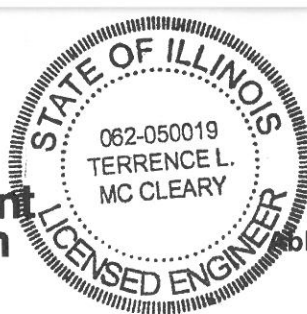




**Illinois Department
of Transportation**



Abbreviated Structure Geotechnical Report

Original Report Date: 6/4/14 Proposed SN: 006-0188 Route: IL 89, FAP 698
 Revised Date: 5/2/15 Existing SN: 006-0106 Section: (101 BR-2)BR
 Geotechnical Engineer: Terry McCleary of McCleary Engineering County: Bureau
 Structural Engineer: Mike Okrent, Bloom Companies Contract: 66A21

Indicate the proposed structure type, substructure types, and foundation locations (attach plan and elevation drawing):
A three span structure, 70 ft. in total length from back to back of abutments is proposed. The superstructure will be a concrete slab supported by integral abutments and two solid stem piers. The factored loadings are estimated to be near 560 kips at the abutments and near 825 kips at the two piers. The pier foundation width was estimated to be near 36 ft. Please refer to the draft TSL drawing for a more accurate picture of what is to be constructed. See the attached piling discussion. Boring data from the 1983 bridge construction is not available.

Discuss the existing boring data, existing plans foundation information, new subsurface exploration and need for any additional exploration to be provided with SGR Technical Memo (attach all data and subsurface profile plot):
Two borings exist for this structure from 2009. In general, both the borings show similar soil stratification. Boring #1 was chosen to represent both borings and is therefore described here. This boring showed stiff clay soils down to an approximate depth of 15 ft. where loose Silt was encountered to a depth of 17 ft. Between 17 ft. and 42 ft. a medium dense to dense loamy fine Sand to coarse Gravel (with N-values as high as 64 at the bottom of this layer) were reported in the log. Between 42 ft. and 50 ft. depth a very stiff Silty Clay Loam (TILL) was encountered. Between 50 ft. depth and the end of the boring at 61.5 ft. the soils encountered were a hard Sandy Clay Loam (Till). See the attached boring logs and soils profile for more detailed descriptions of the subsurface conditions. Each of the existing closed abutments rest on spread footing foundations with no piling. Pier borings would have to be taken through the deck to be close enough to be useful. It has been the District's policy to not core through PPC deck beams. The two abutment borings are only 90 ft. apart and show similar soils; therefore at this time I see no need for additional investigation. No borings were available from the investigation for the existing structure.

Provide the location and maximum height of any new soil fill or magnitude of footing bearing pressure. Estimate the amount and time of the expected settlement. Indicate if further testing, analysis, and/or ground improvement/treatment is necessary: **At the time of this report it is my understanding there is no additional embankment behind the new integral abutment. It also appears there will be a slight raise in grade due to the proposed wearing surface on approach pavement. No ground improvement beyond normal construction practice is expected at this site therefore no further testing or analysis is proposed at this time.**

Identify any new cuts or fill slope angles and heights. Estimate the factor of safety against slope failure. Indicate if further testing, analysis or ground improvement/treatment is necessary. **Minimal grade change is expected. The end slope on the stream side of the abutment will remain a 1:2(V:H) slope with a slope height near 8 ft. to the bottom of the proposed abutment. The short term FOS is estimated to be 2.05. We estimate the long term FOS to be 1.55. These factors of safety were estimated using the commercially available software SLIDE 6.0. Boring #1 for the South Abutment was used for the analysis. No further analysis, testing or ground improvement is expected for this project.**

Indicate at each substructure, the 100-year and 200-year total scour depths in the Hydraulics Report, the non-granular scour depth reduction, the proposed ground surface, and the recommended foundation design scour elevations. **No scour was accounted for at the abutments per IDOT policy. The design scour elevations and bottom of abutment elevations are 687.28 ft and 687.40 for the south abutment and north abutment respectively. The 100-year and 200-year total scour for the piers is estimated to be 25.04 ft and 25.25 ft, respectively. Because of the soils encountered in the borings near the streambed elevation no reduction in the scour depth is recommended, per Department policy. The design scour elevation at the piers is estimated to be 653.96 ft. The propose ground elevation at the piers is near 679.0 ft. See the attached scour table.**

Determining the seismic soil site class, the seismic performance zone, the 0.2 and 1.0 second design spectral accelerations and indicate if the soils are liquefiable. **This site is in a seismic performance zone, SPZ=1 and has a seismic soil site class of "D", an SDs = 0.159 and an SD1=0.095. Because of the SPZ a liquefaction analysis was not performed.**

Confirm feasibility of the proposed foundation or wall type and provide design parameters. Attach a pile design table indicating feasible pile types, various nominal required bearings, factored resistances available and corresponding estimated lengths at locations where piles will be used. Provide factored bearing resistance and unit sliding resistance at various elevations and confirm no ground improvement/treatment is necessary where spread footings are proposed. Estimated top of rock elevations as well as preliminary skin friction and end bearing values shall be indicated when drilled shafts are proposed. **See attached discussion of pile length analysis and estimated pile design table.**

Calculate the estimated water surface elevation and determine the need for cofferdam(s) and seal coat: **There will be two piers that will require in stream work. Because the EWSE of 682.58 ft. Elev. is greater than 6 ft. above the bottom of the concrete of the pier foundation, a type II cofferdam, by Department policy is recommended. From the data shown in the borings logs there should not be an issue with driving the sheet piling to design depth at this location. The soil near the bottom of the proposed pier elevations may be granular and may require a sealcoat to reduce the amount of water flowing up through this material.**

Assess the need for sheeting/soil retention versus using a temporary construction slope and provide recommendation for the most feasible option. **At this time the author anticipates the structure to be constructed under staged construction conditions therefore Temporary Sheet Piling will be needed at a stage line. From the data shown in the boring logs the author does not anticipate problems with driving the sheets to design depth. As mentioned above the author also believes sheet piling will be the preferred option for the cofferdam.**

Pile Discussion for 006-0188:

In 2009 two abutment borings were taken to design the foundations of the proposed structure. The factored loads for the foundation units are relatively low at approximately 560 kip for the abutments and 825 kip for the piers.

Metal Shell 14 inch pilings and HP piling are acceptable for this structure however each pile type has its issues. The H-piling analyzed will likely drive substantially longer than the metal shell piling, at some of the higher nominal bearings the pile will extend beyond the end of the borings. Should H-piling be chosen it may be prudent to advance a boring to 100 ft. or deeper to determine the characteristics of the soils below the tip of the proposed piling.

The metal shell piling should be driven to their maximum Nominal Bearing in efforts to gain enough embedment below the design scour depth to resist lateral loading. It is understood that much of the factored resistance available could go unused but the depth of pile embedment below the scour will likely control the situation versus the vertical resistance. Per the All Bridge Designers Memorandum, ABD 12.3, the MS 12 piling is allowed, however the MS12 piling are not recommended at the piers as the author feels the pile would also be overstressed before the desired factored resistance and sufficient embedment below the design scour depth was achieved.

At the request of the Bureau of Bridges and Structures a lateral load analysis on the piers was performed while the review of the original SGR was completed. The lateral load analysis was performed on the south pier using the commercial software, AllPile7, and the soil information from boring B-1. Three piling were analyzed, a 50 ft. long MS14 with 0.312 inch thick walls, a 70 ft. long HP12x63 and a 70 ft. long HP14x89. The analysis was performed using a range of lateral loads from 0.3 kips/pile to 2.87 kips/pile. Using the design scour depths, a fixed head condition and a 24 inch square concrete section surrounding the pile to the bottom of the concrete pier the analysis shows the MS14 piling moved 2.0 inches at a load of 2.87 kip/pile. The graphical results are attached to this report. The MS14 piling under a 125 kip/pile vertical load and a 2.87 kip/pile lateral load with a fixed head condition has theoretical deflection fixity of approximately 42 ft. To confirm this depth multiple pile lengths between 45 and 70 ft. were modeled with no appreciable change in head deflection. The lateral load analysis is preliminary and should be verified in the final design.

Boring, B-1 shows a dense layer of sand and gravel with the potential for cobbles at a depth of 40 ft. below the ground surface at the boring. The boring log shows this layer to be only 2 ft. thick. It is possible that the MS 14 with 0.312 inch thick walls could be driven through this, but it is also possible that damage to the pile could occur. A pile shoe may be required for the metal shell piling to get through this material. For this reason and because there is no boring data at the pier locations, the author recommends using a test pile at each of the pier substructures with a pile shoe for the south pier. It may be prudent to utilize a test pile at each of the four substructure elements.

Assumptions used for the pile length analysis include: Bottom of abutment elevation are 687.28 ft. and 687.40 ft., south and north respectively; no geotechnical losses accounted for; and a 2.0 ft. pile embedment into the abutment is presumed. The pile cutoff elevation, for the piers, the author assumed to be 689.23 with a scour elevation of 653.96 ft.

Table 1: PILE LENGTH TABLES USING SOIL DATA for South Abutment and Pier

South Abutment, Using Boring B-1			South Pier, Using Boring B-1		
Nominal Required Bearing (KIPS)	Factored Resistance Available (KIPS)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (KIPS)	Factored Resistance Available (KIPS)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)
MS 12 with 0.179" wall			MS 12 with 0.179" wall		
77	43	12	This pile is not recommended		
153	85	16			
223	123	26			
254	140	30			
MS 12 with 0.25" wall			MS 12 with 0.25" wall		
77	43	12	This pile is not recommended		
154	85	16			
224	123	26			
272	150	31			
353	194	35			
MS 14 with 0.25" wall			MS 14 with 0.25" wall		
98	54	12	This pile is not recommended		
197	108	16			
252	139	21			
298	164	29			
413	227	35			
MS 14 with 0.312" wall			MS 14 with 0.312" wall		
197	108	16	419	118	40
252	139	21	453	136	44
298	164	29	466	143	45
361	199	34	493	158	47
513	283	55	513	170	48
HP 12x53			HP 12x53		
116	64	37	160	64	45
187	103	47	252	114	54
276	152	57	264	121	58
418	230	*	418	206	*
HP 12x63			HP 12x63		
94	52	31	162	65	45
141	78	41	205	89	49
207	114	49	255	116	54
278	153	57	267	122	58
493	271	*	493	247	*
HP 14x73			HP 14x73		
112	61	31	198	80	45
175	96	41	253	110	49
254	140	49	313	143	54
341	188	57	325	150	58
578	318	*	578	289	*
HP 14x89			HP 14x89		
114	63	31	201	82	45
177	97	41	256	112	49
258	142	49	317	145	54
346	190	57	329	152	58
705	388	*	705	359	*

***Maximum nominal bearing can be achieved; however, it occurs at a depth greater than the available boring data.**

Table 2: PILE LENGTH TABLES USING SOIL DATA for North Abutment and Pier

North Abutment, Using Boring B-2			North Pier, Using Boring B-2		
Nominal Required Bearing (KIPS)	Factored Resistance Available (KIPS)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)	Nominal Required Bearing (KIPS)	Factored Resistance Available (KIPS)	Estimated Pile Length (Ft.)
MS 12 with 0.179" wall			MS 12 with 0.179" wall		
220	121	24			
250	137	29	This pile is not recommended		
214	118	34			
254	140	38			
MS 12 with 0.25" wall			MS 12 with 0.25" wall		
220	121	24			
250	137	29			
214	118	34	309	76	44
269	148	39	340	93	47
353	194	44	353	100	48
MS 14 with 0.25" wall			MS 14 with 0.25" wall		
278	153	24			
312	172	29			
257	141	34	307	59	39
322	177	39	339	77	41
382	210	44	368	93	44
413	227	47	413	118	48
MS 14 with 0.312" wall			MS 14 with 0.312" wall		
231	127	19	307	59	39
289	159	26	339	77	41
226	124	31	368	93	44
291	160	37	404	113	47
413	227	47	464	145	52
513	283	53	513	172	54
HP 12x53			HP 12x53		
88	48	24	281	123	55
131	72	34	286	126	57
231	127	44	348	160	60
375	206	61	349	161	63
418	230	*	418	198	*
HP 12x63			HP 12x63		
90	49	24	269	116	52
134	73	34	289	127	57
233	128	44	352	162	60
379	208	61	353	162	63
493	271	*	493	239	*
HP 14x73			HP 14x73		
106	59	24	329	144	52
158	87	34	351	156	57
287	158	44	434	202	60
468	257	61	432	201	63
578	318	*	578	281	*
HP 14x89			HP 14x89		
109	60	24	333	146	52
161	89	34	356	158	57
291	160	44	442	205	60
475	261	61	438	204	63
705	388	*	705	350	*

***Maximum nominal bearing can be achieved; however, it occurs at a depth greater than the available boring data.**

BLOOM COMPANIES, LLC

Project Description: IL-89 Over Brush Creek

Calculation:

Project BM3-1308C

Prepared by: BCM Checked by BDT

Date: 4/8/2014 Date: 4/9/2014

Foundation Reactions

Reactions onto Foundations

	Abutment		
	Service	Strength I	Strength IV
DC_Super	158.05	197.56	237.07
DC_Sub	69.72	87.15	104.58
DW	32.88	49.32	73.98
LL (Lane)	29.21	51.11	0.00
LL (Truck)	99.66	174.41	0.00
Total	389.52	559.55	415.63

Note: Does not include impact per AASHTO 3.6.2.1

	Pier		
	Service	Strength I	Strength IV
DC_Super	235.31	294.14	352.97
DC_Sub	156.12	195.15	234.18
DW	45.57	68.36	102.53
LL (Lane)	36.66	64.16	0.00
LL (Truck)	115.88	202.79	0.00
Total	589.54	824.59	689.68

Governing Reactions (kip)		
	Service	Strength
Abutment	389.52	559.55
Pier	589.54	824.59

BLOOM COMPANIES, LLC

Project Description: IL-89 Over Brush Creek

Calculation:

Project BM3-1308C

Prepared by: JRS Checked by BCM

Date: 10/10/2014 Date: 10/10/2014

Foundation Reactions

Lateral Pile Forces

	Loads Transverse to Pier (kips)				
	Load	Service I	Strength I	Strength III	Strength V
WA (stream)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WS (wind on structure)	0.13	0.04	0.00	0.18	0.05
WL (wind on live)	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.09
BR (braking)	1.62	1.62	2.84	0.00	2.19
TU (uniform temp.)	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Total		1.79	2.87	0.22	2.37

	Loads Longitudinal to Pier (kips)				
	Load	Service I	Strength I	Strength III	Strength V
WA (stream)	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12
WS (wind on structure)	0.58	0.17	0.00	0.81	0.23
WL (wind on live)	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.21
BR (braking)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TU (uniform temp.)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total		1.50	1.12	1.93	1.56

Maximum Combined Shear on Piles (kips)				
	Service I	Strength I	Strength III	Strength V
Pier	2.33	3.08	1.94	2.83

*Note that these loads are based on 8 piles/pier.

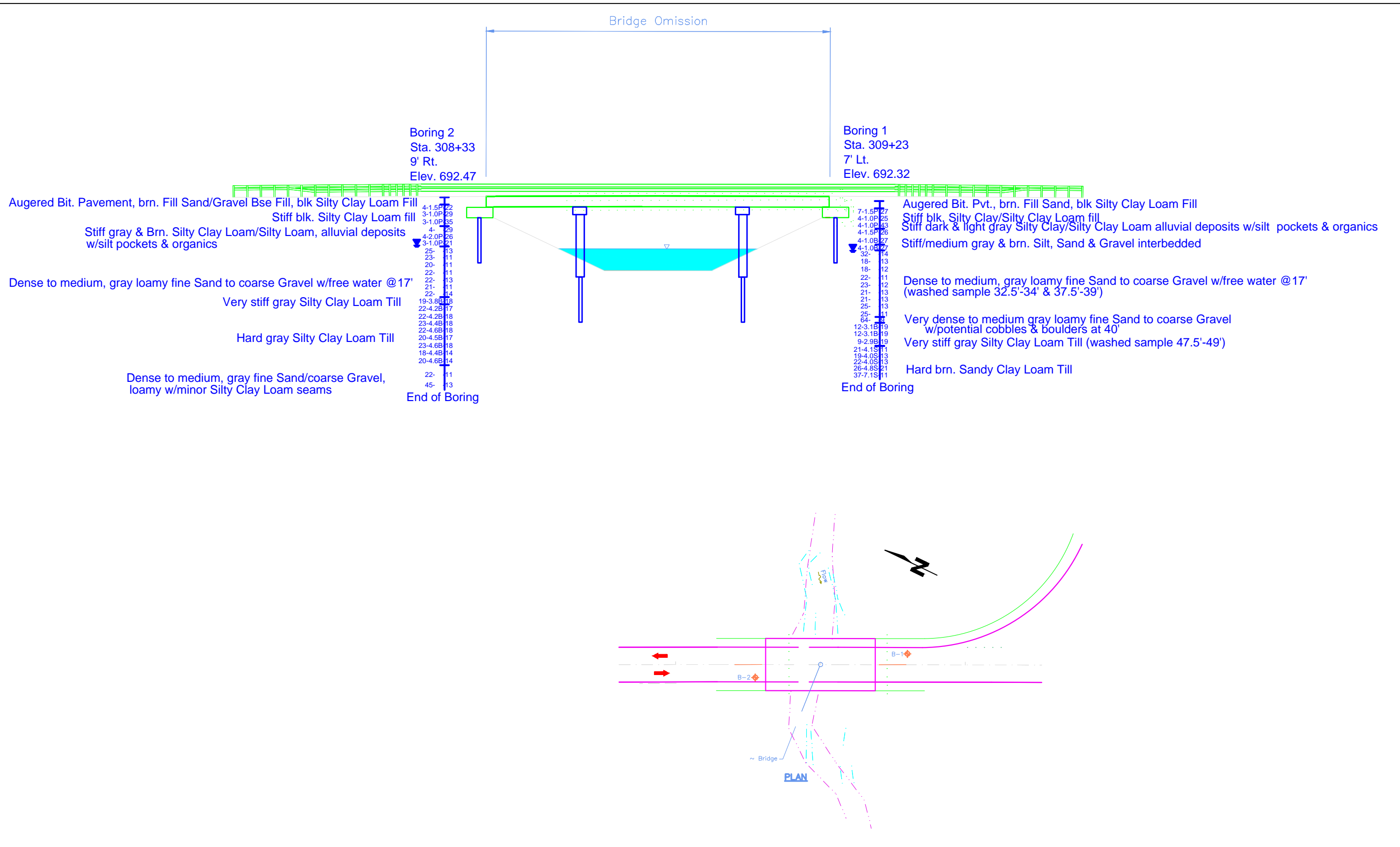
If the piles change to Npiles, (New Loading) = (Old Loading) x (8 Old Piles) / (Npiles)

SN 006-0188

Revised as per ABD memo 14.2 of 11-7-2014

SCOUR ELEVATION TABLE

Event/Limit State	Design Scour Elevations (ft.)				Item 113
	N. Abut.	Pier 1	Pier 2	S. Abut.	
Q100	687.40	653.96	653.96	687.28	5
Q200	687.40	653.75	653.75	687.28	
Design	687.40	653.96	653.96	687.28	
Check	687.40	653.75	653.75	687.28	



Designed by:	Date:
Drawn by: MLL	Date: 4/01/14
Checked by: TLM	Date: 5/24/14

Soil Profile - ILL. 89 Bridge over Brush Creek

Scale = _____ Sheet 1 of 1 Sta. _____ to Sta. _____

Route	Section	County
ILL 89		Bureau
Bridge number: 006-0106 Exist.		



SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE FAP 698 (IL 89) DESCRIPTION IL 89 over Brush Creek, 1.2 Miles South of Arlington LOGGED BY Larry Myers

SECTION 101-B LOCATION South 1/2, SEC. 16, TWP. 17N, RNG. 11E, 4th PM,
 Latitude , Longitude

COUNTY Bureau DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME Automatic

STRUCT. NO.	Station	BORING NO.	Station	Offset	Ground Surface Elev.	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T	Surface Water Elev.	Stream Bed Elev.	Groundwater Elev.:	First Encounter	Upon Completion	After	Hrs.	D E P T H H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T T			
					ft	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft		(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)			
006-0106 (Exist.)	308+78	1 (S.E. Quad.)	309+23	7.0 ft Lt.	692.32					680.67	678.77		675.3	678.3									
Very Dense to Medium Gray Loamy Fine Sand to Coarse Gravel with potential Cobbles and Boulders @ 40'						650.32	9				Hard Brown Sandy Clay Loam Till (continued)						9						
							26		9							16	7.1	11					
							38									21	S						
Very Stiff Gray Silty Clay Loam Till (washed sample 47.5'-49')										End of Boring													
							3																
							5	3.1	19														
							7	B															
						-45										-65							
							3																
							5	3.1	19														
							7	B															
							4																
							4	2.9	19														
							5	B															
						642.32										-70							
Hard Brown Sandy Clay Loam Till							5																
							9	4.1	11														
							12	S															
							6																
							8	4.0	13														
							11	S															
						-55										-75							
							4																
							9	4.0	13														
							13	S															
							8																
							12	4.8	21														
							14	S															
						-60										-80							

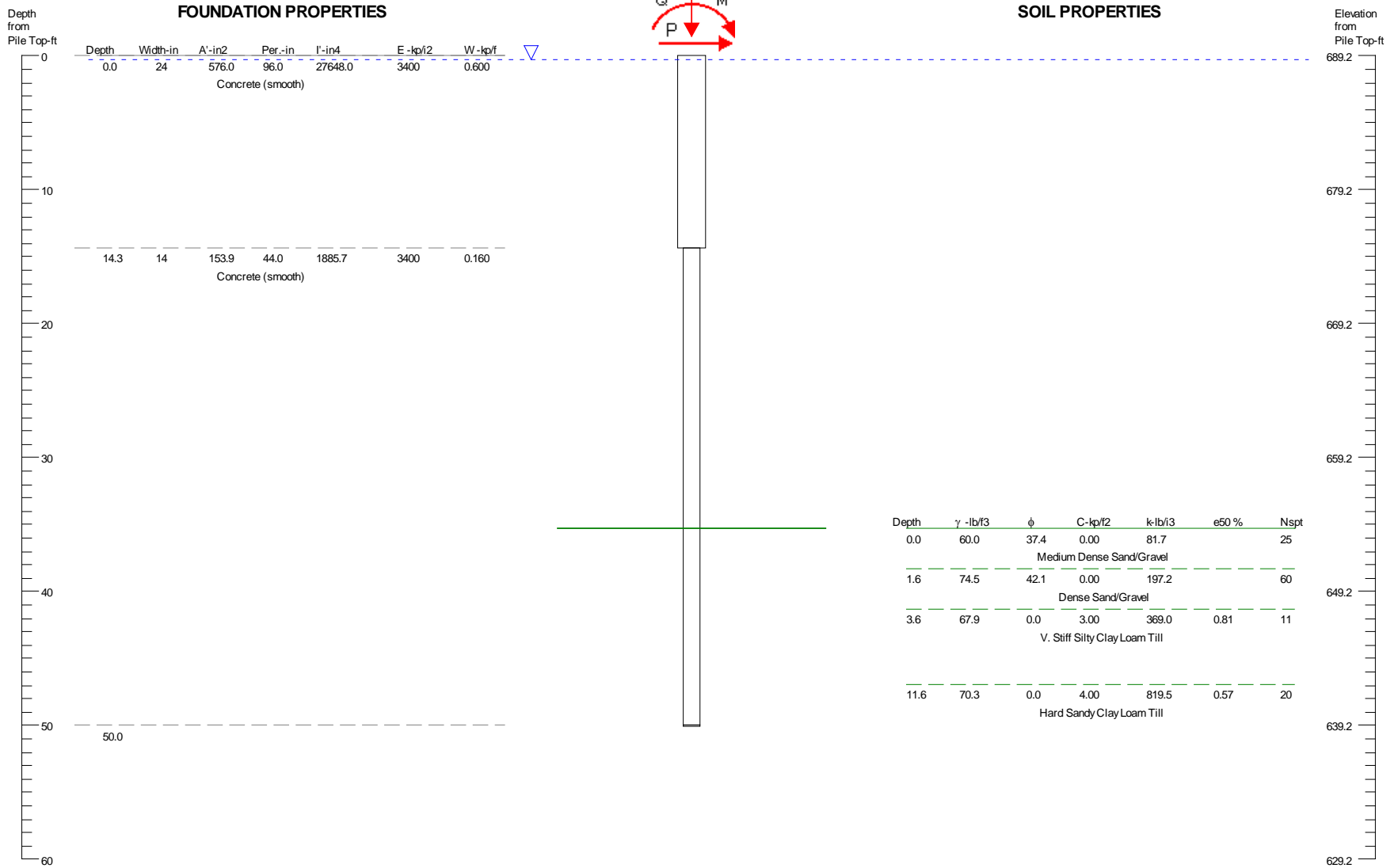
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
 The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

SN 006-0188

2.87 kip/pile loading transverse to Pier
MS14 w/0.312" thick walls
Fixed Head Connection

FOUNDATION PROFILE & SOIL CONDITIONS

Displacement pile: Closed End pipe. Soil is displaced during driving. Higher friction expected. Total area is used in bearing calculation.



Batter Angle=0

(Pile diameter not to scale)

Surface Angle=0



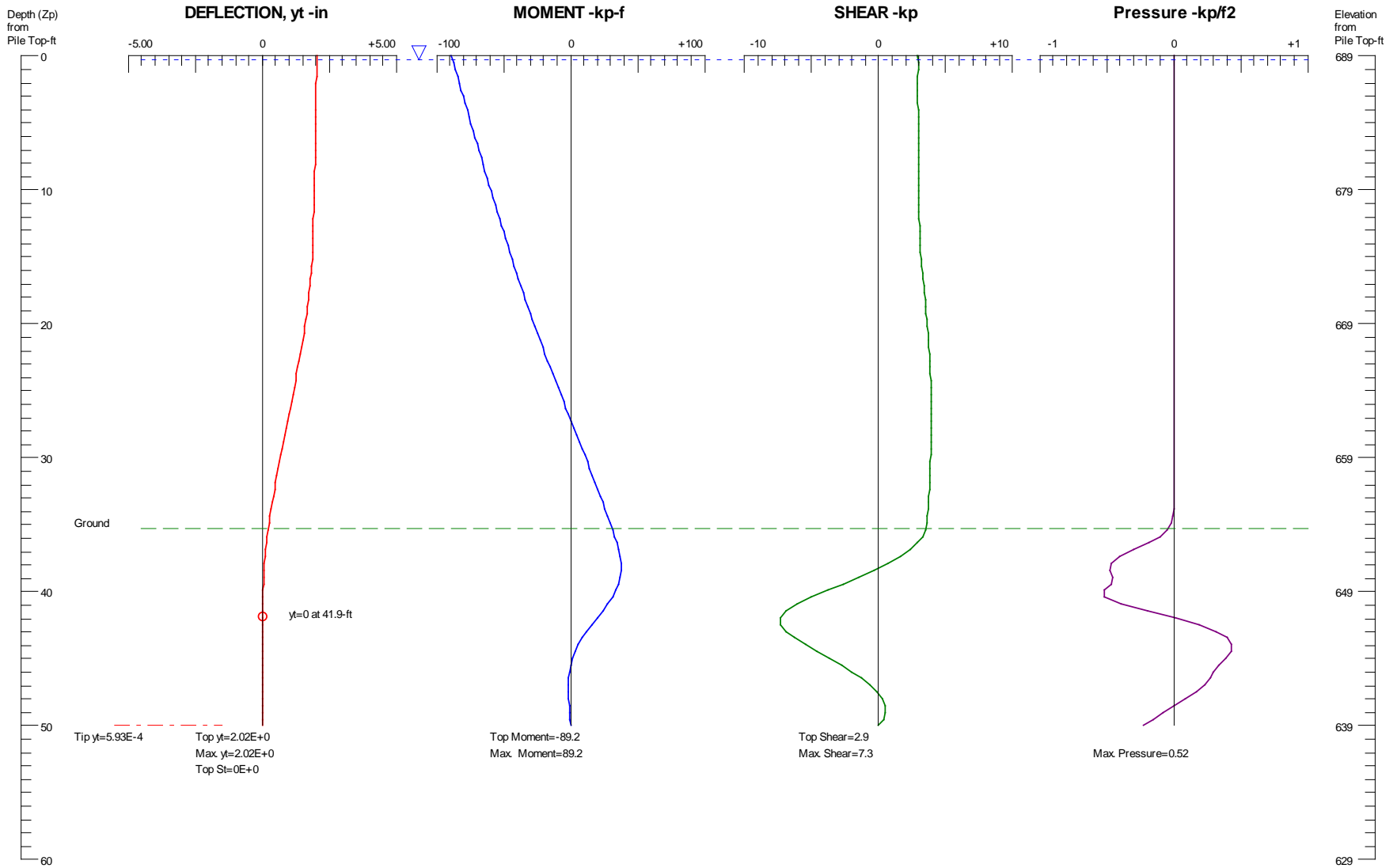
McCleary Engineering
 3705 Progress Blvd., Suite 2, Peru, IL 61354

IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, MS14 with 0.312" walls

Figure 1

PILE DEFLECTION & FORCE vs DEPTH

Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

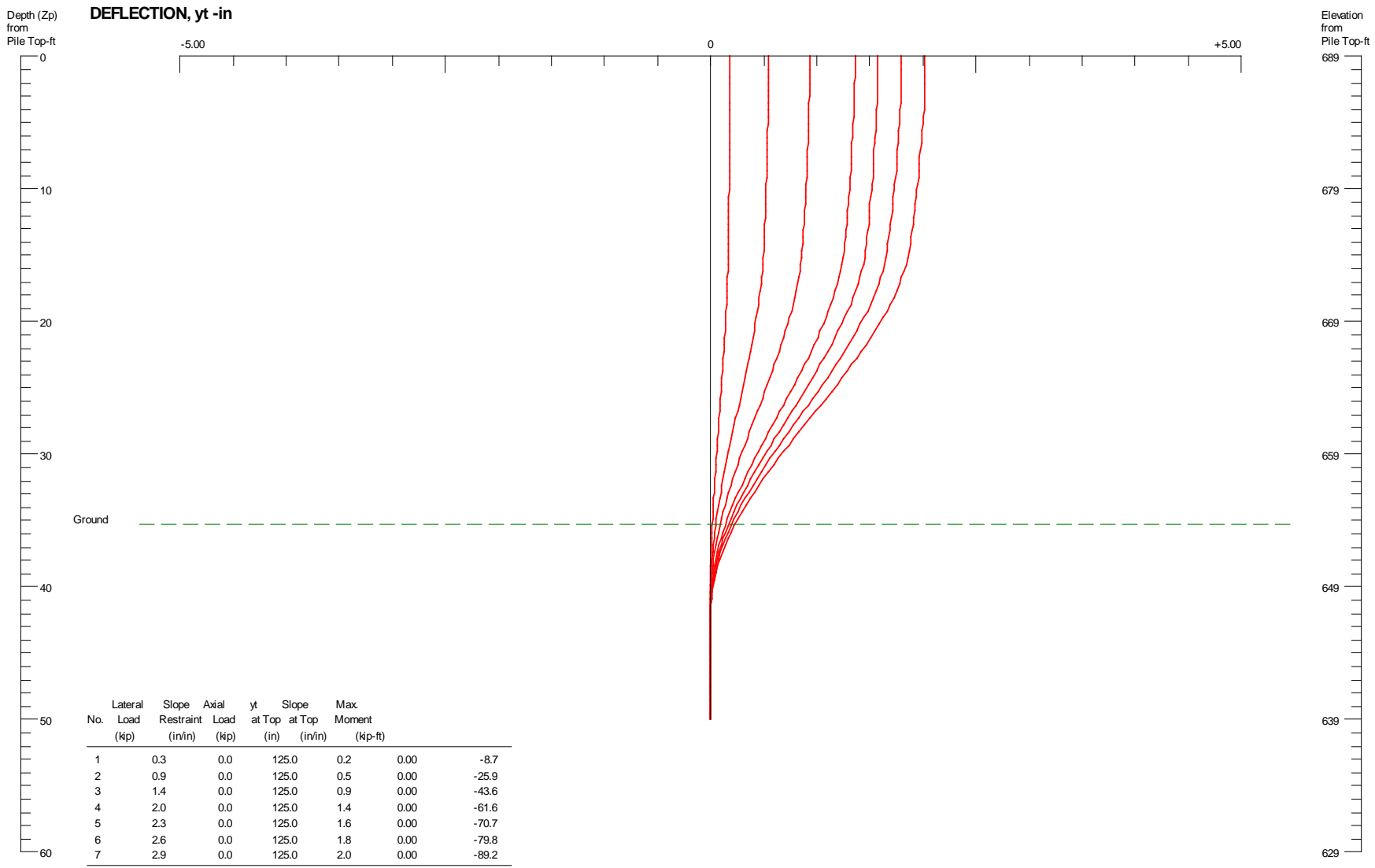


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
 SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, MS14 with 0.312" walls

Figure 2

PILE DEFLECTION vs LOADING Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

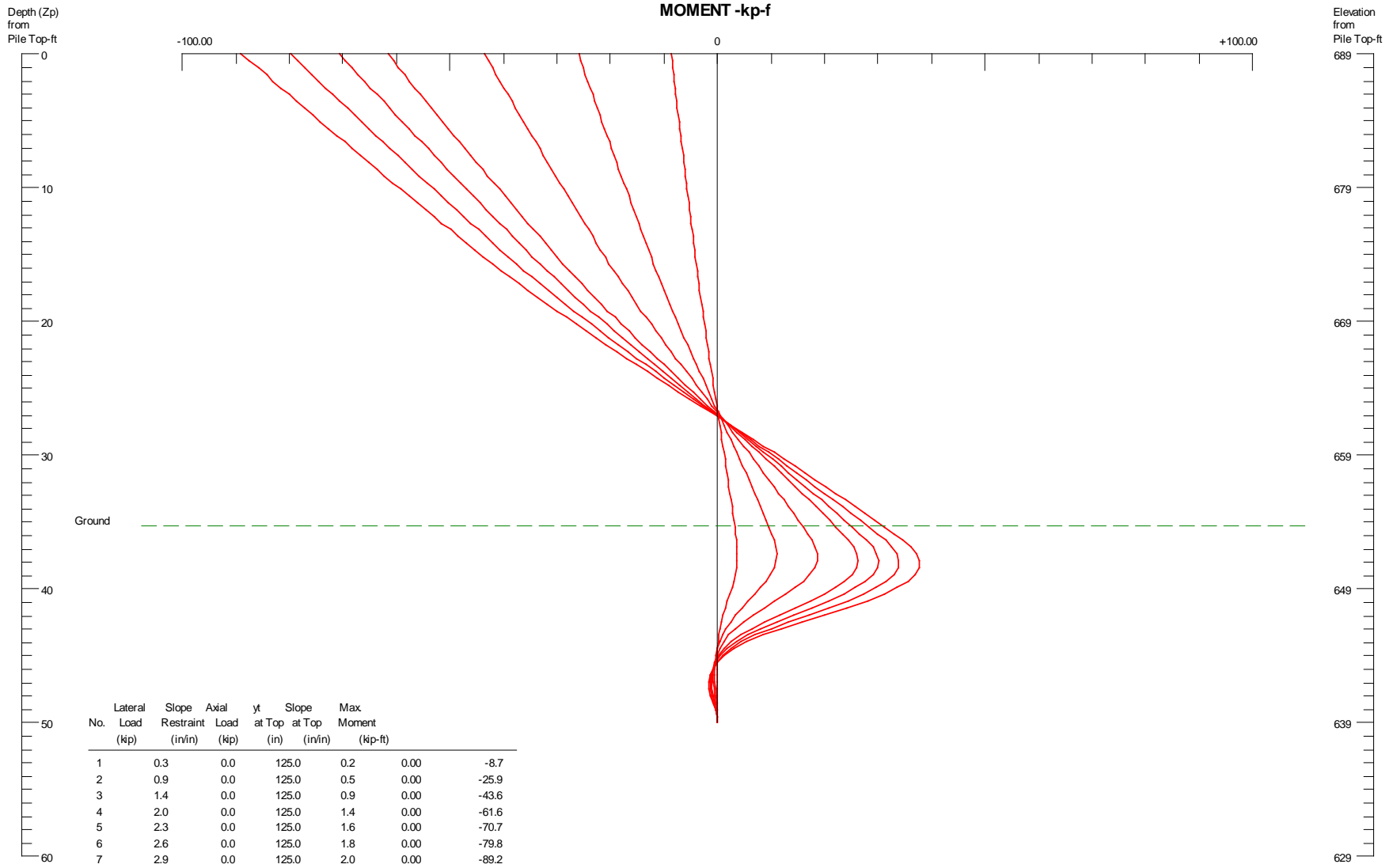


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, MS14 with 0.312" walls

Figure 2

PILE MOMENT vs LOADING Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

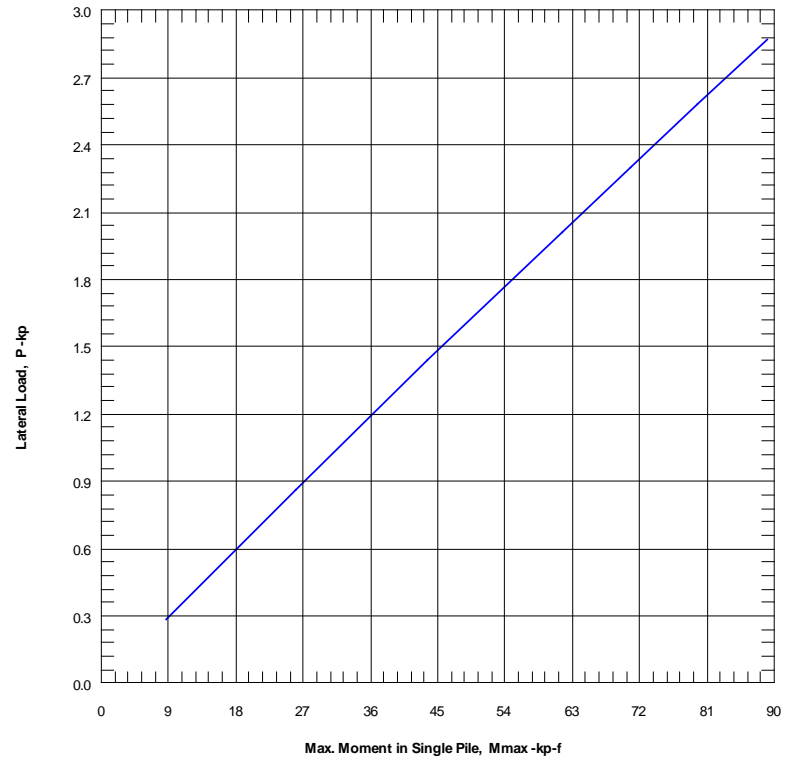
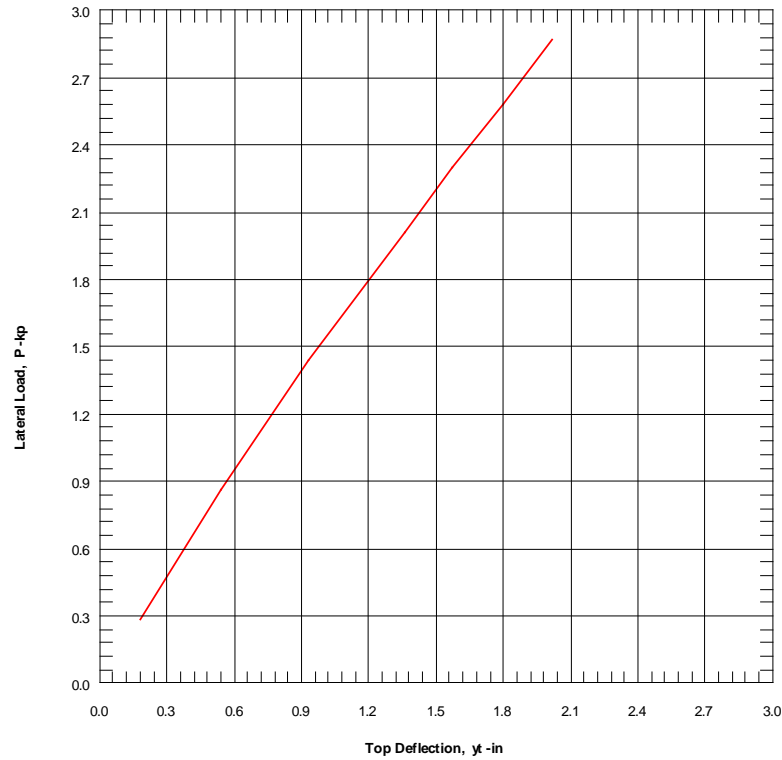


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, MS14 with 0.312" walls

Figure 2

LATERAL LOAD vs DEFLECTION & MAX. MOMENT



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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, MS14 with 0.312" walls

Figure 2

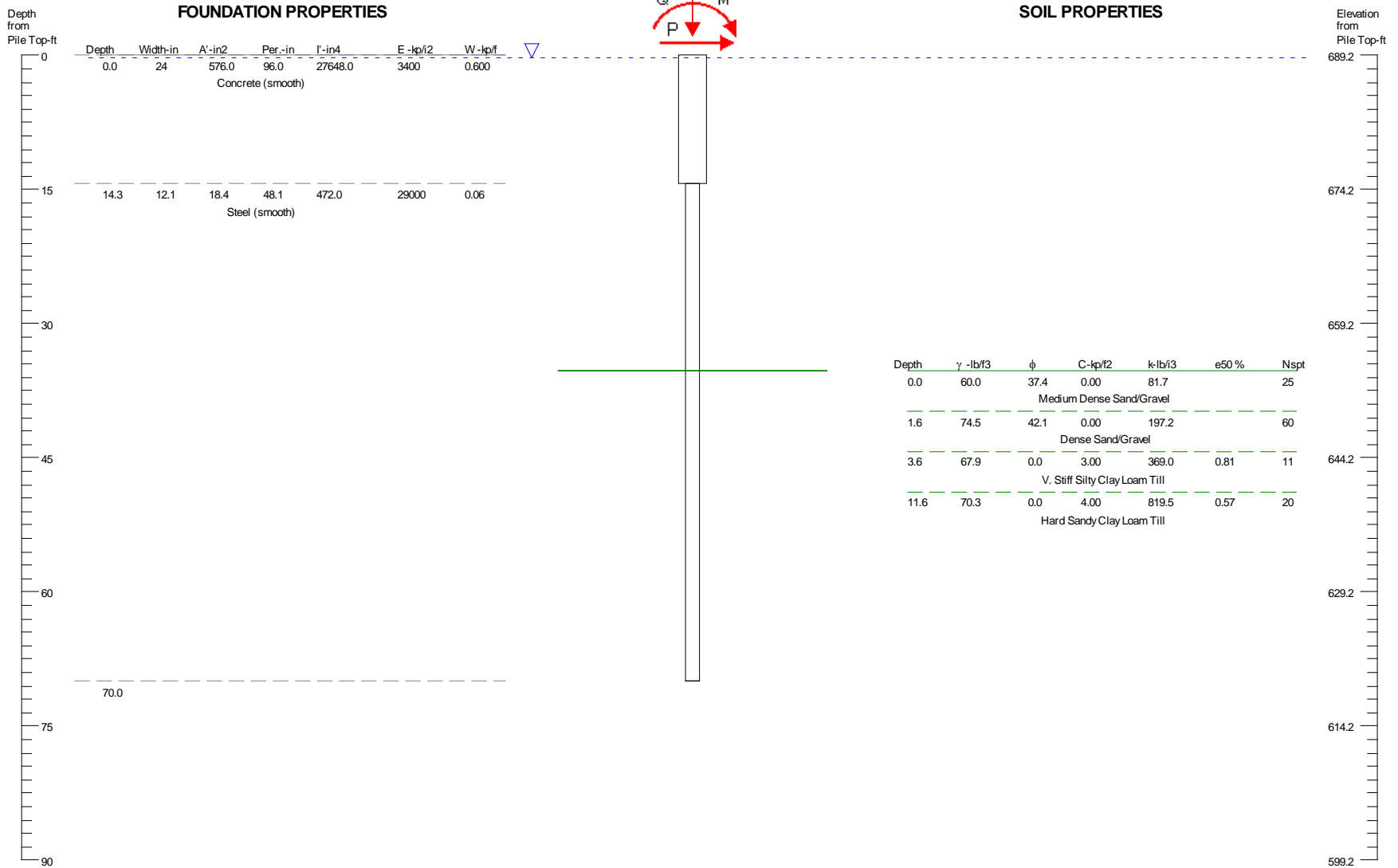
SN 006-0188

6 kip/pile loading longitudinal
to centerline of Pier

HP 12x63, Fixed Head Connection

FOUNDATION PROFILE & SOIL CONDITIONS

Non-displacement pile: H pile or open-ended pipe. Little soil is displaced. Friction is less than displacement pile. Effective area is used.



Batter Angle=0

(Pile diameter not to scale)

Surface Angle=0

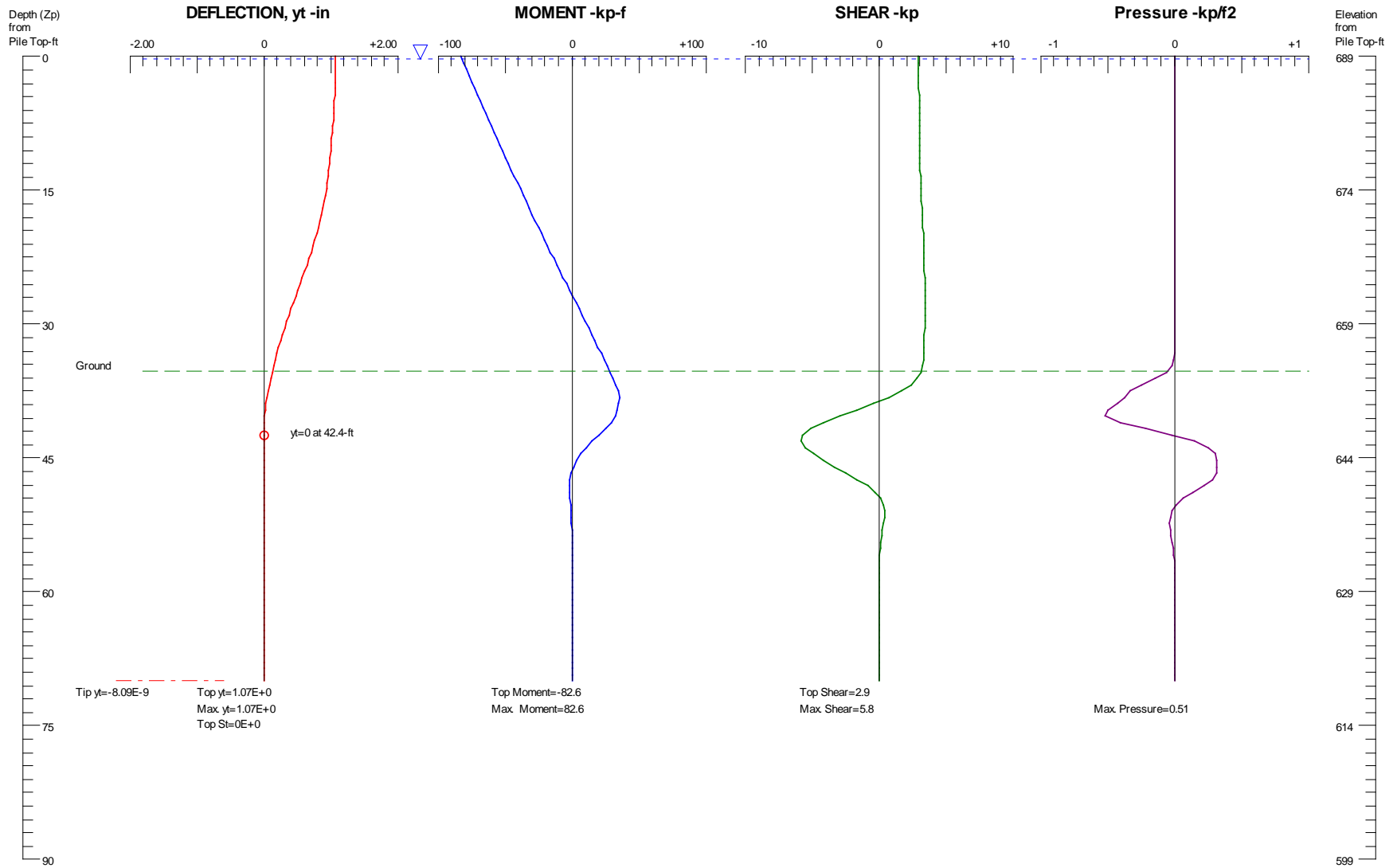


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP12x63

Figure 1

PILE DEFLECTION & FORCE vs DEPTH Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

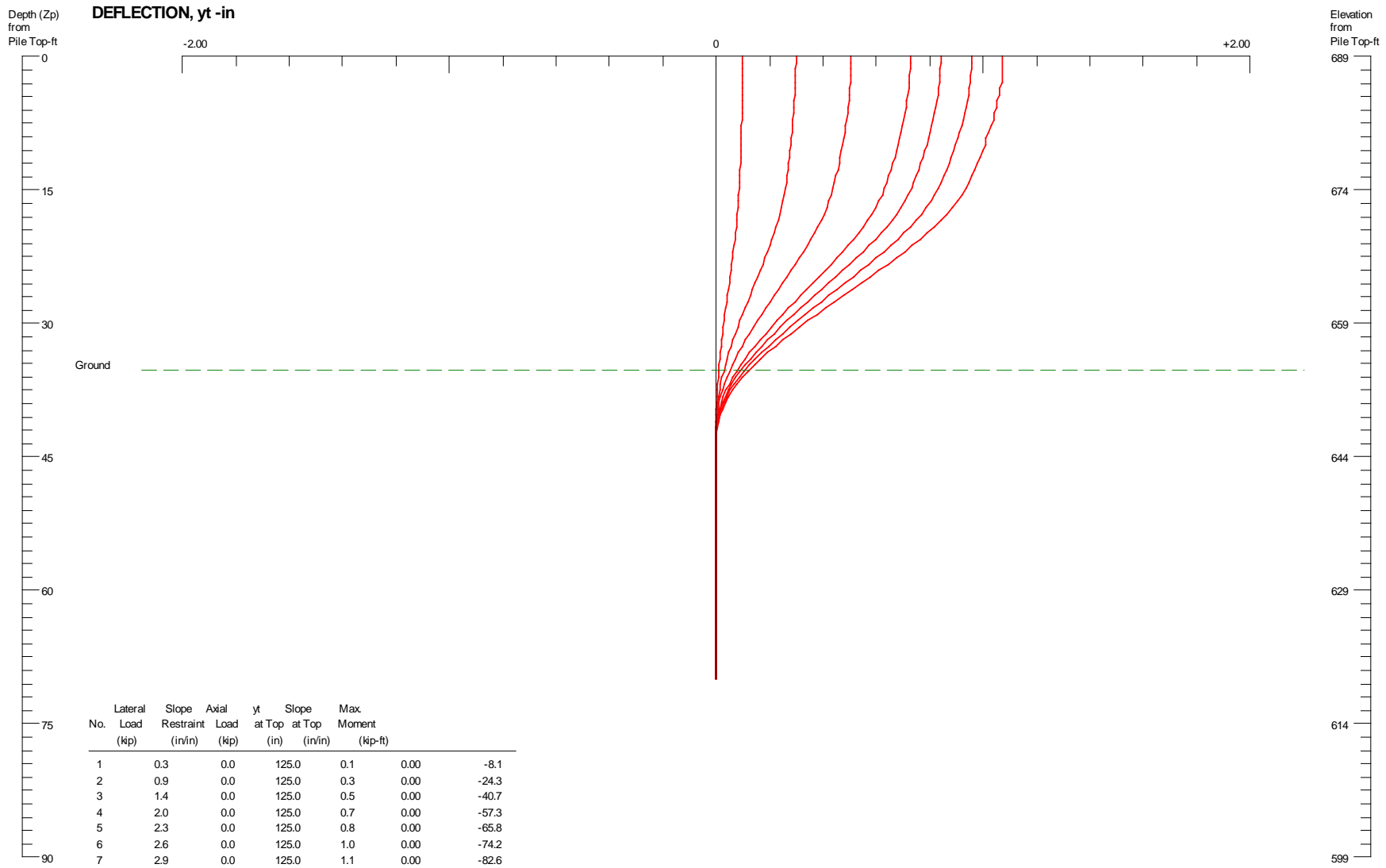


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP12x63

Figure 2

PILE DEFLECTION vs LOADING Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

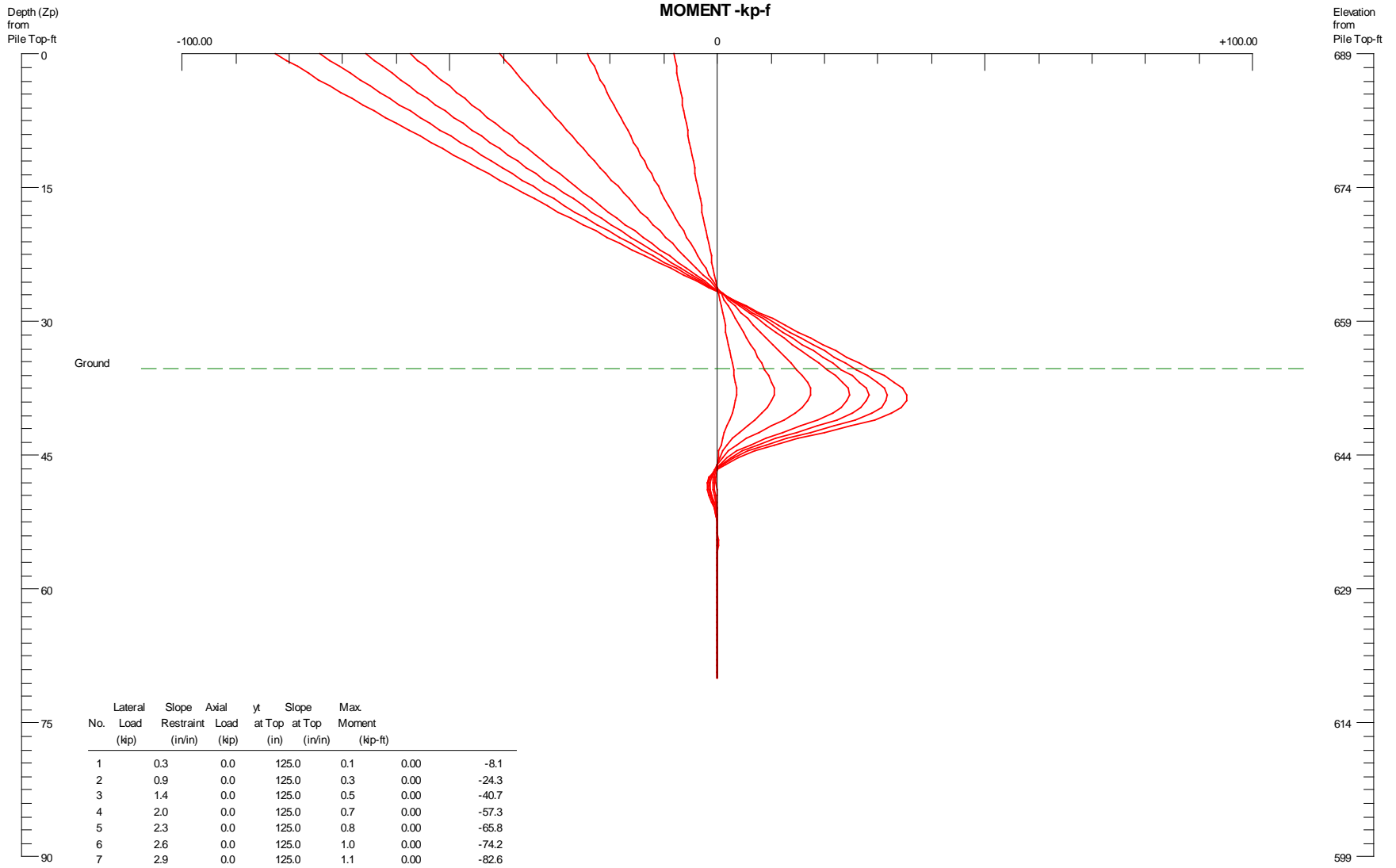


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP12x63

Figure 2

PILE MOMENT vs LOADING Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

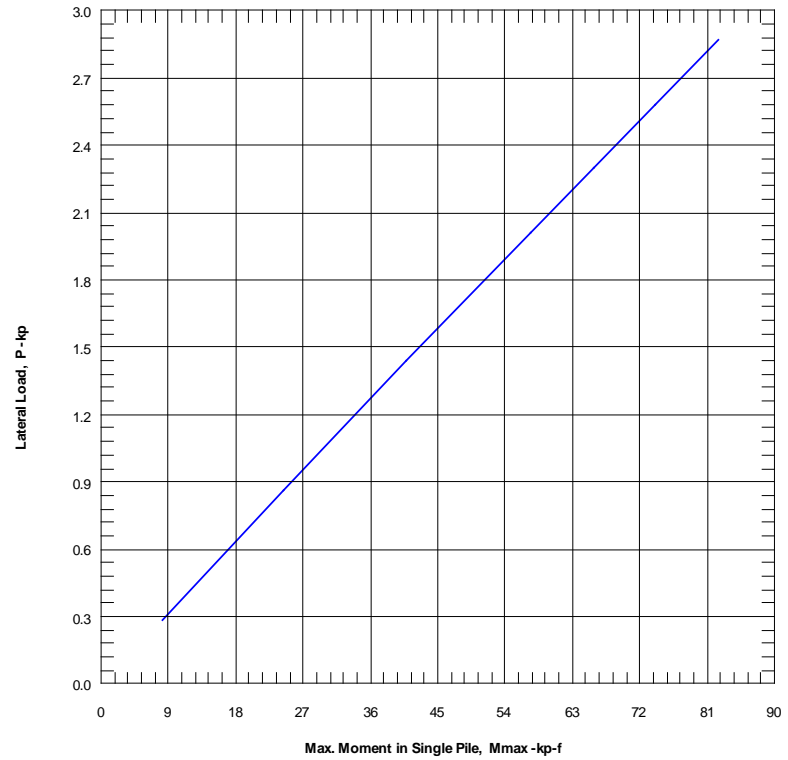
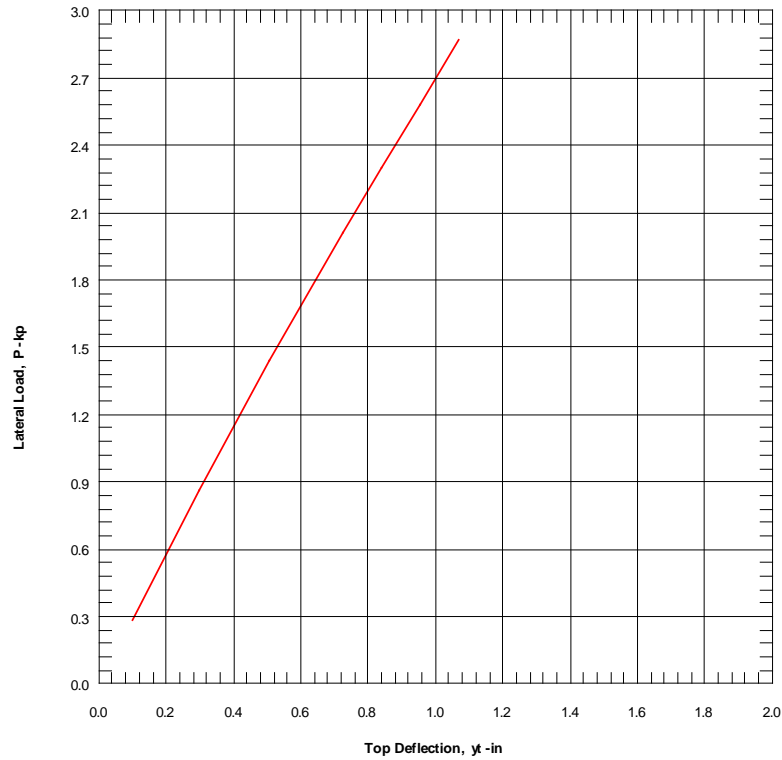


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP12x63

Figure 2

LATERAL LOAD vs DEFLECTION & MAX. MOMENT



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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP12x63

Figure 2

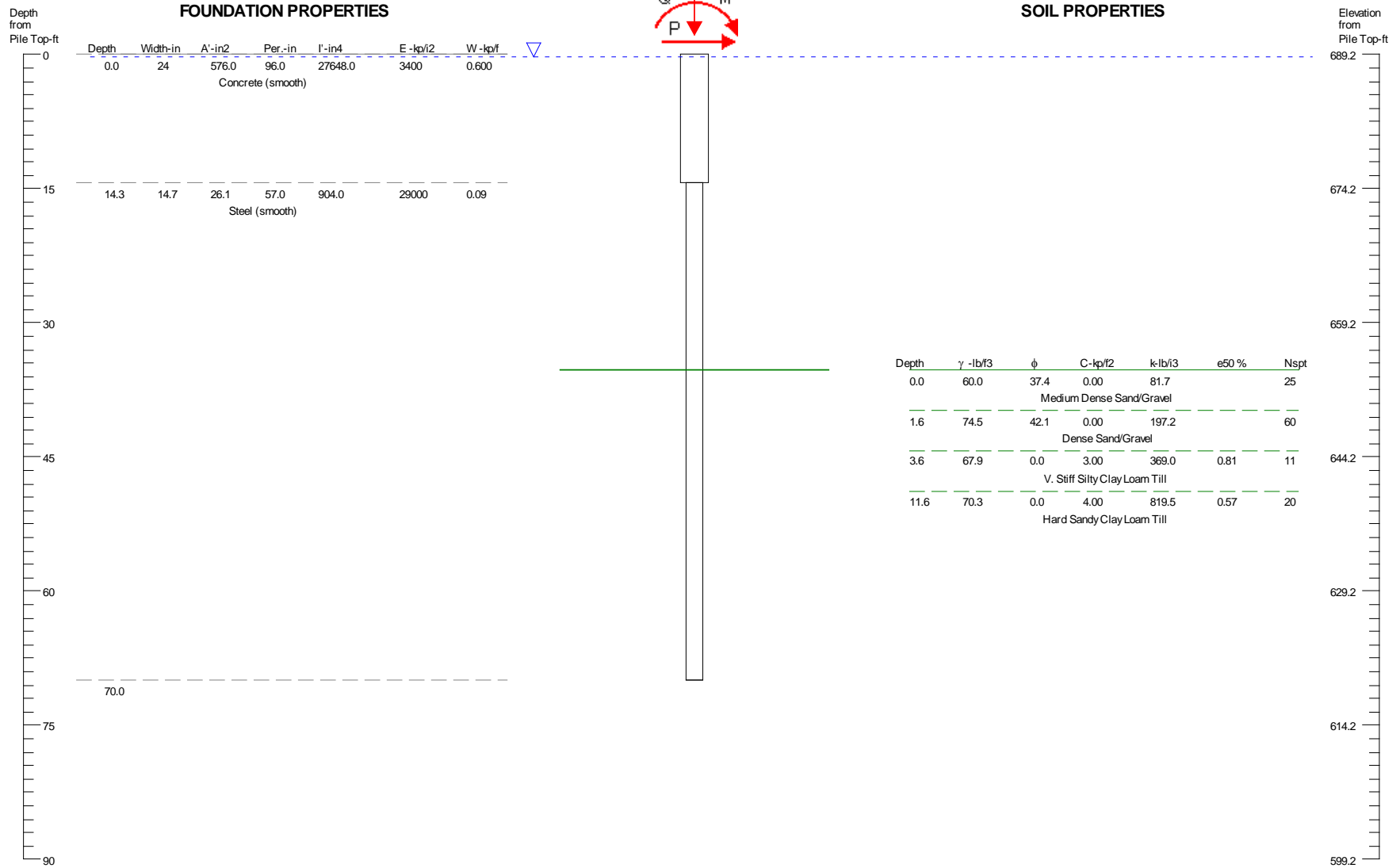
SN 006-0188

6 kip/pile loading longitudinal
to centerline of Pier

HP 14x89, Fixed Head Connection

FOUNDATION PROFILE & SOIL CONDITIONS

Non-displacement pile: H pile or open-ended pipe. Little soil is displaced. Friction is less than displacement pile. Effective area is used.



Batter Angle=0

(Pile diameter not to scale)

Surface Angle=0



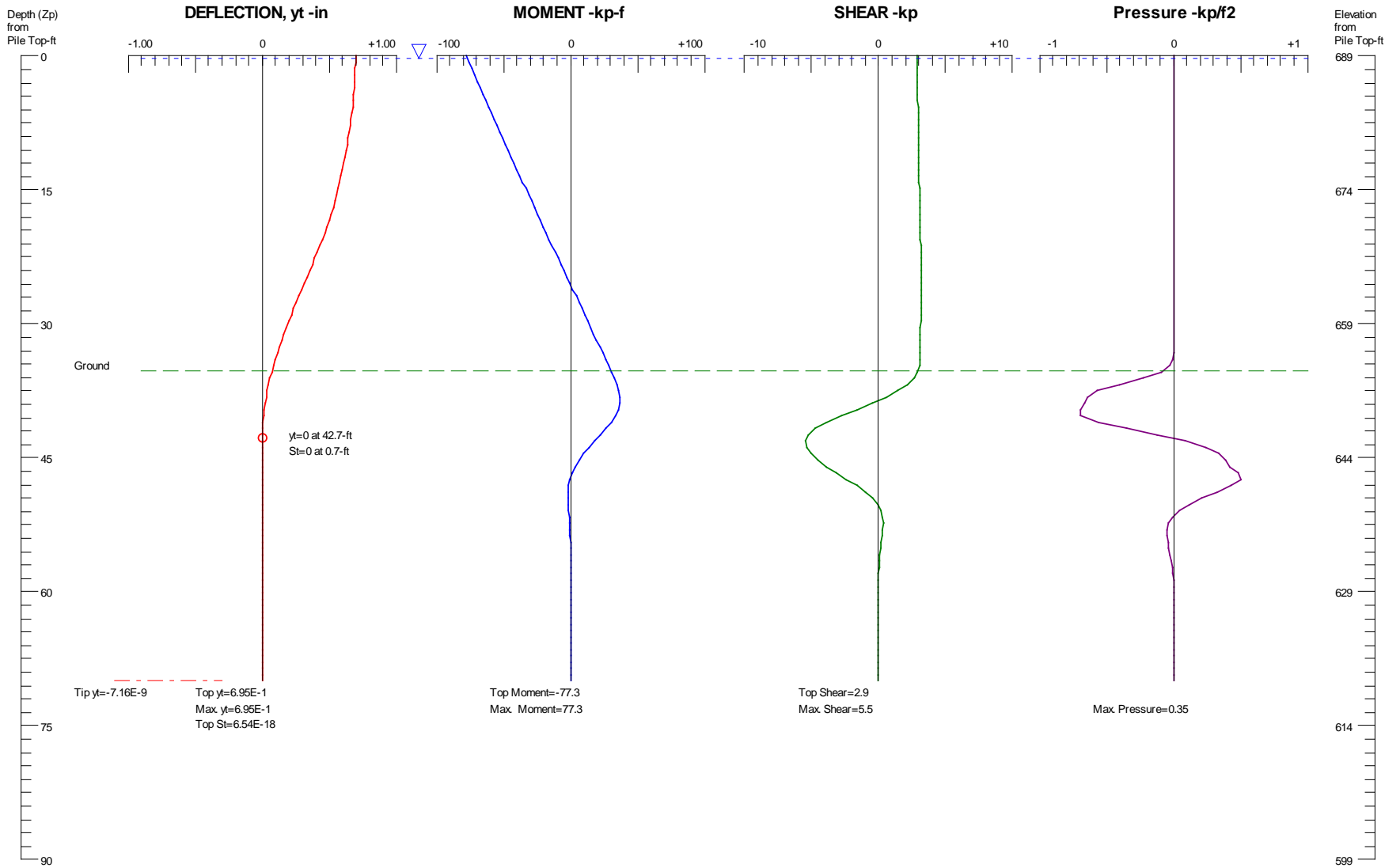
McCleary Engineering
 3705 Progress Blvd., Suite 2, Peru, IL 61354

IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
 SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP14x89

Figure 1

PILE DEFLECTION & FORCE vs DEPTH

Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

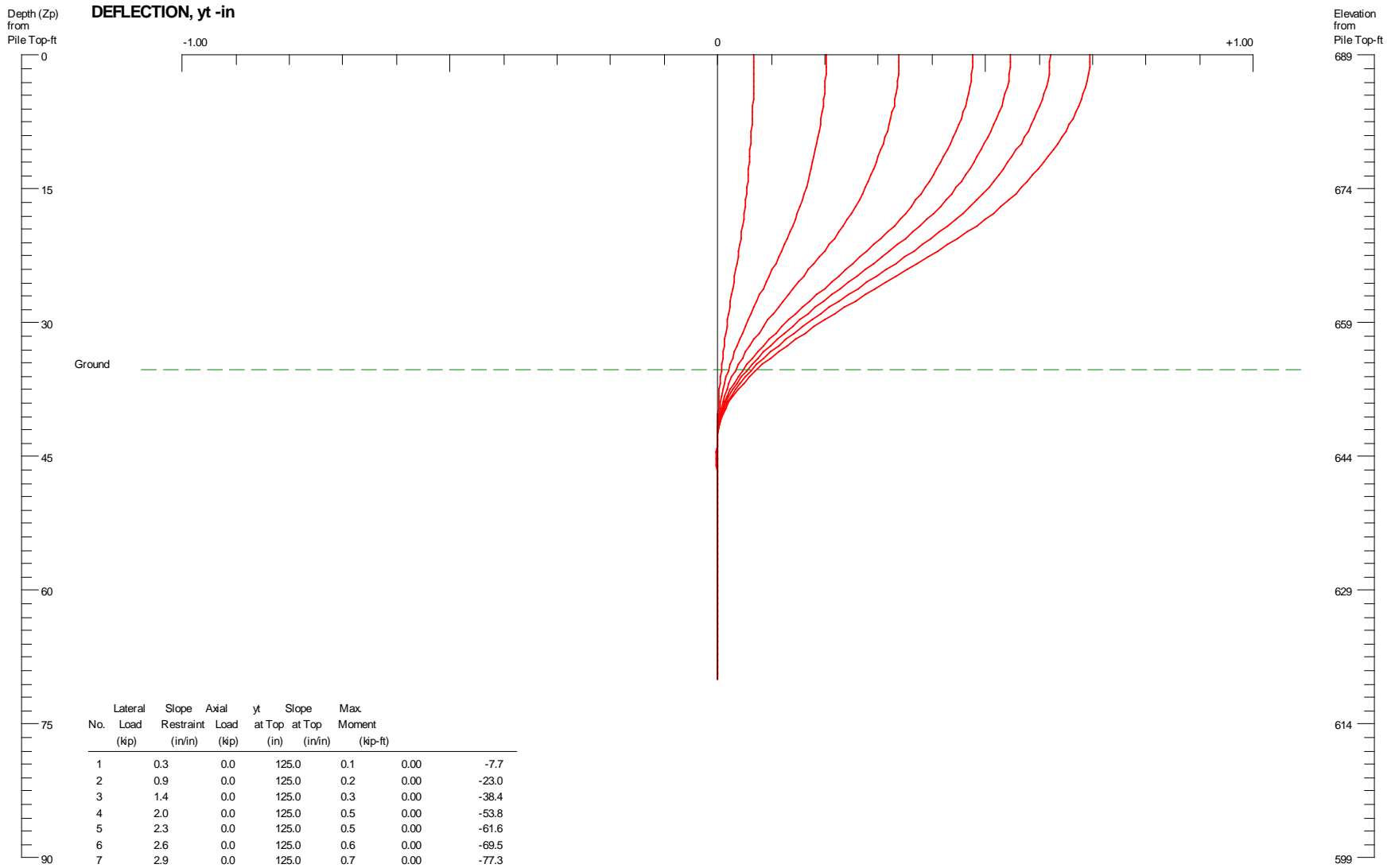


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Figure 2

PILE DEFLECTION vs LOADING Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

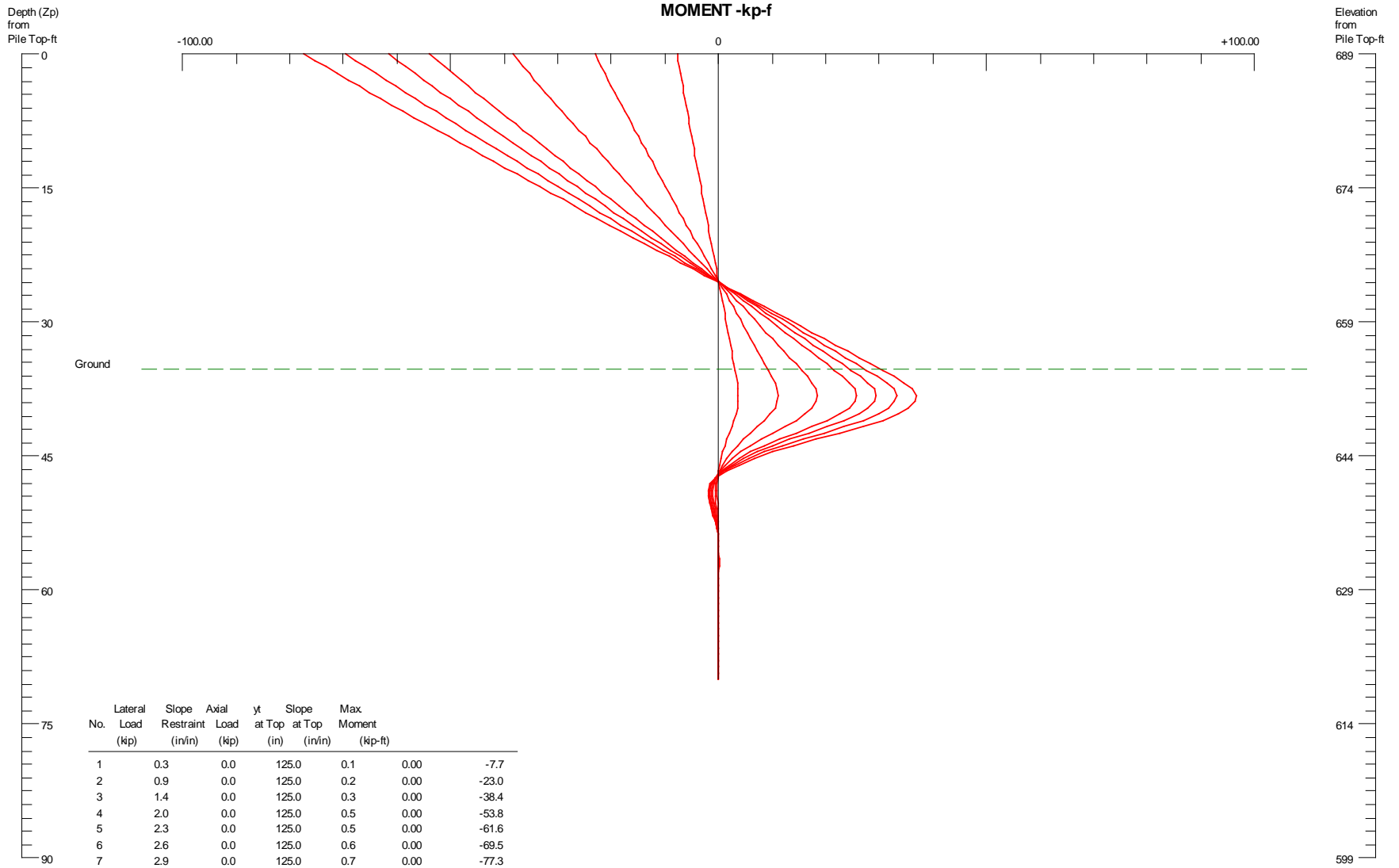


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP14x89

Figure 2

PILE MOMENT vs LOADING Single Pile, Khead=5, Kbc=2

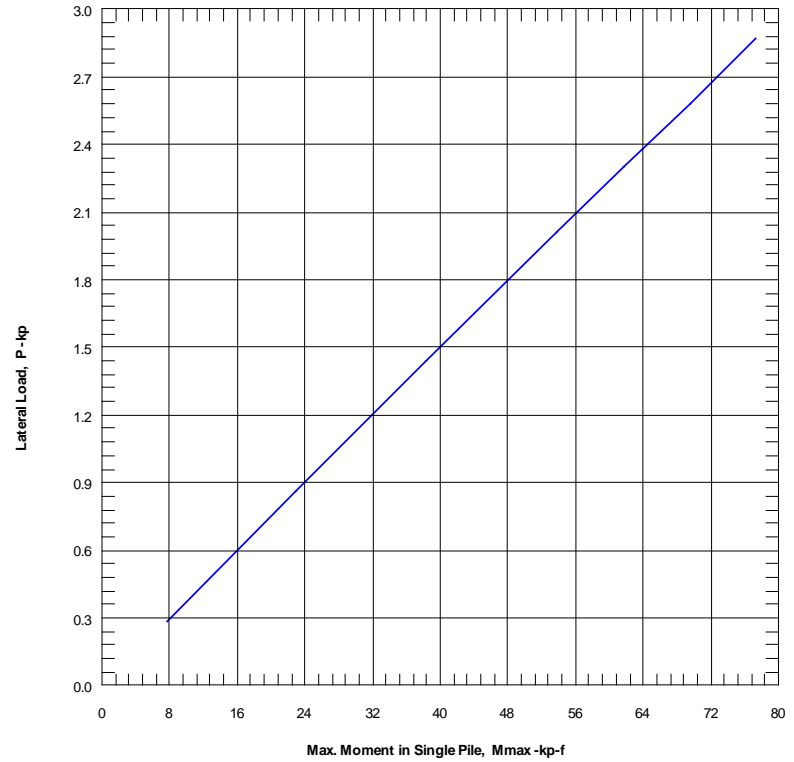
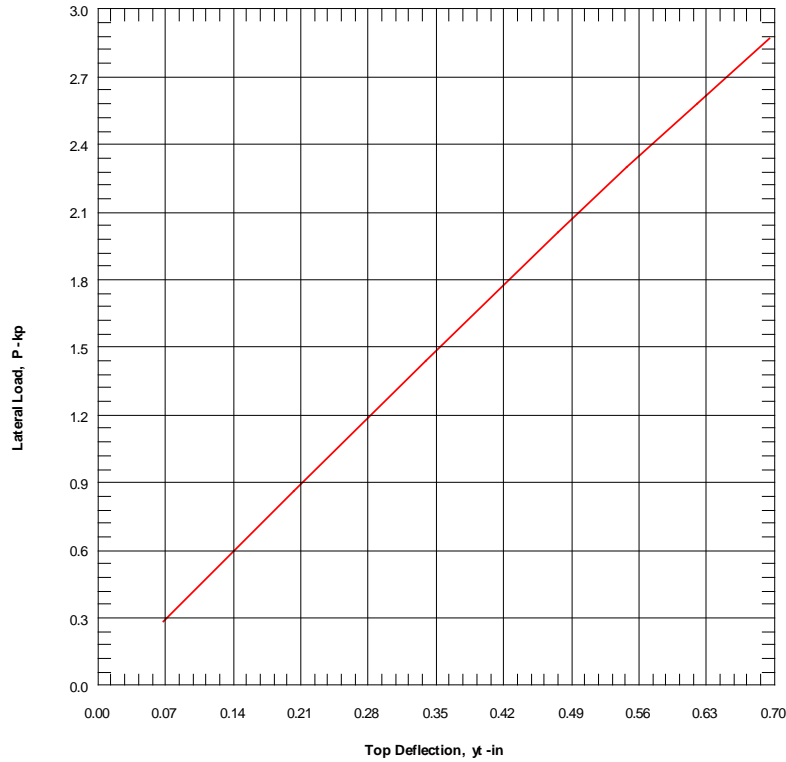


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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP14x89

Figure 2

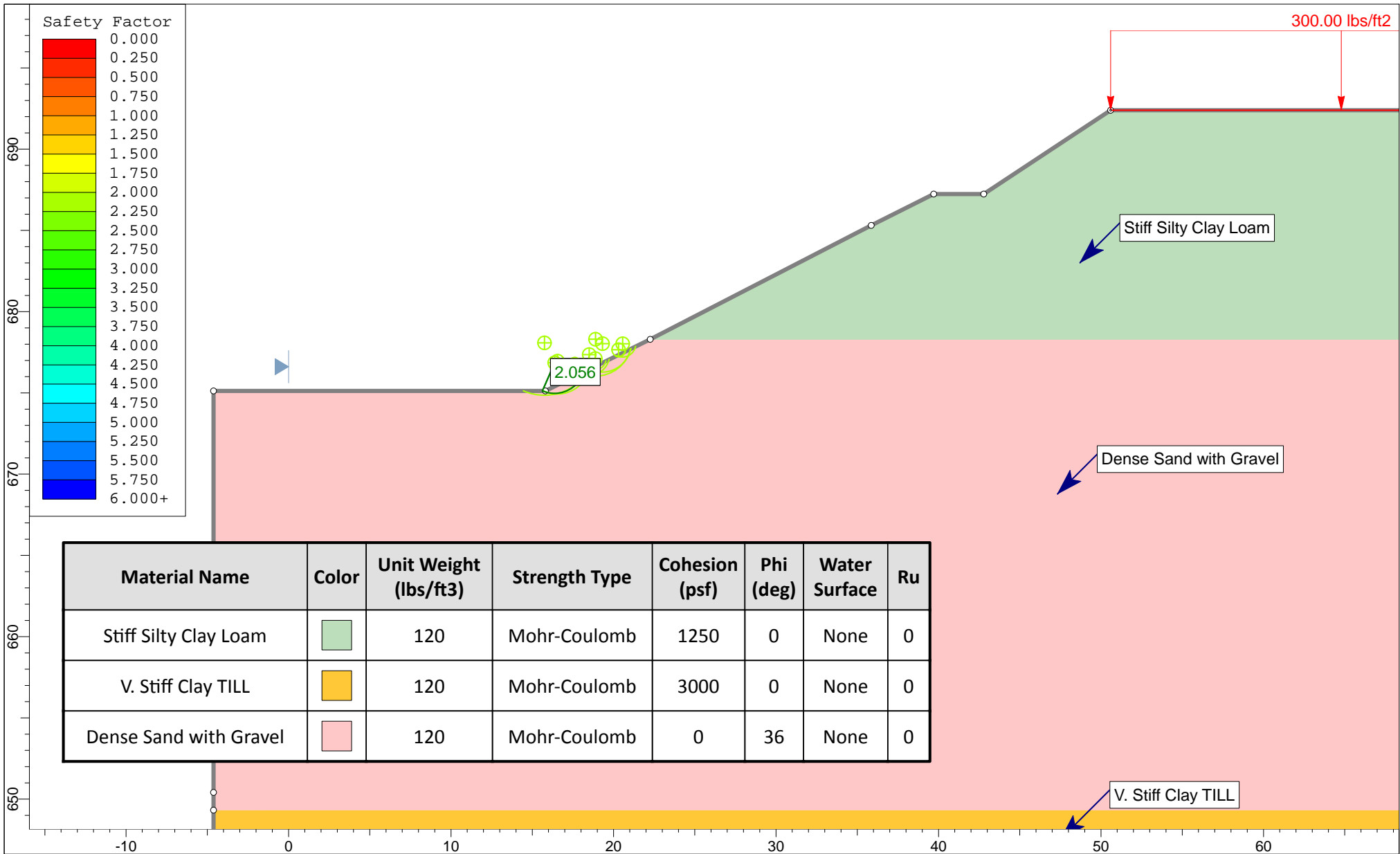
LATERAL LOAD vs DEFLECTION & MAX. MOMENT





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IL 89 over Brush Creek, Bureau County, District #3
SN006-0188 Proposed, SOUTH PIER, HP14x89

Figure 2

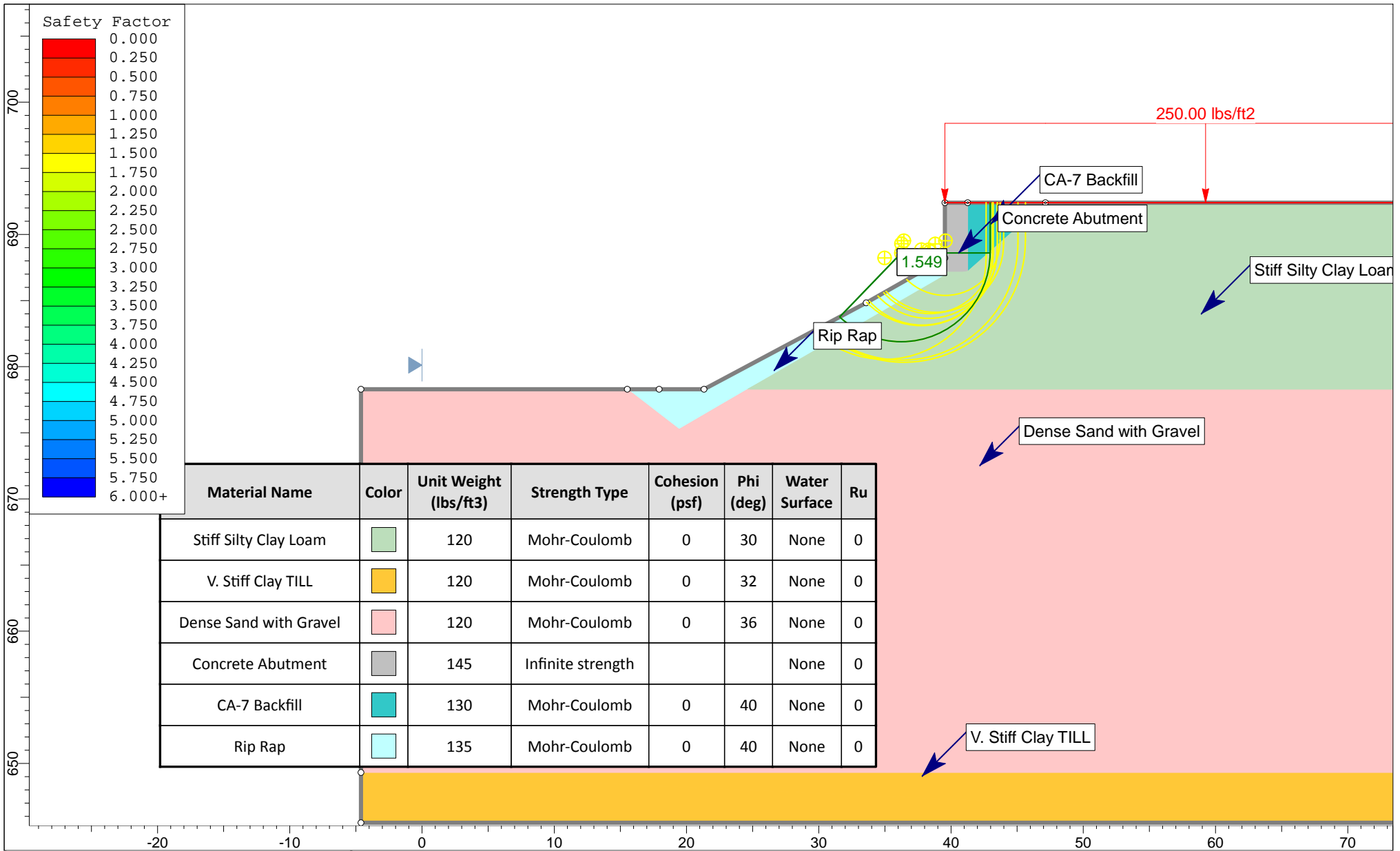


Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft3)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)	Water Surface	Ru
Stiff Silty Clay Loam		120	Mohr-Coulomb	1250	0	None	0
V. Stiff Clay TILL		120	Mohr-Coulomb	3000	0	None	0
Dense Sand with Gravel		120	Mohr-Coulomb	0	36	None	0



SLIDEINTERPRET 6.025

Project	IL 89 over Brush Creek, SN006-0188		
Analysis Description	Bishop Undrained Conditions (Short Term)		
Drawn By	TLM	Company	McCleary Engineering
Date	4/16/2014, 11:16:54 AM	File Name	South Abutment Short Term.slim



Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft3)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)	Water Surface	Ru
Stiff Silty Clay Loam		120	Mohr-Coulomb	0	30	None	0
V. Stiff Clay TILL		120	Mohr-Coulomb	0	32	None	0
Dense Sand with Gravel		120	Mohr-Coulomb	0	36	None	0
Concrete Abutment		145	Infinite strength			None	0
CA-7 Backfill		130	Mohr-Coulomb	0	40	None	0
Rip Rap		135	Mohr-Coulomb	0	40	None	0



SLIDEINTERPRET 6.025

Project	IL 89 over Brush Creek, SN006-0188		
Analysis Description	Bishop Drained Conditions (Long Term)		
Drawn By	TLM	Company	McCleary Engineering
Date	4/16/2014, 11:16:54 AM	File Name	South Abutment Long Term.slim

SEISMIC SITE CLASS DETERMINATION

I.D.O.T. BBS FOUNDATIONS AND GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

Modified on 12/10/10

PROJECT TITLE====**IL 89 over Brush Creek, South of Arlington, IL, Existing SN 006-0106, Proposed SN 006-0188**

Substructure 1						
Base of Substruct. Elev. (or ground surf for bents)					687.28	ft.
Pile or Shaft Dia.					14	inches
Boring Number					South Abutment	
Top of Boring Elev.					692.32	ft.
Approximate Fixity Elev.					680.28	ft.
Individual Site Class Definition:						
N (bar):		19 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D		
N _{ch} (bar):		23 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D <----Controls		
s _u (bar):		3.57 (ksf)		Soil Site Class C		
Seismic Soil Column	Bot. Of Sample Elevation	Sample Thick.	N	Qu	Layer Description	
Depth	Elevation	Thick.	N	Qu	Boundary	
(ft)	(ft.)	(ft.)	(tsf)			
	687.8	4.50	7	1.50		
	685.3	2.50	4	1.00		
	682.8	2.50	4	1.00		
	680.3	2.50	4	1.50		
3.0	677.3	3.00	4	1.00	b	
5.0	675.3	2.00	8		B	
7.5	672.8	2.50	36			
10.0	670.3	2.50	18			
12.5	667.8	2.50	18			
15.0	665.3	2.50	22			
17.5	662.8	2.50	23			
20.0	660.3	2.50	21			
22.5	657.8	2.50	21			
25.0	655.3	2.50	25			
27.5	652.8	2.50	25			
30.0	650.3	2.50	64		b	
32.5	647.8	2.50	12	3.10		
35.5	644.8	3.00	12	3.10		
38.0	642.3	2.50	9	2.90		
40.0	640.3	2.00	21	4.10		
42.5	637.8	2.50	19	4.00		
45.0	635.3	2.50	22	4.00		
47.5	632.8	2.50	26	4.80		
50.0	630.3	2.50	37	7.10		
100.0	580.3	50.00	28	5.30	b	

Substructure 2						
Base of Substruct. Elev. (or ground surf for bents)					687.4	ft.
Pile or Shaft Dia.					14	inches
Boring Number					North Abutment	
Top of Boring Elev.					692.47	ft.
Approximate Fixity Elev.					680.4	ft.
Individual Site Class Definition:						
N (bar):		20 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D		
N _{ch} (bar):		28 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D <----Controls		
s _u (bar):		3.28 (ksf)		Soil Site Class C		
Seismic Soil Column	Bot. Of Sample Elevation	Sample Thick.	N	Qu	Layer Description	
Depth	Elevation	Thick.	N	Qu	Boundary	
(ft)	(ft.)	(ft.)	(tsf)			
	688.0	4.50	4	1.50		
	685.5	2.50	3	1.00		
	682.5	3.00	3	1.00		
	680.0	2.50	4			
0.4	677.5	2.50	4	2.00		
2.9	675.5	2.00	3	1.00	b	
4.9	673.0	2.50	25			
7.4	670.5	2.50	23			
9.9	668.0	2.50	20			
12.4	665.5	2.50	22			
14.9	663.0	2.50	22			
17.4	660.5	2.50	21			
19.9	658.0	2.50	22		b	
22.4	655.5	2.50	19	3.80		
24.9	653.0	2.50	22	4.20		
27.4	650.5	2.50	22	4.20		
29.9	648.0	2.50	23	4.40		
32.4	645.5	2.50	22	4.60		
34.9	643.0	2.50	20	4.50		
37.4	640.5	2.50	23	4.60		
39.9	638.0	2.50	18	4.40		
42.4	635.5	3.50	20	4.60	b	
45.9	632.0	2.50	22			
48.4	629.5	2.50	22			
50.9	626.0	3.50	45			
54.9	580.4	45.60	29		b	

Substructure 3						
Base of Substruct. Elev. (or ground surf for bents)					676.5	ft.
Pile or Shaft Dia.					14	inches
Boring Number					South Pier	
Top of Boring Elev.					692.32	ft.
Approximate Fixity Elev.					669.5	ft.
Individual Site Class Definition:						
N (bar):		22 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D		
N _{ch} (bar):		27 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D <----Controls		
s _u (bar):		4 (ksf)		Soil Site Class C		
Seismic Soil Column	Bot. Of Sample Elevation	Sample Thick.	N	Qu	Layer Description	
Depth	Elevation	Thick.	N	Qu	Boundary	
(ft)	(ft.)	(ft.)	(tsf)			
	687.8	4.50	7	1.50		
	685.3	2.50	4	1.00		
	682.8	2.50	4	1.00		
	680.3	2.50	4	1.50		
	677.3	3.00	4	1.00	b	
	675.3	2.00	8		B	
	672.8	2.50	36			
	670.3	2.50	18			
1.7	667.8	2.50	18			
4.2	665.3	2.50	22			
6.7	662.8	2.50	23			
9.2	660.3	2.50	21			
11.7	657.8	2.50	21			
14.2	655.3	2.50	25			
16.7	652.8	2.50	25			
19.2	650.3	2.50	64		b	
21.7	647.8	2.50	12	3.10		
24.2	644.8	3.00	12	3.10		
27.2	642.3	2.50	9	2.90		
29.2	640.3	2.00	21	4.10		
31.7	637.8	2.50	19	4.00		
34.2	635.3	2.50	22	4.00		
36.7	632.8	2.50	26	4.80		
39.2	630.3	2.50	37	7.10		
100.0	569.5	60.80	28	5.30	b	

Substructure 4						
Base of Substruct. Elev. (or ground surf for bents)					676.5	ft.
Pile or Shaft Dia.					14	inches
Boring Number					North Pier	
Top of Boring Elev.					692.47	ft.
Approximate Fixity Elev.					669.5	ft.
Individual Site Class Definition:						
N (bar):		26 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D		
N _{ch} (bar):		28 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D <----Controls		
s _u (bar):		4.37 (ksf)		Soil Site Class C		
Seismic Soil Column	Bot. Of Sample Elevation	Sample Thick.	N	Qu	Layer Description	
Depth	Elevation	Thick.	N	Qu	Boundary	
(ft)	(ft.)	(ft.)	(tsf)			
	688.0	4.50	4	1.50		
	685.5	2.50	3	1.00		
	682.5	3.00	3	1.00		
	680.0	2.50	4			
	677.5	2.50	4	2.00		
	675.5	2.00	3	1.00	b	
	673.0	2.50	25			
	670.5	2.50	23			
1.5	668.0	2.50	20			
4.0	665.5	2.50	22			
6.5	663.0	2.50	22			
9.0	660.5	2.50	21			
11.5	658.0	2.50	22		b	
14.0	655.5	2.50	19	3.80		
16.5	653.0	2.50	22	4.20		
19.0	650.5	2.50	22	4.20		
21.5	648.0	2.50	23	4.40		
24.0	645.5	2.50	22	4.60		
26.5	643.0	2.50	20	4.50		
29.0	640.5	2.50	23	4.60		
31.5	638.0	2.50	18	4.40		
35.0	635.5	3.50	20	4.60	b	
37.5	632.0	2.50	22			
40.0	629.5	2.50	22			
43.5	626.0	3.50	45			
100.0	569.5	56.50	29		b	

Global Site Class Definition: Substructures 1 through 4					
N (bar):		22 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D	
N _{ch} (bar):		27 (Blows/ft.)		Soil Site Class D <----Controls	
s _u (bar):		3.79 (ksf)		Soil Site Class C	