101

Letting November 18, 2022

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 61H20
WILL County
Section 13-00138-37-PV
Route FAU 0320 (Laraway Road)
Project 5GSK-528 ()
District 1 Construction Funds

Prepared by

F

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. **TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS.** Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. November 18, 2022 at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 61H20
WILL County
Section 13-00138-37-PV
Project 5GSK-528 ()
Route FAU 0320 (Laraway Road)
District 1 Construction Funds

Reconstruction and widening of Laraway Road between Jackson Branch Creek and Cedar Road.

- 3. **INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to re-advertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman, Secretary

CONTRACT 61H20

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2022

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS, and LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

No ERRATA this year.

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Std. Spec. Sec. Page No.

No Supplemental Specifications this year.

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract and are included by reference:

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BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following special provisions indicated by an "X" are applicable to this contract. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

<u>Fil</u> Nan			Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
800			Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	Jan. 1, 2022
802	274 203	\boxtimes	Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2022
801	192		Automated Flagger Assistance Device	Jan. 1, 2008	
801			Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2017
802		Ц	Bituminous Surface Treatment with Fog Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
804			Blended Finely Divided Minerals	April 1, 2021	
802		닏	Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	4 0000
505		片	Building Removal	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
502			Building Removal with Asbestos Abatement	Sept. 1, 1990	Aug. 1, 2022
803 801			Compensable Delay Costs	June 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
801		片	Completion Date (via calendar days) Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008 April 1, 2008	
802		片	Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills \	April 1, 2008 April 1, 2012	July 1, 2016
002	190		5 Feet	April 1, 2012	July 1, 2010
803			Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2016
802			Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
804			Corrugated Plastic Pipe (Culvert and Storm Sewer)	Jan. 1, 2021	M 0 0040
800			Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	Mar. 2, 2019
802		H	Fuel Cost Adjustment Creen Profesment Thermonicatio Devement Markings	April 1, 2009	Aug. 1, 2017
804 804		片	Green Preformed Thermoplastic Pavement Markings High Tension Cable Median Barrier	Jan. 1, 2021	Jan. 1, 2022
804		H	High Tension Cable Median Barrier Removal	Jan. 1, 2020 April 1, 2022	Jan. 1, 2022
804		H	Hot-Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2022	Aug. 1, 2022
* 804			Hot-Mix Asphalt – Longitudinal Joint Sealant	Nov. 1, 2022	Aug. 1, 2022
804			Hot-Mix Asphalt – Patching	April 1, 2022	
804		Ħ	Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative – State Funded Contracts	June 2, 2021	Sept. 2, 2021
804			Luminaires, LED	April 1, 2019	Jan. 1, 2022
800			Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Jan. 1, 2022
804	118		Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Nov. 1, 2019	Nov. 1, 2020
804	130 236	\boxtimes	Portland Cement Concrete – Haul Time	July 1, 2020	
342	261		Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2022
* 804			Seeding	Nov. 1, 2022	
803		\sqcup	Sloped Metal End Section for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2018	
803			Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2022
801			Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2022
803			Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	A
803			Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	Nov. 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
* 804 804			Submission of Payroll Records Surface Testing of Pavements – IRI	April 1, 2021	Nov. 1, 2022
804		Η	Traffic Spotters	Jan. 1, 2021 Jan. 1, 2019	Jan. 1, 2022
203			Training Special Provisions	Oct. 15, 1975	Sept. 2, 2021
803		H	Traversable Pipe Grate for Concrete End Sections	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2018
804		Ħ	Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	April 1, 2020	Jan. 1, 2022
* 804			Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights	Nov. 1, 2021	Nov. 1, 2022
804			Waterproofing Membrane System	Nov. 1, 2021	,
803		$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Weekly DBE Trucking Reports	June 2, 2012	Nov. 1, 2021
804			Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	Mar. 2, 2020	•
800)71		Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	

County: Will

Section No. 13-00138-37-PV

Contract: 61H20

STATE OF ILLINOIS SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted January 1, 2022, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein which apply to and govern the construction of FAU 0320 (Laraway Road), Section: 13-00138-37-PV, in Will County, Contract: 61H20, and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

This project is located along Laraway Road in the Village of New Lenox in Will County between Jackson Branch Creek and Cedar Road. This roadway improvement along Laraway Road covers a net length of approximately 6,012.81 feet (1.14 miles). This project also includes roadway improvements on Nelson Road, Stonebridge Drive, Heatherway Lane, Foxwood Drive, and Cardinal Drive as side streets. The net length of Laraway Road and side streets is approximately 7,196.95 feet (1.36 miles).

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The work consists of tree removal, earth excavation, removal and disposal of unsuitable material, topsoil excavation and placement, seeding and sodding, storm sewer and drainage structures, erosion control, pavement removal, hot-mix asphalt base and surface courses, HMA driveway pavement, PCC sidewalk, combination concrete curb and gutter, pavement markings, traffic signal modernization and lighting, drainage improvements including a detention basin and a compensatory storage site, noise abatement wall, as well as all incidental and collateral work necessary to complete the project as shown on the plans and described herein.

COOPERATION BY CONTRACTOR

The Contractor should take note of Article 105.08 of the "Standard Specifications". There are two projects which may be under construction during this project and may require the Contractor on this section to work concurrently with adjacent Contractors.

- Cedar Road at Laraway Road (Contract 61B89)
- Laraway Road Cherry Hill Road to Nelson Road (Section 20-00138-44-FP)

County: Will

Section No. 13-00138-37-PV

Contract: 61H20

Contact information for LPA for adject contracts:

Will County Division of Transportation Eric Wesel, P.E. 16841 W Laraway Road Joliet, Illinois 60433 ewesel@willcountyillinois.com (815) 727-8476

WORKING HOURS

A large portion of this project is located within the Village of New Lenox, IL. In accordance with village ordinance, the Contractor is permitted to work on the project between the hours of 7:00am and 7:00pm, Monday through Friday, between 7:00am and 5:00pm on Saturday, and no work is allowed on Sundays. If the Contractor wishes to work outside of these hours, they must obtain written approval from the Engineer as coordinated with Village of New Lenox and The Will County Division of Transportation.

Village of New Lenox Will Nash – Village Engineer 1 Veterans Parkway New Lenox, IL 60451 (815) 462-6490

Will County Division of Transportation Brian Gieseke, P.E. 16841 W Laraway Road Joliet, Illinois 60433 bgieseke@willcountyillinois.com (815) 727-8476

AVAILABLE REPORTS

□ No project specific reports were prepared.
When applicable, the following checked reports and record information is available for Bidders' reference upon request:
 □ Record structural plans ☑ Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) – Local Route (Laraway Road) □ Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) – State ☑ Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment (PESA) – Local Route (Laraway Road)

County: Will

Section No. 13-00138-37-PV

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Ш	Preliminary Environmental Site Assessment (PESA) – State
	Soil Management Zone (SMZ) Waste Characterization Memo
\boxtimes	Soils/Geotechnical Report
	Roadway Geotechnical Report by Terracon – February 21, 2014 Structural Geotechnical Report by Chicago Testing Labs – June 16, 2021
\boxtimes	Boring Logs
	Pavement Cores
\boxtimes	Location Drainage Study (LDS)
	Hydraulic Report
\boxtimes	Noise Analysis
∇	Other: - LPC 663 Test Results/Additional Information

Those seeking these reports should request access via email from:

Will County Division of Transportation Eric Wesel, P.E. 16841 W Laraway Road Joliet, Illinois 60433 ewesel@willcountyillinois.com (815) 727-8476

COMPLETION DATE PLUS WORKING DAYS

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: January 1, 2007

Revise Article 108.05 (b) of the Standard Specifications as follows:

"When a completion date plus working days is specified, the Contractor shall complete all contract items and safely open all roadways to traffic by 11:59 PM on **November 22nd**, **2024** except as specified herein.

The Contractor will be allowed to complete all clean-up work and punch list items within 10 working days after the completion date for opening the roadway to traffic. Under extenuating circumstances, the Engineer may direct that certain items of work, not affecting the safe opening of the roadway to traffic, may be completed within the working days allowed for cleanup work and punch list items. Temporary lane closures for this work may be allowed at the discretion of the Engineer.

Article 108.09 or the Special Provision for "Failure to Complete the Work on Time", if included in this contract, shall apply to both the completion date and the number of working days."

County: Will

Section No. 13-00138-37-PV

Contract: 61H20

STATUS OF UTILITIES (D-1)

Effective: June 1, 2016 Revised: January 1, 2020

Utility companies and/or municipal owners located within the construction limits of this project have provided the following information regarding their facilities and the proposed improvements. The tables below contain a description of specific conflicts to be resolved and/or facilities which will require some action on the part of the Department's contractor to proceed with work. Each table entry includes an identification of the action necessary and, if applicable, the estimated duration required for the resolution.

UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

Conflicts noted below have been identified by following the suggested staging plan included in the contract. The company has been notified of all conflicts and will be required to obtain the necessary permits to complete their work; in some instances, resolution will be a function of the construction staging. The responsible agency must relocate or complete new installations as noted below; this work has been deemed necessary to be complete for the Department's contractor to then work in the stage under which the item has been listed.

Pre-Stage

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Laraway Rd 134+00.0 RT to 200+78.4 LT	6" Gas Main	Proposed 48" storm sewer trunk line and structures conflict existing gas main throughout this section	Nicor	35 days
Laraway Rd 138+31.0 LT/RT	Aerial Electric	RT pole in conflict with proposed storm sewer trunk line pipe	ComEd	2 days
Laraway Rd 169+43 LT to 169+70 Rt	Underground cable	Cable is in conflict with proposed storm sewer crossing.	Comcast	2 days
Laraway Rd 171+52 RT to 171+72 LT	Underground cable	Cable is in conflict with proposed storm sewer crossing and noise wall.	Comcast	2 days

Contract: 61H20

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Laraway Rd 169+41 LT to 169+68 RT	Underground Electric	Underground Electric is in conflict with proposed storm sewer crossing.	ComEd	2 days
Laraway Rd 171+58 RT to 171+62 LT	Underground Electric	Underground Electric is in conflict with proposed storm sewer crossing and noise wall.	ComEd	2 days

Stage 1

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Laraway Rd 136+09.0 to 201+13.9 LT	Aerial Electric (and other)	Various conflicts with pavement, sidewalks, storm sewers, ditches, noise wall, temporary signals, permanent signals, etc.	ComEd (and other users of joint poles)	30 days
Laraway Rd 136+09.00 to 153+80.00 LT	(2) BHAG- 300 UG Communicati on Cables	Under new pavement and deep fill conflict. Various storm sewer conflicts	AT&T	10 days
Laraway Rd 138+23.0 to 139+38.0 LT/RT	ANTW-50 UG Communicati on Cable	Under new pavement and deep fill conflict	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 139+38.0 LT	BKMA-400 UG Communicati on Cable #1	South end in conflict with proposed pavement	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 139+38.0 to 139+80.0 LT	BKMA-400 UG Communicati on Cable #2	South end in conflict with proposed pavement & conflict with proposed noise wall	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 142+75.0 to 144+00.0 LT	AJMW-400 Communicati on Cable	Cable adjusted to avoid conflict with proposed noise wall	АТ&Т	2 days

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Laraway Rd 143+01.0 to 144+00.0 LT	AJMW-100 Communicati on Cable	Cable adjusted to avoid conflict with proposed noise wall	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 148+56.6, 38.8' LT	Communicati on Cable Splice Box	Relocated splice box to account for ground line elevation change	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 150+40.5, 54.6' LT	Communicati on Cable Splice Box	Relocated splice box to avoid conflict with proposed sidewalk	АТ&Т	2 days
Laraway Rd 153+51.3, 27.3' LT	Communicati ons Vault	AT&T to adjust vault lid to proposed pavement grade.	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 153+36.5, 52.8' LT	Communicati on Cable Splice Box	Relocated splice box to avoid conflict with proposed sidewalk	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 160+12.5, 29.5' LT	Communicati ons Vault	AT&T to adjust vault lid to proposed pavement grade	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 168+21.3, 29.8' LT	Communicati ons Vault	AT&T to adjust vault lid to proposed pavement grade	AT&T	2 days
Laraway Rd 171+51 to 176+31 LT	Underground Duct (1x4" PC)	Adjust duct to avoid conflict with storm sewer laterals and sewer trunk	AT&T	4 days
Laraway Rd 176+32.9, 27.6' LT	Communicati ons Vault	AT&T to adjust vault lid to proposed pavement grade	AT&T	2 days

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Nelson Rd 759+28 to 760+80 LT	Aerial Electric and Television	Aerial cables are in conflict with proposed signal mast arms and proposed pavement widening	ComEd and Comcast	2 days
Laraway Rd 169+43 LT to 169+70 Rt	Underground cable	Cable is in conflict with proposed subgrade cuts and pavement widening	Comcast	2 days
Laraway Rd 171+52 RT to 171+72 LT	Underground cable	Cable is in conflict with proposed subgrade cuts and pavement widening	Comcast	2 days
Laraway Rd 184+32 to 184+69 RT	Underground cable	Cable is in conflict with proposed subgrade cuts and pavement widening	Comcast	2 days
Laraway Rd 169+41 LT to 169+68 RT	Underground Electric	Underground electric under proposed pavement and 4' subgrade cut	ComEd	2 days
Laraway Rd 171+58 RT to 171+62 LT	Underground Electric	Underground electric under proposed pavement and 3.5' subgrade cut	ComEd	2 days
Laraway Rd 141+92 LT	4" HP gas main	Pipe lateral to be removed.	Nicor	1 day
Laraway Rd 160+25	6" HP gas main	Pipe lateral to be removed.	Nicor	1 day
Laraway Rd 170+34	2" P.E. gas Main	Pipe lateral to be removed	Nicor	1 day

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STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Laraway Rd 184+75	2" P.E. gas min	Pipe lateral to be removed	Nicor	1 day

Stage 2

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Laraway Rd 141+92 RT	4" HP gas main	Pipe lateral to be removed.	Nicor	1 day
Laraway Rd 160+25	6" HP gas main	Pipe lateral to be removed.	Nicor	1 day
Laraway Rd 170+34	2" P.E. gas Main	Pipe lateral to be removed	Nicor	1 day
Laraway Rd 184+75	2" P.E. gas min	Pipe lateral to be removed	Nicor	1 day

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Stage 3

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME
Laraway Rd 141+92	4" HP gas main	Pipe lateral to be removed.	Nicor	1 day
Laraway Rd 170+34	2" P.E. gas Main	Pipe lateral to be removed	Nicor	1 day

Pre-Stage: <u>45</u> Days Total Installation Stage 1: <u>84</u> Days Total Installation Stage 2: <u>4</u> Days Total Installation Stage 3: <u>2</u> Days Total Installation

The following contact information is what was used during the preparation of the plans as provided by the Agency/Company responsible for resolution of the conflict.

Agency/Company Responsible to Resolve Conflict	Name of contact	Phone	E-mail address
AT&T Distribution	Steve Pesola	630-573-5703	Sp9653@att.com
Aux Sable Liquid Products	Jeff Gish	815-941-5992	jeff.gish@auxsable.com
BP Pipelines of NA	Brian Tellez (EN Engineering)	630-225-6078	btellez@enengineering.com
Comcast	Martha Gieras	630-600-6352	martha_gieras@cable.comcast.com
ComEd	Brenda Brock	815-641-9608	brenda.brock@exeloncorp.com
Enterprise Products Operating	Blake Hamilton	815-277-7286	bdhamilton@eprod.com
Exxon Mobil Pipeline Company	Andrew Zastrow	815-739-4262	Andrew.ZastrowEexxonmobil.com
Nicor Gas Company	Sakibul Forah	630-388-2903	sforah@southernco.com
Peoples Gas Light & Coke	Juan Gonzalez	312-240-4722	Jjgonzalez2@integrysgroup.com
Village of New Lenox	Will Nash	815-462-6418	wnash@newlenox.net

UTILITIES TO BE WATCHED AND PROTECTED

The areas of concern noted below have been identified by following the suggested staging plan included for the contract. The information provided is not a comprehensive list of all

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remaining utilities, but those which during coordination were identified as ones which might require the Department's contractor to take into consideration when making the determination of the means and methods that would be required to construct the proposed improvement. In some instances, the contractor will be responsible to notify the owner in advance of the work to take place so necessary staffing on the owner's part can be secured.

Pre-Stage

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER
Laraway Rd 139+46.9, 41.3' LT	BKMA-400 Communication Cable	Noise wall crosses cable. Gap noise wall foundations to miss utility	AT&T
Laraway Rd 139+80.0 to 141+24.0 LT	AJMW-400 Communication Cable	Cable near back side of noise wall. Expose cable and protect at all noise wall foundations	АТ&Т
Laraway Rd 142+13.0 to 142+75.0 LT	AJMW-400 Communication Cable	Cable near back side of noise wall. Expose cable and protect at all noise wall foundations	АТ&Т
Laraway Rd 144+00.0 to 144+50.0 LT	AJMW-400 & AJMW-100 Communication Cables	Cables near back side of noise wall. Expose cable and protect at all noise wall foundations	АТ&Т
Laraway Rd 148+56.8, 43.1' LT	AJMW-100 & AJMW-200 Communication Cables	Noise wall crosses cables. Gap noise wall foundations to miss utility	АТ&Т
Laraway Rd 149+55.3, 50.5' LT	AJMW-400 & AJMW-200 Communication Cables	Cables near end of noise wall. Expose cable and protect at noise wall foundation	AT&T
Laraway Rd 149+73.7, 54.5' LT	AJMW-400 & AJMW-200 Communication Cables	Storm sewer structure 636 near cables	AT&T

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER
Laraway Rd 150+31.2, 53.7' LT	AJMW-400 & AJMW-200 Communication Cables	Storm sewer pipe 76 crosses below cables	AT&T
Laraway Rd 153+35.0 to153+40.0 LT/RT	ANMW-1200 Communication Cable	Cable near proposed roadway subgrade elevation	AT&T
Laraway Rd 153+37.2, 40.9' RT	ANMW-1200 Communication Cable	Storm sewer pipe 14 crosses below cables	АТ&Т
Laraway Rd 153+37.5, 48.0' RT	ANMW-1200 Communication Cable	Noise wall crosses cables. Gap noise wall foundations to miss utility	AT&T
Laraway Rd 153+51	Underground Vault	Existing vault structure in conflict with proposed road widening	AT&T
Laraway Rd 153+36.5 to 194+28 LT	Underground Duct (6x4" PC)	Storm sewer crossings designed to avoid duct	AT&T
Laraway Rd 159+00 to 160+75 LT	Underground Cables (Various)	Traffic signal foundations and new electrical lines above existing cables	АТ&Т
Laraway Road 169+75 to 185+90 RT	Underground Telephone Cable and Pedestals	Noise Abatement Walls and Foundations are in close proximity to the existing facilities	AT&T
Laraway Rd 139+45 to 172+28 LT	Underground Cable	Cable passes underneath proposed wall	Comcast

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER
Nelson Rd 757+75 LT to 759+46 RT	Underground Cable	Cable passes underneath proposed pavement, lighting conduit, or signal conduits.	Comcast
Laraway Rd 141+92 LT to 141+92 RT	4" HP gas main	Pipe is underneath proposed pavement and 1' subgrade cut	Nicor
Nelson Rd 759+05 to 759+44 LT	4" HP gas main	Existing main crosses proposed lighting conduits, traffic signal conduits, and storm sewer	Nicor
Nelson Rd 759+287 to 759+55 LT	4" HP gas main	Pipe is underneath proposed pavement and 1' subgrade cut	Nicor
Laraway Rd 163+59 LT	1.25" Gas main	Pipe is underneath proposed lighting conduit, noise wall, and ditch cut	Nicor
Laraway Rd 165+66 LT	1.25" Gas main	Pipe is underneath proposed storm sewer, noise wall, and ditch cut	Nicor
Laraway Rd 167+72 Lt	1.25" Gas main	Pipe is underneath proposed noise wall and ditch cut	Nicor
Foxwood Dr 829+46 to 841+50 RT	2" Gas Main	Pipe is underneath proposed storm sewer, structures, pavement, and 4' subgrade cut	Nicor
Laraway Rd 161+58 LT to 161+63 RT	Buried Pipeline	Pipeline crosses under proposed noise wall, traffic signal conduit, lighting conduits, and storm sewer trunk	Enterprise
Laraway Rd 161+41 LT to 161+49 RT	Buried Pipeline	Pipeline crosses under proposed noise wall, traffic signal conduit, lighting conduits, and storm sewer trunk	BP

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER
Laraway Rd 136+50 to 141+93 LT	10" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement, subgrade, and storm sewers	Village of New Lenox
Stonebridge Dr 635+32 to 635+90 RT	10" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement, subgrade, and storm sewers Village of New Lenox	
Laraway Rd 149+67 LT to 149+67 RT	12" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement, subgrade, and sidewalk	Village of New Lenox
Laraway Rd 149+67 Rt to 150+11 Rt	12" Water Main	Existing water main running along proposed trunk line sewer.	Village of New Lenox
Nelson Rd 759+05 to 761+22 LT	12" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement, subgrade, lighting conduits, traffic signal conduits, storm sewer, storm sewer trunk, and storm structures	Village of New Lenox
Nelson Rd 762+39 to 762+56 LT	10" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement and subgrade	Village of New Lenox
Nelson Rd 762+44 LT for 762+ 44 RT	10" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement and subgrade	Village of New Lenox
Foxwood Dr 828+16 LT to 828+16 RT	10" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement and subgrade	Village of New Lenox
Foxwood Dr 829+34 LT	10" Water Main	Existing water main crosses proposed storm sewer	Village of New Lenox
Foxwood Dr 829+41 LT	10" Water Main	Existing water main crosses proposed storm sewer and structure	Village of New Lenox

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER
Foxwood Dr 829+41 LT to 840+53 RT	10" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement and subgrade	Village of New Lenox
Cardinal Dr 854+24 LT	12" Water Main	Existing water main crossed proposed storm sewer	Village of New Lenox
Cardinal Dr 854+29 LT to 854+29 RT	12" Water Main	Existing water main underneath proposed pavement and subgrade	Village of New Lenox
Laraway Rd	12" Sanitary	Existing sanitary sewer crosses proposed storm sewer	Village of
138+37 RT	Sewer		New Lenox
Laraway Rd 139+17 to 146+62 RT	12" Sanitary Sewer	Existing sanitary sewer underneath proposed pavement, subgrade, sidewalk, storm sewers, and storm sewer structures	Village of New Lenox
Nelson Rd 759+05	12" Sanitary	Existing sanitary sewer crosses proposed lighting conduit, traffic signal conduits, storm sewer, pavement, and subgrade	Village of
to 759+64 LT	Sewer		New Lenox
Laraway Rd 184+77 to 191+82 RT	12" Sanitary Sewer	Existing sanitary sewer underneath proposed sidewalk	Village of New Lenox
Laraway Rd	24" Sanitary	Existing sanitary sewer crosses proposed storm sewer	Village of
190+41 RT	Sewer		New Lenox
Laraway Rd	24" Sanitary	Existing sanitary sewer crosses proposed storm sewer	Village of
201+54 RT	Sewer		New Lenox
Nelson Rd 759+04	Underground	Existing electric underneath proposed lighting conduits, traffic signal conduits, pavement subgrade, storm sewer, storm sewer structure, and storm sewer trunk	Village of
to 760+94 RT	Electric		New Lenox
Nelson Rd 757+70,	Underground	Existing electric in close proximity to light pole foundation	Village of
33.1' RT	Electric		New Lenox

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STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER
Nelson Rd 762+46 Rt	Underground Electric	Existing electric underneath proposed pavement and subgrade	Village of New Lenox
Foxwood Dr 829+47 RT to Laraway Rd 169+40 LT	Underground Electric	Existing electric underneath proposed storm sewer, sidewalk, pavement, and subgrade	Village of New Lenox
Cardinal Dr 854+21 LT to 854+30 RT	Underground Electric	Existing electric underneath proposed storm sewer, sidewalk, pavement, and subgrade Village of New Lenox	
Laraway Rd 133+07 RT	Buried Pipeline	Near pond grading	Peoples Gas
Laraway Rd 133+92 RT	Buried Pipeline	Near pond grading	Aux Sable
Laraway Rd 133+ 80 RT	Buried Pipeline	Near pond grading	Exxon Mobil
Laraway Rd 142+86 LT	Underground Electric	Underground electric passes beneath proposed noise wall	ComEd
Laraway Rd 149+14 LT	Underground Electric	Underground electric passes beneath proposed noise wall	ComEd
Laraway Rd 153+35 LT	Underground Electric	Underground electric passes beneath proposed noise wall	ComEd
Laraway Rd 161+90 LT	Underground Electric	Underground electric crosses with proposed storm sewer	ComEd
Laraway Rd 169+68 RT	Underground Electric	Underground electric crosses with proposed storm sewer	ComEd
Laraway Rd 171+58 RT	Underground Electric	Underground electric passes beneath proposed noise wall	ComEd
Laraway Rd 171+59 RT	Underground Electric	Underground electric crosses with proposed storm sewer	ComEd
Laraway Rd 172+86 LT	Underground Electric	Underground electric passes beneath proposed noise wall	ComEd
Laraway Rd 185+41 LT	Underground Electric	Underground electric passes beneath proposed noise wall	ComEd

The following contact information is what was used during the preparation of the plans as provided by the owner of the facility.

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Agency/Company Responsible to Resolve Conflict	Name of contact	Phone	E-mail address
AT&T Distribution	Steve Pesola	630-573-5703	Sp9653@att.com
Aux Sable Liquid Products	Jeff Gish	815-941-5992	jeff.gish@auxsable.com
BP Pipelines of NA	Brian Tellez (EN Engineering)	630-225-6078	btellez@enengineering.com
Comcast	Martha Gieras	630-600-6352	martha_gieras@cable.comcast.com
ComEd	Kyle Isek	815-724-5010	Kyle.isek@comed.com
Enterprise Products Operating	Blake Hamilton	815-277-7286	bdhamilton@eprod.com
Exxon Mobil Pipeline Company	Andrew Zastrow	815-739-4262	Andrew.ZastrowEexxonmobil.com
Nicor Gas Company	Sakibul Forah	630-388-2903	sforah@southernco.com
Peoples Gas Light & Coke	Juan Gonzalez	312-240-4722	Jjgonzalez2@integrysgroup.com
Village of New Lenox	Will Nash	815-462-6418	wnash@newlenox.net

The above represents the best information available to the Department and is included for the convenience of the bidder. The days required for conflict resolution should be considered in the bid as this information has also been factored into the timeline identified for the project when setting the completion date. The applicable portions of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall apply.

Estimated duration of time provided above for the first conflicts identified will begin on the date of the executed contract regardless of the status of the utility relocations. The responsible agencies will be working toward resolving subsequent conflicts in conjunction with contractor activities in the number of days noted.

The estimated relocation duration must be part of the progress schedule submitted by the contractor. A utility kickoff meeting will be scheduled between the Department, the Department's contractor, and the utility companies when necessary. The Department's contractor is responsible for contacting J.U.L.I.E. prior to all excavation work.

EXISTING UTILITY REMOVAL COORDINATION

Existing utilities that have been or will be out-of-service and are located under or near the existing roadway pavement may need to be removed during stage construction. A utility coordination meeting shall be held 2 weeks prior to changing MOT stages to allow time for utilities to mobilize. The Contractor shall be responsible for the pavement removal and earthwork as depicted in the contract plans. The Contractor shall closely coordinate the construction activities with the utilities and their contractors. The Contractor's schedule shall take into account the estimated duration for removals located in the Status of Utilities (D-1) special provision.

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WORKING AROUND HIGH-PRESSURE PIPELINES

Multiple high-pressure pipelines pass through this project. The contractor will be subject to additional responsibilities and construction requirements when working near pipelines.

- 1. At least two weeks prior to any work occurring within 25 feet of pipelines, contractor will contact pipeline company representatives to schedule an on-site meeting to discuss the nature of the work including methods of construction and equipment used. Contractor will cooperate with the pipeline company's requirements as described in these contract documents and communicated by pipeline company representatives. Pipeline company representatives to be contacted are:
 - a. Enterprise Products: Blake Hamilton (815-277-7286)
 - b. BP: Timothy Fehr (312-809-4719)
 - c. BP: Steve Adams (779-801-4969)
- 2. Pipeline representatives will be on-site to monitor construction activity that is within 25 feet of the pipeline at all times. There will be no excavation or backfilling within the pipeline right-of-way for any reason without a pipeline representative on site giving permission.
- 3. Contractor shall be aware that special construction requirements shall be followed when working within 25 feet of underground pipelines. These requirements include but are not limited to:
 - a. All construction equipment used within 25 feet of pipelines shall be approved by the pipeline company in writing prior to construction. The contractor shall submit a plan indicating where construction equipment will cross the pipeline, along with the depth of the pipe at crossings, any proposed ramping over the pipeline, together with the following specifications for the equipment: Equipment make/model/size & fully loaded weight of equipment; For tracked equipment Track shoe width and length of track touching ground; For wheeled equipment Number of axles (single or tandem axles), axle configuration, and maximum individual axle loads. The pipeline company will perform a stress factor calculation to determine if the equipment can safely cross the pipeline. If crossing of the pipeline is allowed, special measures may need to be taken to ensure the integrity of the pipeline. Once information for equipment is submitted, pipeline companies will work diligently to perform its analysis, but typically require a minimum of three working days to complete the analysis.
 - b. The contractor shall not be permitted to transport construction materials or equipment longitudinally over the pipelines. Where it is necessary for construction equipment (i.e., tractors, backhoes, dump trucks, etc.) or equipment transporting construction materials to cross the pipelines, the crossing of the pipeline right-of-way shall be at, or as near to, a 90 degree

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angle as is feasible. Construction equipment will only cross the pipelines at pipeline company-designated locations. Pipeline companies will seek recovery for any and all damage caused by unapproved crossings.

- c. No heavy equipment is allowed to work directly over the pipelines. The rightof-way boundary will be marked with temporary fencing to assist the operator with positioning heavy equipment.
- d. No track type construction equipment shall be permitted to pivot or turn directly over the top of the pipelines.
- e. A scraper or pan type tractor shall not be used for removal of soil within ten feet (10') of the centerline of the pipelines. Rubber tire or small track equipment is an acceptable alternative.
- f. A sheepsfoot roller shall not be used for removal of soil within five feet (5') or directly above the centerline of the pipelines.
- g. No vibratory rollers shall be used within three feet (3') of the centerline of the pipelines until the compacted cover over the pipeline has reached a depth of three and one-half feet (3 $\frac{1}{2}$).
- h. No excavation or construction activity will be permitted within 25 feet (25') of the pipelines until all appropriate communications have been made with the pipeline company's field operations and the right-of-way department. A formal engineering assessment may be required.
- i. All mechanical digging equipment must dig parallel to the pipelines and have the teeth removed or barred with a plate welded across the bucket.
- j. Pavement removal within 25 feet of the centerline of pipelines shall be accomplished in a manner that will limit vibrations. This may include removing pavement with a self-propelled milling machine. Breaking up of pavement with an excavator (or other machine) bucket will not be allowed.
- k. Curb removal & sidewalk removal: Curb & sidewalk shall be removed in a manner that will limit impacts and vibrations. No breaking up of concrete material with an excavator (or other machine) bucket shall be allowed within 25 feet of underground pipelines.
- I. Earth excavation & trenching: Mechanized equipment is not allowed within 24 inches from the outer edge of the pipe (in all directions). Any excavation taking place within the tolerance zone must be done by hand or by other non-mechanical means as approved by pipeline personnel.

The work associated with following these special requirements when working near highpressure pipelines will not be paid for separately, but will be included in the contract bid price for the various items of work occurring in this area.

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PERMITS

The contractor shall obtain all necessary permits, as required, prior to commencing with construction. Any cost associated with obtaining these permits shall be considered included in the cost of the contract unit price for the items being installed.

The County has not obtained any permits for offsite borrow waste, use (bwu) areas. Prior to working in bwu areas, if the contractor chooses to use activities requiring permits it is the contractor's responsibility to secure the proper permits. In addition to the borrow review (BDE 2289) and use/waste review (BDE 2290) submittals, the contractor shall submit an erosion and sediment control (esc) plan for every bwu site to the department for acceptance. Guidelines for acceptable bwu practices can be found in section II.G.1 and 2 of the SWPPP. The cost of all materials and labor necessary to comply with the above provisions to prepare and implement ESC plans will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the cost of mobilization and no additional compensation will be allowed.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY (DIST 1)

Effective: May 1, 2012 Revised: July 15, 2012

Add the following to the end of the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

"If the holiday is on a Saturday or Sunday, and is legally observed on a Friday or Monday, the length of Holiday Period for Monday or Friday shall apply."

Add the following sentence after the Holiday Period table in the fourth paragraph of Article 107.09:

"The Length of Holiday Period for Thanksgiving shall be from 5:00 AM the Wednesday prior to 11:59 PM the Sunday After"

Delete the fifth paragraph of Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications:

"On weekends, excluding holidays, roadways with Average Daily Traffic of 25,000 or greater, all lanes shall be open to traffic from 3:00 P.M. Friday to midnight Sunday except where structure construction or major rehabilitation makes it impractical."

TEMPORARY FENCE (SPECIAL)

<u>Description.</u> This work shall include the furnishing, placement, relocation, maintenance, and ultimate removal of temporary fence in locations designated in the plans and/or required by the Engineer or representatives of high-pressure oil pipeline companies. The

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temporary fence will be used to control the location and angle that construction equipment will be allowed to cross high-pressure oil pipeline utilities on the project.

The conceptual placement of the temporary fence is shown in Prestage of the staging plans, but actual locations will be agreed upon and approved by the Engineer and the oil pipeline companies. Fencing will be relocated by the Contractor to new approved locations as required for each subsequent stage. Once all contract work in the vicinity of the pipelines is complete, the temporary fence shall be removed from the site by the Contractor.

<u>Construction Requirements.</u> The temporary fence shall be similar to plastic or wood lathe snow fence and shall be a minimum of 4-foot high with stakes placed a maximum of 15-foot apart. No stakes will be driven within a 5-foot horizontal distance of the pipeline.

<u>Method of Measurement.</u> TEMPORARY FENCING (SPECIAL) will be measured for payment in feet in place within the construction stage that requires the most temporary fencing. Relocation of Temporary Fencing (Special) during other staging configurations will not be measured for payment.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for TEMPORARY FENCE (SPECIAL).

EARTH EXCAVATION

This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 202 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Add the following to Article 202.01 of the Standard Specifications:

"This work shall include the removal and offsite disposal of abandoned underground utilities that conflict with construction.

This work shall include the removal of existing sprinkler systems within temporary easements, if required. Contractor shall coordinate with property owner to determine removal requirements. If contact with property owner cannot be made within one (1) week of first notification, Contractor shall remove sprinkler system."

TOPSOIL EXCAVATION AND PLACEMENT

This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 211 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Add the following to Article 211.03 of the Standard Specifications:

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"The contractor shall manage the topsoil excavation and stockpiling so that sufficient material is available for topsoil placement during all stages of construction. This includes the relocation of stockpiled material as needed to accommodate construction activities. No additional payment will be made for managing or relocation of topsoil stockpiles."

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SPECIAL)

This Special Provision revises Section 251 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction to eliminate the use of Excelsior Blanket for Erosion Control Blanket. This work shall consist of furnishing, transporting, and placing 100 % biodegradable erosion control blanket over seeded areas as detailed on the plans, according to Section 251 except as modified herein.

Delete Article 251.04(a) Excelsior Blanket.

Delete the first paragraph of Article 1081.10 (b) Knitted Straw Mat and substitute the following:

Knitted Straw Mat. Knitted straw mat shall be a machine-produced mat of 100% clean, weed free agricultural straw. The blanket shall be of consistent thickness with the straw evenly distributed over the entire area of the blanket with a functional longevity of up to 12 months. The blanket shall be covered on top and bottom sides with a 100% biodegradable woven natural organic fiber netting. No plastic netting will be allowed. Netting shall be "leno-weave" with movable joints (not fixed or welded). The netting consists of machine directional strands formed from two intertwined yarns with cross directional strands interwoven through the twisted machine strands to form an approximate 0.50 x 1.0 - inch (1.27 x 2.54 cm) mesh. The blanket shall be sewn together with flexible joints on 1.50 - inch (3.81 cm) centers with biodegradable thread. The blanket shall be manufactured with a colored thread stitched along both outer edges (approximately 2 - 5 inches (5 - 12.5cm) from the edge) as an overlap guide for adjacent mats.

Delete the first paragraph of Article 1081.10 (c) (2) Knitted Straw Mat and substitute the following:

Knitted Straw Mat. The blanket shall be machine-produced 100% biodegradable blanket, which contains 70% agricultural straw and 30% coconut fiber with a functional longevity of up to 18 months. The blanket shall be of consistent thickness with the straw and coconut evenly distributed over the entire area of the mat. The blanket shall be covered on the top and bottom sides with 100% biodegradable woven natural organic fiber netting. The top netting shall be "lenoweave," with movable joints (not fixed or welded). The netting consists of machine directional strands formed from two intertwined yarns with cross directional strands interwoven through the twisted machine strands to form an approximate 0.50 x 1.0

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- inch(1.27 x 2.54 cm) mesh. The blanket shall be sewn together on 1.50 - inch (3.81 cm) centers with degradable thread. The blanket shall be manufactured with a colored thread stitched along both outer edges (approximately 2 - 5 inches (5 - 12.5cm) from the edge) as an overlap guide for adjacent mats.

Delete Article 1081.10(d) Wire Staples.

Add the following to Article 1081.10 (e) Wood Stakes:

Biodegradable plastic stakes will be allowed. The biodegradable plastic anchor shall be approximately 6 - inches (15.24 cm) in length. No metal wire stakes will be allowed.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (SPECIAL).

DUST CONTROL WATERING

<u>Description:</u> This work shall be according to Article 107.36 of the "Standard Specifications" insofar as applicable and the following provisions.

<u>General Requirements:</u> This item shall be used strictly for dust control measures generated by construction activities, and not as a means of achieving compaction of earth embankments, or for compacting of aggregate bases.

Revise Article 107.36(d) of the "Standard Specifications" as follows:

"(d) Dust shall be controlled by the uniform application of sprinkled/sprayed clean water and shall be applied only when directed by the Engineer. All equipment used to transport and discharge the clean water shall meet the approval of the Engineer, and shall have a metering device that allows for the accurate measurement of the amount of clean water discharged".

If the Contractor wishes to obtain water from existing fire hydrants, Article 107.18 of the "Standard Specifications" shall be strictly adhered to.

The cost of this work shall be included in the unit prices bid and no additional compensation will be allowed.

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INLET PROTECTION, SPECIAL

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of furnishing, constructing, removing, and disposing of inlet protection as part of the project's temporary erosion control system.

<u>General</u>. The work shall be performed according to Section 280 of the Standard Specifications, and the following:

The inlet protection shall consist of silt filter fence placed around the perimeter of the inlet. The silt filter fence shall be supported by 2" X 2" wooden stakes with a minimum length of four feet. The stakes shall be spaced no more than four feet apart, and shall be driven into the ground approximately 18".

The filter fabric shall be installed in a backfilled trench 6" deep and securely attached to the posts by a method approved by the Engineer. The rim elevation of the casting shall be temporarily set a minimum of 6" above the adjacent grade. This elevation may vary to avoid flooding conditions as determined by the engineer.

During the construction operation when any loose material is deposited in the flow line of ditches, gutters or drainage structures so the natural flow of water is obstructed, the material shall be removed at the close of each working day.

At the conclusion of the construction operations all drainage structures shall be free from all dirt and debris. This work will not be paid separately but shall be considered included in the unit cost of INLET PROTECTION, SPECIAL.

<u>Method of Measurement</u>. This work will be measured for payment as individual items and the unit of measurement will be each regardless of the size or type of inlet being protected.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for INLET PROTECTION, SPECIAL. The unit price shall include all work and materials necessary to properly install the inlet protection, maintain the inlet protection, and to remove and dispose of the used materials at the completion of the project.

PIPE UNDERDRAINS (SPECIAL)

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of providing dual wall perforated pipe underdrain (of the size specified) beneath ditches and adjacent to noise abatement walls in locations shown on the plans.

<u>Materials</u>. Pipe material shall conform o the requirements of ASTM D3350. Pipe shall be joined using a bell and spigot joint meeting ASTM F2648. Joint shall be soil-tight and gaskets shall meet the requirements of ASTM F477. Gaskets shall be installed by the pipe manufacturer and shall be covered with a removable protective wrap to ensure the gasket is free from debris. Joint lubricant shall be used on the gasket and bell during assembly.

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Fittings shall conform to ASTM F2306. Bell and spigot connections shall utilize a spun-on or welded bell and valley or saddle gasket meeting the soil-tight joint performance requirements of ASTM F2306.

<u>Installation</u>. Installation shall be in accordance with ASTM D2321 and Article 601 of the Standard Specifications. Any tees, wyes, or other similar connections required are not paid for separately but considered included in the cost for PIPE UNDERDRAINS (SPECIAL), of the size specified. Connections to manholes or other storm structures shall be considered included in the cost of this pay item including all necessary materials and labor to make the connection and seal the connection to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

<u>Method of Measurement & Basis of Payment</u>. This work shall be measured for payment per FOOT for PIPE UNDERDRAINS (SPECIAL), of the size specified, which shall include all connections within the underdrain system as well as any connections to manholes or other storm structures.

AGGREGATE SURFACE COURSE FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS

Effective: April 1, 2001 Revised: January 2, 2007

Revise Article 402.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"402.10 For Temporary Access. The contractor shall construct and maintain aggregate surface course for temporary access to private entrances, commercial entrances and roads according to Article 402.07 and as directed by the Engineer.

The aggregate surface course shall be constructed to the dimensions and grades specified below, except as modified by the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

- (a) Private Entrance. The minimum width shall be 12 ft (3.6 m). The minimum compacted thickness shall be 6 in. (150 mm). The maximum grade shall be eight percent, except as required to match the existing grade.
- (b) Commercial Entrance. The minimum width shall be 24 ft (7.2 m). The minimum compacted thickness shall be 9 in. (230 mm). The maximum grade shall be six percent, except as required to match the existing grade.
- (c) Road. The minimum width shall be 24 ft (7.2 m). The minimum compacted thickness shall be 9 in. (230 mm). The grade and elevation shall be the same as the removed pavement, except as required to meet the grade of any new pavement constructed.

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(d) Field Entrance. The minimum width shall be 18ft. The minimum compacted thickness shall be 9in. The minimum grade shall be six percent, except as required to match existing grade.

Maintaining the temporary access shall include relocating and/or regrading the aggregate surface course for any operation that may disturb or remove the temporary access. The same type and gradation of material used to construct the temporary access shall be used to maintain it.

When use of the temporary access is discontinued, the aggregate shall be removed and utilized in the permanent construction or disposed of according to Article 202.03."

Add the following to Article 402.12 of the Standard Specifications:

"Aggregate surface course for temporary access will be measured for payment as each for every private entrance, commercial entrance or road constructed for the purpose of temporary access. If a residential drive, commercial entrance, or road is to be constructed under multiple stages, the aggregate needed to construct the second or subsequent stages will not be measured for payment but shall be included in the cost per each of the type specified."

Revise the second paragraph of Article 402.13 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Aggregate surface course for temporary access will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for TEMPORARY ACCESS (PRIVATE ENTRANCE), TEMPORARY ACCESS (COMMERCIAL ENTRANCE), or TEMPORARY ACCESS (FIELD ENTRANCE)

Partial payment of the EACH amount bid for temporary access, of the type specified, will be paid according to the following schedule:

- (a) Upon construction of the temporary access, sixty percent of the contract unit price per each, of the type constructed, will be paid.
- (b) Subject to the approval of the Engineer for the adequate maintenance and removal of the temporary access, the remaining forty percent of the pay item will be paid upon the permanent removal of the temporary access."

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HOT-MIX ASPHALT BINDER AND SURFACE COURSE (D1)

Effective: November 1, 2019 Revised: December 1, 2021

Revise Article 1004.03(c) to read:

"(c) Gradation. The coarse aggregate gradations shall be as listed in the following table.

Use	Size/Application	Gradation No.
Class A-1, A-2, & A-3	3/8 in. (10 mm) Seal	CA 16 or CA 20
Class A-1	1/2 in. (13 mm) Seal	CA 15
Class A-2 & A-3	Cover Coat	CA 14
	IL-19.0;	CA 11 ^{1/}
	Stabilized Subbase IL-19.0	
	SMA 12.5 ^{2/}	CA 13 ⁴ , CA 14, or CA 16
HMA High ESAL	SMA 9.5 ^{2/}	CA 13 ^{3/4/} or CA 16 ^{3/}
	IL-9.5	CA 16, CM 13 ^{4/}
	IL-9.5FG	CA 16
HMA Low ESAL	IL-19.0L	CA 11 ^{1/}
HIVIA LOW ESAL	IL-9.5L	CA 16

^{1/} CA 16 or CA 13 may be blended with the CA 11.

- 2/ The coarse aggregates used shall be capable of being combined with the fine aggregates and mineral filler to meet the approved mix design and the mix requirements noted herein.
- 3/ The specified coarse aggregate gradations may be blended.
- 4/ CA 13 shall be 100 percent passing the 1/2 in. (12.5mm) sieve."

Revise Article 1004.03(e) of the Supplemental Specifications to read:

"(e) Absorption. For SMA the coarse aggregate shall also have water absorption ≤ 2.0 percent."

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Revise the "High ESAL" portion of the table in Article 1030.01 to read:

"High ESAL	Binder Courses	IL-19.0, IL-9.5, IL-9.5FG, IL-4.75, SMA 12.5, Stabilized Subbase IL-19.0				
	Surface Courses	IL-9.5, IL-9.5FG, SMA 12.5, SMA 9.5"				

Revise Note 2. and add Note 6 to Article 1030.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Item Article/Section

(g)Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (Note 6)

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(h) Fibers (Note 2)

Note 2. A stabilizing additive such as cellulose or mineral fiber shall be added to the SMA mixture according to Illinois Modified AASHTO M 325. The stabilizing additive shall meet the Fiber Quality Requirements listed in Illinois Modified AASHTO M 325. Prior to approval and use of fibers, the Contractor shall submit a notarized certification by the producer of these materials stating they meet these requirements. Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS) may be used in Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) mixtures designed with an SBA polymer modifier as a fiber additive if the mix design with RAS included meets AASHTO T305 requirements. The RAS shall be from a certified source that produces either Type I or Type 2. Material shall meet requirements noted herein and the actual dosage rate will be determined by the Engineer.

Note 6. The asphalt binder shall be an SBS PG 76-28 when the SMA is used on a full-depth asphalt pavement and SBS PG 76-22 when used as an overlay, except where modified herein. The asphalt binder shall be a SBS PG 76-22 for IL-4.75, except where modified herein.."

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Revise table in Article 1030.05(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"MIXTURE COMPOSITION (% PASSING) 1/												
Sieve Size	IL-19.0 mm		SMA 12.5		SMA 9.5		IL-9.5mm		IL-9.5FG		IL-4.75 mm	
	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max
1 1/2 in (37.5 mm)												
1 in. (25 mm)		100										
3/4 in. (19 mm)	90	100		100								
1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	75	89	80	100		100		100		100		100
3/8 in. (9.5 mm)				65	90	100	90	100	90	100		100
#4 (4.75 mm)	40	60	20	30	36	50	34	69	60	75 ^{6/}	90	100
#8 (2.36 mm)	20	42	16	24 ^{4/}	16	324/	34 ^{5/}	52 ^{2/}	45	60 ^{6/}	70	90
#16 (1.18 mm)	15	30					10	32	25	40	50	65
#30 (600 μm)			12	16	12	18			15	30		
#50 (300 μm)	6	15					4	15	8	15	15	30
#100 (150 μm)	4	9					3	10	6	10	10	18
#200 (75 μm)	3.0	6.0	7.0	9.0 3/	7.5	9.5 ^{3/}	4.0	6.0	4.0	6.5	7.0	9.0 ^{3/}
#635 (20 μm)			≤ .	3.0	≤ 3	3.0						
Ratio Dust/Asphalt Binder		1.0		1.5		1.5		1.0		1.0		1.0

- 1/ Based on percent of total aggregate weight.
- 2/ The mixture composition shall not exceed 44 percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve for surface courses with Ndesign = 90.
- 3/ Additional minus No. 200 (0.075 mm) material required by the mix design shall be mineral filler, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- 4/ When establishing the Adjusted Job Mix Formula (AJMF) the percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve shall not be adjusted above the percentage stated on the table.

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5/ When establishing the Adjusted Job Mix Formula (AJMF) the percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve shall not be adjusted below 34 percent.

6/ When the mixture is used as a binder, the maximum shall be increased by 0.5 percent passing."

Revise Article 1030.05(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

(b) Volumetric Requirements. The target value for the air voids of the HMA shall be 4.0 percent, for IL-4.75 and SMA mixtures it shall be 3.5 percent and for Stabilized Subbase it shall be 3.0 percent at the design number of gyrations. The voids in the mineral aggregate (VMA) and voids filled with asphalt binder (VFA) of the HMA design shall be based on the nominal maximum size of the aggregate in the mix and shall conform to the following requirements.

	Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA), % Minimum for Ndesign							
Mix Design	30	50	70	80	90			
IL-19.0		13.5	13.5		13.5			
IL-9.5		15.0	15.0					
IL-9.5FG		15.0	15.0					
IL-4.75 ^{1/}		18.5						
SMA- 12.5 ^{1/2/5/}				17.03//16.04/				
SMA-9.5 ^{1/2/5/}				17.0 ^{3/} /16.0 ^{4/}				
IL-19.0L	13.5							
IL-9.5L	15.0							

- 1/ Maximum draindown shall be 0.3 percent according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 305.
- 2/ The draindown shall be determined at the JMF asphalt binder content at the mixing temperature plus 30°F.
- 3/ Applies when specific gravity of coarse aggregate is ≥ 2.760 .
- 4/ Applies when specific gravity of coarse aggregate is < 2.760.
- 5/ For surface course, the coarse aggregate can be crushed steel slag, crystalline crushed stone or crushed sandstone. For binder course, coarse aggregate shall be crushed stone (dolomite), crushed gravel, crystalline crushed stone, or crushed sandstone"

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Revise the last paragraph of Article 1102.01 (a) (5) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"IL-4.75 and Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA) mixtures which contain aggregate having absorptions greater than or equal to 2.0 percent, or which contain steal slag sand, shall have minimum surge bin storage plus haul time of 1.5 hours."

Add after third sentence of Article 1030.09(b) to read:

"If the Contractor and Engineer agree the nuclear density test method is not appropriate for the mixture, cores shall be taken at random locations determined according to the QC/QA document "Determination of Random Density Test Site Locations". Core densities shall be determined using the Illinois Modified AASHTO T 166 or T 275 procedure."

Revise Table 1 and Note 4/ of Table 1 in Article 406.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

	Breakdown/Intermediate Roller (one of the following)	Final Roller (one or more of the following)	Density Requirement
IL-9.5, IL- 9.5FG, IL-19.0 ^{1/}	V _D , Р , Т _В , 3W, От, Ов	Vs, T _B , T _F , O _T	As specified in Section 1030
IL-4.75 and SMA ^{3/4/}	Тв, 3W, От	T _F , 3W	As specified in Section 1030
Mixtures on Bridge Decks ^{2/}	Тв	TF	As specified in Articles 582.05 and 582.06.

[&]quot;4/ The Contractor shall provide a minimum of two steel-wheeled tandem rollers (T _B), and/or three-wheel (3W) rollers for breakdown, except one of the (T_B) or (3W) rollers shall be 84 inches (2.14 m) wide and a weight of 315 pound per linear inch (PLI) (5.63 kg/mm) and one of the (T_B) or (3W) rollers can be substituted for an oscillatory roller (O_T). T_F rollers shall be a minimum of 280 lb/in. (50 N/mm). The 3W and T_B rollers shall be operated at a uniform speed not to exceed 3 mph (5 km/h), with the drive roll for T_B rollers nearest the paver and maintain an effective rolling distance of not more than 150 ft (45 m) behind the paver."

Add the following after the fourth paragraph of Article 406.13 (b):

"The plan quantities of SMA mixtures shall be adjusted using the actual approved binder and surface Mix Design's G_{mb}."

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Revise first paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"A test strip of 300 ton (275 metric tons), except for SMA mixtures it will be 400 ton (363 metric ton), will be required for each mixture on each contract at the beginning of HMA production for each construction year according to the Manual of Test Procedures for Materials "Hot Mix Asphalt Test Strip Procedures". At the request of the Producer, the Engineer may waive the test strip if previous construction during the current construction year has demonstrated the constructability of the mix using Department test results."

Revise third paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When a test strip is constructed, the Contractor shall collect and split the mixture according to the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt Test Strip Procedures". The Engineer, or a representative, shall deliver split sample to the District Laboratory for verification testing. The Contractor shall complete mixture tests stated in Article 1030.09(a). Mixture sampled shall include enough material for the Department to conduct mixture tests detailed in Article 1030.09(a) and in the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt Mixture Design Verification Procedure" Section 3.3. The mixture test results shall meet the requirements of Articles 1030.05(b) and 1030.05(d), except Hamburg wheel tests will only be conducted on High ESAL mixtures during production."

HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH

Description. This work shall consist of the removal and satisfactory disposal of ho-mix asphalt surface. The depth of the removal shall vary as shown on the plans. All work shall be done in accordance with Section 440 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement. Hot-mix asphalt surface removal, variable depth will be measured for payment in place and the area computed in square yards.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE REMOVAL, VARIABLE DEPTH.

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TEMPORARY PAVEMENT (VARIABLE DEPTH)

Description. This work shall consist of constructing a temporary pavement at the locations shown on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall use hot-mix asphalt (HMA) according to Sections 355, 356, 406 of the Standard Specifications, and other applicable HMA special provisions as contained herein. The HMA mixtures to be used shall be specified in the Plans. The thickness of the Temporary Pavement shall be as described in the Plans or variable in order to meet existing or interim conditions.

Articles 355.08 and 406.11 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

Method of Measurement. TEMPORARY PAVEMENT (VARIABLE DEPTH) will be measured in place at the equivalent weight in tons based upon the area and average depth placed.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for TEMPORARY PAVEMENT (VARIABLE DEPTH). Removal of temporary pavement (variable depth) will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for PAVEMENT REMOVAL.

TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

Effective: March 1, 2003 Revised: April 10, 2008

Description: This work shall consist of constructing a temporary pavement at the locations shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

The contractor shall use either Portland cement concrete according to Sections 353 and 354 of the Standard Specifications or HMA according to Sections 355, 356, 406 of the Standard Specifications, and other applicable HMA special provisions as contained herein. The HMA mixtures to be used shall be specified in the plans. The thickness of the Temporary Pavement shall be as described in the plans. The contractor shall have the option of constructing either material type if both Portland cement concrete and HMA are shown in the plans.

Articles 355.08 and 406.11 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

The removal of the Temporary Pavement, if required, shall conform to Section 440 of the Standard Specification.

Method of Measurement: Temporary pavement will be measured in place and the area computed in square yards (square meters).

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Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for TEMPORARY PAVEMENT.

Removal of temporary pavement will not be paid for separately. Removal shall be included in the cost of TEMPORARY PAVEMENT.

CONNECTION TO EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURE

Description: This work shall consist of tying into an existing drainage structure by saw cutting and removing portions of existing drainage structure walls to provide an opening for new drainage pipes at locations shown in the plans. The existing structure may have been constructed with a hole formed into it intended to receive the proposed pipe from this contract. In that case, any temporary plugging material such as block and mortar shall be removed, and the hole will be modified, if necessary, and used to receive the new pipe at the downstream invert shown on the plans. This work shall also include the repair of the existing drainage structure wall to effectively fill the voids between the structure and the drainage pipe installed to prevent leakage or the migration of material into or out of the structure.

Method of Measurement: Connections to existing drainage structure will be measured per EACH connection.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING DRAINAGE STRUCTURE.

REMOVE EXISTING FLARED END SECTION

Description: This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of existing flared end sections (FES) at the locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Any damage to elements to remain beyond the limits of removal shall be repaired at the Contractor's own expense. All work shall otherwise conform to applicable articles of Section 551 of the Standard Specifications.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVE EXISTING FLARED END SECTION, regardless of size, location, or material.

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EXISTING FIELD TILE REMOVAL

Description: This work shall consist of the removal and disposal or salvaging of existing field tiles of the various sizes and types, excavation, backfilling (if required) as indicated in locations on the plans or as determined by the Engineer.

This work shall be in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 611 and Section 501 of the Standard Specifications, which apply to Pipe Culvert Removal. Trenches resulting from the removal of existing field tile, which will be allowed below the final grade, shall be backfilled to the applicable requirements of Article 550.07. Any damage made by construction activities to portions of the existing field tile, which is to remain, shall be repaired.

Where field tiles are removed within detention basins, the upstream end will be fitted with a concrete headwall for pipe drains matching into the slope of the basin (covered by a separate pay item). At the downstream end of the removal, removal will occur until the remaining pipe is buried at least 6" below finish grade, and the end of the pipe will be plugged with mortar to prevent the detained water in the pond from releasing into the field tile.

Method of Measurement: Existing field tile removal shall be measured for payment in feet, along the top of the pipe.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for EXISTING FIELD TILE REMOVAL regardless of size or type. Backfilling (if required) for the removal of the existing field tile will not be paid for separately but will be considered included in the unit price bid for EXISTING FIELD TILE REMOVAL.

Plugging the ends of existing pipes to remain will not be paid for as a separate item but shall be considered as included in the unit price bid for the work required as described herein.

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DRAINAGE STRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS

Construction Requirements: Work shall be according to Section 602 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

The Contractor will provide and install Type 1 closed lids with non-skid surfaces at all proposed drainage structures in locations where the lids are within the limits of proposed sidewalks or driveways.

All drainage structure rim elevations shown on the plans are final elevations. It is the Contractor's responsibility to adjust rim elevations as required by the staging activities and to final elevations.

Basis of Payment: This work will be included in the contract unit cost per EACH for the applicable CATCH BASINS, MANHOLES, and INLETS of the applicable sizes, types, for structures with TYPE 1 FRAME, CLOSED LID.

MANHOLES, TYPE A, 6'-DIAMETER, WITH 2 TYPE 1 FRAME, CLOSED LIDS, RESTRICTOR PLATE

Description: This work shall consist of constructing a Type A manhole of the diameter specified with restrictor in accordance with Sections 602 and 1006 of the Standard Specifications and the plans and/or as directed by the Engineer.

Construction Requirements: Construction shall conform to the details shown in the plans, all applicable Standard Drawings, and all applicable portions of Sections 602 and 1006 of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment, complete in place and accepted, in units of EACH.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per EACH for MANHOLES, TYPE A, 6' DIAMETER, WITH 2 TYPE 1 FRAME, CLOSED LIDS, RESTRICTOR PLATE installed. Price will include but not be limited to all frames, grates, lids, sand cushion, steps, 6" concrete wall, flat slab tops, all excavation and backfilling, and all other labor, materials, and equipment needed to perform the work as specified herein.

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INLETS, TYPE A, WITH SPECIAL FRAME AND GRATE, SPECIAL

Construction Requirements: Work shall be according to Section 602 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Frame & Grate: The special frame and grate shall fit the shape of the gutter for a combination curb and gutter, B-6.12 (depressed). The Contractor shall match the flowline of the frame/grate to the flowline of the B6.12 (depressed) curb and gutter to account for any dimensional variations.

- 1. Neenah Foundry R-3205 with Type K Grate
- 2. East Jordan Iron Works 5031-M
- 3. US Foundry 5100 Valley Gutter w/ 6147 Grate

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit cost per each for INLET, TYPE A, WITH SPECIAL FRAME AND GRATE, SPECIAL.

STORM SEWER ADJACENT TO OR CROSSING WATER MAIN

This work consists of constructing storm sewer adjacent to or crossing a water main, at the locations shown on the plans. The material and installation requirements shall be according to the latest edition of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", and the applicable portions of Section 550 of the Standard Specifications; which may include concrete collars and encasing pipe with seals if required.

Pipe materials shall meet the requirements of Sections 40 and 41-2.01 of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", except PVC pipe will not be allowed. Ductile-Iron pipe shall meet the minimum requirements for Thickness Class 50.

Encasing of standard type storm sewer, according to the details for "Water and Sewer Separation Requirements (Vertical Separation)" in the "STANDARD DRAWINGS" Division of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", may be used for storm sewers crossing water mains.

Basis of Payment. This work will be paid according to Article 550.10 of the Standard Specifications, except the pay item shall be STORM SEWER (WATER MAIN REQUIREMENTS) of the diameter specified or STORM SEWER, of the type specified, WATER MAIN QUALITY PIPE, of the diameter specified.

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TEMPORARY STORM SEWERS, CLASS A, TYPE 2 24"

Description: Work shall consist of constructing temporary storm sewers at the locations shown on the plans as a means of maintaining positive site drainage during the stages of construction. Work shall be in accordance with Section 550 of the Standard Specifications, except where modified herein.

The material of the temporary storm sewer pipe shall be of similar size and material as the existing pipe it is connecting to.

Backfilling of the temporary storm sewer pipe trench shall consist of CLSM to a distance of 2' beyond the proposed back of curb to the level of the proposed subgrade. The remainder of the trench shall be filled with trench back fill. Compaction of trench backfill shall be by means of Method 1 as described in the Standard Specifications.

Connection of the temporary storm sewer pipe to the existing storm sewer pipe shall provide unrestricted flow of stormwater and may require the use of a concrete collar prior to the placement of CLSM to avoid infiltration into the pipe if a watertight seal cannot be made.

Pumping of stormwater may also be required from upstream structures to allow for the connection to be made in the dry.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment in accordance with Article 550.09 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Trench backfill, CLSM backfill, temporary pumping, means of providing a satisfactory connection to existing sewers as described, and all other work described in this specification will not be measured separately, but shall be included in the per foot measurement of the temporary storm sewer pipe.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit cost per foot for TEMPORARY STORM SEWERS, CLASS A, TYPE 2 24" and shall include all labor, materials and equipment required to complete the installation as described.

ABANDON AND FILL EXISTING STORM SEWER

Description: Work shall consist of filling of abandoned storm sewers with CLSM backfill at the locations shown on the plans, and in accordance with Section 593 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Placement of CLSM shall include sealing the existing ends of the storm sewer pipe with brick and mortar or Class SI concrete and shall be sufficient to withstand the hydrostatic load generated while filling the pipe. Appurtenances such as PVC fill pipes may be

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required to deliver the CLSM into the pipe and shall be installed in such a manner as to demonstrate that the CLSM has completely filled the inside of the existing pipe and that no voids exist after the filling operation. The Contractor shall gain the approval of the Engineer for alternative methods of filling the pipe with CLSM.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment per FOOT of existing storm sewer filled with CLSM.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit cost per foot for ABANDON AND FILL EXISTING STORM SEWER and shall include all labor, materials and equipment required to complete the work as described herein.

DEWATERING

Description: During dewatering operations, if required, water will be filtered or pumped into sediment basins or silt traps. Dewatering directly into streams, wetlands, field tiles, stormwater structures, or adjacent properties is prohibited.

Basis of Payment: Dewatering for any and all portions of work shall not be measured separately for payment but shall be considered included in the contract unit price for the various items as bid that require dewatering to construct. Silt traps or sediment basins shall not be measured separately for payment, but shall be considered part of dewatering and included in the contract unit cost for the various items as bid.

FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE RELOCATED

Description: This work shall consist of moving, adjusting, or relocating existing fire hydrants, auxiliary valves, piping, and appurtenances at the locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The work shall conform to the applicable portions of the latest editions of the "Standard Specifications for Water and Sewer Main Construction in Illinois", and Section 564 of the IDOT "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction". Any work requiring the shutting off a section of the main for the extension of connections shall be coordinated by the Contractor with the Village of New Lenox prior to any work being completed.

Method of Measurement and Basis of Payment: This work will be measured and paid for per each for FIRE HYDRANTS TO BE RELOCATED.

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CONTROLLED LOW-STRENGTH MATERIAL (WCDOT)

Controlled low-strength material (CLSM) shall be placed according to Section 593 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction except that the material used shall be "Mix 2" as specified in Article 1019.05.

COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER, TYPE M (MODIFIED)

Description: This work shall be according to the applicable portions of Section 606 of the Standard Specifications and the following:

The Combination Concrete Curb and Gutter, Type M (Modified) shall be constructed according to the Village of New Lenox Standard Detail #27 provided in the plans.

Description: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND CUTTER, TYPE M (MODIFIED).

HOT-MIX ASPHALT MEDIAN SURFACE, 4 INCH

Description: This work shall consist of placement of HMA median surface. This work shall be according to the applicable portions of Section 406 of the Standard Specifications and the following

The hot-mix asphalt surface mix and binder mix shall comply with the mix designs specified in the plans.

Description: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot for HOT-MIX ASPHALT MEDIAN SURFACE, 4 INCH.

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NOISE ABATEMENT WALL, GROUND MOUNTED

DESCRIPTION

This item shall consist of furnishing the complete design, design (working) drawings, shop drawings, materials, testing, warranties, labor, and equipment necessary to manufacture and construct noise abatement walls at the locations shown on the contract plans, in accordance with these special provisions, the Standard Specifications, and the approved contractor prepared working drawings. The noise abatement walls shall be constructed to the lengths and minimum heights shown in the contract plans and as described in this special provision. The noise abatement wall posts shall be ground mounted. Noise abatement walls shall be precast concrete. Also included in this item is integral concrete retaining walls as required by the Contractor's design.

DEFINITIONS

Wall System Supplier: The manufacturer responsible for the design, precasting, and integration of all noise abatement wall elements into a fully complete system meeting the requirements of this work.

Noise abatement wall: A wall designed to attenuate the sounds generated by highway traffic before the sounds travel outside of the highway right-of-way and capable of meeting the requirements of the work.

Zone of Influence: The zone or volume bounded by the construction limits of noise abatement walls, including excavation and backfill, and extending horizontally, an additional ten feet.

Service Life: The limit of time in which the wall satisfactorily provides its intended function. Over this time, the Noise Wall Systems shall:

- Provide the required noise attenuation
- Meet the original specified material requirements
- Meet all structural and safety requirements
- Meet construction requirements regarding horizontal and vertical alignment

REFERENCED STANDARDS

In addition to the Illinois Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, the following specifications and standards shall govern the design, fabrication and installation of noise abatement walls comprised of precast concrete.

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The standards and specifications shall be the latest edition as revised to the date of the Advertisement for Bids.

- 1. AASHTO Guide Specifications for Structural Design of Sound Barriers, 1989 with 1992 Interim.
- 2. AASHTO Standard Specifications for Transportation Materials and Methods of Sampling and Testing.
- 3. ASCE 7-02, Wind Load Provisions.
- 4. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
 - Building Materials Directory
 - International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO)
 - International Building Code (IBC), 2003 or latest edition, and State of Illinois amendments, referred to herein as Building Code.
- 5. United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).
 - Noise Barrier Design Handbook (Report No. FHWA-RD-76-58).
- 6. National Co-operative Highway Research Program Report 350. (Crashworthiness of noise abatement walls in the roadway clear zone).
- 7. Precast Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI) Design Handbook.
- 8. Standards promulgated by the ASTM International (ASTM), including item C33, Specification for Concrete Aggregates.
- 9. Interim Guidelines for the Use of Self Consolidating Concrete in PCI Members (PCI).

Should a conflict occur between the Standard Specifications and another specification, standard or requirement, the Standard Specifications shall govern. This special provision shall govern over the Standard Specifications.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

 Noise abatement walls shall consist of precast concrete panels spanning between precast concrete vertical posts supported by steel reinforced concrete caisson foundations. The precast concrete panels and posts may be conventionally reinforced, pre-stressed, post-tensioned, or any combination that meets the requirements of the Contract.

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 The Wall System Supplier shall be on the most current Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Approved List of Certified Precast Concrete Producers for the Product Key: H.2 "Walls - Noise Abatement Walls (Reflective Type)" at the advertisement date of the contract for this project.

- 3. The Contractor shall be responsible for any changes required to the Maintenance of Traffic (MOT) plan due to the Contractor's accepted shop and working drawings. Any changes to the MOT shall comply with Section 701 of the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications and Maintenance of Traffic Special Provisions. The Contractor must abide by the Contract Completion Date and Interim Completion Dates of the overall project. Time extensions will not be approved due to delays in completing the final working drawings, shop drawings and modification to the MOT plan for noise abatement wall related work.
- 4. The Contractor shall identify the Wall System Supplier and its design consulting firm, if applicable, that will be providing the design of the noise abatement walls. If the Wall System Supplier proposes to utilize more than one firm to provide the design services required for the noise abatement walls, all proposed firms shall be identified. The Wall System Supplier shall indicate the roles of each of the individual design firms. The design consulting firm(s) shall meet the following minimum qualifications:
 - Illinois Department of Transportation Prequalification of Structures: Highway Bridges-Typical.
 - Sufficiently staffed and capable of performing the required structural design in accordance with the contract documents.

The Wall System Supplier may perform the design work itself provided the responsible designer is a Licensed Structural Engineer registered in the State of Illinois with a minimum of three years of relevant experience.

- 5. The noise abatement walls shall be designed to safely support all wind loads, earth pressures, surcharges and other lateral loads from temporary construction operations and loadings.
- 6. The Contractor shall verify and accommodate the presence and specific location of all existing and proposed utilities and underground structures located near or beneath the proposed noise abatement walls and shall take all necessary precautions to perform the work in such a manner as to not damage them. Any damage to existing utilities or structures shall be repaired at no cost to the County. The Contractor shall locate caisson foundations to clear existing underground utilities and structures. The wall foundation design and layout shall endeavor to maximize the clear distance between the wall foundations and water

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mains and sanitary sewers that cross under the walls, The minimum allowable clear distance shall be (5) five feet.

7. The Contractor shall identify any adjustments required to other work items shown in the plans due to the proposed arrangement and details for the noise abatement walls. Proposed adjustments must be reviewed and accepted by the County prior to performing any adjustment work. Additional costs for any adjustments shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS - GENERAL

- 1. The noise abatement wall design shall follow the general dimensions of the wall envelope as shown on the plans. The top of noise abatement walls shall be at or above the minimum acoustical profile line shown on the plans.
- Sound Transmission Class: The noise abatement walls shall be reflective or absorptive system. The reflectiveness vs. absorptiveness of the wall shall be measured using the noise reduction coefficient (NRC), which measures a material's sound absorption quality, and is derived using tests on the material at 250, 500, 1000, and 2000 Hz. The recommended NRC value shall be equal to 0.5 rating or less.

The noise abatement walls shall be designed to achieve a Sound Transmission Class (STC) equal to or greater than 20 when tested in accordance with ASTM E 90. The test frequency band shall be extended to include the 125 and 4000 Hz bands.

The Wall System Supplier shall submit a test report from an independent nationally accredited testing laboratory documenting the sound transmission loss.

- 3. The noise abatement walls shall be designed for a minimum service life of 25 years based on the consideration of the potential long-term effects of weathering, corrosion, spray from de-icing chemicals, and other potentially deleterious environmental factors on each of the material components comprising the noise abatement walls.
- 4. The noise abatement walls shall retain their aesthetic appearance and be essentially maintenance free throughout their design service life. Their design shall not be conducive to providing habitat for wildlife, such as bird nests and perching areas. The design shall avoid entrapment of water, dirt, and debris. Where the existing ground line on the outboard (lot) side of the wall slopes inward toward the wall, four-inch diameter holes at 20-foot maximum spacing shall be

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provided in the wall panels as shown in the plans to allow water to pass through the walls.

- 5. All noise abatement wall surfaces of the panels and posts shall be provided with a coating to seal the surfaces against the intrusion of deicing salts and water. The sealing coating shall successfully pass the Water Vapor Transmission Tests, as specified in ASTM D 1653.
- 6. All noise abatement wall materials shall be manufactured from fire retardant materials that meet State and local requirement.
- 7. Noise abatement wall materials shall not release any toxic material into the surrounding area.
- 8. Noise abatement walls shall be provided with enhanced aesthetics produced through the use of form liners and concrete staining. See section below titled "AESTHETICS" for additional specific requirements.
- Wall Panels: The wall designs shall consist of a system of wall panel sections held in place by slotted concrete posts. The height of any one panel section shall not be less than two feet. No more than three panel sections may be stacked
- 10. Posts shall be installed at a minimum on-center dimension of 12 feet except where the post spacing needs to be adjusted to avoid conflicts with utilities. In no instance shall the post spacing exceed twenty-four feet center to center. The posts shall be solid with no internal void space. The top of installed posts shall be at the same elevation as the top of wall panels they support. Posts shall be cast with slots to receive the wall panels.

For tangent wall runs, posts shall be rectangular in section and measure no less than 16 inches on each side. End posts shall be provided with a slot on one side only at the end of each run of wall to provide a finished appearance.

Posts shall be located at the point of tangency where wall offset and layout direction changes as shown on the plans are required. Post sections at these locations may require a non-rectangular shape in order to accommodate the panel slots at different angles, but the overall dimensions should adhere to the space requirements as shown in the plans, and the appearance of these posts should match the rectangular post sections as close as practical.

11. The top of installed wall panels shall be level. Changes in top of wall elevation shall be accomplished by stepping adjacent sections of panels in increments not to exceed one foot. The stepping of adjacent sections shall occur at post locations. The minimum horizontal length of constant elevation of the top of a

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wall section shall be 36 feet. The elevation of the top of noise abatement walls shall not be lower than the minimum acoustical profile shown in the contract plans.

- 12. Noise abatement wall panels and posts shall extend a minimum of 6 inches below the lowest finished grade line, as shown on the plans. No daylight shall be visible through noise abatement walls at any locations including the joints, connections, and anchorage systems, the exception being at the location of the four-inch (4") drain holes.
- 13. Noise abatement wall foundations, post spacings and connection details shall be coordinated to avoid conflicts with utilities and other existing facilities.
- 14. All appurtenances behind, in front of, under, over, mounted upon, or passing through the noise wall, such as drainage structures, utilities or appurtenances shown on the plans, shall be accounted for in the design of the noise abatement wall system and shown in the design drawings. Access door locations shall be shown as required by the Contractor's design.
- 15. If the noise abatement Wall System Supplier needs additional information to complete the design, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining such information.

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS - STRUCTURAL

- 1. Design horizontal pressures shall account for the direction of wind, height, and elevation of the wall, topography factors and gust factors. The dead load shall consist of the weight of all the component materials making up the noise abatement walls.
- 2. The point of action of the weight of the individual components shall be their respective centers of gravity. The noise abatement walls shall be designed to withstand a wind pressure applied perpendicular to the wall and separately in each direction of a minimum of 25 pounds per square foot for ground-mounted noise walls in accordance with the AASHTO Guide Specifications for Structural Design of Sound Barriers. The design wind loading shall be a minimum of 35 pounds per square foot when located on retaining walls or where it is located less than a distance equal to the height of the wall away from the edge of pavement. Deflection of panels shall be limited to L/240 where L is equal to the length between panel supports.
- 3. The design of the noise abatement walls shall include the effects of lateral earth pressure when the finish or interim grade lines on either side of the wall, as shown in the plans, are unequal.

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4. All loading and geometric requirements as specified in the AASHTO Standard Specification shall be satisfied.

- 5. Seismic loads shall be determined in accordance with Sub-Section 1-2.1.3 of the AASHTO Guide Specifications for Structural Design of Sound Barriers.
- 6. Expansion and Contraction Devices: The noise abatement walls shall be designed with consideration of the movements in the wall due to temperature changes, dead loads and wind loads. Locations and spacing of expansion devices shall be as designed by the Contractor and reviewed by the County.
- 7. Permanent stabilizers shall be provided between posts and panels to maintain the vertical positions of the panel while resisting the perpendicular lateral loading primarily due to wind.

The stabilizers shall be spaced at intervals not to exceed 4 feet and shall have a minimum height of 4 inches. Proposed permanent stabilizers shall be submitted to the County for review prior to shop drawing acceptance.

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS- FOUNDATION AND GEOTECHNICAL

- 1. The noise abatement walls shall utilize reinforced concrete caisson foundations. The foundations shall extend a minimum of four feet below the lowest finished grade line or two times the caisson diameter, whichever is greater. The caisson foundations shall be designed to resist all specified lateral forces, including wind, and the actual required lengths of the caissons shall be determined by the Contractor's design.
- 2. Subsurface soil exploration and testing program has been conducted for the noise abatement walls. The boring logs from that program are included as Attachment B at the end of this special provision. If additional supplemental subsurface information through further soil exploration and testing is considered necessary by the Contractor, he shall be responsible for obtaining that information with no additional payment being made for it.

AESTHETIC REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Noise abatement walls shall be provided with a surface pattern produced through the use of a form liner. The following form-liner is approved for use in this Contract:
 - a. Scott System Urethane Formliner #192 (Fence Stone).

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Multi-color staining shall be applied to the noise abatement walls surfaces. For additional information regarding the required multi-color stain, contact Eric Wesel of the Will County Department of Highways at (815) 727-8476.

- 2. The surface pattern produced with form liners shall have a minimum reveal depth of one inch. The form liner used to create the required pattern shall be of high quality and capable of withstanding anticipated concrete pour pressures without causing leakage or causing physical defects. The liner shall be made from high-strength elastomeric urethane material that shall not compress more than 0.02 feet when poured at a rate of 10 vertical feet per hour. The form release agents shall be non-staining, non-residual and non-reactive.
- 3. The base stain color shall be a shade of light brown that is fully acceptable and approved by the County and the Engineer. Up to three additional colors may be required to accomplish the required complete finish coloring. The accent colors shall be earthen colors of varying tones that are fully acceptable and approved by the County and the Engineer.
- 4. The surface pattern and multi-color staining of precast concrete posts shall match that of the precast concrete panels. Posts shall be provided with integral yet distinct caps. Wall panels shall be provided with integral yet distinct banding along their top that provides the look of a soldier course. Post caps and panel banding shall have a pattern and multi-color staining that is consistent with the remaining portions of the posts and panels that are fully acceptable and approved by the County and the Engineer.
- 5. Precast wall panels shall be provided with the required pattern and colors on both front and back faces and on any ends that will be visible after installation. Wall posts shall be provided with the required pattern and multi-color staining all the way around, on all of their visible surfaces.
- 6. Concrete pours for precast panels and posts shall be coordinated to prevent visible differences between individual elements, pours, or batches. For walls that will require more than one (1) panel set vertically in between a pair of any two posts, the Contractor shall submit details to the Engineer outlining how the form liner pattern will line up to ensure a uniform appearance of the wall. The forming details must be approved by the Engineer prior to casting the panels.
- 7. The panels and posts shall not contain patched or unpatched tie holes.
- 8. The exact surface pattern and multi-color staining for noise abatement walls shall be approved the Engineer as coordinated with the County before casting of any production panels or posts.

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9. The Wall System Supplier shall submit detailed information of the proposed pattern and multi-color staining for review and approval by the County and the Engineer.

After approval of that information, the Wall System Supplier shall make a full scale representative sample of the precast post and panel wall system using the same materials, forms and equipment that will be used in making the actual walls. The panel of that system shall have a minimum length of 2 feet and a minimum height of 2 feet and include the top banding. That sample shall include two supporting posts with caps. If the representative sample of the wall system is not found to be fully acceptable by the County or the Engineer, the Contractor shall make the requested modifications and produce additional samples until one is determined to be acceptable. The approved representative sample shall then become the standard of comparison for the walls to be constructed. The sample system shall be erected at a location on the project site designated by the Engineer for future reference during wall construction and inspection.

The Contractor shall consider in his schedule adequate time needed for the process of making these information submittals and constructing the representative sample(s) and for the County and the Engineer to review and approve them.

The representative sample system shall not be included in the final construction of noise abatement walls. At the conclusion of the project, the representative sample system shall to be removed and disposed of by the Contractor after direction to do so is provided by the Engineer.

The cost of producing and achieving an approved representative sample system will not be measured for separate payment but will be considered to be included in the unit price of the noise abatement walls.

MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Precast Concrete Panels and Posts

Precast concrete for precast concrete noise abatement wall panels and posts, shall conform to the requirements of the applicable portions of Section 504 and 1020 of the Standard Specifications. Manufacturer's specifications and mix designs shall be submitted for approval to the Engineer.

1. Concrete for precast, prestressed units shall be Class PS Portland cement concrete; with a minimum compressive strength of 3,500 psi at release and 5,000 psi at 28 days age. Class PS concrete shall conform to the requirements of Section 1020 of the Standard Specifications.

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2. The concrete for precast, non-prestressed units shall be IDOT Class PC Portland cement, with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi at 28 days age. Class PC concrete shall conform to the requirements of Section 1020 of the Standard Specifications.

3. Before the specified strength is attained, precast concrete wall elements shall be cured by steam, wetted burlap or polyethylene sheet methods. The use of membrane curing compounds shall not be used. The curing methods shall be compatible with the desired aesthetic results.

Foundation Concrete

Concrete for constructing noise abatement wall foundations shall be Class SI conforming to Section 1020 of the Standard Specifications.

Reinforcing Steel and Welded Wire Fabric

Reinforcing steel shall be in accordance with Article 1006.10 of the Standard Specifications. Welded wire fabric shall be in accordance with Article 1006.10 of the Standard Specifications. The reinforcing steel and welded wire fabric for precast panels, precast posts, and foundations shall be epoxy coated conforming to Article 1006.10 of the Standard Specifications.

Pre-stressing Steel Strands

Pre-stressing steel strands for precast concrete noise abatement wall panels and precast concrete posts shall conform to Article 1006.10 of the Standard Specifications.

Structural Steel

Unless otherwise specified, any structural steel required for the walls shall conform to ASTM A 709 (ASSHTO M 270) Grade 36, and as specified in Article 1006.04 of the Standard Specifications. Structural steel exposed to weathering shall be hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 123 (AASHTO M 111).

Galvanized surfaces shall be prepared in accordance with the paint manufacturer's recommendations.

Anchor Bolt Assemblies

Anchor bolts shall be cast-in-place and shall conform to Article 1006.09 of the Standard Specifications. If the anchor bolts in accordance with the Standard Specifications have insufficient shear or tensile strength by maximum dimensions, they may conform to the requirements of ASTM F1554. Hooked anchor bolts are not allowed. Anchor bolt assemblies shall be furnished with either anchorage plates meeting Article 1006.09 of the Standard Specifications, or plate washers in accordance with ASTM A 572 (AASHTO M223) Grade 50. Anchor plates and plate

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washers shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A 153 (AASHTO M 232).

Fasteners and Hardware

Miscellaneous fasteners and hardware shall conform to Article 1006.08 of the Standard Specifications and shall be galvanized steel in accordance with ASTM A153 (AASHTO M232).

Fasteners for structural steel, other than anchor bolts, shall be high strength structural bolts in conformance with ASTM A 325 (AASHTO M 164), Type I and shall be mechanically galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 153 (AASHTO M 232).

Stain & Sealer

Concrete stain and surface sealer material shall be stored in an area where temperatures will not be less than 50°F or more than 100°F in accordance with OSHA and local Fire Code requirements.

The staining products shall be compatible with the surface sealing coating.

Stains shall be water-based acrylic stain. The staining products shall be compatible with the surface sealing coating specified. The County may waive the requirement of a separate sealing product if the staining product also meets the performance requirements of the sealing product.

Penetrating concrete stain mix, shall achieve color variations present in the natural stone being simulated for this project. Stain shall create a surface that is breathable (allowing water vapor transmission), and that resists deterioration from water, acid, alkali, fungi, sunlight, or weathering. Stain mix shall be a waterborne, low V.O.C. material, less than 1.5 lbs./gal., and shall meet requirements for weathering resistance of 2000 hours accelerated exposure.

The sealer shall be UV stable, non-yellowing, V.O.C. compliant with EPA 40 CFR Part 59, and accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Access Doors

All access doors shall be designed to fit within the design of the noise wall as shown on the plans. Doors shall be complete with hardware and locking devices. Each door shall provide a 3 ft (0.9m) wide by 7 ft (2.1 m) high minimum clear access opening. Both door jambs shall be securely fastened to anchored posts. Front and back face of the installed door shall be flush with the faces of the noise wall.

Perimeter and internal door frame shall consist of welded hot dip galvanized steel channels and miscellaneous angle stiffeners and plates designed to provide support

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for noise wall panels to match the noise wall material as specified in this special provision. Infill noise panel geometry and color shall match the adjacent noise wall panels. Noise wall panels shall be fastened to steel frames as per panel manufacturer's recommendations. The door, jambs, head, hinges, door appurtenances, and adjacent ground mounted posts shall be designed to withstand the wind pressure of 25 psf (122 kg/m2) with the door in fully open and fully closed positions and support the weight of the door and a 300 lb (136 kg) vertical load on the non-hinged side of the door. Provide steel bracing as required. Door bottom shall be equipped with drainage holes to avoid accumulation of trapped moisture.

Door jambs and head section shall be hot dip galvanized steel. Door hinges shall be barrel type, edge mount, extra heavy-duty, hot dip galvanized steel or stainless steel. The hinges shall be designed to support the weight of door assembly, wind loads on the open door, and a 300 lb (136kg) vertical load on the non-hinged side of the door.

Door pulls shall be provided on both sides of access door(s). Door locking hardware shall be hasp-type to be used with a padlock and shall be located according to local fire department or ComEd requirements as applicable. A solid steel Knox-Box shall be provided and mounted near the hasp location at the steel post on the locking hardware side of door. The Knox-box for emergency access doors shall be according to local fire department requirements.

Doors shall be equipped with lifting bolts or beams as required for safe lifting of door units.

SUBMITTALS

General

Submittals shall be in conformance with Article 105.04 of the Standard Specifications except as modified herein.

Wall System Supplier Information

The Contractor shall submit the following documents for the County's review, prior to the issuance of the notice to proceed with noise abatement wall work:

- 1. Specifications for all materials, including trade names of the products along with the name and address of the Wall System Supplier, and the name of the Wall System Supplier's contact person.
- 2. A list of representative projects previously completed by the Wall System Supplier including key owner contacts.

Precast Concrete Information

1. Product technical data including:

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a. Manufacturer's information on aggregate and cement type to be used in manufacturing the noise wall posts and panels.

- b. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 2. Certificate: Manufacturer's certification that precast panels furnished meet or exceed the specifications.
- 3. Qualifications of testing lab and technician.

Other Wall Materials Information

- 1. Documentation that provides technical data confirming that sunlight and headlight glare reflected from the proposed noise abatement wall materials do not cause glare to the motoring public.
- 2. Documentation that provides technical data confirming that the material that will be used to construct the proposed noise abatement walls is resistant to ultra violet deterioration and degradation within its minimum service life.

Design Calculations, Shop Drawings, and Working Drawings

The Contractor shall submit final design calculations and detailed shop drawings for the noise abatement walls no later than 90 days after the Notice to Proceed, or no later than 90 days prior to the scheduled start of construction of the walls, whichever date is earlier. Working drawings and Shop drawings including calculations shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with Article 105.04 of the Standard Specifications. Partial and/or incomplete submittals will not be allowed and will be returned with the response "Make Corrections as Noted", or "Rejected" if submitted without prior approval of the County. The Contractor shall consider in his/her schedule a 14 calendar day period from the date the submittal is received by the County to the expected date of return with comment. This 14-day review period shall be considered with any resubmittal, and such resubmittals shall not be considered cause for an extension of time to the contract.

The design calculations, shop drawings, and working drawings shall be submitted under the seal of a Structural Engineer currently licensed by the State of Illinois. The County reserves the right to require proof of licensure.

The design calculations shall demonstrate that the design criteria as set forth in the contract have been satisfied. They shall be prepared on 8-1/2 inch x 11 inch pages, which shall be neat, legible, organized and indexed. Pages for calculations and notes shall contain the project designation, wall designation, date of preparation, initials of the designer, initials of the checker, and the page number at the top of each page.

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The shop drawings shall meet IDOT requirements, and include all views, detail, notes, erection sequences, quantities and cross sections necessary to construct the noise abatement walls. The shop drawings shall be prepared on sheets 11 inch x 17 inch. Each sheet shall have a title block in the lower right hand corner. The title block shall include the number and description of the drawing, name or designation of the noise abatement wall (or station limits), the project designation, the County's name, the designer, the Wall System Supplier, and the Contractor. The Contractor shall also provide the County with an electronic format copy of the final accepted Shop Drawings including the Structural Engineer seal and signature, in a MicroStation and/or Acrobat PDF, or other format as coordinated with Will County.

The shop drawings shall include the following:

- General information shall include the index of drawings, general notes, design criteria, erection sequence, specifications, material strengths and designations, horizontal and vertical control data, and a Bill of Materials necessary to construct each section of noise abatement walls with supporting foundation or parapet blister.
- 2. Elevation views of the noise abatement walls shall show: post and panel designations; beginning and ending stations and offsets; overall wall length dimension; post-to-post spacing; elevations of the top of the noise abatement walls at all changes in vertical profile and at 50-foot minimum intervals; elevations of the bottom of the noise abatement walls at all changes in vertical profile and at 50-foot minimum intervals; elevations of the proposed ground line at the centerline of the ground mounted noise abatement walls at one foot vertical intervals, low points, high points, and at 50-foot minimum intervals; elevations of the top of foundations; locations of all expansion joints; zone of influence, and limits of all appurtenances within the zone of influence.

Post location and spacing for ground mounted walls shall be coordinated with existing and/or proposed drainage structures and storm sewers, as well as, waterlines, pipelines, electrical lines, telephone lines, and all other miscellaneous utilities, and shall be adjusted as necessary to avoid conflicts therewith.

3. Plan views of the noise abatement walls shall show: the noise abatement wall foundations; post, panel and foundation designations; starting point and ending point stations; overall length dimension; stations and offsets from the project horizontal control line to the centerline of the noise abatement wall posts; locations of all expansion joints; locations of all soil borings; zone of influence, and distances to all appurtenances within the Zone of influence, such as, roadway lighting, signage, drainage structures; other foundations and all utilities.

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4. All panel types shall be detailed. The details shall show dimensions necessary to cast and construct each type of panel, reinforcing steel in the panel with bill of bars and bend details, and the location of post or foundation connection hardware and lifting devices embedded in the panels if applicable.

- 5. Details of wall panels with appurtenances attached to or passing through the wall, as shown on the contract plans, such as utilities, access doors, drainage structures, sign structures, etc. shall be shown. Any modifications to the design or location of these appurtenances to accommodate a particular system shall also be submitted.
- 6. Architectural panel treatment, including form liner produced pattern and stain produced color.
- 7. The details for the connection between panels and posts, as well as, the post connection to the foundation, shall be shown. A foundation detail shall be shown indicating the reinforcement and post anchorage system for ground mounted noise abatement walls.
- 8. Any additional geotechnical information obtained by the Contractor for design of ground mounted noise abatement walls not already provided for in the contract plans and these special provisions shall be shown

Basis of Design and installation

The Wall System Supplier shall submit the basis for his geotechnical assessment for design of noise abatement walls.

The Wall System Supplier shall submit the reaction forces anticipated that the noise abatement walls transmit to the supporting foundation.

The Wall System Supplier shall submit the proposed installation procedures and sequence of construction for the noise abatement wall systems.

Test Results

Per Section 106 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall submit all test results necessary to assure compliance of the materials with this special provision, and shall furnish copies of such test results to the County. The Contractor shall not make use of nor incorporate into the work any materials until the tests have been made and the materials are found to be acceptable and in compliance with the requirements of this special provision. Tests shall be performed by a nationally accredited testing laboratory, and the test results shall be notarized.

The submittal shall include, but not be limited to, test result for concrete:

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Sound Transmission Class (STC).
 Sound Transmission Quality Control Testing of precast concrete

2. Precast Concrete

- Quality control testing of precast concrete panels and posts, including certification of all materials incorporated into the panels Class PC or PS Concrete
 - compressive strengths
 - slump & air
- b. Self-Consolidating Concrete (SCC)
 - slump flow
 - compressive strengths
 - visual stability index
 - passing ability
 - static/dynamic segregation of any sec mixtures
- 3. Water Vapor Transmission Test-ASTM D 1653.
- 4. Concrete for foundations per Section 1020 of the Standard Specifications for Portland Cement Concrete requirements.
- 5. Additional testing or retesting of concrete materials or other cement-containing products occasioned by their failure, by test or inspection, to meet requirements of the contract documents.

Mix Design

The Contractor shall submit concrete mix designs in conjunction with the submittal of the shop drawings. The mix design submittal shall include product data on all materials used in the mix, material sources and material testing. All mix designs for Portland Cement Concrete shall be in accordance with Section 1020 of the I DOT Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall consider in his schedule a 14-calendar day period from the date the submittal is received by the County to the expected date of return with comment. This 14-day period shall be considered with any resubmittal, and such resubmittals shall not be considered caused for an extension of time to the contract.

Warranties

The Contractor shall submit all System Supplier's warranties for materials incorporated into the Work. The materials including concrete staining shall be impervious to road salt and calcium chloride.

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In the event any defects occur, the Contractor shall complete the repairs at his expense within 60 days of the final inspection.

FABRICATION, CONSTRUCTION AND ERECTION REQUIREMENTS

On Site Technical Assistance

The Contractor shall obtain on-site technical assistance from the Wall System Supplier during the erection of the first series of wall posts and panels.

Delivery, Storage, and Handling

The Contractor shall inspect all materials and allow the County to inspect all materials as the materials arrive at the project site. The Contractor shall follow the Wall System Supplier's recommendations in regard to protecting the materials from mechanical damage and damage due to excessive temperatures, sunlight, moisture, dirt and debris. Any materials damaged during storage or installation shall be promptly replaced at no additional cost to the County.

All materials shall be stored on level platforms and be covered and protected against wetting prior to use.

Precast Concrete Panels and Posts

Fabrication, construction and erection of the precast concrete noise abatement walls shall be accomplished in accordance with the details shown on the approved working and shop drawings, this special provision, Section 504 of the Standard Specifications, as <u>recommended by the Wall System Supplier</u>, and <u>as approved</u> by the County

The thickness of panels shall not be less than 4 inches plus the dimension of the form liner projection. The depths of the surface treatments shall not be included in calculating the minimum panel thickness. The minimum concrete cover over reinforcing shall be:

- 1. Steel reinforcing bars and welded wire fabric: 1.50 inches.
- 2. Pre-stressing strands: 1.50 inches.

If the finished grade lines on both sides of a noise abatement wall are at equal elevations, the noise abatement wall shall be embedded at least 6 inches below the finished grade line. If a difference in finished grade line elevations exist from one side of the ground mounted noise abatement wall to the other side, the noise abatement wall shall be embedded at least 6 inches below the lower finished grade

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line. No field cutting of the panels shall be permitted, except as required by the Plans or ordered by the County.

The constructed horizontal alignment of noise abatements wall shall be within one inch of the designed alignment. The accepted plumbness of the posts and panels shall be 1/2 inch per 10 feet of wall height.

Staining of Precast Concrete Post And Panels

Application of stain on precast concrete posts and panels—shall be applied to a clean surface free of latency, dirt, dust, grease, efflorescence, paint, or other foreign material, following manufacturer's requirements for surface preparation. Sand blast cleaning shall not be performed. Surfaces to receive stain shall be structurally sound, clean, dry, fully cured. Concrete shall also be a minimum of 30-days old prior to the application of stain, unless otherwise allowed earlier by the manufacturer specifications. Stain shall be thoroughly mixed in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. Stain shall not be thinned. Stain shall be applied at the rate recommended by the stain manufacturer. Absorption rates shall be increased or decreased depending on the surface texture and porosity of the substrate so as to achieve even staining.

The stain manufacturer's temperature and humidity requirement shall be adhered to. Stain shall not be applied under rainy conditions or within 3 days after the surface has become wet.

Splatters and over spray shall be promptly cleaned up.

Hardware and Fasteners

Hardware and fasteners shall be installed in accordance with the Wall System Supplier's recommendations and as approved by the County.

Excavation and Backfill

Excavation shall be performed in accordance with the shop drawings, working drawings and Section 202 of the Standard Specifications. Drilled caisson shafts shall be constructed in accordance with Section 516 of the Standard Specifications.

If Unsuitable Material is present at or below the foundation level, it shall be removed per Section 202 of the Standard Specifications, and replaced with Special Fill or Porous Granular Backfill (or CA18 grade aggregate) to a depth, length and width determined by the Engineer. Special Fill or Porous Granular Backfill shall be placed in accordance with Section 206 of the Standard Specifications.

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Unsuitable Material shall be any soil material containing vegetable or organic material, such as mulch, peat, or debris such as wood, glass, concrete and brick pieces. In addition to the locations shown on the Plans, Unsuitable Material shall also be any material determined to be unsuitable by the Engineer. Soils classified as PT, OH, OL, and MH as per the United Soil Classification System shall also be considered Unsuitable Material. All open trenches and holes resulting from excavation, placement of the wall and posts shall be protected. The length of open trench shall be limited to 100 feet.

Site excavations and/or fill construction shall be completed to plan elevations and profiles prior to the start of ground mounted wall foundation construction. The Contractor shall verify the ground elevations as shown on the accepted noise abatement wall shop drawings and correct discrepancies prior to material fabrication. Underground utilities shall be located and marked to verify adequate clearance from foundations. The Contractor shall consider OSHA clearances for excavations, and overhead obstructions such as wires, cables and roadway/area lighting, prior to wall erection.

If required, the Contractor shall trim any trees in order to install the noise abatement wall system. Contractor shall verify acceptable trimming locations prior to performing the work. Trimming shall be limited to only that which is necessary to install the system and only that which falls within the County right-of-way. Trimming or trees or portions thereof within the private property boundary is strictly forbidden. All trimmings shall be disposed of outside the right-of-way in a manner that will not be in violation of any law, regulation or ordinance. Specific tree trimming procedures shall be identified, and comply with Standard Specifications, Article 201.06. Burning within, or in proximity to County right-of-way is not permitted. This work shall be included in the contract unit price for the item in this special provision, and no separate payment will be made.

Work Location for Construction of Wall Foundations and Erection of Wall Systems

All noise abatement wall construction shall be performed within the highway rightof-way. Work shall not be performed on private property.

Work shall be performed in such a manner that existing wood fences of property owners beyond the highway right-of-way are not affected or damaged.

Surface Restoration outside of ROW

Where noise walls are constructed along the existing roadway, it is the intent to restore any existing seeded or sodded surface areas that are damaged as a result of the installation of noise abatement walls outside of the areas shown in the Landscaping plans. The Contractor shall be responsible for the placement of a

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minimum of four inches of pulverized topsoil, spreading of IDOT Class 2A seed, and preparing the seed for germination by covering all areas with biodegradable mulch blankets. This work shall be performed in accordance with Sections 211, 250 and 251 of the Standard Specifications, and as modified herein. The Contractor shall clean all portions of surface areas that contain any type of debris, stone, concrete mix, forms, trash or material of any kind resulting and remaining from construction of noise abatement walls. This restoration work, outside of the areas shown in the plans, includes the cost of furnishing and placing a pulverized topsoil, seed and mulch blanket and all labor, materials and equipment as necessary when directed by the Engineer, any defective or unacceptable seed on the initial installation shall be removed and replaced in accordance with this item of work. No additional payment shall be made for this surface restoration work outside of which is shown in the Landscaping plans. It will be included in the pay item for construction of the noise abatement walls. It shall be the Contractor's decision on how best to restore parkway damage to reduce costs associated with this work and how to perform that work from within the highway right-of-way.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Noise abatement walls will be measured and calculated for payment in square feet of projected visible vertical surface area as viewed from the roadway side of the wall. The measured lengths and heights of wall panels and wall posts for calculating areas will be based on the dimensions shown on the approved shop drawings. For each non-integral wall post, the measured length will be the post width parallel to the centerline of the noise abatement wall. For each wall post, the measured height will be the vertical dimension between the bottom of the post and the top of the post. For each wall panel, the measured length will be the horizontal dimension along the centerline of the noise abatement wall from its outer left edge to its outer right edge, including any integral post but excluding any portion of the panel inserted into and hidden behind the slots in non-integral wall posts and already accounted for as area of wall post. For each wall panel, the measured height will be the vertical dimension along the centerline of the noise abatement wall from the bottom edge to the top edge.

Payment for NOISE ABATEMENT WALL, GROUND MOUNTED will be made at the contract unit price per square foot, which payment shall constitute full compensation for all work associated with the design, furnishing, construction and installation of complete wall systems. That work shall include preparing design calculations, working drawings and shop drawings; forming, pouring, curing, storing, transporting and erecting wall panels and posts; furnishing all materials for and constructing foundations for posts; furnishing and installing anchorage systems for posts; furnishing all materials for and constructing integral retaining walls if necessary to support lateral earth pressures; providing aesthetic, surface treatment using form liners; staining with, approved multi-tone colors; furnishing and applying concrete

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surface sealer; performing all associated excavation; providing physical samples of precast wall panels and posts with approved aesthetic surface treatment and stains; furnishing all associated fastener hardware; performing all material testing; providing technical assistance during installation; providing warranties; and furnishing all labor, equipment, tools and incidentals necessary to complete the noise abatement wall work as specified. This payment will be considered to include removal of any obstruction encountered during construction of caisson foundations for the noise abatement walls and no additional separate measurement or payment for that effort will be made.

ATTACHMENT A - SAMPLE OF REQUIRED PATTERN & AESTHETIC

Route: FAU 0320 (Laraway Road) County: Will Section No. 13-00138-37-PV Contract: 61H20



Route: FAU 0320 (Laraway Road) County: Will

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ATTACHMENT B - SOIL BORING LOGS FOR NOISE ABATEMENT WALL

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SOIL BORING LOG

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Chicago Testing Laboratory, Inc.							Date <u>5/18/21</u>
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road [ESCR	IPTION	·		Noise Wall 1	1	OGGED BY JAR
SECTION099 90320 000000	-	LOCAT	TION _	SW 1/	4, SEC. 29, TWP. 35N.	RNG. 11E	
COUNTY Will DRILLI	NG ME	THOD	-	Hol	llow Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO.	D E P T H	o w s	U C s Qu (tsf)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	None ft	
8 inches of Topsoil 874.	50					20000 2000	
Stiff Dark Brown, Moist CLAY trace organics (CL)	_	2	1.7	22.7			
673. Very Stiff Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)		3	S	3 8			
SILTY CENT Bace graver (CEIME)	3 4	3	2.3	22.8			
		5	В	07.78/0 S			
	Vi	3	2.1	18.3			
	-	4	В	10.5			
666. Very Loose	00 -	2		26.4			
very Loose Brown, Wet SANDY CLAY LOAM (SP-SC)	-10	- 13	8	20.4			
664. Very Stiff to Hard Gray, Moist	00 _	3	400				
SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	-	5 6	2.1 B	14.1			
	2	3	8	8 W			
	15	5	2.5 B	14.6			
	2	3					
	4	8	4.2 B	14.1			
	-	5					
RES	00 -20	8	2.1 B	14.0			

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)

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Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u> SOIL BORING LOG Date 5/18/21 ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road DESCRIPTION Noise Wall 1 LOGGED BY DB 099 90320 000000 LOCATION SW 1/4, SEC. 29, TWP. 35N, RNG. 11E COUNTY DRILLING METHOD HAMMER TYPE Hollow Stem Auger U STRUCT. NO. __ Surface Water Elev. N/A N/A ft E L C 0 Station N/A Stream Bed Elev. N/A ft P S T W S BORING NO. _ Groundwater Elev.: Qu н T Station ____ 141+25 First Encounter None ft Offset **Upon Completion** 46.00ft LT N/A ft (ft) (/6") (tsf) (%) Ground Surface Elev. 676.00 After N/A Hrs. N/A ft 12 inches of Topsoil 675.00 Very Stiff Brown, Moist 2 2.1 23.8 SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 4 В 3 20.6 3.8 5 6 S 3 4 3.3 18.8 6 В 2 Loose 22.9 Brown, Wet 5 SANDY CLAY LOAM (SP-SC) Gray, Moist 2 SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 3 1.3 13.2 4 В At 13.5'-15', no recovery, pushed cobble (auger sample) 6 12.4 7 Very Stiff Gray, Moist 13.7 3.8 6 SILTY CLAY LOAM (ML-CL) 13 S At 18.5'-20', no recovery, pushed cobble (auger sample) 14.2 8

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)

The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)

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SOIL BORING LOG

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Division of Highways Chicago Tecting Laboratory, ROUTERT 74 Laraway Road		CRIE	PTION			Noise Wall 2	1	Date 5/18/2 LOGGED BY ZN
SECTION 099 90320 0000								lis -
COUNTY Will D	RILLING	MET	THOD	1	Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A BORING NO. B-03 Station 142+80 Offset 52.00ft LT Ground Surface Elev. 676.00	_	D E P T H	B L O W S	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	None ft N/A ft	
R inches of Tonsoil	675.33					Alter N/A nrs.	N/A_II	
Very Stiff Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)			3 4	2.5 B	25.2			
	5 8	3	3 4 6	3.5 B	17.1			
At 6'-7.5', no recovery, pushed cobble (auger sample)		-	6	2 0	19.7			
	667.50		4	X 8				
Loose Brown, Wet SANDY CLAY LOAM with gravel (SP-SC)	:	-10	2	9 - 19 2	23.3			
	665.00	100						
Medium Dense Brown, Moist GRAVEL with sand/cobbles (GPS)			5 12 17		8.6			
Stiff Gray, Moist	662.50		3	1.9	14.5			
SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	· ·	-15	5	s	7.000386			
Medium Dense to Dense Gray, Moist SILT with cobbles (ML)	660.00		20 22 21	8 - R 5 - 2	8.4			
At 18.5'-20', no recovery, pushed cobble	3		6	0 0				

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from

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	Chicago Tecting Laboratory, in		IDTIC	ú		Noise Wall 2		1000	ED DV 7N
SECTION	099 90320 000000	DI	LOCAT	ION _	SW 1/	4, SEC. 29, TWP. 35N.	RNG. 11E		
COUNTY	Will DRI	LLING ME	THOD	_	Hol	low Stem Auger	HAMMER	TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO.	N/A	D	В	U	м	Surface Water Elev.	N/A	ft	
Station	N/A	_ E	L	C	0	Stream Bed Elev.	N/A	ft	
BORING NO	B-04	T	w		S	Groundwater Elev.:			
Station	144+70	н	S	Qu	T	First Encounter	663.0	ft ¥	
Offset	50.00ft LT		//On		10/3	Upon Completion	663.0	ft 🗸	
100-001-001-001-000	ce Elev. <u>675.00</u>	ft (ft)	(10)	(tsf)	(%)	After N/A Hrs.	N/A	_ft	
12 inches of To	700000	374.00			8				
Very Stiff to Ha		11.0050-1	4						
Brown, Moist	ace gravel (CL/ML)	92	5	3.0	17.1				
	acc g. a. c. (02 2)	E 0	7	Р	D.				
		4	3						
		3	4	4.2	16.6	•			
		5	7	В	65				
		10							
		88	3						
		192 <u>-</u>	4	3.8	18.9				
		9	7	В	£585				
		33	8 0		9				
		83 33	9						
		9	7	4.6	17.6				
		-10	1186.1	В	1000000 100000000000000000000000000000				
		-							
Medium Dense		364.00	10						
Gray, Moist		863.00	8		21.2				
SILT (ML) Loose			9						
Gray, Wet		92	(S - X		(X				
SAND trace gra	avel (SP)	19	5						
		360.50	5		11.3				
Soft to Stiff	,	-15	4		1001 FE 1014				
Gray, Moist	ace gravel (CL/ML))()							
	are graves (ourse)	92	1						
		33 -	1	0.3	15.2	•			
		87	1	P					
		94 ²⁵	8 3		Q				
		10	2						
			1 3	i	1				
		363	2	1.0	15.2				

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road	DES	CRIPTIO	N		Noise Wall 2		LOGGED BYZN
SECTION099 90320 0000	000	LOCA	TION _	SW 1/	4, SEC. 29, TWP. 35N,	RNG. 11E	
COUNTY Will D	RILLING	METHOD		Но	llow Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYP	EAuto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A		D B L P O T W	U C S	M 0 1	Surface Water Elev Stream Bed Elev	N/A ft	
BORING NO. B-05		T W H S ft) (/6")	Qu (tsf)	S T (%)	First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	None ft N/A ft	
12 inches of Topsoil			20 20	0 0	74161 11171 1113	No.	
Very Stiff to Hard	676,00	3					
Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	_	4 6	3.3 B	18.1			
	_			8 3	1		
		- 5					
	:	_ 7 _5 10	5.0 P	15.7	1		
	- <u> </u>	-5 10			1		
	100	3		6 - 8			
	(<u>41)</u>	5 7	2.5 B	18.1			
				i i			
		3		Market			
		5 -10 6	2.1 B	16.2			
	_	_			1		
Stiff	666.00	5	80	8 8			
Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	, <u>-</u>	50/2	1.0 P	14.5			
At 11.5', spoon refusal on cobble	300			W 8			
		- 2					
		3 -15 5	1.7 B	18.1			
	i 	_			1		
	3 <u>86</u>	3		B 3			
	÷	4 6	1.9 B	20.0			
	92			0 - 0	1		
	1	- 1					
	257.05	3 -20 4	1.0 B	17.5			
10 3000 (d. C)	657.00	-20 4	В	l	II.		

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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Division of Highways Chicago Testing Laboratory, Ir	16.			0 8			Date5/18/21
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road	DESCR	PTION	·		Noise Wall 2		LOGGED BYZN
SECTION099 90320 00000	10 L	OCAT	ION .	SW 1/	4, SEC. 29, TWP. 35N,	RNG. 11E	
COUNTY Will DR	ILLING ME	THOD		Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A	_ D E P	BLO	U C S	M 0 1	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev.		
BORING NO. B-06	— H — (ft)	W S (/6")	Qu (tsf)		Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	N/A ft	
18 inches of Topsoil		GF 11.7	20 A	0 9		1,000	
Stiff	674.50	2	1.7	25.3			
Black, Very Moist SILTY CLAY (CL/ML)	3_3	3	В	20.0			
Stiff to Hard	672.50	2					
Brown, Moist to Very Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)		2 4	1.7 B	25.7			
	- 1 <u>-</u>	4	4.6	16.0			
	1	7	В	10.5			
	744 *	3	2.9	16.1			
		6	В	8 8			
	664.00	3	3.8	18.0			
Stiff Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)		5	В	10.0			
		3 4 7	1.7 B	15.4			
		3	1.7	16.4			
		5	В	0 8			
	656.00 -20	4 3 5	1.3 B	14.7			

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS. from

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Division of Highways Chicago Testing Laboratory							Date5/26/2
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road	DESCR	IPTION	_		Noise Wall 3		LOGGED BY DB
SECTION099 90320 0000	100	LOCAT	ION .	SW 1/	4, SEC. 32, TWP. 35N,	RNG, 11E	
COUNTY Will D	RILLING ME	THOD) .	Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A	D E P	B L O	U C S	M 0	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev.		
BORING NO. B-07 Station 147+50 Offset 48.00ft RT	H	S	Qu (tsf)		Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion	None ft	
Ground Surface Elev. 876.00 8 inches of Topsoil		1001	(LSI)	1201	After N/A Hrs.	N/A T	
Stiff to Hard Brown. Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	675.33	2 3 4	1.0 P	19.4			
	<u></u>	4		45.5			
		4	8 B	15.5			
	=	7		14.6			
	-	7	В	8 8			
	-10	6 8	2.3 B	20.7			
1238 97781	665.00						
Stiff to Very Stiff Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	_	2 4 5	2.7 B	17.0			
		2	277	16.2			
	15	3	В	3			
	-	4 6	1.7 B	10.7			
	-27	2	1.3	18.5			

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from

N/A ft

N/A ft

None ft

N/A ft

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COUNTY

Station _

STRUCT. NO. ___

BORING NO. ___

4 inches of Topsoil Stiff to Very Stiff

Ground Surface Elev. 676.00

ROUTE ___RT 74 Laraway Road ___ DESCRIPTION ___

N/A

N/A

SECTION ______099 90320 000000 LOCATION SW 1/4, SEC. 32, TWP. 35N, RNG. 11E

S

Qu T

S

(%)

DRILLING METHOD

E L C 0

P

T w

H

(ft) (/6") (tsf)

ft

SOIL BORING LOG

Noise Wall 3

Surface Water Elev. _

Groundwater Elev.:

First Encounter

Upon Completion

After N/A Hrs.

Stream Bed Elev.

Hollow Stem Auger

Date __ 5/26/21 LOGGED BY DB HAMMER TYPE 664.0 ft ▼

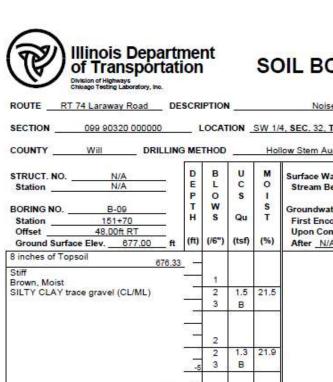
886 983	2	1	
	3	1.9	17.8
-	3	В	1100000
200	-		× 5
17.3			
	2	Maria de la compansión de	onneces.
	3	2.3	17.2
-5	7	В	6 8
0.000			
100			0
90 Ja		1 -000	16.3
7,200	5	В	
vers.			
50			
35- 60		1.0	11.4
(6.22		10445544	11.4
-10	4	В	S S
2 55			
7 8	4		
		17	14.4
¥			17.4
1600	5.0	-	8 8
50			
	4		
7.3			5.9
-15			535
-13			× 8
00			
	4		
X 360	5	2.5	21.4
10 10	7	В	
3000		V 451	87 S
: 			
\$ 100	3		
10, 32	4	2.0	20.9
00 -20	8	Р	(Sec. 20)
	50	3 3 3 -2 3 -5 7 - 2 2 5 5 -10 4 -10 4 -15 6 -00 4 -5 7 -3 -4 -4 -5 7	3 1.9 3 B 2 2 3 2.3 5 B 2 2 2.3 5 B 50 2 4 1.0 4 B 4 5 1.7 7 B 50 4 8 -15 6 -15

The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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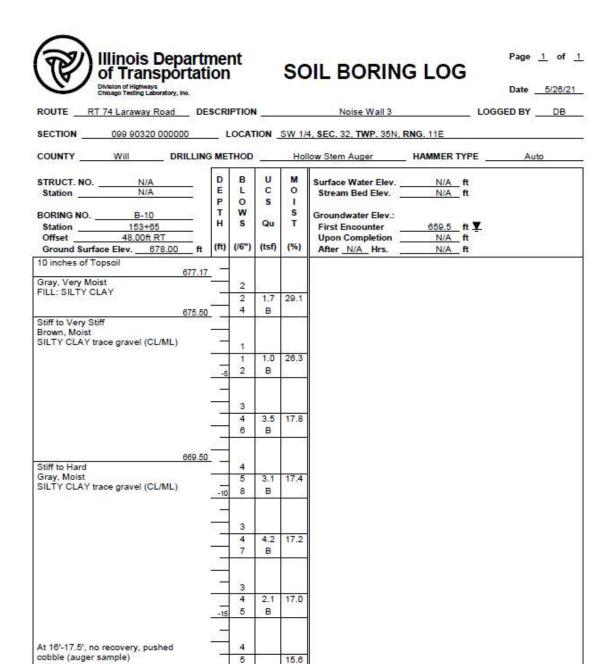
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road D	ESCR	IPTION			Noise Wall 3		LOGGED BY	DB
SECTION 099 90320 000000	1	LOCAT	ION .	SW 1/	4, SEC. 32, TWP. 35N,	RNG, 11E		
COUNTY Will DRILLIN	IG ME	THOD		Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Au	to
STRUCT. NO.	D E P T H	o W s	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	871.0 ft None ft	4	
8 inches of Topsoil 678.3	3 -							
Stiff Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	-	2 3	1.5 B	21.5				
		2 2 3	1.3 B	21.9				
671.0	. •							
Very Loose Brown, Wet SANDY CLAY LOAM (SP-SC)	- 5-2 - 1	1 2	S	28.5				
Stiff Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	<u> </u>	3		16.3				
	-10	5	1.3 B	10.3				
666.0	0 -							
Medium Stiff to Stiff Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	:25 :	4 7	1.7 B	14.5				
			65	58 a				
	-15	3 2 4	0.8 B	15.7				
		3						
	-	4 8	1.3 B	17.1				
	922 922			83 - 37				
		3	10	20.7				
857.0	0 -20	- 100	1.8 B	20.7				

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from

County: Will

Section No. 13-00138-37-PV

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End of Boring

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

P

5

3 2 1.0 8.9

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SOIL BORING LOG

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ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road	_ DESCR	IPTION	·		Noise Wall 4		LOGGED BYDB
SECTION099 90320 0000	00	LOCAT	ION .	SW 1/	4, SEC. 29, TWP. 35N,	RNG. 11E	
COUNTY Will DI	RILLING ME	THOD	J _{ee}	Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A BORING NO. B-11 Station 151+00 Offset 54.00ft LT	P	o W s	U C S	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion	None ft	
Ground Surface Elev. 679.00	ft (ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	After N/A Hrs.	N/A ft	
Dark Gray, Moist FILL: SILTY CLAY	678.17	3 4 6	2.8 B	20.0			
Very Stiff	675.50	3					
Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)		3 4	2.5 B	26.2			
	-	2 3 5	2.1 B	23.8			
	5 <u>.</u>	3 4 6	3.1 B	16.6			
	-10	4	В	3 - 7			
	-	5	4.0 P	14.7			
Stiff Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	665.50	5	8	18.5			
At 13.5'-15', no recovery, pushed cobble (auger sample)	1	2	8	9 3			
	9 <u>44</u> 5 97 - 3 307	4 4	1.5 B	16.9			
	659.00 -21	2 3 4	1.0 B	17.4			

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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Illinois Department Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u> SOIL BORING LOG Date 5/26/21 ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road DESCRIPTION _ Noise Wall 4 LOGGED BY DB 099 90320 000000 LOCATION SW 1/4, SEC, 29, TWP, 35N, RNG, 11E COUNTY DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE STRUCT. NO. _ U N/A Surface Water Elev. N/A ft E L C 0 Stream Bed Elev. Station N/A ft P 0 S T W S BORING NO. _ B-12 Groundwater Elev.: Н Qu Station ____ 152+95 First Encounter 663.0 ft X Offset 54.00ft LT Upon Completion 663.0 ft V Ground Surface Elev. 879.00 (ft) (/6") (tsf) (%) After N/A Hrs. N/A ft 15 inches of Topsoil 677.75 Very Stiff 4 2.0 18.9 Brown, Moist 4 P SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 675.50 Very Loose 3 Brown, Wet SANDY CLAY LOAM (SP-SC) 23.0 2 674 00 Very Stiff Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 3 17.7 2.5 6 В 870.50 Very Stiff to Hard Gray, Moist 18.1 SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 10 В 4 2.7 16.7 6 3 5 2.9 14.8 6 В 663.00 Medium Dense 13 Gray, Wet 8 18.7 SAND with gravel (SPG) 8 3 Very Stiff Gray, Moist Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 659.00 2.0 16.5

P The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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SOIL BORING LOG

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Division of Highways Chicago Testing Laboratory, Inc.			-	JIL BOKING I	Date
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road DI	ESCRIPT	ION		Noise Wall 5	LOGGED BY ZN
SECTION099 90320 000000	_ LO	CATION	SW 1/	4, SEC. 28, TWP. 35N, RNG.	11E
COUNTY Will DRILLIN	G METH	OD _	Ho	llow Stem Auger HAI	MMER TYPEAuto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A BORING NO. B-13 Station 162+30 Offset 68.00ft LT	E P T	B U L C O S W S Qu	O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	N/A ft
Ground Surface Elev. 879.00 ft 12 inches of Topsoil	(14)	0 / (13	1 (20)	After N/A Hrs.	N/A T
078.0 Dark Gray, Moist FILL: SILTY CLAY	100	4 4 2.5 5 P	15-5415		
	2 3	2 6 2.9 7 B	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Very Stiff to Hard Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	12	4 5 4.1 6 B			
	10 m	3 4 3.3 6 B	2002		
667.0l	, –	5 4 5	17.9		
Brown, Wet GRAVEL with sand (GPS) 665.5 Medium Stiff to Stiff Gray, Moist		2 1.3	3 19.7		
SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)		3 B 1 2 0.8 3 B	3 15.0	-	
659.01		2 3 1.5 5 B	100	-	

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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SOIL BORING LOG

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			8		Noise Wall 5	- 3	4
D99 90320 000000	-,1	LOCAT	ION .	SW 1/	4, SEC. 28, TWP. 35N,	RNG, 11E	
COUNTY Will DRILLIN	G ME	THOD) .	Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A N/A	D E P T H	B L O W s	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	N/A ft	L
676.50		3		DO 10			
Oark Gray, Moist FILL: SILTY CLAY	25-3	4	1.3 B	18.0			
675.00 Stiff to Very Stiff	1000			0 1			
Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	-	3	1.9	16.4			
	5	4	В	63 F			
	-	2	2.3	18.6			
		5	В				
	34	3		10.0			
	-10	7	2.3 B	16.8			
667.00 Stiff to Very Stiff	10-00	3					
Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	-	3 5	1.3 B	18.6			
			5	S			
	-15	1 3	1.7 B	16.0			
		3	6				
.oose Gray, Wet	Ā	5 4	2	17.7			
GRAVEL with sand (GPS) 659.50		2					

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS. from

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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date <u>5/27/21</u>

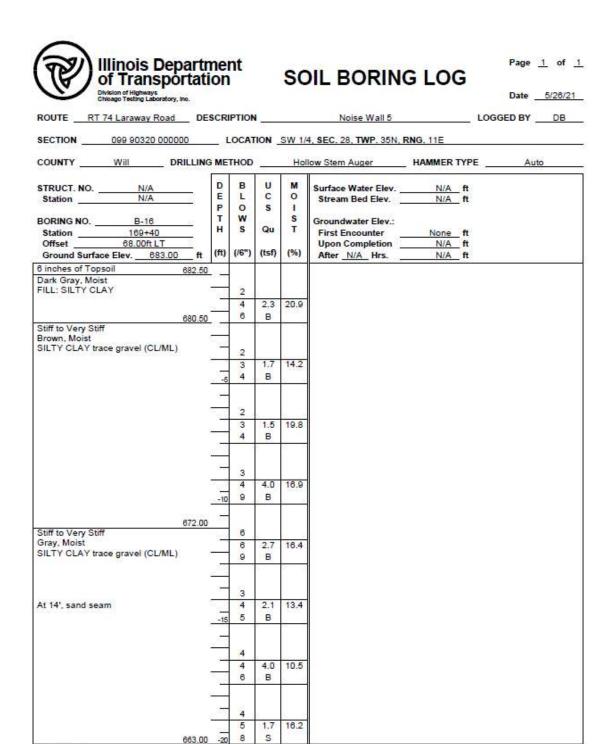
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road	DESCR	IPTION			Noise Wall 5	L	OGGE	DBY	Z	N
SECTION099 90320 0000	100	LOCAT	ION _	SW 1/	4, SEC. 28, TWP. 35N, RNG. 118					
COUNTY Will D	RILLING ME	THOD	-	Hol	low Stem Auger HAMM	ER TYPE	0	A	uto	
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A BORING NO. B-15 Station 188+80 Offset 68.00ft LT Ground Surface Elev. 681.00	_ H	B L O W S	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev.	ne ft		B L O W S	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T
12 inches of Topsoil	680.00				Gray, Wet GRAVEL with sand (GPS)	1	-			
Dark Gray, Moist FILL: SILTY CLAY		5 6 7	4.0 P	20.8	End of Boring	9	\equiv			
At 3.5, encountered burried concrete		27	2.5	20.0						
Solitie		9	P.	20.0			-25			
Very Stiff	675.00	2	,				-			
Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	=	1 4	2.5 B	19.1			=			
	-	2	2.1	17.4						
	-10	100	В	11.4			-30			
At 11'-12.5', no recovery, pushed cobble (auger sample)		5	S.	18.2						
	667.50	10	6	SC 3.			_			
Stiff Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	-15	5 6 8	5	18.7			-35			
At 13.5'-15', low recovery, pushed cobble	<u>-</u>	3	e en nos o							
		5	1.5 B	17.8						
	661.50	4	1.5	19.6			_			
Loose	661.00 -20	5	В				-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer) The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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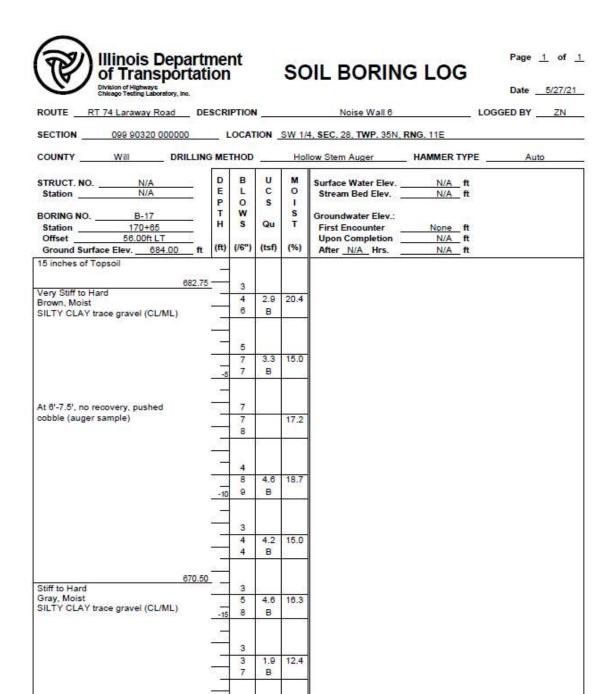


End of Borng
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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В The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

5 6 1.9 12.9

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SOIL BORING LOG

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ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road	DESCRI	PTION	_		Noise Wall 6		LOGGED BY ZN
SECTION099 90320 0000	000 L	OCAT	ION _	SW 1/	4, SEC. 28, TWP. 35N,	RNG, 11E	
COUNTY Will D	RILLING ME	THOD		Но	llow Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A BORING NO. B-18 Station 172+85 Offset 48.00ft LT Ground Surface Elev. 883.00	D E P T H	B L O W s	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	N/A ft 666.5 ft 3	L
12 inches of Topsoil			0		Alter N/A His.	N/A II	
Dark Gray, Moist FILL: SILTY CLAY Stiff to Very Stiff	682.00	2 4	1.9 B	17.4			
Brown, Moist to Very Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	2					
	-5	3 5	3.5 B	19.9			
	1 7.0	1 3	1.3	17.7			
	-	4	1.3 B	17.7			
At 8.5'-10', no recovery, pushed cobble (auger sample)	-10	6 7 10	ž	26.7			
	G.,	3	3.5	22.5			
		00	В	Q .			
Stiff to Very Stiff Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML	669.00	5 6	2.5 B	16.6			
At 16'-17.5', no revovery, pushed cobble (auger sample)	<u>v</u>	6 6 7	á R	18.6			
		3 4 6	1.5 B	14.1	-		

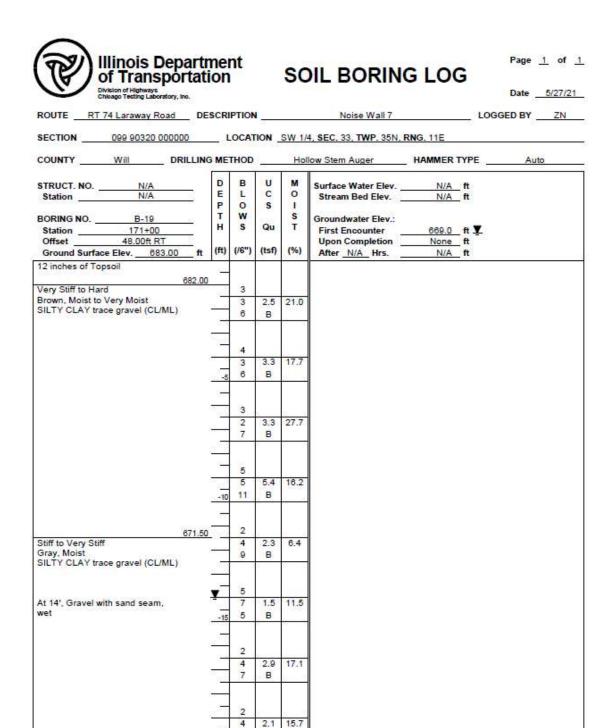
End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from

County: Will

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В End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from

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SOIL BORING LOG

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Division of Highways Chicago Tecting Laboratory, I	no.	OII			00	AL DOMIN	O LOG	Date _	5/27/21
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road	_ DES	CRI	PTION	E		Noise Wall 7	7.6	LOGGED BY	ZN
SECTION 099 90320 00000	00	_ 1	OCAT	ION .	SW 1/	4, SEC. 33, TWP. 35N,	RNG. 11E	***	
COUNTY Will DR	RILLING	ME	THOD	U	Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	EAut	to
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A BORING NO. B-20 Station 173+10 Offset 48.00ft RT Ground Surface Elev. 682.00	 	D E P T H	B L O W s	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion After N/A Hrs.	N/A ft		
12 inches of Topsoil	681.00	1990							
Dark Gray, Moist FILL: SILTY CLAY	-		2 5	2.5 B	24.4				
Stiff Brown, Moist to Very Moist	678.00	-5	2 3	1.3 B	26.3				
SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	5		4 3 4	1.9 B	19.1				
	5	-10	3 6	1.9 B	17.1				
Stiff to Very Stiff Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	671.00	_	4 6 10	3.3 B	13.0				
	2	-15	3 5	1.3 B	18.0				
	5		4 5 5	1.7 B	12.6				
	- - 662.00	-20	4 6 9	1.0 B	17.3				

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from

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SOIL BORING LOG

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ROUTERT 74 Laraway Road	DE	SCR	PTION	·		Noise Wall 7		LOGGED BYZN
SECTION099 90320 0000	00	_ 1	OCAT	ION .	SW 1/	4, SEC. 33, TWP. 35N,	RNG. 11E	
COUNTY Will DI	RILLING	ME	THOD	-	Hol	low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A BORING NO. B-21 Station 175+20 Offset 48.00ft RT	_	D E P T H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev. Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion	None ft	
Ground Surface Elev. 681.00	ft	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	After N/A Hrs.	N/A ft	
14 inches of Topsoil	679.83	7/2	0		8 8	At .		
Brown, Very Moist CLAY (CL)			2 2	0.6 B	29.5			
			0		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
		-5	0	1.0 P	28.6			
Very Stiff	675.00	100	2	/.	08			
Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)		10 -10	5	2.5 B	18.1			
		72	5	3.3	16.9			
		-10	9	В	8 8			
Stiff Gray, Moist	670.00		3	1.7	18.2			
SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)			7	В	W 8			
			1 3 5	1.3 B	16.7			
		-15	-8-3	В				
		7 <u>740</u> 10 - 10	3	1.3 B	19.0			
		, (187) 18 8	2		8 8			
	661.00	-20	2	1.3 B	19.9			

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS. from

N/A ft

N/A ft

None ft N/A ft

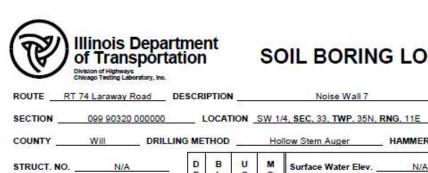
N/A ft

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Station _

BORING NO.

8 inches of Topsol

Station 1// 50.00ft RT

Ground Surface Elev. 883.00

E L C 0

P

T W

Н

__ft

(ft) (/6")

S

Qu T

(tsf) (%)

S

SOIL BORING LOG

Noise Wall 7

Surface Water Elev. _

Groundwater Elev.:

First Encounter

Upon Completion

After N/A Hrs.

Stream Bed Elev. _

Hollow Stem Auger

Date 5/28/21 LOGGED BY ZN HAMMER TYPE

8 inches of Topsol	682.33	-			
Very Stiff to Hard					
Brown, Moist		100	2	2	8 5
SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)		8 80	3	2.5	20.6
			4	В	C. C. C. C. C.
		0,000		8	C 9
		M			
		320	4		
	9	2 20	6	4.6	15.6
		2030	7	В.	13.0
	12	-5	1	В	S 7
		3			
			2.20		
At 6'-7.5', no recovery, pushed		92	14	2	S 9
cobble (auger sample)	2		14		15.5
			19		
		, All	-	0	8 å
		-	5		
	7	K. 3	8	3.8	15.8
		40	12	В	0.000
	- 1	-10	12		Q 8
	200	300			
0.00	672.00	-	40		
Stiff to Very Stiff		953	5	S	\$2. 87
Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)			6	2.9	16.1
SILTY CLAY trace graver (CL/ML)		2	9	В	
		3225		8	S 8
		_			
		100	9		
	- 5	839	5	3.3	15.4
		-	10	В	1000
	9	-15	10:	В	S 3
	1	34.5			
		15.50	5	69.1NT	
		PR 0.5	3	1.9	17.1
		995	6	В	28 87
		-			
			3		
	-	- 54	5	2.1	15.6
	222.25	3	7	В	
End of Boring	663.00	-20	\mathcal{I}	В	

The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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SOIL BORING LOG

Date 5/28/21 ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road DESCRIPTION _ LOGGED BY ZN Noise Wall 7 099 90320 000000 LOCATION SW 1/4, SEC. 33, TWP. 35N, RNG. 11E Will DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE STRUCT. NO. __ U Surface Water Elev. _ N/A ft N/A E L C 0 Stream Bed Elev. _ Station N/A N/A ft P S T W BORING NO. Groundwater Elev.: н Qu Station ____ T 179+55 First Encounter None ft 54.00ft RT Upon Completion Offset N/A ft (ft) (/6") (tsf) (%) Ground Surface Elev. 884.00 After N/A Hrs. N/A ft 12 inches of Topsoil 683.00 Very Stiff to Hard Brown, Moist to Very Moist 2 25.5 2.1 SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 3 В 19.7 2 3 В 12 5.0 18.0 12 В 8 675.00 Stiff to Hard 6 4.2 16.4 Gray, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 8 В 6 17.1 6 В 3 2.5 17.2 4 В At 16'-17.5', no recovery, pushed 8 cobble (auger sample) 17.6 7

End of Boring

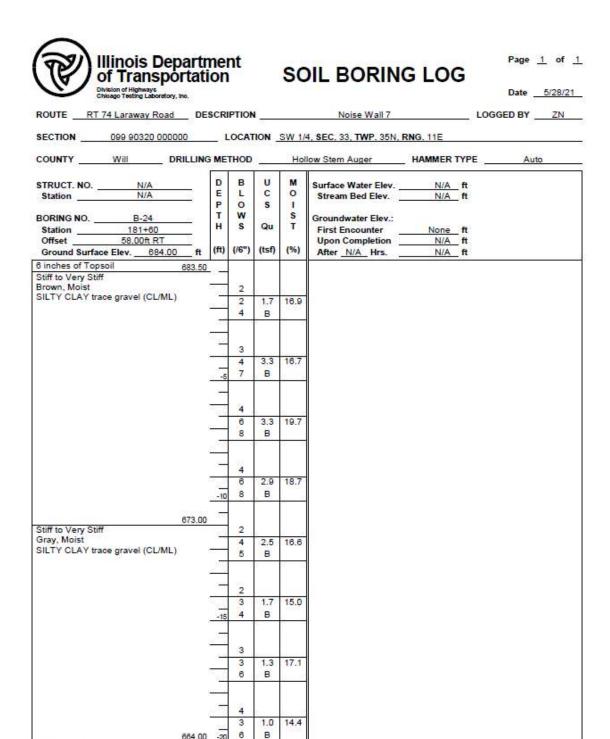
В The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

2 1.3 18.6

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End of Boring

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

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SOIL BORING LOG

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Division of Highways Chicago Testing Laboratory, Inc.							Date <u>5/28/21</u>
ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road							OGGED BY ZN
SECTION 099 90320 000000	-	LOCAT	ION _	SW 1/	4, SEC. 33, TWP. 35N.	RNG. 11E	
COUNTY Will DRILL	LING ME	G METHOD			low Stem Auger	_ HAMMER TYPE	Auto
STRUCT. NO. N/A Station N/A	D E P	0	U C S	M 0 1	Surface Water Elev. Stream Bed Elev.	N/A ft	
BORING NO.	H (ft)	W S (/6")	Qu (tsf)		Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter Upon Completion		
	5.67		300	100	Taket INST. 1832	THE I	
Very Stiff to Hard Brown, Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	10 A	2	2	83 9			
SILT OLAT Base graver (GLIML)	-	4	2.5 B	15.3			
	·	3					
		5 7	2.5 B	18.5			
	-						
	-	5 7 11	5.0 B	17.7			
	<u> </u>			3 A			
	-	6	4.6	15.7			
	-10	12	В	-			
Very Stiff to Hard Gray, Moist	5.00	3	3.3	15.5			
SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML)	9 	9	B	13.5			
	-	4					
	-15	5 7	3.0 P	16.0			
	2	3					
	+	5	3.8 B	16.0			
	-						
	6.00 -20	8 5	2.1 B	13.8			

End of Boring
The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS. from

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Page <u>1</u> of <u>1</u> SOIL BORING LOG Date 5/28/21 ROUTE RT 74 Laraway Road DESCRIPTION LOGGED BY ZN Noise Wall 8 099 90320 000000 LOCATION SW 1/4, SEC. 33, TWP. 35N, RNG. 11E DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE STRUCT. NO. _ Surface Water Elev. N/A ft N/A E L C 0 Stream Bed Elev. _ Station _ N/A N/A ft P S T W S BORING NO. _ Groundwater Elev.: Qu Station ____ н S T 185+30 First Encounter None ft Offset **Upon Completion** 62.00ft RT N/A ft (ft) (/6") (tsf) (%) Ground Surface Elev. 687.00 ft After N/A Hrs. N/A ft 6 inches of Topsoil Stiff to Hard Brown, Moist to Very Moist SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 3 2.0 23.2 3 0 28.8 2 В 17.2 5 P 5 4.6 19.1 8 В Very Stiff 11 Gray, Moist 9 2.0 17.0 SILTY CLAY trace gravel (CL/ML) 12 P 17.1 3.3 8 В 5 2.1 15.4 В 6 2.9 12.0

End of Boring

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

7 В

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ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING

Description. This work shall consist of furnishing an application of an anti-graffiti coating to exposed concrete surfaces designated on the plans.

General Requirements. Product features shall include: Zero VOC, 10 year unlimited warranty for graffiti removals, binary prime coat, non-yellowing, non-chalking and breathable.

The anti-graffiti coating shall consist of a permanent, color stable, UV, stain, chemical and abrasion resistant coating. The removal of graffiti from the protected surfaces shall be accomplished by applying a separate removal agent as recommended by the manufacturer of the permanent coating. The removal agent shall have the capability of completely removing all types of paints and stains. After graffiti removal there shall be no damage to the anti-graffiti coating or the surface to which it is applied. Additionally, there shall be no evidence of ghosting, shadowing, or staining of the protected surface.

Qualifications: The anti-graffiti coating shall be a product that has been commercially available for a period of at least five (5) years. Contractor shall apply the material to the cast concrete form liner mock-up specified in the special provision "NOISE ABATEMENT WALL, GROUND MOUNTED" within this document following the manufacturer's recommendation. After the manufacturer's recommended curing period, the Engineer will apply various types of graffiti materials to the coating. After three (3) days the removal agent shall be used to remove the graffiti. If after graffiti removal the anti-graffiti coating is clean and undamaged, with no evidence of ghosting, shadowing or staining, then the anti-graffiti coating is approved for use.

Surface Preparation: Prior to application of the anti-graffiti coating, all designated surfaces shall be cleaned of loose debris, previous coatings (except staining) and all foreign matter by a method as recommended by the coating manufacturer and approved by the Engineer. All surfaces shall be thoroughly clean, dry and free of dust that might prevent penetration of the coating. New concrete should be thoroughly cured before application of the coating. Glossy, glazed and slick troweled surfaces of unstained concrete should be lightly etched or abraded before application of the coating. Concrete surfaces shall be properly sealed according to the manufacturer's recommendations, so the application of the system does not produce any noticeable long-term change in color of the surfaces being treated. A technical representative of the manufacturer shall be present to approve surface preparation and application of the anti-graffiti coating.

Weather Conditions: Coatings shall not be applied in the rain, snow, fog or mist, nor shall they be applied if these conditions are expected within twelve (12) hours of application. Coatings shall not be applied when the surface or air temperatures are less than 40° F nor greater than 100° F, or is expected to exceed these temperatures within twelve (12) hours of application.

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Application: The manufacturer's product data sheets and application guides shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to coating application. All information contained in the data sheets and application guides shall be strictly followed. All coatings shall be applied in the presence of the Engineer. The Contractor shall apply the coating to a small test area on the wall before applying the coating to the entire wall to ensure there is no discoloration. Acceptance of the test area by the Engineer is required prior to application on the remaining wall surfaces. Film thickness shall be measured by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer and shall be according to the manufacturer's recommendation. Application of the clear protective coating shall take place after the application and curing of the concrete staining as appropriate for the surface to be treated (see the special provision for "NOISE ABATEMENT WALL, GROUND MOUNTED").

In a contrasting color of the same anti-graffiti system, the name of the system used and the date of application shall be stenciled in letters not to exceed 2 inches high. The location of the stencil shall be near one end of the work at the bottom of the surface to be protected. For projects greater than 3,000 sq. ft. the stencil shall be periodically repeated once for every 3,000 sq. ft. near the bottom at the locations designated by the Engineer.

Cleaning Agent: The Contractor shall supply the Engineer with an initial quantity of the removal agent and written instructions for its use, as recommended by the manufacturer for graffiti removal. The amount shall be furnished at a rate of one (1) gallon per 81 sq. yd. of treated surface.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured in place per square foot of surface area upon which the anti-graffiti coating has been applied and accepted by the Engineer. No surface area will be measured for payment for areas below final grade. Applying anti-graffiti coating to mock-up will not be measured for payment.

Basis of Payment: This Work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot for ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING which shall be payment in full for the cleaning of designated surfaces, the application of the anti-graffiti coating, supplying the manufacturer's technical representative and supplying the initial quantity of cleaning agent.

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RIVER ROCK, 6"

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and placing river rock adjacent to proposed noisewalls at the locations shown in the plans. The work shall be performed in accordance with the details included in the plans. The river rock shall be six (6) inches in depth with a maximum diameter of three (3) inches and a minimum diameter of one (1) inch.

Method of Measurement: This work shall be measured for payment in square yard, in place.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard of RIVER ROCK, 6", which price shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the river rock.

SEGMENTAL CONCRETE BLOCK WALL

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and constructing a segmental concrete block retaining wall at the locations shown on the plans, and in accordance with Section 522 of the Standard Specifications and the details shown in the plans.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment in accordance with Article 522.15 of the Standard Specifications.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot of SEGMENTAL CONCRETE BLOCK WALL, which price shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the wall as described herein and as detailed in the plans.

Furnishing and installing of Drainage Stone (CA-7), Non-Woven Geotextile Fabric, and 4" Perforated Underdrain as shown in the plans shall not be paid for separately, but shall be considered included in SEGMENTAL CONCRETE BLOCK WALL.

SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE ADJUSTED

Description: This work shall consist of adjusting sanitary manholes by an elevation of 2 feet or less to final grade. Sanitary manholes to be adjusted shall be fitted with an external chimney seal meeting the approval of the Engineer. Existing chimney seals may be adjusted and reused if considered suitable for reuse by the Engineer. If lids of adjusted sanitary sewer manholes fall within a proposed sidewalk or multi-use path, the lid shall be replaced with a "non-slip" lid that has the word "SANITARY" cast into the lid. The lid shall otherwise meet all of the applicable requirements of Section 604 of the Standard Specifications.

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This work shall otherwise be performed in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 602 of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured per each for a manhole adjusted to proposed grade, complete, and in place.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE ADJUSTED which price shall include new chimney seals and "non-slip" lids where required.

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (PROJECT SPECIFIC)

<u>Description.</u> This work shall consist of the removal and disposal of regulated substances according to Section 669 of the Standard Specifications as revised below.

<u>Contract Specific Sites.</u> The excavated soil and groundwater within the areas listed below shall be managed as either "uncontaminated soil" or non-special waste. For stationing, the lateral distance is measured from the centerline and the farthest distance is the offset distance or construction limit, whichever is less.

Soil Disposal Analysis. When the waste material requires sampling for landfill disposal acceptance, the Contractor shall secure a written list of specific analytical parameters and analytical methods required by the landfill. The Contractor shall collect and analyze the required 31 number of samples for the parameters required by the landfill using the appropriate analytical procedures. A copy of the required parameters and analytical methods (from landfill email or on landfill letterhead) shall be provided as Attachment 4A of the BDE 2733 (Regulated Substances Final Construction Report). The price shall include all sampling materials and effort necessary for collection and management of the samples, including transportation of samples from the job site to the laboratory. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the specific disposal facilities to be utilized; and collect and analyze any samples required for disposal facility acceptance using NELAP certified analytical laboratory registered with the State of Illinois.

<u>Location: PESA Site ID #8 Pipeline Corridor, West of Intersection of Laraway Rd. and Jackson Creek, New Lenox, IL</u>

- Area of exclusion zone depicted in the plans within the "Drainage Plan Detention Basin Grading" sheet and the "Detention Basin Cross Section" sheets. Stations and offsets given below refer to the Detention Basin Alignment.
- Station 2001+42.75 to Station 2004+68.64 from 212.69 feet LT (at the furthest left offset) to 60.20 feet RT (at the furthest right offset). The Engineer has determined this material meets the criteria of and shall be managed in accordance with Article 669.05(a)(5). Contaminants of concern sampling parameter: total arsenic (24.6)

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mg/kg at DB-SB-4 and 18.7 mg/kg at DB-SB-9). These results do not achieve the Tier 1 Remedial Objectives (ROs) for arsenic (13.0 mg/kg for residential ingestion and industrial/commercial ingestion) and the MAC (13.0 mg/kg).

Work Zones.

Three distinct OSHA HAZWOPER work zones (exclusion, decontamination, and support) shall apply to projects adjacent to or within sites with documented leaking underground storage tank (LUST) incidents, or sites under management in accordance with the requirements of the Site Remediation Program (SRP), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), or Comprehensive Environmental response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), or as deemed necessary. For this project, the work zones apply for the following ISGS PESA Sites:

None

Additional information on the above sites is available from Will County Division of Transportation.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT (D-1)

Effective: January 1, 2022 Revised: August 1, 2022

Replace Article 1030.09(g)(1) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"(1) The Contractor shall sample approximately 150 lb (70 kg) of mix as required for the Department's random mixture verification tests according to Article 1030.09(h)(1)."

Replace the second sentence of Article 1030.09(h)(1) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"The Engineer will randomly identify one sample for each 3,000 tons (2,720 metric tons) of mix, with a minimum of one sample per mix. If the remaining mix quantity is 600 tons (544 metric tons) or less, the quantity will be combined with the previous 3,000 tons (2,720 metric tons) in the Engineer's random sample identification. If the required tonnage of a mixture for a single pay item is less than 250 tons (225 metric tons) in total, the Engineer will waive mixture verification tests."

Add the following to the end of the third paragraph of Article 1030.09(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

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"The HMA maximum theoretical specific gravity (G_{mm}) will be based on the Department mixture verification test. If there is more than one Department mixture verification G_{mm} test, the G_{mm} will be based on the average of the Department test results."

<u>SECTION CORNER MARKERS - PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENTS (WCDOT)</u>

Effective: June 3, 2022

<u>Description:</u> This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials for the installation of section corner and ¼ section corner markers encountered within the project limits at locations shown on the plans and as directed by the Engineer. The present marker(s) will be disturbed by the construction work under this contract. All of this work shall be in accordance with IDFPR Section 1270 Appendix A (Rules for the Perpetuation of Monuments Under the Land Survey Monuments Act) and The Land Survey Monuments Act (765 ILCS 220) Monument.

<u>Construction Requirements:</u> The Contractor shall obtain an Illinois Registered Land Surveyor acceptable to the Will County Division of Transportation. The Surveyor shall verify with the Contractor that the existing / new tie locations will not be disturbed during construction. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to preserve the ties during construction. A minimum of four ties per monument shall be required. The Contractor shall immediately notify the Surveyor and the Resident Engineer of any disturbance of the ties during construction. Copies of the monument tie notes(s) shall be forwarded to the Resident Engineer prior to the start of construction.

Monuments shall be reset after the construction / landscaping is complete and there is no possibility of disturbance. The monuments will be supplied by the Will County Division of Transportation and affixed to a 24" x 5/8" rebar supplied by the Contractor. The rebar shall be installed to allow the top of the tablet to be 3/8" below the pavement surface. Drilling and or coring of the pavement may be required. All gaps between the rebar and the area between the tablet and the pavement shall be filled with a two-component epoxy adhesive.

Monument records shall be filed with the Will County Recorder of Deeds prior to final payment.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for SECTION CORNER MARKERS

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MAINTENANCE OF ROADWAYS

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer, but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

KEEPING ARTERIAL ROADWAYS OPEN TO TRAFFIC (LANE CLOSURES ONLY)

Effective: January 22, 2003 Revised: August 10, 2017

The Contractor shall provide the necessary traffic control devices to warn the public and to delineate the work zone as required in these Special Provisions, the Standard Specifications, the State Standards, and the District Details.

Arterial lane closures shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications, Highway Standards, District Details, and the direction of the Engineer. The Contractor shall request and gain approval from the Engineer seventy–two (72) hours in advance of all long-term (24 hrs. or longer) lane closures.

Arterial lane closures not shown in the staging plans will not be permitted during peak traffic volume hours.

Peak traffic volume hours are defined as weekdays (Monday through Friday) from 6:00 AM to 8:30 AM and 4:30 PM to 6:00 PM.

Private vehicles shall not be parked in the work zone. Contractor's equipment and/or vehicles shall not be parked on the shoulders or in the median during non-working hours. The parking of equipment and/or vehicles on State right-of-way will only be permitted at locations approved by the Engineer in accordance with Articles 701.08 and 701.11 of the Standard Specifications.

Should the Contractor fail to completely open and keep open all the traffic lanes to traffic in accordance with the limitations specified above, the Contractor shall be liable to the Department for the amount of:

One lane or ramp blocked = \$1000.00

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Two lanes blocked = **\$2500.00**

Not as a penalty but as liquidated and ascertained damages for each and every 15 minute interval or a portion thereof that a lane is blocked outside the allowable time limitations. Such damages may be deducted by the Department from any monies due the Contractor. These damages shall apply during the contract time and during any extensions of the contract time.

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (ARTERIALS)

Effective: February 1, 1996 Revised: March 1, 2011

Specific traffic control plan details and Special Provisions have been prepared for this contract. This work shall include all labor, materials, transportation, handling, and incidental work necessary to furnish, install, maintain and remove all traffic control devices required as indicated in the plans and as approved by the Engineer.

When traffic is to be directed over a detour route, the Contractor shall furnish, erect, maintain and remove all applicable traffic control devices along the detour route according to the details shown in the plans.

Method of Measurement: All traffic control (except "Traffic Control and Protection (Expressways)" and temporary pavement markings) indicated on the traffic control plan details and specified in the Special Provisions will be measured for payment on a lump sum basis.

Basis of Payment: All traffic control and protection will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION (SPECIAL).

Temporary pavement markings will be paid for separately unless shown on a Standard.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

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The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

STANDARDS:

<u> </u>	
701001-02	OFF-RD OPERATIONS, 2L,2W, MORE THAN 15' FROM PAVEMENT EDGE
701006-05	OFF-RD OPERATIONS, 2L, 2W, 15' TO 24" FROM PAVEMENT EDGE
701011-04	OFF-RD MOVING OPERATIONS, 2L, 2W, DAY ONLY
701101-05	OFF-RD OPERATIONS, MULTILANE, 15' TO 24" FROM PAVEMENT
	EDGE
701201-05	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, DAY ONLY, FOR SPEEDS >= 45 MPH
701206-05	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, NIGHT ONLY, FOR SPEEDS >= 45 MPH
701301-04	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, SHORT TIME OPERATIONS
701306-04	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, SLOW MOVING OPERATIONS - DAY ONLY,
	FOR SPEEDS >= 45 MPH
701311-03	LANE CLOSURE 2L, 2W MOVING OPERATIONS - DAY ONLY
701326-04	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, PAVEMENT WIDENING, FOR SPEEDS >= 45
	MPH
701336-07	LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, WORK IN SERIES, FOR SPEEDS >= 45 MPH
701426-09	LANE CLOSURE, MULTILANE, INTERMITTENT OR MOVING OPER.,
	FOR SPEEDS >= 45 MPH
701501-06	URBAN LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, UNDIVIDED
701502-09	URBAN LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, WITH BIDIRECTIONAL LEFT TURN
	LANE
701601-09	URBAN LANE CLOSURE, MULTILANE, 1W OR 2W WITH
	NONTRAVERSABLE MEDIAN
701701-10	URBAN LANE CLOSURE, MULTILANE INTERSECTION
701801-06	SIDEWALK CORNER OR CROSSWALK CLOSURE
701901-08	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES
704001-08	TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER
782006-01	GUARDRAIL AND BARRIER WALL REFLECTOR MOUNTING DETAILS
DETAILO	
DETAILS:	T (C)
TC-10	Traffic control protection for sideroads, intersections, and driveways
TC-11	Raised Reflective Pavement Markers (Snow-Plow Resistant)
TC-13	District One typical pavement markings
TC-14	Traffic control and protection at turn bays (to remain open to traffic)
TC-16	Short term pavement marking letters and symbols

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

TC-26

BDE Special Provisions

80427 - Work Zone Traffic Control Devices

80439 - Vehicle and Equipment Warning Lights

Driveway entrance signing

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IDOT Special Provisions

Keeping Arterial Roadways Open to Traffic (Lane Closures Only)
Traffic Control and Protection (Arterials)
Temporary Information Signing
Public Convenience and Safety
Maintenance of Roadways
Cooperation by Contractor

CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT (WCDOT)

Effective: January 11, 2021

The Contractor shall furnish and place construction layout stakes for this project. The Department will provide adequate reference points to the centerline of survey and bench marks as shown in the plans and listed herein. Any additional control points set by the Department will be identified in the field to the Contractor and all field notes will be kept in the office of the Resident Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide field forces, equipment, and material to set all additional stakes for this project, which are needed to establish offset stakes, reference points, and any other horizontal or vertical controls, including supplementary bench marks, necessary to secure a correct layout of the work. Stakes for line and grade of pavement and / or curb, including pavement subgrade and pavement sub-base granular, shall be set at sufficient station intervals (not to exceed 50 ft (15 m)) to assure substantial conformance to plan line and grade.

The Contractor will not be required to set additional stakes to locate a utility line which is not included as a pay item in the contract nor to determine property lines between private properties.

The Contractor shall be responsible for having the finished work conform to the lines, grades, elevations, and dimensions called for in the plans. Any inspection or checking of the Contractor's layout by the Department Engineer and the acceptance of all or any part of it shall not relieve the Contractor of his/her responsibility to secure the proper dimensions, grades and elevations of the several parts of the work. The Contractor shall exercise care in the preservation of stakes and bench marks and shall have them reset when any are damaged, lost, displaced, removed, or otherwise obliterated.

At the preconstruction meeting, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer of any plans to use 2-D / 3-D machine grade control in any part of the construction process. If the Engineer finds the work performed by the Contractor, while using 2-D / 3-D machine grade control, does not meet the project requirements for line and grade, the Engineer may order the suspension of its use temporarily or permanently. Staking required for each individual construction element shall not be waived due to the Contractors use of 2-D / 3-D machine grade control. The Department or its Design Consultants assume no responsibility for the Contractor's 2-D / 3-D models created from electronic digital plans

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transmitted to the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the 2-D / 3-D model to the Engineer two weeks prior to the start of earth moving activities in the format of the Engineer's choice. GPS derived elevations shall not be used for concrete and asphalt pavements, sub-base stone, curb, and sewer grades. Quantities derived by the electronic digital models shall not be used for payment. Responsibility of the Department.

- (a) The Department will locate and reference the centerline of all roads and streets, except interchange ramps. The centerline of private entrances and short street intersection returns may not be located or referenced by the Department. Locating and referencing the centerline of survey will consist of establishing and referencing the control points of the centerline of surveys such as PC's, PT's and as many POT's as are necessary to provide a line of sight.
- (b) Bench marks will be established along the project outside of construction lines not exceeding 1000 ft (300 m) intervals horizontally and 20 ft (6 m) vertically.
- (c) Stakes set for (a) and (b) above will be identified in the field to the Contractor.
- (d) The Department will make random checks of the Contractor's staking to determine if the work is in conformance with the plans. Where the Contractor's work will tie into work that is being or will be done by others, checks will be made to determine if the work is in conformance with the proposed overall grade and horizontal alignment.
- (e) The Department will set all stakes for utility adjustments and for building fences along the right-of-way line by parties other than the Contractor.
- (f) The Department will make all measurements and take all cross sections from which the various pay items will be measured.
- (g) Where the Contractor, in setting construction stakes, discovers discrepancies, the Department will check to determine their nature and make whatever revisions are necessary in the plans, including the recross sectioning of the area involved. Any additional restaking required by the Engineer will be the responsibility of the Contractor. The additional restaking done by the Contractor will be paid for according to Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.
- (h) The Department will accept responsibility for the accuracy of the initial control points as provided herein.
- (i) It is not the responsibility of the Department, except as provided herein, to check the correctness of the Contractor's stakes; any errors apparent will be immediately called to the Contractor's attention and s(he) shall make the necessary correction before the stakes are used for construction purposes.
- (j) Where the plan quantities for excavation are to be used as the final pay quantities, the Department will make sufficient checks to determine if the work has been completed in conformance with the plan cross sections.

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Responsibility of the Contractor.

- (a) The Contractor shall establish from the given survey points and bench marks all the control points necessary to construct the individual project elements. S(he) shall provide the Engineer adequate control in close proximity to each individual element to allow adequate checking of construction operations. This includes, but is not limited to, line and grade stakes, line and grade nails in form work, and/or filed or etched marks in substantially completed construction work. It is the Contractor's responsibility to tie in centerline control points in order to preserve them during construction operations.
- (b) At the completion of the grading operations, the Contractor shall set stakes at 100 ft (25 m) Station intervals along each profile grade line. These stakes will be used for final cross sectioning by the Department.
- (c) The Contractor shall locate the right-of-way points for the installation of right-of-way markers. The Contractor shall set all line stakes for the construction of fences by the Contractor.
- (d) All work shall be according to normally accepted self-checking surveying practices. Field notes shall be kept in standard survey field notebooks and those books shall become the property of the Department at the completion of the project. All notes shall be neat, orderly and in accepted form.
- (e) For highway structure staking, the Contractor shall use diligent care and appropriate accuracy. Points shall be positioned to allow reuse throughout the construction process. Prior to the beginning of construction activities, all structure centerlines and pier lines are to be established by the Contractor and checked by the Engineer. The Contractor shall provide a detailed structure layout drawing showing span dimensions, staking lines and offset distances.
- (f) The Contractor shall assume risk when using any staking or layout established by the Resident Engineer or Inspectors except for the initial control points as shown on the alignment and ties sheet of the plans.
- (g) The Contractor shall establish and maintain at a minimum, 100' centerline stationing throughout the project site to the satisfaction of the Engineer beginning at the commencement of the work. This provision does not waive or override the staking / layout required for individual construction elements but can be used in conjunction with that staking.
- (h) Prior to the final surface course, the Contractor shall cross-section the completed full depth HMA pavement at minimum 100' project stationing to confirm that the bituminous base is constructed to the lines and grades shown on the plans. The Engineer may request additional locations as warranted. The cross-section points shall be located and spaced to the satisfaction of the Engineer. This work shall be completed by using a conventional level, digital level, or total station as approved by the Engineer. The data shall be given to the Engineer in enough time to evaluate if additional approved HMA or milling is required prior to the final surface course. Any remediation required by the Engineer to meet the lines and grades shown on the plans shall be included in the bid item HOT-MIX ASPHALT

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PAVEMENT (FULL DEPTH) of the depth specified and no other compensation will be allowed.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT.

TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING

Effective: November 13, 1996 Revised: January 29, 2020

Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating for various states of construction and eventually removing temporary informational signs. Included in this item may be ground mount signs, skid mount signs, truss mount signs, bridge mount signs, and overlay sign panels which cover portions of existing signs.

Materials.

Materials shall be according to the following Articles of Section 1000 - Materials:

	<u>ltem</u>	Article/Section
a.)	Sign Base (Note 1)	1090
b.)	Sign Face (Note 2)	1091
c.)	Sign Legends	1091
d.)	Sign Supports	1093
e.)	Overlay Panels (Note 3)	1090.02

- Note 1. The Contractor may use 5/8 inch (16 mm) instead of 3/4 inch (19 mm) thick plywood.
- Note 2. The sign face material shall be in accordance with the Department's Fabrication of Highway Signs Policy.
- Note 3. The overlay panels shall be 0.08 inch (2 mm) thick.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Installation.

The sign sizes and legend sizes shall be verified by the Contractor prior to fabrication.

Signs which are placed along the roadway and/or within the construction zone shall be installed according to the requirements of Article 701.14 and Article 720.04. The signs shall be 7 ft (2.1 m) above the near edge of the pavement and shall be a minimum of 2 ft (600 mm) beyond the edge of the paved shoulder. A minimum of two (2) posts shall be used.

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The attachment of temporary signs to existing bridges, sign structures or sign panels shall be approved by the Engineer. Any damage to the existing signs and/or structures due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired or signs replaced, as determined by the Engineer, at the Contractor's expense.

Method of Measurement.

This work shall be measured for payment in square feet (square meters) edge to edge (horizontally and vertically).

All hardware, posts or skids, supports, bases for ground mounted signs, connections, which are required for mounting these signs will be included as part of this pay item.

Basis Of Payment.

This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot (square meter) for TEMPORARY INFORMATION SIGNING.

BARRICADES, TYPE III

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing permanent Type III barricades, per IDOT Standard 701901, at the locations shown on the plans, as directed by the Engineer, and per Article 701 and 1106 of the Standard Specifications, with the following exception:

Revise the second and third sentence of Article 1106.02(c) to "alternating white and red stripes"

The purpose of these barricades is to mark the end of the pavement of Laraway Road at the at the west end of the Contract. The barricades will remain on site and become the property of Will County Division of Transportation after the completion of construction.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for BARRICADES, TYPE III. Barricades will remain in place at the conclusion of this Contract.

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SEDIMENT CONTROL, STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

Description: This work shall consist of constructing a stabilized construction entrance, including furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing a stabilized pad of aggregate underlain with filter fabric, as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Materials: The materials used shall meet the requirements of the following:

- Aggregate: The aggregate shall be limited to IDOT Coarse Aggregate Gradation CA-1, CA-2, CA-3 or CA-4.
- Filter Fabric: The filter fabric shall be made of synthetic polymers composed of at least 85 percent by weight polypropylene, polyesters, polyamides, polyethylene, polyolefins, or polyvinylidene-chlorides. The geotextile shall be free of any chemical treatment or coating that significantly reduces its porosity. Fibers shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors to enhance resistance to ultraviolet lights.

Construction Requirements: The aggregate shall be at least six inches thick. The aggregate shall not be placed until the entrance area has been inspected and approved by the Engineer.

The aggregate shall be dumped and spread into place in approximately horizontal layers. The layer(s) shall not exceed three feet in thickness. The aggregate shall be placed in such a manner as to produce a reasonably homogeneous stable fill that contains no segregated pockets of larger or smaller fragments or large unfilled space caused by bridging of larger fragments. No compaction shall be required beyond that resulting from the placing and spreading operations.

The construction entrance shall follow the dimensions shown on the plans and/or have a minimum width of 14 feet for one-way and 20 feet for two-way traffic, and a minimum length of 100 feet.

All surface water flowing or diverted toward the construction entrance shall be piped across the entrance. Any pipe used for this will be considered included in the unit price for SEDIMENT CONTROL, STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. The stabilized construction entrance shall have positive drainage away from the roadway.

The entrance shall remain in place and be maintained until the disturbed area is stabilized. Any sediment spilled onto public right-of-way(s) shall be removed immediately. All removed materials shall be disposed of outside the limits of the right-of-way according to Article 202.03 of the "Standard Specifications" and/or as directed by the Engineer.

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Maintenance may include the removal of sediment clogged aggregate and replacement with fresh aggregate as directed by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement: The Stabilized Construction Entrance will be measured in place and the area computed in square yards.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for SEDIMENT CONTROL, STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. The unit price shall include all material, including filter fabric, labor, equipment and any other items required to install, maintain, and remove the construction entrance.

POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING TYPE I RAISED MEDIAN

Description: This work shall consist of preparing surfaces and painting raised medians, median noses and curbs at the locations as shown on the plans, per the Will County details and according to the applicable portions of Section 780 of the "Standard Specifications".

Materials: Materials shall be according to Article 780.02(g) of the "Standard Specifications".

Method of Measurement: This work will be measured for payment in place per square foot and will include measurement of the adjacent curbed portion of the median.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot for POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING TYPE I RAISED MEDIAN, and shall include all surface preparation, layout, equipment and materials required to complete the work as described.

ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION

Description: This work shall be according to Section 804 (for the lighting) and Section 805 (for the signals) of the State of Illinois "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" and the notes in the roadway lighting plans, Electric Service Installation, Special (WCDOT), the IDOT D1 Special Provision for Service Installation (Traffic Signals), and IDOT District 1 Standard Drawing TS-05.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each for SERVICE INSTALLATION, GROUND MOUNTED, METERED or at the unit cost per each for ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATON.

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ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE CONNECTION (COMED)

Effective: January 1, 2012

<u>Description.</u> This item shall consist of payment for work performed by ComEd in providing or modifying electric service as indicated. THIS MAY INVOLVE WORK AT MORE THAN ONE ELECTRIC SERVICE. For summary of the Electrical Service Drop Locations see the schedule contained elsewhere herein.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

<u>General.</u> It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact ComEd. The Contractor shall coordinate his work fully with the ComEd both as to the work required and the timing of the installation. No additional compensation will be granted under this or any other item for extra work caused by failure to meet this requirement. Please contact ComEd, New Business Center Call Center, at 866 NEW ELECTRIC (1-866-639-3532) to begin the service connection process. The Call Center Representatives will create a work order for the service connection. The representative will ask the requestor for information specific to the request. The representative will assign the request based upon the location of project.

The Contractor should make particular note of the need for the earliest attention to arrangements with ComEd for service. In the event of delay by ComEd, no extension of time will be considered applicable for the delay unless the Contractor can produce written evidence of a request for electric service within 30 days of execution.

<u>Method Of Payment.</u> The Contractor will be reimbursed to the exact amount of money as billed by ComEd for its services. Work provided by the Contractor for electric service will be paid separately as described under ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION. No extra compensation shall be paid to the Contractor for any incidental materials and labor required to fulfill the requirements as shown on the plans and specified herein.

For bidding purposes, this item shall be estimated as \$8000.00

Basis Of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for **ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE CONNECTION** which shall be reimbursement in full for electric utility service charges.

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ROADWAY LUMINAIRE, LED

Effective: July 1, 2021

Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a roadway LED luminaire as shown on the plans, as specified herein.

General.

The luminaire including the housing, driver and optical assembly shall be assembled in the U.S.A. The luminaire shall be assembled by and manufactured by the same manufacturer. The luminaire shall be mechanically strong and easy to maintain. The size, weight, and shape of the luminaire shall be designed so as not to incite detrimental vibrations in its respective pole and it shall be compatible with the pole and arm. All electrical and electronic components of the luminaire shall comply with the requirements of Restriction of Hazardous Materials (RoHS) regulations. The luminaire shall be listed for wet locations by an NRTL and shall meet the requirements of UL 1598 and UL 8750

Submittal Requirements.

The Contractor shall also the following manufacturer's product data for each type of luminaire:

- Descriptive literature and catalogue cuts for luminaire, LED driver, and surge protection device. Completed manufacturer's luminaire ordering form with the full catalog number provided
- 2. LED drive current, total luminaire input wattage and total luminaire current at the system operating voltage or voltage range and ambient temperature of 25 C.
- 3. LED efficacy per luminaire expressed in lumens per watt (I/w).
- 4. Initial delivered lumens at the specified color temperature, drive current, and ambient temperature.
- IES file associated with each submitted luminaire in the IES LM-63 format.
- 6. Computer photometric calculation reports as specified and in the luminaire performance table.
- 7. TM-15 BUG rating report.
- 8. Isofootcandle chart with max candela point and half candela trace indicated.

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9. Documentation of manufacturers experience and verification that luminaires were assembled in the U.S.A. as specified.

10. Written warranty.

Upon request by the Engineer, submittals shall also include any or all the following:

- a. TM-21 calculator spreadsheet (XLSX or PDF format) and if available, TM-28 report for the specified luminaire or luminaire family. Both reports shall be for 50,000 hours at an ambient temperature of 77 °F (25 °C).
- b. LM-79 report with National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) current at the time of testing in PDF format inclusive of the following: isofootcandle diagram with half candela contour and maximum candela point; polar plots through maximum plane and maximum cone; coefficient of utilization graph; candela table; and spectral distribution graph and chromaticity diagram.
- c. LM-80 report for the specified LED package in PDF format and if available, LM-84 report for the specified luminaire or luminaire family in PDF format. Both reports shall be conducted by a laboratory with NVLAP certification current at the time of testing.
- d. AGi32 calculation file matching the submittal package.
- e. In Situ Temperature Measurement Test (ISTMT) report for the specified luminaire or luminaire family in PDF format.
- f. Vibration test report in accordance with ANSI C136.31 in PDF format.
- g. ASTM B117/ASTM D1654 (neutral salt spray) test and sample evaluation report in PDF format.
- h. ASTM G154 (ASTM D523) gloss test report in PDF format.
- i. LED drive current, total luminaire input wattage, and current over the operating voltage range at an ambient temperature of 77 °F (25 °C).
- j. Power factor (pf) and total harmonic distortion (THD) at maximum and minimum supply and at nominal voltage for the dimmed states of 70%, 50%, and 30% full power.
- k. Ingress protection (IP) test reports, conducted according to ANSI C136.25 requirements, for the driver and optical assembly in PDF format.

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I. Installation, maintenance, and cleaning instructions in PDF format, including recommendations on periodic cleaning methods.

m. Documentation in PDF format that the reporting laboratory is certified to perform the required tests.

A sample luminaire shall also be provided upon request of the Engineer. The sample shall be as proposed for the contract and shall be delivered by the Contractor to the District Headquarters. After review, the Contractor shall retrieve the luminaire.

Manufacturer Experience.

The luminaire shall be designed to be incorporated into a lighting system with an expected 20 year lifetime. The luminaire manufacturer shall have a minimum of 33 years' experience manufacturing HID roadway luminaires and shall have a minimum of seven (7) years' experience manufacturing LED roadway luminaires. The manufacturer shall have a minimum of 25,000 total LED roadway luminaires installed on a minimum of 100 separate installations, all within the U.S.A.

Housing.

Material. The luminaire shall be a single device not requiring on-site assembly for installation. The driver for the luminaire shall be integral to the unit.

Finish. The luminaire shall have a baked acrylic enamel finish. The color of the finish shall be gray, unless otherwise indicated.

The finish shall have a rating of six or greater according to ASTM D1654, Section 8.0 Procedure A – Evaluation of Rust Creepage for Scribed Samples after exposure to1000 hours of testing according to ASTM B117 for painted or finished surfaces under environmental exposure.

The luminaire finish shall have less than or equal to 30% reduction of gloss according to ASTM D523 after exposure of 500 hours to ASTM G154 Cycle 6 QUV® accelerated weathering testing.

The luminaire shall slip-fit on a mounting arm with a 2" diameter tenon (2.375" outer diameter), and shall have a barrier to limit the amount of insertion. The slip fitter clamp shall utilize four (4) bolts to clamp to the tenon arm. The luminaire shall be provided with a leveling surface and shall be capable of being tilted ±5 degrees from the axis of attachment in 2.5 degree increments and rotated to any degree with respect to the supporting arm.

All external surfaces shall be cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and be constructed in such a way as to discourage the accumulation of water, ice, and debris.

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The effective projected area of the luminaire shall not exceed 1.6 sq. ft.

The total weight including accessories, shall not exceed 40 lb (18.14 kg). If the weight of the luminaire is less than 20 lb (9.07 kg), weight shall be added to the mounting arm or a supplemental vibration damper installed as approved by the Engineer.

A passive cooling method with no moving, rotating parts, or liquids shall be employed for heat management.

The luminaire shall include a fully prewired, 7-pin twist lock ANSI C136.41-compliant receptacle. Unused pins shall be connected as directed by the Manufacturer and as approved by the Engineer. A shorting cap shall be provided with the luminaire that is compliant with ANSI C136.10.

Vibration Testing. All luminaires shall be subjected to and pass vibration testing requirements at "3G" minimum zero to peak acceleration in accordance with ANSI C136.31 requirements using the same luminaire. To be accepted, the luminaire housing, hardware, and each individual component shall pass this test with no noticeable damage and the luminaire must remain fully operational after testing.

Labels. An internal label shall be provided indicating the luminaire is suitable for wet locations and indicating the luminaire is an NRTL listed product to UL1598 and UL8750. The internal label shall also comply with the requirements of ANSI C136.22.

An external label consisting of two black characters on a white background with the dimensions of the label and the characters as specified in ANSI C136.15 for HPS luminaires. The first character shall be the alphabetical character representing the initial lumen output as specified in Table 1 of Article 1067.06(c). The second character shall be the numerical character representing the transverse light distribution type as specified in IES RP-8 (i.e. Types 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5).

Hardware. All hardware shall be stainless steel or of other corrosion resistant material approved by the Engineer.

Luminaires shall be designed to be easily serviced, having fasteners such as quarter-turn clips of the heavy spring-loaded type with large, deep straight slot heads, complete with a receptacle and shall be according to military specification MIL-f-5591.

All hardware shall be captive and not susceptible to falling from the luminaire during maintenance operations. This shall include lens/lens frame fasteners as well hardware holding the removable driver and electronic components in place.

Provisions for any future house-side external or internal shielding should be indicated along with means of attachment.

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Circuiting shall be designed to minimize the impact of individual LED failures on the operation of the other LED's.

Wiring. Wiring within the electrical enclosure shall be rated at 600v, 105°C or higher.

Driver.

The driver shall be integral to the luminaire shall be capable of receiving an indefinite open and short circuit output conditions without damage.

The driver shall incorporate the use of thermal foldback circuitry to reduce output current under abnormal driver case temperature conditions and shall be rated for a lifetime of 100,000 hours at an ambient temperature exposure of 77 °F (25 °C) to the luminaire. If the driver has a thermal shut down feature, it shall not turn off the LEDs when operated at 104 °F (40 °C) or less.

The driver shall have an input voltage range of 120 to 277 volts (± 10%) or 347 to 480 volts (± 10%) according to the contract documents. When the driver is operating within the rated input voltage range and in an un-dimmed state, the power factor measurement shall be not less than 0.9 and the THD measurement shall be no greater than 20%.

The driver shall meet the requirements of the FCC Rules and Regulations, Title 47, Part 15 for Class A devices with regard to electromagnetic compatibility. This shall be confirmed through the testing methods in accordance with ANSI C63.4 for electromagnetic interference.

The driver shall be dimmable using the protocol listed in the Luminaire Performance Table shown in the contract.

Surge Protection. The luminaire shall comply the requirements of ANSI C136.2 for electrical transient immunity at the "Extreme" level (20KV/10KA) and shall be equipped with a surge protective device (SPD) that is UL1449 compliant with indicator light. An SPD failure shall open the circuit to protect the driver.

LED Optical Assembly

The optical assembly shall have an IP66 or higher rating in accordance with ANSI C136.25. The circuiting of the LED array shall be designed to minimize the effect of individual LED failures on the operation of other LEDs. All optical components shall be made of glass or a UV stabilized, non-yellowing material.

The optical assembly shall utilize high brightness, long life, minimum 70 CRI, 4,000K color temperature (+/-300K) LEDs binned in accordance with ANSI C78.377. Lenses shall be UV-stabilized acrylic or glass.

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Lumen depreciation at 50,000 hours of operation shall not exceed 15% of initial lumen output at the specified LED drive current and an ambient temperature of 25° C.

The luminaire may or may not have a glass lens over the LED modules. If a glass lens is used, it must be a flat lens. Material other than glass will not be acceptable. If a glass lens is not used, the LED modules may not protrude lower than the luminaire housing.

The assembly shall have individual serial numbers or other means for manufacturer tracking.

Photometric Performance.

Luminaires shall be tested according to IESNA LM-79. This testing shall be performed by a test laboratory holding accreditation from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for the IESNA LM-79 test procedure.

Data reports as a minimum shall yield an isofootcandle chart, with max candela point and half candela trace indicated, maximum plane and maximum cone plots of candela, a candlepower table (house and street side), a coefficient of utilization chart, a luminous flux distribution table, spectral distribution plots, chromaticity plots, and other standard report outputs of the above mentioned tests.

The luminaire shall have a BUG rating of Back Light B3 or less, Up Light rating of U0, and a Glare rating of G3 or less unless otherwise indicated in the luminaire performance table.

Photometric Calculations.

Calculations. Submitted report shall include a luminaire classification system graph with both the recorded lumen value and percent lumens by zone along with the BUG rating according to IESNA TM-15.

Complete point-by-point luminance and veiling luminance calculations as well as listings of all indicated averages and ratios as applicable shall be provided in accordance with IESNA RP-8 recommendations. Lighting calculations shall be performed using AGi32 software with all luminance calculations performed to one decimal place (i.e. x.x cd/m2). Uniformity ratios shall also be calculated to one decimal place (i.e. x.x:1). Calculation results shall demonstrate that the submitted luminaire meets the lighting metrics specified in the project Luminaire Performance Table(s). Values shall be rounded to the number of significant digits indicated in the luminaire performance table(s).

All photometry must be **photopic**. Scotopic or mesopic factors will not be allowed. The AGi32 file shall be submitted at the request of the Engineer.

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IDOT DISTRICT 1 LUMINAIRE PERFORMANCE TABLE ROADWAY LIGHTING

GIVEN CONDITIONS

Roadway Data	Pavement Width Number of Lanes Left of Median Number of Lanes Right of Median Lane Width Median Width IES Surface Classification Q-Zero Value	90 2 2 12 18 R3 0.07	Ft Ft Ft
Mounting Data	Mounting Height Mast Arm Length Pole Set-Back from Edge of Pavement	35 12 6	Ft Ft Ft
Luminaire Data	Source Color Temperature Lumens Pay Item Lumen Designation BUG Rating IES Vertical Distribution IES Control of Distribution IES Lateral Distribution Total Light Loss Factor	LED 4000 15,500 G B2-U0-G3 Type 3 Type 3 Type 3 0.70	°K Min
Pole Layout Data	Spacing Configuration	220 Opposite	Ft
	Luminaire Overhang over E.O.P.	3	Ft

NOTE: Variations from the above specified I.E.S. distribution pattern may be requested, and acceptance of variations will be subject to review by the Engineer based on how well the performance requirements are met.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

NOTE: These performance requirements shall be the minimum acceptable standards of photometric performance for the luminaire, based on the given conditions listed above.

Roadway	Average Luminance, Lave (Max)	0.9	Cd/m ²

Route: FAU 0320 (Laraway Road) County: Will Section No. 13-00138-37-PV

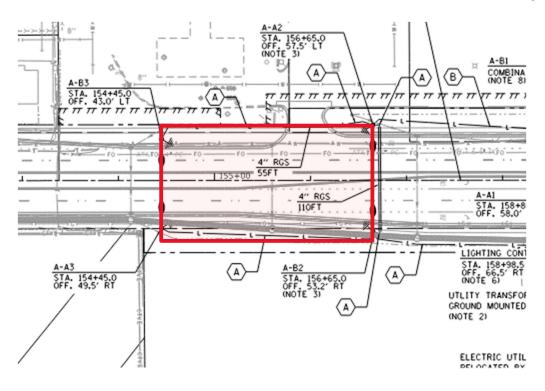
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Luminance	Average Luminance, L _{AVE} (Min)	0.6	Cd/m ²
	Uniformity Ratio, LAVE/LMIN	3.5	Max
	Uniformity Ratio, LMAX/LMIN	6.0	Max
	Veiling Luminance Ratio, Lv/Lave	0.3	Max

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Independent Testing

When a contract has 50 or more luminaires of the same type (distribution type and lumen output/wattage), that luminaire type shall be independently tested, unless otherwise noted. The quantity of luminaires to be tested shall be as specified in the following table.

Contract Quantity	Luminaires to be Tested	
	0	
1-49	(unless otherwise	
	noted)	
50-100	2	
101-150	3	
151-200	4	
201-250	5	
251-300	6	
301-350	7	

Testing is not required for temporary lighting luminaires.

The Contractor shall coordinate the testing with the contract schedule considering submittal, manufacturing, testing, and installation lead-times and deadlines.

The Electrical Engineer shall select from all the project luminaires at the Contractor's or distributor's storage facility, within District 1, the luminaires for testing. In all cases, the selection of luminaires shall be a random selection from the entire completed lot of luminaires required for the contract. Selections from partial lots will not be allowed. An additional luminaire shall also be selected for physical inspection by the Engineer at the District Headquarters. This luminaire will be available for the Contractor to pick up at a later date to be installed under this contract. This luminaire is in addition to the luminaire required as a part of the submittal process specified elsewhere.

Alternative selection process. With the Engineer's prior approval, the Contractor shall provide a list of luminaire serial numbers for all the luminaires. The Engineer shall make a random selection of the required number of luminaires for testing from the serial numbers. That luminaire must then be photographed clearly showing the serial number prior to shipment to the selected and approved testing laboratory. The testing laboratory shall include a photograph of the luminaire along with the test results directly to the Engineer.

Luminaires shall be tested at a National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accredited laboratory approved for each of the required tests. The testing facility shall not be associated in any way, subsidiary or otherwise, with the luminaire

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manufacturer. All costs associated with luminaire testing shall be included in the bid price of the luminaire.

The selection of the proposed independent laboratory shall be presented with the information submitted for review and approval.

The testing performed shall include photometric and electrical testing.

All tests shall be conducted at the luminaire system operating voltage of 240 volts unless specified differently in the contract plans.

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Photometric testing shall be according to IES recommendations, performed with a goniophotometer and as a minimum, shall yield an isofootcandle chart, with max candela point and half candela trace indicated, an isocandela diagram, maximum planned and maximum cone plots of candela, a candlepower table (House and street side), a coefficient of utilization chart, a luminous flux distribution table, BUG rating report, and complete calculations based on specified requirements and test results.

Electrical testing shall conform to NEMA and ANSI standards and, as a minimum shall include a complete check of wiring connections and a table of characteristics showing input amperes, watts, power factor, total harmonic distortion and LED drive current.

Two copies of the summary report and the test results including IES photometric files (including CD-ROM) shall be certified by the test laboratory and shall be sent by certified mail directly to the Engineer.

To: District Engineer
Attn: Bureau Chief of Traffic Operations
Illinois Department of transportation
201 West center Ct.
Schaumburg, IL 60196

Condambary, 12 00 100

The package shall state "luminaire test reports" and the contract number clearly.

A copy of this material shall be sent to the Contractor and the Resident Engineer at the same time.

Photometric performance shall meet or exceed that of the specified values. If the luminaire does not meet the specified photometric values, the luminaire has failed regardless of whether the test results meet the submitted factory data.

Should any of the tested luminaires of a given type, and distribution fail to satisfy the specifications and perform according to approved submittal information, the luminaire

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type of that distribution type and wattage shall be unacceptable and be replaced by alternate equipment meeting the specifications with the submittal and testing process repeated in their entirety; or corrections made to achieve required performance.

In the case of corrections, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer of the proposed corrections and shall request a repeat of the specified testing and, if the corrections are deemed reasonable by the Engineer, the testing process shall be repeated in its entirety.

The number of luminaires to be tested shall be the same quantity as originally tested as required in the above table.

Retesting, should it become necessary, shall not be grounds for additional compensation or extension of time

Submittal information shall include a statement of intent to provide the testing as well as a request for approval of the chosen laboratory.

Installation.

Each luminaire shall be installed according to the luminaire manufacturer's recommendations.

Luminaires which are pole mounted shall be mounted on site such that poles and arms are not left unloaded. Pole mounted luminaires shall be leveled/adjusted after poles are set and vertically aligned before being energized. When mounted on a tenon, care shall be exercised to assure maximum insertion of the mounting tenon. Each luminaire shall be checked to assure compatibility with the project power system. When the night-time check of the lighting system by the Engineer indicates that any luminaires are mis-aligned, the mis-aligned luminaires shall be corrected at no additional cost.

No luminaire shall be installed prior to approval. Where independent testing is required, full approval will not be given until complete test results, demonstrating compliance with the specifications, have been reviewed and accepted by the Engineer.

Pole wiring shall be provided with the luminaire. Pole wire shall run from handhole to luminaire.

Pole wire shall be sized No. 10, rated 600 V, RHW/USE-2, and have copper conductors, stranded in conformance with ASTM B 8. Pole wire shall be insulated with cross-linked polyethylene (XLP) insulation. Pole wire shall include a phase, neutral, and green ground wire. Wire shall be trained within the pole or sign structure so as to avoid abrasion or damage to the insulation.

Pole wire shall be extended through the pole, pole grommet, luminaire ring, and any associated arm and tenon. The pole wire shall be terminated in a manner that avoids sharp kinks, pinching, pressure on the insulation, or any other arrangement prone to

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damaging insulation value and producing poor megger test results. Wires shall be trained away from heat sources within the luminaire. Wires shall be terminated so all strands are extended to the full depth of the terminal lug with the insulation removed far enough so it abuts against the shoulder of the lug, but is not compressed as the lug is tightened.

Included with the pole wiring shall be fusing located in the handhole. Fusing shall be according to Article 1065.01 with the exception that fuses shall be 6 amperes.

Each luminaire and optical assembly shall be free of all dirt, smudges, etc. Should the optical assembly require cleaning, a luminaire manufacturer approved cleaning procedure shall be used.

Horizontal mount luminaires shall be installed in a level, horizontal plane, with adjustments as needed to insure the optics are set perpendicular to the traveled roadway.

When the pole is bridge mounted, a minimum size stainless steel 1/4-20NC set screw shall be provided to secure the luminaire to the mast arm tenon. A hole shall be drilled and tapped through the tenon and luminaire mounting bracket and then fitted with the screw.

Warranty.

The entire luminaire and all of its component parts shall be covered by a 10-year warranty. Failure is when one or more of the following occur:

- 1) Negligible light output from more than 10 percent of the discrete LEDs.
- 2) Significant moisture that deteriorates performance of the luminaire.
- 3) Driver that continues to operate at a reduced output due to overheating.

The warranty period shall begin on the date of luminaire delivery. The Contractor shall verify that the Resident Engineer has noted the delivery date in the daily diary. Copy of the shipment and delivery documentation shall be submitted.

The replacement luminaire shall be of the same manufacturer, model, and photometric distribution as the original.

Method of Measurement.

The rated initial minimum luminous flux (lumen output) of the light source, as installed in the luminaire, shall be according to the following table for each specified output designation.

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Designation Type	Minimum Initial Luminous Flux	Designation Type	Minimum Initial Luminous Flux
Α	2,200	G	15,500
В	3,150	Н	25,200
С	4,400	I	47,250
D	6,300	J	63,300
E	9,450	K	80,000+
F	12,500		

Where delivered lumens is defined as the minimum initial delivered lumens at the specified color temperature. Luminaires with an initial luminous flux less than the values listed in the above table will not be acceptable even if they meet the requirements given in the Luminaire Performance table shown in the contract.

Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for **LUMINAIRE**, **LED**, **ROADWAY**, of the output designation specified, or **TEMPORARY LUMINAIRE**, **LED**, **ROADWAY**, of the output designation specified.

LUMINAIRE SAFETY CABLE ASSEMBLY

Effective: January 1, 2012

Description: This item shall consist of providing a luminaire safety cable assembly as specified herein and as indicated in the plans.

Materials. Materials shall be according to the following:

Wire Rope. Cables (wire rope) shall be manufactured from Type 304 or Type 316 stainless steel having a maximum carbon content of 0.08 % and shall be a stranded assembly. Cables shall be 3.18 mm (0.125") diameter, 7x19 Class strand core and shall have no strand joints or strand splices.

Cables shall be manufactured and listed for compliance with Federal Specification RR-W-410 and Mil-DTL-83420.

Cable terminals shall be stainless steel compatible with the cable and as recommended by the cable manufacturer. Terminations and clips shall be the same stainless steel grade as the wire rope they are connected to.

U-Bolts. U-Bolts and associated nuts, lock washers, and mounting plates shall be manufactured from Type 304 or Type 316 stainless steel.

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CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

General. The safety cable assembly shall be installed as indicated in the plan details. One end of the cable assembly shall have a loop fabricated from a stainless steel compression sleeve. The other end of the cable assembly shall be connected with stainless steel wire rope clips as indicated. Slack shall be kept to a minimum to prevent the luminaire from creeping off the end of the mast arm. Unless otherwise indicated in the plans, the luminaire safety cable shall only be used in conjunction with luminaires which are directly above the traveled pavement.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract price each for LUMINAIRE SAFETY CABLE ASSEMBLY, which shall be payment for the work as described herein and as indicated in the plans.

TRAFFIC SIGNAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (D1 LR)

Effective: April 1, 2016 Revised: July 20, 2016

LR800.01TS

These Traffic Signal Special Provisions and the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details" supplement the requirements of the State of Illinois "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction." The intent of these Special Provisions is to prescribe the materials and construction methods commonly used for traffic signal installations.

- All material furnished shall be new unless otherwise noted herein.
- Traffic signal construction and maintenance work shall be performed by personnel holding current IMSA Traffic Signal Technician Level II certification. A copy of the certification shall be immediately available upon request of the Engineer.
- The work to be done under this contract consists of furnishing, installing and maintaining all traffic signal work and items as specified in the Plans and as specified herein in a manner acceptable and approved by the Engineer.

Definitions of Terms.

Add the following to Section 101 of the Standard Specifications:

101.56 Vendor. Company that sells a particular type of product directly to the contractor or the Equipment Supplier.

101.57 Equipment supplier. Company that supplies, represents and provides technical support for IDOT District One approved traffic signal controllers and other related equipment. The Equipment Supplier shall be located within IDOT District One and shall:

- Be full service with on-site facilities to assemble, test and trouble-shoot traffic signal controllers and cabinet assemblies.
- Maintain an inventory of IDOT District One approved controllers and cabinets.

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 Be staffed with permanent sales and technical personnel able to provide traffic signal controller and cabinet expertise and support.

 Technical staff shall hold current IMSA Traffic Signal Technician Level III certification and shall attend traffic signal turn-ons and inspections with a minimum 14 calendar day notice.

Submittals.

Revise Article 801.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

All material approval requests shall be submitted to the Resident Engineer, who will then forward the submittal on to the IDOT Local Agency Area Engineer and the Local Agency. Electronic material submittals shall follow the District's Traffic Operations Construction Submittals guidelines. General requirements include:

- 1. All material approval requests shall be made prior to or no later than one week after the date of the preconstruction meeting. A list of major traffic signal items can be found in Article 801.05. Material or equipment which is similar or identical shall be the product of the same manufacturer, unless necessary for system continuity. Traffic signal materials and equipment shall bear the U.L. label whenever such labeling is available.
- 2. Product data and shop drawings shall be assembled by pay item. Only the top sheet of each pay item submittal will be stamped by the Department with the review status, except shop drawings for mast arm pole assemblies and the like will be stamped with the review status on each sheet.
- 3. Original manufacturer published product data and shop drawing sheets with legible dimensions and details shall be submitted for review.
- 4. When hard copy submittals are requested by the Bureau of Local Roads and Streets, the number of requested sets of the manufacturer's descriptive literatures and technical data for the traffic signal materials shall be submitted.
- 5. For hard copy or electronic submittals, the descriptive literature and technical data shall be adequate for determining whether the materials meet the requirements of the plans and specifications. If the literature contains more than one item, the Contractor shall indicate which item or items will be furnished.
- 6. When hard copy submittals are necessary for structural elements, four complete copies of the shop drawings for the mast arm assemblies and poles, and the combination mast arm assemblies and poles showing, in detail, the fabrication thereof and the certified mill analyses of the materials used in the fabrication, anchor rods, and reinforcing materials shall be submitted.
- 7. Partial or incomplete submittals will be returned without review.
- 8. Certain non-standard mast arm poles and special structural elements will require additional review from IDOT's Central Office. Examples include ornamental/decorative, non-standard length mast arm pole assemblies and

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monotube structures. The Contractor shall account for the additional review time in his schedule.

- 9. The contract number, the name of the lead local agency (as indicated on the cover sheet of the plans), section number, project location/limits and corresponding pay code number must be on each sheet of correspondence, catalog cuts and mast arm poles and assemblies drawings.
- 10. Where certifications and/or warranties are specified, the information submitted for approval shall include certifications and warranties. Certifications involving inspections, and/or tests of material shall be complete with all test data, dates, and times.
- 11. After the Engineer reviews the submittals for conformance with the design concept of the project, the Engineer will stamp the drawings indicating their status as 'Approved', 'Approved-As-Noted', 'Disapproved', or 'Information Only'. Since the Engineer's review is for conformance with the design concept only, it is the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate the various items into a working system as specified. The Contractor shall not be relieved from responsibility for errors or omissions in the shop, working, layout drawings, or other documents by the Department's approval thereof. The Contractor must still be in full compliance with contract and specification requirements.
- 12. The Contractor shall secure approved materials in a timely manner to assure construction schedules are not delayed.
- 13. All submitted items reviewed and marked 'APPROVED AS NOTED' or 'DISAPPROVED' are to be resubmitted in their entirety, unless otherwise indicated within the submittal comments or transmittal accompanying the documents, with a disposition of previous comments to verify contract compliance at no additional cost to the contract.
- 14. Exceptions to and deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents will not be allowed. It is the Contractor's responsibility to note any deviations from Contract requirements at the time of submittal and to make any requests for deviations in writing to the Engineer. In general, substitutions will not be acceptable. Requests for substitutions must demonstrate that the proposed substitution is superior to the material or equipment required by the Contract Documents. No exceptions, deviations or substitutions will be permitted without the approval of the Engineer.
- 15. The Contractor shall not order major equipment such as mast arm assemblies prior to Engineer approval of the Contractor marked proposed traffic signal equipment locations to assure proper placement of contract required traffic signal displays, push buttons and other facilities. Field adjustments may require changes in proposed mast arm length and other coordination.

Marking Proposed Locations.

Revise "Marking Proposed Locations for Highway Lighting System" of Article 801.09 to read "Marking Proposed Locations for Highway Lighting System and Traffic Signals."

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Add the following to Article 801.09 of the Standard Specifications:

It shall be the contractor's responsibility to verify all dimensions and conditions existing in the field prior to ordering materials and beginning construction. This shall include locating the mast arm foundations and verifying the mast arms lengths.

Inspection of Electrical Systems.

Add the following to Article 801.10 of the Standard Specifications:

(c) All cabinets including temporary traffic signal cabinets shall be assembled by an approved equipment supplier in District One. The Department reserves the right to request any controller and cabinet to be tested at the equipment supplier's facility prior to field installation, at no extra cost to this contract.

Maintenance and Responsibility.

Revise Article 801.11 of the Standard Specifications to read:

- Existing traffic signal installations and/or any electrical facilities at all or a. various locations may be altered or reconstructed totally or partially as part of the work on this Contract. The Contractor is hereby advised that all traffic control equipment, presently installed at these locations, may be the property of the State of Illinois, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, County, Private Developer, Municipality or Transit Agency in which they are located. Once the Contractor has begun any work on any portion of the project, all traffic signals within the limits of this contract or those which have the item "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation," "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation," shall become the full responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall supply the Resident Engineer, IDOT Local Agency Area Engineer, Local Agency, the Owner of the traffic signal, and/or their Electrical Maintenance Contractor with two 24-hour emergency contact names and telephone numbers.
- b. Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment such as red lighting running and railroad crossing camera systems are owned and operated by others and the Contractor shall not be responsible for maintaining this equipment.
- c. Regional transit, County and other agencies may also have equipment connected to existing traffic signal or peripheral equipment such as PTZ cameras, switches, transit signal priority (TSP and BRT) servers and other devices that shall be included with traffic signal maintenance at no additional cost to the contract.
- d. When the project has a pay item for "Maintenance of Existing Traffic Signal Installation," "Temporary Traffic Signal Installation(s)" and/or "Maintenance

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of Existing Flashing Beacon Installation," the Contractor must notify the Resident Engineer, the Local Agency, the Owner of the traffic signal, and/or their Electrical Maintenance Contractor of their intent to begin any physical construction work on the Contract or any portion thereof. This notification must be made a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the start of construction to allow sufficient time for inspection of the existing traffic signal installation(s) and transfer of maintenance to the Contractor. Department will attempt to fulfill the Contractor's inspection date request(s); however workload and other conditions may prevent the Department from accommodating specific dates or times. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any other compensation if the requested inspection date(s) cannot be scheduled by the Department. If work is started prior to an inspection, maintenance of the traffic signal installation(s) will be transferred to the Contractor without an inspection. The Contractor will become responsible for repairing or replacing all equipment that is not operating properly or is damaged at no cost to the owner of the traffic signal. Final repairs or replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted.

- e. The Contractor is advised that the existing and/or temporary traffic signal installation must remain in operation during all construction stages, except for the most essential down time. Any shutdown of the traffic signal installation, which exceeds fifteen (15) minutes, must have prior approval of the Engineer. Approval to shut down the traffic signal installation will only be granted during the period extending from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on weekdays. Shutdowns shall not be allowed during inclement weather or holiday periods.
- f. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the safe and efficient operation of the traffic signals and other equipment noted herein. Any inquiry, complaint or request by the Department, the Local Agency, the Owner of the traffic signal, and/or their Electrical Maintenance Contractor, or the public, shall be investigated and repairs begun within one hour. Failure to provide this service will result in liquidated damages of \$1000 per day per occurrence. In addition, the Department reserves the right to assign any work not completed within this timeframe to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor. All costs associated to repair this uncompleted work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to pay these costs to the Electrical Maintenance Contractor within one month after the incident will result in additional liquidated damages of \$1000 per month per occurrence. Unpaid bills will be deducted from the cost of the Contract. The Department, the Local Agency, the Owner of the traffic signal, and/or their Electrical

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Maintenance Contractor may inspect any signalizing device under their jurisdiction at any time without notification.

- g. Any proposed activity in the vicinity of a highway-rail grade crossing must adhere to the guidelines set forth in the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) regarding work in temporary traffic control zones in the vicinity of highway-rail grade crossings which states that lane restrictions, flagging, or other operations shall not create conditions where vehicles can be queued across the railroad tracks. If the queuing of vehicles across the tracks cannot be avoided, a uniformed law enforcement officer or flagger shall be provided at the crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping on the tracks, even if automatic warning devices are in place.
- h. The Contractor shall be responsible to clear snow, ice, dirt, debris or other condition that obstructs visibility of any traffic signal display or access to traffic signal equipment.
- i. The Contractor shall maintain the traffic signal in normal operation during short or long term loss of utility or battery back-up power at critical locations designated by the Engineer. Critical locations may include traffic signals interconnected to railroad warning devices, expressway ramps, intersection with an SRA route, critical corridors or other locations identified by the Engineer. Temporary power to the traffic signal must meet applicable NEC and OSHA guidelines and may include portable generators and/or replacement batteries. Temporary power to critical locations shall not be for separately but shall be included in the contract.

Damage to Traffic Signal System.

Add the following to Article 801.12(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Any traffic signal control equipment damaged or not operating properly from any cause shall be replaced with new equipment meeting current District One traffic signal specifications and/or applicable Local Agency traffic signal specifications and provided by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Contract and/or owner of the traffic signal system, all as approved by the Engineer. Final replacement of damaged equipment must meet the approval of the Engineer prior to or at the time of final inspection otherwise the traffic signal installation will not be accepted. Cable splices are only allowed at the bases of post and mast arms.

Temporary replacement of damaged or knockdown of a mast arm pole assembly shall require construction of a full or partial span wire signal installation or other method approved by the Engineer to assure signal heads are located overhead and over

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traveled pavement. Temporary replacement of mast arm mount signals with post mount signals will not be permitted.

Automatic Traffic Enforcement equipment, such as Red Light Enforcement cameras, detectors, and peripheral equipment, damaged or not operating properly from any cause, shall be the responsibility of the municipality or the Automatic Traffic Enforcement company per Permit agreement.

Traffic Signal Inspection (TURN-ON).

Revise Article 801.15(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

It is the intent to have all electric work completed and equipment field tested by the Equipment Supplier prior to the Department's "turn-on" field inspection. If in the event the Engineer determines work is not complete and the inspection will require more than two (2) hours to complete, the inspection shall be canceled and the Contractor will be required to reschedule at another date. The maintenance of the traffic signals will not be accepted until all punch list work is corrected and re-inspected.

When the road is open to traffic, except as otherwise provided in Section 850 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request a turn-on and inspection of the completed traffic signal installation at each separate location. This request must be made to the Bureau of Local Roads and Streets at (847) 705-4487 a minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the time of the requested inspection. The Department will attempt to fulfill the Contractor's turn-on and inspection date request(s); however workload and other conditions may prevent the Department from accommodating specific dates or times. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any other compensation if the requested turn-on and inspection date(s) cannot be scheduled by the Department. The Department will not grant a field inspection until written or electronic notification is provided from the Contractor that the equipment has been field tested and the intersection is operating according to Contract requirements. The Contractor must invite local fire department personnel to the turn-on when Emergency Vehicle Preemption (EVP) is included in the project. When the contract includes the item RE-OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM. OPTIMIZE TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM, or TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMINGS, the Contractor must notify the SCAT Consultant of the turn-on/detour implementation schedule, as well as stage changes and phase changes during construction.

The Contractor must have all traffic signal work completed and the electrical service installation connected by the utility company prior to requesting an inspection and turn-on of the traffic signal installation. The Contractor shall be responsible to provide a police officer to assist with traffic control at the time of testing.

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The Contractor shall provide a representative from the control equipment vendor's office who is knowledgeable of the cabinet design and controller functions to attend the traffic signal inspection for both permanent and temporary traffic signal turn-ons.

Upon demonstration that the signals are operating and all work is completed in accordance with the Contract and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the Engineer will then allow the signals to be placed in continuous operation. The Agency that is responsible for the maintenance of each traffic signal installation will assume the maintenance upon successful completion of this inspection.

The District requires the following Final Project Documentation from the Contractor at traffic signal turn-ons in electronic format in addition to hard copies where noted. A CD/DVD shall be submitted with separate folders corresponding to each numbered title below. The CD/DVD shall be labelled with date, project location, company and contract or permit number. Record Drawings, Inventory and Material Approvals shall be submitted prior to traffic signal turn-on for review by the Department as described here-in.

Final Project Documentation:

- 1. Record Drawings. Signal plans of record with field revisions marked in red ink. One hard copy set of 11"x17" record drawings shall also be provided.
- 2. Inventory. Inventory of new and existing traffic signal equipment including cabinet types and devices within cabinets in an Excel spread sheet format. One hard copy shall also be provided.
- 3. Pictures. Digital pictures of a minimum 12M pixels of each intersection approach showing all traffic signal displays and equipment. Pictures shall include controller cabinet equipment in enough detail to clearly identify manufacture and model of major equipment.
- 4. Field Testing. Written notification from the Contractor and the equipment vendor of satisfactory field testing with corresponding material performance measurements, such as for detector loops and fiber optic systems (see Article 801.13). One hard copy of all contract required performance measurement testing shall also be provided.
- 5. Materials Approval. The material approval letter. A hard copy shall also be provided.
- 6. Manuals. Operation and service manuals of the signal controller and associated control equipment. One hard copy shall also be provided.
- 7. Cabinet Wiring Diagram and Cable Logs. Five (5) hard copies 11" x 17" of the cabinet wiring diagrams shall be provided along with electronic pdf and dgn files of the cabinet wiring diagram. Five hard copies of the cable logs and electronic excel files shall be provided with cable #, number of conductors and spares, connected device/signal head and intersection location.
- 8. Controller Programming Settings. The traffic signal controller's timings; backup timings; coordination splits, offsets, and cycles; TBC Time of Day,

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Week and Year Programs; Traffic Responsive Program, Detector Phase Assignment, Type and Detector Switching; and any other functions programmable from the keyboard. The controller manufacturer shall also supply a printed form, not to exceed 11" x 17" for recording that data noted above. The form shall include a location, date, manufacturer's name, controller model and software version. The form shall be approved by the Engineer and a minimum of three (3) copies must be furnished at each turnon. The manufacturer must provide all programming information used within the controller at the time of turn-on.

- 9. Warrantees and Guarantees. All manufacturer and contractor warrantees and guarantees required by Article 801.14.
- 10. GPS coordinate of traffic signal equipment as describe in the Record Drawings section herein.

Acceptance of the traffic signal equipment by the Department shall be based upon inspection results at the traffic signal "turn on", completeness of the required documentation and successful operation during a minimum 72 hour "burn-in" period following activation of the traffic signal. If approved, traffic signal acceptance shall be verbal at the "turn on" inspection followed by written correspondence from the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for all traffic signal equipment and associated maintenance thereof until Departmental acceptance is granted.

All equipment and/or parts to keep the traffic signal installation operating shall be furnished by the Contractor. No spare traffic signal equipment is available from the Department.

All punch list work shall be completed within two (2) weeks after the final inspection. The Contractor shall notify the Electrical Maintenance Contractor to inspect all punch list work. Failure to meet these time constraints shall result in liquidated damage charges of \$500 per month per incident.

All cost of work and materials required to comply with the above requirements shall be included in the pay item bid prices, under which the subject materials and signal equipment are paid, and no additional compensation will be allowed. Materials and signal equipment not complying with the above requirements shall be subject to removal and disposal at the Contractor's expense.

Record Drawings.

The requirements listed for Electrical Installation shall apply for Traffic Signal Installations in Article 801.16. Revise the 2nd paragraph of Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When the work is complete, and seven days before the request for a final inspection, the reduced-size set of contract drawings, stamped "RECORD

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DRAWINGS", shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval and shall be stamped with the date and the signature of the Contractor's supervising Engineer or electrician. The record drawings shall be submitted in PDF format on CDROM as well as hardcopy for review and approval. If the contract consists of multiple intersections, each intersection shall be saved as an individual PDF file with TS# and location name in its file name.

In addition to the record drawings, copies of the final catalog cuts which have been Approved or Approved as Noted shall be submitted in PDF format along with the record drawings. The PDF files shall clearly indicate the pay item either by filename or PDF Table of Contents referencing the respective pay item number for multi-item PDF files. Specific part or model numbers of items which have been selected shall be clearly visible."

As part of the record drawings, the Contractor shall inventory all traffic signal equipment, new or existing, on the project and record information in an Excel spreadsheet. The inventory shall include equipment type, model numbers, software manufacturer and version and quantities.

Add the following to Article 801.16 of the Standard Specifications:

"In addition to the specified record drawings, the Contactor shall record GPS coordinates of the following traffic signal components being installed, modified or being affected in other ways by this contract:

- All Mast Arm Poles and Posts
- Traffic Signal Wood Poles
- Rail Road Bungalow
- UPS
- Handholes
- Conduit roadway crossings
- Controller Cabinets
- Communication Cabinets
- Electric Service Disconnect locations
- CCTV Camera installations
- Fiber Optic Splice Locations
- Conduit Crossings

Datum to be used shall be North American 1983.

Data shall be provided electronically and in print form. The electronic format shall be compatible with MS Excel. Latitude and Longitude shall be in decimal degrees with a minimum of 6 decimal places. Each coordinate shall have the following information:

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- File shall be named: TSXXX-YY-MM-DD (i.e. TS22157_15-01-01)
- Each intersection shall have its own file
- Row 1 should have the location name (i.e. IL 31 @ Klausen)
- Row 2 is blank
- Row 3 is the headers for the columns
- Row 4 starts the data
- Column A (Date) should be in the following format: MM/DD/YYYY
- Column B (Item) as shown in the table below
- Column C (Description) as shown in the table below
- Column D and E (GPS Data) should be in decimal form, per the IDOT special provisions

Examples:

Date	Item	Description	Latitude	Longitude
01/01/2015	MP (Mast Arm Pole)	NEQ, NB, Dual, Combination Pole	41.580493	-87.793378
01/01/2015	HH (Handhole)	Heavy Duty, Fiber, Intersection, Double	41.558532	-87.792571
01/01/2015	ES (Electrical Service)	Ground mount, Pole mount	41.765532	-87.543571
01/01/2015	CC (Controller Cabinet)		41.602248	-87.794053
01/01/2015	RSC (Rigid Steel Crossing)	IL 31 east side crossing south leg to center HH at Klausen	41.611111	-87.790222
01/01/2015	PTZ (PTZ)	NEQ extension pole	41.593434	-87.769876
01/01/2015	POST (Post)		41.651848	-87.762053
01/01/2015	MCC (Master Controller Cabinet)		41.584593	-87.793378
01/01/2015	COMC (Communication Cabinet)		41.584600	-87.793432
01/01/2015	BBS (Battery Backup System)		41.558532	-87.792571
01/01/2015	CNCR (Conduit Crossing)	4-inch IL 31 n/o of Klausen	41.588888	-87.794440

Prior to the collection of data, the contractor shall provide a sample data collection of at least six data points of known locations to be reviewed and verified by the Engineer to be accurate within 1 foot. Upon verification, data collection can begin. Data collection can be made as construction progresses, or can be collected after all items are installed. If the data is unacceptable the contractor shall make corrections to the data collection equipment and or process and submit the data for review and approval as specified.

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Accuracy. Data collected is to be mapping grade. A handheld mapping grade GPS device shall be used for the data collection. The receiver shall support differential correction and data shall have a minimum 1 foot accuracy after post processing.

GPS receivers integrated into cellular communication devices, recreational and automotive GPS devices are not acceptable.

The GPS shall be the product of an established major GPS manufacturer having been in the business for a minimum of 6 years."

Delete the last sentence of the 3rd paragraph of Article 801.16.

Locating Underground Facilities.

Revise Section 803 to the Standard Specifications to read:

IDOT traffic signal facilities are not part of any of the one-call locating service such as J.U.L.I.E or Digger. If this Contract requires the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor shall be responsible at his/her own expense for locating existing IDOT electrical facilities prior to performing any work. If this Contract does not require the services of an Electrical Contractor, the Contractor may request one free locate for existing IDOT electrical facilities from the District One Electrical Maintenance Contractor prior to the start of any work. Additional requests may be at the expense of the Contractor. For non-IDOT signals, the Contractor shall coordinate with the agency owning the traffic signals for locating the existing electrical facilities. The location of underground traffic facilities does not relieve the Contractor of their responsibility to repair any facilities damaged during construction at their expense.

The exact location of all utilities shall be field verified by the Contractor before the installation of any components of the traffic signal system. For locations of utilities, locally owned equipment, and leased enforcement camera system facilities, the local Counties or Municipalities may need to be contacted: in the City of Chicago contact Digger at (312) 744-7000 and for all other locations contact J.U.L.I.E. at 1-800-892-0123 or 811.

Restoration of Work Area.

Add the following article to Section 801 of the Standard Specifications:

801.17 Restoration of work area. Restoration of the traffic signal work area shall be included in the related pay items such as foundation, conduit, handhole, underground raceways, etc. All roadway surfaces such as shoulders, medians, sidewalks, pavement, etc. shall be replaced in kind. All damage to mowed lawns shall be replaced with an approved sod, and all damage to unmowed fields shall be seeded. All brick pavers disturbed in the work area shall be restored to their original configuration as directed by the Engineer. All damaged brick pavers shall be replaced with a comparable material

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approved by the Engineer. Restoration of the work area shall be included in the contract without any extra compensation allowed to the Contractor.

Bagging Signal Heads.

Light tan colored traffic and pedestrian signal reusable covers shall be used to cover dark/un-energized signal sections and visors. Covers shall be made of outdoor fabric with urethane coating for repelling water, have elastic fully sewn around the cover ends for a tight fit over the visor, and have a minimum of two straps with buckles to secure the cover to the backplate. A center mesh strip allows viewing without removal for signal status testing purposes. Covers shall include a message indicating the signal is not in service.

ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION, SPECIAL (WCDOT)

Effective: March 21, 2014 Revised: May 3, 2017

The IDOT District One Traffic Signal Specifications revised June 15, 2016. 805.01TS – SERVICE INSTALLATION (TRAFFIC SIGNALS) is included in this contract with the following modifications: the pole mounted option is not allowed. <u>Materials.</u> b. Enclosures. 1. Pole Mounted Cabinet. and <u>Installation.</u> b. Pole Mounted. are deleted.

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SERVICE INSTALLATION (TRAFFIC SIGNALS)

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: June 15, 2016

805.01TS

Revise Section 805 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Description: This work shall consist of all materials and labor required to install, modify, or extend the electric service installation. All installations shall meet the requirements of the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details".

General: The electric service installation shall be the electric service disconnecting means and it shall be identified as suitable for use as service equipment.

The electric utility contact information is noted on the plans and represents the current information at the time of contract preparation. The Contractor must request in writing for service and/or service modification within 10 days of contract award and must follow-up with the electric utility to assure all necessary documents and payment are received by the utility. The Contractor shall forward copies of all correspondence between the contractor and utility company to the Engineer and Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer. The service agreement and sketch shall be submitted for signature to the IDOT's Traffic Operations Programs Engineer.

Materials:

a. General. The completed control panel shall be constructed in accordance with UL Std. 508A, Industrial Control Panel, and carry the UL label. Wire terminations shall be UL listed.

b. Enclosures.

1. Pole Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 4X, unfinished single door design, fabricated from minimum 0.080-inch (2.03 mm) thick Type 5052 H-32 aluminum. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. Stainless steel screws and clamps shall secure the cover and assure a watertight seal. The cover shall be removable by pulling the continuous stainless steel hinge pin. The cabinet shall have an oil-resistant gasket and a lock kit shall be provided with an internal O-ring in the locking mechanism assuring a watertight and dust-tight seal. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 14-inches (350 mm) high, 9-inches (225 mm) wide and 8-inches (200 mm) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be channel mounted to a wooden utility pole using assemblies recommended by the vendor.

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2. Ground Mounted Cabinet. The cabinet shall be UL 50, NEMA Type 3R unfinished single door design with back panel. The cabinet shall be fabricated from Type 5052 H-32 aluminum with the frame and door 0.125-inch (3.175 mm) thick, the top 0.250-inch (6.350 mm) thick and the bottom 0.500-inch (12.70 mm) thick. Seams shall be continuous welded and ground smooth. The door and door opening shall be double flanged. The door shall be approximately 80% of the front surface, with a full length tamperproof stainless steel .075-inch (1.91 mm) thick hinge bolted to the cabinet with stainless steel carriage bolts and nylocks nuts. The locking mechanism shall be slam-latch type with a keyhole cover. The cabinet shall be sized to adequately house all required components with extra space for arrangement and termination of wiring. A minimum size of 40-inches (1000 mm) high, 16-inches (400 mm) wide and 15inches (375 mm) in depth is required. The cabinet shall be mounted upon a square Type A concrete foundation as indicated on the plans. The foundation is paid for separately.

- 3. All enclosures shall include a green external power indicator LED light with circuitry as shown in the Electrical Service-Panel Diagram detail sheet. For pole mounted service enclosures, the power indicator light shall be mounted as shown in the detail. For ground mounted enclosures, the power indicator light shall be mounted on the side of the enclosure most visible from the major roadway.
- c. Electric Utility Meter Housing and Riser. The electric meter housing and meter socket shall be supplied and installed by the contractor. The contractor is to coordinate the work to be performed and the materials required with the utility company to make the final connection at the power source. Electric utility required risers, weather/service head and any other materials necessary for connection shall also be included in the pay item. Materials shall be in accordance with the electric utility's requirements. For ground-mounted service, the electric utility meter housing shall be mounted to the enclosure. The meter shall be supplied by the utility company. Metered service shall not be used unless specified in the plans.
- d. Surge Protector. Overvoltage protection, with LED indicator, shall be provided for the 120 volt load circuit by the means MOV and thermal fusing technology. The response time shall be <5n seconds and operate within a range of –40C to +85C. The surge protector shall be UL 1449 Listed.
- e. Circuit Breakers. Circuit breakers shall be standard UL listed molded case, thermal-magnetic bolt-on type circuit breakers with trip free indicating handles. 120 volt circuit breakers shall have an interrupting rating of not less than 65,000 rms symmetrical amperes. Unless otherwise indicated, the main disconnect

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circuit breaker for the traffic signal controller shall be rated 60 amperes, 120 V and the auxiliary circuit breakers shall be rated 10 amperes, 120 V.

- f. Fuses, Fuseholders and Power Indicating Light. Fuses shall be small-dimensional cylindrical fuses of the dual element time-delay type. The fuses shall be rated for 600 V AC and shall have a UL listed interrupting rating of not less than 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes at rated voltage. The power indicating light shall be LED type with a green colored lens and shall be energized when electric utility power is present.
- g. Ground and Neutral Bus Bars. A single copper ground and neutral bus bar, mounted on the equipment panel shall be provided. Ground and neutral conductors shall be separated on the bus bar. Compression lugs, plus 2 spare lugs, shall be sized to accommodate the cables with the heads of the connector screws painted green for ground connections and white for neutral connections.
- h. Utility Services Connection. The Contractor shall notify the Utility Company marketing representative a minimum of 30 working days prior to the anticipated date of hook-up. This 30 day advance notification will begin only after the Utility Company marketing representative has received service charge payments from the Contractor. Prior to contacting the Utility Company marketing representative for service connection, the service installation controller cabinet and cable must be installed for inspection by the Utility Company.
- i. Ground Rod. Ground rods shall be copper-clad steel, a minimum of 10 feet (3.0m) in length, and 3/4 inch (20mm) in diameter. Ground rod resistance measurements to ground shall be 25 ohms or less. If necessary additional rods shall be installed to meet resistance requirements at no additional cost to the contract.

Installation:

- a. General. The Contractor shall confirm the orientation of the traffic service installation and its door side with the engineer, prior to installation. All conduit entrances into the service installation shall be sealed with a pliable waterproof material.
- b. Pole Mounted. Brackets designed for pole mounting shall be used. All mounting hardware shall be stainless steel. Mounting height shall be as noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- c. Ground Mounted. The service installation shall be mounted plumb and level on the foundation and fastened to the anchor bolts with hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel nuts and washers. The space between the bottom of the

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enclosure and the top of the foundation shall be caulked at the base with silicone.

Basis of Payment: The service installation shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for SERVICE INSTALLATION of the type specified which shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the service installation complete. The CONCRETE FOUNDATION, TYPE A, which includes the ground rod, shall be paid for separately. SERVICE INSTALLATION, POLE MOUNTED shall include the 3/4-inch (20mm) grounding conduit, ground rod, and pole mount assembly. Any charges by the utility companies shall be approved by the engineer and paid for as an addition to the contract according to Article 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.

GROUNDING OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

806.01TS

Revise Section 806 of the Standard Specifications to read:

General: All traffic signal systems, equipment and appurtenances shall be properly grounded in strict conformance with the NEC. This work shall be in accordance with IDOT's District One Traffic Signal Design Details.

The grounding electrode system shall include a ground rod installed with each traffic signal controller concrete foundation and all mast arm and post concrete foundations. An additional ground rod will be required at locations were measured resistance exceeds 25 ohms. Ground rods are included in the applicable concrete foundation or service installation pay item and will not be paid for separately.

Testing shall be according to Article 801.13 (a) (4) and (5).

- (a) The grounded conductor (neutral conductor) shall be white color coded. This conductor shall be bonded to the equipment grounding conductor only at the Electric Service Installation. All power cables shall include one neutral conductor of the same size.
- (b) The equipment grounding conductor shall be green color coded. The following is in addition to Article 801.04 of the Standard Specifications.
 - Equipment grounding conductors shall be bonded to the grounded conductor (neutral conductor) only at the Electric Service Installation. The equipment grounding conductor is paid for separately and shall be continuous. The Earth shall not be used as the equipment grounding conductor.

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2. Equipment grounding conductors shall be bonded, using a UL Listed grounding connector, to all traffic signal mast arm poles, traffic signal posts, pedestrian posts, pull boxes, handhole frames and covers, conduits, and other metallic enclosures throughout the traffic signal wiring system, except where noted herein. Bonding shall be made with a splice and pigtail connection, using a sized compression type copper sleeve, sealant tape, and heat-shrinkable cap. A UL listed electrical joint compound shall be applied to all conductors' terminations, connector threads and contact points. Conduit grounding bushings shall be installed at all conduit terminations including spare or empty conduits.

- 3. All metallic and non-metallic raceways shall have a continuous equipment grounding conductor, except raceways containing only detector loop lead-in circuits, circuits under 50 volts and/or fiber optic cable will not be required to include an equipment grounding conductor.
- 4. Individual conductor splices in handholes shall be soldered and sealed with heat shrink. When necessary to maintain effective equipment grounding, a full cable heat shrink shall be provided over individual conductor heat shrinks.

The grounding electrode conductor shall be similar to the equipment grounding conductor in color coding (green) and size. The grounding electrode conductor is used to connect the ground rod to the equipment grounding conductor and is bonded to ground rods via exothermic welding, UL listed pressure connectors, and UL listed clamps.

COILABLE NON-METALLIC CONDUIT

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

810.01TS

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing empty coilable non-metallic conduit (CNC).

General: The CNC installation shall be in accordance with Sections 810 and 811 of the Standard Specifications except for the following:

Add the following to Article 810.03 of the Standard Specifications:

CNC meeting the requirements of NEC Article 353 shall be used for detector loop raceways to the handholes.

Add the following to Article 811.03 of the Standard Specifications:

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On temporary traffic signal installations with detector loops, CNC meeting the requirements of NEC Article 353 shall be used for detector loop raceways from the saw-cut to 10 feet (3m) up the wood pole, unless otherwise shown on the plans

Basis of Payment: All installations of CNC for loop detection shall be included in the contract and not paid for separately.

UNDERGROUND RACEWAYS

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

810.02TS

Revise Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Installation. All underground conduits shall have a minimum depth of 30-inches (700 mm) below the finished grade."

Add the following to Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications:

"All metal conduit installed underground shall be Rigid Steel Conduit unless otherwise indicated on the plans."

Add the following to Article 810.04 of the Standard Specifications:

"All raceways which extend outside of a structure or duct bank but are not terminated in a cabinet, junction box, pull box, handhole, post, pole, or pedestal shall extend a minimum or 300 mm (12") or the length shown on the plans beyond the structure or duct bank. The end of this extension shall be capped and sealed with a cap designed for the conduit to be capped.

The ends of rigid metal conduit to be capped shall be threaded, the threads protected with full galvanizing, and capped with a threaded galvanized steel cap.

The ends of rigid nonmetallic conduit and coilable nonmetallic conduit shall be capped with a rigid PVC cap of not less than 3 mm (0.125") thick. The cap shall be sealed to the conduit using a room-temperature-vulcanizing (RTV) sealant compatible with the material of both the cap and the conduit. A washer or similar metal ring shall be glued to the inside center of the cap with epoxy, and the pull cord shall be tied to this ring."

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HANDHOLES

Description: Add the following to Section 814 of the Standard Specifications:

All conduits shall enter the handhole at a depth of 30 inches (762 mm) except for the conduits for detector loops when the handhole is less than 5 feet (1.52 m) from the detector loop. All conduit ends should be sealed with a waterproof sealant to prevent the entrance of contaminants into the handhole.

Steel cable hooks shall be coated with hot-dipped galvanization in accordance with AASHTO Specification M111. Hooks shall be a minimum of 1/2 inch (13 mm) diameter with two 90-degree bends and extend into the handhole at least 6 inches (152 mm). Hooks shall be placed a minimum of 12 inches (305 mm) below the lid or lower if additional space is required.

Precast round handholes shall not be used unless called out on the plans.

The cover of the handhole frame shall be labeled "TRAFFIC" with legible raised letters. Only handholes serving WCDOT traffic signal equipment shall have this label. Handhole covers for Red Light Running Cameras shall be labeled "RLRC".

Revise the third paragraph of Article 814.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Handholes shall be constructed as shown on the plans and shall be cast-in-place, or precast concrete units. Heavy duty handholes shall be either cast-in-place or precast concrete units."

Add the following to Article 814.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(c) Precast Concrete. Precast concrete handholes shall be fabricated according to Article 1042.17. Where a handhole is contiguous to a sidewalk, preformed joint filler of 1/2 inch (13 mm) thickness shall be placed between the handhole and the sidewalk."

Cast-In-Place Handholes.

All cast-in-place handholes shall be concrete, with inside dimensions of 21-1/2 inches (546 mm) minimum. Frames and lid openings shall match this dimension.

For grounding purposes, the handhole frame shall have provisions for a 7/16 inch (11 mm) diameter stainless steel bolt cast into the frame. The covers shall have a stainless steel threaded stint extended from the eye hook assembly for the purpose of attaching the grounding conductor to the handhole cover.

The minimum wall thickness for heavy duty hand holes shall be 12 inches (305mm). Precast Round Handholes.

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All precast handholes shall be concrete, with inside dimensions of 30 inches (762mm) diameter. Frames and covers shall have a minimum opening of 26 inches (660mm) and no larger than the inside diameter of the handhole.

For grounding purposes, the handhole frame shall have provisions for a 7/16 inch (11 mm) diameter stainless steel bolt cast into the frame. For the purpose of attaching the grounding conductor to the handhole cover, the covers shall either have a 7/16 inch (11 mm) diameter stainless steel bolt cast into the cover or a stainless steel threaded stint extended from an eye hook assembly. A hole may be drilled for the bolt if one cannot be cast into the frame or cover. The head of the bolt shall be flush or lower than the top surface of the cover.

The minimum wall thickness for precast heavy duty hand holes shall be 6 inches (152 mm).

Precast round handholes shall be only produced by an approved precast vendor.

Materials: Add the following to Section 1042 of the Standard Specifications:

"1042.17 Precast Concrete Handholes. Precast concrete handholes shall be according to Articles 1042.03(a)(c)(d)(e)."

FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND CABINET

Effective: January 1, 2002 Revised: November 1, 2020

857.02TS

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a traffic actuated solid state digital controller in the controller cabinet of the type specified, meeting the requirements of Section 857 of the Standard Specifications, as modified herein, including malfunction management unit, load switches and flasher relays, with all necessary connections for proper operation.

If the intersection is part of an existing system and/or when specified in the plans, this work shall consist of furnishing and installing an ECONOLITE brand traffic actuated solid state controller.

Materials: Add the following to Article 857.02 of the Standard Specifications:

For installation as a stand-alone traffic signal, connected to a closed loop system or integrated into an advance traffic management system (ATMS), controllers shall be Econolite Cobalt (Graphics Edition) or Eagle/Siemens M60 unless specified otherwise on the plans or elsewhere on these specifications. Only controllers supplied by one of the District One approved closed loop equipment suppliers will be allowed. Unless specified

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otherwise on the plans or these specifications, the controller shall be of the most recent model and software version supplied by the equipment supplier at the time of the traffic signal TURN-ON. A removable controller data key shall also be provided. Individual load switches shall be provided for each vehicle, pedestrian, and right turn over lap phase. The controller shall prevent phases from being skipped during program changes and after all preemption events and shall inhibit simultaneous display of circular yellow and yellow arrow indications.

For integration into an ATMS such as Centracs, Tactics, or TransSuite, the controller shall have the latest version of NTCIP software installed. For operation prior to integration into an ATMS, the controller shall maintain existing close loop management communications.

Add the following to Article 1074.03 of the Standard Specifications:

- (a) (6) Cabinets shall be designed for NEMA TS2 Type 1 operation. All cabinets shall be pre-wired for a minimum of eight (8) phases of vehicular, four (4) phases of pedestrian and four (4) phases of overlap operation.
- (b) (1) Revise "conflict monitor" to read "Malfunction Management Unit"
- (b) (5) Cabinets Provide 1/8" (3.2 mm) thick unpainted aluminum alloy 5052-H32. The surface shall be smooth, free of marks and scratches. All external hardware shall be stainless steel.
- (b) (6) Controller Harness Provide a TS2 Type 2 "A" wired harness in addition to the TS2 Type 1 harness.
- (b) (7) Surge Protection Shall be a 120VAC Single phase Modular filter Plugin type, supplied from an approved vendor.
- (b) (8) BIU shall be secured by mechanical means.
- (b) (9) Transfer Relays Solid state or mechanical flash relays are acceptable.
- (b) (10) Switch Guards All switches shall be guarded.
- (b) (11) Heating One (1) 200 watt, thermostatically-controlled, electric heater.
- (b) (12) Lighting One (1) LED Panel shall be placed inside the cabinet top panel and one (1) LED Panel shall be placed on each side of the pull-out drawer/shelf assembly located beneath the controller support shelf. The LED Panels shall be controlled by a door switch. The LED Panels shall be provided from an approved vendor.
- (b) (13) The cabinet shall be equipped with a pull-out drawer/shelf assembly. A 1 ½ inch (38mm) deep drawer shall be provided in the cabinet, mounted directly beneath the controller support shelf. The drawer shall have a hinged top cover and shall be capable of accommodating one (1) complete set of cabinet prints and manuals. This drawer shall support 50 lbs. (23 kg) in weight when fully extended. The drawer shall open and close smoothly. Drawer dimensions shall make maximum use of available depth offered by the controller shelf and be a minimum of 18 inches (610mm) wide.

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(b) (14) Plan & Wiring Diagrams – 12" x 15" (305mm x 406mm) moisture sealed container attached to door.

- (b) (15) Detector Racks Fully wired and labeled for four (4) channels of emergency vehicle pre-emption and sixteen channels (16) of vehicular operation.
- (b) (16) Field Wiring Labels All field wiring shall be labeled.
- (b) (17) Field Wiring Termination Approved channel lugs required.
- (b) (18) Power Panel Provide a nonconductive shield.
- (b) (19) Circuit Breaker The circuit breaker shall be sized for the proposed load but shall not be rated less than 30 amps.
- (b) (20) Police Door Provide wiring and termination for plug in manual phase advance switch.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET; FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE V CABINET; FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE SUPER R CABINET; FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE IV CABINET, SPECIAL; FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE V CABINET, SPECIAL; FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE V CABINET, SPECIAL; FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE SUPER P CABINET (SPECIAL); FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER AND TYPE SUPER R CABINET (SPECIAL).

<u>UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL</u>

Effective: January 1, 2013 Revised: May 19, 2016

862.01TS

This work shall be in accordance with section 862 of the Standard Specification except as modified herein

Add the following to Article 862.01 of the Standard Specifications:

The UPS shall have the power capacity to provide normal operation of a signalized intersection that utilizes all LED type signal head optics, for a minimum of 6 (six) hours.

Add the following to Article 862.02 of the Standard Specifications:

Materials shall be according to Article 1074.04 as modified in UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL.

Add the following to Article 862.03 of the Standard Specifications:

The UPS shall additionally include, but not be limited to, a battery cabinet, where applicable. For Super-P (Type IV) and Super-R (Type V) cabinets, the battery cabinet is

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integrated to the traffic signal cabinet, and shall be included in the cost for the traffic signal cabinet of the size and type indicated on the plans.

The UPS shall provide reliable emergency power to the traffic signals in the event of a power failure or interruption.

Revise Article 862.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Installation: When a UPS is installed at an existing traffic signal cabinet, the UPS cabinet shall partially rest on the lip of the existing controller cabinet foundation and be secured to the existing controller cabinet by means of at least four (4) stainless steel bolts. The UPS cabinet shall be completely enclosed with the bottom and back constructed of the same material as the cabinet.

When a UPS is installed at a new signal cabinet and foundation, it shall be mounted as shown on the plans.

At locations where UPS is installed and an Emergency Vehicle Priority System is in use, any existing incandescent confirmation beacons shall be replaced with LED lamps in accordance with the District One Emergency Vehicle Priority System specification at no additional cost to the contract. A concrete apron shall be provided and be in accordance with Articles 424 and 202 of the Standard Specifications. The concrete apron shall also, follow the District 1 Standard Traffic Signal Design Detail, Type D for Ground Mounted Controller Cabinet and UPS Battery Cabinet.

This item shall include any required modifications to an existing traffic signal controller as a result of the addition of the UPS including the addition of alarms.

Materials: Revise Article 1074.04(a)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall be line interactive or double conversion and provide voltage regulation and power conditioning when utilizing utility power. The UPS shall be sized appropriately for the intersection(s) normal traffic signal operating load. The UPS must be able to maintain the intersection's normal operating load plus 20 percent (20%) of the intersection's normal operating load. When installed at a railroad-interconnected intersection the UPS must maintain the railroad pre-emption load, plus 20 percent (20%) of the railroad pre-emption-operating load. The total connected traffic signal load shall not exceed the published ratings for the UPS.

The UPS shall provide a minimum of 6 (six) hours of normal operation run-time for signalized intersections with LED type signal head optics at 77 °F (25 °C) (minimum 1000 W active output capacity, with 86 percent minimum inverter efficiency).

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1074.04(a)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

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The UPS shall have a minimum of four (4) sets of normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) single-pole double-throw (SPDT) relay contact closures, available on a panel mounted terminal block or locking circular connectors, rated at a minimum 120 V/1 A, and labeled so as to identify each contact according to the plans.

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(10) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The UPS shall be compatible with the District's approved traffic controller assemblies utilizing NEMA TS 1 or NEMA TS 2 controllers and cabinet components for full time operation.

Revise Article 1074.04(a)(17) of the Standard Specifications to read:

When the intersection is in battery backup mode, the UPS shall bypass all internal cabinet lights, ventilation fans, cabinet heaters, service receptacles, luminaires, any lighted street name signs, any automated enforcement equipment and any other devices directed by the Engineer.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)b of the Standard Specifications to read:

Batteries, inverter/charger and power transfer relay shall be housed in a separate NEMA Type 3R cabinet. The cabinet shall be Aluminum alloy, 5052-H32, 0.125-inch thick and have a natural mill finish.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)c of the Standard Specifications to read:

No more than three batteries shall be mounted on individual shelves for a cabinet housing six batteries and no more than four batteries per shelf for a cabinet housing eight batteries.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)e of the Standard Specifications to read:

The battery cabinet housing shall have the following nominal outside dimensions: a width of 25 in. (785 mm), a depth of 16 in. (440 mm), and a height of 41 to 48 in. (1.1 to 1.3 m). Clearance between shelves shall be a minimum of 10 in. (250 mm).

End of paragraph 1074.04(b)(2)e

The door shall be equipped with a two position doorstop, one a 90° and one at 120°.

Revise Article 1074.04(b)(2)g of the Standard Specifications to read:

The door shall open to the entire cabinet, have a neoprene gasket, an Aluminum continuous piano hinge with stainless steel pin, and a three point locking system. The

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cabinet shall be provided with a main door lock which shall operate with a traffic industry conventional No. 2 key. Provisions for padlocking the door shall be provided.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(b)(2) of the Standard Specifications:

j. The battery cabinet shall have provisions for an external generator connection.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(c) of the Standard Specifications:

- (8) The UPS shall include a tip or kill switch installed in the battery cabinet, which shall completely disconnect power from the UPS when the switch is manually activated.
- (9) The UPS shall include standard RS-232 and internal Ethernet interface.
- (10) The UPS shall incorporate a flanged electric generator inlet for charging the batteries and operating the UPS. The generator connector shall be male type, twist-lock, rated as 15A, 125VAC with a NEMA L5-15P configuration and weatherproof lift cover plate. Access to the generator inlet shall be from a secured weatherproof lift cover plate or behind a locked battery cabinet police panel.
- (11) The bypass switch shall include an internal power transfer relay that allows removal of the battery back-up unit, while the traffic signal is connected to utility power, without impacting normal traffic signal operation.

Revise Article 1074.04(d)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

All batteries supplied in the UPS shall be either gel cell or AGM type, deep cycle, completely sealed, prismatic lead calcium based, silver alloy, valve regulated lead acid (VRLA) requiring no maintenance. All batteries in a UPS installation shall be the same type; mixing of gel cell and AGM types within a UPS installation is not permitted.

Revise Article 1074.04(d)(4) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Batteries shall be certified by the manufacturer to operate over a temperature range of -13 to 160 °F (-25 to +71 °C) for gel cell batteries and -40 to 140 °F (-40 to +60 °C) for AGM type batteries.

Add the following to Article 1074.04(d) of the Standard Specifications:

(9) The UPS shall consist of an even number of batteries that are capable of maintaining normal operation of the signalized intersection for a minimum of 6 (six) hours. Calculations shall be provided showing the number of batteries of the

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type supplied that are needed to satisfy this requirement. A minimum of four batteries shall be provided.

(10) Battery Heater mats shall be provided, when gel cell type batteries are supplied.

Add the following to the Article 1074.04 of the Standard Specifications:

- (e) Warranty. The warranty for an uninterruptable power supply (UPS) and batteries (full replacement) shall cover a minimum of 5 years from date the equipment is placed in operation.
- (f) Installation. Bypass switch shall completely disconnect the traffic signal cabinet from the utility provider.
- (g) The UPS shall be set-up to run the traffic signal continuously, without going to a red flashing condition, when switched to battery power unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall confirm set-up with the Engineer. The continuous operation mode when switched to battery may require modification to unit connections and these modifications are included in the unit price for this item.

Revise Article 862.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL or UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY AND CABINET, SPECIAL. Replacement of Emergency Vehicle Priority System confirmation beacons and any required modifications to the traffic signal controller shall be included in the cost of the UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL or UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY AND CABINET, SPECIAL item. The concrete apron and earth excavation required shall be included in the cost of the UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY AND CABINET, SPECIAL item.

ELECTRIC CABLE

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

873.01TS

Delete "or stranded, and No. 12 or" from the last sentence of Article 1076.04 (a) of the Standard Specifications.

Add the following to the Article 1076.04(d) of the Standard Specifications: Service cable may be single or multiple conductor cable.

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TRAFFIC SIGNAL POST

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 14, 2021

875.01TS

Revise Article 1077.01 (c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

(c) Anchor Rods. The anchor rods shall be a minimum of 5/8 in. in diameter and 16 in. long and shall be according to Article 1006.09. The anchor rods shall be threaded approximately 6 in. at one end and have a bend at the other end. The first 12 in. at the threaded end shall be galvanized. One each galvanized nut and trapezoidal washer shall be furnished with each anchor rod. The washer shall be properly sized to fully engage and sit flush on all sides of the slot of the base plate.

Revise the first sentence of Article 1077.01 (d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

All posts shall be steel and bases shall be cast iron. All posts and bases shall be hot dipped galvanized according to AASHTO M 111. If the Department approves painting, powder coating by the manufacturer will be required over the galvanization in accordance with 851.01TS TRAFFIC SIGNAL PAINTING Special Provisions.

MAST ARM ASSEMBLY AND POLE

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 01, 2015

877.01TS

Revise the second sentence of Article 1077.03 (a)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Traffic signal mast arms shall be one-piece construction, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Add the following to Article 1077.03 (a)(3) of the Standard Specifications:

If the Department approves painting, powder coating by the manufacturer will be required over the galvanization in accordance with 851.01TS TRAFFIC SIGNAL PAINTING Special Provisions.

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CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: November 01, 2018

878.01TS

Add the following to Article 878.03 of the Standard Specifications:

All anchor bolts shall be according to Article 1006.09, with all anchor bolts hot dipped galvanized a minimum of 12 in. at the threaded end.

No foundation is to be poured until the Resident Engineer gives his/her approval as to the depth of the foundation.

Add the following to the first paragraph of Article 878.05 of the Standard Specifications:

The concrete apron in front of the cabinet and UPS shall be included in this pay item.

<u>LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) SIGNAL HEAD AND OPTICALLY PROGRAMMED</u> LED SIGNAL HEAD

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

880.01TS

Materials: Add the following to Section 1078 of the Standard Specifications:

- LED modules proposed for use and not previously approved by IDOT District One will require independent testing for compliance to current VTCSH-ITE standards for the product and be Intertek ETL Verified. This would include modules from new vendors and new models from IDOT District One approved vendors.
- 2. The proposed independent testing facility shall be approved by IDOT District One. Independent testing must include a minimum of two (2) randomly selected modules of each type of module (i.e. ball, arrow, pedestrian, etc.) used in the District and include as a minimum Luminous Intensity and Chromaticity tests. However, complete module performance verification testing may be required by the Engineer to assure the accuracy of the vendor's published data and previous test results. An IDOT representative will select sample modules from the local warehouse and mark the modules for testing. Independent test results shall meet current ITE standards and vendor's published data. Any module failures shall require retesting of the module type. All costs associated with the selection of sample modules, testing, reporting, and retesting, if applicable, shall be the responsibility of the LED module vendor and not be a cost to this contract.

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3. All signal heads shall provide 12" (300 mm) displays with glossy yellow or black polycarbonate housings. All head housings shall be the same color (yellow or black) at the intersection. For new signalized intersections and existing signalized intersections where all signals heads are being replaced, the proposed head housings shall be black. Where only selected heads are being replaced, the proposed head housing color (yellow or black) shall match existing head housings. Connecting hardware and mounting brackets shall be polycarbonate (black). A corrosion resistant anti-seize lubricant shall be applied to all metallic mounting bracket joints, and shall be visible to the inspector at the signal turn-on. Post top mounting collars are required on all posts, and shall be constructed of the same material as the brackets.

- 4. The LED signal modules shall be replaced or repaired if an LED signal module fails to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within the first 7 years from the date of traffic signal TURN-ON. LED signal modules which exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum values specified in Table 1 of the ITE Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads: Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement (June 27, 2005) [VTSCH], or applicable successor ITE specifications, or show signs of entrance of moisture or contaminants within the first 7 years of the date of traffic signal TURN-ON shall be replaced or repaired. The vendor's written warranty for the LED signal modules shall be dated, signed by a vendor's representative and included in the product submittal to the State.
- (a) Physical and Mechanical Requirements
 - 1. Modules can be manufactured under this specification for the following faces:
 - a. 12 inch (300 mm) circular, multi-section
 - b. 12 inch (300 mm) arrow, multi-section
 - The maximum weight of a module shall be 4 lbs. (1.8 kg).
 - Each module shall be a sealed unit to include all parts necessary for operation (a printed circuit board, power supply, a lens and gasket, etc.), and shall be weather proof after installation and connection.
 - 5. The lens of the module shall be tinted with a wavelength-matched color to reduce sun phantom effect and enhance on/off contrast. The tinting shall be uniform across the lens face. Polymeric lens shall provide a surface coating or chemical surface treatment applied to provide abrasion resistance. The lens of the module shall be integral to the unit, convex with a smooth outer surface and made of plastic. The lens shall have a textured surface to reduce glare.

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6. The use of tinting or other materials to enhance ON/OFF contrasts shall not affect chromaticity and shall be uniform across the face of the lens.

7. Each module shall have a symbol of the type of module (i.e. circle, arrow, etc.) in the color of the module. The symbol shall be 1 inch (25.4 mm) in diameter. Additionally, the color shall be written out in 1/2 inch (12.7mm) letters next to the symbol.

(b) Photometric Requirements

4. The LEDs utilized in the modules shall be AllnGaP technology for red and InGaN for green and amber indications, and shall be the ultra bright type rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40 °C to +74 °C.

(c) Electrical

- 1. Maximum power consumption for LED modules is per Table 2.
- 2. Operating voltage of the modules shall be 120 VAC. All parameters shall be measured at this voltage.
- 3. The modules shall be operationally compatible with currently used controller assemblies (solid state load switches, flashers, and conflict monitors).
- 4. When a current of 20 mA AC (or less) is applied to the unit, the voltage read across the two leads shall be 15 VAC or less.
- 5. The LED modules shall provide constant light output under power. Modules with dimming capabilities shall have the option disabled or set on a non-dimming operation.
- 6. LED arrows shall be wired such that a catastrophic loss or the failure of one or more LED will not result in the loss of the entire module.

(d) Retrofit Traffic Signal Module

- 1. The following specification requirements apply to the Retrofit module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
- 2. Retrofit modules can be manufactured under this specification for the following faces:
 - a. 12 inch (300 mm) circular, multi-section
 - b. 12 inch (300 mm) arrow, multi-section

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3. Each Retrofit module shall be designed to be installed in the doorframe of a standard traffic signal housing. The Retrofit module shall be sealed in the doorframe with a one-piece EPDM (ethylene propylene rubber) gasket.

- 4. The maximum weight of a Retrofit module shall be 4 lbs. (1.8 kg).
- 5. Each Retrofit module shall be a sealed unit to include all parts necessary for operation (a printed circuit board, power supply, a lens and gasket, etc.), and shall be weather proof after installation and connection.
- 6. Electrical conductors for modules, including Retrofit modules, shall be 39.4 inches (1m) in length, with quick disconnect terminals attached.
- 7. The lens of the Retrofit module shall be integral to the unit, shall be convex with a smooth outer surface and made of plastic or of glass.
- (e) The following specification requirements apply to the 12 inch (300 mm) arrow module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
 - 1. The arrow module shall meet specifications stated in Section 9.01 of the Equipment and Material Standards of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (November 1998) [ITE Standards], Chapter 2 (Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads) or applicable successor ITE specifications for arrow indications.
 - 2. The LEDs arrow indication shall be a solid display with a minimum of three (3) outlining rows of LEDs and at least one (1) fill row of LEDs.
- (f) The following specification requirement applies to the 12 inch (300 mm) programmed visibility (PV) module only. All general specifications apply unless specifically superseded in this section.
 - 1. The LED module shall be a module designed and constructed to be installed in a programmed visibility (PV) signal housing without modification to the housing.

Basis of Payment: Add the following to the first paragraph of Article 880.04 of the Standard Specifications:

The price shall include furnishing the equipment described above, all mounting hardware and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

Revise the second paragraph of Article 880.04 of the Standard Specifications to read: If the work consists of retrofitting an existing polycarbonate traffic signal head with light emitting diodes (LEDs), it will be paid for as a SIGNAL HEAD, LED, RETROFIT, of the

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type specified, and of the particular kind of material, when specified. Price shall be payment in full for removal of the existing module, furnishing the equipment described above including LED modules, all mounting hardware, and installing them in satisfactory operating condition. The type specified will indicate the number of signal faces, the number of signal sections in each signal face and the method of mounting.

LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

881.01TS

Add the following to the third paragraph of Article 881.03 of the Standard Specifications:

No mixing of different types of pedestrian traffic signals or displays will be permitted.

Add the following to Article 881.03 of the Standard Specifications:

- (a) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads.
 - (1) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads shall not be installed at signalized intersections where traffic signals and railroad warning devices are interconnected.
 - (2) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads shall be 16 inch (406mm) x 18 inch (457mm), for single units with glossy yellow or black polycarbonate housings. All pedestrian head housings shall be the same color (yellow or black) at the intersection. For new signalized intersections and existing signalized intersections where all pedestrian heads are being replaced, the proposed head housings shall be black. Where only selected heads are being replaced, the proposed head housing color (yellow or black) shall match existing head housings. Connecting hardware and mounting brackets shall be polycarbonate (black). A corrosion resistant anti-seize lubricant shall be applied to all metallic mounting bracket joints, and shall be visible to the inspector at the signal turn-on.
 - (3) Each pedestrian signal LED module shall be fully MUTCD compliant and shall consist of double overlay message combining full LED symbols of an Upraised Hand and a Walking Person. "Egg Crate" type sun shields are not permitted. Numerals shall measure 9 inches (229mm) in height and easily identified from a distance of 120 feet (36.6m).

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Materials: Add the following to Article 1078.02 of the Standard Specifications:

General.

- 1. The module shall operate in one mode: Clearance Cycle Countdown Mode Only. The countdown module shall display actual controller programmed clearance cycle and shall start counting when the flashing clearance signal turns on and shall countdown to "0" and turn off when the steady Upraised Hand (symbolizing Don't Walk) signal turns on. Module shall not have user accessible switches or controls for modification of cycle.
- 2. At power on, the module shall enter a single automatic learning cycle. During the automatic learning cycle, the countdown display shall remain dark.
- 3. The module shall re-program itself if it detects any increase or decrease of Pedestrian Timing. The counting unit will go blank once a change is detected and then take one complete pedestrian cycle (with no counter during this cycle) to adjust its buffer timer.
- 4. If the controller preempts during the Walking Person (symbolizing Walk), the countdown will follow the controller's directions and will adjust from Walking Person to flashing Upraised Hand. It will start to count down during the flashing Upraised Hand.
- 5. If the controller preempts during the flashing Upraised Hand, the countdown will continue to count down without interruption.
- 6. The next cycle, following the preemption event, shall use the correct, initially programmed values.
- 7. If the controller output displays Upraised Hand steady condition and the unit has not arrived to zero or if both the Upraised Hand and Walking Person are dark for some reason, the unit suspends any timing and the digits will go dark.
- 8. The digits will go dark for one pedestrian cycle after loss of power of more than 1.5 seconds.
- 9. The countdown numerals shall be two (2) "7 segment" digits forming the time display utilizing two rows of LEDs.
- 10. The LED module shall meet the requirements of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) LED purchase specification, "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications Part 2: LED Pedestrian Traffic Signal Modules," or applicable successor ITE specifications, except as modified herein.

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11. The LED modules shall provide constant light output under power. Modules with dimming capabilities shall have the option disabled or set on a non-dimming operation.

- 12.In the event of a power outage, light output from the LED modules shall cease instantaneously.
- 13. The LEDs utilized in the modules shall be AllnGaP technology for Portland Orange (Countdown Numerals and Upraised Hand) and GaN technology for Lunar White (Walking Person) indications.
- 14. The individual LEDs shall be wired such that a catastrophic loss or the failure of one or more LED will not result in the loss of the entire module.

Basis of Payment: Add the following to the first paragraph of Article 881.04 of the Standard Specifications:

The price shall include furnishing the equipment described above, all mounting hardware and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

Add the following to Article 881.04 of the Standard Specifications:

If the work consists of retrofitting an existing polycarbonate pedestrian signal head and pedestrian countdown signal head with light emitting diodes (LEDs), it will be paid for as a PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD, LED, RETROFIT, of the type specified, and of the particular kind of material, when specified. Price shall be payment in full for furnishing the equipment described above including LED modules, all mounting hardware, and installing them in satisfactory operating condition.

DETECTOR LOOP

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2018

886.01TS

Procedure: A minimum of seven (7) working days prior to the Contractor cutting loops, the Contractor shall mark the proposed loop locations and contact the Area Traffic Signal Maintenance and Operations Engineer (847) 705-4424 to inspect and approve the layout. When preformed detector loops are installed, the Contractor shall have them inspected and approved prior to the pouring of the Portland cement concrete surface, using the same notification process as above.

Installation: Revise Article 886.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Loop detectors shall be installed according to the requirements of the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." Saw-cuts (homeruns on preformed detector loops) from the loop to the edge of pavement shall be made perpendicular to the edge of pavement when possible in order to minimize the length of the saw-cut (homerun on

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preformed detector loops) unless directed otherwise by the Engineer or as shown on the plan.

The detector loop cable insulation shall be labeled with the cable specifications.

Each loop detector lead-in wire shall be labeled in the handhole using a water proof tag, from an approved vendor, secured to each wire with nylon ties.

Resistance to ground shall be a minimum of 100 mega-ohms under any conditions of weather or moisture. Inductance shall be more than 50 and less than 700 microhenries. Quality readings shall be more than 5.

- (a) Type I. All loops installed in new asphalt pavement shall be installed in the binder course and not in the surface course. The edge of pavement, curb and handhole shall be cut with a 1/4 inch (6.3 mm) deep x 4 inches (100 mm) saw cut to mark location of each loop cable.
- (b) Loop sealant shall be two-component thixotropic chemically cured polyurethane from an approved vendor. The sealant shall be installed 1/8 inch (3 mm) below the pavement surface. If installed above the surface the excess shall be removed immediately.
- (c) Preformed. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a rubberized or cross linked polyethylene heat resistant preformed traffic signal loop in accordance with the Standard Specifications, except for the following:
- (d) Preformed detector loops shall be installed in the sub-base under the Portland cement concrete pavement. Loop lead-ins shall be extended to a temporary protective enclosure near the proposed handhole location. The protective enclosure shall provide sufficient protection from other construction activities and may be buried for additional protection.
- (e) Handholes shall be placed next to the shoulder or back of curb when preformed detector loops enter the handhole. CNC, included in this pay item, shall be used to protect the preformed lead-ins from back of curb to the handhole.
- (f) Preformed detector loops shall be factory assembled with ends capped and sealed against moisture and other contaminants. The loop configurations and homerun lengths shall be assembled for the specific application. The loop and homerun shall be constructed using 5/8 inch (16 mm) outside diameter (minimum), 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) inside diameter (minimum) Class A oil resistant synthetic cord reinforced hydraulic hose with 250 psi (1,720 kPa) internal pressure rating or a similarly sized XLPE cable jacket. Hose for the loop and homerun assembly shall be one continuous piece. No joints or splices shall be allowed in the hose except where necessary to connect

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homeruns to the loops. This will provide maximum wire protection and loop system strength. Hose tee connections shall be heavy duty high temperature synthetic rubber. The tee shall be of proper size to attach directly to the hose, minimizing glue joints. The tee shall have the same flexible properties as the hose to insure that the whole assembly can conform to pavement movement and shifting without cracking or breaking. For XLPE jacketed preformed loops, all splice connections shall be soldered, sealed, and tested before being sealed in a high impact glass impregnated plastic splice enclosure. The wire used shall be #16 THWN stranded copper. The number of turns in the loop shall be application specific. Homerun wire pairs shall be twisted a minimum of eight turns per foot. No wire splices will be allowed in the preformed loop assembly. The loop and homeruns shall be filled and sealed with a flexible sealant to insure complete moisture blockage and further protect the wire. The preformed loops shall be constructed to allow a minimum of 6.5 feet of extra cable in the handhole.

Method of Measurement: Add the following to Article 886.05 of the Standard Specifications:

Preformed detector loops will be measured along the detector loop embedded in the pavement, rather than the actual length of the wire. Detector loop measurements shall include the saw cut and the length of the detector loop wire to the edge of pavement. The detector loop wire, including all necessary connections for proper operations, from the edge of pavement to the handhole, shall be included in the price of the detector loop. CNC, trench and backfill, and drilling of pavement or handholes shall be included in detector loop quantities.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for DETECTOR LOOP, TYPE I or PREFORMED DETECTOR LOOP as specified in the plans, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the detector loop and all related connections for proper operation.

EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

887.01TS

Revise Section 887 of the Standard Specifications to read:

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the municipality or fire district to verify the brand of emergency vehicle pre-emption equipment to be installed prior to the contract bidding. The equipment must be completely compatible with all components of the equipment currently in use by the Agency.

All new installations shall be equipped with Confirmation Beacons as shown on the "District One Standard Traffic Signal Design Details." The Confirmation Beacon shall

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consist of a 6 watt Par 38 LED flood lamp with a 30 degree light spread, or a 7 watt Par 30 LED flood lamp with a 15 degree or greater spread, maximum 7 watt energy consumption at 120V, and a 2,000 hour warranty for each direction of pre-emption. The lamp shall have an adjustable mount with a weatherproof enclosure for cable splicing. All hardware shall be cast aluminum or stainless steel. Holes drilled into signal poles, mast arms, or posts shall require rubber grommets. In order to maintain uniformity between communities, the confirmation beacons shall indicate when the control equipment receives the pre-emption signal. The pre-emption movement shall be signalized by a flashing indication at the rate specified by Section 4L.01 of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices," and other applicable sections of future editions. The stopped pre-empted movements shall be signalized by a continuous indication.

All light operated systems shall include security and transit preemption software and operate at a uniform rate of 14.035 Hz ±0.002, or as otherwise required by the Engineer, and provide compatible operation with other light systems currently being operated in the District.

This item shall include any required modifications to an existing traffic signal controller as a result of the addition of the EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM.

Basis of Payment: The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for furnishing and installing LIGHT DETECTOR and LIGHT DETECTOR AMPLIFIER. Furnishing and installing the confirmation beacon shall be included in the cost of the Light Detector. Any required modifications to the traffic signal controller shall be included in the cost of the LIGHT DETECTOR AMPLIFIER. The preemption detector amplifier shall be paid for on a basis of (1) one each per intersection controller and shall provide operation for all movements required in the pre-emption phase sequence.

RELOCATE EXISTING EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM, DETECTOR UNIT

Effective: January 1, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

887.02TS

This item shall consist of relocating the existing emergency vehicle priority system, detector unit (single channel or dual channel) from its existing location to a new traffic signal post or mast arm assembly and pole, and connecting it to an emergency vehicle priority system, phasing unit. If the existing Emergency Vehicle Priority System, Detector Unit Assembly includes a Confirmation Beacon, the Confirmation Beacon shall also be relocated and connected to the Emergency Vehicle Priority System, Detector Unit and shall be included at no cost in this item.

The emergency vehicle system is not to be inoperative for more than 8 hours and the Contractor must notify the Municipality or Fire Protection District 72 hours prior to the disconnection of the equipment.

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Basis of Payment: This item will be paid for at the contract unit price each for RELOCATE EXISTING EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM, DETECTOR UNIT.

RELOCATE EXISTING EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM, PHASING UNIT

Effective: January 1, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

887.03TS

This item shall consist of relocating the existing emergency vehicle priority system phasing unit from an existing traffic signal controller cabinet to a new traffic signal controller cabinet, as indicated in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

The work shall include disconnecting the emergency vehicle priority system phasing unit(s) and reconnecting it into the new traffic signal controller cabinet.

The emergency vehicle system is not to be inoperative for more than 8 hours and the Contractor must notify the Municipality or Fire Protection District 72 hours prior to the disconnection of the equipment. The Contractor must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the emergency vehicle system operates properly.

Basis of Payment.

This item will be paid for on a basis of one (1) each per intersection for RELOCATE EXISTING EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM, PHASING UNIT.

PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

888.01TS

Description.

Revise Article 888.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a latching (single call) or non-latching (dual call) pedestrian push-button and a regulatory pedestrian instruction sign according to MUTCD, sign series R10-3e 9" x 15" sign with arrow(s) for a count-down pedestrian signal. The pedestrian station sign size without count-down pedestrian signals shall accommodate a MUTCD sign series R10-3b or R10-3d 9" x 12" sign with arrow(s).

Installation.

Add the following to Article 888.03 of the Standard Specifications:

A mounting bracket and/or extension shall be used to assure proper orientation when two pedestrian push buttons are required for one post. The price of the bracket and/or extension shall be included in the cost of the pedestrian push button. The contractor is

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not allowed to install a push-button assembly with the sign below the push-button in order to meet mounting requirements.

Materials.

Revise Article 1074.02(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

The pedestrian push-button housing shall be constructed of aluminum alloy according to ASTM B 308 6061-T6 and powder coated yellow, unless otherwise noted on the plans. The housing shall be furnished with suitable mounting hardware.

Revise Article 1074.02(e) of the Standard Specifications to read:

Stations shall be designed to be mounted to a post, mast arm pole or wood pole. The station shall be aluminum and shall accept a 3 inch (75mm) round push-button assembly and a regulatory pedestrian instruction sign according to MUTCD, sign series R10-3e 9" x 15" sign with arrow(s) for a count-down pedestrian signal. The pedestrian station size without count-down pedestrian signals shall accommodate a MUTCD sign series R10-3b or R10-3d 9" x 12" sign with arrow(s).

Add the following to Article 1074.02 of the Standard Specifications:

(f) Location. Pedestrian push-buttons and stations shall be mounted to a post, mast arm pole or wood pole as shown on the plans and shall be fully ADA accessible from a paved or concrete surface. See the District's Detail sheets for orientation and mounting details.

Basis of Payment.

Revise Article 888.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON or PEDESTRIAN PUSH-BUTTON, NON-LATCHING.

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: January 1, 2017

890.01TS

Revise Section 890 of the Standard Specifications to read:

Description: This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing a temporary traffic signal installation as shown on the plans, including but not limited to temporary signal heads, emergency vehicle priority systems, interconnect, vehicle detectors, uninterruptable power supply, and signing. Temporary traffic signal controllers and cabinets interconnected to railroad traffic control devices shall be new. When temporary traffic signals will be operating within a county or local agency Traffic

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Management System, the equipment must be NTCIP compliant and compatible with the current operating requirements of the Traffic Management System.

General: Only an approved controller equipment supplier will be allowed to assemble temporary traffic signal and railroad traffic signal cabinet. Traffic signal inspection and TURN-ON shall be according to 800.01TS TRAFFIC SIGNAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS special provision.

Construction Requirements:

(a) Controllers.

- 1. Only controllers supplied by one of the District approved closed loop equipment supplier will be approved for use at temporary signal locations. All controllers used for temporary traffic signals shall be fully actuated NEMA microprocessor based with RS232 data entry ports compatible with existing monitoring software approved by IDOT District 1, installed in NEMA TS2 cabinets with 8 phase back panels, capable of supplying 255 seconds of cycle length and individual phase length settings up to 99 seconds. On projects with one lane open and two-way traffic flow, such as bridge deck repairs, the temporary signal controller shall be capable of providing an adjustable all red clearance setting of up to 30 seconds in length. All controllers used for temporary traffic signals shall meet or exceed the requirements of Section 857 of the Standard Specifications with regards to internal time base coordination and preemption. All railroad interconnected temporary controllers and cabinets shall be new and shall satisfy the requirements of Article 857.02 of the Standard Specifications and as modified herein.
- 2. Only control equipment, including controller cabinet and peripheral equipment, supplied by one of the District approved closed loop equipment suppliers will be approved for use at temporary traffic signal locations. All control equipment for the temporary traffic signal(s) shall be furnished by the Contractor unless otherwise stated in the plans. On projects with multiple temporary traffic signal installations, all controllers shall be the same manufacturer brand and model number with the latest version software installed at the time of the signal TURN-ON.
- (b) Cabinets. All temporary traffic signal cabinets shall have a closed bottom made of aluminum alloy. The bottom shall be sealed along the entire perimeter of the cabinet base to ensure a water, dust, and insect-proof seal. The bottom shall provide a minimum of two (2) 4-inch (100 mm) diameter holes to run the electric cables through. The 4-inch (100 mm) diameter holes shall have a bushing installed to protect the electric cables and shall be sealed after the electric cables are installed.
- (c) Grounding. Grounding shall be provided for the temporary traffic signal cabinet meeting or exceeding the applicable portions of the National Electrical Code, Section

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806 of the Standard Specifications and shall meet the requirements of the 806.01TS GROUNDING OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEMS special provision.

(d) Traffic Signal Heads, All traffic signal sections shall be 12 inches (300 mm), Pedestrian signal sections shall be 16 inch (406mm) x 18 inch (457mm). Traffic signal sections shall be LED with expandable view, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Pedestrian signal heads shall be Light Emitting Diode (LED) Pedestrian Countdown Signal Heads except when a temporary traffic signal is installed at an intersection interconnected with a railroad grade crossing. When a temporary traffic signal is installed at an intersection interconnected with a railroad grade crossing, Light Emitting Diode (LED) Pedestrian Signal Heads shall be furnished. The temporary traffic signal heads shall be placed as indicated on the temporary traffic signal plan or as directed by the Engineer. If no traffic staging is in place or will not be staged on the day of the turn on, the temporary traffic signal shall have the signal head displays, signal head placements and controller phasing match the existing traffic signal or shall be as directed by the engineer. The Contractor shall furnish enough extra cable length to relocate heads to any position on the span wire or at locations illustrated on the plans for construction staging. The temporary traffic signal shall remain in operation during all signal head relocations. Each temporary traffic signal head shall have its own cable from the controller cabinet to the signal head.

(e) Interconnect.

- 1. Temporary traffic signal interconnect shall be provided using fiber optic cable or wireless interconnect technology as specified in the plans. The Contractor may request, in writing, to substitute the fiber optic temporary interconnect indicated in the contract documents with a wireless interconnect. The Contractor must provide assurances that the radio device will operate properly at all times and during all construction staging. If approved for use by the Engineer, the Contractor shall submit marked-up traffic signal plans indicating locations of radios and antennas and installation details. If wireless interconnect is used, and in the opinion of the engineer, it is not viable, or if it fails during testing or operations, the Contractor shall be responsible for installing all necessary poles, fiber optic cable, and other infrastructure for providing temporary fiber optic interconnect at no cost to the contract.
- 2. The existing system interconnect and phone lines are to be maintained as part of the Temporary Traffic Signal Installation specified for on the plan. The interconnect, including any required fiber splices and terminations, shall be installed into the temporary controller cabinet as per the notes or details on the plans. All labor and equipment required to install and maintain the existing interconnect as part of the Temporary Traffic Signal Installation shall be included in the cost of TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION. When shown in the plans, temporary traffic signal interconnect equipment shall be furnished and installed. The temporary traffic signal interconnect shall maintain interconnect communications throughout

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the entire signal system for the duration of the project. Any temporary signal within an existing closed loop traffic signal system shall be interconnected to that system using similar brand control equipment at no additional cost to the contract.

- 3. Temporary wireless interconnect. The radio interconnect system shall be compatible with Eagle or Econolite controller closed loop systems. This work shall include all temporary wireless interconnect components, at the adjacent existing traffic signal(s) to provide a completely operational closed loop system. This work shall include all materials, labor and testing to provide the completely operational closed loop system as shown on the plans. The radio interconnect system shall include the following components:
 - a. Rack or Shelf Mounted RS-232 Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) Radio
 - b. Software for Radio Configuration (Configure Frequency and Hopping Patterns)
 - c. Antennas (Omni Directional or Yagi Directional)
 - d. Antenna Cables, LMR400, Low Loss. Max. 100-ft from controller cabinet to antenna
 - e. Brackets, Mounting Hardware, and Accessories Required for Installation
 - f. RS232 Data Cable for Connection from the radio to the local or master controller
 - g. All other components required for a fully functional radio interconnect system

All controller cabinet modifications and other modifications to existing equipment that are required for the installation of the radio interconnect system components shall be included in the cost of TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION.

The radio interconnect system may operate at 900Mhz (902-928) or 2.4 Ghz depending on the results of a site survey. The telemetry shall have an acceptable rate of transmission errors, time outs, etc. comparable to that of a hardwire system.

The proposed or existing master controller and telemetry module shall be configured for use with the radio interconnect at a minimum rate of 9600 baud.

The radio interconnect system shall include all other components required for a complete and fully functional telemetry system and shall be installed in accordance to the vendors recommendations.

(f) Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption. All emergency vehicle preemption equipment (light detectors, light detector amplifiers, confirmation beacons, etc.) as shown on the temporary traffic signal plans shall be provided by the Contractor. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the municipality or fire district to verify the brand of emergency vehicle preemption equipment to be installed prior to the contract bidding. The equipment must be completely compatible with all components of the equipment currently in use by the Agency. All light operated systems shall operate at

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a uniform rate of $14.035 \text{ hz} \pm 0.002$, or as otherwise required by the Engineer, and provide compatible operation with other light systems currently being operated in the District. All labor and material required to install and maintain the Emergency Vehicle Preemption installation shall be included in the item Temporary Traffic Signal Installation.

- (g) Vehicle Detection. All temporary traffic signal installations shall have vehicular detection installed at all approaches of the intersection and as directed by the Engineer. Pedestrian push buttons shall be provided for all pedestrian signal heads/phases as directed by the Engineer. Microwave vehicle sensors or video vehicle detection system shall be approved by IDOT prior to Contractor furnishing and installing. The Contractor shall install, wire, and adjust the alignment of the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system in accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations and requirements. The Contractor shall be responsible for adjusting the alignment of the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system for all construction staging changes and for maintaining proper alignment throughout the project. An equipment supplier shall be present and assist the contractor in setting up and maintaining the microwave vehicle sensor or video vehicle detection system. An in-cabinet video monitor shall be provided with all video vehicle detection systems and shall be included in the item Temporary Traffic Signal Installation.
- (h) Uninterruptable Power Supply. All temporary traffic signal installations shall have Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS). The UPS cabinet shall be mounted to the temporary traffic signal cabinet and shall be according to the applicable portions of Section 862 of the Standard Specifications and as modified in 862.01TS UNITERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY, SPECIAL Special Provision.
- (i) Signs. All existing street name and intersection regulatory signs shall be removed from existing poles and relocated to the temporary signal span wire. If new mast arm assembly and pole(s) and posts are specified for the permanent signals, the signs shall be relocated to the new equipment at no extra cost. Any intersection regulatory signs that are required for the temporary traffic signal shall be provided as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Relocation, removing, bagging and installing the regulatory signs for the various construction stages shall be provided as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. If Illuminated Street Name Signs exist they shall be taken down and stored by the contractor and reflecting street name signs shall be installed on the temporary traffic signal installation.
- (j) Energy Charges. The electrical utility energy charges for the operation of the temporary traffic signal installation shall be paid for by others if the installation replaces an existing signal. Otherwise charges shall be paid for under 109.05 of the Standard Specifications.
- (k) Maintenance. Maintenance shall meet the requirements of the Standard Specifications and 850.01TS MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION

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Special Provisions. Maintenance of temporary signals and of the existing signals shall be included in the cost of the TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION pay item. When temporary traffic signals are to be installed at locations where existing signals are presently operating, the Contractor shall be fully responsible for the maintenance of the existing signal installation as soon as he begins any physical work on the Contract or any portion thereof. In addition, a minimum of seven (7) days prior to assuming maintenance of the existing traffic signal installation(s) under this Contract, the Contractor shall request that the Resident Engineer contact the Bureau of Traffic Operations (847) 705-4424 for an inspection of the installation(s).

- (I) Temporary Traffic Signals for Bridge Projects. Temporary Traffic Signals for bridge projects shall follow the State Standards, Standard Specifications, Special Provisions and any plans for Bridge Temporary Traffic Signals included in the plans. The installation shall meet the Standard Specifications and all other requirements in this TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION specification. In addition all electric cable shall be aerially suspended, at a minimum height of 18 feet (5.5m) on temporary wood poles (Class 5 or better) of 45 feet (13.7 m) minimum height. The signal heads shall be span wire mounted or bracket mounted to the wood pole or as directed by the Engineer. The Controller cabinet shall be mounted to the wood pole as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Microwave vehicle sensors or video vehicle detection system may be used in place of detector loops as approved by the Engineer.
- (m) Temporary Portable Traffic Signal for Bridge Projects.
 - The controller and cabinet shall be NEMA type designed for NEMA TS2 Type 1 operation. Controller and LED signal displays shall meet the applicable Standard Specifications and all other requirements in this TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION special provision.
 - 2. Work shall be according to Article 701.18(b) of the Standard Specifications except as noted herein.
 - 3. General.
 - a. The temporary portable bridge traffic signals shall be trailer-mounted units. The trailer-mounted units shall be set up securely and level. Each unit shall be self-contained and consist of two signal heads. The left signal head shall be mounted on a mast arm capable of extending over the travel lane. Each unit shall contain a solar cell system to facilitate battery charging. There shall be a minimum of 12 days backup reserve battery supply and the units shall be capable of operating with a 120 V power supply from a generator or electrical service.

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b. All signal heads located over the travel lane shall be mounted at a minimum height of 17 feet (5m) from the bottom of the signal back plate to the top of the road surface. All far right signal heads located outside the travel lane shall be mounted at a minimum height of 8 feet (2.5m) from the bottom of the signal back plate to the top of the adjacent travel lane surface.

- c. The long all red intervals for the traffic signal controller shall be adjustable up to 250 seconds in one-second increments.
- d. As an alternative to detector loops, temporary portable bridge traffic signals may be equipped with microwave sensors or other approved methods of vehicle detection and traffic actuation.
- e. All portable traffic signal units shall be interconnected using hardwire communication cable. Radio communication equipment may be used only with the approval of the Engineer. If radio communication is used, a site analysis shall be completed to ensure that there is no interference present that would affect the traffic signal operation. The radio equipment shall meet all applicable FCC requirements.
- f. The temporary portable bridge traffic signal system shall meet the physical display and operational requirements of conventional traffic signals as specified in Part IV and other applicable portions of the currently adopted version of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and the Illinois MUTCD. The signal system shall be designed to continuously operate over an ambient temperature range between -30 °F (-34 °C) and 120 °F (48 °C). When not being utilized to inform and direct traffic, portable signals shall be treated as non-operating equipment according to Article 701.11.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, TEMPORARY BRIDGE TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, or TEMPORARY PORTABLE BRIDGE TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION, the price of which shall include all costs for the modifications required for traffic staging, changes in signal phasing as required in the Contract plans, microwave vehicle sensors, video vehicle detection system, any maintenance or adjustment to the microwave vehicle sensors/video vehicle detection system, the temporary wireless interconnect system, temporary fiber optic interconnect system, all material required, the installation and complete removal of the temporary traffic signal, and any changes required by the Engineer. Each intersection will be paid for separately.

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REMOVE EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

Add the following to Article 895.05 of the Standard Specifications:

"The traffic signal equipment which is to be removed is to be returned to the Village of New Lenox or become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of outside the right-of-way at the Contractor's expense. A list of equipment to be returned to the Village of New Lenox is indicated in the plans. Neither Will County nor the Village of New Lenox shall be responsible for the salvaged traffic signal equipment."

The Contractor shall be responsible for the condition of the traffic signal equipment from the time Contractor takes maintenance of the signal installation until the acceptance by the Village of New Lenox indicating the items have been returned in good condition.

The Contractor shall safely store and arrange for delivery of all equipment to be returned to the Village of New Lenox. The Contractor shall package the equipment and provide all necessary documentation as stated above.

Traffic signal equipment which is lost or not returned to the Village of New Lenox for any reason shall be replaced with new equipment meeting the requirements of these Specifications at no cost to the contract.

REMOVE EXISTING DOUBLE HANDHOLE

Description: The work shall be according to the applicable portions of Section 895 of the Standard Specifications pertaining to handholes.

Basis of Payment: Removal of existing double handholes will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for REMOVE EXISTING DOUBLE HANDHOLE.

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EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM LINE SENSOR CABLE, NO. 20 3/C

Effective: January 1, 2013 Revised: July 1, 2015

873.03TS

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing lead-in cable for light detectors installed at existing and/or proposed traffic signal installations as part of an emergency vehicle priority system. The work includes installation of the lead-in cables in existing and/or new conduit. The electric cable shall be shielded and have (3) stranded conductors, colored blue, orange, and yellow with a stranded tinned copper drain wire. The cable shall meet the requirements of the vendor of the Emergency Vehicle Priority System Equipment.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for EMERGENCY VEHICLE PRIORITY SYSTEM LINE SENSOR CABLE, NO. 20 3/C, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing, installing and making all electrical connections necessary for proper operations.

LED INTERNALLY ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGN

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2021

891.02TS

Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a LED internally illuminated street name sign.

Materials.

The illuminated street name sign shall be as follows.

(a) Description.

The LEDs shall be white in color. The LED internally illuminated street name sign shall display the designated street name clearly and legibly in the daylight hours without being energized and at night when energized. White translucent Type ZZ reflective sheeting sign faces with the street name applied in transparent green shall be installed on the street sign acrylic panels which shall be affixed to the interior of the sign enclosure. Sheeting material shall be of one continuous piece. Paneling shall not be allowed. Hinged door(s) shall be provided for easy access to perform general cleaning and maintenance operations. Illumination shall occur with LED Light Engine as specified.

(b) Environmental Requirements.

The LED lamp shall be rated for use in the ambient operating temperature range of $-40 \text{ to } +50^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-40 to $+122^{\circ}\text{F}$) for storage in the ambient temperature range of $-40 \text{ to } +75^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-40 to $+167^{\circ}\text{F}$).

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(c) General Construction.

- The LED components, power supply, and wiring harness shall be arranged as to allow for maintenance, up to and including the replacement of all three components. The LED Light Engine shall be mounted in the top and/or bottom of the sign housing and no components of the light source shall sit between the sign faces.
- The assembly and manufacturing processes of the LED Light Engine shall be designed to ensure that all LED and electronic components are adequately supported to withstand mechanical shocks and vibrations in compliance with the specifications of the ANSI C136.31-2001 standards.
- (d) Mechanical Construction.
- 1. The sign shall be constructed using a weatherproof, aluminum housing consisting of an extruded aluminum with the maximum sign dimensions of 30" in height, 96" in length, 10.75" in depth (including the drip edge) and shall not weight more than 110 pounds. All housing corners are continuous TIG (Tungsten Inert Gas) welded to provide a weatherproof seal.
- 2. The sign doors shall be continuous TIG welded along the two corners with the other two screwed together to make one side of the door removable for installation of the sign face. The door is fastened to the housing on the bottom by a full length stainless steel hinge. The sign shall also be fabricated in a way to ensure that no components fall out while a technician is opening or working inside the sign enclosure. The door shall be held secure onto a 1" wide by 5/32" thick neoprene gasket by an appropriate number of quarter-turn fasteners to form a watertight seal between the door and the housing.
- 3. The sign face shall be constructed of .125" white translucent polycarbonate or acrylic. Sign legend shall be according to D1 Mast Arm Mounted Street Name Sign detail and MUTCD. The sign face legend background shall consist of translucent Type ZZ white reflective sheeting and transparent green film applied to the front of the sign face. The legend shall be framed by a white border. A logo symbol and/or name of the community may be included with approval of the Engineer.
 - All fasteners and hardware shall be corrosion resistant stainless steel. No special tools shall be required for routine maintenance.
- 4. All wiring shall be secured by insulated wire compression nuts or barrier type terminal blocks.

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5. A wire entrance junction box shall be supplied with the sign assembly. The box may be supplied mounted to the exterior or interior of the sign and shall provide a weather tight seal.

- 6. A photoelectric switch shall be mounted inside control cabinet to control lighting functions for day and night display. Each sign shall be individually fused.
- 7. Brackets and Mounting: LED internally illuminated street name signs will be factory drilled to accommodate mast arm two-point support assembly mounting brackets unless indicated otherwise in the plans. A 72" stainless steel safety cable shall be included and installed with each mounting bracket.

(e) Electrical.

- 1. Photocell shall be rated 105-305V, turn on at 1.5 fcs. with a 3-5 second delay. A manufacturer's warranty of six (6) years shall be provided. Power consumption shall be no greater than 1 watt at 120V.
- 2. The LED Light Engine shall operate from a 60 +- 3 cycle AC line power over a voltage range of 80 to 135 Vac rms. Fluctuations in line voltage over the range of 80 to 135 Vac shall not affect luminous intensity by more than +- 10%.
- 3. Total harmonic distortion induced into the AC power line by the LED Light Engine, operated at a nominal operating voltage and at a temperature of +25°C (+77°F), shall not exceed 20%.
- 4. The LED Light Engine shall cycled ON and OFF with a photocell as shown on the detail sheet and shall not exceed 120 Watts. The signs shall be installed such that they are not energized when traffic signals are powered by an alternate energy source such as a generator or uninterruptable power supply (UPS).
- (f) Photometric Requirements.
- 1. The entire surface of the sign panel shall be evenly illuminated. The average maintained luminous intensity measured across the letters, operating under the conditions defined in Environmental Requirements and Wattage Sections shall be of a minimum value of 100 cd/m².
- 2. The manufacturer shall make available independent laboratory test results to verify compliance to Voltage Range and Luminous Intensity Distribution Sections.
- 3. LED shall have a color temperature of 5200k nominal, CRI of 80 with a life expectancy of 75,000 hrs.
- (g) Quality Assurance.

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The LED Light Engine shall be manufactured in accordance with a vendor quality assurance (QA) program. The production QA shall include statistically controlled routine tests to ensure minimum performance levels of the LED Light Engine build to meet this specification. QA process and test result documentations shall be kept on file for a minimum period of seven (7) years. The LED Light Engine that does not satisfy the production QA testing performance requirements shall not be labeled, advertised, or sold as conforming to these specifications. Each LED Light Engine shall be identified by a manufacturer's serial number for warranty purposes. LED Light Engines shall be replaced or repaired if they fail to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within the first sixty (60) months from the date of acceptance. LED Light Engines that exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum value specified in Photometric Section within the first thirty-six (36) months from the date of acceptance shall be replaced or repaired.

Installation.

The sign shall be located on a steel traffic signal mast arm no further than 8-feet from the center of the pole to the center of the sign at a height of between 16 to 18-feet above traveled pavement. Mounting hardware shall be from an approved vendor, utilizing stainless steel components.

Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price each for LED INTERNALLY ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGN, of the length as specified in the contract plans which shall be payment in full for furnishing and installing the LED internally illuminated street name sign, complete with circuitry and mounting hardware including photo cell, circuit breaker, fusing, relay, connections and cabling as shown on the plans for proper operation and installation.

The Illuminated street name sign cable will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot for ELECTRIC CABLE IN CONDUIT, STREET NAME SIGN, NO. 14 3C, TYPE SOOW, which price shall be payment in full for furnishing, installing and making all electrical connections necessary for proper operations.

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TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMING

Effective: May 22, 2002 Revised: July 1, 2015

890.02TS

Description: This work shall consist of developing and maintaining appropriate traffic signal timings for the specified intersection for the duration of the temporary signalized condition, as well as impact to existing traffic signal timings caused by detours or other temporary conditions.

All timings and adjustments necessary for this work shall be performed by an approved Consultant who has previous experience in optimizing Closed Loop Traffic Signal Systems for District One of the Illinois Department of Transportation. The Contractor shall contact the Traffic Signal Engineer at (847) 705-4424 for a listing of approved Consultants.

The following tasks are associated with TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMING.

- 3. Consultant shall attend temporary traffic signal inspection (turn-on) and/or detour meeting and conduct on-site implementation of the traffic signal timings.
- 4. Consultant shall be responsible for making fine-tuning adjustments to the timings in the field to alleviate observed adverse operating conditions and to enhance operations.
- 5. Consultant shall provide monthly observation of traffic signal operations in the field.
- 6. Consultant shall provide on-site consultation and adjust timings as necessary for construction stage changes, temporary traffic signal phase changes, and any other conditions affecting timing and phasing, including lane closures, detours, and other construction activities.
- 7. Consultant shall make timing adjustments and prepare comment responses as directed by the Area Traffic Signal Operations Engineer.
- 8. Return original timing plan once construction is complete.

Basis of Payment: The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price each for TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMING, which price shall be payment in full for performing all work described herein per intersection. When the temporary traffic signal installation is turned on and/or detour implemented, 50 percent of the bid price will be paid. The remaining 50 percent of the bid price will be paid following the removal of the temporary traffic signal installation and/or detour.

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WINTERIZED TEMPORARY ACCESS (D1)

Effective: January 1, 2012 Revised: March 5, 2012

Description. This work shall consist of constructing, maintaining and removing winterized temporary access for private and commercial entrances and side roads designed for use throughout the winter months.

Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

ITEM ARTICLE/SECTION Hot-Mix Asphalt 1030

Construction Requirements

For projects lasting longer than one construction season, the contractor shall construct and maintain temporary access composed of an HMA surface course over an existing aggregate temporary access. The contractor shall install the winterized temporary access prior to winter shut down at the direction of the engineer. The top 2" of the existing aggregate temporary access should be removed and replaced with 2" of Hot-Mix Asphalt. Compensation will be given for the winterized temporary access at the time of the installation of the Hot-Mix Asphalt surface course.

HMA Surface Course. The Hot-Mix Asphalt surface course shall be 2 in. thick when compacted. HMA Surface Course, Mix "D", N50 shall be used except as modified by the plans or as directed by the Engineer. This work shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 406 of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer. The material shall conform to the applicable portions of Section 1030 of the Standard Specifications.

The winterized temporary access shall be constructed to the dimensions and grades of the existing aggregate temporary access.

Maintaining the winterized temporary access shall include repairing the HMA surface course after any operation that may disturb or remove the winterized temporary access to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

When use of the winterized temporary access is discontinued, the winterized temporary access shall be removed according to Article 440.03 of the Standard Specifications. The material shall be disposed of according to Article 202.03 of the Standard Specifications or may be utilized in the permanent construction with the approval of the Engineer.

Method of Measurement. Winterized temporary access for private and commercial entrances and roads will be measured for payment at the contract unit price per square yard for every private entrance, commercial entrance or road constructed for the purpose of winterized temporary access.

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Basis of Payment. Winterized temporary access for private and commercial entrances and roads will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard for TEMPORARY ACCESS (WINTERIZE) as specified in the plans.

Partial payment of the square yard amount bid for each winterized temporary access will be paid according to the following schedule:

- (a) Upon construction of the winterized temporary access, sixty percent of the contract unit price per square yard will be paid.
- (b) Subject to the approval of the Engineer for the adequate maintenance and removal of the winterized temporary access, the remaining forty percent of the pay item will be paid upon the permanent removal of the temporary access.

FRICTION AGGREGATE (D1)

Effective: January 1, 2011 Revised: December 1, 2021

Revise Article 1004.03(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1004.03 Coarse Aggregate for Hot-Mix Asphalt (HMA). The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

(a) Description. The coarse aggregate for HMA shall be according to the following table.

Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allowed
Class A	Seal or Cover	Allowed Alone or in Combination 5/:
		Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag Crushed Concrete

Route: FAU 0320 (Laraway Road) County: Will

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Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allov	wed
НМА	Stabilized Subbase	Allowed Alone or in Combination Gravel Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag ^{1/} Crushed Concrete	
Low ESAL	or Shoulders		
HMA	Binder	Allowed Alone or	in Combination ^{5/6/} :
High ESAL Low ESAL	IL-19.0 or IL-19.0L SMA Binder	Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crushed Stone ^{2/} Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Concrete ^{3/}	
НМА	C Surface and Binder IL-9.5		
High ESAL Low ESAL	IL-9.5FG or IL-9.5L		
HMA	D Surface and Binder IL-9.5	Allowed Alone or in Combination 5/	
High ESAL	or IL-9.5FG	Crushed Gravel Carbonate Crus than Limestone) ² Crystalline Crush Crushed Sandsto Crushed Slag (A Crushed Steel S	ned Stone one CBF)
		Other Combinati	ons Allowed:
		Up to	With
25% Limestone Dole		Dolomite	

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Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allowed		
		50% Limestone	Any Mixture D aggregate other than Dolomite	
		75% Limestone	Crushed Slag (ACBF) or Crushed Sandstone	
НМА	E Surface	Allowed Alone or in Combination ^{5/6/} : Crushed Gravel Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag		
High ESAL	IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface			
		No Limestone.		
		Other Combinations Allowed:		
		Up to	With	
		50% Dolomite ^{2/}	Any Mixture E aggregate	
		75% Dolomite ^{2/}	Crushed Sandstone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), Crushed Steel Slag, or Crystalline Crushed Stone	
		75% Crushed Gravel ^{2/}	Crushed Sandstone, Crystalline Crushed Stone, Crushed Slag (ACBF), or Crushed Steel Slag	

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Use	Mixture	Aggregates Allowed	
HMA High ESAL	F Surface IL-9.5 SMA Ndesign 80 Surface	Allowed Alone or in Combination ^{5/} Crystalline Crushed Stone Crushed Sandstone Crushed Slag (ACBF) Crushed Steel Slag No Limestone.	
		Other Combinations Allowed: Up to With	
		50% Crushed Gravel ^{2/} or Dolomite ^{2/}	Crushed

- 1/ Crushed steel slag allowed in shoulder surface only.
- 2/ Carbonate crushed stone (limestone) and/or crushed gravel shall not be used in SMA Ndesign 80.
- 3/ Crushed concrete will not be permitted in SMA mixes.
- 4/ Crushed steel slag shall not be used as binder.
- 5/ When combinations of aggregates are used, the blend percent measurements shall be by volume."
- 6/ Combining different types of aggregate will not be permitted in SMA Ndesign 80.

GROUND TIRE RUBBER (GTR) MODIFIED ASPHALT BINDER (D-1)

Effective: June 26, 2006 Revised: December 1, 2021

Add the following to the end of article 1032.05 of the Standard Specifications:

"(c) Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modified Asphalt Binder. A quantity of 10.0 to 14.0 percent GTR (Note 1) shall be blended by dry unit weight with a PG 64-28 to make a GTR 70-28 or a PG 58-28 to make a GTR 64-28. The base PG 64-28 and PG 58-28 asphalt binders shall meet the requirements of Article 1032.05(a). Compatible polymers may be added during production. The GTR modified asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of the following table.

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Test	Asphalt Grade GTR 70-28	Asphalt Grade GTR 64-28
Flash Point (C.O.C.), AASHTO T 48, °F (°C), min.	450 (232)	450 (232)
Rotational Viscosity, AASHTO T 316 @ 275 °F (135 °C), Poises, Pa·s, max.	30 (3)	30 (3)
Softening Point, AASHTO T 53, °F (°C), min.	135 (57)	130 (54)
Elastic Recovery, ASTM D 6084, Procedure A (sieve waived) @ 77 °F, (25 °C), aged, ss, 100 mm elongation, 5 cm/min., cut immediately, %, min.	65	65

Note 1. GTR shall be produced from processing automobile and/or light truck tires by the ambient grinding method. GTR shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm) in any dimension and shall contain no free metal particles or other materials. A mineral powder (such as talc) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 17 may be added, up to a maximum of four percent by weight of GTR to reduce sticking and caking of the GTR particles. When tested in accordance with Illinois modified AASHTO T 27, a 50 g sample of the GTR shall conform to the following gradation requirements:

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	100
No. 30 (600 μm)	95 ± 5
No. 50 (300 μm)	> 20

Add the following to the end of Note 1. of article 1030.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"A dedicated storage tank for the Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) modified asphalt binder shall be provided. This tank must be capable of providing continuous mechanical mixing throughout by continuous agitation and recirculation of the asphalt binder to provide a uniform mixture. The tank shall be heated and capable of maintaining the temperature of the asphalt binder at 300 °F to 350 °F (149 °C to 177 °C). The asphalt binder metering systems of dryer drum plants shall be calibrated with the actual GTR modified asphalt binder material with an accuracy of \pm 0.40 percent."

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<u>HOT-MIX ASPHALT – MIXTURE DESIGN VERIFICATION AND PRODUCTION (D1)</u>

Effective: January 1, 2019 Revised: December 1, 2021

Add to Article 1030.05 (d)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"During mixture design, prepared samples shall be submitted to the District laboratory by the Contractor for verification testing. The required testing, and number and size of prepared samples submitted, shall be according to the following tables.

High ESAL – Required Samples for Verification Testing		
Mixture	lixture Hamburg Wheel and I-FIT Testing 1/ 2/	
Binder	total of 3 - 160 mm tall bricks	
Surface	total of 4 - 160 mm tall bricks	

Low ESAL – Required Samples for Verification Testing		
Mixture	I-FIT Testing 1/2/	
Binder	1 - 160 mm tall brick	
Surface	2 - 160 mm tall bricks	

- 1/ The compacted gyratory bricks for Hamburg wheel and I-FIT testing shall be 7.5 ± 0.5 percent air voids.
- 2/ If the Contractor does not possess the equipment to prepare the 160 mm tall brick(s), twice as many 115 mm tall compacted gyratory bricks will be acceptable.

Revise the fourth paragraph of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When a test strip is not required, each HMA mixture shall still be sampled on the first day of production: I-FIT and Hamburg wheel testing for High ESAL; I-FIT testing for Low ESAL. Within two working days after sampling the mixture, the Contractor shall deliver gyratory cylinders to the District laboratory for Department verification testing. The High ESAL mixture test results shall meet the requirements of Articles 1030.05(d)(3) and 1030.05(d)(4). The Low ESAL mixture test results shall meet the requirements of Article 1030.05(d)(4). The required number and size of prepared samples submitted for the Hamburg wheel and I-FIT testing shall be according to the "High ESAL - Required Samples for Verification Testing" table in Article 1030.05(d)(3) above."

Add the following to the end of Article 1030.10 of the Standard Specifications to read:

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"Mixture sampled during first day of production shall include approximately 60 lb (27 kg) of additional material for the Department to conduct Hamburg wheel testing and approximately 80 lb (36 kg) of additional material for the Department to conduct I-FIT testing. Within two working days after sampling, the Contractor shall deliver prepared samples to the District laboratory for verification testing. The required number and size of prepared samples submitted for the Hamburg wheel and I-FIT testing shall be according to the "High ESAL - Required Samples for Verification Testing" table in Article 1030.05(d)(3) above."

COARSE AGGREGATE FOR BACKFILL, TRENCH BACKFILL AND BEDDING (D-1)

Effective: November 1, 2011 Revised: November 1, 2013

This work shall be according to Section 1004.05 of the Standard Specifications except for the following:

Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) maybe blended with gravel, crushed gravel, crushed stone crushed concrete, crushed slag, chats, crushed sand stone or wet bottom boiler slag. The RAP used shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications". The RAP shall be uniformly graded and shall pass the 1.0 in. (25 mm) screen. When RAP is blended with any of the coarse aggregate listed above, the blending shall be done mechanically with calibrated feeders. The feeders shall have an accuracy of \pm 2.0 percent of the actual quantity of material delivered. The final blended product shall not contain more than 40 percent by weight RAP.

The coarse aggregate listed above shall meet CA 6 and CA 10 gradations prior to being blended with the processed and uniformly graded RAP. Gradation deleterious count shall not exceed 10% of total RAP and 5% of other by total weight.

EMBANKMENT I

Effective: March 1, 2011 Revised: November 1, 2013

Description: This work shall be according to Section 205 of the Standard Specifications except for the following.

Material: All material shall be approved by the District Geotechnical Engineer. The proposed material must meet the following requirements.

- a) The laboratory Standard Dry Density shall be a minimum of 90 lb/cu ft (1450 kg/cu m) when determined according to AASHTO T 99 (Method C).
- b) The organic content shall be less than ten percent determined according to AASHTO T 194 (Wet Combustion).

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c) Soils which demonstrate the following properties shall be restricted to the interior of the embankment and shall be covered on both the sides and top of the embankment by a minimum of 3 ft (900 mm) of soil not considered detrimental in terms of erosion potential or excess volume change.

- 1) A grain size distribution with less than 35 percent passing the number 75 um (#200) sieve.
- 2) A plasticity index (PI) of less than 12.
- 3) A liquid limit (LL) in excess of 50.
- d) Reclaimed asphalt shall not be used within the ground water table or as a fill if ground water is present.
- e) The RAP used shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) for Aggregate Applications". Gradation deleterious count shall not exceed 10% of total RAP and 5% of other by total weight.

Construction Requirements:

<u>Samples</u>: Embankment material shall be sampled, tested, and approved before use. The contractor shall identify embankment sources, and provide equipment as the Engineer requires, for the collection of samples from those sources. Samples will be furnished to the Geotechnical Engineer a minimum of three weeks prior to use in order that laboratory tests for approval and compaction can be performed. Embankment material placement cannot begin until tests are completed and approval given.

<u>Placing Material</u>: In addition to Article 202.03, broken concrete, reclaimed asphalt with no expansive aggregate, or uncontaminated dirt and sand generated from construction or demolition activities shall be placed in 6 inches (150 mm) lifts and disked with the underlying lift until a uniform homogenous material is formed. This process also applies to the overlaying lifts. The disk must have a minimum blade diameter of 24 inches (600 mm).

When embankments are to be constructed on hillsides or existing slopes that are steeper than 3H:1V, steps shall be keyed into the existing slope by stepping and benching as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

<u>Compaction</u>: Soils classification for moisture content control will be determined by the Soils Inspector using visual field examination techniques and the IDH Textural Classification Chart.

When tested for density in place each lift shall have a maximum moisture content as follows.

County: Will

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a) A maximum of 110 percent of the optimum moisture for all forms of clay soils.

b) A maximum of 105 percent of the optimum moisture for all forms of clay loam soils.

<u>Stability:</u> The requirement for embankment stability in Article 205.04 will be measured with a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) according to the test method in the IDOT Geotechnical Manual. The penetration rate must be equal or less than 1.5 inches (38 mm) per blow.

Basis of Payment: This work will not be paid separately but will be considered as included in the various items of excavation.

IDOT TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISION

Effective: August 1, 2012 Revised: February 2, 2017

In addition to the Contractor's equal employment opportunity (EEO) affirmative action efforts undertaken as required by this Contract, the Contractor is encouraged to participate in the incentive program described below to provide additional on-the-job training to certified graduates of the IDOT pre-apprenticeship training program, as outlined in this Special Provision.

IDOT funds, and various Illinois community colleges operate, pre-apprenticeship training programs throughout the State to provide training and skill-improvement opportunities to promote the increased employment of minority groups, disadvantaged persons and women in all aspects of the highway construction industry. The intent of this IDOT Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program Graduate (TPG) special provision (Special Provision) is to place these certified program graduates on the project site for this Contract in order to provide the graduates with meaningful on-the-job training. Pursuant to this Special Provision, the Contractor must make every reasonable effort to recruit and employ certified TPG trainees to the extent such individuals are available within a practicable distance of the project site.

Specifically, participation of the Contractor or its subcontractor in the Program entitles the participant to reimbursement for graduates' hourly wages at \$15.00 per hour per utilized TPG trainee, subject to the terms of this Special Provision. Reimbursement payment will be made even though the Contractor or subcontractor may also receive additional training program funds from other non-IDOT sources for other non-TPG trainees on the Contract, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the Contractor or subcontractor from receiving reimbursement from another entity through another program, such as IDOT through the TPG program. With regard to any IDOT funded construction training program other than TPG, however, additional reimbursement for other IDOT programs will not be made beyond the TPG Program described in this Special Provision when the TPG Program is utilized.

No payment will be made to the Contractor if the Contractor or subcontractor fails to provide the required on-site training to TPG trainees, as solely determined by IDOT. A TPG trainee must begin training on the project as soon as the start of work that utilizes the relevant trade skill and the TPG trainee must remain on the project site through completion of the Contract, so long as training opportunities continue to exist in the relevant work classification. Should a TPG trainee's employment end in advance of the completion of the Contract, the Contractor must promptly notify the IDOT District EEO Officer for the Contract that the TPG's involvement in the Contract has ended. The Contractor must supply a written report for the reason the TPG trainee involvement terminated, the hours completed by the TPG trainee on the Contract, and the number of hours for which the incentive payment provided under this Special Provision will be, or has been claimed for the separated TPG trainee.

Finally, the Contractor must maintain all records it creates as a result of participation in the Program on the Contract, and furnish periodic written reports to the IDOT District EEO Officer that document its contractual performance under and compliance with this Special Provision. Finally, through participation in the Program and reimbursement of wages, the Contractor is not relieved of, and IDOT has not waived, the requirements of any federal or state labor or employment law applicable to TPG workers, including compliance with the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT: The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of \$15.00 per hour for each utilized certified TPG Program trainee (TRAINEES TRAINING PROGRAM GRADUATE). The estimated total number of hours, unit price, and total price must be included in the schedule of prices for the Contract submitted by Contractor prior to beginning work. The initial number of TPG trainees for which the incentive is available for this contract is 3.

The Department has contracted with several educational institutions to provide screening, tutoring and pre-training to individuals interested in working as a TPG trainee in various areas of common construction trade work. Only individuals who have successfully completed a Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program at these IDOT approved institutions are eligible to be TPG trainees. To obtain a list of institutions that can connect the Contractor with eligible TPG trainees, the Contractor may contact: HCCTP TPG Program Coordinator, Office of Business and Workforce Diversity (IDOT OBWD), Room 319, Illinois Department of Transportation, 2300 S. Dirksen Parkway, Springfield, Illinois 62764. Prior to commencing construction with the utilization of a TPG trainee, the Contractor must submit documentation to the IDOT District EEO Officer for the Contract that provides the names and contact information of the TPG trainee(s) to be trained in each selected work classification, proof that that the TPG trainee(s) has successfully completed a Pre-Apprenticeship Training Program, proof that the TPG is in an Apprenticeship Training Program approved by the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Apprenticeship Training, and the start date for training in each of the applicable work classifications.

To receive payment, the Contractor must provide training opportunities aimed at developing a full journeyworker in the type of trade or job classification involved. During the course of performance of the Contract, the Contractor may seek approval from the IDOT District EEO Officer to employ additional eligible TPG trainees. In the event the Contractor subcontracts a portion of the contracted work, it must determine how many, if any, of the TPGs will be trained by the subcontractor. Though a subcontractor may conduct training, the Contractor retains the responsibility for meeting all requirements imposed by this Special Provision. The Contractor must also include this Special Provision in any subcontract where payment for contracted work performed by a TPG trainee will be passed on to a subcontractor.

Training through the Program is intended to move TPGs toward journeyman status, which is the primary objective of this Special Provision. Accordingly, the Contractor must make every effort to enroll TPG trainees by recruitment through the Program participant educational institutions to the extent eligible TPGs are available within a reasonable geographic area of the project. The Contractor is responsible for demonstrating, through documentation, the recruitment efforts it has undertaken prior to the determination by IDOT whether the Contractor is in compliance with this Special Provision, and therefore, entitled to the Training Program Graduate reimbursement of \$15.00 per hour.

Notwithstanding the on-the-job training requirement of this TPG Special Provision, some minimal off-site training is permissible as long as the offsite training is an integral part of the work of the contract, and does not compromise or conflict with the required on-site training that is central to the purpose of the Program. No individual may be employed as a TPG trainee in any work classification in which he/she has previously successfully completed a training program leading to journeyman status in any trade, or in which he/she has worked at a journeyman level or higher.

State of Illinois Department of Transportation Bureau of Local Roads and Streets

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR INSURANCE

Effective: February 1, 2007 Revised: August 1, 2007

All references to Sections or Articles in this specification shall be construed to mean specific Section or Article of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, adopted by the Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall name the following entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability insurance policy in accordance with Article 107.27:

County of Will			
Village of New Lenox			

The entities listed above and their officers, employees, and agents shall be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with Article 107.26.

State of Illinois DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Bureau of Local Roads & Streets SPECIAL PROVISION FOR

LOCAL QUALITY ASSURANCE/ QUALITY MANAGEMENT QC/QA Effective: January 1, 2022

Replace the first five paragraphs of Article 1030.06 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"1030.06 Quality Management Program. The Quality Management Program (QMP) will be Quality Control / Quality Assurance (QC/QA) according to the following."

Delete Article 1030.06(d)(1) of the Standard Specifications.

Revise Article 1030.09(g)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(3) If core testing is the density verification method, the Contractor shall provide personnel and equipment to collect density verification cores for the Engineer. Core locations will be determined by the Engineer following the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations" at density verification intervals defined in Article 1030.09(b). After the Engineer identifies a density verification location and prior to opening to traffic, the Contractor shall cut a 4 in. (100 mm) diameter core. With the approval of the Engineer, the cores may be cut at a later time."

Revise Article 1030.09(h)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) After final rolling and prior to paving subsequent lifts, the Engineer will identify the random density verification test locations. Cores or nuclear density gauge testing will be used for density verification. The method used for density verification will be as selected below

	Density Verification Method
	Cores
X	Nuclear Density Gauge (Correlated when
	paving ≥ 3,000 tons per mixture)

Density verification test locations will be determined according to the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Procedure for Determining Random Density Locations". The density testing interval for paving wider than or equal to 3 ft (1 m) will be 0.5 miles (800 m) for lift thicknesses of 3 in. (75 mm) or less and 0.2 miles (320 m) for lift thicknesses greater than 3 in. (75 mm). The density testing interval for paving less than 3 ft (1 m) wide will be 1 mile (1,600 m). If a day's paving will be less than the prescribed density testing interval, the length of the day's paving will be the interval for that day. The density testing interval for mixtures used for patching will be 50 patches with a minimum of one test per mixture per project.

If core testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will witness the Contractor coring, and secure and take possession of all density samples at the

density verification locations. The Engineer will test the cores collected by the Contractor for density according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 166 or AASHTO T 275.

If nuclear density gauge testing is the density verification method, the Engineer will conduct nuclear density gauge tests. The Engineer will follow the density testing procedure detailed in the document "Illinois Modified ASTM D 2950, Standard Test Method for Density of Bituminous Concrete In-Place by Nuclear Method".

A density verification test will be the result of a single core or the average of the nuclear density tests at one location. The results of each density test must be within acceptable limits. The Engineer will promptly notify the Contractor of observed deficiencies."

Revise the seventh paragraph and all subsequent paragraphs in Section D. of the document "Hot-Mix Asphalt QC/QA Initial Daily Plant and Random Samples" to read:

"Mixtures shall be sampled from the truck at the plant by the Contractor following the same procedure used to collect QC mixture samples (Section A). This process will be witnessed by the Engineer who will take custody of the verification sample. Each sample bag with a verification mixture sample will be secured by the Engineer using a locking ID tag. Sample boxes containing the verification mixture sample will be sealed/taped by the Engineer using a security ID label."



Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan



EALL 0000 // D	Marked Route	Section Number	
FAU 0320 (Laraway Road)	County Highway 74	13-00138-37-PV	
Project Number	County	Contract Number	
5GSK(S28)	Will	61H20	
ILR10 (Permit ILR10), issued by the Illiactivities. I certify under penalty of law that this do system designed to assure that qualifie the person or persons who manage the	with the provisions of the National Pollutant Dischar- nois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) for sto ocument and all attachments were prepared under median personnel properly gathered and evaluated the infi- system, or those persons directly responsible for gas	rm water discharges from co by direction or supervision in prmation submitted. Based thering the information, the	accordance with on my inquiry of
submitting false information, including t	ge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aw ne possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing v	iolations.	penaities for
Signature			Date
Jell & Ronaldon			8-4-22
Print Name	Title	Agency	
Jeff Ronaldson, PE	Director of Trans County Engineer		of Transportation
The project is located along Lara County, IL. 41.482541 N, 87.978	away Road from Jackson Branch Creek to 3713 W. T35N, R11E, Sections 28, 29, 32,	Cedar Road in New Le and 33.	nox, WIII
B. Provide a description of the construc			
	tion activity which is the subject of this plan. Include lation, maintenance, removal of erosion measures, and control over the exercise programme and another the exercise programme.	the number of construction and permanent stabilization:	stages, drainage
The work consists of tree remov	lation, maintenance, removal of erosion measures, a al, earth excavation, removal and	and permanent stabilization:	stages, drainage
The work consists of tree remov disposal of unsuitable material, t storm sewer and drainage struct	lation, maintenance, removal of erosion measures, a al, earth excavation, removal and opsoil excavation and placement, seeding ures, erosion control, hot-mix asphalt base	and permanent stabilization: and sodding, and surface	stages, drainage
The work consists of tree remov disposal of unsuitable material, t storm sewer and drainage struct courses, HMA driveway paveme	lation, maintenance, removal of erosion measures, a al, earth excavation, removal and opsoil excavation and placement, seeding ures, erosion control, hot-mix asphalt base nt, PCC sidewalk, combination concrete cu	and permanent stabilization: and sodding, and surface arb and gutter,	stages, drainage
The work consists of tree remov disposal of unsuitable material, t storm sewer and drainage struct courses, HMA driveway paveme traffic signal modernization and l	lation, maintenance, removal of erosion measures, a al, earth excavation, removal and opsoil excavation and placement, seeding ures, erosion control, hot-mix asphalt base	and permanent stabilization: and sodding, and surface arb and gutter, a detention	stages, drainage
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E. The following are weighted averages of the runoff coefficient for this project before and after construction activities are completed; see Section 4-102 of the IDOT Drainage Manual:

Existing: 0.45, Post-Construction: 0.50

F. List all soils found within project boundaries; include map unit name, slope information, and erosivity:

146B Elliott silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

146B2 Elliott silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes, eroded

223C2 Varna silt loam, 4 to 6 percent slopes, eroded

232A Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

294C2 Symerton silt loam, 5 to 10 percent slopes, eroded

G. If wetlands were delineated for this project, provide an extent of wetland acreage at the site; see Phase I report:

Three wetlands and One waterway were delineated by Huff and Huff within the project area. Site 1 is a 0.07 acre wet meadow, Site 4 is a 0.49 acre farmed wetland, site 5 is a 0.13 acre farmed wetland, and Site W1 is 0.27 acres of Jackson Branch.

H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:

During construction, the most potentially erosive areas are the banks of the creek at the west edge of the project and any embankment that is left unstabilized for long periods of time.

I. The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g., steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc.):

Prestage will consist of removals, clearing of trees and shrubs, temporary pavement widening along the south side of Laraway, and installation of storm sewers.

Stage 1 will be construction of the north side of the road.

Stage 2 will be construction of the south side of the road.

Stage 3 will be median work and restoration.

The site is relatively narrow with minimal relief. Drainage ditch back slopes are 3:1 or 4:1. The most erosive area will be the storm water basins prior to restoration. The contractor will be required to seed the basins within 14 days of completion of grading.

- J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands), and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.
- K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:

The project drains into Jackson Branch which is a State of Illinois Public Waters.

L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located:

New Lenox, Will County

M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. In addition, include receiving waters that are listed as Biologically Significant Streams by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR). The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:

Jackson Branch to Jackson Creek to Des Plaines River

N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes (i.e., 1:3 or steeper), highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc. Include any commitments or requirements to protect adjacent wetlands.
For any storm water discharges from construction activities within 50-feet of Waters of the U.S. (except for activities for water-dependent structures authorized by a Section 404 permit, describe: a) How a 50-foot undisturbed natural buffer will be provided between the construction activity and the Waters of the U.S. or b) How additional erosion and sediment controls will be provided within that area.
The storm water basins will ultimately drain into the creek. Native vegetation will be seeded to prevent erosion to the creek. Riprap will be placed at the outlets to prevent sediment from reaching the creek.
O. Per the Phase I document, the following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development. Further guidance on these resources is available in Section 41-4 of the BDE Manual.
303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation. The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment:
Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event:
The storm water basins will be excavated to handle the 100-yr event. Riprap will be placed at all inlets and outlets. Inlet protection will be inserted into each storm water inlet
Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body: n/a
Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water body:
n/a
☐ Applicable Federal, Tribal, State, or Local Programs
Floodplain
☐ Historic Preservation
Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment, total suspended solids, turbidity or siltation TMDL (fill out this section if checked above)
The name(s) of the listed water body:
Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL:
If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet that allocation:
N/a
☐ Threatened and Endangered Species/Illinois Natural Areas (INAI)/Nature Preserves

Other	
™ Metland	
⊠ Wetland	<u> </u>
Three wetlands and One waterway were delineated by Huacre wet meadow, Site 4 is a 0.49 acre farmed wetland, sacres of Jackson Branch.	
adica di dadican Branch.	
P. The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this const ☐ Antifreeze / Coolants ☐ Concrete ☐ Concrete Curing Compounds	truction project: Solid Waste Debris Solvents Waste water from cleaning construction equipments
	Other (Specify)
Fertilizers / Pesticides	Other (Specify)
☐ Paints	Other (Specify)
Petroleum (gas, diesel, oil, kerosene, hydraulic oil / fluids)	Other (Specify)
⊠ Soil Sediment	Other (Specify)
II. Controls:	
I.C above and for all use areas, borrow sites, and waste sites. For eximplementation as indicated. The Contractor shall provide to the Resindicated. The Contractor, and subcontractors, will notify the Reside modifications to keep construction activities compliant with the Permi on forms which are attached to, and are a part of, this plan: A. Erosion and Sediment Controls: At a minimum, controls must be 1. Minimize the amount of soil exposed during constructions. 2. Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;	sident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measures nt Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or it ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certification coordinated, installed and maintained to:
 Maintain natural buffers around surface waters, direct maximize storm water infiltration, unless infeasible; Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, presented. 	ct storm water to vegetated areas to increase sediment removal and serve topsoil.
B. Stabilization Practices: Provided below is a description of interim scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans will en disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization practice seeding, mulching, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strips, pro appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II.B.1 and II.B.2 construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceases on all period of fourteen (14) or more calendar days.	sure that existing vegetation is preserved where attainable and es may include but are not limited to: temporary seeding, permanent of otection of trees, preservation of mature vegetation, and other 2, stabilization measures shall be initiated immediately where in no case more than one (1) day after the construction activity in
Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded by sn- practicable.	ow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as
On areas where construction activity has temporarily ceased and method can be used.	d will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization
The following stabilization practices will be used for this project:	
□ Erosion Control Blanket / Mulching □	Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7)
☐ Geotextiles ☐	Temporary Mulching
Permanent Seeding	Vegetated Buffer Strips
	∀ Other (Specify) Dust control watering
Protection of Trees	Other (Specify)
Sodding	Other (Specify)
☐ Temporary Erosion Control Seeding ☐	Other (Specify)

accordance with the SWPPP, plans, and/or as directed blanket will be placed as directed by the Engineer.	by the Engineer. Additional temporary seeding and/or
Dust Control Watering will be utilized to minimize the air	rborne transfer of sediment
Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized	after construction activities have been completed:
Permanent seeding and Erosion Control Blanket (Speci stabilization of the site.	al) or sodding will be incorporated into the final
subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain	off and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. on barrier, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch checks,
Aggregate Ditch	Stabilized Construction Exits
Concrete Revetment Mats	Stabilized Trench Flow
□ Dust Suppression	☐ Slope Mattress
Dewatering Filtering	☐ Slope Walls
Gabions	
☐ In-Stream or Wetland Work	☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
Level Spreaders	
Paved Ditch	☐ Temporary Stream Crossing
Permanent Check Dams	☐ Turf Reinforcement Mats
□ Perimeter Erosion Barrier	Other (Specify)
Permanent Sediment Basin	Other (Specify)
 ⊠ Retaining Walls	Other (Specify)
☐ Riprap	Other (Specify)
☐ Rock Outlet Protection	Other (Specify)
☐ Sediment Trap	Other (Specify)
☐ Storm Drain Inlet Protection	Other (Specify)
	ring construction.
Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized during the describence of the project boundaries. Temporary Ditch Checks will be installed in ditch lines to the project boundaries.	ite transfer of silt/sediment, as well as provide a

transfer off-site. Following placement of Erosion Control Blanket (Special), Permeable Plastic Berms may be installed in place of the Temporary Ditch Checks until vegetation growth is sufficient.

Storm inlets will be protected whether located in a curb line (drop in baskets) or in a grassed area (surrounded by silt fence). These will be maintained and sediment removed as necessary as determined by the Engineer and in accordance with the Special Provisions.

Stabilized Construction Exits will be installed as shown on the plans, and as approved by the Engineer.

These shall be maintained throughout construction as described in the Special Provisions.

At the west end of Laraway Road proposed detention basins will be constructed.

At the outlet end of flared end sections, RipRap will be placed to dissipate flow energy and prevent erosion. RipRap gradation and flare size has been appropriately sized in accordance with BDE manual.

Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized after construction activities have been completed: Temporary features, such as Perimeter Erosion Barrier, Temporary Ditch Checks (and Permeable Plastic Berms), and Inlet Protection (drop-in baskets, silt fence) will be removed following final stabilization of disturbed areas. RipRap for outlet protection will remain in place. The detention basin will serve as a means to increase water quality for storm water entering the Jackson Branch. D. Treatment Chemicals Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this project: Yes If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals will be utilized on this project. E. Permanent (i.e., Post-Construction) Storm Water Management Controls: Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. 1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several practices). The practices selected for implementation were determined based on the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT BDE Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below. 2. Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g., maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities). Description of permanent storm water management controls: Infiltration of storm water will be enhanced by the use of open vegetated swales. Site drainage will discharge into the detention basin constructed during this contract, and the release of the detained water will be eventually into Jackson Branch. Outlet protection in the form of RipRap is proposed at all storm sewer outlet ends.

F. **Approved State or Local Laws:** The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the IEPA's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

The soil erosion and sediment control for this site must meet the requirements of the following agencies:

- Will South Cook Soil and Water Conservation District
- Will County Division of Transportation
- Illinois Department of Transportation
- Illinois EPA
- Army Corps of Engineers
- G. **Contractor Required Submittals:** Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342A.
- 1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
 - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project

- Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
- Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
- Mobilization time-frame
- Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
- Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
- Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized cons
- Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
 - Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
- Major planned stockpiling operation
- Time frame for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges as dewatering, grinding, etc
 - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
- 2. During the pre-construction meeting, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:
 - Temporary Ditch Checks Identify what type and the source of Temporary Ditch Checks that will be installed as part of the project. The installation details will then be included with the SWPPP.
 - Vehicle Entrances and Exits Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
 - Material Delivery, Storage and Use Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
 - Stockpile Management Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
 - Waste Disposal Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
 - Spill Prevention and Control Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
 - · Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
 - Litter Management Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
 - Vehicle and Equipment Fueling Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
 - Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
 - Dewatering Activities Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
 - Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
 - · Additional measures indicated in the plan.

III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides (e.g., IDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Field Guide) to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. Describe how all items will be checked for structural integrity, sediment accumulation and functionality. Any damage or undermining shall be repaired immediately. Provide specifics on how repairs will be made. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

Perimeter Erosion Barrier will be maintained and repaired as necessary, and accumulated silt removed as directed by the Engineer.

Temporary Seeding and Erosion Control Blanket (Special) shall be placed in all disturbed areas in accordance with the SWPPP, plans, and/or as directed by the Engineer. Additional Temporary Seeding and/or blanket shall be placed as directed by the Engineer.

Inlet Filters shall be cleaned as described in the Contract, and as directed by the Engineer.

Stabilized Construction Entrances shall be maintained as described in the Contract and as directed by the Engineer.

Maintenance shall be in accordance with Article 280.05 of the Standard Specifications.

IV. Inspections:

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site including Borrow, Waste, and Use Areas, which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report, BC 2259. Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov, telephone or fax within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Water Pollution Control
Attn: Compliance Assurance Section
1021 North Grand East
Post Office Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.



Contractor Certification Statement



Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this contract, the Contractor and every subcontractor must complete and return to the Resident Engineer the following certification. A separate certification must be submitted by each firm. Attach to this certification all items required by Section II.G of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which will be handled by the Contractor/subcontractor completing this form.

Route	Marked Route	Section Number
FAU 0320 (Laraway Road)	County Highway 74	13-00138-37-PV
Project Number	County	Contract Number
5GSK(S28)	Will	61H20
This certification statement is a part of S Permit No. ILR10 issued by the Illinois Env		ove, in accordance with the General NPDES
I certify under penalty of law that I underst associated with industrial activity from the		10 that authorizes the storm water discharges this certification.
project; I have received copies of all appro	priate maintenance procedures; and,	s stated in SWPPP for the above mentioned I have provided all documentation required updates to these documents as necessary.
Contractor		
Sub-Contractor		
Signature	<u>Date</u>	
Print Name	Title	
Name of Firm	Phone	
Street Address	City	State Zip Code
Items which this Contractor/subcontractor will I	pe responsible for as required in Section I	I.G. of SWPPP



Leadership in Resource Management Since 1946

1201 S. Gougar Rd • New Lenox, IL 60451 (815) 462-3106 • Fax (815) 462-3176 www.will-scookswcd.org

Eric Wesel Will County Div. of Transportation 16841 W. Laraway Road Joliet, Il 60433

April 14, 2021

Erosion Control Plan Review

ACOE# LRC-2020-421 WSCSWCD# 21-580 Laraway Road

Dear Mr. Wesel:

We have reviewed the documents plotted April 19, 2021 as they relate to erosion control measures pertaining to the above-mentioned project. The plan meets the technical standards of the Will-South Cook SWCD for SESC and is hereby approved.

Please keep a copy of the approved documents on site at all times for review, upon request, by the Will-South Cook SWCD or any other authorized agency. Please also notify our office of the preconstruction meeting or at the start of work.

If you have any questions, please contact Dan Jay at (815) 462-3106, ext. 3.

Sincerely, Will / South Cook SWCD

Daniel Jay, P.E., CFM, CPESC Resource Conservationist

cc: Kathleen Chernich, ACOE Jeff Sedig, Crawford Murphy & Tilly



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CHICAGO DISTRICT 231 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET, SUITE 1500 CHICAGO IL 60604-1437

September 30, 2021

Regulatory Branch LRC-2020-00421

SUBJECT: Nationwide Permit Authorization for Detention Pond Discharge Outfall Along the East Bank of Jackson Branch, East bank of Jackson Branch at Laraway Road & Nelson Road, New Lenox, Will County, Illinois 60451 – Lat: 41.48272; -87.98410

Eric Wesel Will County Division of Transportation 16841 West Laraway Road Joliet, Illinois 60433

Dear Mr. Wesel:

This letter is in response to your pre-construction notification, dated 3/8/2021, submitted on your behalf by GZA for the above-referenced project. We have determined that activities in waters of the U.S. associated with the project is authorized by Nationwide Permit (NWP) Number 58 – Utility Line Activities for Water and Other Substances.

This determination covers only your project as described above and in the approved project plans submitted with the application. Caution must be taken to prevent construction materials and activities from impacting waters of the United States beyond the scope of this authorization. If the design, location, or purpose of the project is changed, you should contact this office to determine the need for further authorization.

The subject activity may be performed without further authorization from this office provided that the activity complies with the NWP terms and general conditions, the regional conditions for Illinois, the special condition listed below, and the Section 401 Water Quality Certification ("WQC") conditions added by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("IEPA"). The NWP Program terms, general conditions, and regional conditions are listed in the enclosed NWP Summary. The WQC conditions are listed in the enclosed Fact Sheet.

Specifically, we wish to draw your attention to General Condition 21, which requires permittees to notify our office immediately in the event of discovery of previously unknown human remains, Native American cultural items, or archaeological artifacts, and a term of the NWP program, which states that NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.

In addition to the general, regional, and water quality conditions of this permit verification, the following special conditions also apply to this verification:

- 1. This authorization is contingent upon implementing and maintaining soil erosion and sediment controls in a serviceable condition throughout the duration of the project. You shall comply with the Will / South Cook Soil and Water Conservation District's (SWCD) written and verbal recommendations regarding the soil erosion and sediment control (SESC) plan and the installation and maintenance requirements of the SESC practices onsite.
 - a. You shall schedule a preconstruction meeting with SWCD to discuss the SESC plan and the installation and maintenance requirements of the SESC practices on the site. You shall contact the SWCD at least 10 calendar days prior to the preconstruction meeting so that a representative may attend.
 - b. You shall notify the SWCD of any changes or modifications to the approved plan set. Field conditions during project construction may require the implementation of additional SESC measures. If you fail to implement corrective measures, this office may require more frequent site inspections to ensure the installed SESC measures are acceptable.
 - c. Prior to commencement of any in-stream work, you shall submit constructions plans and a detailed narrative to the SWCD that disclose the contractor's preferred method of cofferdam and dewatering method. Work in the waterway shall NOT commence until the SWCD notifies you, in writing, that the plans have been approved.

Please note that IEPA has issued Section 401 Water Quality Certification for this NWP. The conditions of this WQC are automatically conditions of this NWP verification and are included in the enclosed Fact Sheet. If you have any questions regarding Section 401 certification, please contact Ms. Morgan Holthaus at IEPA's Division of Water Pollution Control, Permit Section #15, by telephone at (217) 785-6939.

This verification is valid until March 14, 2026, when it is scheduled to be modified, reissued, or revoked. Furthermore, if you commence or are under contract to commence this activity before the date the NWP is modified, reissued, or revoked, you will have 12 months from the date of the modification, reissuance or revocation to complete the activity under the present terms and conditions. Failure to comply with the general and regional conditions of this NWP, or any project-specific special conditions of this authorization, may result in the suspension or revocation of your authorization.

Once you have completed the authorized activity, please sign and return the enclosed compliance certification as required by general condition 30. If you have any questions, please contact Julie Rimbault of this office by telephone at (312) 846-5542, or email at Julie.C.Rimbault@usace.army.mil.

Sincerely,

Diedra L. Mclaurin

Diedra McLaurin Team Lead Regulatory Branch

Enclosures

Will-South Cook SWCD (Dan Jay) Huff & Huff/GZA (Jim Novak, Kinzie Roberton)



PERMIT COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

Permit Number:	LRC-2020-00421
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Permittee: Eric Wesel

Date of Verification: September 30, 2021

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above-referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of said permit and if applicable, compensatory wetland mitigation was completed in accordance with the approved mitigation plan.¹

PERMITTEE	DATE	

Within 30 days after completion of the activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, this certification must be signed and returned to the following address:

Email to: ChicagoRequests@usace.army.mil

Subject: Compliance Certification, LRC-2020-00421

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to compliance inspections by Corps of Engineers representatives. If you fail to comply with this permit, you may be subject to permit suspension, modification, or revocation.

¹ If compensatory mitigation was required as part of your authorization, you are certifying that the mitigation area has been graded and planted in accordance with the approved plan. You are acknowledging that the maintenance and monitoring period will begin after a site inspection by a Corps of Engineers representative or after thirty days of the Corps' receipt of this certification. You agree to comply with all permit terms and conditions, including additional reporting requirements, for the duration of the maintenance and monitoring period.





Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Bureau of Land • 1021 North Grand Avenue East • P.O. Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276

Uncontaminated Soil Certification

by Licensed Professional Engineer or Licensed Professional Geologist for Use of Uncontaminated Soil as Fill in a CCDD or Uncontaminated Soil Fill Operation LPC-663

Revised in accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 1100, as amended by PCB R2012-009 (eff. Aug. 27, 2012)

This certification form is to be used by professional engineers and professional geologists to certify, pursuant to 35 III. Adm. Code 1100.205(a)(1)(B), that soil (i) is uncontaminated soil and (ii) is within a pH range of 6.26 to 9.0. If you have questions about this form, please telephone the Bureau of Land Permit Section at 217/524-3300.

This form may be completed online, saved locally, printed and signed, and submitted to prospective clean construction or demolition debris (CCDD) fill operations or uncontaminated soil fill operations.

(Describe the location of the	normation se source of the uncontaminated s	oil)	
	oad Improvements Project		mber, if available:
	dress, inclduding number and stre nebridge Dr. to Cedar Rd. in New	et):	er to attached narrative for details.
City: New Lenox	State: IL	Zip Code:	
County: Will		Township:	
Lat/Long of approximate c	enter of site in decimal degrees (D	D.ddddd) to five decimal pl	aces (e.g., 40.67890, -90.12345):
Latitude: 41.482841	Longitude: -87.978713		
(Decimal Dec	rees) (-Decimal Deg	rees)	
Identify how the lat/long	data were determined:		
☐ GPS ☐ Map in	erpolation	on ☐ Survey 反 Oth	ner
Lat /Lang Source: Good	-	_ , _	ant Counidou
IEPA Site Number(s), if as	gle Earth (decimal degrees) in app signed: BOL:	BOW:	BOA:
TEL 7. ORG NUMBER(3), II as	signed.		BOA.
-	nformation for Source Site		Site Operator
Name: Will Coun	y Division of Transportation	Name:	
Street Address: 16841 W.	Laraway Road	Street Address:	
PO Box:		PO Box:	
City: Joliet	State: IL	City:	State:
Zip Code: 60433	Phone: 815-727-8476	Zip Code:	Phone:
Contact: Eric K. We	esel, P.E.	Contact:	
Email, if available: ewesel(⊉willcountyillinois.com	Email, if available:	

This Agency is authorized to require this information under Section 4 and Title X of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/4, 5/39). Failure to disclose this information may result in: a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the violation continues (415 ILCS 5/42). This form has been approved by the Forms

IL 532-2922

LPC 663 Rev. 8/2012 Management Center.

201

Project Name: Laraway Road Improvements Project

Latitude: 41.482841 Longitude: -87.978713

Uncontaminated Site Certification

III. Basis for Certification and Attachments

For each item listed below, reference the attachments to this form that provide the required information.

a. A Description of the soil sample points and how they were determined to be sufficient in number and appropriately located 35 III. Adm. Code 1100.610(a)]:

Spoils are expected to be generated from improvements along Laraway Rd., between Stonebridge Dr. and Cedar Rd. Based on previous due diligence and planned excavation areas, borings were advanced nearest the identified PIPs to depths matching expected excavation depths within the Project Area. Please see attached narrative for further details.

b. Analytical soil testing results to show that soil chemical constituents comply with the maximum allowable concentrations established pursuant to 35 III. Adm. Code Part 1100, Subpart F and that the soil pH is within the range of 6.25 to 9.0, including the documentation of chain of custody control, a copy of the lab analysis; the accreditation status of the laboratory performing the analysis; and certification by an authorized agent of the laboratory that the analysis has been performed in accordance with the Agency's rules for the accreditation of environmental and the scope of the accreditation [35 III. Adm. Code 1100.201(g), 1100.205(a), 1100.610]:

Analytical results for samples collected achieve the appropriate MACs for disposal, except for areas characterized by DB-SB-4 and DB-SB-9 (from 2.5 feet to 5 feet bgs), which are within a CCDD Exclusion Area. Please see attached narrative for further details.

IV. Certification Statement, Signature and Seal of Licensed Professional Engineer or Licensed Professional Geologist

I. Jeremy J. Reynolds, P.G. (name of licensed professional engineer or geologist) certify under penalty of law that the information submitted, including but not limited to, all attachments and other information, is to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. In accordance with the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.51 or 22.51a] and 35 III. Adm. Code 1100.205(a), I certify that the soil from this site is uncontaminated soil. I also certify that the soil pH is within the range of 6.25 to 9.0. In addition, I certify that the soil has not been removed from the site as part of a cleanup or removal of contaminants. All necessary documentation is attached.

Any person who knowingly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, orally or in writing, to the Illinois EPA commits a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent offense after conviction is a Class 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))

Company Name:	Huff & Huff, Inc.			
Street Address:	915 Harger Rd			
City:	Oak Brook	State:	<u>IL</u> Zip Code: 60523	
Phone:	630-684-4444	_		PROFESSION
Licensed Professional-Licensed Professional	Engineer or	_	10 (55 (8 Date:	JEREMY J. REYNOLDS 196-001170 196-001170

P.E. or L.P.G. Seal.

AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2012 Revised: April 1, 2022

Add the following Section to the Standard Specifications:

"SECTION 303. AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT

303.01 Description. This work shall consist of constructing an aggregate subgrade improvement (ASI).

303.02 Materials. Materials shall be according to the following.

Item	Article/Section
(a) Coarse Aggregate	
(b) Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAI	P)1031.09

- **303.03 Equipment.** The vibratory roller shall be according to Article 1101.01, or as approved by the Engineer. Vibratory machines, such as tampers, shall be used in areas where rollers do not fit.
- **303.04 Soil Preparation.** The minimum immediate bearing value (IBV) of the soil below the improved subgrade shall be according to the Department's "Subgrade Stability Manual" for the aggregate thickness specified.
- **303.05 Placing and Compacting.** The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CA 2, CA 6, and CA 10 when compacted shall be 9 in. (225 mm). The maximum nominal lift thickness of aggregate gradations CS 1, CS 2, and RR 1 when compacted shall be 24 in. (600 mm).

The top surface of the aggregate subgrade improvement shall consist of a layer of capping aggregate gradations CA 6 or CA 10 that is 3 in. (75 mm) thick after compaction. Capping aggregate will not be required when aggregate subgrade improvement is used as a cubic yard pay item for undercut applications.

Each lift of aggregate shall be compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the moisture content of the material is such that compaction cannot be obtained, sufficient water shall be added so that satisfactory compaction can be obtained.

303.06 Finishing and Maintenance. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be finished to the lines, grades, and cross sections shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. The aggregate subgrade improvement shall be maintained in a smooth and compacted condition.

303.07 Method of Measurement. This work will be measured for payment according to Article 311.08.

303.08 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) or ton (metric ton) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT or at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IMPROVEMENT, of the thickness specified."

Add the following to Section 1004 of the Standard Specifications:

"1004.07 Coarse Aggregate for Aggregate Subgrade Improvement (ASI). The aggregate shall be according to Article 1004.01 and the following.

- (a) Description. The coarse aggregate shall be crushed gravel, crushed stone, or crushed concrete. In applications where greater than 24 in. (600 mm) of ASI material is required, gravel may be used below the top 12 in (300 mm) of ASI.
- (b) Quality. The coarse aggregate shall consist of sound durable particles reasonably free of deleterious materials.
- (c) Gradation.
 - (1) The coarse aggregate gradation for total ASI thickness less than or equal to 12 in. (300 mm) shall be CA 2, CA 6, CA 10, or CS 1.

The coarse aggregate gradation for total ASI thickness greater than 12 in. (300 mm) shall be CS 1 or CS 2 as shown below or RR 1 according to Article 1005.01(c).

	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS				
Grad No.	Sieve Size and Percent Passing				
Grad No.	8"	6"	4"	2"	#4
CS 1	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20
CS 2		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15	

	COARSE AGGREGATE SUBGRADE GRADATIONS (Metric)				
Grad No.	Sieve Size and Percent Passing				
Grad No.	200 mm	150 mm	100 mm	50 mm	4.75 mm
CS 1	100	97 ± 3	90 ± 10	45 ± 25	20 ± 20
CS 2		100	80 ± 10	25 ± 15	

(2) Capping aggregate shall be gradation CA 6 or CA 10."

Add the following to Article 1031.09 of the Standard Specifications:

"(b) RAP in Aggregate Subgrade Improvement (ASI). RAP in ASI shall be according to Articles 1031.01(a), 1031.02(a), 1031.06(a)(1), and 1031.06(a)(2), and the following.

- (1) The testing requirements of Article 1031.03 shall not apply.
- (2) Crushed RAP used for the lower lift may be mechanically blended with aggregate gradations CS 1, CS 2, and RR 1 but it shall be no greater than 40 percent of the total product volume. RAP agglomerations shall be no greater than 4 in. (100 mm).
- (3) For capping aggregate, well graded RAP having 100 percent passing the 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) sieve may be used when aggregate gradations CS 1, CS 2, CA 2, or RR 1 are used in the lower lift. FRAP will not be permitted as capping material.

Blending shall be through calibrated interlocked feeders or a calibrated blending plant such that the prescribed blending percentage is maintained throughout the blending process. The calibration shall have an accuracy of \pm 2.0 percent of the actual quantity of material delivered."

80274

BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2006 Revised: August 1, 2017

<u>Description</u>. Bituminous material cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or credit to the Department, for fluctuations in the cost of bituminous materials when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract.

The adjustments shall apply to permanent and temporary hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixtures, bituminous surface treatments (cover and seal coats), and preventative maintenance type surface treatments that are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply to bituminous prime coats, tack coats, crack filling/sealing, joint filling/sealing, or extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

Method of Adjustment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (BPI_P - BPI_L) \times (\%AC_V / 100) \times Q$

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$.

BPI_P = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

BPI_L = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

 $^{\circ}$ AC $_{V}$ = Percent of virgin Asphalt Cement in the Quantity being adjusted. For HMA mixtures, the $^{\circ}$ AC $_{V}$ will be determined from the adjusted job mix formula. For bituminous materials applied, a performance graded or cutback asphalt will be considered to be 100% AC $_{V}$ and undiluted emulsified asphalt will be considered to be 65% AC $_{V}$.

Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) (see below).

For HMA mixtures measured in square yards: Q, tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 46.8) / 2000. For HMA mixtures measured in square meters: Q, metric tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 1) / 1000. When computing adjustments for full-depth HMA pavement, separate calculations will be made for the binder and surface courses to account for their different G_{mb} and % $AC_{V.}$

For bituminous materials measured in gallons: Q, tons = $V \times 8.33$ lb/gal x SG / 2000 For bituminous materials measured in liters: Q, metric tons = $V \times 1.0$ kg/L x SG / 1000

Where: A = Area of the HMA mixture, sq yd (sq m).

D = Depth of the HMA mixture, in. (mm).

 G_{mb} = Average bulk specific gravity of the mixture, from the approved mix design.

V = Volume of the bituminous material, gal (L).

SG = Specific Gravity of bituminous material as shown on the bill of lading.

<u>Basis of Payment</u>. Bituminous materials cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the BPI_L and BPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = $\{(BPI_L - BPI_P) \div BPI_L\} \times 100$

Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable bituminous material is placed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the work placed during the month are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

80173

BLENDED FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1010.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Different sources or types of finely divided minerals shall not be mixed or used alternately in the same item of construction, except as a blended finely divided mineral product according to Article 1010.06."

Add the following article to Section 1010 of the Standard Specifications:

"1010.06 Blended Finely Divided Minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be the product resulting from the blending or intergrinding of two or three finely divided minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be according to ASTM C 1697, except as follows.

- (a) Blending shall be accomplished by mechanically or pneumatically intermixing the constituent finely divided minerals into a uniform mixture that is then discharged into a silo for storage or tanker for transportation.
- (b) The blended finely divided mineral product will be classified according to its predominant constituent or the manufacturer's designation and shall meet the chemical requirements of its classification. The other finely divided mineral constituent(s) will not be required to conform to their individual standards."

80436

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.
 - (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.
 - Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).
 - (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the

Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
 - (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
 - (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

- (a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.
- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
	One Project Manager,
Over \$50,000,000	Two Project Superintendents,
Over \$50,000,000	One Engineer, and
	One Clerk

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2010 Revised: November 1, 2014

The reduction of emissions of particulate matter (PM) for off-road equipment shall be accomplished by installing retrofit emission control devices. The term "equipment" refers to diesel fuel powered devices rated at 50 hp and above, to be used on the jobsite in excess of seven calendar days over the course of the construction period on the jobsite (including rental equipment).

Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract shall be retrofitted using the phased in approach shown below. Equipment that is of a model year older than the year given for that equipment's respective horsepower range shall be retrofitted:

Effective Dates	Horsepower Range	Model Year
June 1, 2010 1/	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006
	100.000	
June 1, 2011 ^{2/}	100-299	2003
	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006
June 1, 2012 ^{2/}	50-99	2004
	100-299	2003
	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006

^{1/} Effective dates apply to Contractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

The retrofit emission control devices shall achieve a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent and shall be:

- a) Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Verified Retrofit Technology List (http://www.epa.gov/cleandiesel/verification/verif-list.htm), or verified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm); or
- b) Retrofitted with a non-verified diesel retrofit emission control device if verified retrofit emission control devices are not available for equipment proposed to be used on the project, and if the Contractor has obtained a performance certification from the retrofit

^{2/} Effective dates apply to Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

device manufacturer that the emission control device provides a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent.

Note: Large cranes (Crawler mounted cranes) which are responsible for critical lift operations are exempt from installing retrofit emission control devices if such devices adversely affect equipment operation.

Diesel powered off-road equipment with engine ratings of 50 hp and above, which are unable to be retrofitted with verified emission control devices or if performance certifications are not available which will achieve a minimum 50 percent PM reduction, may be granted a waiver by the Department if documentation is provided showing good faith efforts were made by the Contractor to retrofit the equipment.

Construction shall not proceed until the Contractor submits a certified list of the diesel powered off-road equipment that will be used, and as necessary, retrofitted with emission control devices. The list(s) shall include (1) the equipment number, type, make, Contractor/rental company name; and (2) the emission control devices make, model, USEPA or CARB verification number, or performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer. Equipment reported as fitted with emissions control devices shall be made available to the Engineer for visual inspection of the device installation, prior to being used on the jobsite.

The Contractor shall submit an updated list of retrofitted off-road construction equipment as retrofitted equipment changes or comes on to the jobsite. The addition or deletion of any diesel powered equipment shall be included on the updated list.

If any diesel powered off-road equipment is found to be in non-compliance with any portion of this special provision, the Engineer will issue the Contractor a diesel retrofit deficiency deduction.

Any costs associated with retrofitting any diesel powered off-road equipment with emission control devices shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed. The Contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a claim.

Diesel Retrofit Deficiency Deduction

When the Engineer determines that a diesel retrofit deficiency exists, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency continues to exist. The calendar day(s) will begin when the time period for correction is exceeded and end with the Engineer's written acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be \$1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

The deficiency will be based on lack of diesel retrofit emissions control.

If a Contractor accumulates three diesel retrofit deficiency deductions for the same piece of equipment in a contract period, the Contractor will be shutdown until the deficiency is corrected.

Such a shutdown will not be grounds for any extension of the contract time, waiver of penalties, or be grounds for any claim.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: March 2, 2019

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a

good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 15.00 % of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES.</u> Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.

- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the

bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.

(c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.

- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:
 - (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at <u>DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov</u>.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However, the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.
- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
 - (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.

(e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.

- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.
 - When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.
- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be

made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.

(h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT – PATCHING (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2022

Replace Article 442.08(b) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"(b) Density. The density of the compacted HMA shall be according to Articles 1030.06, 1030.09(b), 1030.09(c), and 1030.09(f)."

LUMINAIRES, LED (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2019 Revised: January 1, 2022

<u>Description</u>. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing light emitting diode (LED) luminaires. Work shall be according to Sections 801, 821, and 1067 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

<u>Submittals</u>. In addition to the requirements listed in Article 801.05(a), submittals for LED luminaires shall include the following.

- Completed manufacturer's luminaire ordering form with the full catalog number provided.
- Descriptive literature and catalog cuts for the luminaire, driver, and surge protective device.
- Lighting calculations generated with AGi32 software demonstrating compliance with the
 Luminaire Performance Table(s) shown in the contract. These calculations shall be
 performed to the following criteria: photopic units shall be used; calculations shall be
 performed to an accuracy matching the number of significant digits given in the Luminaire
 Performance Table(s); point-by-point illuminance, luminance, and veiling luminance ratios
 demonstrating the submitted luminaire meets the lighting metrics specified in the
 Luminaire Performance Table(s) using IES RP-8 methods.

Upon request by the Engineer, submittals for LED Luminaires shall also include any or all the following.

- IES file associated with each submitted luminaire in IES LM-63 format.
- TM-21 calculator spreadsheet (XLSX or PDF format) and if available, TM-28 report for the specified luminaire or luminaire family. Both reports shall be for 50,000 hours at an ambient temperature of 77 °F (25 °C).
- LM-79 report with National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) current
 at the time of testing in PDF format inclusive of the following: isofootcandle diagram with
 half candela contour and maximum candela point; polar plots through maximum plane and
 maximum cone; coefficient of utilization graph; candela table; and spectral distribution
 graph and chromaticity diagram.
- LM-80 report for the specified LED package in PDF format and if available, LM-84 report for the specified luminaire or luminaire family in PDF format. Both reports shall be conducted by a laboratory with NVLAP certification current at the time of testing.
- In Situ Temperature Measurement Test (ISTMT) report for the specified luminaire or luminaire family in PDF format.

- Vibration test report in accordance with ANSI C136.31 in PDF format.
- ASTM B117/ASTM D1654 (neutral salt spray) test and sample evaluation report in PDF format.
- ASTM G154 (ASTM D523) gloss test report in PDF format.
- LED drive current, total luminaire input wattage, and current over the operating voltage range at an ambient temperature of 77 °F (25 °C).
- Power factor (pf) and total harmonic distortion (THD) at maximum and minimum supply and at nominal voltage for the dimmed states of 70%, 50%, and 30% full power.
- Ingress protection (IP) test reports, conducted according to ANSI C136.25 requirements, for the driver and optical assembly in PDF format.
- Installation, maintenance, and cleaning instructions in PDF format, including recommendations on periodic cleaning methods.
- Documentation in PDF format that the reporting laboratory is certified to perform the required tests.

Roadway Luminaires. Revise Article 821.02(d) to read.

Revise the third paragraph of Article 821.03 to read.

"Each luminaire driver and/or driver arrangement shall be checked to ensure compatibility with the project power supply."

Replace the fifth paragraph of Article 821.03 with the following.

"No luminaire shall be installed before it is approved. When independent luminaire testing is required, full approval will not be given until complete test results which demonstrate compliance with the contract documents have been reviewed and accepted by the Engineer. Independent luminaire testing will be required, and shall be conducted, according to Article 1067.01(k)".

Revise the last paragraph of Article 821.03 to read.

"When installing or adjusting the luminaire, care shall be taken to avoid touching the lenses or allowing contaminants to be deposited on any part of the optical assembly. Each lens shall be free of all dirt, smudges, etc. Should the luminaire require cleaning, the luminaire manufacturer's cleaning instructions shall be strictly followed."

Revise Article 821.08 to read.

"821.08 Basis of Payment. This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for LUMINAIRE, LED, ROADWAY, of the output designation specified; LUMINAIRE, LED, HIGHMAST, of the output designation specified; LUMINAIRE, LED, UNDERPASS, WALLMOUNT, of the output designation specified; LUMINAIRE, LED, UNDERPASS, SUSPENDED, of the output designation specified; LUMINAIRE, LED, SIGN LIGHTING, of the output designation specified.

<u>Luminaires</u>. Revise Articles 1067.01 through 1067.06 to read.

- "1067.01 General. The size, weight, and shape of the luminaire shall be designed so as not to incite detrimental vibrations in its respective pole and it shall be compatible with the pole and arm. All electrical and electronic components of the luminaire shall comply with the requirements of Restriction of Hazardous Materials (RoHS) regulations. The luminaire shall be listed for wet locations by an NRTL and shall meet the requirements of UL 1598 and UL 8750.
 - (a) Labels. An internal label shall be provided indicating the luminaire is suitable for wet locations and indicating the luminaire is an NRTL listed product to UL1598 and UL8750. The internal label shall also comply with the requirements of ANSI C136.22.
 - An external label consisting of two black characters on a white background with the dimensions of the label and the characters as specified in ANSI C136.15 for HPS luminaires. The first character shall be the alphabetical character representing the initial lumen output as specified in Table 1 of Article 1067.06(c). The second character shall be the numerical character representing the transverse light distribution type as specified in IES RP-8 (i.e. Types 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5).
 - (b) Surge Protection. The luminaire shall comply the requirements of ANSI C136.2 for electrical transient immunity at the "Extreme" level (20KV/10KA) and shall be equipped with a surge protective device (SPD) that is UL1449 compliant with indicator light. An SPD failure shall open the circuit to protect the driver.
 - (c) Optical Assembly. The optical assembly shall have an IP66 or higher rating in accordance with ANSI C136.25. The circuiting of the LED array shall be designed to minimize the effect of individual LED failures on the operation of other LEDs. All optical components shall be made of glass or a UV stabilized, non-yellowing material.
 - (d) Housing. All external surfaces shall be cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and be constructed in such a way as to discourage the accumulation of water, ice, and debris.
 - (e) Driver. The driver shall be integral to the luminaire and shall be capable of receiving indefinite open and short circuit output conditions without damage.

The driver shall incorporate the use of thermal foldback circuitry to reduce output current under abnormal driver case temperature conditions and shall be rated for a lifetime of 100,000 hours at an ambient temperature exposure of 77 °F (25 °C) to the luminaire. If the driver has a thermal shut down feature, it shall not turn off the LEDs when operated at 104 °F (40 °C) or less.

The driver shall have an input voltage range of 120 to 277 volts (\pm 10%) or 347 to 480 volts (\pm 10%) according to the contract documents. When the driver is operating within the rated input voltage range and in an un-dimmed state, the power factor measurement shall be not less than 0.9 and the THD measurement shall be no greater than 20%.

The driver shall meet the requirements of the FCC Rules and Regulations, Title 47, Part 15 for Class A devices with regard to electromagnetic compatibility. This shall be confirmed through the testing methods in accordance with ANSI C63.4 for electromagnetic interference.

The driver shall be dimmable using the protocol listed in the Luminaire Performance Table shown in the contract.

(f) Photometric Performance. The luminaire shall be IES LM-79 tested by a laboratory holding accreditation from the NVLAP for IES LM-79 testing procedures. At a minimum the LM-79 report shall include a backlight/uplight/glare (BUG) rating and a luminaire classification system (LCS) graph showing lumen values and percent lumens by zone as described in IES RP-8. The uplight of the BUG rating shall be U=0.

The luminaire shall also meet the requirements of the Luminaire Performance Table shown in the contract.

(g) Finish. The luminaire shall have a baked acrylic enamel finish. The color of the finish shall be gray, bronze, or black to match the pole or tower on which the luminaire is mounted.

The finish shall have a rating of six or greater according to ASTM D1654, Section 8.0 Procedure A – Evaluation of Rust Creepage for Scribed Samples after exposure to 1000 hours of testing according to ASTM B117 for painted or finished surfaces under environmental exposure.

The luminaire finish shall have less than or equal to 30% reduction of gloss according to ASTM D523 after exposure of 500 hours to ASTM G154 Cycle 6 QUV® accelerated weathering testing.

- (h) Hardware. All hardware shall be stainless steel or of other corrosion resistant material approved by the Engineer.
- (i) Vibration Testing. All luminaires, with the exception of underpass and sign lighting luminaires, shall be subjected to and pass vibration testing requirements at "3G" minimum

zero to peak acceleration in accordance with ANSI C136.31 requirements using the same luminaire. To be accepted, the luminaire housing, hardware, and each individual component shall pass this test with no noticeable damage and the luminaire must remain fully operational after testing.

- (i) Wiring. All wiring in the luminaire shall be rated for operation at 600V, 221 °F (105 °C).
- (k) Independent Luminaire Testing. When a contract has 30 or more luminaires of the same manufacturer's catalog number, that luminaire shall be independently tested to verify it will meet the contract requirements. The quantity of luminaires requiring testing shall be one luminaire for the first 30 plus one additional luminaire for each additional 50 luminaires of that catalog number. Testing is not required for temporary lighting luminaires.

Prior to testing the Contractor shall propose a properly accredited laboratory and a qualified independent witness, submitting their qualifications to the Engineer for approval. After approval, the Contractor shall coordinate the testing and pay all associated costs, including travel expenses, for the independent witness.

(1) Independent Witness. The independent witness shall select from the project luminaires at the manufacturer's facility the luminaires for testing. In all cases, the selection of luminaires shall be a random selection from the entire completed lot of luminaires required for the contract. Selections from partial lots will not be allowed. The independent witness shall mark each sample luminaire's shipping carton with the IDOT contract number and a unique sample identifier.

At the time of random selection, the independent witness shall inspect the luminaire(s) for compliance with all physical, mechanical, and labeling requirements for luminaires according to Sections 821 and 1067. If deficiencies are found during the physical inspection, the Contractor shall have all luminaires of that manufacturer's catalog number inspected for the identified deficiencies and shall correct the problem(s) where found. Random luminaire selection and physical inspection must then be repeated. When the physical inspection is successfully completed, the independent witness shall mark the project number and sample identifier on the interior housing and driver of the luminaires and have them shipped to the laboratory.

The independent witness shall be present when testing is approved to be performed by the luminaire manufacturer. If the tests are performed by a laboratory independent of the luminaire manufacturer, distributor, and Contractor, the independent witness need not be present during the testing.

(2) Laboratory Testing. Luminaires shall be tested at an NVLAP accredited laboratory approved for each of the required tests. The testing shall include photometric, colorimetric, and electrical testing according to IES LM-79. Colorimetric values shall be determined from total spectral radiant flux measurements using a spectroradiometer. Photometric testing shall be according to IES recommendations and as a minimum, shall yield an isofootcandle chart, with max candela point and half

candela trace indicated, an isocandela diagram, maximum plane and maximum cone plots of candela, a candlepower table (house and street side), a coefficient of utilization chart, a luminous flux distribution table, BUG rating report, and complete calculations based on specified requirements and test results.

All testing shall cover the full spherical light output at a maximum of 5 degree intervals at the vertical angles. The vertical angles shall run from 0 to 180 degrees. There shall be a minimum of 40 lateral test planes listed in Fig. 1 of IES LM-31 plus the two planes containing the maximum candela on the left and right sides of the luminaire axis. Before testing, the luminaire when mounted on the goniometer shall be scanned for vertical and horizontal angles of maximum candela and these planes included in the test. The luminaire shall be checked for a bi-symmetric light distribution. Individual tests must be conducted for each hemisphere, quadrant, and left/right sides.

The results for each photometric and colorimetric test performed shall be presented in a standard IES LM-79 report that includes the contract number, sample identifier, and the outputs listed above. The calculated results for each sample luminaire shall meet or exceed the contract specified levels in the luminaire performance table(s). The laboratory shall mark its test identification number on the interior of each sample luminaire.

Electrical testing shall be in according to IES LM-79 as well as NEMA and ANSI standards. The report shall list luminaire characteristics including input amperes, watts, power factor, total harmonic distortion, and LED driver current for full and partial power.

- (3) Summary Test Report. The summary test report shall consist of a narrative documenting the test process, highlight any deficiencies and corrective actions, and clearly state which luminaires have met or exceeded the test requirements and may be released for delivery to the jobsite. Photographs shall also be used as applicable to document luminaire deficiencies and shall be included in the test report. The summary test report shall include the Luminaire Physical Inspection Checklist (form BDE 5650), photometric and electrical test reports, and point-by-point photometric calculations performed in AGi32 sorted by luminaire manufacturers catalog number. All test reports shall be certified by the independent test laboratory's authorized representative or the independent witness, as applicable, by a dated signature on the first page of each report. The summary test reports shall be delivered to the Engineer and the Contractor as an electronic submittal. Hard copy reports shall be delivered to the Engineer for record retention.
- (4) Approval of Independent Testing Results. Should any of the tested luminaires fail to satisfy the specifications and perform according to approved submittal information, all luminaires of that manufacturers catalog number shall be deemed unacceptable and shall be replaced by alternate equipment meeting the specifications. The submittal and testing process shall then be repeated in its entirety. The Contractor may request in writing that unacceptable luminaires be corrected in lieu of replacement. The

request shall identify the corrections to be made and upon approval of the request, the Contractor shall apply the corrections to the entire lot of unacceptable luminaires. Once the corrections are completed, the testing process shall be repeated, including selection of a new set of sample luminaires. The number of luminaires to be tested shall be the same quantity as originally tested.

The process of retesting, correcting, or replacing luminaires shall be repeated until luminaires for each manufacturers catalog number are approved for the project. Corrections and re-testing shall not be grounds for additional compensation or extension of time. No luminaires shall be shipped from the manufacturer to the jobsite until all luminaire testing is completed and approved in writing.

Submittal information shall include a statement of intent to provide the testing as well as a request for approval of the chosen independent witness and laboratory. All summary test reports, written reports, and the qualifications of the independent witness and laboratory shall be submitted for approval to the Engineer with a copy to the Bureau of Design and Environment, 2300 S Dirksen Parkway, Room 330 Springfield, IL 62764.

1067.02 Roadway Luminaires. Roadway luminaires shall be according to Article 1067.01 and the following.

The luminaire shall be horizontally mounted and shall be designed to slip-fit on a 2-3/8 in. (60 mm) outside diameter pipe arm with a stop to limit the amount of insertion to 7 in. (180 mm). It shall not be necessary to remove or open more than the access door to mount the luminaire.

The effective projected area (EPA) of the luminaire shall not exceed 1.6 sq ft (0.149 sq m) and the weight, including accessories, shall not exceed 40 lb (18.14 kg). If the weight of the luminaire is less than 20 lb (9.07 kg), weight shall be added to the mounting arm or a supplemental vibration damper installed as approved by the Engineer.

The luminaire shall be equipped with both internal and external leveling indicators. The external leveling indicator shall be clearly visible in daylight to an observer directly under the luminaire at a mounting height of 50 ft (15.2 m).

The luminaire shall be fully prewired to accept a seven-pin, twist-lock receptacle that is compliant with ANSI C136.41. All receptacle pins shall be connected according to TALQ Consortium protocol.

The luminaire shall be provided with an installed shorting cap that is compliant with ANSI C136.10.

1067.03 Highmast Luminaires. Highmast luminaires shall be according to Article 1067.01 and the following.

The luminaire shall be horizontally mounted and shall be designed and manufactured for highmast tower use. The EPA of the luminaire shall not exceed 3.0 sq ft (0.279 sq m) and the weight, including accessories, shall not exceed 85 lb (38.6 kg).

The optical assembly shall be capable of being rotated 360 degrees. A vernier scale shall be furnished on the axis of rotation for aiming the luminaire in relation to its mounting tenon arm. The scale shall be graduated in 5 degree increments or less. The luminaire shall be clearly marked at the vernier as to 'house-side' and 'street-side' to allow proper luminaire orientation.

1067.04 Underpass Luminaires. Underpass luminaries shall be according to Article 1067.01 and the following.

The underpass luminaire shall be complete with all supports, hardware, and appurtenant mounting accessories. The underpass luminaire shall be suitable for lighting a roadway underpass at an approximate mounting height of 15 ft (4.5 m) from a position suspended directly above the roadway edge of pavement or attached to a wall or pier. The underpass luminaire shall meet the requirements of ANSI C136.27.

It shall not be necessary to remove more than the cover, reflector and lens to mount the luminaire. The unit shall be suitable for highway use and shall have no indentations or crevices in which dirt, salt, or other corrosives may collect.

(a) Housing. The housing and lens frame shall be made of die cast aluminum or 16 gauge (1.5 mm) minimum thickness Type 304 stainless steel. All seams in the housing enclosure shall be welded by continuous welds.

The housing shall have an opening for installation of a 3/4 in. (19 mm) diameter conduit.

- (b) Lens and Lens Frame. The frame shall not overlap the housing when closed. The luminaire shall have a flat glass lens to protect the LEDs from dirt accumulation or be designed to prevent dirt accumulation. The optic assembly shall be rated IP 66 or higher.
- **1067.05 Sign Lighting Luminaires.** Sign lighting luminaries shall be suitable for lighting overhead freeway and expressway guide signs; and shall be according to Article 1067.01.
- **1067.06 Light Sources.** The light sources in all luminaires shall be LED according to Article 1067.01 and the following.
 - (a) The light source shall be according to ANSI C136.37 for solid state light sources used in roadway and area lighting.
 - (b) The light source shall have a minimum color rendering index (CRI) of 70 and a nominal correlated color temperature (CCT) of 4000 K.
 - (c) The rated initial luminous flux (lumen output) of the light source, as installed in the luminaire, shall be according to the following table for each specified output designation.

	esignations uminous Flux	(for information only)
Output Designation	Initial Luminous Flux (Im)	Approximate High Pressure Sodium (HPS) Equivalent Wattage
Α	2,200	35 (Low Output)
В	3,150	50 (Low Output)
С	4,400	70 (Low Output)
D	6,300	100 (Low Output)
E	9,450	150 (Low Output)
F	12,500	200 (Med Output)
G	15,500	250 (Med Output)
Н	25,200	400 (Med Output)
I	47,250	750 (High Output)
J	63,300	1,000 (High Output)
K	80,000+	1,000+ (High Output)

Luminaires with an initial luminous flux less than or greater than the values listed in the above table may be acceptable if they meet the requirements given in the Luminaire Performance Table shown in the contract and approved by the Engineer."

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE - HAUL TIME (BDE)

Effective: July 1, 2020

Revise Article 1020.11(a)(7) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(7) Haul Time. Haul time shall begin when the delivery ticket is stamped. The delivery ticket shall be stamped no later than five minutes after the addition of the mixing water to the cement, or after the addition of the cement to the aggregate when the combined aggregates contain free moisture in excess of two percent by weight (mass). If more than one batch is required for charging a truck using a stationary mixer, the time of haul shall start with mixing of the first batch. Haul time shall end when the truck is emptied for incorporation of the concrete into the work. The maximum haul time shall be as follows.

Concrete Temperature at Point of Discharge,	Maximum Haul Time ^{1/} (minutes)	
°F (°C)	Truck Mixer or Truck Agitator	Nonagitator Truck
50 - 64 (10 - 17.5)	90	45
> 64 (> 17.5) - without retarder	60	30
> 64 (> 17.5) - with retarder	90	45

^{1/} To encourage start-up testing for mix adjustments at the plant, the first two trucks will be allowed an additional 15 minutes haul time whenever such testing is performed.

For a mixture which is not mixed on the jobsite, a delivery ticket shall be required for each load. The following information shall be recorded on each delivery ticket: (1) ticket number; (2) name of producer and plant location; (3) contract number; (4) name of Contractor; (5) stamped date and time batched; (6) truck number; (7) quantity batched; (8) amount of admixture(s) in the batch; (9) amount of water in the batch; and (10) Department mix design number.

For concrete mixed in jobsite stationary mixers, the above delivery ticket may be waived, but a method of verifying the haul time shall be established to the satisfaction of the Engineer."

SEEDING (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2022

Revise Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"250.07 Seeding Mixtures. The classes of seeding mixtures and combinations of mixtures will be designated in the plans.

When an area is to be seeded with two or more seeding classes, those mixtures shall be applied separately on the designated area within a seven day period. Seeding shall occur prior to placement of mulch cover. A Class 7 mixture can be applied at any time prior to applying any seeding class or added to them and applied at the same time.

TABLE 1 - SEEDING MIXTURES			
Class	- Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
1	Lawn Mixture 1/	Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	100 (110) 60 (70) 40 (50)
1A	Salt Tolerant Lawn Mixture 1/	Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue) Festuca brevipilla (Hard Fescue) Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70) 20 (20) 20 (20) 20 (20) 60 (70)
1B	Low Maintenance Lawn Mixture 1/	Turf-Type Fine Fescue 3/ Perennial Ryegrass Red Top Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	150 (170) 20 (20) 10 (10) 20 (20)
2	Roadside Mixture 1/	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue) Perennial Ryegrass Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue) Red Top	100 (110) 50 (55) 40 (50) 10 (10)
2A	Salt Tolerant Roadside Mixture 1/	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue) Perennial Ryegrass Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue) Festuca brevipila (Hard Fescue) Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70) 20 (20) 30 (20) 30 (20) 60 (70)
3	Northern Illinois Slope Mixture 1/	Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Perennial Ryegrass Alsike Clover 4/ Desmanthus illinoensis (Illinois Bundleflower) 4/ 5/ Schizachyrium scoparium	5 (5) 20 (20) 5 (5) 2 (2) 12 (12)
		(Little Bluestem) 5/ Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/ Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass) Oats, Spring Slender Wheat Grass 5/ Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/	10 (10) 30 (35) 50 (55) 15 (15) 5 (5)
3A	Southern Illinois Slope Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Panicum virgatum (Switchgrass) 5/	20 (20) 20 (20) 10 (10)
		Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/ Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	12 (12) 10 (10)
		Dalea candida (White Prairie Clover) 4/ 5/ Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) 5/	5 (5) 5 (5)
		Oats, Spring	50 (55)

Class	– Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
4	Native Grass 2/6/	Andropogon gerardi (Big Blue Stem) 5/	4 (4)
		Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	1 (1)
		Panicum virgatum (Switch Grass) 5/	1 (1)
		Sorghastrum nutans (Indian Grass) 5/	2 (2)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Perennial Ryegrass	15 (15)
4A	Low Profile Native Grass 2/ 6/	Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	1 (1)
		Sporobolus heterolepis (Prairie Dropseed) 5/	0.5 (0.5)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Perennial Ryegrass	15 (15)
4B	Wetland Grass and	Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
	Sedge Mixture 2/6/	Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Wetland Grasses (species below) 5/	6 (6)
	Species:		% By Weight
		densis (Blue Joint Grass)	12
	Carex lacustris (Lake		6
	Carex slipata (Awl-F		6
	Carex stricta (Tusso		6
	Carex vulpinoidea (F	ox Seage) (Needle Spike Rush)	6 3
	Eleocharis obtusa (B		3
	Glyceria striata (Fow		14
	Juncus effusus (Con		6
	Juncus tenuis (Slend		6
	Juncus torreyi (Torre		6
	Leersia oryzoides (R		10
	Scirpus acutus (Hard		3
	Scirpus atrovirens (D		3
	Bolboschoenus fluvia		3
	Schoenoplectus tabe	ernaemontani (Softstem Bulrush)	3
	Spartina pectinata (C	Cord Grass)	4

Clas	s – Type	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
5	Forb with Annuals Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/	Annuals Mixture (Below) Forb Mixture (Below)	1 (1) 10 (10)
	A In Mindows - Mindows	and according OF O/ becoming to	

Annuals Mixture - Mixture not exceeding 25 % by weight of any one species, of the following:

Coreopsis lanceolata (Sand Coreopsis) Leucanthemum maximum (Shasta Daisy) Gaillardia pulchella (Blanket Flower) Ratibida columnifera (Prairie Coneflower) Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan)

Forb Mixture - Mixture not exceeding 5 % by weight PLS of any one species, of the following:

Amorpha canescens (Lead Plant) 4/
Anemone cylindrica (Thimble Weed)
Asclepias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed)
Aster azureus (Sky Blue Aster)
Symphyotrichum leave (Smooth Aster)
Aster novae-angliae (New England Aster)
Baptisia leucantha (White Wild Indigo) 4/
Coreopsis palmata (Prairie Coreopsis)
Echinacea pallida (Pale Purple Coneflower)
Eryngium yuccifolium (Rattlesnake Master)
Helianthus mollis (Downy Sunflower)
Heliopsis helianthoides (Ox-Eye)
Liatris aspera (Rough Blazing Star)

Liatris pycnostachya (Prairie Blazing Star) Monarda fistulosa (Prairie Bergamot)

Parthenium integrifolium (Wild Quinine)
Dalea candida (White Prairie Clover) 4/

Dalea purpurea (Purple Prairie Clover) 4/

Physostegia virginiana (False Dragonhead) Potentilla arguta (Prairie Cinquefoil)

Ratibida pinnata (Yellow Coneflower)

Rudbeckia subtomentosa (Fragrant Coneflower)

Silphium laciniatum (Compass Plant) Silphium terebinthinaceum (Prairie Dock) Oligoneuron rigidum (Rigid Goldenrod)

Tradescantia ohiensis (Spiderwort)

Veronicastrum virginicum (Culver's Root)

Class -	– Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
5A	Large Flower Native Forb Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/	Forb Mixture (see below)	5 (5)
	Species: Aster novae-angliae (New Echinacea pallida (Pale Pi Helianthus mollis (Downy Heliopsis helianthoides (O Liatris pycnostachya (Prai Ratibida pinnata (Yellow C Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Ey Silphium laciniatum (Com	urple Coneflower) Sunflower) x-Eye) rie Blazing Star) Coneflower) ed Susan)	% By Weight 5 10 10 10 10 5 10 10 10
	Silphium terebinthinaceun Oligoneuron rigidum (Rigid	(Prairie Dock)	20 10
5B	Wetland Forb 2/ 5/ 6/	Forb Mixture (see below)	2 (2)
	Species: Acorus calamus (Sweet Fl Angelica atropurpurea (An Asclepias incarnata (Swar Aster puniceus (Purple Ste Bidens cernua (Beggartick Eutrochium maculatum (S Eupatorium perfoliatum (B Helenium autumnale (Autu Iris virginica shrevei (Blue Lobelia cardinalis (Cardina Lobelia siphilitica (Great B Lythrum alatum (Winged L Physostegia virginiana (Fa Persicaria pensylvanica (Fa Persicaria lapathifolia (Cur Pychanthemum virginianu Rudbeckia laciniata (Cut-le Oligoneuron riddellii (Ridd Sparganium eurycarpum (gelica) np Milkweed) emmed Aster) ss) potted Joe Pye Weed) oneset) umn Sneeze Weed) Flag Iris) al Flower) lue Lobelia) .oosestrife) alse Dragonhead) Pennsylvania Smartweed) elytop Knotweed) m (Mountain Mint) eaf Coneflower) ell Goldenrod)	% By Weight 3 6 2 10 7 7 2 2 5 5 10 10 10 5 5 2 5
6	Conservation Mixture 2/ 6/	Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/ Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ Vernal Alfalfa 4/ Oats, Spring	5 (5) 2 (2) 5 (5) 15 (15) 48 (55)
6A	Salt Tolerant Conservation Mixture 2/6/	Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/ Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/ Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/ Vernal Alfalfa 4/ Oats, Spring Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	5 (5) 2 (2) 5 (5) 15 (15) 48 (55) 20 (20)
7	Temporary Turf Cover Mixture	Perennial Ryegrass Oats, Spring	50 (55) 64 (70)

Notes:

- 1/ Seeding shall be performed when the ambient temperature has been between 45 °F (7 °C) and 80 °F (27 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and is forecasted to be the same for the next five (5) days according to the National Weather Service.
- 2/ Seeding shall be performed in late fall through spring beginning when the ambient temperature has been below 45 °F (7 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and ending when the ambient temperature exceeds 80 °F (27 °C) according to the National Weather Service.
- 3/ Specific variety as shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.
- 4/ Inoculation required.
- 5/ Pure Live Seed (PLS) shall be used.
- 6/ Fertilizer shall not be used.
- 7/ Seed shall be primed with KNO₃ to break dormancy and dyed to indicate such.

Seeding will be inspected after a period of establishment. The period of establishment shall be six (6) months minimum, but not to exceed nine (9) months. After the period of establishment, areas not exhibiting 75 percent uniform growth shall be interseeded or reseeded, as determined by the Engineer, at no additional cost to the Department."

STEEL COST ADJUSTMENT (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2004 Revised: January 1, 2022

<u>Description</u>. Steel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in steel prices when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract. Failure to indicate "Yes" for any item of work will make that item of steel exempt from steel cost adjustment.

<u>Types of Steel Products</u>. An adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of steel used in the manufacture of the following items:

Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling) Structural Steel Reinforcing Steel

Other steel materials such as dowel bars, tie bars, welded reinforcement, guardrail, steel traffic signal and light poles, towers and mast arms, metal railings (excluding wire fence), and frames and grates will be subject to a steel cost adjustment when the pay items they are used in have a contract value of \$10,000 or greater.

The adjustments shall apply to the above items when they are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply when the item is added as extra work and paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

<u>Documentation</u>. Sufficient documentation shall be furnished to the Engineer to verify the following:

- (a) The dates and quantity of steel, in lb (kg), shipped from the mill to the fabricator.
- (b) The quantity of steel, in lb (kg), incorporated into the various items of work covered by this special provision. The Department reserves the right to verify submitted quantities.

Method of Adjustment. Steel cost adjustments will be computed as follows:

SCA = Q X D

Where: SCA = steel cost adjustment, in dollars

Q = quantity of steel incorporated into the work, in lb (kg)

D = price factor, in dollars per lb (kg)

 $D = MPI_M - MPI_L$

Where: $MPI_M =$ The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month the steel is shipped from the mill. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

MPI_L = The Materials Cost Index for steel as published by the Engineering News-Record for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price,. The indices will be converted from dollars per 100 lb to dollars per lb (kg).

The unit weights (masses) of steel that will be used to calculate the steel cost adjustment for the various items are shown in the attached table.

No steel cost adjustment will be made for any products manufactured from steel having a mill shipping date prior to the letting date.

If the Contractor fails to provide the required documentation, the method of adjustment will be calculated as described above; however, the MPI_M will be based on the date the steel arrives at the job site. In this case, an adjustment will only be made when there is a decrease in steel costs.

Basis of Payment. Steel cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the MPI_L and MPI_M in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = $\{(MPI_L - MPI_M) \div MPI_L\} \times 100$

Steel cost adjustments will be calculated by the Engineer and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the items of work are satisfied. Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the cost of the steel as described herein. No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of manufacturing, fabrication, shipping, storage, etc.

The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

Attachment

Attachment	
Item	Unit Mass (Weight)
Metal Piling (excluding temporary sheet piling)	
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.179 in. (3.80 mm) wall thickness)	23 lb/ft (34 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 12 in. (305 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	32 lb/ft (48 kg/m)
Furnishing Metal Pile Shells 14 in. (356 mm), 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) wall thickness)	37 lb/ft (55 kg/m)
Other piling	See plans
Structural Steel	See plans for weights
	(masses)
Reinforcing Steel	See plans for weights
	(masses)
Dowel Bars and Tie Bars	6 lb (3 kg) each
Welded Reinforcement	63 lb/100 sq ft (310 kg/sq m)
Guardrail	
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type A w/steel posts	20 lb/ft (30 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type B w/steel posts	30 lb/ft (45 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Types A and B w/wood posts	8 lb/ft (12 kg/m)
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 2	305 lb (140 kg) each
Steel Plate Beam Guardrail, Type 6	1260 lb (570 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Tangent)	730 lb (330 kg) each
Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special (Flared)	410 lb (185 kg) each
Steel Traffic Signal and Light Poles, Towers and Mast Arms	
Traffic Signal Post	11 lb/ft (16 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 30 - 40 ft (9 – 12 m)	14 lb/ft (21 kg/m)
Light Pole, Tenon Mount and Twin Mount, 45 - 55 ft (13.5 – 16.5 m)	21 lb/ft (31 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 30 - 50 ft (9 – 15.2 m)	13 lb/ft (19 kg/m)
Light Pole w/Mast Arm, 55 - 60 ft (16.5 – 18 m)	19 lb/ft (28 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 80 - 110 ft (24 – 33.5 m)	31 lb/ft (46 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 120 - 140 ft (36.5 – 42.5 m)	65 lb/ft (97 kg/m)
Light Tower w/Luminaire Mount, 150 - 160 ft (45.5 – 48.5 m)	80 lb/ft (119 kg/m)
Metal Railings (excluding wire fence)	
Steel Railing, Type SM	64 lb/ft (95 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type S-1	39 lb/ft (58 kg/m)
Steel Railing, Type T-1	53 lb/ft (79 kg/m)
Steel Bridge Rail	52 lb/ft (77 kg/m)
Frames and Grates	
Frame	250 lb (115 kg)
Lids and Grates	150 lb (70 kg)

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:

- (a) first tier subcontractors;
- (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
- (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%"

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021 Revised: November 1, 2022

FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring

Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker's name, the worker's address, the worker's telephone number when available, the worker's social security number, the worker's classification or classifications, the worker's gross and net wages paid in each pay period, the worker's number of hours worked each day, and the worker's starting and ending times of work each day. However, any Contractor or subcontractor who remits contributions to a fringe benefit fund that is not jointly maintained and jointly governed by one or more employers and one or more labor organization must additionally submit the worker's hourly wage rate, the worker's hourly overtime wage rate, the worker's hourly fringe benefit rates, the name and address of each fringe benefit fund, the plan sponsor of each fringe benefit, if applicable, and the plan administrator of each fringe benefit, if applicable.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

<u>STATE CONTRACTS</u>. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an

identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

TRAINING SPECIAL PROVISIONS (BDE) This Training Special Provision supersedes Section 7b of the Special Provision entitled "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities," and is in implementation of 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

As part of the contractor's equal employment opportunity affirmative action program, training shall be provided as follows:

The contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman in the type of trade or job classification involved. The number of trainees to be trained under this contract will be 3. In the event the contractor subcontracts a portion of the contract work, he shall determine how many, if any, of the trainees are to be trained by the subcontractor, provided however, that the contractor shall retain the primary responsibility for meeting the training requirements imposed by this special provision. The contractor shall also insure that this Training Special Provision is made applicable to such subcontract. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training.

The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within the reasonable area of recruitment. Prior to commencing construction, the contractor shall submit to the Illinois Department of Transportation for approval the number of trainees to be trained in each selected classification and training program to be used. Furthermore, the contractor shall specify the starting time for training in each of the classifications. The contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and will be reimbursed for such trainees as provided hereinafter.

Training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman status is a primary objective of this Training Special Provision. Accordingly, the contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority trainees and women (e.g. by conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women trainees) to the extent such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. The contractor will be responsible for demonstrating the steps that he has taken in pursuance thereof, prior to a determination as to whether the contractor is in compliance with this Training Special Provision. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which he has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which he has been employed as a journeyman. The contractor should satisfy this requirement by including appropriate questions in the employee application or by other suitable means. Regardless of the method used the contractor's records should document the findings in each case.

The minimum length and type of training for each classification will be as established in the training program selected by the contractor and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. The Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration shall approve a program, if it is reasonably calculated to meet the equal employment opportunity obligations of the contractor and to qualify the average trainee for journeyman status in the classification concerned by the end of the training period. Furthermore, apprenticeship programs registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau and training programs approved by not necessarily sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor, Manpower Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training shall also be considered acceptable provided it is being administered in a manner consistent with the equal employment obligations of Federal-aid highway construction contracts. Approval or acceptance of a training program shall be obtained from the State prior to commencing work on the classification covered by the program. It is the intention of these provisions that training is to be provided in the construction crafts rather then clerk-typists or secretarial-type positions. Training is permissible in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, timekeepers, etc., where the training is oriented toward construction applications. Training in the laborer classification may be permitted provided that significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration. Some offsite training is permissible as long as the training is an integral part of an approved training program and does not comprise a significant part of the overall training.

Except as otherwise noted below, the contractor will be reimbursed 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract in accordance with an approved training program. As approved by the Engineer, reimbursement will be made for training of persons in excess of the number specified herein. This reimbursement will be made even though the contractor receives additional training program funds from other sources, provided such other source does not specifically prohibit the contractor from receiving other reimbursement. Reimbursement for offsite training indicated above may only be made to the contractor where he does one or more of the following and the trainees are concurrently employed on a Federal-aid project; contributes to the cost of the training, provides the instruction to the trainee or pays the trainee's wages during the offsite training period.

No payment shall be made to the contractor if either the failure to provide the required training, or the failure to hire the trainee as a journeyman, is caused by the contractor and evidences a lack of good faith on the part of the contractor in meeting the requirement of this Training Special Provision. It is normally expected that a trainee will begin his training on the project as soon as feasible after start of work utilizing the skill involved and remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in his work classification or until he has completed his training program.

It is not required that all trainees be on board for the entire length of the contract. A contractor will have fulfilled his responsibilities under this Training Special Provision if he has provided acceptable training to the number of trainees specified. The number trained shall be determined on the basis of the total number enrolled on the contract for a significant period.

Trainees will be paid at least 60 percent of the appropriate minimum journeyman's rate specified in the contract for the first half of the training period, 75 percent for the third quarter of the training period, and 90 percent for the last quarter of the training period, unless apprentices or trainees in an approved existing program are enrolled as trainees on this project. In that case, the appropriate rates approved by the Departments of Labor or Transportation in connection with the existing program shall apply to all trainees being trained for the same classification who are covered by this Training Special Provision.

The contractor shall furnish the trainee a copy of the program he will follow in providing the training. The contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification showing the type and length of training satisfactorily complete.

The contractor will provide for the maintenance of records and furnish periodic reports documenting his performance under this Training Special Provision.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT The unit of measurement is in hours.

BASIS OF PAYMENT This work will be paid for at the contract unit price of 80 cents per hour for TRAINEES. The estimated total number of hours, unit price and total price have been included in the schedule of prices.

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021 Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

"The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations."

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(q) Temporary Sign Supports1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact

attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.
 - Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.
- (I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The designbuilder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
- II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women

- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
 - (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
 - (2) Assessing sanctions;
 - (3) Liquidated damages, and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.
- c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA- 1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally- assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics.

including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.
 - (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or

subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

- (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;
- (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3;
- (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State

Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the

corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
 - d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **9. Disputes concerning labor standards.** As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor

set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, $18\,U.S.C.\,1001.$

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.
- * \$27 as of January 23, 2019 (See 84 FR 213-01, 218) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor; pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990).

- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 2 of this section.
- 4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees:
 - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or

- equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
- 2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
- 5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance

with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal- aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.326.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders

or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.326.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more — as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant

who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
- (5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is

submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

- (a) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;
- (b) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (c) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
- Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

 | Proposal |

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XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier

subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

- 1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
- 2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

Contract Provision - Cargo Preference Requirements

In accordance with Title 46 CFR § 381.7 (b), the contractor agrees—

- "(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.
- (2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.
- (3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

Provisions (1) and (2) apply to materials or equipment that are acquired solely for the project. The two provisions do not apply to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of the project, such as shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, when industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories.