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Letting August 3, 2018

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Springfield, Illinois 62764

Contract No. 85671 ROCK ISLAND County Section 17-00374-00-PP Routes FAU 5792 / FAS 207 (Knoxville Road) Project ASMI-291 () District 2 Construction Funds

Plans Included
Herein
Prepared by
Checked by

(Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 10:00 a.m. August 3, 2018 at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- 2. **DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 85671
ROCK ISLAND County
Section 17-00374-00-PP
Project ASMI-291 ()
Routes FAU 5792 / FAS 207 (Knoxville Road)
District 2 Construction Funds

Concrete restoration of Knoxville Road from 78th Avenue to 134th Avenue.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Randall S. Blankenhorn, Secretary

CONTRACT 85671

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2018

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 4-1-16) (Revised 1-1-18)

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ROCK ISLAND COUNTY CONTRACT 85671 SECTION 17-00374-00-PP FAU 5792/FAS 207 (C.H. 7) PROJECT NO. ASMI (291) JOB NO. C-92-053-18

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BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following special provisions indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

800999 Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS) April 1, 2003 Jan. 1, 2014 80274 Agiregate Subgrade Improvement April 1, 2012 April 1, 2016 80173 Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments Nov. 2, 2006 Aug. 1, 2017 80241 Bridge Demolition Debris July 1, 2009 Aug. 1, 2017 50261 Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable Asbestos) Sept. 1, 1990 April 1, 2010 50481 Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable Asbestos) Sept. 1, 1990 April 1, 2010 50481 Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable Asbestos) Sept. 1, 1990 April 1, 2010 50581 Building Removal-Case II (Friable Asbestos) Sept. 1, 1990 April 1, 2010 80366 Butt Joints Calcium Aluminate Cement for Class PP-5 Concrete Patching Nov. 1, 2017 80386 14 X Class A and B Patching Jan. 1, 2018 80381 15 Completion Date (via calendar days) April 1, 2008 80198 Completion Date (via calendar days) April 1, 2012 80293 Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 April 1, 2016 8026	<u>File</u> Name	<u>Pg.</u>		Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80382 / 80274 Adjusting Frames and Grätes April 1, 2017 April 1, 2016 April 1, 2017 April 1, 2016 April 1, 2012 April 1, 2016 April 1, 2012 April 1, 2016 April 1, 2017 April 1, 2016 April 1, 2016 April 1, 2010 April 1, 2017 April 1, 2010 April 1, 2010 April 1, 2010 April 1, 2010 April 1, 2017 April 1, 2017 April 1, 2016 April 1, 2017 April 1, 2017 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)</td><td>April 1, 2003</td><td>Jan. 1. 2014</td></td<>				Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	Jan. 1. 2014
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80389 34 X Portland Cement Concrete Nov. 1, 2017		34	_ ^	4		Nov. 1, 2017
80359 Portland Cement Concrete Bridge Deck Curing April 1, 2015 Nov. 1, 2017						INUV. 1, ∠U17
* 80401 Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Connector for Bridge Approach Aug. 1, 2018 Slab	60401				Aug. 1, 2018	

<u>File</u> Name	<u>Pg.</u>		Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80385			Portland Cement Concrete Sidewalk	Aug. 1, 2017	
80300			Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Type D - Inlaid	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80328	35	Χ	Progress Payments	Nov. 2, 2013	-
34261			Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2006
80157			Railroad Protective Liability Insurance (5 and 10)	Jan. 1, 2006	
80306			Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) and Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)	Nov. 1, 2012	Jan. 1, 2018
80395			Sloped Metal End Section for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2018	
80340			Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2017
80127			Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2014	Aug. 1, 2017
* 80397	36	Х	Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	
80391	37	Χ	Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	Nov. 2, 2017	
80317			Surface Testing of Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlays	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2016
80298			Temporary Pavement Marking (NOTE: This special provision was previously named "Pavement Marking Tape Type IV".)	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2017
20338			Training Special Provision	Oct. 15, 1975	
80318			Traversable Pipe Grate for Concrete End Sections (Note: This special provision was previously named "Traversable Pipe Grate".)	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2018
80288			Warm Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80302	38	Χ	Weekly DBE Trucking Reports	June 2, 2012	April 2, 2015
80071	39	Χ	Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	-

The following special provisions are in the 2018 Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions.

<u>File</u>	Special Provision Title	New Location	Effective	Revised
<u>Name</u>				
80368	Light Tower	Article 1069.08	July 1, 2016	
80369	Mast Arm Assembly and Pole	Article 1077.03(a)(1)	July 1, 2016	
80338	Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	Recurring CS #35	April 1, 2014	April 1, 2016
80379	Steel Plate Beam Guardrail	Articles 630.02, 630.05, 630.06, and 630.08	Jan. 1, 2017	
80381	Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special	Article 631.04	Jan. 1, 2017	
80380	Tubular Markers	Articles 701.03, 701.15, 701.18, and 1106.02	Jan. 1, 2017	



Special Provisions



Local Public Agency	County	Section Number		
Rock Island County	Rock Island	17-00374-00- PP		
The following Special Provision supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted				
April 1, 2016 , the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for				
Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures of Materials" in effect on the date of invitation of bids, and the Supplemental Specification and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included here in which apply to and govern the construction of the above named section, and in case of conflict with any parts, or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.				

LOCATION OF WORK:

Beginning at Station 1+050 (metric), a point on the centerline of Knoxville Road (FAU 5792/FAS 207/CH 7) approximately 64 feet south of the intersection with the Rock Island-Milan Parkway and extending in a southeasterly direction to Station 7+840 (metric), a point approximately 656 feet southeast of the centerline of 134th Avenue. The project has a length of 22,271.2 feet (4.22 miles) and is located within Rock Island County.

NATURE OF WORK:

This is a PCC pavement patching and profile diamond grinding improvement project and the work to be performed under this contract consists of Class B concrete pavement patching, partial depth concrete patching, profile diamond grinding of concrete pavement, concrete curb and gutter removal and replacement, placement of paint pavement markings and all incidental and collateral work necessary to complete the improvement as shown on the plans or described herein.

TRAFFIC CONTROL & PROTECTION SPECIAL

Traffic control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the applicable guidelines contained in the National Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, Illinois Supplement to the National Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, these special provisions, and any special details and Highway Standards contained herein and in the plans.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 and 107.14 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and the following Highway Standards relating to traffic control.

- 1. Highway Standards:
- 701001, 701006, 701011, 701201, 701301, 701306, 701311, 701601, 701701, 701901, 720011, 728001, and 729001.
- 2. On the date that the Contractor begins work, they shall assume responsibility for the normal maintenance of all existing pavements, drives, and temporary surfaces within the limits of the improvement. Normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer, but shall not include snow removal operations. This responsibility shall end upon the completion and acceptance of all the pay items in the contract.

All streets and driveway entrances shall be kept in a condition satisfactory to the Engineer to allow continuous access for all local residents and emergency vehicles.

General:

Where construction activities involve sidewalks on both sides of the street the work shall be staged so that both sidewalks are not out of service at the same time.

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Signs:

No bracing shall be allowed on post-mounted signs.

Post mounted signs shall be installed using standard 720011, 728001, 729001, on 4" x 4" wood posts, or on any other "break away" connection if accepted by the FHWA and a corresponding letter is provided to the resident.

All signs are required on both sides of the road when the median is greater than 10 feet an on one way roadways.

The "WORKERS" (W21-1a(O)48) signs shall be replaced with symbol "Right or Left Lane Closed Ahead" (W4-2R or L(O)-48) signs on multilane roadways.

"BUMP" (W8-1(O)48) signs shall be installed as directed by the Engineer.

"UNEVEN LANES" (W8-11(O)48) signs shall be installed at 1 mile intervals or as directed by the Engineer.

"LOW SHOULDER" (W8-9(O)48 signs shall be installed at 1 mile intervals or as directed by the Engineer.

"NO PASSING ZONES NOT STRIPED NEXT __ MILES" (G20-1 I100(O)) signs shall be 60" X 36" and shall be installed at the terminal ends of the project, NB & SB at 106th Avenue, NB & SB at 127th Avenue and as directed by the Engineer.

When covering existing Department signs, no tape shall be used on the reflective portion of the sign. Contact the District sign shop for covering techniques.

Install a "TO ACTIVATE SIGNAL" sign below the "STOP HERE ON RED" sign. The detail of this sign is included in the plans.

All regulatory signs shall be maintained at a 5 foot minimum bottom (rural), 7 foot minimum (urban).

Any plates or direct applied sheeting used to alter signs shall have the same sheeting as the base sign.

No more than one (1) kind of alteration shall be used to alter a sign.

Any post stubs without a sign in place and visible shall have a reflector placed on each post.

Devices:

Cones or reflectorized cones shall not be used during hours of darkness.

A minimum of 3 drums spaced at 4 feet shall be placed at each return when the side road is open.

On all standards, and the devices listed in Section 701 of the Standard Specifications, the device spacing shall be revised to the following dimensions:

Where the spacing shown on the standard is 25 feet, the devices shall be placed at 20 feet. Where the spacing shown on the standard is 50 feet, the devices shall be placed at 40 feet. where the spacing shown on the standard is 100 feet, the devices shall be placed at 80 feet.

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Lights:

Steady burn mono-directional lights are required on devices delineating a widening trench.

Flaggers:

Flaggers at Side roads and Commercial Entrances:

Effective: August 1, 2011

Flaggers shall comply with all requirements and signaling methods contained in the Department's "Traffic Control Field Manual" current at the time of letting. The flagger equipment listed for flaggers employed by the Illinois Department of Transportation shall apply to all flaggers.

All workers and flaggers shall wear ANSI Class E pants and an ANSI Class 2 vest that in combination meet the requirements of ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 for Conspicuity Class 3 garments during hours of darkness.

In addition to the flaggers shown on applicable standards, on major side roads, flaggers shall be required on all legs of the intersection. Major side roads for this project shall be: 106th Avenue, 120th Avenue, 127th Avenue and 134th Avenue.

In addition to the flaggers shown on applicable standards, a flagger shall be required on high volume commercial entrances listed below. High volume commercial entrances for this project shall be Jim's Knoxville Tap & Millennium Waste.

When the mainline flagger is within 200 feet of an intersection, the side road flagger shall be required.

When the road is closed to through traffic and it is necessary to provide access for local traffic, all flaggers as shown on the applicable standards will be required. No reduction in the number of flaggers shall be allowed.

Revise Article 701.20(i) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Signs, barricades, or other traffic control devices required by the Engineer, over and above those shown in the contract

documents, will be paid for according to Article 109.04."

Pavement Marking:

Short term pavement markings shall conform to Section 403 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016. Short term markings on a milled surface shall be paint. Removal of all short term pavement markings will not be paid for separately, but will be considered as incidental to the pay item.

Temporary pavement markings shall not be included in the cost of the standard rather it shall be paid for separately at the contract unit prices of specified temporary pavement marking items.

Traffic Control and Protection Standard 701701:

This work shall be done according to Section 701 of the Standard Specifications and the Typical Application of Traffic Control Devices for Highway Construction, Standard 701701, and as specified herein.

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The "left" leg of the intersection shown on this standard also applies when the right turn lane is closed. When the right turn lane is closed, "RIGHT TURN LANE CLOSED AHEAD" shall be substituted for the "LEFT TURN LANE CLOSED AHEAD" and the set up would be a mirror image of what is shown.

Maintenance of Traffic: The traffic shall be maintained using run-arounds as shown on the plans using Traffic Control and Protection Standard 701201.

The mainline shall be kept open to one-way traffic at all times during working hours and two-way during non-working hours.

The Contractor shall be required to notify the Rock Island County Highway Department, the corresponding Township Commissioner, emergency response agencies (i.e. fire, ambulance, police), school bus companies and the Department of Transportation (Bureau of Project Implementation) regarding any changes in traffic control.

The Contractor shall be required to notify the Rock Island County Highway Department and/or corresponding Township Commissioner for any side road closure or opening.

The pavement patch removal and replacement shall be completed using Traffic Control and Protection Standard 701201.

Placing and removing pavement marking shall be completed using Traffic Control and Protection Standard 701306 or 701311.

This work shall be included in the contract unit price per LUMP SUM for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION SPECIAL.

PROTECTION AND RESTORATION OF PROPERTY

Special attention is called to Article 107.20, paragraphs three and four. In addition, no parking of vehicles and equipment on private property will be allowed without the consent of the property owner.

CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE II, 8" CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE III, 8" CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE IV, 8"

This item shall conform to Section 442 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016. All contraction joints shall be sawed to match existing joints in the field and as directed by the Engineer. When applicable, dowel baskets shall also be placed to match existing joints and allow for proper alignment of dowel bars. All excavated material from the patch locations shall be disposed of by the Contractor off the jobsite. No extra compensation will be allowed for any costs incurred during disposal of the wasted material.

The cost of sawing and sealing the contraction joints and edges of patch shall be included in the contract unit price per SQUARE YARD for CLASS B PATCHES of the various types, 8" in depth.

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PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - SPOT REPAIR

PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - EXTENDED LENGTH REPAIR

PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - BOTTOM HALF REPAIR

This item shall conform to applicable portions of Section 442 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016 and these additional requirements.

Description. This item shall include removal of existing pavement, preparation of patch location, furnishing backfill material and construction of Partial Depth Repair patch as shown in the Schedule of Quantities and as directed by the Engineer. Patch areas vary in size, shape and depth depending on the extent of pavement deterioration and shall be determined during the removal process. Patches may be identified and constructed as one of the following types:

- (a) Spot Repair: Spot repair patches are square or rectangular in shape. They will be less than 6 feet in length when placed on a longitudinal or transverse joint or random crack. Depth will vary from a minimum of 2" to a maximum of 1/2 the pavement thickness. Patch size and location as identified in the Schedule of Quantities may be adjusted by the Engineer to fit conditions in the field.
- (b) Extended Length Repair: Joint and crack repairs are square and rectangular in shape and are typically utilized at longitudinal or transverse joints or random cracks. Patch size is a minimum of 6 feet in length as shown in the Schedule of Quantities and may be adjusted by the Engineer to suit field conditions. Depth will vary from a minimum of 2" to a maximum of 1/2 the pavement thickness.
- (c) Bottom Half Repair: Bottom-half repairs are irregular in shape. They are placed to the full depth of the existing pavement when areas of unsound concrete are identified during removal operations and as verified by the Engineer. Warrant for this repair, size and location will be determined at the time of construction.

Materials. The PCC Patching materials shall be Class PP concrete, and shall meet the requirements of Section 1020 of the Illinois Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road & Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016. The patching materials shall provide a high early strength of 3200 psi compressive or 600 psi flexural at 24 hour and will be opened to traffic according to Article 701.17(e)(3)b. For patches constructed as PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - SPOT REPAIR, PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - EXTENDED LENGTH REPAIR and PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - BOTTOM HALF REPAIR the coarse aggregate shall be a CA 16.

Joint Forms. Material for joint forms shall be suitable for forming the sealant reservoir to the width and depth as shown on the plans and of sufficient strength to retain its shape during concrete placement. Forms for recreating longitudinal and transverse joints shall be one piece. One piece forms will not be required in lengths exceeding 6 feet. Joint forms shall extend into the pavement to the bottom of the patch. No horizontal joints will be permitted. Joint forms shall be supplied with an approved bond breaking agent.

CONSTRUCTION. Deteriorated concrete shall be removed using a milling machine, jack hammer or similar equipment as approved by the Engineer. Milling machines shall be equipped to stop at preset depths. Hand equipment may be required to achieve designated shape.

The following additional equipment is required for the construction of patches:

- (a) Sandblasting equipment for cleaning prepared patch area.
- (b) Air chisel, 15 pound or less, to complete patch area preparation. Larger air chisel, not to exceed 35 pounds, may be used if it does not result in significant damage to the patch area and edges.
- (c) Air compressor that emits oil-free and moisture-free air for cleaning prepared patch area.
- (d) On-site paddle type concrete mixer for mixing patching material or other prepackaged materials.

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General. Tabulations for partial depth patches shown in the Schedule of Quantities are for estimating purposes only. The Engineer will designate the locations and limits of patches as field conditions dictate. Hand operated equipment may be necessary for all or some of the removal. Concrete shall be removed to a minimum depth of 2 inches or to sound concrete as determined by the Engineer. All existing material removed from the patch area shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the jobsite. No additional compensation will be allowed for disposal of unsuitable material, rather the disposal shall be considered as incidental to the pay item.

Preparation of Patch Area.

- a. Contractor shall remove concrete in designated repair area to a minimum width of 12 inches using either of the following methods:
 - 1) Mill transversely or longitudinally matching general alignment of patch. Use a mill that produces patch edges with a 30 to 60 degree angle or chip back patch edges to a 30 to 60 degree angle. Chip out secondary spalling resulting from milling at no additional cost to the Department.
 - 2) Place 2 inch saw cuts along perimeter of patch area and chip back patch edges to a 30 to 6 degree angle.
- b. If a joint or crack is within patch area, construct bottom edge of patch at least 3 inches beyond joint or crack.
- c. Form or saw patch edges to prevent them from protruding beyond edge of existing pavement by more than 3/8 inch.
- d. Each patch will generally have a rectangular area. Remove concrete to a minimum depth of 2 inches. Many areas will require removal of unsound concrete to a greater depth to reach sound concrete. Maximum depth is one half existing pavement thickness.
- e. Do not damage steel reinforcement during removal process. Damaged steel will be the responsibility of the Contractor. If the end of a dowel bar is exposed, cut or remove dowel. Place duct tape, form oil, grease or other method approved by the Engineer as a bond breaker on exposed dowels not removed.
- f. When removal to a depth of one half of existing pavement thickness leaves unsound concrete within patch area, the Engineer may designate part of the patch area as a Bottom-Half Repair. Remove concrete for the full depth of the pavement. Consolidate subgrade or subbase material using mechanical tamper or other compaction equipment as directed by the Engineer. Furnish and install No. 4 tie bars at mid-depth of existing pavement using an approved non-shrink grout. Place bar to provide a minimum two inch cover.
- g. When it is necessary to go below reinforcing steel to reach sound concrete, cut reinforcing steel flush with perimeter patch edges and remove.
- h. Clean patch area by sandblasting, followed by cleaning with compressed air. Completed surfaces shall appear surface dry to visual examination.
- i. Recreate a joint or crack in patch area with a joint board of proper size and shape. Extend board to bottom of patch area to completely separate patching material on both sides. Use board of a width approximately equal to joint or crack. For wide openings, several thicknesses may be used. For patches 6 feet or greater in length:
 - 1) Longitudinal joints may be reestablished by sawing to a depth of 1/3 the pavement thickness.
 - 2) With approval of the Engineer, transverse joints may be reestablished by sawing the full depth of the patch when use of a form board will not allow complete separation of patch material on both sides of the joint.

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Backfilling and Finishing.

- a. Scrub cement-sand-water grout of creamy consistency onto the patch surface, including edges. Grout shall consist of two parts of Type I or Type I/II Portland cement and one part sand mixed with water. Mix grout by mechanical means. Place patch material before grout dries. If grout dries before placement of patch material, clean patch area again by sandblasting and air blasting, then reapply grout.
- b. Mix patching material and place in patch area. Consolidate and work into place in a manner ensuring good bonding. Level it with adjacent pavement to provide a smooth riding surface not varying from existing pavement surface by more than 1/8 inch when measured with a 10 foot straightedge placed over patch. Replace or grind patch to correct deficiencies. Texture patches longer than 1 foot in the manner of adjacent pavement surface.
- c. Use of patch materials shall be according to manufacturer's recommendations and limitations, subject to approval of the Engineer. Furnish manufacturer's recommendations to the Engineer.

Curina.

Curing shall be as specified in Article 442 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016 as directed by the Engineer. Due to the thin section of repair material, it is imperative that curing appropriate compounds be applied quickly and thoroughly, and blankets used if appropriate, to ensure that the patch area achieves the anticipated strength on time. This step must be performed in a timely manner to ensure a long-lasting repair.

Joint and Crack Sealing.

Where joint and cracks cross patches; saw, seal and clean patch according to Article 452 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016. Complete sealing within 5 working days after patch is placed. When joint and crack sealing is included in the contract, perform sealing as part of that operation.

LIMITATIONS FOR OPERATIONS.

- 1. Unless road is closed, maintain traffic during construction operations. Conduct operations with minimum inconvenience to the traffic. On two-lane roads, limit operations to one lane of traffic at a time. For multiple lane roadways, work area may include one lane in each direction.
- 2. Adjacent lane shall be opened to traffic prior to the pavement being removed from a patch area.
- 3. When approved by the Engineer, patch areas may extend up to 2 feet into adjacent lane as allowed by the contract documents.
- 4. Place PCC patching material when ambient air and pavement temperatures are at least 45 degrees F.
- 5. The Engineer may limit advance sawing.
- 6. If an emergency situation does not allow for completion of an excavated patch, temporarily fill the excavated area following the joint with a suitable hot or cold paving mixture or stable granular material, as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer may direct the lane to remain closed to traffic overnight, providing proper traffic control is utilized.

AREA RESTORATION.

When a patch is completed, remove forms if they have been used. Fill excavated space along outside pavement edge with material similar to the existing shoulder, satisfactory to the Engineer. Thoroughly compact material before opening lane to traffic.

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FAILURE REPAIR.

Repair failed patches that appear within 30 calendar days of original construction or subsequent repair at no cost to the Department. Failures may include, but are not limited to, loss of bond between patch and underlying pavement or random cracking.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT.

The Engineer will determine quantities involved in satisfactory construction of partial depth patches for areas specified as follows:

- (a) Partial Depth Repair Spot Repair. The Engineer will calculate area of each patch in square feet from surface measurements. Area of each patch less than 1 square foot will be counted as one square foot for payment purposes. If patch area is increased by the Contractor to accommodate milling equipment, only the area designated by the Engineer will be measured for payment. Removal and repair of areas up to one-half of existing pavement thickness will be included in this payment.
- (b) Partial Depth Repair Extended Length Repair. Measurement for this item will be to the nearest 0.1 linear foot on the basis of a 12 inch wide repair. Areas designated for repair outside the 12 inch width will be measured as Partial Depth Repair Type 1 Spot Repair. Removal and repair of areas up to one half existing pavement thickness will be included in this payment.
- (c) Partial Depth Repair Bottom-Half Repair. The Engineer will calculate the area of each Bottom-Half repair in square feet at the mid-depth of the pavement.

BASIS OF PAYMENT.

Payment for construction of the various types of partial depth patches, satisfactorily constructed, will be at the contract unit price as follows:

- (a) PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR SPOT REPAIR will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per SQUARE FOOT for repairs up to one half of existing pavement thickness and includes removal of pavement, preparing patch area, furnishing and placing backfill material, construction of joints, sawing, finishing, curing and restoration of area.
- (b) PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR EXTENDED LENGTH REPAIR will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per SQUARE FOOT for 12" wide repairs greater than 6 feet in length. Payment is for repairs up to one half existing pavement thickness and includes removal of pavement, preparing the patch area, furnishing and placing patch material, construction of joints, sawing, finishing, curing and restoration of area.
- (c) PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR —BOTTOM HALF will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per SQUARE FOOT for repairs designated in lower half of existing pavement and includes removal of pavement, preparing the patch area and furnishing and placing backfill material. This item will be paid in addition to Partial Depth Repair (Spot Repair) or Partial Depth Repair (Extended Length Repair) when these repairs exceed one half of the existing pavement depth.

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PROFILE DIAMOND GRINDING CONCRETE PAVEMENT Description

This work shall consist of grinding an existing PCC pavement surface for profile and texture improvement, for use as a traffic surface using a diamond grinder. Grinding and texturing shall be performed in accordance with this specification, at the locations shown in the contract documents after all full or partial depth patching in the lane to be ground is completed.

Equipment

Grinding and texturing operations of concrete surfaces shall be done utilizing diamond blades, mounted on a self propelled machine that has been designed for grinding and texturing of concrete surfaces without causing strain or damage to the underlying surface of the pavement. The equipment shall be capable of accurately and automatically establishing profile grades by referencing from either the existing pavement or from an independent grade control and shall have a positive means for controlling slope elevations. The equipment shall grind the pavement to the specified texture and smoothness tolerances. Grinding and texturing equipment that causes excessive ravels, aggregate fractures, spalls, or disturbance of the transverse and/or longitudinal joints will not be permitted. The vacuuming equipment shall have positive means of extracting the slurry material from the pavement and for preventing dust from escaping into the air. The equipment used for the diamond grinding operation shall cover the width of a standard traffic lane in a maximum of four passes.

Construction Requirements

This work shall consist of grinding designated areas of the pavement surface in a longitudinal direction to a maximum depth of 3/4 inch, or to remove faulting. The entire surface of the lanes shall be ground so that the pavement surface on both sides of all transverse joints and cracks are in the same plane and the stipulated smoothness requirements are met. The grinding shall produce a uniform texture and shall not be left slick or polished.

Grinding shall be accomplished in a manner that eliminates joint or crack faults and provides drainage by maintaining a constant cross-slope between grinding extremities in each lane. A tolerance not to exceed 1/16 inch will be allowed for adjacent sides of joints and cracks, except that under no circumstances shall the grinding depth exceed 3/4 inch from the top of the original surface. When grinding across faulted joints, a minimum of a 20-foot transition onto the approach side slab shall be used. In each lane, at least 95 percent of the area in each 100 foot section shall have a newly ground surface.

The transverse slope of the pavement shall conform to the typical section shown on the plans and shall have no depressions or misalignment of slope greater than 1/4 inch in 12 feet when measured with a 12-foot straightedge placed perpendicular to the centerline. Areas of deviation shall be reground. Straightedge requirements do not apply across longitudinal joints or outside the ground area. For multiple passes, the equipment shall be carefully controlled to minimize overlap. Overlaps shall not exceed 1 inch. No un-ground surface area between passes will be permitted.

In order to match the outside edge of the pavement, adjacent paved areas (for example, shoulders, curb and gutter, ramps, tapers, paved crossovers, and so forth) shall be ground to minimize vertical projections.

The Contractor shall be responsible for quality control of the texture.

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For complete grinding of a concrete pavement, substantially the entire surface area of the pavement shall be ground and textured until the pavement surface on both sides of the transverse joints and cracks are in the same plane and meet the smoothness criteria required. Grinding shall be performed in a longitudinal direction. All construction traffic entering or leaving the work area shall move in the direction of traffic of the open lane. Grinding shall begin and end at lines normal to the pavement center line within any one ground area and at the project limits. This will not be required at the end of each shift. Good transverse drainage shall be maintained at all times so that no ponding of water exists.

Grinding and texturing shall be discontinued when freezing temperatures are forecast and there is a potential for water to freeze on the pavement surface during grinding operations.

Disposal of Grinding Residue

Disposal of grinding residue shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. The Contractor shall submit in writing to the Engineer a detailed method of residue disposal. The slurry disposal shall be according to Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications and be accepted by the Engineer prior to the start of the grinding operation.
- 2. At no time will the grinding residue be allowed to enter a closed drainage system, gutter or other drainage facility. The Contractor is responsible for providing suitable means to restrict the infiltration of the grinding residue into the closed drain system at no additional cost.
- 3. Removal of all slurry or residue resulting from the grinding operations shall be continuous and shall not be deposited on the slab or shoulder. Pavement and paved shoulders must be left in a clean condition.
- 4. The Contractor will be responsible for hauling the grinding residue to a suitable location at no additional cost.
- 5. Residue will not spread within 30 meters of any natural stream or lake.
- 6. Residue will not spread within 1.5 meters of a water filled ditch.
- 7. The spread rate will not generate surface run-off. The Contractor will haul the grinding residue to a suitable location when surface runoff occurs at the grinding location at no additional cost.
- 8. Residue shall not be permitted to flow across lanes occupied by public traffic.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Temporary Pavement Markings placed in accordance with Section 703 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016 shall be installed on the pavement immediately after permanent markings have been removed or ground. This is required on a daily basis when diamond grinding operations occur. Temporary pavement markings will be measured for payment in feet in place and accepted. Removal of temporary pavement markings will not be paid for separately but shall be considered incidental to the pay item.

SURFACE FINISH

The Contractor shall be responsible for the quality of texture meeting the requirements listed. The ground pavement surface shall be uniform in appearance with longitudinal corduroy type texture. The grooves shall be between 0.10 and 0.15 inch wide. The land area between the grooves shall be between 0.065 and 0.125 inch. The texture depth or the distance between the peak of the ridges and the bottom of the grooves shall be approximately 1/16 of an inch, with an average of 1/32 to 3/32 of an inch. Adjusting the blade spacing may be necessary to achieve the specified texture.

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Prior to performing any grinding work, the Contractor shall provide a control smoothness surface test in accordance with Article 407.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction adopted April 1, 2016. The control surface test will be used to identify the required smoothness for the project. Prior to diamond grinding, the Contractor shall identify depressed pavement areas and localized areas with excess faulting greater than 1 inch. The Contractor and Engineer shall review those areas to determine the limits for exclusion for these identified areas.

Smoothness testing shall end 15 feet prior to the excluded areas of pavement and shall resume 15 feet following the excluded areas of pavement.

The ground surface shall be tested and evaluated for smoothness in accordance with Article 407.09. Incentives for pavement smoothness will not apply.

LIMITATIONS

Work shall be completed between the hours of 1/2 hour after sunrise to 1/2 hour prior to sunset. No nighttime work will be permitted.

Uncompleted sections of fully ground pavement or isolated ground locations may be opened to traffic without completion of grinding across an entire lane or the repair area.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

This work will be measured for payment in square yards. Any portion of this work constructed outside the dimensions shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer will not be measured for payment.

The work of collection, hauling and spreading of the grinding residue is included in the contract unit price for Diamond Grinding Concrete Pavement. Payment for additional passes or regrinding to meet ride quality requirements will not be paid for separately.

The completed work as measured for PROFILE DIAMOND GRINDING CONCRETE PAVEMENT will be paid for at the contract unit price bid per SQUARE YARD for PROFILE DIAMOND GRINDING CONCRETE PAVEMENT.

Printed 06/18/18 Page 11 BLR 11310 (Rev. 10/04/17)

State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:

Rock Island County

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The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets SPECIAL PROVISION

FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE SIGNS

Effective: January 1, 2004 Revised: June 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean a specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

701.14. Signs. Add the following paragraph to Article 701.14:

All warning signs shall have minimum dimensions of 1200 mm x 1200 mm (48" x 48") and have a black legend on a fluorescent orange reflectorized background, meeting, as a minimum, Type AP reflectivity requirements of Table 1091-2 in Article 1091.02.

CLASS A AND B PATCHING (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2018

Revise the second sentence of the first paragraph of Article 442.06(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Patches more than 20 ft (6 m) in length, including half-lane patches, shall be tied to the adjacent pavement, portland cement concrete shoulders, and curb and gutter with No. 6 (No. 19) transverse tie bars, 24 in. (600 mm) long, embedded 8 in. (200 mm) at 36 in. (600 mm) centers according to Article 420.05(b)."

Revise the sixth paragraph of Article 442.06(a)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Patches more than 20 ft (6 m) in length shall be tied to the adjacent lane of pavement, portland cement concrete shoulders, and curb and gutter with No. 6 (No. 19) transverse tie bars, 24 in. (600 mm) long, embedded 8 in. (200 mm) at 36 in. (600 mm) centers according to Article 420.05(b)."

80396

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less.

Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
	One Project Manager,
Over \$50,000,000	Two Project Superintendents,
Over ψ30,000,000	One Engineer, and
	One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid. For working day contracts the payment will be made according to Article 109.04. For completion date contracts, an adjustment will be determined as follows.

Extended Traffic Control occurs between April 1 and November 30:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Extended Traffic Control occurs between December 1 and March 31:

ETCP Adjustment (\$) = TE x 1.5 (%/100 x CUP / OCT)

Where: TE = Duration of approved time extension in calendar days.

% = Percent maintenance for the traffic control, % (see table below).

CUP = Contract unit price for the traffic control pay item in place during the delay.

OCT = Original contract time in calendar days.

Original Contract Amount	Percent Maintenance
Up to \$2,000,000	65%
\$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000	75%
\$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000	85%
Over \$20,000,000	90%

When an ETCP adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

80384

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: April 2, 2018

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract that the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined that the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates that, in the absence of unlawful discrimination, and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 0.00 % of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents that enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents that a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is required prior to the award of the contract and the failure of the low bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

In order to assure the timely award of the contract, the low bidder shall submit:

- (a) The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan on completed Department forms SBE 2025 and 2026.
 - (1) The final Utilization Plan must be submitted within five calendar days after the date of the letting in accordance with subsection (a)(2) of Bidding Procedures herein.

(2) To meet the five day requirement, the bidder may send the Utilization Plan electronically by scanning and sending to DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov or faxing to (217) 785-1524. The subject line must include the bid Item Number and the Letting date. The Utilization Plan should be sent as one .pdf file, rather than multiple files and emails for the same Item Number. It is the responsibility of the bidder to obtain confirmation of email or fax delivery.

Alternatively, the Utilization Plan may be sent by certified mail or delivery service within the five calendar day period. If a question arises concerning the mailing date of a Utilization Plan, the mailing date will be established by the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the certified mail receipt from the U.S. Postal Service or the receipt issued by a delivery service when the Utilization Plan is received by the Department. It is the responsibility of the bidder to ensure the postmark or receipt date is affixed within the five days if the bidder intends to rely upon mailing or delivery to satisfy the submission day requirement. The Utilization Plan is to be submitted to:

Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Small Business Enterprises Contract Compliance Section 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319 Springfield, Illinois 62764

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the five day submittal requirement and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive due to a failure to submit a Utilization Plan or failure to comply with the bidding procedures set forth herein, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty, and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids. The Department reserves the right to invite any other bidder to submit a Utilization Plan at any time for award consideration.

- (b) The Utilization Plan shall indicate that the bidder either has obtained sufficient DBE participation commitments to meet the contract goal or has not obtained enough DBE participation commitments in spite of a good faith effort to meet the goal. The Utilization Plan shall further provide the name, telephone number, and telefax number of a responsible official of the bidder designated for purposes of notification of Utilization Plan approval or disapproval under the procedures of this Special Provision.
- (c) The Utilization Plan shall include a DBE Participation Commitment Statement, Department form SBE 2025, for each DBE proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal. For bidding purposes, submission of the completed SBE 2025 forms, signed by the DBEs and scanned or faxed to the bidder will be acceptable as long as the original is available and provided upon request. All elements of information indicated on the said form shall be provided, including but not limited to the following:

- (1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
- (2) A description, including pay item numbers, of the work each DBE will perform;
- (3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating. The dollar amount of participation for identified work shall specifically state the quantity, unit price, and total subcontract price for the work to be completed by the DBE. If partial pay items are to be performed by the DBE, indicate the portion of each item, a unit price where appropriate and the subcontract price amount;
- (4) DBE Participation Commitment Statements, form SBE 2025, signed by the bidder and each participating DBE firm documenting the commitment to use the DBE subcontractors whose participation is submitted to meet the contract goal;
- (5) If the bidder is a joint venture comprised of DBE companies and non-DBE companies, the Utilization Plan must also include a clear identification of the portion of the work to be performed by the DBE partner(s); and,
- (6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts; the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan submitted by the apparent successful bidder is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document that enough DBE participation has been obtained or document that good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. The Utilization Plan will not be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan does not document sufficient DBE participation to meet the contract goal unless the apparent successful bidder documented in the Utilization Plan that it made a good faith effort to meet the goal. This means that the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts that the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words, efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

(a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors

are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases, and will be considered by the Department.

- (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with subsection (c)(6) of the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines that the apparent successful bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided that it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines that the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification shall include a statement of reasons for the determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period in order to cure the deficiency.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of a determination adverse to the bidder within the five working days after the receipt of the notification date of the determination by delivering the request to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764 (Telefax: (217) 785-1524). Deposit of the request in the United States mail on or before the fifth business day shall not be deemed delivery. The determination shall become final if a request is not made and A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be forwarded to the Department's Reconsideration Officer. Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person in order to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the

Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the prime Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:

- (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
- (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
- (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Transportation, Bureau of Small Business Enterprises, Contract Compliance Section, 2300 South Dirksen Parkway, Room 319, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Telephone number (217) 785-4611. Telefax number (217) 785-1524.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, than a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor shall not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure that the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.

- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide DBE subcontracts to IDOT upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
 - (1) That the replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) That the DBE is aware that its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) That the DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor,

with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) You have determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated, or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department shall provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than thirty calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes that the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor my request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

EQUIPMENT PARKING AND STORAGE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2017

Replace the first paragraph of Article 701.11 of the Standard Specifications with the following.

"701.11 Equipment Parking and Storage. During working hours, all vehicles and/or nonoperating equipment which are parked, two hours or less, shall be parked at least 8 ft (2.5 m) from the open traffic lane. For other periods of time during working and for all nonworking hours, all vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be parked or stored as follows.

- (a) When the project has adequate right-of-way, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 30 ft (9 m) from the pavement.
- (b) When adequate right-of-way does not exist, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 15 ft (4.5 m) from the edge of any pavement open to traffic.
- (c) Behind temporary concrete barrier, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 24 in. (600 mm) behind free standing barrier or a minimum of 6 in. (150 mm) behind barrier that is either pinned or restrained according to Article 704.04. The 24 in. or 6 in. measurement shall be from the base of the non-traffic side of the barrier.
- (d) Behind other man-made or natural barriers meeting the approval of the Engineer."

LIGHTS ON BARRICADES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2018

Revise Article 701.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**701.16 Lights.** Lights shall be used on devices as required in the plans, the traffic control plan, and the following table.

Circumstance	Lights Required
Daylight operations	None
First two warning signs on each approach to the work involving a nighttime lane closure and "ROUGH GROOVED SURFACE" (W8-I107) signs	Flashing mono-directional lights
Devices delineating isolated obstacles, excavations, or hazards at night (Does not apply to patching)	Flashing bi-directional lights
Devices delineating obstacles, excavations, or hazards exceeding 100 ft (30 m) in length at night (Does not apply to widening)	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on two-lane roads	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on multi-lane roads	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime lane closures on multi-lane roads separating opposing directions of traffic	None
Channelizing devices for nighttime along lane shifts on multilane roads	Steady burn mono-directional lights
Channelizing devices for night time along lane shifts on two lane roads	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Devices in nighttime lane closure tapers on Standards 701316 and 701321	Steady burn bi-directional lights
Devices in nighttime lane closure tapers	Steady burn mono-directional lights
Devices delineating a widening trench	None
Devices delineating patches at night on roadways with an ADT less than 25,000	None
Devices delineating patches at night on roadways with an ADT of 25,000 or more	None

Batteries for the lights shall be replaced on a group basis at such times as may be specified by the Engineer."

Delete the fourth sentence of the first paragraph of Article 701.17(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 603.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"603.07 Protection Under Traffic. After the casting has been adjusted and Class SI concrete has been placed, the work shall be protected by a barricade for at least 72 hours."

PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 109.11 of the Standard Specifications:

"If reasonable cause is asserted, written notice shall be provided to the applicable subcontractor and/or material supplier and the Engineer within five days of the Contractor receiving payment. The written notice shall identify the contract number, the subcontract or material purchase agreement, a detailed reason for refusal, the value of payment being withheld, and the specific remedial actions required of the subcontractor and/or material supplier so that payment can be made."

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2017

Revise the Air Content % of Class PP Concrete in Table 1 Classes of Concrete and Mix Design Criteria in Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"TABLE 1. CLASSES OF CONCRETE AND MIX DESIGN CRITERIA				
Class of Conc.	Content			
PP	Pavement Patching Bridge Deck Patching (10)			
	PP-1 PP-2 PP-3 PP-4 PP-5	4.0 - 8.0"		

Revise Note (4) at the end of Table 1 Classes of Concrete and Mix Design Criteria in Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(4) For all classes of concrete, the maximum slump may be increased to 7 in (175 mm) when a high range water-reducing admixture is used. For Class SC, the maximum slump may be increased to 8 in. (200 mm). For Class PS, the maximum slump may be increased to 8 1/2 in. (215 mm) if the high range water-reducing admixture is the polycarboxylate type."

PROGRESS PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2013

Revise Article 109.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Progress Payments. At least once each month, the Engineer will make a written estimate of the quantity of work performed in accordance with the contract, and the value thereof at the contract unit prices. The amount of the estimate approved as due for payment will be vouchered by the Department and presented to the State Comptroller for payment. No amount less than \$1000.00 will be approved for payment other than the final payment.

Progress payments may be reduced by liens filed pursuant to Section 23(c) of the Mechanics' Lien Act, 770 ILCS 60/23(c).

If a Contractor or subcontractor has defaulted on a loan issued under the Department's Disadvantaged Business Revolving Loan Program (20 ILCS 2705/2705-610), progress payments may be reduced pursuant to the terms of that loan agreement. In such cases, the amount of the estimate related to the work performed by the Contractor or subcontractor, in default of the loan agreement, will be offset, in whole or in part, and vouchered by the Department to the Working Capital Revolving Fund or designated escrow account. Payment for the work shall be considered as issued and received by the Contractor or subcontractor on the date of the offset voucher. Further, the amount of the offset voucher shall be a credit against the Department's obligation to pay the Contractor, the Contractor's obligation to pay the subcontractor, and the Contractor's or subcontractor's total loan indebtedness to the Department. The offset shall continue until such time as the entire loan indebtedness is satisfied. The Department will notify the Contractor and Fund Control Agent in a timely manner of such offset. The Contractor or subcontractor shall not be entitled to additional payment in consideration of the offset.

The failure to perform any requirement, obligation, or term of the contract by the Contractor shall be reason for withholding any progress payments until the Department determines that compliance has been achieved."

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILILATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least 14 days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%"

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: April 2, 2015

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Monday through Sunday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 20 working days.

INDEX OF SHEETS

- 1 INDEX OF SHEETS
- 2 TITLE SHEET
- 3 SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
- 4-8 SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
- 9-10 TYPICAL SECTION
- 11-13 PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR DETAILS

STANDARDS

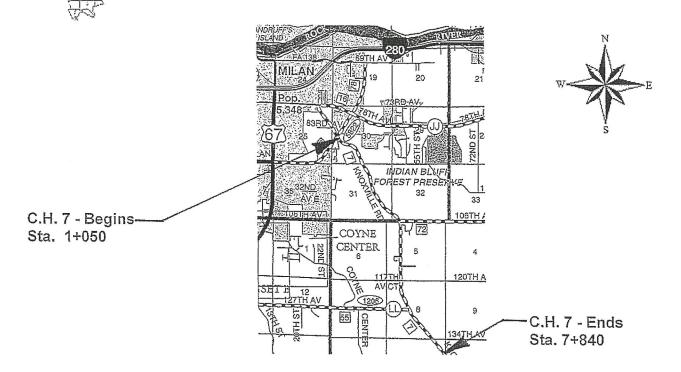
14-15	442101-08	CLASS B PATCHES
16	701001-02	OFF-RD. OPERATIONS, 2L, 2W MORE THAN 15' AWAY
17	701006-05	OFF-RD. OPERATIONS, 2L, 2W 15' TO 24" AWAY
18	701011-04	OFF-RD. MOVING OPERATIONS, 2L, 2W, DAY ONLY
19	701101-05	OFF-RD OPERATIONS, MULTILANE, 15' TO 24" AWAY
20	701106-02	OFF-RD OPERATIONS, MULTILANE, MORE THAN 15'
21	701201-04	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, DAY ONLY >= 45
22	701301-04	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, SHORT TIME OPERATIONS
23	701306-04	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, SLOW MOVING, DAY >=45
24	701311-03	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W MOVING OP DAY ONLY
25-26	701601-09	URBAN LANE CLOSURE, MULTILANE, 1W OR 2W
		WITH NONTRAVERSABLE MEDIAN
27	701701-10	URBAN LANE CLOSURE, MULTILANE INTERSECTION
28-30	701901-07	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES
31	720011-01	METAL POSTS FOR SIGNS, MARKERS & DELINEATORS
32	728001-01	TELESCOPING STEEL SIGN SUPPORT
33	729001-01	APPLICATIONS OF TYPES A & B METAL POSTS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

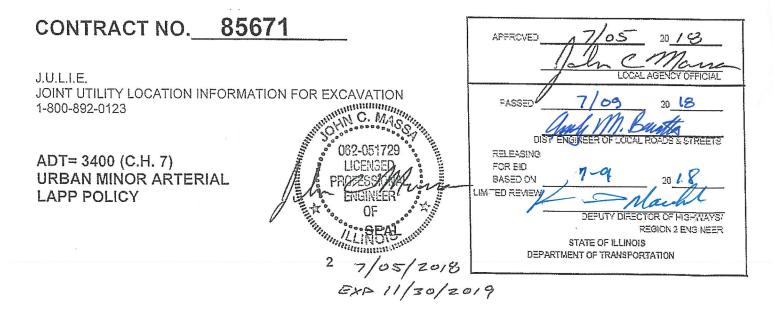
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PLANS FOR PROPOSED

ROCK ISLAND COUNTY
FAU 5792/FAS 207 - C.H. 7
(KNOXVILLE RD)
SECTION 17-00374-00-PP
PROJECT ASMI (291)
JOB NUMBER C-92-053-18



Length of Project: C.H. 7 - 22,271.2 Feet (6,790.00 Meters)



STATE OF ILLINOIS SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

CONSTRUCTION TYPE CODE: 0005

44000500	COMBINATION CURB & GUTTER REMOVAL	FOOT	240.0
44200934	CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE II, 8"	S.Y.	53.7
44200942	CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE III, 8"	S.Y.	130.9
44200944	CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE IV, 8"	S.Y.	246.9
44201297	DOWEL BARS, 1"	EACH	473.0
44213100	PAVEMENT FABRIC	S.Y.	377.8
44213200	SAW CUTS	FOOT	1,246.0
44213204	TIE BARS, 3/4"	EACH	181.0
45200100	JOINT OR CRACK ROUTING (PC CONC PVMNT)	FOOT	68,153.0
45200300	JOINT OR CRACK FILLING	POUND	26,580.0
60605000	COMBIN. CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER B-6.24	FOOT	240.0
67100100	MOBILIZATION	L.S.	1.0
70300100	SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKING	FOOT	2,228.0
△ 78001110	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINE, 4"	FOOT	66,735.0
X0326767	PROFILE DIAMOND GRINDING CONC. PAVEMENT	S.Y.	61,764.0
XX009231	PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - BOTTOM-HALF	S.F.	60.0
XX009232	PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - EXT. LENGTH	S.F.	50.0
XX009233	PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - SPOT REPAIR	S.F.	105.8
X7010216	TRAFFIC CONTROL & PROTECTION SPECIAL	L.S.	1.0

A SPECIALTY ITEMS

STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

44000500	COMBINATION CURB & GUTTER REMOVAL		
C.H. 7	RT Sta. 0+484.04	Foot	12.0
	RT Sta. 0+582.79	Foot	16.0
	LT Sta. 0+628.21	Foot	12.0
	LT Sta. 0+630.04	Foot	12.0
	RT Sta. 0+859.86	Foot	25.0
	RT Sta. 1+198.80	Foot	17.0
	LT Sta. 1+351.81	Foot	10.0
	RT Sta. 1+590.46	Foot	6.0
	RT Sta. 1+612.41	Foot	25.0
	RT Sta. 1+629.78	Foot	65.0
	RT Sta. 1+631.31	Foot	20.0
	LT Sta. 1+645.02	Foot	20.0
		Foot	240.0
44200934	CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE II, 8"		
C.H. 7	RT Sta. 1+550	S.Y.	13.7
	RT Sta. 1+705	S.Y.	12.3
	RT Sta. 3+128	S.Y.	10.7
	LT Sta. 3+650	S.Y.	12.0
	Contingency Patches	S.Y.	5.0
		S.Y.	53.7
44200942	CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE III, 8"		
C.H. 7	RT Sta. 1+500	S.Y.	24.6
	RT Sta. 1+700	S.Y.	16.1
	RT Sta. 2+100	S.Y.	17.3
	RT Sta. 3+460	S.Y.	15.8
	RT Sta. 3+602	S.Y.	15.8
	RT Sta. 4+150	S.Y.	26.3
	Contingency Patches	S.Y.	15.0
		S.Y.	130.9
44200944	CLASS B PATCHES, TYPE IV, 8"		
C.H. 7	LT Sta. 1+430	S.Y.	50.4
J.11. 1	RT Sta. 1+633	S.Y.	110.2
	RT Sta. 1+814	S.Y.	30.5
	RT Sta. 2+078	S.Y.	30.8
	Contingency Patches	S.Y.	25.0
	Containing of the Monte of the	S.Y.	246.9
		3.1.	∠40.9

STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

C.H. 7	LT Sta. 1+430	Each	42.0
	RT Sta. 1+500	Each	21.0
	RT Sta. 1+550	Each	14.0
	RT Sta.1+633	Each	70.0
	RT Sta. 1+700	Each	12.0
	RT Sta. 1+705	Each	28.0
	RT Sta. 1+814	Each	28.0
	RT Sta. 2+078	Each	36.0
	RT Sta. 2+100	Each	14.0
	RT Sta. 3+128	Each	22.0
	RT Sta. 3+460	Each	22.0
	RT Sta. 3+602	Each	22.0
	LT Sta. 3+650 RT Sta. 4+150	Each	22.0
		Each	22.0
	Contingency Patches	Each	98.0
		Each	473.0
44213100	PAVEMENT FABRIC		
C.H. 7	LT Sta. 1+430	S.Y.	50.4
	RT Sta. 1+500	S.Y.	24.6
	RT Sta.1+633	S.Y.	110.2
	RT Sta. 1+700	S.Y.	16.1
	RT Sta. 1+814	S.Y.	30.5
	RT Sta. 2+078	S.Y.	30.8
	RT Sta. 2+100	S.Y.	17.3
	RT Sta. 3+460 RT Sta. 3+602	S.Y.	15.8
	RT Sta. 4+150	S.Y. S.Y.	15.8
	Contingency Patches	S.Y.	26.3 40.0
	Contingency Fatorics	S.Y.	377.8
		0.1.	317.0
44213200	SAW CUTS		
C.H. 7	LT Sta. 1+430	Foot	105.3
	RT Sta. 1+500	Foot	78.6
	RT Sta. 1+550	Foot	54.6
	RT Sta.1+633	Foot	175.3
	RT Sta. 1+700	Foot	60.5
	RT Sta. 1+705	Foot	51.5
	RT Sta. 1+814	Foot	81.8
	RT Sta. 2+078	Foot	81.5
	RT Sta. 2+100	Foot	62.6
	RT Sta. 3+128	Foot	51.0
	RT Sta. 3+460 RT Sta. 3+602	Foot	59.4
	LT Sta. 3+650	Foot	59.4
	RT Sta. 4+150	Foot Foot	53.0
	Contingency Patches	Foot	75.4 195.5
	g-rieg . storree	Foot	1245.4

STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

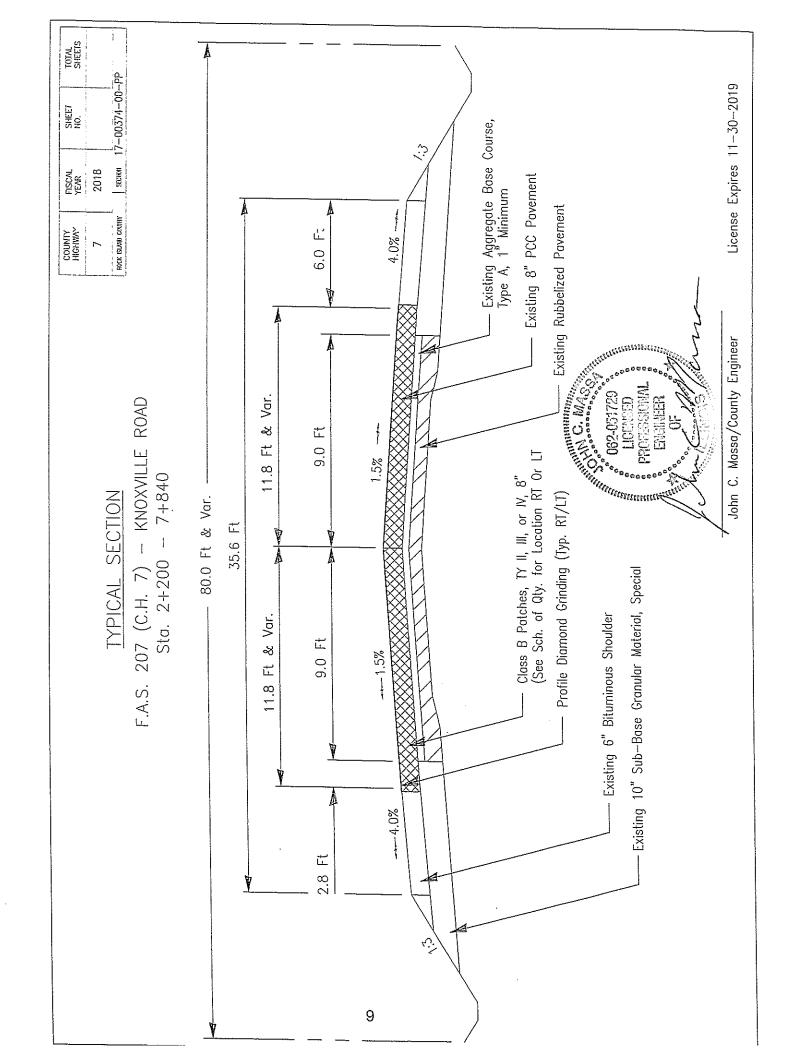
44213204	TIE BARS, 3/4"		
C.H. 7	LT Sta. 1+430	Each	14.0
	RT Sta. 1+500	Each	26.0
	RT Sta.1+633	Each	64.0
	RT Sta. 2+078	Each	10.0
	RT Sta. 2+100	Each	10.0
	RT Sta. 4+150	Each	19.0
	Contingency Patches	Each	38.0
		Each	181.0
45200100	JOINT OR CRACK ROUTING (PC CONC. PVMNT)		
C.H. 7	Sta.1+050 - 7+840	Foot	CO 1E2 O
0.11. 1	Ota. 1 1000 7 1040		68,153.0
		Foot	68,153.0
45200300	JOINT OR CRACK FILLING		
C.H. 7	Sta.1+050 - 7+840	Pounds	26,580.0
0.11. 1	Old. 11 000 - 7 10 40	Pounds	
		Pounds	26,580.0
60605000	COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER B-6.	.24	
C.H. 7	LT Sta. 1+430	Foot	12.0
	RT Sta. 1+500	Foot	16.0
	RT Sta. 1+550	Foot	12.0
	RT Sta.1+633	Foot	12.0
	RT Sta. 1+700	Foot	25.0
	RT Sta. 1+705	Foot	17.0
	RT Sta. 1+814	Foot	10.0
	RT Sta. 2+078	Foot	6.0
	RT Sta. 2+100	Foot	25.0
	RT Sta. 3+460	Foot	65.0
	RT Sta. 3+602	Foot	20.0
	RT Sta. 4+150	Foot	20.0
		Foot	240.0
67100100	MOBILIZATION		
C.H. 7	Jobsite - FAU 5792/FAS 207	L.S.	1.0
70200400	CHOOT TERM DAVERSENT BEADWING 40		
70300100	SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKING, 4"		
C.H. 7	Sta.1+050 - 7+840	Foot	2,228.0
		Foot	2,228.0
78001110	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINE, 4"		
C.H. 7	Sta.1+050 - 7+840 (YELLOW)	Foot	22,179.0
	Sta.1+050 - 7+840 (WHITE)	Foot	44,556.0
		Foot	66,735.0
			,

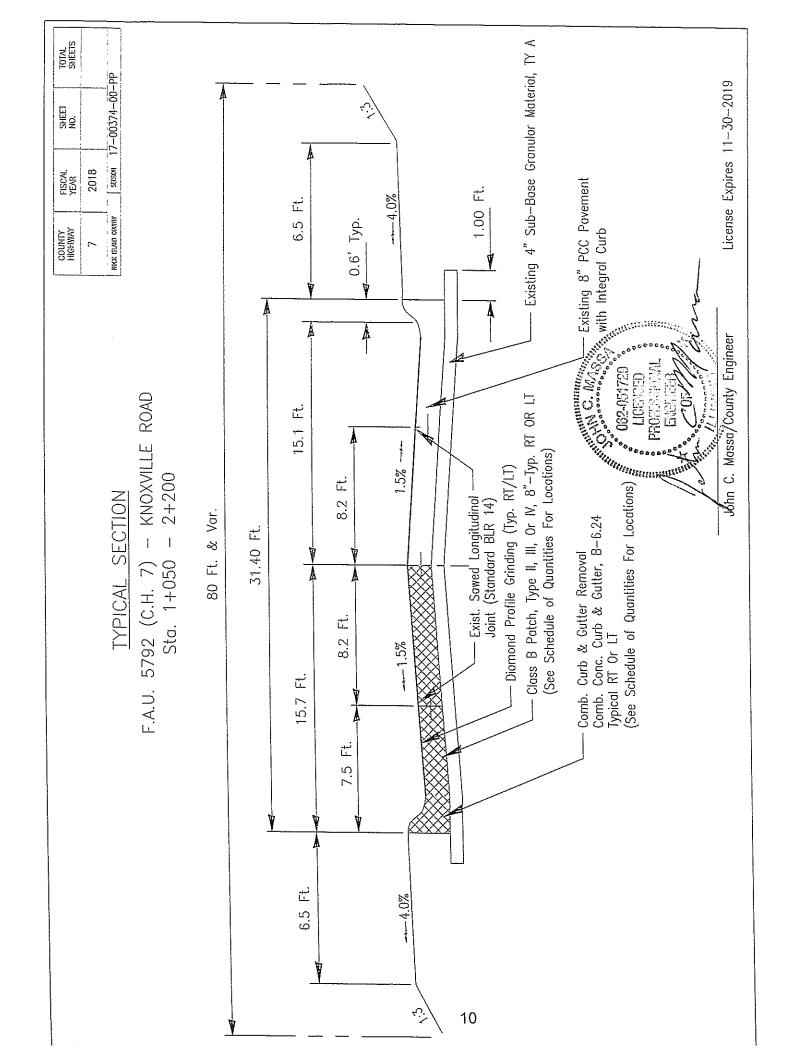
STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

	SCHEDULE OF QUANTIT		
X0326767	PROFILE DIAMOND GRINDING CONCRET	E PAVEMENT	
C.H. 7	Sta.1+050 - 7+840	S.Y.	61,764.0
		S.Y.	61,764.0
XX009231	PARTIAL DEPTH PATCHING - BOTTOM-HA	AI E DEDAID	
C.H. 7	Contingent Locations		60.0
0.11.1	Contingent Locations	Sq. Ft.	60.0
		Sq. Ft.	60.0
XX009232	PART. DEPTH PATCHING - EXTENDED LE	NGTH REPAIR	
C.H. 7	Contingent Locations	Sq. Ft.	50.0
	·	Sq. Ft.	50.0
XX009233	PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - SPOT REPAIR		
C.H. 7	RT Sta. 1+869	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 1+908	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 2+300	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 2+422	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 2+679	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 2+679	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 2+681	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 2+681	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 2+887	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+131	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+141	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+456	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 3+550	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+607	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+890	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+902	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+909	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 3+925	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 3+962	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 4+182	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 4+209	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 4+230	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 4+300	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 4+450	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 4+625	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 4+650	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 4+750	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 4+850	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 4+850	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 5+086	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 5+300	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 5+549	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 5+769	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 5+769	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 5+800	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 5+883	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 6+061	´Sq. Ft.	2.3

STATE OF ILLINOIS
SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

	SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES		
XX009233	PARTIAL DEPTH REPAIR - SPOT REPAIR		
	LT Sta. 6+061	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 6+309	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 6+554	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 6+861	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 6+981	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 7+010	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 7+060	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 7+171	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	RT Sta. 7+217	Sq. Ft.	2.3
	LT Sta. 7+217	Sq. Ft.	2.3
		Sq. Ft.	105.8
X7010216	TRAFFIC CONTROL & PROTECTION SPECIAL		
C.H. 7	Jobsite	Lump Sum	1.0
		Lump Sum	1.0

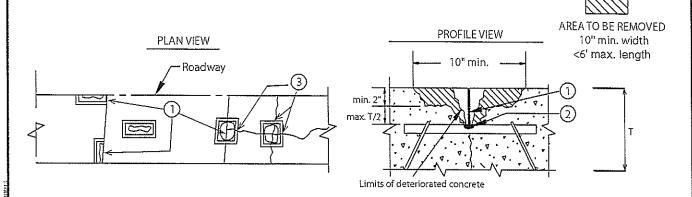




PARTIAL-DEPTH REPAIR TYPE 1 - SPOT REPAIR (SR)

(Spot repair of joints, cracks, and spalls, less than 6' max. length)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: REMOVE CONCRETE, FURNISH AND PLACE CONCRETE, SAW AND SEAL JOINTS/CRACKS.



JOINT and CRACK RE-ESTABLISHMENT shall be accomplished as quickly as possible to prevent failure.

Type 1 at Joints

- Joint compression relief for the upper part of the joint will be of equal width to the joint on either side of the repair. Compression relief will be provided either by installing preformed joint filler (such as wax-coated cardboard) as wide as the existing joint (¼-in. min.) before concrete placement or by tooling the plastic concrete, then accomplishing a relief saw cut (¼-in. min. width) to the full depth of the repair as soon as possible after concrete placement.
- If dowel bar is exposed, coat exposed area with duct tape as a bond breaker to allow movement of the joint.

Type 1 at Cracks

Preformed compression material such as wax-coated cardboard (3/16-in. to 1/2-in. thick) should be installed as deep as possible in the crack (below the patch area at least 1/2 in., up to an inch if possible) to provide compression relief.

WORKTO BE DONE

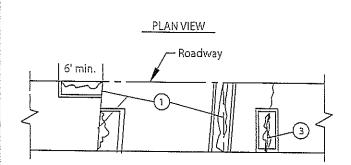
- Define removal area and payment based on sq-ft of area to be patched, with a min. depth of
- Remove all concrete including unsound concrete using either saw-and-chip (35-lb max hammer) or milling. Remove concrete to limits shown in detail, with a min. depth of 2 in. and a max. depth of T/2 or the top of the dowels. The sides of the removed area must be tapered 30 to 60 degrees from vertical.
- 3 Prepare surfaces:
 - Clean exposed surfaces by sand blasting and air blasting.
 - Coat any exposed dowel surfaces with duct tape as a bond breaker.
 - Immediately before placing the repair material, apply bonding grout to exposed concrete surfaces.
- 4 Restore joints and cracks by installing preformed filler (3/16-in, min.) as described above.
- 5 Furnish and place specified concrete mix. Finish to grade, slope, and texture. Seal edges with grout of specified concrete mix. Apply cure.
- 6 Saw and seal joints and cracks according to specifications.

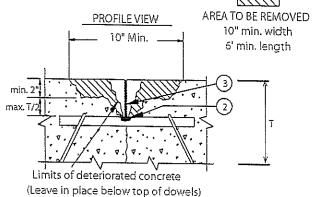
BASIS OF PAYMENT

- Type 1 partial-depth repairs are based on square feet of repair area. Measurements should be taken to the nearest tenth of a foot and rounded to the nearest square foot.
- The 30- to 60- degree taper, preformed filler, and sawing and sealing are incidental to Type 1
 repairs.

PARTIAL-DEPTH REPAIR TYPE 2 - EXTENDED LENGTH (LJCR)

(Long [6' or greater] repairs of longitudinal and transverse joints [Type 2A] and cracks [Type 2B])
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: REMOVE CONCRETE, FURNISH & PLACE CONCRETE, SAW, AND SEAL JOINTS/CRACKS.





JOINT (2A) and CRACK (2B) RE-ESTABLISHMENT shall be accomplished as quickly as possible to prevent failure.

Type 2A at Joints

- Joint compression relief for the upper part of the joint will be of equal width to the joint on either side of the repair. Compression relief will be provided with a saw cut (%-in. min. width) to the full depth of the repair (and, if possible, ½-in. deeper) as soon as possible after concrete placement.
- If dowel bar is exposed, coat exposed area with duct tape as a bond breaker to allow movement of the joint.

Type 2B at Cracks

3 Preformed compression material such as wax-coated cardboard (3/16-in. to 1/4-in. thick) should be installed as deep as possible in the crack (below the patch area at least 1/2 in., up to an inch if possible) to provide compression relief.

WORK TO BE DONE

- 1 Define removal area, with a 2-in. min. (T/2 max.) depth, 10-in. min. width, and 6-ft min. length.
- 2 Using milling and chipping hammer (35-lb max. hammer), remove all concrete including unsound concrete to limits shown in detail (min. depth of 2 in. and a max. depth of T/2 the pavement depth or the top of the dowels), tapering the sides of the removed area 30 to 60 degrees from vertical.
- 3 Prepare surfaces:
 - Clean exposed surfaces by sand blasting and air blasting.
 - Coat any exposed dowel surfaces with duct tape as a bond breaker.
 - Immediately before placing the repair material, apply bonding grout to exposed concrete surfaces.
- 4 Restore cracks by installing preformed filler (3/16-in. min.) as described above.
- Furnish and place specified concrete mix. Finish to grade, slope, and texture. Seal edges with grout of specified concrete mix. Apply cure.
- 5 Saw and seal joints and cracks according to specifications.

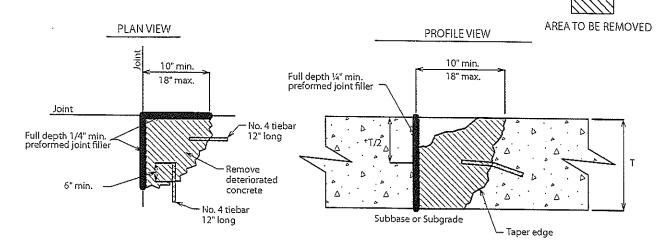
BASIS OF PAYMENT

- Type 2A (joint) repairs are based on square feet of repair area. Measurements should be taken
 to the nearest tenth of a foot and rounded to the nearest square foot.
- Type 2B (crack) repairs are based on square feet of repair area. Measurements should be taken
 to the nearest tenth of a foot and rounded to the nearest square foot.
- The 30- to 60- degree taper, preformed filler, and sawing and sealing are incidental to all Type 2
 repairs.

PARTIAL-DEPTH REPAIR TYPE 3 - BOTTOM-HALF REPAIR (BHR)

(Bottom-half spot repair at corner or edge; NOT intended to be placed in wheel paths)

DESCRIPTION: REMOVE CONCRETE, INSTALL REINFORCING STEEL, FURNISH & PLACE CONCRETE.

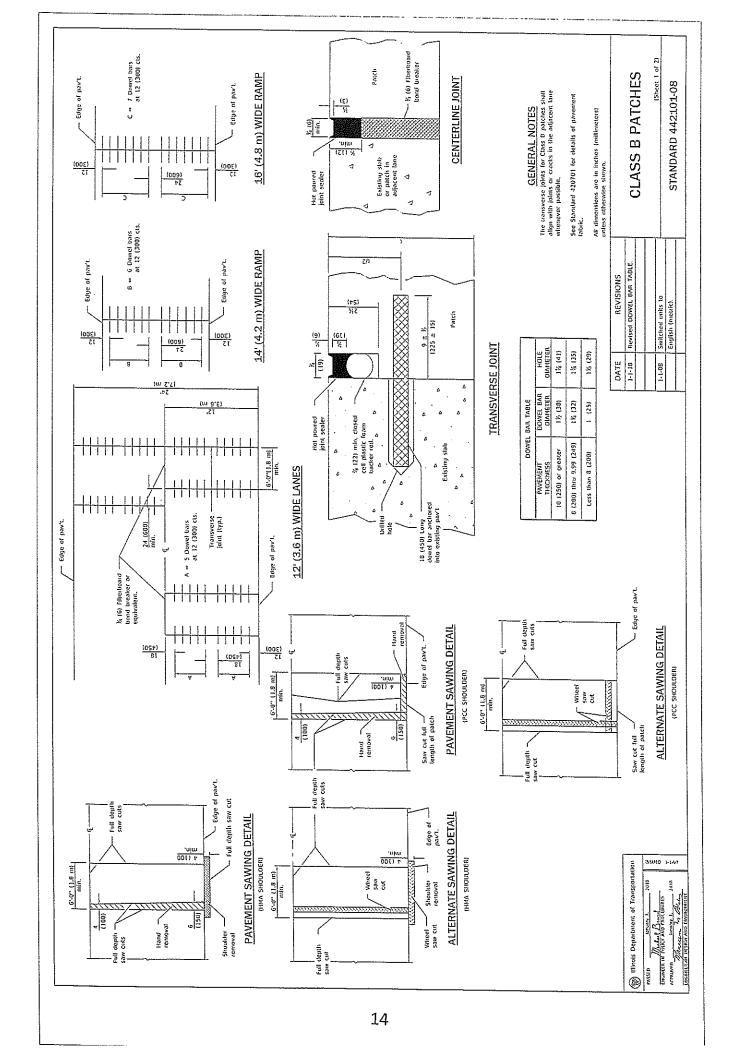


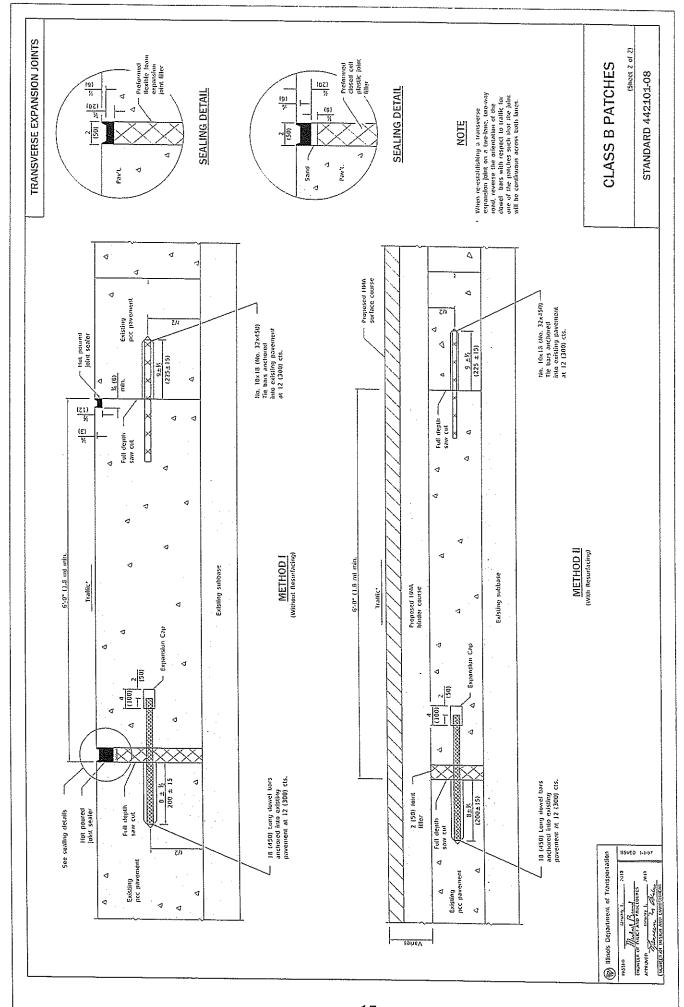
WORK TO BE DONE

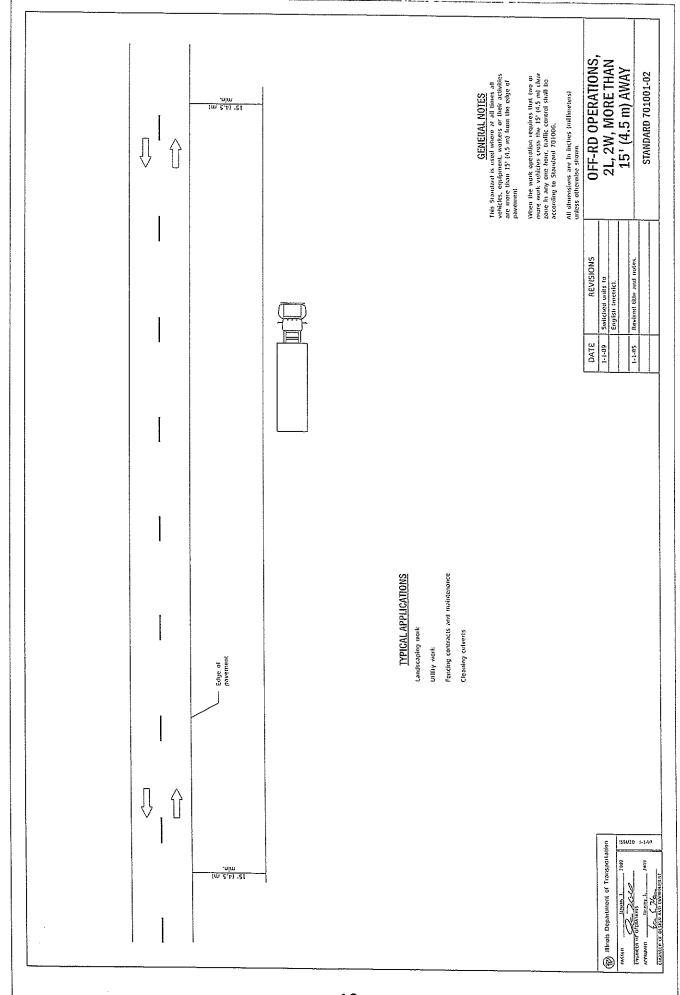
- Define removal area T/2 below in-place surface.
- 2 Remove all deteriorated concrete to limits shown in detail. Taper the sides of the removed area 30 to 60 degrees from vertical with a 35-lb max. chipping hammer.
- 3 Prepare surface:
 - Clean exposed surfaces by sand blasting and air blasting.
 - Coat any exposed dowel surfaces with approved bond breaker.
 - Immediately before placing the repair material, apply bonding grout to exposed concrete surfaces.
- 4 Furnish and install No. 4 reinforcement tiebars at mid-depth, as shown in detail. Ensure that there is at least 1 in. of concrete around the bar. Place with an approved non-shrink grout.
- 5 Restore joints and cracks by installing preformed joint filler such as wax-coated cardboard (3/16-in. to 1/4-in. thick) as deep as possible in the crack (below the patch area at least 1/2 in., up to an inch if possible) to provide compression relief.
- 6 Furnish and place specified concrete mix. Finish to grade, slope, and texture. Seal edges with grout of specified concrete mix. Apply cure.
- 7 Saw and seal joints and cracks according to specifications.

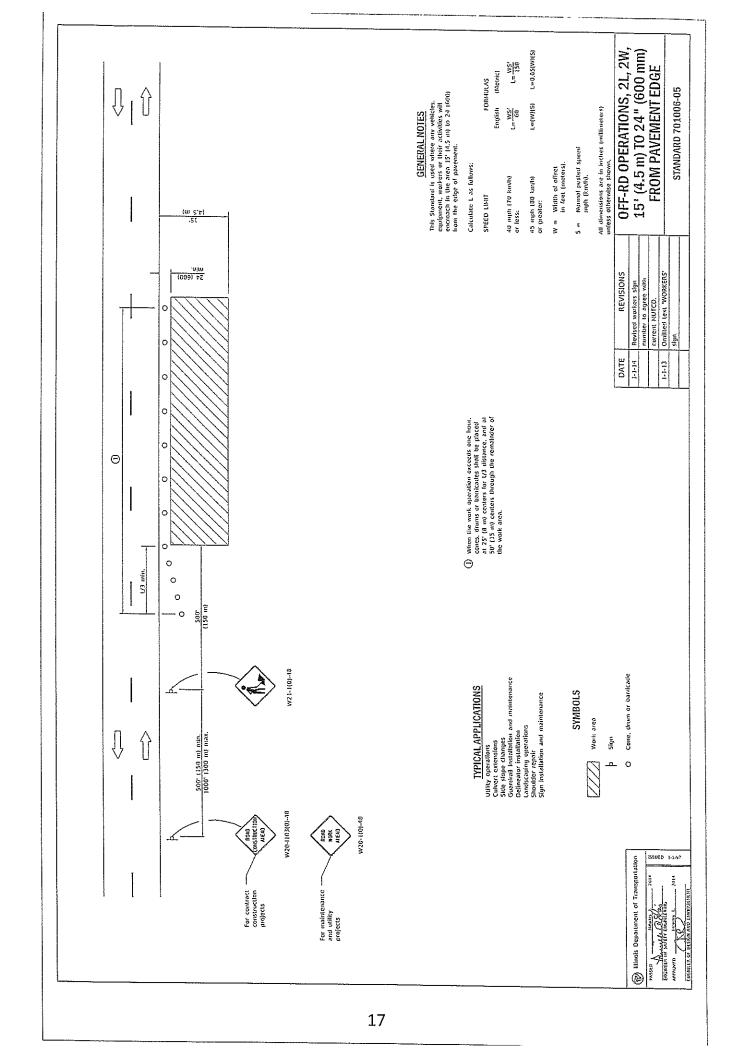
BASIS OF PAYMENT

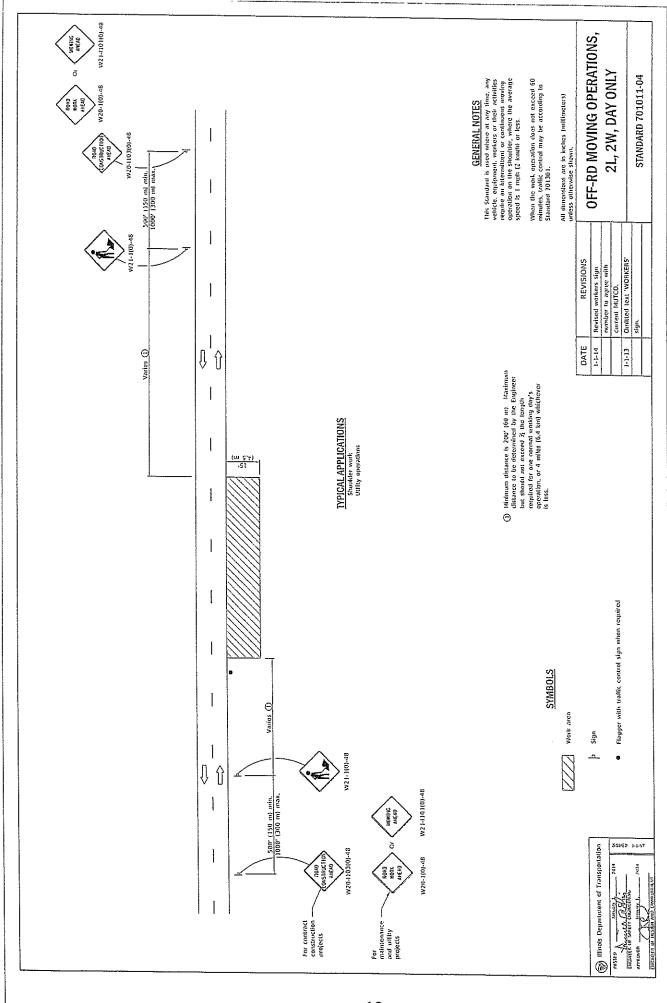
- Payment for Type 3 repairs (bottom half of repair area) is based on square feet of repair area.
 Since the repair will have a sloping face, payment should be measured at mid-depth of the pavement thickness. Measurements should be taken to the nearest tenth of a foot and rounded to the nearest square foot.
- Payment for the top half of the repair is treated as a Type 1 or Type 2B repair, both of which are based on sq ft. The 30- to 60-degree edge taper will be included in the top half measurement.
- The 30- to 60-degree edge taper, furnish and installation of preformed joint filler (such as wax-coated cardboard) are incidental to the repair.

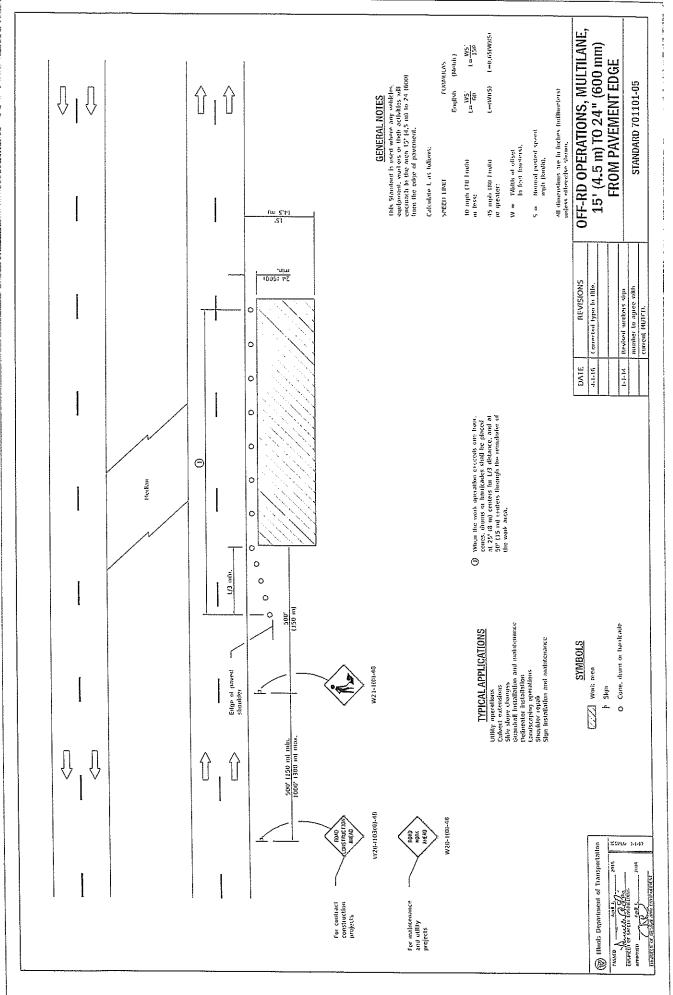


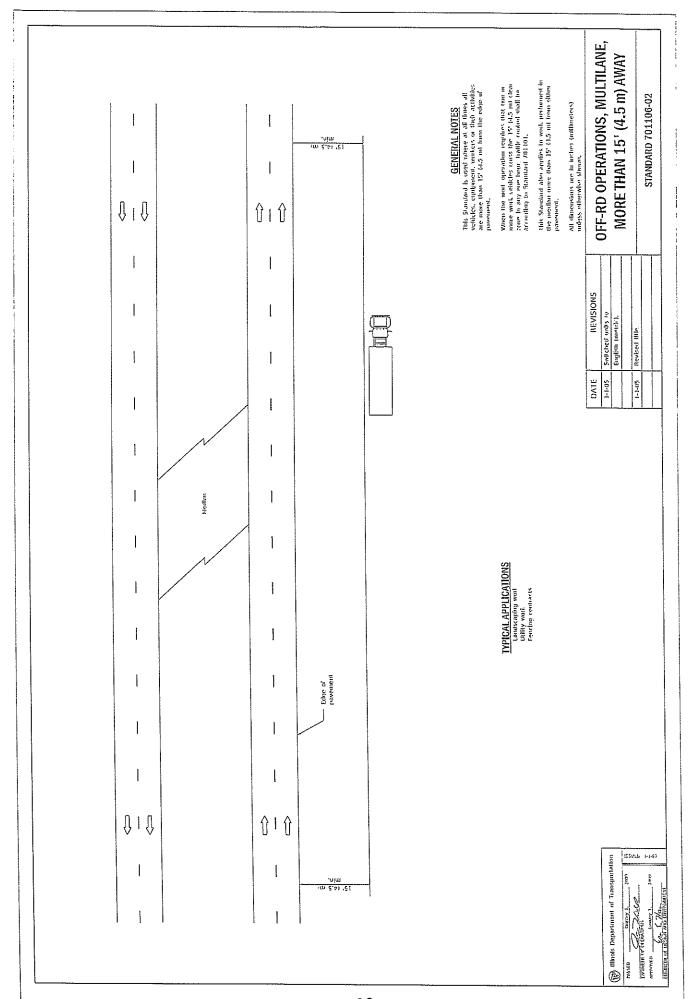


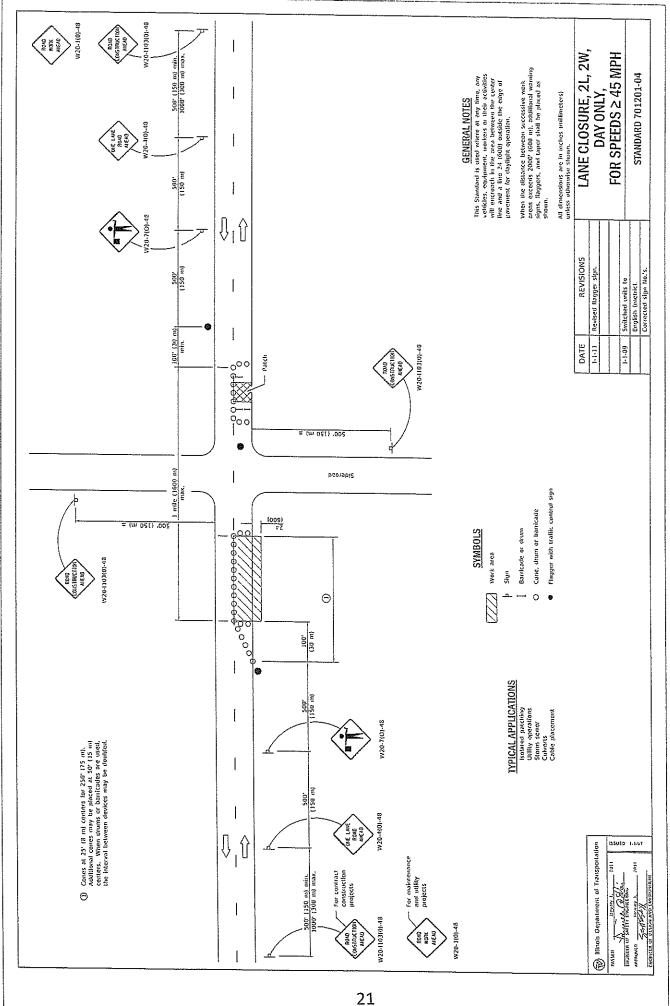


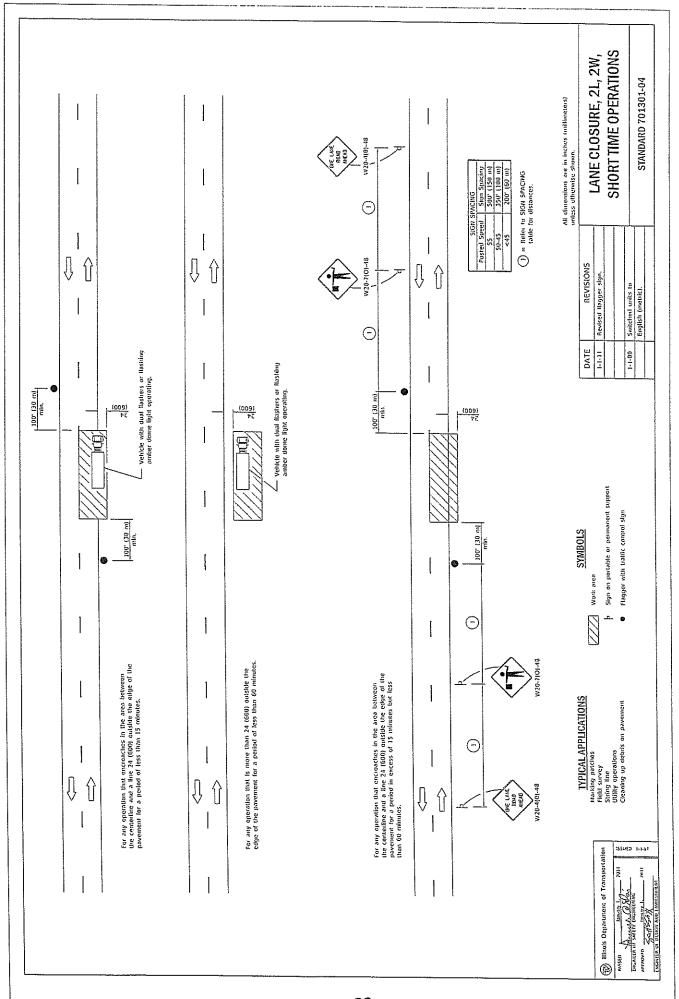


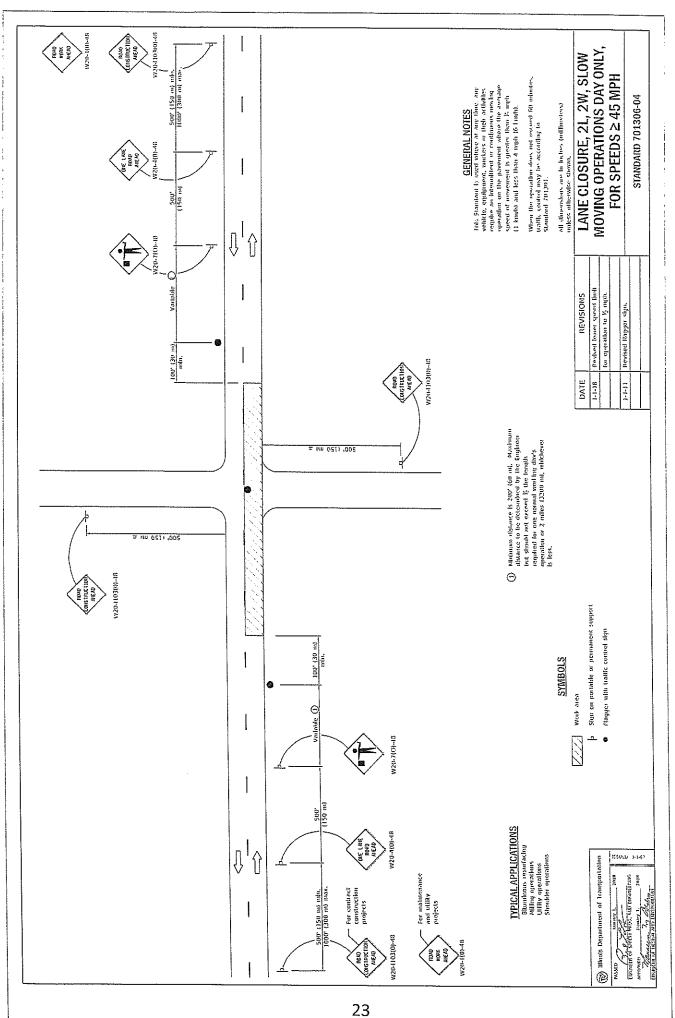


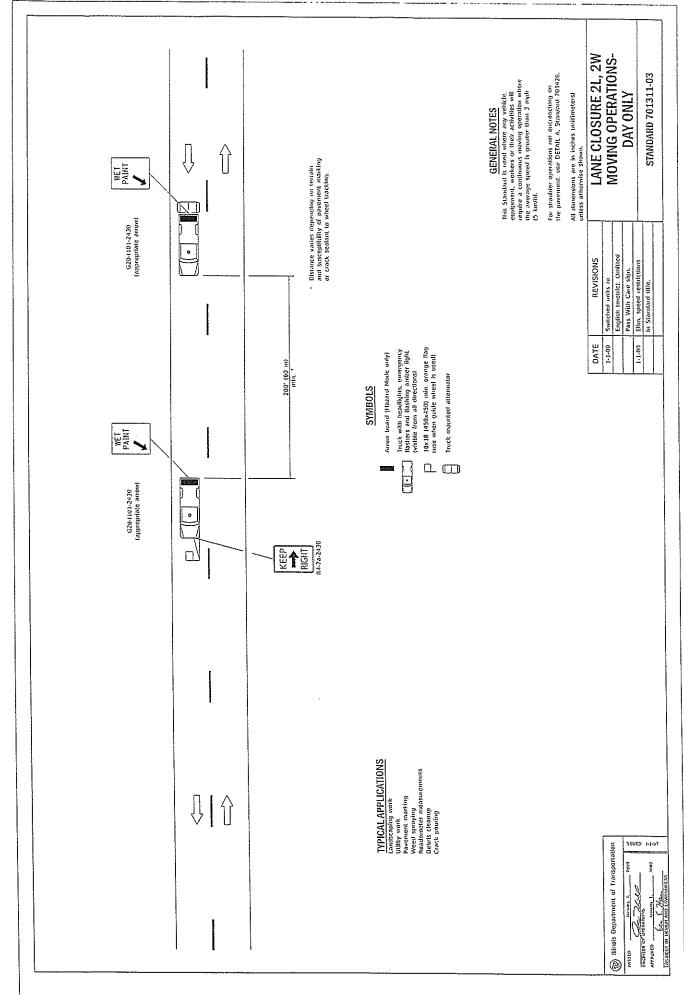


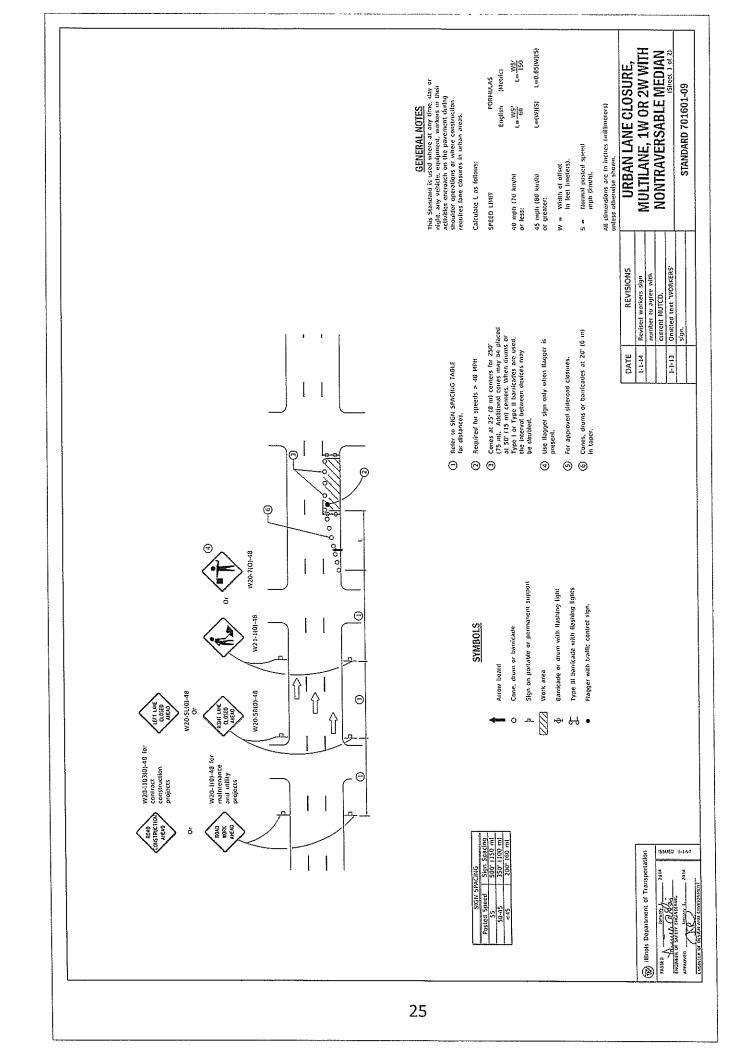


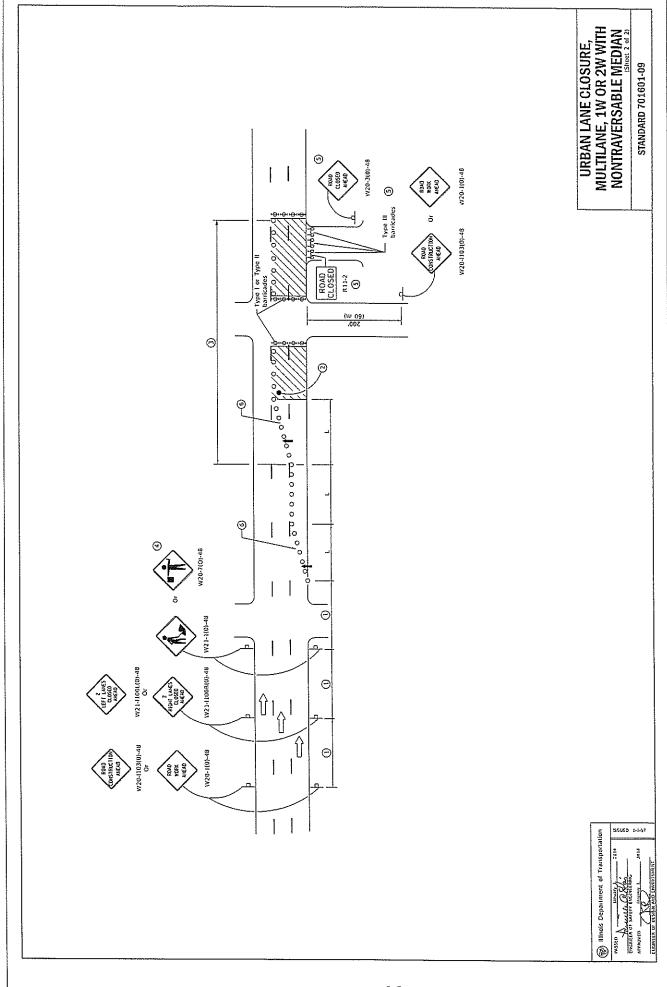


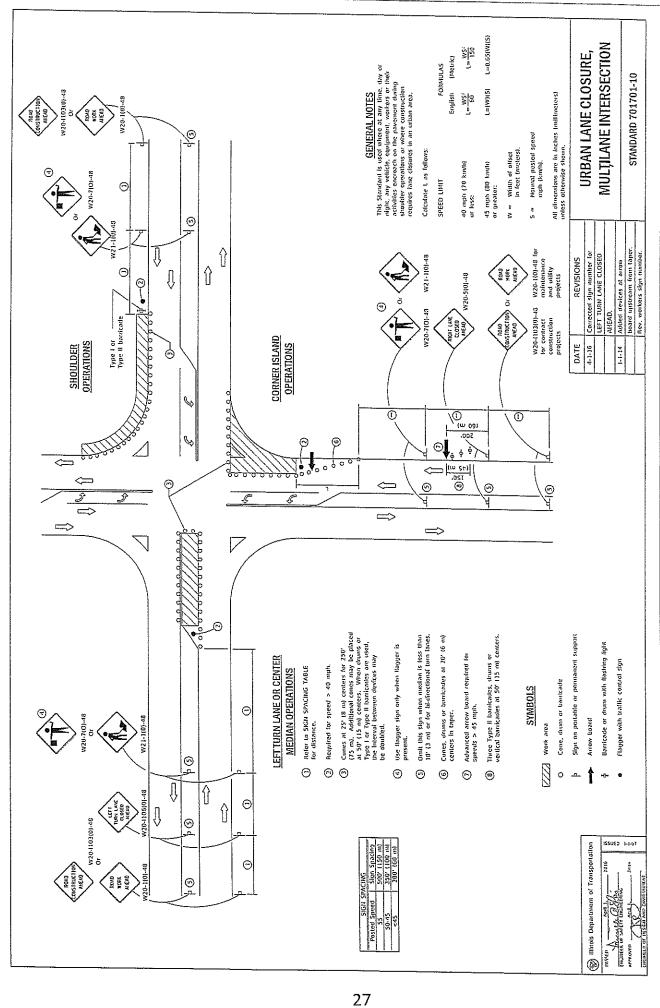


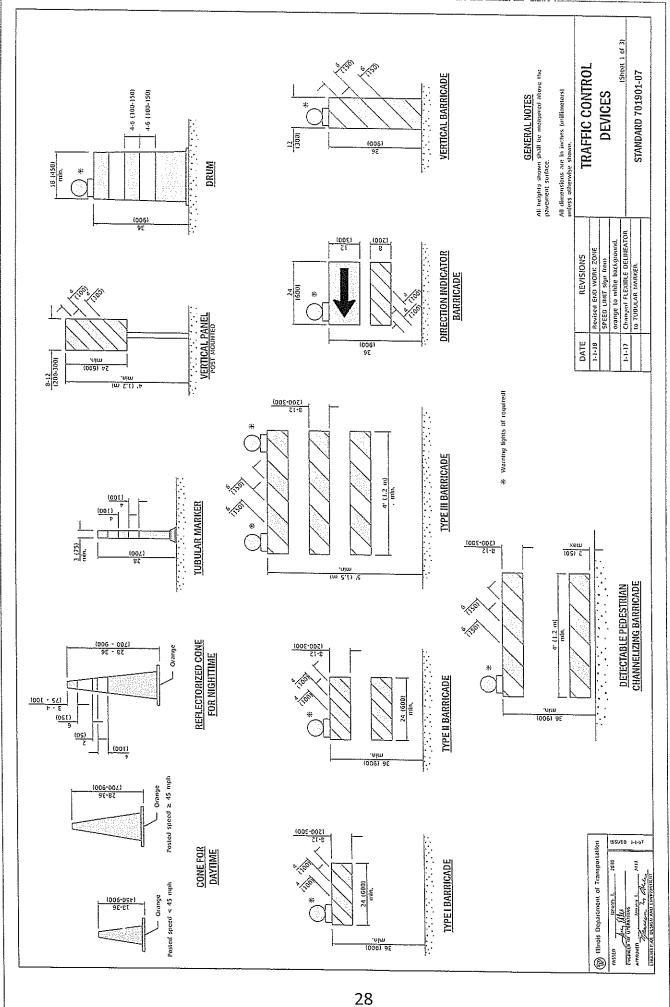


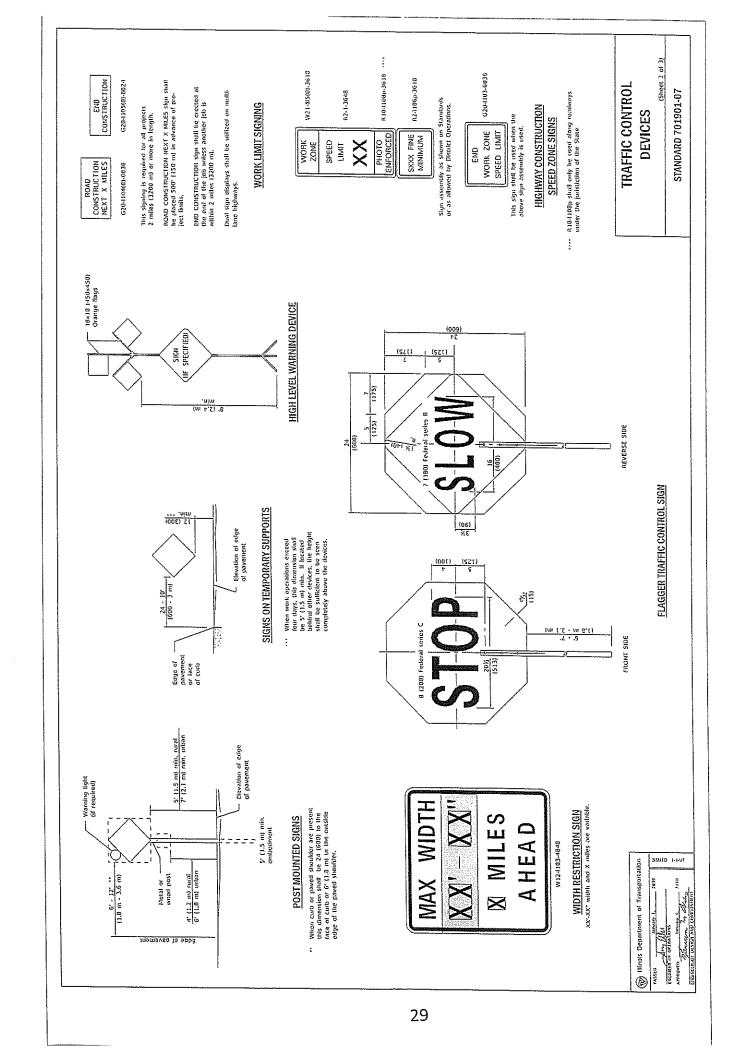


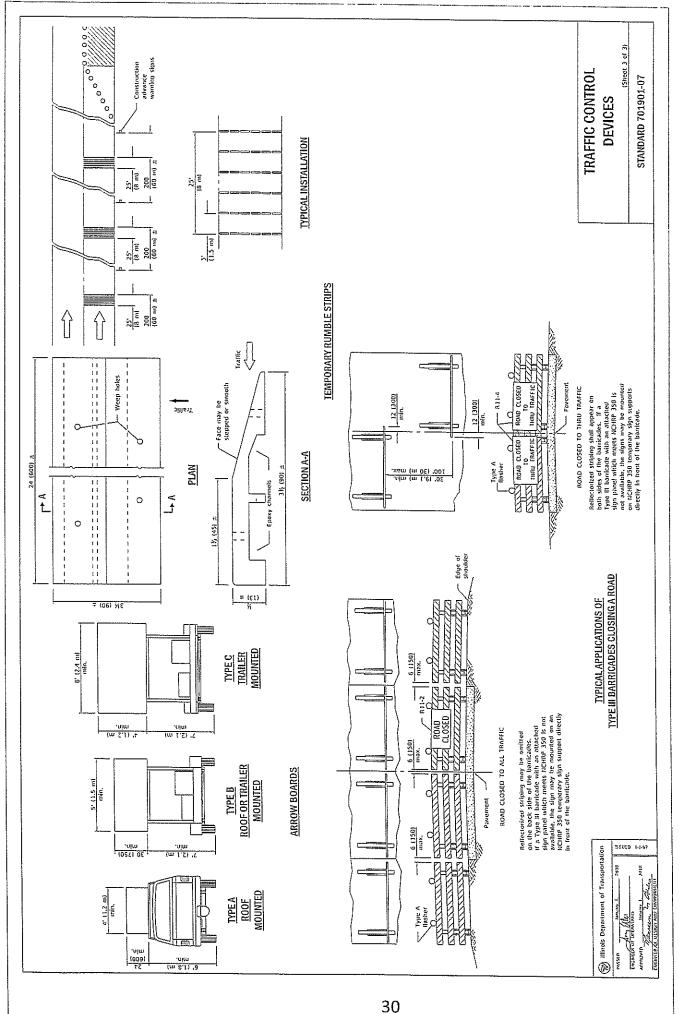


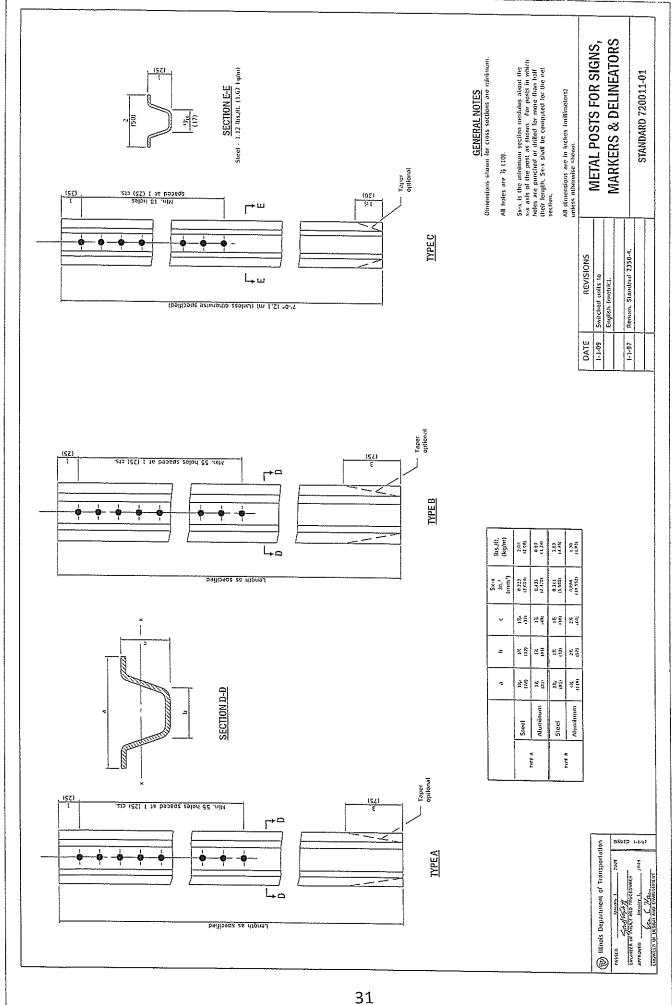


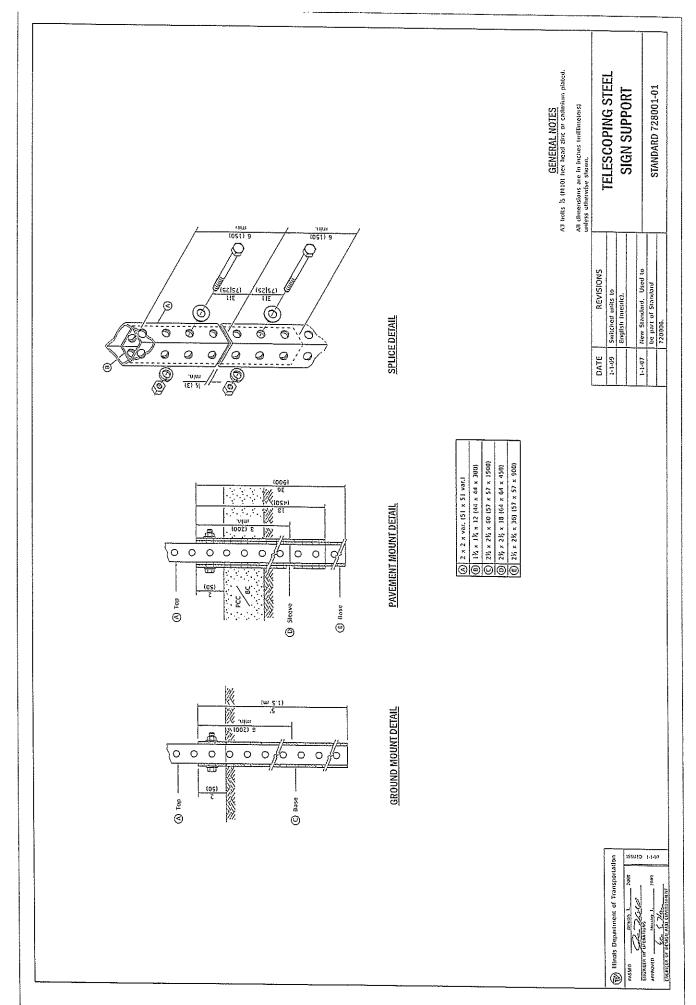


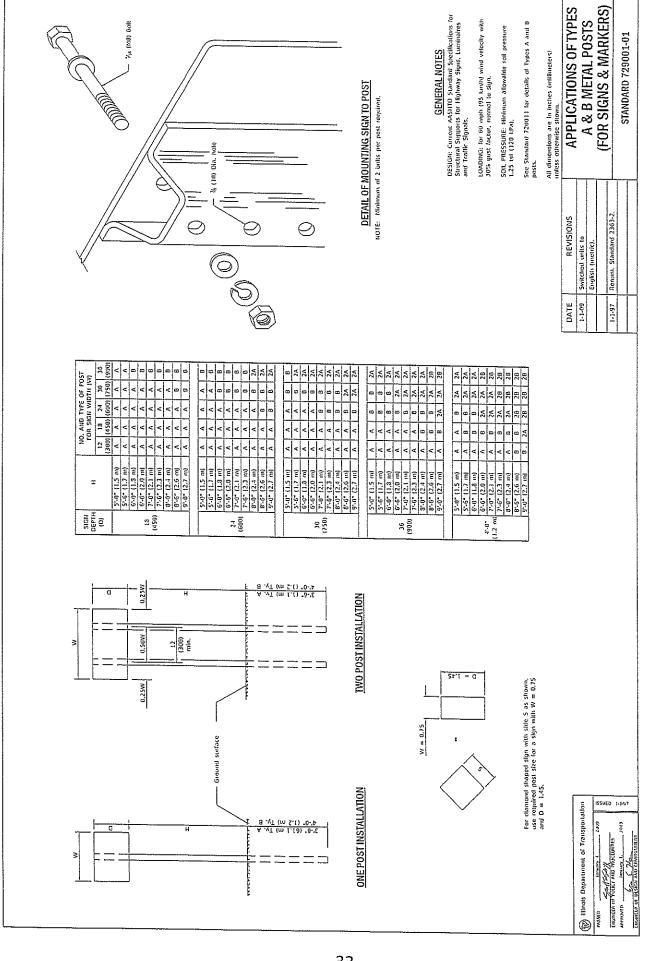












REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

 Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

- Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor

performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection

for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- **7. Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
 - a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391.

The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each

classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH–1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
 - (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
 - (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a

separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
 - (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
 - (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice

performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
- d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- **8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one

and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.
- 5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
- 2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more — as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification: and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of

Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

* * * * *

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of

Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.
- 6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

Contract Provision - Cargo Preference Requirements

In accordance with Title 46 CFR § 381.7 (b), the contractor agrees—

- "(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.
- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

Provisions (1) and (2) apply to materials or equipment that are acquired solely for the project. The two provisions do not apply to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of the project, such as shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, when industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories.