

STRUCTURE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

Proposed Retaining Wall

S.N. 081-7001

IL Route 5 (John Deere Road)
FAP Route 595
Section 142R
Rock Island County

PTB 155 - Item 026
IDOT Job No. D-92-003-06
Contract No. 64B84

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Exhibits: A) Location Map
B) Boring Locations
C) Boring Logs
D) Subsurface Data Profile
E) Slope Stability Outputs

Project Description and Proposed Structure Information

The geotechnical study summarized in this report was performed for the proposed retaining wall for IL Route 5 (John Deere Road) from station 312+00.00 to station 333+32.00 in Rock Island County, Illinois. The retaining wall is part of the IL Rte. 5 widening and resurfacing project. The purpose of this report is to investigate the subsurface conditions and present design and construction recommendations for the proposed structure. On the USGS Coal Valley quadrangle map, the project site lies in Sections 14 & 15, Range 1W, Township 17N, in the 4th Principal Meridian. A *Location Map* is presented in Exhibit A.

The proposed structure is located approximately 1.3 miles east of US Rte. 6/ I-74. The retaining wall will be approximately 92'-0" right of the centerline for IL Rte. 5. The wall will be 2,157'-1⁵/₈" length and is expected to run between stations 312+00.00 and 333+32.00. The proposed wall will retain the new embankment resulting from widening of existing eastbound IL Rte. 5. The estimated maximum exposed height for the wall is 13.6 feet with the average retained height estimated to be around 8.2 feet. The proposed structure design will follow the LRFD design specifications. A noise wall will be constructed on top of the proposed retaining wall and will extend 120 feet to the west at the west end of the wall and 158 feet to the south at the east end of the wall. In order to construct the retaining wall, lane closure or shoulder closure may be required. Drainage structures cross the wall at multiple locations.

The project also requires separate SGR's to be prepared for SN 081-1118, SN 081-1120, and the 44th Avenue culvert.

Existing Information

No structure currently exists at the proposed wall location. IL Rte. 5 is built on a horizontal curved alignment at this location. Stationing increases from west to east.

Site Investigation, Subsurface Exploration and Generalized Subsurface Conditions

The site is located in an urban area approximately one mile north of the Rock River. Utilities in the vicinity of the proposed retaining wall include, but are not limited to, an underground water main approximately 13 feet south of the proposed wall which crosses IL Route 5 at station 320+50; an underground sanitary sewer approximately 19 feet south of the proposed wall; and underground and aerial telephone lines are located within the proposed location of the wall and also cross over IL Route 5 at approximately station 315+90. There is also a gas line at station 315+90. The subsurface investigation consisted of 28 borings (B-1 through B-28) drilled by IDOT District 2 in September/October of 2011. The borings were drilled south of the centerline of IL Route 5 at offset distances ranging from 54.0 feet to 90.0 feet. A rock core was taken at boring locations B-1, B-15, and B-28.

Beginning at the ground surface, standard penetration tests (SPT) were conducted every 2.5 feet according to AASHTO T 206 using a hollow stem auger drill. Most borings were terminated when the rock layer caused auger refusal. As previously stated above, borings B-1, B-15, and B-28 continued with 10 feet of rock coring into shale.

Rock was encountered in the elevation range of 562.0 to 575.7, with depths to rock ranging from 4 to 22 feet. The rock core B-1 had a RQD value of 100% and strengths ranging from 113.0 to 262.0 tsf. The rock core B-15 had a RQD values between 58 and 75% with strengths ranging from 10.0 to 29.0 tsf. The rock core B-28 had RQD values between 78 and 92% with strengths ranging from 11.0 to 31.0 tsf.

While drilling, groundwater was encountered at varying depths. The boring data depicts mostly silty clay loam material with traces of sand layers on top of rock, having Q_u values of 0.2 to 4.5 tsf, SPT (N) values ranging from 2 to 20 blows per foot, and moisture contents ranging between 10% and 75%.

Data given in borings B-25, B-26, and B-27 was established using Penetrometer. The soils immediately below the footing at these locations were very soft clay with Q_u values of 0.2 tsf and moisture contents ranging between 30% and 35%. According to IDOT Geotechnical Manual 2.3.2, values derived using Penetrometer should not be used in recommendations, stability or settlement analysis. Due to this reason, these borings are only used for estimations of subgrade soil treatment depths.

Further descriptions of the soil conditions encountered in the borings are presented in the *Boring Logs* attached in Exhibit C and the *Subsurface Data Profile* in Exhibit D. *Boring Locations* can be found in Exhibit B.

Geotechnical Evaluations

Settlement. Primary settlement analysis was performed for concrete cantilever and MSE wall types for various boring locations. The estimated settlements were found to be as high as 1.29 inches. The analysis was done assuming preliminary TSL footing elevations; 8 foot wide footing and 120 pcf back fill for concrete cantilever wall. If the actual dimensions are different, settlements shall be checked using actual values.

Slope Stability. Stability analyses using Bishop's Method were performed using temporary excavation 1:1 slope model at multiple locations along the wall using different borings. According to AASHTO LRFD 11.6.2.3, the required resistance factor for slope stability is 0.75 which is equivalent to factor of safety of 1.3. Slope stability checks were performed at various boring locations and minimum factor of safety was found to be over 3 at all locations.

Seismic Considerations. Based on the method described in the IDOT AGMU Memo and Design Guide 09.1 (LRFD Seismic Site Class Definition), Soil Site Class C controls. The Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec (S_{D1}) is 0.062g and at 0.2 sec (S_{D5}) is 0.096g. According to AASHTO LRFD 3.10.6 the Seismic Performance Zone is 1 based on the 1.0 second Design Spectral Acceleration.

Liquefaction. Per the IDOT AGMU Memo and Design Guide 10.1 (LRFD Liquefaction Analysis), a liquefaction analysis is not required for Seismic Performance Zone 1.

Mining Activity. A review of The Illinois State Geological Survey (ISGS) "Directory of Coal Mines in Illinois" for Rock Island County indicates that no mining activity has been present at the project location for the retaining wall. It should be noted that an "underground mine proximity region" is just to the west of 41st street around station 300+00.

Retaining Wall Evaluations and Design RecommendationsRetaining Wall

The maximum retained height is to be approximately 12.7 feet (from bottom-of-wall grade to top-of-wall grade). The soil retained will be a fill area for new roadway embankment. Feasible wall types include a T-type cantilever wall supported by spread footing, mechanically stabilized earth (MSE) wall, soldier pile wall, and permanent sheet pile wall. The following provides a general discussion of soil conditions as they relate to the retaining wall construction. Considering the soil conditions, wall heights and fill situation, it is expected that the T-type Concrete Cantilever wall will be the most appropriate option for construction. However, economic, construction and scheduling factors should be evaluated for the decision of retaining wall design.

T-type Concrete Cantilever. A conventional reinforced concrete retaining wall supported on a spread footing appears to be a feasible option for the proposed wall. The footing for the wall can be dimensioned using the nominal soil bearing pressures given in Table 1. The bottom of the footings would need to be placed at a minimum depth of 4 feet below final lowest adjacent grade for the frost protection. At boring location B-17, rock was encountered at less than 4 feet below the existing ground surface and, thus, would require the wall footing to be set in rock. It is typically recommended that if one section of the wall is set into rock, the remainder of the wall foundation should be set into rock as to prevent differential settlement along the wall. Since rock ranges from depths of 3.5 to 16.5 feet below existing ground surface and the wall is roughly 2,157 feet in length, the footing could be placed in rock and soil as long as there is adequate bearing pressure in the soil beneath the footing. The footing should be sized to provide sufficient weight to resist sliding and overturning.

Stations	Bottom Of Footing Elev.	Max. Factored Bearing Pressure	Min. Factored Bearing Resistance
Sta. 312+00 to Sta. 316+15.11	574.30	3.1 ksf	5.7 ksf
Sta. 316+15.11 to Sta. 317+33.17	572.75	4.0 ksf	4.0 ksf
Sta. 317+33.17 to Sta. 322+67.42	572.75	5.3 ksf	6.3 ksf
Sta. 322+67.42 to Sta. 325+34.27	574.75	4.7 ksf	11.0 ksf
Sta. 325+34.27 to Sta. 329+79.03	572.00	7.3 ksf	12.0 ksf
Sta. 329+79.03 to Sta. 331+56.93	574.50	4.0 ksf	9.9 ksf
Sta. 331+56.93 to Sta. 332+45.88	576.00	2.9 ksf	9.7 ksf
Sta. 332+45.88 to Sta. 333+32.00	577.50	2.8 ksf	5.0 ksf

Table 1

The maximum allowable settlement was established as 1 inch after conversation with the Structural Engineer at Ciorba Group. The amount of differential settlement was limited as per LRFD AASHTO C 11.6.2.2 to 1/1000. Settlement analysis showed settlements in excess of 1 inch as well as differential settlements exceeding 1/1000 ratio towards the west and east ends of the wall. It is recommended the soil below the footing be removed and replaced with Porous Granular Embankment with CA-7 gradation at the following locations down to the elevations shown in Table 2. The removal and replacement shall extend at least 1 foot outside limits of the toe and heel of the footing.

Stations	Bottom of Removal & Replacement Limits
Sta. 312+00.00 to Sta. 316+15.11	571.0
Sta. 316+15.11 to Sta. 317+04.06	568.5
Sta. 330+67.98 to Sta. 333+32.00	571.0

Table 2

Lateral loads on the wall may be resisted by the frictional resistance between the footings and supporting soil. A Geocomposite Wall Drain should be placed over the entire length of the back face of the wall and either connected to a perforated drain pipe in accordance with IDOT Bridge Manual or weep holes should be put into the wall at 8 foot centers.

Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) Wall. The MSE wall does not appear to be a viable option. The drainage ditch located between the wall and the roadway would limit the ability to provide soil reinforcement behind the upper portion of the wall. Additionally, the foundation for the proposed noise wall would not be able to be mounted to the MSE wall. The noise wall foundation would need to be located behind the retaining wall and its foundation may interfere with the soil reinforcement. Another concern with using an MSE wall at this location would be future possible utilities excavating behind the wall and damaging the soil reinforcement. The location of this wall makes it highly susceptible for future utility placement.

Soldier Pile Wall. A Soldier pile wall appears to be an expensive option for the wall at this location. With a high rock elevation occurring at some of the boring locations, piles would need to be drilled in rock at those locations in order to obtain the adequate embedment depth needed, which would drive the cost up for this option. However, if it is determined in final design that the soldier pile option is needed for the proposed wall, Table 3 contains a tabulation of lateral soil parameters to be used for design of piles and the retaining wall. Drainage should be provided behind the wall.

Material	Unit Weight (pcf)	Friction Angle (deg)	Undrained Cohesion (psf)	Strain
Granular Backfill	120	28	-	-
Soft Clay	110	-	300	0.02
Medium Clay	120	-	500	0.01
Stiff Clay	120	-	1000	0.007
Very Stiff Clay	125	-	2000	0.005
Hard Clay	125	-	4000	0.004

Table 3

Permanent Sheet Pile Wall. Steel sheet piles with cast-in-place concrete facing do not appear to be a viable option due to the fact that rock is located at shallow depths and the sheet piles will not be able to obtain the appropriate embedment depth required to retain the soil behind it.

Ground-Mounted Noise Wall

Ground Mounted Noise Walls are proposed at each end of the Retaining Wall. Foundation support will be required at each Ground Mounted Noise Wall post. Per IDOT Bridge Manual section 3.12, the preferred foundation type is drilled shafts.

The noise walls will be a performance based design developed by the Contractor. Tables 4 and 5 define the soil properties to be used in designing the shaft depths.

Soil Type	Elevation at Bottom of Soil Layer	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Friction Angle (deg)	c (ksf)	Strain
Stiff Silty Clay Loam	576.1	128	-	1.8	0.007
Medium Silty Loam	568.6	*51	28	0.5	0.01
Soft Silty Loam	563.1	*46	26	0.3	0.02
Medium Shale	561.1	*66	34	-	-
Very Dense Shale	554.1	*83	44	-	-

Table 4 – Ground Mounted Noise Wall at West End

Soil Type	Elevation at Bottom of Soil Layer	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Friction Angle (deg)	c (ksf)	Strain
Soft Sandy Loam	578.6	108	27	0.3	0.02
Medium Silty Loam	576.1	113	29	0.5	0.01
Very Soft Silty Loam	571.6	*42	25	0.2	0.02
Medium Shale	561.6	*66	34	-	-

Table 5 – Ground Mounted Noise Wall at East End

*Assumed to be below water table.

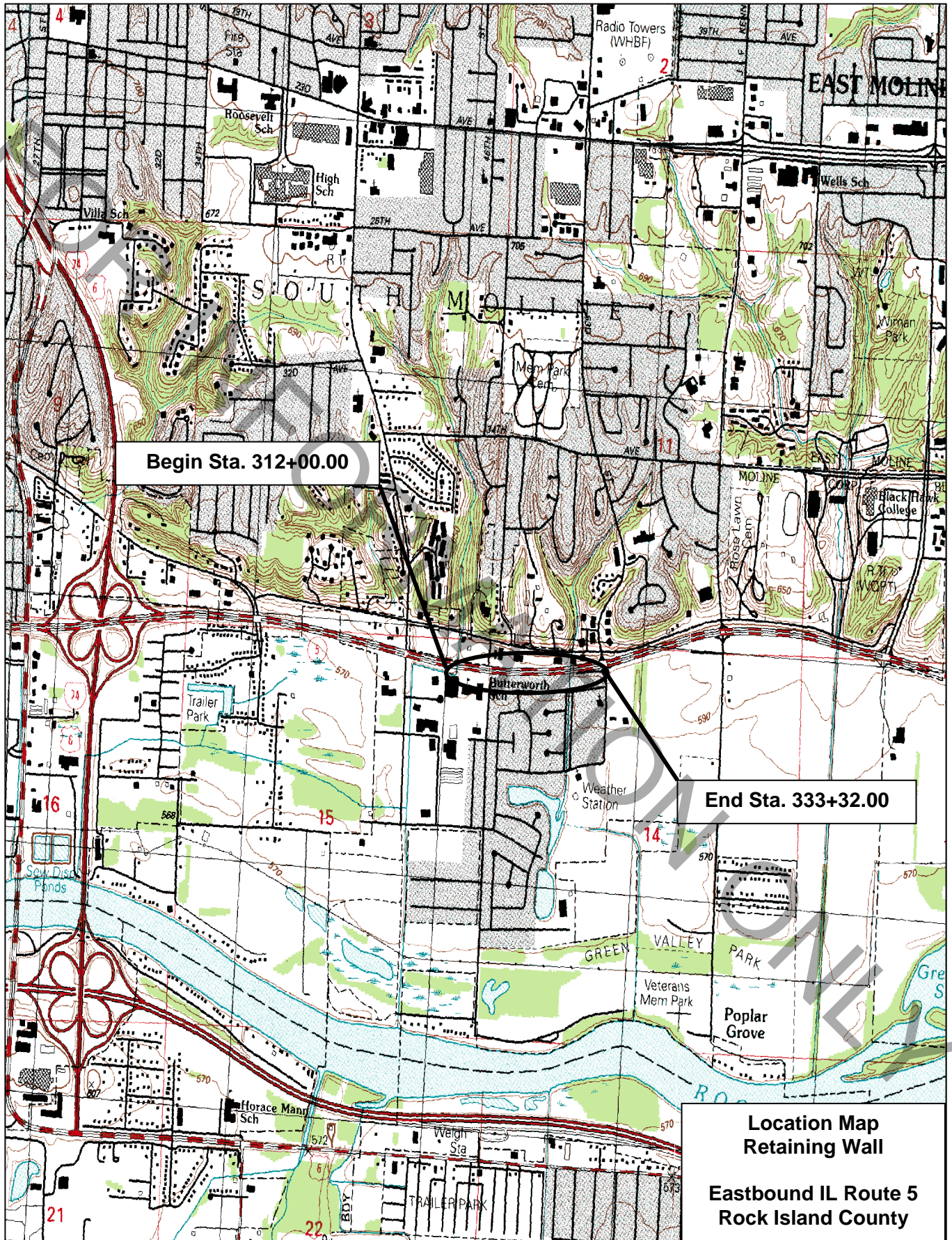
Construction Considerations

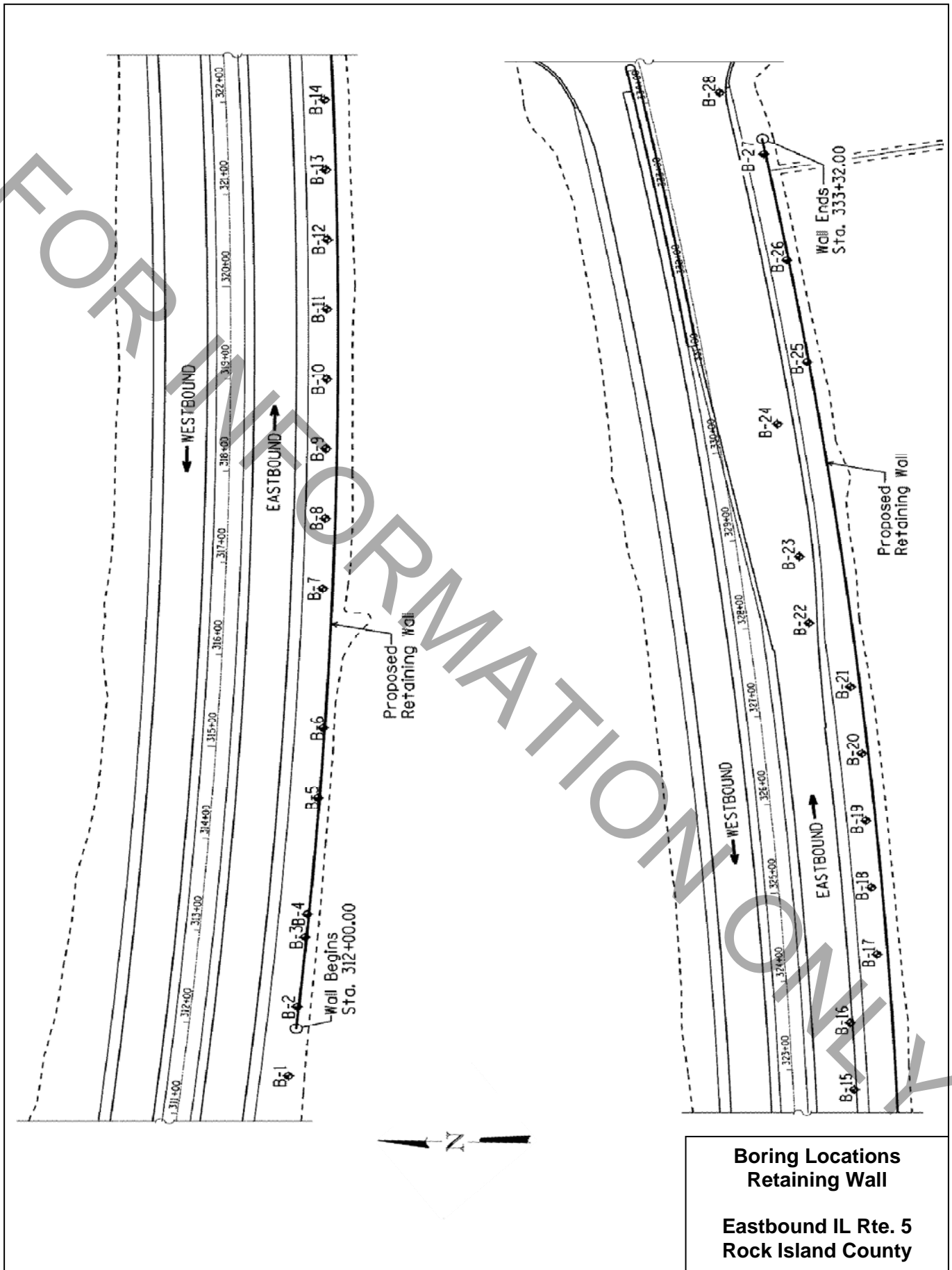
Temporary Soil Retention System. The wall type selected will dictate what type of traffic control, if any, will be required for the construction of the retaining wall at this project site location. The site may constitute the need for shoulder closures and even possible lane closures in order to construct the proposed retaining wall and retained backfill. If this appears to be the case, Temporary Soil Retention System may be needed. Temporary construction cross slopes should be examined to avoid the use of a retention system.

Excavation. If excavation for the proposed improvements is in excess of 4 feet, a 1:1 temporary excavation slope for construction clearance has adequate resistance. Movement of adjacent soils near the edge of and into excavation areas should be prevented. All excavations should be performed in accordance with the latest Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements. Allowances should be made for any surcharge loads adjacent to the excavation areas.

Embankment Construction. Granular soil material should be specified as the embankment fill. The fill should be constructed as early as possible in the project construction period in order to allow the embankments to adjust or settle.

Ground Improvement. If Concrete cantilever retaining wall is selected, then unsuitable material down to depths shown in Table 2 shall be removed and replaced with Porous Granular Embankment with CA-7 gradation to limits discussed in design recommendations.







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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/11/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP, 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. Station	BORING NO. Station	Offset	Ground Surface Elev.	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (/6")	UCS Qu (tsf)	MOIST CONTENT (%)	Surface Water Elev.		DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (/6")	UCS Qu (tsf)	MOIST CONTENT (%)
								ft	ft				
			579.60										
STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM						1.5 P	22.0						
			577.60										
VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM					4								
			576.10		4	2.1 B	15.0						
					5								
SOFT light brown LOAM					1								
					2	0.3	23.0						
			573.60		3	B							
MEDIUM tan/light gray SILTY LOAM					1								
					1	0.5	27.0						
			571.10		3	B							
MEDIUM gray SILTY CLAY LOAM					2								
					1	0.8	33.0						
			568.60		3	B							
VERY SOFT gray SILT with fine SAND lens					0								
					0	0.2	33.0						
			566.10		2	B							
SOFT gray SILTY LOAM					0								
					0	0.4	33.0						
			563.10		2	B							
MEDIUM gray weathered SHALE					2								
					6								
			561.10		12								
VERY DENSE gray SHALE					12								
					12								
					12								

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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ROCK CORE LOG

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Date 9/11/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE. SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island CORING METHOD _____

STRUCT. NO. _____ CORING BARREL TYPE & SIZE _____
Station _____
BORING NO. B-1 Core Diameter 2 in
Station 311+50 Top of Rock Elev. 563.10 ft
Offset 90.00ft Rt Existing Begin Core Elev. 554.10 ft
Ground Surface Elev. 579.60 ft

DEPTH (ft)	CORE (#)	RECOVER (%)	R.Q.D. (%)	CORE TIME (min/ft)	STRENGTH (tsf)
554.10	1	100	100	3.6	113.0
549.10	2	100	92	6.6	262.0
544.10					

Color pictures of the cores _____
Cores will be stored for examination until _____

The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

BBS, form 138 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/11/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____
BORING NO. B-2
Station 312+25
Offset 90.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.60 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S (1/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
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DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S (1/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)	Soil Description	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S (1/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
576.60	4	1.0 P	29.0	STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM	576.60	4	1.9 B	20.0
575.10	4			STIFF light brown SILTY CLAY LOAM	575.10	4		
572.60	2	0.7 B	24.0	MEDIUM gray/tan SILTY LOAM	572.60	3		
570.10	1	0.5 B	33.0	SOFT gray SILTY LOAM with SAND lens	570.10	2		
567.60	2	0.3 P	32.0	SOFT gray SILTY LOAM	567.60	3		
565.10	1			SOFT gray SILT with fine SAND lens	565.10	2	0.4 B	26.0
562.10	1		22.0	VERY LOOSE gray dirty medium SAND	562.10	1		
560.10	0			MEDIUM gray SHALE with fine SAND on top 6"	560.10	5		
	21					21		
	30			VERY DENSE gray SHALE		30		

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrator)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation
Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/15/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC. TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO.	Station	DEPTH	BLOW	UCS	MOIST	Surface Water Elev.	ft	DEPTH	BLOW	UCS	MOIST	
BORING NO.	Station	ft	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	Stream Bed Elev.	ft	ft	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	
Offset	Ground Surface Elev.	ft	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	Groundwater Elev.:	ft	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)
							First Encounter	ft				
							Upon Completion	ft				
							After	Hrs.				
STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM				1.8 P	18.0		VERY DENSE gray SHALE (continued)	557.50				
MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM	576.50		4				VERY DENSE gray SHALE		100/6"			
	575.00		3 5	0.9 B	27.0		VERY DENSE gray SHALE	555.00				
VERY SOFT brown SANDY LOAM			2 3		19.0		End of Boring					
	572.50		2 3	0.2 P								
MEDIUM redish brown CLAY LOAM			1 3		29.0							
	570.00		1 3	0.7 B								
SOFT light gray SILT with SAND lens			1 2		27.0							
	567.50		2 2	0.3 P								
MEDIUM gray SILTY LOAM			1 2 3		29.0							
	565.00		2 3	0.5 B								
MEDIUM gray SILTY LOAM with SAND lens			2 2 4		29.0							
	562.00		2 2 4	0.5 P								
VERY DENSE gray SHALE			16 31 40									
	560.00											
VERY DENSE gray SHALE			00/10'									

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/15/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____
BORING NO. B-4
Station 313+25
Offset 90.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.70 ft

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
Groundwater Elev.:
First Encounter 564.2 ft ▾
Upon Completion 560.7 ft ▾
After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (blows/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOISTURE (%)	DESCRIPTION
578.70		3.0 P	19.0	VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
575.20	4			STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
	5	1.1	24.0	
572.70	4	B		MEDIUM tan/gray/brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
	2			
	2	0.8	28.0	
	3	B		STIFF tan SILTY LOAM
570.20	4	1.1	26.0	
	4	B		
567.70	1			SOFT gray SILTY LOAM
	1	0.3	28.0	
	2	B		
565.20	2	0.3	26.0	SOFT tan SILTY LOAM with SAND lens
	3	B		
562.20	1			SOFT gray SILTY LOAM with SAND and ORGANICS lens
	1	0.4	34.0	
	5	P		
560.20	38			VERY DENSE gray SHALE Auger Refusal at 18.5'
	100/7			
End of Boring				

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/20/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY M. Jacoby

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-5
Station 314+50
Offset 90.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 579.30 ft

DEPTH H S	BLOW S	UCS Qu	MOIST T	Surface Water Elev.	DEPTH H	BLOW S	UCS Qu	MOIST T
				ft				
				Groundwater Elev.:				
				First Encounter				
				Upon Completion				
				After _____ Hrs.				
	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)
		1.8	14.0					
		P						
577.30				VERY DENSE gray SHALE (continued)	558.30			
	3							
	2	4.5	14.0			100/6"		
575.80	3	P		VERY DENSE gray SHALE	555.80			
				End of Boring				
	2	1.0	26.0					
573.30	3	B						
	0							
	2	0.5	27.0					
570.80	3	B						
	0							
	2	0.4	30.0					
568.30	3	B						
	1							
	1	0.3	26.0					
565.30	2	B						
	3							
	7							
563.30	17							
	60							
	100/9"							
560.80								
	100/3"							

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/20/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY M. Jacoby

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-6
Station 315+25
Offset 90.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.70 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S (ft/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)	Surface Water Elev. _____ ft	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S (ft/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
		3.3 P	22.0	Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft				
				Groundwater Elev.:				
				First Encounter <u>564.2</u> ft ▼				
				Upon Completion _____ ft				
				After _____ Hrs. _____ ft				
576.70	5			VERY DENSE gray SHALEY SANDSTONE (continued) 557.70				
575.20	6 4	1.8 B	19.0	End of Boring				
572.70	3 4	1.0 B	27.0					
570.20	3 4	0.9 B	28.0					
567.20	2 4	0.7 B	43.0					
565.20	7 8 16							
562.70	14 19 43							
560.20	100/3'							
-20	100/2'							

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation
Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/21/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____
BORING NO. B-8
Station 317+50
Offset 83.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.10 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (1/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOISTURE (%)
576.10	4		
574.60	4	P	
572.10	2	B	
569.10	4	B	
566.60	6		
564.60	18	S	
562.10	40		

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
Groundwater Elev.:
First Encounter 566.1 ft ▼
Upon Completion 566.1 ft ▼
After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (1/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOISTURE (%)	Soil Description
576.10	4			STIFF light brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
574.60	4	P		
572.10	2	B		MEDIUM reddish brown CLAY LOAM
569.10	4	B		STIFF tan SILT
566.60	4			LOOSE tan SAND with medium GRAVEL
564.60	18	S		VERY STIFF gray SHALE
562.10	40			VERY DENSE gray SHALE Auger Refusal at 16' End of Boring

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/22/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP, 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO.	DEPTH	BLOW	UCS	MOIST	Surface Water Elev.	DEPT	BLOW	UCS	MOIST
Station	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	ft	H	S	Qu	T
					Stream Bed Elev.				
BORING NO. <u>B-9</u>					Groundwater Elev.:				
Station <u>318+25</u>					First Encounter	<u>None</u>			
Offset <u>82.00ft Rt Existing</u>					Upon Completion	<u>Dry</u>			
Ground Surface Elev. <u>578.40</u> ft					After				
MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM			0.5	14.0	VERY DENSE gray SHALE (continued)		100/11'		
			P		557.40				
	576.40	6			End of Boring				
VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM		7	3.5	18.0					
	574.90	7	B						
VERY SOFT tan SILTY LOAM		2							
		3	0.2	27.0					
	572.40	3	P						
STIFF gray SHALEY CLAY		1							
		2	1.2	19.0					
	569.40	4	S						
MEDIUM gray SHALE		7							
		13							
	567.40	14							
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		14							
		22							
	564.90	38							
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		20							
		28							
	562.40	33							
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		18							
		100/11'							
	559.90								
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		22							

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation
Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-10
Station 319+00
Offset 82.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.30 ft

DEPTH H	BLOW S	UCS Qu	MOIST T	Surface Water Elev.		DEPTH H	BLOW S	UCS Qu	MOIST T
				(ft)	(/6")				
		1.0 P	24.0	578.30					
	3								
	5	1.6 S	21.0	574.80					
	6								
	2								
	4	0.9 B	25.0	572.30					
	5								
	4								
	7	4.1 P	14.0	569.30					
	7								
	9								
	12								
	15			567.30					
	16								
	25								
	43			564.80					
	26								
	40								
	65			562.30					
	22								
	42								
	58			559.80					
	23								

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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Division of Highways
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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/23/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-12
Station 320+50
Offset 83.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.50 ft

DEPTH	B L O W S	U C S	M O I S T
(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

Surface Water Elev.	_____	ft
Stream Bed Elev.	_____	ft
Groundwater Elev.:		
First Encounter	<u>569.0</u>	ft ▼
Upon Completion	<u>Dry</u>	ft
After _____ Hrs.	_____	ft

STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM		1.0	15.0	
		P		
576.50				
STIFF light brown SILTY CLAY LOAM	3			
	2	1.0	22.0	
575.00	3	P		
SOFT tan SILTY LOAM	1			
	2	0.2	29.0	
	2	P		
572.00				
VERY DENSE gray SHALE	52			
	20			
570.00	36			
MEDIUM/DENSE gray SHALE	14			
	13			
567.50	17			
VERY DENSE gray SHALE	20			
	31			
565.00	53			
VERY DENSE gray SHALE	24			
	39			
562.50	55			
VERY DENSE gray SHALE	00/13'			
560.00				
End of Boring				

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/3/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. Station	DEPT H	BLOW S	UCS Qu	M O I S T T	Ground Surface Elev. _____ ft	Surface Water Elev. _____ ft	Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)			
<u>322+00</u>							
<u>B-14</u> Station <u>321+83</u> Offset <u>84.00ft Rt Existing</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>579.00</u> ft							
MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM			0.5 P	18.0			
	577.00	3					
STIFF tan SILTY CLAY LOAM		3	1.0	23.0			
	575.50	4	P				
SOFT light gray SILTY LOAM with fine SAND lens		1	0.3	26.0			
	572.50	2	B				
MEDIUM gray SHALE		2					
	570.50	7					
		14					
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		14					
	568.00	22					
		25					
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		26					
	565.50	00/12'					
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		25					
	563.00	36					
		37					
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		00/11'					
	560.50						
End of Boring							
	-20						

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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ROCK CORE LOG

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Date 9/28/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island CORING METHOD _____

STRUCT. NO. _____ CORING BARREL TYPE & SIZE _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-15 Core Diameter 2 in
Station 322+75 Top of Rock Elev. 575.20 ft
Offset 54.00ft Rt Existing Begin Core Elev. 571.70 ft
Ground Surface Elev. 586.70 ft

DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	CORE (#)	RECOVERY (%)	R.Q.D. (%)	CORE TIME (min/ft)	STRENGTH (tsf)
Shale: light gray, dense, massively bedded, moderately fissile. t.s.f.: 571.4 to 570.9	571.70		1	100	58	2	29.0
Shale: as above. t.s.f.: 564.4 to 563.7	566.70	-20	2	100	75	2.4	10.0
End of Boring	561.70	-25					
		-30					
		-35					

Color pictures of the cores _____
Cores will be stored for examination until _____

The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)

BBS, form 138 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 9/27/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-16
Station 323+50
Offset 54.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 586.80 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOISTURE (%)
		0.2	17.0
	7		
	9	2.4	16.0
	9		
	5		
	6	1.7	18.0
	9		
	1		
	2	0.7	17.0
	4		
	1		
	2		
	100/1"		

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
Groundwater Elev.:
First Encounter None ft
Upon Completion Dry ft
After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

VERY SOFT light brown SILTY LOAM				
	584.80			
VERY STIFF light brown SILTY LOAM				
	583.30			
STIFF dark brown LOAM				
	580.80			
MEDIUM brown LOAM				
	577.80			
VERY LOOSE light brown dirty SAND				
	575.30			
VERY DENSE tan weathered LIMESTONE on DOLOMITE				
Auger Refusal @13.5'	573.30			
End of Boring				
	-15			
	-20			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/3/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza
SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W
COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO.	DEPTH	BLOW	UCS	MOIST	Other
Station	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	
SURFACE WATER ELEV. _____ ft STREAM BED ELEV. _____ ft GROUNDWATER ELEV.: First Encounter <u>572.3</u> ft ▼ Upon Completion <u>572.3</u> ft ▼ After _____ Hrs. _____ ft					
MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM			0.8 P	19.0	
	577.30	2			
STIFF light gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		3	1.6 P	23.0	
	575.80	3			
MEDIUM light gray SILTY CLAY		0			
		2	0.7 B	29.0	
	572.80	3			
	572.30 ▼				
VERY DENSE tan/light gray weathered LIMESTONE Auger Refusal at 7.0' End of Boring			100/1"		
	-10				
	-15				
	-20				

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation
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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/2/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza
SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W
COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____
BORING NO. B-19
Station 325+75
Offset 83.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.90 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT (blows/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOISTURE (%)
		1.0 P	25.0
	3	0.7 B	28.0
	4		
	1	0.3 P	29.0
	2		
	3		
	5		
	00/11		

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
Groundwater Elev.:
First Encounter 571.9 ft ▼
Upon Completion 571.9 ft ▼
After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM				
	576.90			
MEDIUM light gray SILTY LOAM				
	575.40			
SOFT light gray SILTY LOAM				
	572.40			
VERY DENSE black COAL				
Auger Refusal @ 9.0'				
	569.90			
End of Boring				
	-10			
	-15			
	-20			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/4/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st St. LOGGED BY W. Garza
SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC. TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W
COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. Station	BORING NO. Station	Offset	Ground Surface Elev.	DEPTH H ft (ft)	B L O W S Qu (/6") (tsf)	U C S Qu (%)	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev.					
								Stream Bed Elev.	Groundwater Elev.:	First Encounter			
			579.00										
	B-20	326+50										572.5	ft
		86.00ft Rt Existing										572.5	ft
			579.00										
			577.00			0.5 P	20.0						
				2									
			575.50	3		0.9 B	23.0						
				1									
				-5									
				1		0.3	34.0						
				2		B							
			572.50	100/1'									
				@									
				6.5'									

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation
Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/4/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

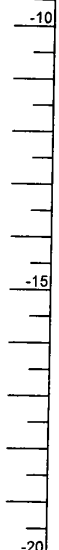
BORING NO. B-21
Station 327+25
Offset 83.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 578.80 ft

DEPTH	BLOW	UCS	MOIST
H	WS	Qu	ST
(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
 Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
 Groundwater Elev.:
 First Encounter 571.8 ft ▼
 Upon Completion 571.8 ft ▼
 After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

SOFT brown SILTY CLAY LOAM with 16% ORGANICS			0.3 P	75.0
	576.80			
STIFF light gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		2		
	575.30	5	1.2 P	24.0
		5		
STIFF light gray SILTY LOAM		2		
		2	1.0 B	28.0
		3		
	572.30			
VERY DENSE gray SHALE	571.30		100/5'	

Auger Refusal @ 7.5'
End of Boring



The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrator)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/4/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-22
Station 328+00
Offset 54.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 588.60 ft

Soil Description	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)	Surface Water Elev.	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
					ft				
Shoulder Rock									
					VERY DENSE gray SHALE (continued)	21			
	586.60					44			
MEDIUM tan SILT		2			VERY DENSE gray SHALE	29			
	585.10	4	0.5	22.0		00/11'			
		4	S						
STIFF gray SILT		3			VERY DENSE gray SHALE	00/11'			
	582.60	5	1.1	19.0					
		10	S		End of Boring				
VERY STIFF brown/tan CLAY LOAM		4							
	580.10	6	3.7	19.0					
		6	B						
STIFF tan SILTY LOAM		2							
	577.60	4	1.0	25.0					
		4	B						
MEDIUM light gray SILTY LOAM		1							
	575.10	2	1.0	26.0					
		3	S						
SOFT light gray SILTY LOAM with ORGANICS		0							
	572.10	1	0.4	33.0					
		3	B						
MEDIUM gray SHALE		9							
	570.10	9		9.0					
		16							
VERY DENSE gray SHALE		12							
	-20								

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/5/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. Station

BORING NO. B-23
Station 328+75
Offset 54.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 588.80 ft

DEPTH	BLOWS	UCS	MOIST
H	S	Qu	S T
(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
 Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
 Groundwater Elev.:
 First Encounter 572.8 ft
 Upon Completion 569.8 ft
 After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

DEPTH	BLOWS	UCS	MOIST
H	S	Qu	S T
(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

MEDIUM tan SILTY LOAM				VERY DENSE gray SHALE/SANDSTONE Auger Refusal at 20.5' (continued) End of Boring	568.30	100/2'		
		0.5 P	19.0					
VERY SOFT tan SILTY LOAM	2							
	2	0.2 P	22.0					
	3							
VERY STIFF dark brown SILTY CLAY LOAM	3							
	8	2.7 B	26.0					
	12							
VERY STIFF tan SILTY LOAM	5							
	8	2.5 B	21.0					
	12							
VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM	5							
	5	2.3 B	21.0					
	6							
MEDIUM light gray SILTY LOAM	1							
	2	0.7 B	25.0					
	3							
SOFT gray SILTY LOAM	1							
	2	0.3 B	32.0					
	3							
MEDIUM gray SHALE	2							
	4							
	11							
	18							

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation
Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

Date 10/6/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____		D E P T H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
Station <u>331+00</u>						Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
BORING NO. <u>B-25</u>						Groundwater Elev.: _____ ft
Station <u>330+90</u>						First Encounter _____ ft
Offset <u>90.00ft Rt Existing</u>						Upon Completion _____ ft
Ground Surface Elev. <u>584.00</u> ft		(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	After _____ Hrs. _____ ft
SOFT tan SILTY LOAM				0.3 P	19.0	
VERY STIFF tan SILTY LOAM		582.00				
				2.1 P	16.0	
MEDIUM brown SANDY LOAM		-5				
		578.00		0.5 P	16.0	
VERY SOFT light gray SILT LOAM						
		575.50		0.2 P	29.0	
VERY SOFT gray SILT LOAM		-10				
		573.00		0.2 P		
VERY SOFT gray SILT LOAM						
		571.00				
DENSE gray SHALE/SANDSTONE		-15				
Hard Drilling		568.50				
Auger Refusal at 15.5'						
End of Boring						
		-20				

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrator)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

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Date 10/6/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station 331+75/332+50

BORING NO. B-26
Station 332+05
Offset 90.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 585.20 ft

D E P T H	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T
(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft
Groundwater Elev.:
First Encounter _____ ft
Upon Completion 575.7 ft ∇
After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

STIFF tan SILTY CLAY LOAM			1.8 P	22.0
	583.20			
SOFT tan SILTY CLAY LOAM			0.3 P	24.0
	581.70			
VERY SOFT tan SILTY LOAM			0.2 P	27.0
	579.20			
VERY SOFT light gray SILTY LOAM			0.3 P	28.0
	576.70			
VERY SOFT gray SILTY LOAM			0.2 P	35.0
	575.70 ∇			
VERY SOFT gray SILTY LOAM				
	574.20			
VERY MOIST gray dirty SAND				
	571.20			
DENSE gray SANDSTONE				
	-15			
Auger Refusal at 17'				
	568.20			
End of Boring				
	-20			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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SOIL BORING LOG

Date 10/6/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-27
Station 333+25
Offset 90.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 585.60 ft

SOIL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	BLOWS (6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)	Surface Water Elev. _____ ft		DEPTH (ft)	BLOWS (6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
					Stream Bed Elev. _____ ft	Groundwater Elev.:				
					First Encounter					
					Upon Completion					
					After	Hrs.				
SOFT brown/tan SILTY CLAY LOAM			1.5 P	19.0						
	583.60									
SOFT tan SANDY LOAM			0.4	16.0						
	582.10									
							561.60			
VERY SOFT tan SANDY LOAM			0.0 P	24.0						
	-5						-25			
VERY SOFT light gray SILTY LOAM										
	579.60									
MEDIUM light gray SILTY LOAM			0.2	26.0						
	578.60									
MEDIUM light gray SILTY LOAM										
	577.10									
VERY SOFT gray SILTY LOAM			0.8	35.0						
	576.10									
			0.2	30.0						
	-10						-30			
	571.60									
First Encounter at 14.5'										
MEDIUM/DENSE gray SHALE										
	-15						-35			
Dry gray SHALE										
	569.60									
	565.60						-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)
BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation
Division of Highways
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SOIL BORING LOG

Date 10/17/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC., TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-45 Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station 334+00

BORING NO. B-28
Station 334+00
Offset 64.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 590.90 ft

DEPTH	BLOW S	UCS Qu	MOIST	Soil Description				DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S	UCS Qu	MOIST
				(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)				
				Surface Water Elev.							
				Stream Bed Elev.							
				Groundwater Elev.:							
				First Encounter	<u>571.4</u>	ft	▼				
				Upon Completion		ft					
				After		Hrs.					
				MEDIUM brown SILTY LOAM							
		0.5	12.0								
		P		MEDIUM gray fine SAND (continued)							
									0		
									6		
									6		
				STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM							
	588.90										
		5		VERY DENSE gray SHALE							
		3	20.0						25		
		P							100/10"		
	587.40										
				STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM							
		3									
		4	23.0	VERY DENSE gray SHALE							
		5							37		
		B							100/9"		
	584.90			Borehole continued with rock coring.							
				MEDIUM tan gray SILTY LOAM							
		1									
		2	23.0								
		3									
	581.90			LOOSE tan dirty SANDY GRAVEL							
		0									
		2									
		3									
	579.40			SOFT light gray SILT							
		0									
		2	28.0								
		2									
	577.40			SOFT gray SILTY LOAM with ORGANICS							
		0									
		0	39.0								
		3									
	574.90			SOFT gray SILT							
		0									
		0	40.0								
		1									
	571.90			MEDIUM gray fine SAND							

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



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ROCK CORE LOG

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Date 10/17/11

ROUTE FAP 595 DESCRIPTION D92-003-06 Retaining/Noise Wall on John Deere Road, 1,000' E. of 41st Street LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION 142-R LOCATION S. Moline Twp. - 15NE, SEC. , TWP. 17N, RNG. 1W

COUNTY Rock Island CORING METHOD _____

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station 334+00

CORING BARREL TYPE & SIZE _____

BORING NO. B-28
Station 334+00

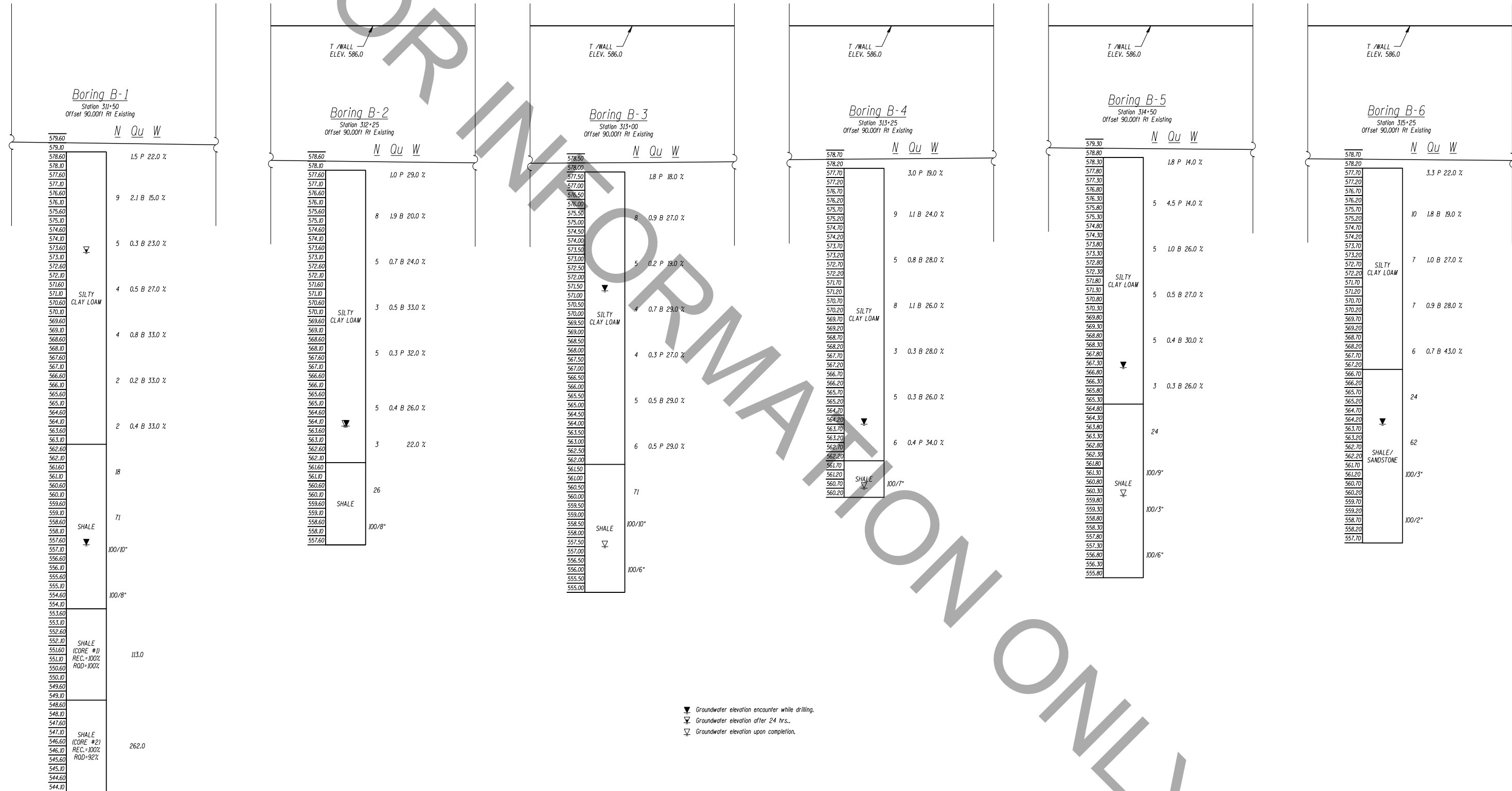
Core Diameter 2 in
Top of Rock Elev. 568.90 ft
Begin Core Elev. 564.90 ft

Offset 64.00ft Rt Existing
Ground Surface Elev. 590.90 ft

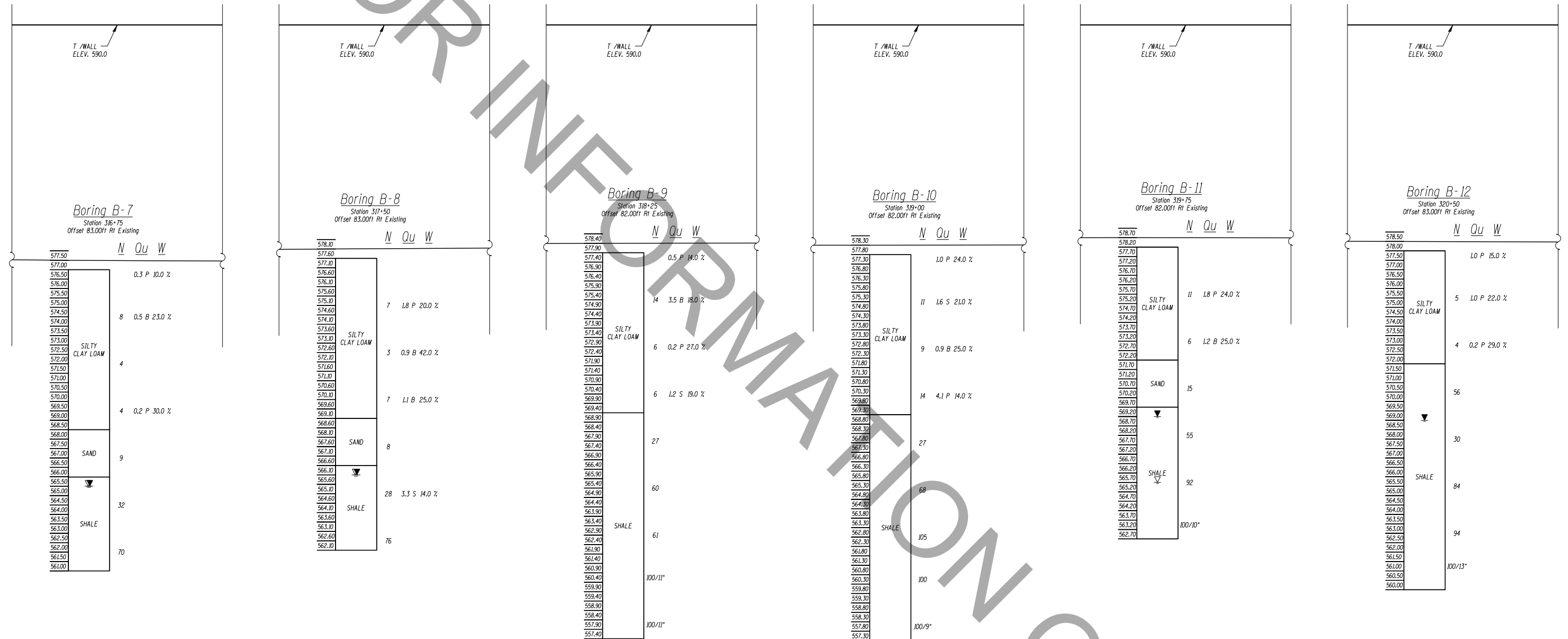
Description	Elev. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	CORE (#)	RECOVERY (%)	R.Q.D. (%)	CORE TIME (min/ft)	STRENGTH (tsf)
Shale: dark to light gray, dense and massively bedded, soapy and fissile. t.s.f.: 562.6 to 561.9	564.90		1	100	78	5.2	11.0
Shale: as above, though less fissile. t.s.f.: 557.4 to 556.4	559.90		2	100	92	3.8	31.0
End of Boring	554.90						

Color pictures of the cores _____
Cores will be stored for examination until _____

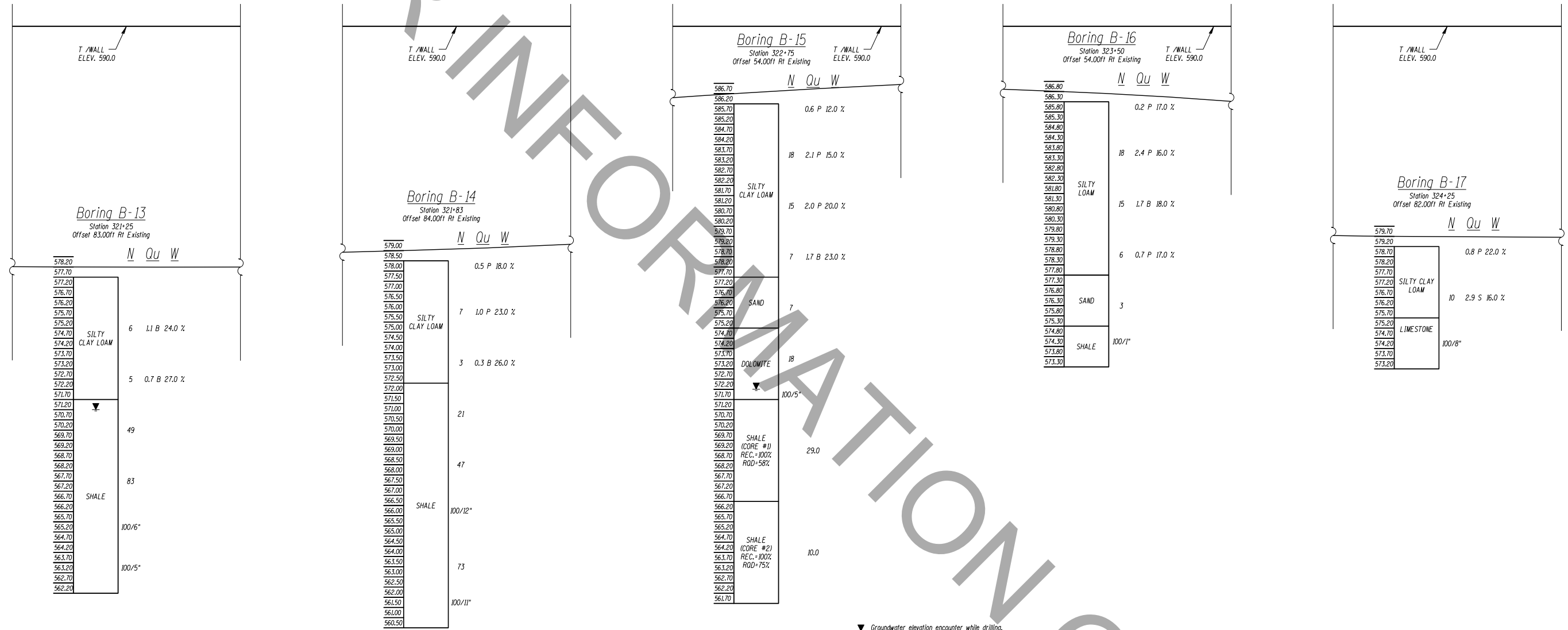
The "Strength" column represents the uniaxial compressive strength of the core sample (ASTM D-2938)
BBS, form 138 (Rev. 8-99)



▼ Groundwater elevation encounter while drilling.
 ▽ Groundwater elevation after 24 hrs..
 ▽ Groundwater elevation upon completion.



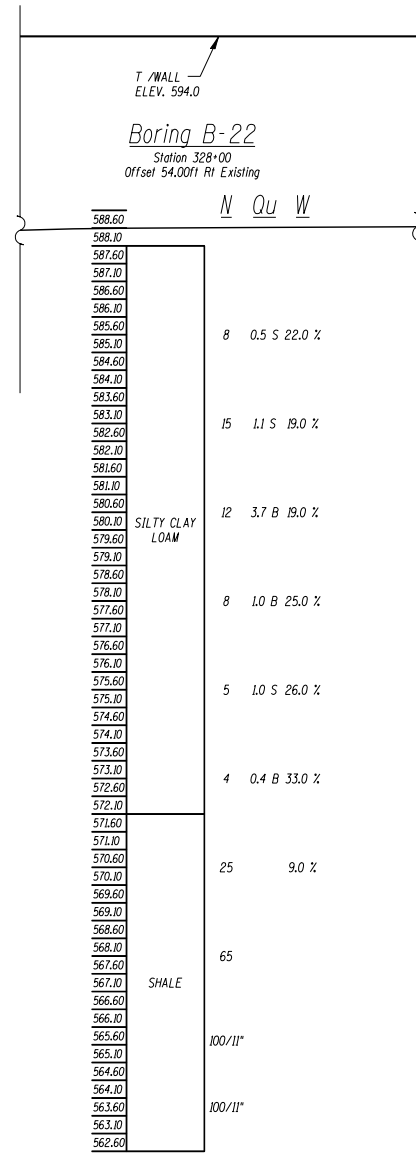
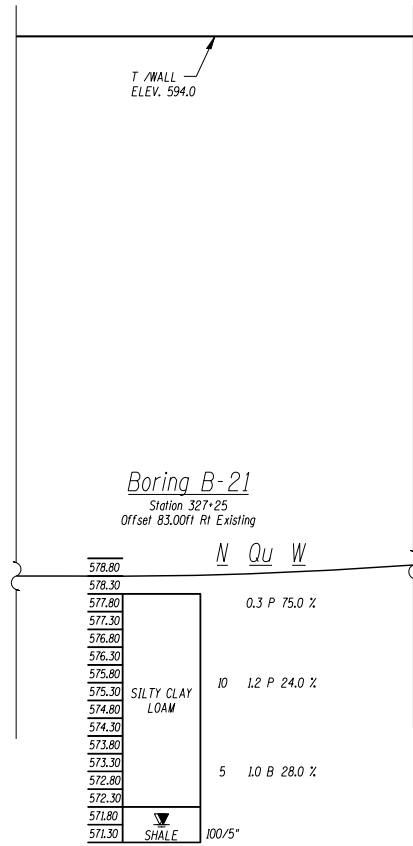
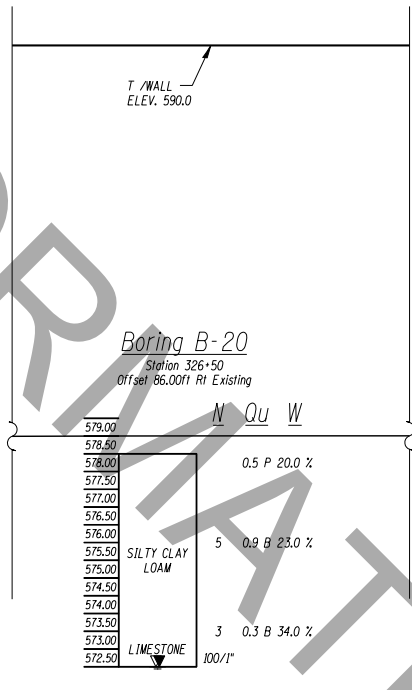
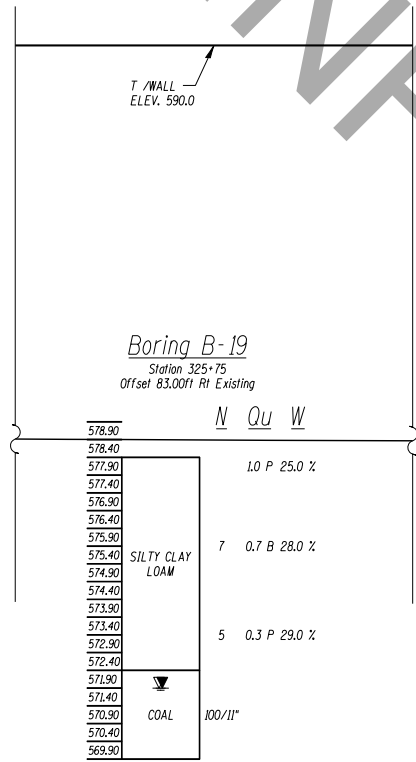
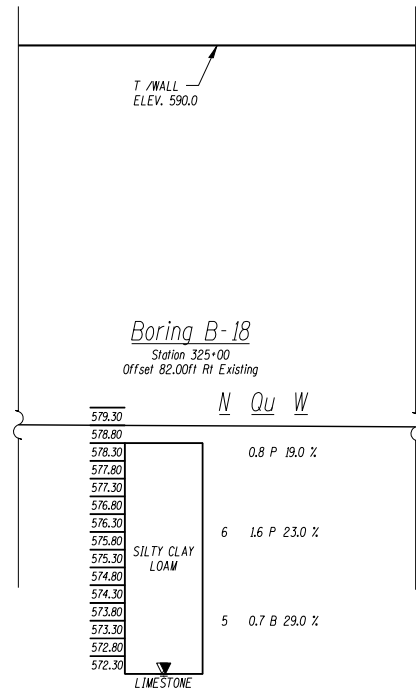
▼ Groundwater elevation encounter while drilling.
▽ Groundwater elevation upon completion.



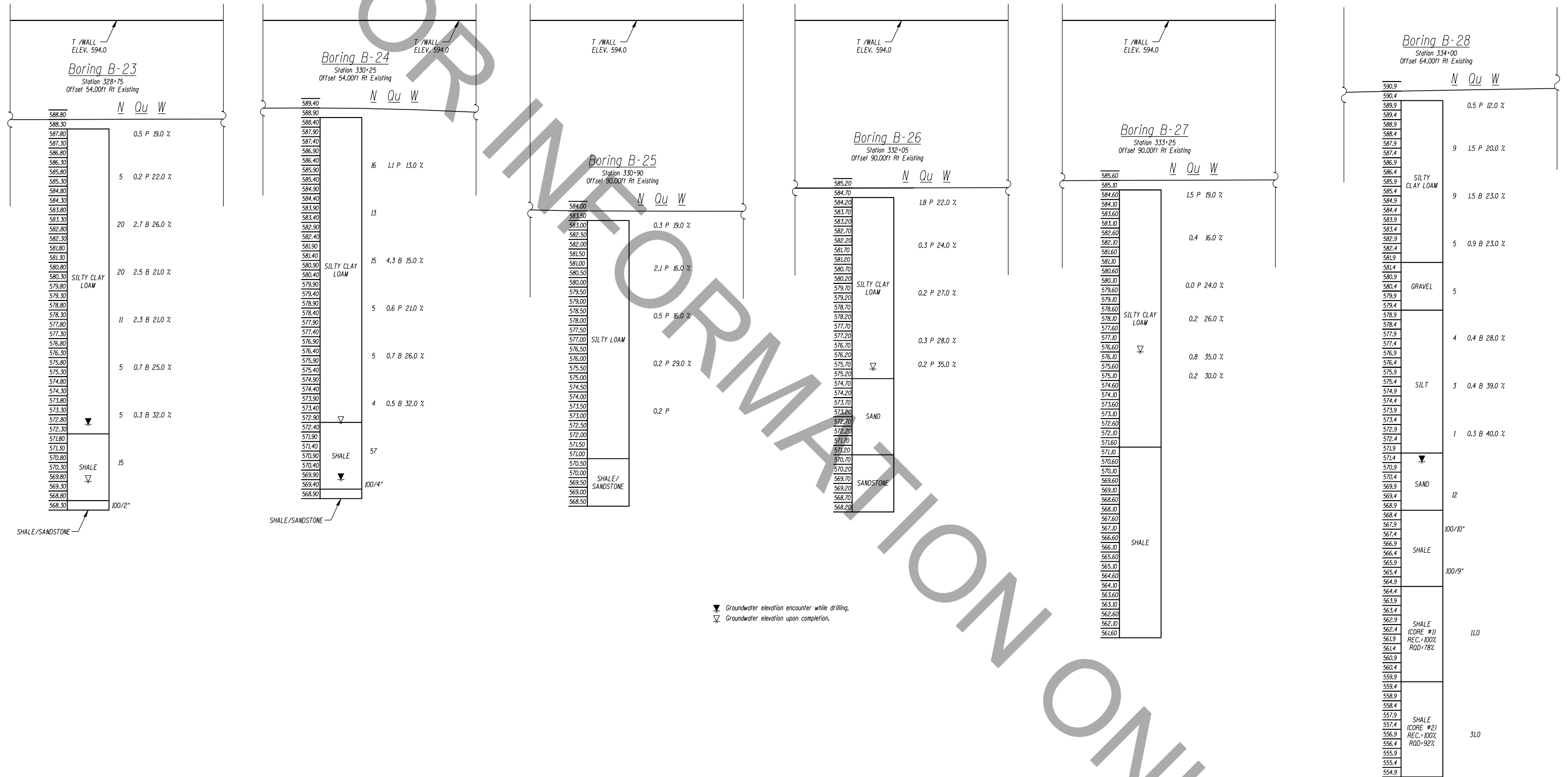
▼ Groundwater elevation encounter while drilling.

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

FOR INFORMATION ONLY



▼ Groundwater elevation encounter while drilling.
 ▽ Groundwater elevation upon completion.



▲ Groundwater elevation encounter while drilling.
▽ Groundwater elevation upon completion.

