

### **Abbreviated Structure Geotechnical Report**

Original Report Date: 09/15/23	Proposed SN:	096-2013	Route:	FAP Rte. 821
Revised Date:	Existing SN:	096-2000	Section:	(19B2)B-1
Geotechnical Engineer BBS - Doris	D. Gonzalez		County:	Wayne
Structural Engineer: Nephtali Rivera	Contract:	74648		

Indicate the proposed structure type, substructure types, and foundation locations (attach plan and elevation drawing): The project is a structure replacement. The proposed structure is a triple-barrel, cast-in-place (CIP) box culvert. The current TSL shows horizontal cantilever wingwalls at all four ends, with extensions at the Northeast and Southwest wingwalls. The box has a skew of 30 degrees.

Discuss the existing boring data, existing plans foundation information, new subsurface exploration and need for any additional exploration to be provided with SGR Technical Memo (attach all data and subsurface profile plot): The existing structure is a CIP box culvert with horizontal cantilever and L-type wingwalls was constructed in 1957. It should be noted that the original structure was a bridge constructed at the same location in 1922, and parts of the original substructure may be encountered as it may not have been completely removed.

Two borings, designated Boring 1 and Boring 2, were advanced in May 2022. The soil profile consists of interbedded layers of silt, clay, silty loam, and clay loam over clay loam till ending on sandstone. The unconfined compressive strengths range from 0.1 to 1.7 tsf in the silts and loams, and 1.7 to 4.3 tsf in the clay till. Sandstone was encountered in Boring 2 at elevation 380.26 ft.

The existing plans show two borings, which will referred to as B1 (1956) and B2 (1956). The soils shown in these borings are consistent with the soil descriptions on the 2022 borings; however, sandstone was encountered 11 ft higher, at an approximate elevation of 391.3 ft.

Provide the location and maximum height of any new soil fill or magnitude of footing bearing pressure. Estimate the amount and time of the expected settlement. Indicate if further testing, analysis, and/or ground improvement/treatment is necessary: The grade is being maintained, and the proposed culvert's invert is approximately 2 ft below the existing invert. Additional fill may be added behind the new wingwalls; however, the embankment does not appear to be widened significantly. Since the proposed culvert will occupy the footprint of the existing culvert, and the roadway centerline elevation will be increased by less than 6 inches, settlement is not expected to be significant and was not calculated.

Identify any new cuts or fill slope angles and heights. Estimate the factor of safety against slope failure. Indicate if further testing, analysis or ground improvement/treatment is necessary: As mentioned above, the grade is being maintained, also the proposed embankment will have a 2H:1V slope, as the existing. There here was no indication of slope stability issues or movement of the wingwalls in the Bridge Condition Report (BCR) dated January 14, 2021; therefore, slope stability is not a concern and it's expected to have a satisfactory factor of safety.

Indicate at each substructure, the 100-year and 200-year total scour depths in the Hydraulics report, the non-granular scour depth reduction, the proposed ground surface, and the recommended foundation design scour elevations: Since the proposed structure is a box culvert, design scour elevations are not required.

Determining the seismic soil site class, the seismic performance zone, the 0.2 and 1.0 second design spectral accelerations and indicate if that the soils are liquefiable: Since buried structures are not designed for seismic effects, seismic data is not required.

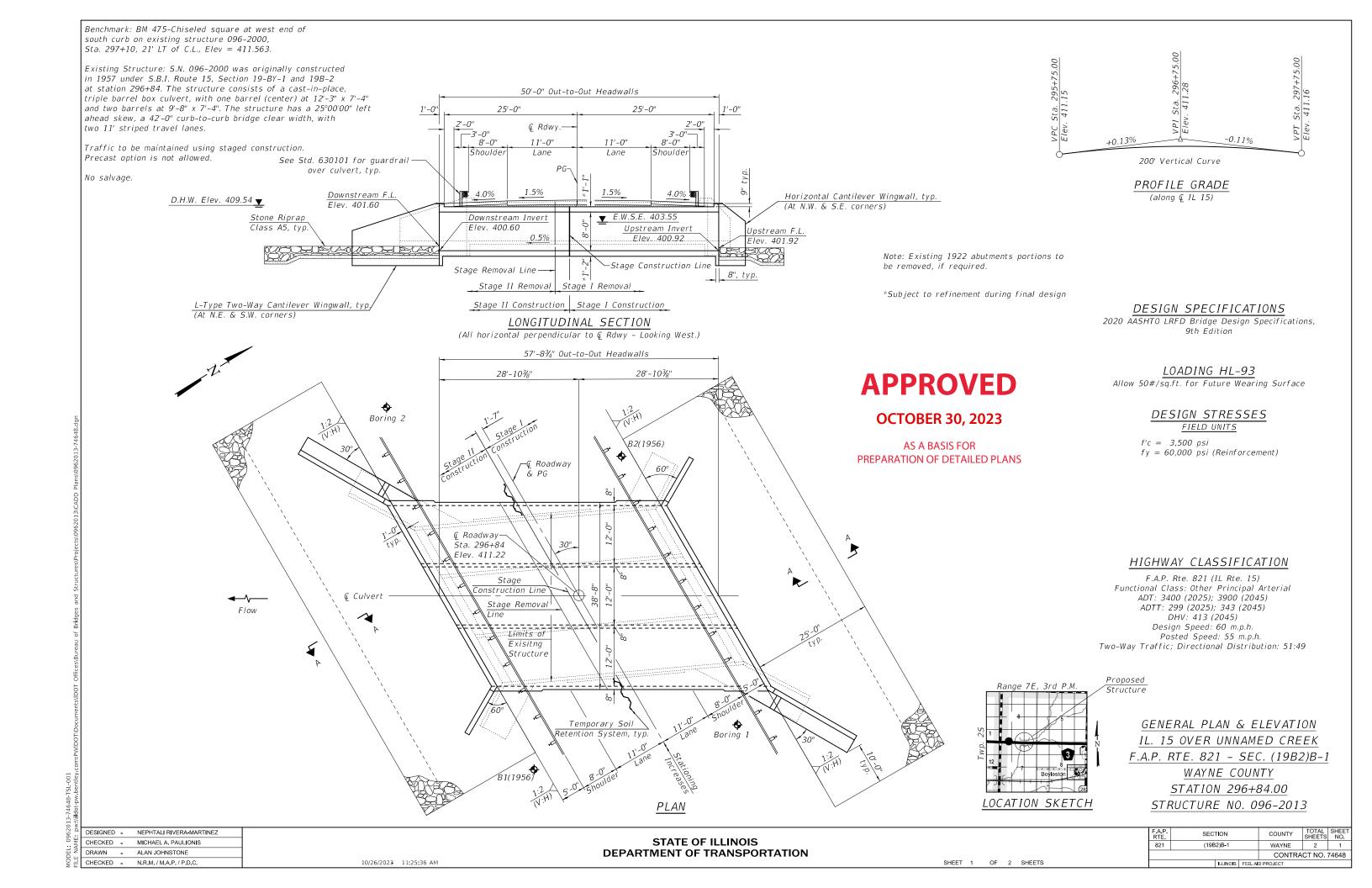
Confirm feasibility of the proposed foundation or wall type and provide design parameters. Attach a pile design table indicating feasible pile types, various nominal required bearings, factored resistances available and corresponding estimated lengths at locations where piles will be used. Provide factored bearing resistance and unit sliding resistance at various elevations and confirm no ground improvement/treatment is necessary where spread footings are proposed. Estimated top of rock elevations as well as preliminary factored unit side and tip resistance values shall be indicated when drilled shafts are proposed: The construction of a precast or cast-in-place concrete box culvert is geotechnically feasible; however, per the Structure Report dated August 30, 2022, a cast-in-place is preferred.

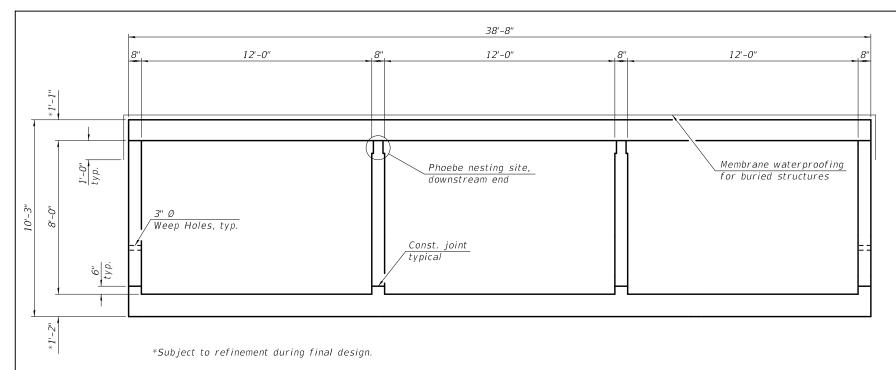
Horizontal cantilever wingwalls are feasible, but are limited to a maximum length of 16 ft. The FGU recommends utilizing horizontal cantilever wingwalls at the NW and SE ends (short wingwalls).

For the NE and SW ends (long wingwalls), the FGU recommends utilizing two-way L-type cantilever wingwalls. Horizontal cantilever wingwalls with extensions are also feasible. Permanent sheet piling extensions were evaluated, but due to the nature of the soil profile and limited embedment due to sandstone being encountered, these would need to be anchored. Soldier pile walls could also be utilized as extensions, but the piles would have to be drilled into rock. In conclusion, based on the encountered soils as well as the proximity to rock, we recommend utilizing two-way L-type cantilever wingwalls at these locations.

Calculate the estimated water surface elevation and determine the need for cofferdams (type 1 or 2), and seal coat: An Estimated Water Surface Elevation equal to 403.55 was provided by the Bridge Planning Unit. The soils under the proposed culvert are mainly composed of silty loams. Since the EWSE is less than 4 ft above the bottom of the box culvert barrel, temporary dewatering of the excavations by stream diversion will be required.

Assess the need for sheeting or soil retention or temporary construction slope and provide recommendation for other construction concerns: The proposed structure will be constructed utilizing stage construction, so temporary earth retention will be required. Based on the soil types, retained height, proximity to rock as well as the potential for encountering obstructions, the Temporary Soil Retention System pay item should be utilized.





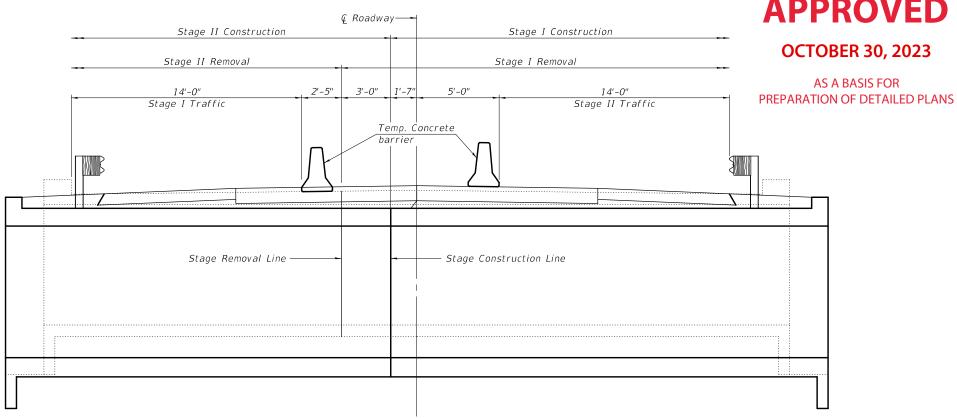
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#### WATERWAY INFORMATION

	_					_				
Drainage Area =	Existing Overtopping Elev. 410.79 @ Sta. 301+74									
Proposed Overtopping Elev. 410.79 @ Sta. 301+74										
Flood	Freq.	Q	Opening Ft²		Nat.	Head - Ft.		Headwater El.		
F1000	Yr.	C.F.S.	Exist.	Prop.	H.W.E.	Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.	
Ten-Year	10	935	190	288	409.09	1.12	1.00	410.21	410.09	
Overtop Existing	30	1,373	201	288	409.44	1.59	1.39	411.03	410.83	
Overtop Proposed	40	1,484	203	288	409.51	1.70	1.48	411.21	410.99	
Design	50	1,540	204	288	409.54	1.73	1.67	411.27	411.21	
Base	100	1,810	210	288	409.70	1.81	1.80	411.51	411.50	

Existing 10 Year Outlet Velocity = 4.9 ft/s Proposed 10 Year Outlet Velocity = 3.3 ft/s

#### SECTION THRU BAREL



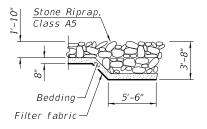
LONGITUDINAL SECTION - STAGE CONSTRUCTION (Horizontal dimensions are perpendicular

to & roadway-Looking West)

**APPROVED** 

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

**OCTOBER 30, 2023** 



SECTION A-A

DETAILS IL. 15 OVER UNNAMED CREEK F.A.P. RTE. 821 - SEC. (19B2)B-1 WAYNE COUNTY STATION 296+84.00 STRUCTURE NO. 096-2013

DESIGNED - NEPHTALI RIVERA-MARTINEZ CHECKED - MICHAEL A. PAULIONIS DRAWN - ALAN JOHNSTONE CHECKED - N.R.M./M.A.P./P.D.C.

STATE OF ILLINOIS **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION** 

SECTION 821 (19B2)B-1 WAYNE 2 2 CONTRACT NO. 74648



2022,GPJ IL DOT.GDT

-2013(P)

096-2000(E)

## **SOIL BORING LOG**

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Date 5/9/22 FAP 821 (IL 15) DESCRIPTION IL 15 over Unnamed Stream LOGGED BY: Sandschafer ROUTE SECTION (19B2)B-1 LOCATION Northeast Corner, SEC. 7, TWP. 2E, RNG. 7S, 3<sup>rd</sup> PM, Latitude N 38.370146, Longitude W 88.465384 COUNTY Wayne DRILLING METHOD Hollow stem auger & split spoon HAMMER Auto ETR = 91.8% @ 57.4 096-2000 (E) **STRUCT. NO.** \_\_\_\_096-2013 (P) D В U M D В U М Surface Water Elev. 402.90 ft E 296+84 L C 0 E L C 0 Stream Bed Elev. 402.60 ft P 0 S I Ρ 0 S I T W S BORING NO. 1 East Abutment T W S Groundwater Elev.: H S Qu T **Station** 296+45 Н S Qu T First Encounter 394.0 Offset 15.0 ft RT Upon Completion 403.0 Caved ft √ (ft) (/6")(tsf) (%) (ft) (/6")(%) Ground Surface Elev. 410.95 ft After 24 Hrs. (tsf) 404.5 Aggregate Shoulder Mixed with Stiff, moist, brown, CLAY LOAM 3 1.2 18 Clay 409.95 3 В Brown, CLAY 388.95 2 2 Brown, fine-grained, SAND 388.45 2 1.5 5 4.3 13 Hard, moist, grey, CLAY LOAM Stiff, moist 1 P 10 Till В 406.45 Very soft, wet, brown, SILT 1 3 1 0.2 32 3 1.7 18 Stiff 1 В 6 В  $\nabla$ 1 2 Grev 1 0.1 27 Hard 4 4.1 15 1 8 В В 401.45 1 2 Stiff, moist, grey, SILTY LOAM 3 20 1.0 5 2.1 15 Very stiff 3 В В 379.95 Benchmark: BM 475 - Cut Square in Southwest Corner of Bridge Curb SN 096-2000, Sta. 297+10, 1 Medium, grey and brown marbled 21 feet LT; Elevation = 411.563 6 0.4 19 feet. 3 В End of Boring 395.95 -15 1 2 Stiff, moist, grey, CLAY 1.2 19 3 В 2 Soft, moist, grey, SILTY LOAM 2 0.3 18 2 В 391.45 Stiff, moist, brown, CLAY LOAM 390.95 -20

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer, E-Estimated) The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206), WH-Weight of Hammer, NT-Not Tested.



SOIL BORING 096-2000(E), -2013(P) SOIL 2022.GPJ IL\_DOT.GDT 5/25/22

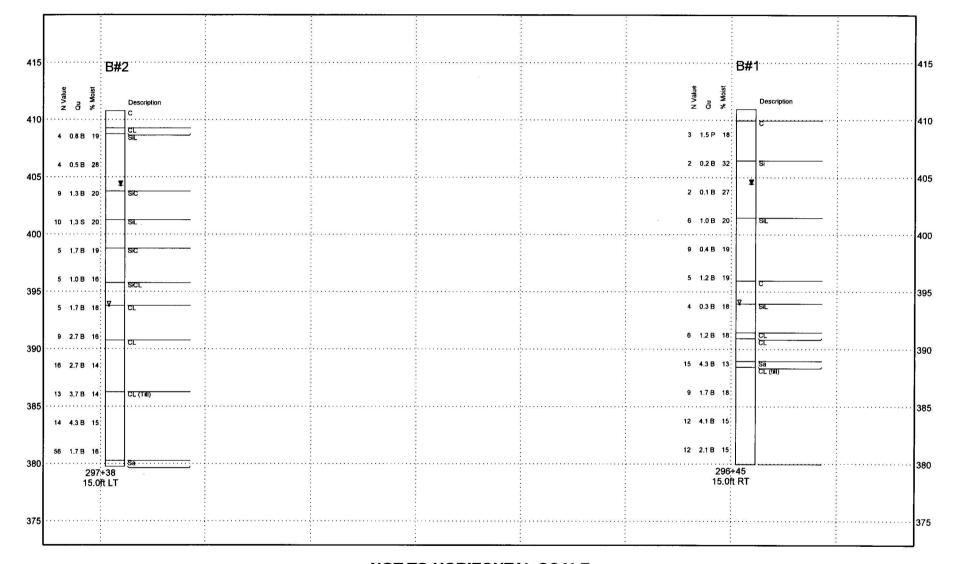
# **SOIL BORING LOG**

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Date 5/9/22

ROUTE	FAP 821 (IL 15)	_ DE	DESCRIPTION				IL 15 over Unnamed Stream	LOGGED BYE. Sandschaf					
SECTION _	(19B2)B-1	5000	LOCATION Northeast Corner, SEC. 7, TWP. 2E, RNG. 7S, 3 <sup>rd</sup> PM, Latitude N 38.370086, Longitude W 88.465719										
COUNTY	Wayne DF	RILLING	LLING METHOD H			ollow stem auger & split spoon HAMMER							
STRUCT. NO Station	096-2000 (E) 096-2013 (P) 296+84		D E P	B L O	U C S	M O I	Surface Water Elev.         402.90           Stream Bed Elev.         402.60	ft	D E P	B L O	UCS	M O I	
Station Offset	2 West Abutment 297+38 15.0 ft LT face Elev. 410.76		H (ft)	W S (/6")	Qu (tsf)	S T (%)	Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter 393.8 Upon Completion 399.8 Caved After 24 Hrs. 404.3	ft∑	H (ft)	W S (/6")	Qu (tsf)	S T (%)	
	noulder with Brown		_				Very stiff, moist, brown, CLAY LOAM	· '\- <u>*</u> -	_	4 5	2.7 B	16	
Brown, CLAY		409.26 408.76							_		riot		
Medium, mois LOAM	st, brown, SILTY			1 2 2	0.8 B	19			_	6 10	2.7 B	14	
		S	_	4				386.26	_	•			
Soft		,	-5	1 2 2	0.5 B	28	Very stiff, moist, grey, CLAY LOAM Till		-25	2 6 7	3.7 B	14	
Offi-t	OII TV OI AV	403.76	⊻	1	4				_				
Stiff, moist, gi	rey, SILTY CLAY	s	_	4 5	1.3 B	20	Hard		_	5 9	4.3 B	15	
Stiff, moist, gi	rey, SILTY LOAM	401.26	-10	2			ч		-30	2			
		Δ		5 5	1.3 S	20	Soft, brown, SANDSTONE Benchmark: BM 475 - Cut Square	380.26 379.76	-	40 16	1.7 B	16	
Stiff, moist, gr	rey, SILTY CLAY	398.76		1 2	1.7	19	in Southwest Corner of Bridge Curb SN 096-2000, Sta. 297+10, 21 feet LT; Elevation = 411.563 feet.						
		-	_	3	В		End of Boring						
Medium, mois LOAM	st, grey, SILTY CLAY	395.76	-15	1 2 3	1.0 B	16	,		<b>-35</b>				
Stiff, moist, br	rown, CLAY LOAM	393.70	<u>,                                    </u>	1									
		÷	7—	3	1.7 B	18			-				
		390.76	-20	2									

Structure Number 096-2000 (E) 096-2013 (P) IL 15 over Unnamed Stream Located in the Northeast Corner of Section 7, Township 2E, Range 7S of the 3 P.M.



## **NOT TO HORIZONTAL SCALE**

# Illinois Department of Transportation

## **VARIATIONS IN SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS MAY EXIST BETWEEN BORINGS**

Completion

after (refer to log) hours

Abbreviations WH - Sampler Advanced by Weight of Hammer, WOP - Weight of Pipe B.S. - Before Seating

## SUBSURFACE DATA PROFILE

Route: FAP 821 (IL 15)

Section: (19B2)B-1

County: Wayne

Sheet proper

