# 239

Letting June 17, 2022

# Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 95882 MOULTRIE County Section 94-08111-00-BR Route TR 185A Project 5TBC-829 () District 7 Construction Funds

> Prepared by Checked by

F



# **NOTICE TO BIDDERS**

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. June 17, 2022 at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 95882 MOULTRIE County Section 94-08111-00-BR Project 5TBC-829 () Route TR 185A District 7 Construction Funds

# Replace the bridge carrying TR 185A over Whitley Creek, 2.5 miles north of Gays .

- **3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
  - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to re-advertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman, Secretary

#### CONTRACT 95882

#### INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

#### Adopted January 1, 2022

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

No ERRATA this year.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Std. Spec. Sec.

Page No.

No Supplemental Specifications this year.

#### RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

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#### LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

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### **BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

The following special provisions indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract. An \* indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

| <u>File</u><br><u>Name</u> | <u>Pg.</u> |   | Special Provision Title   | Effective                     | <u>Revised</u>               |
|----------------------------|------------|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 80099                      |            |   | Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)   | April 1, 2003                 | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| * 80274                    |            |   | Aggregate Subgrade Improvement  | April 1, 2012                 | April 1, 2022                |
| 80192                      |            |   | Automated Flagger Assistance Device   | Jan. 1, 2008                  |                              |
| 80173                      |            |   | Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments   | Nov. 2, 2006                  | Aug. 1, 2017                 |
| 80246                      |            |   | Bituminous Surface Treatment with Fog Seal  | Jan. 1, 2020                  | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80436                      | 31         | Х | Blended Finely Divided Minerals   | April 1, 2021                 |                              |
| 80241                      |            |   | Bridge Demolition Debris  | July 1, 2009                  |                              |
| 50261                      |            |   | Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable and Friable Asbestos)                        | Sept. 1, 1990                 | April 1, 2010                |
| 50481                      |            |   | Building Removal-Case II (Non-Friable Asbestos)                                   | Sept. 1, 1990                 | April 1, 2010                |
| 50491                      |            |   | Building Removal-Case III (Friable Asbestos)                                      | Sept. 1, 1990                 | April 1, 2010                |
| 5053I                      |            |   | Building Removal-Case IV (No Asbestos)  | Sept. 1, 1990                 | April 1, 2010                |
| 80384                      | 32         | Х | Compensable Delay Costs   | June 2, 2017                  | April 1, 2019                |
| 80198                      |            |   | Completion Date (via calendar days)   | April 1, 2008                 |                              |
| 80199                      |            |   | Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days                             | April 1, 2008                 |                              |
| 80293                      |            |   | Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 Feet           | April 1, 2012                 | July 1, 2016                 |
| 80311                      |            |   | Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts   | Jan. 1, 2013                  | April 1, 2016                |
| 80261                      |            |   | Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit  | June 1, 2010                  | Nov. 1, 2014                 |
| 80434                      | 36         | Х | Corrugated Plastic Pipe (Culvert and Storm Sewer)                                 | Jan. 1, 2021                  |                              |
| 80029                      | 48         | Х | Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation                                   | Sept. 1, 2000                 | Mar. 2, 2019                 |
| 80229                      |            |   | Fuel Cost Adjustment  | April 1, 2009                 | Aug. 1, 2017                 |
| 80433                      |            |   | Green Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Markings                                   | Jan. 1, 2021                  | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80422                      |            |   | High Tension Cable Median Barrier   | Jan. 1, 2020                  | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| * 80443                    |            |   | High Tension Cable Median Barrier Removal   | April 1, 2022                 |                              |
| * 80444                    |            |   | Hot-Mix Asphalt – Patching  | April 1, 2022                 |                              |
| 80442                      |            |   | Hot-Mix Asphalt – Start of Production   | Jan. 1, 2022                  |                              |
| 80438                      |            |   | Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative – State Funded Contracts                 | June 2, 2021                  | Sept. 2, 2021                |
| 80411                      |            |   | Luminaires, LED   | April 1, 2019                 | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80045                      |            |   | Material Transfer Device  | June 15, 1999                 | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80418                      | 50         | V | Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls                                     | Nov. 1, 2019                  | Nov. 1, 2020                 |
| 80430                      | 58         | Х | Portland Cement Concrete – Haul Time  | July 1, 2020                  | 1                            |
| 34261                      |            |   | Railroad Protective Liability Insurance   | Dec. 1, 1986                  | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80395                      |            |   | Sloped Metal End Section for Pipe Culverts  | Jan. 1, 2018                  | 1                            |
| 80340                      |            |   | Speed Display Trailer   | April 2, 2014                 | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80127                      | 50         | V | Steel Cost Adjustment   | April 2, 2014                 | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80397                      | 59<br>60   | X | Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting   | April 2, 2018                 | Amril 1 0010                 |
| 80391                      | 60         | Х | Subcontractor Mobilization Payments   | Nov. 2, 2017                  | April 1, 2019                |
| 80437                      |            |   | Submission of Payroll Records   | April 1, 2021                 | lan 1 0000                   |
| 80435                      |            |   | Surface Testing of Pavements – IRI  | Jan. 1, 2021                  | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80410                      |            |   | Traffic Spotters  | Jan. 1, 2019                  | Sant 2 2021                  |
| 20338<br>80318             |            |   | Training Special Provisions   | Oct. 15, 1975                 | Sept. 2, 2021                |
| 80318<br>80429             |            |   | Traversable Pipe Grate for Concrete End Sections Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course | Jan. 1, 2013<br>April 1, 2020 | Jan. 1, 2018<br>Jan. 1, 2022 |
| 80429<br>80440             |            |   | Waterproofing Membrane System   | Nov. 1, 2020                  | Jan. 1, 2022                 |
| 80302                      | 61         | Х | Weekly DBE Trucking Reports   | June 2, 2012                  | Nov. 1, 2021                 |
| 80302                      | 01         | ^ | Work Zone Traffic Control Devices   | Mar. 2, 2012                  | 1100. 1, 2021                |
| 80071                      | 62         | Х | Working Days  | Jan. 1, 2002                  |                              |
| 00071                      | 02         | ~ | woming Days   | 0an. 1, 2002                  |                              |



#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted January 1, 2022, the latest editions of the "Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of <u>Section 94-08111-00-BR</u>, Project <u>5TBC(829)</u>, and in case of conflict with any part or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF WORK**

This section consists of the construction of a single span precast prestressed concrete deck beam bridge, earth embankment, and aggregate surfaced approaches. The existing bridge will be removed. The roadway will be closed to traffic during the construction of the proposed bridge and roadway.

This project is located 3 miles north of Gays, Illinois in Section 11, T 12 N, R 6 E, 3rd P.M.

# JOINT UTILITY LOCATING INFORMATION FOR EXCAVATORS

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that there exists within the State of Illinois a Joint Utility Locating Information for Excavators (J.U.L.I.E.) System. Utility companies and municipalities which have gas mains and a number of others are a part of this system.

Instead of the Contractor notifying each individual utility owner that he will be working within the area, it will only be necessary to call the number of the Joint Utility Locating Information for Excavators System which is (800)892-0123 and they will notify all utility companies involved that their respective utility should be located. A minimum of forty-eight hours advance notice is required and the political name of the township where the work is located, as shown on the cover sheet, along with other location information such as land section and quarter section will have to be given.

#### PRECAUTION FOR UTILITIES

The Contractor shall take whatever precautions which may be necessary to protect the property of the various public utilities which may be located underground or above ground, at or adjacent to the site of this improvement. The Contractor will be required to repair or replace at his own expense, or bear the cost, to repair or replace, any public utility property which has been damaged through his negligence. The procedure and specifications of repair will be in accordance with the regulations and/or policy of the utility.

# BORROW AREAS, USE AREAS, AND/OR WASTE AREAS

In addition to the provisions contained in Article 107.22 of the Standard Specifications, any required submittal(s) to the District office shall require four (4) copies sent for processing. All copies of pictures submitted shall be in color.

# SHOP PLAN REVIEW

The contractor shall submit fabrication plans to Hampton, Lenzini and Renwick, Inc., Consulting Engineers, 3085 Stevenson Drive, Suite 201, Springfield, Illinois 62703, for review and approval. Files can be sent electronically to <u>swmegginson@hlreng.com</u>.

# PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS D

**Description.** Pipe culverts shall conform to Article 1006.01 of the Standard Specifications except at noted.

Materials. Pipe culverts shall be galvanized, riveted, corrugated metal pipe culverts.

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Traffic control shall be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the applicable guidelines contained in the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, these special provisions, and any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

**Traffic.** The road shall be closed to all traffic. Local residents shall be allowed access in accordance with the provisions of Articles 107.09 and 701.04 of the Standard Specifications.

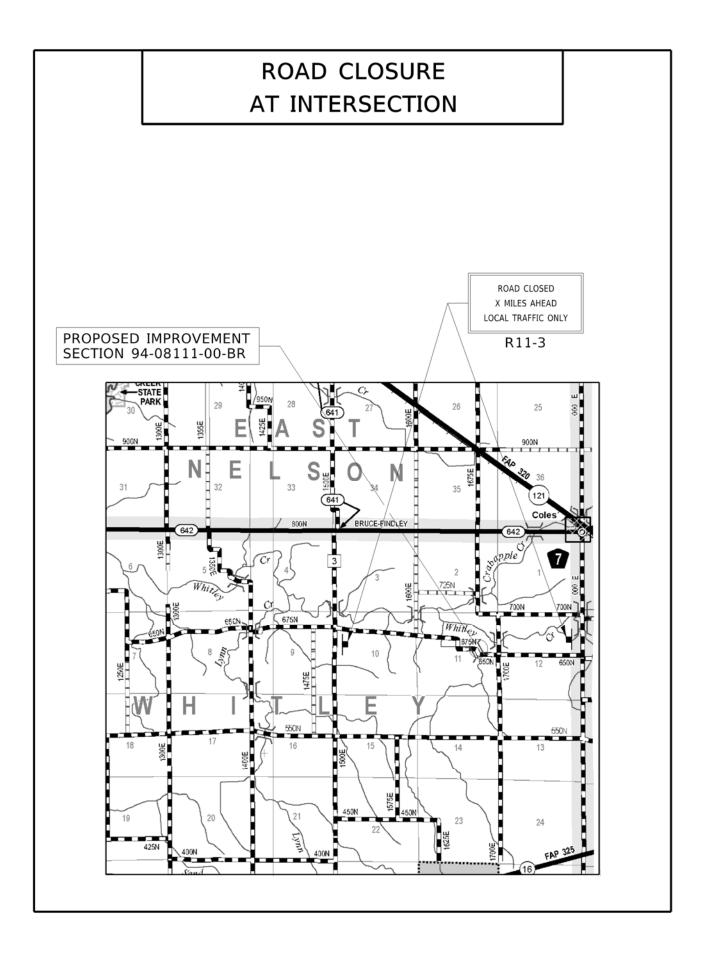
Special attention is called to Articles 107.09 and 107.14 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and the following Highway Standards and other special provisions relating to traffic control.

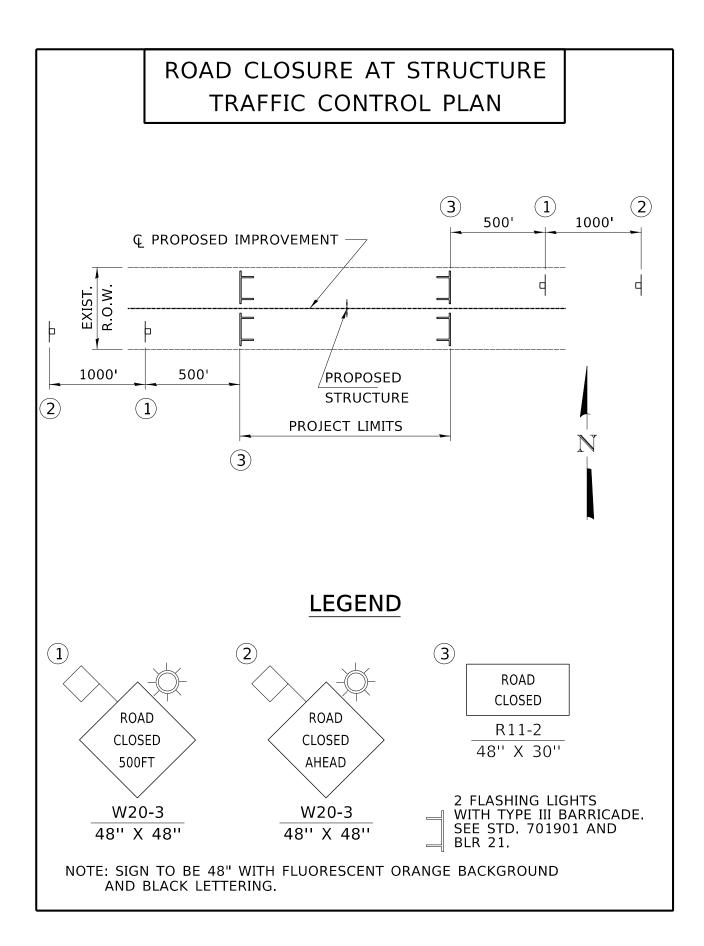
Standard 701901 Standard BLR 21

The Contractor shall erect Type III barricades at each end of the improvement limits in accordance with BLR 21 or as directed by the Engineer. These shall extend from shoulder break to shoulder break as per Standard 701901. Flashing lights shall be provided on both advance warning signs. Two flashing lights shall be provided for each barricade located on the paved surface.

The contractor shall be responsible for the condition and placement of traffic control devices at all times during construction activities and throughout shutdown periods.

Basis of Payment. Traffic control and protection required under Standard 701901 and BLR 21 and the following sketch indicate the traffic control and protection to be furnished, erected and maintained by the Contractor and will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, STANDARD BLR 21.





# STATUS OF UTILITIES

Add the following after the first paragraph of Article 105.07 of the Standard Specifications:

Underground utilities have been plotted from available surveys and records and, therefore, their locations must be considered approximate only. There also may be utilities for which the locations are unknown. Verification of locations of underground utilities, shown or not shown, will be the responsibility of the Contractor. The following utility companies have facilities within the project limits which will require adjustment:

| Name and Address<br>of Utility   | Туре                 | Locations                       | Estimated<br>Date Adjustment<br>Completed |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Cole-Moultrie Electric Coop.<br>104 Dewitt Ave. East<br>P.O. Box 709<br>Mattoon, Illinois 61938              | Overhead<br>Cable    | Rt. Sta. 10+00<br>to Sta. 15+00 | Before Construction                       |
| Consolidated Communications<br>Holdings Inc.<br>121 South 17 <sup>th</sup> Street<br>Mattoon, Illinois 61938 | Underground<br>Cable | Lt. Sta. 2+25<br>to Sta. 15+00  | Before Construction                       |
| Moultrie Co. Rural Water<br>1070 Illinois 32<br>Sullivan, Illinois 61951                                     | Underground<br>Pipe  | Rt. Sta. 2+25<br>to 15+00       | Before Construction                       |

Additional utility information may be obtained by calling the "Joint Utility Location Information for Excavators" phone number, 800-892-0123.

This project is located 3 miles north of Gays, Illinois in Section 11, T 12 N, R 6 E, 3rd P.M.

# STONE RIPRAP, CLASS A4

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing, transporting and placing a protective course of stone laid as riprap at locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The riprap shall be a minimum of 16 inches thick. The bedding shall be a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Filter fabric will be required.

**Quality.** The material used for riprap shall be stone conforming to Quality Designation A of Article 1005.01(b) of the Standard Specifications.

**Gradation.** The material used for riprap shall conform to Gradation Number RR4 of Article 1005.01(c) of the Standard Specifications.

The bedding material shall conform to the requirements of Article 1005.01c of the Standard Specifications, Gradation Number RR1 or an approved equal, one-inch maximum size.

**Construction Method.** Foundation preparation and placing shall be done in accordance with Articles 281.03 and 281.04 of the Standard Specifications.

**Basis of Payment.** This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per TON for STONE RIPRAP, CLASS A4, which price shall include all materials including excavation and labor necessary to complete the work. FILTER FABRIC will be paid for separately at the contract unit price per square yard, which price shall include all material and labor necessary to complete the work.

Any delay or inconvenience caused the Contractor in complying with this Special Provision shall be included in the contract unit price per ton for STONE RIPRAP, CLASS A4 and no additional compensation will be allowed.

# AGGREGATE DITCH

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing, transporting and placing riprap as shown in the details included with the plans. This item shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable portions of Sections 283 and 1005 of the Standard Specifications.

**Quality.** The material used for riprap shall be stone conforming to Quality Designation A of Article 1005.01(b) of the Standard Specifications.

**Gradation.** This material used for riprap shall conform to Gradation Number 3 of Article 1005.01© of the Standard Specifications..

**Construction Requirements.** The stone riprap ditch shall be constructed as one layer of stone without bedding material. The layer shall be a minimum of 12 inches thick and to the lines and grades as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The placement of the stone shall begin at the lower elevation and proceed up the slope in such a manner as to construct a reasonably well graded mass of stone free from objectionable pockets of small stones and clusters of large stones. Re-arranging of individual pieces may be done by mechanical methods.

Filter fabric is not required.

**Basis of Payment.** The stone riprap ditch shall be measured in tons and paid for at the contract unit price per ton for AGGREGATE DITCH which price shall include all labor and materials required to complete the work in place.

# AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE A

**Description.** This work shall be done in accordance with Section 351 of the Standard Specifications with the exception of the following.

Before the aggregate is deposited on the subgrade, it shall contain between 5-7% moisture for compaction. The amount of moisture required shall be approved by the Engineer for the material and compaction methods being used. The water and aggregate shall be mixed at a central mixing plant. The plant shall be equipped with a mechanical mixing device, aggregate and water measuring devices, meeting the approval of the Engineer.

**Basis of Payment.** This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for AGGREGATE BASE COURSE, TYPE A.

#### SEEDING, CLASS 2 (SPECIAL

**Description**. This work shall be done in accordance with Section 250 and 251 of the Standard Specifications and the following provisions.

**Materials**. The fertilizer nutrients shall be applied at a rate of 270 pounds of actual nutrients per acre. The fertilizer furnished shall be a ready mixed material having a ratio of (1-1-1.

When seed or fertilizer is applied with a hydraulic seeder the rate of application shall be not less than 500 gallons of slurry per acre.

**Construction Requirements**. Mulching seeding areas shall be done in accordance with Article 251.03 Method 2, Procedure 1. Mulch for Method 2, Procedure 1 shall be applied at a rate of 2 tons per acre.

**Basis of Payment**. This work shall be paid for at the contact unit price per acre for SEEDING, CLASS 2 (SPECIAL. The items of Mulch and Fertilizer Nutrients will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract unit price per acre for SEEDING CLASS 2 (SPECIAL).

#### MANHOLE, SPECIAL

**Description.** This work shall consist of the construction of a 5 ft diameter circular manhole, as detailed and located in the contract plans. This work shall be completed in accordance with Section 602 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall make any adjustments necessary in the field to accommodate the proposed culverts. The Manhole shall be topped with a flat slab and a Type 8 grate.

The Contractor shall field verify the existing standpipe outlet elevation. This outlet shall be incorporated into the proposed manhole to be used as an outlet of the manhole.

**Basis of Payment**. This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price Each, for MANHOLE, SPECIAL.

#### **CORPS OF ENGINEERS' SECTION 404 PERMIT**

The work to be done under this contract shall comply with the terms of the Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide Permit #14 – Linear Transportation Projects effective January 26, 2017 and the general Section 401 Water Quality Certification conditions issued by the IEPA for this Nationwide Permit. The Contractor shall comply with all of the special conditions and management practices of this Nationwide Permit.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, ST. LOUIS DISTRICT 1222 SPRUCE STREET ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63103-2833

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

February 19, 2020

Regulatory Branch File Number: MVS-2019-540

Mr. Jeff Birch Moultrie County Highway Dept 10 S Main St Sullivan, IL 61951

Dear Mr. Birch:

We have reviewed your application dated September 25, 2019, known as *TR 185A over Whitley Creek*. This project includes the replacement of a single span 21' x 17' structure with a 62' x 28' structure. The project is required to replace an existing structurally deficient bridge to provide a safe stream crossing for the public. Work is occurring in Whitley Creek, approximately two miles SW of Coles, Moultrie County, Illinois. Whitley Creek is a tributary to the Kaskaskia River. More specifically the project is located in Section 11, Township 12 North, Range 6 East of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Principal Meridian.

The Corps of Engineers has determined that this activity is authorized under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act by existing Department of the Army nationwide permits for *Linear Transportation Projects*, as described in the January 6, 2017, Federal Register, Reissuance of Nationwide Permits; Notice (82 FR 1987), Appendix A (B) (14). **This NWP verification is valid until March 18, 2022**, unless the District Engineer modifies, suspends, or revokes the nationwide permit authorization in accordance with 33 CFR 330.5(d). If you commence, or are under contract to commence, this activity before the nationwide permit expires, you will have 12 months from that date to complete the activity under the present terms and conditions of this NWP. Enclosed is a copy of the nationwide permit and conditions and management practices with which you must comply.

In accordance with General Condition number 30 of the Nationwide Permit, a compliance certification (Attachment A of this package) must be completed within 30 days of project completion or the permit issuance may be revoked and considered null and void.

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control (IEPA/WPC) has conditionally issued general Section 401 Water Quality Certification for this nationwide permit, subject to the special conditions and three general conditions (see enclosure). These conditions are part of the Corps permit. If you have any questions regarding the water quality certification conditions, you may contact Darin LeCrone, with IEPA, at 217-782-3362.

This review is applicable only to the permit program administered by the Corps of Engineers. It does not eliminate the need to obtain other federal, state or local approvals before beginning work. This permit does not convey property rights, nor authorize any injury to property or invasion of other rights.

You are reminded that the permit is based on submitted plans. Variations from these plans shall constitute a violation of Federal law and may result in the revocation of the permit. If this nationwide permit is modified, reissued, or revoked during this period, the provisions described at 33 CFR 330.6(b) will apply.

If you have any questions please contact Amy Henke at (314) 331-8649. Please refer to file number 2019-540. The St. Louis District Regulatory Branch is committed to providing quality and timely service to our customers. In an effort to improve customer service, please take a moment to go to our Customer Service Survey found on our web site at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm\_apex/f?p=regulatory\_survey.

Sincerely,

FRERKER.CHARL Digitally signed by FRERKER.CHARLES.F.1230432801 ES.F.1230432801 Date: 2020.02.19 13:26:05 -06'00'

Chuck Frerker Acting Illinois Section Chief Regulatory Branch

**Copy Furnished: (electronically w/o enclosures)** Milner, IDNR-OWR Lecrone, IEPA Frazee, HLR

# ATTACHMENT A

# **COMPLETED WORK CERTIFICATION**

Date of Issuance: February 11, 2020

File Number: MVS-2019-540

Name of Permittee: Moultrie Co Hwy Dept

Name of Project: TR 185A over Whitley Creek

River Basin/County/State: Kaskaskia/Moultrie County/Illinois

Project Manager: Henke

Upon completion of this activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, sign this certification and return it to the following address:

### U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Attn: Regulatory Branch (OD-F) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, Missouri 63103-2833

(Please note that your permitted activity is subject to a compliance inspection by a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers representative. If you fail to comply with this permit, you are subject to permit suspension, modification or revocation.)

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the said permit, and required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions.

Signature of Permittee

Date



Nationwide Permit Summary

U.S Army Corps Of Engineers St. Louis District

#### No. 14, LINEAR TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS

(NWP Final Notice, 77 FR 10273)

Activities required for the construction, expansion, modification, or improvement of linear transportation projects (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways, and taxiways) in waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in nontidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/2acre of waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/3-acre of waters of the United States. Any stream channel modification, including bank stabilization, is limited to the minimum necessary to construct or protect the linear transportation project; such modifications must be in the immediate vicinity of the project.

This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work necessary to construct the linear transportation project. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a manner, that will not be eroded by expected high flows. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.

This NWP cannot be used to authorize non-linear features commonly associated with transportation projects, such as vehicle maintenance or storage buildings, parking lots, train stations, or aircraft hangars.

Notification: The permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity if: (1) the loss of waters of the United States exceeds 1/10-acre; or (2) there is a discharge in a special aquatic site, including wetlands. (See general condition 31.) (Sections 10 and 404)

Note: Some discharges for the construction of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, may qualify for an exemption under Section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act (see 33 CFR 323.4).

#### NATIONWIDE PERMIT CONDITIONS

Note: To qualify for NWP authorization, the prospective permittee must comply with the following general conditions, as applicable, in addition to any regional or case-specific conditions imposed by the division engineer or district engineer. Prospective permittees should contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine if regional conditions have been imposed on an NWP. Prospective permittees should also contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine the status of Clean Water Act Section 401 water quality certification and/ or Coastal Zone Management Act consistency for an NWP. Every person who may wish to obtain permit authorization under one or more NWPs, or who is currently relying on an existing or prior permit authorization under one or more hard all of the provisions of 33 CFR 330.1 through 330.6 apply to every NWP authorization. Note especially 33 CFR 330.5 relating to the modification, suspension, or revocation of any NWP authorization.

1. Navigation. (a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.

(b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.

(c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

2. Aquatic Life Movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species.

3. Spawning Areas. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area areinot authorized.

4. Migratory Bird Breeding Areas. Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

5. Shellfish Beds. No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48, or is a shellfish seeding or habitat restoration activity authorized by NWP 27.

6. Suitable Material. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act).

7. Water Supply Intakes. No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.

8. Adverse Effects From Impoundments. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

9. Management of Water Flows. To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water management activities, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

 Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains. The activity must comply with applicable FEMA-approved state or local floodplain management requirements.

11. Equipment. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

12. Soll Erosion and Sediment Controls. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow.

13. **Removal of Temporary Fills**. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.

14. Proper Maintenance. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety, and compliance with applicable NWP general conditions, as well as any activity-specific conditions added by the district engineer to an NWP authorization.

15. Single and Complete Project. The activity must be a single and complete project. The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.

16. Wild and Scenic Rivers. No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status. Information on Wild and Scenic River gesponsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or study river (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service).

17. Tribal Rights. No activity or its operation may impair reserved tribal rights, including, but not limited to, reserved water rights and treaty fishing and hunting rights.

18. Endangered Species. (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed.

(b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address ESA compliance for the NWP activity, or whether additional ESA consultation is necessary.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the preconstruction notification must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed work. The district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-Federal applicant of the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification. In cases where the non-Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification the proposed activities will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until Section 7 consultation has been completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the FWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific regional endangered species conditions to the NWPs.

(e) Authorization of an activity by a NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the U.S. FWS or the NMFS, The Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(f) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the U.S. FWS and NMFS or their world web pages at http://www.fws.gov/ or http://www.fws.gov/ipac and http://www.noaa.gov/fisheries.html respectively.

19. Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles. The permittee is responsible for obtaining any "take" permits required under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's regulations governing compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee should contact the appropriate local office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine if such "take" permits are required for a particular activity.

20. **Historic Properties**. (a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may affect properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address section 106 compliance for the NWP activity, or whether additional section 106 consultation is necessary.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if the authorized activity may have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the pre-construction notification must state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic resources can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing pre-construction notifications, district engineers will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted and these efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the proposed activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties on which the activity may have the potential to cause effects and so notified the Corps, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either that the activity has no potential to cause effects or that consultation under Section 106 of the NHPA has been completed.

(d) The district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA Section 106 consultation is required. Section 106 consultation is not required when the Corps determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR 800.3(a)). If NHPA section 106 consultation is required and will occur, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin work until Section 106 consultation is completed. If the non-Federal applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(e) Prospective permittees should be aware that section 110k of the NHPA (16 U.S.C. 470h-2(k)) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant. If circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant, SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the permitted activity on historic properties.

21. Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

22. Designated Critical Resource Waters. Critical resource waters include, NOAA-managed marine sanctuaries and marine monuments, and National Estuarine Research Reserves. The district engineer may designate, after notice and opportunity for public comment, additional waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological significance, such as outstanding national resource waters or state natural heritage sites. The district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and opportunity for public comment.

(a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States are not authorized by NWPs 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 51, and 52 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.

(b) For NWPs 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, and 38, notification is required in accordance with general condition 31, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWPs only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.

23. Mitigation. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal:

(a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site).

(b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating for resource losses) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the adverse effects to the aquatic environment are minimal.

(c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10 acre and require preconstruction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse effects of the proposed activity are minimal, and provides a project-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10 acre or less that require preconstruction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR part 332.

(1) The prospective permittee is responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option if compensatory mitigation is necessary to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

(2) Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, wetland restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation option considered.

(3) If permittee-responsible mitigation is the proposed option, the prospective permittee is responsible for submitting a mitigation plan. A conceptual or detailed mitigation plan may be used by the district engineer to make the decision on the NWP verification request, but a final mitigation plan that addresses the applicable requirements of 33 CFR 332.4(c)(2)–(14) must be approved by the district engineer before the permittee begins work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary

to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation (see 33 CFR 332.3(k)(3)).

(4) If mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits are the proposed option, the mitigation plan only needs to address the baseline conditions at the impact site and the number of credits to be provided.

(5) Compensatory mitigation requirements (e.g., resource type and amount to be provided as compensatory mitigation, site protection, ecological performance standards, monitoring requirements) may be addressed through conditions added to the NWP authorization, instead of components of a compensatory mitigation plan.

(d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require preconstruction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation, such as stream rehabilitation, enhancement, or preservation, to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

(e) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWPs. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2 acre, it cannot be used to authorize any project resulting in the loss of greater than1/2 acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that a project already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the minimal impact requirement associated with the NWPs.

(f) Compensatory mitigation plans for projects in or near streams or other open waters will normally include a requirement for the restoration or establishment, maintenance, and legal protection (e.g., conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some cases, riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation required. Riparian areas should consist of native species. The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns. Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water quality or habitat loss concerns. If it is not possible to establish a riparian area on both sides of a stream, or if the waterbody is a lake or coastal waters, then restoring or establishing a riparian area along a single bank or shoreline may be sufficient. Where both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g., riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based on what is best for the aquatic environment on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of compensatory mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland compensatory mitigation for wetland losses

(g) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or separate permittee-responsible mitigation. For activities resulting in the loss of marine or estuarine resources, permitteeresponsible compensatory mitigation may be environmentally preferable if there are no mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs in the area that have marine or estuarine credits available for sale or transfer to the permittee. For permittee-responsible mitigation, the special conditions of the NWP verification must clearly indicate the party or parties responsible for the implementation and performance of the compensatory mitigation project, and, if required, its long-term management.

(h) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected, such as the conversion of a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse effects of the project to the minimal level.

24. Safety of Impoundment Structures. To ensure that all

impoundment structures are safely designed, the district engineer may require non-Federal applicants to demonstrate that the structures comply with established state dam safety criteria or have been designed by qualified persons. The district engineer may also require documentation that the design has been independently reviewed by similarly qualified persons, and appropriate modifications made to ensure safety.

25. Water Quality. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA Section 401, individual 401 Water Quality Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.

26. Coastal Zone Management. In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

27. **Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions**. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or U.S. EPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.

28. Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits. The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.

29. Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications. If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature: "When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transfere sign and date below."

#### (Transferee)

#### (Date)

30. Compliance Certification. Each permittee who receives an NWP verification letter from the Corps must provide a signed certification documenting completion of the authorized activity and any required compensatory mitigation. The success of any required permittee-responsible mitigation, including the achievement of ecological performance standards, will be addressed separately by the district engineer. The Corps will provide the permittee the certification

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document with the NWP verification letter. The certification document will include:

 (a) A statement that the authorized work was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general, regional, or activityspecific conditions;

(b) A statement that the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions. If credits from a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program are used to satisfy the compensatory mitigation requirements, the certification must include the documentation required by 33 CFR 332.3(I)(3) to confirm that the permittee secured the appropriate number and resource type of credits; and

(c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the work and mitigation...

31. Pre-Construction Notification. (a) Timing. Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a pre-construction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, if the PCN is determined to be incomplete, notify the prospective permittee within that 30 day period to request the additional information necessary to make the PCN complete. The request must specify the information needed to make the PCN complete. As as a general rule, district engineers will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:

(1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or

(2) 45 calendar days have passed from the district engineer's receipt of the complete PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that listed species or critical habitat might be affected or in the vicinity of the project, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 20 that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that there is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) has been completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee may not begin the activity until the district engineer issues the waiver. If the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee cannot begin the activity until an individual permit has been obtained. Subsequently, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).

(b) <u>Contents of Pre-Construction Notification</u>: The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:

 Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;

(2) Location of the proposed project;

(3) A description of the proposed project; the project's purpose; direct and indirect adverse environmental effects the project would cause, including the anticipated amount of loss of water of the United States expected to result from the NWP activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure; any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity. The description should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse effects of the project will be minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation. Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the project and when provided results in a quicker decision. Sketches should contain sufficient detail to provide an illustrative description of the proposed activity (e.g., a conceptual plan), but do not need to be detailed engineering plans);

(4)The PCN must include a delineation of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites and other waters on the project site, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation, especially if the project site is large or contains many waters of the United States. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been submitted to or completed by the Corps, as appropriate;

(5) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the mitigation requirement will be satisfied, or explaining why the adverse effects are minimal and why compensatory mitigation should not be required. As an alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan.

(6) If any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or utilize the designated critical habitat that may be affected by the proposed work. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with the Endangered Species Act; and

(7) For an activity that may affect a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must state which historic property may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic property. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

(c) Form of Pre-Construction Notification: The standard individual permit application form (Form ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is a PCN and must include all of the information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used.

(d) <u>Agency Coordination</u>: (1) The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs and the need for mitigation to reduce the project's adverse environmental effects to a minimal level.

(2) For all NWP activities that require pre-construction notification and result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, for NWP 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52 activities that require pre-construction notification and will result in the loss of greater than 300 linear feet of intermittent and ephemeral stream bed, and for all NWP 48 activities that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer will immediately provide (e.g., via email, facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy of the complete PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (U.S. FWS, state natural resource or water quality agency, EPA, State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) or Tribal Historic Preservation Office (THPO), and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to telephone or fax the district engineer notice

that they intend to provide substantive, site-specific comments. The comments must explain why the agency believes the adverse effects will be more than minimal. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the preconstruction notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame, concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs, including the need for mitigation to ensure the net adverse environmental effects to the aquatic environment of the proposed activity are minimal. The district engineer will provide no response to the resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.

(3) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by Section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

(4) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps with either electronic files or multiple copies of pre-construction notifications to expedite agency coordination.

#### D. District Engineer's Decision:

1. In reviewing the PCN for the proposed activity, the district engineer will determine whether the activity authorized by the NWP will result in more than minimal individual or cumulative adverse environmental effects or may be contrary to the public interest. For a linear project, this determination will include an evaluation of the individual crossings to determine whether they individually satisfy the terms and conditions of the NWP(s), as well as the cumulative effects caused by all of the crossings authorized by NWP. If an applicant requests a waiver of the 300 linear foot limit on impacts to intermittent or ephemeral streams or of an otherwise applicable limit, as provided for in NWPs 13, 21, 29, 36, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51 or 52, the district engineer will only grant the waiver upon a written determination that the NWP activity will result in minimal adverse effects. When making minimal effects determinations the district engineer will consider the direct and indirect effects caused by the NWP activity. The district engineer will also consider site specific factors, such as the environmental setting in the vicinity of the NWP activity, the type of resource that will be affected by the NWP activity, the functions provided by the aquatic resources that will be affected by the NWP activity, the degree or magnitude to which the aquatic resources perform those functions, the extent that aquatic resource functions will be lost as a result of the NWP activity (e.g., partial or complete loss), the duration of the adverse effects (temporary or permanent), the importance of the aquatic resource functions to the region (e.g., watershed or ecoregion), and mitigation required by the district engineer. If an appropriate functional assessment method is available and practicable to use, that assessment method may be used by the district engineer to assist in the minimal adverse effects determination. The district engineer may add case-specific special conditions to the NWP authorization to address site-specific environmental concerns.

2. If the proposed activity requires a PCN and will result in a loss of greater than 1/10 acre of wetlands, the prospective permittee should submit a mitigation proposal with the PCN. Applicants may also propose compensatory mitigation for projects with smaller impacts. The district engineer will consider any proposed compensatory mitigation the applicant has included in the proposal in determining whether the net adverse environmental effects to the aquatic environment of the proposed activity are minimal. The compensatory

mitigation proposal may be either conceptual or detailed. If the district engineer determines that the activity complies with the terms and conditions of the NWP and that the adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal, after considering mitigation, the district engineer will notify the permittee and include any activity-specific conditions in the NWP verification the district engineer deems necessary. Conditions for compensatory mitigation requirements must comply with the appropriate provisions at 33 CFR 332.3(k). The district engineer must approve the final mitigation plan before the permittee commences work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation. If the prospective permittee elects to submit a compensatory mitigation plan with the PCN, the district engineer will expeditiously review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan. The district engineer must review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan within 45 calendar days of receiving a complete PCN and determine whether the proposed mitigation would ensure no more than minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. If the net adverse effects of the project on the aquatic environment (after consideration of the compensatory mitigation proposal) are determined by the district engineer to be minimal, the district engineer will provide a timely written response to the applicant. The response will state that the project can proceed under the terms and conditions of the NWP, including any activity specific conditions added to the NWP authorization by the district engineer.

If the district engineer determines that the adverse effects of the proposed work are more than minimal, then the district engineer will notify the applicant either: (a) That the project does not qualify for authorization under the NWP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an individual permit; (b) that the project is authorized under the NWP subject to the applicant's submission of a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level; or (c) that the project is authorized under the NWP with specific modifications or conditions. Where the district engineer determines that mitigation is required to ensure no more than minimal adverse effects occur to the aquatic environment, the activity will be authorized within the 45-day PCN period, with activity-specific conditions that state the mitigation requirements. The authorization will include the necessary conceptual or detailed mitigation or a requirement that the applicant submit a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level. When mitigation is required, no work in waters of the United States may occur until the district engineer has approved a specific mitigation plan or has determined that prior approval of a final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation ...

#### E. Further Information

1. District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP.

NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.

NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.
 NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

5. NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.

#### F. Definitions

Best management practices (BMPs): Policies, practices, procedures, or structures implemented to mitigate the adverse environmental effects on surface water quality resulting from development. BMPs are categorized as structural or non-structural.

Compensatory mitigation: The restoration (re-establishment or

rehabilitation), establishment (creation), enhancement, and/or in certain circumstances preservation of aquatic resources for the purposes of offsetting unavoidable adverse impacts which remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has been achieved.

Currently serviceable: Useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.

**Direct effects**: Effects that are caused by the activity and occur at the same time and place.

Discharge: The term "discharge" means any discharge of dredged or fill material.

Enhancement: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of an aquatic resource to heighten, intensify, or improve a specific aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement results in the gain of selected aquatic resource function(s), but may also lead to a decline in other aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

Ephemeral stream: An ephemeral stream has flowing water only during, and for a short duration after, precipitation events in a typical year. Ephemeral stream beds are located above the water table yearround. Groundwater is not a source of water for the stream. Runoff from rainfall is the primary source of water for stream flow.

Establishment (creation): The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics present to develop an aquatic resource that did not previously exist at an upland site. Establishment results in a gain in aquatic resource area.

High Tide Line: The line of intersection of the land with the water's surface at the maximum height reached by a rising tide. The high tide line may be determined, in the absence of actual data, by a line of oil or scum along shore objects, a more or less continuous deposit of fine shell or debris on the foreshore or berm, other physical markings or characteristics, vegetation lines, tidal gages, or other suitable means that delineate the general height reached by a rising tide. The line encompasses spring high tides and other high tides that occur with periodic frequency but does not include storm surges in which there is a departure from the normal or predicted reach of the tide due to the piling up of water against a coast by strong winds such as those accompanying a hurricane or other intense storm.

Historic Property: Any prehistoric or historic district, site (including archaeological site), building, structure, or other object included in, or eligible for inclusion in, the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to and located within such properties. The term includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization and that meet the National Register criteria (36 CFR part 60).

Independent utility: A test to determine what constitutes a single and complete non-linear project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

**Indirect effects**: Effects that are caused by the activity and are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable.

Intermittent stream: An intermittent stream has flowing water during certain times of the year, when groundwater provides water for stream flow. During dry periods, intermittent streams may not have flowing water. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

Loss of waters of the United States: Waters of the United States that are permanently adversely affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity. Permanent adverse effects include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. The acreage of loss of waters of the United States is a threshold measurement of the impact to jurisdictional waters for determining whether a project may qualify for an NWP; it is not a net threshold that is calculated after considering compensatory mitigation that may be used to offset losses of aquatic functions and services. The loss of stream bed includes the linear feet of stream bed that is filled or excavated. Waters of the United States temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, or drained, but restored to preconstruction contours and elevations after construction, are not included in the measurement of loss of waters of the United States. Impacts resulting from activities eligible for exemptions under Section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act are not considered when calculating the loss of the United States.

Non-tidal wetland: A non-tidal wetland is a wetland that is not subject to the ebb and flow of tidal waters. The definition of a wetland can be found at 33 CFR 328.3(b). Non-tidal wetlands contiguous to tidal waters are located landward of the high tide line (i.e., spring high tide line).

Open water: For purposes of the NWPs, an open water is any area that in a year with normal patterns of precipitation has water flowing or standing above ground to the extent that an ordinary high water mark can be determined. Aquatic vegetation within the area of standing or flowing water is either non-emergent, sparse, or absent. Vegetated shallows are considered to be open waters. Examples of "open waters" include rivers, streams, lakes, and ponds.

Ordinary High Water Mark: An ordinary high water mark is a line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics, or by other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas (see 33 CFR 328.3(e)).

Perennial stream: A perennial stream has flowing water year-round during a typical year. The water table is located above the stream bed for most of the year. Groundwater is the primary source of water for stream flow. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

**Practicable**: Available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.

**Pre-construction notification:** A request submitted by the project proponent to the Corps for confirmation that a particular activity is authorized by nationwide permit. The request may be a permit application, letter, or similar document that includes information about the proposed work and its anticipated environmental effects. Pre-construction notification may be required by the terms and conditions of a nationwide permit, or by regional conditions. A pre-construction notification is not required and the project proponent wants confirmation that the activity is authorized by nationwide permit.

Preservation: The removal of a threat to, or preventing the decline of, aquatic resources by an action in or near those aquatic resources. This term includes activities commonly associated with the protection and maintenance of aquatic resources through the implementation of appropriate legal and physical mechanisms. Preservation does not result in a gain of aquatic resource area or functions.

Re-establishment: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former aquatic resource. Reestablishment results in rebuilding a former aquatic resource and results in a gain in aquatic resource area and functions.

Rehabilitation: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of repairing natural/ historic functions to a degraded aquatic resource. Rehabilitation results in a gain in aquatic resource function, but does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

**Restoration:** The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former or degraded aquatic resource. For the purpose of tracking net gains in aquatic resource area, restoration is divided into two categories: re-establishment and rehabilitation. Riffle and pool complex: Riffle and pool complexes are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. Riffle and pool complexes sometimes characterize steep gradient sections of streams. Such stream sections are recognizable by their hydraulic characteristics. The rapid movement of water over a course substrate in riffles results in a rough flow, a turbulent surface, and high dissolved oxygen levels in the water. Pools are deeper areas associated with riffles. A slower stream velocity, a streaming flow, a smooth surface, and a finer substrate characterize pools.

Riparlan areas: Riparian areas are lands adjacent to streams, lakes, and estuarine-marine shorelines. Riparian areas are transitional between terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, through which surface and subsurface hydrology connects riverine, lacustrine, estuarine, and marine waters with their adjacent wetlands, non-wetland waters, or uplands. Riparian areas provide a variety of ecological functions and services and help improve or maintain local water quality. (See general condition 23.)

Shellfish seeding: The placement of shellfish seed and/or suitable substrate to increase shellfish production. Shellfish seed consists of immature individual shellfish or individual shellfish attached to shells or shell fragments (i.e., spat on shell). Suitable substrate may consist of shellfish shells, shell fragments, or other appropriate materials placed into waters for shellfish habitat.

Single and complete linear project: A linear project is a project constructed for the purpose of getting people, goods, or services from a point of origin to a terminal point, which often involves multiple crossings of one or more waterbodies at separate and distant locations. The term "single and complete project" is defined as that portion of the total linear project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/ developers that includes all crossings of a single water of the United States (i.e., a single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single or multiple waterbodies several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for purposes of NWP authorization. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies, and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately.

Single and complete non-linear project: For non-linear projects, the term "single and complete project" is defined at 33 CFR 330.2(i) as the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/ developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. A single and complete non-linear project must have independent utility (see definition of "independent utility"). Single and complete nonlinear projects may not be "piecemealed" to avoid the limits in an NWP authorization.

Stormwater management: Stormwater management is the mechanism for controlling stormwater runoff for the purposes of reducing downstream erosion, water quality degradation, and flooding and mitigating the adverse effects of changes in land use on the aquatic environment.

Stormwater management facilities: Stormwater management facilities are those facilities, including but not limited to, stormwater retention and detention ponds and best management practices, which retain water for a period of time to control runoff and/or improve the quality (i.e., by reducing the concentration of nutrients, sediments, hazardous substances and other pollutants) of stormwater runoff.

Stream bed: The substrate of the stream channel between the ordinary high water marks. The substrate may be bedrock or inorganic particles that range in size from clay to boulders. Wetlands contiguous to the stream bed, but outside of the ordinary high water marks, are not considered part of the stream bed.

Stream channelization: The manipulation of a stream's course, condition, capacity, or location that causes more than minimal interruption of normal stream processes. A channelized stream remains a water of the United States.

Structure: An object that is arranged in a definite pattern of organization. Examples of structures include, without limitation, any pier, boat dock, boat ramp, wharf, dolphin, weir, boom, breakwater, bulkhead, revetment, riprap, jetty, artificial island, artificial reef, permanent mooring structure, power transmission line, permanently moored floating vessel, piling, aid to navigation, or any other manmade obstacle or obstruction.

Tidal wetland: A tidal wetland is a wetland (i.e., water of the United States) that is inundated by tidal waters. The definitions of a wetland and tidal waters can be found at 33 CFR 328.3(b) and 33 CFR 328.3(f), respectively. Tidal waters rise and fall in a predictable and measurable rhythm or cycle due to the gravitational pulls of the moon and sun. Tidal waters end where the rise and fall of the water surface can no longer be practically measured in a predictable rhythm due to masking by other waters, wind, or other effects. Tidal wetlands are located channelward of the high tide line, which is defined at 33 CFR 328.3(d).

Vegetated shallows: Vegetated shallows are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. They are areas that are permanently inundated and under normal circumstances have rooted aquatic vegetation, such as seagrasses in marine and estuarine systems and a variety of vascular rooted plants in freshwater systems.

Waterbody: For purposes of the NWPs, a waterbody is a jurisdictional water of the United States. If a jurisdictional wetland is adjacent— meaning bordering, contiguous, or neighboring—to a waterbody determined to be a water of the United States under 33 CFR 328.3(a)(1)–(6), that waterbody and its adjacent wetlands are considered together as a single aquatic unit (see 33 CFR 328.4(c)(2)). Examples of "waterbodies" include streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, and wetlands.





| Route          | Marked Route | Section Number  |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| TR 185 A       |              | 94-08111-00-BR  |
| Project Number | County       | Contract Number |
| 5TBC(829)      | Moultrie     | 95882           |

This plan has been prepared to comply with the provisions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. ILR10 (Permit ILR10), issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) for storm water discharges from construction site activities.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

| Signature   |       | Date                         |
|-------------|-------|------------------------------|
| Jeffry/Birl |       | 8/20/2021                    |
| Print Name  | Title | Agency                       |
| Jeffrey     | Birch | Moultrie County Highway Dept |

<u>Note</u>: Guidance on preparing each section of BDE 2342 can be found in Chapter 41 of the IDOT Bureau of Design and Environment (BDE) Manual. Chapter 41 and this form also reference the IDOT Drainage Manual which should be readily available.

#### I. Site Description:

| A. Provide a description of the project location; include latitude and longitude, section, town, and range: |
|---|
| The project is located 3 miles north of Gays, Sec 11, T 12 N, R 6 E; Lat: 39.49927251 Long: 88.49483199     |

B. Provide a description of the construction activity which is the subject of this plan. Include the number of construction stages, drainage improvements, in-stream work, installation, maintenance, removal of erosion measures, and permanent stabilization:

| Construction of precast beam bridge including excavation | and embankment fill; | pavement, | stone riprap e | rosion |
|--|----------------------|-----------|----------------|--------|
| protection.  |                      |           |                |        |

C. Provide the estimated duration of this project:

March - September 2021; 40 working days

D. The total area of the construction site is estimated to be 2.2 acres.

The total area of the site estimated to be disturbed by excavation, grading or other activities is 1.8 acres.

E. The following are weighted averages of the runoff coefficient for this project before and after construction activities are completed; see <u>Section 4-102</u> of the IDOT Drainage Manual:

(0.70 acre impervious x 0.95) + (1.1 acre pervious x 0.20) / 1.8 acre = 0.49

F. List all soils found within project boundaries; include map unit name, slope information, and erosivity: The USDA Soil Survey of Moultrie County identifies the soil types within the project limits and is hereby incorporated by reference in this plan.

G. If wetlands were delineated for this project, provide an extent of wetland acreage at the site; see Phase I report: There are no wetland impacts with the project limits.

#### H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:

Erosive areas consist of the roadway side slopes, roadside ditches and stream channel banks.

I. The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g., steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc.):

Excavate and replace embankment to construct bridge, roadway shoulders and side slopes, place stone riprap, temporary and permanent seeding.

J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands), and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.

K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:

#### Moultrie County Highway Department

L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located: None

M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. In addition, include receiving waters that are listed as Biologically Significant Streams by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR). The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:

#### The site drains to Whitley Creek

N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes (i.e., 1:3 or steeper), highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc. Include any commitments or requirements to protect adjacent wetlands.

For any storm water discharges from construction activities within 50-feet of Waters of the U.S. (except for activities for waterdependent structures authorized by a Section 404 permit, describe: a) How a 50-foot undisturbed natural buffer will be provided between the construction activity and the Waters of the U.S. or b) How additional erosion and sediment controls will be provided within that area.

Areas of concern are the channel and banks. The Contractor will carefully plan work in these areas to avoid impacts beyond the limits of construction shown in the contract plans

O. Per the Phase I document, the following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development. Further guidance on these resources is available in Section 41-4 of the BDE Manual.

Floodplain of the Whitley Creek

303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation.

The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment:

Floodplain of the Whitley Creek

Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:

Stone Riprap Scour Countermeasures at the channel; aggregate ditch lining, perimeter erosion barrier

Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water body:

NA

Applicable Federal, Tribal, State, or Local Programs

NA

Floodplain

NA

Historic Preservation

Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment, total suspended solids, turbidity or siltation TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)

The name(s) of the listed water body:

Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:

If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet that allocation:

| Threatened and Endangered Species/Illinois Natural Areas (INAI)/Nature Preserves |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |
| Other  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Wetland  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Solid Waste Debris

Other (Specify)

Waste water from cleaning construction equipments

Other (Specify)
Other (Specify)

Other (Specify)
 Other (Specify)

Solvents

P. The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this construction project:

- Antifreeze / Coolants
- Concrete
- Concrete Curing Compounds
- Concrete Truck Waste
- Kertilizers / Pesticides
- Paints
- $\bigotimes$  Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil / fluids)
- Soil Sediment
- II. Controls:

This section of the plan addresses the controls that will be implemented for each of the major construction activities described in Section I.C above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For each measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for its implementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures indicated. The Contractors, will notify the Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certification on forms which are attached to, and are a part of, this plan:

A. Erosion and Sediment Controls: At a minimum, controls must be coordinated, installed and maintained to:

- 1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
- 2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
- 3. Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible;
- 4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.
- B. Stabilization Practices: Provided below is a description of interim and permanent stabilization practices, including site-specific scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will ensure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practices may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II.B.1 and II.B.2, stabilization measures shall be initiated **immediately** where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than **one (1) day** after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceases on all disturbed portions of the site where construction will not occur for a period of fourteen (14) or more calendar days.
  - 1. Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
  - 2. On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization method can be used.

The following stabilization practices will be used for this project:

| 🔀 Erosion Control Blanket / Mulching | Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Geotextiles                          | Temporary Mulching                |
| ☑ Permanent Seeding                  | Vegetated Buffer Strips           |
| Preservation of Mature Seeding       | Other (Specify)                   |
| Protection of Trees                  | Other (Specify)                   |
| Sodding                              | Other (Specify)                   |
| Temporary Erosion Control Seeding    | Other (Specify)                   |
|                                      |                                   |

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized during construction: Erosion Control seeding and mulching will be installed as per IDOT Standard Specification.

Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed: Permanent Seeding and Mulching will be applied to all earth areas disturbed by construction will be stabilized with erosion control blanket following the final grading. Seeding, blanket and mulching will be completed in accordance with IDOT Standard Specifications and the plans.

C. **Structural Practices:** Provided below is a description of structural practices that will be implemented, to the degree attainable, to divert flows from exposed soils, store flows or otherwise limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Such practices may include but are not limited to: perimeter erosion barrier, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch checks, subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain inlet protection, rock outlet protection, reinforced soil retaining systems, gabions, and temporary or permanent sediment basins. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

| Stabilized Construction Exits |
|-------------------------------|
| Stabilized Trench Flow        |
| Slope Mattress                |
| Slope Walls                   |
| Temporary Ditch Check         |
| Temporary Pipe Slope Drain    |
|                               |

| Level Spreaders              | Temporary Sediment Basin  |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Paved Ditch                  | Temporary Stream Crossing |
| Permanent Check Dams         | Turf Reinforcement Mats   |
| Perimeter Erosion Barrier    | Other (Specify)           |
| Permanent Sediment Basin     | Other (Specify)           |
| Retaining Walls              | Other (Specify)           |
| Riprap                       | Other (Specify)           |
| Rock Outlet Protection       | Other (Specify)           |
| Sediment Trap                | Other (Specify)           |
| Storm Drain Inlet Protection | Other (Specify)           |

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized during construction: Aggregate Ditch lining and Perimeter Erosion Barrier will protect waterway from temporary erosion.

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed: Permanent seeding and aggregate ditch lining will protect embankment slopes

#### D. Treatment Chemicals

Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this project: Ves Xo

# If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals will be utilized on this project.

NA

E. **Permanent (i.e., Post-Construction) Storm Water Management Controls:** Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several practices).

The practices selected for implementation were determined based on the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT BDE Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.

2. Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g., maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of permanent storm water management controls:

Runoff will be conveyed to the stream by open roadside ditches. No change to the existing drainage conditions is anticipated from this improvement. No additional stormwater management controls will be installed as part of this project.

F. Approved State or Local Laws: The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the IEPA's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans

The erosion control plans for this contract identify the location of structural and non-structural erosion controls to be installed on-site and are incorporated here by reference.

- G. **Contractor Required Submittals:** Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342A.
- 1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
  - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
  - Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
  - Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
  - Mobilization time-frame
  - Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
  - Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
  - Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized cons
  - Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
  - Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
  - Major planned stockpiling operation
  - Time frame for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges as dewatering, grinding, etc
    - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
- 2. During the pre-construction meeting, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:
  - Temporary Ditch Checks Identify what type and the source of Temporary Ditch Checks that will be installed as part of the project. The installation details will then be included with the SWPPP.
  - Vehicle Entrances and Exits Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
  - Material Delivery, Storage and Use Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
  - Stockpile Management Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
  - Waste Disposal Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
  - Spill Prevention and Control Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
  - Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
  - Litter Management Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
  - · Vehicle and Equipment Fueling Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
  - Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
  - Dewatering Activities Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
  - Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
    - Additional measures indicated in the plan.

#### III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides (e.g., IDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Field Guide) to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. Describe how all items will be checked for structural integrity, sediment accumulation and functionality. Any damage or undermining shall be repaired immediately. Provide specifics on how repairs will be made. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's

The Contractor shall inspect the erosion control measures at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater of rainfall or equivalent snowfall. The Contractor shall repair or replace any erosion control measures found to be non-functional. Sediment at erosion barriers shall be removed when the sediment reaches one-half the height of the barrier.

#### **IV. Inspections:**

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site including Borrow, Waste, and Use Areas, which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report, BC 2259. Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: <u>epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov</u>, telephone or fax within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Attn: Compliance Assurance Section 1021 North Grand East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

#### V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.





Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this contract, the Contractor and every subcontractor must complete and return to the Resident Engineer the following certification. A separate certification must be submitted by each firm. Attach to this certification all items required by Section II.G of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which will be handled by the Contractor/subcontractor completing this form.

| Route          | Marked Route | Section Number  |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| TR / 85 A      |              | 94-08111-00-BR  |
| Project Number | County       | Contract Number |
| 5TBC(829)      | Moultrie     | 95882           |

This certification statement is a part of SWPPP for the project described above, in accordance with the General NPDES Permit No. ILR10 issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

I certify under penalty of law that I understand the terms of the Permit No. ILR 10 that authorizes the storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the construction site identified as part of this certification.

Additionally, I have read and understand all of the information and requirements stated in SWPPP for the above mentioned project; I have received copies of all appropriate maintenance procedures; and, I have provided all documentation required to be in compliance with the Permit ILR10 and SWPPP and will provide timely updates to these documents as necessary.

| Contractor |
|------------|
|------------|

Sub-Contractor

| Signature   | Date                 |  |
|---|----------------------|--|
|   |                      |  |
|   |                      |  |
| Print Name  | Title                |  |
|   |                      |  |
| Name of Firm  | Phone                |  |
|   |                      |  |
| Street Address  | CityState _ Zip Code |  |
|   |                      |  |
| Items which this Contractor/subcontractor will be responsible for as required in Section II.G. of SWPPP |                      |  |
|   |                      |  |
|   |                      |  |

#### State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

#### SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:

Moultrie County Highway Department

10 S. Main Street

Sullivan, IL 61951

The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

### State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

### SPECIAL PROVISION FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE SIGNS

## Effective: January 1, 2004 Revised: June 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean a specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

701.14. <u>Signs</u>. Add the following paragraph to Article 701.14:

All warning signs shall have minimum dimensions of 1200 mm x 1200 mm (48" x 48") and have a black legend on a fluorescent orange reflectorized background, meeting, as a minimum, Type AP reflectivity requirements of Table 1091-2 in Article 1091.02.

## **BLENDED FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS (BDE)**

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1010.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Different sources or types of finely divided minerals shall not be mixed or used alternately in the same item of construction, except as a blended finely divided mineral product according to Article 1010.06."

Add the following article to Section 1010 of the Standard Specifications:

"**1010.06 Blended Finely Divided Minerals.** Blended finely divided minerals shall be the product resulting from the blending or intergrinding of two or three finely divided minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be according to ASTM C 1697, except as follows.

- (a) Blending shall be accomplished by mechanically or pneumatically intermixing the constituent finely divided minerals into a uniform mixture that is then discharged into a silo for storage or tanker for transportation.
- (b) The blended finely divided mineral product will be classified according to its predominant constituent or the manufacturer's designation and shall meet the chemical requirements of its classification. The other finely divided mineral constituent(s) will not be required to conform to their individual standards."

## COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
  - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
  - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
  - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
  - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the

Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
  - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
  - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
  - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
  - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
  - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
  - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"**109.13 Payment for Contract Delay.** Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

| Contract Type      | Cause of Delay                                  | Length of Delay   |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Working Days       | Article 108.04(b)(3) or<br>Article 108.04(b)(4) | No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.  |
| Completion<br>Date | Article 108.08(b)(1) or<br>Article 108.08(b)(7) | The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08. |

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
  - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

| Original Contract<br>Amount               | Supervisory and Administrative<br>Personnel   |
|---|---|
| Up to \$5,000,000                         | One Project Superintendent  |
| Over \$ 5,000,000 -<br>up to \$25,000,000 | One Project Manager,<br>One Project Superintendent or<br>Engineer, and<br>One Clerk |
| Over \$25,000,000 -<br>up to \$50,000,000 | One Project Manager,<br>One Project Superintendent,<br>One Engineer, and            |

|                   | One Clerk  |
|-------------------|--|
| 0 050 000 000     | One Project Manager,<br>Two Project Superintendents, |
| Over \$50,000,000 | One Engineer, and<br>One Clerk                       |

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

## CORRUGATED PLASTIC PIPE (CULVERT AND STORM SEWER) (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2021

Revise Tables IIIA and IIIB of Article 542.03 and the storm sewers tables of Article 550.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

(SEE TABLES ON NEXT 10 PAGES)

|                     |  |                 |                           | FOR | A GIVE | N PIPI |                   |        |                     | TIC PI | PE PE | RMITTI<br>OVER    |                 | OP OF | THE F | PIPE |      |   |     |     |  |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|-----|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|-------|-------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|------|------|---|-----|-----|--|
|                     |  |                 | Туре 1                    |     |        |        |                   | Type 2 |                     |        |       |                   | Туре 3          |       |       |      |      | Туре                                      |     |     |  |
| Nominal<br>Diameter |  | ill Heigi<br>wi | nt: 3'a<br>t <u>h 1'm</u> |     | s,     | Fill   | Height:<br>not ex |        | iter thai<br>ng 10' | n 3',  | Fill  | Height:<br>not ex | Great<br>ceedir |       | 10',  | Fill | 0    | ight: Greater than 1<br>not exceeding 20' |     |     |  |
| (in.)               |  | CPVC            | PE                        | CPE | CPP    | PVC    | CPVC              | PE     | CPE                 | СРР    | PVC   | CPVC              | PE              | CPE   | CPP   | PVC  | CPVC | PE  | CPE | CPP |  |
| 10                  | Х  | QPL             | Х                         | QPL | NA     | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL                 | NA     | Х     | QPL               | Х               | QPL   | NA    | Х    | QPL  | Х   | QPL | NA  |  |
| 12                  | Х  | QPL             | Х                         | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL                 | QPL    | Х     | QPL               | Х               | QPL   | QPL   | Х    | QPL  | Х   | QPL | QPL |  |
| 15                  | Х  | QPL             | NA                        | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | NA     | QPL                 | QPL    | Х     | QPL               | NA              | QPL   | QPL   | Х    | QPL  | NA  | QPL | QPL |  |
| 18                  | Х  | QPL             | Х                         | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL                 | QPL    | Х     | QPL               | Х               | QPL   | QPL   | Х    | QPL  | Х   | QPL | QPL |  |
| 21                  | Х  | QPL             | NA                        | QPL | NA     | Х      | QPL               | NA     | QPL                 | NA     | Х     | QPL               | NA              | QPL   | NA    | Х    | QPL  | NA  | NA  | NA  |  |
| 24                  | Х  | QPL             | Х                         | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL                 | QPL    | Х     | QPL               | Х               | QPL   | QPL   | Х    | QPL  | Х   | NA  | QPL |  |
| 27                  | Х  | NA              | NA                        | NA  | NA     | Х      | NA                | NA     | NA                  | NA     | Х     | NA                | NA              | NA    | NA    | Х    | NA   | NA  | NA  | NA  |  |
| 30                  | Х  | QPL             | Х                         | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL                 | QPL    | Х     | QPL               | Х               | QPL   | QPL   | Х    | QPL  | Х   | NA  | QPL |  |
| 36                  | Х  | QPL             | Х                         | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL                 | QPL    | Х     | QPL               | Х               | QPL   | QPL   | Х    | QPL  | Х   | NA  | QPL |  |
| 42                  | Х  | NA              | Х                         | QPL | QPL    | Х      | NA                | Х      | QPL                 | QPL    | Х     | NA                | Х               | NA    | QPL   | Х    | NA   | Х   | NA  | NA  |  |
| 48                  | 48 X NA X QPL QPL X NA X QPL QPL X NA X NA QPL X |                 |                           |     |        |        |                   |        | NA                  | Х      | NA    | NA                |                 |       |       |      |      |   |     |     |  |
| 54                  | NA   | NA              | NA                        | NA  | NA     | NA     | NA                | NA     | NA                  | NA     | NA    | NA                | NA              | NA    | NA    | NA   | NA   | NA  | NA  | NA  |  |
| 60                  | NA   | NA              | NA                        | QPL | QPL    | NA     | NA                | NA     | QPL                 | QPL    | NA    | NA                | NA              | NA    | QPL   | NA   | NA   | NA  | NA  | NA  |  |

 Notes:
 PVC
 Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

 CPVC
 Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

 PE
 Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe

 CPE
 Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

 CPP
 Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

 X
 Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list Not Acceptable

NA

|                     |     |                       |        | FOR | A GIVE | EN PIP |                   | E IIIA |     | STIC P | IPÈ PE | ric)<br>ERMITT<br>OVER |        | OP OF | THE | PIPE    |      |                                     |     |     |  |
|---------------------|-----|-----------------------|--------|-----|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|-----|--------|--------|------------------------|--------|-------|-----|---------|------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|--|
|                     |     |                       | Гуре 1 |     |        |        | -                 | Гуре 2 | 2   |        |        | -                      | Гуре 3 |       |     |         |      | Type 4                              | 1   |     |  |
| Nominal<br>Diameter |     | ll Height<br>with 0.3 |        |     |        | Fill I | Height:<br>not ex |        |     | 1 m,   | Fill H | leight:<br>not exc     |        |       | ,   | Fill He |      | : Greater than 4.5<br>exceeding 6 m |     |     |  |
| (mm)                | PVC | CPVC                  | PE     | CPE | CPP    | PVC    | CPVC              | PE     | CPE | CPP    | PVC    | CPVC                   | PE     | CPE   | CPP | PVC     | CPVC | PE                                  | CPE | CPP |  |
| 250                 | Х   | QPL                   | Х      | QPL | NA     | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL | NA     | Х      | QPL                    | Х      | QPL   | NA  | Х       | QPL  | Х                                   | QPL | NA  |  |
| 300                 | Х   | QPL                   | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL                    | Х      | QPL   | QPL | Х       | QPL  | Х                                   | QPL | QPL |  |
| 375                 | Х   | QPL                   | NA     | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | NA     | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL                    | NA     | QPL   | QPL | Х       | QPL  | NA                                  | QPL | QPL |  |
| 450                 | Х   | QPL                   | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL                    | Х      | QPL   | QPL | Х       | QPL  | Х                                   | QPL | QPL |  |
| 525                 | Х   | QPL                   | NA     | QPL | NA     | Х      | QPL               | NA     | QPL | NA     | Х      | QPL                    | NA     | QPL   | NA  | Х       | QPL  | NA                                  | NA  | NA  |  |
| 600                 | Х   | QPL                   | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL                    | Х      | QPL   | QPL | Х       | QPL  | Х                                   | NA  | QPL |  |
| 675                 | Х   | NA                    | NA     | NA  | NA     | Х      | NA                | NA     | NA  | NA     | Х      | NA                     | NA     | NA    | NA  | Х       | NA   | NA                                  | NA  | NA  |  |
| 750                 | Х   | QPL                   | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL                    | Х      | QPL   | QPL | Х       | QPL  | Х                                   | NA  | QPL |  |
| 900                 | Х   | QPL                   | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL               | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | QPL                    | Х      | QPL   | QPL | Х       | QPL  | Х                                   | NA  | QPL |  |
| 1050                | Х   | NA                    | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | NA                | Х      | QPL | QPL    | Х      | NA                     | Х      | NA    | QPL | Х       | NA   | Х                                   | NA  | NA  |  |
| 1200                | Х   | NA                    | Х      |     |        |        |                   |        |     |        |        | NA                     | NA     |       |     |         |      |                                     |     |     |  |
| 1350                | NA  | NA                    | NA     | NA  | NA     | NA     | NA                | NA     | NA  | NA     | NA     | NA                     | NA     | NA    | NA  | NA      | NA   | NA                                  | NA  | NA  |  |
| 1500                | NA  | NA                    | NA     | QPL | QPL    | NA     | NA                | NA     | QPL | QPL    | NA     | NA                     | NA     | NA    | QPL | NA      | NA   | NA                                  | NA  | NA  |  |

 Notes:
 PVC
 Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

 CPVC
 Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

 PE
 Polyethylene Pipe

PE CPE

Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Permitted CPP

Х

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

Not Acceptable NA

|                     |   | FOR A G                       | IVEN PIPE                          |    | IB: PLAS |    | ERMITTED                           |    | THE PIPE |                                    |    |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|----|----------|----|------------------------------------|----|----------|------------------------------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal<br>Diameter |   | •                             | Type 5<br>It: Greater<br>exceeding |    |          | •  | Type 6<br>nt: Greater<br>exceeding |    | •        | Type 7<br>ht: Greater<br>exceeding |    |  |  |  |  |
| (in.)               | PVC     CPVC     PE     CPE     CPP     PVC     CPVC     PE     PVC     CPVC     PE |                               |                                    |    |          |    |                                    |    |          |                                    |    |  |  |  |  |
| 10<br>12            | X<br>X  | X QPL X QPL QPL X QPL X QPL X |                                    |    |          |    |                                    |    |          |                                    |    |  |  |  |  |
| 15                  | Х   | QPL                           | NA                                 | NA | QPL      | Х  | QPL                                | NA | Х        | QPL                                | NA |  |  |  |  |
| 18                  | Х   | QPL                           | Х                                  | NA | NA       | Х  | QPL                                | Х  | Х        | QPL                                | Х  |  |  |  |  |
| 21                  | Х   | QPL                           | NA                                 | NA | NA       | Х  | QPL                                | NA | Х        | QPL                                | NA |  |  |  |  |
| 24                  | Х   | QPL                           | Х                                  | NA | NA       | Х  | QPL                                | Х  | Х        | QPL                                | Х  |  |  |  |  |
| 27                  | Х   | NA                            | NA                                 | NA | NA       | Х  | NA                                 | NA | Х        | NA                                 | NA |  |  |  |  |
| 30                  | Х   | QPL                           | Х                                  | NA | QPL      | Х  | QPL                                | Х  | Х        | QPL                                | Х  |  |  |  |  |
| 36                  | Х   | QPL                           | Х                                  | NA | NA       | Х  | QPL                                | Х  | Х        | QPL                                | Х  |  |  |  |  |
| 42                  | Х   | NA                            | Х                                  | NA | NA       | Х  | NA                                 | Х  | Х        | NA                                 | Х  |  |  |  |  |
| 48                  | Х   | NA                            | Х                                  | NA | NA       | Х  | NA                                 | Х  | Х        | NA                                 | Х  |  |  |  |  |
| 54                  | NA  | NA                            | NA                                 | NA | NA       | NA | NA                                 | NA | NA       | NA                                 | NA |  |  |  |  |
| 60                  | NA  | NA                            | NA                                 | NA | NA       | NA | NA                                 | NA | NA       | NA                                 | NA |  |  |  |  |

Notes: PVC

 NA
 <th

|                     |                                | FOR A | GIVEN PI                  | TABLE | IIIB: PLAS |    | PERMITTED                | e top of t | HE PIPE |                           |    |  |  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|------------|----|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------|----|--|--|
|                     |                                |       | Type 5                    |       |            |    | Type 6                   |            |         | Type 7                    |    |  |  |
| Nominal<br>Diameter |                                |       | t: Greater<br>exceeding 7 |       |            | 0  | t: Greater the exceeding | ,          |         | nt: Greater fexceeding 10 |    |  |  |
| (mm)                | PVC                            |       |                           |       |            |    |                          |            |         |                           |    |  |  |
| 250                 | X QPL X QPL NA X QPL X X QPL X |       |                           |       |            |    |                          |            |         |                           |    |  |  |
| 300                 | Х                              | QPL   | Х                         | QPL   | QPL        | Х  | QPL                      | Х          | Х       | QPL                       | Х  |  |  |
| 375                 | Х                              | QPL   | NA                        | NA    | QPL        | Х  | QPL                      | NA         | Х       | QPL                       | NA |  |  |
| 450                 | Х                              | QPL   | Х                         | NA    | NA         | Х  | QPL                      | Х          | Х       | QPL                       | Х  |  |  |
| 525                 | Х                              | QPL   | NA                        | NA    | NA         | Х  | QPL                      | NA         | Х       | QPL                       | NA |  |  |
| 600                 | Х                              | QPL   | Х                         | NA    | NA         | Х  | QPL                      | Х          | Х       | QPL                       | Х  |  |  |
| 675                 | Х                              | NA    | NA                        | NA    | NA         | Х  | NA                       | NA         | Х       | NA                        | NA |  |  |
| 750                 | Х                              | QPL   | Х                         | NA    | QPL        | Х  | QPL                      | Х          | Х       | QPL                       | Х  |  |  |
| 900                 | Х                              | QPL   | Х                         | NA    | NA         | Х  | QPL                      | Х          | Х       | QPL                       | Х  |  |  |
| 1000                | Х                              | NA    | Х                         | NA    | NA         | Х  | NA                       | Х          | Х       | NA                        | Х  |  |  |
| 1200                | Х                              | NA    | Х                         | NA    | NA         | Х  | NA                       | Х          | Х       | NA                        | х  |  |  |
| 1350                | NA                             | NA    | NA                        | NA    | NA         | NA | NA                       | NA         | NA      | NA                        | NA |  |  |
| 1500                | NA                             | NA    | NA                        | NA    | NA         | NA | NA                       | NA         | NA      | NA                        | NA |  |  |

 Notes:
 PVC
 Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
 NA
 NA

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list Not Acceptable

NA

|                            |                    |                      |                      |                      | IND OF M                      |                      | L PERMI                  |                          | ID STREM       |                      |                      |                      |                                   |                      |                          |                      |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
|                            |                    |                      | FO                   | -                    | <u>EN PIPE D</u>              | DIAMETE              | RS AND                   | FILL HEI                 | GHTS O\<br>I   | /ER THE              | TOP OF               |                      |                                   |                      |                          |                      |
| Nominal<br>Diameter<br>in. |                    |                      | Fil                  | I Height:            | be 1<br>3' and les<br>I' min. | SS,                  |                          |                          |                |                      | Fill F               | leight: G            | be 2<br>ireater that<br>eding 10' | an 3',               |                          |                      |
|                            | RCCP               | CSP                  | ESCP                 | PVC                  | CPVC                          | PE                   | CPE                      | CPP                      | RCCP           | CSP                  | ESCP                 | PVC                  | CPVC                              | PE                   | CPE                      | CPP                  |
| 10<br>12<br>15             | NA<br>IV<br>IV     | 3<br>NA<br>NA        | X<br>X<br>NA         | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL             | X<br>X<br>NA         | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL        | NA<br>QPL<br>QPL         | NA<br>II<br>II | 1<br>1<br>1          | *X<br>*X<br>*X       | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL                 | X<br>X<br>NA         | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL        | NA<br>QPL<br>QPL     |
| 18<br>21<br>24             | IV<br>III<br>III   | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL      | X<br>NA<br>X         | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL | QPL<br>NA<br>QPL         |                | 2 2 2 2              | X<br>X<br>X          | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL          | X<br>NA<br>X         | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL | QPL<br>NA<br>QPL     |
| 27<br>30<br>33             |                    | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | X<br>X<br>NA         | NA<br>QPL<br>NA               | NA<br>X<br>NA        | NA<br>QPL<br>NA          | NA<br>QPL<br>NA          |                | 3<br>3<br>NA         | X<br>X<br>X          | X<br>X<br>NA         | NA<br>QPL<br>NA                   | NA<br>X<br>NA        | NA<br>QPL<br>NA          | NA<br>QPL<br>NA      |
| 36<br>42<br>48             | <br>  <br>         | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>X<br>X         | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>NA<br>NA               | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL |                | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | X<br>X<br>X          | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>NA<br>NA                   | X<br>X<br>X          | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL        | QPL<br>QPL<br>QPL    |
| 54<br>60<br>66             | =                  | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA                | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>QPL<br>NA          | NA<br>QPL<br>NA          |                | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA                    | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>QPL<br>NA          | NA<br>QPL<br>NA      |
| 72<br>78<br>84             | ::<br>  <br>  <br> | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA                | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA           | NA<br>NA<br>NA           |                | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA                    | NA<br>NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA<br>NA           | NA<br>NA<br>NA       |
| 90<br>96<br>102<br>108     | = = =              | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA     | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA     |                | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA              | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA     | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA |

Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe RCCP

Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class) CSP

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

PVC

Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPVC

Polyethylene Pipe ΡE

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

Х Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

Not Acceptable NA

\* May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

|                           |      |     |      |     | IND OF M              | <b>1ATERIA</b> |        | TTED AN  | ID STREN       |         |        |     |                         |    |     |     |
|---------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|-----------------------|----------------|--------|----------|----------------|---------|--------|-----|-------------------------|----|-----|-----|
|                           | 1    |     | FO   |     | EN PIPE D             | DIAMETE        | RS AND | FILL HEI | <u>GHTS O\</u> | /ER THE | TOP OF |     |                         |    |     |     |
|                           |      |     |      | Тур | be 1                  |                |        |          |                |         |        | Тур | be 2                    |    |     |     |
| Nominal<br>Diameter<br>mm |      |     | Fill |     | 1 m and le<br>mm min, | ess,           |        |          |                |         |        |     | eater thar<br>eding 3 m |    |     |     |
|                           | RCCP | CSP | ESCP | PVC | CPVC                  | PE             | CPE    | CPP      | RCCP           | CSP     | ESCP   | PVC | CPVC                    | PE | CPE | CPP |
| 250                       | NA   | 3   | Х    | Х   | QPL                   | Х              | QPL    | NA       | NA             | 1       | *Х     | Х   | QPL                     | Х  | QPL | NA  |
| 300                       | IV   | NA  | Х    | Х   | QPL                   | Х              | QPL    | QPL      | 11             | 1       | *X     | Х   | QPL                     | Х  | QPL | QPL |
| 375                       | IV   | NA  | NA   | Х   | QPL                   | NA             | QPL    | QPL      | II             | 1       | *X     | Х   | QPL                     | NA | QPL | QPL |
| 450                       | IV   | NA  | NA   | Х   | QPL                   | Х              | QPL    | QPL      |                | 2       | Х      | Х   | QPL                     | Х  | QPL | QPL |
| 525                       | 111  | NA  | NA   | Х   | QPL                   | NA             | QPL    | NA       | II             | 2       | Х      | Х   | QPL                     | NA | QPL | NA  |
| 600                       |      | NA  | NA   | Х   | QPL                   | Х              | QPL    | QPL      | 11             | 2       | Х      | Х   | QPL                     | Х  | QPL | QPL |
| 675                       |      | NA  | NA   | Х   | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       |                | 3       | Х      | Х   | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 750                       | IV   | NA  | NA   | Х   | QPL                   | Х              | QPL    | QPL      | II             | 3       | Х      | Х   | QPL                     | Х  | QPL | QPL |
| 825                       |      | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       |                | NA      | Х      | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 900                       | 111  | NA  | NA   | Х   | QPL                   | Х              | QPL    | QPL      | 11             | NA      | Х      | Х   | QPL                     | Х  | QPL | QPL |
| 1050                      | II   | NA  | Х    | Х   | NA                    | Х              | QPL    | QPL      | 11             | NA      | Х      | Х   | NA                      | Х  | QPL | QPL |
| 1200                      |      | NA  | Х    | Х   | NA                    | Х              | QPL    | QPL      |                | NA      | Х      | Х   | NA                      | Х  | QPL | QPL |
| 1350                      | II   | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       | II             | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 1500                      | 11   | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | QPL    | QPL      | II             | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | QPL | QPL |
| 1650                      |      | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       |                | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 1800                      | II   | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       | 11             | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 1950                      | 11   | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       | 11             | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 2100                      |      | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       |                | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 2250                      | II   | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       | 11             | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 2400                      | II   | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       | III            | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 2550                      | 11   | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       | 111            | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |
| 2700                      |      | NA  | NA   | NA  | NA                    | NA             | NA     | NA       |                | NA      | NA     | NA  | NA                      | NA | NA  | NA  |

Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe RCCP

Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class) CSP

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

PVC

Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPVC

Polyethylene Pipe ΡE

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

Х Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

Not Acceptable NA

\* May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

|                            |   |                |                | К              | IND OF M                | IATERIA        |  | RM SEWE         |                | NGTH RE        |                |                |                |                |                |                |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                            |   |                | FO             |                |                         |                |  |                 |                |                | TOP OF         | THE PIP        | E              |                |                |                |
|                            |   |                |                | Тур            | be 3                    |                |  |                 |                |                |                | Тур            | be 4           |                |                |                |
| Nominal<br>Diameter<br>in. |   |                | Fill H         |                | reater tha<br>eeding 15 |                | Fill Height: Greater than 15'<br>not exceeding 20' |                 |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |
|                            | RCCP  | CSP            | ESCP           | PVC            | CPVC                    | PE             | CPE  | CPP             | RCCP           | CSP            | ESCP           | PVC            | CPVC           | PE             | CPE            | CPP            |
| 10<br>12                   | NA<br>III   | 2<br>2         | X<br>X<br>V    | X<br>X<br>X    | QPL<br>QPL              | X<br>X         | QPL<br>QPL   | NA<br>QPL       | NA<br>IV       | 3<br>NA        | X<br>NA        | X<br>X<br>X    | QPL<br>QPL     | X<br>X         | QPL<br>QPL     | NA<br>QPL      |
| 18<br>21                   | 15III3XXQPLNAQPLQPLIVNANAXQPLNAQPLQPL18IIINAXXQPLXQPLQPLIVNANAXQPLXQPLQPL21IIINANAXQPLNAQPLNAIVNANAXQPLNANA |                |                |                |                         |                |  |                 |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |
| 24<br>27                   |   | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | X              | QPL<br>NA               | X<br>NA        | QPL<br>NA  | QPL<br>NA       | IV<br>IV       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | X              | QPL<br>NA      | X<br>NA        | NA<br>NA       | QPL<br>NA      |
| 30<br>33                   |   | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | X<br>NA        | QPL<br>NA               | X<br>NA        | QPL<br>NA  | QPL<br>NA       | IV<br>IV       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | X<br>NA        | QPL<br>NA      | X<br>NA        | NA<br>NA       | QPL<br>NA      |
| 36<br>42                   |   | NA             | NA<br>NA       | X<br>X         | QPL<br>NA               | X<br>X         | QPL<br>NA  | QPL<br>QPL      | IV<br>IV       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | X<br>X         | QPL<br>NA      | X<br>X         | NA<br>NA       | QPL<br>NA      |
| 48                         | III   | NA             | NA             | X              | NA                      | X              | NA   | QPL             | IV             | NA             | NA             | X              | NA             | X              | NA             | NA             |
| 54<br>60<br>66             | $\equiv \equiv \equiv$  | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA                                     | NA<br>QPL<br>NA | IV<br>IV<br>IV | NA<br>NA<br>NA |
| 72<br>78                   | <br>  | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA                | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA        | IV<br>IV       | NA<br>NA       |
| 84<br>90                   |   | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA                | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA        | IV<br>1680     | NA<br>NA       |
| 96                         | 111   | NA             | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA             | NA                      | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA                                     | NA              | 1690<br>1700   | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA             | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA             | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA             | NA             |
| 102<br>108                 | III<br>1360   | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA                | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA        | 1700           | NA<br>NA       |

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 0.01 in crack.)

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class)

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

NA Not Acceptable

|                           |  |                |                | к              | IND OF M                 |                | STORM S           |                 |                | IGTH RE        | QUIRED         |                |                        |                |                   |                  |
|---------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
|                           |  |                | FO             | R A GIVE       |                          | DIAMETE        | RS AND            | FILL HEI        | GHTS O\        | /ER THE        | TOP OF         | THE PIP        | E                      |                |                   |                  |
|                           |  |                |                | Тур            | be 3                     |                |                   |                 |                |                |                | Тур            | be 4                   |                |                   |                  |
| Nominal<br>Diameter<br>mm |  |                |                |                | eater thar<br>ding 4.5 n |                |                   |                 |                |                |                |                | ater than<br>eding 6 m |                |                   |                  |
|                           | RCCP   | CSP            | ESCP           | PVC            | CPVC                     | PE             | CPE               | CPP             | RCCP           | CSP            | ESCP           | PVC            | CPVC                   | PE             | CPE               | CPP              |
| 250<br>300<br>375         | NA<br>III  | 2<br>2         | X<br>X<br>Y    | X<br>X<br>Y    | QPL<br>QPL<br>OPI        | X<br>X         | QPL<br>QPL<br>OPI | NA<br>QPL       | NA<br>IV       | 3<br>NA        | X<br>NA        | X<br>X<br>X    | QPL<br>QPL<br>OPI      | X<br>X         | QPL<br>QPL<br>OPI | NA<br>QPL<br>OPI |
| 450<br>525                | 375         III         3         X         X         QPL         NA         QPL         IV         NA         NA         X         QPL         NA         QPL         QPL         QPL         IV         NA         NA         X         QPL         QPL         QPL         QPL         IV         NA         NA         X         QPL         QPL         QPL           450         III         NA         X         X         QPL         X         QPL         QPL         QPL         NA         NA         X         QPL         X         QPL         QPL         QPL         IV         NA         NA         X         QPL         X         QPL         QPL         QPL         IV         NA         NA         X         QPL         X         QPL         QPL         QPL         IV         IV         IV         IV         IV         IV         IV         IV         IV         IV |                |                |                |                          |                |                   |                 |                |                |                |                |                        | -              |                   |                  |
| 600                       | III  | NA             | NA             | X              | QPL                      | X              | QPL               | QPL             | IV             | NA             | NA             | X              | QPL                    | X              | NA                | QPL              |
| 675<br>750<br>825         |  | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | X<br>X<br>NA   | NA<br>QPL<br>NA          | NA<br>X<br>NA  | NA<br>QPL<br>NA   | NA<br>QPL<br>NA | IV<br>IV<br>IV | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | X<br>X<br>NA   | NA<br>QPL<br>NA        | NA<br>X<br>NA  | NA<br>NA<br>NA    | NA<br>QPL<br>NA  |
| 900<br>1050               |  | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | X<br>X         | QPL<br>NA                | X<br>X         | QPL<br>NA         | QPL<br>QPL      | IV<br>IV<br>IV | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | X<br>X         | QPL<br>NA              | X<br>X         | NA<br>NA          | QPL<br>NA        |
| 1200                      | 111  | NA             | NA             | Х              | NA                       | Х              | NA                | QPL             | IV             | NA             | NA             | Х              | NA                     | Х              | NA                | NA               |
| 1350<br>1500<br>1650      | $\equiv \equiv \equiv$   | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA           | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA    | NA<br>QPL<br>NA | IV<br>IV<br>IV | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA         | NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA    | NA<br>NA<br>NA   |
| 1800<br>1950              |  | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA                 | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA        | IV<br>IV       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA               | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA         |
| 2100<br>2250              |  | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA                 | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA        | IV<br>80       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA               | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA         |
| 2400                      | III  | NA             | NA             | NA             | NA                       | NA             | NA                | NA              | 80             | NA             | NA             | NA             | NA                     | NA             | NA                | NA               |
| 2550<br>2700              | III<br>70  | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA                 | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA        | 80<br>80       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA               | NA<br>NA       | NA<br>NA          | NA<br>NA         |

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.)

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class)

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

NA Not Acceptable

|                            |              |          |                        | KIND OF  | MATERI     |           | ORM SEW      |           | ENGTH R    | EQUIRE   | D            |                        |                         |          |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------|------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|------------|----------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
|                            |              | F        | OR A GI                | /EN PIPE | DIAMET     | ERS ANI   | D FILL HE    | EIGHTS (  | OVER TH    | E TOP O  | F THE PIF    | ΡĒ                     |                         |          |
|                            |              |          | Тур                    | e 5      |            |           |              | Тур       | be 6       |          |              | Тур                    | be 7                    |          |
| Nominal<br>Diameter<br>in. |              | Fill H   | leight: Gr<br>not exce |          | n 20',     |           |              | eight: Gr | eater tha  | n 25',   | Fill H       | eight: Gr<br>not excee | eater than<br>eding 35' | 30',     |
|                            | RCCP         | PVC      | CPVC                   | PE       | CPE        | CPP       | RCCP         | PVC       | CPVC       | PE       | RCCP         | PVC                    | CPVC                    | PE       |
| 10<br>12                   | NA<br>IV     | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL             | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | NA<br>QPL | NA<br>V<br>V | X<br>X    | QPL<br>QPL | X<br>X   | NA<br>V      | XXX                    | QPL<br>QPL              | X<br>X   |
| 15<br>18                   | IV<br>IV     | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL             | NA<br>X  | NA<br>NA   | QPL<br>NA | V            | X<br>X    | QPL<br>QPL | NA<br>X  | V<br>V       | X<br>X                 | QPL<br>QPL              | NA<br>X  |
| 21<br>24                   | IV<br>IV     | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL             | NA<br>X  | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA  | V<br>V       | X<br>X    | QPL<br>QPL | NA<br>X  | V<br>V       | X<br>X                 | QPL<br>QPL              | NA<br>X  |
| 27                         | IV           | X        | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | v            | X         | NA         | NA       | v            | X                      | NA                      | NA       |
| 30                         | IV           | Х        | QPL                    | Х        | NA         | QPL       | V            | Х         | QPL        | Х        | V            | Х                      | QPL                     | Х        |
| 33                         | IV           | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | V            | NA        | NA         | NA       | V            | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 36<br>42                   | IV<br>IV     | X<br>X   | QPL<br>NA              | X<br>X   | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA  | V<br>V       | X<br>X    | QPL<br>NA  | X<br>X   | V<br>V       | X<br>X                 | QPL<br>NA               | X<br>X   |
| 42                         | IV           | x        | NA                     | x        | NA         | NA        | v            | x         | NA         | x        | v            | x                      | NA                      | x        |
| 54                         | IV           | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | v            | NA        | NA         | NA       | v            | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 60                         | IV           | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | V            | NA        | NA         | NA       | V            | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 66                         | IV           | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | V            | NA        | NA         | NA       | V            | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 72                         | V            | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | V            | NA        | NA         | NA       | V            | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 78                         | 2020         | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | 2370         | NA        | NA         | NA       | 2730         | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 84                         | 2020         | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | 2380         | NA        | NA         | NA       | 2740         | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 90                         | 2030         | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | 2390         | NA        | NA         | NA       | 2750         | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 96                         | 2040         | NA       | NA                     | NA       | NA         | NA        | 2400         | NA        | NA         | NA       | 2750         | NA                     | NA                      | NA       |
| 102<br>108                 | 2050<br>2060 | NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA               | NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA  | 2410<br>2410 | NA<br>NA  | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA | 2760<br>2770 | NA<br>NA               | NA<br>NA                | NA<br>NA |

| Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished |
|--|
| according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 0.01 in crack.)                         |

PVC CPVC

Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE

CPE

Polyethylene Pipe Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Permitted CPP

Х

Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list Not Acceptable QPL

NA

| STORM SEWERS (metric)<br>KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED |   |          |            |          |            |           |   |          |            |          |  |          |            |          |
|---|---|----------|------------|----------|------------|-----------|---|----------|------------|----------|--|----------|------------|----------|
| FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE      |   |          |            |          |            |           |   |          |            |          |  |          |            |          |
|   | Туре 5  |          |            |          |            |           | Туре 6  |          |            | Туре 7   |  |          |            |          |
| Nominal<br>Diameter<br>mm   | Fill Height: Greater than 6 m,<br>not exceeding 7.5 m |          |            |          |            |           | Fill Height: Greater than 7.5 m,<br>not exceeding 9 m |          |            |          | Fill Height: Greater than 9 m,<br>not exceeding 10.5 m |          |            |          |
| 111111  | RCCP  | PVC      | CPVC       | PE       | CPE        | CPP       | RCCP  | PVC      | CPVC       | PE       | RCCP   | PVC      | CPVC       | PE       |
| 250<br>300  | NA<br>IV  | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | NA<br>QPL | NA<br>V   | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | X<br>X   | NA<br>V  | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | X<br>X   |
| 375   | IV  | Х        | QPL        | NA       | NA         | QPL       | V   | Х        | QPL        | NA       | V  | Х        | QPL        | NA       |
| 450<br>525  | IV<br>IV  | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | X<br>NA  | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA  | V<br>V  | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | X<br>NA  | V<br>V   | X<br>X   | QPL<br>QPL | X<br>NA  |
| 600   | IV  | Х        | QPL        | Х        | NA         | NA        | V   | Х        | QPL        | Х        | V  | Х        | QPL        | Х        |
| 675   | IV  | Х        | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | V   | Х        | NA         | NA       | V  | Х        | NA         | NA       |
| 750   | IV  | Х        | QPL        | Х        | NA         | QPL       | V   | Х        | QPL        | Х        | V  | Х        | QPL        | Х        |
| 825   | IV  | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | V   | NA       | NA         | NA       | V  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 900   | IV  | Х        | QPL        | Х        | NA         | NA        | V   | Х        | QPL        | Х        | V  | Х        | QPL        | Х        |
| 1050  | IV  | Х        | NA         | Х        | NA         | NA        | V   | Х        | NA         | Х        | V  | Х        | NA         | Х        |
| 1200  | IV  | Х        | NA         | Х        | NA         | NA        | V   | Х        | NA         | Х        | V  | Х        | NA         | Х        |
| 1350  | IV  | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | V   | NA       | NA         | NA       | V  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 1500  | IV  | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | V   | NA       | NA         | NA       | V  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 1650  | IV  | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | V   | NA       | NA         | NA       | V  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 1800  | V   | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | V   | NA       | NA         | NA       | V  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 1950  | 100   | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | 110   | NA       | NA         | NA       | 130  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 2100  | 100   | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | 110   | NA       | NA         | NA       | 130  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 2250  | 100   | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | 110   | NA       | NA         | NA       | 130  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 2400  | 100   | NA       | NA         | NA       | NA         | NA        | 120   | NA       | NA         | NA       | 130  | NA       | NA         | NA       |
| 2550<br>2700  | 100<br>100  | NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA  | 120<br>120  | NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA | 130<br>130   | NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA   | NA<br>NA |

Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.) RCCP

PVC

Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPVC

Polyethylene Pipe ΡE

CPE

Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP

Permitted Х

Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list QPL

NA Not Acceptable" Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

**\*1040.03 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe.** Acceptance testing of PVC pipe and fittings shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which they are installed. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements."

Revise Article 1040.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Corrugated PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The manufacturer shall be listed as compliant through the NTPEP program and the pipe shall be according to AASHTO M 294 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type S or D."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.04(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(d) PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 714 (DR 32.5) with a minimum cell classification of PE 335434 as defined in ASTM D 3350."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1040.08** Polypropylene (PP) Pipe. Storage and handling shall be according to the manufacturer's recommendations, except in no case shall the pipe be exposed to direct sunlight for more than six months. Acceptance testing of the pipe shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which it is installed. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements."

## DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: March 2, 2019

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

<u>STATE OBLIGATION</u>. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

<u>OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT</u>. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

<u>CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR</u>. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 7.00 % of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprisecertification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
  - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
  - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
  - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the

bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.

(c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.

- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
  - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
  - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owneroperator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
  - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
  - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
  - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

<u>CONTRACT COMPLIANCE</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall be come the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at <u>DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov</u>.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
  - (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
  - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
  - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.

(e) <u>TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES</u>. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.

- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) <u>FINAL PAYMENT</u>. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be

made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

(h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

## PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE – HAUL TIME (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2020

Revise Article 1020.11(a)(7) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(7) Haul Time. Haul time shall begin when the delivery ticket is stamped. The delivery ticket shall be stamped no later than five minutes after the addition of the mixing water to the cement, or after the addition of the cement to the aggregate when the combined aggregates contain free moisture in excess of two percent by weight (mass). If more than one batch is required for charging a truck using a stationary mixer, the time of haul shall start with mixing of the first batch. Haul time shall end when the truck is emptied for incorporation of the concrete into the work. The maximum haul time shall be as follows.

| Concrete Temperature<br>at Point of Discharge, | Maximum Haul Time <sup>1/</sup><br>(minutes) |                      |  |  |  |
|--|--|----------------------|--|--|--|
| °F (°C)  | Truck Mixer or<br>Truck Agitator             | Nonagitator<br>Truck |  |  |  |
| 50 - 64 (10 - 17.5)                            | 90   | 45                   |  |  |  |
| > 64 (> 17.5) - without retarder               | 60   | 30                   |  |  |  |
| > 64 (> 17.5) - with retarder                  | 90   | 45                   |  |  |  |

1/ To encourage start-up testing for mix adjustments at the plant, the first two trucks will be allowed an additional 15 minutes haul time whenever such testing is performed.

For a mixture which is not mixed on the jobsite, a delivery ticket shall be required for each load. The following information shall be recorded on each delivery ticket: (1) ticket number; (2) name of producer and plant location; (3) contract number; (4) name of Contractor; (5) stamped date and time batched; (6) truck number; (7) quantity batched; (8) amount of admixture(s) in the batch; (9) amount of water in the batch; and (10) Department mix design number.

For concrete mixed in jobsite stationary mixers, the above delivery ticket may be waived, but a method of verifying the haul time shall be established to the satisfaction of the Engineer."

## SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"**109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting.** The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

### SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

| Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A | Mobilization Percentage |
|---|-------------------------|
| Less than \$10,000                            | 25%                     |
| \$10,000 to less than \$20,000                | 20%                     |
| \$20,000 to less than \$40,000                | 18%                     |
| \$40,000 to less than \$60,000                | 16%                     |
| \$60,000 to less than \$80,000                | 14%                     |
| \$80,000 to less than \$100,000               | 12%                     |
| \$100,000 to less than \$250,000              | 10%                     |
| \$250,000 to less than \$500,000              | 9%                      |
| \$500,000 to \$750,000                        | 8%                      |
| Over \$750,000                                | 7%"                     |

## WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

## WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 40 working days.

#### REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

#### ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

#### I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor

performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

#### **II. NONDISCRIMINATION**

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

**1. Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

**3. Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

**5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

#### 6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

**7. Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information. d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

#### 10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

**11. Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391.

The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-thejob training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

#### **III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

#### IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

#### 1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH–1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

#### 2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

#### 3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which b any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

#### 4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice

performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

**6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

**7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

**9. Disputes concerning labor standards.** Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

#### 10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

#### V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

**1. Overtime requirements.** No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one

and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.

**3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages.** The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.

**4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

#### VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
 (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

#### VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

#### **VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

#### 18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

# IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act. 2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

# X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

#### 1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

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## 2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

#### 2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

\* \* \* \* \*

## Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

\* \* \* \* \*

# XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

#### ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

## Contract Provision - Cargo Preference Requirements

In accordance with Title 46 CFR § 381.7 (b), the contractor agrees-

"(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

Provisions (1) and (2) apply to materials or equipment that are acquired solely for the project. The two provisions do not apply to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of the project, such as shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, when industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories.