

September 10, 2024

SUBJECT FAI Route 94/FAP Route 346 (I-94/US 41) Project HSIP BZF0(469) Section FAP 0346 23 Sign Cook and Lake Counties Contract No. 62V17 Item No. 11, September 20, 2024 Letting Addendum B

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS:

Attached is an addendum to the plans or proposal. This addendum involves revised and/or added material.

- 1. Revised the Schedule of Prices
- 2. Revised page iii of the Table of Contents to the Special Provisions
- 3. Revised pages 52, 96, 98, 143, 144. & 149 of the Special Provisions
- 4. Added pages 246-250 to the Special Provisions
- 5. Revised sheets 4, 6, 26, 30, 109, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 123-125, 127, 155, & 163 of the Plans

Prime contractors must utilize the enclosed material when preparing their bid and must include any changes to the Schedule of Prices in their bid.

Very truly yours,

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Jack A. Elston, P.E. Bureau Chief, Design and Environment

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<u>Materials</u>

Materials shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications and plans DET-11 & DET-12. Provide Nameplate or labels per Article 1069.06 to read "IDOT ITS POWER MAIN" in front of Cabinet.

Construction Requirements

The Contractor shall ascertain the work being provided by the electric utility and shall provide all additional material and work not included by other contract pay items required to complete the electric service work in complete compliance with the requirements of the utility.

No additional compensation will be allowed for work required for the electric service, even though not explicitly shown on the Drawings or specified herein.

Method of Measurement

Electric Service Installation shall be counted, each.

Basis of Payment

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION which shall be payment in full for the work specified herein.

GROUNDING OF ITS SUBSYSTEMS (D-1)

Effective: March 12, 2009

The grounding of ITS subsystems shall meet the requirements of Section 806 of the Standard Specifications. In addition, amend Article 806.03 of the Standard Specifications to include:

<u>General</u>

All ITS subsystems (ramp metering system, dynamic message sign system, system detector stations, etc.), associated equipment, and appurtenances shall be properly grounded in strict conformance with the NEC and as shown on the Plans.

Testing shall be according to Section 801. 13(a)(5) of the Standard Specifications:

- a) The grounded conductor (neutral conductor) shall be white color-coded. This conductor shall be bonded to the equipment-grounding conductor only at the Electric Service installation. All power cables shall include one neutral conductor of the same size as the phase (hot) conductors.
- b) The equipment-grounding conductor shall be green color-coded. The following is in addition to Section 801.04 of the Standard Specifications.
 - Equipment grounding conductors shall be XLP insulated No. 6, unless otherwise noted on the Plans, and bonded to the grounded conductor (neutral conductor) only at the Electric Service Installation. The equipment-grounding conductor is paid for separately and shall be continuous. The Earth shall not be used as the equipmentgrounding conductor.
 - 2) Equipment grounding connectors shall be bonded, using a listed grounding conductor, to all ramp meters, DMS, and detector cabinets, handholes, and other metallic enclosures throughout the ITS subsystems, except where noted herein. A listed electrical joint compound shall be applied to all conductor terminations, connector threads, and contact points.

<u>Materials</u>

Cabinet Components

The housing and the mounting cage assembly shall conform to those of the Model 334 cabinet provisions of the "Traffic Signal Control Equipment Specifications" (TSCES) issued by the State of California, Department of Transportation, and to all addenda thereto current at the time of project advertising. The housing shall be rainproof with the top of the enclosure crowned to prevent standing water. All exterior seams for the enclosure and doors shall be continuously welded and shall be smooth. The housing shall have no provisions for a police panel or door.

The cabinet shall have single front and rear doors, each equipped with a Corbin # 2 lock. The enclosure door frames shall be double flanged out on all 4 sides and shall have strikers to hold tension on and form a firm seal between the door gasketing and the frame. The front and rear doors shall be provided with catches to hold the door open at both 90 and 180 +/- 10 degrees. Gasketing shall be provided on all door openings and shall be dust-tight. For horizontal support and bolt attachment, cage bottom support mounting angles shall be provided on either side, level with the bottom edge of the door.

The latching handles on the doors shall have provisions for padlocking in the closed position. When the door is closed and latched, the door shall be locked. The locks and handles shall be on the right side of the front door and the left side of the rear door. The lock and lock support shall be rigidly mounted to the door. The locks shall be Corbin#2 and two keys shall be supplied to the Department with each lock. The keys shall be removable in the locked position only.

The front and rear doors shall be provided with louvered vents. A removable and reusable air filter shall be housed behind the door vents. The filter filtration area shall cover the vent opening area, and the filter shell shall be provided that fits over the filter providing mechanical support for the filter. The shell shall be louvered to direct the incoming air downward.

The intake (including filter with shell) and exhaust areas shall pass a minimum of 60 cubic feet (1.7 cubic meters) of air per minute for housing #1 and 26 cubic feet (0.74 cubic meters) of air per minute for housing #2. The thermostatically controlled fan with ball or roller bearings shall be mounted within the housing and vented. The fan shall provide a capacity of at least 150 cubic feet (4.25 cubic meters) of free air delivery per minute of ventilation. The fan shall be thermostatically controlled and activated when the temperature inside the cabinet exceeds 75° F (24° Celsius) and shut off when the temperature is less than 64° F (18° Celsius). In addition, the fan shall be manually adjustable for automatic turn on and off. The fan circuit shall be protected at 125% of the fan motor ampacity.

All subassemblies shall be mounted in removable 19 in. (482 mm) EIA self-standing rack assemblies. The EIA rack portion of the cage shall consist of 2 pairs of continuous, adjustable equipment mounting angles that comply with Standard EIA RS-310-B. The cage shall be centered within the cabinet and bolted to the cabinet at 4 points.

Each cabinet shall be equipped with 2 shelves. Shelves shall be the full width of the rack and 12 in. (300mm) deep. The shelves shall be designed to support a minimum of 50 lbs. (23 kg).

The cabinet wall thickness shall be a minimum of 3/16 inch (0.188 inch).

Foundations shall conform to those shown in the Plans. The foundation is paid for separately.

Identification

The Cabinet, Model 334 shall be identified and labeled with external markings as specified in Article 1069.06 of the Standard Specifications and as shown in the Plans. The labels shall be per cabinet designation per plansheet ITS-02. Also provide nameplates "IDOT ITS" and "IDOT RAMP METER" per plan sheet DET-05.

Construction Requirements

The Contractor shall deliver the Cabinet Model 334 mounted on a plyboard-shipping pallet that is bolted to the cabinet base. The cabinet shall be enclosed in a slipcover cardboard packaging shell. The housing doors shall be blocked to prevent movement during transportation to the site.

The Contractor shall securely fasten the Cabinet Model 334 on the new concrete foundation at the locations shown in the Plans. The Contractor shall confirm the orientation of the Cabinet Model 334 installation and its front door side with the Engineer prior to installation. Stainless steel bolted connections shall be provided with lock-washers, locking nuts, or other approved means to prevent the connection nuts from backing off. Dissimilar materials shall be isolated from one another by stainless steel fittings.

The Contractor shall make all power connections to the cabinet in accordance with the Plans and as required. The neutral bus shall be isolated from the cabinet and equipment ground. It shall terminate at the neutral lug ultimately attached to the meter pedestal. All conductors used in cabinet wiring shall terminate with properly sized non-insulated (if used, for DC logic only) or clear insulated spring-spade type terminals except when soldered to a through-panel solder lug on the rear side of the terminal block or as specified otherwise. All conductors, except those which can be readily traced, shall be labeled. Labels attached to each end of the conductor shall identify the destination of the other end of the conductor. Cabling shall be routed to prevent conductors from being in contact with metal edges. Cabling shall be arranged so that any removable assembly may be removed without disturbing conductors not associated with that assembly.

All equipment in the cabinet, when required, shall be clearly and permanently labeled using marker strips. The marker strips shall be made of material that can be easily and legibly written on using a pencil or ballpoint pen. Marker strips shall be located immediately below the item that they are to identify and must be clearly visible with the items installed.

Testing

Cabinet Acceptance Test – in addition to the environmental and design approval tests specified in the FHWA Type 170 Traffic Signal control System Hardware Specification, the following water spray test shall be performed for each type of cabinet:

Spray water from a point directly overhead at an angle of 60° from the vertical axis of the cabinet. Repeat for each of eight equally spaced positions around the cabinet for a period of five minutes in each position. The water shall be sprayed using a domestic type sprinkling nozzle at a rate of not less than 10 gal./min (40 liters/min) per square foot (0.1 meters) of surface area. The cabinet shall then be inspected for leakage. Evidence of water leakage shall be cause for rejection.

Operational Standalone Test: The operational standalone test for each Cabinet, Model 334 installed shall consist of the following:

Contractor shall pick up sign, transport them to the site and install the signs. Forty-eight (48) hours notice is required to schedule pick-up.

Sign support brackets, if not provided by the manufacturer of the sign structure, shall be provided under this pay item.

Method of Measurement

Type 1, Type 2, or Type 3 sign panels shall be measured for payment in square feet. The area used for measurement shall be the areas of the smallest rectangle that will circumscribe each individual sign panel. The sign structures will be paid for separately.

Basis of Payment

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot for INSTALL SIGN PANEL – TYPE 3 (EXPRESSWAY)

FIBER OPTIC CABLE, SINGLE MODE <u>Description</u>

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing loose-tube, single-mode, fiber optic cable of the number of fibers shown in the Plans and as directed by the Engineer. The cable shall be capable of being installed via jetting in a **micro**conduit system.

Other ancillary components, required to complete the fiber optic cable plant, including but not limited to, moisture and water sealants, cable caps, delineator post, etc., shall be included in the cost of fiber optic cable and will not be paid for separately.

<u>Materials</u>

The single-mode, fiber optic cable shall incorporate a loose, buffer-tube design. The cable shall be an accepted product of the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Utilities Service (RUS) 7 CFR 1755.900 and meet the requirements of ANSI/ICEA Standard for Fiber Optic Outside Plant Communications Cable, ANSI/ICEA S-87-640-1999 for a single sheathed, non-armored cable, and shall be new, unused and of current design and manufacture.

Physical Construction		
Requirement	Units	Value
Cable Diameter	mm	8.6 (max)
Buffer Tube Diameter	mm	1.5
Colored Fiber Nominal Diameter	μm	253 – 259
Mode Field Diameter (1310 nm)	μm	9.2 ± 0.4
Mode Field Diameter (1550 nm)	μm	10.4 ± 0.5
Minimum Bending Radius (Installation)	mm	170

Optical Characteristic	S			
Requirement			Units	Value
Cabled Fiber Attenuatio	n	1310 nm	dB/km	< 0.4
ĺ		1550 nm		< 0.3
Point Discontinuity	Point Discontinuity		dB	< 0.1
		1550 nm		< 0.1
Macrobend Attenuation	Turn	Mandrel	dB	
	1	32 ± 2 mm		< 0.05 at 1550 nm
	100	50 ± 2 mm		< 0.05 at 1310 nm
	100	50 ± 2 mm		< 0.10 at 1550 nm
	100	60 ± 2 mm		< 0.05 at 1550 nm
	100	60 ± 2 mm		< 0.05 at 1625 nm
Cable Cutoff Wavelength (Xccf)		nm	< 1260	
Zero Dispersion Wavelength (Xo))	nm	1302 < Xo < 1322
Zero Dispersion Slope (So)			ps/(nm2•k	< 0.089
Total Dispersion		1550 nm	ps/(nm•km)	< 3.5
		1285-1330		< 17.5
		1625 nm		< 21.5
Cabled Polarization Mode Dispersion		ps/km-2	< 0.2	
IEEE 802.3 GbE – 1300 nm Laser Distance		m	up to 5000	
Water Peak Attenuation: 1383 ± 3 nm		dB/km	< 0.4	

Cable Construction

The number of fibers in each cable shall be as specified in the Plans.

Optical fibers shall be placed inside a loose buffer tube. The nominal outer diameter of the buffer tube shall be 1.5 mm maximum. Each buffer tube shall contain up to 12 fibers. The fibers shall not adhere to the inside of the buffer tube.

Each fiber shall be distinguishable by means of color coding in accordance with TIA/EIA-598-B, "Optical Fiber Cable Color Coding." The fibers shall be colored with ultraviolet (UV) curable inks.

Buffer tubes containing fibers shall be color coded with distinct and recognizable colors in accordance with TIA/EIA-598-B, "Optical Fiber Cable Color Coding."

Optical Patch Corda and Pigtails

The optical patch cords and pigtails shall comply with the following:

- The optical patch cords shall consist of a section of single fiber, jacketed cable equipped with optical connectors on both ends.
- The factory installed connector furnished as part of the optical patch cords and pigtails shall meet or exceed the requirements for approved connectors specified herein.
- The twelve fiber single mode fiber optic cable shall be installed as a pigtail with factory installed SC compatible connectors.
- The patch cords shall comply with Telcordia GR-326-CORE

Connectors

The optical connectors shall comply with the following:

- All connectors shall be factory installed **SC** compatible connectors. Field installed connectors shall not be allowed
- Maximum attenuation 0.4dB, typical 0.2dB.
- No more than 02dB increase in attenuation after 1000 insertions.
- Attenuation of all connectors will be checked and recorded at the time of installation with an insertion test minimum 5 times checked with OTDR.
- All fibers shall be connectorized at each end,
- All fibers shall terminate at a fiber patch panel.
- Unused fibers will pe protected with a plastic cap to eliminate dust and moisture.
- Termination shall be facilitated by splicing factory OEM pigtails on the end of the bare fiber utilizing the fusion splicing method. Pigtails shall be one meter in length.

Fiber Optic Splice Closures

Splice closures shall be designed for use under the most severe conditions such as moisture, vibration, impact, cable stress and flex temperature extremes as demonstrated by successfully passing the factory test procedures and minimum specifications listed below:

Physical Requirements. The closures shall provide ingress for up to four cables in a butt configuration. The closure shall prevent the intrusion of water without the use of encapsulates.

The closure shall be capable of accommodating splice organizer trays that accept mechanical or fusion splices. The splice closure shall have provisions for storing fiber splices in an orderly manner, mountings for splice organizer assemblies, and space for excess or unspliced fiber. Splice organizers shall be re-enterable. The splice case shall be UL rated.

FRICTION AGGREGATE (D1)

Effective: January 1, 2011 Revised: December 1, 2021

Revise Article 1004.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1004.03 Coarse Aggregate for Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA). The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

(a) Description. The coarse aggregate for HMA shall be according to the following table.

Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allowed	
Class A	Seal or Cover	Allowed Alone or in Combination ^{5/} :	
		Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag Crushed Concrete	
HMA	Stabilized Subbase	Allowed Alone or in Combination ^{5/} :	
Low ESAL	or Shoulders	Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag ^{1/} Crushed Concrete	
HMA High ESAL	Binder IL-19.0	Allowed Alone or in Combination ^{5/6/} :	
Low ESAL	or IL-19.0L SMA Binder	Carbonate Crushed Stone ^{2/}	
		Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Concrete ^{3/}	

Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allow	red
Use HMA High ESAL Low ESAL HMA High ESAL	Mixture C Surface and Binder IL-9.5 IL-9.5FG or IL-9.5L D Surface and Binder IL-9.5 or IL-9.5FG	Aggregates Allow Allowed Alone or Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushe Crystalline Crushe Crushed Sandsto Crushed Slag (AC Crushed Steel Sla Crushed Concrete Allowed Alone or Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crush Limestone) ^{2/} Crystalline Crushe Crushed Sandsto	ed <u>in Combination</u> ^{5/} : ed Stone ^{2/} ed Stone ne CBF) ag ^{4/} <u>e^{3/}</u> <u>in Combination</u> ^{5/} : ed Stone (other than ed Stone ne
		Crushed Slag (AC Crushed Steel Sla Other Combinatio Up to 25% Limestone 50% Limestone 75% Limestone	CBF) ag ^{4/} <u>With</u> Dolomite Any Mixture D aggregate other than Dolomite Crushed Slag (ACBF) or Crushed Sandstone
HMA High ESAL	E Surface IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface	Allowed Alone or in Combination 5/ 6/: Crushed Gravel Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag No Limestone. Other Combinations Allowed: Up to With 50% Dolomite ^{2/} Any Mixture E aggregate	

Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allowed		
		75% Dolomite ^{2/}	Crushed Sandstone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), Crushed Steel Slag, or Crystalline Crushed Stone	
		75% Crushed Gravel ^{2/}	Crushed Sandstone, Crystalline Crushed Stone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), or Crushed Steel Slag	
HMA	F Surface	Allowed Alone or	or in Combination ^{5/6/} : shed Stone tone ACBF) Slag	
High ESAL	IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface	Crystalline Crush Crushed Sandsto Crushed Slag (A0 Crushed Steel Sla No Limestone.		
		Other Combinations Allowed:		
		Up to	With	
		50% Crushed Gravel ^{2/} or Dolomite ^{2/}	Crushed Sandstone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), Crushed Steel Slag, or Crystalline Crushed Stone	

- 1/ Crushed steel slag allowed in shoulder surface only.
- 2/ Carbonate crushed stone (limestone) and/or crushed gravel shall not be used in SMA Ndesign 80.
- 3/ Crushed concrete will not be permitted in SMA mixes.
- 4/ Crushed steel slag shall not be used as binder.
- 5/ When combinations of aggregates are used, the blend percent measurements shall be by volume."
- 6/ Combining different types of aggregate will not be permitted in SMA Ndesign 80."

HOT-MIX ASPHALT – MIXTURE DESIGN VERIFICATION AND PRODUCTION (D1)

Effective: January 1, 2019 Revised: December 1, 2021

Add to Article 1030.05 (d)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

" During mixture design, prepared samples shall be submitted to the District laboratory by the Contractor for verification testing. The required testing, and number and size of prepared samples submitted, shall be according to the following tables.

High ESAL – Required Samples for Verification Testing		
Mixture	Hamburg Wheel and I-FIT Testing ^{1/2/}	
Binder	total of 3 - 160 mm tall bricks	
Surface total of 4 - 160 mm tall bricks		

Low ESAL – Required Samples for Verification Testing		
Mixture	I-FIT Testing ^{1/2/}	
Binder	1 - 160 mm tall brick	
Surface	2 - 160 mm tall bricks	

- 1/ The compacted gyratory bricks for Hamburg wheel and I-FIT testing shall be 7.5 ± 0.5 percent air voids.
- 2/ If the Contractor does not possess the equipment to prepare the 160 mm tall brick(s), twice as many 115 mm tall compacted gyratory bricks will be acceptable.

Revise the fourth paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When a test strip is not required, each HMA mixture shall still be sampled on the first day of production: I-FIT and Hamburg wheel testing for High ESAL; I-FIT testing for Low ESAL. Within two working days after sampling the mixture, the Contractor shall deliver gyratory cylinders to the District laboratory for Department verification testing. The High ESAL mixture test results shall meet the requirements of Articles 1030.05(d)(3) and 1030.05(d)(4). The Low ESAL mixture test results shall meet the requirements of Article 1030.05(d)(4). The required number and size of prepared samples submitted for the Hamburg wheel and I-FIT testing shall be according to the "High ESAL - Required Samples for Verification Testing" table in Article 1030.05(d)(3) above."

Add the following to the end of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Mixture sampled during first day of production shall include approximately 60 lb (27 kg) of additional material for the Department to conduct Hamburg wheel testing and approximately 80 lb (36 kg) of additional material for the Department to conduct I-FIT testing. Within two working days after sampling, the Contractor shall deliver prepared samples to the District laboratory for verification testing. The required number and size of prepared samples submitted for the Hamburg wheel and I-FIT testing shall be according to the "High ESAL - Required Samples for Verification Testing" table in Article 1030.05(d)(3) above."