

25

November 8, 2024 Letting

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



**Contract No. 62X08
KANE County
Section 2024-987-DM
Route FAP 326
District 1 Construction Funds**

Prepared by

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Checked by

(Printed by authority of the State of Illinois)



NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. November 8, 2024 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK.** The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

**Contract No. 62X08
KANE County
Section 2024-987-DM
Route FAP 326
District 1 Construction Funds**

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.** (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.

(b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS.** This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the
Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman,
Secretary

INDEX
 FOR
 SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
 AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2024

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction (Adopted 1-1-22) (Revised 1-1-24)

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STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction," adopted January 1, 2022, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways," and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAP Route 326 (IL 47/US30), Section 2024-987-DM, Kane County, Contract No. 62X08 and in case of conflict with any part or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

FAP Route 326 (IL 47/US30)
Section 2024-987-DM
Kane County
Contract No. 62X08

LOCATION OF PROJECT

This project is located at various locations along IL Route 47 in Kane Couty. Location 1 is at 9S670 IL Route 47 Sugar Grove, IL. Location 2 is at 9S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL Route 47, Sugar Grove, IL. Location 3 is at 9S671 IL Route 47, Sugar Grove, IL

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

This is a building demolition contract and site- cleanup contract and the work to be performed consists of the demolition of (2) two single family residences and removal and site-cleanup at (1) commercial property and any incidental and collateral work necessary to complete the improvements as shown in the plans and as described herein.

MAINTENANCE OF ROADWAYS (D1)

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer, but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (D1)

Effective: May 1, 2012

Revised: July 15, 2012

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“If the holiday is on a Saturday or Sunday, and is legally observed on a Friday or Monday, the length of Holiday Period for Monday or Friday shall apply.”

Add the following sentence after the Holiday Period table in the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

“The Length of Holiday Period for Thanksgiving shall be from 5:00 AM the Wednesday prior to 11:59 PM the Sunday After”

Delete the fifth paragraph of Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications:

“On weekends, excluding holidays, roadways with Average Daily Traffic of 25,000 or greater, all lanes shall be open to traffic from 3:00 P.M. Friday to midnight Sunday except where structure construction or major rehabilitation makes it impractical.”

STATUS OF UTILITIES (D1)

Effective: June 1, 2016

Revised: January 1, 2020

Utility companies and/or municipal owners located within the construction limits of this project have provided the following information regarding their facilities and the proposed improvements. The tables below contain a description of specific conflicts to be resolved and/or facilities which will require some action on the part of the Department’s contractor to proceed with work. Each table entry includes an identification of the action necessary and, if applicable, the estimated duration required for the resolution.

UTILITIES TO BE WATCHED AND PROTECTED

The areas of concern noted below have been identified by following the suggested staging plan included for the contract. The information provided is not a comprehensive list of all remaining utilities, but those which during coordination were identified as ones which might require the Department's contractor to take into consideration when making the determination of the means and methods that would be required to construct the proposed improvement. In some instances, the contractor will be responsible to notify the owner in advance of the work to take place so necessary staffing on the owner's part can be secured.

All Times

| STAGE / LOCATION | TYPE | DESCRIPTION | OWNER |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |

The following contact information is what was used during the preparation of the plans as provided by the owner of the facility.

| Agency/Company Responsible to Resolve Conflict | Name of contact | Phone | E-mail address |
|---|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| ComEd | Cassie Evans | 630-854-4399 | cassie.evans@comed.com |
| Nicor Gas | Zachary McClain | N/A | zmclain@milhouseinc.com |
| AT&T | Hemu Patel | 630-488-6014 | Hp813j@att.com |
| Comcast | Bob Schulter | 224-229-5861 | Bob_Schulter@comcast.com |
| Metronet | Mark Benford | 815-274-4521 | Mark.Benford@metronet.com |
| Village of Sugar Grove | Brian Schiber | 630-391-7235 | bschiber@sugargroveil.gov |

The above represents the best information available to the Department and is included for the convenience of the bidder. The days required for conflict resolution should be considered in the bid as this information has also been factored into the timeline identified for the project when setting the completion date. The applicable portions of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall apply.

Estimated duration of time provided above for the first conflicts identified will begin on the date of the executed contract regardless of the status of the utility relocations. The responsible agencies will be working toward resolving subsequent conflicts in conjunction with contractor activities in the number of days noted.

The estimated relocation duration must be part of the progress schedule submitted by the contractor. A utility kickoff meeting will be scheduled between the Department, the Department's contractor and the utility companies when necessary. The Department's contractor is responsible for contacting J.U.L.I.E. prior to all excavation work.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (D1)

Effective: September 30, 1985

Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

STANDARDS:

701001, 701006, 701501, 701502, 701701, 701901

DETAILS:

Traffic Control and Protection for Side Roads, Intersections and Driveways (TC-10)

Arterial Road Information Signing (TC-22)

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

Maintenance of Roadways

Public Convenience and Safety (D-1)

Temporary Information Signing (D-1)

Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights (BDE)

Work Zone Traffic Control Devices (BDE)

TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING

Effective: November 13, 1996

Revised: January 29, 2020

Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating for various states of construction and eventually removing temporary informational signs. Included in this item may be ground mount signs, skid mount signs, truss mount signs, bridge mount signs, and overlay sign panels which cover portions of existing signs.

Materials.

Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

| | <u>Item</u> | <u>Article/Section</u> |
|-----|-------------------------|------------------------|
| a.) | Sign Base (Note 1) | 1090 |
| b.) | Sign Face (Note 2) | 1091 |
| c.) | Sign Legends | 1091 |
| d.) | Sign Supports | 1093 |
| e.) | Overlay Panels (Note 3) | 1090.02 |

- Note 1. The Contractor may use 5/8 inch (16 mm) instead of 3/4 inch (19 mm) thick plywood.
- Note 2. The sign face material shall be in accordance with the Department's Fabrication of Highway Signs Policy.
- Note 3. The overlay panels shall be 0.08 inch (2 mm) thick.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Installation.

The sign sizes and legend sizes shall be verified by the Contractor prior to fabrication.

Signs which are placed along the roadway and/or within the construction zone shall be installed according to the requirements of Article 701.14 and Article 720.04. The signs shall be 7 ft (2.1 m) above the near edge of the pavement and shall be a minimum of 2 ft (600 mm) beyond the edge of the paved shoulder. A minimum of two (2) posts shall be used.

The attachment of temporary signs to existing bridges, sign structures or sign panels shall be approved by the Engineer. Any damage to the existing signs and/or structures due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired or signs replaced, as determined by the Engineer, at the Contractor's expense.

Method of Measurement.

This work shall be measured for payment in square feet (square meters) edge to edge (horizontally and vertically).

All hardware, posts or skids, supports, bases for ground mounted signs, connections, which are required for mounting these signs will be included as part of this pay item.

Basis of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot (square meter) for TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING.

SIGN REMOVAL

Description: This work includes the removal of existing signs, including poles, posts, foundations and electrical service, as shown in the plans. The existing sign and poles/posts/foundations/electric services shall be disposed of according to Article 724.02 unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. All holes left from the removal of the posts shall be backfilled with suitable material approved by the Engineer and the surface of the filled holes shall be treated to match the surrounding area.

Method of Measurement: This work shall be measured for payment in place as each sign removal.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contact unit price per each for SIGN REMOVAL

DEBRIS REMOVAL

Description: This work shall consist of the complete removal and satisfactory disposal of debris located on the subject parcels that are to be removed as described herein, the applicable portions of Section 202 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer. This debris consists of, but is not limited to, broken concrete, concrete blocks, construction materials, other foreign material and other abandoned and accumulated objects.

Method of Measurement: Debris removal will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for DEBRIS REMOVAL which price shall include all labor, equipment and materials required to complete this item as specified herein.

REMOVING EXISTING SEPTIC TANK

Description: This work shall consist of the complete removal of existing septic tanks at locations shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

General: This work shall be compliant with local and state regulations. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining any and all local and state permits, applications, and incur all fees associated with the removal and disposal of the septic tank.

The existing tank shall be cleaned and pumped out to remove all contents by a licensed private sewage disposal contractor. All inlet and outlet piping shall be cut and capped. If the piping is within the limits of the proposed roadway improvement, they shall additionally be removed and disposed of off-site. The excavation shall be backfilled in accordance with Article 208 of the Standard Specifications.

The existing tank shall be removed in its entirety and disposed of in accordance with Article 202.03.

Method of Measurement: Measurement for this work will be per each.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVING EXISTING SEPTIC TANK. Payment shall be full compensation for all materials, labor, equipment, transportation, excavation, backfill, disposal, permits, fees, and appurtenances necessary to complete this work as detailed in the plans and specified herein.

ENGINEER'S FIELD OFFICE TYPE A (SPECIAL) (D1)

Effective: December 1, 2011

Revised: May 1, 2013

Revise the first paragraph of Article 670.02 to read:

670.02 Engineer's Field Office Type A (Special). Type A (Special) field offices shall have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet and a floor space of not less than 3000 square feet with a minimum of two separate offices. The office shall also have a separate storage room capable of being locked for the storage of the nuclear measuring devices. The office shall be provided with sufficient heat, natural and artificial light, and air conditioning. Doors and windows shall be equipped with locks approved by the Engineer.

Revise the first sentence of the second paragraph of Article 670.02 to read:

An electronic security system that will respond to any breach of exterior doors and windows with an on-site alarm shall be provided.

Revise the last sentence of the third paragraph of Article 670.02 to read:

Adequate all-weather parking space shall be available to accommodate a minimum of twelve vehicles.

Revise the fifth paragraph of Article 670.02 to read:

Sanitary facilities shall include hot and cold potable running water, lavatory and toilet as an integral part of the office where available. Solid waste disposal consisting of seven waste baskets and an outside trash container of sufficient size to accommodate a weekly provided pick-up service. A weekly cleaning service for the office shall be provided.

Revise subparagraph (a) of Article 670.02 to read:

(a) Twelve desks with minimum working surface 42 inch x 30 inch each and twelve non-folding chairs with upholstered seats and backs.

Revise the first sentence of subparagraph (c) of Article 670.02 to read:

(c) Two four-post drafting tables with minimum top size of 37-½ inch x 48 inch.

Revise subparagraph (d) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (d) Eight free standing four-drawer legal size file cabinets with lock and an underwriters' laboratories insulated file device 350 degrees one hour rating.

Revise subparagraph (e) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (e) Twenty folding chairs and two conference tables with minimum top size of 44 inch x 96 inch.

Revise subparagraph (h) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (h) Three electric desk type tape printing calculator and two pocket scientific notation calculators with a 1000 hour battery life or with a portable recharger.

Revise subparagraph (i)(2) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (i)(2) Telephones lines. Five separate telephone lines including one line for the fax machine, and two lines for the exclusive use of the Engineer. All telephone lines shall include long distance service and all labor and materials necessary to install the phone lines at the locations directed by the Engineer. The TELCOM company shall configure ROLL/HUNT features as specified by the engineer.

Revise subparagraph (j) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (j) Two plain paper network multi-function printer/copier/scanner machines capable of reproducing prints up to 11 inch x 17 inch within automatic feed tray capable of sorting 30 sheets of paper. Letter size and 11 inch x 17 inch paper shall be provided. The contractor shall provide the multi-function machines with IT support for setup and maintenance.

Revise subparagraph (k) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (k) One plain paper fax machine including maintenance and supplies.

Revise subparagraph (l) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (l) Six four-line telephones, with touch tone, where available, and two digital answering machines, for exclusive use by the Engineer.

Revise subparagraph (m) of Article 670.02 to read:

- (m) One electric water cooler dispenser including water service.

Add the following subparagraphs to Article 670.02:

(s) One 4 foot x 6 foot chalkboard or dry erase board.

(t) One 4 foot x 6 foot framed cork board.

Add the following to Article 670.07 Basis of Payment.

The building or buildings, fully equipped, will be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar month or fraction thereof for ENGINEER'S FIELD OFFICE, TYPE A (SPECIAL).

BUILDING REMOVAL WITH ASBESTOS ABATEMENT (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 1990

Revised: August 1, 2022

Description. This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of building(s), including all foundations, retaining walls, and piers, down to a plane 1 ft (300 mm) below the ultimate bottom of building elevation or proposed bottom of construction elevation. The building(s) are identified as follows:

| <u>Bldg. No.</u> | <u>Parcel No.</u> | <u>Location</u> | <u>Description</u> |
|------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 | INQ00046 | 09S670 IL 47 Sugar Grove, IL 60554 | Single story residential house |
| 2 | INQ00021 | 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554 | Single story residential house |

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

General. The IEPA's "State of Illinois Demolition/Renovation/Asbestos Project Notification Form" shall be submitted and a copy sent to the Engineer. It shall be updated if there is a change in the start and/or finish date or if the quantity of asbestos changes by more than 20 percent.

Asbestos abatement work shall be performed by an IDPH licensed Contractor prequalified with the Illinois Capital Development Board who has an on-site supervisor licensed by IDPH and employs workers licensed by IDPH. This work shall be completed according to the requirements of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), IEPA, OSHA, and local regulatory agencies.

Discontinuance of Utilities. The Contractor shall arrange for the discontinuance of all utility services and the removal of the metering devices that serve the building(s) according to the respective requirements and regulations of the city, county, or utility companies involved. The Contractor shall disconnect and seal the service outlets.

Posting. Upon execution of the contract and prior to the removal of any buildings, the Contractor shall paint or stencil, in contrasting colors of an oil base paint, on all sides of each building or structure, the following posting:

NO TRESPASSING
VIOLATORS WILL BE PROSECUTED

The postings shall be positioned prominently on the structure(s) so they can be easily read and at a sufficient height to prevent defacing.

Asbestos Abatement. Friable asbestos containing building materials (ACBMs) and Category II non-friable ACBMs shall be removed from the building(s) prior to demolition. Category II non-friable ACBMs include asbestos containing transite boards, siding, and other cementitious materials (cement pipe or highly weathered roofing shingles/materials) which have a likelihood of becoming friable during typical demolition activities (by crumbling, pulverizing, or otherwise reducing to powder) making them regulated asbestos containing materials (RACM). Removed ACBM shall be kept separate from non-ACBM demolition debris for purposes of transport and disposal.

Category I non-friable ACBM may be kept in place for demolition or removal of the building unless it has become friable as determined by the ACBM inspector. If the Contractor demolishes the building(s) with the non-friable asbestos in place, the following shall apply.

- (a) The Contractor shall continuously wet the non-friable ACBM and other building debris with water during demolition and loading for disposal.
- (b) The Contractor shall dispose of all demolition debris as ACBM.

The Contractor shall perform air monitoring during asbestos abatement activities. Air sampling shall be conducted by a qualified air sampling professional. Air sampling shall be conducted according to NIOSH Method 7400. Air monitoring equipment shall be calibrated and maintained in proper operating condition. The Contractor shall submit a copy of the air sampling professional's certificate to the Engineer. The results of the tests, and daily calibration and maintenance records shall be kept on site and be available to the Engineer upon request.

Personal monitoring shall be conducted per applicable OSHA regulations. Excursion limits shall be monitored daily, and corrective actions taken immediately to bring excursions within OSHA permissible exposure limits.

When asbestos is removed prior to demolition, clearance testing per IDPH shall be conducted upon the removal of ACBM.

Submittals. The following submittals shall be made to the Engineer prior to the start of the asbestos abatement:

- (a) Manufacturer's certification stating that vacuums, ventilation equipment, and other equipment required to contain airborne fibers conform to ANSI 29.2.
- (b) A listing of the brand name, manufacturer, and specification of all sealants or surfactants to be used.
- (c) Proof that arrangements for transport and disposal of ACBMs have been obtained (i.e., a letter of authorization to utilize designated landfill).
- (d) A detailed work plan of the Contractor's anticipated procedures including the location and layout of decontamination units, the sequencing of work, the respiratory protection plan, a site safety plan, a disposal plan, and a detailed description of the methods to be used to control pollution.
- (e) Proof of the Contractor's prequalification with Capital Development Board and employee certifications with IDPH.

Submittals that shall be made upon completion of abatement work:

- (f) Copies of waste chain-of-custodies, trip tickets, shipping manifests, or disposal receipts for asbestos waste materials removed from the work area.
- (g) Copies of each day's work site entry logbook with information on worker and visitor access.
- (h) Logs documenting filter changes on respirators, HEPA vacuums, negative pressure ventilation units, and other engineering controls.
- (i) Test results of any bulk material analysis and air sampling data collected during the abatement including results of any on-site testing by any federal, state, or local agency.

Any holes, such as basements, shall be backfilled according to Article 502.10.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum unit price for BUILDING REMOVAL NO. 1 and 2.

Removal and disposal of friable ACBM will be paid for at the contract lump sum unit price for REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF FRIABLE ASBESTOS, BUILDING NO. 1 and 2.

Removal and disposal of non-friable ACBM will be paid for at the contract lump sum unit price for REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF NON-FRIABLE ASBESTOS, BUILDING NO. 1 and 2.

5026I

Building No. 1 - 09S670 IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

Figure 1-Building No. 1 - 09S670 IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary
 IDOT - Asbestos Abatement Survey
 WO # 25
 95670 Route 47, Sugar Grove, Illinois



| HA No. | Material Description | Material Location | Sample Number | Condition | Friability | Asbestos Content | Estimated Quantity | Unit | Notes |
|--------|--|---|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|------|-------|
| 1 | White Popcorn Ceiling Texture | Dining Room, Kitchen | 1A, 1B, 1C | Good | Friable | NAD | 448 | SF | |
| 2 | White 12" x 12" Ceiling Tile | Landing | 2A, 2B, 2C | Good | Friable | NAD | 50 | SF | |
| 3 | White 2' X 2' Ceiling Tile | Basement | 3A, 3B, 3C | Good | Friable | NAD | 50 | SF | |
| 4 | White Gypsum Board | Walls and Ceilings Throughout 1st Floor Except Kitchen, Dining Room, Basement | 4A, 4B, 4C | Good | Friable | NAD | 3,814 | SF | |
| 5 | White Joint Compound | Walls and Ceilings Throughout 1st Floor Except Kitchen, Dining Room, Basement | 5A, 5B, 5C | Good | Friable | NAD | 3,814 | SF | |
| 6 | Beige Drywall Tape | Walls and Ceilings Throughout 1st Floor Except Kitchen, Dining Room, Basement | 6A, 6B, 6C | Good | Friable | NAD | 3,814 | SF | |
| 7 | Blue Ceramic Floor and Wall Tile | 1st Floor Bathroom | 7A, 7B, 7C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 180 | SF | |
| 8 | White Grout associated with HA-7 | 1st Floor Bathroom | 8A, 8B, 8C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 180 | SF | |
| 9 | Brown Floor Tile Adhesive associated with HA-7 | 1st Floor Bathroom | 9A, 9B, 9C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 30 | SF | |
| 10 | Residual Yellow Carpet Glue | Basement | 10A, 10B, 10C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 368 | SF | |
| 11 | Beige Linoleum Flooring | Kitchen, Landing, Basement | 11A, 11B, 11C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 170 | SF | |
| 12 | Gold Adhesive associated with HA-11 | Kitchen, Landing, Basement | 12A, 12B, 12C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 170 | SF | |
| 13 | Gray 12" x 12" Peel and Stick Floor Tile | Basement | 13A, 13B, 13C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 84 | SF | |
| 14 | Clear Adhesive associated with HA-13 | Basement | 14A, 14B, 14C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 84 | SF | |
| 15 | Beige Wall Tile Adhesive associated with HA-7 | 1st Floor Bathroom | 15A, 15B, 15C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 150 | SF | |
| 16 | Gray Plaster | Walls and Ceilings in Kitchen, Dining Room | 16A, 16B, 16C, 16D, 16E | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 1,236 | SF | |
| 17 | Black Asphalt Shingles | Garage 1 Roof, Garage 2 Roof, House Roof | 17A, 17B, 17C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 2,490 | SF | |
| 18 | Black Felt Paper Under HA-17 | Garage 1 Roof, Garage 2 Roof, House Roof | 18A, 18B, 18C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 2,490 | SF | |

Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary

Figure 2-Building No. 1 - 09S670 IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary
 IDOT - Asbestos Abatement Survey
 WO # 25
 9S670 Route 47, Sugar Grove, Illinois



| HA No. | Material Description | Material Location | Sample Number | Condition | Friability | Asbestos Content | Estimated Quantity | Unit | Notes |
|--------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|------|-------|
| 19 | White Romex Wiring | Basement | Not Sampled | Good | Non-Friable | Assumed ACM | 300 | LF | |

Notes:

ACM = Asbestos-Containing Material
 Assumed ACM = A material determined by the inspector to be suspect ACM and is considered asbestos-containing until laboratory analysis can prove otherwise.
 NAD = No Asbestos Detected
 EA = Each
 LF = Linear Foot
 SF = Square Foot

Figure 3-Building No. 1 - 09S670 IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554



Figure 4-Building No. 1 - 09S670 IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

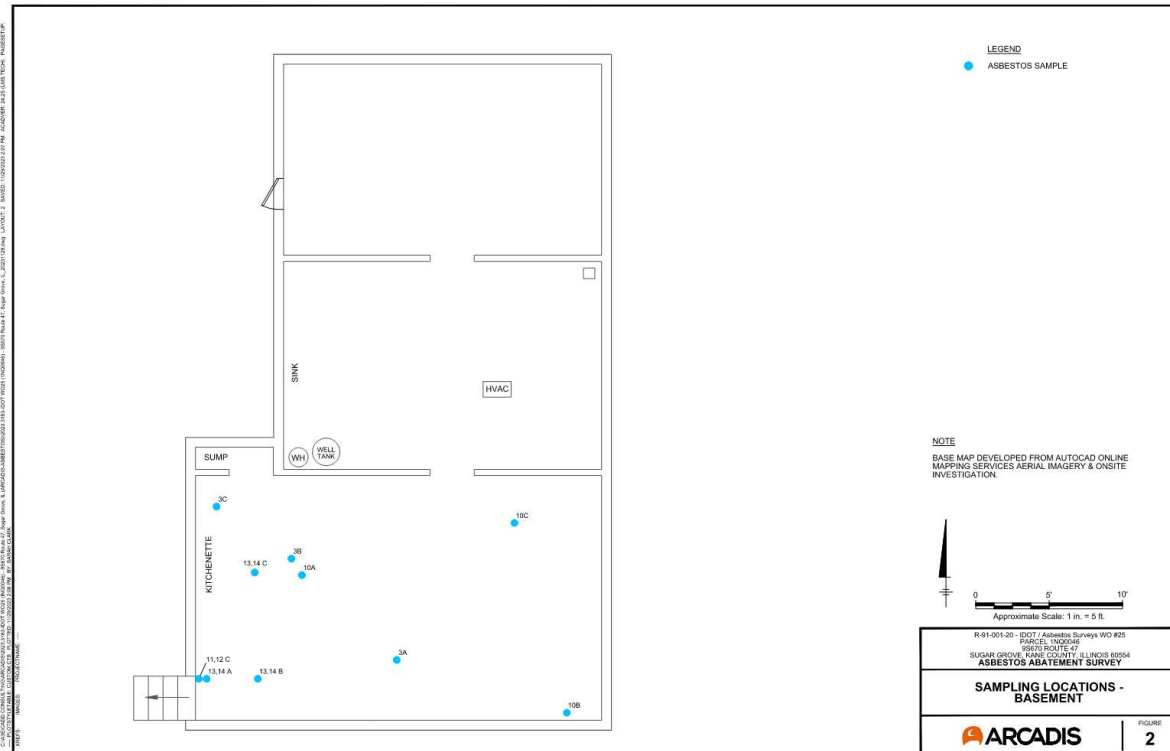


Figure 5-Building No. 1 - 09S670 IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

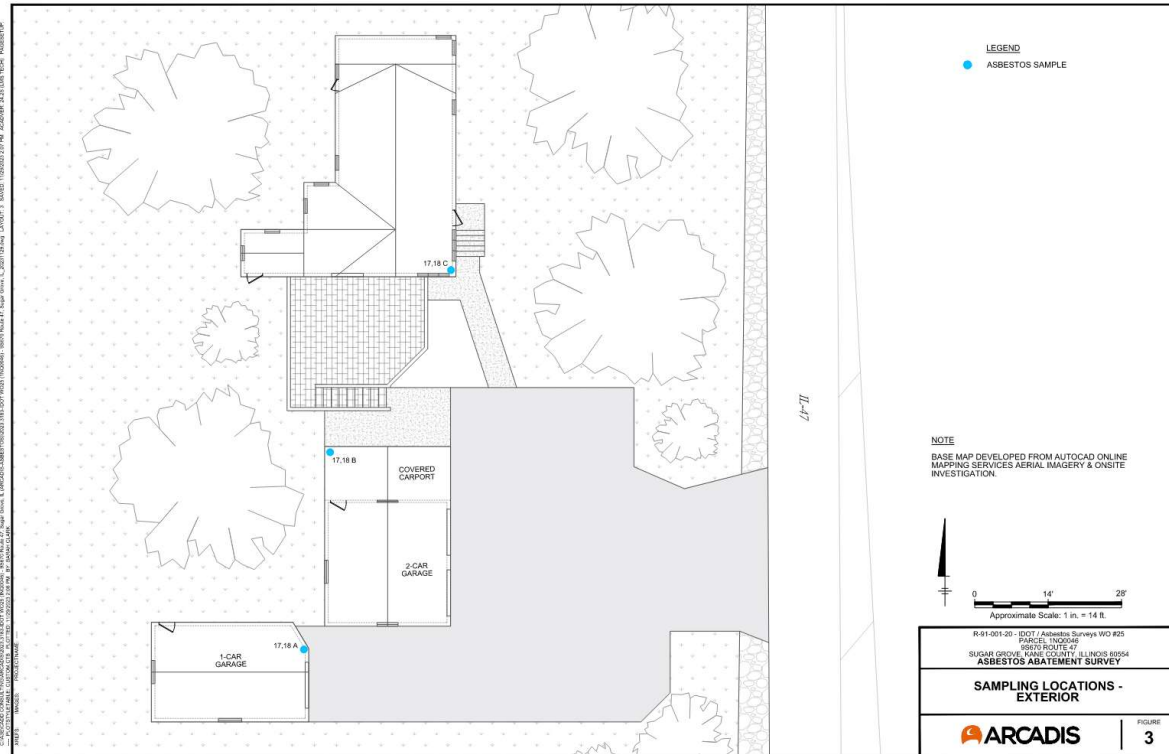
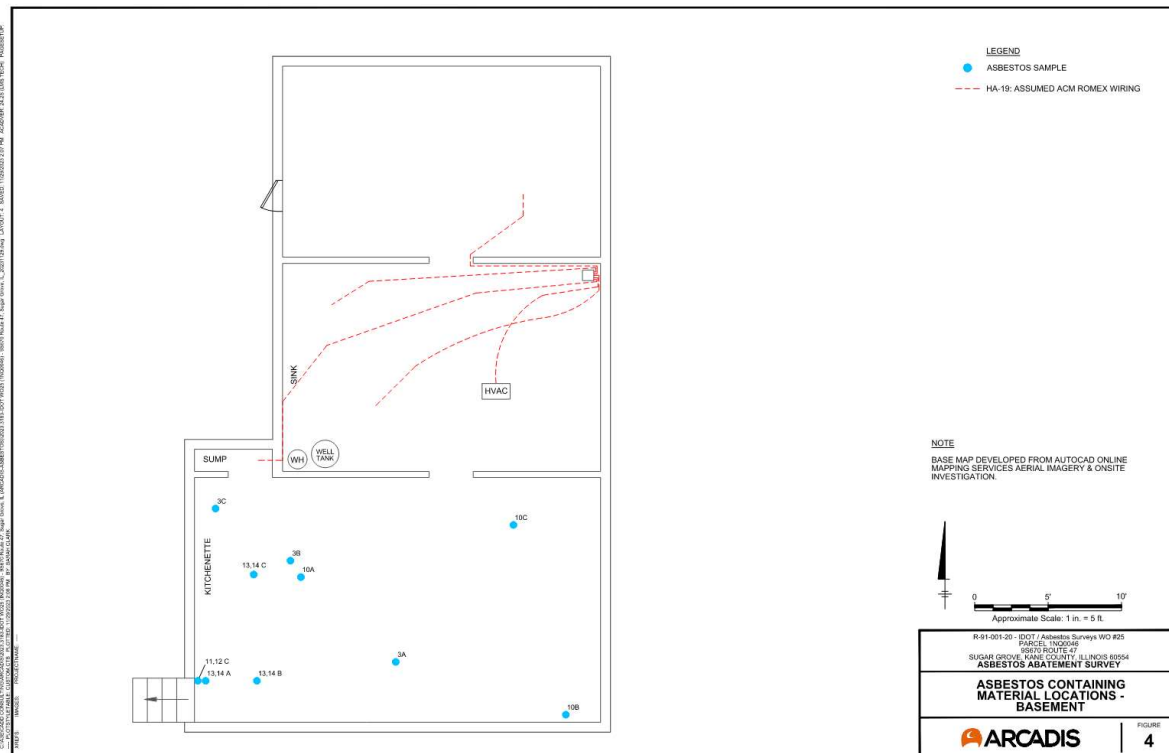


Figure 6-Building No. 1 - 09S670 IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554



Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

Figure 7-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554



Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary
 IDOT - Asbestos Abatement Survey
 WO # 23
 9S208 Sugar Grove Parkway/Route 47, Sugar Grove, Illinois

| HA No. | Material Description | Material Location | Sample Number | Condition | Friability | Asbestos Content | Estimated Quantity | Unit | Notes |
|--------|--|--|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|------|---|
| 1 | Beige Sheet Flooring | 1st Floor Restroom 1 | 1A, 1B, 1C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 40 | SF | |
| 2 | Gold Adhesive associated with HA-1 | 1st Floor Restroom 1 | 2A, 2B, 2C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 40 | SF | |
| 3 | Gray Leveling Compound | 1st Floor Restroom 1 | 3A, 3B, 3C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 10-15% | 40 | SF | Beneath HA-1 and HA-2 |
| 4 | Brown Mottled Sheet Flooring | 1st Floor Restroom 1 | 4A, 4B, 4C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 10-15% | 40 | SF | Beneath HA-1, HA-2, HA-3 |
| 5 | Black Adhesive associated with HA-4 | 1st Floor Restroom 1 | 5A, 5B, 5C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 1-5% | 40 | SF | Beneath HA-1, HA-2, HA-3 |
| 6 | Brown Sheet Flooring | 1st Floor Foyer | 6A, 6B, 6C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 10-15% | 48 | SF | |
| 6 | Green Floor Tile | 1st Floor Foyer below Brown Sheet Flooring | 6A, 6B, 6C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 5-10% | 48 | SF | 2nd Layer |
| 7 | Gold Adhesive associated with HA-6 | 1st Floor Foyer | 7A, 7B, 7C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 1-5% | 48 | SF | |
| 8 | Black Felt Paper beneath Hard Wood Flooring | 1st Floor Kitchen, Sun Room, Living Room | 8A, 8B, 8C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 769 | SF | |
| 9 | Multicolored Linoleum | 1st Floor Kitchen | 9A, 9B, 9C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 196 | SF | Linoleum is NAD Underlayment is positive |
| 9 | Underlayment associated with Multicolored Linoleum | 1st Floor Kitchen | 9A, 9B, 9C | Good | Friable | Chrysotile 10-15% | 196 | SF | Linoleum is NAD Underlayment is positive |
| 10 | Black Adhesive associated with HA-9 | 1st Floor Kitchen | 10A, 10B, 10C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 1-5% | 196 | SF | |
| 11 | White Ceramic Floor and Wall Tile | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 11A, 11B, 11C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 44 | SF | |
| 12 | Black Adhesive associated with HA-11 | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 12A, 12B, 12C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 15 | SF | Floor only |
| 13 | Beige Grout associated with HA-11 | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 13A, 13B, 13C | Good | Friable | NAD | 44 | SF | |
| 14 | Gray Ceramic Wall and Floor Tile | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 14A, 14B, 14C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 44 | SF | |
| 15 | Beige Adhesive associated with HA-14 | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 15A, 15B, 15C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 10 | SF | Floor only |
| 16 | Dark Gray Grout associated with HA-14 | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 16A, 16B, 16C | Good | Friable | NAD | 44 | SF | |
| 17 | Gold Wall Tile Adhesive associated with Wall Tiles | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 17A, 17B, 17C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 20 | SF | |

Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary

Figure 8-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554



Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary
 IDOT - Asbestos Abatement Survey
 WO # 23
 9S208 Sugar Grove Parkway/Route 47, Sugar Grove, Illinois

| HA No. | Material Description | Material Location | Sample Number | Condition | Friability | Asbestos Content | Estimated Quantity | Unit | Notes |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|-------|
| 18 | White Wall Tile Adhesive associated with White Wall Tiles | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 18A, 18B, 18C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 20 | SF | |
| 19 | Dark Gray Backing Support Material | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 19A, 19B, 19C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 20 | SF | |
| 20 | White Mesh Backing associated with HA-19 | 1st Floor Restroom 2 | 20A, 20B, 20C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 20 | SF | |
| 21 | Red Terrazzo Pattern Sheet Flooring | 1st Floor Laundry Room | 21A, 21B, 21C | Good | Friable | Chrysotile 10-15% | 64 | SF | |
| 22 | Clear Adhesive associated with HA-21 | 1st Floor Laundry Room | 22A, 22B, 22C | Good | Non-Friable | Chrysotile 1-5% | 64 | SF | |
| 23 | Brown 12" x 12" Peel and Stick Floor Tile | 1st Floor Foyer 2 | 23A, 23B, 23C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 72 | SF | |
| 24 | Gold Adhesive associated with HA-23 | 1st Floor Foyer 2 | 24A, 24B, 24C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 72 | SF | |
| 25 | Tan Flower Wallpaper | 1st Floor Sunroom | 25A, 25B, 25C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 300 | SF | |
| 26 | Adhesive associated with HA-25 | 1st Floor Sunroom | 26A, 26B, 26C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 300 | SF | |
| 27 | White Flower Wallpaper | 1st Floor Hallway | 27A, 27B, 27C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 80 | SF | |
| 28 | Adhesive associated with HA-27 | 1st Floor Hallway | 28A, 28B, 28C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 80 | SF | |
| 29 | Pink Fiberglass Insulation | Attic | 29A, 29B, 29C | Good | Friable | NAD | 800 | SF | |
| 30 | White Textured Paint | 1st Floor Kitchen, Basement | 30A, 30B, 30C | Good | Friable | NAD | 796 | SF | |
| 31 | Gray Concrete Foundation | Basement | 31A, 31B, 31C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 1,224 | SF | |
| 32 | Red Brick Flue | 1st Floor, Exterior | 32A, 32B, 32C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 480 | Cubic Feet | |
| 33 | Gray Mortar associated with HA-32 | 1st Floor, Exterior | 33A, 33B, 33C | Good | Friable | NAD | 480 | Cubic Feet | |
| 34 | White Gypsum Board | 1st Floor, Basement Stairwell | 34A, 34B, 34C | Good | Friable | NAD | 4,563 | SF | |
| 35 | White Joint Compound | 1st Floor, Basement Stairwell | 34A, 35B, 35C | Good | Friable | NAD | 4,563 | SF | |
| 36 | Drywall Tape | 1st Floor, Basement Stairwell | 36A, 36B, 36C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 4,563 | SF | |

Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary

Figure 9-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554



Table 1. Asbestos Homogeneous Areas Summary
 IDOT - Asbestos Abatement Survey
 WO # 23
 9S208 Sugar Grove Parkway/Route 47, Sugar Grove, Illinois

| HA No. | Material Description | Material Location | Sample Number | Condition | Friability | Asbestos Content | Estimated Quantity | Unit | Notes |
|--------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|------|-------|
| 37 | Asphalt Shingles | Roof | 37A, 37B, 37C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 2,358 | SF | |
| 38 | Tar Paper beneath HA-37 | Roof | 38A, 38B, 38C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 2,358 | SF | |
| 39 | Black Vapor Barrier | Behind Siding of Exterior Walls | 39A, 39B, 39C | Good | Non-Friable | NAD | 2,000 | SF | |
| 40 | Romex Wiring | 1st Floor, Basement | Not Sampled | Good | Non-Friable | Assumed ACM | 200 | LF | |

Notes:

ACM = Asbestos-Containing Material

Assumed ACM = A material determined by the inspector to be suspect ACM and is considered asbestos-containing until laboratory analysis can prove otherwise.

NAD = No Asbestos Detected

EA = Each

LF = Linear Foot

SF = Square Foot

Figure 10-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

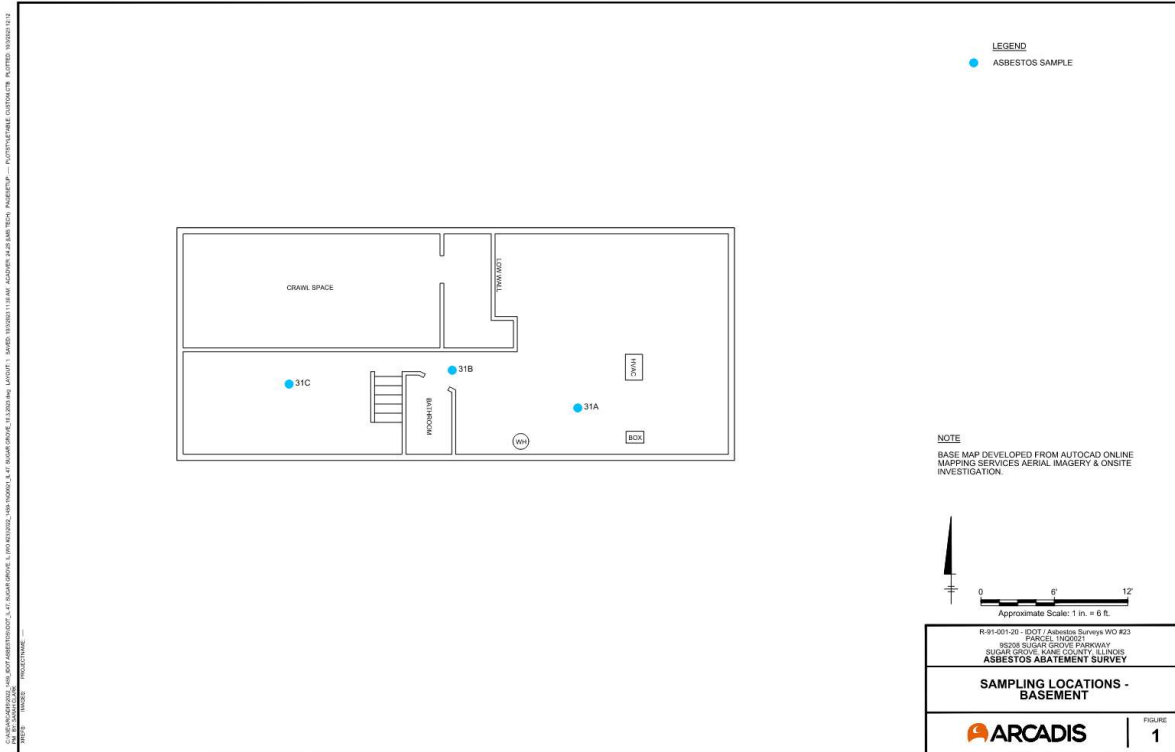


Figure 11-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554



Figure 12-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

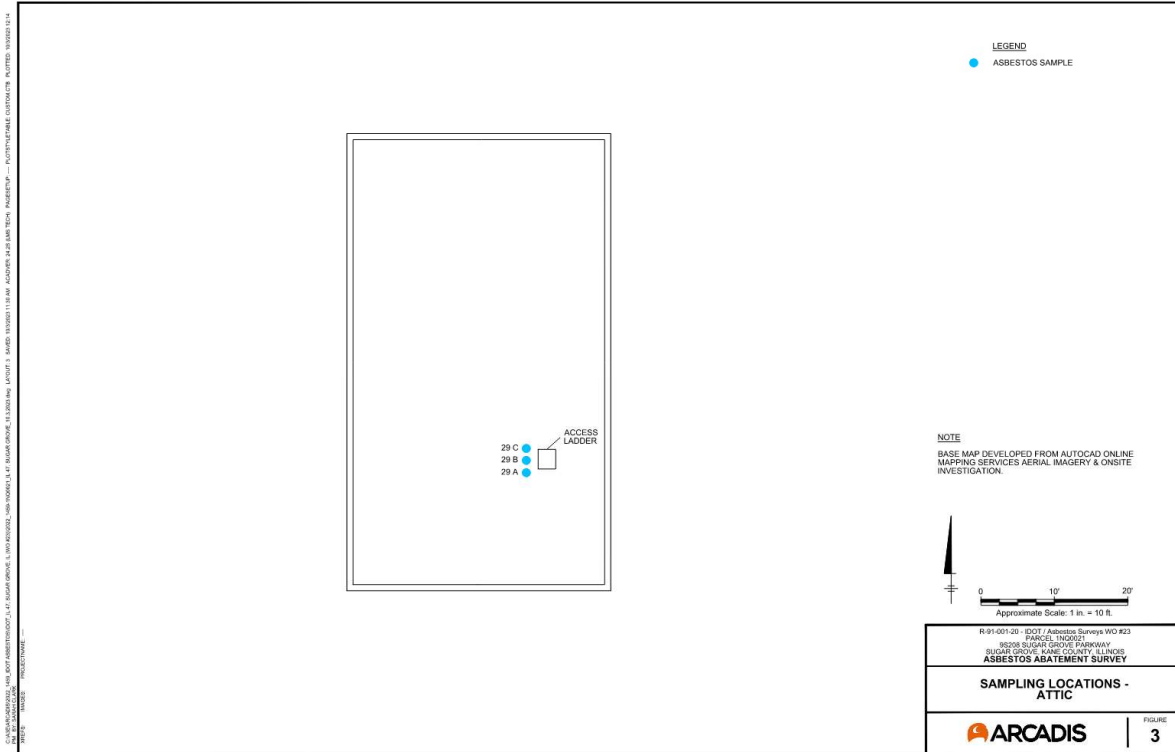


Figure 13-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

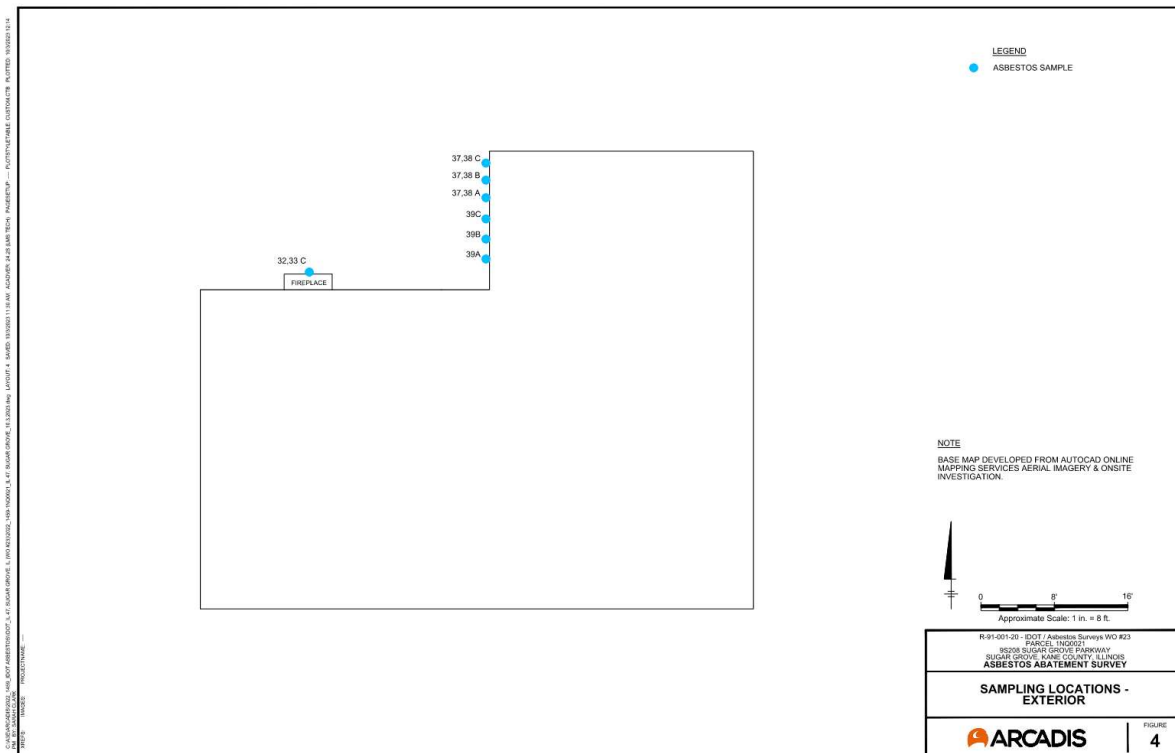


Figure 14-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554

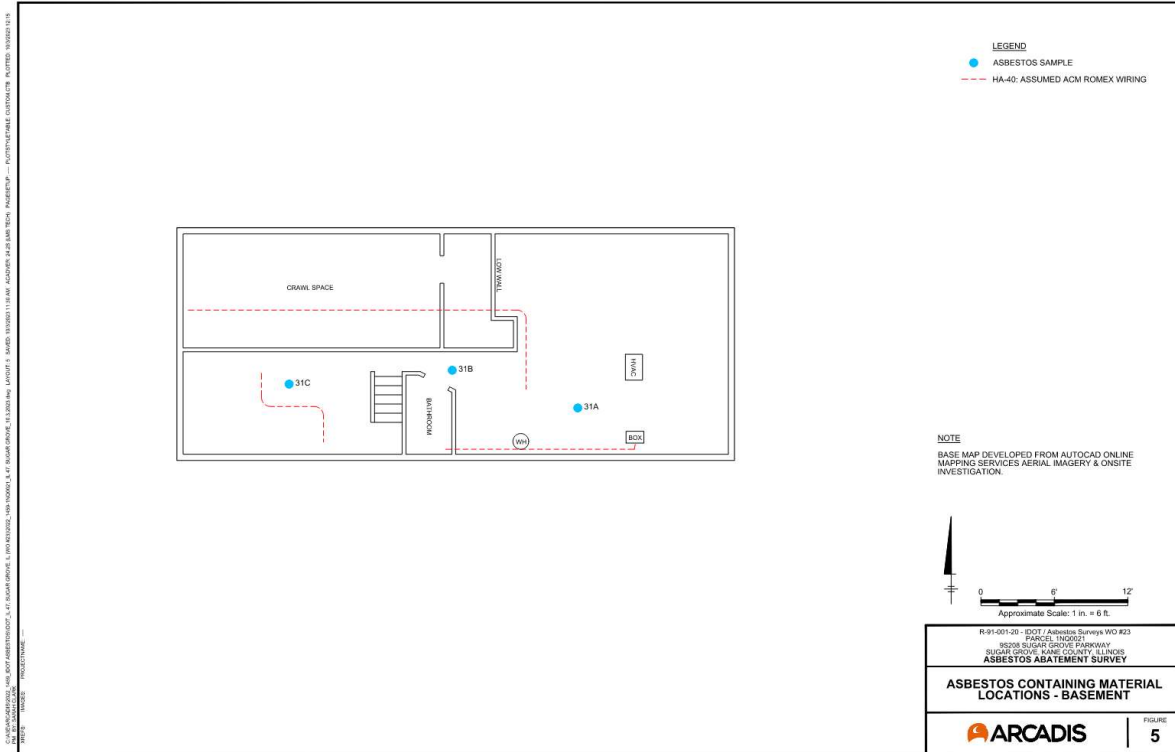
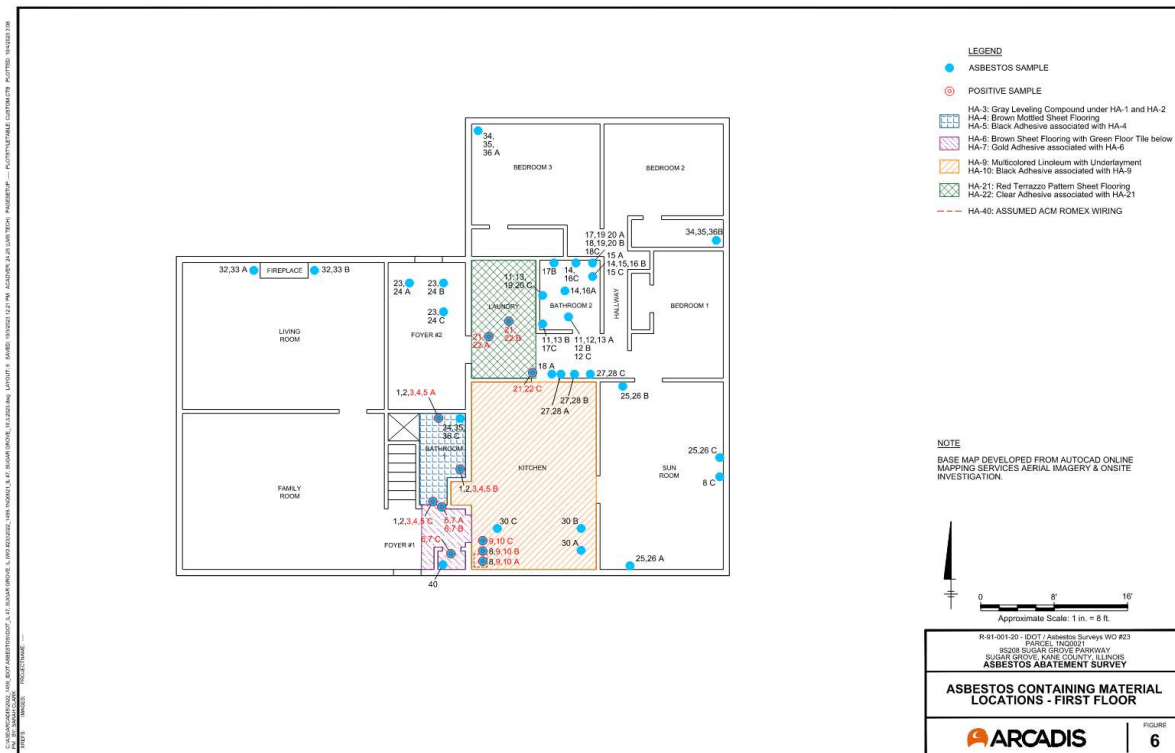


Figure 15-Building No. 2 - 09S208 Sugar Grove Pkwy/IL 47, Sugar Grove, IL 60554



COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.

- (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
- (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
- (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days.”

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.

- (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

- (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor’s yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

- (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13.”

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.

- (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
- (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
- (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
- (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
- (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
- (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item.”

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

“(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited.”

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

“109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

| Contract Type | Cause of Delay | Length of Delay |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Working Days | Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4) | No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks. |
| Completion Date | Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7) | The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08. |

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

| Original Contract Amount | Supervisory and Administrative Personnel |
|--|---|
| Up to \$5,000,000 | One Project Superintendent |
| Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000 | One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk |
| Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000 | One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk |
| Over \$50,000,000 | One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk |

(2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.

(c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department’s efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision.”

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2010

Revised: November 1, 2014

The reduction of emissions of particulate matter (PM) for off-road equipment shall be accomplished by installing retrofit emission control devices. The term “equipment” refers to diesel fuel powered devices rated at 50 hp and above, to be used on the jobsite in excess of seven calendar days over the course of the construction period on the jobsite (including rental equipment).

Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract shall be retrofitted using the phased in approach shown below. Equipment that is of a model year older than the year given for that equipment’s respective horsepower range shall be retrofitted:

| Effective Dates | Horsepower Range | Model Year |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------|
| June 1, 2010 ^{1/} | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |
| June 1, 2011 ^{2/} | 100-299 | 2003 |
| | 300-599 | 2001 |
| | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |
| June 1, 2012 ^{2/} | 50-99 | 2004 |
| | 100-299 | 2003 |
| | 300-599 | 2001 |
| | 600-749 | 2002 |
| | 750 and up | 2006 |

1/ Effective dates apply to Contractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

2/ Effective dates apply to Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

The retrofit emission control devices shall achieve a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent and shall be:

- a) Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) *Verified Retrofit Technology List* (<http://www.epa.gov/cleandiesel/verification/verif-list.htm>), or verified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (<http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm>); or
- b) Retrofitted with a non-verified diesel retrofit emission control device if verified retrofit emission control devices are not available for equipment proposed to be used on the project, and if the Contractor has obtained a performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer that the emission control device provides a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent.

Note: Large cranes (Crawler mounted cranes) which are responsible for critical lift operations are exempt from installing retrofit emission control devices if such devices adversely affect equipment operation.

Diesel powered off-road equipment with engine ratings of 50 hp and above, which are unable to be retrofitted with verified emission control devices or if performance certifications are not available which will achieve a minimum 50 percent PM reduction, may be granted a waiver by the Department if documentation is provided showing good faith efforts were made by the Contractor to retrofit the equipment.

Construction shall not proceed until the Contractor submits a certified list of the diesel powered off-road equipment that will be used, and as necessary, retrofitted with emission control devices. The list(s) shall include (1) the equipment number, type, make, Contractor/rental company name; and (2) the emission control devices make, model, USEPA or CARB verification number, or performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer. Equipment reported as fitted with emissions control devices shall be made available to the Engineer for visual inspection of the device installation, prior to being used on the jobsite.

The Contractor shall submit an updated list of retrofitted off-road construction equipment as retrofitted equipment changes or comes on to the jobsite. The addition or deletion of any diesel powered equipment shall be included on the updated list.

If any diesel powered off-road equipment is found to be in non-compliance with any portion of this special provision, the Engineer will issue the Contractor a diesel retrofit deficiency deduction.

Any costs associated with retrofitting any diesel powered off-road equipment with emission control devices shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed. The Contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a claim.

Diesel Retrofit Deficiency Deduction

When the Engineer determines that a diesel retrofit deficiency exists, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency continues to exist. The calendar day(s) will begin when the time period for correction is exceeded and end with the Engineer's written acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be \$1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

The deficiency will be based on lack of diesel retrofit emissions control.

If a Contractor accumulates three diesel retrofit deficiency deductions for the same piece of equipment in a contract period, the Contractor will be shutdown until the deficiency is corrected. Such a shutdown will not be grounds for any extension of the contract time, waiver of penalties, or be grounds for any claim.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000

Revised: March 2, 2019

FEDERAL OBLIGATION. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform **0.00%** of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

<http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index>.

BIDDING PROCEDURES. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the “Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)” application within the Department’s “EBids System”.

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder’s proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere *pro forma* efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

(a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder’s good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.

(1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.

- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.
- (c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) NO AMENDMENT. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov.
- (b) CHANGES TO WORK. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) SUBCONTRACT. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractor-initiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:

- (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;

- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) ENFORCEMENT. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) RECONSIDERATION. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE – STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2021

Revised: April 2, 2024

Illinois Works Jobs Program Act (30 ILCS 559/20-1 et seq.). For contracts having an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor shall comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules. The goal of the Illinois Apprenticeship Works Initiative is that apprentices will perform either 10% of the total labor hours actually worked in each prevailing wage classification or 10% of the estimated labor hours in each prevailing wage classification, whichever is less. Of this goal, at least 50% of the labor hours of each prevailing wage classification performed by apprentices shall be performed by graduates of the Illinois Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, the Illinois Climate Works Pre-Apprenticeship Program, or the Highway Construction Careers Training Program.

The Contractor may seek from the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) a waiver or reduction of this goal in certain circumstances pursuant to 30 ILCS 559/20-20(b). The Contractor shall ensure compliance during the term of the contract and will be required to report on and certify its compliance. An apprentice use plan, apprentice hours, and a compliance certification shall be submitted to the Engineer on forms provided by the Department and/or DCEO.

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2024

Revised: April 1, 2024

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities. The excavated soil and groundwater within the work areas shall be managed as either uncontaminated soil, hazardous waste, special waste, or non-special waste.

As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 “Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)”.

Revise the first two sentences of the nineteenth paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility and provide the specific analytical testing requirements of that facility. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection, transportation, and analysis of landfill acceptance testing.”

Revise the last paragraph of Article 669.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“The Contractor shall select a permitted landfill facility or CCDD/USFO facility meeting the requirements of 35 Ill. Admin. Code Parts 810-814 or Part 1100, respectively. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor based upon information provided in BDE 2730. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected facility shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 669.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“**669.07 Temporary Staging.** Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. All other soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Topsoil for re-use as final cover which has been field screened and found not to exhibit PID readings over daily background readings as documented on the BDE 2732, visual staining or odors, and is classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option.”

Add the following paragraph after the sixth paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications.

“The sampling and testing of effluent water derived from dewatering discharges for priority pollutants volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutants semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), or priority pollutants metals, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for VOCS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8260B, SVOCs GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Method 8270C, or RCRA METALS GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 6010B and 7471A. This price shall include transporting the sample from the job site to the laboratory.”

Revise the first sentence of the eight paragraph of Article 669.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) to be managed and disposed of, if required and approved by the Engineer, will be paid according to Article 109.04.”

SEEDING (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2022

Revise Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“250.07 Seeding Mixtures. The classes of seeding mixtures and combinations of mixtures will be designated in the plans.

When an area is to be seeded with two or more seeding classes, those mixtures shall be applied separately on the designated area within a seven day period. Seeding shall occur prior to placement of mulch cover. A Class 7 mixture can be applied at any time prior to applying any seeding class or added to them and applied at the same time.

| TABLE 1 - SEEDING MIXTURES | | |
|---|---|----------------------|
| Class - Type | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare) |
| 1 Lawn Mixture 1/ | Kentucky Bluegrass | 100 (110) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 60 (70) |
| | <i>Festuca rubra</i> ssp. <i>rubra</i> (Creeping Red Fescue) | 40 (50) |
| 1A Salt Tolerant Lawn Mixture 1/ | Kentucky Bluegrass | 60 (70) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | <i>Festuca rubra</i> ssp. <i>rubra</i> (Creeping Red Fescue) | 20 (20) |
| | <i>Festuca brevipilla</i> (Hard Fescue) | 20 (20) |
| | <i>Puccinellia distans</i> (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 60 (70) |
| 1B Low Maintenance Lawn Mixture 1/ | Turf-Type Fine Fescue 3/ | 150 (170) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | Red Top | 10 (10) |
| | <i>Festuca rubra</i> ssp. <i>rubra</i> (Creeping Red Fescue) | 20 (20) |
| 2 Roadside Mixture 1/ | <i>Lolium arundinaceum</i> (Tall Fescue) | 100 (110) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 50 (55) |
| | <i>Festuca rubra</i> ssp. <i>rubra</i> (Creeping Red Fescue) | 40 (50) |
| | Red Top | 10 (10) |
| 2A Salt Tolerant Roadside Mixture 1/ | <i>Lolium arundinaceum</i> (Tall Fescue) | 60 (70) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | <i>Festuca rubra</i> ssp. <i>rubra</i> (Creeping Red Fescue) | 30 (20) |
| | <i>Festuca brevipilla</i> (Hard Fescue) | 30 (20) |
| | <i>Puccinellia distans</i> (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 60 (70) |
| 3 Northern Illinois Slope Mixture 1/ | <i>Elymus canadensis</i> (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 20 (20) |
| | Alsike Clover 4/ | 5 (5) |
| | <i>Desmanthus illinoensis</i> (Illinois Bundleflower) 4/ 5/ | 2 (2) |
| | <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> (Little Bluestem) 5/ | 12 (12) |
| | <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | 10 (10) |
| | <i>Puccinellia distans</i> (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 30 (35) |
| | Oats, Spring | 50 (55) |
| | Slender Wheat Grass 5/ | 15 (15) |
| | Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ | 5 (5) |
| | 3A Southern Illinois Slope Mixture 1/ | Perennial Ryegrass |
| <i>Elymus canadensis</i> (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | | 20 (20) |
| <i>Panicum virgatum</i> (Switchgrass) 5/ | | 10 (10) |
| <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | | 12 (12) |
| <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | | 10 (10) |
| <i>Dalea candida</i> (White Prairie Clover) 4/ 5/ | | 5 (5) |
| <i>Rudbeckia hirta</i> (Black-Eyed Susan) 5/ | | 5 (5) |
| Oats, Spring | | 50 (55) |

| Class – Type | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare) |
|--|---|----------------------|
| 4 Native Grass 2/ 6/ | <i>Andropogon gerardi</i> (Big Blue Stem) 5/ | 4 (4) |
| | <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | <i>Elymus canadensis</i> (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 1 (1) |
| | <i>Panicum virgatum</i> (Switch Grass) 5/ | 1 (1) |
| | <i>Sorghastrum nutans</i> (Indian Grass) 5/ | 2 (2) |
| | Annual Ryegrass | 25 (25) |
| | Oats, Spring | 25 (25) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 15 (15) |
| 4A Low Profile Native Grass 2/ 6/ | <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> (Little Blue Stem) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i> (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ | 5 (5) |
| | <i>Elymus canadensis</i> (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ | 1 (1) |
| | <i>Sporobolus heterolepis</i> (Prairie Dropseed) 5/ | 0.5 (0.5) |
| | Annual Ryegrass | 25 (25) |
| | Oats, Spring | 25 (25) |
| | Perennial Ryegrass | 15 (15) |
| 4B Wetland Grass and Sedge Mixture 2/ 6/ | Annual Ryegrass | 25 (25) |
| | Oats, Spring | 25 (25) |
| | Wetland Grasses (species below) 5/ | 6 (6) |
| <u>Species:</u> | | <u>% By Weight</u> |
| <i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i> (Blue Joint Grass) | | 12 |
| <i>Carex lacustris</i> (Lake-Bank Sedge) | | 6 |
| <i>Carex slipata</i> (Awl-Fruited Sedge) | | 6 |
| <i>Carex stricta</i> (Tussock Sedge) | | 6 |
| <i>Carex vulpinoidea</i> (Fox Sedge) | | 6 |
| <i>Eleocharis acicularis</i> (Needle Spike Rush) | | 3 |
| <i>Eleocharis obtusa</i> (Blunt Spike Rush) | | 3 |
| <i>Glyceria striata</i> (Fowl Manna Grass) | | 14 |
| <i>Juncus effusus</i> (Common Rush) | | 6 |
| <i>Juncus tenuis</i> (Slender Rush) | | 6 |
| <i>Juncus torreyi</i> (Torrey's Rush) | | 6 |
| <i>Leersia oryzoides</i> (Rice Cut Grass) | | 10 |
| <i>Scirpus acutus</i> (Hard-Stemmed Bulrush) | | 3 |
| <i>Scirpus atrovirens</i> (Dark Green Rush) | | 3 |
| <i>Bolboschoenus fluviatilis</i> (River Bulrush) | | 3 |
| <i>Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani</i> (Softstem Bulrush) | | 3 |
| <i>Spartina pectinata</i> (Cord Grass) | | 4 |

| Class – Type | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare) |
|--------------|--|----------------------|
| 5 | Forb with Annuals Mixture (Below) | 1 (1) |
| | Annuals Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/ Forb Mixture (Below) | 10 (10) |
| | Annuals Mixture - Mixture not exceeding 25 % by weight of any one species, of the following: | |
| | <i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i> (Sand Coreopsis) | |
| | <i>Leucanthemum maximum</i> (Shasta Daisy) | |
| | <i>Gaillardia pulchella</i> (Blanket Flower) | |
| | <i>Ratibida columnifera</i> (Prairie Coneflower) | |
| | <i>Rudbeckia hirta</i> (Black-Eyed Susan) | |
| | Forb Mixture - Mixture not exceeding 5 % by weight PLS of any one species, of the following: | |
| | <i>Amorpha canescens</i> (Lead Plant) 4/ | |
| | <i>Anemone cylindrica</i> (Thimble Weed) | |
| | <i>Asclepias tuberosa</i> (Butterfly Weed) | |
| | <i>Aster azureus</i> (Sky Blue Aster) | |
| | <i>Symphotrichum leave</i> (Smooth Aster) | |
| | <i>Aster novae-angliae</i> (New England Aster) | |
| | <i>Baptisia leucantha</i> (White Wild Indigo) 4/ | |
| | <i>Coreopsis palmata</i> (Prairie Coreopsis) | |
| | <i>Echinacea pallida</i> (Pale Purple Coneflower) | |
| | <i>Eryngium yuccifolium</i> (Rattlesnake Master) | |
| | <i>Helianthus mollis</i> (Downy Sunflower) | |
| | <i>Heliopsis helianthoides</i> (Ox-Eye) | |
| | <i>Liatris aspera</i> (Rough Blazing Star) | |
| | <i>Liatris pycnostachya</i> (Prairie Blazing Star) | |
| | <i>Monarda fistulosa</i> (Prairie Bergamot) | |
| | <i>Parthenium integrifolium</i> (Wild Quinine) | |
| | <i>Dalea candida</i> (White Prairie Clover) 4/ | |
| | <i>Dalea purpurea</i> (Purple Prairie Clover) 4/ | |
| | <i>Physostegia virginiana</i> (False Dragonhead) | |
| | <i>Potentilla arguta</i> (Prairie Cinquefoil) | |
| | <i>Ratibida pinnata</i> (Yellow Coneflower) | |
| | <i>Rudbeckia subtomentosa</i> (Fragrant Coneflower) | |
| | <i>Silphium laciniatum</i> (Compass Plant) | |
| | <i>Silphium terebinthinaceum</i> (Prairie Dock) | |
| | <i>Oligoneuron rigidum</i> (Rigid Goldenrod) | |
| | <i>Tradescantia ohiensis</i> (Spiderwort) | |
| | <i>Veronicastrum virginicum</i> (Culver's Root) | |

| Class – Type | Seeds | lb/acre (kg/hectare) |
|---|--|--|
| 5A Large Flower Native Forb Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/ | Forb Mixture (see below) | 5 (5) |
| | <u>Species:</u> | <u>% By Weight</u> |
| | <i>Aster novae-angliae</i> (New England Aster) | 5 |
| | <i>Echinacea pallida</i> (Pale Purple Coneflower) | 10 |
| | <i>Helianthus mollis</i> (Downy Sunflower) | 10 |
| | <i>Heliopsis helianthoides</i> (Ox-Eye) | 10 |
| | <i>Liatris pycnostachya</i> (Prairie Blazing Star) | 10 |
| | <i>Ratibida pinnata</i> (Yellow Coneflower) | 5 |
| | <i>Rudbeckia hirta</i> (Black-Eyed Susan) | 10 |
| | <i>Silphium laciniatum</i> (Compass Plant) | 10 |
| | <i>Silphium terebinthinaceum</i> (Prairie Dock) | 20 |
| | <i>Oligoneuron rigidum</i> (Rigid Goldenrod) | 10 |
| 5B Wetland Forb 2/ 5/ 6/ | Forb Mixture (see below) | 2 (2) |
| | <u>Species:</u> | <u>% By Weight</u> |
| | <i>Acorus calamus</i> (Sweet Flag) | 3 |
| | <i>Angelica atropurpurea</i> (Angelica) | 6 |
| | <i>Asclepias incarnata</i> (Swamp Milkweed) | 2 |
| | <i>Aster puniceus</i> (Purple Stemmed Aster) | 10 |
| | <i>Bidens cernua</i> (Beggarticks) | 7 |
| | <i>Eutrochium maculatum</i> (Spotted Joe Pye Weed) | 7 |
| | <i>Eupatorium perfoliatum</i> (Boneset) | 7 |
| | <i>Helenium autumnale</i> (Autumn Sneezeweed) | 2 |
| | <i>Iris virginica shrevei</i> (Blue Flag Iris) | 2 |
| | <i>Lobelia cardinalis</i> (Cardinal Flower) | 5 |
| | <i>Lobelia siphilitica</i> (Great Blue Lobelia) | 5 |
| | <i>Lythrum alatum</i> (Winged Loosestrife) | 2 |
| | <i>Physostegia virginiana</i> (False Dragonhead) | 5 |
| | <i>Persicaria pensylvanica</i> (Pennsylvania Smartweed) | 10 |
| | <i>Persicaria lapathifolia</i> (Curlytop Knotweed) | 10 |
| | <i>Pycnanthemum virginianum</i> (Mountain Mint) | 5 |
| | <i>Rudbeckia laciniata</i> (Cut-leaf Coneflower) | 5 |
| | <i>Oligoneuron riddellii</i> (Riddell Goldenrod) | 2 |
| | <i>Sparganium eurycarpum</i> (Giant Burreed) | 5 |
| 6 Conservation Mixture 2/ 6/ | <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> (Little Blue Stem) 5/ <i>Elymus canadensis</i> (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ Vernal Alfalfa 4/ Oats, Spring | 5 (5) 2 (2) 5 (5) 15 (15) 48 (55) |
| 6A Salt Tolerant Conservation Mixture 2/ 6/ | <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> (Little Blue Stem) 5/ <i>Elymus canadensis</i> (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ Vernal Alfalfa 4/ Oats, Spring <i>Puccinellia distans</i> (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) | 5 (5) 2 (2) 5 (5) 15 (15) 48 (55) 20 (20) |
| 7 Temporary Turf Cover Mixture | Perennial Ryegrass Oats, Spring | 50 (55) 64 (70) |

Notes:

- 1/ Seeding shall be performed when the ambient temperature has been between 45 °F (7 °C) and 80 °F (27 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and is forecasted to be the same for the next five (5) days according to the National Weather Service.
- 2/ Seeding shall be performed in late fall through spring beginning when the ambient temperature has been below 45 °F (7 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and ending when the ambient temperature exceeds 80 °F (27 °C) according to the National Weather Service.
- 3/ Specific variety as shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.
- 4/ Inoculation required.
- 5/ Pure Live Seed (PLS) shall be used.
- 6/ Fertilizer shall not be used.
- 7/ Seed shall be primed with KNO₃ to break dormancy and dyed to indicate such.

Seeding will be inspected after a period of establishment. The period of establishment shall be six (6) months minimum, but not to exceed nine (9) months. After the period of establishment, areas not exhibiting 75 percent uniform growth shall be interseeded or reseeded, as determined by the Engineer, at no additional cost to the Department.”

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

“109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting.
The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor’s submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department’s on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment.”

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017
 Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

“This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor’s work.

| Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A | Mobilization Percentage |
|---|-------------------------|
| Less than \$10,000 | 25% |
| \$10,000 to less than \$20,000 | 20% |
| \$20,000 to less than \$40,000 | 18% |
| \$40,000 to less than \$60,000 | 16% |
| \$60,000 to less than \$80,000 | 14% |
| \$80,000 to less than \$100,000 | 12% |
| \$100,000 to less than \$250,000 | 10% |
| \$250,000 to less than \$500,000 | 9% |
| \$500,000 to \$750,000 | 8% |
| Over \$750,000 | 7%” |

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revised: November 2, 2023

FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

“STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker’s name, social security number, last known address, telephone number, email address, classification(s) of work actually performed, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof), daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall submit certified payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers, last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls need only include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee’s social security number). The submittals shall be made using LCPTracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at <https://lcptracker.com/>. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option (“No Work”, “Suspended”, or “Complete”) selected.”

STATE CONTRACTS. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

- “3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at <https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx>. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee’s social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPTracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at <https://lcptracker.com/>. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option (“No Work”, “Suspended”, or “Complete”) selected.”

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021

Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

“The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations.”

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012

Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form “SBE 723” within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

“(q) Temporary Sign Supports 1106.02”

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer’s specifications.”

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer’s self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device.”

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

“1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019.”

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

“(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.

(k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department’s qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.

(l) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department’s qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis.”

WORKING DAYS (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2002

The Contractor shall complete the work within 30 working days.

REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at <http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/> or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.