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Letting November 5, 2021

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



**Contract No. 61H22
DUPAGE County
Section 19-DCCSS-03-TL
Various Routes
Project IDLD-702 ()
District 1 Construction Funds**

Prepared by

Checked by

F

(Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)



- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. November 5, 2021 at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK.** The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 61H22
DUPAGE County
Section 19-DCCSS-03-TL
Project IDLD-702 ()
Various Routes
District 1 Construction Funds**

Traffic signal improvements at various locations in DuPage County

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.

(b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS.** This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to re-advertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman, P.E.
Secretary

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FOR
SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2021

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 4-1-16) (Revised 1-1-21)

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BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following special provisions indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Pg.</u>	<u>Special Provision Title</u>	<u>Effective</u>	<u>Revised</u>
80099		Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	April 1, 2020
80274		Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80192		Automated Flagger Assistance Device	Jan. 1, 2008	
80173		Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2017
80246		Bituminous Surface Treatment with Fog Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	
80436	95	X Blended Finely Divided Minerals	April 1, 2021	
80241		Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	
50261		Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable and Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50481		Building Removal-Case II (Non-Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50491		Building Removal-Case III (Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
50531		Building Removal-Case IV (No Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
80425		Cape Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2021
80384	96	X Compensable Delay Costs	June 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
80198		Completion Date (via calendar days)	April 1, 2008	
80199		Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008	
80293		Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 Feet	April 1, 2012	July 1, 2016
80311		Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2016
80261		Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
80387		Contrast Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking	Nov. 1, 2017	
80434		Corrugated Plastic Pipe (Culvert and Storm Sewer)	Jan. 1, 2021	
80029	100	X Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	Mar. 2, 2019
80402	110	X Disposal Fees	Nov. 1, 2018	
80378		Dowel Bar Inserter	Jan. 1, 2017	Jan. 1, 2018
80421		Electric Service Installation	Jan. 1, 2020	
80415		Emulsified Asphalts	Aug. 1, 2019	
80423		Engineer's Field Office Laboratory	Jan. 1, 2020	
80229		Fuel Cost Adjustment	April 1, 2009	Aug. 1, 2017
80417		Geotechnical Fabric for Pipe Underdrains and French Drains	Nov. 1, 2019	
80420		Geotextile Retaining Walls	Nov. 1, 2019	
80433		Green Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Markings	Jan. 1, 2021	
80304		Grooving for Recessed Pavement Markings	Nov. 1, 2012	Nov. 1, 2020
80422		High Tension Cable Median Barrier	Jan. 1, 2020	Nov. 1, 2020
80416		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Binder and Surface Course	July 2, 2019	Nov. 1, 2019
80398		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Longitudinal Joint Sealant	Aug. 1, 2018	Nov. 1, 2019
80406		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Mixture Design Verification and Production (Modified for I-FIT)	Jan. 1, 2019	July 1, 2021
80347		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Pay for Performance Using Percent Within Limits – Jobsite Sampling	Nov. 1, 2014	July 2, 2019
80383		Hot-Mix Asphalt – Quality Control for Performance	April 1, 2017	July 2, 2019
80411		Luminaires, LED	April 1, 2019	July 1, 2021
80393		Manholes, Valve Vaults, and Flat Slab Tops	Jan. 1, 2018	Mar. 1, 2019
80045		Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Aug. 1, 2014
80418		Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Nov. 1, 2019	Nov. 1, 2020
80424		Micro-Surfacing and Slurry Sealing	Jan. 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2021
80428	112	X Mobilization	April 1, 2020	
80412		Obstruction Warning Luminaires, LED	Aug. 1, 2019	
80430	113	X Portland Cement Concrete – Haul Time	July 1, 2020	
80359		Portland Cement Concrete Bridge Deck Curing	April 1, 2015	Nov. 1, 2019
80431		Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Patching	July 1, 2020	
80432		Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Placement	July 1, 2020	

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Pg.</u>	<u>Special Provision Title</u>	<u>Effective</u>	<u>Revised</u>
80300		Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Type D - Inlaid	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
34261		Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2006
80157		Railroad Protective Liability Insurance (5 and 10)	Jan. 1, 2006	
80306		Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) and Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)	Nov. 1, 2012	Jan. 2, 2021
80407	114	X Removal and Disposal of Regulated Substances	Jan. 1, 2019	Jan. 1, 2020
80419		Silt Fence, Inlet Filters, Ground Stabilization and Riprap Filter Fabric	Nov. 1, 2019	July 1, 2021
80395		Sloped Metal End Section for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2018	
80340		Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2017
80127		Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2014	Aug. 1, 2017
80408		Steel Plate Beam Guardrail Manufacturing	Jan. 1, 2019	
80413		Structural Timber	Aug. 1, 2019	
80397	125	X Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	
80391	126	X Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	Nov. 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
80437		Submission of Payroll Records	April 1, 2021	
80435		Surface Testing of Pavements – IRI	Jan. 1, 2021	April 1, 2021
80298		Temporary Pavement Marking	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2017
80409	127	X Traffic Control Devices – Cones	Jan. 1, 2019	
80410		Traffic Spotters	Jan. 1, 2019	
20338		Training Special Provisions	Oct. 15, 1975	Sept. 2, 2021
80318		Traversable Pipe Grate for Concrete End Sections	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2018
80429		Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	April 1, 2020	
* 80439	128	X Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights	Nov. 1, 2021	
80288		Warm Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
* 80440		Waterproofing Membrane System	Nov. 1, 2021	
* 80302	129	X Weekly DBE Trucking Reports	June 2, 2012	Nov. 1, 2021
80414		Wood Fence Sight Screen	Aug. 1, 2019	April 1, 2020
80427	130	X Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	Mar. 2, 2020	
80071	132	X Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	

The following special provisions are in the 2021 Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions.

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Special Provision Title</u>	<u>New Location(s)</u>	<u>Effective</u>	<u>Revised</u>
80277	Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided	Check Sheet #37	Jan. 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80405	Elastomeric Bearings	Article 1083.01	Jan. 1, 2019	
80388	Equipment Parking and Storage	Article 701.11	Nov. 1, 2017	
80165	Moisture Cured Urethane Paint System	Article 1008.06	Nov. 1, 2006	Jan. 1, 2010
80349	Pavement Marking Blackout Tape	Articles 701.04, 701.19(f), 701.20(j) and 1095.06	Nov. 1, 2014	April 1, 2016
80371	Pavement Marking Removal	Articles 783.02-783.04, 783.06 and 1101.13	July 1, 2016	
80389	Portland Cement Concrete	Article 1020.04 Table 1 and Note 4	Nov. 1, 2017	
80403	Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special	Articles 631.04 and 631.12	Nov. 1, 2018	

The following special provisions have been deleted from use.

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Special Provision Title</u>	<u>Effective</u>	<u>Revised</u>
80317	Surface Testing of Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlays	Jan 1, 2013	Aug. 1, 2019

STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted April 1, 2016, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways" and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of the DuPage County Central Signal System Expansion 3, Section 19-DCCSS-03-TL, in DuPage County, and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

DuPage County Central Signal System Expansion 3
Section: 19-DCCSS-03-TL
Project No.: IDLD(702)
Job No.: C-91-220-21
County: DuPage
Contract No.: 61H22

LOCATION OF PROJECT

The project is located at the intersections and/or locations listed below. All work is located in DuPage County, Illinois within the townships of Wayne, Bloomingdale, Milton, Naperville, Lisle, and Downers Grove and the villages/cities of Aurora, Darien, Naperville, Wheaton, Bartlett, Bloomingdale, Carol Stream, Clarendon Hills, Downers Grove, Glendale Heights, Hanover Park, Hinsdale, Lemont, Lisle, Roselle, Westmont, Willowbrook, Winfield and Woodridge. See location map on cover of plans.

Intersections and/or Locations:

PLAINFIELD ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

PLAINFIELD RD AND FAIRMOUNT AVE
PLAINFIELD RD AND MANNING RD
PLAINFIELD RD AND 75TH ST
PLAINFIELD RD AND FIRE STATION ENT
PLAINFIELD RD AND CLARENDON HILLS RD
PLAINFIELD RD AND HIGH RD

63RD STREET CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

HOBSON RD AND WOODRIDGE DR
63RD ST AND I-355 SB RAMPS
63RD ST AND I-355 NB RAMPS
63RD ST AND LEONARD AVE/WESTWOOD SC
63RD ST AND BELMONT RD
63RD ST AND WOODWARD AVE
63RD ST AND SPRINGSIDE AVE
63RD ST AND DUNHAM RD
63RD ST AND MAIN ST

63RD ST AND FAIRVIEW AVE
63RD ST AND WILLIAM ST
63RD ST AND SUFFIELD CT/MARIANO'S ENT
63RD ST AND CASS AVE
63RD ST AND RIDGE RD

CHICAGO AVE/MAPLE AVENUE/55TH STREET CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

CHICAGO AVE AND CHARLES AVE
CHICAGO AVE AND OLESEN DR
CHICAGO AVE/MAPLE AVE AND NAPER BLVD
MAPLE AVE AND STEEPLE RUN DR/BENEDICTINE PKWY
MAPLE AVE AND IBU ENT/BENEDICTINE ACADEMY ENT
MAPLE AVE AND YACKLEY AVE/COLLEGE RD
MAPLE AVE AND BURR OAK RD
MAPLE AVE AND PATTON DR/LAKE DR
MAPLE AVE AND PRIMROSE AVE
MAPLE AVE AND I-355 SB RAMPS
MAPLE AVE AND I-355 NB RAMPS
MAPLE AVE AND WALNUT AVE
MAPLE AVE AND BELMONT RD
MAPLE AVE/55TH ST AND DUNHAM RD/MAPLE AVE
55TH ST AND MAIN ST
55TH ST AND FAIRVIEW AVE
55TH ST AND CASS AVE
55TH ST AND CLARENDON HILLS RD
55TH ST AND HOLMES AVE
55TH ST AND IL 83 SB RAMPS
55TH ST AND IL 83 NB RAMPS
55TH ST AND MADISON ST
55TH ST AND GRANT ST
55TH ST AND GARFIELD AVE
55TH ST AND COUNTY LINE RD

JEWELL ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

COUNTY FARM RD AND JEWELL RD
JEWELL RD AND PLEASANT HILL RD
GARY AVE AND JEWELL RD
GARY AVE AND THOMAS RD
GARY AVE AND GENEVA RD

ARMY TRAIL ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

ARMY TRAIL RD AND PETERSDORF RD
ARMY TRAIL RD AND GERBER RD
ARMY TRAIL RD AND FAIR OAKS RD
ARMY TRAIL RD AND SPRING VALLEY DR
ARMY TRAIL RD AND WOODLAKE DR

ARMY TRAIL RD AND COUNTY FARM RD
ARMY TRAIL RD AND CLIPPER DR
ARMY TRAIL RD AND KUHN RD/MADSEN DR
ARMY TRAIL RD AND MERBACH DR

SCHICK ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

SCHICK RD AND MALLARD LN
SCHICK RD AND THORN RD

EOLA ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

EOLA RD AND LIBERTY ST
EOLA RD AND JEWEL ENT/SHEFFER RD
EOLA RD AND AURORA RD/INDIAN TRAIL RD
EOLA RD AND STONEBRIDGE BLVD/HAVERHILL DR
EOLA RD AND MOLITOR RD/METEA HS S ENT
EOLA RD AND MUSTANG WAY
EOLA RD AND DIEHL RD
EOLA RD AND FERRY RD/BILTER RD
DIEHL RD AND I-88 EB RAMPS
BILTER RD AND I-88 WB RAMPS

IL ROUTE 59 CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

IL RTE 59 AND 75TH ST

COUNTY FARM ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

COUNTY FARM RD AND BIRCHBARK TR
COUNTY FARM RD AND LIES RD
COUNTY FARM RD AND KELLY DR
COUNTY FARM RD AND SCHICK RD

GARY AVENUE CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

GARY AVE AND SCHICK RD
GARY AVE AND GLENWOOD DR
GARY AVE AND LAWERENCE AVE
GARY AVE AND CENTRAL AVE
GARY AVE AND TRAVIS PKWY

WEHRLI ROAD/COLLEGE ROAD/YACKLEY AVENUE CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

WEHRLI RD AND 75TH ST
WEHRLI RD/COLLEGE RD AND HOBSON RD
COLLEGE RD AND GREEN TRAILS RD
COLLEGE RD AND ABBEYWOOD DR
COLLEGE RD AND IBU ENTRANCE
YACKLEY AVE AND OHIO ST

BLOOMINGDALE ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

BLOOMINGDALE RD AND ARMY TRAIL RD
BLOOMINGDALE RD AND GREENWAY DR
BLOOMINGDALE RD AND EDGEWATER DR
BLOOMINGDALE RD AND FAIRFIELD WAY
BLOOMINDGALE RD AND SCHICK RD

BELMONT ROAD CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

BELMONT RD AND HOBSON RD/59TH ST
BELMONT RD AND CURTISS ST
BELMONT RD AND HADDOW AVE
BELMONT RD AND PRAIRIE AVE

LEMONT ROAD/MAIN STREET CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

LEMONT RD AND DAVEY RD
LEMONT RD AND INTERNATIONAL PKWY
LEMONT RD AND 101ST ST
LEMONT RD AND WESTGATE RD/97TH ST
LEMONT RD AND FRONTAGE RD/CHEESE RD AND TIMBER TRAILS RD
LEMONT RD AND 87TH ST
LEMONT RD AND 83RD ST
LEMONT RD AND DUNHAM RD/SC
MAIN ST AND 67TH ST
MAIN ST AND 59TH ST

CASS AVENUE CORRIDOR INTERSECTIONS

CASS AVE AND 67TH ST
CASS AVE AND 65TH ST
CASS AVE AND 59TH ST

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The work includes, but is not limited to, the installation of new conduit, handholes, and fiber optic interconnect cable to connect existing traffic signal controllers to the existing DuPage County Central System network. The work also includes the installation of new PTZ cameras, Layer II (Data Link) switches, Layer III (Network) switches, new traffic signal controllers and cabinets and all incidental and collateral work necessary to complete the project as shown on the plans and described herein. This project shall require the maintenance of existing traffic signal installations.

COORDINATION WITH THE CITY OF AURORA

For construction on or adjacent to any City roadways, the Contractor will be required to contact the City of Aurora, as listed below, to notify them one week prior to construction of any work on or adjacent to their right of way.

The Contractor is responsible for meeting all requirements of the city of Aurora which can be found at <https://www.Aurora-il.org/858/New-Development>. The Contractor is to contact the City of Aurora to determine any requirements not listed herein. The City Engineer is:

Ken Schroth
Director of Public Works
City of Aurora
1826 Barber Greene Road
DeKalb, Illinois 60115
(630) 256-3200
kschroth@aurora-il.org

PROJECT SPECIFIC SPECIAL PROVISIONS

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (D-1)

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

<u>STANDARDS:</u> 701006	701011	701101	701106
701301	701311	701426	701427
701501	701502	701601	701602
701606	701701	701801	701901

DETAILS:

- Traffic Control and Protection for Side Roads, Intersections, and Driveways (TC-10)
- Traffic Control and Protection at Turn Bays (to remain open to traffic) (TC-14)
- Traffic Control for Freeway Shoulder Closures and Partial Ramp Closures (TC-17)
- Arterial Road Information Sign (TC-22)

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

- Maintenance of Roadways (Dist 1)
- Temporary Information Signing (Dist 1)
- Public Convenience and Safety (Dist 1)
- Keeping Arterial Roadways Open to Traffic (Lane Closures Only) (Dist 1)
- Traffic Control Devices – Cones (BDE)
- Work Zone Traffic Control Devices (BDE)
- Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights (BDE)

MAINTENANCE OF ROADWAYS (D-1)

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be

paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications. cations.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (D-1)

Effective: May 1, 2012

Revised: July 15, 2012

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“If the holiday is on a Saturday or Sunday, and is legally observed on a Friday or Monday, the length of Holiday Period for Monday or Friday shall apply.”

Add the following sentence after the Holiday Period table in the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“The Length of Holiday Period for Thanksgiving shall be from 5:00 AM the Wednesday prior to 11:59 PM the Sunday After”

Delete the fifth paragraph of Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications:

“On weekends, excluding holidays, roadways with Average Daily Traffic of 25,000 or greater, all lanes shall be open to traffic from 3:00 P.M. Friday to midnight Sunday except where structure construction or major rehabilitation makes it impractical.”

KEEPING ARTERIAL ROADWAYS OPEN TO TRAFFIC (LANE CLOSURES ONLY) (D-1)

Effective: January 22, 2003

Revised: August 10, 2017

The Contractor shall provide the necessary traffic control devices to warn the public and to delineate the work zone as required in these Special Provisions, the Standard Specifications, the State Standards, and the District Details.

Arterial lane closures shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications, Highway Standards, District Details, and the direction of the Engineer. The Contractor shall request and gain approval from the Engineer seventy-two (72) hours in advance of all long-term (24 hrs. or longer) lane closures.

Arterial lane closures not shown in the staging plans will not be permitted during **peak traffic volume hours**.

Peak traffic volume hours are defined as weekdays (Monday through Friday) from **6:00 AM to 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM to 6:00 PM**.

Private vehicles shall not be parked in the work zone. Contractor’s equipment and/or vehicles shall not be parked on the shoulders or in the median during non-working hours. The parking of equipment and/or vehicles on State right-of-way will only be permitted at locations approved by the Engineer in accordance with Articles 701.08 and 701.11 of the Standard Specifications.

Should the Contractor fail to completely open and keep open all the traffic lanes to traffic in accordance with the limitations specified above, the Contractor shall be liable to the Department for the amount of:

One lane or ramp blocked = \$ 1,000

Two lanes blocked = \$ 2,500

Not as a penalty but as liquidated and ascertained damages for each and every 15 minute interval or a portion thereof that a lane is blocked outside the allowable time limitations. Such damages may be deducted by the Department from any monies due the Contractor. These damages shall apply during the contract time and during any extensions of the contract time.

STATUS OF UTILITIES (D-1)

Effective: June 1, 2016

Revised: January 1, 2020

Utility companies and/or municipal owners located within the construction limits of this project have provided the following information regarding their facilities and the proposed improvements. The tables below contain a description of specific conflicts to be resolved and/or facilities which will require some action on the part of the Department's contractor to proceed with work. Each table entry includes an identification of the action necessary and, if applicable, the estimated duration required for the resolution.

UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

Conflicts noted below have been identified by following the suggested staging plan included in the contract. The company has been notified of all conflicts and will be required to obtain the necessary permits to complete their work; in some instances, resolution will be a function of the construction staging. The responsible agency must relocate, or complete new installations as noted below; this work has been deemed necessary to be complete for the Department's contractor to then work in the stage under which the item has been listed.

No conflicts anticipated.

UTILITIES TO BE WATCHED AND PROTECTED

The areas of concern noted below have been identified by following the suggested staging plan included for the contract. The information provided is not a comprehensive list of all remaining utilities, but those which during coordination were identified as ones which might require the Department's contractor to take into consideration when making the determination of the means and methods that would be required to construct the proposed improvement. In some instances, the contractor will be responsible to notify the owner in advance of the work to take place so necessary staffing on the owner's part can be secured.

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER	Action
Jewell Rd – North side of road from County Farm Rd to Pleasant Hill Rd	Water	Existing 8" watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Winfield	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Jewell Rd – North side of road from	Sewer	Existing 10" sanitary sewer. Contractor will be constructing	Village of Winfield	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the

County Farm Rd to Pleasant Hill Rd		underground conduit.		utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Bloomington Rd – East side of road from Dunteman Dr to Aprina Ct	Water	Existing 8” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Bloomington	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Schick Rd – South side of road from Mallard Ln to Thorn Rd	Water	Existing 12” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Bloomington	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Central Ave – Along south side of road, running east and west at intersection with Gary Ave	Fiber	Existing fiber optic cable. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Keeneyville Elem. School Dist. 20	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Cass Ave – 58 th St to 400’ north	Water	Existing watermain of unknown size and location. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Flagg Creek Water Reclamation District	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
55 th St – IL Rte 83 (East Ramp) to County Line Rd	Water	Existing watermain of unknown size and location. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Flagg Creek Water Reclamation District	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Eola Rd – 280’ north of north edge of RR tracks	Sewer	Existing 16” interceptor. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Fox Metro Water Reclamation District	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
New York St – North side of road from Commons Dr to Station Blvd	Sewer	Existing 30” interceptor. Contractor will be constructing	Fox Metro Water Reclamation District	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing

		underground conduit.		the underground improvements.
Plainfield Rd – North side of road from 75 th ST to High Rd	Water	Existing 42” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Central Ave – Along south side of road, running east and west at intersection with Gary Ave	Water	Existing 30” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Bloomington Rd – East side of road from Greenway Dr to Edgewater Dr	Water	Existing 30” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Belmont Rd – Along south side of road, running east and west at intersection with 59 th St/Hobson Rd	Water	Existing 36” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Hobson Rd – South side of road from Woodridge Dr to Prentince Dr	Water	Existing 30” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
63 rd St – Along north side of road from Grand Ave to Fairview Ave	Water	Existing 48” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Maple St – Along south side of road from Chase Ave east to Downers Grove water tower.	Water	Existing 16-24” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.

75 th St – Along north side of road, running east and west at intersection with Wehrli Rd	Water	Existing 30” watermain. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	DuPage Water Commission	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
55th St – North side of road from IL Rte 83 (East Ramp) to Madison St	Sewer	Existing combined sewer (variable size & location). Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Hinsdale	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
55th St – South side of road from Madison St to Garfield St	Sewer	Existing combined sewer (variable size & location). Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Hinsdale	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
55th St – North side of road from Garfield St to County Line Rd	Sewer	Existing combined sewer (variable size & location). Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Hinsdale	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
55th St – North side of road from IL Rte 83 (East Ramp) to Madison St	Water	Existing watermain (variable size & location). Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Hinsdale	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
55th St – South side of road from Madison St to Garfield St	Water	Existing watermain (variable size & location). Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Village of Hinsdale	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Plainfield Rd – North side of road from 75 th ST to High Rd	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Grant St – Along east side of road,	Gas	Existing 6” gas main. Contractor will be	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate

running north and south at intersection with 55 th St		constructing underground conduit.		closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Cass Ave – Along east side of road, running north and south at intersection with 65 th St	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
New York St – North side of road from Mall Entrance No.6 to IL 59	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Eola Rd – East side of road from New York St to Waterstone Dr	Gas	Existing 6” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Commons Dr – Along east and west side of road, running north and south at intersection with New York St	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Station Blvd – Along west side of road, running north and south at intersection with New York St	Gas	Existing 2” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Army Trail Rd – Along south side of road, running east and west at intersection with County Farm Rd	Gas	Existing 8” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Flagg Creek Water Reclamation District	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Schick Rd – South side of road from County Line Rd to Chandler Dr	Gas	Existing 6” gas main. Contractor will be constructing	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner

		underground conduit.		when installing the underground improvements.
Gary Ave – East side of road from US 20 to 500’ north	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Schick Rd – South side of road from Ring Neck Ln to Gary Ave	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Belmont Rd – East side of road from 63 rd St to Curtiss St	Gas	Existing 2-8” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Maple Ave – South side of road from Walnut Ave to Belmont Rd	Gas	Existing 8” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Lemont Rd – West side of road from Internationale Pkwy to 450’ north	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Main St – West side of road from Pinewood Dr Ave to 67 th St	Gas	Existing 2” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Main St – West side of road from 59 th St to 55 th St	Gas	Existing 2” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing

				the underground improvements.
63 rd St – South side of road from Cass Ave to 200' west	Gas	Existing 8" gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Cass Ave – East and West side of road from 63 rd St to 55 th St	Gas	Existing 12" (west side) & 4" (east side) gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Plainfield Rd – South side of road from Highland Ave to Manning Rd	Gas	Existing 12" gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Plainfield Rd – North side of road from 75 th St to High Rd	Gas	Existing 4" gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Hobson Rd – South side of road from Woodridge Dr to I-355	Gas	Existing 4" turns into 12" gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
55 th St – North side of road from Garfield St to County Line Rd	Gas	Existing 16" (north side) 2"-6" (south side) gas mains. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Gary Ave – East side of road from Jewell Rd to Geneva Rd	Gas	Existing 4" gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.

Jewell Rd – North side of road from County Farm Rd to Pleasant Hill Rd	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Wehrli Rd – South side of road from 75 th St to Hobson Rd	Gas	Existing 2” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Yackley Ave – East side of road from Maple Ave to Ohio St	Gas	Existing 4” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Maple Ave – South side of road from Steeple Run Dr to 250’ west	Gas	Existing 10” gas main. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Nicor	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Lemont Rd – West side of road from Internationale Pkwy to 400’ north	Fiber	Existing fiber optic cable. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Lumen (Level 3/Centurylink)	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.
Lemont Rd/Main St – West side of road from Dunham Rd to 67 th St	Fiber	Existing fiber optic cable. Contractor will be constructing underground conduit.	Lumen (Level 3/Centurylink)	Contractor shall coordinate closely with the utility owner when installing the underground improvements.

No facilities requiring extra consideration (*or listed as noted above*).

The following contact information is what was used during the preparation of the plans as provided by the owner of the facility.

Agency/Company Responsible to Resolve Conflict	Name of Contact	Phone	E-mail Address
Wide Open West	Paul Flinkow – Construction Engineer	630-803-9660	paul.flinkow@wowinc.com
BP Pipelines/Salem Land	Jason Liesberger - ROW agent representing BP Pipelines (North America)	312-401-0327	jason.liesberger@bp.com
ATT / T (Transmission)/K CI Technologies	Ken Caudill – Designer-Engineering	630-383-9249	ken.caudill@kci.com
ATT Distribution	Janet C. Ahern – Manager – OSP Planning & Engineering Design, AT&T Technology Operation, Construction and Engineering	630-573-6414	ja1763@att.com
Aurora, City of	Mike Houston	331-254-2026	mhouston@aurora-il.org
Bloomington Twsp Hwy Dept	Robert Nogan – Director of Facilities	630-529-5221	hwytwsp@ameritech.net
Bloomington, Village of	Robert Prohaska – Village Engineer	630-671-5671	prohaskar@vil.bloomington.il.us
Bartlett, Village of	Bob Allen – Village Engineer	630-837-0811	rallen@vbartlett.org
ComEd	Likowo Ndobedi – ComEd Public Relocation	847-816-5239	likowo.ndobedi@comed.com
Clarendon Hills, Village of	Joe Ferrel – Operations Superintendent	630-286-4750	jferrel@clarendonhills.us
Comcast	Martha Gieras – Administrative Assistant, ROW Dept	224-229-5862	martha_gieras@comcast.com
Crown Castle	Nick Belinsky – Utility Coordinator Fiber Records – 811 Services	724-416-2449	nicholas.belinsky@crowncastle.com
Carol Stream, Village of	William N. Cleveland, P.E. – Director of Engineering Services	630-868-2260	bcleveland@carolstream.org
Ill American Water	Charles Schaefer	618-239-3273	charles.schaefer@amwater.com
Darien, City of	Daniel Gombac – Director of Municipal Services	630-852-5000	dgombac@darienil.gov
DuPage County DOT	William C. Edison, P.E. - Traffic Engineer	630-407-6900	william.eidson@dupageco.org

DuPage Co. Public Works	Scott McMahon – Utility Locator – Water Systems Division	630-407-6800	scott.mcmahon@dupageco.org
Downers Grove Twsp Highway Dept	Andy Anderson	630-816-6119	lawerence.anderson@dgtownship.com
Downers Grove Sanit. Dist.	Keith Shaffner – Sewer Construction Supervisor	630-969-0664	kshaffner@dgsd.org
DuPage Water Commission	Ken Niles – Utility Coordinator	630-834-0100	niles@dpwc.org
Downers Grove, Village of	John M. Welch, PE, CFM – Assistant Director of Public Works	630-434-5494	jwelch@downers.us
Everstream GLC Holding Co LLC	Chris Bower	216-402-1829	cbower@everstream.net
Fidelity Communication Servic	Roth Clayton – OSP Engineering Manager	618-294-8078	rclayton@corp.clearwave.com
Fox Metro Water Reclam Dist	Keith Zollers – Engineering Department Supervisor	630-301-6810	kzollers@foxmetro.org
Hinsdale, Village of	Dan Deeter – Village Engineer	630-789-7030	ddeeter@villageofhinsdale.org
Hanover Park, Village of	T.J. Moore	630-823-5700	tjmoore@hpil.org
Flagg Creek Wtr Recl Dt	James Liubicich – District Executive Director	630-323-3299	jliubicich@fcwrd.org
G4S Technology LLC	Cecil Kuhse	815-782-7465	cecil.kuhse@usa.g4s.com
Keeneyville Elem. School Dst. 20	Kiko Soto – Director of Facilities	630-894-2250	ksoto@esd20.org
Windstream KDL/Mcleod USA	Devin Barnhill – OSP Construction Manager II – Northern IL	815-715-2287	deven.barnhill@windstream.com
Lumen (Level 3/Centurylink)	Katherine Waltz / Ben Parcocha	570-377-0210 / 847-954-8400	kwaltz@hbkengeering.com ben.pacocho@lumen.com Ref # P-167599
Lisle, Village of	Jason Elias – Public Works Director	630-271-4171	jelias@villageoflisle.org
Lisle Twsp Hwy Dept.	John Quinn – Highway Superintendent	630-964-0057	highway@lisletownship.com
MCI	Joe Chaney	312-617-2131	joe.chaney@verizon.com
G4S Technology LLC	Owen L. Stamm, P.E. – Engineering Manager	630-288-9148	owen.stamm@adestagroup.com

Milton Twsp Hwy Dept.	Naresh "Squared" Nair – JULIE Coordinator/Dispatcher	630-682-4270	juliemthd@gmail.com
MOX Networks	Vickie Moran	877-549-2690	vmoran@gabes.com
NatrI Gas/Kinder M – Sta 328S	Mark Cavazos – Project Manager	713-420-4363	mark_cavasoso@kindermorgan.com
Nicor Gas	Charles M. "Chip" Parrott, P.E. – Manager, Planning and Liaison	630-388-3319	cparrot@sputhernco.com Ref # SC19538
	Joe Gaca – Superintendent Field Operations Construction	815-272-9242	jgaca@southernco.com
Naperville, City of	Patrick Samek	630-420-6187	samekp@naperville.il.us
Redspeed Illinois, LLC	Jose Chavez – Project Field Manager	630-317-5705	jose.chavez@redspeed-illinois.com
Roselle, Village of	Matthew Rasmussen	630-671-2375	mrasmussen@roselle.il.us
Redflex Traffic Systems	Chris Renzi – Construction Manager	915-727-1990	crenzi@redflex.com
ATT / T-TCG	Bobby Akhter	630-390-0089	ba3817@att.com
Utilities, Inc - Lake Holiday	Sean Carbonaro	224-287-3048	sean.carbonaro@uiwater.com
Vinakom Communications	Dickey Patel – Project Engineer	847-592-5785	dickey.patel@vinakom.com
Woodridge, Village of	Robert Myers – Civil Engineer	630-719-4752	rmyers@vil.woodridge.il.us
Wheaton, City of	Vincent-Jay G. Laoang	630-260-2110	vlaoang@wheaton.il.us
Wheaton Sanitary Dist.	Zach Billings – Sewer Inspector	630-668-1516	billings@wsd.dst.il.us
Winfield, Village of	Tye Loomis – Superintendent of Public Works	630-933-7140	tloomis@villageofwinfield.com
Magellan Midstream Partners	Tonya L. Cape – Senior Real Estate Representative	913-310-7740	tonya.cape@magellanlp.com
Westmont, Village of	Jim Cates – Water Division Supervisor	630-981-6270	
Buckeye Partners	Dave Jones	610-904-4409	dajones@buckeye.com
West Shore Pipe Line	Dave Jones	610-904-4409	dajones@buckeye.com

The above represents the best information available to the Department and is included for the convenience of the bidder. The days required for conflict resolution should be considered in the bid as this information has also been factored into the timeline identified for the project when setting the completion date. The applicable portions of the Standard Specifications for Road and

Bridge Construction shall apply.

Estimated duration of time provided above for the first conflicts identified will begin on the date of the executed contract regardless of the status of the utility relocations. The responsible agencies will be working toward resolving subsequent conflicts in conjunction with contractor activities in the number of days noted.

The estimated relocation duration must be part of the progress schedule submitted by the contractor. A utility kickoff meeting will be scheduled between the Department, the Department's contractor and the utility companies when necessary. The Department's contractor is responsible for contacting J.U.L.I.E. prior to all excavation work.

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (PROJECT SPECIFIC)

Description. This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of regulated substances according to Section 669 of the Standard Specifications as revised below.

Contract Specific Sites. The excavated soil and groundwater within the areas listed below shall be managed as either "uncontaminated soil", hazardous waste, special waste or non-special waste. For stationing, the lateral distance is measured from centerline and the farthest distance is the offset distance or construction limit, whichever is less.

Site 1: New York St and Eola Rd (2946 E. New York St, Aurora, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northwest quadrant and northeast quadrant of the intersection of New York St and Eola Rd, Aurora, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 2 & 3: Lake St (US Rte 20) and Gary Ave (1600 W Lake St, Roselle, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Lake St and Gary Ave, Roselle, Illinois. All excavation shall be contained within County ROW, contractor shall not excavate within State ROW. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 4: Army Trail Rd and County Farm Rd (1740 W Army Trail Rd, Carol Stream, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Army Trail Rd and County Farm Rd, Addison, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 5: Army Trail Rd and County Farm Rd (860 W Army Trail Rd, Carol Stream, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southeast quadrant of the intersection of Army Trail Rd and County Farm Rd, Addison, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 6: Schick Rd from Chandler Dr to Thorn Rd (26W580 & 26W570 Schick Rd, Hanover Park, IL)

- All excavation planned on the north side Schick Rd from Chandler Dr to Thorn Rd, Hanover Park, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 7: Wehrli Rd from Mistwood Dr to Hobson Rd (8 S 455 Wehrli Rd, Naperville, IL)

- All excavation planned on the west side of Wehrli Rd from north of Mistwood Dr to south of Hobson Rd, Naperville, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 8: Maple Ave and Yackley Ave (2200 Maple Ave, Lisle Ave, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northside of Maple Ave from east of Cascade Dr to Yackley Ave and west of Yackley Ave from Army Trail Rd to south of Oak Hill Dr, Lisle, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 9: 63rd St and Belmont Rd (2181 63rd St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southeast quadrant of the intersection of 63rd St and Belmont Rd, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 10: Maple Ave and Belmont Rd (5600 Belmont, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southwest quadrant of the intersection of Maple Ave and Belmont Rd, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 11: Maple Ave and Belmont Rd (2231 Maple St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southeast quadrant of the intersection of Maple Ave and Belmont Rd, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 12: Belmont Rd from Wisconsin Ave to Warren Ave (2100-2800 Curtiss St & 2301 Curtiss St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned along Belmont Rd from Wisconsin Ave to Warren Ave, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 13: Lemont Rd and Internationale Pkwy (1006 Internationale Pkwy, Woodridge, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Lemont Rd and Internationale Pkwy, Woodridge, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 14: Lemont Rd from 75th St to Main St (7401 Lemont Rd & 7347 Lemont Rd, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned along the east side of Lemont Rd from 75th St to Main St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 15: Main St from Valley View Dr to 67th St (6801 S Main St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned along the east side of Main St from Valley View Dr to 67th St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 16: Main St from 68th St to 67th St (6700 Main St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned along the west side of Main St from 68th St to 67th St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 17: 63rd St and Main St (6210 Main St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned along the north side of 63rd St from Carpenter St to Main St and along the west side of Main St from 63rd St to 62nd St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 18: 63rd St and Cass Ave (6301 S Cass Ave, Westmont, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southeast quadrant of the intersection of 63rd St and Cass Ave, Westmont, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 19: 63rd St and Cass Ave (6300 Cass Ave, Westmont, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southwest quadrant of the intersection of 63rd St and Cass Ave, Westmont, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 20: 63rd St and Cass Ave (4 W 63rd St, Westmont, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northwest quadrant of the intersection of 63rd St and Cass Ave, Westmont, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 21: 63rd St and Cass Ave (2 E 63rd St, Westmont, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northeast quadrant of the intersection of 63rd St and Cass Ave, Westmont, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 22 & Site 30: 63rd St and Cass Ave (10 W 63rd St, 8 W 63rd St, & 17W770 63rd St & Cass, Westmont, IL)

- All excavation planned at the north side of 63rd St from W Suffield Ct to Cas Ave and along the west side of Cass Ave from 63rd St to 61st St, Westmont, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 23: Cass Ave and Beninford Ln (6241 S Cass Ave, Westmont, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Cass Ave and Beninford Ln, Westmont, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 24: Cass Ave and 61st St (6101 S Cass Ave, Westmont, IL)

- All excavation planned at the east side of the intersection of Cass Ave and 61st St, Westmont, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 25: Lemont Rd and 83rd St (8301 Lemont Rd, Darien, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Lemont Rd and 83rd St, Darien, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 26: Lemont Rd and 83rd St (8245 S Lemont Rd, Darien, IL)

- All excavation planned on the east side of Lemont Rd from 83rd St to 1300 ft north of 83rd St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 26 (sic): Plainfield Rd and Clarendon Hills Rd (419 Plainfield Rd, Darien, IL)

- All excavation planned on the south side of Plainfield Rd from 700 ft west of Clarendon Hills Rd to 400 ft west of Clarendon Hills Rd, Darien, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 27: Main St and 63rd St (6241 S Main St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned at the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Main St and 63rd St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 28: Main St and 63rd St (6301 S Main St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southeast quadrant of the intersection of Main St and 63rd St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 29: 63rd St and Grand Ave (501 W 63rd St, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southeast and southwest quadrants of the intersection of 63rd St and Grand Ave, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 31: 55th St and Grant St (5500 S Grant St, Hinsdale, IL)

- All excavation planned at the south side of 55th St from Madison St to Grant St and along Grant St from 57th St to 55th St, Hinsdale, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 32: 55th St from Elm St to Oak St (950 S Oak St, Hinsdale, IL)

- All excavation planned at the north side of 55th St from Elm St to Oak St, Hinsdale, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 33: Maple St from Chase Ave to Belmont Rd (2265 Maple Ave, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned along the south side of Maple St from Chase Ave to Belmont Rd, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Site 34: Curtiss St and Belmont Rd (SE Corner of Curtiss & Belmont, Downers Grove, IL)

- All excavation planned at the southeast quadrant of the intersection of Belmont Rd and Curtiss St, Downers Grove, Illinois. This material meets the criteria of Article 669.05(a)(1) and shall be managed in accordance to Article 669.05. Potential contaminants of concern sampling parameters: VOCs, SVOCs and Metals.

Work Zones

Three distinct OSHA HAZWOPER work zones (exclusion, decontamination, and support) shall apply to projects adjacent to or within sites with documented leaking underground storage tank (LUST) incidents, or sites under management in accordance with the requirements of the Site Remediation Program (SRP), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), or Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), or as deemed necessary. For this project, the work zones apply for the following ISGS PESA Sites:

Site 1: UST(s) with documented release, land use restriction, SRP.

Site 2 & 3: UST with documented release. Notice of Release letter 4/18/1990. Unresolved in LUST Database.

Site 4: UST with document release. No NFR listed. Unresolved in LUST Database.

Site 5: UST(s), USTs with documented releases, spills. NFR 2/27/2017 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 6: UST(s) with documented releases, spills, Non-NPL Site (7/28/86). NFRAP EPA ID ILD000606038. NFR 9/29/2016 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 8: UST with documented release. NFR 6/3/1997 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls. IEMA date 3/3/1998 with no NFR listed.

Site 9: UST(s), UST(s) with documented releases. NFR 11/6/1998 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 10: UST with documented release. NFR 11/6/1998 with nor use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 11: UST(s), UST(s) with documented releases, land use restriction, groundwater use restriction, HAA. NFR 8/2/2010 requires pavement barrier, groundwater use restriction, industrial/commercial land use restriction, worker caution and HAA.

Site 12: UST with documented release, Non-NPL Site (4/4/2006) with groundwater remediation. NFR 8/9/1996 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 14: UST with documented release, SRP Site land use controls and engineered barriers. NFR 8/23/1995 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls. SRP focused NFR 11/25/2019 requires industrial/commercial land use control, engineered barriers and worker cautions.

Site 15: UST with documented release. NFR 9/25/2009 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 16: UST with documented release. NFR 11/1/1999 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 17: UST with documented release building/pavement barrier; groundwater ordinance, land use restrictions; worker cautions and HAA. SRP Site with land use restrictions. NFR 3/22/2006 includes building/pavement barrier; groundwater ordinance, industrial/commercial land use restriction; worker cautions, HAA. Focused NFR 8/11/2009 includes industrial/commercial land use restriction.

Site 18: UST with documented release, spills. SRP Site. Notice of Release letter 11/1/2007, not resolved in database. Non-Lust Date 1/25/2008. Focused NFR 3/10/2010 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.

Site 19: UST(s) with documented release, groundwater use restriction, HAA. NFR 1/14/2000 includes groundwater use restriction and HAA.

- Site 20: UST with documented release. NFR 2/1/1995 with no use restrictions, institutional, or engineering controls.
- Site 21: UST with documented release, groundwater use restriction, groundwater ordinance, land use restriction. NFR 6/29/2018 requires groundwater use restriction, groundwater ordinance and industrial/commercial land use restriction.
- Site 22: UST with documented release. NFR 1/15/2009 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.
- Site 23: UST(s) with documented releases. IEMA date 1/31/90 (NO NFR), Notice or release letter 2/9/1990 (Not resolved in database.) NFR 6/14/2017 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls. IEMA Date 10/20/17, No NFR-Ongoing monitoring.
- Site 24: UST with documented release, groundwater use restriction. NFR 12/3/2009 requires groundwater use restriction.
- Site 25: UST(s), leaks, spills. Notice or Release letters on file in database. IEMA date 10/10/1989 (Truck overflow). IEMA date 5/6/1993 (leak). Non-LUST 12/13/1999, 3/18/2004 & 2/26/2004.
- Site 26: UST with documented releases. NFR 2/14/1994 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.
- Site 26 (sic): UST with documented releases. NFR 12/23/1992 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls. IEMA dates 8/11/1994 and 10/6/2005 have no NFR and unresolved in LUST Database.
- Site 27: UST with documented releases, groundwater use restriction, HAA. SRP site with land use restriction, engineered barrier and ordinance. NFR 3/27/2000 requires groundwater use restriction. IEMA date 11/12/2008 unresolved in LUST Database. Focused NFR 7/22/2016 requires industrial/commercial land use restriction, engineered barrier and ordinance.
- Site 28: UST with documented releases. IEMA dates 3/12/1988 & 8/4/2008 have no NFR and unresolved in LUST Database.
- Site 29: UST with documented release, building/pavement barrier, groundwater ordinance. NFR 6/1/2006 requires building/pavement barrier, groundwater ordinance.
- Site 30: UST(s) with documented releases. NFR 9/16/1997 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls. IEMA dates 4/22/1994 & 7/31/1996 with no NFR in LUST database.
- Site 31: UST with documented releases. NFR 2/8/2019 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.
- Site 32: UST with document release. NFR 2/2/2005 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.
- Site 33: SRP Site. Focused NFR 10/20/2006 with no use restrictions, institutional or engineering controls.
- Site 34: SRP Site. Enrolled in SRP 4/13/2009 with NFR on file and unresolved in SRP database.

Additional information on the above sites is available from DuPage County Division of Transportation.

AVAILABLE REPORTS

No project specific reports were prepared.

When applicable, the following checked reports and record information is available for Bidders' reference upon request:

- Record structural plans
- Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) (IDOT ROW)
- Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) (Local ROW)
- Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment (PESA) (IDOT ROW)

- Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment (PESA) (Local ROW)
- Soils/Geotechnical Report
- Boring Logs
- Pavement Cores
- Location Drainage Study (LDS)
- Hydraulic Report
- Noise Analysis
- Other:

Those seeking these reports should request access from:

William C. Edison, P.E., PTOE, PTP, RSP₂₁
DuPage County Division of Transportation
Traffic Engineer
Phone: (630) 407-6900
Email: William.Eidson@dupageco.org

RELOCATE RADAR DETECTOR SYSTEM

Description

This work shall consist of the removal, storage and relocation of existing radar system hardware from an existing traffic signal controller cabinet that is to be removed to a new traffic signal controller cabinet that is to be installed by the Contractor.

Any damage sustained to the radar system hardware during removal, storage or reinstallation operations shall be repaired or replaced in kind to the satisfaction of the Engineer at the Contractor's expense.

All work, including re-aiming the radar detection sensors, and all materials, including brackets, and any necessary additional wiring and cabling shall be included in this pay item.

Materials

The Contractor shall use only manufacturer approved cables if new cable is required.

Method of Measurement

This work will be measured for payment in units of each (per intersection).

Basis of Payment

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for RELOCATE RADAR DETECTOR SYSTEM, which price shall be payment in full for all labor, equipment, and materials required to perform the work. Mounting hardware, wiring, connections, fittings, etc. will be considered incidental to the installation and no separate payment will be made.

REMOVE AND RELOCATE EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE

Description. This work shall consist of disconnecting from the traffic signal cabinet and removing the existing electrical service, providing temporary power to the traffic signal, relocating the service, and reconnecting electrical service to the traffic signal cabinet according to the plans and as hereinafter provided.

Construction Requirements. Prior to beginning work on this item alternative power must be supplied for the traffic signal cabinet.

Disconnect the existing electrical service from the traffic signal cabinet. Expose the existing conduit connecting the existing electrical service and the traffic signal cabinet and cut the existing conduit.

The relocated electrical service installation shall be ground mounted, metered in accordance with "District One Standard Design Details" and "Service Installation (Traffic Signals)"

Make all necessary connections and backfill any excavation.

Once power service is restored to the traffic signal cabinet the alternative power may be removed.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment in place in units of each.

Basis of Payment. The work of removing and relocating the electrical service with new ground mounted, metered service shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for REMOVE AND RELOCATE EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE. The CONCRETE FOUNDATION, TYPE A, which includes the ground rod, shall be paid for separately. Any charges by the utility companies shall be approved by the engineer and paid for as an addition to the contract according to Article 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.

SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL)

Description.

This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to install a new electric service installation in accordance with "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" and "Service Installation (Traffic Signals)", modified to install the electric meter at the controller cabinet in accordance with "Electric Meter (DUDOT)".

Installation.

- a. The electric service shall be pole mounted.
- b. The electric meter shall be installed on the controller cabinet, opposite of the UPS.

Basis of Payment.

The service installation shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL) which shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the service installation complete. SERVICE INSTALLATION (SPECIAL) shall include the 3/4 inch (20mm) grounding conduit, ground rod, electric meter and pole mount assembly. Any charges by the utility companies shall be approved by the engineer and paid for as an addition to the contract according to Article 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.

CONDUIT SPLICE

Description: This work shall consist of locating and intercepting the existing conduit at locations as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The contractor shall locate the conduit and make any preparations to the existing conduit in order to connect the proposed galvanized steel conduit.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for CONDUIT SPLICE which shall include all connections, materials and labor, necessary to locate the existing conduit and prepare the existing conduit for connection to the new galvanized steel conduit. The galvanized steel conduit shall be paid for separately.

INTERCEPT EXISTING CONDUIT

Description: This item consists of intercepting an existing conduit or raceway for the purpose of installing new electrical equipment or making a connection to a new conduit.

General Requirements: Work under this item shall be performed in accordance with Sections 800, 810, 811, 812 and 1088 of the Standard Specifications.

Construction Requirements: The Contractor shall pull back the existing electric and/or fiber optic cables and carefully cut the conduit or raceway so that the cut conduit ends are smooth. For embedded conduits, the contractor shall carefully remove the existing concrete encasement around the conduit to be intercepted and thoroughly clean the conduit for a proper connection to the new conduit. This item shall include all work necessary to connect new conduit runs to the existing conduit runs. All new conduit and conduit fittings required to intercept the existing conduit and make the necessary connections to create a continuous conduit run will not be paid for separately and shall be included in this item.

The Contractor shall furnish and install all materials for a complete installation.

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured on a per each basis for each conduit end cut.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for INTERCEPT EXISTING CONDUIT, which will be payment in full for the material and work described herein. No additional payment will be allowed for excavation, backfilling, and restoration of a parkway.

MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER CABINET, SPECIAL

The work shall consist of modifying an existing controller cabinet and relocation of existing controller cabinet items in accordance with Section 895 of the Standard Specifications to prepare the existing cabinet for the following work:

- a) Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS). The addition of uninterruptable power supply (UPS) to an existing controller cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the installation of the uninterruptable power supply (UPS) components inside the existing controller cabinet as outlined under Sections 862 and 1074.04 of the Standard Specifications and the wiring of UPS alarms.
- b) Electric Meter. The addition of an electric meter to an existing controller cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the installation of the electric meter components inside the existing controller cabinet.

- c) Switches. The addition of a Layer II (Datalink) switch or a Layer III (Network) switch to an existing controller cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the installation of the switch inside the existing controller cabinet.
- d) Remote Controlled Video System. The addition of a remote controlled video system to an existing controller cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the installation of the remote controlled video system components inside the existing controller cabinet.
- e) Power Over Ethernet (POE) Extender. The addition of a POE Extender to an existing controller cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the installation of the POE Extender inside the existing controller cabinet.
- f) Video Detection System, Special. The addition of a vehicle detection system to an existing cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the installation of the video detection system components inside the existing cabinet.
- g) Fiber Optic Cable and Patch Panel. The addition of fiber optic cable to an existing controller cabinet could require the relocation of the existing controller cabinet items to allow for the termination of the fiber optic cable inside the existing controller cabinet.
- h) Grounding. The grounding of traffic signal equipment may require additional power terminals and/or ground terminals inside the existing controller cabinet.

Basis of Payment.

Modifying an existing controller cabinet will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER CABINET, SPECIAL. This shall include all material and labor required to complete the work as described above, the removal and disposal of all items removed from the controller cabinet, as directed by the Engineer.

The equipment, materials and labor needed to install new equipment in the existing controller cabinet shall be included in MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER CABINET, SPECIAL, unless specified elsewhere in the specifications.

REMOVE FIBER OPTIC CABLE FROM CONDUIT

Description: This work shall consist of removing a portion of the existing fiber optic interconnect cable from conduit as shown on the plans.

Materials: None.

Construction: The existing fiber optic cable shall be disconnected from the communications end equipment and fiber enclosures, and removed from the existing conduits. Removal of the fiber optic cable shall prevent damage to end equipment from the cable being tugged. Cables shall be taken off site for proper disposal.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for REMOVE FIBER OPTIC CABLE FROM CONDUIT which price shall be payment in full for disconnecting the existing fiber optic cable from the end locations and removing the existing fiber optic cable from the existing conduits.

RELOCATE EXISTING UPS BATTERY BACK-UP SYSTEM

This work shall consist of the removal, storage, and relocation of an existing UPS Battery Back-Up System from an existing traffic signal controller cabinet that is to be removed to a new traffic signal controller cabinet that is to be installed by the Contractor.

The existing UPS Battery Back-Up System, including all necessary peripheral equipment, shall be removed and relocated to the new traffic signal controller cabinet as shown in the plans. Any damage sustained to the UPS Battery Back-up System during removal, storage or reinstallation operations shall be repaired or replaced in kind to the satisfaction of the Engineer at the Contractor's expense.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for RELOCATE EXISTING UPS BATTERY BACK-UP SYSTEM, which price shall be payment in full for labor, parts and materials necessary for disconnecting the existing UPS Battery Back-Up System and relocating it to the new traffic signal controller cabinet complete and operating to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

FIREWALL

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a firewall at the location shown on the plans to isolate the City of Aurora and DuPage County Ethernet networks.

Materials: The firewall shall be a Cisco ASA5525-K9 model with SmartNet (Cisco P/N CON-SNT-A25K9) extended service agreement coverage.

General: The Contractor shall furnish the firewall to the City of Aurora to be programmed by the City's IT staff. After programming is complete, the Contractor shall install the switch in the City of Aurora's municipal building as shown on the plans at a location specified by the City's engineering and/or IT staff, or at another location in the field network as directed by the Traffic Engineer. The firewall shall be installed in a workmanlike manner.

If installed in a traffic signal or communications cabinet, the Contractor shall mount the firewall on the shelf inside the cabinet, or in another suitable location in the traffic signal cabinet with the approval of the Traffic Engineer. Any existing equipment or cables conflicting with the installation of the Layer III switch shall be repositioned in a workmanlike manner. The firewall shall be plugged into the 15A power distribution unit inside the cabinet.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the Contract unit price per each for FIREWALL. *The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, SmartNet services, and labor required to furnish and install the firewall, including all necessary connectors, cables, fiber optic jumpers, hardware, software, and other peripheral equipment required to place the switch in operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.*

EXPLORATION TRENCH, UTILITIES

Description. This work shall consist of locating and excavating, by methods of hand excavation or vacuum excavation approved by the Engineer, to verify the horizontal and vertical location of existing regulated (e.g., electric, natural gas, telephone) unregulated (e.g., water, sewer, oil) and Illinois Tollway-owned (e.g., roadway lighting, fiber optic cables) utilities within the Contract Limits shown on the Plans and/or as directed by the Engineer.

Materials. The Materials used for Porous Granular Embankment and backfill shall consist of coarse aggregate meeting the gradation of CA-18 in accordance with Article 1004.05 of the Standard Specifications.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Revise the sixth paragraph of Article 107.39 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The State-Wide Once Call Notification System will provide for most horizontal location of utilities. When it is determined that the horizontal and/or vertical location of the utility is necessary to facilitate construction, the Engineer may make the request for location from the utility after receipt of notice from the Contractor. If the utility owner does not field locate their facilities to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the Engineer will authorize the Contractor in writing to proceed to locate the facilities in the most economical and reasonable manner, subject to the approval of the Engineer.”

In non-emergency conditions and unless specified elsewhere, the Contractor shall contact the owner of the utility at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to exploratory digging, to provide the anticipated location and to be available during exploration activities. The depth and width of the exploration shall be sufficient to allow positive identification of the type, size and depth of the utility(s).

When an existing utility is encountered, the Contractor shall verify the type of facility, obtain the horizontal and vertical (to the top of conduit or pipe) data, and transmit a copy of this data to the Engineer. Located utilities shall be marked with lath, flags or any other suitable method which will provide positive identification throughout construction.

After positive location, the Engineer will direct the Contractor as follows:

- a. Backfill and/or restore the excavated area.
- b. Leave the excavated area open and protected. The excavated material shall either be stockpiled in an acceptable location and provided with suitable erosion control measures or disposed of off-site in accordance with Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Measurement. Exploration trench, utilities will not be measured for payment but shall be considered part of the Contractor's Responsibility for Locating and Protecting Utility Property and Services in Article 107.39 of the Standard Specifications.

POE EXTENDER

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a long range power over ethernet (PoE) extender kit for devices powered by PoE with cable runs greater than 250 feet.

Materials: The PoE extender kit shall consist of a base extender, device extender, power supply for base extender, mounts and all accessories required to install the PoE extender kit.

The PoE extender shall support IEEE 802.3af and IEEE 802.3at compliant devices. The PoE extender shall be TS2 compatible. The PoE extender shall be able to extend PoE to a maximum distance of 3280 feet and be able to operate in temperatures from -40° F to 158° F with maximum humidity of 85% RH (non-condensing).

The power supply shall have an input voltage of 90-265 V AC and an output voltage of 44-57 V DC with a max current of 0.7 A.

Installation: The power supply and base extender shall be installed in the traffic signal control cabinet. The power supply shall be hard-wired to the cabinet power, not plugged into one of the traffic signal cabinet power outlets.

The device extender shall be installed in the devices power supply cabinet located on the traffic signal mast arm pole.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for POE EXTENDER. *The unit price shall include all associated equipment, hardware, cables, materials and labor required to install the complete system in place and in operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.*

The OUTDOOR RATED NETWORK cable from the traffic signal cabinet to the PoE device will be paid for separately.

DUPAGE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

DUPAGE COUNTY DOT TRAFFIC SIGNAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Revised:
DC800.01

All work and equipment performed and installed under this Contract shall be governed by and shall comply with:

SPECIFICATION	ADOPTED/DATED
The State of Illinois "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" referred to as "Standard Specifications"	April 1, 2016
The State of Illinois "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," referred to as "MUTCD"	January 2020
The National Electrical Code referred to as "NEC"	2011 Edition
The National Electrical Manufacturers Association (All publications for traffic control items) referred to as "NEMA"	All applicable current documents published prior to Contract Letting Date
The International Municipal Signal Association ("Official Wire & Cable Specifications Manual,") referred to as "IMSA"	All applicable current documents published prior to Contract Letting Date
The Institute of Transportation Engineers ATC 5.2b Standard	September 25, 2006
AASHTO "Standard Specifications" LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals	2015 Edition & 2017 Interim Revisions
Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions	January 1, 2021

The project Special Provisions supplement the above specifications, manuals, and codes. In case of conflict with any part or parts of said documents, the project Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

The following terms and acronyms are used in the DUDOT traffic signal special provisions:

IDOT	Illinois Department of Transportation
District 1	IDOT District 1
DUDOT	The DuPage County Division of Transportation
Traffic Engineer	The DUDOT Traffic Engineer or designee
Central Signal System	DuPage County's ITS System
Network Integration Consultant	Currently Parsons Transportation Group

The intent of these Special Provisions is to prescribe the materials and construction methods commonly used in traffic signal installations. The locations and the details of all installations shall be indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

All traffic signal work related to the traffic signal cabinet shall be performed with at least one electrician holding a current IMSA Traffic Signal Technician Level 2 certification present on site and actively overseeing and directing the work, unless approved in advance by the Traffic Engineer.

The work performed under this Contract shall consist of furnishing and installing all traffic signal work as shown on the plans and as specified herein in a manner acceptable and approved by the Resident Engineer. All materials furnished shall be new unless otherwise noted herein.

The phone number to contact DUDOT for all contract electrical questions or request is (630) 407-6900, which includes requests for detector location approval, transfer of maintenance, Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor locates, equipment inspections, and traffic signal turn-ons.

Definitions of Terms.

Add the following to Section 101 of the Standard Specifications:

101.56 Vendor. Company that sells a particular type of product directly to the Contractor or the Equipment Supplier.

101.57 Equipment Supplier. Company that supplies, represents, and provides technical support for District 1 approved traffic signal controllers and other related equipment. The Equipment Supplier shall be located within District 1 and shall:

- a. Be full service with on-site facilities to assemble, test, and trouble-shoot traffic signal controllers and cabinet assemblies.
- b. Maintain an inventory of District 1 approved controllers and cabinets.
- c. Be staffed with permanent sales and technical personnel able to provide traffic signal controller and cabinet expertise and support.
- d. Technical staff shall attend traffic signal "turn-on" and inspection with a minimum 14 calendar day notice.

SUBMITTALS

Revise Article 801.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

All material approval requests shall be submitted electronically unless otherwise directed by the Traffic Engineer. The submittal shall be by email, and shall include a cover letter and one PDF file with all pay items for the project.

General requirements include:

- a. All material approval requests shall be submitted within 7 calendar days after the preconstruction meeting. Traffic signal materials and equipment shall bear the U.L. label whenever such labeling is available.
- b. Original manufacturer published product data and shop drawing sheets with legible dimensions and details shall be submitted for review.
- c. Product data and shop drawings shall be arranged by pay item. Pages of the submittal should be numbered. If the literature contains more than one item, the Contractor shall indicate which item or items will be furnished.
- d. When hard copy submittals are necessary for another agency, four complete copies of the manufacturer's descriptive literatures and technical data for the traffic signal materials will be submitted, in addition to the electronic copy required above.

- e. When hard copy submittals are necessary for structural elements, four complete copies of the shop drawings for the mast arm assemblies and poles, and the combination mast arm assemblies and poles showing, in detail, the fabrication thereof and the certified mill analyses of the materials used in the fabrication, anchor rods, and reinforcing materials, shall be submitted, in addition to the electronic copy required above.
- f. Partial or incomplete submittals will be returned without review.
- g. Certain non-standard mast arm poles and structures will require additional review from IDOT's Bureau of Bridges and Structures. Examples include special mast arms and non-standard length mast arm pole assemblies. The Contractor shall account for the additional review time in their schedule.
- h. The County Section Number, permit number, or IDOT contract number, project location/limits and corresponding pay code number shall be on each sheet of correspondence, catalog cuts, and mast arm pole and assembly drawings.
- i. Where certifications and/or warranties are specified, the information submitted for approval shall include certifications and warranties. Certifications involving inspections, and/or tests of material shall include all test data, dates, and times.
- j. The Contractor shall secure approved materials in a timely manner to assure construction schedules are not delayed.
- k. After the Traffic Engineer reviews the submittals for conformance with the design concept of the project, the drawings will be stamped indicating their status as 'APPROVED', 'APPROVED AS CORRECTED', 'NOT APPROVED', or 'RESUBMIT'. Review schedule will be according to Article 801.05(b). Since the Traffic Engineer's review is for conformance with the design concept only, it is the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate the various items into a working system as specified. The Contractor shall not be relieved from responsibility for errors or omissions in the shop, working, layout drawings, or other documents by the Traffic Engineer's approval thereof.
- l. All submitted items reviewed and marked 'APPROVED AS CORRECTED', 'NOT APPROVED', or 'RESUBMIT' shall be resubmitted in their entirety, unless otherwise indicated within the submittal comments, with a disposition of previous comments to verify Contract compliance at no additional cost to the contract.
- m. It is the Contractor's responsibility to note any deviations from Contract requirements at the time of submittal and to make any requests for deviations in writing to the Resident Engineer. In general, substitutions will not be acceptable. Requests for substitutions shall demonstrate that the proposed substitution is superior to the material or equipment required by the Contract Documents. No exceptions, deviations or substitutions will be permitted without the approval of the Resident Engineer and the Traffic Engineer.
- n. The Contractor shall not order major equipment (i.e., mast arm assemblies) prior to Resident Engineer approval of the Contractor marked proposed traffic signal equipment locations to assure proper placement of Contract required traffic signal displays, push buttons and other facilities. Field adjustments may require changes in proposed mast arm length and other coordination.

MARKING PROPOSED LOCATIONS

Revise "Marking Proposed Locations for Highway Lighting System" of Article 801.09 to read "Marking Proposed Locations for Highway Lighting System and Traffic Signals."

Add the following to Article 801.09 of the Standard Specifications:

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to verify all dimensions and conditions existing in the field prior to ordering materials and beginning construction. This shall include locating the mast arm foundations and verifying the mast arms lengths.

INSPECTION OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Add the following to Article 801.10 of the "Standard Specifications":

- (c) All cabinets, including temporary traffic signal cabinets, shall be assembled by an approved Equipment Supplier in District 1. DUDOT reserves the right to request that any controller and cabinet be tested at a District 1 approved Equipment Supplier's facility prior to field installation. Such testing will be at no extra cost to the contract. All permanent or temporary "railroad interconnected" controllers and cabinets, shall be new, built, tested and approved by the controller Equipment Supplier, in the Equipment Supplier's District 1 approved facility, prior to field installation. The test shall be conducted in the presence of DUDOT and Illinois Commerce Commission personnel, or as directed by the Traffic Engineer. The Equipment Supplier shall provide the technical equipment and assistance as required by the Traffic Engineer to fully test this equipment.

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES FOR UNTIMELY WORK

A primary concern is to maintain a safe and efficient roadway for the public. Therefore, the Contractor shall proceed with the traffic signal work as soon as conditions and project staging permit. If in the opinion of the Traffic Engineer construction conditions are suitable for traffic signal work, and the Contractor has not yet begun the traffic signal work, the Resident Engineer shall notify the Contractor to proceed. The Contractor shall begin the traffic signal work within seven calendar days after notification to proceed. The Contractor shall continue to prosecute the traffic signal work until completion, or until they can no longer proceed due to conditions beyond their control. The Contractor shall notify the Resident Engineer of any conditions impeding and/or delaying their prosecution of the work. Failure by the Contractor to proceed with the traffic signal work as specified herein shall result in liquidated damages of **\$500.00** per calendar day per occurrence.

For projects involving detector loop installations or replacement, the following additional conditions apply. If, in the opinion, of the Traffic Engineer construction conditions are suitable for loop installation(s), the Resident Engineer shall notify the Contractor to proceed. The detector loops shall be installed and fully operational within 14 calendar days following notification to proceed by the Resident Engineer. This 14-day period shall be in effect throughout the entire year, including the off season, regardless of the Contractor's working day status. Failure by the Contractor to complete the loop installation(s) within the specified timeframe shall result in liquidated damages in the amount of \$500.00 per calendar day, per intersection.

For projects involving pavement resurfacing where radar, microwave, video, or other above-ground detection systems are included in the plans, the Contractor shall install the proposed detection system and make it operational prior to the grinding of the pavement loops, unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. In this case, the above-ground detection system will function as a temporary detector system, as well as the permanent system. The Contractor shall maintain the system according to these specifications, including adjusting detector orientation and detection zones, as necessary, to maintain proper detection throughout all stages of construction. Failure by the Contractor to install and operate the detector system within the specified timeframe shall result in liquidated damages in the amount of **\$500.00** per calendar day, per intersection.

MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY

Revise Article 801.11 of the "Standard Specifications" to read:

- a. Existing traffic signal installations and/or any electrical facilities at locations included in this Contract may be altered or reconstructed totally or partially as part of the work on this contract. The Contractor is hereby advised that all traffic control equipment presently installed at these locations may be the property of the County of DuPage, State of Illinois, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, County, Transit Agency, Private Developer, or a local governmental entity. Once the Contractor has begun any work on any portion of the project, all traffic signals within the limits of this Contract that have the pay item MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, and/or MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING FLASHING BEACON INSTALLATION, shall become the full responsibility of the Contractor, unless otherwise approved in advance by the Traffic Engineer. The Contractor shall supply the Resident Engineer and the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor one 24-hour emergency contact name and telephone number. The Contractor shall provide sufficient qualified personnel to respond to all notifications of malfunctions on a round-the-clock basis (24 hours a day, 7 days a week). The Contractor is required to keep a time and date log of all maintenance items, including the time of the initial report, the response time, and the time of final permanent repair. The Contractor shall provide this information to the Resident Engineer, upon request.
- b. When the project has a pay item for MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, and/or MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING FLASHING BEACON INSTALLATION, the Contractor shall notify the Traffic Engineer at **(630) 407-6900** and the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor of their intent to begin any physical construction work on the project. This notification shall be a minimum of ten calendar days prior to the start of construction to allow sufficient time for an inspection of the existing traffic signal installation(s) and the transfer of maintenance to the Contractor. If work is started prior to the inspection, maintenance of the traffic signal installation(s) will be immediately transferred to the Contractor without an inspection. The Contractor shall then become responsible for repairing or replacing all equipment that is not operating properly or is damaged at no cost to the owner of the traffic signal. Final repairs to or the replacement of damaged equipment shall meet the approval of the Traffic Engineer at the time of final inspection or the traffic signal installation will not be accepted.
- c. DUDOT, regional transit, IDOT, and other agencies may also have equipment connected to existing traffic signal or peripheral equipment including PTZ cameras, switches, transit signal priority (TSP and BRT) servers, modems, traffic counters, and other devices that shall be included with traffic signal maintenance at no additional cost to the contract.
- d. For contracts that include pay items for milling or pavement patching that may result in destruction of loop detectors, but do not include installation or modification of the traffic signals, maintenance transfers are not required. These contracts do require a notification of intent to work and an inspection. A minimum of ten calendar days prior to the loop removal, the Contractor shall notify the Traffic Engineer at **(630) 407-6900**, at which time arrangements will be made to adjust the traffic controller timing to compensate for the absence of detection.
- e. The Contractor is advised that the existing and/or temporary traffic signal installation shall remain in operation during all construction stages, except for the most unavoidable down time. Any plan to shut down the traffic signal installation for a period exceeding 15 minutes shall require prior approval from the Traffic Engineer. Except in extraordinary circumstances, approval to shut down the traffic signal installation will only be granted during the hours of 9:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M. on weekdays, exclusive of holiday periods. Requests for shutdowns outside of these hours, or during holiday periods, will not be granted unless the Traffic Engineer determines that the alternate schedule is beneficial to DuPage County highway operations. Shutdowns will not be allowed during inclement weather.

- f. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the safe and efficient operation of the traffic signals. Any inquiry, complaint or request by DUDOT, the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor or the public, shall be investigated and repairs started. The Contractor shall restore service and complete permanent repairs according to the following Repair Timetable. Failure to provide this service will result in liquidated damages of **\$500** per calendar day per occurrence. The Traffic Engineer reserves the right to assign any work not completed within this timeframe to the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor. All costs associated with the completion of the uncompleted repair shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to pay these costs to the Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor within one month after the incident will result in additional liquidated damages of **\$500** per month per occurrence. Unpaid bills will be deducted from the cost of the Contract. County personnel, the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor, and the County's Network Integration Consultant may inspect any signaling device on DUDOT's highway system at any time without notification.
- g. At signals where the Contractor is responsible for maintenance, including temporary traffic signals and newly constructed traffic signals that are operational but not yet accepted by the County, the Contractor shall be responsible for clearing snow, ice, dirt, debris or other condition that obstructs visibility of any traffic signal display or access to traffic signal equipment in compliance with the REPAIR TIMETABLE. Two clearly visible signal indications of all colors and arrows are required to be maintained at all time.
- h. In the event of power loss at locations where the Contractor is responsible for maintenance, including temporary traffic signals and newly constructed traffic signals that are not yet accepted by the County, the Contractor shall be responsible for working with DuPage County personnel to make connections of portable County-supplied generators at the maintained location, as directed by the Traffic Engineer or Resident Engineer.

All items shall be repaired within the period described in the Repair Timetable. The times listed are noncumulative. Any repairs not specifically covered in the Repair Timetable, or described elsewhere, shall be completed within a period matching the most similar line item in the Repair Timetable.

REPAIR TIMETABLE
 (non cumulative)

ITEM	<u>RESPONSE TIME</u>	<u>SERVICE RESTORATION</u>	<u>PERMANENT REPAIRS</u>
KNOCKDOWNS/FAILURE/DAMAGE:			
Cabinet	1 hr	24 hrs	2 wks
Controller (Local or Master)	1 hr	24 hrs	2 wks
Detector Loop/Magnetometer	1 hr	n.a.	2 wks
Loop Detector Amplifier	1 hr	4 hrs	2 wks
Video Detection Camera/Processing Hardware	1 hr	4 hrs	2 wks
PTZ Camera	2 hrs	48 hrs	2 wks
Modem	2 hrs	NWD	2 wks
Load Switch/BIU	1 hr	2 hrs	2 hrs
Signal Head/Lenses	1 hr	2 hrs	NWD
Pole/Mast Arm	1 hr	2 hrs	ENG
Cabling/Conduit	1 hr	4 hrs	ENG
Interconnect/Communication	NWD	NWD	ENG
Graffiti/Advertising	NWD	NWD	NWD
Telemetry, Electrical	1 hr	2 hrs	NWD
Ethernet Switches/Video Encoders	NWD	48 hrs	2 wks
Indicators/switches/LEDs/displays	NWD	n.a.	2 wks
Snow/Ice/Debris/Other Obstructions	1 hr	2 hrs	NWD
Outages not covered elsewhere	1 hr	2 hrs	NWD
Filter/Cleanliness/fans/thermostat	NWD	NWD	n.a.
Misalignment (conflicting)	1 hr	2 hrs	NWD
Misalignment (non-conflicting)	4 hrs	6 hrs	NWD
COMPLAINTS/CALLS/ALARMS:			
Timing/Phasing/Programming	1 hr	2 hrs	ENG
Coordination Alarm/Cycle Fail	NWD	ENG	ENG
Controller Alarm/Status Change	1 hr	NWD	1 wk
Detector Alarm/Status change	NWD	NWD	ENG
UPS	1 hr	2 hrs	2 wks
CMU Flash/Local Flash	1 hr	2 hrs	1 wk
Door Open	1 hr	n.a.	NWD

LEGEND: hr=hour, hrs=hours, NWD=next week day, days=calendar days,
 ENG=acceptable to Traffic Engineer, wk=week, wks=weeks, n.a.=not applicable

WORK NEAR HIGHWAY-RAIL GRADE CROSSINGS

Any proposed activity in the vicinity of a highway-rail grade crossing shall adhere to the guidelines set forth in the MUTCD regarding work in temporary traffic control zones in the vicinity of highway-rail grade crossings which states that lane restrictions, flagging, or other operations shall not create conditions where vehicles can be queued across the railroad tracks. If the queuing of vehicles across the tracks cannot be avoided, a uniformed law enforcement officer or flagger shall be provided at the crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping on the tracks, even if automatic warning devices are in place.

MODIFICATION OF IDOT SPECIAL PROVISION REQUIREMENTS

When IDOT Special Provisions for traffic signal items are included in a DUDOT Contract or Permit project, the following modifications shall apply to the noted Special Provisions.

Contact Information: The Contractor shall utilize the DUDOT contact information for DUDOT projects in place of the personnel, phone numbers, and directives provided in the following District 1 Special Provisions when they are included in the Contract:

- 800.02TS Optimize Signal System
- 800.03TS Re-Optimize Signal System
- 805.01TS Electric Service Installation
- 886.01TS Detector Loop
- 886.02TS Detector Loop Replacement and/or Installation
- 890.01TS Temporary Traffic Signal Installation
- 890.02TS Temporary Traffic Signal Timing

All references in the above special provisions to Traffic Signal Engineer, Area Traffic Signal Engineer, Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer, Bureau of Traffic Operations, Traffic Operations Engineer, State, State's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor, and State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor shall be replaced with the DUDOT Traffic Engineer and the phone number shall be **630-407-6900**. Submittals, requests for reviews, scheduling of appointments, and requests for materials and information shall be directed to the DUDOT Traffic Engineer instead of IDOT, District 1, or the State's Maintenance Contractor.

Traffic Signal Timing Consultant Requirements: Add the following paragraph to the following District 1 Special Provisions:

- 800.02TS Optimize Signal System
- 800.03TS Re-Optimize Signal System
- 890.02TS Temporary Traffic Signal Timing

Graphics displays for DUDOT signal systems are not required if the signalized intersection is already connected to the county's Centracs software or if it is being added to Centracs under this contract.

Pedestrian Pushbutton Station Requirements: Add the following paragraph to the following District 1 Special Provisions:

- 888.01TS Pedestrian Push Button

888.02TS Accessible Pedestrian Signals

The pedestrian push button signs shall be retroreflective R10-3e, 9"x15" signs displaying the "Push Button To Cross" legend with the Walking Man symbol and properly oriented arrow, unless shown otherwise in the plans. The pedestrian push button station shall be yellow with rounded corners sized to accommodate the 9"x15" sign.

If extensions are required to ensure proper positioning of the buttons, the extensions shall be included in the cost of the applicable push button pay item at no additional cost to the contract. Catalog cuts are required for the push button extensions prior to ordering.

All accessible buttons shall be programmed for the audible walk indication regardless of their placement. All buttons shall also be capable of producing a user-selectable audible percussive tone.

The required accessible pedestrian signal training will be scheduled for DUDOT personnel in conjunction with the requesting person or group.

Handhole Requirements: Add the following paragraph to the following District 1 Special Provision:

814.01 TS Handholes

The "Traffic Signals" label for the handhole lid shall also be applicable to DUDOT handholes.

DAMAGE TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM

Revise Article 801.12(b) of the "Standard Specifications" to read:

Any traffic control equipment damaged or not operating properly from any cause whatsoever shall be repaired and/or replaced. All inoperable components shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the special provisions, or in the absence of applicable special provisions, meeting the requirements of the Traffic Engineer. The Contractor shall provide replacement components at no additional cost to the Contract and/or owner of the traffic signal system. Final repairs or replacement of damaged equipment shall meet the approval of the Traffic Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection; otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted. Cable splices outside the controller cabinet shall not be allowed, unless approved by the Traffic Engineer.

When present, Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, including Red Light Enforcement cameras, detectors, and peripheral equipment, damaged or not operating properly from any cause whatsoever, shall be the responsibility of the municipality or the Automatic Traffic Enforcement company according to the Permit or governing agreement.

VIDEO AND NETWORK SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

For all projects including installation or relocation of video and/or network equipment, the Contractor shall contact the Traffic Engineer at 630-407-6900 after installation to confirm proper operation of the equipment within the Ethernet-based field communications system. This includes confirming that the camera horizon is properly adjusted, camera lens is clear, network settings are correct and all devices are communicating correctly with the Central Signal System. For equipment requiring an IP address or other DUDOT assigned parameters, the Traffic Engineer will provide all available IP and programming details upon request, but no earlier than at the pre-construction meeting. The Contractor should request the information from the Traffic Engineer a minimum of one week in advance of the traffic signal "turn-on." The Contractor shall be responsible for making any changes necessary to the camera mounting, aiming, and/or equipment programming to meet the DUDOT requirements and/or to operate the equipment to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. Contacting the Traffic Engineer for confirmation of equipment operation does not constitute

an installation review and does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to correct deficiencies identified at the “turn-on.” The cost of meeting these requirements shall be included in the associated pay item and no additional compensation shall be made. Calls to the Traffic Engineer shall be made according to the Central Signal System Support section of this special provision.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSPECTION (“TURN-ON”)

Revise Article 801.15(b) of the “Standard Specifications” to read:

When the road is open to traffic, except as otherwise provided in Section 850 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request a “turn-on” and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request shall be made to the Traffic Engineer at (630) 407-6900 a minimum of ten calendar days prior to the time of the requested inspection. Prior to the date of the “turn-on,” the Contractor must provide written notification (by letter or email) that the equipment has been field tested and the intersection is capable of operating according to Contract requirements.

When the Contract includes the pay item RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, or TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMINGS, the Contractor shall notify the Signal Coordination and Timing (SCAT) Consultant of the “turn-on”/detour implementation schedule, as well as stage changes and signal phase changes during construction. The SCAT Consultant shall be in attendance at each temporary and permanent traffic signal “turn-on.” When Emergency Vehicle Preemption (EVP) equipment is included in the project, the Contractor must invite local fire department personnel to each temporary and permanent traffic signal “turn-on.”

It is DUDOT’s intent to have all electric work completed and the equipment field-tested by the Equipment Supplier prior to DUDOT’s “turn-on” field inspection. The Contractor shall have all traffic signal work completed and the electrical service installation connected by the utility company prior to requesting an inspection and “turn-on” of the traffic signal installation. In the event the Traffic Engineer determines that the work is not complete and that the inspection will require more than two hours to complete, the inspection may be cancelled and the Contractor will be required to reschedule at another date.

The Contractor shall provide a representative from the Equipment Supplier’s office to attend the traffic signal inspection for both permanent and temporary traffic signal “turn-ons.” Signal indications being tested shall match the lane configurations and markings at the intersection. If any conflicting signal indications are visible to motorist or pedestrians while testing, the Contractor shall be responsible to provide police officer(s) to assist with traffic control at the time of testing.

Upon demonstration that the signals are operating properly according to the Contract and to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer, the Traffic Engineer will allow the signals to be placed in continuous operation. The Traffic Engineer will inspect the traffic signal installation, with the assistance of the Contractor, and provide a written “punch-list” of deficient items requiring completion. The traffic signals will not be transferred to DUDOT maintenance until all “punch-list” work is corrected and re-inspected. The Contractor shall complete all “punch-list” work within 30 calendar days of notification. If this work is not completed within 30 days, DUDOT reserves the right to have the work completed by others at the Contractor’s expense. This cost will be in addition to Liquidated Damages for Untimely Work.

The Contractor shall furnish all equipment and/or parts to keep the traffic signal installation operating. No spare traffic signal equipment is available from DUDOT. The Contractor shall be responsible for all traffic signal equipment and associated maintenance thereof until DUDOT acceptance is granted.

When the Contractor has completed the “punch-list” work, he shall contact the Traffic Engineer to schedule a follow-up inspection of the traffic signal installation. If the Traffic Engineer determines that any “punch-list” items have not been completed, he may cancel the inspection, and the Contractor will need to reschedule.

It is possible that during any follow-up inspections of the traffic signal installation, deficient items may be identified that were not identified at the "turn-on" inspection, or included in the initial "punch-list." The Traffic Engineer shall advise the Contractor of any such items, and it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to complete these items prior to acceptance of the traffic signal.

Acceptance of the traffic signal by DUDOT shall be based on the inspection results and successful operation during a minimum 72-hour "burn-in" period following activation of the traffic signal and related equipment. Therefore, due to the required "burn-in" period, acceptance of the traffic signal shall not occur at the time of the "turn-on." Upon notification by the Contractor that all noted deficiencies have been corrected, and after the "burn-in" period, the Traffic Engineer shall perform an acceptance inspection of the traffic signal installation. If approved, the traffic signal acceptance shall be given verbally at the inspection, followed by written correspondence from the Traffic Engineer. When DUDOT is acting as a representative of other agencies, the agency that is responsible for the maintenance of each traffic signal installation will assume the traffic signal maintenance upon acceptance by the Traffic Engineer.

DUDOT requires the following Final Project Documentation from the Contractor prior to acceptance of the traffic signal. The documentation shall be provided in hard copy and electronic format as indicated below.

1. One (1) copy (11"x17") and one electronic PDF file of as-built signal plans with field revisions marked in red, including the location and labeling of detection equipment that differs from that shown in the plans.
2. One (1) copy of the operation and service manuals for the signal controller and the associated control equipment.
3. Five (5) copies (11"x17") and one electronic PDF file of the cabinet wiring diagrams.
4. Five (5) copies of the traffic signal installation cable log, along with electronic PDF and DGN files.
5. Original certificates for all manufacturer and Contractor warranties and guarantees required by Article 801.14 of the Standard Specifications.
6. GPS coordinates of traffic signal equipment as detailed in the Record Drawings section herein.
7. For new cabinet installations, two (2) cabinet keys and one (1) police door key.

All cost of work and materials required to comply with the above requirements shall be included in the pay item bid prices, under which the subject materials and signal equipment are paid, and no additional compensation will be allowed. Materials and signal equipment not complying with the above requirements will be subject to removal and disposal at the Contractor's expense.

LOCATING UNDERGROUND FACILITIES

Revise Section 803 of the "Standard Specifications" to read:

Once the Contractor has taken maintenance of an existing County facility or has constructed underground facilities, they are responsible for locating the facilities according the J.U.L.I.E. requirements at no additional cost to the Contract.

Contractor requests for equipment locates will be granted only once prior to the start of construction. Additional requests shall be at the expense of the Contractor. The location of underground traffic facilities does not

relieve the Contractor of their responsibility to repair any item(s) damaged during the construction, at his/her own expense.

Locate requests shall be directed to DUDOT's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor or to the DUDOT Traffic Engineering Department at (630) 407-6900.

The exact location of all utilities shall be field verified by the Contractor before the installation of any components of the traffic signal system. For locations of utilities call J.U.L.I.E. at 1-800-892-0123. The location of some utilities may require contacting other Agencies or Municipalities.

The Contractor should note that IDOT does not participate in J.U.L.I.E. Underground work that is proposed to take place within IDOT right-of-way requires the Contractor to contact IDOT for the procedures involved in locating their facilities.

RESTORATION OF WORK AREA

Add to Section 801 of the "Standard Specifications":

Restoration of the traffic signal work area shall be included in the related pay item including foundation, conduit, handhole, trench and backfill, etc. and no extra compensation shall be allowed. All roadway surfaces including shoulders, medians, sidewalks, pavement, etc. shall be restored to match the previously existing conditions. All damage to mowed lawns shall be replaced with an approved sod, and all damage to unmowed fields shall be seeded, according to Section 250 and Section 252 of the Standard Specifications respectively. All brick pavers disturbed in the work area shall be restored to their original configuration as directed by the Resident Engineer. All damaged brick pavers shall be replaced with a comparable material approved by the Resident Engineer. Areas in front of residences are to be restored within two weeks of the completion of work causing the disturbance regardless of the duration of the project remaining. The traffic signal work area includes any area where the Contractor or their subcontractors perform work to install, repair, or maintain County owned traffic, lighting, or ITS equipment or facilities, regardless of the presence of an actual traffic signal.

LOCATION AND ORIENTATION OF ITS EQUIPMENT

The Contractor shall confirm the viability of the proposed mounting location for ITS equipment prior to installing cable, affixing mounting hardware to supporting posts or mast arms, and drilling holes in supporting posts or mast arms. When line-of-sight is required for proper equipment operations, including but not limited to antennas and detection cameras, the Contractor shall review the proposed installation with the Engineer, in consultation with the vendor's representative, to confirm that the location shown in the plans is still viable. When a PTZ camera or other comparable device is proposed, the Contractor shall review the proposed location with the Engineer prior to installation to ensure that the Agency's preference for visibility can be met within the built environment. In any case, if the Contractor installs cable or hardware, or drills holes, prior to receiving the Engineer's approval, the cost to relocate the equipment to provide proper operation or preferred visibility, including the cost of removing and installing new electrical or communications cable, will be borne by the Contractor. The Contractor will be paid for the actual quantity of cable and equipment based on the final accepted installation location regardless of the quantities shown in the plan, and no additional compensation shall be made under the Contract for excess materials installed prior to approval.

CABINET NEATNESS AND WIRING

The Contractor shall ensure that all wiring and peripheral equipment in any new traffic signal cabinet is in a neat and orderly fashion that is acceptable to the Traffic Engineer. This applies to controller cabinets, master cabinets, railroad cabinets, communication/ITS cabinets, lighting cabinets, electrical service cabinets, or any other new cabinet called for in the project plans.

All conduit entrances into the cabinet shall be sealed with a pliable waterproof material. Electrical cables inside the cabinet shall be neatly trained along the base and back of the cabinet. Each conductor shall be connected individually to the proper terminal. The spare conductors shall be bound into a neat bundle. All cables, including those for signals, vehicle detection, pushbuttons, emergency vehicle preemption, video transmission, and communication shall be neatly arranged and bundled within the cabinet to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. Each cable shall be marked with an identification number which corresponds to the number and description on the cabinet cable log.

When modernizing or modifying an existing cabinet, the new cables being installed shall be trained, bundled, and labeled to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. When working inside an existing cabinet, the Contractor shall minimize disturbance to existing cables and cabinet wiring. Any existing cables and cabinet wiring disturbed by the Contractor shall be re-trained, bundled, and/or labeled to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.

Unless indicated elsewhere in the plans and specs, all equipment in the cabinet shall be wired through the UPS except lighted street name signs and luminaires.

Components with Ethernet capabilities shall be connected to the Switch or other communications equipment in the cabinet as directed by the Traffic Engineer. All equipment, materials, labor and hardware, including Ethernet patch cables, required to provide cabinet neatness and wiring to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer shall be included in the applicable pay item for FULL ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET SPECIAL, FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER IN EXISTING CABINET, and/or MODIFY EXISTING CONTROLLER.

The County will not accept maintenance of the traffic signal installations until the above requirements are satisfied.

EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER AND VENDOR REPRESENTATION

The Traffic Engineer reserves the right to request a representative of the Equipment Supplier and/or Vendor be present at the activation of new traffic equipment. The traffic equipment may include signal heads, cabinets, controllers, amplifiers, preemption, detection, monitoring, communication/transmission, fiber-optic/telemetry, radio, microwave, infrared, illuminated signs, streetlights, push buttons, lighted crosswalks, uninterruptable power supplies, adaptive, counters, and any other new equipment being installed and activated. The representative shall be a qualified technician trained in the proper installation and operation of the equipment being installed under the Contract or permit.

The Traffic Engineer reserves the right to cancel the “turn-on,” transfer, or other scheduled activity if, in their opinion, knowledgeable personnel from the Equipment Supplier or Vendor are not present. Rescheduling, and any associated costs, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor, and shall be subject to availability of DUDOT Traffic staff.

This provision is in addition to the requirement contained herein that the Contractor provide a representative from the Equipment Supplier to attend the traffic signal inspection for both permanent and temporary traffic signal “turn-on”.

Any costs associated with Equipment Supplier and/or Vendor representation shall be included in the unit price of the associated traffic equipment being activated. Any unforeseen costs incurred by the Contractor to provide this representation shall not be the responsibility of the County.

INTERRUPTION OF COMMUNICATION

The interruption of communication with County equipment shall be kept to an absolute minimum. Communication includes controller telemetry, video transmission, camera control signals, Highway Advisory

Radio, wireless interconnect, telephone (POTS/ISDN/DSL), high speed Internet, cellular modem, or any other County communication equipment. This provision applies to cable types including copper, multimode fiber optic, singlemode fiber optic, telephone cables, Ethernet cables, or any other cable used by the County to monitor and maintain its various signal and ITS equipment.

The Contractor shall plan ahead, and shall stage their construction work accordingly, so that they can interrupt communication, and then restore communication, with as little down time as possible. For example, when a section of existing interconnect is being relocated, the new handholes and conduits should be installed prior to disconnecting the interconnect cable. The interconnect cable can then be disconnected, pulled out of the existing conduit, pulled through the new conduit, and re-connected. In addition, when an existing fiber optic cable is to be re-used, the Contractor shall be prepared to immediately replace any fiber splices and/or terminations that become damaged.

Prior to disconnecting any DUDOT communication link, the Contractor shall contact the Traffic Engineer for approval of their planned construction method.

CENTRAL SIGNAL SYSTEM SUPPORT

DUDOT Traffic staff are available to provide a limited amount of technical support to the Contractor between the hours of 8:00 AM and 4:30 PM. The Contractor may request the DUDOT staff provide configuration information, settings, and testing support, and other items approved by the Traffic Engineer. Requests that require DUDOT support after 4:30 PM may not be honored until the next business day. Extensions to the Contract working days or completion date will not be authorized solely due to requests for support that do not meet these requirements.

CONSTRUCTION WORK UNDER COUNTY HIGHWAY PERMIT

For projects being completed under DuPage County Highway Access Permits, including resurfacing projects that require replacement of detector loops, the Contractor shall have a copy of the approved County Highway Permit on-site at all times work is underway, including when working on loops or other signal related equipment at county-owned intersections even if all work is located outside of DuPage County right-of-way. Penalties for non-compliance will be assessed according to the terms detailed in the Highway Permit.

85000200 MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION

Revised:
DC850.01

Description: This work shall consist of maintaining an existing traffic signal installation that has been designated to remain in operation during construction.

General: This work will be performed according to Section 850 of the "Standard Specifications," the DuPage County DOT Traffic Signal General Requirements DC800.01 Special Provision, and the following:

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a 24-hour telephone number for traffic signal maintenance, in accordance with the requirements of the DC800.01 Special Provision. The Contractor, or his representative, shall be available on a 24-hour basis to respond to emergency calls by the Engineer, Traffic Engineer or other parties.

The Contractor shall have electricians on staff with IMSA Level II certification to provide signal maintenance.

Full maintenance responsibility shall start as soon as the Contractor begins any physical work on the contract or any portion thereof.

This item shall include maintenance of all traffic signal equipment at the intersection, including cameras, emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment, traffic counters, detection equipment, traffic signal control equipment, terminal servers, media converters, transit signal priority equipment, flashing beacons, uninterruptable power supply (UPS) and batteries, handholes, lighted signs, radios, modems, master controllers, telephone service installations, communication equipment, communication cables, conduits to adjacent intersections, and other traffic signal equipment. The Contractor shall at all times maintain in stock a sufficient amount of materials and equipment to provide effective temporary and permanent repairs.

The Contractor shall check all controllers every month, which will include opening the cabinet door and visually inspecting all timing intervals, relays, detectors, and pre-emption equipment to ensure that they are functioning properly. This item includes all portions of the emergency vehicle pre-emption system. The Contractor shall not clear equipment log buffers. The Contractor shall not remove any existing documentation from the cabinet; it shall remain in the cabinet and remain property of the County or the agency that owns the cabinet.

The Contractor shall respond to all emergency calls from the County or others according to the Repair Timetable and provide immediate corrective action. When equipment has been damaged or becomes faulty beyond repair, the Contractor shall replace it with new and identical equipment. The cost of furnishing and installing the replaced equipment shall be borne by the Contractor at no additional charge to the County. The Contractor may initiate action to recover damages from a responsible third party. If at any time the Contractor fails to perform all work as specified herein to keep the traffic signal installation in proper operating condition or if the Engineer or Traffic Engineer cannot contact the Contractor's designated personnel, the Traffic Engineer shall have the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor perform the required maintenance work. The County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor shall bill the Contractor for the total cost of the work. The Contractor shall pay this bill within 30 days of the date of receipt of the invoice or the cost of such work will be deducted from the amount due the Contractor. At any time requested, the Contractor shall allow the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor to open the cabinet and review the operation of the existing traffic signal installation that has been transferred to the Contractor for maintenance.

The Contractor shall provide immediate corrective action when any part of the system fails to function properly. Two far side signal heads facing each approach shall be considered the minimum acceptable signal operation pending permanent repairs. When repairs at a signalized intersection require that the controller be disconnected, and power is available, the Contractor shall place the traffic signal installation on flashing operation. The signals shall flash **RED** for all directions unless a different indication has been specified by the Traffic Engineer. When the signal is flashing **RED** or when the power is out, the Contractor shall be required to place at least 1 STOP sign (R1-1-36) meeting MUTCD requirements at each approach of the intersection as a temporary means of regulating traffic according to the Repair Timetable in the project special provisions. At approaches where a yellow flashing indication is directed by the Traffic Engineer, STOP signs will not be required. The Contractor shall maintain a sufficient number of STOP signs for all the signals under the Contractor's maintenance and have enough spare STOP signs in stock at all times to replace those which may be damaged or stolen.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the County for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of the project special provisions. or in the absence of applicable special provisions, meeting the requirements of the Traffic Engineer.

The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining the hardware and cables related to the County's Ethernet-based signal and ITS communications system, including any Layer II or Layer III switches, video encoders, power supplies, cables, and peripherals, located in the cabinet maintained under this pay item. Routine programming of Video encoders, Layer II and Layer III switches will be maintained by the County's Network Integrator under separate County contract, except as noted in the plans. The Contractor shall provide cabinet access to the Network Integrator as necessary to maintain communications on the County's Ethernet

communications network. Any electrical work required to maintain the communications equipment shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor will not be required to pay the energy charges for the operation of the existing traffic signal installation.

The Traffic Engineer may require the Contractor to transfer maintenance of a signal back to the County's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor (or other electrical contractor) for a short time. This may become necessary due to other signal projects in the area, or if the County needs to perform work at the signal. Any costs incurred by the Contractor for maintenance transfer inspections of this type shall be included in cost of pay item MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION.

Temporary replacement of damaged or knockdown of a mast arm pole assembly shall require construction of a full or partial span wire signal installation or other method approved by the Traffic Engineer.

Maintenance will not include Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, e.g. red light enforcement cameras, detectors, or peripheral equipment. If present, this equipment is operated and maintained by the local municipality and should be de-activated while the traffic signal is on Contractor maintenance.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the Contract unit price each for MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION. Each intersection will be paid for separately. If two intersections are operated by one traffic signal controller, it shall be considered as one intersection for the purposes of this pay item.

ELECTRIC CABLE

Revised:
DC873.01

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an electric cable of the type, size and number of conductors specified.

Materials: The electric cable shall meet the requirements of Article 1070.04 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

- Signal Cable: The conductors for signal cable shall be limited to No. 14 AWG solid copper.
- Service Cable: The service cable may be either single or multiple conductor cable.
- The electric service cable shall have an XLP jacket.
- All other cable jackets shall be polyvinyl chloride, meeting the requirements of IMSA 19-1 or IMSA 20-1.
- The jacket color for signal cable shall be black.
- The jacket color for lead-in and communications cable shall be gray.
- All cabling between the signal cabinet and the signal heads shall be signal cable.
- Heat shrink splices shall be used according to the District 1 "Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" as shown on the plans.

General: This work shall be performed according to Section 873 of the "Standard Specifications".

Method of Measurement: Electric Cable will be measured for payment in feet according to Article 873.05 of the "Standard Specifications".

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for ELECTRIC CABLE, of the method of installation (IN TRENCH, IN CONDUIT, or AERIAL SUSPENDED), of the type, size and number of conductors or pairs specified.

CONCRETE FOUNDATION

Revised:
DC878.01

Description: This work shall consist of constructing a concrete foundation for a traffic signal post, controller base, or mast arm at locations shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

General: This work shall be performed according to Section 878 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

All anchor bolts shall be according to Article 1006.09 of the "Standard Specifications", except all anchor bolts shall be hot dipped galvanized the full length of the anchor bolt including the hook.

No foundation is to be poured until the Engineer observes the depth of the excavation and the forms.

Concrete Foundations, Type A for Traffic Signal Posts shall provide anchor bolts with the bolt pattern specified within the District 1 "Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" as shown on the plans. All Type A foundations shall be a minimum of 48 inches deep.

Concrete Foundations, Type C (Special) for Traffic Signal Cabinets with Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS / Battery Back-Up) cabinet installations shall be constructed according to the latest version of IDOT Standard 878001, except as modified herein. The constructed foundation shall be a minimum of 48 inches long by 31 inches wide, and shall have a minimum depth of 48 inches. An integral concrete pad foundation for the UPS cabinet shall be constructed a minimum of 31 inches long by 20 inches wide by 10 inches deep. The UPS cabinet pad foundation shall be integral to the side of the signal cabinet foundation, and shall be constructed on the same side as the signal cabinet power panel. Anchor bolts shall be provided and spaced according to the cabinet manufacturer's specifications. The conduits shall be the number and size as shown in the plans and placed at minimum depth of 30 inches. An L-Shaped concrete apron shall be constructed along the entire front of the signal cabinet foundation, the entire side of the UPS cabinet foundation, and the entire front of the UPS cabinet foundation. This concrete apron shall be a minimum of 36 inches wide by five inches deep. Perpendicular grooves shall be installed in each direction in the concrete apron according to Article 424.06 of the "Standard Specifications", beginning at the interior corner of the L shaped apron.

Concrete Foundations, Type D for Traffic Signal Cabinets shall be constructed according to the latest version of IDOT Standard 878001, except as modified herein. The constructed foundation shall be a minimum of 48 inches long by 31 inches wide, and shall have a minimum depth of 48 inches. Anchor bolts shall be provided and spaced according to the cabinet manufacturer's specifications. The conduits shall be the number and size as shown in the plans and placed at minimum depth of 30 inches. The concrete apron at the signal cabinet shall be constructed a minimum of 36 inches wide by 48 inches long by five inches deep.

Concrete Foundations, Type E for Mast Arm and Combination Mast Arm Poles shall be constructed according to the latest version of IDOT Standard 878001. The foundation shall be 15 feet deep, except when deeper foundations are called for in IDOT Standard 878001.

The Engineer shall approve the foundation excavation prior to placing any concrete.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot of depth for CONCRETE FOUNDATION, of the type specified.

89502375 REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

Revised:
DC895.01

Add the following to Article 895.05(a) of the Standard Specifications:

The traffic signal equipment which is to be removed and is to become the property of the Contractor shall be disposed of outside the right-of-way at the Contractor's expense.

All equipment to be returned to the DuPage County Division of Transportation (DUDOT) shall be delivered by the Contractor to DUDOT. The Contractor shall contact the Traffic Engineer at 630-407-6900 to schedule an appointment to deliver the equipment. No equipment will be accepted without a prior appointment. All equipment shall be delivered within 30 days of removing it from the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall provide one hard copy and one electronic file of a list of equipment that is to remain the property of DUDOT, including model and serial numbers, where applicable. The Contractor shall also provide a copy of the plan sheet or Contract documents showing the quantities and type of equipment. Controllers and peripheral equipment from the same location shall be boxed together (equipment from different locations may not be mixed) and all boxes and controller cabinets shall be clearly marked or labeled with the location from which they were removed. If equipment is not returned according to these requirements, it will be rejected by DUDOT. The Contractor shall be responsible for the condition of the traffic signal equipment from the time Contractor takes maintenance of the signal installation until the acceptance of a receipt drawn by the Traffic Engineer indicating the items have been returned in good condition.

The Contractor shall safely store and arrange for pick up or delivery of all equipment to be returned to agencies other than DUDOT. The Contractor shall package the equipment and provide all necessary documentation as stated above.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to DUDOT for any reason shall be replaced by the Contractor with new equipment meeting the requirements of these Specifications at no cost to the contract.

For all traffic signal posts or mast arms to remain, all vacated holes remaining in existing posts or mast arms shall be plugged with a kneadable, two-part epoxy putty. The putty shall cure in two hours or less and, when dried, the putty shall be sandable and paintable. It shall be capable of withstanding up to 500 degree Fahrenheit temperatures, with minimum tensile strength of 6000 psi and compressive strength of 18 psi. Products that include asbestos are prohibited.

The epoxy putty shall be applied to each vacated hole according to manufacturer's recommendations. The putty shall be shaped and smoothed, and excess putty shall be removed before it hardens. After the putty is fully hardened, it shall be sanded, cleaned, and painted to match the traffic signal post or mast arm.

APPLICATION SERVER (DCDOT)

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a Centracs Server to Server (S2S) module and connection license on the existing Centracs server hosted by the roadway agency.

Materials: The software package shall consist of one (1) Centracs S2S Module, one (1) Centracs S2S Connection License, and 1 year of Software Maintenance Agreement (SMA) coverage processed as an

addition to the agency's existing Centracs SMA. The SMA and software licensure will be assigned to the proper roadway agency, not to the Contractor.

General: This work shall include software installation, configuration and training provided by the Equipment Supplier and/or Vendor. Four (4) hours of hands-on, instructor-led training shall be provided for the roadway agency. The training can be conducted concurrently for all agencies at a common location at the agencies' mutual convenience. Webinars and distance learning opportunities may not be used to meet this training requirement, unless specifically authorized by the agency's Traffic Engineer. Additional compensation will not be allowed in the event that the Contractor, Equipment Supplier, and/or Vendor is unable to find a mutually convenient time or location for the required training.

The 1 year SMA coverage will begin upon the completion of the software training or written acceptance by the Traffic Engineer, whichever is later.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for APPLICATION SERVER. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to furnish and install the Centracs S2S Module, Connection License, SMA, and training for one roadway agency, including all necessary hardware, software, and other peripheral equipment required to place the module into operation on the roadway agency's existing Centracs Server to the satisfaction of the agency's Traffic Engineer.

WEB SERVER (DCDOT)

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a supplemental Centracs Server to Server (S2S) connection license on the existing Centracs server hosted by the roadway agency. This license is in addition to the agency's existing S2S module and connection license(s) and will be added to the existing Centracs system and integrated by the Equipment Supplier and/or Vendor.

Materials: This item shall consist of one (1) Centracs S2S Connection License and 1 year of Software Maintenance Agreement (SMA) coverage processed as an addition to the agency's existing Centracs SMA. The SMA and software licensure will be assigned to the proper roadway agency, not to the Contractor.

General: This work shall include software installation, configuration and training provided by the Equipment Supplier and/or Vendor. Four (4) hours of hands-on, instructor-led training shall be provided for the roadway agency. The training can be conducted concurrently for all agencies at a common location at the agencies' mutual convenience. Webinars and distance learning opportunities may not be used to meet this training requirement, unless specifically authorized by the agency's Traffic Engineer. Additional compensation will not be allowed in the event that the Contractor, Equipment Supplier, and/or Vendor is unable to find a mutually convenient time or location for the required training.

The 1 year SMA coverage will begin upon the completion of the software training or written acceptance by the Traffic Engineer, whichever is later.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for WEB SERVER. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to furnish and install the Centracs S2S Connection License, SMA, and training for one roadway agency, including all necessary hardware, software, and other peripheral equipment required to establish the S2S connection in full operation on the roadway agency's existing Centracs Server to the satisfaction of the agency's Traffic Engineer.

X1400102 OUTDOOR RATED NETWORK CABLE

Revised:
DC873.02

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a network cable from the traffic signal cabinet to the associated field device as shown on the plans.

Materials: The outdoor rated network cable shall be a black Category 5e cable, meeting the TIA/EIA 568-B.2 telecommunication standards. The cable shall be composed of 24 AWG solid bare copper conductors, twisted pairs, polyolefin insulation, inner LLPE jacket, overall shield (100% coverage), 24 AWG stranded TC drain wire, industrial grade sunlight- and oil-resistant LLPE jacket. The cable shall be capable of performing from - 40 °F to 160 °F.

Each end of the cable shall be terminated with an RJ-45 connector installed according to the TIA/EIA 568B standard. The drain wire at the cabinet end shall be terminated with a ring lug and attached to a suitable ground point. When the manufacturer's recommended installation differs from these requirements, the Contractor must notify the Engineer and provide documentation of the deviation for DUDOT review and approval prior to installation.

General: The work shall be performed according to the applicable portions of Section 873 of the "Standard Specifications", and details as shown on the plans and the following:

No splices shall be allowed in the cable between the field device and the traffic signal cabinet.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for OUTDOOR RATED NETWORK CABLE. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials and labor required to furnish and install the cable, and making all connections necessary for proper operation. The unit price shall also include furnishing and installing the RJ-45 connectors, ring terminals and grounding the cable.

FIBER OPTIC SPLICE ENCLOSURE (X1400158)

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a 48 port fiber optic distribution enclosure with splice trays in a traffic signal cabinet, building, or other secure facility as indicated in the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

General: This work shall be performed according to Section 871 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing the distribution enclosure and splice tray at the location in the traffic cabinet, building, or other secure facility as directed by the Engineer. When noted in the plans or specifications, all work in facilities owned by other agencies is subject to the terms of the Contractor's permit or existing agreements between DuDOT and the other entity, whichever is applicable.

In cabinets where an existing County-owned enclosure with fewer than 48 ports exists, the Contractor shall remove the existing enclosure and return it to DuDOT, and install the proposed enclosure in its place, unless indicated otherwise on the plans or directed by the Traffic Engineer. The Contractor shall relocate any equipment in the cabinet that is in conflict in a workmanlike manner. The Contractor shall tag or otherwise document existing fiber connections prior to removal. If the Contractor fails to adequately document connections, the testing required to reestablish connections shall be at no additional cost to the County.

In cabinets where existing enclosures are owned by other agencies, the Contractor shall not remove the existing enclosure unless directed to do so by the Traffic Engineer.

Materials: The distribution enclosure shall be wall-mountable with capacity for 48 fiber ports using at least four closet connector housing panels per enclosure and at least eight 0.2-inch or four 0.4-inch reduced length splice trays. The enclosure dimensions shall not exceed 14.5" x 17" x 4.5". The enclosure shall include SC connectors capable of accommodating the required number of singlemode fibers. When the plans indicate multimode fibers are to be used, at least one CCH connector panel shall include ST connectors to facilitate serial communications.

The splice trays shall be aluminum and capable of accommodating the required number of fusion splices, including necessary splice holders and a compatible splice tray cover. The individual tray dimensions shall not exceed 7.5" x 4.1" x 0.45" and each shall be mounted within the enclosure using suitable hardware that allows removal for maintenance purposes without the use of tools. Each individual splice tray shall be labelled.

Basis of Payment: The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for FIBER OPTIC SPLICE ENCLOSURE. The unit price shall include distribution enclosure, splice trays, jumpers, connectors, and mounting hardware required for installation within the indicted cabinet or other secure location, including moving any equipment in conflict with the proposed enclosure mounting. Removal of existing enclosure will be included in the cost of this item. Fiber optic cable, fiber terminations, and fiber splices, shall be paid for as FIBER OPTIC CABLE, TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET and/or SPLICE FIBER IN CABINET.

UPGRADE TO NTCIP

Revised:
DC801.23

Description: This item shall comply with Section 857 of the Standard Specifications and shall also comply with the following requirements:

This work shall consist of upgrading an existing traffic signal controller to the manufacturer's latest version of National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) software, compatible with the DuPage County Central Signal System.

This pay item shall include enabling the NTCIP mode of operations for the controller and updating all the communications parameters necessary for communications in the Ethernet-based signal system, including the NTCIP address. DUDOT will provide the required parameters upon request.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price EACH for UPGRADE EXISTING CONTROLLER TO NTCIP SPECIAL, which price shall be payment in full for all material, equipment and labor necessary for upgrading the existing controller to meet NTCIP standards and to update the required communications settings to facilitate operation with DUDOT's Ethernet-based signal system.

FIBER OPTIC PATCH PANEL, 24 PORT, CABINET MOUNT (X1400303)

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a 24 port fiber optic distribution enclosure with number of ports specified in the plans and splice tray in a traffic signal cabinet, building, or other secure facility as indicated in the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

General: This work shall be performed according to Section 871 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing the distribution enclosure and splice tray at the location in the traffic cabinet, building, or other secure facility as directed by the Engineer. When noted in the plans or

specifications, all work in facilities owned by other agencies is subject to the terms of the Contractor's permit or existing agreements between DuDOT and the other entity, whichever is applicable.

In cabinets where an existing County-owned enclosure with fewer than 24 ports exists, the Contractor shall remove the existing enclosure and return it to DuDOT, and install the proposed enclosure in its place, unless indicated otherwise on the plans or directed by the Traffic Engineer. The Contractor shall relocate any equipment in the cabinet that is in conflict in a workmanlike manner. The Contractor shall tag or otherwise document existing fiber connections prior to removal. If the Contractor fails to adequately document connections, the testing required to reestablish connections shall be at no additional cost to the County.

Materials: The distribution enclosure shall be wall-mountable with capacity for 24 fiber ports using at least two closet connector housing panels per enclosure and at least eight 0.2-inch or four 0.4-inch reduced length splice trays. The enclosure dimensions for a 24 port enclosure shall not exceed 13.5" x 15.5" x 4.5". The enclosure shall include SC connectors capable of accommodating the required number of singlemode fibers. When the plans indicate multimode fibers are to be used, at least one CCH connector panel shall include ST connectors to facilitate serial communications.

The splice trays shall be aluminum and capable of accommodating the required number of fusion splices, including necessary splice holders and a compatible splice tray cover. The individual tray dimensions shall not exceed 7.5" x 4.1" x 0.45" and each shall be mounted within the enclosure using suitable hardware that allows removal for maintenance purposes without the use of tools. Each individual splice tray shall be labelled.

Basis of Payment: The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for FIBER OPTIC PACTH PANEL, 24 PORT, CABINET MOUNT. The unit price shall include distribution enclosure, splice trays, jumpers, connectors, and mounting hardware required for installation within the indicted cabinet or other secure location, including moving any equipment in conflict with the proposed enclosure mounting. Removal of existing enclosure will be included in the cost of this item. Fiber optic cable, fiber terminations, and fiber splices, shall be paid for as FIBER OPTIC CABLE, TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET and/or SPLICE FIBER IN CABINET.

WIRELESS TRANSMISSION SYSTEM POINT TO POINT

Revised:
DC801.14

Description: This work shall consist of the installation of a new node on the DuPage County wireless network. The work includes furnishing and installing the directional antenna and power injector; associated cables and/or wiring; and all mounting hardware.

Materials: The Wireless Transmission System Point to Point includes one antenna, two surge suppressors, all necessary power wiring between the power injector and circuit breaker, and any required mounting hardware.

The Wireless Transmission System Point to Point electronics, including surge suppressors and power supplies, shall be procured from the Network Integration Consultant. The Network Integration Consultant shall program this equipment for the appropriate location in the County's communication network, and the cost of this programming will be included in this item.

The Contractor shall contact the county Traffic Engineer prior to ordering the equipment to obtain the necessary IP address and any configuration requirements. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring the wireless transmission system equipment is programmed by a qualified technician and that the equipment

is fully programmed and provisioned for the appropriate location in the County's communication network prior to installation. The required programming shall be included in the cost of this pay item.

General: The Power Over Ethernet (POE) module and one surge suppressor shall be installed in the signal cabinet as directed by the Traffic Engineer. All remaining mounted components of this item shall be installed as high as possible on the mast arm assembly pole or camera pole as shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer. The system shall not be installed on the mast arm or luminaire arm unless directed to do so by the Traffic Engineer. In the event existing equipment precludes the highest mounting location, the Contractor shall contact the Traffic Engineer before moving any existing equipment to confirm the preferred mounting location.

The antenna shall be aimed at another antenna on the County's wireless system, (e.g. aimed at corresponding antenna at another intersection), as shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer. The Contractor shall make arrangements to have a qualified technician present on-site during the aiming of the antenna to assess the link performance and direct any necessary adjustments in mounting and/or aiming the antenna. DUDOT reserves the right to require an on-site demonstration of the antenna aiming, including a visual depiction of signal strength and loss, and interference by the Contractor or Network Integration Consultant. The power injector shall be installed inside the traffic signal cabinet.

All holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets to prevent the chafing of wires.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for WIRELESS TRANSMISSION SYSTEM POINT TO POINT. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to furnish, install, and aim one integrated radio/antenna; power injector; mounting hardware; and surge suppressors at one location, placing the system in operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. The unit price shall also include all equipment, materials and labor required to furnish and install all associated connectors; cables; hardware; other peripheral equipment; and all programming, aiming demonstrations, and field support by a qualified technician. The OUTDOOR RATED NETWORK CABLE from the antenna to the traffic signal cabinet or switch location shall be paid for separately.

X8570215 FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER IN EXISTING CABINET (DUDOT)

Revised:
DC857.02

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a full-actuated controller in an existing cabinet at locations shown on the plans and/or as designated by the Traffic Engineer.

General: This work shall be performed according to Sections 857 and 863 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

The controller shall conform to ITE ATC Standard 5.2b. The controller shall be the latest model available that is compatible with "Centracs" software, currently in use by DuPage County. The controller software compatibility requirements are based upon the controller's location in the communication system, and shall be as shown on the plans. The controller shall have the latest version of NTCIP and ATC software compatible with "Centracs" installed, and be equipped with an Ethernet port and a removable data key or other storage media to save the controller database.

When plan notes indicate that an "Econolite" controller is required, the controller shall be a Cobalt model E controller running ASC/3 software capable of communicating in both serial and Ethernet modes.

The controller shall prevent phases from being skipped during program changes and after all preemption events, and shall inhibit simultaneous display of circular yellow and yellow arrow indications.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the Contract unit price per each for FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER IN EXISTING CABINET. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials and labor required to furnish and install the controller, complete with necessary connections and equipment for proper operation.

X8570226 FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET, SPECIAL (DUDOT)

Revised:
DC857.01

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a full-actuated controller and Type IV cabinet at locations shown on the plans and/or as designated by the Traffic Engineer.

General: This work shall be performed according to Sections 857 and 863 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

The controller shall conform to ITE ATC Standard 5.2b. The controller shall be the latest model available that is compatible with "Centracs" software currently in use by DuPage County DOT. The controller software compatibility requirements are based upon the controller's location in the communication system, and shall be as shown on the plans. The controller shall have the latest version of NTCIP and ATC software compatible with "Centracs" installed, and be equipped with an Ethernet port and a removable data key or other storage media to save the controller database.

When plan notes indicate that an "Econolite" controller is required, the controller shall be a Cobalt model E controller running ASC/3 software capable of communicating in both serial and Ethernet modes.

The cabinet shall be designed for NEMA TS2 Type 1 operation. Unless indicated otherwise on the plans, the cabinet shall be pre-wired for a minimum of eight phases of vehicular; four phases of pedestrian; and four phases of overlap operation. Individual load switches shall be provided for each vehicle, pedestrian and right turn overlap phase.

The controller shall prevent phases from being skipped during program changes and after all preemption events, and shall inhibit simultaneous display of circular yellow and yellow arrow indications.

- **Cabinets:** Controller cabinets shall have a footprint of approximately 44 inches wide by 26 inches deep. Type IV cabinets shall be 65 inches high, and shall provide a third shelf for mounting additional equipment. The cabinets shall be fabricated of 1/8" thick unpainted aluminum alloy 5052-H32. The surface shall be smooth and free of marks and scratches. All external hardware shall be stainless steel. A vented overhang shall be provided above both the front and rear cabinet doors.
- **Cabinet Doors:** The cabinet shall include front and rear doors of NEMA type 3R construction with a cellular neoprene gasket that is rain tight. The door hinges shall be continuous 14-gauge stainless steel and shall be secured with ¼-20 stainless steel carriage bolts. The standard equipment shall include a three-point locking system that secures the door at the top, bottom and center. A corbin lock with two keys shall also be furnished. The door shall be equipped with a two-position doorstop, one at 90° and one at 120°. In cases where the plans indicate a cabinet is to be affixed to a wood pole, a single door cabinet is required.
- **Controller Harness:** The cabinet shall include a TS2 Type 2 "A" harness in addition to the TS2 Type 1 harness.

- **Surge Protection:** The cabinet shall have a 120VAC Single Phase Modular filter Plug-in type, supplied from an approved vendor.
- **BIU:** The BIU shall be secured by mechanical means.
- **Switch Guards:** All switches shall include switch guards.
- **Back Panel:** The back panel wiring shall be securely covered with a piece of Plexiglas. The Plexiglas shall have a minimum thickness 1/8-inch.
- **Heating:** The cabinet shall include one 200-watt, thermostatically-controlled, electric heater.
- **Lighting:** The cabinet shall include four LED light assemblies along the top and sides of the cabinet. The LED panels shall be controlled by a door switch. The LED Panels shall be provided from an approved vendor.
- **Plan & Wiring Diagrams:** The cabinet shall include a 12" x 15" moisture sealed container attached to door for plan and wiring diagrams.
- **Pull-out Drawer:** The cabinet shall be equipped with a pull-out drawer/shelf assembly. A 1½ inch deep drawer shall be provided in the cabinet, mounted directly beneath the controller support shelf. The drawer shall have a hinged top cover and shall be capable of accommodating one complete set of cabinet prints and manuals. This drawer shall support 50 pounds in weight when fully extended. The drawer shall open and close smoothly. The drawer dimensions shall make maximum use of available depth offered by the controller shelf and be a minimum of 18 inches wide.
- **Detector Racks:** The cabinet shall include a full-size rack fully wired to support one BIU, sixteen channels of vehicle detection, and four channels of EVP. When additional detection inputs are required, a second rack shall be provided at no additional cost to the Contract.
- **Field Wiring Labels:** All field wiring shall be labeled.
- **Field Wiring Termination:** Approved channel lugs shall be required for all field wiring termination.
- **Power Supply:** The power supply shall include a nonconductive shield.
- **Circuit Breaker:** The signal circuit breaker shall be sized for the proposed load. The signal circuit breaker shall be rated a minimum of 30 amps. When combination lighting is included, an additional circuit breaker shall be provided at no additional cost to the Contract.
- **Police Door:** The cabinet shall include wiring and termination for a plug-in manual phase advance switch.
- **Railroad Pre-Emption Test Switch:** A railroad pre-emption test switch shall be provided from an approved vendor.
- **Malfunction Management Unit (MMU):** The cabinet shall include a 16 Channel, LCD display, IP addressable (Ethernet) MMU. The MMU shall be connected to the Ethernet switch with a CAT 5e cable and configured for proper communication.
- **Door Alarm:** The front and rear doors shall be equipped with switches wired to the traffic signal controller alarm 1 input for logging and reporting of a door open condition.
- **Photocell:** Photocell shall be rated 105-305V, turn on at 1.5 fcs. with a 3-5 second delay and shall operate a contactor sized for the signs and lights shown on the plans. The photocell shall be installed under the front lip of the cabinet in a drilled hole. A manufacturer's warranty of six years shall be provided for the photocell. Photocell power consumption shall be no greater than 1 watt at 120V. The photocell and contactor shall be wired to operate all internally illuminated street name signs and combination street lights at the intersection. The photocell and contactor shall be wired so that the fixtures are not operational when the signal operates under battery or generator power. The photocell and contactor shall be configured so that light fixtures and signs will be energized if the photocell fails.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the Contract unit price per each for FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET, SPECIAL. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials and labor required to furnish and install the cabinet and controller, complete with necessary connections and equipment for proper operation.

FIBER OPTIC CABLE

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing all accessories required and fiber optic cable of the type, size, and number of fibers specified.

Materials: The Fiber Optic Cable shall meet the requirements of Article 1076.02 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

The Fiber Optic Cable may be gel filled or have an approved water blocking tape.

General: This work shall be performed according to Section 871 of the "Standard Specifications" and the following:

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing fiber optic cable in conduit with all accessories and connectors. The cable shall be of the type, size, and the number of fibers specified with a maximum of twelve fibers per buffer tube. The work includes making all fiber splices and terminations to the proposed fiber optic cable as indicated on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

All fibers being terminated shall be connected to the distribution enclosure and labeled at the connector and also at the enclosure bulkhead. The label shall include the direction and also the fiber number (e.g. S1, S2, N11, N12).

All splices and terminations on the installed fiber optic cable shall be included in the cost of the fiber optic cable, including the splicing of the installed fiber optic cable to any existing fiber optic cable. Splice trays and connector bulkheads required for the installed fiber optic cable shall be included in the cost of FIBER OPTIC CABLE of the type, size, and number of fibers specified.

All terminations and splices required only on existing fiber optic cable shall be paid for separately according to the pay item TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET or SPLICE FIBER IN CABINET.

A minimum of 13 feet of slack cable shall be provided for the controller cabinet. The controller cabinet slack cable shall be stored as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

The quality of the fiber optic cable, including all splices and terminations, shall be verified by testing and documentation according to Article 801.13(d) of the "Standard Specifications", to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.

Multimode: When multimode fiber is required, the Contractor shall coordinate with the traffic signal controller vendor/equipment supplier and shall terminate as many multimode fibers as are necessary to establish proper communications over the serial communications protocol between new and/or existing signal controllers and/or video transmission equipment. In addition, the Contractor shall terminate four unused multimode fibers and attach them to the distribution enclosure. All multimode terminations shall be ST compatible connectors with ceramic ferrules.

Singlemode: The Contractor shall splice and/or terminate the number of singlemode fibers shown on the project plans, if any, according to the following requirements:

Singlemode Fiber Terminations: All singlemode fiber terminations shall utilize pre-fabricated, factory-terminated (SC compatible with ceramic ferrules) pigtails fusion spliced to bare fibers. The pre-fabricated pigtails shall have all of their fibers color coded to match the singlemode fibers in the fiber optic cable. Connector bulkheads shall be the proper type for the fiber enclosure at the location, and shall be properly secured to the enclosure.

Singlemode Fiber Splices: All splices shall be made using a fusion splicer that automatically positions the fibers using a system of light injection and detection. The Contractor shall provide all equipment and consumable supplies.

Splices shall be secured in fiber optic splice trays within fiber optic distribution enclosures. All fusion splices shall be secured on aluminum splice trays capable of accommodating the required number of fusion splices, including necessary splice holders and a compatible splice tray cover. The tray dimensions shall not exceed 7.5" x 4.1" x 0.45" and shall be mounted within the enclosure using suitable hardware that allows removal for maintenance purposes without the use of tools. All individual splice trays shall be labelled.

All optical fibers shall be spliced to provide continuous runs. Splices shall only be allowed in equipment cabinets except where otherwise shown on the plans.

Basis of Payment: The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for FIBER OPTIC CABLE of the type, size, and number of fibers specified. The unit price shall include all connectors, pigtailed, splice trays, testing and documentation, and the required number of fiber splices and terminations shown on the plans. Additional fiber terminations and/or splices required by the Traffic Engineer, (not included in this item), shall be paid for as TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET and/or SPLICE FIBER IN CABINET. When a fiber enclosure is required, it will be paid for separately.

XX005940 REMOTE CONTROLLED VIDEO SYSTEM

Revised:
DC801.02

General: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an IP based remote-controlled video system at a location designated by the Traffic Engineer. The work shall include a color camera, dome assembly, all mounting hardware, connectors, cables, power injectors, and related equipment necessary to complete the installation according to the manufacturer's specifications.

Materials: The PTZ camera shall be one of the following approved models:

- TKH Security Solutions PD1103Z2-E
- AXIS Q6055-E
- Cohu 4220HD

The Contractor shall furnish the required number of power injectors for the camera make and model selected, including operation of the camera heater, as well as all required mounting hardware, connectors, patch cables, and power supplies.

The camera shall have an exterior dome.

The system shall have anonymous FTP capabilities disabled by the vendor/equipment supplier or provide a feature for the user to disable the functionality through the standard internal menu.

Installation: The camera shall be installed as shown on the plans, either on the luminaire arm near the luminaire, or on the combination mast arm assembly pole, angled toward the center of the intersection using a mounting bracket compatible with the camera and procured from one of the approved camera manufacturers. When installed on the pole, the camera shall be mounted to provide a minimum of 12 inches clear space between face of the pole and the camera housing. When installed on the luminaire arm, the

camera shall be installed with a 30-degree tilt-adjustable bracket. The camera and any external hardware and housing shall be installed with stainless steel straps.

All holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets to prevent the chafing of wires.

The Contractor shall contact the Traffic Engineer prior to installing the camera and associated wiring, to receive final approval on the camera location.

If the Remote Controlled Video System will be connected to the Gigabit Ethernet network, then a Layer II (Datalink) Switch and/or a Layer III (Network) Switch shall be required. Layer II and Layer III switches shall be installed as shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall be responsible for programming the network settings and other parameters to establish operations within the County network. Except where indicated otherwise in the special provisions or plans, DUDOT will provide the IP address upon request.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOTE CONTROLLED VIDEO SYSTEM. The unit price shall include all associated equipment, hardware, cables, materials and labor required to install the complete system in place and in operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. The OUTDOOR RATED NETWORK cable from the traffic signal cabinet will be paid for separately. If required, the LAYER II (DATALINK) SWITCH and/or the LAYER III (NETWORK) SWITCH will be paid for separately.

XX006655 LAYER II (DATALINK) SWITCH

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a Layer II Ethernet switch used to transmit data from one traffic signal cabinet to another traffic signal cabinet or ITS location containing a Layer II switch or a Layer III (Network) switch.

Materials: The Layer II switch shall be the latest compatible Industrial Ethernet Switch with SFPs capable of operating within the DuPage County Central Signal System. The Layer II (Datalink) Switch shall be procured from the County's Network Integration Consultant, which will provide the proper parts and programming to fit within the DuPage County IP scheme.

The required programming shall be included in the cost of this pay item.

The Contractor shall furnish and install two (2) six-port closet connector panels with SC connectors for use with singlemode fiber optic cables in the existing fiber enclosure. When multimode fiber is to remain in use, the Contractor shall maintain one of the existing ST connector pals for continued serial communications.

General: The Layer II switch and its power supply shall be mounted to either a standard DIN rail or an equipment mounting channel in the cabinet. The power supply shall be plugged into a separate quad outlet that is connected to the cabinet equipment filtered AC line, but independent of the cabinet GFI

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for LAYER II (DATALINK) SWITCH. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to furnish and install the switch, including all necessary connectors, cables, fiber optic jumpers, programming, hardware, software, and other peripheral equipment required to place the switch in operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.

XX007017 TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET

Description: This work shall consist of terminating existing or new fibers in a field cabinet, inside a building, as shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

General: This pay item shall include splices between existing fiber optic cables and any splices shown on the plans as a bid item.

All multimode connectors shall be ST compatible, with ceramic ferrules. Singlemode fiber terminations shall utilize pre-fabricated, factory-terminated (SC compatible with ceramic ferrules) pigtailed fusion spliced to bare fibers. The splicing of pigtailed for singlemode fibers is included in the cost of TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET. The pre-fabricated pigtailed shall have all of their fibers color coded to match the singlemode fibers in the fiber optic cable. All fusion splices shall be secured on aluminum splice trays capable of accommodating the required number of fusion splices, including necessary splice holders and a compatible splice tray cover. The tray dimensions shall not exceed 7.5" x 4.1" x 0.45" and shall be mounted within the enclosure using suitable hardware that allows removal for maintenance purposes without the use of tools. All individual splice trays shall be labelled. Splice trays and connector bulkheads shall be included in the cost of TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET. Connector bulkheads shall be the proper type for the fiber enclosure at the location, and shall be properly secured to the enclosure.

The quality of all fiber splices shall be verified by testing and documentation according to Article 801.13(d) of the "Standard Specifications," to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.

When terminations and/or splices are required at cabinet locations that are not included in the project limits or do not include maintenance of the traffic signal, the contractor will be responsible for meeting the maintenance requirements of the agency that owns the traffic signal at no additional cost to the contract. For traffic signals under the ownership of DuPage County, the Contractor will NOT be required to take maintenance of a traffic signal solely for the purpose of terminating and/or splicing existing fiber optic cables; the County retains the right to require that the Contractor is escorted by County personnel while working in cabinets that are not under the Contractor's maintenance. Regardless of the ownership, no additional compensation will be made for maintaining the existing traffic signal if the only work required is terminating and/or splicing existing fiber optic cables.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TERMINATE FIBER IN CABINET. The unit price shall include all equipment; materials; connectors; pigtailed; splice trays; bulkheads; testing and documentation; and labor required to terminating each required multimode or singlemode fiber. Terminations involving new fiber optic cable installed under this contract, including any terminations shown on the plans as an included item, shall be included in the unit cost of the applicable FIBER OPTIC CABLE of the type, size, and number of fibers specified. If the only work at the intersection is terminating and/or splicing existing fiber optic cables, and the owning agency requires the Contractor to maintain the existing traffic signal, the cost will be included in this item and no additional payment shall be made.

XX007018 LAYER III (NETWORK) SWITCH

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a Layer III network switch used to transmit data from the cabinet location shown on the plans to multiple locations having a Layer II or Layer III switch.

Materials: The Layer III switch shall be the latest Industrial Ethernet Switch with SFPs capable of operating within the DuPage County Central Signal System. The Layer III (Network) Switch shall be procured from the County's Network Integration Consultant, which will provide the proper parts and programming to fit within the

DuPage County IP scheme. This work shall include furnishing and installing the switch and all appropriate power supplies, switch modules, and associated peripherals.

This pay item shall include the required switch programming, as well as the development of a network configuration document showing the proposed Layer III to Layer III links and related Layer II paths that are added to the proposed switch. The configuration document, which includes the fibers proposed to be used and the details of the proposed cabinet connections, shall be prepared by the Network Integration Consultant and provided to DUDOT by the Contractor within 20 business days following the pre-construction meeting for agency review. The documentation shall comply with DUDOT standard conventions and be furnished in 11"x17" PDF electronic format.

Locations with Layer III switches require installation of a 48-port fiber enclosure, which will be paid for separately.

General: The Layer III switch shall be installed in the traffic signal cabinet or communications cabinet as shown on the plans. The switch shall be mounted on the shelf inside the cabinet, or in another suitable location in the traffic signal cabinet with the approval of the Traffic Engineer. Any existing equipment or cables conflicting with the installation of the Layer III switch shall be repositioned in a workmanlike manner. The Layer III switch shall be plugged into the 15A power distribution unit inside the cabinet.

The plans show a general representation of the proposed Layer III switch location(s) within the County's field network. The final location of the Layer III switch shall be according to the network configuration document prepared by the Network Integration Consultant, subject to approval of the Traffic Engineer. When the configuration document calls for installation of a Layer III switch at a location designated in the plans for a Layer II switch, at the Engineer's direction the contractor will install and configure the switches as shown in the network configuration document. The resulting change in configuration will be made at no additional cost to the Contract, unless additional switches are called for in the network configuration document above and beyond the award quantity.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the Contract unit price per each for LAYER III (NETWORK) SWITCH. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to furnish and install the switch, including all necessary connectors, cables, fiber optic jumpers, hardware, software, programming fiber optic transceiver modules, and other peripheral equipment required to place the switch in operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. The required programming and development of the proposed network configuration shall be included in the cost of this pay item. If required, the 48-port fiber enclosure, fiber optic transceiver modules and media converters will be paid for separately.

XX007622 ELECTRIC METER (DUDOT)

Revised:
DC805.02

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing a ringless meter socket meeting the requirements of the power company. The meter socket shall be installed on the side of the existing traffic signal controller cabinet, opposite of the UPS side of the cabinet in accordance with the details provided in the plans at existing unmetered traffic signal locations, or as directed by the engineer.

Materials: The meter socket shall meet the following requirements:

- CECHA Approved
- Single Position
- Number of Jaws = 4 Terminal

- Voltage rating of 600 Volts Alternating Current
- Amperage rating of 200 Continuous Ampere

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for ELECTRIC METER. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to furnish, and install the electric meter socket and related hardware components.

XX007952 TERMINAL SERVER

Revised:
DC801.15

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a terminal server used to transmit signal controller data from one or more traffic signal controllers onto the DuPage County Central Signal System Ethernet network. The Contractor shall furnish and install the required hardware at the location shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

General: The terminal server shall be one of the following:

- Digi PortServer TS Hcc 4 four-port serial-to-Ethernet device with 120V power supply and Digi RJ45/DB25-male-DCE-48" cable
- Control DeviceMaster DM-2304 four-port serial-to-Ethernet device with 120V power supply and a 9-pin to 25-pin serial cable

The Contractor shall provide a null modem if required by the manufacturer for communication.

The terminal server shall have anonymous FTP capabilities disabled by the vendor/equipment supplier or provide a feature for the user to disable the functionality through the standard device menus.

The terminal server shall be properly configured for its location within the DuPage County Ethernet Network, and for proper communication with the signal equipment being connected to it. Except where indicated otherwise in the special provisions or plans, DUDOT will provide the IP address and serial drop addresses upon request.

The required programming shall be included in the cost of this pay item.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TERMINAL SERVER. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials and labor required to furnish, install, configure, and place into operation the terminal server to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.

XX008251 SPLICE FIBER IN CABINET

Description: This work shall consist of fusion splicing singlemode fibers in a field cabinet, inside a building, as shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

General: This pay item shall include splices between existing fiber optic cables and any splices shown on the plans as a bid item.

Splices shall be secured in fiber optic splice trays within fiber optic distribution enclosures. All fusion splices shall be secured on aluminum splice trays capable of accommodating the required number of fusion splices, including necessary splice holders and a compatible splice tray cover. The tray dimensions shall not exceed 7.5" x 4.1" x 0.45" and shall be mounted within the enclosure using suitable hardware that allows removal for maintenance purposes without the use of tools. All individual splice trays shall be labelled. Splice trays shall be included in the unit cost of SPLICE FIBER IN CABINET.

The quality of all fiber splices shall be verified by testing and documentation according to Article 801.13(d) of the "Standard Specifications," to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.

All optical fibers shall be spliced to provide continuous runs. Splices shall only be allowed in equipment cabinets, in buildings, as shown on the plans and/or as directed by the Traffic Engineer.

All splices shall be made using a fusion splicer that automatically positions the fibers using a system of light injection and detection. The Contractor shall provide all equipment and consumable supplies.

When terminations and/or splices are required at cabinet locations that are not included in the project limits or do not include maintenance of the traffic signal, the contractor will be responsible for meeting the maintenance requirements of the agency that owns the traffic signal at no additional cost to the contract. For traffic signals under the ownership of DuPage County, the Contractor will NOT be required to take maintenance of a traffic signal solely for the purpose of terminating and/or splicing existing fiber optic cables; the County retains the right to require that the Contractor is escorted by County personnel while working in cabinets that are not under the Contractor's maintenance. Regardless of the ownership, no additional compensation will be made for maintaining the existing traffic signal if the only work required is terminating and/or splicing existing fiber optic cables.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for SPLICE FIBER IN CABINET. The unit price shall include all equipment; materials; fiber optic splice trays; testing and documentation; and labor required to fusion splice singlemode fiber optic cable. Splices involving new fiber optic cable installed under this contract, and any splices shown on the plans as an included item, shall be included in the unit cost of the applicable FIBER OPTIC CABLE of the type, size, and number of fibers specified. If the only work at the intersection is terminating and/or splicing existing fiber optic cables, and the owning agency requires the Contractor to maintain the existing traffic signal, the cost will be included in this item and no additional payment shall be made.

PROGRAM ITS EQUIPMENT

Revised:
DC801.11

Description: This work shall consist of configuring and programming the specified ITS component for installation and operation at a remote location to communicate to the DuPage DOT Traffic Center over the County's Ethernet-based system. The equipment to be programmed will be as indicated in the plans. Programming shall be completed by the County's Network Integration Consultant.

General: The ITS equipment shall be delivered by the Contractor to the Network Integration Consultant for programming at the consultant's office. The programming includes bench testing the device and confirming that it is configured to properly operate within the County's field network at the proposed location. The Contractor shall retrieve the programmed equipment. The cost of transporting the equipment to and from the Consultant's office will be included in the cost of this pay item.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for PROGRAM ITS EQUIPMENT. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to transport the specified equipment to and from the Network Integration Consultant's office, program and configure the device, and test it for proper operations within the County's Ethernet-based network. Programming of a device that is procured through the County's Network Integration Consultant is paid for under the applicable pay item; this item does not apply to those devices.

LAYER III FIBER OPTIC TRANSCEIVER MODULE, SFP TYPE, LONG DISTANCE (DUDOT)

Revised:
DC801.13

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a fiber optic transceiver module that plugs into a Cisco Layer III Ethernet switch.

Materials: The module shall be a small form pluggable (SFP), long distance, single mode transceiver, Cisco GLC-LH-SM.

General: The transceiver shall be installed in the Cisco Layer III switch at the location shown on the plans.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for LAYER III FIBER OPTIC TRANSCEIVER MODULE, SFP TYPE, LONG DISTANCE. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, and labor required to furnish and install the module, including all necessary connectors, cables, hardware, software, and other peripheral equipment required to place the module in operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer.

XX008396 CAMERA MOUNTING ASSEMBLY, SPECIAL

Revised:
DC801.10

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing an extension pole suitable for mounting a pan-tilt-zoom (PTZ) style closed circuit television camera on an existing traffic signal mast arm pole.

Materials: The pole extension shall be a Schedule 80 galvanized steel pipe, 20 feet in length and 4 inches in diameter.

General: The pole extension shall be fastened to the existing mast arm pole with adjustable, galvanized steel clamps as shown on the plans. The galvanized clamps shall fit securely around the tapered mast arm. The Contractor shall use galvanized shims and shall modified the clamps as required to maintain a plumb vertical alignment of the camera mounting assembly pole. The exposed wires shall be trained into a drip loop and protected with black plastic spiral cable wrap.

All holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets to prevent the chafing of wires.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for CAMERA MOUNTING ASSEMBLY. The unit price shall include all equipment, materials, mounting hardware, shims, gromets, cable wrap, components, and labor required to securely fasten the assembly to an existing pole and place the camera into operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. The camera, cables, connectors, and related equipment will be paid for separately as part of unit price for REMOTE CONTROLLED VIDEO SYSTEM or RELOCATE EXISTING REMOTE-CONTROLLED VIDEO SYSTEM.

VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM, SPECIAL

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a system that monitors vehicles on a roadway utilizing non-intrusive technologies and that provides detector outputs to a traffic signal controller. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing video cameras, radar units, cables, detector processors, a controller interface unit, and a remote communication module to operate the vehicle detection system at one signalized intersection or on one approach of a signalized intersection as indicated.

Materials: The Vehicle Detection System, Special shall be one of the following systems:

- Autoscope Vision
- Iteris Vantage Next
- Wavetronix SmartSensor Series

The system shall be capable of providing vehicle turning movement count data that is remotely accessible directly through the County's Ethernet-based Central Signal System.

All the cables from the detection camera(s) or radar unit(s) to the traffic signal cabinet and within the traffic signal cabinet itself shall be included in the cost of this item.

When a video-based system is installed, the Vehicle Detection System, Special shall also include a display device with a minimum 7" screen in the traffic signal cabinet with a compatible IEEE standard connector for video input. This applies for full intersection and signal approach installations.

Surge protection and grounding shall be provided to protect the detection units and any related components located in the traffic signal cabinet.

When detection symbols, detector mounting locations, cables, and quantities are shown in the plan, those are intended to be representative only, and they may not reflect the specific requirements of all the approved systems. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for confirming the exact distances based on the detection zones and the manufacturer's recommended mounting locations prior to procuring the materials.

The system shall have Ethernet capability, with anonymous FTP capabilities disabled by the vendor/equipment supplier or provide a feature for the user to disable the functionality through the standard internal menu.

General: The detection system shall be capable of detecting vehicles within the detection zones shown on the plans, including stopped vehicles, and vehicles entering from driveways, parking areas, or side streets adjacent to the detection zone. At the time catalog cuts are submitted, the Contractor shall provide an exhibit prepared by the vendor/equipment supplier showing the proposed location and mounting of the detector unit(s) to achieve the required detection, including the proposed cabling requirements of the particular detection system proposed.

The as-built plans shall indicate the type and location of the detector units and cables installed under this pay item.

Installation: When a video-based system is installed, the video detection units shall be installed at the highest available location that meets the manufacturer's recommendations. Radar detection units shall be installed at mast arm height, unless a different location is recommended by the manufacturer. If an alternate mounting height is proposed, the Contractor shall provide a written explanation of the need for the deviation. The

Contractor shall take care to ensure that the proposed mounting locations do not result in obstructed detection fields or views due to overhead utility wires or other existing features at the intersection.

All holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets to prevent the chafing of wires.

If the detection system is installed in a traffic signal cabinet with a network switch (Layer II or Layer III), it shall be capable of communicating over 10/100 Base T Ethernet and shall be connected to the switch with an Ethernet patch cable. The Contractor shall be responsible for programming the network settings and other parameters to establish operations within the County network. Except where indicated otherwise in the special provisions or plans, DUDOT will provide the IP address upon request.

Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM, SPECIAL or VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM, SPECIAL, SINGLE APPROACH. The unit price shall include all associated equipment, hardware, cables, materials and labor required to install the system at one signalized intersection or one signalized approach as indicated and place it into operation to the satisfaction of the Traffic Engineer. If required, the cost of the J-hook(s), riser(s), and/or other supplemental support hardware shall be included in the cost of VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM, SPECIAL or VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM, SPECIAL, SINGLE APPROACH. If required, the LAYER II (DATALINK) SWITCH and/or the LAYER III (NETWORK) SWITCH will be paid for separately.

DISTRICT ONE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

TRAFFIC SIGNAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: March 25, 2016

800.01TS

These Traffic Signal Special Provisions and the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" supplement the requirements of the State of Illinois "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction." The intent of these Special Provisions is to prescribe the materials and construction methods commonly used for traffic signal installations.

- All material furnished shall be new unless otherwise noted herein.
- Traffic signal construction and maintenance work shall be performed by personnel holding current IMSA Traffic Signal Technician Level II certification. A copy of the certification shall be immediately available upon request of the Engineer.
- The work to be done under this contract consists of furnishing, installing and maintaining all traffic signal work and items as specified in the Plans and as specified herein in a manner acceptable and approved by the Engineer.

Definitions of Terms.

Add the following to Section 101 of the Standard Specifications:

101.56 Vendor. Company that sells a particular type of product directly to the contractor or the Equipment Supplier.

101.57 Equipment supplier. Company that supplies, represents and provides technical support for IDOT District One approved traffic signal controllers and other related equipment. The Equipment Supplier shall be located within IDOT District One and shall:

- Be full service with on-site facilities to assemble, test and trouble-shoot traffic signal controllers and cabinet assemblies.
- Maintain an inventory of IDOT District One approved controllers and cabinets.
- Be staffed with permanent sales and technical personnel able to provide traffic signal controller and cabinet expertise and support.
- Technical staff shall hold current IMSA Traffic Signal Technician Level III certification and shall attend traffic signal turn-ons and inspections with a minimum 14 calendar day notice.

Submittals.

Revise Article 801.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

All material approval requests shall be submitted electronically through the District's SharePoint System unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. Electronic material submittals shall follow the District's Traffic Operations Construction Submittals guidelines. General requirements include:

1. All material approval requests shall be made prior to or no later than the date of the preconstruction meeting. A list of major traffic signal items can be found in Article 801.05. Material or equipment which is similar or identical shall be the product of the same manufacturer, unless necessary for system continuity. Traffic signal materials and equipment shall bear the U.L. label whenever such labeling is available.
2. Product data and shop drawings shall be assembled by pay item. Only the top sheet of each pay item submittal will be stamped by the Department with the review status, except shop drawings for mast arm pole assemblies and the like will be stamped with the review

status on each sheet.

3. Original manufacturer published product data and shop drawing sheets with legible dimensions and details shall be submitted for review.
4. When hard copy submittals are necessary, four complete copies of the manufacturer's descriptive literatures and technical data for the traffic signal materials shall be submitted. For hard copy or electronic submittals, the descriptive literature and technical data shall be adequate for determining whether the materials meet the requirements of the plans and specifications. If the literature contains more than one item, the Contractor shall indicate which item or items will be furnished.
5. When hard copy submittals are necessary for structural elements, four complete copies of the shop drawings for the mast arm assemblies and poles, and the combination mast arm assemblies and poles showing, in detail, the fabrication thereof and the certified mill analyses of the materials used in the fabrication, anchor rods, and reinforcing materials shall be submitted.
6. Partial or incomplete submittals will be returned without review.
7. Certain non-standard mast arm poles and special structural elements will require additional review from IDOT's Central Office. Examples include ornamental/decorative, non-standard length mast arm pole assemblies and monotube structures. The Contractor shall account for the additional review time in his schedule.
8. The contract number or permit number, project location/limits and corresponding pay code number must be on each sheet of correspondence, catalog cuts and mast arm poles and assemblies drawings.
9. Where certifications and/or warranties are specified, the information submitted for approval shall include certifications and warranties. Certifications involving inspections, and/or tests of material shall be complete with all test data, dates, and times.
10. After the Engineer reviews the submittals for conformance with the design concept of the project, the Engineer will stamp the drawings indicating their status as 'Approved', 'Approved-As-Noted', 'Disapproved', or 'Incomplete'. Since the Engineer's review is for conformance with the design concept only, it is the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate the various items into a working system as specified. The Contractor shall not be relieved from responsibility for errors or omissions in the shop, working, layout drawings, or other documents by the Department's approval thereof. The Contractor must still be in full compliance with contract and specification requirements.
11. The Contractor shall secure approved materials in a timely manner to assure construction schedules are not delayed.
12. All submitted items reviewed and marked 'APPROVED AS NOTED', 'DISAPPROVED', or 'INCOMPLETE' are to be resubmitted in their entirety, unless otherwise indicated within the submittal comments, with a disposition of previous comments to verify contract compliance at no additional cost to the contract.
13. Exceptions to and deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents will not be allowed. It is the Contractor's responsibility to note any deviations from Contract requirements at the time of submittal and to make any requests for deviations in writing to the Engineer. In general, substitutions will not be acceptable. Requests for substitutions must demonstrate that the proposed substitution is superior to the material or equipment required by the Contract Documents. No exceptions, deviations or substitutions will be permitted without the approval of the Engineer.
14. Contractor shall not order major equipment such as mast arm assemblies prior to Engineer approval of the Contractor marked proposed traffic signal equipment locations to assure proper placement of contract required traffic signal displays, push buttons and other facilities. Field adjustments may require changes in proposed mast arm length and other coordination.

Marking Proposed Locations.

Revise "Marking Proposed Locations for Highway Lighting System" of Article 801.09 to read "Marking Proposed Locations for Highway Lighting System and Traffic Signals."

Add the following to Article 801.09 of the Standard Specifications:

It shall be the contractor's responsibility to verify all dimensions and conditions existing in the field prior to ordering materials and beginning construction. This shall include locating the mast arm foundations and verifying the mast arms lengths.

Inspection of Electrical Systems.

Add the following to Article 801.10 of the Standard Specifications:

- (c) All cabinets including temporary traffic signal cabinets shall be assembled by an approved equipment supplier in District One. The Department reserves the right to request any controller and cabinet to be tested at the equipment supplier's facility prior to field installation, at no extra cost to this contract.

Maintenance and Responsibility.

Revise Article 801.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- a. Existing traffic signal installations and/or any electrical facilities at all or various locations may be altered or reconstructed totally or partially as part of the work on this Contract. The Contractor is hereby advised that all traffic control equipment, presently installed at these locations, may be the property of the State of Illinois, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, County, Private Developer, Municipality or Transit Agency in which they are located. Once the Contractor has begun any work on any portion of the project, all traffic signals within the limits of this contract or those which have the item "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation," "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation," shall become the full responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall supply the Engineer, Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer, IDOT ComCenter and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor with two 24-hour emergency contact names and telephone numbers.
- b. Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment such as red lighting running and railroad crossing camera systems are owned and operated by others and the Contractor shall not be responsible for maintaining this equipment.
- c. Regional transit, County and other agencies may also have equipment connected to existing traffic signal or peripheral equipment such as PTZ cameras, switches, transit signal priority (TSP and BRT) servers and other devices that shall be included with traffic signal maintenance at no additional cost to the contract.
- d. When the project has a pay item for "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation," "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation," the Contractor must notify both the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4424 and the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor, of their intent to begin any physical construction work on the Contract or any portion thereof. This notification must be made a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the start of construction to allow sufficient time for inspection of the existing traffic signal installation(s) and transfer of maintenance to the Contractor. The Department will attempt to full-fill the Contractor's inspection date request(s), however workload

and other conditions may prevent the Department from accommodating specific dates or times. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any other compensation if the requested inspection date(s) cannot be scheduled by the Department. If work is started prior to an inspection, maintenance of the traffic signal installation(s) will be transferred to the Contractor without an inspection. The Contractor will become responsible for repairing or replacing all equipment that is not operating properly or is damaged at no cost to the owner of the traffic signal. Final repairs or replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted.

- e. The Contractor is advised that the existing and/or temporary traffic signal installation must remain in operation during all construction stages, except for the most essential down time. Any shutdown of the traffic signal installation, which exceeds fifteen (15) minutes, must have prior approval of the Engineer. Approval to shut down the traffic signal installation will only be granted during the period extending from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on weekdays. Shutdowns shall not be allowed during inclement weather or holiday periods.
- f. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the safe and efficient operation of the traffic signals and other equipment noted herein. Any inquiry, complaint or request by the Department, the Department's Electrical Maintenance Contractor or the public, shall be investigated and repairs begun within one hour. Failure to provide this service will result in liquidated damages of \$1000 per day per occurrence. In addition, the Department reserves the right to assign any work not completed within this timeframe to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor. All costs associated to repair this uncompleted work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to pay these costs to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor within one month after the incident will result in additional liquidated damages of \$1000 per month per occurrence. Unpaid bills will be deducted from the cost of the Contract. The Department may inspect any signaling device on the Department's highway system at any time without notification.
- g. Any proposed activity in the vicinity of a highway-rail grade crossing must adhere to the guidelines set forth in the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) regarding work in temporary traffic control zones in the vicinity of highway-rail grade crossings which states that lane restrictions, flagging, or other operations shall not create conditions where vehicles can be queued across the railroad tracks. If the queuing of vehicles across the tracks cannot be avoided, a uniformed law enforcement officer or flagger shall be provided at the crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping on the tracks, even if automatic warning devices are in place.
- h. The Contractor shall be responsible to clear snow, ice, dirt, debris or other condition that obstructs visibility of any traffic signal display or access to traffic signal equipment.
- i. The Contractor shall maintain the traffic signal in normal operation during short or long term loss of utility or battery back-up power at critical locations designated by the Engineer. Critical locations may include traffic signals interconnected to railroad warning devices, expressway ramps, intersection with an SRA route, critical corridors or other locations identified by the Engineer. Temporary power to the traffic signal must meet applicable NEC and OSHA guidelines and may include portable generators and/or replacement batteries. Temporary power to critical locations shall not be for separately but shall be included in the contract.

Damage to Traffic Signal System.

Add the following to Article 801.12(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Any traffic signal control equipment damaged or not operating properly from any cause shall be replaced with new equipment meeting current District One traffic signal specifications and provided by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Contract and/or owner of the traffic signal system, all as approved by the Engineer. Final replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted. Cable splices are only allowed at the bases of post and mast arms.

Temporary replacement of damaged or knockdown of a mast arm pole assembly shall require construction of a full or partial span wire signal installation or other method approved by the Engineer to assure signal heads are located overhead and over traveled pavement. Temporary replacement of mast arm mount signals with post mount signals will not be permitted.

Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, such as Red Light Enforcement cameras, detectors, and peripheral equipment, damaged or not operating properly from any cause, shall be the responsibility of the municipality or the Automatic Traffic Enforcement company per Permit agreement.

Traffic Signal Inspection (TURN-ON).

Revise Article 801.15(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

It is the intent to have all electric work completed and equipment field tested by the Equipment Supplier prior to the Department's "turn-on" field inspection. If in the event the Engineer determines work is not complete and the inspection will require more than two (2) hours to complete, the inspection shall be canceled and the Contractor will be required to reschedule at another date. The maintenance of the traffic signals will not be accepted until all punch list work is corrected and re-inspected.

When the road is open to traffic, except as otherwise provided in Section 850 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request a turn-on and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request must be made to the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer at (847) 705-4424 a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. The Department will attempt to full-fill the Contractor's turn-on and inspection date request(s), however workload and other conditions may prevent the Department from accommodating specific dates or times. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any other compensation if the requested turn-on and inspection date(s) cannot be scheduled by the Department. The Department will not grant a field inspection until written or electronic notification is provided from the Contractor that the equipment has been field tested and the intersection is operating according to Contract requirements. The Contractor must invite local fire department personnel to the turn-on when Emergency Vehicle Preemption (EVP) is included in the project. When the contract includes the item RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, or TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMINGS, the Contractor must notify the SCAT Consultant of the turn-on/detour implementation schedule, as well as stage changes and phase changes during construction.

The Contractor must have all traffic signal work completed and the electrical service installation connected by the utility company prior to requesting an inspection and turn-on of the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall be responsible to provide a police officer to assist with traffic control at the time of testing.

The Contractor shall provide a representative from the control equipment vendor's office who is

knowledgeable of the cabinet design and controller functions to attend the traffic signal inspection for both permanent and temporary traffic signal turn-ons.

Upon demonstration that the signals are operating and all work is completed in accordance with the Contract and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the Engineer will then allow the signals to be placed in continuous operation. The Agency that is responsible for the maintenance of each traffic signal installation will assume the maintenance upon successful completion of this inspection.

The District requires the following Final Project Documentation from the Contractor at traffic signal turn-ons in electronic format in addition to hard copies where noted. A CD/DVD shall be submitted with separate folders corresponding to each numbered title below. The CD/DVD shall be labelled with date, project location, company and contract or permit number. Record Drawings, Inventory and Material Approvals shall be submitted prior to traffic signal turn-on for review by the Department as described here-in.

Final Project Documentation:

1. Record Drawings. Signal plans of record with field revisions marked in red ink. One hard copy set of 11"x17" record drawings shall also be provided.
2. Inventory. Inventory of new and existing traffic signal equipment including cabinet types and devices within cabinets in an Excel spread sheet format. One hard copy shall also be provided.
3. Pictures. Digital pictures of a minimum 12M pixels of each intersection approach showing all traffic signal displays and equipment. Pictures shall include controller cabinet equipment in enough detail to clearly identify manufacture and model of major equipment.
4. Field Testing. Written notification from the Contractor and the equipment vendor of satisfactory field testing with corresponding material performance measurements, such as for detector loops and fiber optic systems (see Article 801.13). One hard copy of all contract required performance measurement testing shall also be provided.
5. Materials Approval. The material approval letter. A hard copy shall also be provided.
6. Manuals. Operation and service manuals of the signal controller and associated control equipment. One hard copy shall also be provided.
7. Cabinet Wiring Diagram and Cable Logs. Five (5) hard copies 11" x 17" of the cabinet wiring diagrams shall be provided along with electronic pdf and dgn files of the cabinet wiring diagram. Five hard copies of the cable logs and electronic excel files shall be provided with cable #, number of conductors and spares, connected device/signal head and intersection location.
8. Controller Programming Settings. The traffic signal controller's timings; backup timings; coordination splits, offsets, and cycles; TBC Time of Day, Week and Year Programs; Traffic Responsive Program, Detector Phase Assignment, Type and Detector Switching; and any other functions programmable from the keyboard. The controller manufacturer shall also supply a printed form, not to exceed 11" x 17" for recording that data noted above. The form shall include a location, date, manufacturer's name, controller model and software version. The form shall be approved by the Engineer and a minimum of three (3) copies must be furnished at each turn-on. The manufacturer must provide all programming information used within the controller at the time of turn-on.
9. Warrantees and Guarantees. All manufacturer and contractor warrantees and guarantees required by Article 801.14.
10. GPS coordinate of traffic signal equipment as describe in the Record Drawings

section herein.

Acceptance of the traffic signal equipment by the Department shall be based upon inspection results at the traffic signal “turn on”, completeness of the required documentation and successful operation during a minimum 72 hour “burn-in” period following activation of the traffic signal. If approved, traffic signal acceptance shall be verbal at the “turn on” inspection followed by written correspondence from the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for all traffic signal equipment and associated maintenance thereof until Departmental acceptance is granted.

All equipment and/or parts to keep the traffic signal installation operating shall be furnished by the Contractor. No spare traffic signal equipment is available from the Department.

All punch list work shall be completed within two (2) weeks after the final inspection. The Contractor shall notify the Electrical Maintenance Contractor to inspect all punch list work. Failure to meet these time constraints shall result in liquidated damage charges of \$500 per month per incident.

All cost of work and materials required to comply with the above requirements shall be included in the pay item bid prices, under which the subject materials and signal equipment are paid, and no additional compensation will be allowed. Materials and signal equipment not complying with the above requirements shall be subject to removal and disposal at the Contractor's expense.

Record Drawings.

The requirements listed for Electrical Installation shall apply for Traffic Signal Installations in Article 801.16. Revise the 2nd paragraph of Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“When the work is complete, and seven days before the request for a final inspection, the reduced-size set of contract drawings, stamped “RECORD DRAWINGS”, shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval and shall be stamped with the date and the signature of the Contractor’s supervising Engineer or electrician. The record drawings shall be submitted in PDF format on CDROM as well as hardcopy for review and approval. If the contract consists of multiple intersections, each intersection shall be saved as an individual PDF file with TS# and location name in its file name.

In addition to the record drawings, copies of the final catalog cuts which have been Approved or Approved as Noted shall be submitted in PDF format along with the record drawings. The PDF files shall clearly indicate the pay item either by filename or PDF Table of Contents referencing the respective pay item number for multi-item PDF files. Specific part or model numbers of items which have been selected shall be clearly visible.”

As part of the record drawings, the Contractor shall inventory all traffic signal equipment, new or existing, on the project and record information in an Excel spreadsheet. The inventory shall include equipment type, model numbers, software manufacturer and version and quantities.

Add the following to Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications:

“In addition to the specified record drawings, the Contactor shall record GPS coordinates of the following traffic signal components being installed, modified or being affected in other ways by this contract:

- All Mast Arm Poles and Posts
- Traffic Signal Wood Poles
- Rail Road Bungalow

- UPS
- Handholes
- Conduit roadway crossings
- Controller Cabinets
- Communication Cabinets
- Electric Service Disconnect locations
- CCTV Camera installations
- Fiber Optic Splice Locations
- Conduit Crossings

Datum to be used shall be North American 1983.

Data shall be provided electronically and in print form. The electronic format shall be compatible with MS Excel. Latitude and Longitude shall be in decimal degrees with a minimum of 6 decimal places. Each coordinate shall have the following information:

- File shall be named: TSXXX-YY-MM-DD (i.e. TS22157_15-01-01)
- Each intersection shall have its own file
- Row 1 should have the location name (i.e. IL 31 @ Klausen)
- Row 2 is blank
- Row 3 is the headers for the columns
- Row 4 starts the data
- Column A (Date) – should be in the following format: MM/DD/YYYY
- Column B (Item) – as shown in the table below
- Column C (Description) – as shown in the table below
- Column D and E (GPS Data) – should be in decimal form, per the IDOT
- special provisions

Examples:

Date	Item	Description	Latitude	Longitude
01/01/2015	MP (Mast Arm Pole)	NEQ, NB, Dual, Combination Pole	41.580493	-87.793378
01/01/2015	HH (Handhole)	Heavy Duty, Fiber, Intersection, Double	41.558532	-87.792571
01/01/2015	ES (Electrical Service)	Ground Mount, Pole Mount	41.765532	-87.543571
01/01/2015	CC (Controller Cabinet)		41.602248	-87.794053
01/01/2015	RSC (Rigid Steel Crossing)	IL 31 east side crossing south leg to center HH at Klausen	41.611111	-87.790222
01/01/2015	PTZ (PTZ)	NEQ extension pole	41.593434	-87.769876
01/01/2015	POST (Post)		41.651848	-87.762053
01/01/2015	MCC (Master Controller Cabinet)		41.584593	-87.793378
01/01/2015	COMC (Communication Cabinet)		41.584600	-87.793432
01/01/2015	BBS (Battery Backup System)		41.558532	-87.792571
01/01/2015	CNCR (Conduit Crossing)	4-inch IL 31 n/o of Klausen	41.588888	-87.794440

Prior to the collection of data, the contractor shall provide a sample data collection of at least six data points of known locations to be reviewed and verified by the Engineer to be accurate within 1 foot. Upon verification, data collection can begin. Data collection can be made as construction progresses, or can be collected after all items are installed. If the data is unacceptable the contractor shall make corrections to the data collection equipment and or process and submit

the data for review and approval as specified.

Accuracy. Data collected is to be mapping grade. A handheld mapping grade GPS device shall be used for the data collection. The receiver shall support differential correction and data shall have a minimum 1 foot accuracy after post processing.

GPS receivers integrated into cellular communication devices, recreational and automotive GPS devices are not acceptable.

The GPS shall be the product of an established major GPS manufacturer having been in the business for a minimum of 6 years.”

Delete the last sentence of the 3rd paragraph of Article 801.16.

Locating Underground Facilities.

Revise Section 803 to the Standard Specifications to read:

IDOT traffic signal facilities are not part of any of the one-call locating service such as J.U.L.I.E or Digger. If this Contract requires the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor shall be responsible at his/her own expense for locating existing IDOT electrical facilities prior to performing any work. If this Contract does not require the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor may request one free locate for existing IDOT electrical facilities from the District One Electrical Maintenance Contractor prior to the start of any work. Additional requests may be at the expense of the Contractor. The location of underground traffic facilities does not relieve the Contractor of their responsibility to repair any facilities damaged during construction at their expense.

The exact location of all utilities shall be field verified by the Contractor before the installation of any components of the traffic signal system. For locations of utilities, locally owned equipment, and leased enforcement camera system facilities, the local Counties or Municipalities may need to be contacted: in the City of Chicago contact Digger at (312) 744-7000 and for all other locations contact J.U.L.I.E. at 1-800-892-0123 or 811.

Restoration of Work Area.

Add the following article to Section 801 of the Standard Specifications:

801.17 Restoration of work area. Restoration of the traffic signal work area shall be included in the related pay items such as foundation, conduit, handhole, underground raceways, etc. All roadway surfaces such as shoulders, medians, sidewalks, pavement, etc. shall be replaced in kind. All damage to mowed lawns shall be replaced with an approved sod, and all damage to unmowed fields shall be seeded. All brick pavers disturbed in the work area shall be restored to their original configuration as directed by the Engineer. All damaged brick pavers shall be replaced with a comparable material approved by the Engineer. Restoration of the work area shall be included in the contract without any extra compensation allowed to the Contractor.

Bagging Signal Heads.

Light tan colored traffic and pedestrian signal reusable covers shall be used to cover dark/unenergized signal sections and visors. Covers shall be made of outdoor fabric with urethane coating for repelling water, have elastic fully sewn around the cover ends for a tight fit over the visor, and have a minimum of two straps with buckles to secure the cover to the backplate. A

center mesh strip allows viewing without removal for signal status testing purposes. Covers shall include a message indicating the signal is not in service.

SERVICE INSTALLATION (TRAFFIC SIGNALS)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: June 15, 2016

805.01TS

Revise Section 805 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Description.

This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to install, modify, or extend the electric service installation. All installations shall meet the requirements of the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details".

General.

The electric service installation shall be the electric service disconnecting means and it shall be identified as suitable for use as service equipment.

The electric utility contact information is noted on the plans and represents the current information at the time of contract preparation. The Contractor must request in writing for service and/or service modification within 10 days of contract award and must follow-up with the electric utility to assure all necessary documents and payment are received by the utility. The Contractor shall forward copies of all correspondence between the contractor and utility company to the Engineer and Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer. The service agreement and sketch shall be submitted for signature to the IDOT's Traffic Operations Programs Engineer.

Materials.

- a. General. The completed control panel shall be constructed in accordance with UL Std. 508A, Industrial Control Panel, and carry the UL label. Wire terminations shall be UL listed.
- b. Enclosures.
 1. Pole Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 4X, unfinished single door design, fabricated from minimum 0.080-inch (2.03 mm) thick Type 5052 H-32 aluminum. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. Stainless steel screws and clamps shall secure the cover and assure a watertight seal. The cover shall be removable by pulling the continuous stainless steel hinge pin. The cabinet shall have an oil-resistant gasket and a lock kit shall be provided with an internal O-ring in the locking mechanism assuring a watertight and dust-tight seal. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 14-inches (350 mm) high, 9-inches (225 mm) wide and 8-inches (200 mm) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be channel mounted to a wooden utility pole using assemblies recommended by the vendor.
 2. Ground Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 3R unfinished single door design with back panel. The cabinet shall be fabricated from Type 5052 H-32 aluminum with the frame and door 0.125-inch (3.175 mm) thick, the top 0.250-inch (6.350 mm) thick and the bottom 0.500-inch (12.70 mm) thick. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. The door and door opening shall be double flanged. The door shall be approximately 80% of the front surface, with a full length tamperproof stainless steel

.075-inch (1.91 mm) thick hinge bolted to the cabinet with stainless steel carriage bolts and nylocks nuts. The locking mechanism shall be slam-latch type with a keyhole cover. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 40-inches (1000 mm) high, 16-inches (400 mm) wide and 15-inches (375 mm) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be mounted upon a square Type A concrete foundation as indicated on the plans. The foundation is paid for separately.

3. All enclosures shall include a green external power indicator LED light with circuitry as shown in the Electrical Service-Panel Diagram detail sheet. For pole mounted service enclosures, the power indicator light shall be mounted as shown in the detail. For ground mounted enclosures, the power indicator light shall be mounted on the side of the enclosure most visible from the major roadway.
- c. Electric Utility Meter Housing and Riser. The electric meter housing and meter socket shall be supplied and installed by the contractor. The contractor is to coordinate the work to be performed and the materials required with the utility company to make the final connection at the power source. Electric utility required risers, weather/service head and any other materials necessary for connection shall also be included in the pay item. Materials shall be in accordance with the electric utility's requirements. For ground-mounted service, the electric utility meter housing shall be mounted to the enclosure. The meter shall be supplied by the utility company. Metered service shall not be used unless specified in the plans.
 - d. Surge Protector. Overvoltage protection, with LED indicator, shall be provided for the 120 volt load circuit by the means MOV and thermal fusing technology. The response time shall be <5n seconds and operate within a range of -40C to +85C. The surge protector shall be UL 1449 Listed.
 - e. Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall be standard UL listed molded case, thermal-magnetic bolt-on type circuit breakers with trip free indicating handles. 120 volt circuit breakers shall have an interrupting rating of not less than 65,000 rms symmetrical amperes. Unless otherwise indicated, the main disconnect circuit breaker for the traffic signal controller shall be rated 60 amperes, 120 V and the auxiliary circuit breakers shall be rated 10 amperes, 120 V.
 - f. Fuses, Fuseholders and Power Indicating Light. Fuses shall be small-dimensional cylindrical fuses of the dual element time-delay type. The fuses shall be rated for 600 V AC and shall have a UL listed interrupting rating of not less than 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes at rated voltage. The power indicating light shall be LED type with a green colored lens and shall be energized when electric utility power is present.
 - g. Ground and Neutral Bus Bars. A single copper ground and neutral bus bar, mounted on the equipment panel shall be provided. Ground and neutral conductors shall be separated on the bus bar. Compression lugs, plus 2 spare lugs, shall be sized to accommodate the cables with the heads of the connector screws painted green for ground connections and white for neutral connections.
 - h. Utility Services Connection. The Contractor shall notify the Utility Company marketing representative a minimum of 30 working days prior to the anticipated date of hook-up. This 30 day advance notification will begin only after the Utility Company marketing representative has received service charge payments from the Contractor. Prior to contacting the Utility Company marketing representative for service connection, the service installation controller cabinet and cable must be installed for inspection by the Utility Company.

- i. Ground Rod. Ground rods shall be copper-clad steel, a minimum of 10 feet (3.0m) in length, and 3/4 inch (20mm) in diameter. Ground rod resistance measurements to ground shall be 25 ohms or less. If necessary additional rods shall be installed to meet resistance requirements at no additional cost to the contract.

Installation.

- c. General. All conduit entrances into the service installation shall be sealed with a pliable waterproof material.
- d. Pole Mounted. The Contractor shall reuse the existing conduit from the existing service to the controller. All materials required to connect the existing conduit to the pole mounted cabinet shall be included in the pay item. Brackets designed for pole mounting shall be used. All mounting hardware shall be stainless steel. Mounting height shall be as noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- e. Ground Mounted. The service installation shall be mounted plumb and level on the foundation and fastened to the anchor bolts with hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel nuts and washers. The space between the bottom of the enclosure and the top of the foundation shall be caulked at the base with silicone.

Basis of Payment.

The service installation shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SERVICE INSTALLATION of the type specified which shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the service installation complete. The CONCRETE FOUNDATION, TYPE A, which includes the ground rod, shall be paid for separately. SERVICE INSTALLATION, POLE MOUNTED shall include the 3/4 inch (20mm) grounding conduit, ground rod, and pole mount assembly. Any charges by the utility companies shall be approved by the engineer and paid for as an addition to the contract according to Article 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.

GROUNDING OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2015

806.01TS

Revise Section 806 of the Standard Specifications to read:

General.

All traffic signal systems, equipment and appurtenances shall be properly grounded in strict conformance with the NEC. This work shall be in accordance with IDOT's District One Traffic Signal Design Details.

The grounding electrode system shall include a ground rod installed with each traffic signal controller concrete foundation and all mast arm and post concrete foundations. An additional ground rod will be required at locations where measured resistance exceeds 25 ohms. Ground rods are included in the applicable concrete foundation or service installation pay item and will not be paid for separately.

Testing shall be according to Article 801.13 (a) (4) and (5).

- (a) The grounded conductor (neutral conductor) shall be white color coded. This conductor shall be bonded to the equipment grounding conductor only at the Electric Service Installation. All power cables shall include one neutral conductor of the same size.
- (b) The equipment grounding conductor shall be green color coded. The following is in addition to Article

801.04 of the Standard Specifications.

1. Equipment grounding conductors shall be bonded to the grounded conductor (neutral conductor) only at the Electric Service Installation. The equipment grounding conductor is paid for separately and shall be continuous. The Earth shall not be used as the equipment grounding conductor.
 2. Equipment grounding conductors shall be bonded, using a UL Listed grounding connector, to all traffic signal mast arm poles, traffic signal posts, pedestrian posts, pull boxes, handhole frames and covers, conduits, and other metallic enclosures throughout the traffic signal wiring system, except where noted herein. Bonding shall be made with a splice and pigtail connection, using a sized compression type copper sleeve, sealant tape, and heat-shrinkable cap. A UL listed electrical joint compound shall be applied to all conductors' terminations, connector threads and contact points. Conduit grounding bushings shall be installed at all conduit terminations including spare or empty conduits.
 3. All metallic and non-metallic raceways shall have a continuous equipment grounding conductor, except raceways containing only detector loop lead-in circuits, circuits under 50 volts and/or fiber optic cable will not be required to include an equipment grounding conductor.
 4. Individual conductor splices in handholes shall be soldered and sealed with heat shrink. When necessary to maintain effective equipment grounding, a full cable heat shrink shall be provided over individual conductor heat shrinks.
- (c) The grounding electrode conductor shall be similar to the equipment grounding conductor in color coding (green) and size. The grounding electrode conductor is used to connect the ground rod to the equipment grounding conductor and is bonded to ground rods via exothermic welding, UL listed pressure connectors, and UL listed clamps.

UNDERGROUND RACEWAYS (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2015

810.02TS

Revise Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Installation. All underground conduits shall have a minimum depth of 30-inches (700 mm) below the finished grade.”

Add the following to Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications:

“All metal conduit installed underground shall be Rigid Steel Conduit unless otherwise indicated on the plans.”

Add the following to Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications:

“All raceways which extend outside of a structure or duct bank but are not terminated in a cabinet, junction box, pull box, handhole, post, pole, or pedestal shall extend a minimum of 300 mm (12”) or the length shown on the plans beyond the structure or duct bank. The end of this extension shall be capped and sealed with a cap designed for the conduit to be capped.”

The ends of rigid metal conduit to be capped shall be threaded, the threads protected with full galvanizing, and capped with a threaded galvanized steel cap.

The ends of rigid nonmetallic conduit and coilable nonmetallic conduit shall be capped with a rigid PVC cap of not less than 3 mm (0.125") thick. The cap shall be sealed to the conduit using a room-temperature-vulcanizing (RTV) sealant compatible with the material of both the cap and the conduit. A washer or similar metal ring shall be glued to the inside center of the cap with epoxy, and the pull cord shall be tied to this ring."

HANDHOLES (D-1)

Effective: January 01, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2018

814.01TS

Description.

Add the following to Section 814 of the Standard Specifications:

All conduits shall enter the handhole at a depth of 30 inches (762 mm) except for the conduits for detector loops when the handhole is less than 5 feet (1.52 m) from the detector loop. All conduit ends should be sealed with a waterproof sealant to prevent the entrance of contaminants into the handhole.

Steel cable hooks shall be coated with hot-dipped galvanization in accordance with AASHTO Specification M111. Hooks shall be a minimum of 1/2 inch (13 mm) diameter with two 90 degree bends and extend into the handhole at least 6 inches (152 mm). Hooks shall be placed a minimum of 12 inches (305 mm) below the lid or lower if additional space is required.

Precast round handholes shall not be used unless called out on the plans.

The cover of the handhole frame shall be labeled "Traffic Signals" with legible raised letters.

Revise the third paragraph of Article 814.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Handholes shall be constructed as shown on the plans and shall be cast-in-place, or precast concrete units. Heavy duty handholes shall be either cast-in-place or precast concrete units."

Add the following to Article 814.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(c) Precast Concrete. Precast concrete handholes shall be fabricated according to Article 1042.17. Where a handhole is contiguous to a sidewalk, preformed joint filler of 1/2 inch (13 mm) thickness shall be placed between the handhole and the sidewalk."

Cast-In-Place Handholes.

All cast-in-place handholes shall be concrete, with inside dimensions of 21-1/2 inches (546 mm) minimum. Frames and lid openings shall match this dimension.

For grounding purposes the handhole frame shall have provisions for a 7/16 inch (11 mm) diameter stainless steel bolt cast into the frame. The covers shall have a stainless steel threaded stint extended from the eye hook assembly for the purpose of attaching the grounding conductor to the handhole cover.

The minimum wall thickness for heavy duty hand holes shall be 12 inches (305mm).

Precast Round Handholes.

All precast handholes shall be concrete, with inside dimensions of 30 inches (762mm) diameter. Frames and covers shall have a minimum opening of 26 inches (660mm) and no larger than the inside diameter of the handhole.

For grounding purposes the handhole frame shall have provisions for a 7/16 inch (11 mm) diameter stainless steel bolt cast into the frame. For the purpose of attaching the grounding conductor to the handhole cover, the covers shall either have a 7/16 inch (11 mm) diameter stainless steel bolt cast into the cover or a stainless steel threaded stint extended from an eye hook assembly. A hole may be drilled for the bolt if one cannot be cast into the frame or cover. The head of the bolt shall be flush or lower than the top surface of the cover.

The minimum wall thickness for precast heavy duty hand holes shall be 6 inches (152 mm).

Precast round handholes shall be only produced by an approved precast vendor.

Materials.

Add the following to Section 1042 of the Standard Specifications:

“1042.17 Precast Concrete Handholes. Precast concrete handholes shall be according to Articles 1042.03(a)(c)(d)(e).”

MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND FLASHING BEACON INSTALLATION (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2015

850.01TS

General.

1. Full maintenance responsibility shall start as soon as the Contractor begins any physical work on the Contract or any portion thereof. If Contract work is started prior to a traffic signal inspection, maintenance of the traffic signal installation(s) will be transferred to the Contractor without an inspection.
2. The Contractor shall have electricians with IMSA Level II certification on staff to provide signal maintenance. A copy of the certification shall be immediately available upon request of the Engineer.
3. This item shall include maintenance of all traffic signal equipment and other connected and related equipment such as flashing beacons, emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment, master controllers, uninterruptable power supply (UPS and batteries), PTZ cameras, vehicle detection, handholes, lighted signs, telephone service installations, communication cables, conduits to adjacent intersections, and other traffic signal equipment.
4. Regional transit, County and other agencies may also have equipment connected to existing traffic signal or peripheral equipment such as PTZ cameras, switches, transit signal priority (TSP and BRT) servers, radios and other devices that shall be included with traffic signal maintenance at no additional cost to the contract.

5. Maintenance shall not include Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, such as Red Light Enforcement cameras, detectors, or peripheral equipment. This equipment is operated and maintained by the local municipality and should be de-activated while on contractor maintenance.
6. The energy charges for the operation of the traffic signal installation shall be paid for by the Contractor.

Maintenance.

1. The Contractor shall check all controllers every two (2) weeks, which will include visually inspecting all timing intervals, relays, detectors, and pre-emption equipment to ensure that they are functioning properly. The Contractor shall check signal system communications and phone lines to assure proper operation. This item includes, as routine maintenance, all portions of emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment. The Contractor shall maintain in stock at all times a sufficient amount of materials and equipment to provide effective temporary and permanent repairs. Prior to the traffic signal maintenance transfer, the contractor shall supply a detailed maintenance schedule that includes dates, locations, names of electricians providing the required checks and inspections along with any other information requested by the Engineer.
2. The Contractor is advised that the existing and/or span wire traffic signal installation must remain in operation during all construction stages, except for the most essential down time. Any shutdown of the traffic signal installation, which exceeds fifteen (15) minutes, must have prior approval of the Engineer. Approval to shut down the traffic signal installation will only be granted during the period extending from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on weekdays. Shutdowns shall not be allowed during inclement weather or holiday periods.
3. The Contractor shall provide immediate corrective action when any part or parts of the system fail to function properly. Two far side heads facing each approach shall be considered the minimum acceptable signal operation pending permanent repairs. When repairs at a signalized intersection require that the controller be disconnected or otherwise removed from normal operation, and power is available, the Contractor shall place the traffic signal installation on flashing operation. The signals shall flash RED for all directions unless a different indication has been specified by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be required to place stop signs (R1-1-36) at each approach of the intersection as a temporary means of regulating traffic. When the signals operate in flash, the Contractor shall furnish and equip all their vehicles assigned to the maintenance of traffic signal installations with a sufficient number of stop signs as specified herein. The Contractor shall maintain a sufficient number of spare stop signs in stock at all times to replace stop signs which may be damaged or stolen.
4. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with 2 (two) 24 hour telephone numbers for the maintenance of the traffic signal installation and for emergency calls by the Engineer.
5. Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the County for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.
6. The Contractor shall respond to all emergency calls from the County or others within one (1) hour after notification and provide immediate corrective action. When equipment has been damaged or becomes faulty beyond repair, the Contractor shall replace it with new and identical equipment. The cost of furnishing and installing the replaced equipment shall be borne by the Contractor at no additional charge to the contract. The Contractor may institute action to recover damages from a responsible third party. If at any time the Contractor fails to perform all work as specified herein to keep the traffic signal installation in proper operating condition or if the Engineer

cannot contact the Contractor's designated personnel, the Engineer shall have the County's Electrical Maintenance Contractor perform the maintenance work. The Contractor shall be responsible for all of the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor's costs and liquidated damages of \$1000 per day per occurrence. The County's Electrical Maintenance Contractor shall bill the Contractor for the total cost of the work. The Contractor shall pay this bill within thirty (30) days of the date of receipt of the invoice or the cost of such work will be deducted from the amount due the Contractor. The Contractor shall allow the Electrical Maintenance Contractor to make reviews of the Existing Traffic Signal Installation that has been transferred to the Contractor for Maintenance.

7. Any proposed activity in the vicinity of a highway-rail grade crossing must adhere to the guidelines set forth in the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) regarding work in temporary traffic control zones in the vicinity of highway-rail grade crossings which states that lane restrictions, flagging, or other operations shall not create conditions where vehicles can be queued across the railroad tracks. If the queuing of vehicles across the tracks cannot be avoided, a uniformed law enforcement officer or flagger shall be provided at the crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping on the tracks, even if automatic warning devices are in place.
8. Equipment included in this item that is damaged or not operating properly from any cause shall be replaced with new equipment meeting current District One traffic signal specifications and provided by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Contract and/or owner of the traffic signal system, all as approved by the Engineer. Final replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted. Cable splices outside the controller cabinet shall not be allowed.
9. Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, such as Red Light Enforcement cameras, detectors, and peripheral equipment, damaged or not operating properly from any cause, shall be the responsibility of the municipality or the Automatic Traffic Enforcement Company per Permit agreement.
10. The Contractor shall be responsible to clear snow, ice, dirt, debris or other condition that obstructs visibility of any traffic signal display or access to traffic signal equipment.
11. The Contractor shall maintain the traffic signal in normal operation during short or long term loss of utility or battery back-up power at critical locations designated by the Engineer. Critical locations may include traffic signals interconnected to railroad warning devices, expressway ramps, intersection with an SRA route, critical corridors or other locations identified by the Engineer. Temporary power to the traffic signal must meet applicable NEC and OSHA guidelines and may include portable generators and/or replacement batteries. Temporary power to critical locations shall not be paid for separately but shall be included in the contract.
12. Temporary replacement of damaged or knockdown of a mast arm pole assembly shall require construction of a full or partial span wire signal installation or other method approved by the Engineer to assure signal heads are located overhead and over traveled pavement. Temporary replacement of mast arm mount signals with post mount signals will not be permitted.

Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION. Each intersection will be paid for separately. Maintenance of a standalone and or not connected flashing beacon shall be paid for at the contract unit price for MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING FLASHING BEACON INSTALLATION. Each flashing beacon will be paid for separately.

GROUNDING EXISTING HANDHOLE FRAME AND COVER (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2015

873.02TS

Description.

This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to bond the equipment grounding conductor to the existing handhole frame and handhole cover. All installations shall meet the requirements of the details in the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details," and applicable portions of the Standard Specifications and District One Traffic Signal Special Provisions 806.01TS GROUNDING OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS and 817.01TS GROUNDING CABLE.

The equipment grounding conductor shall be bonded to the handhole frame and to the handhole cover. Two (2) ½-inch diameter x 1 ¼-inch long hex-head stainless steel bolts, spaced 1.75-inches apart center-to-center shall be fully welded to the frame and to the cover to accommodate a heavy duty UL listed grounding compression terminal. The grounding compression terminal shall be secured to the bolts with stainless steel split-lock washers and nylon-insert locknuts.

Welding preparation for the stainless steel bolt hex-head to the frame and to the cover shall include thoroughly cleaning the contact and weldment area of all rust, dirt and contaminates. The Contractor shall assure a solid strong weld. The welds shall be smooth and thoroughly cleaned of flux and spatter. The grounding installation shall not affect the proper seating of the cover when closed.

The grounding cable shall be paid for separately.

Method of Measurement.

Units measured for payment will be counted on a per handhole basis, regardless of the type of handhole and its location.

Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for GROUNDING EXISTING HANDHOLE FRAME AND COVER which shall be payment in full for grounding the handhole complete.

ELECTRIC CABLE (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2015

873.01TS

Delete "or stranded, and No. 12 or" from the last sentence of Article 1076.04 (a) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following to the Article 1076.04(d) of the Standard Specifications:

Service cable may be single or multiple conductor cable.

FIBER OPTIC TRACER CABLE (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002
Revised: July 1, 2015
817.02TS

The cable shall meet the requirements of Section 817 of the Standard Specifications, except for the following:

Add the following to Article 817.03 of the Standard Specifications:

In order to trace the fiber optic cable after installation, the tracer cable shall be installed in the same conduit as the fiber optic cable in locations shown on the plans. The tracer cable shall be continuous, extended into the controller cabinet and terminated on a barrier type terminal strip mounted on the side wall of the controller cabinet. The barrier type terminal strip and tracer cable shall be clearly marked and identified. All tracer cable splices shall be kept to a minimum and shall incorporate maximum lengths of cable supplied by the manufacturer. The tracer cable will be allowed to be spliced at handholes only. The tracer cable splice shall use a Western Union Splice soldered with resin core flux and shall be soldered using a soldering iron. Blow torches or other devices which oxidize copper cable shall not be allowed for soldering operations. All exposed surfaces of the solder shall be smooth. The splice shall be covered with a black shrink tube meeting UL 224 guidelines, Type V and rated 600V, minimum length 4 inches (100 mm) and with a minimum 1 inch (25 mm) coverage over the XLP insulation, underwater grade.

Add the following to Article 817.05 of the Standard Specifications:

Basis of Payment.

The tracer cable shall be paid for separately as ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, TRACER, NO. 14 1C per foot (meter), which price shall include all associated labor and material for installation.

EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM

Effective: May 22, 2002
Revised: July 1, 2015
887.01TS

Revise Section 887 of the Standard Specifications to read:

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the municipality or fire district to verify the brand of emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment to be installed prior to the contract bidding. The equipment must be completely compatible with all components of the equipment currently in use by the Agency.

All new installations shall be equipped with Confirmation Beacons as shown on the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." The Confirmation Beacon shall consist of a 6 watt Par 38 LED flood lamp with a 30 degree light spread, or a 7 watt Par 30 LED flood lamp with a 15 degree or greater spread, maximum 7 watt energy consumption at 120V, and a 2,000 hour warranty for each direction of pre-emption. The lamp shall have an adjustable mount with a weatherproof enclosure for cable splicing. All hardware shall be cast aluminum or stainless steel. Holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets. In order to maintain uniformity between communities, the confirmation beacons shall indicate when the control equipment receives the pre-emption signal. The pre-emption movement shall be signaled by a flashing indication at the rate specified by Section 4L.01 of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices," and other applicable sections of future editions. The stopped pre-empted movements shall be signaled by a continuous indication.

All light operated systems shall include security and transit preemption software and operate at a uniform rate of 14.035 Hz \pm 0.002, or as otherwise required by the Engineer, and provide compatible operation with other light systems currently being operated in the District.

This item shall include any required modifications to an existing traffic signal controller as a result of the addition of the EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM.

Basis of Payment.

The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for furnishing and installing LIGHT DETECTOR and LIGHT DETECTOR AMPLIFIER. Furnishing and installing the confirmation beacon shall be included in the cost of the Light Detector. Any required modifications to the traffic signal controller shall be included in the cost of the LIGHT DETECTOR AMPLIFIER. The preemption detector amplifier shall be paid for on a basis of (1) one each per intersection controller and shall provide operation for all movements required in the pre-emption phase sequence.

REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT (D-1)

Effective: May 22, 2002

Revised: July 1, 2015

895.02TS

Add the following to Article 895.05 of the Standard Specifications:

The traffic signal equipment which is to be removed and is to become the property of the Contractor shall be disposed of outside the right-of-way at the Contractor's expense.

All equipment to be returned to the State shall be delivered by the Contractor to the State's Traffic Signal Maintenance Contractor's main facility. The Contractor shall contact the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor to schedule an appointment to deliver the equipment. No equipment will be accepted without a prior appointment. All equipment shall be delivered within 30 days of removing it from the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall provide one hard copy and one electronic file of a list of equipment that is to remain the property of the State, including model and serial numbers, where applicable. The Contractor shall also provide a copy of the Contract plan or special provision showing the quantities and type of equipment. Controllers and peripheral equipment from the same location shall be boxed together (equipment from different locations may not be mixed) and all boxes and controller cabinets shall be clearly marked or labeled with the location from which they were removed. If equipment is not returned according to these requirements, it will be rejected by the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for the condition of the traffic signal equipment from the time Contractor takes maintenance of the signal installation until the acceptance of a receipt drawn by the State's Electrical Maintenance Contractor indicating the items have been returned in good condition.

The Contractor shall safely store and arrange for pick up or delivery of all equipment to be returned to agencies other than the State. The Contractor shall package the equipment and provide all necessary documentation as stated above.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the Department for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of these Specifications at no cost to the contract.

ROD AND CLEAN EXISTING CONDUIT (D-1)

Effective: January 1, 2015

Revised: July 1, 2015

810.03TS

Description.

This work shall consist of inserting a duct rod or electrical fish rod or tape of sufficient length and rigidity into an electrical conduit opening in one electrical handhole, and pushing the said rod through the conduit to emerge at the next or subsequent handhole in the conduit system at the location(s) shown on the plans. The duct rod may be inserted and removed by any standard construction method which causes no damage to the conduit. The size of the conduit may vary, but there shall be no differentiation in cost for the size of the conduit.

The conduit which is to be rodded and cleaned may exist with various amounts of standing water in the handholes to drain the conduit and to afford compatible working conditions for the installation of the duct rods and/or cables. Pumping of handholes shall be included with the work of rodding and cleaning of the conduit.

Any handhole which, in the opinion of the Engineer contains excessive debris, dirt or other materials to the extent that conduit rodding and cleaning is not feasible, shall be cleaned at the Engineer's order and payment approval as a separate pay item.

Prior to removal of the duct rod, a duct cleaning attachment such as a properly sized wire brush or cleaning mandrel shall be attached to the duct rod, which by removal of the duct rod shall be pulled through the conduit to remove sand, grit, or other light obstructions from the duct to provide a clean, clear passage for the installation of cable. Whenever the installation of cables is not performed as an adjunct to or immediately following the cleaning of the duct, a light weight pulling line such as a 1/8" polyethylene line or conduit measuring tape shall be placed and shall remain in the conduit to facilitate future work. When great difficulty of either inserting the duct rod or removal of the cleaning mandrel is encountered, the duct may require further cleaning by use of a compressed air gun, or a low pressure water hose. In the case of a broken conduit, the conduit must be excavated and repaired. The existence and location of breaks in the conduit may be determined by rodding, but the excavation and repair work required will be paid for separately.

This work shall be measured per lineal foot for each conduit cleaned. Measurements shall be made from point to point horizontally. No vertical rises shall count in the measurement.

Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per lineal foot for ROD AND CLEAN EXISTING CONDUIT for the installation of new electric cables in existing conduits. Such price shall include the furnishing of all necessary tools, equipment, and materials required to prepare a conduit for the installation of cable.

UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, GROUND MOUNTED (D-1)

Effective: January 1, 2012

Revised: July 1, 2015

862.02TS

This item shall consist of furnishing and installing an uninterruptable power supply. This item shall meet the same requirements as the current District One Traffic Signal Special Provision 862.01TS UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL.

Materials shall be according to Article 1074.04 as modified in UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL.

Installation.

The UPS shall be mounted on its own Type A square concrete foundation. The concrete foundation shall extend 2 inch past each side of the UPS cabinet and the edges shall have a continuous 1 inch chamfer at a 45 degree angle.

At locations where UPS is to be installed and Emergency Vehicle Priority System is in use, any existing incandescent confirmation beacons shall be replaced with LED lamps in accordance with the District One Emergency Vehicle Priority System specification at no additional cost to the contract. A concrete apron shall be provided with a dimension of 36 inches in front of the UPS cabinet, 5 inches deep, and a width sized appropriately to the width of the concrete foundation. The concrete apron shall follow Articles 424 and 202 of the Standard Specifications.

This item shall include any required modifications to an existing traffic signal controller.

Basis of Payment.

This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, GROUND MOUNTED. Replacement of Emergency Vehicle Priority System confirmation beacons and any required modifications to the traffic signal controller shall be included in the cost of the UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, GROUND MOUNTED item. The concrete foundation, concrete apron and earth excavation required shall be included in the cost of the UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, GROUND MOUNTED item.

UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL (D-1)

Effective: January 1, 2013

Revised: May 19, 2016

862.01TS

This work shall be in accordance with section 862 of the Standard Specification except as modified herein

Add the following to Article 862.01 of the Standard Specifications:

The UPS shall have the power capacity to provide normal operation of a signalized intersection that utilizes all LED type signal head optics, for a minimum of 6 (six) hours.

Add the following to Article 862.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Materials shall be according to Article 1074.04 as modified in UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL.

Add the following to Article 862.03 of the Standard Specifications:

The UPS shall additionally include, but not be limited to, a battery cabinet, where applicable. For Super-P (Type IV) and Super-R (Type V) cabinets, the battery cabinet is integrated to the traffic signal cabinet, and shall be included in the cost for the traffic signal cabinet of the size and type indicated on the plans.

The UPS shall provide reliable emergency power to the traffic signals in the event of a power failure or interruption.

Revise Article 862.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Installation.

When a UPS is installed at an existing traffic signal cabinet, the UPS cabinet shall partially rest on the lip of the existing controller cabinet foundation and be secured to the existing controller cabinet by means of at least four (4) stainless steel bolts. The UPS cabinet shall be completely enclosed with the bottom and back constructed of the same material as the cabinet.

When a UPS is installed at a new signal cabinet and foundation, it shall be mounted as shown on the plans.

At locations where UPS is installed and an Emergency Vehicle Priority System is in use, any existing incandescent confirmation beacons shall be replaced with LED lamps in accordance with the District One Emergency Vehicle Priority System specification at no additional cost to the contract. A concrete apron shall be provided and be in accordance with Articles 424 and 202 of the Standard Specifications. The concrete apron shall also, follow the District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Detail, Type D for Ground Mounted Controller Cabinet and UPS Battery Cabinet.

This item shall include any required modifications to an existing traffic signal controller as a result of the addition of the UPS including the addition of alarms.

Materials.

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall be line interactive or double conversion and provide voltage regulation and power conditioning when utilizing utility power. The UPS shall be sized appropriately for the intersection(s) normal traffic signal operating load. The UPS must be able to maintain the intersection's normal operating load plus 20 percent (20%) of the intersection's normal operating load. When installed at a railroad-interconnected intersection the UPS must maintain the railroad pre-emption load, plus 20 percent (20%) of the railroad preemption-operating load. The total connected traffic signal load shall not exceed the published ratings for the UPS. The UPS shall provide a minimum of 6 (six) hours of normal operation run-time for signalized intersections with LED type signal head optics at 77 °F (25 °C) (minimum 1000 W active output capacity, with 86 percent minimum inverter efficiency).

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1074.04(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall have a minimum of four (4) sets of normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) single-pole double-throw (SPDT) relay contact closures, available on a panel mounted terminal block or locking circular connectors, rated at a minimum 120 V/1 A, and labeled so as to identify each contact according to the plans.

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(10) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall be compatible with the District's approved traffic controller assemblies utilizing NEMA TS 1 or NEMA TS 2 controllers and cabinet components for full time operation.

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(17) of the Standard Specifications to read:

When the intersection is in battery backup mode, the UPS shall bypass all internal cabinet lights, ventilation fans, cabinet heaters, service receptacles, luminaires, any lighted street name signs, any automated enforcement equipment and any other devices directed by the Engineer.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)b of the Standard Specifications to read:

Batteries, inverter/charger and power transfer relay shall be housed in a separate NEMA Type 3R cabinet. The cabinet shall be Aluminum alloy, 5052-H32, 0.125-inch thick and have a natural mill finish.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)c of the Standard Specifications to read:

No more than three batteries shall be mounted on individual shelves for a cabinet housing six batteries and no more than four batteries per shelf for a cabinet housing eight batteries.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)e of the Standard Specifications to read:

The battery cabinet housing shall have the following nominal outside dimensions: a width of 25 in. (785 mm), a depth of 16 in. (440 mm), and a height of 41 to 48 in. (1.1 to 1.3 m). Clearance between shelves shall be a minimum of 10 in. (250 mm).

End of paragraph 1074.04(b)(2)e

The door shall be equipped with a two position doorstop, one a 90° and one at 120°.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)g of the Standard Specifications to read:

The door shall open to the entire cabinet, have a neoprene gasket, an Aluminum continuous piano hinge with stainless steel pin, and a three point locking system. The cabinet shall be provided with a main door lock which shall operate with a traffic industry conventional No. 2 key. Provisions for padlocking the door shall be provided.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(b)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

j. The battery cabinet shall have provisions for an external generator connection.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(c) of the Standard Specifications:

- (8) The UPS shall include a tip or kill switch installed in the battery cabinet, which shall completely disconnect power from the UPS when the switch is manually activated.
- (9) The UPS shall include standard RS-232 and internal Ethernet interface.
- (10) The UPS shall incorporate a flanged electric generator inlet for charging the batteries and operating the UPS. The generator connector shall be male type, twist-lock, rated as 15A, 125VAC with a NEMA L5-15P configuration and weatherproof lift cover plate. Access to the generator inlet shall be from a secured weatherproof lift cover plate or behind a locked battery cabinet police panel.
- (11) The bypass switch shall include an internal power transfer relay that allows removal of the battery back-up unit, while the traffic signal is connected to utility power, without impacting normal traffic signal operation.

Revise Article 1074.04(d)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

All batteries supplied in the UPS shall be either gel cell or AGM type, deep cycle, completely sealed, prismatic lead calcium based, silver alloy, valve regulated lead acid (VRLA) requiring no maintenance. All batteries in a UPS installation shall be the same type; mixing of gel cell and AGM types within a UPS installation is not permitted.

Revise Article 1074.04(d)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Batteries shall be certified by the manufacturer to operate over a temperature range of -13 to 160 °F (-25 to + 71 °C) for gel cell batteries and -40 to 140 °F (-40 to + 60 °C) for AGM type batteries.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(d) of the Standard Specifications:

(9) The UPS shall consist of an even number of batteries that are capable of maintaining normal operation of the signalized intersection for a minimum of 6 (six) hours. Calculations shall be provided showing the number of batteries of the type supplied that are needed to satisfy this requirement. A minimum of four batteries shall be provided.

(10) Battery Heater mats shall be provided, when gel cell type batteries are supplied.

Add the following to the Article 1074.04 of the Standard Specifications:

(e) Warranty. The warranty for an uninterruptable power supply (UPS) and batteries (full replacement) shall cover a minimum of 5 years from date the equipment is placed in operation.

(f) Installation. Bypass switch shall completely disconnect the traffic signal cabinet from the utility provider.

(g) The UPS shall be set-up to run the traffic signal continuously, without going to a red flashing condition, when switched to battery power unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall confirm set-up with the Engineer. The continuous operation mode when switched to battery may require modification to unit connections and these modifications are included in the unit price for this item.

Revise Article 862.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL or UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY AND CABINET, SPECIAL. Replacement of Emergency Vehicle Priority System confirmation beacons and any required modifications to the traffic signal controller shall be included in the cost of the UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL or UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY AND CABINET, SPECIAL item. The concrete apron and earth excavation required shall be included in the cost of the UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY AND CABINET, SPECIAL item.

TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING (D-1)

Effective: November 13, 1996

Revised: January 29, 2020

Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating for various states of construction and eventually removing temporary informational signs. Included in this item may be ground mount signs, skid mount signs, truss mount signs, bridge mount signs, and overlay sign panels which cover portions of existing signs.

Materials.

Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

	<u>Item</u>	<u>Article/Section</u>
a.)	Sign Base (Note 1)	1090
b.)	Sign Face (Note 2)	1091
c.)	Sign Legends	1091
d.)	Sign Supports	1093
e.)	Overlay Panels (Note 3)	1090.02
Note 1.	The Contractor may use 5/8 inch (16 mm) instead of 3/4 inch (19 mm) thick plywood.	
Note 2.	The sign face material shall be in accordance with the Department's Fabrication of Highway Signs Policy.	
Note 3.	The overlay panels shall be 0.08 inch (2 mm) thick.	

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Installation.

The sign sizes and legend sizes shall be verified by the Contractor prior to fabrication.

Signs which are placed along the roadway and/or within the construction zone shall be installed according to the requirements of Article 701.14 and Article 720.04. The signs shall be 7 ft (2.1 m) above the near edge of the pavement and shall be a minimum of 2 ft (600 mm) beyond the edge of the paved shoulder. A minimum of two (2) posts shall be used.

The attachment of temporary signs to existing bridges, sign structures or sign panels shall be approved by the Engineer. Any damage to the existing signs and/or structures due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired or signs replaced, as determined by the Engineer, at the Contractor's expense.

Method of Measurement.

This work shall be measured for payment in square feet (square meters) edge to edge (horizontally and vertically).

All hardware, posts or skids, supports, bases for ground mounted signs, connections, which are required for mounting these signs will be included as part of this pay item.

Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot (square meter) for TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING.

REMOVE AND REPLACE ANCHOR BOLTS

Effective: January 1, 2014

Revised: July 1, 2015

878.02TS

This item shall consist of replacing anchor rods at existing concrete foundations for traffic signal posts. At locations specified on the plans for new traffic signal post installation, the Contractor shall inspect the existing post foundations prior to removing the existing traffic signal post. The Contractor shall verify that the pattern, spacing, and condition of the existing anchor bolts are acceptable for reuse with a new post. The Contractor shall replace unacceptable anchor bolts as approved by the Engineer.

Anchor bolts shall be according to Article 1006.09 and shall be hot dipped galvanized.

Installation.

Existing anchor bolts shall be cut flush with the top of concrete foundation.

The bolt circle of the new anchor bolts shall be rotated a minimum of 2.5-inches away from the existing anchor bolts. New anchor bolts shall be $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch diameter with minimum 9-inch embedment into the existing concrete foundation and 3-inch threaded length above the top of foundation. New anchor bolts shall be installed using a HIT-RE 500 exposed adhesive anchoring system.

Method of Measurement.

The removal and replacement of anchor bolts will be measured for payment as per each foundation requiring anchor bolt replacement. This shall include all anchor bolts replaced, labor, equipment, and materials required for replacing anchor bolts at an existing foundation as specified herein.

Basis of Payment.

This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for REMOVE AND REPLACE ANCHOR BOLTS.

State of Illinois
Department of Transportation
Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION
FOR
INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007
Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:

The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

BLENDED FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1010.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Different sources or types of finely divided minerals shall not be mixed or used alternately in the same item of construction, except as a blended finely divided mineral product according to Article 1010.06.”

Add the following article to Section 1010 of the Standard Specifications:

“1010.06 Blended Finely Divided Minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be the product resulting from the blending or intergrinding of two or three finely divided minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be according to ASTM C 1697, except as follows.

- (a) Blending shall be accomplished by mechanically or pneumatically intermixing the constituent finely divided minerals into a uniform mixture that is then discharged into a silo for storage or tanker for transportation.
- (b) The blended finely divided mineral product will be classified according to its predominant constituent or the manufacturer’s designation and shall meet the chemical requirements of its classification. The other finely divided mineral constituent(s) will not be required to conform to their individual standards.”

80436

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.

- (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
- (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
- (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days.”

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.

- (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

- (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the

Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

- (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13.”

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.

- (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
- (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
- (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
- (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
- (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
- (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item.”

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited.”

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

“109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk

(2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.

(c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

80384

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: March 2, 2019

FEDERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 0.00 % of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

<http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index>.

BIDDING PROCEDURES. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
 - (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
 - (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
 - (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the

bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.

- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.

- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials or supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) NO AMENDMENT. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov.
- (b) CHANGES TO WORK. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) SUBCONTRACT. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractor-initiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
- (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.

- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.

- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) ENFORCEMENT. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be

made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

- (h) RECONSIDERATION. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of “Good Faith Effort Procedures” of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

80029

DISPOSAL FEES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2018

Replace Articles 109.04(b)(5) – 109.04(b)(8) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

- “(5) Disposal Fees. When the extra work performed includes paying for disposal fees at a clean construction and demolition debris facility, an uncontaminated soil fill operation or a landfill, the Contractor shall receive, as administrative costs, an amount equal to five percent of the first \$10,000 and one percent of any amount over \$10,000 of the total approved costs of such fees.
- (6) Miscellaneous. No additional allowance will be made for general superintendence, the use of small tools, or other costs for which no specific allowance is herein provided.
- (7) Statements. No payment will be made for work performed on a force account basis until the Contractor has furnished the Engineer with itemized statements of the cost of such force account work. Statements shall be accompanied and supported by invoices for all materials used and transportation charges. However, if materials used on the force account work are not specifically purchased for such work but are taken from the Contractor’s stock, then in lieu of the invoices, the Contractor shall furnish an affidavit certifying that such materials were taken from his/her stock, that the quantity claimed was actually used, and that the price and transportation claimed represent the actual cost to the Contractor.

Itemized statements at the cost of force account work shall be detailed as follows.

- a. Name, classification, date, daily hours, total hours, rate, and extension for each laborer and foreman. Payrolls shall be submitted to substantiate actual wages paid if so requested by the Engineer.
 - b. Designation, dates, daily hours, total hours, rental rate, and extension for each unit of machinery and equipment.
 - c. Quantities of materials, prices and extensions.
 - d. Transportation of materials.
 - e. Cost of property damage, liability and workmen’s compensation insurance premiums, unemployment insurance contributions, and social security tax.
- (8) Work Performed by an Approved Subcontractor. When extra work is performed by an approved subcontractor, the Contractor shall receive, as administrative costs, an amount equal to five percent of the total approved costs of such work with the minimum payment being \$100.

- (9) All statements of the cost of force account work shall be furnished to the Engineer not later than 60 days after receipt of the Central Bureau of Construction form "Extra Work Daily Report". If the statement is not received within the specified time frame, all demands for payment for the extra work are waived and the Department is released from any and all such demands. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that all statements are received within the specified time regardless of the manner or method of delivery."

80402

MOBILIZATION (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2020

Replace Articles 671.02(a), (b), and (c) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“(a) Upon execution of the contract, 90 percent of the pay item will be paid.

(b) When 90 percent of the adjusted contract value is earned, the remaining ten percent of the pay item will be paid along with any amount bid in excess of six percent of the original contract amount.”

80428

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE – HAUL TIME (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2020

Revise Article 1020.11(a)(7) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(7) Haul Time. Haul time shall begin when the delivery ticket is stamped. The delivery ticket shall be stamped no later than five minutes after the addition of the mixing water to the cement, or after the addition of the cement to the aggregate when the combined aggregates contain free moisture in excess of two percent by weight (mass). If more than one batch is required for charging a truck using a stationary mixer, the time of haul shall start with mixing of the first batch. Haul time shall end when the truck is emptied for incorporation of the concrete into the work. The maximum haul time shall be as follows.

Concrete Temperature at Point of Discharge, °F (°C)	Maximum Haul Time ^{1/} (minutes)	
	Truck Mixer or Truck Agitator	Nonagitator Truck
50 - 64 (10 - 17.5)	90	45
> 64 (> 17.5) - without retarder	60	30
> 64 (> 17.5) - with retarder	90	45

1/ To encourage start-up testing for mix adjustments at the plant, the first two trucks will be allowed an additional 15 minutes haul time whenever such testing is performed.

For a mixture which is not mixed on the jobsite, a delivery ticket shall be required for each load. The following information shall be recorded on each delivery ticket: (1) ticket number; (2) name of producer and plant location; (3) contract number; (4) name of Contractor; (5) stamped date and time batched; (6) truck number; (7) quantity batched; (8) amount of admixture(s) in the batch; (9) amount of water in the batch; and (10) Department mix design number.

For concrete mixed in jobsite stationary mixers, the above delivery ticket may be waived, but a method of verifying the haul time shall be established to the satisfaction of the Engineer.”

80430

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2019

Revised: January 1, 2020

Revise Section 669 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“SECTION 669. REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES

669.01 Description. This work shall consist of the transportation and proper disposal of regulated substances. This work shall also consist of the removal, transportation, and proper disposal of underground storage tanks (UST), their contents and associated underground piping to the point where the piping is above the ground, including determining the content types and estimated quantities.

669.02 Equipment. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of the delivery of all excavation, storage, and transportation equipment to a work area location. The equipment shall comply with OSHA and American Petroleum Institute (API) guidelines and shall be furnished in a clean condition. Clean condition means the equipment does not contain any residual material classified as a non-special waste, non-hazardous special waste, or hazardous waste. Residual materials include, but are not limited to, petroleum products, chemical products, sludges, or any other material present in or on equipment.

Before beginning any associated soil or groundwater management activity, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with the opportunity to visually inspect and approve the equipment. If the equipment contains any contaminated residual material, decontamination shall be performed on the equipment as appropriate to the regulated substance and degree of contamination present according to OSHA and API guidelines. All cleaning fluids used shall be treated as the contaminant unless laboratory testing proves otherwise.

669.03 Pre-Construction Submittals and Qualifications. Prior to beginning this work, or working in areas with regulated substances, the Contractor shall submit a “Regulated Substances Pre-Construction Plan (RSPCP)” to the Engineer for review and approval using form BDE 2730. The form shall be signed by an Illinois licensed Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist.

As part of the RSPCP, the Contractor(s) or firm(s) performing the work shall meet the following qualifications.

- (a) Regulated Substances Monitoring. Qualification for environmental observation and field screening of regulated substances work and environmental observation of UST removal shall require either pre-qualification in Hazardous Waste by the Department or demonstration of acceptable project experience in remediation and operations for contaminated sites in accordance with applicable Federal, State, or local regulatory requirements using BDE 2730.

Qualification for each individual performing regulated substances monitoring shall require a minimum of one-year of experience in similar activities as those required for the project.

- (b) Underground Storage Tank Removal. Qualification for underground storage tank (UST) removal work shall require licensing and certification with the Office of the State Fire Marshall (OSFM) and possession of all permits required to perform the work. A copy of the permit shall be provided to the Engineer prior to tank removal.

The qualified Contractor(s) or firm(s) shall also document it does not have any current or former ties with any of the properties contained within, adjoining, or potentially affecting the work.

The Engineer will require up to 21 calendar days for review of the RSPCP. The review may involve rejection or revision and resubmittal; in which case, an additional 21 days will be required for each subsequent review. Work shall not commence until the RSPCP has been approved by the Engineer. After approval, the RSPCP shall be revised as necessary to reflect changed conditions in the field and documented using BDE 2730A "Regulated Substances Pre-Construction Plan (RSPCP) Addendum" and submitted to the Engineer for approval.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities at the contract specific work areas. As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 "Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)".

- (a) Environmental Observation. Prior to beginning excavation, the Contractor shall mark the limits of the contract specific work areas. Once work begins, the monitoring personnel shall be present on-site continuously during the excavation and loading of material.
- (b) Field Screening. Field screening shall be performed during the excavation and loading of material from the contract specific work areas, except for material classified according to Article 669.05(b)(1) or 669.05(c) where field screening is not required.

Field screening shall be performed with either a photoionization detector (PID) (minimum 10.6eV lamp) or a flame ionization detector (FID), and other equipment as appropriate, to monitor for potential contaminants associated with regulated substances. The PID or FID shall be calibrated on-site, and background level readings taken and recorded daily, and as field and weather conditions change. Field screen readings on the PID or FID in excess of background levels indicates the potential presence of regulated substances requiring handling as a non-special waste, special waste, or hazardous waste. PID or FID readings may be used as the basis of increasing the limits of removal with the approval of the Engineer but shall in no case be used to decrease the limits.

669.05 Regulated Substances Management and Disposal. The management and disposal of soil and/or groundwater containing regulated substances shall be according to the following:

- (a) **Soil Analytical Results Exceed Most Stringent MAC.** When the soil analytical results indicate detected levels exceed the most stringent maximum allowable concentration (MAC) for chemical constituents in soil established pursuant to Subpart F of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 1100.605, the soil shall be managed as follows:
 - (1) When analytical results indicate inorganic chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC, but still considered within area background levels by the Engineer, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable. If the soils cannot be utilized within the right-of-way, they shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste.
 - (2) When analytical results indicate inorganic chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed the MAC for a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) County identified in 35 Ill. Admin. Code 742 Appendix A. Table G, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility or an uncontaminated soil fill operation (USFO) within an MSA County provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 - 9.0, inclusive.
 - (3) When analytical results indicate chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, or the MAC within the Chicago corporate limits, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a CCDD facility or an USFO within an MSA County excluding Chicago or within the Chicago corporate limits provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 - 9.0, inclusive.
 - (4) When analytical results indicate chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a CCDD facility or an USFO within an MSA County excluding Chicago provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 - 9.0, inclusive.
 - (5) When the Engineer determines soil cannot be managed according to Articles 669.05(a)(1) through (a)(4) above and the materials do not contain special waste or hazardous waste, as determined by the Engineer, the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste.
 - (6) When analytical results indicate soil is hazardous by characteristic or listing pursuant to 35 Ill. Admin. Code 721, contains radiological constituents, or the Engineer otherwise determines the soil cannot be managed according to Articles 669.05(a)(1)

through (a)(5) above, the soil shall be managed and disposed of off-site as a special waste or hazardous waste as applicable.

(b) Soil Analytical Results Do Not Exceed Most Stringent MAC. When the soil analytical results indicate that detected levels do not exceed the most stringent MAC, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site according to Article 202.03. However, the excavated soil cannot be taken to a CCDD facility or an USFO for any of the following reasons.

(1) The pH of the soil is less than 6.25 or greater than 9.0.

(2) The soil exhibited PID or FID readings in excess of background levels.

(c) Soil Analytical Results Exceed Most Stringent MAC but Do Not Exceed Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives (TACO) Residential. When the soil analytical results indicate that detected levels exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed TACO Tier 1 Soil Remediation Objectives for Residential Properties pursuant to 35 Ill. Admin. Code 742 Appendix B Table A, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site according to Article 202.03. However, the excavated soil cannot be taken to a CCDD facility or an USFO.

(d) Groundwater. When groundwater analytical results indicate the detected levels are above Appendix B, Table E of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 742, the most stringent Tier 1 Groundwater Remediation Objectives for Groundwater Component of the Groundwater Ingestion Route for Class 1 groundwater, the groundwater shall be managed off-site as a special waste or hazardous waste as applicable. Special waste groundwater shall be containerized and trucked to an off-site treatment facility, or may be discharged to a sanitary sewer or combined sewer when permitted by the local sewer authority. Groundwater discharged to a sanitary sewer or combined sewer shall be pre-treated to remove particulates and measured with a calibrated flow meter to comply with applicable discharge limits. A copy of the permit shall be provided to the Engineer prior to discharging groundwater to the sanitary sewer or combined sewer.

Groundwater encountered within trenches may be managed within the trench and allowed to infiltrate back into the ground. If the groundwater cannot be managed within the trench, it may be discharged to a sanitary sewer or combined sewer when permitted by the local sewer authority, or it shall be containerized and trucked to an off-site treatment facility as a special waste or hazardous waste. The Contractor is prohibited from discharging groundwater within the trench through a storm sewer. The Contractor shall install backfill plugs within the area of groundwater contamination.

One backfill plug shall be placed down gradient to the area of groundwater contamination. Backfill plugs shall be installed at intervals not to exceed 50 ft (15 m). Backfill plugs are to be 4 ft (1.2 m) long, measured parallel to the trench, full trench width and depth. Backfill plugs shall not have any fine aggregate bedding or backfill, but shall be entirely cohesive

soil or any class of concrete. The Contractor shall provide test data that the material has a permeability of less than 10^{-7} cm/sec according to ASTM D 5084, Method A or per another test method approved by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall use due care when transferring contaminated material from the area of origin to the transporter. Should releases of contaminated material to the environment occur (i.e., spillage onto the ground, etc.), the Contractor shall clean-up spilled material and place in the appropriate storage containers as previously specified. Clean-up shall include, but not be limited to, sampling beneath the material staging area to determine complete removal of the spilled material.

The Contractor shall provide engineered barriers, when required, and shall include materials sufficient to completely line excavation surfaces, including sloped surfaces, bottoms, and sidewall faces, within the areas designated for protection.

The Contractor shall obtain all documentation including any permits and/or licenses required to transport the material containing regulated substances to the disposal facility. The Contractor shall coordinate with the Engineer on the completion of all documentation. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection and analysis of landfill acceptance testing. The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with all transport-related documentation within two days of transport or receipt of said document(s). For management of special or hazardous waste, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with documentation that the Contractor is operating with a valid Illinois special waste transporter permit at least two weeks before transporting the first load of contaminated material.

Transportation and disposal of material classified according to Article 669.05(a)(5) or 669.05(a)(6) shall be completed each day so that none of the material remains on-site by the close of business, except when temporary staging has been approved.

Any waste generated as a special or hazardous waste from a non-fixed facility shall be manifested off-site using the Department's county generator number provided by the Bureau of Design and Environment. An authorized representative of the Department shall sign all manifests for the disposal of the contaminated material and confirm the Contractor's transported volume. Any waste generated as a non-special waste may be managed off-site without a manifest, a special waste transporter, or a generator number.

The Contractor shall select a landfill permitted for disposal of the contaminant within the State of Illinois. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor to use as a landfill. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected disposal facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the disposal facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected landfill shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth.

669.06 Non-Special Waste Certification. An authorized representative of the Department shall sign and date all non-special waste certifications. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing the Engineer with the required information that will allow the Engineer to certify the waste is not a special waste.

(a) Definition. A waste is considered a non-special waste as long as it is not:

- (1) a potentially infectious medical waste;
- (2) a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Admin. Code 721;
- (3) an industrial process waste or pollution control waste that contains liquids, as determined using the paint filter test set forth in subdivision (3)(A) of subsection (m) of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 811.107;
- (4) a regulated asbestos-containing waste material, as defined under the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants in 40 CFR Part 61.141;
- (5) a material containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) regulated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 761;
- (6) a material subject to the waste analysis and recordkeeping requirements of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 728.107 under land disposal restrictions of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 728;
- (7) a waste material generated by processing recyclable metals by shredding and required to be managed as a special waste under Section 22.29 of the Environmental Protection Act; or
- (8) an empty portable device or container in which a special or hazardous waste has been stored, transported, treated, disposed of, or otherwise handled.

(b) Certification Information. All information used to determine the waste is not a special waste shall be attached to the certification. The information shall include but not be limited to:

- (1) the means by which the generator has determined the waste is not a hazardous waste;
- (2) the means by which the generator has determined the waste is not a liquid;
- (3) if the waste undergoes testing, the analytic results obtained from testing, signed and dated by the person responsible for completing the analysis;
- (4) if the waste does not undergo testing, an explanation as to why no testing is needed;

(5) a description of the process generating the waste; and

(6) relevant material safety data sheets.

669.07 Temporary Staging. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Temporary staging shall be accomplished within the right-of-way and the Contractor's means and methods shall be described in the approved or amended RSPCP. Staging areas shall not be located within 200 feet (61 m) of a public or private water supply well; nor within 100 feet (30 m) of sensitive environmental receptor areas, including wetlands, rivers, streams, lakes, or designated habitat zones.

The method of staging shall consist of containerization or stockpiling as applicable for the type, classification, and physical state (i.e., liquid, solid, semisolid) of the material. Materials of different classifications shall be staged separately with no mixing or co-mingling.

When containers are used, the containers and their contents shall remain intact and inaccessible to unauthorized persons until the manner of disposal is determined. The Contractor shall be responsible for all activities associated with the storage containers including, but not limited to, the procurement, transport, and labeling of the containers. The Contractor shall not use a storage container if visual inspection of the container reveals the presence of free liquids or other substances that could cause the waste to be reclassified as a hazardous or special waste.

When stockpiles are used, they shall be covered with a minimum 20-mil plastic sheeting or tarps secured using weights or tie-downs. Perimeter berms or diversionary trenches shall be provided to contain and collect for disposal any water that drains from the soil. Stockpiles shall be managed to prevent or reduce potential dust generation.

When staging non-special waste, special waste, or hazardous waste, the following additional requirements shall apply:

- (a) **Non-Special Waste.** When stockpiling soil classified according to Article 669.05(a)(1) or 669.05(a)(5), an impermeable surface barrier between the materials and the ground surface shall be installed. The impermeable barrier shall consist of a minimum 20-mil plastic liner material and the surface of the stockpile area shall be clean and free of debris prior to placement of the liner. Measures shall also be taken to limit or discourage access to the staging area.
- (b) **Special Waste and Hazardous Waste.** Soil classified according to Article 669.05(a)(6) shall not be stockpiled but shall be containerized immediately upon generation in containers, tanks or containment buildings as defined by RCRA, Toxic Substances Control

Act (TSCA), and other applicable State or local regulations and requirements, including 35 Ill. Admin. Code Part 722, Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste.

The staging area(s) shall be enclosed (by a fence or other structure) to restrict direct access to the area, and all required regulatory identification signs applicable to a staging area containing special waste or hazardous waste shall be deployed.

Storage containers shall be placed on an all-weather gravel-packed, asphalt, or concrete surface. Containers shall be in good condition and free of leaks, large dents, or severe rusting, which may compromise containment integrity. Containers must be constructed of, or lined with, materials that will not react or be otherwise incompatible with the hazardous or special waste contents. Containers used to store liquids shall not be filled more than 80 percent of the rated capacity. Incompatible wastes shall not be placed in the same container or comingled.

All containers shall be legibly labeled and marked using pre-printed labels and permanent marker in accordance with applicable regulations, clearly showing the date of waste generation, location and/or area of waste generation, and type of waste. The Contractor shall place these identifying markings on an exterior side surface of the container.

Storage containers shall be kept closed, and storage pads covered, except when access is needed by authorized personnel.

Special waste and hazardous waste shall be transported and disposed within 90 days from the date of generation.

669.08 Underground Storage Tank Removal. For the purposes of this section, an underground storage tank (UST) includes the underground storage tank, piping, electrical controls, pump island, vent pipes and appurtenances.

Prior to removing an UST, the Engineer shall determine whether the Department is considered an "owner" or "operator" of the UST as defined by the UST regulations (41 Ill. Adm. Code Part 176). Ownership of the UST refers to the Department's owning title to the UST during storage, use or dispensing of regulated substances. The Department may be considered an "operator" of the UST if it has control of, or has responsibility for, the daily operation of the UST. The Department may however voluntarily undertake actions to remove an UST from the ground without being deemed an "operator" of the UST.

In the event the Department is deemed not to be the "owner" or "operator" of the UST, the OSFM removal permit shall reflect who was the past "owner" or "operator" of the UST. If the "owner" or "operator" cannot be determined from past UST registration documents from OSFM, then the OSFM removal permit will state the "owner" or "operator" of the UST is the Department. The Department's Office of Chief Counsel (OCC) will review all UST removal permits prior to submitting any removal permit to the OSFM. If the Department is not the "owner" or "operator" of the UST then it will not register the UST or pay any registration fee.

The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining permits required for removing the UST, notification to the OSFM, using an OSFM certified tank contractor, removal and disposal of the UST and its contents, and preparation and submittal of the OSFM Site Assessment Report in accordance with 41 Ill. Admin. Code Part 176.330.

The Contractor shall contact the Engineer and the OSFM's office at least 72 hours prior to removal to confirm the OSFM inspector's presence during the UST removal. Removal, transport, and disposal of the UST shall be according to the applicable portions of the latest revision of the "American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 1604".

The Contractor shall collect and analyze tank content (sludge) for disposal purposes. The Contractor shall remove as much of the regulated substance from the UST system as necessary to prevent further release into the environment. All contents within the tank shall be removed, transported and disposed of, or recycled. The tank shall be removed and rendered empty according to IEPA definition.

The Contractor shall collect soil samples from the bottom and sidewalls of the excavated area in accordance with 35 Ill. Admin. Code Part 734.210(h) after the required backfill has been removed during the initial response action, to determine the level of contamination remaining in the ground, regardless if a release is confirmed or not by the OSFM on-site inspector.

In the event the UST is designated a leaking underground storage tank (LUST) by the OSFM's inspector, or confirmation by analytical results, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the District Environmental Studies Unit (DESU). Upon confirmation of a release of contaminants and notifications to the Engineer and DESU, the Contractor shall report the release to the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (IEMA) (e.g., by telephone or electronic mail) and provide them with whatever information is available ("owner" or "operator" shall be stated as the past registered "owner" or "operator", or the IDOT District in which the tank is located and the DESU Manager).

The Contractor shall perform the following initial response actions if a release is indicated by the OSFM inspector:

- (a) Take immediate action to prevent any further release of the regulated substance to the environment, which may include removing, at the Engineer's discretion, and disposing of up to 4 ft (1.2 m) of the contaminated material, as measured from the outside dimension of the tank;
- (b) Identify and mitigate fire, explosion and vapor hazards;
- (c) Visually inspect any above ground releases or exposed below ground releases and prevent further migration of the released substance into surrounding soils and groundwater; and
- (d) Continue to monitor and mitigate any additional fire and safety hazards posed by vapors and free product that have migrated from the tank excavation zone and entered into subsurface structures (such as sewers or basements).

The tank excavation shall be backfilled according to applicable portions of Sections 205, 208, and 550 with a material that will compact and develop stability. All uncontaminated concrete and soil removed during tank extraction may be used to backfill the excavation, at the discretion of the Engineer.

After backfilling the excavation, the site shall be graded and cleaned.

669.09 Regulated Substances Final Construction Report. Not later than 90 days after completing this work, the Contractor shall submit a "Regulated Substances Final Construction Report (RSFCR)" to the Engineer using form BDE 2733 and required attachments. The form shall be signed by an Illinois licensed Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist.

669.10 Method of Measurement. Non-special waste, special waste, and hazardous waste soil will be measured for payment according to Article 202.07(b) when performing earth excavation, Article 502.12(b) when excavating for structures, or by computing the volume of the trench using the maximum trench width permitted and the actual depth of the trench.

Groundwater containerized and transported off-site for management, storage, and disposal will be measured for payment in gallons (liters).

Backfill plugs will be measured in cubic yards (cubic meters) in place, except the quantity for which payment will be made shall not exceed the volume of the trench, as computed by using the maximum width of trench permitted by the Specifications and the actual depth of the trench, with a deduction for the volume of the pipe.

Engineered Barriers will be measured for payment in square yards (square meters).

669.11 Basis of Payment. The work of preparing, submitting and administering a Regulated Substances Pre-Construction Plan will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for REGULATED SUBSTANCES PRE-CONSTRUCTION PLAN.

Regulated substances monitoring, including completion of form BDE 2732 for each day of work, will be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar day, or fraction thereof to the nearest 0.5 calendar day, for REGULATED SUBSTANCES MONITORING.

The installation of engineered barriers will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for ENGINEERED BARRIER.

The work of UST removal, soil excavation, soil and content sampling, the management of excavated soil and UST content, and UST disposal, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK REMOVAL.

The transportation and disposal of soil and other materials from an excavation determined to be contaminated will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for

NON-SPECIAL WASTE DISPOSAL, SPECIAL WASTE DISPOSAL, or HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL.

The transportation and disposal of groundwater from an excavation determined to be contaminated will be paid for at the contract unit price per gallon (liter) for SPECIAL WASTE GROUNDWATER DISPOSAL or HAZARDOUS WASTE GROUNDWATER DISPOSAL. When groundwater is discharged to a sanitary or combined sewer by permit, the cost will be paid for according to Article 109.05.

Backfill plugs will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for BACKFILL PLUGS.

Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) will be paid for according to Article 109.04. The Department will not be responsible for any additional costs incurred, if mismanagement of the staging area, storage containers, or their contents by the Contractor results in excess cost expenditure for disposal or other material management requirements.

Payment for accumulated stormwater removal and disposal will be according to Article 109.04. Payment will only be allowed if appropriate stormwater and erosion control methods were used.

Payment for decontamination, labor, material, and equipment for monitoring areas beyond the specified areas, with the Engineer's prior written approval, will be according to Article 109.04.

When the waste material for disposal requires sampling for landfill disposal acceptance, the samples shall be analyzed for TCLP VOCs, SVOCs, RCRA metals, pH, ignitability, and paint filter test. The analysis will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for SOIL DISPOSAL ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 1311 (extraction), 8260B for VOCs, 8270C for SVOCs, 6010B and 7470A for RCRA metals, 9045C for pH, 1030 for ignitability, and 9095A for paint filter.

The work of preparing, submitting and administering a Regulated Substances Final Construction Report will be paid for at the contract lump sum price REGULATED SUBSTANCES FINAL CONSTRUCTION REPORT."

80407

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

“109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting.
The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor’s submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department’s on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment.”

80397

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor’s work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%”

80391

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES - CONES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2019

Revise Article 701.15(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(a) Cones. Cones are used to channelize traffic. Cones used to channelize traffic at night shall be reflectorized; however, cones shall not be used in nighttime lane closure tapers or nighttime lane shifts.”

Revise Article 1106.02(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Cones. Cones shall be predominantly orange. Cones used at night that are 28 to 36 in. (700 to 900 mm) in height shall have two white circumferential stripes. If non-reflective spaces are left between the stripes, the spaces shall be no more than 2 in. (50mm) in width. Cones used at night that are taller than 36 in. (900 mm) shall have a minimum of two white and two fluorescent orange alternating, circumferential stripes with the top stripe being fluorescent orange. If non-reflective spaces are left between the stripes, the spaces shall be no more than 3 in. (75 mm) in width.

The minimum weights for the various cone heights shall be 4 lb for 18 in. (2 kg for 450 mm), 7 lb for 28 in. (3 kg for 700 mm), and 10 lb for 36 in. (5 kg for 900 mm) with a minimum of 60 percent of the total weight in the base. Cones taller than 36 in. shall be weighted per the manufacturer’s specifications such that they are not moved by wind or passing traffic.”

80409

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

“The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. The lights shall be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations.”

80439

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

80302

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

“(q) Temporary Sign Supports 1106.02”

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer’s specifications.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**701.15 Traffic Control Devices.** For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer’s self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device.”

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**1106.02 Devices.** Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact

attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019.”

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

“(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.

(k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department’s qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.

(l) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department’s qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis.”

80427

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 150 working days.

80071

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor

performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection

for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#).

The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each

classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a

separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g. , the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice

performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one

and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;

(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.

2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of

Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of

Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

Contract Provision - Cargo Preference Requirements

In accordance with Title 46 CFR § 381.7 (b), the contractor agrees—

“(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.”

Provisions (1) and (2) apply to materials or equipment that are acquired solely for the project. The two provisions do not apply to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of the project, such as shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, when industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories.

**MINIMUM WAGES FOR FEDERAL AND FEDERALLY
ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

This project is funded, in part, with Federal-aid funds and, as such, is subject to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Sta. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in a 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix A, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act and pursuant to the provisions of 29 CFR Part 1. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits shown in the General Wage Determination Decisions issued by the U.S. Department of Labor shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

General Wage Determination Decisions, modifications and supersedes decisions thereto are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable DBRA Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits contained in the General Wage Determination Decision shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.