June 16, 2023 Letting

Notice to Bidders, Specifications and Proposal



Contract No. 66N26
GRUNDY County
Section (TR 39 & TR 26)RS&W
Routes TR 39 & &
District 3 Construction Funds

Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- 1. TIME AND PLACE OF OPENING BIDS. Electronic bids are to be submitted to the electronic bidding system (iCX-Integrated Contractors Exchange). All bids must be submitted to the iCX system prior to 12:00 p.m. June 16, 2023 prevailing time at which time the bids will be publicly opened from the iCX SecureVault.
- **2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK**. The proposed improvement is identified and advertised for bids in the Invitation for Bids as:

Contract No. 66N26
GRUNDY County
Section (TR 39 & TR 26)RS&W
Routes TR 39 & &
District 3 Construction Funds

Pavement widening with resurfacing of Morey Road and Seneca Road including minor drainage improvements.

- 3. INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. (a) This Notice, the invitation for bids, proposal and letter of award shall, together with all other documents in accordance with Article 101.09 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, become part of the contract. Bidders are cautioned to read and examine carefully all documents, to make all required inspections, and to inquire or seek explanation of the same prior to submission of a bid.
 - (b) State law, and, if the work is to be paid wholly or in part with Federal-aid funds, Federal law requires the bidder to make various certifications as a part of the proposal and contract. By execution and submission of the proposal, the bidder makes the certification contained therein. A false or fraudulent certification shall, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, be a breach of contract and may result in termination of the contract.
- 4. AWARD CRITERIA AND REJECTION OF BIDS. This contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder considering conformity with the terms and conditions established by the Department in the rules, Invitation for Bids and contract documents. The issuance of plans and proposal forms for bidding based upon a prequalification rating shall not be the sole determinant of responsibility. The Department reserves the right to determine responsibility at the time of award, to reject any or all proposals, to readvertise the proposed improvement, and to waive technicalities.

By Order of the Illinois Department of Transportation

Omer Osman, Secretary

INDEX FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Adopted January 1, 2023

This index contains a listing of SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS and frequently used RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

ERRATA Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction

(Adopted 1-1-22) (Revised 1-1-23)

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STATE OF ILLINOIS

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Adopted January 1, 2022", the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures for Materials" in effect on the date of invitation for bids, and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" indicated on the Check Sheet included herein, which apply to and govern the construction of TR 39 (Morey Road) & TR 26 (Seneca Road), Section (TR 39 & TR 26)RS & W, Grundy County, Contract No. 66N26 and in case of conflict with any part, or parts, of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

LOCATION OF PROJECT

The project is located on TR 39 (Morey Road) from Nettle Creek Road to Seneca Road and TR 26 (Seneca Road) from 0.1 miles south of Morey Road to Morey Road.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

The project consists of pavement widening, variable depth HMA binder course, earthwork and drainage improvements.

STATUS OF UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED:

(Effective January 1, 2007; Revised January 24, 2011)

Name & Address of Utility	<u>Type</u>	Location	Estimated Date Relocation Complete
AT&T Ref # SN1118-2	Communications	AT&T crosses Morey Road near Nettle Creek Road. They also have facilities along the south side of Morey Road beginning at Seneca	conflict between the existing AT&T cables and the proposed ditches. AT&T has not
		Road and going west. They also have a line that crosses Morey Road, going north on Seneca Road	completed their analysis at this time.
ComEd One Lincoln Centre Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181	Electric	ComEd has powerlines that run along the south right of way of Morey Rd	No conflicts are anticipated.
Nicor 1844 Ferry Road Naperville, IL 60563 Ref # SC22186	Natural Gas	Nicor has a gas main that runs along the north side of the right-of-way then turning south and running along the west right-of-way of Seneca Rd	There is possible conflict between the existing gas main and the proposed ditches. Nicor has not completed their analysis at this time.

The above represents the best information of the Department and is only included for the convenience of the bidder. The applicable provisions of Section 102 and Articles 105.07, 107.20, 107.37, 107.38, 107.39, 107.40, and 108.02 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall apply.

The estimated utility relocation dates should be part of the progress schedule submitted by the Contractor.

** Above utility relocation information reflected as of March 22, 2023.

COOPERATION AMONG CONTRACTORS

The Contractor shall be aware that this work is within the limits of another ongoing project (Contract 66J62). As noted in the plans the HMA surface removal and two top lifts of Hot-Mix Asphalt will be constructed under Contract 66J62.

Cooperation with the other contractor shall be in accordance with the requirements of Article 105.08.

COMPLETION DATE PLUS WORKING DAYS

Replace Article 108.05 (b) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

(b) Completion Date Plus Working Days. When a completion date plus working days is specified, the Contractor shall complete all major items of work, except as specified below, and safely open all roadways to traffic by 11:59 p.m. on **September 30**, **2023**.

The Contractor will be allowed to complete shoulder and slope shaping, landscaping items, and other punch list items as approved by the Engineer within **15 working days**. Under extenuating circumstances, the Engineer may direct that certain items of work, not affecting the safe opening of the roadway to traffic, may be completed with the specified number of working days. Temporary lane closures for this work may be allowed at the discretion of the Engineer.

HOT-MIX ASPHALT BASE COURSE, 3"

This work will consist of widening existing pavement with a hot-mix asphalt (HMA) base course widening in accordance with Section 356 of the Standard Specifications.

AGGREGATE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE B

(Effective January 1, 2007)

Add the following to Article 402.07 of the Standard Specifications:

The top layer shall be given a final rolling with a roller meeting the requirements of Article 1101.01.

MOREY ROAD AND SENECA ROAD CLOSURES

Morey Road and Seneca Road may be closed to thru traffic during widening and crossroad culvert construction work. However, both roads will not be allowed to be closed at the same time. Two-way traffic shall be maintained at other times utilizing applicable Highway Standards.

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, (SPECIAL)

Description. This work shall include furnishing, installing, maintaining, replacing, relocating, and removing all traffic control devices temporary traffic control devices for the closure of Morey Road and Seneca Road in accordance with Highway Standard BLR 21 and BLR 22.

Construction Requirements. This work shall be done according to the applicable portions of Section 701 and 780 of the Standard Specifications, the details on the plans, and Standards BLR 21 and BLR 22.

This item shall be paid for at the contract unit price per Lump Sum as TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION, (SPECIAL).

BITUMINOUS MATERIALS COST ADJUSTMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2006 Revised: August 1, 2017

Description. Bituminous material cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or credit to the Department, for fluctuations in the cost of bituminous materials when optioned by the Contractor. The bidder shall indicate with their bid whether or not this special provision will be part of the contract.

The adjustments shall apply to permanent and temporary hot-mix asphalt (HMA) mixtures, bituminous surface treatments (cover and seal coats), and preventative maintenance type surface treatments that are part of the original proposed construction, or added as extra work and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply to bituminous prime coats, tack coats, crack filling/sealing, joint filling/sealing, or extra work paid for at a lump sum price or by force account.

Method of Adjustment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be computed as follows.

 $CA = (BPI_P - BPI_L) \times (\%AC_V / 100) \times Q$

Where: CA = Cost Adjustment, \$.

BPI_P = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month the work is performed, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

BPI_L = Bituminous Price Index, as published by the Department for the month prior to the letting for work paid for at the contract price; or for the month the agreed unit price letter is submitted by the Contractor for extra work paid for by agreed unit price, \$/ton (\$/metric ton).

 $^{\circ}$ AC $_{\vee}$ = Percent of virgin Asphalt Cement in the Quantity being adjusted. For HMA mixtures, the $^{\circ}$ AC $_{\vee}$ will be determined from the adjusted job mix formula. For bituminous materials applied, a performance graded or cutback asphalt will be considered to be 100% AC $_{\vee}$ and undiluted emulsified asphalt will be considered to be 65% AC $_{\vee}$.

Q = Authorized construction Quantity, tons (metric tons) (see below).

For HMA mixtures measured in square yards: Q, tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 46.8) / 2000. For HMA mixtures measured in square meters: Q, metric tons = A x D x (G_{mb} x 1) / 1000. When computing adjustments for full-depth HMA pavement, separate calculations will be made for the binder and surface courses to account for their different G_{mb} and % AC_{V} .

For bituminous materials measured in gallons: Q, tons = $V \times 8.33$ lb/gal x SG / 2000 For bituminous materials measured in liters: Q, metric tons = $V \times 1.0$ kg/L x SG / 1000

Where: A = Area of the HMA mixture, sq yd (sq m).

D = Depth of the HMA mixture, in. (mm).

G_{mb} = Average bulk specific gravity of the mixture, from the approved mix design.

V = Volume of the bituminous material, gal (L).

SG = Specific Gravity of bituminous material as shown on the bill of lading.

Basis of Payment. Bituminous materials cost adjustments may be positive or negative but will only be made when there is a difference between the BPI_L and BPI_P in excess of five percent, as calculated by:

Percent Difference = $\{(BPI_L - BPI_P) \div BPI_L\} \times 100$

Bituminous materials cost adjustments will be calculated for each calendar month in which applicable bituminous material is placed; and will be paid or deducted when all other contract requirements for the work placed during the month are satisfied. The adjustments shall not apply during contract time subject to liquidated damages for completion of the entire contract.

BLENDED FINELY DIVIDED MINERALS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021

Revise the second paragraph of Article 1010.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"Different sources or types of finely divided minerals shall not be mixed or used alternately in the same item of construction, except as a blended finely divided mineral product according to Article 1010.06."

Add the following article to Section 1010 of the Standard Specifications:

"1010.06 Blended Finely Divided Minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be the product resulting from the blending or intergrinding of two or three finely divided minerals. Blended finely divided minerals shall be according to ASTM C 1697, except as follows.

- (a) Blending shall be accomplished by mechanically or pneumatically intermixing the constituent finely divided minerals into a uniform mixture that is then discharged into a silo for storage or tanker for transportation.
- (b) The blended finely divided mineral product will be classified according to its predominant constituent or the manufacturer's designation and shall meet the chemical requirements of its classification. The other finely divided mineral constituent(s) will not be required to conform to their individual standards."

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017 Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article

governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.

- (1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks
- (2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.
- (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.
 - (1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.
 - Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).
 - (2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.
 - Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.
 - (3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

- "(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.
 - (1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.
 - (2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.

- (3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.
- (4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.
- (5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.
- (6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"109.13 Payment for Contract Delay. Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

(a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.

- (b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.
 - (1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel								
Up to \$5,000,000	One Project Superintendent								
Over \$ 5,000,000 - up to \$25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk								
Over \$25,000,000 - up to \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and One Clerk								
Over \$50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk								

- (2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.
- (c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

CORRUGATED PLASTIC PIPE (CULVERT AND STORM SEWER) (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2021

Revise Tables IIIA and IIIB of Article 542.03 and the storm sewers tables of Article 550.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

(SEE TABLES ON NEXT 10 PAGES)

	"PIPE CULVERTS TABLE IIIA: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE																			
			Type 1					Type 2	Type 3 Type 4											
Nominal Diameter	with 41 main					Fill Height: Greater than 3', not exceeding 10'						Fill Height: Greater than 10', not exceeding 15'				Fill	Height: not e		ter than ing 20'	15',
(in.)	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	СРР	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	СРР	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP
10	Х	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA
12	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL
15	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL
18	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL
21	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	Χ	QPL	NA	NA	NA
24	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	NA	QPL
27	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	Χ	NA	NA	NA	NA
30	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	NA	QPL
36	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	NA	QPL
42	Х	NA	Х	QPL	QPL	Х	NA	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	NA	Χ	NA	QPL	Χ	NA	Χ	NA	NA
48	Х	NA	Х	QPL	QPL	Х	NA	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	NA	Χ	NA	QPL	Х	NA	Χ	NA	NA
54	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
60	NA	NA	NA	QPL	QPL	NA	NA	NA	QPL	QPL	NA	NA	NA	NA	QPL	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Notes: PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

	PIPE CULVERTS (metric) TABLE IIIA: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE																				
		II Height	Type 1		00	Type 2 Fill Height: Greater than 1 m,						Type 3 Fill Height: Greater than 3 m,					Type 4 Fill Height: Greater than 4.5 m, not				
Nominal Diameter		with 0.3				not exceeding 3 m					T 1111 1	not exc			,	1 111 1 10	•	eding		111, 1101	
(mm)	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	СРР	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	
250	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA	
300	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	
375	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	
450	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	
525	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	Χ	QPL	NA	NA	NA	
600	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	NA	QPL	
675	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	
750	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	QPL	Χ	NA	QPL	
900	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	QPL	Χ	NA	QPL	
1050	Х	NA	Х	QPL	QPL	Х	NA	Χ	QPL	QPL	Х	NA	Х	NA	QPL	Х	NA	Х	NA	NA	
1200	Χ	NA	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	NA	Χ	QPL	QPL	Χ	NA	Χ	NA	QPL	Χ	NA	Χ	NA	NA	
1350	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
1500	NA	NA	NA	QPL	QPL	NA	NA	NA	QPL	QPL	NA	NA	NA	NA	QPL	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Notes: PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

	PIPE CULVERTS TABLE IIIB: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE														
Nominal Diameter			Type 5 nt: Greater exceeding				Type 6 nt: Greater exceeding	,	Type 7 Fill Height: Greater than 30', not exceeding 35'						
(in.)	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	PVC	CPVC	PE	PVC	CPVC	PE				
10	Х	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	Х	QPL	Х	Х	QPL	Х				
12	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	X	QPL	X	X	QPL	X				
15	Х	QPL	NA	NA	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	Χ	QPL	NA				
18	Χ	QPL	X	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	X	QPL	X				
21	Χ	QPL	NA	NA	NA	X	QPL	NA	X	QPL	NA				
24	Χ	QPL	X	NA	NA	X	QPL	Х	X	QPL	X				
27	Χ	NA	NA	NA	NA	X	NA	NA	X	NA	NA				
30	Χ	QPL	X	NA	QPL	X	QPL	X	X	QPL	X				
36	Χ	QPL	X	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	X	QPL	X				
42	Χ	NA	Χ	NA	NA	X	NA	Х	X	NA	X				
48	Χ	NA	Χ	NA	NA	X	NA	X	X	NA	X				
54	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
60	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				

Notes: PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

Χ Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

PIPE CULVERTS (metric) TABLE IIIB: PLASTIC PIPE PERMITTED FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER AND FILL HEIGHT OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE Type 5 Type 6 Type 7 Fill Height: Greater than 6 m, Fill Height: Greater than 7.5 m, Fill Height: Greater than 9 m, Nominal not exceeding 7.5 m not exceeding 9 m not exceeding 10.5 m Diameter (mm) PVC CPVC PΕ CPE CPP PVC CPVC PΕ PVC CPVC PΕ 250 Χ QPL Х QPL NA Χ QPL Х Χ QPL Χ 300 Х QPL Χ QPL QPL Χ QPL Χ Χ QPL Χ Х NA Χ NA NA 375 QPL QPL QPL Х QPL NA X X 450 Χ QPL Χ NA NA Χ QPL Х QPL Χ QPL 525 Χ QPL NA NA Χ NΑ QPL NA NA 600 Χ QPL NA X QPL Х Χ QPL Χ NA Χ Х Χ 675 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 750 Х QPL QPL Х QPL Х Χ QPL Х Χ NA X 900 QPL Χ NA NA Χ QPL Х Х QPL Χ X 1000 NA Χ NA Χ Х NA Χ NA NA Χ Χ Χ Χ 1200 Χ NA Χ NA NA NA NA 1350 NA 1500 NA NA NA

Notes: PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

STORM SEWERS																		
	KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED																	
			FΩ				EIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE											
			10			717 (IVIL I L	T											
Nominal				1) [pe 1				Type 2									
Diameter			Fil		3' and les	SS,			Fill Height: Greater than 3',									
in.	l With 1' min							ı		1		not exce	eding 10'			1		
	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP		
10	NA	3	Х	Х	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	NA	1	*X	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	NA		
12	IV	NA	X	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	II	1	*X	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL		
15	IV	NA	NA	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	II	1	*X	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL		
18	IV	NA	NA	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	II	2	Х	X	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL		
21	III																	
24	III	NA	NA	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	II	2	Χ	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL		
27	III	NA	NA	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	3	Х	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA		
30	IV	NA	NA	Х	QPL	Х	QPL	QPL	II	3	X	Х	QPL	X	QPL	QPL		
33	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	NA	Χ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
36	III	NA	NA	X	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	II	NA	Х	Χ	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL		
42	Ш	NA	Х	Х	NA	X	QPL	QPL	II	NA	X	Х	NA	X	QPL	QPL		
48	Ш	NA	Х	Х	NA	X	QPL	QPL	II	NA	Х	Х	NA	Χ	QPL	QPL		
54	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
60	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	QPL	QPL	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	QPL	QPL		
66	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
72	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
78	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
84	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
90	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
96	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
102	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
108	II	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class)

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

NA Not Acceptable

* May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

STORM SEWERS (metric)																	
			FΩ						ID STREN		QUIRED TOP OF	THE PIP	E				
			10		e 1	JI/AIVIL I L	INO AND		Type 2								
Nominal Diameter mm			Fill		1 m and le	ess,			Fill Height: Greater than 1 m, not exceeding 3 m								
111111	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	
250 300 375	NA IV	3 NA	X	X X	QPL QPL	X X	QPL QPL	NA QPL	NA II	1	*X *X	X X	QPL QPL	X X	QPL QPL	NA QPL	
450 525	IV IV III																
600	III	NA	NA	Х	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	II	2	X	X	QPL	Χ	QPL	QPL	
675 750	III IV	NA NA	NA NA	X	NA QPL	NA X	NA QPL	NA QPL	II II	3	X	X	NA QPL	NA X	NA QPL	NA QPL	
825 900	III III	NA NA	NA NA	NA X	NA QPL	NA X	NA QPL	NA QPL	II II	NA NA	X	NA X	NA QPL	NA X	NA QPL	NA QPL	
1050 1200	II II	NA NA	X	X	NA NA	X	QPL QPL	QPL QPL	II II	NA NA	X	X	NA NA	X	QPL QPL	QPL QPL	
1350 1500	==:	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA QPL	NA QPL	II II	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA QPL	NA QPL	
1650	II II	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	II II	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	
1800 1950 2100		NA NA NA		NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA							
2250	II II	NA NA	II II	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA							
2400 2550	II II	NA NA	iii III	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA							
2700	"	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	III	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class)

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

NA Not Acceptable

* May also use Standard Strength Clay Pipe

STORM SEWERS																	
			ΕO		IND OF N							THE DID	E				
			10		e 3		IGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE Type 4										
Nominal			Fill H			n 10'			Fill Height: Greater than 15'								
Diameter in.	not exceeding 15'												eding 20'				
	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	
10	NA	2	Х	Х	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	NA	3	Х	Х	QPL	Х	QPL	NA	
12	III	2	X	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	
15	III	3	X	X	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	
18	III	NA	X	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	
21	III	NA	NA	X	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	NA	NA	NA	
24	III	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	NA	QPL	
27 30	III III	NA NA	NA NA	X	NA	NA X	NA QPL	NA QPL	IV IV	NA	NA	X	NA QPL	NA	NA NA	NA	
33		NA NA	NA NA	NA	QPL NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	IV	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	X NA	NA NA	QPL NA	
36	III	NA NA	NA NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	IV	NA NA	NA NA	X	QPL	X	NA NA		
36 42		NA NA	NA NA	X	NA NA	X	NA NA	QPL QPL	IV IV	NA NA	NA NA	X	NA NA	X	NA NA	QPL NA	
48		NA NA	NA NA	x	NA NA	X	NA NA	QPL	IV	NA NA	NA NA	X	NA NA	X	NA NA	NA NA	
54	III	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	IV	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	
60	;;; 	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	QPL	IV	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
66	iii	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	iV	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	
72	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
78	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
84	Ш	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
90	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1680	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
96	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1690	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
102	Ш	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1700	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
108	1360	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1710	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 0.01 in crack.)

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class)

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

	STORM SEWERS (metric) KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED															
	FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE															
	Type 3								Type 4							
Nominal Diameter mm Fill Height: Greater th not exceeding 4.5								Fill Height: Greater than 4.5 m, not exceeding 6 m								
111111	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	RCCP	CSP	ESCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP
250 300	NA III	2 2	X X	X X	QPL QPL	X	QPL QPL	NA QPL	NA IV	3 NA	X NA	X X	QPL QPL	X	QPL QPL	NA QPL
375	Ш	3	X	Х	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL	IV	NA	NA	Χ	QPL	NA	QPL	QPL
450	III	NA	X	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL
525	III	NA	NA	X	QPL	NA	QPL	NA	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	NA	NA	NA
600	III	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	IV	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	NA	QPL
675	III	NA	NA	X	NA	NA	NA	NA	IV	NA	NA	X	NA	NA	NA	NA
750 825	III III	NA NA	NA NA	X NA	QPL NA	X NA	QPL NA	QPL NA	IV IV	NA NA	NA NA	X NA	QPL NA	X NA	NA NA	QPL NA
900	III	NA NA	NA NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	IV	NA NA	NA NA	X	QPL	X	NA NA	QPL
1050		NA NA	NA NA	X	NA NA	X	NA NA	QPL	IV IV	NA NA	NA NA	X	NA NA	X	NA NA	NA NA
1200		NA NA	NA NA	x	NA NA	X	NA NA	QPL	IV IV	NA NA	NA NA	X	NA NA	X	NA NA	NA NA
1350	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1500	iii	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	QPL	IV	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
1650	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	iV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1800	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1950	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2100	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2250	=	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2400	Ш	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2550	III	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2700	70	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	80	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.)

CSP Concrete Sewer, Storm drain, and Culvert Pipe (number in column indicates strength class)

ESCP Extra Strength Clay Pipe PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

	STORM SEWERS KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED													
	FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE													
			Тур	e 5			Type 6			Type 7				
Nominal Diameter in.	Fill Height: Greater than 20', not exceeding 25'							Fill Height: Greater than 25', not exceeding 30'			Fill Height: Greater than 30', not exceeding 35'			
	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	PE
10	NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	NA	Х	QPL	X
12 15	IV IV	X X	QPL QPL	X NA	QPL NA	QPL QPL	V V	X X	QPL QPL	X NA	V	X	QPL QPL	X NA
18	IV	X	QPL	X	NA NA	NA NA	V	X	QPL	X	V	X	QPL	X
21	IV	x	QPL	NA	NA NA	NA	V	x	QPL	NA	v	x	QPL	NA
24	IV	X	QPL	X	NA	NA	V	X	QPL	X	V	X	QPL	X
27	IV	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	Х	NA	NA	V	Х	NA	NA
30	IV	Χ	QPL	Х	NA	QPL	V	Χ	QPL	X	V	Х	QPL	Х
33	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
36	IV	Χ	QPL	Х	NA	NA	V	Χ	QPL	Х	V	Х	QPL	Х
42	IV	Χ	NA	Х	NA	NA	V	Χ	NA	Х	V	Х	NA	Х
48	IV	Χ	NA	X	NA	NA	V	Χ	NA	X	V	Х	NA	Х
54	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
60	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
66	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
72	V	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
78	2020	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2370	NA	NA	NA	2730	NA	NA	NA
84	2020	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2380	NA	NA	NA	2740	NA	NA	NA
90	2030	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2390	NA	NA	NA	2750	NA	NA	NA
96	2040	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2400	NA	NA	NA	2750	NA	NA	NA
102	2050	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	2410	NA	NA	NA	2760	NA	NA	NA
108 DCCD	2060	NA_	NA Cu	NA Nort St	NA Dra	NA nin and	2410	NA	NA (DCCD	NA with a	2770	NA	NA of a	NA Doman n

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 0.01 in crack.)

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

K Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

	OTODU OTUTO (, , ,)													
	STORM SEWERS (metric)													
	KIND OF MATERIAL PERMITTED AND STRENGTH REQUIRED													
	FOR A GIVEN PIPE DIAMETERS AND FILL HEIGHTS OVER THE TOP OF THE PIPE													
	Type 5							Тур	oe 6		Type 7			
Nominal	Fill Height: Greater than 6 m.							eiaht: Gre	ater than	7.5 m.	Fill Height: Greater than 9 m.			
Diameter	not exceeding 7.5 m							not exceeding 9 m				not exceed	ding 10.5 m	1
mm	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	CPE	CPP	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	PE	RCCP	PVC	CPVC	PE
250	NA	X	QPL	X	QPL	NA	NA	X	QPL	X	NA	X	QPL	X
300	IV	x	QPL	X	QPL	QPL	V	x	QPL	x	V	x	QPL	x
375	IV	X	QPL	NA	NA	QPL	v	X	QPL	NA	v	x	QPL	NA
450	IV	X	QPL	X	NA	NA	V	X	QPL	X	V	X	QPL	X
525	IV	X	QPL	NA	NA	NA	v	X	QPL	NA	v	X	QPL	ŇÁ
600	IV	Χ	QPL	Χ	NA	NA	V	Х	QPL	Х	V	Х	QPL	Х
675	IV	Х	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	Х	NA	NA	V	Х	NA	NA
750	IV	Χ	QPL	Χ	NA	QPL	V	Х	QPL	Х	V	Χ	QPL	Χ
825	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
900	IV	Χ	QPL	Χ	NA	NA	V	Χ	QPL	Χ	V	Х	QPL	Χ
1050	IV	Χ	NA	Χ	NA	NA	V	Х	NA	Х	V	Х	NA	X
1200	IV	Χ	NA	Χ	NA	NA	V	X	NA	X	V	Χ	NA	Χ
1350	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
1500	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
1650	IV	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
1800	V	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA	V	NA	NA	NA
1950	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	110	NA	NA	NA	130	NA	NA	NA
2100	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	110	NA	NA	NA	130	NA	NA	NA
2250	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	110	NA	NA	NA	130	NA	NA	NA
2400	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	120	NA	NA	NA	130	NA	NA	NA
2550	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	120	NA	NA	NA	130	NA	NA	NA
2700	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	120	NA	NA	NA	130	NA	NA	NA

RCCP Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe (RCCP with a number instead of a Roman numeral shall be furnished according to AASHTO M170 Section 6. This number represents the D-load to produce a 25.4 micro-meter crack.)

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe

CPVC Corrugated Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe with a Smooth Interior

PE Polyethylene Pipe

CPE Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior CPP Corrugated Polypropylene Pipe with a Smooth Interior

X Permitted

QPL Permitted for the producers approved for that diameter in the Department's qualified product list

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1040.03 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe. Acceptance testing of PVC pipe and fittings shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which they are installed. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements."

Revise Article 1040.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Corrugated PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The manufacturer shall be listed as compliant through the NTPEP program and the pipe shall be according to AASHTO M 294 (nominal size – 12 to 60 in. (300 to 1500 mm)). The pipe shall be Type S or D."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.04(d) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(d) PE Pipe with a Smooth Interior. The pipe shall be according to ASTM F 714 (DR 32.5) with a minimum cell classification of PE 335434 as defined in ASTM D 3350."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1040.08 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1040.08 Polypropylene (PP) Pipe. Storage and handling shall be according to the manufacturer's recommendations, except in no case shall the pipe be exposed to direct sunlight for more than six months. Acceptance testing of the pipe shall be accomplished during the same construction season in which it is installed. The pipe shall meet the following additional requirements."

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION (BDE)

Effective: September 1, 2000 Revised: March 2, 2019

<u>FEDERAL OBLIGATION</u>. The Department of Transportation, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts. Consequently, the federal regulatory provisions of 49 CFR Part 26 apply to this contract concerning the utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises. For the purposes of this Special Provision, a disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) means a business certified by the Department in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and listed in the Illinois Unified Certification Program (IL UCP) DBE Directory.

STATE OBLIGATION. This Special Provision will also be used by the Department to satisfy the requirements of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, 30 ILCS 575. When this Special Provision is used to satisfy state law requirements on 100 percent state-funded contracts, the federal government has no involvement in such contracts (not a federal-aid contract) and no responsibility to oversee the implementation of this Special Provision by the Department on those contracts. DBE participation on 100 percent state-funded contracts will not be credited toward fulfilling the Department's annual overall DBE goal required by the US Department of Transportation to comply with the federal DBE program requirements.

<u>CONTRACTOR ASSURANCE</u>. The Contractor makes the following assurance and agrees to include the assurance in each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor.

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of contracts funded in whole or in part with federal or state funds. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Withholding progress payments;
- (b) Assessing sanctions;
- (c) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (d) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

OVERALL GOAL SET FOR THE DEPARTMENT. As a requirement of compliance with 49 CFR Part 26, the Department has set an overall goal for DBE participation in its federally assisted contracts. That goal applies to all federal-aid funds the Department will expend in its federally assisted contracts for the subject reporting fiscal year. The Department is required to make a good faith effort to achieve the overall goal. The dollar amount paid to all approved DBE companies performing work called for in this contract is eligible to be credited toward fulfillment of the Department's overall goal.

CONTRACT GOAL TO BE ACHIEVED BY THE CONTRACTOR. This contract includes a specific DBE utilization goal established by the Department. The goal has been included because the Department has determined the work of this contract has subcontracting opportunities that may be suitable for performance by DBE companies. The determination is based on an assessment of the type of work, the location of the work, and the availability of DBE companies to do a part of the work. The assessment indicates, in the absence of unlawful discrimination and in an arena of fair and open competition, DBE companies can be expected to perform 8.00% of the work. This percentage is set as the DBE participation goal for this contract. Consequently, in addition to the other award criteria established for this contract, the Department will only award this contract to a bidder who makes a good faith effort to meet this goal of DBE participation in the performance of the work. A bidder makes a good faith effort for award consideration if either of the following is done in accordance with the procedures set for in this Special Provision:

- (a) The bidder documents enough DBE participation has been obtained to meet the goal or,
- (b) The bidder documents a good faith effort has been made to meet the goal, even though the effort did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to meet the goal.

<u>DBE LOCATOR REFERENCES</u>. Bidders shall consult the IL UCP DBE Directory as a reference source for DBE-certified companies. In addition, the Department maintains a letting and item specific DBE locator information system whereby DBE companies can register their interest in providing quotes on particular bid items advertised for letting. Information concerning DBE companies willing to quote work for particular contracts may be obtained by contacting the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises at telephone number (217) 785-4611, or by visiting the Department's website at:

http://www.idot.illinois.gov/doing-business/certifications/disadvantaged-business-enterprise-certification/il-ucp-directory/index.

<u>BIDDING PROCEDURES</u>. Compliance with this Special Provision is a material bidding requirement and failure of the bidder to comply will render the bid not responsive.

The bidder shall submit a DBE Utilization Plan (form SBE 2026), and a DBE Participation Statement (form SBE 2025) for each DBE company proposed for the performance of work to achieve the contract goal, with the bid. If the Utilization Plan indicates the contract goal will not be met, documentation of good faith efforts shall also be submitted. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for work on the contract. The required forms and documentation must be submitted as a single .pdf file using the "Integrated Contractor Exchange (iCX)" application within the Department's "EBids System".

The Department will not accept a Utilization Plan if it does not meet the bidding procedures set forth herein and the bid will be declared not responsive. In the event the bid is declared not responsive, the Department may elect to cause the forfeiture of the penal sum of the bidder's proposal guaranty and may deny authorization to bid the project if re-advertised for bids.

GOOD FAITH EFFORT PROCEDURES. The contract will not be awarded until the Utilization Plan is approved. All information submitted by the bidder must be complete, accurate and adequately document enough DBE participation has been obtained or document the good faith efforts of the bidder, in the event enough DBE participation has not been obtained, before the Department will commit to the performance of the contract by the bidder. The Utilization Plan will be approved by the Department if the Utilization Plan documents sufficient commercially useful DBE work to meet the contract goal or the bidder submits sufficient documentation of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. This means the bidder must show that all necessary and reasonable steps were taken to achieve the contract goal. Necessary and reasonable steps are those which, by their scope, intensity and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not successful. The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the kinds of efforts the bidder has made. Mere pro forma efforts, in other words efforts done as a matter of form, are not good faith efforts; rather, the bidder is expected to have taken genuine efforts that would be reasonably expected of a bidder actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficient to meet the contract goal.

- (a) The following is a list of types of action that the Department will consider as part of the evaluation of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain participation. These listed factors are not intended to be a mandatory checklist and are not intended to be exhaustive. Other factors or efforts brought to the attention of the Department may be relevant in appropriate cases and will be considered by the Department.
 - (1) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBE companies that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE companies to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE companies are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 - (2) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE companies in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.

- (3) Providing interested DBE companies with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (4) a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE companies. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE companies that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE companies to perform the work.
 - b. A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE companies is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also the ability or desire of a bidder to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE companies if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable. In accordance with the above Bidding Procedures, the documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.
- (5) Not rejecting DBE companies as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (6) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Contractor.
- (7) Making efforts to assist interested DBE companies in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (8) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBE companies.
- (b) If the Department determines the bidder has made a good faith effort to secure the work commitment of DBE companies to meet the contract goal, the Department will award the contract provided it is otherwise eligible for award. If the Department determines the bidder has failed to meet the requirements of this Special Provision or that a good faith effort has not been made, the Department will notify the responsible company official

designated in the Utilization Plan that the bid is not responsive. The notification will also include a statement of reasons for the adverse determination. If the Utilization Plan is not approved because it is deficient as a technical matter, unless waived by the Department, the bidder will be notified and will be allowed no more than a five calendar day period to cure the deficiency.

(c) The bidder may request administrative reconsideration of an adverse determination by emailing the Department at "DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov" within the five calendar days after the receipt of the notification of the determination. The determination shall become final if a request is not made on or before the fifth calendar day. A request may provide additional written documentation or argument concerning the issues raised in the determination statement of reasons, provided the documentation and arguments address efforts made prior to submitting the bid. The request will be reviewed by the Department's Reconsideration Officer. The Reconsideration Officer will extend an opportunity to the bidder to meet in person to consider all issues of documentation and whether the bidder made a good faith effort to meet the goal. After the review by the Reconsideration Officer, the bidder will be sent a written decision within ten working days after receipt of the request for reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. A final decision by the Reconsideration Officer that a good faith effort was made shall approve the Utilization Plan submitted by the bidder and shall clear the contract for award. A final decision that a good faith effort was not made shall render the bid not responsive.

<u>CALCULATING DBE PARTICIPATION</u>. The Utilization Plan values represent work anticipated to be performed and paid for upon satisfactory completion. The Department is only able to count toward the achievement of the overall goal and the contract goal the value of payments made for the work actually performed by DBE companies. In addition, a DBE must perform a commercially useful function on the contract to be counted. A commercially useful function is generally performed when the DBE is responsible for the work and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The Department and Contractor are governed by the provisions of 49 CFR Part 26.55(c) on questions of commercially useful functions as it affects the work. Specific counting guidelines are provided in 49 CFR Part 26.55, the provisions of which govern over the summary contained herein.

- (a) DBE as the Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goals.
- (b) DBE as a joint venture Contractor: 100 percent goal credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work performed by the DBE's own forces.
- (c) DBE as a subcontractor: 100 percent goal credit for the work of the subcontract performed by the DBE's own forces, including the cost of materials and supplies, excluding the purchase of materials and supplies or the lease of equipment by the DBE subcontractor from the Contractor or its affiliates. Work that a DBE subcontractor in turn subcontracts to a non-DBE does not count toward the DBE goal.
- (d) DBE as a trucker: 100 percent goal credit for trucking participation provided the DBE is responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible. At least one truck owned, operated, licensed, and insured by the DBE must be used on the contract. Credit will be given for the following:

- (1) The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
- (2) The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission is receives as a result of the lease arrangement.
- (e) DBE as a material supplier:
 - (1) 60 percent goal credit for the cost of the materials or supplies purchased from a DBE regular dealer.
 - (2) 100 percent goal credit for the cost of materials of supplies obtained from a DBE manufacturer.
 - (3) 100 percent credit for the value of reasonable fees and commissions for the procurement of materials and supplies if not a DBE regular dealer or DBE manufacturer.

CONTRACT COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this Special Provision is an essential part of the contract. The Department is prohibited by federal regulations from crediting the participation of a DBE included in the Utilization Plan toward either the contract goal or the Department's overall goal until the amount to be applied toward the goals has been paid to the DBE. The following administrative procedures and remedies govern the compliance by the Contractor with the contractual obligations established by the Utilization Plan. After approval of the Utilization Plan and award of the contract, the Utilization Plan and individual DBE Participation Statements become part of the contract. If the Contractor did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to achieve the advertised contract goal, and the Utilization Plan was approved and contract awarded based upon a determination of good faith, the total dollar value of DBE work calculated in the approved Utilization Plan as a percentage of the awarded contract value shall become the amended contract goal. All work indicated for performance by an approved DBE shall be performed, managed, and supervised by the DBE executing the DBE Participation Commitment Statement.

- (a) <u>NO AMENDMENT</u>. No amendment to the Utilization Plan may be made without prior written approval from the Department's Bureau of Small Business Enterprises. All requests for amendment to the Utilization Plan shall be emailed to the Department at <u>DOT.DBE.UP@illinois.gov</u>.
- (b) <u>CHANGES TO WORK</u>. Any deviation from the DBE condition-of-award or contract plans, specifications, or special provisions must be approved, in writing, by the Department as provided elsewhere in the Contract. The Contractor shall notify affected DBEs in writing of any changes in the scope of work which result in a reduction in the dollar amount condition-of-award to the contract. Where the revision includes work committed to a new DBE subcontractor, not previously involved in the project, then a Request for Approval of Subcontractor, Department form BC 260A or AER 260A, must be signed and submitted. If the commitment of work is in the form of additional tasks assigned to an existing subcontract, a new Request for Approval of Subcontractor will not be required. However,

the Contractor must document efforts to assure the existing DBE subcontractor is capable of performing the additional work and has agreed in writing to the change.

- (c) <u>SUBCONTRACT</u>. The Contractor must provide copies of DBE subcontracts to the Department upon request. Subcontractors shall ensure that all lower tier subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials be performed in accordance with this Special Provision.
- (d) <u>ALTERNATIVE WORK METHODS</u>. In addition to the above requirements for reductions in the condition of award, additional requirements apply to the two cases of Contractorinitiated work substitution proposals. Where the contract allows alternate work methods which serve to delete or create underruns in condition of award DBE work, and the Contractor selects that alternate method or, where the Contractor proposes a substitute work method or material that serves to diminish or delete work committed to a DBE and replace it with other work, then the Contractor must demonstrate one of the following:
 - (1) The replacement work will be performed by the same DBE (as long as the DBE is certified in the respective item of work) in a modification of the condition of award; or
 - (2) The DBE is aware its work will be deleted or will experience underruns and has agreed in writing to the change. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so; or
 - (3) The DBE is not capable of performing the replacement work or has declined to perform the work at a reasonable competitive price. If this occurs, the Contractor shall substitute other work of equivalent value to a certified DBE or provide documentation of good faith efforts to do so.
- (e) TERMINATION AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES. The Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE listed on the approved Utilization Plan, or perform with other forces work designated for a listed DBE except as provided in this Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the Contractor obtains the Department's written consent as provided in subsection (a) of this part. Unless Department consent is provided for termination of a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the DBE in the Utilization Plan.

As stated above, the Contractor shall not terminate or replace a DBE subcontractor listed in the approved Utilization Plan without prior written consent. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm. Written consent will be granted only if the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises agrees, for reasons stated in its concurrence document, that the Contractor has good cause to terminate or replace the DBE firm. Before transmitting to the Bureau of Small Business Enterprises any request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Bureau, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor shall give the DBE five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE so notified shall advise the Bureau and the Contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the Bureau

should not approve the Contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity, the Bureau may provide a response period shorter than five days.

For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor;
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law.
- (6) The Contractor has determined the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the projects and provides written notice to the Contractor of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE subcontractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the Contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the Contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

When a DBE is terminated or fails to complete its work on the Contract for any reason, the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to find another DBE to substitute for the original DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the terminated DBE to the extent needed to meet the established Contract goal. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the Contractor. If the Department requests documentation under this provision, the Contractor shall submit the documentation within seven days, which may be extended for an additional seven days if necessary at the request of the Contractor. The Department will provide a written determination to the Contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

- (f) FINAL PAYMENT. After the performance of the final item of work or delivery of material by a DBE and final payment therefore to the DBE by the Contractor, but not later than 30 calendar days after payment has been made by the Department to the Contractor for such work or material, the Contractor shall submit a DBE Payment Agreement on Department form SBE 2115 to the Resident Engineer. If full and final payment has not been made to the DBE, the DBE Payment Agreement shall indicate whether a disagreement as to the payment required exists between the Contractor and the DBE or if the Contractor believes the work has not been satisfactorily completed. If the Contractor does not have the full amount of work indicated in the Utilization Plan performed by the DBE companies indicated in the Utilization Plan and after good faith efforts are reviewed, the Department may deduct from contract payments to the Contractor the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated and ascertained damages. The Contractor may request an administrative reconsideration of any amount deducted as damages pursuant to subsection (h) of this part.
- (g) <u>ENFORCEMENT</u>. The Department reserves the right to withhold payment to the Contractor to enforce the provisions of this Special Provision. Final payment shall not be made on the contract until such time as the Contractor submits sufficient documentation demonstrating achievement of the goal in accordance with this Special Provision or after liquidated damages have been determined and collected.
- (h) <u>RECONSIDERATION</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, including but not limited to Article 109.09 of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor may request administrative reconsideration of a decision to deduct the amount of the goal not achieved as liquidated damages. A request to reconsider shall be delivered to the Contract Compliance Section and shall be handled and considered in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (c) of "Good Faith Effort Procedures" of this Special Provision, except a final decision that a good faith effort was not made during contract performance to achieve the goal agreed to in the Utilization Plan shall be the final administrative decision of the Department. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

ILLINOIS WORKS APPRENTICESHIP INITIATIVE - STATE FUNDED CONTRACTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2021 Revised: September 2, 2021

<u>Illinois Works Jobs Program Act (30 ILCS 559/20-1 et seq.)</u>. For contracts having an awarded contract value of \$500,000 or more, the Contractor shall comply with the Illinois Works Apprenticeship Initiative (30 ILCS 559/20-20 to 20-25) and all applicable administrative rules. The goal of the Illinois Apprenticeship Works Initiative is that apprentices will perform either 10% of the total labor hours actually worked in each prevailing wage classification or 10% of the estimated labor hours in each prevailing wage classification, whichever is less. The Contractor may seek from the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) a waiver or reduction of this goal in certain circumstances pursuant to 30 ILCS 559/20-20(b). The Contractor shall ensure compliance during the term of the contract and will be required to report on and certify its compliance. An apprentice use plan, apprentice hours, and a compliance certification shall be submitted to the Engineer on forms provided by the Department and/or DCEO.

PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDER (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2023

Revise Article 1032.05 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1032.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder. These materials will be accepted according to the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure." The Department will maintain a qualified producer list. These materials shall be free from water and shall not foam when heated to any temperature below the actual flash point. Air blown asphalt, recycle engine oil bottoms (ReOB), and polyphosphoric acid (PPA) modification shall not be used.

When requested, producers shall provide the Engineer with viscosity/temperature relationships for the performance graded asphalt binders delivered and incorporated in the work.

(a) Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans and the following.

Test	Parameter
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113) BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)	-5 °C min.

(b) Modified Performance Graded (PG) Asphalt Binder. The asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 320, Table 1 "Standard Specification for Performance Graded Asphalt Binder" for the grade shown on the plans.

Asphalt binder modification shall be performed at the source, as defined in the Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Qualification Procedure."

Modified asphalt binder shall be safe to handle at asphalt binder production and storage temperatures or HMA construction temperatures. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) shall be provided for all asphalt modifiers.

(1) Polymer Modification (SB/SBS or SBR). Elastomers shall be added to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade and shall be either a styrene-butadiene diblock, triblock copolymer without oil extension, or a styrenebutadiene rubber. The polymer modified asphalt binder shall be smooth, homogeneous, and be according to the requirements shown in Table 1 or 2 for the grade shown on the plans.

Table 1 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Copolymer (SB/SBS) Modified Asphalt Binders								
Test	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-28 SB/SBS PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SB/SBS PG 76-22 SB/SBS PG 76-28						
Separation of Polymer ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder" Difference in °F (°C) of the softening point between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.						
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)								
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, %	60 min.	70 min.						

Table 2 - Requirements for Styrene-Butadiene Rubber (SBR) Modified Asphalt Binders							
Test	Asphalt Grade SBR PG 64-28 SBR PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade SB/SBS PG 64-34 SB/SBS PG 70-28 SBR PG 76-22 SBR PG 76-28					
Separation of Polymer							
ITP, "Separation of Polymer from Asphalt							
Binder"							
Difference in °F (°C) of the softening point							
between top and bottom portions	4 (2) max.	4 (2) max.					
Toughness							
ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),							
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	110 (12.5) min.	110 (12.5) min.					
Tenacity							
ASTM D 5801, 77 °F (25 °C),	,_ ,						
20 in./min. (500 mm/min.), inlbs (N-m)	75 (8.5) min.	75 (8.5) min.					
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)							
Elastic Recovery							
ASTM D 6084, Procedure A,							
77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, %	40 min.	50 min.					

(2) Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modification. GTR modification is the addition of recycled ground tire rubber to liquid asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. GTR shall be produced from processing automobile and/or truck tires by the ambient grinding method or micronizing through a cryogenic process. GTR shall not exceed 1/16 in. (2 mm) in any dimension and shall not contain free metal particles, moisture that would cause foaming of the asphalt, or other foreign materials. A mineral powder (such as talc) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 17 may be added, up to a maximum of four percent by weight of GTR to reduce sticking and caking of the GTR

particles. When tested in accordance with Illinois Modified AASHTO T 27 "Standard Method of Test for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates" or AASHTO PP 74 "Standard Practice for Determination of Size and Shape of Glass Beads Used in Traffic Markings by Means of Computerized Optical Method", a 50 g sample of the GTR shall conform to the following gradation requirements.

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
No. 16 (1.18 mm)	100
No. 30 (600 µm)	95 ± 5
No. 50 (300 µm)	> 20

GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for rotational viscosity according to AASHTO T 316 using spindle S27. GTR modified asphalt binder shall be tested for original dynamic shear and RTFO dynamic shear according to AASHTO T 315 using a gap of 2 mm.

The GTR modified asphalt binder shall meet the requirements of Table 3.

Table 3 - Requirements for Ground Tire Rubber (GTR) Modified Asphalt Binders								
Test	Asphalt Grade GTR PG 64-28 GTR PG 70-22	Asphalt Grade GTR PG 76-22 GTR PG 76-28 GTR PG 70-28						
TESTS ON RESIDUE FROM ROLLING THIN FILM OVEN TEST (AASHTO T 240)								
Elastic Recovery ASTM D 6084, Procedure A, 77 °F (25 °C), 100 mm elongation, %	60 min.	70 min.						

(3) Softener Modification (SM). Softener modification is the addition of organic compounds, such as engineered flux, bio-oil blends, modified vegetable oils, glycol amines, and fatty acid derivatives, to the base asphalt binder to achieve the specified performance grade. Softeners shall be dissolved, dispersed, or reacted in the asphalt binder to enhance its performance and shall remain compatible with the asphalt binder with no separation. Softeners shall not be added to modified PG asphalt binder as defined in Articles 1032.05(b)(1) or 1032.05(b)(2).

An Attenuated Total Reflectance-Fourier Transform Infrared spectrum (ATR-FTIR) shall be collected for both the softening compound as well as the softener modified asphalt binder at the dose intended for qualification. The ATR-FTIR spectra shall be collected on unaged softener modified binder, 20-hour Pressurized Aging Vessel (PAV) aged softener modified binder, and 40-hour PAV aged softener modified binder. The ATR-FTIR shall be collected in accordance with Illinois Test Procedure 601. The electronic files spectral files (in one of the following extensions or equivalent: *.SPA, *.SPG, *.IRD, *.IFG, *.CSV, *.SP, *.IRS, *.GAML, *.[0-9], *.IGM, *.ABS, *.DRT, *.SBM, *.RAS) shall be submitted to the Central Bureau of Materials.

Softener modified asphalt binders shall meet the requirements in Table 4.

Table 4 - Requirements for Softener Modified Asphalt Binders		
	Asphalt Grade	
	SM PG 46-28 SM PG 46-34	
Test	SM PG 52-28 SM PG 52-34	
	SM PG 58-22 SM PG 58-28	
	SM PG 64-22	
Small Strain Parameter (AASHTO PP 113)		
BBR, ΔTc, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs continuous	-5°C min.	
or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)		
Large Strain Parameter (Illinois Modified		
AASHTO T 391) DSR/LAS Fatigue	≥ 54 %	
Property, Δ G* peak τ, 40 hrs PAV (40 hrs	≥ 54 %	
continuous or 2 PAV at 20 hrs)		

The following grades may be specified as tack coats.

Asphalt Grade	Use
PG 58-22, PG 58-28, PG 64-22	Tack Coat"

Revise Article 1031.06(c)(1) and 1031.06(c)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(1) RAP/RAS. When RAP is used alone or RAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin ABR shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA Mixtures - RAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/2/			
Ndesign Binder Surface Polymer Modified Binder or Surface 3			
30	30	30	10
50	25	15	10
70	15	10	10
90	10	10	10

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the RAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When RAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for ground tire rubber (GTR) modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes.

(2) FRAP/RAS. When FRAP is used alone or FRAP is used in conjunction with RAS, the percentage of virgin asphalt binder replacement shall not exceed the amounts listed in the following table.

HMA Mixtures - FRAP/RAS Maximum ABR % 1/2/			
Ndesign Binder Surfa		Surface	Polymer Modified Binder or Surface ^{3/}
30	55	45	15
50	45	40	15
70	45	35	15
90	45	35	15
SMA			25
IL-4.75			35

- 1/ For Low ESAL HMA shoulder and stabilized subbase, the FRAP/RAS ABR shall not exceed 50 percent of the mixture.
- 2/ When FRAP/RAS ABR exceeds 20 percent for all mixes, the high and low virgin asphalt binder grades shall each be reduced by one grade (i.e. 25 percent ABR would require a virgin asphalt binder grade of PG 64-22 to be reduced to a PG 58-28).
- 3/ The maximum ABR percentages for GTR modified mixes shall be equivalent to the percentages specified for SBS/SBR polymer modified mixes."

Add the following to the end of Note 2 of Article 1030.03 of the Standard Specifications.

"A dedicated storage tank for the ground tire rubber (GTR) modified asphalt binder shall be provided. This tank shall be capable of providing continuous mechanical mixing throughout and/or recirculation of the asphalt binder to provide a uniform mixture. The tank shall be heated and capable of maintaining the temperature of the asphalt binder at 300 °F to 350 °F (149 °C to 177 °C). The asphalt binder metering systems of dryer drum plants shall be calibrated with the actual GTR modified asphalt binder material with an accuracy of ± 0.40 percent."

SEEDING (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2022

Revise Article 250.07 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"250.07 Seeding Mixtures. The classes of seeding mixtures and combinations of mixtures will be designated in the plans.

When an area is to be seeded with two or more seeding classes, those mixtures shall be applied separately on the designated area within a seven day period. Seeding shall occur prior to placement of mulch cover. A Class 7 mixture can be applied at any time prior to applying any seeding class or added to them and applied at the same time.

		TABLE 1 - SEEDING MIXTURES	
Class -	- Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
1	Lawn Mixture 1/	Kentucky Bluegrass	100 (110)
		Perennial Ryegrass	60 (70)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	40 (50)
1A	Salt Tolerant	Kentucky Bluegrass	60 (70)
	Lawn Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	20 (20)
		Festuca brevipilla (Hard Fescue)	20 (20)
		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70)
1B	Low Maintenance	Turf-Type Fine Fescue 3/	150 (170)
	Lawn Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Red Top	10 (10)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	20 (20)
2	Roadside Mixture 1/	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue)	100 (110)
		Perennial Ryegrass	50 (55)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	40 (50)
		Red Top	10 (10)
2A	Salt Tolerant	Lolium arundinaceum (Tall Fescue)	60 (70)
	Roadside Mixture 1/	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
		Festuca rubra ssp. rubra (Creeping Red Fescue)	30 (20)
		Festuca brevipila (Hard Fescue)	30 (20)
_		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	60 (70)
3	Northern Illinois	Elymus canadensis	5 (5)
	Slope Mixture 1/	(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	20 (20)
		Perennial Ryegrass Alsike Clover 4/	20 (20)
		Desmanthus illinoensis	5 (5) 2 (2)
		(Illinois Bundleflower) 4/ 5/	2 (2)
		Schizachyrium scoparium	12 (12)
		(Little Bluestem) 5/	(/
		Boùteloua curtipendula	10 (10)
		(Side-Oats Grama) 5/	` ,
		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	30 (35)
		Oats, Spring	50 (55)
		Slender Wheat Grass 5/	15 (15)
		Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/	5 (5)
3A	Southern Illinois	Perennial Ryegrass	20 (20)
	Slope Mixture 1/	Elymus canadensis	20 (20)
		(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	40 (40)
		Panicum virgatum (Switchgrass) 5/	10 (10)
		Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	12 (12)
		Bouteloua curtipendula	10 (10)
		(Side-Oats Grama) 5/	10 (10)
		Dalea candida	5 (5)
		(White Prairie Clover) 4/ 5/	0 (0)
		Rudbeckia hirta (Black-Eyed Susan) 5/	5 (5)
		Oats, Spring	50 (5 5)

Class	– Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
4	Native Grass 2/ 6/	Andropogon gerardi (Big Blue Stem) 5/	4 (4)
		Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	1 (1)
		Panicum virgatum (Switch Grass) 5/	1 (1)
		Sorghastrum nutans (Indian Grass) 5/	2 (2)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Perennial Ryegrass	15 (15)
4A	Low Profile Native Grass 2/ 6/	Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Bouteloua curtipendula (Side-Oats Grama) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis (Canada Wild Rye) 5/	1 (1)
		Sporobolus heterolepis (Prairie Dropseed) 5/	0.5 (0.5)
		Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
		Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Perennial Ryegrass	15 (15)
4B	Wetland Grass and	Annual Ryegrass	25 (25)
	Sedge Mixture 2/ 6/	Oats, Spring	25 (25)
		Wetland Grasses (species below) 5/	6 (6)
	Species:		% By Weight
	_	densis (Blue Joint Grass)	12
	Carex lacustris (Lak		6
	Carex slipata (Awl-F		6
	Carex stricta (Tusso		6
	Carex vulpinoidea (F		6
		s (Needle Spike Rush)	3
	Eleocharis obtusa (Blunt Spike Rush)		3
	Glyceria striata (Fowl Manna Grass)		14
	Juncus effusus (Cor	6	
	Juncus tenuis (Slene	6 6	
	Juncus torreyi (Torre Leersia oryzoides (F	0 10	
		d-Stemmed Bulrush)	3
	Scirpus atrovirens (I		3
		fatilis (River Bulrush)	3
			3
1	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani (Softstem Bulrush) Spartina pectinata (Cord Grass)		4

Class -	– Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
5	Forb with	Annuals Mixture (Below)	1 (1)
	Annuals Mixture 2/ 5/ 6/	Forb Mixture (Below)	10 (10)
		not exceeding 25 % by weight of species, of the following:	
	Coreopsis lanceolata (S Leucanthemum maximu Gaillardia pulchella (Blai Ratibida columnifera (Pr Rudbeckia hirta (Black-E	<i>m</i> (Shasta Daisy) nket Flower) airie Coneflower)	
	Forb Mixture - Mixture not any one spec		
	Silphium laciniatum (Col Silphium terebinthinace	mble Weed) terfly Weed) Aster) Smooth Aster) w England Aster) te Wild Indigo) 4/ trie Coreopsis) Purple Coneflower) tattlesnake Master) y Sunflower) (Ox-Eye) azing Star) airie Blazing Star) te Bergamot) to (Wild Quinine) trairie Clover) 4/ Prairie Clover) 4/ False Dragonhead) Cinquefoil) to Coneflower) ta (Fragrant Coneflower) mpass Plant) tum (Prairie Dock)	
	Oligoneuron rigidum (Ri Tradescantia ohiensis (S	gid Goldenrod)	
	Veronicastrum virginicur		

Class -	– Туре	Seeds	lb/acre (kg/hectare)
5A	Large Flower Native Forb Mixture 2/ 5/ 6		5 (5)
	Species:		% By Weight
		ıliae (New England Aster)	5
		la (Pale Purple Coneflower)	10
		s (Downy Sunflower)	10
	Heliopsis heliant		10
		chya (Prairie Blazing Star)	10
		(Yellow Coneflower)	5
		(Black-Eyed Susan)	10
		tum (Compass Plant)	10
		thinaceum (Prairie Dock) dum (Rigid Goldenrod)	20 10
5B	Wetland Forb 2/ 5/6	· -	2 (2)
	Species:		% By Weight
	Acorus calamus		3
		purea (Angelica)	6
		ata (Swamp Milkweed)	2
		Purple Stemmed Aster)	10
	Bidens cernua (E		7
		ulatum (Spotted Joe Pye Weed)	7 7
		oliatum (Boneset) Inale (Autumn Sneeze Weed)	2
		evei (Blue Flag Iris)	2
		s (Cardinal Flower)	5
		a (Great Blue Lobelia)	5
		(Winged Loosestrife)	2
		iniana (False Dragonhead)	5
	Persicaria pensy	vlvanica (Pennsylvania Smartweed)	10
		nifolia (Curlytop Knotweed)	10
		<i>virginianum</i> (Mountain Mint)	5
		iata (Cut-leaf Coneflower)	5
		dellii (Riddell Goldenrod)	2
		ycarpum (Giant Burreed)	5
6	Conservation Mixture 2/ 6/	Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Blue Stem) 5/	5 (5)
		Elymus canadensis	2 (2)
		(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	F (F)
		Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/	5 (5)
		Vernal Alfalfa 4/ Oats, Spring	15 (15) 48 (55)
6A	Salt Tolerant	Schizachyrium scoparium	5 (5)
<i>5,</i> (Conservation	(Little Blue Stem) 5/	J (J)
	Mixture 2/ 6/	Elymus canadensis	2 (2)
		(Canada Wild Rye) 5/	(/
		Buffalo Grass 5/ 7/	5 (5)
		Vernal Alfalfa 4/	15 (15)
		Oats, Spring	48 (55)
		Puccinellia distans (Fults Saltgrass or Salty Alkaligrass)	20 (20)
7	Temporary Turf	Perennial Ryegrass	50 (55)
	Cover Mixture	Oats, Spring	64 (70)

Notes:

- 1/ Seeding shall be performed when the ambient temperature has been between 45 °F (7 °C) and 80 °F (27 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and is forecasted to be the same for the next five (5) days according to the National Weather Service.
- 2/ Seeding shall be performed in late fall through spring beginning when the ambient temperature has been below 45 °F (7 °C) for a minimum of seven (7) consecutive days and ending when the ambient temperature exceeds 80 °F (27 °C) according to the National Weather Service.
- 3/ Specific variety as shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.
- 4/ Inoculation required.
- 5/ Pure Live Seed (PLS) shall be used.
- 6/ Fertilizer shall not be used.
- 7/ Seed shall be primed with KNO₃ to break dormancy and dyed to indicate such.

Seeding will be inspected after a period of establishment. The period of establishment shall be six (6) months minimum, but not to exceed nine (9) months. After the period of establishment, areas not exhibiting 75 percent uniform growth shall be interseeded or reseeded, as determined by the Engineer, at no additional cost to the Department."

SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE PAYMENT REPORTING (BDE)

Effective: April 2, 2018

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

- "109.14 Subcontractor and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Payment Reporting. The Contractor shall report all payments made to the following parties:
 - (a) first tier subcontractors;
 - (b) lower tier subcontractors affecting disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) goal credit;
 - (c) material suppliers or trucking firms that are part of the Contractor's submitted DBE utilization plan.

The report shall be made through the Department's on-line subcontractor payment reporting system within 21 days of making the payment."

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017

Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than \$10,000	25%
\$10,000 to less than \$20,000	20%
\$20,000 to less than \$40,000	18%
\$40,000 to less than \$60,000	16%
\$60,000 to less than \$80,000	14%
\$80,000 to less than \$100,000	12%
\$100,000 to less than \$250,000	10%
\$250,000 to less than \$500,000	9%
\$500,000 to \$750,000	8%
Over \$750,000	7%"

SUBMISSION OF PAYROLL RECORDS (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2021 Revised: November 1, 2022

<u>FEDERAL AID CONTRACTS</u>. Revise the following section of Check Sheet #1 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

The payroll records shall include the worker's name, the worker's address, the worker's telephone number when available, the worker's social security number, the worker's classification or classifications, the worker's gross and net wages paid in each pay period, the worker's number of hours worked each day, and the worker's starting and ending times of work each day. However, any Contractor or subcontractor who remits contributions to a fringe benefit fund that is not jointly maintained and jointly governed by one or more employers and one or more labor organization must additionally submit the worker's hourly wage rate, the worker's hourly overtime wage rate, the worker's hourly fringe benefit rates, the name and address of each fringe benefit fund, the plan sponsor of each fringe benefit, if applicable, and the plan administrator of each fringe benefit, if applicable.

The Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software.

The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

<u>STATE CONTRACTS</u>. Revise Item 3 of Section IV of Check Sheet #5 of the Recurring Special Provisions to read:

"3. Submission of Payroll Records. The Contractor and each subcontractor shall, no later than the 15th day of each calendar month, file a certified payroll for the immediately preceding month to the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) through the Illinois Prevailing Wage Portal in compliance with the State Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130). The portal can be found on the IDOL website at https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/Prevailing-Wage-Portal.aspx. Payrolls shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the IDOL.

In addition to filing certified payroll(s) with the IDOL, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall certify and submit payroll records to the Department each week from the start to the completion of their respective work, except that full social security numbers shall not be included on weekly submittals. Instead, the payrolls shall include an identification number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). In addition, starting and ending times of work each day may be omitted from the payroll records submitted. The submittals shall be made using LCPtracker Pro software. The software is web-based and can be accessed at https://lcptracker.com/. When there has been no activity during a work week, a payroll record shall still be submitted with the appropriate option ("No Work", "Suspended", or "Complete") selected."

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WARNING LIGHTS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2021 Revised: November 1, 2022

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 701.08 of the Standard Specifications:

"The Contractor shall equip all vehicles and equipment with high-intensity oscillating, rotating, or flashing, amber or amber-and-white, warning lights which are visible from all directions. In accordance with 625 ILCS 5/12-215, the lights may only be in operation while the vehicle or equipment is engaged in construction operations."

WEEKLY DBE TRUCKING REPORTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2012 Revised: November 1, 2021

The Contractor shall submit a weekly report of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) trucks hired by the Contractor or subcontractors (i.e. not owned by the Contractor or subcontractors) that are used for DBE goal credit.

The report shall be submitted to the Engineer on Department form "SBE 723" within ten business days following the reporting period. The reporting period shall be Sunday through Saturday for each week reportable trucking activities occur.

Any costs associated with providing weekly DBE trucking reports shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed.

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(g) Temporary Sign Supports1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"701.15 Traffic Control Devices. For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"1106.02 Devices. Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

- "(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.
- (k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.
 - Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.
- (I) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

SWPPP





Illinois Department of Transportation	Storm Water Pollution Pre	evention Plan
Route	Marked Route	Section Number
TR 39 & TR 26	Morey Road & Seneca Road	(TR 39 & TR 26)RS&W
Project Number	County	Contract Number
	Grundy	66N26
		charge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. r storm water discharges from construction site
system designed to assure that qualified the person or persons who manage the s submitted is, to the best of my knowledg submitting false information, including the		n aware that there are significant penalties for ing violations.
Signature		Date
Mary Hermed		03-30-2023
Print Name	Title	Agency
Masood Ahmad, P.E.	Region Two Engineer	Illinois Department of Transportation
BDE) Manual. Chapter 41 and this form	on of BDE 2342 can be found in Chapter 41 of n also reference the IDOT Drainage Manual wh cation; include latitude and longitude, section, t	nich should be readily available.
(BDE) Manual. Chapter 41 and this form I. Site Description: A. Provide a description of the project to The project is located along More Principal Median within Grundy Capproximately N41°23'87", W88° beginning station along Seneca F	n also reference the IDOT Drainage Manual who cation; include latitude and longitude, section, the ey Road and Seneca Road in Section of County, Illinois. The beginning station at 34'36" with the ending station at appro-	town, and range: 32, Township 34N, Range 6E of the 3rd along Morey Road is located at eximately N41°23'5", W88°33'27". The
(BDE) Manual. Chapter 41 and this form I. Site Description: A. Provide a description of the project lo The project is located along More Principal Median within Grundy C approximately N41°23'87", W88° beginning station along Seneca F station at approximately N41°23'8 B. Provide a description of the construct	cation; include latitude and longitude, section, they Road and Seneca Road in Section 3 County, Illinois. The beginning station at approximately N41° 5", W88° 33'27".	town, and range: 32, Township 34N, Range 6E of the 3rd along Morey Road is located at eximately N41°23'5", W88°33'27". The °22'58", 88°33'26.5" with the ending
(BDE) Manual. Chapter 41 and this form I. Site Description: A. Provide a description of the project loose to project is located along More Principal Median within Grundy Capproximately N41°23'87", W88° beginning station along Seneca Fistation at approximately N41°23'8 B. Provide a description of the construct improvements, in-stream work, install The improvements include paved along Morey Road and Seneca Fistation and Seneca Fistation at Approximately N41°23'8	cation; include latitude and longitude, section, they Road and Seneca Road in Section County, Illinois. The beginning station at approximately N41° 5", W88° 33'27". Sign activity which is the subject of this plan. Including, maintenance, removal of erosion measure.	town, and range: 32, Township 34N, Range 6E of the 3rd along Morey Road is located at eximately N41°23'5", W88°33'27". The e°22'58", 88°33'26.5" with the ending clude the number of construction stages, drainage res, and permanent stabilization: sociated to roadside ditch reconstruction is work also includes associated
(BDE) Manual. Chapter 41 and this form I. Site Description: A. Provide a description of the project loose to project is located along More Principal Median within Grundy Capproximately N41°23'87", W88° beginning station along Seneca Fistation at approximately N41°23'8 B. Provide a description of the construct improvements, in-stream work, install The improvements include paved along Morey Road and Seneca Fistation and Seneca Fistation at Approximately N41°23'8	n also reference the IDOT Drainage Manual who cation; include latitude and longitude, section, they Road and Seneca Road in Section 3 County, Illinois. The beginning station at 34'36" with the ending station at approximately N41° 5", W88°33'27". Ition activity which is the subject of this plan. Including maintenance, removal of erosion measured shoulder widening and earthwork assessed within the limits of the project. Thucking access driveways and replacing	town, and range: 32, Township 34N, Range 6E of the 3rd along Morey Road is located at eximately N41°23'5", W88°33'27". The e°22'58", 88°33'26.5" with the ending clude the number of construction stages, drainage res, and permanent stabilization: sociated to roadside ditch reconstruction is work also includes associated
(BDE) Manual. Chapter 41 and this form I. Site Description: A. Provide a description of the project lo The project is located along More Principal Median within Grundy C approximately N41°23'87", W88° beginning station along Seneca F station at approximately N41°23'8 B. Provide a description of the construct improvements, in-stream work, install The improvements include paved along Morey Road and Seneca F appurtenances such as reconstruct. C. Provide the estimated duration of this Approx. 1 year	cation; include latitude and longitude, section, the property of the project. County, Illinois. The beginning station at appropriate approximately N41° 5", W88° 33'27". Identity of the subject of this plan. Including maintenance, removal of erosion measured shoulder widening and earthwork as a Road within the limits of the project. The project.	town, and range: 32, Township 34N, Range 6E of the 3rd along Morey Road is located at eximately N41°23'5", W88°33'27". The °22'58", 88°33'26.5" with the ending clude the number of construction stages, drainage res, and permanent stabilization: sociated to roadside ditch reconstruction is work also includes associated cross/driveway culvert.
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F. List all soils found within project boundaries; include map unit name, slope information, and erosivity:

152A - Drummer Silty Clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, 356A - Elpaso silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, 541B - Graymont silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, 614A Chenoa silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes.

G. If wetlands were delineated for this project, provide an extent of wetland acreage at the site; see Phase I report:

N/A

H. Provide a description of potentially erosive areas associated with this project:

Potential erosive areas involves earthwork associated to the reconstruction of the roadside swales along Moray and Seneca.

 The following is a description of soil disturbing activities by stages, their locations, and their erosive factors (e.g., steepness of slopes, length of slopes, etc.):

Construction disturbance will occur due to the presence of construction equipment, necessary excavation and removal of unwanted materials, regrading, and slopes/roadway swale regrading. The proposed reconstructed roadside swale shall be constructed with 3:1 front slopes and 2:1 backslopes to match grade. All cross culverts and driveway culverts within the limits of the project shall be replaced as necessary for the new roadside ditch profile. Culvert replacement will require soil disturbing work to excavate, backfill with trench backfill or suitable excavated materials in accordance to IDOT Specifications, and stabilize.

Paved shoulder widening along Morey and Seneca Road shall also require necessary excavation for pavement section aggregate and materials.

J. See the erosion control plans and/or drainage plans for this contract for information regarding drainage patterns, approximate slopes anticipated before and after major grading activities, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site and controls to prevent offsite sediment tracking (to be added after contractor identifies locations), areas of soil disturbance, the location of major structural and non-structural controls identified in the plan, the location of areas where stabilization practices are expected to occur, surface waters (including wetlands), and locations where storm water is discharged to surface water including wetlands.

K. Identify who owns the drainage system (municipality or agency) this project will drain into:

State

L. The following is a list of General NPDES ILR40 permittees within whose reporting jurisdiction this project is located:

N/A

M. The following is a list of receiving water(s) and the ultimate receiving water(s) for this site. In addition, include receiving waters that are listed as Biologically Significant Streams by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR). The location of the receiving waters can be found on the erosion and sediment control plans:

Morey Road and the portion of Seneca Road north of I-80 drain to an unnamed tributary of Nettle Creek which ultimately drains into the Illinois River.

N. Describe areas of the site that are to be protected or remain undisturbed. These areas may include steep slopes (i.e., 1:3 or steeper), highly erodible soils, streams, stream buffers, specimen trees, natural vegetation, nature preserves, etc. Include any commitments or requirements to protect adjacent wetlands.

For any storm water discharges from construction activities within 50-feet of Waters of the U.S. (except for activities for water-dependent structures authorized by a Section 404 permit, describe: a) How a 50-foot undisturbed natural buffer will be provided between the construction activity and the Waters of the U.S. or b) How additional erosion and sediment controls will be provided within that area.

All work shall be conducted within the Right-of-Ways of Morey Road and Seneca Road. Due to the nature of the proposed improvements, a majority of the existing open space/roadside swales shall be cleared and regraded.

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The downstream swales beyond the limits of work shall be protected by the appropriate soil erosion practices. Adjacent farmlands/lawns beyond the right of way shall also be protected by the appropriate soil erosion and construction practices. The Transportation Review for Ecological Compliance study was conducted to generate any possible resource conflicts within the project limits. It was determined that no wetlands resources are located within the construction limits. O. Per the Phase I document, the following sensitive environmental resources are associated with this project and may have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development. Further guidance on these resources is available in Section 41-4 of the BDE Manual. N/A 303(d) Listed receiving waters for suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation.

The name(s) of the listed water body, and identification of all pollutants causing impairment: N/A Provide a description of how erosion and sediment control practices will prevent a discharge of sediment resulting from a storm event equal to or greater than a twenty-five (25) year, twenty-four (24) hour rainfall event: Ditch Checks will be used in all ditches where runoff from disturbed areas is expected to flow. Inlet and Pipe Protection shall be used on all drainage structures to prevent siltation. Mulch shall be applied throughout the job-site to stabilize slopes and allow seeding to become established. Temporary Seeding shall be applied throughout job-site for stabilization as required. Erosion Control Blankets throughout job-site to stabilize slopes and channels to allow seeding to become established Provide a description of the location(s) of direct discharge from the project site to the 303(d) water body: Provide a description of the location(s) of any dewatering discharges to the MS4 and/or water body Applicable Federal, Tribal, State, or Local Programs N/A Floodplain N/A ☐ Historic Preservation N/A Receiving waters with Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for sediment, total suspended solids, turbidity or siltation TMDL (fill out this section if checked above) The name(s) of the listed water body: Provide a description of the erosion and sediment control strategy that will be incorporated into the site design that is consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL: If a specific numeric waste load allocation has been established that would apply to the project's discharges, provide a description of the necessary steps to meet that allocation N/A

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☐ Threatened and Endangered Species/Illinois Natural Areas ((INAI)/Nature Preserves	
N/A		
Other		-
Recognized Environmental Conditions		
Wetland		
N/A		
N/A P. The following pollutants of concern will be associated with this Antifreeze / Coolants	Solid Waste Debris Solvents Waste water from cleaning construction equipments Other (Specify) Other (Specify) Other (Specify) Other (Specify) Other (Specify) Other (Specify) The provided of the major construction activities described in Second measure discussed, the Contractor will be responsible for the Resident Engineer a plan for the implementation of the measure Resident Engineer of any proposed changes, maintenance, or Permit ILR10. Each such Contractor has signed the required certificates the coordinated, installed and maintained to:	Section r its s ication
maximize storm water infiltration, unless infease 4. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeases bl B. Stabilization Practices: Provided below is a description of in scheduling of the implementation of the practices. Site plans of disturbed portions of the site will be stabilized. Stabilization propriets and including, geotextiles, sodding, vegetative buffer strig appropriate measures. Except as provided below in II.B.1 and construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.	sible;	nd manent e ity in
Where the initiation of stabilization measures is precluded practicable.	by snow cover, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as	
On areas where construction activity has temporarily cease method can be used.	sed and will resume after fourteen (14) days, a temporary stabilization	on
The following stabilization practices will be used for this pr	oject:	
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	Temporary Turf (Seeding, Class 7)			
Geotextiles				
□ Permanent Seeding	Vegetated Buffer Strips			
Preservation of Mature Seeding	Other (Specify)			
Protection of Trees	Other (Specify)			
Sodding	Other (Specify)			
☐ Temporary Erosion Control Seeding	Other (Specify)			
Control Institution Control Polymer (Printed Control	Colombia A. Policia //			
Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized	during construction:			
During construction temporary erosion control seeding	-			
	nded periods. Similarly, mulch/blankets shall be applied			
to ensure slope stability while temporary seeding becon	nes established			
Describe how the stabilization practices listed above will be utilized	after construction activities have been completed:			
	e areas to remain. Mulch shall be applied over permanent			
seeded areas to maintain ground stabilization as perma	nent seeding becomes established.			
subsurface drains, pipe slope drains, level spreaders, storm drain	off and the discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. on barrier, earth dikes, drainage swales, sediment traps, ditch checks,			
Aggregate Ditch	Stabilized Construction Exits			
Concrete Revetment Mats	Stabilized Trench Flow			
Dust Suppression	Slope Mattress			
Dewatering Filtering	Slope Walls			
Gabions	☐ Temporary Ditch Check			
☐ In-Stream or Wetland Work	☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain			
Level Spreaders	Temporary Sediment Basin			
Paved Ditch	Temporary Stream Crossing			
Permanent Check Dams	Turf Reinforcement Mats			
Perimeter Erosion Barrier	Other (Specify)			
Permanent Sediment Basin	Other (Specify)			
Retaining Walls	Other (Specify)			
Riprap	Other (Specify)			
Rock Outlet Protection	Other (Specify)			
Sediment Trap	Other (Specify)			
Storm Drain Inlet Protection	Other (Specify)			
Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized du	uring construction:			
Temporary Ditch Checks will be used in all ditches whe				
Inlet and Pipe Protection shall be used on all drainage s				
..				
Describe how the structural practices listed above will be utilized aft	er construction activities have been completed:			
D. Treatment Chemicals				
Will polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals be utilized on this pr	roject: Yes X No			

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If yes above, identify where and how polymer flocculants or treatment chemicals will be utilized on this project

E. Permanent (i.e., Post-Construction) Storm Water Management Controls: Provided below is a description of measures that will be installed during the construction process to control volume and pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been completed. The installation of these devices may be subject to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

1. Such practices may include but are not limited to: storm water detention structures (including wet ponds), storm water retention structures, flow attenuation by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, infiltration of runoff on site, and sequential systems (which combine several practices).

The practices selected for implementation were determined based on the technical guidance in Chapter 41 (Construction Site Storm Water Pollution Control) of the IDOT BDE Manual. If practices other than those discussed in Chapter 41 are selected for implementation or if practices are applied to situations different from those covered in Chapter 41, the technical basis for such decisions will be explained below.

2. Velocity dissipation devices will be placed at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to provide a non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g., maintenance of hydrologic conditions such as the hydroperiod and hydrodynamics present prior to the initiation of construction activities).

Description of permanent storm water management controls:

All roadway improvements shall discharge stormwater runoff to roadside swales.

F. Approved State or Local Laws: The management practices, controls and provisions contained in this plan will be in accordance with IDOT specifications, which are at least as protective as the requirements contained in the IEPA's Illinois Urban Manual. Procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials shall be described or incorporated by reference in the space provided below. Requirements specified in sediment and erosion site plans, site permits, storm water management site plans or site permits approved by local officials that are applicable to protecting surface water resources are, upon submittal of an NOI, to be authorized to discharge under the Permit ILR10 incorporated by reference and are enforceable under this permit even if they are not specifically included in the plan.

Description of procedures and requirements specified in applicable sediment and erosion site plans or storm water management plans approved by local officials:

All management practices, controls and other provisions provided the local plans are in accordance with IDOT standards specifications and the Illinois Urban Manual

- G. Contractor Required Submittals: Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this plan, the Contractor and each subcontractor responsible for compliance with the permit shall submit to the Resident Engineer a Contractor Certification Statement, BDE 2342A.
- 1. The Contractor shall provide a construction schedule containing an adequate level of detail to show major activities with implementation of pollution prevention BMPs, including the following items:
 - Approximate duration of the project, including each stage of the project
 - Rainy season, dry season, and winter shutdown dates
 - Temporary stabilization measures to be employed by contract phases
 - Mobilization time-frame
 - Mass clearing and grubbing/roadside clearing dates
 - Deployment of Erosion Control Practices
 - Deployment of Sediment Control Practices (including stabilized cons
 - Deployment of Construction Site Management Practices (including concrete washout facilities, chemical storage, refueling locations, etc.)
 - Paving, saw-cutting, and any other pavement related operations
 - Major planned stockpiling operation
 - Time frame for other significant long-term operations or activities that may plan non-storm water discharges as dewatering, grinding, etc
 - Permanent stabilization activities for each area of the project
- 2. During the pre-construction meeting, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall provide, as an attachment to their signed Contractor Certification Statement, a discussion of how they will comply with the requirements of the permit in regard to the following items and provide a graphical representation showing location and type of BMPs to be used when applicable:

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- Temporary Ditch Checks Identify what type and the source of Temporary Ditch Checks that will be installed as part of the project. The installation details will then be included with the SWPPP.
- Vehicle Entrances and Exits Identify type and location of stabilized construction entrances and exits to be used and how they will be maintained.
- Material Delivery, Storage and Use Discuss where and how materials including chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum products, etc. will be stored for this project.
- Stockpile Management Identify the location of both on-site and off-site stockpiles. Discuss what BMPs will be used to prevent pollution of storm water from stockpiles.
- Waste Disposal Discuss methods of waste disposal that will be used for this project.
- Spill Prevention and Control Discuss steps that will be taken in the event of a material spill (chemicals, concrete curing compounds, petroleum, etc.)
- Concrete Residuals and Washout Wastes Discuss the location and type of concrete washout facilities to be used on this project and how they will be signed and maintained.
- Litter Management Discuss how litter will be maintained for this project (education of employees, number of dumpsters, frequency of dumpster pick-up, etc.).
- Vehicle and Equipment Fueling Identify equipment fueling locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning and Maintenance Identify where equipment cleaning and maintenance locations for this project and what BMPs will be used to ensure containment and spill prevention.
- Dewatering Activities Identify the controls which will be used during dewatering operations to ensure sediments will not leave the construction site.
- Polymer Flocculants and Treatment Chemicals Identify the use and dosage of treatment chemicals and provide the Resident Engineer with Material Safety Data Sheets. Describe procedures on how the chemicals will be used and identify who will be responsible for the use and application of these chemicals. The selected individual must be trained on the established procedures.
- Additional measures indicated in the plan.

III. Maintenance:

When requested by the Contractor, the Resident Engineer will provide general maintenance guides (e.g., IDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Field Guide) to the Contractor for the practices associated with this project. Describe how all items will be checked for structural integrity, sediment accumulation and functionality. Any damage or undermining shall be repaired immediately. Provide specifics on how repairs will be made. The following additional procedures will be used to maintain, in good and effective operating conditions, the vegetation, erosion and sediment control measures and other protective measures identified in this plan. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to attain maintenance guidelines for any manufactured BMPs which are to be installed and maintained per manufacture's specifications.

The maintenance of erosion control systems will be the responsibility of the contractor. Temporary seeding shall be reapplied if stabilization hasn't been achieved. Provide temporary mulch to hold seeds in place if seed has been washed away. Remove sediment from upstream side of ditch checks when sediment has reached 50% of height of structure. Repair/replace ditch checks whenever tears, splits, unraveling or compressed excelsior is apparent. Remove debris when observed from ditch checks. Replace/repair damaged ditch checks. Inspect all Erosion Control Blankets periodically and after rainstorms to check for damage due to water running under the blanket or if the blanket has been displaced. Any areas where displacement of Erosion Control Blanket has occurred, re-install and apply more staples or more frequent anchoring trenches. If signification erosion has occurred underneath blankets then grading and reseeding will be required.

All locations where vehicles enter and exit the construction site and all other areas subject to erosion should be inspected per the guidelines as described in Section IV below.

IV. Inspections:

Qualified personnel shall inspect disturbed areas of the construction site including Borrow, Waste, and Use Areas, which have not yet been finally stabilized, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles and equipment enter and exit the site using IDOT Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Erosion Control Inspection Report, BC 2259. Such inspections shall be conducted at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the end of a storm or by the end of the following business or work day that is 0.5 inch or greater or equivalent snowfall.

Inspections may be reduced to once per month when construction activities have ceased due to frozen conditions. Weekly inspections will recommence when construction activities are conducted, or if there is 0.5" or greater rain event, or a discharge due to snowmelt occurs.

If any violation of the provisions of this plan is identified during the conduct of the construction work covered by this plan, the Resident Engineer shall notify the appropriate IEPA Field Operations Section office by email at: epa.swnoncomp@illinois.gov, telephone or fax

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within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall then complete and submit an "Incidence of Non-Compliance" (ION) report for the identified violation within five (5) days of the incident. The Resident Engineer shall use forms provided by IEPA and shall include specific information on the cause of noncompliance, actions which were taken to prevent any further causes of noncompliance, and a statement detailing any environmental impact which may have resulted from the noncompliance. All reports of non-compliance shall be signed by a responsible authority in accordance with Part VI. G of the Permit ILR10.

The Incidence of Non-Compliance shall be mailed to the following address: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control Attn: Compliance Assurance Section 1021 North Grand East Post Office Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

V. Failure to Comply:

Failure to comply with any provisions of this Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will result in the implementation of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/Erosion and Sediment Control Deficiency Deduction against the Contractor and/or penalties under the Permit ILR10 which could be passed on to the Contractor.

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Contractor Certification Statement Print Form Reset Form



Prior to conducting any professional services at the site covered by this contract, the Contractor and every subcontractor must complete and return to the Resident Engineer the following certification. A separate certification must be submitted by each firm. Attach to this certification all items required by Section II.G of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which will be handled by the Contractor/subcontractor completing this form.

Route	Marked Route	Section Number
TR 39 & TR 26	Morey Road & Seneca Road	(TR 39 & TR 26)RS&W
Project Number	County	Contract Number
	Grundy	66N62

This certification statement is a part of SWPPP for the project described above, in accordance with the General NPDES Permit No. ILR10 issued by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

I certify under penalty of law that I understand the terms of the Permit No. ILR 10 that authorizes the storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the construction site identified as part of this certification.

Additionally, I have read and understand all of the information and requirements stated in SWPPP for the above mentioned project; I have received copies of all appropriate maintenance procedures; and, I have provided all documentation required to be in compliance with the Permit ILR10 and SWPPP and will provide timely updates to these documents as necessary.

Contractor Sub-Contractor			
Signature	Date		
Print Name	Title		
Name of Firm	Phone		
Street Address	City State Zip Code		
	·		
Items which this Contractor/subcontractor will be responsible for as required in Section II.G. of SWPPP			

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REVISIONS TO THE ILLINOIS PREVAILING WAGE RATES

The Prevailing rates of wages are included in the Contract proposals which are subject to Check Sheet #5 of the Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions. The rates have been ascertained and certified by the Illinois Department of Labor for the locality in which the work is to be performed and for each craft or type of work or mechanic needed to execute the work of the Contract. As required by Prevailing Wage Act (820 ILCS 130/0.01, et seq.) and Check Sheet #5 of the Contract, not less than the rates of wages ascertained by the Illinois Department of Labor and as revised during the performance of a Contract shall be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work under the Contract. Post the scale of wages in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work.

If the Illinois Department of Labor revises the prevailing rates of wages to be paid as listed in the specification of rates, the contractor shall post the revised rates of wages and shall pay not less than the revised rates of wages. Current wage rate information shall be obtained by visiting the Illinois Department of Labor web site at http://www.state.il.us/agency/idol/ or by calling 312-793-2814. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the rates applicable to the work of the contract at regular intervals in order to insure the timely payment of current rates. Provision of this information to the contractor by means of the Illinois Department of Labor web site satisfies the notification of revisions by the Department to the contractor pursuant to the Act, and the contractor agrees that no additional notice is required. The contractor shall notify each of its subcontractors of the revised rates of wages.