001 701006 701301 701501 701801 701901

In addition, the following also relate to traffic control for this project:

ERRATA – Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 4-1-16) (Revised 1-1-17)

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Work Zone Public Information Signs

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Alternate Route Signing
Automated Flagger Assistance Device (BDE)
Changeable Message Sign
Keeping Roads Open to Traffic
Plastic Drums
Portable Changeable Message Signs (BDE)
Portable Vehicle Mounted Changeable Message Sign
Temporary Information Signing
Temporary Paint Pavement Marking
Traffic Control Surveillance
Vehicle Parking

EQUIPMENT ILLUMINATION

(Revised January 26, 1998; Revised January 1, 2016)

The Contractor shall equip all vehicles entering and exiting the work area with flashing amber lights, installed so the illumination is visible from all directions.

GRANULAR MATERIALS

(Effective: November 26, 2013; Revised January 1, 2016)

For trench backfill and bedding for pipe culverts and storm sewers, gradations CA 7 or CA 11 may be used, however, the granular material shall be encased in filter fabric. The filter fabric shall be installed according to Article 282 of the Standard Specifications, except that the work will not be measured for payment, but will be included in the cost of the pipe culverts or storm sewers. Lifts for gradations CA 7 or CA 11 may exceed 8 inches (200 mm) in depth provided the material is seated to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All trench backfill and removal and disposal of material displaced by trench backfill will not be measured for payment, but will be included in the cost of the pipe culverts or storm sewers.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

<u>Description</u>: This work shall be in accordance with all applicable portions of Sections 1004 and 1080 of the Standard Specification for Road and Bridge Construction, except as modified herein and on the plans. This work shall consist of furnishing, installation, maintenance, removal and restoration of a stabilized pad of aggregate underlain with filter fabric as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Materials: Materials shall conform to the following:

IDOT Coarse Aggregate Gradation: CA-1. Filter Fabric shall consist of synthetic polymers composed of at least 85 percent by weight polypropylene, polyesters, polyamides, polyethylene, polyolefins, or polyvinylidene-chlorides. The geotextile shall be free of any chemical treatment or coating that significantly reduces its porosity. Fibers shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors to enhance resistance to ultraviolet lights. Capping stone may be used by the contractor at their own expense.

<u>Construction Requirements:</u> The coarse aggregate shall be a thickness of 6 inches or more. The stone entrance should not be filled until the area has been inspected and approved by the Engineer.

The rock shall be dumped and spread into place in approximately horizontal layers not more than 3 feet in thickness. It shall be placed in a manner to produce a reasonable homogeneous stable fill that contains no segregated pockets of large or small fragments or large unfilled space caused by bridging of the larger fragments. No compaction will be required beyond that resulting from the placing and spreading operations.

The dimensions shall be as shown on the plans.

All surface water flowing or diverted toward the construction entrance shall be piped across the entrance. Any pipe used for this will be considered included in the cost of STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

The entrance shall remain in place and be maintained until the disturbed area is stabilized. Any sediment spilled onto public right of ways must be removed immediately.

Access to work zones shall be via the stabilized construction entrance depicted on the plans. No other access locations will be permitted unless with prior permission from the owner and the City of Sycamore. All Contractor vehicles, equipment and supplies shall be stored at staging areas as identified on the plans.

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the stabilized construction entrance until the completion of the project. Upon completion of the project, the stabilized construction entrance designated on the plans shall be removed by the Contractor

The Contractor shall restore the area to its original grading and condition.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall be paid for per the contract unit price per square yard for STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. The payment shall constitute full compensation for all materials, sampling, labor, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

CLEARING & GRUBBING

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of the clearing and grubbing the disturbed areas noted on the plans for installation and grading operations within the wooded areas. **Due to the potential presence of the Indiana bat and the Northern long-eared bat within the project area, trees larger than three (3) inches DBH shall not be cleared from April 1 through September 30.** The owner has downed a number of trees prior to this deadline. The downed trees and their stumps shall be removed as part of this item.

<u>Materials</u>: This work shall consist of the removal of all living trees less than three (3) inches DBH, removal of all downed trees less than six (6) inches DBH, and removal of brush, including roots, to facilitate grading operations. CLEARING & GRUBBING shall consist of the removal of all tree, shrub and vine species within designated areas of the project in a manner governed under this specification. All woody material including roots generated from CLEARING & GRUBBING work shall require removal and disposal as required by Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications, the removal of which is not otherwise provided for in Section 501 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

The CLEARING & GRUBBING of all trees, shrubs and vines may be performed with chainsaws, clearing saws, low ground pressure excavator, bulldozer, forestry vehicle; forestry tractors or tracked skid steer, tracked timber harvester, or tracked feller-buncher for cutting and moving brush. All other operator mechanized equipment applicable for cutting trees and shrubs shall only be permitted upon approval from the OWNER.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of the various items in this contract. Payment for removal and disposal of downed trees six (6) inches DBH or greater shall be paid for as part of TREE REMOVAL (OF THE DIAMETER SPECIFIED).

EARTH EXCAVATION

<u>Description:</u> This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 202 of the Standard Specifications, with the following exceptions. EARTH EXCAVATION shall consist of the excavation of earth materials and transportation and placement of suitable material at the embankment locations to bring this project site to the proposed sub grade elevations shown on the plans. The volume of earth excavation (not including the topsoil volume, which will be paid for separately as TOPSOIL EXCAVATION & PLACEMENT) is estimated at 1,960 cubic yards. Approximately 710 cubic yards of embankment is required. As a majority of the project is located in the floodplain, any surplus or unsuitable material from EARTH EXCAVATION must be properly disposed of offsite by the Contractor. This work does not include excavation and placement of topsoil, which will be paid for separately. Soil borings are provided at the end of these special provisions as an Appendix.

An LPC-663 form is provided for use by the Contractor. The Contractor shall comply with Clean Construction or Demolition Debris (CCDD) requirements per Illinois Public Act 96-1416 and the Environmental Protection Agency. The cost of soil sampling and analysis to comply shall be incidental to EARTH EXCAVATION.

The removal and disposal of unsuitable materials to allow aggregate subgrade improvement to be installed below the pavement sub-base as necessary and as directed by the ENGINEER will be paid for separately.

Note: Excavated materials shall not be stockpiled within the limits of the 100-Year Floodplain as delineated on the Final Engineering Plans.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall be paid for per the contract unit price per cubic yard for EARTH EXCAVATION. The payment shall constitute full compensation for all materials, sampling, labor, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

TOPSOIL EXCAVATION & PLACEMENT

<u>Description:</u> This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 211 of the Standard Specifications. Soil testing at the locations shown in the Geotechnical Report prepared by Rubino Engineering, Inc., shows that the upper 12" of soil at each sample locations contains 3%-8% organic content. Therefore, this may be reused as topsoil onsite.

Suitable topsoil shall be stripped and stockpiled at the locations noted on the plans or discussed during the preconstruction meeting. Excavated materials may not be stockpiled within the limits of the 100-Year Floodplain as delineated on the Final Engineering Plans. The topsoil stockpiles shall be entirely surrounded by silt fence and shall be stabilized as necessary or as directed by the Engineer.

Upon completion of mass grading, the topsoil shall be placed to match the final grades show in the plans. The topsoil depth shall be 6" throughout a majority of the project. However, within the limits of the Class 4A and Class 4B seeding as shown on the plans, the topsoil depth shall be 12". Any surplus or unsuitable material from topsoil excavation must be properly disposed of offsite by the Contractor.

Method of Measurement: This item shall be measured in place after the topsoil has been placed at final grade. It will be measured on a square yard basis, and a depth of six (6) inches or twelve (12) inches depending on the depths noted in these special provisions shall be assumed. The CONTRACTOR shall not receive additional payment if depths are above the specified amount. The limits of topsoil placement are shown in the cross-sections. The CONTRACTOR shall be paid only to these limits unless approval is received from the ENGINEER during construction for alternate topsoil limits.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall be paid for per the contract unit price per cubic yard for TOPSOIL EXCAVATION & PLACEMENT. The payment shall constitute full compensation for all materials, sampling, labor, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

SAWCUTTING

<u>Description:</u> Unless otherwise indicated in the Special Provisions, sawcutting operations associated with the conduct of the project shall be considered incidental to the work item being performed. The Contractor will sawcut for all items to be removed or installed. The Contractor shall also sawcut existing pavements where proposed pavements will abut in order for a clean edge to be provided. The Contractor shall be responsible for removing the residue created by sawcutting operations in a manner acceptable to the Engineer. The resulting surface shall be sufficiently clean so that no tracking of residue by vehicles or pedestrians occurs.

AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, SPECIAL

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of furnishing and placing Type B sub-base granular material on a prepared subgrade for the asphalt trail. The subbase shall consist of a minimum depth of eight (8) inches of CA-6 granular material furnished and placed as required by Section 301 of the Standard Specifications.

<u>Materials:</u> Materials shall meet the requirements of Article 1004.04 of the IDOT Standard Specifications except as modified herein. The course aggregate used for this material shall be Type B, crushed gravel, crushed stone, or crushed concrete, shall have a gradation of CA-6, and shall have a quality of Class D or better.

Use of recycled materials from the existing Main Street trail to be removed, including the existing aggregate base course and asphalt grindings from the existing asphalt, may be allowed at the discretion of the ENGINEER. The material to be reused shall meet the minimum standards for CA-6 found in Article 1004.04 of the Specifications in order to be considered suitable. Reuse of the materials shall require testing to confirm acceptable gradations and approval by the Engineer prior to placement. Any material deemed unsuitable for reuse shall be hauled off site as part of PAVEMENT REMOVAL. Please note that pavement cores are not available for the existing trail and that the depths of the trail shown on the plans are estimates. No changes to unit prices shall be allowed based on the actual depths encountered.

Construction requirements shall meet the requirements of Section 311 of the IDOT Standard Specifications.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall be paid for per the contract unit price per square yard for AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, SPECIAL. The payment shall constitute full compensation for all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.

FOLD DOWN BOLLARDS

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a 36" double post steel fold down bollard at locations on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The Fold Down Bollard shall be a collapsible bollard and shall be installed so that it lies flat on pavement when unlocked. Open Bollard shall be parallel to edges of trail. Footing shall be included in the unit price bid for FOLD DOWN BOLLARDS. On the trail side of the fold down bollard a high intensity retroreflective stop sign shall be adhered to the upper section of the bollard having approximately the same width as the bollard.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This item will be paid for at the contract price per each FOLD DOWN BOLLARDS. The price shall be payment in full for all services, materials, labor, equipment, tools and incidentals to complete this item.

BOLLARDS

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a wood bollard at locations on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The wood bollard shall be installed per all applicable details and the work shall include all excavation and backfill.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This item will be paid for at the contract price per each BOLLARDS. The price shall be payment in full for all services, materials, labor, equipment, tools and incidentals to complete this item.

FLASHING BEACON, POST MOUNTED, SOLAR POWERED INSTALLATION

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of furnishing and installing concrete foundation, yellow traffic signal post, solar panel, and flashing LED beacons at locations on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The two LED beacons shall be yellow, circular, 12" diameter, 22 Nominal Watts, and with a polycarbonate yellow housing and aluminum mounting assembly. The Flashing Beacon shall be installed per Sections 720, 801, 806, 858, 875, 878, and 880 of the IDOT Standard Specifications, all applicable details, and manufacturer requirements. The Contractor shall submit shop drawings prior to ordering the materials for this item. Final installation will be required to be inspected and approved by a representative of IDOT (Warren Norris). The work shall include all excavation and backfill.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This item will be paid for at the contract price per each FLASHING BEACON, POST MOUNTED, SOLAR POWERED INSTALLATION. The price shall be payment in full for all services, materials, labor, equipment, tools and incidentals to complete this item.

TUBULAR STEEL GATE

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of furnishing and installation of a tubular galvanized steel double barrier gate, 4' tall, 32' span (two arms, 16' each), hinge posts, locking posts, post caps, latches, and foundations. The gates shall have vertical braces between the upper and lower tubes, and shall taper in height from the hinge posts to the center. The gates shall latch and lock together when closed, and latch and lock to the locking posts when open. All posts shall be vertical when erected; shim posts in place at the proper angle to account for any slope along the top of the wall until mortar has cured. The gate posts shall be installed at the same elevation. The locking post and gate post foundations shall be installed per the manufacturer's specifications, and shall extend down a minimum of 42" below grade. The galvanized steel posts shall extend to the depth specified by the manufacturer. The posts and gates shall be galvanized in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO M111.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work will be paid for at the contract price per each for TUBULAR STEEL GATE, which shall include all labor, equipment, and materials required to complete this work.

TREE REMOVAL (OF THE DIAMETER SPECIFIED)

<u>Description:</u> This work shall include providing all labor, materials, equipment, and tools necessary for tree removal and disposal of materials. The tree removals are noted on the engineering plans. This work shall be done in accordance with Section 201 of the Standard Specifications with the following change:

Due to the potential presence of the Indiana bat and the Northern long-eared bat within the project area, trees shall not be cleared from April 1 through September 30. The Owner has downed all trees to be removed prior to April 1. However, the Contractor shall be required to remove and dispose of the downed tree materials and remaining stumps as part of this pay item.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per unit for TREE REMOVAL (6 TO 15 UNITS DIAMETER) and TREE REMOVAL (OVER 15 UNITS DIAMETER).

PAVEMENT REMOVAL

<u>Description:</u> This work will be performed in accordance with Section 440 of the Standard Specifications with the following amendments.

This work will include all saw cutting, full depth removal of asphalt pavement including existing aggregate base. No additional compensation for pavement removal shall be allowed without written direction from the OWNER prior to the commencement of any work. All materials shall be properly disposed of.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for PAVEMENT REMOVAL, which price shall include the cost of removing and disposing of the full depth of asphalt course and removing and storing (if materials are to be reused) or disposing full depth of stone base course materials.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE

DESCRIPTION

This work will consist of the placement of Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Course to the width, length, and depth indicated on the plans and Polymerized Leveling Binder at the specified locations. The Hot-Mix Asphalt shall be placed in accordance with the methods and with materials in accordance with Sections 355, 406 and 1000 of the SSRBC.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Pavement areas shall consist of HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE, MIX "C", N50, 3", which shall be furnished and placed on a prepared base all in accordance with Section 406 of the Standard Specifications. Per the requirements of District 3, the HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE, MIX "C", N50 shall be placed in two 1.5" lifts. BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (TACK COAT) shall be placed per Section 406 between the two asphalt lifts.

The CONTRACTOR shall not use equipment of excessive size or weight that causes damage to existing or new pavement, particularly when placing the second 1.5" lift of asphalt over the first 1.5" lift.

Any damage to the existing pavement that is to remain in place or new pavement shall be removed and replaced by the CONTRACTOR at his/her own expense.

<u>Basis of Payment:</u> This work will be paid for at the contract price per ton for HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE, MIX "C", N50, which shall include all labor, equipment, and materials required to complete this work.

TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCE

<u>Description</u>: The contractor shall secure the construction site generally as shown on the plans. The area shall be secured with the use of temporary chain link fence where approved by the Owner or Engineer. This work shall consist of constructing, maintaining, removing, and disposing of the temporary chain link fence. The anticipated location for the placement of the temporary chain link fence is shown on the plans. However, conditions during construction, including scheduling constraints with the Sycamore Middle School, may warrant the need to adjust or relocate the temporary chain link fencing material in order to secure the site. Contract shall confirm the final locations of temporary chain link fence prior to ordering and installing the barrier. The Owner reserves the right to increase or reduce the quantity or to delete this pay item from the Contract. The Contractor is not entitled to compensation for any changes in quantities for this pay item.

Temporary chain link fence shall be a minimum of 6 ft. in height. The Contractor shall remove the temporary fence at the completion of the project.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>: The temporary fence will be measured for payment in place in feet along the bottom of the fence.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: The temporary fence will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for TEMPORARY FENCE, which price shall include the cost of the fence, fence supports, and any sandbags as required to complete this work.

REMOVE EXISTING GATE

<u>Description</u>: This work shall consist of removing and disposing of the existing double swing gates located along the west side of Route 23. The metal gates, wood posts, and any concrete foundations shall be removed and properly disposed of offsite by the Contractor. The foundation holes shall be properly backfilled and shall have a minimum of six inches of topsoil placed on the surface.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>: Removal and disposal of the existing double swing gates shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each occurrence for REMOVE EXISTING GATE (one occurrence includes both halves of the double swing gate). The payment shall constitute full compensation for all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to complete the work as specified.



Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan



Route		Marked Route	Section				
IL Route 23		Multi-Use Trail	15-P4005-00-BT				
Project Number		County	Contract Number				
UTLN	(716)	DEKALB	87685				
Permit	an has been prepared to comply No. ILR10 (Permit ILR10), issues onstruction site activities.	with the provisions of the National Po by the Illinois Environmental Protec	ollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) tion Agency (IEPA) for storm water discharges				
accords submitt gatheri I am av	ance with a system designed to a red. Based on my inquiry of the pe ng the information, the informatio	ssure that qualified personnel prope erson or persons who manage the sy n submitted is, to the best of my kno	epared under my direction or supervision in rly gathered and evaluated the information ystem, or those persons directly responsible for wledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. n, including the possibility of fine and				
Print N	ame	Title	Agency				
Danie	Gibble	Executive Director	Sycamore Park District				
Signatu	ire		Date				
Z	Ac. Pi		1/9/18				
	A. Provide a description of the project location (include latitude and longitude): The project area is located within the City of Sycamore. The trail lies within Section 19 of Sycamore Township. Most of the trail is between Brickville Road and Main Street, just north of the Kishwaukee River. Lat: 41°59'57.9"N Long: 88°41'21.6"W						
R		struction activity which is subject of the	nie nlan:				
J.	The proposed improvements		tion of 5700 LF of asphalt multi-use trail.				
C.	Provide the estimated duration of	f this project:					
	5 months, starting in summer	of 2018.					
D.	The total area of the construction	n site is estimated to be 3.71 ac	cres.				
	The total area of the site estimated to be disturbed by excavation, grading or other activities is 3.71 acres.						
E.	completed:						
	80.75						
F.		boundaries. Include map unit name,					
	Virgil silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; Drummer silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; Elburn silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; Barony silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes; Otter silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes.						
G.	G. Provide an aerial extent of wetland acreage at the site:						
	0.34 acres of wetlands and farmed wetlands.						
H.	. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:						

Potentially erosive areas include the outfalls along the trail as well as the sloped trail east of Brickville Road and west of Main Street due to grade difference between the existing path and the existing field. I. The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g. steepness of slopes, length of scopes, etc.): Mass grading will be performed after installation of the erosion control measures for the installation of the trail and the compensatory storage basin. Existing slopes are low, and proposed slopes will not be steeper than 4H:1V. Proposed slopes at 4:1 will be a maximum of 4' of grade difference. Tree removal will occur prior to storm sewer installation just east of Brickville Rd. The slopes are maximum 4H:1V. J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent off site sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands) and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands. K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into: The project is directly tributary to the East Branch South Branch Kishwaukee River. L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located. City of Sycamore M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans: East Branch South Branch Kishwaukee River N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes. highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc. Waters of the US (East Branch South Branch Kishwaukee River) and one wooded wetland area are directly adjacent to the project site. They, and the wooded buffers not marked for clearing, are to be protected by erosion control barrier along all disturbed areas. Trees adjacent to the project area not marked for removal are to be protected. O. The following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project, and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development: Wetland Riparian ☐ Historic Preservation 303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment, total suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation Applicable Federal, Tribal, State or Local Programs Other 303(d) Listed receiving waters (fill out this section if checked above): East Branch South Branch Kishwaukee River a. The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment: Barium, Oxygen (Dissolved), Phosphorous (Total), Sedimentation/Siltation

b. Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:

Riprap will be placed at the discharge points from storm sewers. Silt fence will be placed across all areas downstream of disturbance activities. Seeding will be provided along the entire project site for erosion control. Native seeding will be utilized on all areas outside of the ROW.

		C.	Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body:				
			There are two locations that directly discharge to the East Branch S. Branch Kishwaukee River, approximately 35' and 375' upstream of the Brickville Road bridge.				
		d.	Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water body:				
			There is no proposed dewatering.				
TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)							
		a.	a. The name(s) of the listed water body:				
			East Branch South Branch Kishwaukee River				
		b.	Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:				
			All locations downstream of land disturbance will be controlled with silt fence. All outfalls will				
			deep-rooted vegetation.	nent riprap control. All disturbed areas will be permanently seeded with native, egetation.			
		C.	If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet the allocation:				
			N/A				
Ρ.	The	fol	ollowing pollutants of concern will be associated with this construction project:				
	\boxtimes	Sc	oil Sediment	\boxtimes	Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil / fluids)		
	\boxtimes	C	oncrete		Antifreeze / Coolants		
	\boxtimes	C	oncrete Truck waste	\boxtimes	Waste water from cleaning construction equipment		
	\boxtimes	Co	oncrete Curing Compounds		Other (specify)		
	\boxtimes	Sc	olid waste Debris		Other (specify)		
	\boxtimes	Pa	aints		Other (specify)		
		Sc	plvents		Other (specify)		
	\boxtimes	Fe	ertilizers / Pesticides		Other (specify)		

II. Controls

This section of the plan addresses the controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in I.C. above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For each measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for its implementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures indicated. The Contractor and subcontractors, will notify the Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certification on forms which are attached to, and are a part of, this plan:

- A. Erosion and Sediment Controls: At a minimum, controls must be coordinated, installed, and maintained to:
 - 1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
 - 2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
 - 3. Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible;
 - 4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.
- B. Stabilization Practices: Provided below is a description of interim and permanent stabilization practices, including

site- specific scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II(B)(1) and II(B)(2), stabilization measures shall be initiated immediately where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than one (1) day after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceases on all disturbed portions of the site where construction will not occur for a period of fourteen (14) or more calendar days.

- 1. Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- 2. On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization method can be used.

	The following stabilization practices will be used for this project:							
	Preservation of Mature Vegetation							
	Vegetated Buffer Strips	☐ Sodding						
		☐ Geotextiles						
		☑ Other (specify) Riprap outlet control						
	☐ Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7)	Other (specify)						
	☐ Temporary Mulching	Other (specify)						
	Permanent Seeding	Other (specify)						
		Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized during construction:						
		ignated in the plans and special provisions to protect existing control fence and seeding will be used downstream of all unstabilized for more than seven days.						
	Describe how the stabilization practices listed completed:	d above will be utilized after construction activities have been						
		blanket will be installed immediately after completion of final ed immediately after installation of the storm sewers.						
	from exposed areas of the site. Such practice dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch drain inlet protection, rock outlet protection, re	store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants as may include but are not limited to: perimeter erosion barrier, earth a checks, subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm einforced soil retaining systems, gabions, and temporary or permanent vices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.						
	The following stabilization practices will be us	sed for this project:						
	□ Perimeter Erosion Barrier	⊠ Rock Outlet Protection						
	☐ Temporary Ditch Check	⊠ Riprap						
	Storm Drain Inlet Protection	Gabions						
	Sediment Trap	Slope Mattress						
	Temporary Pipe Slope Drain	Retaining Walls						
	☐ Temporary Sediment Basin	☐ Slope Walls						
	☐ Temporary Stream Crossing	Concrete Revetment Mats						
	Stabilized Construction Exits	Level Spreaders						
	☐ Turf Reinforcement Mats	Other (specify)						
	Permanent Check Dams	Other (specify)						
	Permanent Sediment Basin	Other (specify)						
ed 1	9/18	Page 4 of 8 BDE 2342 (Rev. 09/29/15)						

	Aggregate Ditch	Other (specify)			
	☐ Paved Ditch	Other (specify)			
	Describe how the structural practic	on:			
	Perimeter erosion barrier and stabilized construction exits will be installed prior to any soil disturbance or site. The exits will be installed where the construction area abuts existing pavement. Inlet protection and rock outlet protection will be installed immediately after installation of the end sections or structures.				
	Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed:				
	Riprap/rock outlet protection shall be left in place permanently.				
D.	Treatment Chemicals				
	Will polymer flocculents or treatment	nt chemicals be utilized on this project: 🔲 Yes	s ⊠ No		
	If yes above, identify where and ho	w polymer flocculents or treatment chemicals w	vill be utilized on this project.		
E.	Permanent Storm Water Manage	ment Controls: Provided below is a description	n of measures that will be		

- installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water act.
 - 1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several practices).
 - The practices selected for implementation were determined on the basis of the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT Bureau of Design & Environment Manual, If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.
 - 2. Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g. maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of permanent storm water management controls:

Velocity dissipation devices (rip rap) will be installed at the outlet of each flared end section. Native planted open vegetated swales will be installed adjacent to the trail.

F. Approved State or Local Laws: The management practices, controls, and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

All work shall be performed in accordance with Section 9-11 with the Municipal Code of Sycamore.

- G. Contractor Required Submittals: Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342a.
 - 1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:

- Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
- · Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
- Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
- · Mobilization time frame
- · Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
- Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
- Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized construction entrances/exits)
- Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
- · Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
- Major planned stockpiling operations
- Time frame for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges such as dewatering, grinding, etc.
- · Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
- 2. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:
 - Vehicle Entrances and Exits Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
 - Material delivery, Storage, and Use Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
 - Stockpile Management Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
 - Waste Disposal Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
 - Spill Prevention and Control Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.).
 - Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
 - Litter Management Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
 - Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
 - Dewatering Activities Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
 - Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and
 provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the
 chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these
 chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
 - · Additional measures indicated in the plan.

III. Maintenance

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

Please see the maintenance noted provided in the Final Engineering Plans.

IV. Inspections

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report (BC 2259). Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by e-mail at:

<u>epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov</u>, telephone or fax within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Attn: Compliance Assurance Section 1021 North Grand East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Additional Inspections Required:

Please see the inspection notes on the Final Engineering Plans.

V. Failure to Comply

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.



Contractor Certification Statement



Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this contract, the Contractor and every subcontractor must complete and return to the Resident Engineer the following certification. A separate certification must be submitted by each firm. Attach to this certification all items required by Section II.G of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which will be handled by the Contractors/subcontractor completing this form.

Route	Marked Route		Section
IL Route 23	Multi-use Trail		15-P4005-00-BT
Project Number	County		Contract Number
UTLN(716)	DEKALB		87685
This certification statement is a part of Permit No. ILR10 issued by the Illinois E			accordance with the General NPDES
I certify under penalty of law that I under associated with industrial activity from the			
In addition, I have read and understand project; I have received copies of all ap to be in compliance with the Permit ILR	propriate maintenance pr	ocedures; and, I have	re provided all documentation required
☐ Contractor			
Sub-Contractor			
Print Name		Signature	
Title		Date	
N C. Et			
Name of Firm		Telephone	
Street Address	(City/State/Zip	
Items which the Contractor/subcontractor	or will be responsible for a	s required in Section	II.G. of SWPPP:



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

1021 North Grand Avenue East • P.O. Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276 • (217) 782-3397

Division of Water Pollution Control Notice of Intent (NOI) for General Permit to Discharge Storm Water Associated with Construction Site Activities

This fillable form may be completed online, a copy saved locally, printed and signed before it is submitted to the Permit Section at the above address. For Office Use Only

OWNER INFORMATION	Pormit No. II P10				
Company/Owner Name: Sycamore Park District Permit No. ILR10					
Mailing Address: 940 E State Street Phone: 815-895-3365					
City: Sycamore State: IL Zip: 60178 Fax:					
Contact Person: Daniel Gibble E-mail: danielg@	sycamoreparkdistrict.com				
Owner Type (select one) Special District					
CONTRACTOR INFORMATION MS4 Co	mmunity: Ø Yes O No				
Contractor Name: TBD					
Mailing Address: Phon	ie:				
CONSTRUCTION SITE INFORMATION					
Select One: New Change of information for: ILR10					
Project Name: Multi-Use Path: Brickville Road to Main Street Count	ty: DeKalb				
Street Address: 150 Maplewood Dr City: Sycamore	IL Zip: <u>60178</u>				
Latitude: 41 59 53.8 Longitude: 88 41 10.5 29	14N <u>5E</u>				
(Deg) (Min) (Sec) (Deg) (Min) (Sec) Se	ection Township Range				
Approximate Construction Start Date Jun 1, 2018 Approximate Construction E	nd DateNov 1, 2018				
Total size of construction site in acres: 4.65	ee Schedule for Construction Sites:				
If less than 1 acre, is the site part of a larger common plan of development?	ess than 5 acres - \$250				
○ Yes ○ No	or more acres - \$750				
STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)					
Has the SWPPP been submitted to the Agency? Yes	○ No				
(Submit SWPPP electronically to: epa.constilr10swppp@illinois.gov)					
Location of SWPPP for viewing: Address: 435 S. Airport Road City: Sycamore					
SWPPP contact information: Inspector qualifications:					
Contact Name: Daniel Gibble	Other				
	@sycamoreparkdistrict.com				
Project inspector, if different from above Inspector qualifications:					
Inspector's Name: TBD					
Phone: Fax: E-mail:					

This Agency is authorized to require this information under Section 4 and Title X of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/4, 5/39). Failure to disclose this information may result in: a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the violation continues (415 ILCS 5/42) and may also prevent this form from being processed and could result in your application being denied. This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center.

TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION (se Construction Type Transportation	lect one)		
SIC Code:			
Type a detailed description of the pro	ject:		
The development is a multi-use trail v	which will be	part of a reg	gional trail system in Sycamore, IL. The project involves a
replacement and widening of an exist	ting asphalt	trail, and inst	tallation of a new asphalt trail between a forest area and
existing farm fields. The South Branc	h East Bran	ch Kishwauk	ee River flows parallel to the southern branch of the trail.
There will be a compensatory storage	abasin cons	tructed to mi	itigate floodplain and floodway fill due the trail
improvements. All disturbed areas wi	ll be reseede	ed with turf g	rass or native plants.
Illinois law on:	following sta	ate agencies	CIES COMPLIANCE to satisfy applicable requirements for compliance with
Historic Preservation Agency	✓ Yes	○ No	
Endangered Species		○ No	
RECEIVING WATER INFORMATI	ON		
Does your storm water discharge dire	ctly to:	Waters of th	ne State or Storm Sewer
Owner of storm sewer system:			
Name of closest receiving water body	to which yo	u discharge:	East Branch South Branch Kishwaukee River
Mail completed form to: Illinois Environ Division of W Attn: Permit Post Office B Springfield, Ill or call (217) 78	ater Pollution Section ox 19276 Iinois 62794 782-0610	n Control	ncy
Or submit electronically to: epa.consti	r10swppp@	illinois.gov	
in accordance with a system designed submitted. Based on my inquiry of the for gathering the information, the inforr complete. I am aware that there are sign	to assure the person or person or person submitted personal that the pro-	nat qualified persons who n hitted is, to the nalties for sub visions of the	nents were prepared under my direction and supervision personnel properly gather and evaluate the information manage this system, or those persons directly responsible to best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and bmitting false information, including the possibility of fine to permit, including the development and implementation to gram plan, will be complied with.
Any person who knowingly makes a fals commits a Class 4 felony. A second or	se, fictitious, subsequent	or fraudulen: offense after	t material statement, orally or in writing, to the Illinois EPA conviction is a Class 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))
Dela B			1/9/18
Owner Signature:			Date:
	bble		Executive Director
Printed Name:			Title:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) FORM

Submit original, electronic or facsimile copies. Facsimile and/or electronic copies should be followed-up with submission of an original signature copy as soon as possible. Please write "copy" under the "For Office Use Only" box in the upper right hand corner of the first page.

This fillable form may be completed online, a copy saved locally, printed and signed before it is submitted to the Permit Section at:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Permit Section Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 or call (217) 782-0610

FAX: (217) 782-9891

Or submit electronically to: epa.constilr10swppp@illinois.gov

Reports must be typed or printed legibly and signed.

Any facility that is not presently covered by the General NPDES Permit for Storm Water Discharges From Construction Site Activities is considered a new facility.

If this is a change in your facility information, renewal, etc., please fill in your permit number on the appropriate line, changes of information or permit renewal notifications do not require a fee.

NOTE: FACILITY LOCATION IS NOT NECESSARILY THE FACILITY MAILING ADDRESS, BUT SHOULD DESCRIBE WHERE THE FACILITY IS LOCATED.

Use the formats given in the following examples for correct form completion.

	Example	Format
Section	12	1 or 2 numerical digits
Township	12N	1 or 2 numerical digits followed by "N" or "S"
Range	12W	1 or 2 numerical digits followed by "E" or "W"

For the Name of Closest Receiving Waters, do not use terms such as ditch or channel. For unnamed tributaries, use terms which include at least a named main tributary such as "Unnamed Tributary to Sugar Creek to Sangamon River."

Submission of initial fee and an electronic submission of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for Initial Permit prior to the Notice of Intent being considered complete for coverage by the ILR10 General Permits. Please make checks payable to: Illinois EPA at the above address.

Construction sites with less than 5 acres of land disturbance - fee is \$250.

Construction sites with 5 or more acres of land disturbance - fee is \$750.

SWPPP should be submitted electronically to: epa.constilr10swppp@illinois.gov. When submitting electronically, use Project Name and City as indicated on NOI form.



Illinois Department of Natural Resources

JAN 11 2018

Bruce Rauner, Governor

www.dnr.illinois.gov

One Natural Resources Way Springfield, Illinois 62702 1271 Engineering Repource

Wayne A. Rosenthal, Director

January 3, 2018

SYCAMORE PARK DISTRICT	
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT NO	S20170291

FILL, REGRADE, EXCAVATION EAST BRANCH SOUTH BRANCH KISHWAUKEE RIVER

STATEWIDE PERMIT NOTIFICATION LETTER

Thank you for your recent submittal regarding the project as shown on the enclosed copy of your submittal. Based on the information you have submitted, it appears that the project qualifies for approval under the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Office of Water Resources statewide permit program. The applicable statewide permit(s) (as noted below) can be obtained on our website at: http://www.dnr.illinois.gov/WaterResources/Pages/PermitsStatewideRegionalGeneral.aspx. Please review this material to confirm whether your work will meet the terms and conditions of the permit(s). If any of the conditions would not be met, please inform us of the differences and we will continue with the formal permit process.

If we do not hear from you within thirty (30) days, we will assume it is your intention to comply with the conditions of the statewide permit(s).

This letter should not be construed as a release from any other federal, state or local requirements. If you have not already done so, you should contact the local regulatory agency to ascertain applicable local floodplain construction requirements.

If you have any questions feel free to contact the person noted below at 217/524-1047.

, ,	
☐Jesse Tinch ☐Steve Altman	☐Kristian Peterson ⊠ Mark McCauley
BY:	
Enclosure	
	(Andrew Kustusch) w/ submitted letter ng Department (John Sauter) w/ submitted letter
Statewide Permit(s):	
SW 1 - Fringe Construction SW 2 - Rural Bridges SW 3 - Barge Fleeting Facilities SW 4 - Aerial Utility Crossings SW 5 - Minor Boat Docks SW 6 - Minor Floodway Construction	SW 8 - Underground Crossings SW 9 - Shoreline/Streambank Protection SW 10 - Additions/Accessory Structures SW 11 - Dredging SW 12 - Replacement Structures SW 13 - Temporary Construction
SW 7 – Outfalls	SW 14 - Special Use of Public Water

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES OFFICE OF WATER RESOURCES ONE NATURAL RESOURCES WAY SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62702-1271

STATEWIDE PERMIT NO. 6

AUTHORIZING MINOR NON-OBSTRUCTIVE FLOODWAY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

PURPOSE

The purpose of this Statewide Permit is to authorize the construction of minor floodway activities which, by complying with the terms and conditions of this permit, are determined to have insignificant impact on those factors which are under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, Office of Water Resources (IDNR/OWR). It is not necessary to submit applications to or obtain individual permits from IDNR/OWR for floodway construction activities complying with this permit. If a project would not meet the terms and conditions of this permit, a formal permit application must be submitted for review and appropriate determination.

APPLICABILITY

This permit applies to the floodway land of all Illinois rivers, lakes and streams under the Department's jurisdiction except Lake Michigan and those in Lake, McHenry, Cook, DuPage, Kane and Will Counties for which regulatory floodways have been designated pursuant to 17 Illinois Administrative Code 3708, but does not authorize any project which conflicts with a federal, state or local project, improvement or rule.

The following activities (not involving fill or positive change in grade) are covered by this permit:

- 1. The construction of underground utility lines not crossing a lake or stream, wells, and septic tanks;
- 2. The construction of light poles, sign posts and similar structures;
- 3. The construction of sidewalks, driveways, athletic fields (excluding fences), patios and similar surfaces which are built at grade;
- 4. The construction of properly anchored, unwalled, open structures such as playground equipment, pavilions, and carports;
- 5. The placement of properly anchored buildings not exceeding seventy (70) square feet in size, nor ten (10) feet in any dimension (e.g. animal shelters and tool sheds). Only one such building on a property shall be authorized by this permit. If such a building already exists on a property, this permit does not authorize any additional building; and
- 6. The raising of existing buildings, provided no changes are made to the outside dimensions of the building and provided the proposed raising would not involve the placement of fill to accomplish the raising. The backfilling of an existing basement is permissible.

Other minor construction activities (including those involving fill or positive change in grade), although not specifically listed above, may comply with the intent of this Statewide Permit and, therefore, may be authorized by this permit. For those projects not specifically listed, however, plans must be submitted to the IDNR/OWR for review and an appropriate determination.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit does not authorize any construction in the normal channel, i.e. below the usual overtopping or flooding elevation, of any river, lake or stream.
- 2. In the event the placement of fill material is necessary to accomplish the purpose of the project, the normal application for permit process must be followed or plans maybe submitted to the IDNR/OWR for an initial review and an appropriate determination as to whether or not this statewide permit is applicable to the project. This permit does not authorize the placement of any fill material (except for the backfilling of an existing basement as indicated in item 6 above) or positive change in grade in the floodway in conjunction with any of the 6 specified activities noted under "Applicability."
- 3. If there is any question of the permissibility of any activity under this permit, the IDNR/OWR shall be contacted for a determination.

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE STATEWIDE PERMIT

- 1. This permit is granted in accordance with the Rivers, Lakes and Streams Act, 615 ILCS 5 (2000 State Bar Edition).
- 2. This permit does not convey title to any permittee or recognize title of any permittee to any submerged or other lands, and furthermore, does not convey, lease or provide any right or rights of occupancy or use of the public or private property on which the project or any part thereof will be located, or otherwise grant to any permittee any right or interest in or to the property, whether the property is owned or possessed by the State of Illinois or by any private or public party or parties.
- 3. This permit does not release any permittee from liability for damage to persons or property resulting from the work covered by this permit, and does not authorize any injury to private property or invasion of private rights.
- 4. This permit does not relieve any permittee of the responsibility to obtain other federal, state or local authorizations required for the construction of the permitted activity; and if the permittee is required by law to obtain approval from any federal or other state agency to do the work, the authorization is not effective until the federal and state approvals are obtained.
- 5. In issuing this permit, the Department of Natural Resources does not approve the adequacy of the design or structural strength of any structure or improvement authorized by this permit.
- 6. This Statewide Permit shall remain in effect until such time as it is modified, suspended, or revoked by the Department of Natural Resources.

This Statewide Permit was issued on September 15, 1993 and last modified or corrected September 25, 2002.

APPROVED:

Brent Manning, Director Department of Natural Resources

EXAMINED AND RECOMMENDED:

Martin J. Stralow, Manager Division of Water Resource Management

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

Donald R. Vonnahme, Director Office of Water Resources



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CORPS OF ENGINEERS, ROCK ISLAND DISTRICT PO BOX 2004 CLOCK TOWER BUILDING ROCK ISLAND, ILLINOIS 61204-2004

February 5, 2018

FEB 1 2 2018

Engineering Resource Associa et Inc.

Operations Division

SUBJECT: CEMVR-OD-P-2017-1535

Mr. Daniel Gibble Sycamore Park District 940 E State Street Sycamore, Illinois 60178

Dear Mr. Gibble:

Our office has reviewed all information provided to us, concerning the proposed trail extension project along the South Branch East Branch Kishwaukee River located in Section 29, Township 41 North, Range 5 East, De Kalb County, Illinois.

Your project is authorized under Nationwide Permit No. 42, provided you meet the Nationwide Permit terms and conditions which are contained in the enclosed Fact Sheet No. 8(IL) including the Illinois Regional Conditions, the Section 401 Water Quality Certification issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency which is included in the Fact Sheet, and any special conditions that have been included in this nationwide permit verification letter. The decision regarding this action is based on information found in the administrative record, which documents the District's decision-making process, the basis for the decision, and the final decision.

The Illinois Department of Transportation served as the lead agency for the NEPA process, and they determined the project is not likely to adversely affect federally threatened and endangered species provided all tree clearing occurs outside the maternity season of the Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis) and the northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis) which extends from April 1 and September 30.

The Corps has determined the construction of the project within the Corps permit areas will have no effect on cultural resources provided the permittee adheres to Nationwide Permit General Condition No. 21 – Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts.

Your permit includes the following special condition(s):

1. Nationwide Permit General Condition No. 12 of the attached Fact Sheet states "Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow."

- 2. You are encouraged to conduct your construction activities during a period of low flow and to seed all disturbed areas with native grasses and forbs. You are required to implement appropriate measures to insure that sediments are not introduced into waters of the United States during construction of this project.
- 3. Bank and shoreline protection shall consist of suitable clean materials, free from debris, trash, and other deleterious materials. If broken concrete is used as riprap, all reinforcing rods must be cut flush with the surface of the concrete, and individual pieces of concrete shall not exceed 3 feet in any dimension. Asphalt, car bodies, and broken concrete containing asphalt are specifically excluded from this authorization.
- 4. You are responsible for insuring that whoever performs, supervises, or oversees any portion of the physical work associated with the construction of the project has a copy of, is familiar with, and complies with all the terms and conditions of this permit. Contractors should be made aware of the locations of all wetland boundaries outside the permit area, and necessary measures shall be implemented to avoid inadvertent land grading, siltation, and fill activities in these aquatic resources.
- 5. Any plan modifications which will result in additional fill activities in waters of the United States beyond those impacts which are authorized by this permit verification letter will require further review and authorization by the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers.
- 6. Finally, the permittee will perform any corrective measures deemed necessary by the District Engineer.

Please contact our office if the project plans change and there are different impacts caused by dredged or fill material into Corps' regulated waters. This may require modification of your Department of the Army 404 authorization.

This verification is valid until March 18, 2022, unless the nationwide permit is modified, reissued or revoked. It is your responsibility to remain informed of changes to the nationwide permit program. We will issue a public notice announcing any changes if and when they occur. Furthermore, if you commence or are under contract to commence this activity before the date the nationwide permit is modified or revoked, you will have twelve months from this date to complete your activity under the present terms and conditions of this nationwide permit.

Our office has completed a Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination concerning your project area. A copy of our jurisdictional determination is enclosed. A Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination is not appealable, and it is applicable only to the permit program administered by the Corps of Engineers. **Please review, sign, date, and return the form to our office.**

This authorization does not eliminate the requirement that you must still obtain other applicable Federal, state, and local permits. If you have not already coordinated your project with the ILDNR, please contact them by telephone 217/782-6302 to determine if a floodplain development permit is required for your project. You may contact the IEPA Facility Evaluation Unit at 217/782-3397 to determine whether additional authorizations are required from the IEPA. Please send any electronic correspondence to EPA.401.bow@illinois.gov.

You are required to complete and return the enclosed "Completed Work Certification" form upon completion of your project in accordance with General Condition No. 30 of the nationwide permits.

The Rock Island District Regulatory Branch is committed to providing quality and timely service to our customers. In an effort to improve customer service, please take a moment to complete the attached postcard and return it or go to our Customer Service Survey found on our web site at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=regulatory_survey. (Be sure to select "Rock Island District" under the area entitled: Which Corps office did you deal with?)

Should you have any questions, please contact our Regulatory Branch by letter, or telephone me at 309/794-5674.

Sincerely,

Gene W. Walsh Project Manager

Illinois/Missouri Permit Section

Dene W. Walel

Regulatory Branch

When the structure(s) or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below.

Transferee Date

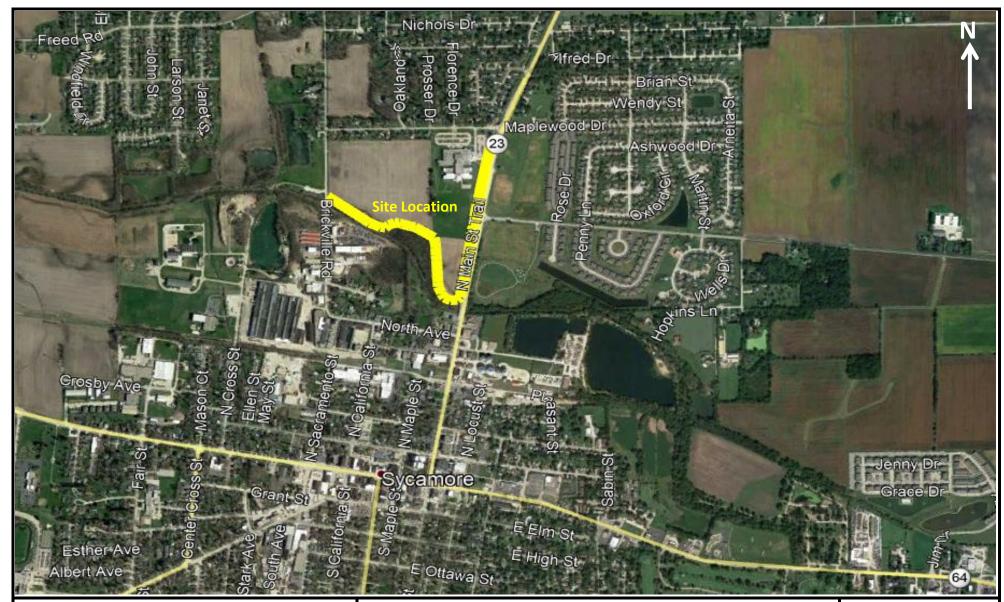
Enclosures

Copies Furnished:

Mr. Drew Kustusch, PE, CFM Engineering Resource Associates 3s701 West Avenue, Suite 150 Warrenville, Illinois 60555 (w/enclosures)

Mr. Wes Cattoor, P.E.
Office of Water Resources
Illinois Department of Natural Resources
One Natural Resources Way
Springfield, Illinois 62702-1271
(w/o enclosures)
Wes.Cattoor@illinois.gov (email)

Mr. Darin LeCrone
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Div. of Water Pollution Control, Permit Sec 15
1021 North Grand Avenue East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
(w/o enclosures)
Darin.Lecrone@illinois.gov (email)





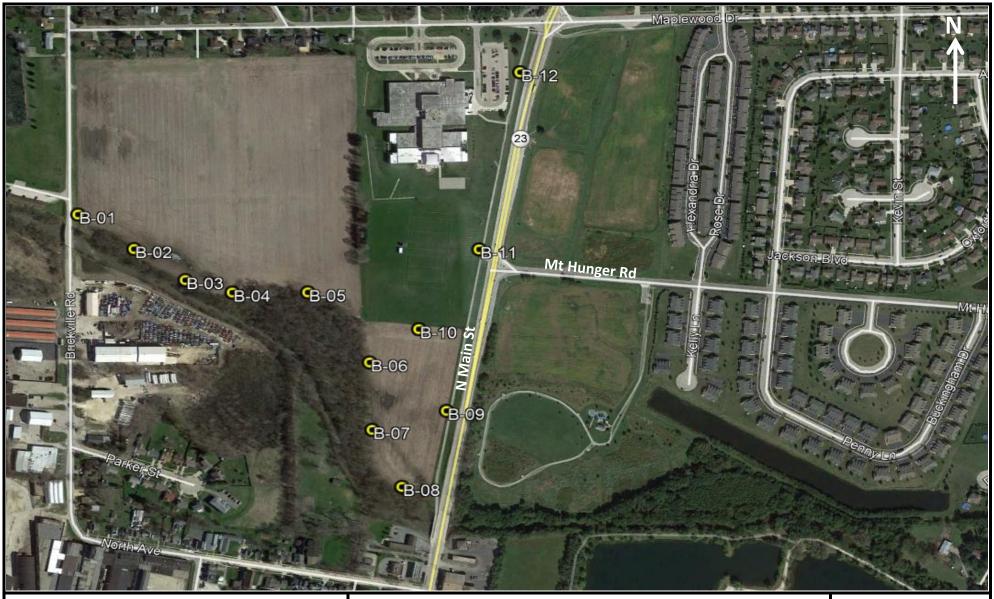
665 Tollgate Rd. Unit H Elgin, Illinois 60123 Project Name: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail
Project Location: Brickville Road to Main Street

Sycamore, Illinois

Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc.

Rubino Project #: G17.197

Site Vicinity Map





665 Tollgate Rd. Unit H Elgin, Illinois 60123 Project Name: Project Location:

Sycamore Park District Bike Trail
Brickville Road to Main Street
Sycamore, Illinois

Client:

 $\label{thm:engineering} \textbf{Engineering Resource Associates, Inc.}$

Rubino Project #:

G17.197

Boring Location Plan



LOG OF BORING B-01

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 5 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS Classification** Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qu Qp \blacktriangle Dark brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL 16 4,4,5 22 X * Qp=2.5 tsf N=9 Brown and gray silty CLAY, trace sand and CL gravel Loose to medium dense, brown and gray SAND with fines, trace gravel 5 2,3,2 N=5 SW-SM 14 4,7,8 N=15 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.999669° Longitude: -88.689185° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Texas Cone Rock Core **Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-02

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 6 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Sycamore, Illinois Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qp \blacktriangle Soft to medium stiff, dark brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL 9 2,1,3 26 0 Qp=1.5 tsf N=4LL = 48 PL = 19 4% Organic Content Brown and gray silty CLAY, trace sand and CL 31 X Very loose to loose, gray SAND, trace gravel and fines SW 5 1,1,3 4% Organic Content N=4 Medium dense, gray SAND with gravel and fines SW-SM 10 11,14,12 N=26 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.999176° Longitude: -88.688218° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Rock Core **Texas Cone Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-03

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17.197 Sycamore Park District Bike Trail Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: While Drilling 5 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A STANDARD PENETRATION SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qp \blacktriangle Medium stiff, dark brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL * × 10 2,2,3 24 Qp=1.5 tsf N=55% Organic Content Brown and gray silty CLAY, trace sand and 18 X CL Very loose, brown SAND with fines, trace gravel 7 2,1,0 N=1 5 SW-SM 5 1,3,6 N=9 Gray SAND with gravel and fines \$W-SM End of boring at approximately 7 1/2 feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.998733° Longitude: -88.687336° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Texas Cone Rock Core **Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-04

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: While Drilling Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 6 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS Classification** Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qp \blacktriangle Dark brown and black silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL Brown clayey SAND, trace gravel SC Loose to medium dense, brown SAND with gravel and fines 16 3,5,5 N = 1010,10,13 12 N=23 sw-sm 5 10 4,11,15 N=26 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.998554° Longitude: -88.686526° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Texas Cone Rock Core **Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



Rubino Engineering, Inc. 665 Tollgate Road, Unit H Elgin, IL 60123

Telephone: 847-931-1555 Fax: 847-931-1560

LOG OF BORING B-05

Sheet 1 of 1

WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: While Drilling
 Whil Sycamore Park District Bike Trail N/A Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional ٠ LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qp \blacktriangle Dark brown and black silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL Soft to stiff, brown and gray silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel 14 2,2,4 28 *X Qp=1.5 tsf N=6 4% Organic Content Qp=0.5 tsf 3% Organic Content 16 1,2,1 31 X CL 5 16 2,6,6 23 X Qp=1.0 tsf N=12 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. No free groundwater encountered during drilling operations. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.998557° Longitude: -88.685231° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Texas Cone Rock Core **Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



Fax: 847-931-1560

LOG OF BORING B-06

Sheet 1 of 1

WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 5 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Sycamore, Illinois Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qu Qp \blacktriangle Black and brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL 14 2,2,3 25 Qp=1.0 tsf LL = 42 PL = 21 N=5Medium dense, brown SAND with gravel and 5% Organic Content fines \$W-SM 13 7,7,8 N=15 Loose to medium dense, brown SAND, trace gravel SW 12 3,4,6 N=10 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.997557° Longitude: -88.684172° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Texas Cone Rock Core **Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-07

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: While Drilling
 Whil Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 3 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A STANDARD PENETRATION SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qu Qp \blacktriangle Soft, black silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL 16 2,2,1 37 0 Qp=1.0 tsf N=3LL = 43 PL = 22 6% Organic Content Medium dense, brown SAND with gravel and \$W-SM 8 5,7,11 Medium dense, gray SAND with gravel and fines 10 \$W-SM 13,12,14 N=26 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.996595° Longitude: -88.684129° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Rock Core **Texas Cone Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-08

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 5 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Sycamore, Illinois Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qu Qp \blacktriangle Medium stiff, black and brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL 16 2,2,3 36 * Qp=1.3 tsf LL = 49 PL = 24 N=57% Organic Content Brown and gray clayey SAND, trace gravel SC Very loose to loose, brown and gray SAND with fines, trace gravel 6 2,2,2 N=4 \$W-SM 5 Medium dense, brown and gray SAND with gravel and fines sw-sm 12 6,8,13 N=21 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.995778° Longitude: -88.683621° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Rock Core **Texas Cone Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-09

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 6 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Sycamore, Illinois Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional ٠ LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qu Qp \blacktriangle UNDOCUMENTED FILL: black and brown silty clay with sand and gravel FILL LL = 47 PL = 23 20 X 5% Organic Content Soft to medium stiff, black and brown silty * 6 CLAY, trace sand and gravel 1,1,3 Qp=1.5 tsf N=428 X 7% Organic Content CL Qp=0.5 tsf 9% Organic Content 4 1,2,3 41 X N=5 Medium dense, brown and gray SAND with gravel SW 13 6,6,7 N=13 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.996864° Longitude: -88.682854° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Rock Core **Texas Cone Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-10

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 6 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Sycamore, Illinois Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS Classification** Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional ٠ LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qp \blacktriangle Dark brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL Medium stiff, brown and gray silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel *12 2,2,4 26 Qp=1.8 tsf N=6 3% Organic Content CL Qp=0.5 tsf 3% Organic Content 8 2,2,2 29 X N=4 Medium dense, brown and gray SAND with gravel and fines 10 sw-sm 6,7,10 N=17 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.998032° Longitude: -88.683329° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Rock Core **Texas Cone Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-11

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: While Drilling
 Whil Sycamore Park District Bike Trail N/A Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Sycamore, Illinois Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS Classification** Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qp \blacktriangle Dark brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible topsoil CL Medium stiff, brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel * 10 2,2,3 27 \times Qp=1.5 tsf N=5 4% Organic Content CL Soft, brown silty CLAY with sand, trace gravel 12 2,1,2 18 X Qp=0.5 tsf N=3 CL 15 3,6,9 16 Qp=1.0 tsf Brown SAND with fines, trace gravel N=15 \$W-SM End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. No free groundwater encountered during drilling operations. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 41.999171° Longitude: -88.682293° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Rock Core **Texas Cone Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.



LOG OF BORING B-12

Sheet 1 of 1

Fax: 847-931-1560 WATER LEVELS Drilling Method: 3 1/4" Hollow Stem Auger Rubino Job No.: G17 197 Sampling Method:Split Spoon Project: Sycamore Park District Bike Trail 6 FT Hammer Type: Automatic Location: Brickville Road to Main Street ▼ Upon Completion N/A Boring Location: Park District Bike Trail City, State: Sycamore, Illinois Sycamore, Illinois Delay N/A Client: Engineering Resource Associates, Inc. Station: N/A SPT Blows per 6-inch (SS) STANDARD PENETRATION Offset: N/A TEST DATA Recovery (inches) **USCS** Classification Elevation (feet) Sample Type Depth, (feet) Graphic Log Sample No. % PL Moisture Moisture, MATERIAL DESCRIPTION Additional LL Remarks STRENGTH, tsf Ж Qu Qp \blacktriangle Black and brown silty CLAY, trace sand and gravel Possible reworked soil CL 12 2,3,5 30 *Qp=1.3 tsf N=8 LL = 45 PL = 24 Medium stiff, brown and gray silty CLAY, 8% Organic Content trace sand and gravel CL Qp=1.5 tsf 4% Organic Content 10 2,2,3 29 * X N=5 Medium dense, brown SAND with gravel and fines 10 SW-SM 4,5,7 N=12 End of boring at approximately 7 ½ feet below existing grade. Completion Depth: 7.5 ft Sample Types: Latitude: 42.001694° Longitude: -88.681593° Date Boring Started: 11/16/17 Auger Cutting Shelby Tube Drill Rig: Geoprobe 7822DT Date Boring Completed: 11/16/17 Split-Spoon Hand Auger Remarks: Logged By: J.W. Rock Core **Texas Cone Drilling Contractor:** Rubino Engineering, Inc.

Sycamore Park District - Brickville Road to Main Street Trial Between Brickville Road and Main Street, south of Maplewood Drive Sycamore, IL 600178 Environmental Report December 6th, 2017

Environmental Database Review

On November 16th, 2017, Rubino Engineering, Inc. mobilized to conduct a site investigation of material originally generated from the project site located along Between Brickville Road and Main Street, south of Maplewood Drive in Sycamore, Illinois. The project location can be found in A.2b. Prior to the site investigation, an Environmental Database Review (EDR) was conducted (see A.5). After reviewing the EDR report, Rubino Engineering, Inc. found multiple records in close proximity to the project site.

Based on the fact the records were located in close proximity to the project site, the determination was made that additional sampling of the project site was necessary.

Soil Sampling

On November 16th, 2017, three (3) soil samples were collected at approximate depth of 7 ½ ft. below grade. The samples were screened for fuels and volatiles with a Photoionization Detector (PID). PID readings were recorded as below background. Based on the composition of the soil and the project site dimensions, three (3) samples were submitted to Prairie Analytical and were tested for SVOC's, VOC's, RCRA Metals and pH. The location of the samples can be found in A.2.

Conclusion

Initial lab analysis found that soil samples met the IEPA maximum allowable concentrations as seen on the IEPA MAC Table.

The lab analysis found Lab reports can be found in section Appendix A.4.





I. Source Location Information

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Bureau of Land • 1021 North Grand Avenue East • P.O. Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276

Uncontaminated Soil Certification

by Licensed Professional Engineer or Licensed Professional Geologist for Use of Uncontaminated Soil as Fill in a CCDD or Uncontaminated Soil Fill Operation LPC-663

Revised in accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 1100, as amended by PCB R2012-009 (eff. Aug. 27, 2012)

This certification form is to be used by professional engineers and professional geologists to certify, pursuant to 35 III. Adm. Code 1100.205(a)(1)(B), that soil (i) is uncontaminated soil and (ii) is within a pH range of 6.26 to 9.0. If you have questions about this form, please telephone the Bureau of Land Permit Section at 217/524-3300.

This form may be completed online, saved locally, printed and signed, and submitted to prospective clean construction or demolition debris (CCDD) fill operations or uncontaminated soil fill operations.

(Describe the location of the source of the uncontamina	ated soil)	
Project Name: Sycamore Park District - Brickville Road	d to Main Stre Office Phone Nu	ımber, if available:
Physical Site Location (address, inclduding number an		
Between Brickville Road and Main Street, south of Ma	plewood Drive in Sycamore, Illino	ois
City: Sycamore State: IL	Zip Code: 600178	
County: DeKalb	Township:	
Lat/Long of approximate center of site in decimal degre	ees (DD.ddddd) to five decimal pl	laces (e.g., 40.67890, -90.12345):
Latitude: 41,99817 Longitude: -88.6889	33	
(Decimal Degrees) (-Decimal	al Degrees)	
Identify how the lat/long data were determined:		
☐ GPS ☐ Map Interpolation ☐ Photo Inter	polation Survey Otl	ner
IEPA Site Number(s), if assigned: BOL:	BOW:	BOA:
II. Owner/Operator Information for Source Site Owner	Site	Site Operator
Name: Sycamore Park District	Name:	
Street Address: 940 E. State Street	Street Address:	
PO Box:	PO Box:	
City: Sycamore State: IL	City:	State:
Zip Code: 60178 Phone:	Zip Code:	Phone:
Contact:	Contact:	
Email, if available:	Email, if available:	

This Agency is authorized to require this information under Section 4 and Title X of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/4, 5/39). Failure to disclose this information may result in: a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the violation continues (415 ILCS 5/42). This form has been approved by the Forms

IL 532-2922 not to exceed \$10,000 LPC 663 Rev. 8/2012 Management Center. Project Name: Sycamore Park District - Brickville Road to Main State

Latitude: 41,99817 __Longitude: -88.688933

Uncontaminated Site Certification

III. Basis for Cert	ification and Attachments	
For each item listed be	elow, reference the attachments to this form that provide the required informa	ition.
a. A Description of t35 III. Adm. Code	ne soil sample points and how they were determined to be sufficient in numb 1100.610(a)]:	er and appropriately located
Refer to Appendix A.		
established pursuincluding the doc performing the ar accordance with	ting results to show that soil chemical constituents comply with the maximum ant to 35 III. Adm. Code Part 1100, Subpart F and that the soil pH is within the umentation of chain of custody control, a copy of the lab analysis; the accredialysis; and certification by an authorized agent of the laboratory that the ana he Agency's rules for the accreditation of environmental and the scope of the 1100.205(a), 1100.610]:	ne range of 6.25 to 9.0, itation status of the laboratory lysis has been performed in
Refer to Appendix A.		
I, Michelle A. Lipinsl certify under penalty of to the best of my know ILCS 5/22.51 or 22.51 certify that the soil pH part of a cleanup or re-	(name of licensed profession of law that the information submitted, including but not limited to, all attachmen whedge and belief, true, accurate and complete. In accordance with the Environ all and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 1100.205(a), I certify that the soil from this site is ure is within the range of 6.25 to 9.0. In addition, I certify that the soil has not be smoval of contaminants. All necessary documentation is attached.	nal engineer or geologist) Ints and other information, is conmental Protection Act [415 Incontaminated soil. I also I geen removed from the site as
Any person who kno EPA commits a Clas	owingly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, orally s 4 felony. A second or subsequent offense after conviction is a Class	or in writing, to the Illinois 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))
Company Name:	Rubino Engineering, Inc.	
Street Address:	665 Tollgate Road, Unit H	
City:	Elgin State: IL Zip Code: 60123	
Phone:	847.931.1555	
Michelle A. Lipinski, I	P.E.	
Licensed Professi	pnal Engineer or LIPINSKI Date: O62-061241	P.E. or L.P.G. Seal:
	A LINGHING 50	1 .L. 01 L.1 .O. 0

State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:
general habitity incurance policy in accordance with ratiole 107.27.
The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

State of Illinois DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Bureau of Local Roads & Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR GROWTH CURVE

Effective: March 1, 2008 Revised: January 1, 2010

All references to Sections and Articles in this Special Provision shall be construed to mean specific Sections and Articles in the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall perform a growth curve at the beginning of placement of each type of mix and each lift. The growth curve for each type of mix and each lift shall be performed within the first 200 tons (180 metric tons). If an adjustment is made to the specific mix design, the Engineer reserves the right to request an additional growth curve and supporting tests at the Contractor's expense.

Compaction of the growth curve shall commence immediately after the course is placed and at a temperature of not less than 280 °F (140 °C). The growth curve, consisting of a plot of lb/cu ft (kg/cu m) vs. number of passes with the project breakdown roller, shall be developed. Roller speed during the growth curve testing shall be the same as the normal paving operation. This curve shall be established by use of a nuclear gauge. Tests shall be taken after each pass until the highest lb/cu ft (kg/cu m) is obtained. This value shall be the target density provided the HMA Gyratory air voids are within acceptable limits. If the HMA Gyratory air voids are not within the specified limits, corrective action shall be taken, and a new target density shall be established.

A new growth curve is required if the breakdown roller used on the growth curve is replaced with a new roller during production. The target density shall apply only to the specific gauge used. If additional gauges are to be used to determine density specification compliance, the Contractor shall establish a unique minimum allowable target density from the growth curve location for each gauge.

At least one core sample per day shall be taken at a location specified by the Engineer. Core densities will be determined using the Illinois-Modified AASHTO T 166 or T 275 procedure by the Department. The core density shall be according to Articles 1030.05(d)(4) and (d)(7). The QA Manager is responsible for assuring and documenting that the determined number of roller passes has been accomplished. The Engineer reserves the right to take core samples at any time to verify density from the nuclear gauge,

All lifts and confined longitudinal joint edges shall be compacted to an average nuclear gauge density of not less than 95 percent nor greater than 102 percent of the target density obtained on the growth curve. Unconfined longitudinal joint edges shall be compacted to an average nuclear gauge density of not less than 93 percent nor greater than 102 percent of the target density obtained on the growth curve. The average nuclear gauge density shall be based on tests representing one day's production.

Quality Control density tests shall be performed at randomly selected locations within 1/2 mile (800 m) intervals per lift per lane. In no case shall more than one half day's production be completed without density testing being performed. Longitudinal joint density testing shall be performed at each random density test location. Longitudinal joint testing shall be located at a distance equal to the lift thickness or a minimum of 2 in. (50 mm) from each pavement edge.

If the Contractor is not controlling the compaction process and is making no effort to take corrective action, the operation shall stop as directed by the Engineer.

ADJUSTING FRAMES AND GRATES (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2017

Add the following to Article 602.02 of the Standard Specifications:

- - Note 4. High density expanded polystyrene adjusting rings with polyurea coating shall meet the design load requirements of AASHTO HS20/25. The rings may be used to adjust the frames and grates of drainage and utility structures up to a maximum of 6 in. (150 mm). They shall be installed and sealed underneath the frames according to the manufacturer's specifications.

Note 5. Riser rings fabricated from EPP may be used to adjust the frames and grates of drainage and utility structures up to a maximum of 6 in. (150 mm). An adhesive meeting ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade N5, Class 25 shall be used with EPP adjustment rings. The top ring of the adjustment stack shall be a finish ring with grooves on the lower surface and flat upper surface. The joints between all manhole adjustment rings and the frame and cover shall be sealed using the approved adhesive. In lieu of the use of an adhesive, an internal or external mechanical frame-chimney seal may be used for watertight installation. EPP adjustment rings shall not be used with heat shrinkable infiltration barriers."

Add the following to Section 1043 of the Standard Specifications:

"1043.04 High Density Expanded Polystyrene Adjusting Rings with Polyurea Coating. High density expanded polystyrene adjustment rings with polyurea coating shall be designed and tested to meet or exceed an HS25 wheel load according to the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges (AASHTO M306 HS-25). The raw material suppliers shall provide certifications of quality or testing using the following ASTM standards, and upon request, certify that only virgin material was used in the manufacturing of the expanded polystyrene rings.

Physical Property	Test Standard	Value	
Physical Property	rest Standard	3.0 lb/cu ft	4.5 lb/cu ft
Compression Resistance	ASTM D 1621		
at 10% deformation		50 - 70	70 - 90
at 5% deformation		45 - 60	60 - 80
at 2% deformation		15 - 20	20 - 40
Flexural Strength	ASTM D 790	90 - 120	130 - 200
Water Absorption	ASTM D 570	2.0%	1.7%
Coefficient of Linear Expansion	ASTM D 696	2.70E-06 in./in./ºF	2.80E-06 in./in./ºF
Sheer Strength	ASTM D 732	55	80

Tensile Strength	ASTM D 1623	70 - 90	130 - 140
Water Vapor Transmission	ASTM C 355	0.82 - 0.86 perm - in.	

High density expanded polystyrene adjustment rings with polyurea coating shall have no void areas, cracks, or tears. The actual diameter or length shall not vary more than 0.125 in. (3 mm) from the specified diameter or length. Variations in height are limited to \pm 0.063 in. (\pm 1.6 mm). Variations shall not exceed 0.25 in. (6 mm) from flat (dish, bow, or convoluting edge) or 0.125 in. (3 mm) for bulges or dips in the surface.

1043.05 Expanded Polypropylene (EPP) Adjusting Rings. The EPP adjusting rings shall be manufactured using a high compression molding process to produce a minimum finished density of 7.5 lb/cu ft (120 g/l). The EPP rings shall be made of materials meeting ASTM D 3575 and ASTM D 4819-13. The grade adjustments shall be designed and tested according to the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges (AASHTO M 306 HS-25).

Grade rings shall contain upper and lower keyways (tongue and groove) for proper vertical alignment and sealing. The top ring, for use directly beneath the cast iron frame, shall have keyways (grooves) on the lower surface with a flat upper surface.

Adhesive or sealant used for watertight installation of the manhole grade adjustment rings shall meet ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses NT, T, M, G, A, and O.

EPP adjustment rings shall have no void areas, cracks, or tears. The actual diameter or length shall not vary more than 0.125 in. (3 mm) from the specified diameter or length. Variations in height are limited to \pm 0.063 in. $(\pm$ 1.6 mm). Variations shall not exceed 0.25 in. (6 mm) from flat (dish, bow, or convoluting edge) or 0.125 in. (3 mm) for bulges or dips in the surface."

80382

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less.

Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager,
	Two Project Superintendents,
	One Engineer, and
	One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid. For working day contracts the payment will be made according to Article 109.04. For completion date contracts, an adjustment will be determined as follows.

Extended Traffic Control occurs between April 1 and November 30:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Extended Traffic Control occurs between December 1 and March 31:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x 1.5 (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Where: TE = Duration of approved time extension in calendar days.

% = Percent maintenance for the traffic control, % (see table below).

CUP = Contract unit price for the traffic control pay item in place during the delay.

OCT = Original contract time in calendar days.

Original Contract Amount	Percent Maintenance
Up to \$2,000,000	65%
\$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000	75%
\$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000	85%
Over \$20,000,000	90%

When an ETCP adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

80384

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: April 2, 2018

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform $\frac{7.00}{}$ % of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is required prior to the award of the contract and the failure of the low bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

In order to assure the timely award of the contract, the low bidder shall submit:

- (a) The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan on completed Department forms SBE 2025 and 2026.
 - (1) The final Utilization Plan must be submitted within five calendar days after the date of the letting in accordance with subsection (a)(2) of Bidding Procedures herein.

(2) To meet the five day requirement, the bidder may send the Utilization Plan electronically by scanning and sending to DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov or faxing to (217) 785-1524. The subject line must include the bid Item Number and the Letting date. The Utilization Plan should be sent as one .pdf file, rather than multiple files and emails for the same Item Number. It is the responsibility of the bidder to obtain confirmation of email or fax delivery.

Alternatively, the Utilization Plan may be sent by certified mail or delivery service within the five calendar day period. If a question arises concerning the mailing date of a Utilization Plan, the mailing date will be established by the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the certified mail receipt from the U.S. Postal Service or the receipt issued by a delivery service when the Utilization Plan is received by the Department. It is the responsibility of the bidder to ensure the postmark or receipt date is affixed within the five days if the bidder intends to rely upon mailing or delivery to satisfy the submission day requirement. The Utilization Plan is to be submitted to:

Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Small Business Enterprises Contract Compliance Section 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319 Springfield, Illinois 62764

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the five day submittal requirement and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive due to a failure to submit a Utilization Plan or failure to comply with the bidding procedures set forth herein, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty, and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids. The Department reserves the right to invite any other bidder to submit a Utilization Plan at any time for award consideration.

- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of Utilization Plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.
- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. For bidding purposes, submission of the completed SBE 2025 forms, signed by the DBEs and scanned or faxed to the bidder will be acceptable as long as the original is available and provided upon request. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:

- (1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
- (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the work each DBE will perform;
- (3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating. The dollar amount of participation for identified work shall specifically state the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
- (4) DBE Participation Commitment Statements, form SBE 2025, signed by the bidder and each participating DBE firm documenting the commitment to use the DBE subcontractors whose participation is submitted to meet the contract goal;
- (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the Utilization Plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s); and,
- (6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts; the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the apparent successful bidder is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document that enough DBE participation has been obtained or document that good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan does not document sufficient DBE participation to meet the contract goal unless the apparent successful bidder documented in the Utilization Plan that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words, efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

(a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors

are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.

- (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with subsection (c)(6) of the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines that the apparent successful bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification shall include a statement of reasons for the determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period in order to cure the deficiency.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the receipt of the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217) 785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The determination shall become final if a request is not made and A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the

Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:

- (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
- (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
- (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, than a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor shall not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure that the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.

- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide DBE subcontracts to IDOT upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
 - (1) That the replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) That the DBE is aware that its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) That the DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor,

with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated, or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department shall provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor my request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

EQUIPMENT PARKING AND STORAGE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2017

Replace the first paragraph of Article 701.11 of the Standard Specifications with the following.

"701.11 Equipment Parking and Storage. During working hours, all vehicles and/or nonoperating equipment which are parked, two hours or less, shall be parked at least 8 ft (2.5 m) from the open traffic lane. For other periods of time during working and for all nonworking hours, all vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be parked or stored as follows.

- (a) When the project has adequate right-of-way, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 30 ft (9 m) from the pavement.
- (b) When adequate right-of-way does not exist, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 15 ft (4.5 m) from the edge of any pavement open to traffic.
- (c) Behind temporary concrete barrier, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 24 in. (600 mm) behind free standing barrier or a minimum of 6 in. (150 mm) behind barrier that is either pinned or restrained according to Article 704.04. The 24 in. or 6 in. measurement shall be from the base of the non-traffic side of the barrier.
- (d) Behind other man-made or natural barriers meeting the approval of the Engineer."

FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2009 Revised: August 1, 2017

<u>Description</u>. Fuel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in fuel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any category of work will make that category of work exempt from fuel cost adjustment.

General. The fuel cost adjustment shall apply to contract pay items as grouped by category. The adjustment shall only apply to those categories of work checked "Yes", and only when the cumulative plan quantities for a category exceed the required threshold. Adjustments to work items in a category, either up or down, and extra work paid for by agreed unit price will be subject to fuel cost adjustment only when the category representing the added work was subject to the fuel cost adjustment. Extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account will not be subject to fuel cost adjustment. Category descriptions and thresholds for application and the fuel usage factors which are applicable to each are as follows:

(a) Categories of Work.

- (1) Category A: Earthwork. Contract pay items performed under Sections 202, 204, and 206 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered earthwork. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 25,000 cu yd (20,000 cu m). Included in the fuel usage factor is a weighted average 0.10 gal/cu yd (0.50 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.
- (2) Category B: Subbases and Aggregate Base Courses. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 311, 312 and 351 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered construction of a subbase or aggregate, stabilized or modified base course. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is a 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.
- (3) Category C: Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 355, 406, 407 and 482 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered HMA bases, pavements and shoulders. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.
- (4) Category D: Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 353, 420, 421 and 483 including any

modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered PCC base, pavement or shoulder. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 7500 sq yd (6000 sq m). Included in the fuel usage factor is 1.20 gal/cu yd (5.94 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.

(5) Category E: Structures. Structure items having a cumulative bid price that exceeds \$250,000 for pay items constructed under Sections 502, 503, 504, 505, 512, 516 and 540 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered structure work when similar to that performed under these sections and not included in categories A through D.

(b) Fuel Usage Factors.

English Units		
Category	Factor	Units
A - Earthwork	0.34	gal / cu yd
B – Subbase and Aggregate Base courses	0.62	gal / ton
C – HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	1.05	gal / ton
D – PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	2.53	gal / cu yd
E – Structures	8.00	gal / \$1000
Metric Units		
Category	Factor	Units
A - Earthwork	1.68	liters / cu m
B – Subbase and Aggregate Base courses	2.58	liters / metric ton
C – HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	4.37	liters / metric ton
D – PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders	12.52	liters / cu m
E – Structures	30.28	liters / \$1000

(c) Quantity Conversion Factors.

Category	Conversion	Factor
В	sq yd to ton sq m to metric ton	0.057 ton / sq yd / in depth 0.00243 metric ton / sq m / mm depth
С	sq yd to ton sq m to metric ton	0.056 ton / sq yd / in depth 0.00239 m ton / sq m / mm depth
D	sq yd to cu yd sq m to cu m	0.028 cu yd / sq yd / in depth 0.001 cu m / sq m / mm depth

Method of Adjustment. Fuel cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (FPI_P - FPI_L) \times FUF \times Q$

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$

FPI_P = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/gal (\$/liter)

FPI_L = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price, \$/gal (\$/liter)

FUF = Fuel Usage Factor in the pay item(s) being adjusted

Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) or cu yd (cu m)

The entire FUF indicated in paragraph (b) will be used regardless of use of trucking to perform the work.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. Fuel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the FPI_L and FPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = $\{(FPI_L - FPI_P) \div FPI_L\} \times 100$

Fuel cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable work is performed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT - DENSITY TESTING OF LONGITUDINAL JOINTS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2010 Revised: April 1, 2016

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of testing the density of longitudinal joints as part of the quality control/quality assurance (QC/QA) of hot-mix asphalt (HMA). Work shall be according to Section 1030 of the Standard Specifications except as follows.

Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QC/QA). Delete the second and third sentence of the third paragraph of Article 1030.05(d)(3) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following paragraphs to the end of Article 1030.05(d)(3) of the Standard Specifications:

"Longitudinal joint density testing shall be performed at each random density test location. Longitudinal joint testing shall be located at a distance equal to the lift thickness or a minimum of 4 in. (100 mm), from each pavement edge. (i.e. for a 5 in. (125 mm) lift the near edge of the density gauge or core barrel shall be within 5 in. (125 mm) from the edge of pavement.) Longitudinal joint density testing shall be performed using either a correlated nuclear gauge or cores.

- a. Confined Edge. Each confined edge density shall be represented by a oneminute nuclear density reading or a core density and shall be included in the average of density readings or core densities taken across the mat which represents the Individual Test.
- b. Unconfined Edge. Each unconfined edge joint density shall be represented by an average of three one-minute density readings or a single core density at the given density test location and shall meet the density requirements specified herein. The three one-minute readings shall be spaced 10 ft (3 m) apart longitudinally along the unconfined pavement edge and centered at the random density test location."

Revise the Density Control Limits table in Article 1030.05(d)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Mixture Composition	Parameter	Individual Test (includes confined edges)	Unconfined Edge Joint Density Minimum
IL-4.75	Ndesign = 50	93.0 – 97.4% ^{1/}	91.0%
IL-9.5	Ndesign = 90	92.0 – 96.0%	90.0%
IL-9.5,IL-9.5L	Ndesign < 90	92.5 – 97.4%	90.0%
j		93.0 – 96.0%	90.0%
IL-19.0	Ndesign = 90	93.0 – 96.0% 93.0 ^{2/} – 97.4%	
IL-19.0, IL-19.0L	Ndesign < 90		90.0%
SMA	Ndesign = 50 & 80	93.5 – 97.4%	91.0%"

HOT-MIX ASPHALT - TACK COAT (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2016

Revise Article 1032.06(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Anionic Emulsified Asphalt. Anionic emulsified asphalts shall be according to AASHTO M 140. SS-1h emulsions used as a tack coat shall have the cement mixing test waived."

LIGHTS ON BARRICADES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2018

Revise Article 701.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**701.16 Lights.** Lights shall be used on devices as required in the plans, the traffic control plan, and the following table.

Circumstance	Lights Required
Daylight operations	None
First two warning signs on each approach to the work involving a nighttime lane closure and "ROUGH GROOVED SURFACE" (W8-I107) signs	Flashing mono-directional lights
Devices delineating isolated obstacles, excavations, or hazards at night (Does not apply to patching)	Flashing bi-directional lights
Devices delineating obstacles, excavations, or hazards exceeding 100 ft (30 m) in length at night (Does not apply to widening)	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on two-lane roads	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on multi-lane roads	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on multi-lane roads separating opposing directions of traffic	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime along lane shifts on multilane roads	Steady burn mono-directional lights
Channelizing devices for night time along lane shifts on two lane roads	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Devices in nighttime lane closure tapers on Standards 701316 and 701321	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Devices in nighttime lane closure tapers	Steady burn mono-directional lights
Devices delineating a widening trench	None
Devices delineating patches at night on roadways with an ADT less than 25,000	None
Devices delineating patches at night on roadways with an ADT of 25,000 or more	None

Batteries for the lights shall be replaced on a group basis at such times as may be specified by the Engineer."

Delete the fourth sentence of the first paragraph of Article 701.17(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 603.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"603.07 Protection Under Traffic. After the casting has been adjusted and Class SI concrete has been placed, the work shall be protected by a barricade for at least 72 hours."

MANHOLES, VALVE VAULTS, AND FLAT SLAB TOPS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2018 Revised: March 2, 2018

<u>Description</u>. Manholes, valve vaults, and flat slab tops manufactured according to the current or previous Highway Standards listed below will be accepted on this contract:

Product	Current Standard	Previous Standard
Precast Manhole Type A, 4' (1.22 m) Diameter	602401-04	602401-03
Precast Manhole Type A, 5' (1.52 m) Diameter	602402	602401-03
Precast Manhole Type A, 6' (1.83 m) Diameter	602406-08	602406-07
Precast Manhole Type A, 7' (2.13 m) Diameter	602411-06	602411-05
Precast Manhole Type A, 8' (2.44 m) Diameter	602416-06	602416-05
Precast Manhole Type A, 9' (2.74 m) Diameter	602421-06	602421-05
Precast Manhole Type A, 10' (3.05 m) Diameter	602426	n/a
Precast Valve Vault Type A, 4' (1.22 m) Diameter	602501-03	602501-02
Precast Valve Vault Type A, 5' (1.52 m) Diameter	602506	602501-02
Precast Reinforced Concrete Flat Slab Top	602601-05	602601-04

When manufacturing to the current standards, the following revisions to the Standard Specifications shall apply:

Revise Article 602.02(g) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Note 4. All components of the manhole joint splice shall be galvanized according to the requirements of AASHTO M 111 or M 232 as applicable."

Add the following to Article 602.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Note 5. The threaded rods for the manhole joint splice shall be according to the requirements of ASTM F 1554, Grade 55, (Grade 380)."

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 602.07 of the Standard Specifications:

"Threaded rods connecting precast sections shall be brought to a snug tight condition."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1042.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Catch basin Types A, B, C, and D; Manhole Type A; Inlet Types A and B; Drainage Structures Types 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6; Valve Vault Type A; and reinforced concrete flat slab top

(Highway Standard 602601) shall be according to AASHTO M 199 (M 199M), except the minimum wall thickness shall be 3 in. (75 mm). Additionally, catch basins, inlets, and drainage structures shall have a minimum concrete compressive strength of 4500 psi (31,000 kPa) at 28 days and manholes, valve vaults, and reinforced concrete flat slab tops shall have a minimum concrete compressive strength of 5000 psi (34,500 kPa) at 28 days."

PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 109.11 of the Standard Specifications:

"If reasonable cause is asserted, written notice shall be provided to the applicable subcontractor and/or material supplier and the Engineer within five days of the Contractor receiving payment. The written notice shall identify the contract number, the subcontract or material purchase agreement, a detailed reason for refusal, the value of payment being withheld, and the specific remedial actions required of the subcontractor and/or material supplier so that payment can be made."

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2017

Revise the Air Content % of Class PP Concrete in Table 1 Classes of Concrete and Mix Design Criteria in Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"TABLI	"TABLE 1. CLASSES OF CONCRETE AND MIX DESIGN CRITERIA		
Class of Conc.	Use	Air Content %	
PP	Pavement Patching Bridge Deck Patching (10)		
	PP-1		
	PP-2 PP-3	4.0 - 8.0"	
	PP-4	4.0 0.0	
	PP-5		

Revise Note (4) at the end of Table 1 Classes of Concrete and Mix Design Criteria in Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(4) For all classes of concrete, the maximum slump may be increased to 7 in (175 mm) when a high range water-reducing admixture is used. For Class SC, the maximum slump may be increased to 8 in. (200 mm). For Class PS, the maximum slump may be increased to 8 1/2 in. (215 mm) if the high range water-reducing admixture is the polycarboxylate type."

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2017

Revise the first paragraph of Article 424.12 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"424.12 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square feet (square meters). Curb ramps, including side curbs and side flares, will be measured for payment as sidewalk. No deduction will be made for detectable warnings located within the ramp."

PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2013

Revise Article 109.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the quantity of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

Progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics' Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

If a Contractor or subcontractor has defaulted on a loan issued under the Department's Disadvantaged Business Revolving Loan Program (20 ILCS 2705/2705-610), progress payments may be reduced pursuant to the terms of that loan agreement. In such cases, the amount of the estimate related to the work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor, in default of the loan agreement, will be offset, in whole or in part, and vouchered by the Department to the Working Capital Revolving Fund or designated escrow account. Payment for the work shall be considered as issued and received by the Contractor or subcontractor on the date of the offset voucher. Further, the amount of the offset voucher shall be a credit against the Department's obligation to pay the Contractor, the Contractor's obligation to pay the subcontractor, and the Contractor's or subcontractor's total loan indebtedness to the Department. The offset shall continue until such time as the entire loan indebtedness is satisfied. The Department will notify the Contractor and Fund Control Agent in a timely manner of such offset. The Contractor or subcontractor shall not be entitled to additional payment in consideration of the offset.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved."

RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND RECLAIMED ASPHALT SHINGLES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2012 Revise: January 1, 2018

Revise Section 1031 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"SECTION 1031. RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND RECLAIMED ASPHALT SHINGLES

1031.01 Description. Reclaimed asphalt pavement and reclaimed asphalt shingles shall be according to the following.

- (a) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP). RAP is the material produced by cold milling or crushing an existing hot-mix asphalt (HMA) pavement. The Contractor shall supply written documentation that the RAP originated from routes or airfields under federal, state, or local agency jurisdiction.
- (b) Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS). Reclaimed asphalt shingles (RAS). RAS is from the processing and grinding of preconsumer or post-consumer shingles. RAS shall be a clean and uniform material with a maximum of 0.5 percent unacceptable material, as defined in Central Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Shingle (RAS) Sources", by weight of RAS. All RAS used shall come from a Central Bureau of Materials approved processing facility where it shall be ground and processed to 100 percent passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 93 percent passing the #4 (4.75 mm) sieve based on a dry shake gradation. RAS shall be uniform in gradation and asphalt binder content and shall meet the testing requirements specified herein. In addition, RAS shall meet the following Type 1 or Type 2 requirements.
 - (1) Type 1. Type 1 RAS shall be processed, preconsumer asphalt shingles salvaged from the manufacture of residential asphalt roofing shingles.
 - (2) Type 2. Type 2 RAS shall be processed post-consumer shingles only, salvaged from residential, or four unit or less dwellings not subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP).

1031.02 Stockpiles. RAP and RAS stockpiles shall be according to the following.

(a) RAP Stockpiles. The Contractor shall construct individual, sealed RAP stockpiles meeting one of the following definitions. No additional RAP shall be added to the pile after the pile has been sealed. Stockpiles shall be sufficiently separated to prevent intermingling at the base. Stockpiles shall be identified by signs indicating the type as listed below (i.e. "Homogeneous Surface").

Prior to milling, the Contractor shall request the District provide documentation on the quality of the RAP to clarify the appropriate stockpile.

(1) Fractionated RAP (FRAP). FRAP shall consist of RAP from Class I, HMA (High and Low ESAL) mixtures. The coarse aggregate in FRAP shall be crushed aggregate and may represent more than one aggregate type and/or quality, but shall be at least C quality. All FRAP shall be fractionated prior to testing by screening into a minimum of two size fractions with the separation occurring on or between the #4 (4.75 mm) and 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) sieves. Agglomerations shall be minimized such that 100 percent of the RAP shall pass the sieve size specified below for the mix into which the FRAP will be incorporated.

Mixture FRAP will be used in:	Sieve Size that 100 %	
	of FRAP Shall Pass	
IL-19.0	1 1/2 in. (40 mm)	
IL-9.5	3/4 in. (20 mm)	
IL-4.75	1/2 in. (13 mm)	

- (2) Homogeneous. Homogeneous RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I, HMA (High and Low ESAL) mixtures and represent: 1) the same aggregate quality, but shall be at least C quality; 2) the same type of crushed aggregate (either crushed natural aggregate, ACBF slag, or steel slag); 3) similar gradation; and 4) similar asphalt binder content. If approved by the Engineer, combined single pass surface/binder millings may be considered "homogeneous" with a quality rating dictated by the lowest coarse aggregate quality present in the mixture.
- (3) Conglomerate. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall consist of RAP from Class I, HMA (High and Low ESAL) mixtures. The coarse aggregate in this RAP shall be crushed aggregate and may represent more than one aggregate type and/or quality, but shall be at least C quality. This RAP may have an inconsistent gradation and/or asphalt binder content prior to processing. All conglomerate RAP shall be processed prior to testing by crushing to where all RAP shall pass the 5/8 in. (16 mm) or smaller screen. Conglomerate RAP stockpiles shall not contain steel slag.
- (4) Non-Quality. RAP stockpiles that do not meet the requirements of the stockpile categories listed above shall be classified as "Non-Quality".

RAP/FRAP containing contaminants, such as earth, brick, sand, concrete, sheet asphalt, bituminous surface treatment (i.e. chip seal), pavement fabric, joint sealants, etc., will be unacceptable unless the contaminants are removed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Sheet asphalt shall be stockpiled separately.

(b) RAS Stockpiles. Type 1 and Type 2 RAS shall be stockpiled separately and shall not be intermingled. Each stockpile shall be signed indicating what type of RAS is present.

Unless otherwise specified by the Engineer, mechanically blending manufactured sand (FM 20 or FM 22) up to an equal weight of RAS with the processed RAS will be permitted to improve workability. The sand shall be "B Quality" or better from an

approved Aggregate Gradation Control System source. The sand shall be accounted for in the mix design and during HMA production.

Records identifying the shingle processing facility supplying the RAS, RAS type, and lot number shall be maintained by project contract number and kept for a minimum of three years.

1031.03 Testing. RAP/FRAP and RAS testing shall be according to the following.

- (a) RAP/FRAP Testing. When used in HMA, the RAP/FRAP shall be sampled and tested either during or after stockpiling.
 - (1) During Stockpiling. For testing during stockpiling, washed extraction samples shall be run at the minimum frequency of one sample per 500 tons (450 metric tons) for the first 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) and one sample per 2000 tons (1800 metric tons) thereafter. A minimum of five tests shall be required for stockpiles less than 4000 tons (3600 metric tons).
 - (2) After Stockpiling. For testing after stockpiling, the Contractor shall submit a plan for approval to the District proposing a satisfactory method of sampling and testing the RAP/FRAP pile either in-situ or by restockpiling. The sampling plan shall meet the minimum frequency required above and detail the procedure used to obtain representative samples throughout the pile for testing.

Each sample shall be split to obtain two equal samples of test sample size. One of the two test samples from the final split shall be labeled and stored for Department use. The Contractor shall extract the other test sample according to Department procedure. The Engineer reserves the right to test any sample (split or Department-taken) to verify Contractor test results.

(b) RAS Testing. RAS or RAS blended with manufactured sand shall be sampled and tested during stockpiling according to Central Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Shingle (RAS) Source".

Samples shall be collected during stockpiling at the minimum frequency of one sample per 200 tons (180 metric tons) for the first 1000 tons (900 metric tons) and one sample per 250 tons (225 metric tons) thereafter. A minimum of five samples are required for stockpiles less than 1000 tons (900 metric tons). Once a \leq 1000 ton (900 metric ton), five-sample/test stockpile has been established it shall be sealed. Additional incoming RAS or RAS blended with manufactured sand shall be stockpiled in a separate working pile as designated in the Quality Control plan and only added to the sealed stockpile when the test results of the working pile are complete and are found to meet the tolerances specified herein for the original sealed RAS stockpile.

Before testing, each sample shall be split to obtain two test samples. One of the two test samples from the final split shall be labeled and stored for Department use. The

Contractor shall perform a washed extraction and test for unacceptable materials on the other test sample according to Department procedures. The Engineer reserves the right to test any sample (split or Department-taken) to verify Contractor test results.

If the sampling and testing was performed at the shingle processing facility in accordance with the QC Plan, the Contractor shall obtain and make available all of the test results from start of the initial stockpile.

1031.04 Evaluation of Tests. Evaluation of test results shall be according to the following.

(a) Evaluation of RAP/FRAP Test Results. All of the extraction results shall be compiled and averaged for asphalt binder content and gradation, and when applicable G_{mm} . Individual extraction test results, when compared to the averages, will be accepted if within the tolerances listed below.

Parameter	FRAP/Homogeneous/ Conglomerate
1 in. (25 mm)	
1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	± 8 %
No. 4 (4.75 mm)	± 6 %
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	± 5 %
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	
No. 30 (600 µm)	± 5 %
No. 200 (75 µm)	± 2.0 %
Asphalt Binder	\pm 0.4 % $^{1/}$
G _{mm}	± 0.03

1/ The tolerance for FRAP shall be \pm 0.3 %.

If more than 20 percent of the individual sieves and/or asphalt binder content tests are out of the above tolerances, the RAP/FRAP shall not be used in HMA unless the RAP/FRAP representing the failing tests is removed from the stockpile. All test data and acceptance ranges shall be sent to the District for evaluation.

With the approval of the Engineer, the ignition oven may be substituted for extractions according to the ITP, "Calibration of the Ignition Oven for the Purpose of Characterizing Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)".

(b) Evaluation of RAS and RAS Blended with Manufactured Sand Test Results. All of the test results, with the exception of percent unacceptable materials, shall be compiled and averaged for asphalt binder content and gradation. Individual test results, when compared to the averages, will be accepted if within the tolerances listed below.

Parameter	RAS
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	± 5 %

No. 16 (1.18 mm)	± 5 %
No. 30 (600 µm)	± 4 %
No. 200 (75 μm)	± 2.0 %
Asphalt Binder Content	± 1.5 %

If more than 20 percent of the individual sieves and/or asphalt binder content tests are out of the above tolerances, or if the percent unacceptable material exceeds 0.5 percent by weight of material retained on the # 4 (4.75 mm) sieve, the RAS or RAS blend shall not be used in Department projects. All test data and acceptance ranges shall be sent to the District for evaluation.

1031.05 Quality Designation of Aggregate in RAP/FRAP.

- (a) RAP. The aggregate quality of the RAP for homogeneous and conglomerate stockpiles shall be set by the lowest quality of coarse aggregate in the RAP stockpile and are designated as follows.
 - (1) RAP from Class I, Superpave/HMA (High ESAL), or (Low ESAL) IL-9.5L surface mixtures are designated as containing Class B quality coarse aggregate.
 - (2) RAP from Class I binder, Superpave/HMA (High ESAL) binder, or (Low ESAL) IL-19.0L binder mixtures are designated as containing Class C quality coarse aggregate.
- (b) FRAP. If the Engineer has documentation of the quality of the FRAP aggregate, the Contractor shall use the assigned quality provided by the Engineer.

If the quality is not known, the quality shall be determined as follows. Coarse and fine FRAP stockpiles containing plus #4 (4.75 mm) sieve coarse aggregate shall have a maximum tonnage of 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). The Contractor shall obtain a representative sample witnessed by the Engineer. The sample shall be a minimum of 50 lb (25 kg). The sample shall be extracted according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 164 by a consultant laboratory prequalified by the Department for the specified testing. The consultant laboratory shall submit the test results along with the recovered aggregate to the District Office. The cost for this testing shall be paid by the Contractor. The District will forward the sample to the Central Bureau of Materials Aggregate Lab for MicroDeval Testing, according to ITP 327. A maximum loss of 15.0 percent will be applied for all HMA applications.

1031.06 Use of RAP/FRAP and/or RAS in HMA. The use of RAP/FRAP and/or RAS shall be the Contractor's option when constructing HMA in all contracts.

- (a) RAP/FRAP. The use of RAP/FRAP in HMA shall be as follows.
 - (1) Coarse Aggregate Size. The coarse aggregate in all RAP shall be equal to or less than the nominal maximum size requirement for the HMA mixture to be produced.

- (2) Steel Slag Stockpiles. Homogeneous RAP stockpiles containing steel slag will be approved for use in all HMA (High ESAL and Low ESAL) Surface and Binder Mixture applications.
- (3) Use in HMA Surface Mixtures (High and Low ESAL). RAP/FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA surface mixtures (High and Low ESAL) shall be FRAP or homogeneous in which the coarse aggregate is Class B quality or better. FRAP from Conglomerate stockpiles shall be considered equivalent to limestone for frictional considerations. Known frictional contributions from plus #4 (4.75 mm) homogeneous FRAP stockpiles will be accounted for in meeting frictional requirements in the specified mixture.
- (4) Use in HMA Binder Mixtures (High and Low ESAL), HMA Base Course, and HMA Base Course Widening. RAP/FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA binder mixtures (High and Low ESAL), HMA base course, and HMA base course widening shall be FRAP, homogeneous, or conglomerate, in which the coarse aggregate is Class C quality or better.
- (5) Use in Shoulders and Subbase. RAP/FRAP stockpiles for use in HMA shoulders and stabilized subbase (HMA) shall be FRAP, homogeneous, or conglomerate.
- (6) When the Contractor chooses the RAP option, the percentage of RAP shall not exceed the amounts indicated in Article 1031.06(c)(1) below for a given Ndesign.
- (b) RAS. RAS meeting Type 1 or Type 2 requirements will be permitted in all HMA applications as specified herein.
- (c) RAP/FRAP and/or RAS Usage Limits. Type 1 or Type 2 RAS may be used alone or in conjunction with RAP or FRAP in HMA mixtures up to a maximum of 5.0 percent by weight of the total mix.
 - (1) RAP/RAS. When RAP is used alone or RAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the Max RAP/RAS ABR table listed below for the given Ndesign.

RAP/RAS Maximum Asphalt Binder Replacement (ABR) Percentage

HMA Mixtures	RAP/RAS Maximum ABR %		
Ndesign	Binder/Leveling Binder	Surface	Polymer Modified
30	30	30	10
50	25	15	10
70	15	10	10
90	10	10	10

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the RAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28). If warm mix asphalt (WMA) technology is utilized and production temperatures do not exceed 275 °F (135 °C), the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade when RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 25 percent (i.e. 26 percent RAP/RAS ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- (2) FRAP/RAS. When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the FRAP/RAS table listed below for the given Ndesign.

FRAP/RAS Maximum Asphalt Binder Replacement (ABR) Percentage

HMA Mixtures	FRAP/RAS Maximum ABR %		
Ndesign	Binder/Leveling Binder	Surface	Polymer Modified 3/, 4/
30	50	40	10
50	40	35	10
70	40	30	10
90	40	30	10

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent for all mixes, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28). If warm mix asphalt (WMA) technology is utilized and production temperatures do not exceed 275 °F (135 °C), the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade when FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 25 percent (i.e. 26 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ For SMA the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 20 percent.
- 4/ For IL-4.75 mix the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 30 percent.

1031.07 HMA Mix Designs. At the Contractor's option, HMA mixtures may be constructed utilizing RAP/FRAP and/or RAS material meeting the detailed requirements specified herein.

- (a) RAP/FRAP and/or RAS. RAP/FRAP and/or RAS mix designs shall be submitted for verification. If additional RAP/FRAP and/or RAS stockpiles are tested and found that no more than 20 percent of the results, as defined under "Testing" herein, are outside of the control tolerances set for the original RAP/FRAP and/or RAS stockpile and HMA mix design, and meets all of the requirements herein, the additional RAP/FRAP and/or RAS stockpiles may be used in the original mix design at the percent previously verified.
- (b) RAS. Type 1 and Type 2 RAS are not interchangeable in a mix design.

The RAP, FRAP, and RAS stone bulk specific gravities (G_{sb}) shall be according to the "Determination of Aggregate Bulk (Dry) Specific Gravity (G_{sb}) of Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) and Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)" procedure in the Department's Manual of Test Procedures for Materials.

1031.08 HMA Production. HMA production utilizing RAP/FRAP and/or RAS shall be as follows.

(a) RAP/FRAP. The coarse aggregate in all RAP/FRAP used shall be equal to or less than the nominal maximum size requirement for the HMA mixture being produced.

To remove or reduce agglomerated material, a scalping screen, gator, crushing unit, or comparable sizing device approved by the Engineer shall be used in the RAP feed system to remove or reduce oversized material.

If the RAP/FRAP control tolerances or QC/QA test results require corrective action, the Contractor shall cease production of the mixture containing RAP/FRAP and either switch to the virgin aggregate design or submit a new RAP/FRAP design.

- (b) RAS. RAS shall be incorporated into the HMA mixture either by a separate weight depletion system or by using the RAP weigh belt. Either feed system shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes. The portion of RAS shall be controlled accurately to within ± 0.5 percent of the amount of RAS utilized. When using the weight depletion system, flow indicators or sensing devices shall be provided and interlocked with the plant controls such that the mixture production is halted when RAS flow is interrupted.
- (c) RAP/FRAP and/or RAS. HMA plants utilizing RAP/FRAP and/or RAS shall be capable of automatically recording and printing the following information.
 - (1) Dryer Drum Plants.
 - a. Date, month, year, and time to the nearest minute for each print.
 - b. HMA mix number assigned by the Department.

- c. Accumulated weight of dry aggregate (combined or individual) in tons (metric tons) to the nearest 0.1 ton (0.1 metric ton).
- d. Accumulated dry weight of RAP/FRAP/RAS in tons (metric tons) to the nearest 0.1 ton (0.1 metric ton).
- e. Accumulated mineral filler in revolutions, tons (metric tons), etc. to the nearest 0.1 unit.
- f. Accumulated asphalt binder in gallons (liters), tons (metric tons), etc. to the nearest 0.1 unit.
- g. Residual asphalt binder in the RAP/FRAP material as a percent of the total mix to the nearest 0.1 percent.
- Aggregate and RAP/FRAP moisture compensators in percent as set on the control panel. (Required when accumulated or individual aggregate and RAP/FRAP are printed in wet condition.)

(2) Batch Plants.

- a. Date, month, year, and time to the nearest minute for each print.
- b. HMA mix number assigned by the Department.
- c. Individual virgin aggregate hot bin batch weights to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- d. Mineral filler weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- e. RAP/FRAP/RAS weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- f. Virgin asphalt binder weight to the nearest pound (kilogram).
- g. Residual asphalt binder in the RAP/FRAP/RAS material as a percent of the total mix to the nearest 0.1 percent.

The printouts shall be maintained in a file at the plant for a minimum of one year or as directed by the Engineer and shall be made available upon request. The printing system will be inspected by the Engineer prior to production and verified at the beginning of each construction season thereafter.

1031.09 RAP in Aggregate Surface Course and Aggregate Wedge Shoulders, Type B. The use of RAP in aggregate surface course (temporary access entrances only) and aggregate wedge shoulders, Type B shall be as follows.

- (a) Stockpiles and Testing. RAP stockpiles may be any of those listed in Article 1031.02, except "Non-Quality" and "FRAP". The testing requirements of Article 1031.03 shall not apply. RAP used shall be according to the current Central Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications".
- (b) Gradation. One hundred percent of the RAP material shall pass the 1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm) sieve. The RAP material shall be reasonably well graded from coarse to fine. RAP material that is gap-graded or single sized will not be accepted."

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILILATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least 14 days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%"

WARM MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2012 Revised: April 1, 2016

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of designing, producing and constructing Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) in lieu of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) at the Contractor's option. Work shall be according to Sections 406, 407, 408, 1030, and 1102 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein. In addition, any references to HMA in the Standard Specifications, or the special provisions shall be construed to include WMA.

WMA is an asphalt mixture which can be produced at temperatures lower than allowed for HMA utilizing approved WMA technologies. WMA technologies are defined as the use of additives or processes which allow a reduction in the temperatures at which HMA mixes are produced and placed. WMA is produced by the use of additives, a water foaming process, or combination of both. Additives include minerals, chemicals or organics incorporated into the asphalt binder stream in a dedicated delivery system. The process of foaming injects water into the asphalt binder stream, just prior to incorporation of the asphalt binder with the aggregate.

Approved WMA technologies may also be used in HMA provided all the requirements specified herein, with the exception of temperature, are met. However, asphalt mixtures produced at temperatures in excess of 275 °F (135 °C) will not be considered WMA when determining the grade reduction of the virgin asphalt binder grade.

Equipment.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1102.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1102.01 Hot-Mix Asphalt Plant. The hot-mix asphalt (HMA) plant shall be the batch-type, continuous-type, or dryer drum plant. The plants shall be evaluated for prequalification rating and approval to produce HMA according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Approval of Hot-Mix Asphalt Plants and Equipment". Once approved, the Contractor shall notify the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research to obtain approval of all plant modifications. The plants shall not be used to produce mixtures concurrently for more than one project or for private work unless permission is granted in writing by the Engineer. The plant units shall be so designed, coordinated and operated that they will function properly and produce HMA having uniform temperatures and compositions within the tolerances specified. The plant units shall meet the following requirements."

Add the following to Article 1102.01(a) of the Standard Specifications.

- "(11) Equipment for Warm Mix Technologies.
 - a. Foaming. Metering equipment for foamed asphalt shall have an accuracy of ± 2 percent of the actual water metered. The foaming control system shall be electronically interfaced with the asphalt binder meter.

b. Additives. Additives shall be introduced into the plant according to the supplier's recommendations and shall be approved by the Engineer. The system for introducing the WMA additive shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes."

Mix Design Verification.

Add the following to Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications.

- "(e) Warm Mix Technologies.
 - (1) Foaming. WMA mix design verification will not be required when foaming technology is used alone (without WMA additives). However, the foaming technology shall only be used on HMA designs previously approved by the Department.
 - (2) Additives. WMA mix designs utilizing additives shall be submitted to the Engineer for mix design verification."

Construction Requirements.

Revise the second paragraph of Article 406.06(b)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The HMA shall be delivered at a temperature of 250 to 350 °F (120 to 175 °C). WMA shall be delivered at a minimum temperature of 215 °F (102 °C)."

Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid at the contract unit price bid for the HMA pay items involved. Anti-strip will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the cost of the work.

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: April 2, 2015

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Monday through Sunday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 40 working days.

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

 Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

- Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor

performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection

for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- **7. Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
 - a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391.

The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each

classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH–1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
 - (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a

separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
 - (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
 - (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice

performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
- d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12
- **8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one

and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
 - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.
- 5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
- 2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more — as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of

Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

* * * * *

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of

Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.
- 6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

Contract Provision - Cargo Preference Requirements

In accordance with Title 46 CFR § 381.7 (b), the contractor agrees—

- "(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.
- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

Provisions (1) and (2) apply to materials or equipment that are acquired solely for the project. The two provisions do not apply to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of the project, such as shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, when industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories.

MINIMUM WAGES FOR FEDERAL AND FEDERALLY ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

This project is funded, in part, with Federal-aid funds and, as such, is subject to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Sta. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in a 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix A, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act and pursuant to the provisions of 29 CFR Part 1. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits shown in the General Wage Determination Decisions issued by the U.S. Department of Labor shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

General Wage Determination Decisions, modifications and supersedes decisions thereto are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable DBRA Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits contained in the General Wage Determination Decision shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.