

Abbreviated Structure Geotechnical Report

F.A.U. Route 5147 (Mulford Road)
Section (201-3)K & (4-1, 5)R
Winnebago County
Job No. P-92-111-06
Contract No. 64C24
PTB No. 141-004
Mulford Road over I-39 & U.S. 20
Structure No. 101-0207
Existing Structure No. 101-0131

Submitted February 2016;
Revised August 2016; October 2016

Prepared for:

Illinois Department of
Transportation, District 2
819 Depot Avenue
Dixon, Illinois 61021

Structure Designer:

Hanson Professional Services Inc.
1525 South Sixth Street
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Prepared By:

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Original Report Date: 02/12/16 Proposed SN: 101-0207 Route: F.A.U. 5147 (Mulford Rd)
 Revised Date: 8/23/2016; 10/21/2016 Existing SN: 101-0131 Section: (201-3)K & (4-1,5)R
 Geotechnical Engineer: Kipkoech Chepkoiit County: Winnebago
 Structural Engineer: Hanson Professional Services Inc. Contract: 64C24

Indicate the proposed structure type, substructure types, and foundation locations (attach plan and elevation drawing):

The new structure will be a two span plate girder bridge. The substructures will consist of pile-supported integral abutments and a multi-column pier with pile-supported footing. According to information provided by the structural designer, the estimated vertical factored substructure loads are 2,000 kips at south abutment, 6,000 kips at the pier and 2,600 kips at north abutment. The TSL general plan and elevation drawing is attached.

Discuss the existing boring data, existing plans foundation information, new subsurface exploration and need for any additional exploration to be provided with SGR Technical Memo (attach all data and subsurface profile plot):

Underground coal mine information available from ISGS indicates that the project area has not been undermined. Five boring logs were provided to Hanson Professional Services Inc. (Hanson) by IDOT for borings B-1g through B-4g. Borings B-1g through B-3g were drilled in July 2008. Borings B-4g SPT and B-4g Shelby tube (ST) were drilled in February and May 2016. Locations of the borings are as shown on the attached Boring Location Plan. The stations and offsets shown on the boring logs are relative to old and/or other alignments. Boring locations along the current alignment are shown on the attached Subsurface Data Profile and the following table.

Boring	Old/Other Alignment		Current Alignment	
	Station	Offset	Station	Offset
B-1g	51+57	14' LT	51+59	65' LT
B-2g	50+10	34' LT	50+12	84' LT
B-3g	48+70	15' RT	48+73	34' LT
B-4g	2606+77	117' RT	48+86	60' RT
B-4g Shelby	2606+50	75' RT	48+27	32' RT

In general, the subsurface condition can be stratified into three layers. The top layer consisting of sandy loam, silty loam, silty clay loam, and clay loam, with occasional sand. The bottom of top layer is approximately El. 793, El. 791 and El. 797 at boring B-1g, B-2g and B-3g, respectively. Middle layer consist of sandy loam till with gravel with bottom at approximately El. 781, El. 781 and El. 775 at boring B-1g, B-2g and B-3g, respectively. All borings were terminated at third lower layer which consisted of very dense sand. The borings were terminated at El. 776.7, El. 774.7 and El. 762.7 at boring B-1g, B-2g and B-3g, respectively.

The subsurface conditions encountered at B-4g SPT boring match descriptions given above. The borings were terminated at El. 728 and El. 786.6 at SPT and ST borings, respectively.

Laboratory tests were performed on selected samples from Shelby tube boring B-4g (ST) and summary results are attached.

Provide the location and maximum height of any new soil fill or magnitude of footing bearing pressure. Estimate the amount and time of the expected settlement. Indicate if further testing, analysis, and/or ground improvement/treatment is necessary:

The height of the new embankment fill at the centerline of the south abutment will be approximately 14.5 feet with maximum of 21.0 feet at the side slope. The magnitude of immediate and long term settlement at the south abutment are estimated to be 0.5 and 3.5 inches, respectively. Immediate settlement is expected to be complete by end of embankment construction. Long term settlement is estimated to take 6 months to achieve 90% consolidation.

The height of the new embankment fill at the centerline of the north abutment will be approximately 11 feet with maximum of 16.0 feet at the side slope. The magnitude of long term settlement at the north abutment is estimated to be 1.5 inches. Long term settlement is estimated to take 6 months to achieve 90% consolidation.

The estimated magnitudes of long term settlement of 3.5 and 1.5 inches at south and north abutment, respectively are considered acceptable for approach abutments but is expected to cause down drag on the piles. Loss of pile capacities due to down drag has been considered in the pile capacities provided.

The centerline of the new bridge will be offset approximately 50 feet west of the existing bridge. Settlement estimated to occur at the existing structure due to additional stresses from new embankment is expected to be less than 0.4 inch. Down drag on existing piles is not expected.

Identify any new cuts or fill slope angles and heights. Estimate the factor of safety against slope failure. Indicate if further testing, analysis or ground improvement/treatment is necessary:

The height of the new embankment fill at the south abutment end slope will vary from approximately 6.0 to 20.5 feet with height of 14.5 feet at the centerline. The end slopes will be inclined at an angle of approximately 1 Vertical to 2 Horizontal. The global factor of safety against slope failure of the south abutment end slope is approximately 1.7 using soil parameters from Shelby tube soil boring. The side slopes at the south abutment will be inclined at approximately 1 Vertical to 4 Horizontal.

The height of the new embankment fill at the north abutment end slope will vary from approximately 2.5 to 16.0 feet with height of 11.0 feet at the centerline. The end slopes will be inclined at an angle of approximately 1 Vertical to 2 Horizontal. The global factor of safety against slope failure of the end slope is approximately 1.8 using soil parameters from SPT soil boring. The side slopes at the south abutment will be inclined at approximately 1 Vertical to 4 Horizontal.

To check the worst-case global stability conditions of the side slopes at the abutments, a cross-section was drawn through the side slope at the south abutment. The global factor of safety against slope failure is approximately 2.4 using soil parameters from Shelby tube soil boring.

The global stability factors of safety meet IDOT and AASHTO requirements. Further testing, analysis, and/or ground improvement/treatment is not necessary. Plots of the global stability analysis results are attached.

Indicate at each substructure, the 100-year and 200-year total scour depths in the Hydraulics report, the non-granular scour depth reduction, the proposed ground surface, and the recommended foundation design scour elevations:

N/A

Determine the seismic soil site class, the seismic performance zone, the 0.2 and 1.0 second design spectral accelerations and indicate if that the soils are liquefiable:

The seismic Site Class is D, the SPZ is 1, $S_{Ds} = 0.135g$, and $S_{D1} = 0.080g$. The soils are not considered to be liquefiable for the design earthquake.

Confirm feasibility of the proposed foundation or wall type and provide design parameters. Attach a pile design table indicating feasible pile types, various nominal required bearings, factored resistances available and corresponding estimated lengths at locations where piles will be used. Provide factored bearing resistance and unit sliding resistance at various elevations and confirm no ground improvement/treatment is necessary where spread footings are proposed. Estimated top of rock elevations as well as preliminary factored unit side and tip resistance values shall be indicated when drilled shafts are proposed:

A Pile Design Table including data for several pile types at each substructure is attached. In addition, draft Integral Abutment Pile Selection Chart which is part of new policy is attached as requested by IDOT BBS.

Metal shell piles that extend to hard till or very dense sand are preferred for the subsurface conditions encountered at the substructure locations. Steel H-piles are feasible, but would be significantly longer than similar capacity metal shell piles. H-piles driven to maximum nominal required bearing (MNRB) would be beyond the depth of the borings with the exception of the south abutment. Therefore, only the nominal required bearing within the limits of the borings are provided in the Pile Design Table for north abutment and pier.

As discussed in settlement section of this report, downdrag load and geotechnical loss are anticipated at the abutments. The structural engineer should evaluate the capacity of the piles to carry the bridge loads, downdrag load and geotechnical loss generated by the downdrag. If the capacity of the piles cannot accommodate above mentioned loads, we recommend pre-coring as described in the following paragraph.

In order to minimize downdrag forces on piles and factored geotechnical losses in pile capacities, it is recommended to perform 18-inch-diameter pre-coring through the embankment to Elevation 791.5 at the south abutment and Elevation 798 at the north abutment. After pre-coring, the piles should be placed in the hole and driven to achieve bearing. Pile lengths and capacities both with and without pre-coring are provided in the Pile Design Table.

Shoes are not required for H-piles, but are recommended for metal shell piles to protect against damage during driving. In addition using piles with thicker steel sections such as 14-inch metal shell pipes with 0.312 inch thick wall verses 0.25 inch thick wall, will improve driveability because it can endure high driving stresses.

One test pile should be specified at each abutment and at the center pier to determine the pile lengths for production piles.

If the lateral loads on the piles supporting the pier are larger than can be resisted with battered piles, the structure designer should evaluate lateral resistance considering both soil and structure properties. Soil parameters for generating P-y curves with the LPILE computer program are provided in the attached table.

Calculate the estimated water surface elevation and determine the need for cofferdams (type 1 or 2), and seal coat:

N/A

Assess the need for sheeting or soil retention or temporary construction slope and provide recommendation for other construction concerns:

The proposed structures will be staged to maintain traffic on I-39 during construction. A near-vertical cut with approximately 10 feet retained height will be required to construct the abutments near active traffic lanes. Temporary sheet piling, designed in accordance with IDOT Design Guide 3.13.1 – Temporary Sheet Piling Design, is feasible within the embankments at the abutments.

Temporary construction slopes should be excavated in accordance with current OSHA regulations.

Structure No. 101-0207
Pile Design Parameters

Location	Cutoff Elevation (ft)	Pile Type	Without Precoring				With Precoring			
			Factored Resistance Available, R _F (kips)	Geotechnical Losses, R _{Sdd} (kips)	Nominal Required Bearing, R _N (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)	Factored Resistance Available, R _F (kips)	Geotechnical Losses, R _{Sdd} (kips)	Nominal Required Bearing, R _N (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)
South Abutment B-3g & B-4g	819.0	12"Φ w/.25" walls	64	130	353	45	194	0	353	53
		14"Φ w/.25" walls	75	152	413	43	227	0	413	50
		14"Φ w/.312" walls	130	152	513	50	282	0	513	54
		HP 10x42	100	84	335	67	95	0	172	63
							184	0	335	69
		HP 12x53	128	102	418	68	114	0	207	63
							230	0	418	70
		HP 12x63	171	102	497	69	117	0	212	63
							273	0	497	72
		HP 14x73	198	120	578	69	138	0	251	63
							318	0	578	72
		HP 14x89	266	122	705	72	142	0	258	63
					388	0	705	74		
Pier 1 B-2g	800.0	12"Φ w/.25" walls	194	0	353	11				
		14"Φ w/.25" walls	227	0	413	10				
		14"Φ w/.312" walls	282	0	513	12				
		HP 10x42 ¹	30	0	55	13				
			67	0	122	24				
		HP 12x53 ¹	36	0	66	13				
			80	0	146	24				
		HP 12x63 ¹	38	0	70	13				
			84	0	152	24				
		HP 14x73 ¹	45	0	82	13				
			99	0	180	24				
		HP 14x89 ¹	48	0	88	13				
	103	0	187	24						
HP 14x102 ¹	51	0	92	13						
	106	0	193	24						

Structure No. 101-0207
Pile Design Parameters

Location	Cutoff Elevation (ft)	Pile Type	Without Precoring				With Precoring			
			Factored Resistance Available, R _F (kips)	Geotechnical Losses, R _{Sdd} (kips)	Nominal Required Bearing, R _N (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)	Factored Resistance Available, R _F (kips)	Geotechnical Losses, R _{Sdd} (kips)	Nominal Required Bearing, R _N (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft)
North Abutment B-1g	819.0	12"Φ w/.25" walls	0	216	353	30	194	0	353	32
		14"Φ w/.25" walls	0	252	413	30	227	0	413	31
		14"Φ w/.312" walls	30	252	513	32	282	0	513	32
		HP 10x42 ¹	27	138	300	40	34	0	61	33
							97	0	177	40
		HP 12x53 ¹	32	166	359	40	41	0	74	33
							117	0	212	40
		HP 12x63 ¹	35	168	369	40	43	0	78	33
							121	0	220	40
		HP 14x73 ¹	44	196	437	40	51	0	92	33
					143	0	260	40		
HP 14x89 ¹	48	199	448	40	55	0	99	33		
					149	0	270	40		

Note: Where a range of values is shown, pile lengths and capacities may be interpolated between the values given.

¹ Maximum Nominal Required Bearing (MNRB) was not achieved within the depth of the soil boring. MNRB will occur at a depth beyond available subsurface data.

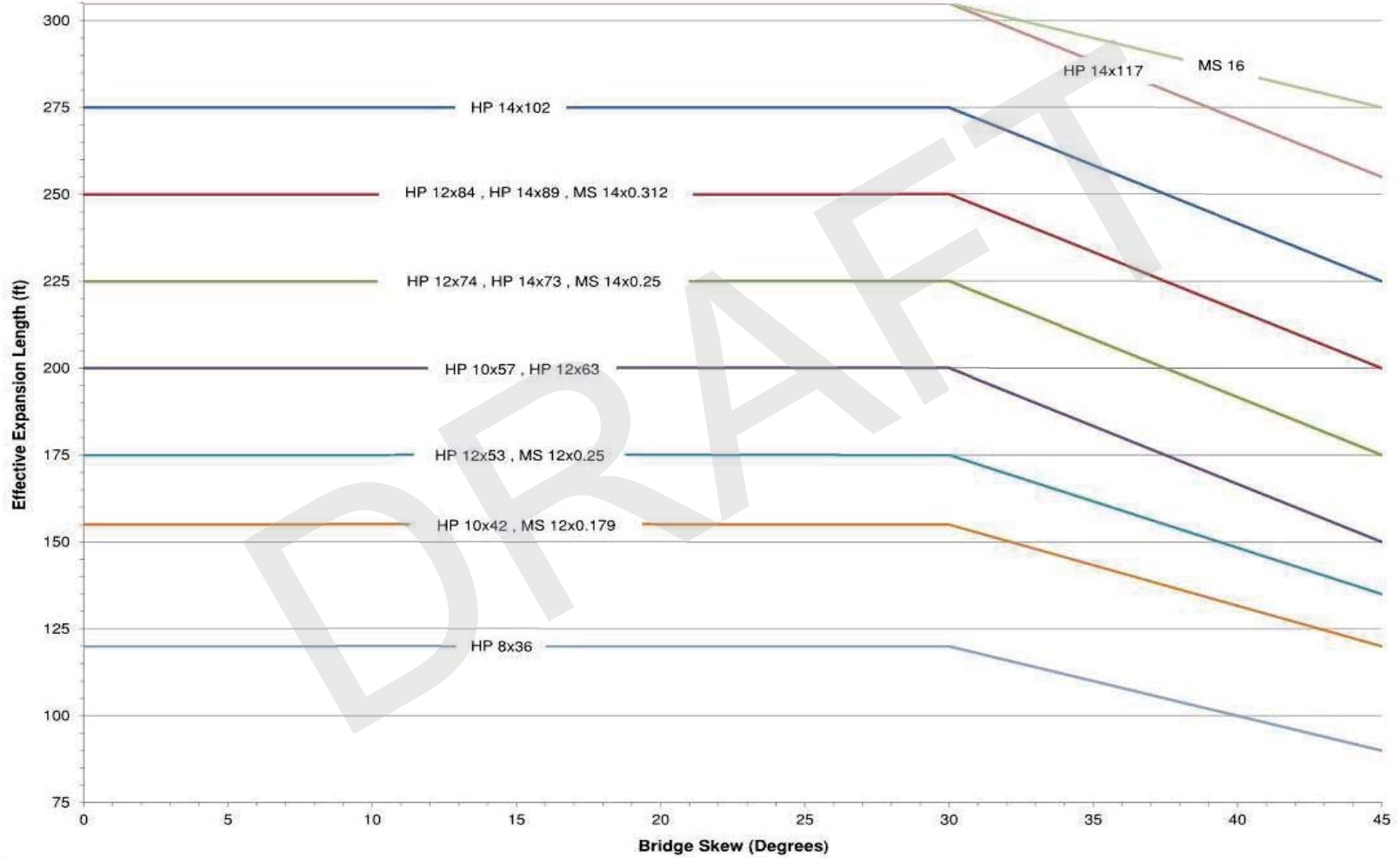
Precore to El. 791.5 at South Abutment and El. 798 at North Abutment

Structure No. 101-0207
Pile Design Parameters

Pier 1 (Boring B-2g)

Elevation	LPILE Soil Type	γ' (pcf)	c (psf)	ϕ	k (pci)	ϵ_{50}
803.7 - 796.0	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water	118	800		100	0.010
796.0 - 791.0	Sand (Reese)	121		27	20	
791.0 - 779.0	Sand (Reese)	68		36	125	
779.0 - 776.5	Sand (Reese)	68		34	125	
776.5 - 774.5	Sand (Reese)	68		36	125	

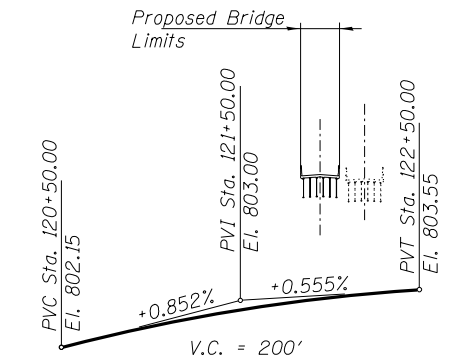
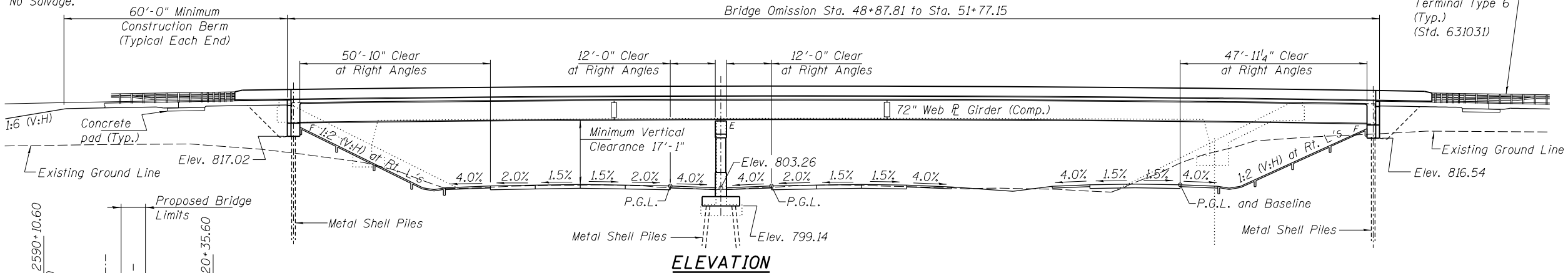
Integral Abutment Pile Selection Chart



BM: # 316 2" Aluminum Disk on Approx. C/L of U.S. 20 - on pier base under Mulford Rd. - Elevation 805.75

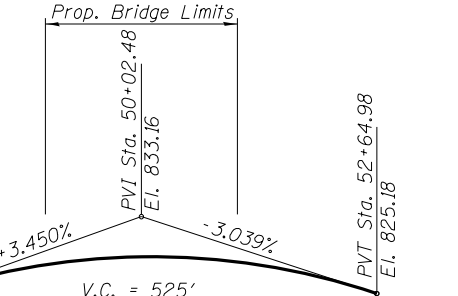
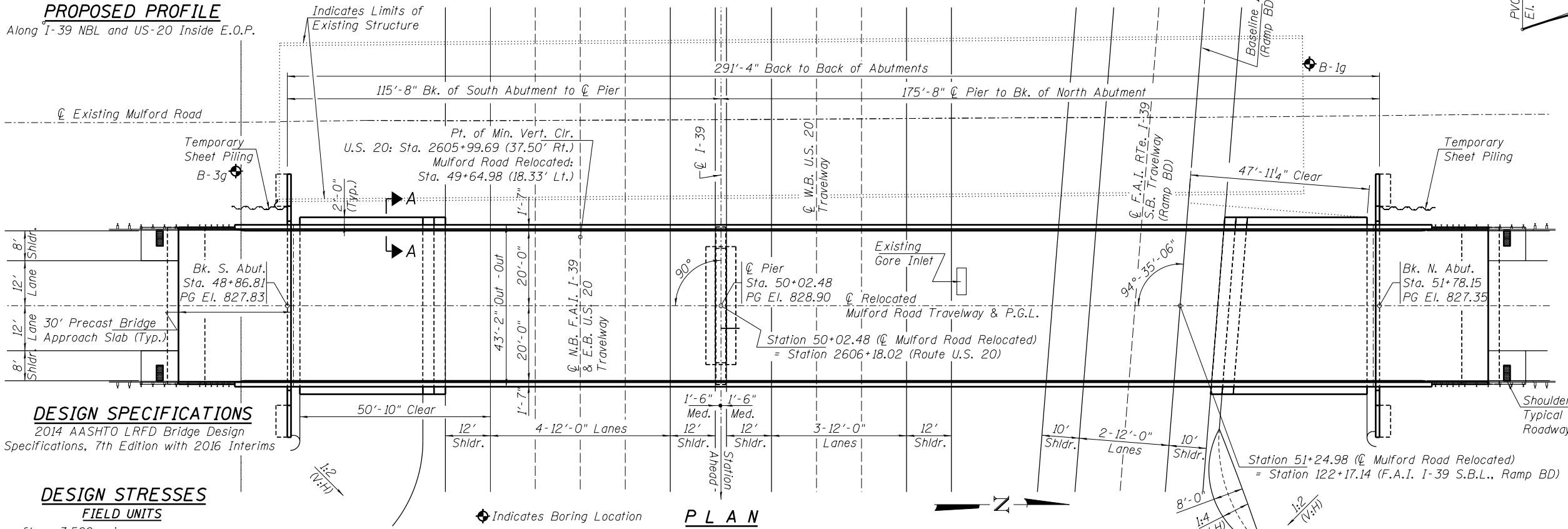
Existing Structure (No. 101-0131)

Originally constructed in 1963 under FA 194, Section 4-HB-2, the structure was a 4 span, concrete deck on steel beam superstructure with concrete piers and pile bent abutments. The structure was reconstructed in 1976 under FA 194, Section 201-3HB-3 as a 2 span concrete deck on continuous steel girder superstructure with concrete piers and closed sand filled pile bent abutments. The structure has a Bk. to Bk. = 274'-0" with an out-out of deck of 42'-0". The structure was repainted in 1999. Traffic shall be maintained on the existing structure during construction of the new structure. No Salvage.

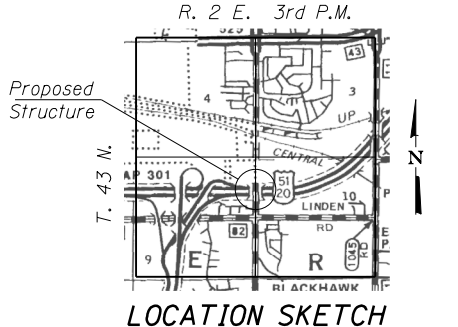


PROPOSED PROFILE
Along I-39 S.B.L. (Ramp BD) Outside E.O.P.

PROPOSED PROFILE
Along I-39 NBL and US-20 Inside E.O.P.



PROPOSED PROFILE
Along C Mulford Road Relocated



LOCATION SKETCH

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS
2014 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 7th Edition with 2016 Interims

DESIGN STRESSES
FIELD UNITS
f'c = 3,500 psi
f'c = 4,000 psi (Superstructure Concrete)
fy = 60,000 psi (Reinforcement)
fy = 50,000 psi (M270 Grade 50)
PRECAST UNITS
f'c = 6,000 psi (Precast Bridge Approach Slab)

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION
F.A.I. Rte. 39
Functional Class: Interstate
ADT: 44600 (2013); 106610 (2040)
ADTT: 12950 (2013); 32000 (2040)
DHV: 10600 (2040)
Design Speed: 70 m.p.h.
Posted Speed: 65 m.p.h.
2 -Way Traffic
Directional Distribution: 50/50

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION
Mulford Road
Functional Class: Minor Arterial
ADT: 6500 (2013); 35750 (2040)
ADTT: 520 (2013); 2860 (2040)
DHV: 3575 (2040)
Design Speed: 45 m.p.h.
Posted Speed: 45 m.p.h.
2 -Way Traffic
Directional Distribution: 50/50

SEISMIC DATA
Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ) = 1
Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec. (SD1) = 0.080
Design Spectral Acceleration at 0.2 sec. (SDS) = 0.135
Soil Site Class = D

LOADING HL-93
Allow 50#/sq. ft. for future wearing surface.

GENERAL PLAN
MULFORD ROAD over
I-39 & U.S.20
F.A.U. 5147 - SECTION (201-3)K & (4-1.5)R
WINNEBAGO COUNTY
STA. 50+02.48
STRUCTURE NUMBER - 101-0207

DESIGNED	MNM	02/14/08
DRAWN	RAH	02/14/08
REVIEWED	MNM	12/05/15

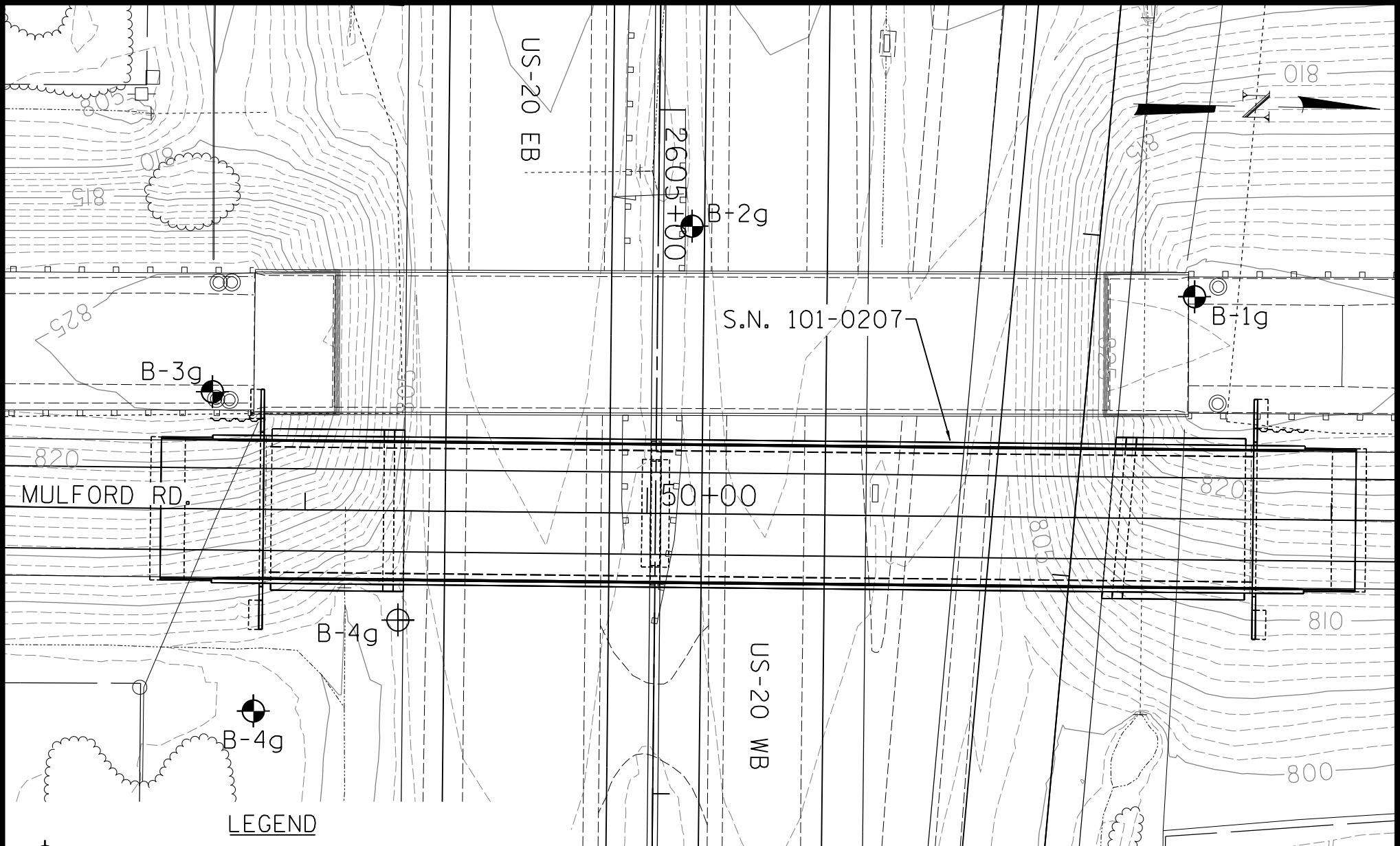
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HANSON
PROFESSIONAL DESIGN FIRM LICENSE #184-001084

USER NAME = medau00223	DESIGNED - MNM	REVISOR
PLOT SCALE = 0.166667' / 1"	CHECKED - TEH	REVISION
PLOT DATE = 9/6/2016	DRAWN - RAH/RSJ	REVISION
	CHECKED - MNM	REVISION



STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STRUCTURE NUMBER 101-0207
SHEET NO. 1 OF 2 SHEETS

F.A.U. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
5147	(201-3)K & (4-1.5)R	WINNEBAGO	2	1
CONTRACT NO.				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				



LEGEND

-  B-3g SPT SOIL BORING LOCATION
-  B-4g ST SOIL BORING LOCATION

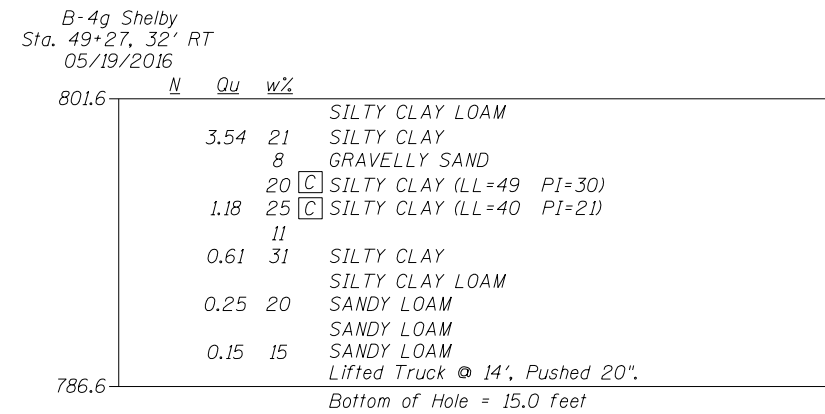
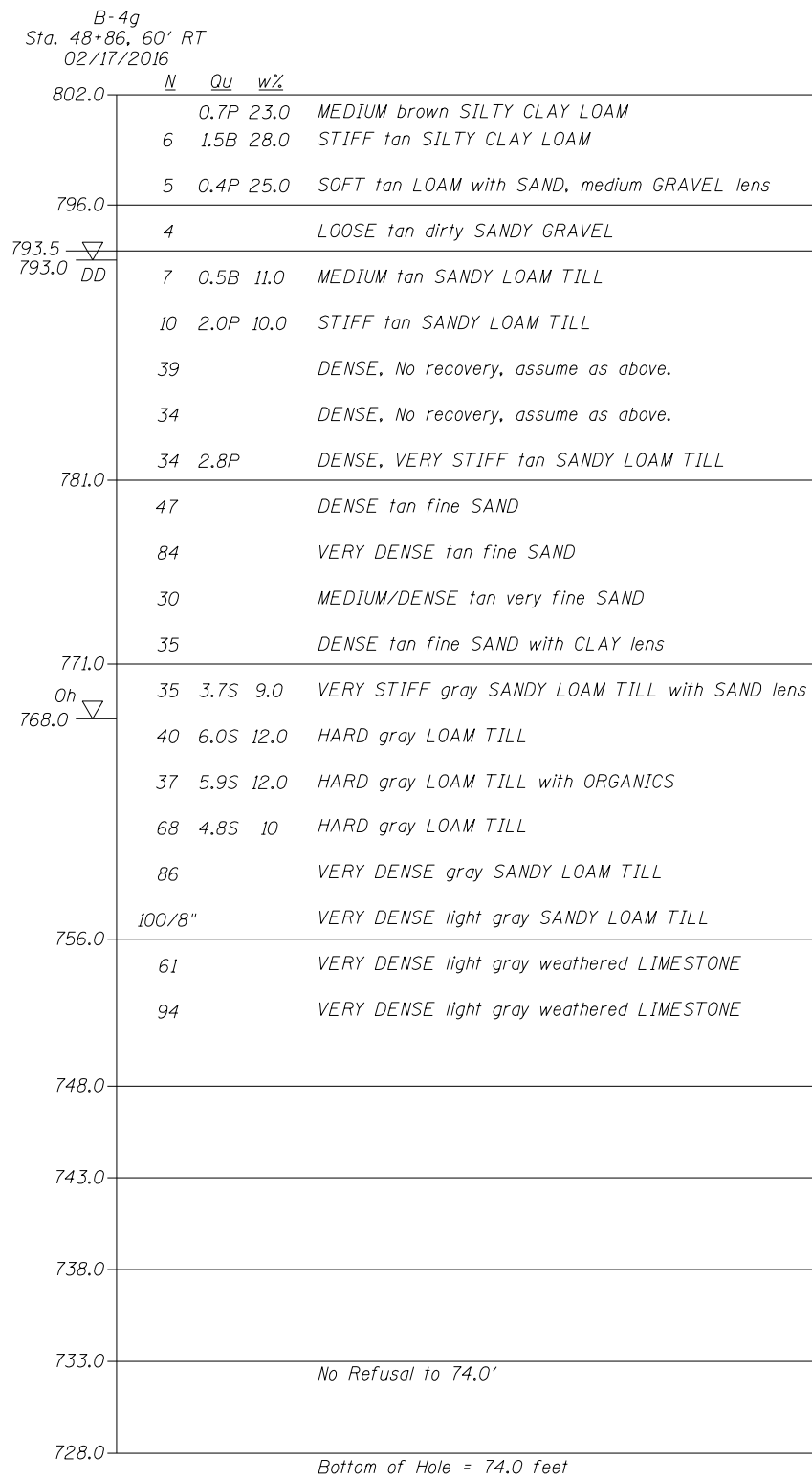


SCALE IN FEET



BORING LOCATION PLAN

MULFORD RD. OVER US-20 BYPASS
 S.N. 101-0207
 WINNEBAGO COUNTY, ILLINOIS



LEGEND

- N Standard Penetration Test N (blows/ft)
- Qu Unconfined Strength (tsf)
- w% Natural Moisture Content (%)
- [C] Consolidation Test
- DD Water Surface Elevation Encountered in Boring
- Oh = during drilling
- Oh = at completion
- 24h = 24 hours after completion
- Approximate Finish Grade
- Bottom of Footing

FILE NAME =	USER NAME =	DESIGNED - RGC	REVISED
		CHECKED - JLD	REVISED
		DRAWN - EJM	REVISED
		CHECKED - KKC	REVISED
PLOT SCALE =	PLOT DATE = 08/11/16		

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBSURFACE DATA PROFILE
STRUCTURE NO. 101-0207

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2 SHEETS

F.A.U. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
5147	(201-3)K & (4-1.5)R	WINNEBAGO		
CONTRACT NO.				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

B-3g
Sta. 48+73, 34' LT
07/28/2008

N	Qu	w%	
824.2			Shoulder
20	4.0P	11.0	HARD brown SANDY LOAM
11	0.8P	10.0	MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM
21	1.0P	13.0	STIFF tan SANDY LOAM with GRAVEL
12	2.5B	23.0	VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
18	2.9B	21.0	VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
19	3.5B	18.0	VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY
Oh			
805.2	16	2.5P	22.0 VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
DD			
801.7	8	1.5B	25.0 STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
	4	0.3B	29.0 SOFT gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
799.7			
	5		LOOSE tan dirty moist SAND
797.2			
	7	0.6P	10.0 MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	14	0.8P	9.0 MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL with SAND lens
	37	9.0	DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	59		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	100/2"		VERY DENSE tan GRAVEL Hard Drilling
	30		DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	26	1.6B	8.0 STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL
	21	2.5S	8.0 VERY STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
774.7	19	1.5B	10.0 STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL
	29		MEDIUM gray fine SAND with medium GRAVEL
	36		DENSE gray fine SAND
	100/7"		VERY DENSE tan SAND with GRAVEL
	100/9"		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with SANDY GRAVEL lens
762.7	100/11"		VERY DENSE tan fine SAND
			Bottom of Hole = 61.5 feet

B-2g
Sta. 50+12, 84' LT
07/27/2008

N	Qu	w%	
803.7			
	0.5P	18.0	MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
	11	1.5B	26.0 STIFF tan SILTY CLAY LOAM
	8	0.8P	17.0 MEDIUM brown SANDY LOAM
DD			
793.7	11	14.0	MEDIUM tan dirty SAND
Oh			
790.7	7	11.0	LOOSE tan dirty SAND
	56	9.0	VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	58		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	60		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	50		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
779.2	51		VERY DENSE light brown fine SAND
776.7	67	13.0	VERY DENSE gray CLAY LOAM
774.7	79		VERY DENSE gray clean medium SAND
			Bottom of Hole = 29.0 feet

B-1g
Sta. 51+59, 65' LT
07/25/2008

N	Qu	w%	
825.7			
	0.3P	14.0	SOFT brown SANDY LOAM
	3	0.3P	15.0 SOFT tan/brown SANDY LOAM
	18	4.5P	8.0 HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	18	2.4B	21.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM
	16	4.5P	9.0 HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	14	11.0	tan SANDY LOAM with large piece of GRAVEL in nose
	15	2.4B	20.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM
	11	3.1B	22.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM
	18	3.5B	19.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM with ORGANICS
	16	3.3B	21.0 VERY STIFF dark gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
	10	1.3B	28.0 STIFF dark gray SILTY LOAM
	7	1.2B	25.0 STIFF gray CLAY LOAM
DD			
793.2	9	1.0P	21.0 MEDIUM gray/brown CLAY LOAM with SAND lens
	13	0.6S	9.0 MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	27	2.3P	9.0 VERY STIFF tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	45	8.0	
	103		HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	100/9"		HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
781.2			
	56		VERY DENSE brown dirty coarse SAND & GRAVEL
	100/2"		VERY DENSE tan dirty SAND & GRAVEL
776.7			Bottom of Hole = 49.0 feet

LEGEND

N Standard Penetration Test N (blows/ft)
Qu Unconfined Strength (tsf)
w% Natural Moisture Content (%)

DD Water Surface Elevation Encountered in Boring
DD = during drilling
Oh = at completion
24h = 24 hours after completion

Approximate Finish Grade
Bottom of Footing

FILE NAME =	USER NAME =	DESIGNED - RGC	REVISED
		CHECKED - JLD	REVISED
		DRAWN - EJM	REVISED
		CHECKED - KKC	REVISED
PLOT SCALE =			
PLOT DATE = 08/11/16			

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBSURFACE DATA PROFILE
STRUCTURE NO. 101-0207

SHEET NO. 2 OF 2 SHEETS

F.A.U. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
5147	(201-3)K & (4-1.5)R	WINNEBAGO		
CONTRACT NO.				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				



Illinois Department of Transportation

Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

Date 7/25/08

ROUTE FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road Bridge over US 20 Bypass, .25 m. S. of Sandy Hollow Road LOGGED BY J. Strating

SECTION (201-3) K (4-1, 5) K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 9 NE, SEC., TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E

COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE B-53 Diedrich Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-1g
Station 51+57
Offset 14.00ft Lt CL
Ground Surface Elev. 825.70 ft

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S (/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)	Surface Water Elev. ft	Stream Bed Elev. ft	Groundwater Elev.: First Encounter ft	Upon Completion ft	After Hrs. ft	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW S (/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
					77.00	793.2						
		0.3 P	14.0						5			
									7	3.5 B	19.0	
823.20									11			
	1								5			
	1	0.3 P	15.0						7	3.3 B	21.0	
821.70	2								9			
	6								2			
	9	4.5 P	8.0						4	1.3 B	28.0	
819.20	9								6			
	3								1			
	6	2.4 B	21.0						2	1.2 B	25.0	
816.70	12								5			
	7								2			
	7	4.5 P	9.0						3	1.0 P	21.0	
814.20	9								6			
	2								3			
	6		11.0						5	0.6 S	9.0	
811.70	8								8			
	3								4			
	6	2.4 B	20.0						14	2.3 P	9.0	
809.20	9								13			
	3								13			
	4	3.1 B	22.0						20		8.0	
806.70	7								25			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



ROUTE FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road Bridge over US 20 Bypass, .25 m. S. of Sandy Hollow Road LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION (201-3) K (4-1, 5) K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 9 NE, SEC., TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E

COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE B-53 Diedrich Automatic

STRUCT. NO. Station _____	DEPT H (ft)	BLOWS (/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)	Surface Water Elev. _____	DEPT H (ft)	BLOWS (/6")	UCS (tsf)	MOIST (%)
					ft				
BORING NO. <u>B-2g</u> Station <u>50+10</u> Offset <u>34.00ft Lt CL</u> Ground Surface Elev. <u>803.70</u> ft					Stream Bed Elev. <u>77.00</u> ft				
					Groundwater Elev.:				
					First Encounter <u>793.7</u> ft ▼				
					Upon Completion <u>790.7</u> ft ▼				
					After _____ Hrs. _____ ft				
MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM			0.5 P	18.0	VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	782.20	12		
							20		
							30		
STIFF tan SILTY CLAY LOAM	801.20	3			VERY DENSE light brown fine SAND				
		5	1.5	26.0			13		
	799.70	6	B				21		
						779.20	30		
MEDIUM brown SANDY LOAM	-5	2			VERY DENSE gray CLAY LOAM	-25			
		3	0.8	17.0			21		13.0
	797.20	5	P				22		
						776.70	45		
MEDIUM tan dirty SAND		2			VERY DENSE gray clean medium SAND				
		4		14.0			10		
	794.70	7					27		
						774.70	52		
LOOSE tan dirty SAND	▼-10	7			End of Boring	-30			
		3		11.0					
	792.20	4							
VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	▽	19							
		23		9.0					
	789.70	33							
VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	-15	17				-35			
		27							
	787.20	31							
VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL		19							
		27							
	784.70	33							
	-20					-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



Illinois Department of Transportation

Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

Page 1 of 2

Date 7/28/08

ROUTE FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road Bridge over US 20 Bypass, .25 m. S. of Sandy Hollow Road LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION (201-3) K (4-1, 5) K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 9 NE, SEC., TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E

COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE B-53 Diederich Automatic

STRUCT. NO.	DEPTH H (ft)	BLOW S (/6")	UCS Qu (tsf)	MOIST T (%)	Surface Water Elev.	DEPTH H (ft)	BLOW S (/6")	UCS Qu (tsf)	MOIST T (%)
Station					ft				
BORING NO. <u>B-3g</u>					Stream Bed Elev. <u>77.00</u>				
Station <u>48+70</u>					Groundwater Elev.:				
Offset <u>15.00ft Rt CL</u>					First Encounter <u>801.7</u> ft ▼				
Ground Surface Elev. <u>824.20</u> ft					Upon Completion <u>805.2</u> ft ▼				
					After <u> </u> Hrs. <u> </u> ft				
Shoulder					STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		2		
						802.70	3	1.5	25.0
							5	B	
HARD brown SANDY LOAM	821.70	16			SOFT gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		1		
		11	4.0	11.0			1	0.3	29.0
	820.20	9	P			799.70	3	B	
MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM	-5	3			LOOSE tan dirty moist SAND	-25	2		
		4	0.8	10.0			2		
	817.70	7	P			797.20	3		
STIFF tan SANDY LOAM with GRAVEL		4			MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL		1		
		11	1.0	13.0			3	0.6	10.0
	815.20	10	P			795.20	4	P	
VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM	-10	2			MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL with SAND lens	-30	1		
		5	2.5	23.0			5	0.8	9.0
	812.70	7	B			792.70	9	P	
VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM		3			DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL		10		
		7	2.9	21.0			17		9.0
	810.20	11	B			790.20	20		
VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY	-15	5			VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	-35	18		
		8	3.5	18.0			26		
	807.70	11	B			787.70	33		
VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		5			VERY DENSE tan GRAVEL		100/2"		
		7	2.5	22.0	Hard Drilling				
	805.20 ▼	9	P			785.20			
	-20					-40			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

BBS, from 137 (Rev. 8-99)



Illinois Department of Transportation

Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

Date 7/28/08

ROUTE FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road Bridge over US 20 Bypass, .25 m. S. of Sandy Hollow Road LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION (201-3) K (4-1, 5) K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 9 NE, SEC., TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E

COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE B-53 Diedrich Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-3g
Station 48+70
Offset 15.00ft Rt CL
Ground Surface Elev. 824.20 ft

D E P T H S T	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T
(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

Surface Water Elev. _____ ft
Stream Bed Elev. 77.00 ft
Groundwater Elev.:
First Encounter 801.7 ft ▼
Upon Completion 805.2 ft ▼
After _____ Hrs. _____ ft

D E P T H S T	B L O W S	U C S Qu	M O I S T
(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)

DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL	25			VERY DENSE tan fine SAND	30		
	19				100/11'		
782.70	11				762.70		
				End of Boring			
STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL	4						
	11	1.6	8.0				
780.20	15	B					
VERY STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	6				-65		
	9	2.5	8.0				
777.70	12	S					
STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL	5						
	9	1.5	10.0				
	10	B					
774.70							
MEDIUM gray fine SAND with medium GRAVEL	2				-70		
	6						
772.70	23						
DENSE gray fine SAND	12						
	17						
770.20	19						
VERY DENSE tan SAND with GRAVEL	42				-75		
	100/7'						
767.70							
VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with SANDY GRAVEL lens	29						
	100/9'						
765.20							
					-80		

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE FAI 39 & FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road over Bypass 20 LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION (201-3)K & 4-1.5)K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 10NW, SEC. , TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E

COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-55

STRUCT. NO. _____ Station _____
Latitude 42° 13' 11.65" Northing 2,024,824.8893
Longitude -88° 59' 54.20" Easting 2,613,032.2599

BORING NO. B-4g
Station 2606+77
Offset 117.00ft Rt
Ground Surface Elev. 802.00 ft

DEPTH THICKNESS (ft)	BLOW COUNT (/6")	UCS MODE (tsf)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	Surface Water Elev.	ft	DEPTH THICKNESS (ft)	BLOW COUNT (/6")	UCS MODE (tsf)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
				Stream Bed Elev.	ft				
				Groundwater Elev.:					
				First Encounter	<u>793.0</u> ft ▼				
				Upon Completion	<u>768.0</u> ft ▼				
				After _____ Hrs.	_____ ft				
MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM			0.7 P	23.0		DENSE, VERY STIFF tan SANDY LOAM TILL (continued)	24	P	
800.50						781.00			
STIFF tan SILTY CLAY LOAM	1 3 3	1.5 B	28.0		DENSE tan fine SAND		13 29 18		
799.00						779.00			
SOFT tan LOAM with SAND, medium GRAVEL lens	1 2 3	0.4 P	25.0		VERY DENSE tan fine SAND		34 41 43		
796.00						776.50			
LOOSE tan dirty SANDY GRAVEL	0 1 3				MEDIUM/DENSE tan very fine SAND		14 11 19		
793.50						774.00			
MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL	1 3 4	0.5 B	11.0		DENSE tan fine SAND with CLAY lens		3 18 17		
791.50						771.00			
STIFF tan SANDY LOAM TILL	2 3 7	2.0 P	10.0		VERY STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL with SAND lens		10 14 21	3.7 S	9.0
789.00						769.00			
DENSE, No Recovery, assume as above.	22 17 22				HARD gray LOAM TILL		11 15 25	6.0 S	12.0
786.50						766.50			
DENSE, No Recovery, assume as above.	11 12 22				HARD gray LOAM TILL with ORGANICS		12 16 21	5.9 S	12.0
784.00						764.00			
DENSE, VERY STIFF tan SANDY LOAM TILL	6 10	2.8			HARD gray LOAM TILL		8 45	4.8	10.0
-20						-40			

Northing and Easting were calculated using the ILHP-WF coordinate system

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



SOIL BORING LOG

Date 2/17/16

ROUTE FAI 39 & FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road over Bypass 20 LOGGED BY W. Garza
 SECTION (201-3)K & 4-1,5)K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 10NW, SEC. , TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E
 COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-55

STRUCT. NO. _____ Latitude 42° 13' 11.65" Northing 2,024,824.8893
 Station _____ Longitude -88° 59' 54.20" Easting 2,613,032.2599

BORING NO. B-4g
 Station 2606+77
 Offset 117.00ft Rt
 Ground Surface Elev. 802.00 ft

D E P T H H S T	B L O W S Qu	U C S T	M O I S T	Surface Water Elev.	ft	D E P T H H S T	B L O W S Qu	U C S T	M O I S T
				Stream Bed Elev.	ft				
				First Encounter	<u>793.0</u> ft ▼				
				Upon Completion	<u>768.0</u> ft ▼				
				After _____ Hrs.	_____ ft				

Northing and Easting were calculated using the LHP-WF coordinate system

Soil Description	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	Surface Water Elev. (ft)	Stream Bed Elev. (ft)	Groundwater Elev. (ft)	D (ft)	B (tsf)	U (tsf)	M (%)
HARD gray LOAM TILL (continued)	761.50	23	S								
VERY DENSE gray SANDY LOAM TILL	759.00	19 60 26									
VERY DENSE light gray SANDY LOAM TILL	756.00	23 -45 100/8"									
VERY DENSE light gray weathered LIMESTONE	754.00	26 32 29									
VERY DENSE light gray weathered LIMESTONE	748.00	25 27 67									
End of Boring	743.00										

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
 The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Project: Ramp BD North, Ramp BD South, Perryville, Mulford
 Client: WBK
 Wang Job: 412-04-10

Prepared by: C. Iordache
 Checked by: L. Iordache
 Date: 8/1/2016

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION				LABORATORY TESTS AND SOIL CLASSIFICATION														
Site	Boring	Sample	Top Depth ft	Water Content	Atterberg Limits			Visual Soil Classification	Unconfined Compressive Strength	One-Dimensional Consolidation			UU Triaxial Compression					
				AASHTO T265 w %	LL	PL	PI	IDOT 1999 IDH	AASHTO T208 q _u tsf	Cc	Cs	OCR	σ ₁ psi	S _u tsf	σ ₁ psi	S _u tsf	σ ₁ psi	S _u tsf
Mulford	B-4g	ST-2a	2.5	8				GRAVELLY SAND	NA									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-2b	3.5	20	49	19	30	SILTY CLAY		0.129	0.042	6.32						
Mulford	B-4g	ST-3a	5.0	25	40	19	21	SILTY CLAY	1.18	0.211	0.045	2.61						
Mulford	B-4g	ST-3b	6.0	11														
Mulford	B-4g	ST-4a	7.5	31				SILTY CLAY	0.61									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-4b	8.5					SILTY CLAY LOAM										
Mulford	B-4g	ST-5a	10.0	20				SANDY LOAM	0.25									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-5b	11.0					SANDY LOAM										
Mulford	B-4g	ST-6a	12.5	15				SANDY LOAM	0.15									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-6b	13.5					SANDY LOAM										
Perryville	B-6e	ST-1a	0.0					SANDY LOAM										
Perryville	B-6e	ST-1b	1.0	22				SILTY CLAY	1.58									
Perryville	B-6e	ST-2a	2.5	24	42	19	23	SILTY CLAY		0.197	0.063	3.08						
Perryville	B-6e	ST-2b	3.5					SILTY CLAY										
Perryville	B-6e	ST-3a	5.0	20				SILTY CLAY	1.03									

ONE-DIMENSIONAL CONSOLIDATION TEST
AASHTO T 216 / ASTM D 2435

Project: SN 101-0207, Mulford
Client: Wills, Burke, Kelsey & Associates
Soil Sample ID: Boring B-4g, ST#3, 5 to 7.5 feet
Sample Description: Brown and gray SILTY CLAY

Tested by: M. Snider
Prepared by: M. Snider
Test date: 7/14/2016
WEI: 412-04-10

Initial sample height = 1.000 in
Initial sample mass = 154.09 g
Initial water content = 25.26%
Initial dry unit weight = 95.87 pcf
Initial void ratio = 0.757
Initial degree of saturation = 90.04%

Final sample mass = 149.42 g
Final dry sample mass = 123.02 g
Final water content = 21.46%
Final dry unit weight = 109.61 pcf
Final void ratio = 0.537
Final degree of saturation = 100.00%
Estimated specific gravity = 2.70

Ring diameter = 2.495 in
Ring mass = 109.54 g
Initial sample and ring mass = 263.63 g
Tare mass = 84.94 g
Final ring and sample mass = 259.32 g
Mass of wet sample and tare = 234.36 g
Mass of dry sample and tare = 207.96 g
Initial dial reading = 0.01000 in
Final dial reading = 0.13531 in
LL= 40 %
PL= 19 %
% Sand= n.a. %
% Silt= n.a. %
% Clay= n.a. %
In-Situ Vertical Effective Stress = 750 psf

Compression and Swelling Indices

Compression index C_c = 0.200
Field corrected C_c = 0.211
Swelling index C_s = 0.045

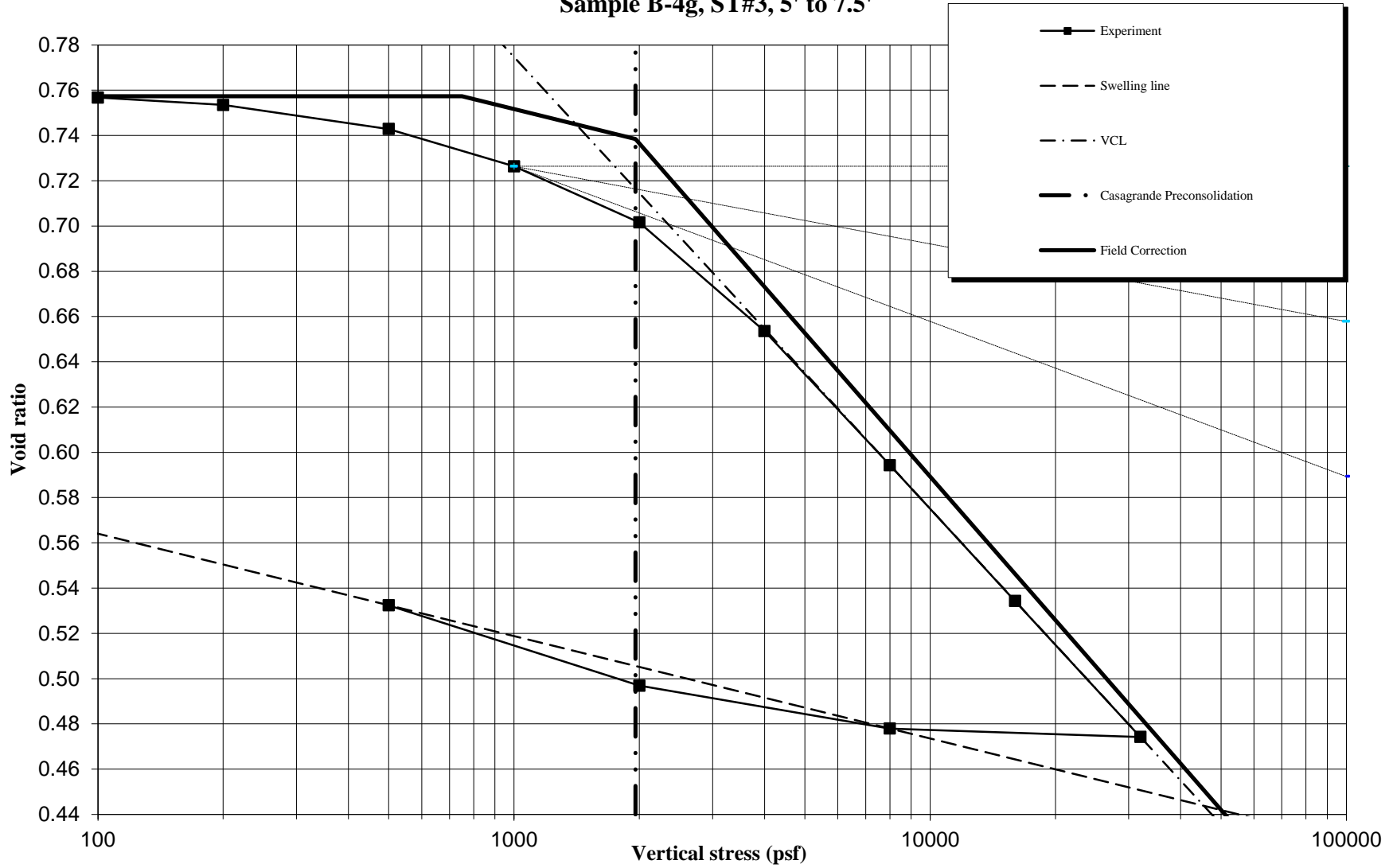
Preconsolidation pressure, s_c
Casagrande Method = 1959 psf
Over-Consolidation Ratio (OCR) = 2.61

Load number	Vertical stress psf	Dial reading in	System deflection in	Vertical strain %	Void ratio	C_v ft ² /day	C_{ae} %	Elapsed time min
1	100.0	0.01023	0.00010	0.03	0.757	N/A	N/A	480
2	200.0	0.01195	0.00023	0.22	0.753	0.1851	0.05	960
3	500.0	0.01765	0.00058	0.82	0.743	0.2816	0.15	1412
4	1000.0	0.02671	0.00090	1.76	0.726	0.2688	0.05	480
5	2000.0	0.04036	0.00135	3.17	0.702	0.2589	0.16	960
6	4000.0	0.06711	0.00193	5.90	0.654	0.2385	0.25	831
7	8000.0	0.10022	0.00253	9.27	0.594	0.1866	0.32	523
8	16000.0	0.13367	0.00324	12.69	0.534	0.1752	0.26	960
9	32000.0	0.16697	0.00413	16.11	0.474	0.1490	0.30	960
10	8000.0	0.16603	0.00295	15.90	0.478	N/A	N/A	960
11	2000.0	0.15622	0.00198	14.82	0.497	N/A	N/A	480
11	500.0	0.13676	0.00123	12.80	0.532	N/A	N/A	1200

Prepared by: _____ Date: _____

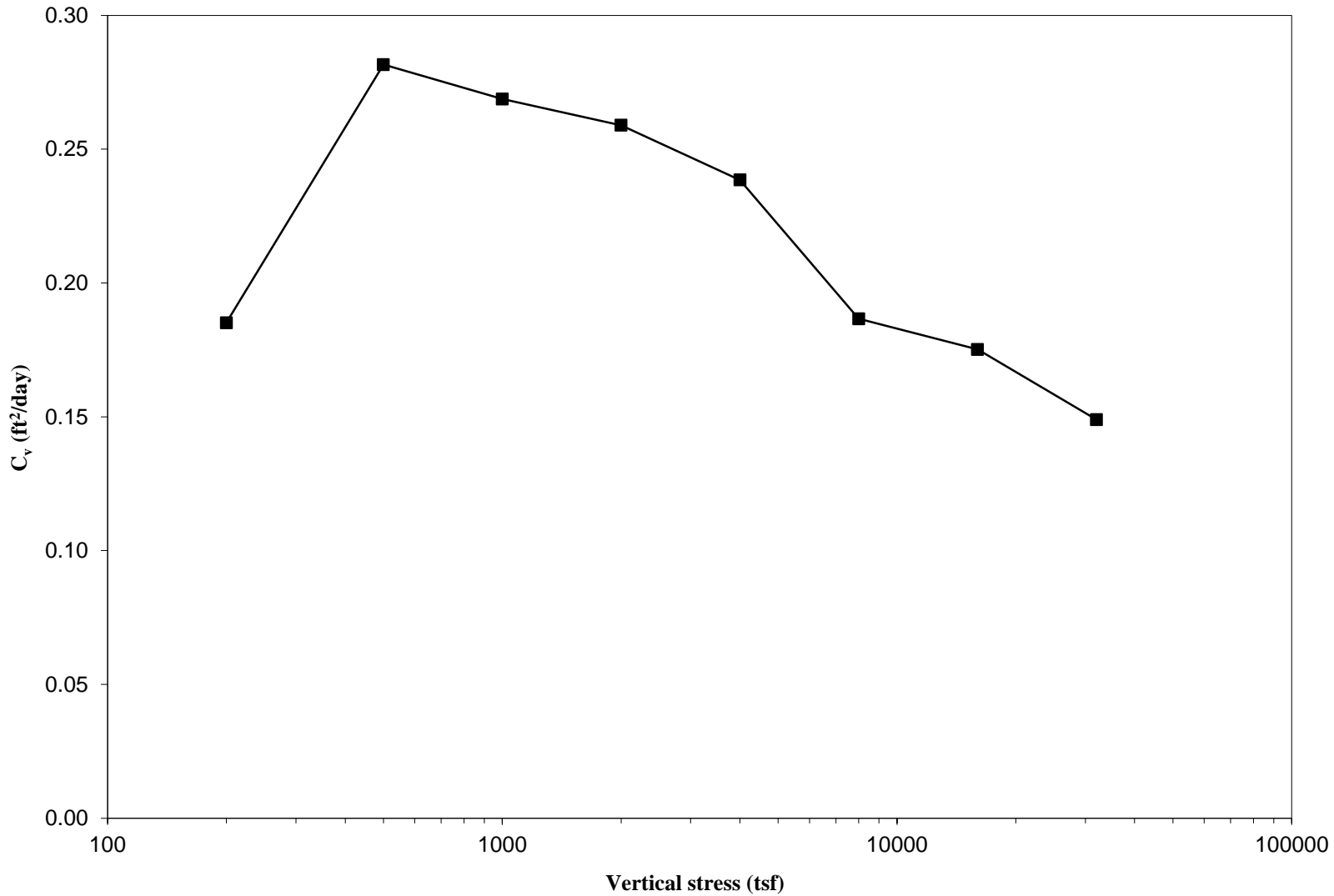
Checked by: _____ Date: _____

CONSOLIDATION CURVE Sample B-4g, ST#3, 5' to 7.5'



CONSOLIDATION COEFFICIENT (C_v) vs. VERTICAL STRESS

Sample B-4g, ST#3, 5' to 7.5'



UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH of COHESIVE SOIL
(AASHTO T 208 / ASTM D 2166)

Project: SN 101-0207 Mulford
Client: Wills, Burke, Kelsey Associates
WEI Job No.: 412-04-10
Soil Sample ID: B-4g, ST#3a, 5.0 to 6.5 feet
Type/Condition: ST/ Undisturbed
Liquid Limit (%): 40
Plastic Limit (%): 19

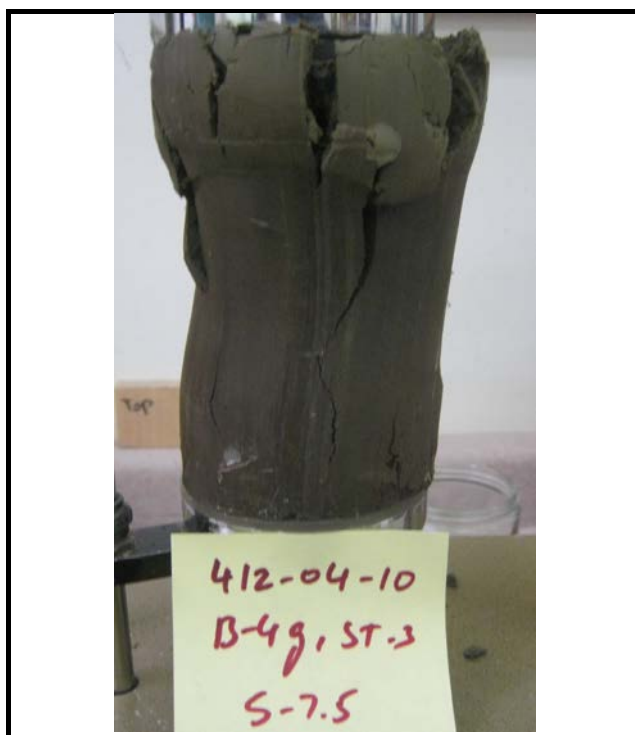
Analyst name: A. Mohammed
Date received: 6/3/2016
Test date: 7/14/2016
Sample description: Brown & Gray SILTY CLAY

Sand(%): NA
Silt(%): NA
Clay(%): NA

Average initial height $h_0 = 6.09$ in
Average initial diameter $d_0 = 2.87$ in
Height to diameter ratio = 2.12
Mass of wet sample = 1299.82 g
Mass of dry sample and tare = 1091.31 g
Mass of tare = 13.76 g
Specific gravity = 2.76 (estimated)

Initial water content $w = 20.63\%$ (specimen)
Initial unit weight $g = 126.03$ pcf
Initial dry unit weight $g_d = 104.48$ pcf
Initial void ratio $e_0 = 0.65$
Initial degree of saturation $S_r = 88\%$
Average Rate of Strain = 1%/min
Unconfined compressive strength $q_u = 1.18$ tsf
Shear Strength = 0.59 tsf

Displacement (in)	Force (lbs)	Strain (%)	Stress (tsf)
Δh	F	e	s
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.03	24.89	0.49	0.28
0.06	41.48	0.99	0.46
0.09	57.04	1.48	0.63
0.12	66.37	1.97	0.73
0.15	74.66	2.46	0.81
0.18	82.96	2.96	0.90
0.21	89.18	3.45	0.96
0.24	95.40	3.94	1.02
0.27	97.48	4.43	1.04
0.30	99.55	4.93	1.06
0.35	105.77	5.75	1.11
0.40	107.85	6.57	1.12
0.45	112.00	7.39	1.16
0.50	114.07	8.21	1.17
0.55	116.14	9.03	1.18
0.60	117.18	9.85	1.18
0.65	117.18	10.68	1.17
0.70	117.18	11.50	1.16
0.80	117.18	13.14	1.14
0.90	117.18	14.78	1.11
1.00	97.48	16.42	0.91

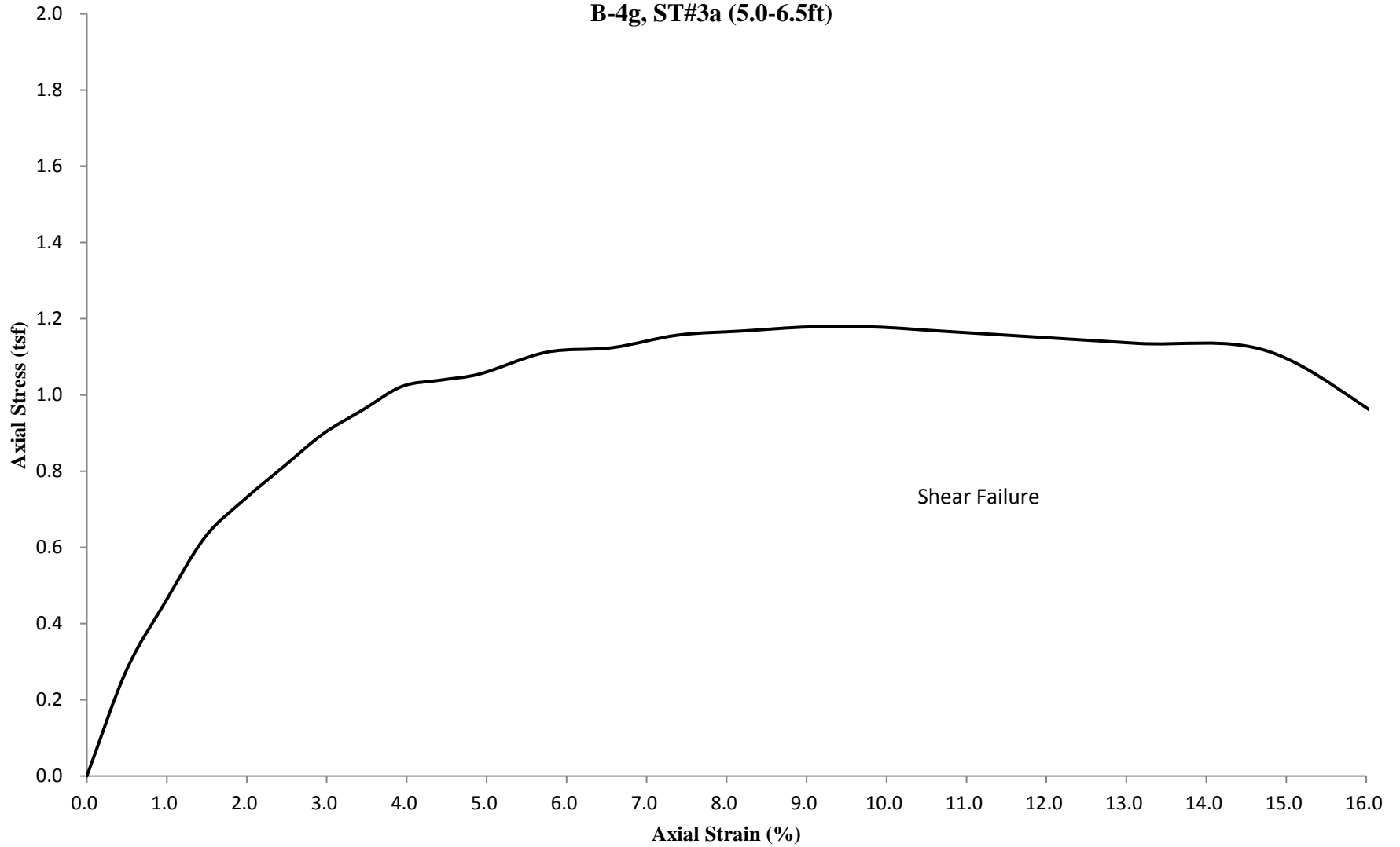


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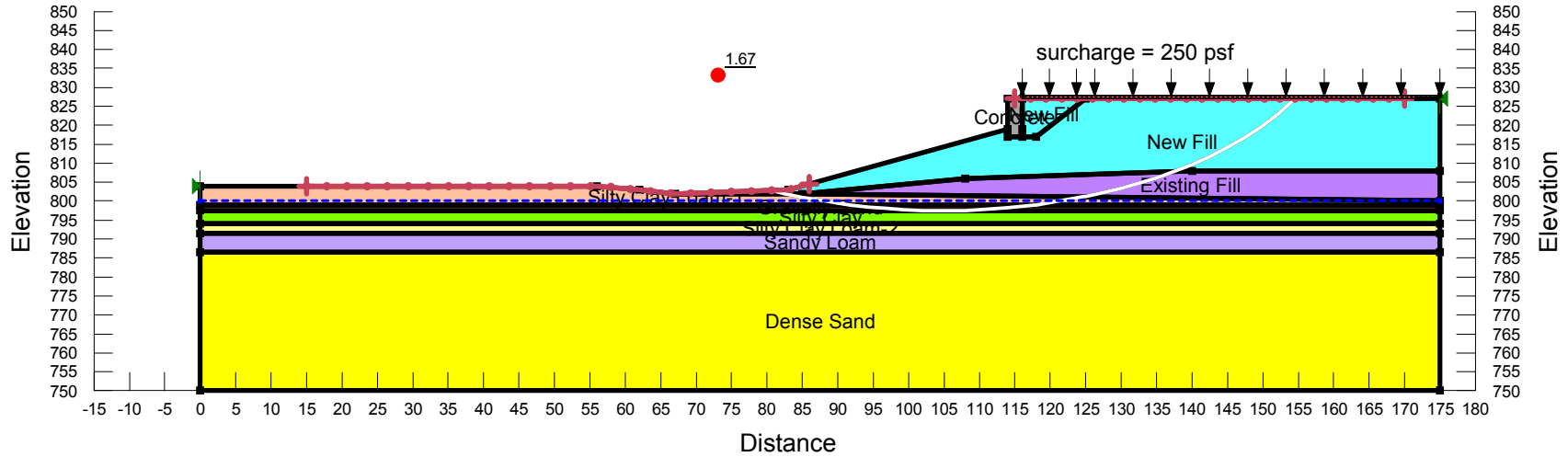
Prepared by: _____ Date: _____

Checked by: _____ Date: _____

Unconfined Axial Stress v. Axial Strain
B-4g, ST#3a (5.0-6.5ft)



SOUTH ABUTMENT [END SLOPE] SHELBY TUBE SOIL PARAMETERS

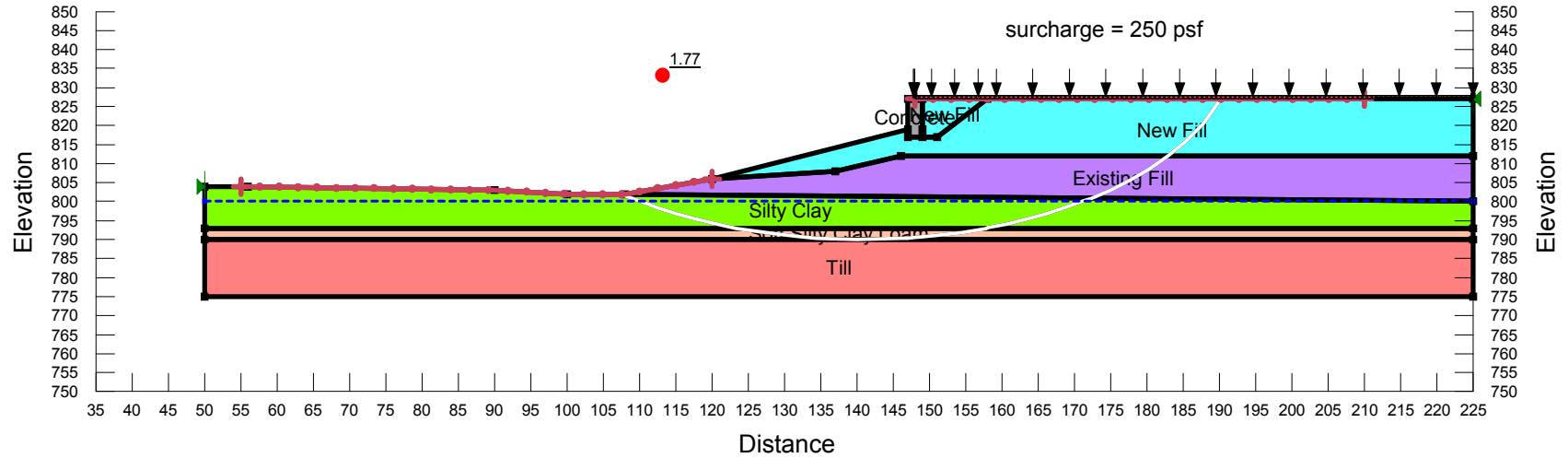


- Name: Silty Clay Loam-1 Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 1,500 psf Phi': 0 °
- Name: Silty Clay Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 1,180 psf Phi': 0 °
- Name: Sandy Loam Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 28 °
- Name: New Fill Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 125 pcf Cohesion': 1,000 psf
- Name: Concrete Model: High Strength Unit Weight: 150 pcf
- Name: Dense Sand Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 36 °
- Name: Existing Fill Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 125 pcf Cohesion': 1,500 psf
- Name: Gravelly Sand Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 30 psf
- Name: Silty Clay Loam-2 Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 610 psf Phi': 0 °

Title: Mulford ove U.S. 20
 Name: 207 South Abutment End Slope
 Created By: Jennifer Damery
 Date: 8/17/2016



NORTH ABUTMENT [END SLOPE] SPT SOIL PARAMETERS

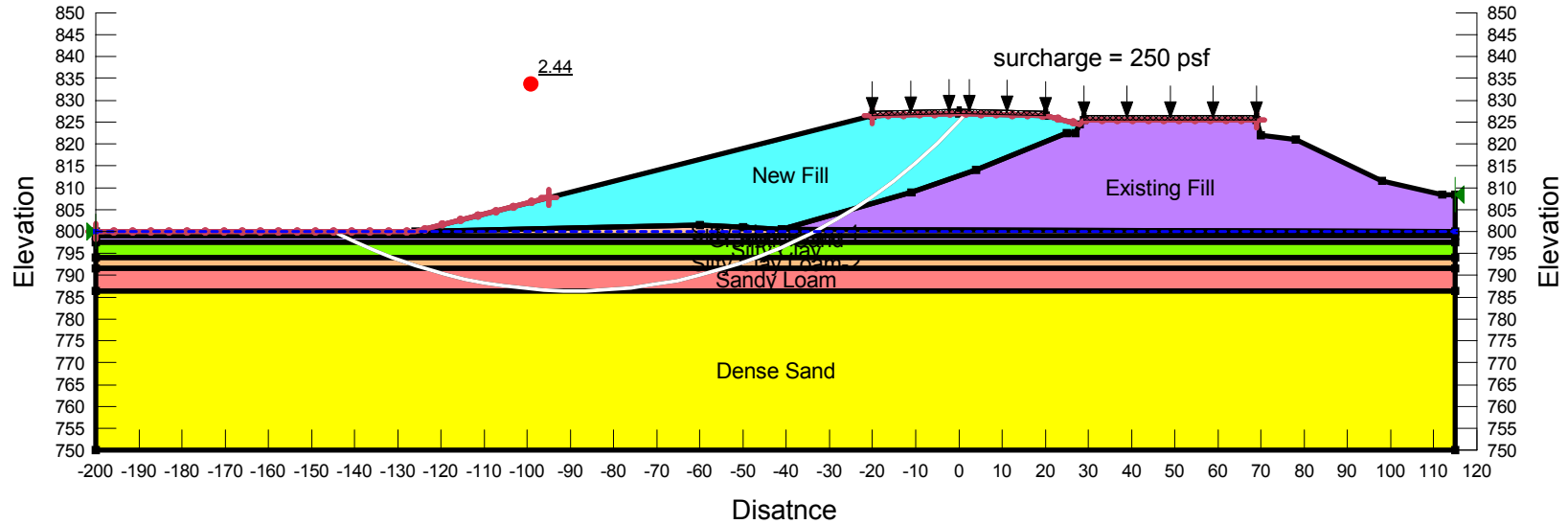


- Name: Soft Silty Clay Loam Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 118 pcf Cohesion': 600 psf Phi': 0 °
- Name: Silty Clay Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 1,150 psf Phi': 0 °
- Name: New Fill Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 125 pcf Cohesion': 1,000 psf
- Name: Concrete Model: High Strength Unit Weight: 150 pcf
- Name: Existing Fill Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 125 pcf Cohesion': 1,500 psf
- Name: Till Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 135 pcf Cohesion': 4,500 psf

Title: Mulford ove U.S. 20
 Name: 207 North Abutment End Slope
 Created By: Jennifer Damery
 Date: 8/17/2016



SOUTH APPROACH [SIDE SLOPE] SHELBY TUBE SOIL PARAMETERS



- Name: Silty Clay Loam-1 Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 1,500 psf Phi': 0 °
- Name: Silty Clay Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 1,180 psf Phi': 0 °
- Name: Gravelly Sand Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 30 °
- Name: New Fill Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 125 pcf Cohesion': 1,000 psf
- Name: Dense Sand Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 36 °
- Name: Existing Fill Model: Undrained (Phi=0) Unit Weight: 125 pcf Cohesion': 1,500 psf
- Name: Sandy Loam Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 28 °
- Name: Silty Clay Loam-2 Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 610 psf Phi': 0 °

Title: Mulford ove U.S. 20
 Name: 207 Abutment Side Slope
 Created By: Jennifer Damery
 Date: 8/17/2016

