59

August 1, 2025 Letting

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 78A74 WILLIAMSON-JOHNSON Counties Section 101 RS-6 Route FAS 904 District 9 Construction Funds

| Prepared by | s |
|--|-----|
| Checked by | |
| (Printed by authority of the State of Illino | is) |



NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. August 1, 2025 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 78A74 WILLIAMSON-JOHNSON Counties Section 101 RS-6 Route FAS 904 District 9 Construction Funds

9.5 miles of resurfacing on IL 166 from 0.1 miles south of Tune Road to US 45. Also includes ADA improvements in Creal Springs.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Gia Biagi, Secretary

INDEX

FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2025

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction

(Adopted 1-1-22) (Revised 1-1-25)

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Std. Spe | ec. Sec. | Page No. |
|----------|---|----------|
| 202 | Earth and Rock Excavation | 1 |
| 204 | Borrow and Furnished Excavation | 2 |
| 207 | Porous Granular Embankment | 3 |
| 211 | Topsoil and Compost | 4 |
| 406 | Hot-Mix Asphalt Binder and Surface Course | 5 |
| 407 | Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavement (Full-Depth) | 7 |
| 420 | Portland Cement Concrete Pavement | 8 |
| 502 | Excavation for Structures | 9 |
| 509 | Metal Railings | 10 |
| 540 | Box Culverts | 11 |
| 542 | Pipe Culverts | 31 |
| 550 | Storm Sewers | |
| 586 | Granular Backfill for Structures | 47 |
| 630 | Steel Plate Beam Guardrail | 48 |
| 632 | Guardrail and Cable Road Guard Removal | 49 |
| 644 | High Tension Cable Median Barrier | 50 |
| 665 | Woven Wire Fence | 51 |
| 701 | Work Zone Traffic Control and Protection | |
| 781 | Raised Reflective Pavement Markers | 54 |
| 782 | Reflectors | 55 |
| 801 | Electrical Requirements | 57 |
| 821 | Roadway Luminaires | 60 |
| 1003 | Fine Aggregates | 61 |
| 1004 | Coarse Aggregates | 62 |
| 1010 | Finely Divided Minerals | |
| 1020 | Portland Cement Concrete | 64 |
| 1030 | Hot-Mix Asphalt | 67 |
| 1040 | Drain Pipe, Tile, and Wall Drain | 68 |
| 1061 | Waterproofing Membrane System | |
| 1067 | Luminaire | 70 |
| 1097 | Reflectors | |
| 1102 | Hot-Mix Asphalt Equipment | 78 |

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

| <u>CHEC</u> | K SH | I <u>EET #</u> | PAGE NO |
|-------------|------|--|---------|
| 1 | | Additional State Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Contracts | |
| 2 | | Subletting of Contracts (Federal-Aid Contracts) | 82 |
| 3 | Х | EEO | 83 |
| 4 | Х | Specific EEO Responsibilities Nonfederal-Aid Contracts | |
| 5 | Х | Required Provisions - State Contracts | |
| 6 | | Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal | |
| 7 | | Asbestos Waterproofing Membrane and Asbestos Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Removal | 105 |
| 8 | | Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads | 106 |
| 9 | х | Construction Layout Stakes | |
| 10 | | Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing | 110 |
| 11 | | Subsealing of Concrete Pavements | 112 |
| 12 | | Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction | 116 |
| 13 | | Pavement and Shoulder Resurfacing | 118 |
| 14 | | Patching with Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlay Removal | 119 |
| 15 | | Polymer Concrete | 121 |
| 16 | | Reserved | 123 |
| 17 | | Bicycle Racks | 124 |
| 18 | | Temporary Portable Bridge Traffic Signals | 126 |
| 19 | | Nighttime Inspection of Roadway Lighting | 128 |
| 20 | | English Substitution of Metric Bolts | 129 |
| 21 | х | Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete | |
| 22 | | Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant | 131 |
| 23 | х | Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures | |
| 24 | | Reserved | |
| 25 | | Reserved | 156 |
| 26 | | Temporary Raised Pavement Markers | |
| 27 | | Restoring Bridge Approach Pavements Using High-Density Foam | 158 |
| 28 | | Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay | |
| 29 | | Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching | |
| 30 | | Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching | |
| 31 | х | Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided | |
| 32 | х | Station Numbers in Pavements or Overlays | |

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| LOCATION OF PROJECT | 1 |
|---|----|
| DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT | 1 |
| UTILITIES | 1 |
| CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS | 4 |
| NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK | 4 |
| TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN | 4 |
| CONCRETE GUTTER, TYPE B (SPECIAL) | 5 |
| CONCRETE STEPS | 5 |
| PIPE HANDRAIL | 5 |
| PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK 4 INCH, SPECIAL | 5 |
| HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH | 6 |
| REFLECTIVE CRACK CONTROL TREATMENT | 6 |
| BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE) | 11 |
| CEMENT, FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS, ADMIXTURES; CONCRETE, AND MORTAR (BDE) | 12 |
| COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE) | 22 |
| DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE) | 25 |
| FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE) | 28 |
| HOT-MIX ASPHALT (BDE) | 30 |
| HOT-MIX ASPHALT – LONGITUDINAL JOINT SEALANT (BDE) | 31 |
| ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE – STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE) | 32 |
| PAVEMENT MARKING INSPECTION (BDE) | 32 |
| PAVEMENT PATCHING (BDE) | 33 |
| PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDER (BDE) | 33 |
| REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE) | 38 |
| SEEDING (BDE) | 39 |
| SHORT TERM AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS (BDE) | 44 |
| SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE) | 47 |
| SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE) | 47 |
| SUBMISSION OF BIDDERS LIST INFORMATION (BDE) | 48 |
| SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE) | 48 |
| SURFACE TESTING OF PAVEMENTS – IRI (BDE) | 49 |
| SURVEYING SERVICES (BDE) | 55 |
| IDOT TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISION | 55 |
| VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE) | 57 |
| WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE) | 57 |

| WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE) | ; |
|---|---|
| WORKING DAYS (BDE) |) |

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2022, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAS Route 904 (IL 166), Section 101RS-6, Williamson and Johnson County, Contract No. 78A74, and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

FAS Route 904 (IL 166) Section 101RS-6 Williamson and Johnson County Contract No. 78A74

LOCATION OF PROJECT

This project is located on IL 166, 0.1 miles south of Tune Rd to US 45.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The project is 9.7 miles in length and involves pavement patching, HMA surface removal and resurfacing, incidental HMA surfacing, pavement markings, raised reflective pavement markers, guardrail replacement, gutter replacement, and ADA improvements.

UTILITIES

Effective 1984

Revised 4/8/20

There are no known utility conflicts within the project limits. However, the following utility companies have facilities within the project limits:

Status of JULIE Member Utilities 78A74 Design Overlay and Patch Work IL 166 Williamson/Johnson County

| Name and Address of Utility | Туре | Location |
|--|-----------|---|
| Ameren Illinois I.P. | Electric | THROUGHOUT |
| 1010 N. Market | | |
| Sparta, IL 62286 | | |
| ATTN: Gina Eberhart | | |
| Tel: (618) 443-9236 | | |
| Email: GEberhart@ameren.com | | |
| Burnside Water District | Water | THROUGHOUT |
| 103 Vine | | |
| New Burnside, IL 62967 | | |
| ATTN: Alex Mitrevski | | |
| Tel: (618) 777-2906 | | |
| Email: burnsidewateroffice@gmail.com City of Marion Sewer | Water | THROUGHOUT |
| ATTN: Brent Cain | Water | TINOUGHOUT |
| Tel: (618) 922-5363 | | |
| Clearwave Communications | Fiber | THROUGHOUT |
| 2 North Vine Street P.O. Box 808 | | |
| Harrisburg, IL 62946 | | |
| ATTN: Mylon Rice | | |
| Cell: (618) 918-1539 | | |
| Email: mylon.rice@clearwavefiber.com | | |
| Creal Springs, City of | Water / | THROUGHOUT |
| P.O. Box 417 | Sewer | |
| Creal Springs, IL. 62922 | | |
| ATTN: Micah Marrow | | |
| Tel: (618) 996-2311 | | |
| Cell: | | |
| Email: | | |
| Enterprise Products | Pipeline | North end of project. May be out of scope of |
| 3134 Doron Road | | work. |
| P.O. Box 9 | | |
| Creal Springs, IL 62922 | | |
| ATTN: Patrick Bain | | |
| Tel: (618) 996-8301 | | |
| Cell: (618) 889-7239 | | |
| Email: cpbain@eprod.com Frontier Communications | Telephone | THROUGHOUT |
| 208 West Union St. | reiephone | miceditoor |
| Marion, IL 62959 | | |
| ATTN: Rick Shaw | | |
| Tel: (618) 997-0253 | | |
| Cell: (618) 997-0257 | | |
| Email: rick.shaw@ftr.com | | |
| | 1 | I |

| | Ethere. | TURQUICUQUIT |
|--|----------|------------------------|
| Futiva | Fiber | THROUGHOUT |
| 600 South Halfway Rd | | |
| Suite 104 | | |
| Marion, Illinois 62959 | | |
| ATTN: Terry Phillips | | |
| Tel: (618) 736-1023 | | |
| Cell: (618) 922-3992 | | |
| Email: terryp@hamiltoncom.net | | |
| Lake of Egypt Water & Sewer District | Water | THROUGHOUT |
| 11484 Lake of Egypt Rd. | | |
| Marion, IL 62959 | | |
| ATTN: Chris Boyd | | |
| Tel: (618) 964-1380 | | |
| Cell: (618) 697-7526 | | |
| Email: lewdwater@gmail.com | | |
| Liberty Utilities | Gas | THROUGHOUT |
| 611 N. Main | | |
| Harrisburg, IL. 62946 | | |
| ATTN: Deon Scott | | |
| Tel: (618) 253-7041 | | |
| Cell: (618) 841-7979 | | |
| Email: deon.scott@libertyutilities.com | | |
| Southeastern Illinois Electric Cooperative | Electric | THROUGHOUT |
| 100 Cooperative Way | | |
| Carrier Mills, IL 62917 | | |
| ATTN: Travis Jones | | |
| Tel: (618) 273-2611 Ext. 166 | | |
| Cell: (618) 527-0492 | | |
| Email: travisjones@seiec.com | | |
| Texas Eastern Gas Pipeline Company aka | Pipeline | North end of project. |
| Spectra | | May be out of scope of |
| 316 County Road 700 North | | work. |
| Norris City, IL 62869 | | |
| ATTN: David Barrett | | |
| Tel: (618) 378-2530 | | |
| Zito Media | CATV | THROUGHOUT |
| 1718 Barlow Road | | |
| Wickliffe, KY 42087 | | |
| ATTN: Darryl Caldwell | | |
| Tel: (270) 445-1584 | | |
| Cell: | | |
| | | |
| Email: darryl.caldwell@zitomedia.com | | |

Additional utility information may be obtained by calling the "Joint Utility Location Information for Excavators" phone number, 800-892-0123. This project is located in the Creal Springs, Stone Fort and New Burnside Townships.

CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

Revised 4/15/20

This work consists of furnishing, placing, and maintaining changeable message sign(s) according to Section 701 and the following:

A total of two changeable message signs shall be required in this contract. All signs must be in place and operational for a minimum of 14 calendar days prior to lane or roadway closures. Each sign shall state the day work will begin and delays are possible. The exact message will be approved by the Engineer. The Contractor may be required to relocate each sign multiple times during the contract at his or her expense. The exact location of the placement of these signs shall be determined in the field by the Engineer.

The furnishing, placing, and maintaining of portable changeable message sign(s) will be paid for per CALENDAR DAY as CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN.

NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK

Effective 12/05

Revised 2/10/17

Revise the first sentence of Article 107.09 Public Convenience and Safety to the following. "The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 14 days in advance of starting any construction work. For projects involving width or height restrictions or complete closures of the roadway or ramp, an additional seven days of notice (21 days total) will be required."

This additional notification is required, so the public can be notified of the pending construction.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective 1985 Revised 4/17/23

During the entire construction period, the road shall be kept open to traffic as follows:

- (a) The highway shall be kept open to at least one lane of traffic at all times and to two lanes of traffic to the greatest extent possible.
- (b) Access to all public roads and private entrances shall be maintained during all stages of the work.

Prior to allowing traffic on any portion of the roadway that has been cold milled, the Contractor shall have erected "Rough Grooved Surface" and "Uneven Pavement" signs that conform to the details shown in the plans. A minimum of one sign at each end of the improvement will be required. The Contractor shall maintain the "Rough Grooved Surface" signs until the cold milled surface is covered with binder. The Contractor shall maintain the "Uneven Pavement" signs until the resurfacing operations are completed. The cost of furnishing, erecting, maintaining, and removing the required signs shall be included in the contract.

CONCRETE GUTTER, TYPE B (SPECIAL)

Concrete gutter, type b (special) shall be constructed and paid for according to Standard 606201. Except, the dimensions of the gutter shall be transitioned to meet the "Depressed Curb Adjacent To Curb Ramp Accessible To The Disabled" detail from Standard 606001 within curb ramp limits.

CONCRETE STEPS

This work shall consist of all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to construct concrete steps in accordance with Section 606 and as modified herein. Concrete steps shall be constructed as shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Side curb cubic yard quantity will be included in the work of the concrete steps and will be calculated as part of the concrete steps cubic yardage. Reinforcement bars will be included in the work.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per CUBIC YARD for CONCRETE STEPS.

PIPE HANDRAIL

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing the pipe handrail at the location shown in the plans according to Section 509 and the Proposed Accessibility Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right-of-Way (PROWAG). The vertical railing, posts, the lower pipe rail and mounting plates shall be painted black. The Contractor shall submit PROWAG compliant shop drawings to the Engineer for review and approval prior to fabrication.

The railing shall be shop painted. No field painting allowed in accordance with Section 506.09.

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK 4 INCH, SPECIAL

Revised 07/06/23

This work shall include all materials, labor, and equipment necessary to construct the PCC sidewalk, excavation, grading, and seeding and mulch at locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. This work shall be in accordance with Section 424.

The excavation necessary for construction of the PCC sidewalk shall be included in contract unit price and in accordance with Section 202.

After the approved backfill is complete per Article 424.10, the Contractor shall prepare the seed bed, apply fertilizer, and class 1 seed mixture in accordance with Section 250. Mulch, method 1 shall be placed on the seeded areas in accordance with Section 251.

<u>Basis of Payment.</u> This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per SQUARE FOOT for PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK 4 INCH (SPECIAL). Price shall include all earth excavation, fertilizing, seeding and mulch.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH

Effective 7/27/21

The work shall consist of varying the hot-mix asphalt surface removal depth at the locations shown in the plans. The work shall be done in accordance with Section 440.

The work will be paid for at the contract unit price per SQUARE YARD for HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH.

REFLECTIVE CRACK CONTROL TREATMENT

Effective: 1-1-22

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of constructing reflective crack control treatments. Area reflective crack control treatment shall be either system A or C at the option of the Contractor. Strip reflective crack control treatment shall be either system A, B, or C at the option of the Contractor.

Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| | Item | Article/Section |
|-----|---|-----------------|
| (a) | Reflective Crack Control System | |
| (b) | Preparation of Mixture for Cracks, Joints, and Flangeways | s |
| (c) | Hot-Poured Joint Sealer | |
| (d) | Bituminous Materials (Note 1) (Note 2) (Note 3) | 1032 |

Note 1. The asphalt binder used for system A shall be PG 58-22 or PG 64-22.

Note 2. The primer to be used with system B shall be supplied by the manufacturer of the membrane and shall be compatible with the membrane.

Note 3. The tack coat to be used with system C shall be SS-1, SS-1h, SS-1hP, NTEA, RS-1, RS-2, CSS-1, CSS-1hP, CRS-1, CRS-2, or HFE-90.

Equipment. Equipment shall be according to the following.

| | Item | Article/Section |
|-----|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) | Rollers | |
| (b) | Mechanical Sweeper | |
| (c) | Asphalt-Rubber Processor/Distributor | 1101.17 |
| (d) | Mechanical laydown Equipment | |
| (e) | Aggregate Spreaders | 1102.04 |
| (f) | General Use Pressure Distributor | 1102.05(a) |

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>Surface Preparation</u>. The surface on which reflective crack control system is to be constructed shall be clean and dry. Base failures shall be repaired. Cracks, spalls, potholes, or other depressions shall be sealed with an approved crack sealer or filled with mixture for cracks, joints, and flangeways according to Article 406.05.

When, in the opinion of the Engineer, the existing pavement surface cannot be rendered sufficiently smooth by crack sealing and patching, a binder shall be placed prior to construction of the reflective crack control system. The binder shall be constructed according to Section 406.

<u>Placing (HMA)</u>. When HMA binder or surface course is placed on top of any reflective crack control system, the mixture shall be placed at a maximum temperature of 325 °F.'

<u>Reflective Crack Control System A</u>. The area to be covered with fabric shall be sprayed uniformly with asphalt binder at a rate of 0.25 to 0.30 gal/sq yd as directed by the Engineer. Asphalt binder application shall be accomplished with a general use pressure distributor for all surfaces, except where the distributor does not have room to operate, hand spraying will be allowed. The width of the spray application shall be 2 to 6 in. wider than the fabric width. The asphalt binder shall be applied at a maximum temperature of 325 °F to avoid damage to the fabric.

After the asphalt binder has been sprayed, the fabric shall be placed onto the asphalt binder without delay. Every effort must be made to lay the fabric as smoothly as possible to avoid wrinkles. Wrinkles large enough to cause laps of the fabric shall be cut and laid out flat. The fabric shall be broomed or squeegeed to remove air bubbles and make complete contact with the road surface.

The fabric shall overlap the adjacent fabric panel a minimum of 2 in. and asphalt binder shall be applied by hand to make the joint. The transverse joints shall be made in such a manner to avoid pickup by the paver. The direction of paving shall be in the direction of fabric placement.

When placed as a strip treatment, the strip shall be 24 in. wide.

<u>Reflective Crack Control System B</u>. The waterproofing membrane interlayer shall be placed as shown on the plans. Placement of the membrane shall be done only when the temperature is above 40 °F and the pavement surfaces are dry and free of dirt and debris.

The surface shall be primed according to the manufacturer's recommendations prior to placement of the membrane. The primer shall be placed at a minimum rate of 300 sq ft/gal, shall extend 1 in. wider than the membrane, and shall be allowed to dry until tack free before applying the membrane. Primer shall be placed on both PCC and HMA pavement surfaces.

Any spall greater than 3 in. in diameter which will cause a failure of the material to bond to the pavement or will leave a cavity under the material shall be corrected with a material approved by the Engineer prior to the placement of the waterproofing membrane interlay.

The membrane shall be installed in nominal 12 in. widths [11 3/8 in. minimum] and shall be centered over the joint or crack within a 1 in. tolerance. Laps will be permitted in the membrane with a minimum overlap of 2.5 in. The membrane shall be installed straight and wrinkle-free with no curled or uplifted edges. Wrinkles over 3/8 in. width shall be slit and folded down.

Membrane shall be surface dry before placement of the HMA overlay. Paving may begin immediately after membrane placement.

<u>Reflective Crack Control System C</u>. Immediately prior to application of a tack coat, the surface shall be thoroughly cleaned by sweeping.

When placed as a strip treatment, the strip shall be 24 in. wide. Equipment which meets the approval of the Engineer and applies a uniform application of tack coat, asphalt rubber, and cover aggregate may be used.

- (a) Tack Coat. A tack coat shall be applied according to Article 406.05 at a residual rate of 0.05 lb./sq ft.
- (b) Asphalt-Rubber Mixture. For the asphalt-rubber mixture, the Contractor has the choice of using either a vulcanized rubber in asphalt with a diluent (mixture 1) or a crumb rubber blend in asphalt which has been treated with an extender oil (mixture 2).
 - (1) Mixture 1. The percentage of vulcanized rubber shall be 33 ± percent by weight of the asphalt cement in Mixture 1.

The temperature of the asphalt shall be between 350 and 400 °F before addition of the vulcanized rubber. The material shall be carefully combined and mixed and reacted for a period of time as required by the Engineer which shall be based on laboratory testing by the asphalt-rubber supplier or contracting agency.

The temperature of the asphalt-rubber mixture shall be above 325 °F during the reaction period.

After the reaction between asphalt binder and rubber has occurred, the viscosity of the hot asphalt-rubber mixture may be adjusted for spraying and/or better "wetting" of the cover material by the addition of a diluent. The diluent shall not exceed 7.5% by volume of the hot asphalt-rubber mixture.

If a job delay results after the full reaction has occurred, the material may be allowed to cool and be slowly reheated to an acceptable spraying temperature just prior to application. However, because of the polymer reversion that can occur when crumb rubber is held for prolonged high temperatures, the material shall not be reheated to temperatures above 325 °F. Additional diluent up to a maximum of 3% by volume of the hot asphalt-rubber mixture may be sued after reheating of the material.

(2) Mixture 2. The percentage of crumb rubber blend shall be 25 ± 4% by weight of the asphalt binder. Prior to adding the crumb rubber blend, the asphalt and extender oil shall be mixed in such quantities to produce an absolute viscosity of 600 poises at 140 °F when tested according to the requirements of AASHTO T 202. The asphalt oil blend shall first be heated to 400 °F minimum and be thoroughly mixed before beginning incorporation of the crumb rubber blend. The crumb rubber blend shall be added as quickly as possible, and the mix shall be given adequate circulation and agitation during the addition-mixing process to provide for proper dispersion. As soon as the mixing of the rubber is complete, mixture 2 may be applied to the roadway. However, if the material is not to be used within one hour of mixing, the temperature shall be reduced to below 325 °F and reheated on the project site.

- (c) Application of Asphalt-Rubber Material. Asphalt-rubber shall be placed only under the following conditions.
 - (1) The pavement surface temperature is not less than 60 °F and rain is not imminent;
 - (2) The pavement surface is clean and dry;
 - (3) The wind conditions are such that excessive blowing of the spray bar fans is not occurring, and
 - (4) All construction equipment such as asphalt-rubber distributor, aggregate spreader, haul trucks with cover aggregate, and rollers are in position and ready to commence placement operations.

The asphalt-rubber mixture shall be applied at a temperature of 290 to 325 °F at a rate of 0.6 ± 0.05 gal/sq yd [based on 7.5 lb./hot gal]. Transverse joints shall be constructed by placing building paper across and over the end of the previous asphalt-rubber application. Once the spraying has progressed beyond the paper, the paper shall be removed immediately and disposed of as directed by the Engineer. Longitudinal joints shall be lapped a minimum of 4 in.

(d) Application of Cover Material. Cover material shall be applied immediately to the asphaltrubber after spreading at a rate of 30 to 40 lbs./sq yd. If steel slag is used for over material, the spread quantity shall be increased in proportion to its higher specific gravity.

At the time of application to the asphalt-rubber, cover aggregate shall not contain any free moisture.

(e) Rolling. At least three pneumatic-tired rollers shall be provided to accomplish the required embedment of the cover material. At some project locations or where production rates indicate, fewer rollers may be utilized as directed by the Engineer.

Sufficient rollers shall be sued for the initial rolling to cover the width of the aggregate spread with one pass. The first pass shall be made immediately behind the aggregate spreader, and if the spreading is stopped for any reason, the spreader shall be moved ahead or off to the side so that all cover material may be immediately rolled. Four complete coverages with rollers shall be made with all rolling complete within two hours after the application of the cover material.

- (f) Opening the Completed Asphalt-Rubber Membrane Interlayer to Traffic. Except when it is necessary that hauling equipment must be on the newly applied membrane, traffic of all types shall be kept off the membrane until it has had time to set properly. The speed of all hauling equipment shall not exceed 15 mph when traveling over a membrane which is not adequately set. The minimum traffic free period shall be at least two hours.
- (g) Removing Loose Cover Aggregate. Following placement of the system, the loose cover aggregate shall be removed with a mechanical sweeper without dislodging any embedded aggregate.
- (h) Placement of HMA. The placement of the HMA overlay shall be delayed as directed by the Engineer for sufficient time to allow for adequate evaporation of the diluent or extender oil. A minimum of two hours shall elapse.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>. Area reflective crack control treatment will be measured for payment in place, and the area computed in square yards. Strip reflective crack control treatment will be measured for payment in feet along the joint or crack.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per SQUARE YARD for AREA REFLECTIVE CRACK CONTROL TREATMENT or per FOOT for STRIP REFLECTIVE CRACK CONTROL TREATMENT.

BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2006

Revised: August 1, 2017

Description. Bituminous material cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or credit to the Department, for fluctuations in the cost of bituminous materials when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract.

The adjustments shall apply to permanent and temporary hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixtures, bituminous surface treatments (cover and seal coats), and preventative maintenance type surface treatments that are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply to bituminous prime coats, tack coats, crack filling/sealing, joint filling/sealing, or extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

Method of Adjustment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (BPI_P - BPI_L) \times (\% AC_V / 100) \times Q$

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$.

- BPI_P = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).
- BPI_L = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).
- %AC_V = Percent of virgin Asphalt Cement in the Quantity being adjusted. For HMA mixtures, the % AC_V will be determined from the adjusted job mix formula. For bituminous materials applied, a performance graded or cutback asphalt will be considered to be 100% AC_V and undiluted emulsified asphalt will be considered to be 65% AC_V.
- Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) (see below).

For HMA mixtures measured in square yards: Q, tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 46.8) / 2000. For HMA mixtures measured in square meters: Q, metric tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 1) / 1000. When computing adjustments for full-depth HMA pavement, separate calculations will be made for the binder and surface courses to account for their different G_{mb} and % AC_V.

| For bituminous materials measured in gallons: | Q, tons = V x 8.33 lb/gal x SG / 2000 |
|---|---|
| For bituminous materials measured in liters: | Q, metric tons = V x 1.0 kg/L x SG / 1000 |

| Where: | А | Area of the HMA mixture, sq yd (sq m). | |
|--------|----------|---|--|
| | D | = Depth of the HMA mixture, in. (mm). | |
| | G_{mb} | = Average bulk specific gravity of the mixture, from the approved mix design. | |
| | V | = Volume of the bituminous material, gal (L). | |
| | SG | = Specific Gravity of bituminous material as shown on the bill of lading. | |

Basis of Payment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the BPI_{L} and BPI_{P} in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = $\{(BPI_L - BPI_P) \div BPI_L\} \times 100$

Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable bituminous material is placed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the work placed during the month are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

CEMENT, FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS, ADMIXTURES; CONCRETE, AND MORTAR (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2025

Revise the first paragraph of Article 285.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"285.05 Fabric Formed Concrete Revetment Mat. The grout shall consist of a mixture of cement, fine aggregate, and water so proportioned and mixed as to provide a pumpable slurry. Fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace (GGBF) slag, and concrete admixtures may be used at the option of the Contractor. The grout shall have an air content of not less than 6.0 percent nor more than 9.0 percent of the volume of the grout. The mix shall obtain a compressive strength of 2500 psi (17,000 kPa) at 28 days according to Article 1020.09."

Revise Article 302.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"302.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| | Item | Article/Section |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) | Cement | |
| (b) | Water | |
| (c) | Hydrated Lime | |
| (d) | By-Product, Hydrated Lime | |
| (e) | By-Product, Non-Hydrated Lime | |
| (f) | Lime Slurry | |
| (g) | Fly Ash | |
| (h) | Soil for Soil Modification (Note 1) | |
| (i) | Bituminous Materials (Note 2) | |
| | | |

Note 1. This soil requirement only applies when modifying with lime (slurry or dry).

Note 2. The bituminous materials used for curing shall be emulsified asphalt RS-2, CRS-2, HFE 90, or HFE 150; rapid curing liquid asphalt RC-70; or medium curing liquid asphalt MC-70 or MC-250."

Revise Article 312.07(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

| "(C) | Cement | .1001" |
|------|--------|--------|
|------|--------|--------|

Add Article 312.07(i) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(i) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag1010"

Revise the first paragraph of Article 312.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**312.09 Proportioning and Mix Design.** At least 60 days prior to start of placing CAM II, the Contractor shall submit samples of materials to be used in the work for proportioning and testing. The mixture shall contain a minimum of 200 lb (120 kg) of cement per cubic yard (cubic meter). Cement may be replaced with fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace (GGBF) slag according to Article 1020.05(c)(1) or 1020.05(c)(2), respectively, however the minimum cement content in the mixture shall be 170 lbs/cu yd (101 kg/cu m). Blends of coarse and fine aggregates will be permitted, provided the volume of fine aggregate does not exceed the volume of coarse aggregate. The Engineer will determine the proportions of materials for the mixture according to the "Portland Cement Concrete Level III Technician Course" manual. However, the Contractor may substitute their own mix design. Article 1020.05(a) shall apply, and a Level III PCC Technician shall develop the mix design."

Revise Article 352.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"352.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) Cement (Note 1) | |
| (b) Soil for Soil-Cement Base Course | |
| (c) Water | |
| (d) Bituminous Materials (Note 2) | 1032 |

Note 1. Bulk cement may be used for the traveling mixing plant method if the equipment for handling, weighing, and spreading the cement is approved by the Engineer.

Note 2. The bituminous materials used for curing shall be emulsified asphalt RS-2, CRS-2, HFE 90, or HFE 150; rapid curing liquid asphalt RC-70; or medium curing liquid asphalt MC-70 or MC-250."

Revise Article 404.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"404.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Cement | |
| (b) Water | |
| (c) Fine Aggregate | |
| (d) Bituminous Material (Tack Coat) | |
| (e) Emulsified Asphalts (Note 1) (Note 2) | |
| (f) Fiber Modified Joint Sealer | |
| (g) Additives (Note 3) | |

Note 1. When used for slurry seal, the emulsified asphalt shall be CQS-1h according to Article 1032.06(b).

Note 2. When used for micro-surfacing, the emulsified asphalt shall be CQS-1hP according to Article 1032.06(e).

Note 3. Additives may be added to the emulsion mix or any of the component materials to provide the control of the quick-traffic properties. They shall be included as part of the mix design and be compatible with the other components of the mix.

Revise the last sentence of the fourth paragraph of Article 404.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When approved by the Engineer, the sealant may be dusted with fine sand, cement, or mineral filler to prevent tracking."

Revise Note 2 of Article 516.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 2. The sand-cement grout mix shall be according to Section 1020 and shall be a 1:1 blend of sand and cement comprised of a Type I, IL, or II cement at 185 lb/cu yd (110 kg/cu m). The maximum water cement ratio shall be sufficient to provide a flowable mixture with a typical slump of 10 in. (250 mm)."

Revise Note 2 of Article 543.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

["] Note 2. The grout mixture shall be 6.50 hundredweight/cu yd (385 kg/cu m) of cement plus fine aggregate and water. Fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace (GGBF) slag may replace a maximum of 5.25 hundredweight/cu yd (310 kg/cu m) of the cement. The water/cement ratio, according to Article 1020.06, shall not exceed 0.60. An air-entraining admixture shall be used to produce an air content, according to Article 1020.08, of not less than 6.0 percent nor more than 9.0 percent of the volume of the grout. The Contractor shall have the option to use a water-reducing or high range water-reducing admixture."

Revise Article 583.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"583.01 Description. This work shall consist of placing cement mortar along precast, prestressed concrete bridge deck beams as required for fairing out any unevenness between adjacent deck beams prior to placing of waterproofing membrane and surfacing."

Revise Article 583.02(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Revise the first paragraph of Article 583.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"583.03 General. This work shall only be performed when the air temperature is $45 \degree F (7 \degree C)$ and rising. The mixture for cement mortar shall consist of three parts sand to one part cement by volume. The amount of water shall be no more than that necessary to produce a workable, plastic mortar."

Revise Note 2/ in Article 1003.01(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"2/ Applies only to sand. Sand exceeding the colorimetric test standard of 11 (Illinois Modified AASHTO T 21) will be checked for mortar making properties according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 87 and shall develop a compressive strength at the age of 14 days when using Type I, IL, or II cement of not less than 95 percent of the comparable standard.

Revise the second sentence of Article 1003.02(e)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The test will be performed with Type I, IL, or II portland cement having a total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.90 percent or greater."

Revise the first sentence of the second paragraph of Article 1003.02(e)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The ASTM C 1293 test shall be performed with Type I, IL, or II portland cement having a total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.80 percent or greater."

Revise the second sentence of Article 1004.02(g)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The test will be performed with Type I, IL, or II portland cement having a total equivalent alkali content (Na₂O + 0.658K₂O) of 0.90 percent or greater."

Revise Article 1017.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1017.01 Requirements. The mortar shall be high-strength according to ASTM C 387 and shall have a minimum 80.0 percent relative dynamic modulus of elasticity when tested by the Department according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 161 or AASHTO T 161 when tested by an independent lab. The high-strength mortar shall have a water-soluble chloride ion content of less than 0.40 lb/cu yd (0.24 kg/cu m). The test shall be performed according to ASTM C 1218, and the high-strength mortar shall have an age of 28 to 42 days at the time of test. The ASTM C 1218 test shall be performed by an independent lab a minimum of once every five years, and the test results shall be provided to the Department. Mixing of the high-strength mortar shall be according to the manufacturer's specifications. The Department will maintain a qualified product list."

Revise the fourth sentence of Article 1018.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The ASTM C 1218 test shall be performed by an independent lab a minimum of once every five years, and the test results shall be provided to the Department."

Revise Article 1019.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1019.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|--|-----------------|
| (a) Cement | 1001 |
| (b) Water | |
| (c) Fine Aggregate for Controlled Low-Strength Material (CLSM) | |
| (d) Fly Ash | 1010 |
| (e) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag | |
| (f) Admixtures (Note 1) | |

Note 1. The air-entraining admixture may be in powder or liquid form. Prior to approval, a CLSM air-entraining admixture will be evaluated by the Department. The admixture shall be able to meet the air content requirements of Mix 2. The Department will maintain a qualified product list."

Revise Article 1019.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1019.05 Department Mix Design.** The Department mix design shall be Mix 1, 2, or 3 and shall be proportioned to yield approximately one cubic yard (cubic meter).

| Mix 1 | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Cement | 50 lb (30 kg) |
| Fly Ash – Class C or F, and/or GGBF Slag | 125 lb (74 kg) |
| Fine Aggregate – Saturated Surface Dry | 2900 lb (1720 kg) |
| Water | 50-65 gal (248-322 L) |
| Air Content | No air is entrained |

| Mix 2 | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Cement | 125 lb (74 kg) |
| Fine Aggregate – Saturated Surface Dry | 2500 lb (1483 kg) |
| Water | 35-50 gal (173-248 L) |
| Air Content | 15-25 % |

| Mix 3 | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Cement | 40 lb (24 kg) |
| Fly Ash – Class C or F, and/or GGBF Slag | 125 lb (74 kg) |
| Fine Aggregate – Saturated Surface Dry | 2500 lb (1483 kg) |
| Water | 35-50 gal (179-248 L) |
| Air Content | 15-25 %" |

Revise Article 1020.04, Table 1, Note (8) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(8) In addition to the Type III portland cement, 100 lb/cu yd of ground granulated blast-furnace slag and 50 lb/cu yd of microsilica (silica fume) shall be used. For an air temperature greater than 85 °F, the Type III portland cement may be replaced with Type I, IL, or II portland cement."

Revise Article 1020.04, Table 1 (Metric), Note (8) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(8) In addition to the Type III portland cement, 60 kg/cu m of ground granulated blastfurnace slag and 30 kg/cu m of microsilica (silica fume) shall be used. For an air temperature greater than 30 °C, the Type III portland cement may be replaced with Type I, IL, or II portland cement."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1020.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For a mix design using a portland-pozzolan cement, portland blast-furnace slag cement, portland-limestone cement, or replacing portland cement with finely divided minerals per Articles 1020.05(c) and 1020.05(d), the Contractor may submit a mix design with a

minimum portland cement content less than 400 lbs/cu yd (237 kg/cu m), but not less than 375 lbs/cu yd (222 kg/cu m), if the mix design is shown to have a minimum relative dynamic modulus of elasticity of 80 percent determined according to AASHTO T 161. Testing shall be performed by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete."

Revise the first sentence of the first paragraph of Article 1020.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Corrosion inhibitors and concrete admixtures shall be according to the qualified product lists."

Delete the fourth and fifth sentences of the second paragraph of Article 1020.05(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the third sentence of the second paragraph of Article 1020.05(b)(5) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The qualified product lists of concrete admixtures shall not apply."

Revise second paragraph of Article 1020.05(b)(10) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When calcium nitrite is used, it shall be added at the rate of 4 gal/cu yd (20 L/cu m) and shall be added to the mix immediately after all compatible admixtures have been introduced to the batch. Other corrosion inhibitors shall be added per the manufacturer's specifications."

Delete the third paragraph of Article 1020.05(b)(10) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 1020.15(b)(1)c. of the Standard Specifications to read:

"c. The minimum portland cement content in the mixture shall be 375 lbs/cu yd (222 kg/cu m). When the total of organic processing additions, inorganic processing additions, and limestone addition exceed 5.0 percent in the cement, the minimum portland cement content in the mixture shall be 400 lbs/cu yd (237 kg/cu m). For a drilled shaft, foundation, footing, or substructure, the minimum portland cement may be reduced to as low as 330 lbs/cu yd (196 kg/cu m) if the concrete has adequate freeze/thaw durability. The Contractor shall provide freeze/thaw test results according to AASHTO T 161, and the relative dynamic modulus of elasticity of the mix design shall be a minimum of 80 percent. Testing shall be performed by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete. Freeze/thaw testing will not be required for concrete that will not be exposed to freezing and thawing conditions as determined by the Engineer."

Revise Article 1021.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1021.01 General.** Admixtures shall be furnished in liquid or powder form ready for use. The admixtures shall be delivered in the manufacturer's original containers, bulk tank trucks or such containers or tanks as are acceptable to the Engineer. Delivery shall be accompanied by a ticket which clearly identifies the manufacturer, the date of manufacture, and trade name of the material.

Containers shall be readily identifiable as to manufacturer, the date of manufacture, and trade name of the material they contain.

Concrete admixtures shall be on one of the Department's qualified product lists. Unless otherwise noted, admixtures shall have successfully completed and remain current with the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit Concrete Admixture (CADD) testing program. For admixture submittals to the Department; the product brand name, manufacturer name, admixture type or types, an electronic link to the product's technical data sheet, and the NTPEP testing number which contains an electronic link to all test data shall be provided. In addition, a letter shall be submitted certifying that no changes have been made in the formulation of the material since the most current round of tests conducted by AASHTO Product Eval and Audit. After 28 days of testing by AASHTO Product Eval and Audit, air-entraining admixtures may be provisionally approved and used on Departmental projects. For all other admixtures, unless otherwise noted, the time period after which provisionally approved status may be earned is 6 months.

The manufacturer shall include the following in the submittal to the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit CADD testing program: the manufacturing range for specific gravity, the midpoint and manufacturing range for residue by oven drying, and manufacturing range of pH. The submittal shall also include an infrared spectrophotometer trace no more than five years old.

For air-entraining admixtures according to Article 1021.02, the specific gravity allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be according to AASHTO M 194. For residue by oven drying and pH, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to AASHTO M 194.

For admixtures according to Articles 1021.03, 1021.04, 1021.05, 1021.06, 1021.07, and 1021.08, the pH allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be according to ASTM E 70. For specific gravity and residue by oven drying, the allowable manufacturing range and test methods shall be according to ASHTO M 194.

All admixtures, except chloride-based accelerators, shall contain a maximum of 0.3 percent chloride by weight (mass) as determined by an appropriate test method. To verify the test result, the Department will use Illinois Modified AASHTO T 260, Procedure A, Method 1.

Prior to final approval of an admixture, the Engineer reserves the right to request a sample for testing. The test and reference concrete mixtures tested by the Engineer will contain a cement content of 5.65 cwt/cu yd (335 kg/cu m). For freeze-thaw testing, the Department will perform the test according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 161. The flexural strength test will be performed according to AASHTO T 177. If the Engineer decides to test the admixture, the manufacturer shall submit AASHTO T 197 water content and set time test results on the standard cement used by the Department. The manufacturer may select their lab or an independent lab to perform this testing. The laboratory is not required to be accredited by AASHTO.

Random field samples may be taken by the Department to verify an admixture meets specification. A split sample will be provided to the manufacturer if requested. Admixtures that do not meet specification requirements or an allowable manufacturing range established by the manufacturer shall be replaced with new material."

Revise Article 1021.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1021.03 Retarding and Water-Reducing Admixtures.** The admixture shall be according to the following.

- (a) Retarding admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type B (retarding) or Type D (water-reducing and retarding).
- (b) Water-reducing admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type A.
- (c) High range water-reducing admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F (high range water-reducing) or Type G (high range water-reducing and retarding)."

Revise Article 1021.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1021.05 Self-Consolidating Admixtures. Self-consolidating admixture systems shall consist of either a high range water-reducing admixture only or a high range water-reducing admixture combined with a separate viscosity modifying admixture. The one or two component admixture system shall be capable of producing a concrete that can flow around reinforcement and consolidate under its own weight without additional effort and without segregation.

High range water-reducing admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type F.

Viscosity modifying admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type S (specific performance)."

Revise Article 1021.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1021.06 Rheology-Controlling Admixture.** Rheology-controlling admixtures shall be capable of producing a concrete mixture with a lower yield stress that will consolidate easier for slipform applications used by the Contractor. Rheology-controlling admixtures shall be according to AASHTO M 194, Type S (specific performance)."

Revise Article 1021.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1021.07 Corrosion Inhibitor.** The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to one of the following.

- (a) Calcium Nitrite. Corrosion inhibitors shall contain a minimum 30 percent calcium nitrite by weight (mass) of solution and shall comply with either the requirements of AASHTO M 194, Type C (accelerating) or the requirements of ASTM C 1582. The corrosion inhibiting performance requirements of ASTM C 1582 shall not apply.
- (b) Other Materials. The corrosion inhibitor shall be according to ASTM C 1582.

For submittals requiring testing according to ASTM M 194, Type C (accelerating), the admixture shall meet the requirements of the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit CADD testing program according to Article 1021.01.

For submittals requiring testing according to ASTM C 1582, a report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for portland cement concrete shall be provided. The report shall show the results of physical tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal, according to applicable specifications. However, ASTM G 109 test

information specified in ASTM C 1582 is not required to be from an independent accredited lab. All other information in ASTM C 1582 shall be from an independent accredited lab. Test data and other information required to be submitted to AASHTO Product Eval and Audit according to Article 1021.01, shall instead be submitted directly to the Department."

Add Article 1021.08 of the Standard Specifications as follows:

"**1021.08 Other Specific Performance Admixtures.** Other specific performance admixtures shall, at a minimum, be according to AASHTO M 194, Type S (specific performance). The Department also reserves the right to require other testing, as determined by the Engineer, to show evidence of specific performance characteristics.

Initial testing according to AASHTO M 194 may be conducted under the AASHTO Product Eval and Audit CADD testing program according to Article 1021.01, or by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete. In either case, test data and other information required to be submitted to AASHTO Product Eval and Audit according to Article 1021.01, shall also be submitted directly to the Department. The independent accredited lab report shall show the results of physical tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal, according to applicable specifications."

Revise Article 1024.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1024.01 Requirements for Grout. The grout shall be proportioned by dry volume, thoroughly mixed, and shall have a minimum temperature of 50 $^{\circ}$ F (10 $^{\circ}$ C). Water shall not exceed the minimum needed for placement and finishing.

Materials for the grout shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Cement | |
| (b) Water | |
| (c) Fine Aggregate | |
| (d) Fly Ash | |
| (e) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag | |
| (f) Concrete Admixtures | |

Revise Note 1 of Article 1024.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Note 1. Nonshrink grout shall be according to Illinois Modified ASTM C 1107.

The nonshrink grout shall have a water-soluble chloride ion content of less than 0.40 lb/cu yd (0.24 kg/cu m). The test shall be performed according to ASTM C 1218, and the grout shall have an age of 28 to 42 days at the time of test. The ASTM C 1218 test shall be performed by an independent lab a minimum of once every five years, and the test results shall be provided to the Department. Mixing of the nonshrink grout shall be according to the manufacturer's specifications. The Department will maintain a qualified product list."

Revise Article 1029.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"

1029.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Cement | |
| (b) Fly Ash | |
| (c) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag | |
| (d) Water | |
| (e) Fine Aggregate | |
| (f) Concrete Admixtures | |
| (-) Francisco Arrest (Note 1) | |

(g) Foaming Agent (Note 1)

Note 1. The manufacturer shall submit infrared spectrophotometer trace and test results indicating the foaming agent meets the requirements of ASTM C 869 in order to be on the Department's qualified product list. Submitted data/results shall not be more than five years old."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1103.03(a)(4) the Standard Specifications to read:

"The dispenser system shall provide a visual indication that the liquid admixture is actually entering the batch, such as via a transparent or translucent section of tubing or by independent check with an integrated secondary metering device. If approved by the Engineer, an alternate indicator may be used for admixtures dosed at rates of 25 oz/cwt (1630 mL/100 kg) or greater, such as accelerating admixtures, corrosion inhibitors, and viscosity modifying admixtures."

Revise the first two sections of Check Sheet #11 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of filling voids beneath rigid and composite pavements with cement grout.

<u>Materials</u>. Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Division 1000 - Materials of the Standard Specifications:

| Item | Article/Section |
|---|-----------------|
| (a) Cement | |
| (b) Water | |
| (c) Fly Ash | |
| (d) Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag | |
| (e) Admixtures | |
| (f) Packaged Rapid Hardening Mortar or Concrete | |

Revise the third paragraph of Materials Note 2 of Check Sheet #28 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"The Department will maintain a qualified product list of synthetic fibers, which will include the minimum required dosage rate. For the minimum required fiber dosage rate based on the Illinois Modified ASTM C 1609 test, a report prepared by an independent laboratory accredited by AASHTO re:source for Portland Cement Concrete shall be provided. The report shall show results of tests conducted no more than five years prior to the time of submittal."

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"**109.13 Payment for Contract Delay.** Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

| Contract Type | Cause of Delay | Length of Delay |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Working Days | Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4) | No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks. |
| Completion Date | Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7) | The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08. |

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

| Original Contract Amount | Supervisory and Administrative Personnel |
|---|--|
| Up to \$5,000,000 | One Project Superintendent |
| Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000 | One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk |
| Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000 | One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk |
| Over \$50,000,000 | One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk |

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: January 2, 2025

- 1. <u>OVERVIEW AND GENERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory. Award of the contract is conditioned on meeting the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26, and failure by the Contractor to carry out the requirements of Part 26 is a material breach of the contract and may result in the termination of the contract or such other remedies as the Department deems appropriate.
- 2. <u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. All assurances set forth in FHWA 1273 are hereby incorporated by reference and will be physically attached to the final contract and all subcontracts.
- 3. <u>CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR</u>. The Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies and that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform <u>5.00 %</u> of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR 26.53 and SBE Memorandum No. 24-02.
- 4. <u>IDENTIFICATION OF CERTIFIED DBE</u>. Information about certified DBE Contractors can be found in the Illinois UCP Directory. Bidders can obtain additional information and assistance with identifying DBE-certified companies at the Department's website or by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at (217) 785-4611.
- 5. <u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision and SBE Policy Memorandum 24-02 is a material bidding requirement. The following shall be included with the bid.
 - (a) DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026) documenting enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal, or a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal even though the efforts did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

(b) Applicable DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2023, 2024, and/or 2025) for each DBE firm the bidder has committed to perform the work to achieve the contract goal.

The required forms and documentation shall be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a bid if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared non-responsive. A bidder declared non-responsive for failure to meet the bidding procedures will not give rise to an administrative reconsideration. In the event the bid is declared non-responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

6. <u>UTILZATION PLAN EVALUATION</u>. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate, and adequately document the bidder has committed to DBE participation sufficient to meet the goal, or that the bidder has made good faith efforts to do so, in the event the bidder cannot meet the goal, in order for the Department to commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder.

The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the Department determines, based upon the documentation submitted, that the bidder has made a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A and the requirements of SBE 2026.

If the Department determines that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan of that determination in accordance with SBE Policy Memorandum 24-02.

- 7. <u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work the bidder commits to have performed by the specified DBEs and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE firms. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific guidelines for counting goal credit are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55. In evaluating Utilization Plans for award the Department will count goal credit as set forth in Part 26 and in accordance with SBE Policy Memorandum 24-02.
- 8. <u>CONTRACT COMPLIANCE</u>. The Contractor must utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each DBE is listed in the Contractor's approved Utilization Plan, unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent to terminate the DBE or any portion of its work. The DBE Utilization Plan approved by SBE is a condition-of-award, and any deviation to that Utilization Plan, the work set forth therein to be performed by DBE firms, or the DBE firms specified to perform that work, must be approved, in writing, by the Department in accordance with federal regulatory requirements. Deviation

from the DBE Utilization Plan condition-of-award without such written approval is a violation of the contract and may result in termination of the contract or such other remedy the Department deems appropriate. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan.

- (a) NOTICE OF DBE PERFORMANCE. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with at least three days advance notice of when all DBE firms are expected to perform the work committed under the Contractor's Utilization Plan.
- (b) SUBCONTRACT. If awarded the contract, the Contractor is required to enter into written subcontracts with all DBE firms indicated in the approved Utilization Plan and must provide copies of fully executed DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (c) PAYMENT TO DBE FIRMS. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goal has been paid to the DBE. The Contractor shall document and report all payments for work performed by DBE certified firms in accordance with Article 109.11 of the Standard Specifications. All records of payment for work performed by DBE certified firms shall be made available to the Department upon request.
- (d) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or trucking, or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement (form SBE 2115) to the Engineer. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages.
- (g) ENFORCEMENT. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2009

Revised: August 1, 2017

<u>Description</u>. Fuel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in fuel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any category of work will make that category of work exempt from fuel cost adjustment.

<u>General</u>. The fuel cost adjustment shall apply to contract pay items as grouped by category. The adjustment shall only apply to those categories of work checked "Yes", and only when the cumulative plan quantities for a category exceed the required threshold. Adjustments to work items in a category, either up or down, and extra work paid for by agreed unit price will be subject to fuel cost adjustment only when the category representing the added work was subject to the fuel cost adjustment. Extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account will not be subject to fuel cost adjustment. Category descriptions and thresholds for application and the fuel usage factors which are applicable to each are as follows:

- (a) Categories of Work.
 - (1) Category A: Earthwork. Contract pay items performed under Sections 202, 204, and 206 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered earthwork. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 25,000 cu yd (20,000 cu m). Included in the fuel usage factor is a weighted average 0.10 gal/cu yd (0.50 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.
 - (2) Category B: Subbases and Aggregate Base Courses. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 311, 312 and 351 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered construction of a subbase or aggregate, stabilized or modified base course. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is a 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.
 - (3) Category C: Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 355, 406, 407 and 482 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered HMA bases, pavements and shoulders. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 5000 tons (4500 metric tons). Included in the fuel usage factor is 0.60 gal/ton (2.50 liters/metric ton) factor for trucking.
 - (4) Category D: Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) Bases, Pavements and Shoulders. Contract pay items constructed under Sections 353, 420, 421 and 483 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the work to be performed is considered PCC base, pavement or shoulder. The cumulative total of all applicable item plan quantities shall exceed 7500 sq yd (6000 sq m). Included in the fuel usage factor is 1.20 gal/cu yd (5.94 liters/cu m) factor for trucking.
 - (5) Category E: Structures. Structure items having a cumulative bid price that exceeds \$250,000 for pay items constructed under Sections 502, 503, 504, 505, 512, 516 and 540 including any modified standard or nonstandard items where the character of the

work to be performed is considered structure work when similar to that performed under these sections and not included in categories A through D.

(b) Fuel Usage Factors.

| English Units | | |
|--|--------|---------------------|
| Category | Factor | Units |
| A - Earthwork | 0.34 | gal / cu yd |
| B – Subbase and Aggregate Base courses | 0.62 | gal / ton |
| C – HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 1.05 | gal / ton |
| D – PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 2.53 | gal / cu yd |
| E – Structures | 8.00 | gal / \$1000 |
| Metric Units | | |
| Category | Factor | Units |
| A - Earthwork | 1.68 | liters / cu m |
| B – Subbase and Aggregate Base courses | 2.58 | liters / metric ton |
| C – HMA Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 4.37 | liters / metric ton |
| D – PCC Bases, Pavements and Shoulders | 12.52 | liters / cu m |
| E – Structures | 30.28 | liters / \$1000 |

(c) Quantity Conversion Factors.

| Category | Conversion | Factor |
|----------|------------------------------------|--|
| В | sq yd to ton sq m to metric ton | 0.057 ton / sq yd / in depth 0.00243 metric ton / sq m / mm depth |
| С | sq yd to ton sq m to metric ton | 0.056 ton / sq yd / in depth 0.00239 m ton / sq m / mm depth |
| D | sq yd to cu yd sq m to cu m | 0.028 cu yd / sq yd / in depth 0.001 cu m / sq m / mm depth |

<u>Method of Adjustment</u>. Fuel cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (FPI_P - FPI_L) \times FUF \times Q$

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$

- FPI_P = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/gal (\$/liter)
- FPI_L = Fuel Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price, \$/gal (\$/liter)
- FUF = Fuel Usage Factor in the pay item(s) being adjusted
- Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) or cu yd (cu m)

The entire FUF indicated in paragraph (b) will be used regardless of use of trucking to perform the work.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. Fuel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the FPI_L and FPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = { $(FPI_L - FPI_P) \div FPI_L$ } × 100

Fuel cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable work is performed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024

Revised: January 1, 2025

Revise the first and second paragraphs of Articles 1030.06(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) Personnel. The Contractor shall provide a QC Manager who shall have overall responsibility and authority for quality control. This individual shall maintain active certification as a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level II technician.

In addition to the QC Manager, the Contractor shall provide sufficient personnel to perform the required visual inspections, sampling, testing, and documentation in a timely manner. Mix designs shall be developed by personnel with an active certification as a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level III technician. Technicians performing mix design testing and plant sampling/testing shall maintain active certification as a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level III technician active certification as a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level I technician. The Contractor may provide a technician trainee who has successfully completed the Department's "Hot-Mix Asphalt Level I technician for a period of one year after the course completion date. The Contractor may also provide a Gradation Technician who has successfully completed the Department's "Gradation Technician Course" to run gradation tests only under the supervision of a Hot-Mix Asphalt Level II Technician. The Contractor shall provide a Hot-Mix Asphalt Density Tester who has successfully completed the Department's "Nuclear Density Testing" course to run all nuclear density tests on the job site."

Revise the second paragraph of Articles 1030.07(a)(11) and 1030.08(a)(9) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be based on the running average of four available Department test results for that project. If less than four G_{mm} test results are available, an average of all available Department test results for that project will be used. The initial G_{mm} will be the last available Department test result from a QMP project. If there is no available Department test result from a QMP project. If there is no available Department test result from a QMP project, the Department mix design verification test result will be used as the initial G_{mm} ."

Revise Article 1030.09(g)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) The Contractor shall complete split verification sample tests listed in the Limits of Precision table in Article 1030.09(h)(1)."

In the Supplemental Specifications, replace the revision for the end of the third paragraph of Article 1030.09(h)(2) with the following:

"When establishing the target density, the HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be the Department mix design verification test result."

Revise the tenth paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Production is not required to stop after a test strip has been constructed."

HOT-MIX ASPHALT – LONGITUDINAL JOINT SEALANT (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2022

Revised: August 1, 2023

Add the following after the second sentence in the eighth paragraph of Article 406.06(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

"If rain is forecasted and traffic is to be on the LJS or if pickup/tracking of the LJS material is likely, the LJS shall be covered immediately following its application with FA 20 fine aggregate mechanically spread uniformly at a rate of 1.5 ± 0.5 lb/sq yd $(0.75 \pm 0.25$ kg/sq m). Fine aggregate landing outside of the LJS shall be removed prior to application of tack coat."

Add the following after the first sentence in the ninth paragraph of Article 406.06(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

"LJS half-width shall be applied at a width of 9 ± 1 in. (225 \pm 25 mm) in the immediate lane to be placed with the outside edge flush with the joint of the next HMA lift. The vertical face of any longitudinal joint remaining in place shall also be coated."

Add the following after the eleventh paragraph of Article 406.06(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

| "LJS Half-Width Application Rate, lb/ft (kg/m) ^{1/} | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lift Thickness, in. (mm) Coarse Graded Mixture (IL-19.0, IL-19.0L, IL-9.5, IL-9.5L, IL-4.75) | | Fine Graded Mixture (IL-9.5FG) | SMA Mixture (SMA-9.5, SMA-12.5) |
| ³ ⁄ ₄ (19) | 0.44 (0.66) | | |
| 1 (25) | 0.58 (0.86) | | |
| 1 ¼ (32) | 0.66 (0.98) | 0.44 (0.66) | |
| 1 ½ (38) | 0.74 (1.10) | 0.48 (0.71) | 0.63 (0.94) |
| 1 ¾ (44) | 0.82 (1.22) | 0.52 (0.77) | 0.69 (1.03) |
| 2 (50) | 0.90 (1.34) | 0.56 (0.83) | 0.76 (1.13) |
| ≥ 2 ¼ (60) | 0.98 (1.46) | | |

1/ The application rate includes a surface demand for liquid. The thickness of the LJS may taper from the center of the application to a lesser thickness on the edge of the application, provided the correct width and application rate are maintained."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 406.13(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Aggregate for covering tack, LJS, or FLS will not be measured for payment."

Add the following to the end of the second paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications:

"Longitudinal joint sealant (LJS) half-width will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for LONGITUDINAL JOINT SEALANT, HALF-WIDTH."

ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE – STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2021

Revised: April 2, 2024

<u>Illinois Works Jobs Program Act (30 ILCS 559/20-1 et seq.)</u>. For contracts having an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor shall comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules. The goal of the Illinois Apprenticeship Works Initiative is that apprentices will perform either 10% of the total labor hours actually worked in each prevailing wage classification or 10% of the estimated labor hours in each prevailing wage classification, whichever is less. Of this goal, at least 50% of the labor hours of each prevailing wage classification performed by apprentices shall be performed by graduates of the Illinois Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, the Illinois Climate Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program.

The Contractor may seek from the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) a waiver or reduction of this goal in certain circumstances pursuant to 30 ILCS 559/20-20(b). The Contractor shall ensure compliance during the term of the contract and will be required to report on and certify its compliance. An apprentice use plan, apprentice hours, and a compliance certification shall be submitted to the Engineer on forms provided by the Department and/or DCEO.

PAVEMENT MARKING INSPECTION (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2025

Revise the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 780.13 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"In addition, thermoplastic, preformed plastic, epoxy, preformed thermoplastic, polyurea, and modified urethane pavement markings will be inspected following a winter performance period that extends from November 15 to April 1 of the next year."

PAVEMENT PATCHING (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2025

Revise the first sentence of the last paragraph of Article 442.06(a)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Type IV patches shall be reinforced with welded wire reinforcement according to the details shown on the plans."

Revise Article 442.06(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(3) Class C Patching. Patches adjacent to a new lane of pavement, new portland cement concrete shoulder, or new curb and gutter of more than 20 ft (6 m) in length shall be tied with No. 6 (No. 19) tie bars, 24 in. (600 mm) long, embedded 8 in. (200 mm) at 36 in. (900 mm) centers according to Article 420.05(b).

When the patched pavement is not to be resurfaced, transverse contraction joints shall be formed on 15 ft (4.5 m) to 20 ft (6 m) centers by sawing in all patches that are more than 20 ft (6 m) in length. They shall be placed in line with joints or cracks in the existing slab whenever possible."

Revise the eighth paragraph of Article 442.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Pavement tie bars for patches will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TIE BARS, of the diameter specified."

PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDER (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2023

Revise Article 1032.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1032.05 **Performance Graded Asphalt Binder.** These materials will be accepted according to the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure." The Department will maintain a qualified producer list. These materials shall be free from water and shall not foam when heated to any temperature below the actual flash point. Air blown asphalt, recycle engine oil bottoms (ReOB), and polyphosphoric acid (PPA) modification shall not be used.

When requested, producers shall provide the Engineer with viscosity/temperature relationships for the performance graded asphalt binders delivered and incorporated in the work.

(a) Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans and the following.

| Test | Parameter |
|---|------------|
| Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113) BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs) | -5 °C min. |

(b) Modified Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans.

Asphalt binder modification shall be performed at the source, as defined in the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure."

Modified asphalt binder shall be safe to handle at asphalt binder production and storage temperatures or HMA construction temperatures. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) shall be provided for all asphalt modifiers.

(1) Polymer Modification (SB/SBS or SBR). Elastomers shall be added to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade and shall be either a styrene-butadiene diblock, triblock copolymer without oil extension, or a styrenebutadiene rubber. The polymer modified asphalt binder shall be smooth, homogeneous, and be according to the requirements shown in Table 1 or 2 for the grade shown on the plans.

| Table 1 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer (SB/SBS) Modified Asphalt Binders | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Test | Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-28 SB/SBS PG 70-22 | Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SB/SBS PG 76-22 SB/SBS PG 76-28 | |
| Separation of Polymer ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder" Difference in °F (°C) of the softening | 4 (0) | 4 (0) | |
| point between top and bottom portions | 4 (2) max. | 4 (2) max. | |
| TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240) | | | |
| Elastic RecoveryASTMD6084,ProcedureA,77 °F (25 °C),100 mm elongation,%60 min.70 n | | | |

| Table 2 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Rubber (SBR) Modified Asphalt Binders | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Test | Asphalt Grade SBR PG 64-28 SBR PG 70-22 | Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SBR PG 76-22 SBR PG 76-28 | |
| Separation of Polymer ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder" Difference in °F (°C) of the softening point | 4 (2) may | 4 (2) may | |
| between top and bottom portions Toughness ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C), 20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m) | <u>4 (2) max.</u> 110 (12.5) min. | 4 (2) max. 110 (12.5) min. | |
| Tenacity ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C), 20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m) | 75 (8.5) min. | 75 (8.5) min. | |
| TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240) | | | |
| Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, % | 40 min. | 50 min. | |

(2) Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modification. GTR modification is the addition of recycled ground tire rubber to liquid asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. GTR shall be produced from processing automobile and/or truck tires by the ambient grinding method or micronizing through a cryogenic process. GTR shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm) in any dimension and shall not contain free metal particles, moisture that would cause foaming of the asphalt, or other foreign materials. A mineral powder (such as talc) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 17 may be added, up to a maximum of four percent by weight of GTR to reduce sticking and caking of the GTR particles. When tested in accordance with Illinois Modified AASHTO T 27 "Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates" or AASHTO PP 74 "Standard Practice for Determination of Size and Shape of Glass Beads Used in Traffic Markings by Means of Computerized Optical Method", a 50 g sample of the GTR shall conform to the following gradation requirements.

| Sieve Size | Percent Passing | |
|------------------|-----------------|--|
| No. 16 (1.18 mm) | 100 | |
| No. 30 (600 μm) | 95 ± 5 | |
| No. 50 (300 µm) | > 20 | |

GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for rotational viscosity according to AASHTO T 316 using spindle S27. GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for original dynamic shear and RTFO dynamic shear according to AASHTO T 315 using a gap of 2 mm.

The GTR modified asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of Table 3.

| Table 3 - Requirements for Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modified Asphalt Binders | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Test | Asphalt Grade GTR PG 64-28 GTR PG 70-22 | Asphalt Grade GTR PG 76-22 GTR PG 76-28 GTR PG 70-28 | |
| TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240) | | | |
| Elastic RecoveryASTMD6084,ProcedureA,77 °F (25 °C),100 mm elongation,60 min.70 min. | | | |

(3) Softener Modification (SM). Softener modification is the addition of organic compounds, such as engineered flux, bio-oil blends, modified vegetable oils, glycol amines, and fatty acid derivatives, to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. Softeners shall be dissolved, dispersed, or reacted in the asphalt binder to enhance its performance and shall remain compatible with the asphalt binder with no separation. Softeners shall not be added to modified PG asphalt binder as defined in Articles 1032.05(b)(1) or 1032.05(b)(2).

An Attenuated Total Reflectance-Fourier Transform Infrared spectrum (ATR-FTIR) shall be collected for both the softening compound as well as the softener modified asphalt binder at the dose intended for qualification. The ATR-FTIR spectra shall be collected on unaged softener modified binder, 20-hour Pressurized Aging Vessel (PAV) aged softener modified binder, and 40-hour PAV aged softener modified binder. The ATR-FTIR shall be collected in accordance with Illinois Test Procedure 601. The electronic files spectral files (in one of the following extensions or equivalent: *.SPA, *.SPG, *.IRD, *.IFG, *.CSV, *.SP, *.IRS, *.GAML, *.[0-9], *.IGM, *.ABS, *.DRT, *.SBM, *.RAS) shall be submitted to the Central Bureau of Materials.

Softener modified asphalt binders shall meet the requirements in Table 4.

| Table 4 - Requirements for Softener Modified Asphalt Binders | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| | Asphalt Grade | | |
| | SM PG 46-28 SM PG 46-34 | | |
| Test | SM PG 52-28 SM PG 52-34 | | |
| | SM PG 58-22 SM PG 58-28 | | |
| | SM PG 64-22 | | |
| Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113) | | | |
| BBR, ΔTc , 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous | -5°C min. | | |
| or 2 PAV at 20 hrs) | | | |
| Large Strain Parameter (Illinois Modified | | | |
| AASHTO T 391) DSR/LAS Fatigue | ≥ 54 % | | |
| Property, Δ G* peak T, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs | ≥ 04 % | | |
| continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs) | | | |

The following grades may be specified as tack coats.

| Asphalt Grade | Use |
|------------------------------|------------|
| PG 58-22, PG 58-28, PG 64-22 | Tack Coat" |

Revise Article 1031.06(c)(1) and 1031.06(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(1) RAP/RAS. When RAP is used alone or RAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin ABR shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

| HMA Mixtures - RAP/RAS Maximum ABR % ^{1/2/} | | | |
|--|----|----|----|
| Ndesign Binder Surface Polymer Modified Binder or Surface 3/ | | | |
| 30 | 30 | 30 | 10 |
| 50 | 25 | 15 | 10 |
| 70 | 15 | 10 | 10 |
| 90 | 10 | 10 | 10 |

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the RAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for ground tire rubber (GTR) modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes.
- (2) FRAP/RAS. When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

| HMA Mixtures - FRAP/RAS Maximum ABR % ^{1/2/} | | | | |
|---|--------|---------|---|--|
| Ndesign | Binder | Surface | Polymer Modified Binder or Surface ^{3/} | |
| 30 | 55 | 45 | 15 | |
| 50 | 45 | 40 | 15 | |
| 70 | 45 | 35 | 15 | |
| 90 | 45 | 35 | 15 | |
| SMA | | | 25 | |
| IL-4.75 | | | 35 | |

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent for all mixes, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).

3/ The maximum ABR percentages for GTR modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes."

Add the following to the end of Note 2 of Article 1030.03 of the Standard Specifications.

"A dedicated storage tank for the ground tire rubber (GTR) modified asphalt binder shall be provided. This tank shall be capable of providing continuous mechanical mixing throughout and/or recirculation of the asphalt binder to provide a uniform mixture. The tank shall be heated and capable of maintaining the temperature of the asphalt binder at 300 °F to 350 °F (149 °C to 177 °C). The asphalt binder metering systems of dryer drum plants shall be calibrated with the actual GTR modified asphalt binder material with an accuracy of ± 0.40 percent."

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024

Revised: April 1, 2024

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas shall be managed as either uncontaminated soil, hazardous waste, special waste, or non-special waste.

As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 "Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)"."

Revise the first two sentences of the nineteenth paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility and provide the specific analytical testing requirements of that facility. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection, transportation, and analysis of landfill acceptance testing."

Revise the last paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The Contractor shall select a permitted landfill facility or CCDD/USFO facility meeting the requirements of 35 III. Admin. Code Parts 810-814 or Part 1100, respectively. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor based upon information provided in BDE 2730. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected facility shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"669.07 Temporary Staging. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. All other soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Topsoil for re-use as final cover which has been field screened and found not to exhibit PID readings over daily background readings as documented on the BDE 2732, visual staining or odors, and is classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option."

Add the following paragraph after the sixth paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications.

"The sampling and testing of effluent water derived from dewatering discharges for priority pollutants volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutants semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), or priority pollutants metals, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8260B, SVOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8270C, or RCRA METALS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 6010B and 7471A. This price shall include transporting the sample from the job site to the laboratory."

Revise the first sentence of the eight paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) to be managed and disposed of, if required and approved by the Engineer, will be paid according to Article 109.04."

SEEDING (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2022

Revise Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"250.07 Seeding Mixtures. The classes of seeding mixtures and combinations of mixtures will be designated in the plans.

When an area is to be seeded with two or more seeding classes, those mixtures shall be applied separately on the designated area within a seven day period. Seeding shall occur prior to placement of mulch cover. A Class 7 mixture can be applied at any time prior to applying any seeding class or added to them and applied at the same time.

| | | TABLE 1 - SEEDING MIXTURES | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Class | - Туре | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare |
| 1 | Lawn Mixture 1/ | Kentucky Bluegrass | 100 (110) |
| | | Perennial Ryegrass | 60 (70) |
| | | Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue) | 40 (50) |
| 1A | Salt Tolerant | Kentucky Bluegrass | 60 (70) |
| | Lawn Mixture 1/ | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | | Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue) | 20 (20) |
| | | Festuca brevipilla (Hard Fescue) | 20 (20) |
| | | Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 60 (70) |
| 1B | Low Maintenance | Turf-Type Fine Fescue 3/ | 150 (170) |
| | Lawn Mixture 1/ | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | | Red Top | 10 (10) |
| - | | Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue) | 20 (20) |
| 2 | Roadside Mixture 1/ | Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue) | 100 (110) |
| | | Perennial Ryegrass | 50 (55) 40 (50) |
| | | <i>Festuca rubra</i> ssp. r <i>ubra</i> (Creeping Red Fescue) Red Top | 40 (50) 10 (10) |
| 24 | Calt Talayant | • | |
| 2A | Salt Tolerant Roadside Mixture 1/ | <i>Lolium arundinaceum</i> (Tall Fescue) Perennial Ryegrass | 60 (70) 20 (20) |
| | | Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue) | 30 (20) |
| | | Festuca brevipila (Hard Fescue) | 30 (20) |
| | | Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 60 (70) |
| 3 | Northern Illinois | | |
| 3 | Slope Mixture 1/ | <i>Elymus canadensis</i> (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | | Alsike Clover 4/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Desmanthus illinoensis | 2 (2) |
| | | (Illinois Bundleflower) 4/ 5/ | - (-/ |
| | | Schizachyrium scoparium | 12 (12) |
| | | (Little Bluestem) 5/ | |
| | | Bouteloua curtipendula | 10 (10) |
| | | (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | 00 (05) |
| | | Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 30 (35) |
| | | Oats, Spring Slender Wheat Grass 5/ | 50 (55) |
| | | Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ | 15 (15) 5 (5) |
| 24 | Southern Illinois | | |
| 3A | Slope Mixture 1/ | Perennial Ryegrass <i>Elymus canadensis</i> | 20 (20) 20 (20) |
| | | (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 20 (20) |
| | | Panicum virgatum (Switchgrass) 5/ | 10 (10) |
| | | Schizachyrium scoparium | 12 (12) |
| | | (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | |
| | | Bouteloua curtipendula | 10 (10) |
| | | (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | |
| | | Dalea candida | 5 (5) |
| | | (White Prairie Clover) 4/ 5/ | |
| | | Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Oats, Spring | 50 (55) |

| Class | – Туре | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare) |
|-------|--|--|----------------------|
| 4 | Native Grass 2/ 6/ | Andropogon gerardi (Big Blue Stem) 5/ | 4 (4) |
| | | Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 1 (1) |
| | | Panicum virgatum (Switch Grass) 5/ | 1 (1) |
| | | Sorghastrum nutans (Indian Grass) 5/ | 2 (2) |
| | | Annual Ryegrass | 25 (25) |
| | | Oats, Spring | 25 (25) |
| | | Perennial Ryegrass | 15 (15) |
| 4A | Low Profile Native Grass 2/ 6/ | Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Elymus canadensis | 1 (1) |
| | | (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 1(1) |
| | | Sporobolus heterolepis | 0.5 (0.5) |
| | | (Prairie Dropseed) 5/ | 0.0 (0.0) |
| | | Annual Ryegrass | 25 (25) |
| | | Oats, Spring | 25 (25) |
| | | Perennial Ryegrass | 15 (15) |
| 4B | Wetland Grass and | Annual Ryegrass | 25 (25) |
| | Sedge Mixture 2/ 6/ | Oats, Spring | 25 (25) |
| | · | Wetland Grasses (species below) 5/ | 6 (6) |
| | Species: | | <u>% By Weight</u> |
| | | densis (Blue Joint Grass) | 12 |
| | <i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i> (Blue Joint Grass) <i>Carex lacustris</i> (Lake-Bank Sedge) | | 6 |
| | Carex slipata (Awl-F | | 6 |
| | Carex stricta (Tusso | | 6 |
| | Carex vulpinoidea (Fox Sedge) | | 6 |
| | Eleocharis acicularis (Needle Spike Rush) | | 3 |
| | Eleocharis obtusa (I | | 3 |
| | <i>Glyceria striata</i> (Fowl Manna Grass) | | 14 |
| | Juncus effusus (Cor | | 6 |
| | Juncus tenuis (Slen | 6 | |
| | Juncus torreyi (Torrey's Rush) | | 6 |
| | Leersia oryzoides (Rice Cut Grass) | | 10 |
| | Scirpus acutus (Hard-Stemmed Bulrush) | | 3 |
| | Scirpus atrovirens (Dark Green Rush) | | 3 |
| | Bolboschoenus fluviatilis (River Bulrush) | | 3 |
| | | ernaemontani (Softstem Bulrush) | 3 |
| | Spartina pectinata (| Cord Grass) | 4 |

| Clas | s – Type | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare) | | | |
|------|--|---|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 5 | Forb with | Annuals Mixture (Below) | 1 (1) | | | |
| | Annuals Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/ | Forb Mixture (Below) | 10 (10) | | | |
| | Annuals Mixture - Mixture any one s | | | | | |
| | Coreopsis lanceolata (S | | | | | |
| | Leucanthemum maximu | | | | | |
| | <i>Gaillardia pulchella</i> (Blar | | | | | |
| | Ratibida columnifera (Pr | | | | | |
| | <i>Rudbeckia hirta</i> (Black-E | Eyed Susan) | | | | |
| | | Forb Mixture - Mixture not exceeding 5 % by weight PLS of | | | | |
| | any one spec | cies, of the following: | | | | |
| | Amorpha canescens (Le | | | | | |
| | Anemone cylindrica (Thi | | | | | |
| | Asclepias tuberosa (But | | | | | |
| | Aster azureus (Sky Blue | | | | | |
| | Symphyotrichum leave (| | | | | |
| | Aster novae-angliae (Ne | | | | | |
| | Baptisia leucantha (Whit | | | | | |
| | Coreopsis palmata (Prai | | | | | |
| | Echinacea pallida (Pale | | | | | |
| | Eryngium yuccifolium (R | | | | | |
| | Helianthus mollis (Down | | | | | |
| | Heliopsis helianthoides (| | | | | |
| | <i>Liatris aspera</i> (Rough Bl | | | | | |
| | Liatris pycnostachya (Pr | | | | | |
| | <i>Monarda fistulosa</i> (Prairi | | | | | |
| | Parthenium integrifolium | | | | | |
| | Dalea candida (White Pr | | | | | |
| | Dalea purpurea (Purple | | | | | |
| | Physostegia virginiana (| | | | | |
| | Potentilla arguta (Prairie | | | | | |
| | Ratibida pinnata (Yellow | | | | | |
| | Rudbeckia subtomentos | | | | | |
| | Silphium laciniatum (Cor | | | | | |
| | Silphium terebinthinaceu | | | | | |
| | Oligoneuron rigidum (Rig | | | | | |
| | Tradescantia ohiensis (S | | | | | |
| | Veronicastrum virginicur | n (Cuiver's ROOT) | | | | |

| Class - | – Туре | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare) |
|---------|---|--|----------------------|
| 5A | Large Flower Native Forb Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/ | Forb Mixture (see below) | 5 (5) |
| | Species: | | <u>% By Weight</u> |
| | Aster novae-angliae (| New England Aster) | 5 |
| | Echinacea pallida (Pa | 10 | |
| | Helianthus mollis (Dov | 10 | |
| | Heliopsis helianthoide | 10 | |
| | Liatris pycnostachya (| 10 | |
| | Ratibida pinnata (Yell | | 5 |
| | Rudbeckia hirta (Blac | | 10 |
| | Silphium laciniatum (C | | 10 |
| | Silphium terebinthinad Oligoneuron rigidum (| | 20 10 |
| 5B | Wetland Forb 2/ 5/ 6/ | Forb Mixture (see below) | 2 (2) |
| 0D | | | |
| | <u>Species:</u> | | <u>% By Weight</u> |
| | Acorus calamus (Swe | | 3 |
| | Angelica atropurpurea | 6 | |
| | Asclepias incarnata (S | 2 | |
| | Aster puniceus (Purpl Bidens cernua (Begga | 10 7 | |
| | Eutrochium maculatui | 7 | |
| | Eupatorium perfoliatu | 7 | |
| | Helenium autumnale (| 2 | |
| | Iris virginica shrevei (I | 2 | |
| | Lobelia cardinalis (Ca | 5 | |
| | Lobelia siphilitica (Gre | 5 | |
| | Lythrum alatum (Wing | 2 | |
| | Physostegia virginian | 5 | |
| | Persicaria pensylvani | 10 | |
| | Persicaria lapathifolia | 10 | |
| | Pychanthemum virgin | 5 | |
| | Rudbeckia laciniata (0 | 5 | |
| | Oligoneuron riddellii (| 2 | |
| | Sparganium eurycarpum (Giant Burreed) | | 5 |
| 6 | Conservation | Schizachyrium scoparium | 5 (5) |
| | Mixture 2/ 6/ | (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | 2 (2) |
| | | Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 2 (2) |
| | | Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Vernal Alfalfa 4/ | 15 (15) |
| | | Oats, Spring | 48 (55) |
| 6A | Salt Tolerant | Schizachyrium scoparium | 5 (5) |
| | Conservation | (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | |
| | Mixture 2/ 6/ | Elymus canadensis | 2 (2) |
| | | (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | ~ / |
| | | Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ | 5 (5) |
| | | Vernal Alfalfa 4/ | 15 (15) |
| | | Oats, Spring | 48 (55)́ |
| | | Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 20 (20) |
| 7 | Temporary Turf | Perennial Ryegrass | 50 (55) |
| | Cover Mixture | Oats, Spring | 64 (70) |

Notes:

- 1/ Seeding shall be performed when the ambient temperature has been between 45 °F (7 °C) and 80 °F (27 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and is forecasted to be the same for the next five (5) days according to the National Weather Service.
- 2/ Seeding shall be performed in late fall through spring beginning when the ambient temperature has been below 45 °F (7 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and ending when the ambient temperature exceeds 80 °F (27 °C) according to the National Weather Service.
- 3/ Specific variety as shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.
- 4/ Inoculation required.
- 5/ Pure Live Seed (PLS) shall be used.
- 6/ Fertilizer shall not be used.
- 7/ Seed shall be primed with KNO₃ to break dormancy and dyed to indicate such.

Seeding will be inspected after a period of establishment. The period of establishment shall be six (6) months minimum, but not to exceed nine (9) months. After the period of establishment, areas not exhibiting 75 percent uniform growth shall be interseeded or reseeded, as determined by the Engineer, at no additional cost to the Department."

SHORT TERM AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS (BDE)

| Effective: April 1, 2024 | Revised: April 2, 2024 |
|---|--|
| Revise Article 701.02(d) of the Standard Specificatio | ns to read: |
| "(d) Pavement Marking Tapes (Note 3) | |
| Add the following Note to the end of Article 701.02 of | f the Standard Specifications: |
| "Note 3. White or yellow pavement marking 14 days shall be Type IV tape." | tape that is to remain in place longer than |
| Revise Article 703.02(c) of the Standard Specification | ns to read: |
| "(c) Pavement Marking Tapes (Note 1) | |
| Add the following Note to the end of Article 703.02 of | f the Standard Specifications: |
| "Note 1. White or yellow pavement marking 14 days shall be Type IV tape." | tape that is to remain in place longer than |
| Revise Article 1095.06 of the Standard Specification | s to read: |
| "1005 06 Pavement Marking Tanes Type Lw | hite or vellow marking tape shall consist of |

"1095.06 **Pavement Marking Tapes.** Type I white or yellow marking tape shall consist of glass spheres embedded into a binder on a foil backing that is precoated with a pressure sensitive adhesive. The spheres shall be of uniform gradation and distributed evenly over the surface of the tape.

Type IV tape shall consist of white or yellow tape with wet reflective media incorporated to provide immediate and continuing retroreflection in wet and dry conditions. The wet retroreflective media shall be bonded to a durable polyurethane surface. The patterned surface shall have approximately 40 ± 10 percent of the surface area raised and presenting a near vertical face to traffic from any direction. The channels between the raised areas shall be substantially free of exposed reflective elements or particles.

Blackout tape shall consist of a matte black, non-reflective, patterned surface that is precoated with a pressure sensitive adhesive.

(a) Color. The white and yellow markings shall meet the following requirements for daylight reflectance and color, when tested, using a color spectrophotometer with 45 degrees circumferential/zero degree geometry, illuminant D65, and two degree observer angle. The color instrument shall measure the visible spectrum from 380 to 720 nm with a wavelength measurement interval and spectral bandpass of 10 nm.

| Color | Daylight Reflectance %Y |
|----------|-------------------------|
| White | 65 min. |
| Yellow * | 36 - 59 |

*Shall match Aerospace Material Specification Standard 595 33538 (Orange Yellow) and the chromaticity limits as follows.

| Х | 0.490 | 0.475 | 0.485 | 0.530 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| у | 0.470 | 0.438 | 0.425 | 0.456 |

(b) Retroreflectivity. The white and yellow markings shall be retroreflective. Reflective values measured in accordance with the photometric testing procedure of ASTM D 4061 shall not be less than those listed in the table below. The coefficient of retroreflected luminance, R_L, shall be expressed as average millicandelas/footcandle/sq ft (millicandelas/lux/sq m), measured on a 3.0 x 0.5 ft (900 mm x 150 mm) panel at 86 degree entrance angle.

| Coefficient of Retroreflected Luminance, R _L , Dry | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------|----------------------|-------|--------|
| Туре І | | | Type IV | | |
| Observation Angle | White | Yellow | Observation Angle | White | Yellow |
| 0.2° | 2700 | 2400 | 0.2° | 1300 | 1200 |
| 0.5° | 2250 | 2000 | 0.5° | 1100 | 1000 |

Wet retroreflectance shall be measured for Type IV under wet conditions according to ASTM E 2177 and meet the following.

| Wet Retroreflectance, Initial R∟ | | |
|----------------------------------|-----|--|
| Color R _L 1.05/88.76 | | |
| White | 300 | |
| Yellow | 200 | |

- (c) Skid Resistance. The surface of Type IV and blackout markings shall provide a minimum skid resistance of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E 303.
- (d) Application. The pavement marking tape shall have a precoated pressure sensitive adhesive and shall require no activation procedures. Test pieces of the tape shall be applied according to the manufacturer's instructions and tested according to ASTM D 1000, Method A, except that a stiff, short bristle roller brush and heavy hand pressure will be substituted for the weighted rubber roller in applying the test pieces to the metal test panel. Material tested as directed above shall show a minimum adhesion value of 750 g/in. (30 g/mm) width at the temperatures specified in ASTM D 1000. The adhesive shall be resistant to oils, acids, solvents, and water, and shall not leave objectionable stains or residue after removal. The material shall be flexible and conformable to the texture of the pavement.
- (e) Durability. Type IV and blackout tape shall be capable of performing for the duration of a normal construction season and shall then be capable of being removed intact or in large sections at pavement temperatures above 40 °F (4 °C) either manually or with a roll-up device without the use of sandblasting, solvents, or grinding. The Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's certification that the material meets the requirements for being removed after the following minimum traffic exposure based on transverse test decks with rolling traffic.
 - (1) Time in place 400 days
 - (2) ADT per lane 9,000 (28 percent trucks)
 - (3) Axle hits 10,000,000 minimum

Samples of the material applied to standard specimen plates will be measured for thickness and tested for durability in accordance with ASTM D 4060, using a CS-17 wheel and 1000-gram load, and shall meet the following criteria showing no significant change in color after being tested for the number of cycles indicated.

| Test | Type I | Type IV | Blackout |
|---|-----------|--|--|
| Minimum Initial Thickness, mils (mm) | 20 (0.51) | 65 (1.65) ^{1/} 20 (0.51) ^{2/} | 65 (1.65) ^{1/} 20 (0.51) ^{2/} |
| Durability (cycles) | 5,000 | 1,500 | 1,500 |

- 1/ Measured at the thickest point of the patterned surface.
- 2/ Measured at the thinnest point of the patterned surface.

The pavement marking tape, when applied according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures, shall be weather resistant and shall show no appreciable fading, lifting, or shrinkage during the useful life of the marking. The tape, as applied, shall be of good appearance, free of cracks, and edges shall be true, straight, and unbroken.

- (f) Sampling and Inspection.
 - (1) Sample. Prior to approval and use of Type IV pavement marking tape, the manufacturer shall submit a notarized certification from an independent laboratory, together with the results of all tests, stating that the material meets the requirements

as set forth herein. The independent laboratory test report shall state the lot tested, the manufacturer's name, and the date of manufacture.

After initial approval by the Department, samples and certification by the manufacturer shall be submitted for each subsequent batch of Type IV tape used. The manufacturer shall submit a certification stating that the material meets the requirements as set forth herein and is essentially identical to the material sent for qualification. The certification shall state the lot tested, the manufacturer's name, and the date of manufacture.

(2) Inspection. The Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's certification to the Engineer stating the material meets all requirements of this specification. All material samples for acceptance tests shall be taken or witnessed by a representative of the Bureau of Materials and shall be submitted to the Engineer of Materials, 126 East Ash Street, Springfield, Illinois 62704-4766 at least 30 days in advance of the pavement marking operations."

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"**109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting.** The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

| Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A | Mobilization Percentage |
|---|-------------------------|
| Less than \$10,000 | 25% |
| \$10,000 to less than \$20,000 | 20% |
| \$20,000 to less than \$40,000 | 18% |
| \$40,000 to less than \$60,000 | 16% |
| \$60,000 to less than \$80,000 | 14% |
| \$80,000 to less than \$100,000 | 12% |
| \$100,000 to less than \$250,000 | 10% |
| \$250,000 to less than \$500,000 | 9% |
| \$500,000 to \$750,000 | 8% |
| Over \$750,000 | 7%" |

SUBMISSION OF BIDDERS LIST INFORMATION (BDE)

Effective: January 2, 2025

Revised: March 2, 2025

In accordance with 49 CFR 26.11(c) all DBE and non-DBEs who bid as prime contractors and subcontractors shall provide bidders list information, including all DBE and non-DBE firms from whom the bidder has received a quote or bid to work as a subcontractor, whether or not the bidder has relied upon that bid in placing its bid as the prime contractor.

The bidders list information shall be submitted with the bid using the link provided within the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application of the Department's "EBids System".

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revised: November 2, 2023

<u>FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS</u>. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker's name, social security number, last known address, telephone number, email address, classification(s) of work actually performed, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof), daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit certified payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers, last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls need only include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number).

The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at <u>https://lcptracker.com/</u>. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

<u>STATE CONTRACTS</u>. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at <u>https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx</u>. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

SURFACE TESTING OF PAVEMENTS – IRI (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2021

Revised: January 1, 2023

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of testing the ride quality of the finished surface of pavement sections with new concrete pavement, PCC overlays, full-depth HMA, and HMA overlays with at least 2.25 in. (57 mm) total thickness of new HMA combined with either HMA binder or HMA surface removal, according to Illinois Test Procedure 701, "Ride Quality Testing Using the International Roughness Index (IRI)". Work shall be according to Sections 406, 407, or 420 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Overlays

Add the following to Article 406.03 of the Standard Specifications:

Revise Article 406.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"406.11 Surface Tests. Prior to HMA overlay pavement improvements, the Engineer will

measure the smoothness of the existing high-speed mainline pavement. The Contractor shall measure the smoothness of the finished high-speed mainline, low-speed mainline, and miscellaneous pavements after the pavement improvement is complete but within the same construction season. Testing shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer and according to Illinois Test Procedure 701. The pavement will be identified as high-speed mainline, low-speed mainline, or miscellaneous as follows.

- (a) Test Sections.
 - (1) High-Speed Mainline Pavement. High-speed mainline pavement consists of pavements, ramps, and loops with a posted speed limit greater than 45 mph. These sections shall be tested with an inertial profiling system (IPS).
 - (2) Low-Speed Mainline Pavement. Low-speed mainline pavement consists of pavements, ramps, and loops with a posted speed limit of 45 mph or less. These sections shall be tested using a 16 ft (5 m) straightedge or with an IPS analyzed using the rolling 16 ft (5 m) straightedge simulation in ProVAL.
 - (3) Miscellaneous Pavement. Miscellaneous pavement are segments that either cannot readily be tested by an IPS or conditions beyond the control of the Contractor preclude the achievement of smoothness levels typically achievable with mainline pavement construction. This may include the following examples or as determined by the Engineer.
 - Pavement on horizontal curves with a centerline radius of curvature of less than or equal to 1,000 ft (300 m) and the pavement within the superelevation transition of such curves;
 - b. Pavement on vertical curves having a length less than or equal to 200 ft (60 m) in combination with an algebraic change in tangent grade greater than or equal to 3 percent as may occur on urban ramps or other constricted-space facilities;
 - c. The first and last 50 ft (15 m) of a pavement section where the Contractor is not responsible for the adjoining surface;
 - d. Intersections and the 25 ft (7.6 m) before and after an intersection or end of radius return;
 - e. Variable width pavements;
 - f. Side street returns, to the end of radius return;
 - g. Crossovers;
 - h. Pavement connector for bridge approach slab;
 - i. Bridge approach slab;
 - j. Pavement that must be constructed in segments of 600 ft (180 m) or less;

- k. Pavement within 25 ft (7.6 m) of manholes, utility structures, at-grade railroad crossings, or other appurtenances;
- I. Turn lanes; and
- m. Pavement within 5 ft (1.5 m) of jobsite sampling locations for HMA volumetric testing that fall within the wheel path.

Miscellaneous pavement shall be tested using a 16 ft (5 m) straightedge.

- (4) International Roughness Index (IRI). An index computed from a longitudinal profile measurement using a quarter-car simulation at a simulation speed of 50 mph (80 km/h).
- (5) Mean Roughness Index (MRI). The average of the IRI values for the right and left wheel tracks.
 - a. MRI₀. The MRI of the existing pavement prior to construction.
 - b. MRI_I. The MRI value that warrants an incentive payment.
 - c. MRI_F. The MRI value that warrants full payment.
 - d. MRI_D. The MRI value that warrants a financial disincentive.
- (6) Areas of Localized Roughness (ALR). Isolated areas of roughness, which can cause significant increase in the calculated MRI for a given sublot.
- (7) Sublot. A continuous strip of pavement 0.1 mile (160 m) long and one lane wide. A partial sublot greater than or equal to 264 ft (80 m) will be subject to the same evaluation as a whole sublot. Partial sublots less than 264 ft (80 m) shall be included with the previous sublot for evaluation purposes.
- (b) Corrective Work. Corrective work shall be completed according to the following.
 - (1) High-Speed Mainline Pavement. For high-speed mainline pavement, any 25 ft (7.6 m) interval with an ALR in excess of 200 in./mile (3,200 mm/km) will be identified by the Engineer and shall be corrected by the Contractor. Any sublot having a MRI greater than MRI_D, including ALR, shall be corrected to reduce the MRI to the MRI_F, or replaced at the Contractor's option.
 - (2) Low-Speed Mainline Pavement. Surface variations in low-speed mainline pavement which exceed the 5/16 in. (8 mm) tolerance will be identified by the Engineer and shall be corrected by the Contractor.
 - (3) Miscellaneous Pavements. Surface variations in miscellaneous pavement which exceed the 5/16 in. (8 mm) tolerance will be identified by the Engineer and shall be corrected by the Contractor.

Corrective work shall be completed with pavement surface grinding equipment or by removing and replacing the pavement. Corrective work shall be applied to the full lane width. When completed, the corrected area shall have uniform texture and appearance, with the beginning and ending of the corrected area perpendicular to the centerline of the paved surface.

Upon completion of the corrective work, the surface of the sublot(s) shall be retested. The Contractor shall furnish the data and reports to the Engineer within 2 working days after corrections are made. If the MRI and/or ALR still do not meet the requirements, additional corrective work shall be performed.

Corrective work shall be at no additional cost to the Department.

(c) Smoothness Assessments. Assessments will be paid to or deducted from the Contractor for each sublot of high-speed mainline pavement per the Smoothness Assessment Schedule. Assessments will be based on the MRI of each sublot prior to performing any corrective work unless the Contractor has chosen to remove and replace the pavement. For pavement that is replaced, assessments will be based on the MRI determined after replacement.

The upper MRI thresholds for high-speed mainline pavement are dependent on the MRI of the existing pavement before construction (MRI₀) and shall be determined as follows.

| | MRI Thresholds (High-Speed, HMA Overlay) | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Upper MRI Thresholds ^{1/} | MRI₀ ≤ 125.0 in./mile (≤ 1,975 mm/km) | MRI ₀ > 125.0 in./mile ^{1/} (> 1,975 mm/km) | | |
| Incentive (MRI _I) | 45.0 in./mile (710 mm/km) | 0.2 × MRI ₀ + 20 | | |
| Full Pay (MRI _F) | 75.0 in./mile (1,190 mm/km) | 0.2 × MRI ₀ + 50 | | |
| Disincentive (MRI _D) | 100.0 in./mile (1,975 mm/km) | 0.2 × MRI ₀ + 75 | | |

1/ MRI₀, MRI_I, MRI_F, and MRI_D shall be in in./mile for calculation.

Smoothness assessments for high-speed mainline pavement shall be determined as follows.

| SMOOTHNESS ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE (High-Speed, HMA Overlay) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Mainline Pavement MRI Range | Assessment Per Sublot ^{1/} | |
| MRI ≤ MRI _I | + (MRI _I – MRI) × \$20.00 ^{2/} | |
| MRI₁ < MRI ≤ MRI _F | + \$0.00 | |
| MRI _F < MRI ≤ MRI _D | – (MRI – MRI _F) × \$8.00 | |
| MRI > MRI _D | - \$200.00 | |

1/ MRI, MRI_I, MRI_F, and MRI_D shall be in in./mile for calculation.

2/ The maximum incentive amount shall not exceed \$300.00.

Smoothness assessments will not be paid or deducted until all other contract requirements for the pavement are satisfied. Pavement that is corrected or replaced for reasons other than smoothness, shall be retested as stated herein."

Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavement (Full-Depth)

Revise the first paragraph of Article 407.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"407.03 Equipment. Equipment shall be according to Article 406.03."

Revise Article 407.09 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"407.09 Surface Tests. The finished surface of the pavement shall be tested for smoothness according to Article 406.11, except as follows:

The testing of the existing pavement prior to improvements shall not apply and the smoothness assessment for high-speed mainline pavement shall be determined according to the following table.

| SMOOTHNESS ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE (High-Speed, Full-Depth HMA) | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Mainline Pavement MRI, in./mile (mm/km) | Assessment Per Sublot ^{1/} | |
| ≤ 45.0 (710) | + (45 – MRI) × \$45.00 ^{2/} | |
| > 45.0 (710) to 75.0 (1,190) | + \$0.00 | |
| > 75.0 (1,190) to 100.0 (1,580) | – (MRI – 75) × \$20.00 | |
| > 100.0 (1,580) | - \$500.00 | |

- 1/ MRI shall be in in./mile for calculation.
- 2/ The maximum incentive amount shall not exceed \$800.00."

Portland Cement Concrete Pavement

Delete Article 420.03(i) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 420.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"420.10 Surface Tests. The finished surface of the pavement shall be tested for smoothness according to Article 406.11, except as follows.

The testing of the existing pavement prior to improvements shall not apply. The Contractor shall measure the smoothness of the finished surface of the pavement after the pavement has attained a flexural strength of 250 psi (3,800 kPa) or a compressive strength of 1,600 psi (20,700 kPa).

Membrane curing damaged during testing shall be repaired as directed by the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department.

(a) Corrective Work. No further texturing for skid resistance will be required for areas corrected by grinding. Protective coat shall be reapplied to areas ground according to Article 420.18 at no additional cost to the Department.

Jointed portland cement concrete pavement corrected by removal and replacement, shall be corrected in full panel sizes.

(b) Smoothness Assessments. Smoothness assessment for high-speed mainline pavement shall be determined as follows.

| SMOOTHNESS ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE (High-Speed, PCC) | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Mainline Pavement MRI, in./mile (mm/km) ^{3/} | Assessment Per Sublot ^{1/} |
| ≤ 45.0 (710) | + (45 – MRI) × \$60.00 ^{2/} |
| > 45.0 (710) to 75.0 (1,190) | + \$0.00 |
| > 75.0 (1,190) to 100.0 (1,580) | – (MRI – 75) × \$37.50 |
| > 100.0 (1,580) | - \$750.00 |

- 1/ MRI shall be in in./mile for calculation.
- 2/ The maximum incentive amount shall not exceed \$1200.00.
- 3/ If pavement is constructed with traffic in the lane next to it, then an additional 10 in./mile will be added to the upper thresholds."

Removal of Existing Pavement and Appurtenances

Revise the first paragraph of Article 440.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"440.04 HMA Surface Removal for Subsequent Resurfacing. The existing HMA surface shall be removed to the depth specified on the plans with a self-propelled milling machine. The removal depth may be varied slightly at the discretion of the Engineer to satisfy the smoothness requirements of the finished pavement. The temperature at which the work is performed, the nature and condition of the equipment, and the manner of performing the work shall be such that the milled surface is not torn, gouged, shoved or otherwise damaged by the milling operation. Sufficient cutting passes shall be made so that all irregularities or high spots are eliminated to the satisfaction of the Engineer. When tested with a 16 ft (5 m) straightedge, the milled surface shall have no surface variations in excess of 3/16 in. (5 mm)."

General Equipment

Revise Article 1101.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1101.04 Pavement Surface Grinding Equipment.** The pavement surface grinding device shall have a minimum effective head width of 3 ft (0.9 m).

(a) Diamond Saw Blade Machine. The machine shall be self-propelled with multiple diamond saw blades.

(b) Profile Milling Machine. The profile milling machine shall be a drum device with carbide or diamond teeth with spacing of 0.315 in. (8 mm) or less and maintain proper forward speed for surface texture according to the manufacturer's specifications."

SURVEYING SERVICES (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2025

Delete the fourth paragraph of Article 667.04 of the Standard Specifications.

Delete Section 668 of the Standard Specifications.

IDOT TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISION

Effective: August 1, 2012

Revised: February 2, 2017

In addition to the Contractor's equal employment opportunity (EEO) affirmative action efforts undertaken as required by this Contract, the Contractor is encouraged to participate in the incentive program described below to provide additional on-the-job training to certified graduates of the IDOT pre-apprenticeship training program, as outlined in this Special Provision.

IDOT funds, and various Illinois community colleges operate, pre-apprenticeship training programs throughout the State to provide training and skill-improvement opportunities to promote the increased employment of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all aspects of the highway construction industry. The intent of this IDOT Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program Graduate (TPG) special provision (Special Provision) is to place these certified program graduates on the project site for this Contract in order to provide the graduates with meaningful on-the-job training. Pursuant to this Special Provision, the Contractor must make every reasonable effort to recruit and employ certified TPG trainees to the extent such individuals are available within a practicable distance of the project site.

Specifically, participation of the Contractor or its subcontractor in the Program entitles the participant to reimbursement for graduates' hourly wages at \$15.00 per hour per utilized TPG trainee, subject to the terms of this Special Provision. Reimbursement payment will be made even though the Contractor or subcontractor may also receive additional training program funds from other non-IDOT sources for other non-TPG trainees on the Contract, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor or subcontractor from receiving reimbursement from another entity through another program, such as IDOT through the TPG program. With regard to any IDOT funded construction training program other than TPG, however, additional reimbursement for other IDOT programs will not be made beyond the TPG Program described in this Special Provision when the TPG Program is utilized.

No payment will be made to the Contractor if the Contractor or subcontractor fails to provide the required on-site training to TPG trainees, as solely determined by IDOT. A TPG trainee must begin training on the project as soon as the start of work that utilizes the relevant trade skill and the TPG trainee must remain on the project site through completion of the Contract, so long as

training opportunities continue to exist in the relevant work classification. Should a TPG trainee's employment end in advance of the completion of the Contract, the Contractor must promptly notify the IDOT District EEO Officer for the Contract that the TPG's involvement in the Contract has ended. The Contractor must supply a written report for the reason the TPG trainee involvement terminated, the hours completed by the TPG trainee on the Contract, and the number of hours for which the incentive payment provided under this Special Provision will be, or has been claimed for the separated TPG trainee.

Finally, the Contractor must maintain all records it creates as a result of participation in the Program on the Contract, and furnish periodic written reports to the IDOT District EEO Officer that document its contractual performance under and compliance with this Special Provision. Finally, through participation in the Program and reimbursement of wages, the Contractor is not relieved of, and IDOT has not waived, the requirements of any federal or state labor or employment law applicable to TPG workers, including compliance with the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act.

Method of Measurement: The unit of measurement is in hours.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of \$15.00 per hour for each utilized certified TPG Program trainee (TRAINEES TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE). The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price must be included in the schedule of prices for the Contract submitted by Contractor prior to beginning work. The initial number of TPG trainees for which the incentive is available for this contract is <u>2</u>.

The Department has contracted with several educational institutions to provide screening, tutoring and pre-training to individuals interested in working as a TPG trainee in various areas of common construction trade work. Only individuals who have successfully completed a Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program at these IDOT approved institutions are eligible to be TPG trainees. To obtain a list of institutions that can connect the Contractor with eligible TPG trainees, the Contractor may contact: HCCTP TPG Program Coordinator, Office of Business and Workforce Diversity (IDOT OBWD), Room 319, Illinois Department of Transportation, 2300 S. Dirksen Parkway, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Prior to commencing construction with the utilization of a TPG trainee, the Contractor must submit documentation to the IDOT District EEO Officer for the Contract that provides the names and contact information of the TPG trainee(s) to be trained in each selected work classification, proof that that the TPG trainee(s) has successfully completed a Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program, proof that the TPG is in an Apprenticeship Training Program approved by the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Apprenticeship Training, and the start date for training in each of the applicable work classifications.

To receive payment, the Contractor must provide training opportunities aimed at developing a full journeyworker in the type of trade or job classification involved. During the course of performance of the Contract, the Contractor may seek approval from the IDOT District EEO Officer to employ additional eligible TPG trainees. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contracted work, it must determine how many, if any, of the TPGs will be trained by the subcontractor. Though a subcontractor may conduct training, the Contractor retains the responsibility for meeting all requirements imposed by this Special Provision. The Contracted work performed by a TPG trainee will be passed on to a subcontractor.

Training through the Program is intended to move TPGs toward journeyman status, which is the primary objective of this Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor must make every effort to enroll TPG trainees by recruitment through the Program participant educational institutions to the

extent eligible TPGs are available within a reasonable geographic area of the project. The Contractor is responsible for demonstrating, through documentation, the recruitment efforts it has undertaken prior to the determination by IDOT whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Special Provision, and therefore, entitled to the Training Program Graduate reimbursement of \$15.00 per hour.

Notwithstanding the on-the-job training requirement of this TPG Special Provision, some minimal off-site training is permissible as long as the offsite training is an integral part of the work of the contract, and does not compromise or conflict with the required on-site training that is central to the purpose of the Program. No individual may be employed as a TPG trainee in any work classification in which he/she has previously successfully completed a training program leading to journeyman status in any trade, or in which he/she has worked at a journeyman level or higher.

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021

Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

"The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations."

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

Revised: January 2, 2025

The following applies to all Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks on the project, whether they are utilized for DBE goal credit or not.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least three days prior to DBE trucking activity.

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of DBE trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020 Revised: January 1, 2025

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(q) Temporary Sign Supports1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" 701.15 **Traffic Control Devices.** For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the setup and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

" **1106.02 Devices.** Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices shall be MASH compliant.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices shall be MASH compliant.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as sign supports, speed feedback displays, arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.

(I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within **<u>90</u>** working days.

REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/ or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.