

**STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT**

**FAP RTE 312 Culvert – IL. Route 3 Over Stream**

Existing S.N. 039-2013

Proposed S.N. 039-7126

FAP 312  
SECTION 123B-5  
JACKSON COUNTY, ILLINOIS  
JOB NO. D-99-036-17  
PTB 184/034  
CONTRACT NO. 78790  
KEG NO. 17-1095.08

*Authored By:*

Matt D. Masterson, P.E. &  
Christoph Opperman, E.I.

[mmasterson@kaskaskiaeng.com](mailto:mmasterson@kaskaskiaeng.com)

(618) 233-5877

*Prepared For:*

Veenstra & Kimm, Inc.  
2417 West White Oaks Drive  
Springfield, Illinois 62704

May 5, 2021

REVISED December 13, 2021



12/13/2021  
Exp 02/28/2022

**Kaskaskia**  
Engineering Group, LLC



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Project Description and Scope .....	1
1.1	Introduction .....	1
1.2	Project Description .....	1
1.3	Proposed Structure Information .....	1
2.0	Field Exploration .....	1
2.1	Subsurface Exploration and Testing .....	1
2.2	Subsurface Conditions .....	1
3.0	Geotechnical Evaluations .....	2
3.1	Settlement .....	2
3.2	Slope Stability .....	2
3.3	Scour .....	3
3.4	Seismic Considerations .....	3
4.0	Foundation Evaluations and Design Recommendations .....	3
4.1	Box Culvert .....	4
5.0	Construction Considerations .....	4
5.1	Construction Activities .....	4
5.2	Temporary Shoring and Soil Retention .....	4
5.3	Site and Soil Conditions .....	4
6.0	Computations .....	4
7.0	Geotechnical Data .....	4
8.0	Limitations .....	4

## TABLES

	<u>Page</u>
Table 3.1 – Slope Stability Critical FOS.....	3

## EXHIBITS

- Exhibit A – Location Map
- Exhibit B – Type, Size, and Location Plan (TS&L)
- Exhibit C – Boring Logs
- Exhibit D – Subsurface Profile
- Exhibit E – Slope/W Slope Stability Analysis

## **1.0 Project Description and Scope**

### **1.1 Introduction**

The geotechnical study summarized in this report was performed by Kaskaskia Engineering Group, LLC (KEG) for the replacement of a double barrel reinforced concrete box culvert for IL-3 over Stream in Jackson County, Illinois. The purpose of this report is to document subsurface geotechnical conditions, provide analyses of anticipated site conditions as they pertain to the project described herein, and to present design and construction recommendations for the proposed structure.

### **1.2 Project Description**

The project consists of the replacement of a double barrel reinforced concrete box culvert (existing SN 039-2013) located at IL 3 over a Stream in Jackson County, Illinois.

The general location of the proposed structure is shown on a Location Map, Exhibit A. The project is located approximately 0.8 miles northwest of Jones Ridge Road in Rockwood, Illinois. The site lies within the limits of the Third Principal Meridian (T. 8S R. 5W) within the Shawnee Hills Section of the Interior Low Plateaus Province.

### **1.3 Proposed Structure Information**

The proposed structure will consist of a cast-in-place (C.I.P.) double box culvert with apron supported wingwalls on each end of the culvert. The proposed structure will be built on a 30-degree skew and will provide a 24 ft.-wide driving width consisting of 12 ft. lanes and 4 ft. shoulders. The proposed culvert centerline station will be 530+10. The culvert will consist of a 6 ft. by 17 ft. single-barrel and will measure 87 ft. – 2-1/4 in. out-to-out of headwalls. A Type, Size, and Location Plan (TS&L) is included in Exhibit B. Class A5 stone riprap will be placed at both ends of the culvert.

Further substructure details will be based on the findings of this SGR.

## **2.0 Field Exploration**

### **2.1 Subsurface Exploration and Testing**

The site exploration plan was developed and completed by IDOT. Two standard penetration test (SPT) borings, designated 1-S and 2-S were drilled April 10, 2020. Detailed information regarding the nature and thickness of the soils encountered and the results of the field sampling and laboratory testing are shown on the Boring Logs, Exhibit C. The soil profile for the above mentioned borings can be found in Subsurface Profile, Exhibit D.

### **2.2 Subsurface Conditions**

The profiles at the two boring locations exhibited layers of silty clays and silts. The borings were terminated at 21 ft. below ground surface elevation (GSE). Boring 1-S has an estimated GSE of 372.9 ft. and 2-S has an estimated GSE of 373.0 ft. In general, the lithologic succession is as follows:

- a) Silty Clay – The borings encountered approximately 3.5 ft. (1-S) to 6 ft. (2-S) of silty clay below the pavement at ground surface elevation (GSE). The driving resistances (N-values) ranged from 7 to 10 blows per foot (bpf), with unconfined compressive strength ( $Q_u$ ) values between 1.2 to 2.5 tons per square foot (tsf). The moisture contents varied from 17 to 26 percent.
- b) Silt – Below the silty clay layer in both borings, a silt layer was encountered between 4.5 and 7 ft. below GSE, extending to the termination of the borings at 21 ft. below GSE. The N-values ranged from 0 bpf to 7 bpf, with  $Q_u$  values between 0.2 tsf and 1.1 tsf, and moisture contents of 21 percent to 35 percent.

Groundwater was encountered in Boring 1-S and Boring 2-S at 17 ft. below GSE. Stream bed elevation was noted to be approximately El. 362.8. below GSE for 1-S and 2-S, respectively. It should be noted that the groundwater level is subject to seasonal and climatic variations, including the flow of the Tributary. In addition, without extended periods of observation, measurement of true groundwater levels may not be possible. Bedrock was not encountered in either boring.

### **3.0 Geotechnical Evaluations**

#### **3.1 Settlement**

Due to the presence of soft soils in the vicinity of the proposed upstream (El. 361.8) and downstream (El. 361.7) inverts and the possibility of remaining materials from the existing structure, settlement calculations were necessary.

Based on our analysis, the proposed new culvert and wingwalls with up to 3.8 feet of new roadbed fill and pavement section could experience settlements of up to 11 inches if the culvert bears on the existing soils. Differential settlement between the main box and proposed end sections with horizontal cantilever wingwalls was estimated to be a maximum of 2 inches. KEG recommends the removal and disposal of unsuitable material is necessary for proper support of the new construction. KEG recommends overexcavation of the soils a minimum of 5 feet to El. 355.0. The horizontal limits of removal shall extend to 3 feet beyond the outer limits of the culvert and wingwall footprints. The overexcavation and replacement of the soft soils are necessary for proper support of the new construction.

#### **3.2 Slope Stability**

A stability analysis using SLOPE/W was performed using the proposed roadway and culvert geometry on the TS&L and soil characteristics from Boring 1-S and 2-S. Two conditions were modeled for each scenario: end-of-construction and long-term stability. A critical factor of safety (FOS) was calculated for each condition. According to current standard of practice, the target FOS is 1.5 for end-of-construction and long-term slope stability. The slope stability analyses indicated that the required minimum FOS for all conditions were met.

In order to model the end-of-construction condition, full cohesion and a friction angle of 0 degrees were assumed. Nominal values for cohesion were used with full friction angle to model the long-term condition to analyze the theoretical condition where pore water pressure has dissipated. Nominal values were between 50 and 100 psf for the cohesive soils, and friction angles ranged from 26 to 28 degrees.

The Bishop Circular Method, which generates circular-shaped failure surfaces, was used to calculate the critical failure surfaces and FOS for the proposed conditions. The FOS obtained in the analysis is shown in Table 3.1. SLOPE/W program output from this analysis can be found in SLOPE/W Slope Stability Analysis, Exhibit E.

**Table 3.1 – Slope Stability Critical FOS**

Location (2H:1V Slope)	Critical FOS	
	End-of Construction	Long Term
Northwest Culvert Wingwall	3.6	1.7
Southeast Culvert Wingwall	3.6	1.8

### 3.3 Scour

The approximate elevation at the upstream invert (TS&L, Exhibit B) is El. 361.8, and at the downstream invert is El. 361.7. Class A5 stone dumped riprap will be placed on both the upstream and downstream end of the double box culvert to reduce the potential for future scour.

### 3.4 Seismic Considerations

As per IDOT Geotechnical Manual v. 2020, Section 7.4.5.4, seismic data is not required for buried structures, including box culverts.

### 4.0 Foundation Evaluations and Design Recommendations

AASHTO Table 12.5.5-1 and Article 12.11 do not require box culverts to be designed for bearing capacity. Culverts weigh less than the soil around them and tend to “float” in the soil medium and are supported by the soil on the sides and below.

The soil encountered in the borings at the anticipated bearing elevation of the culvert consist of a very soft to medium-stiff silt material. The soil characteristics from Borings 1-S and 2-S at the assumed bearing elevation has a  $Q_u$  value of 0.4 tsf. The total applied bearing pressure from the culvert box, including the proposed 3.8 feet of roadbed fill and pavement is estimated to be 905 psf. The applied bearing pressure from the end sections with wingwalls and roadbed fill is estimated to be 681 psf for the north and south end sections. Based on these estimates, the service bearing pressures will be satisfied, however, settlement of 9 to 11 inches is estimated.

Horizontal cantilever wingwalls may provide overall lower applied pressures than other walls, and may reduce any differential settlement resulting from the walls bearing on some previously unloaded material. While this analysis shows the proposed Horizontal cantilever wingwalls to be feasible, other wingwall types may be considered, such as apron supported walls.

If after final design the bearing elevation changes, KEG should be informed to review that the above information is still accurate.

#### **4.1 Box Culvert**

Varying depths of existing stream bed will require excavation and removal to reach the proposed bottom elevation of the box culvert (El. 360+/-). Typically, excavations to these depths will result in suitable bearing soils for construction. As indicated above, KEG recommends the removal and disposal of unsuitable material a minimum of 5 feet below proposed bearing elevation of the culvert to El. 355.0 for proper support of the new construction. In addition, care must be taken during excavation to prevent disturbing the final bearing surface soils. If the foundation soils are disturbed or soft pockets of material are encountered during construction, they must also be removed and replaced.

#### **5.0 Construction Considerations**

##### **5.1 Construction Activities**

Construction activities should be performed in accordance with the current IDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and any pertinent Special Provisions or Policies.

Should any design considerations assumed by KEG change, KEG should be contacted to determine if the recommendations stated in this report still apply.

##### **5.2 Temporary Shoring and Soil Retention**

Temporary shoring may be required at various stages of this project due to the proposed staged-construction layout shown in the TS&L.

Temporary Soil Retention Systems may be required versus Temporary Shoring, depending upon the surcharge loading and retained heights required to be supported during construction. An Illinois-licensed Structural Engineer is required to seal the design of Temporary Soil Retention Systems, if deemed necessary.

##### **5.3 Site and Soil Conditions**

Provisions of the Standard Specifications should adequately address site and soil conditions.

#### **6.0 Computations**

Computations and analyses for special circumstances, if any, are included as exhibits. Please refer to each section of the report for reference to the exhibit containing any such calculations or analysis used.

#### **7.0 Geotechnical Data**

Soil boring logs can be found in Exhibit C. The Subsurface Profile can be found in Exhibit D.

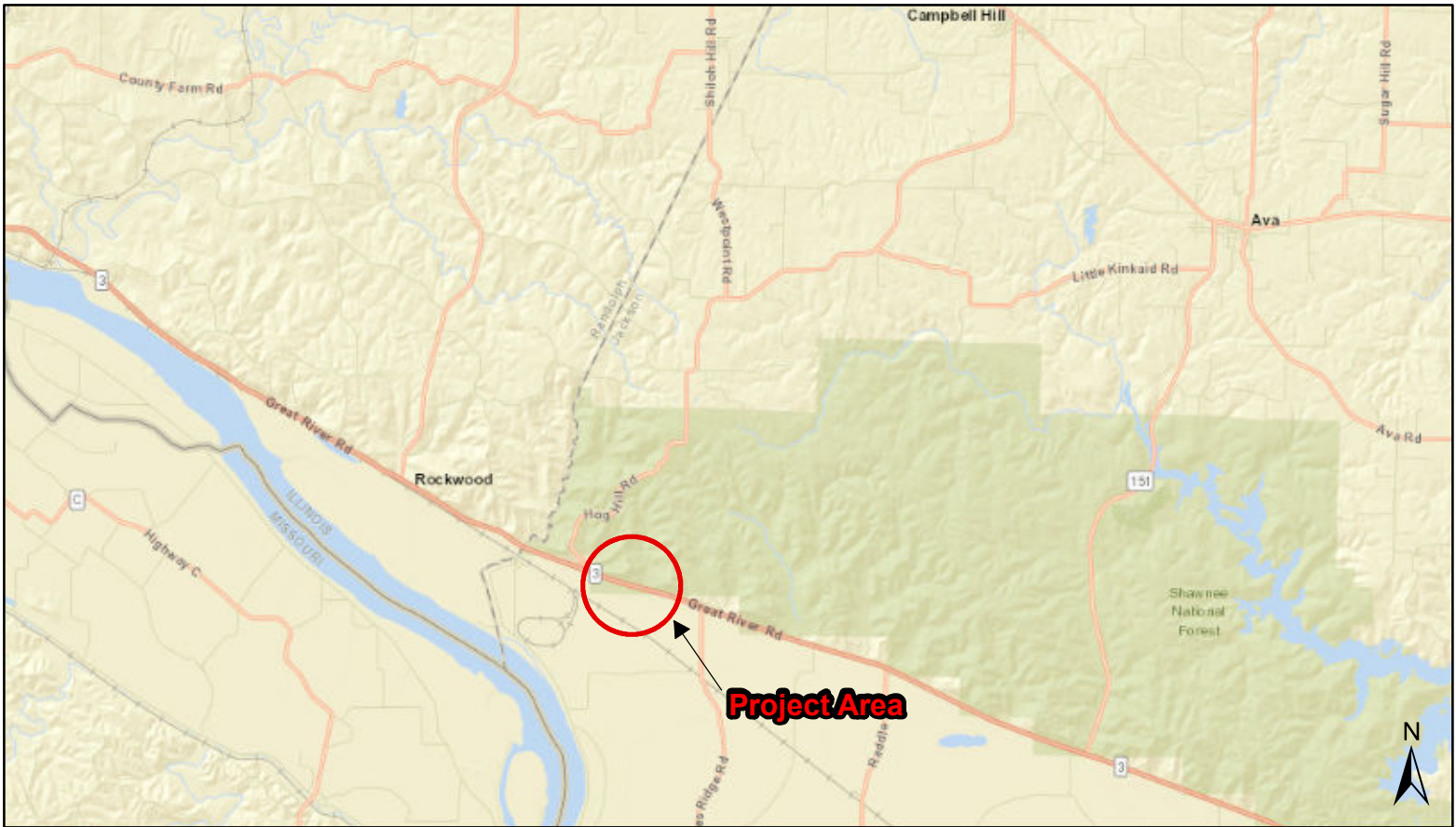
#### **8.0 Limitations**

The recommendations provided herein are for the exclusive use of Veenstra & Kimm, Inc and the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT). They are specific only to the project described and are based on the subsurface information obtained by IDOT at two boring locations within the

structure area in 2013, KEG's understanding of the project as described herein, and geotechnical engineering practice consistent with the standard of care. No other warranty is expressed or implied. KEG should be contacted if conditions encountered during construction are not consistent with those described.

**EXHIBIT A**  
**LOCATION MAP**





**LOCATION MAP**  
**IL 3 (FAP 312) over Stream**  
**Section 123B-5**  
**Existing SN 039-2013**  
**Proposed SN 039-7126**  
**Jackson County, Illinois**

**Exhibit No.**

**A**

KEG JOB #17-1095.08

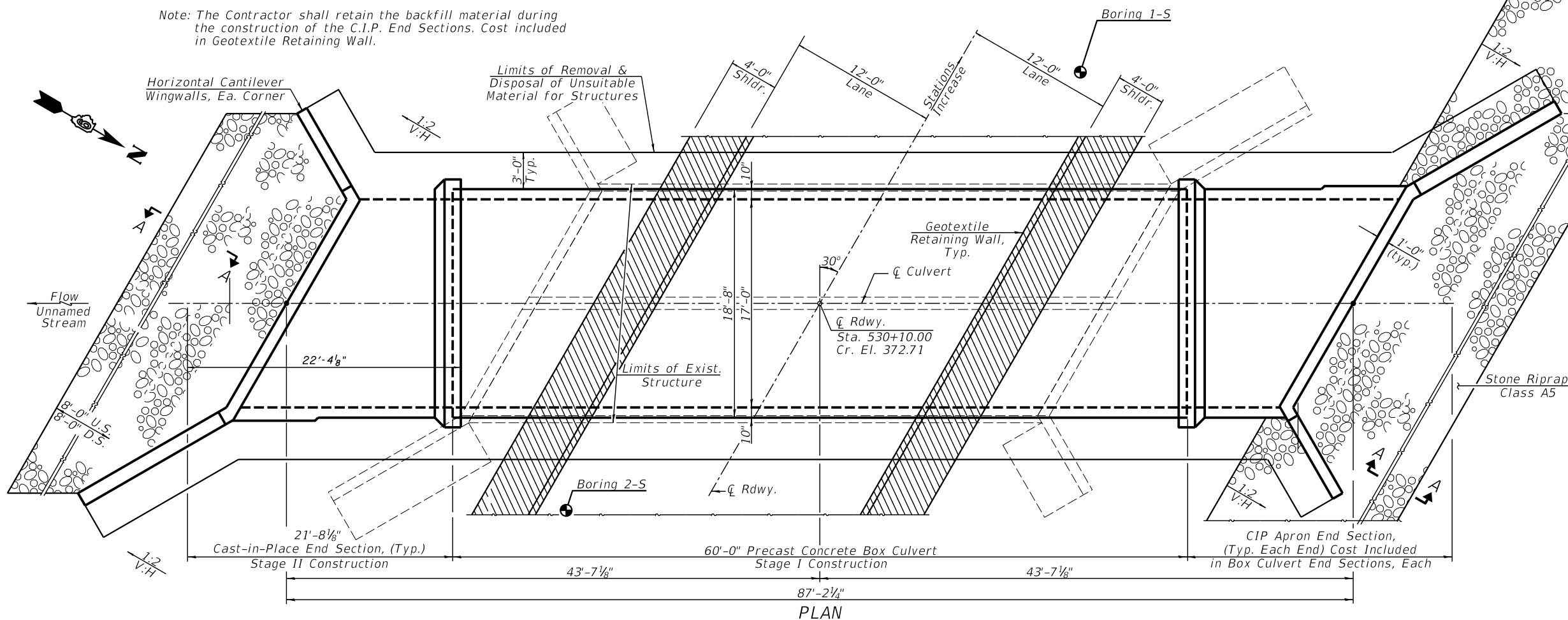
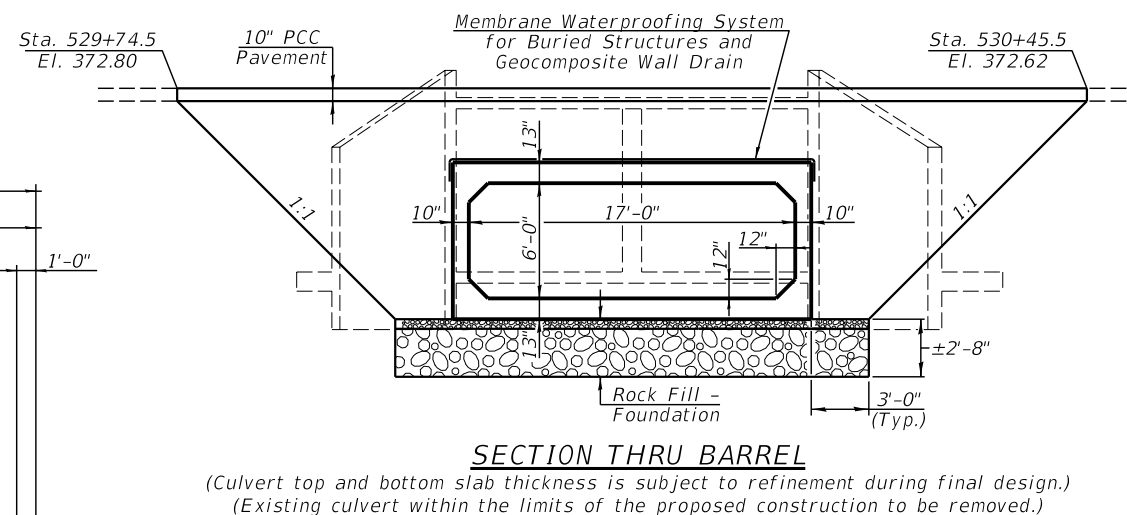
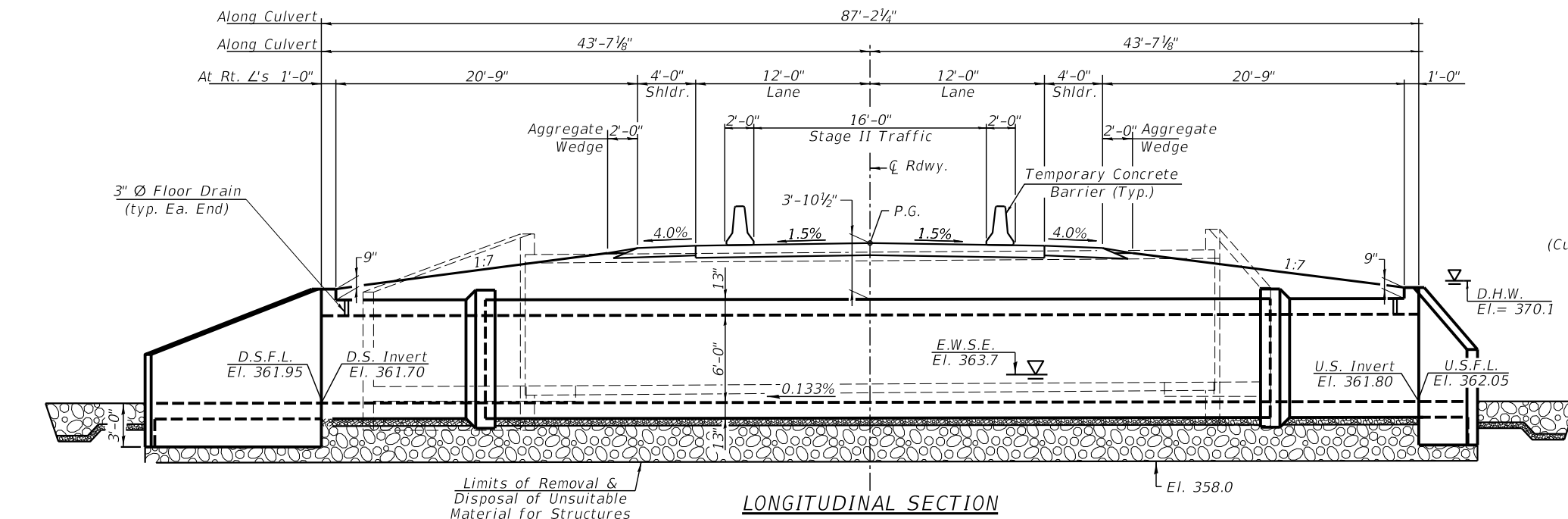
**EXHIBIT B**  
**TYPE, SIZE, AND LOCATION PLAN (TS&L)**

B.M. 1013 Chiseled "□" on top of Northwest corner of concrete headwall of Structure No. 039-2013. Elev. 372.111

Existing Structure: S.N. 039-2013 originally built under SBI Route 150 under Section 123 in 1933. The structure is a double barrel reinforced concrete box culvert (8'-8"W x 8'-6"H) 4'-8" out-of of headwalls, 48'-1 1/8" along centerline of culvert. 30° skew Rt. Fwd. The structure will be replaced using stage construction. CUL Structure Sta. 530+10.

No Salvage.

Precast End Sections are allowed.



**HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION**  
 F.A.P. Rte. 312 - IL Rte. 3  
 Functional Class: Other Principal Arterial  
 ADT: 2370 (2020); 2620 (2030)  
 ADTT: 390 (2020); 430 (2030)  
 DHV: 215 (2020)  
 Design speed: 55 MPH  
 Posted Speed: 55 MPH  
 Two Way Directional Dist.: 50/50

**LOADING HL-93**  
 Allow 50#/sq. ft. for future wearing surface

**DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS**  
 2020 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition

**DESIGN STRESSES**  
**PRECAST UNITS**  
 f'c = 5,000 psi  
 fy = 65,000 psi (Welded Wire Fabric)  
 fy = 60,000 psi (Reinforcement)

**FIELD UNITS**  
 f'c = 3,500 psi  
 fy = 60,000 psi (Reinforcement)

**GENERAL PLAN & ELEVATION**  
**IL. ROUTE 3 OVER STREAM**  
**F.A.P. RTE 312 - SECTION 123B-5**  
**JACKSON COUNTY**  
**STATION 530+10**  
**STRUCTURE NO. 039-7126**

**VEENSTRA & KIMM INC.**  
 Springfield, IL. Phone: (217)544-8033  
 IL. Design Firm No. 184-001939

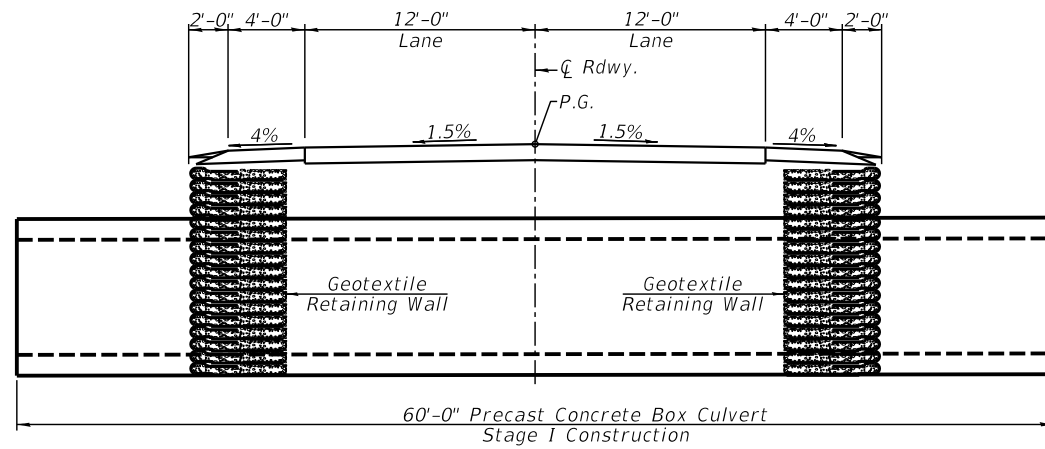
USER NAME =	DESIGNED - KES	REVISED -
PLOT SCALE =	CHECKED - TRC	REVISED -
PLOT DATE = 11/12/2021	DRAWN - JRP	REVISED -
	CHECKED -	REVISED -

**STATE OF ILLINOIS**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

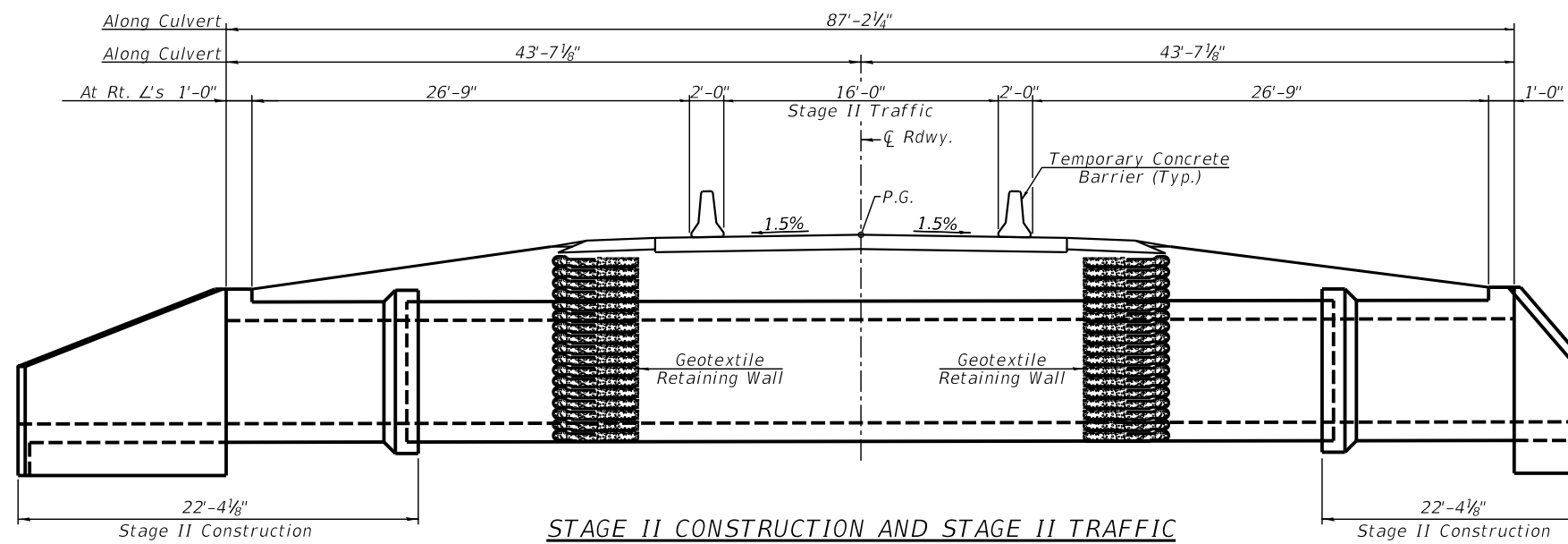
**GENERAL PLAN & ELEVATION**  
**STRUCTURE NO. 039-7126**

SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS

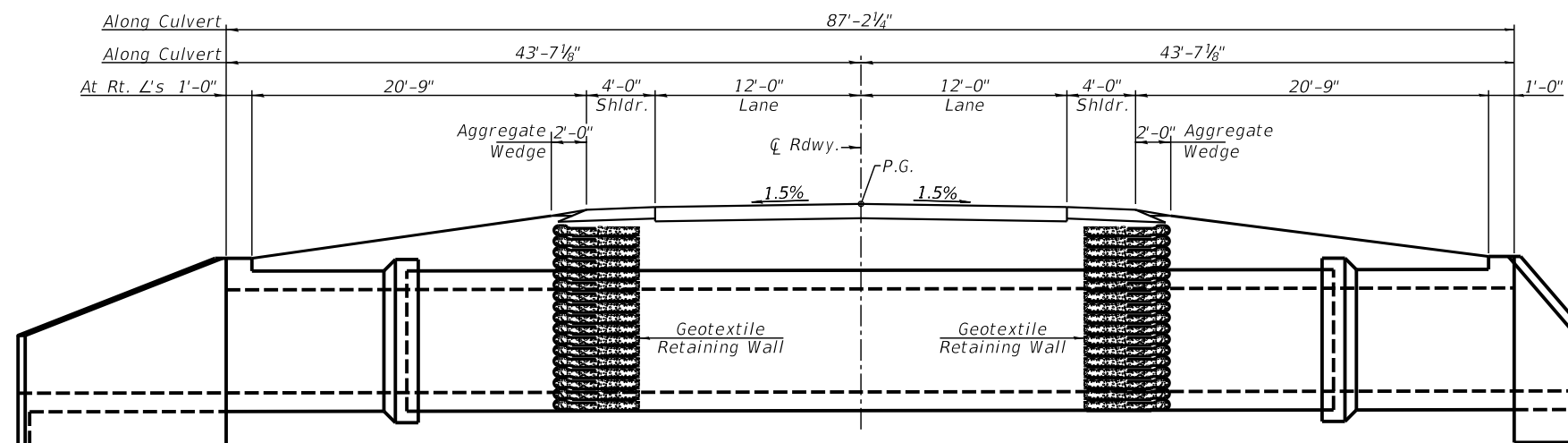
F.A. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
312	123B-5	JACKSON		
CONTRACT NO. 78790				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				



**STAGE I CONSTRUCTION**



**STAGE II CONSTRUCTION AND STAGE II TRAFFIC**

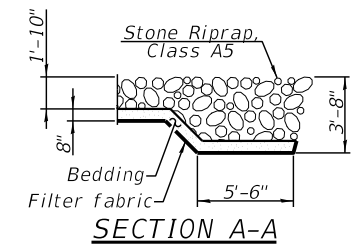


**PROPOSED CROSS SECTION**

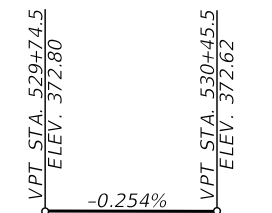
**WATERWAY INFORMATION**

Drainage Area = 0.9 Sq. Mi.		Exist. Overtopping Elev. = 372.15 @ Sta. 531+25 Prop. Overtopping Elev. = 372.15 @ Sta. 531+25									
Flood	Freq. Yr.	Q C.F.S.	Opening Sq. Ft.		Nat. H.W.E.	Head - Ft.		Headwater El.			
			Exist.	Prop.		Exist.	Prop.	Exist.	Prop.		
	10	730	125	98	369.6	2.1	1.9	371.7	371.5		
Design	50	1,260	134	98	370.1	2.4	2.4	372.5	372.5		
Base	100	1,520	138	98	370.3	2.2	2.2	372.5	372.5		
Overtop Prop.	50	1,260	134	98	370.1	2.4	2.4	372.5	372.5		

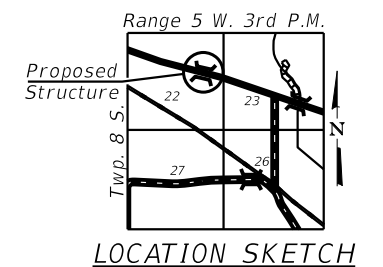
10 Yr. Outlet Velocity through Exist. Structure = 5.8 ft/s  
10 Yr. Outlet Velocity through Prop. Structure = 7.4 ft/s



**SECTION A-A**



**PROFILE GRADE**  
(Along Cl Rte. 3)



**LOCATION SKETCH**

**GENERAL PLAN & ELEVATION**  
**IL. ROUTE 3 OVER STREAM**  
**F.A.P. RTE 312 - SECTION 123B-5**  
**JACKSON COUNTY**  
**STATION 530+10**  
**STRUCTURE NO. 039-7126**

MODEL: SMODELNAMES  
FILE NAME: SFILES

**VK VEENSTRA & KIMM INC.**  
Springfield, IL. Phone: (217)544-8033  
IL. Design Firm No. 184-001939

USER NAME = _____	DESIGNED - KES	REVISED - _____
PLOT SCALE = _____	CHECKED - TRC	REVISED - _____
PLOT DATE = 11/12/2021	DRAWN - JRP	REVISED - _____
	CHECKED - _____	REVISED - _____

**STATE OF ILLINOIS**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**GENERAL PLAN & ELEVATION**  
**STRUCTURE NO. 039-7126**

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

F.A. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
312	123B-5	JACKSON	—	—
CONTRACT NO. 78790				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

**EXHIBIT C**  
**BORING LOGS**



# SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE IL 3 DESCRIPTION Box Culvert over stream LOGGED BY Lee Estel

SECTION 123B-5 LOCATION 1.8 mi. E of Randolph County line, SEC. 22, TWP. 8S, RNG. 5W, 3 PM

COUNTY Jackson DRILLING METHOD Hollow stem auger (8" O.D., 3.25" I.D.) HAMMER TYPE Auto SPT 140 lb

STRUCT. NO. 039-2013  
Station 530+10

BORING NO. 1-S  
Station 530+37  
Offset 9.0ft RT  
Ground Surface Elev. 372.9 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOWS	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
------------	-------	-----------	-----------

Surface Water Elev. \_\_\_\_\_ ft  
Stream Bed Elev. 362.8 ft  
Groundwater Elev.:  
▽ First Encounter 355.9 ft  
▽ Upon Completion \_\_\_\_\_ ft  
▽ After \_\_\_\_\_ Hrs. \_\_\_\_\_ ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOWS	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
------------	-------	-----------	-----------

Cored Pavement, 2.5" HMA over 9.5" PCC 371.90				V. Soft Brown, Moist SILT (continued) 351.90	WOH WOH	0.2 B	29
Stiff Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY	2 5 5	1.8 B	17				
368.40							
M. Stiff Brown, Moist SILT	-5 3 4	0.9 B	21		-25		
	1 2 4	0.8 B	21				
363.40							
Soft Brown, Moist SILT	-10 2 1	0.4 B	21	Bottom of hole @ 21.0 ft	-30		
360.90				Elevation referenced to BM 1013, Cut Square on NW Corner HDWL of 039-2013; EL. 372.11			
M. Stiff Brown, Moist SILT	WOH WOH WOH	0.7 B	28	To convert "N" values to "N60", multiply by 1.5			
	-15 WOH WOH	0.5 B	28		-35		
	▽ WOH WOH	0.7 B	26				
353.40							
V. Soft Brown, Moist SILT	-20 WOH				-40		

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer, E-Estimated) Abbreviations W.O.H - Sampler Advanced By Weight of Hammer, W.O.P - Advanced by Weight of Pipe, B.S. - Before Seating The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



# SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE IL 3 DESCRIPTION Box Culvert over stream LOGGED BY Lee Estel  
 SECTION 123B-5 LOCATION 1.8 mi. E of Randolph County line, SEC. 22, TWP. 8S, RNG. 5W, 3 PM  
 COUNTY Jackson DRILLING METHOD Hollow stem auger (8" O.D., 3.25" I.D.) HAMMER TYPE Auto SPT 140 lb

STRUCT. NO.	Station	DEPTH	BLOW	UCS	MOIST	Surface Water Elev.	Stream Bed Elev.	GROUNDWATER ELEV.	DEPTH	BLOW	UCS	MOIST
		(ft)	(tsf)	(%)		ft	ft	ft	(ft)	(tsf)	(%)	
039-2013	530+10											
2-S	529+85											
	9.5ft LT											
	373.0											
Cored Pavement, 2.5" HMA over 9.5" PCC						M. Stiff Brown, Moist SILT (continued)						
	372.00						352.00		1	0.5	35	
V. Stiff Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY												
			1									
			3	2.5	26							
			4	B								
(Stiff)												
		-5	1						-25			
			3	1.2	20							
			4	B								
	366.00											
Stiff Brown, Moist SILT												
			1									
			3	1.1	21							
			4	B								
	363.50											
M. Stiff Brown, Moist SILT												
		-10	1						-30			
			2	0.5	23							
			2	B								
Bottom of hole @ 21.0 ft												
Elevation referenced to BM 1013, Cut Square on NW Corner HDWL of 039-2013; EL. 372.11												
To convert "N" values to "N60", multiply by 1.5												
			WOH									
			2	0.8	29							
			2	B								
	358.50											
V. Soft Brown, Moist SILT												
		-15	WOH						-35			
			WOH	0.2	28							
			WOH	P								
			WOH									
			WOH	0.2	28							
			WOH	P								
	353.50											
M. Stiff Brown, Moist SILT												
		-20	WOH						-40			

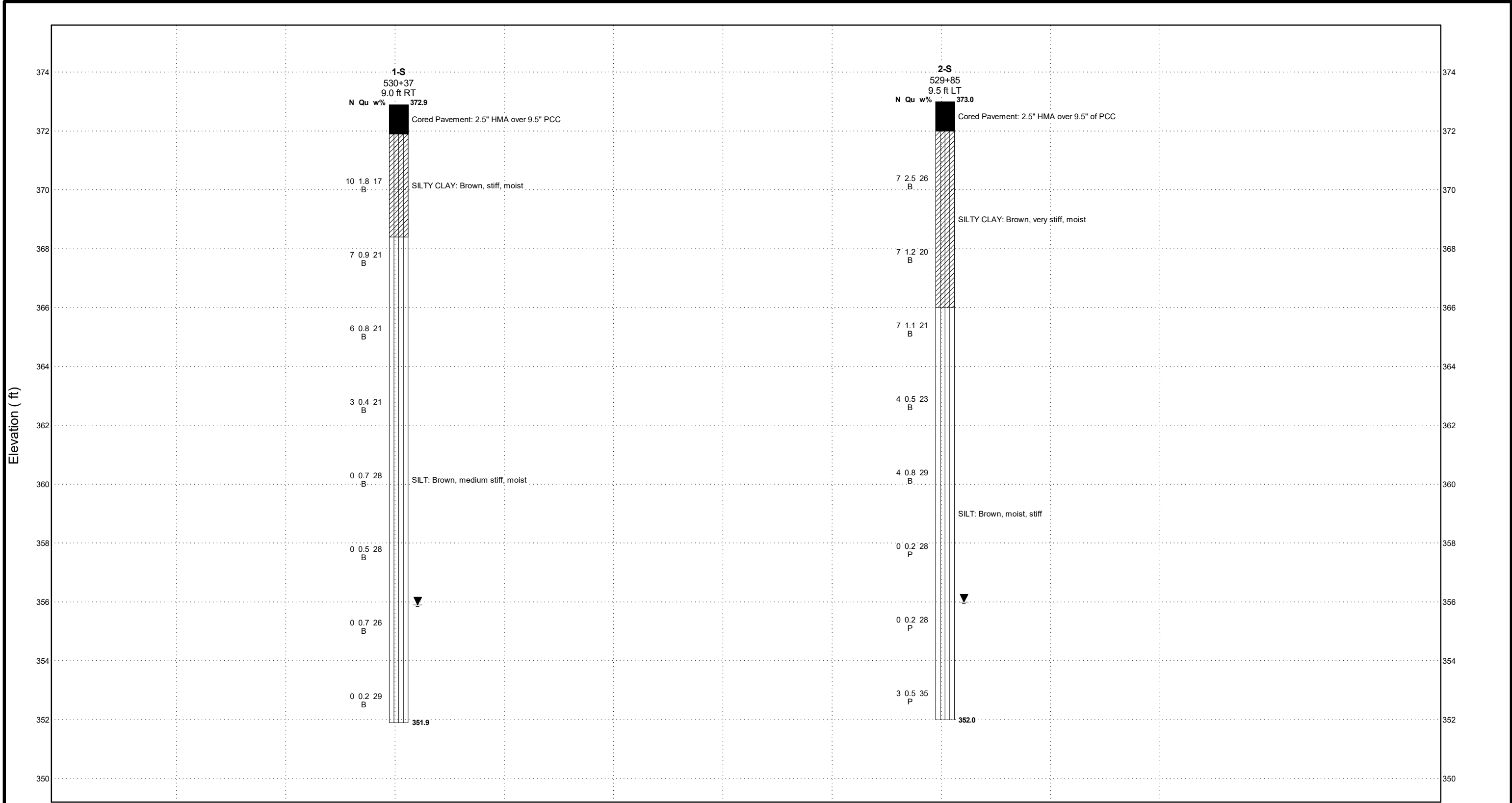
File Name S:\MATERIALS GEOTECHNICAL UNIT\GINT\PROJECTS\PROJECTS\JACKSON\STRUCTURES\039-2013 IL 3 OVER STREAM\039-2013 IL 3 OVER STREAM.GPJ Data Template D6\TEMPLATE\GDT Date Printed 4/21/20 Latitude 37.49 08.33 Longitude 89.38 23.87 Datum Job Number

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer, E-Estimated) Abbreviations W.O.H - Sampler Advanced By Weight of Hammer, W.O.P - Advanced By Weight of Pipe, B.S. - Before Seating The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206) BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)

**EXHIBIT D**  
**SUBSURFACE PROFILE**



PRINTERMOD2 11X17 17-1095.08 IL RT 3 OVER STREAM.GPJ IL\_DOT.GDT 4/8/21



NOT TO HORIZONTAL SCALE

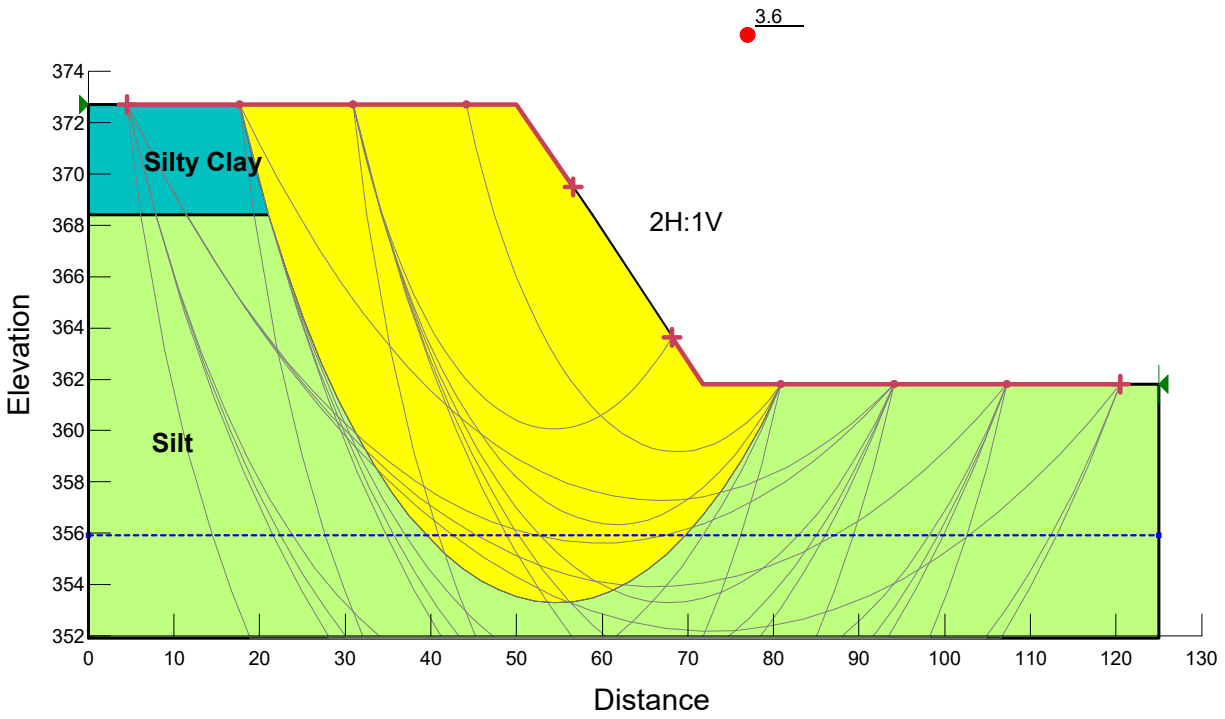
SUBSURFACE DATA PROFILE

Route: F.A.P. RTE 312  
Section: 123B-5  
County: Jackson County, IL



**EXHIBIT E**  
**SLOPE/W SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS**

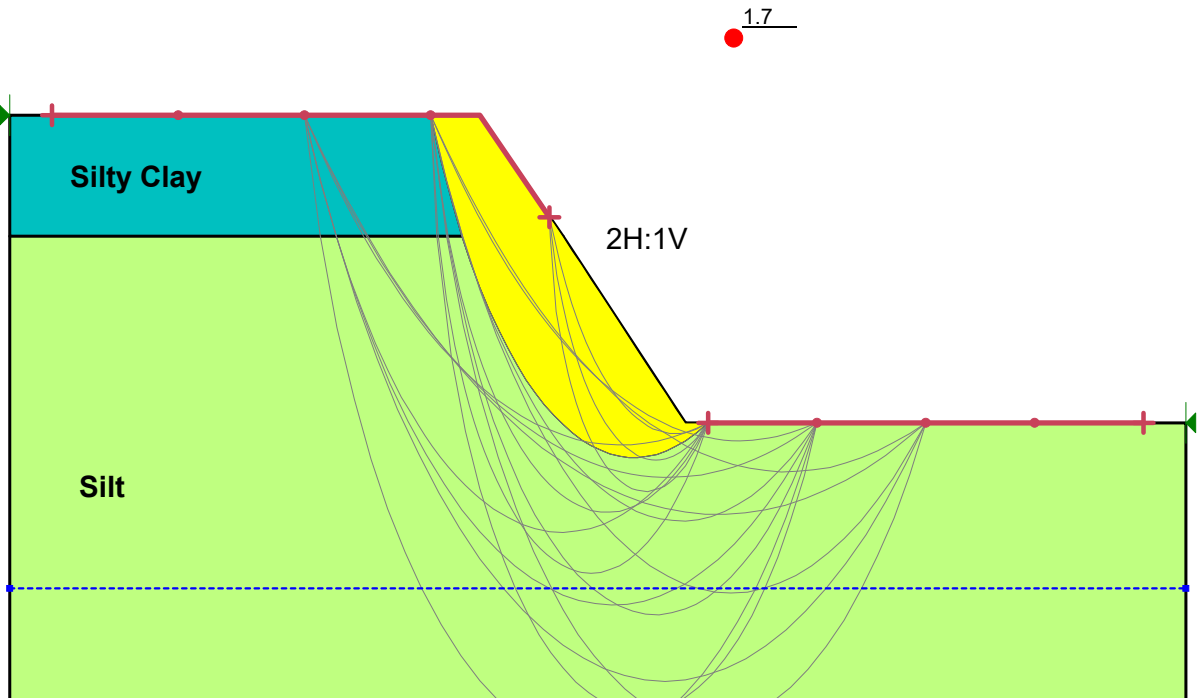
**IL 3 Over Stream  
 SN 039-2013 Northwest Wingwall - Boring 1-S  
 End-of-Construction (Undrained Analysis)**



Name: Silty Clay  
 Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
 Unit Weight: 120 pcf  
 Cohesion': 1,800 psf  
 Phi': 0 °  
 Phi-B: 0 °  
 Piezometric Line: 1

Name: Silt  
 Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
 Unit Weight: 115 pcf  
 Cohesion': 600 psf  
 Phi': 0 °  
 Phi-B: 0 °  
 Piezometric Line: 1

**IL 3 Over Stream  
SN 039-2013 Northwest Wingwall - Boring 1-S  
Long Term (Drained Analysis)**



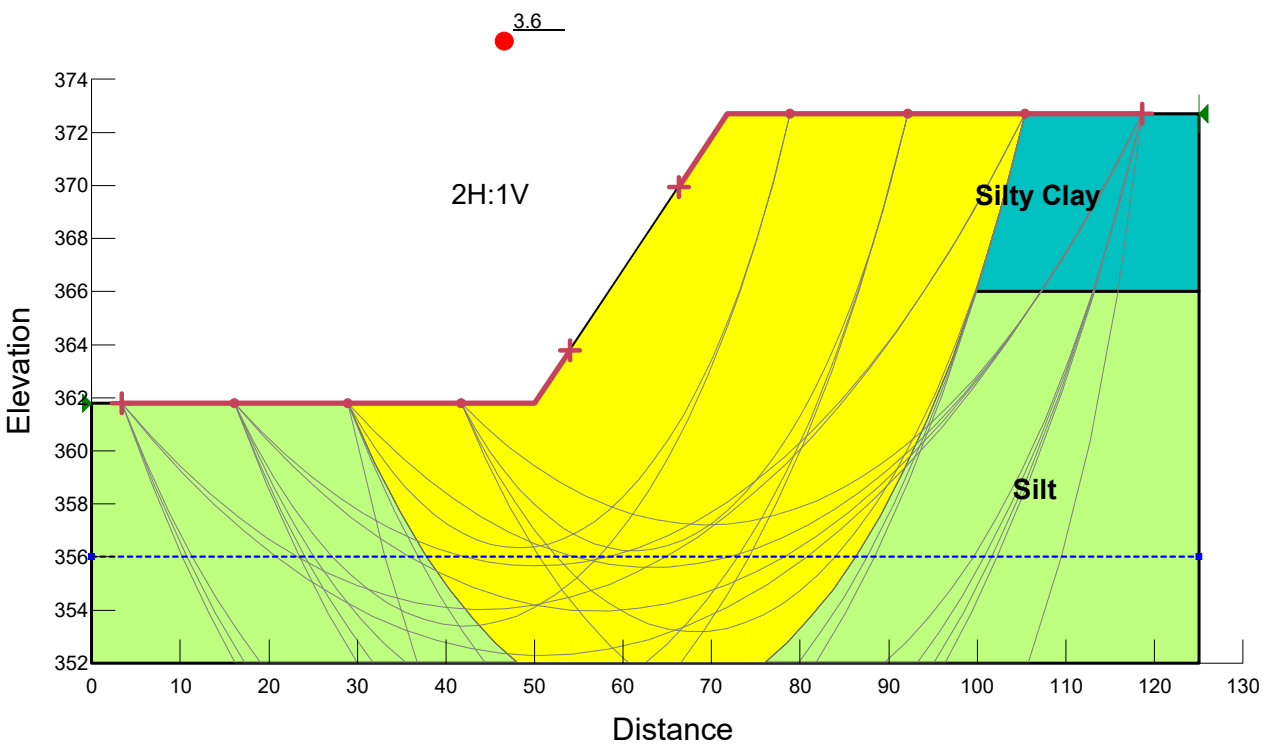
Name: Silty Clay  
Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
Unit Weight: 120 pcf  
Cohesion': 100 psf  
Phi': 28 °  
Phi-B: 0 °  
Piezometric Line: 1

Name: Silt  
Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
Unit Weight: 115 pcf  
Cohesion': 50 psf  
Phi': 26 °  
Phi-B: 0 °  
Piezometric Line: 1

**IL 3 Over Stream  
 SN 039-2013 Southeast Wingwall - Boring 2-S  
 End-of-Construction (Undrained Analysis)**

Name: Silty Clay  
 Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
 Unit Weight: 120 pcf  
 Cohesion': 1,850 psf  
 Phi': 0 °  
 Phi-B: 0 °  
 Piezometric Line: 1

Name: Silt  
 Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
 Unit Weight: 115 pcf  
 Cohesion': 550 psf  
 Phi': 0 °  
 Phi-B: 0 °  
 Piezometric Line: 1



**IL 3 Over Stream  
SN 039-2013 Southeast Wingwall - Boring 2-S  
Long Term (Drained Analysis)**

Name: Silty Clay  
Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
Unit Weight: 120 pcf  
Cohesion': 100 psf  
Phi': 28 °  
Phi-B: 0 °  
Piezometric Line: 1

Name: Silt  
Model: Mohr-Coulomb  
Unit Weight: 115 pcf  
Cohesion': 50 psf  
Phi': 26 °  
Phi-B: 0 °  
Piezometric Line: 1

