



Abbreviated Structure Geotechnical Report

Original Report Date: 10/21/2022 Proposed SN: 101-0207 Route: FAU 5147 (Mulford Road)
Revised Date: 11/4/2022 Existing SN: 101-0131 Section: (201-3)K and (4-1,5)R
Geotechnical Engineer: Matt D. Masterson, PE County: Winnebago
Structural Engineer: Matthew Hellenthal, PE, SE Contract: 64C24

Indicate the proposed structure type, substructure types, and foundation locations (attach plan and elevation drawing):

The new structure will be a two span plate girder bridge. The substructures will consist of pile-supported integral abutments and a multi-column pier with pile-supported footing. According to information provided by the structural designer, the estimated vertical factored substructure loads are 1,215 kips at south abutment, 3,231 kips at the pier and 1,547 kips at north abutment. See Location Map - Exhibit A. The TS&L drawing is attached as Exhibit C.

Discuss the existing boring data, existing plans foundation information, new subsurface exploration and need for any additional exploration to be provided with SGR Technical Memo (attach all data and subsurface profile plot):

Underground coal mine information available from ISGS indicates that the project area has not been undermined. Five boring logs were provided to Kaskaskia Engineering Group, LLC. by IDOT for borings B-1g through B-4g. Borings B-1g through B-3g were drilled in July 2008. Borings B-4g and B-4g Shelby tube (ST) were drilled in February and May 2016. Locations of the borings are as shown on the attached Boring Location Plan (Exhibit B).

In general, the subsurface condition can be stratified into three layers. The top layer consisting of sandy loam, silty clay loam, and clay loam, with occasional sand. The bottom of top layer is approximately El. 793, El. 791 and El. 797 at boring B-1g, B-2g and B-3g, respectively. Middle layer consists of sandy loam till with gravel with bottom at approximately El. 781, El. 781 and El. 775 at boring B-1g, B-2g and B-3g, respectively. All borings were terminated at third lower layer which consisted of very dense sand. The borings were terminated at El. 776.7, El. 774.7 and El. 762.7 at boring B-1g, B-2g and B-3g, respectively. See Boring Logs and Soil Profile - Exhibit D for additional details.

The subsurface conditions encountered at B-4g SPT boring match descriptions given above. The borings were terminated at El. 728 and El. 786.6 at SPT and ST borings, respectively.

Laboratory tests were performed on selected samples from Shelby tube boring B-4g (ST) and summary results are attached in Exhibit G.

Provide the location and maximum height of any new soil fill or magnitude of footing bearing pressure. Estimate the amount and time of the expected settlement. Indicate if further testing, analysis, and/or ground improvement/treatment is necessary:

The proposed structure will be built in the same location as the existing structure; therefore, settlement will not be a concern.

Identify any new cuts or fill slope angles and heights. Estimate the factor of safety against slope failure. Indicate if further testing, analysis or ground improvement/treatment is necessary:

The TS&L provided to KEG indicated new fill behind the North and South Abutments with a height of approximately 10 ft and a 1H:1V slope. The slope of the abutments will be 2H:1V. Stability analysis using SLOPE/W was performed using the proposed roadway and bridge geometry on the TS&L and soil characteristics from Borings B-3g and B-1g. Two conditions were modeled for each scenario: end-of-construction and long-term stability. A critical factor of safety (FOS) was calculated for each condition. According to current standard of practice, the target FOS is 1.5 for end-of-construction and long-term slope stability. The slope stability analyses indicated that the required minimum FOS for all conditions were met.

To model the end-of-construction condition, full cohesion and a friction angle of 0 degrees were assumed. Nominal values for cohesion were used with full friction angle to model the long-term condition to analyze the theoretical

condition where pore water pressure has dissipated. Nominal values were between 50 and 250 psf for the cohesive soils, with friction angles between 26 and 34 degrees.

The Bishop Circular Method, which generates circular-shaped failure surfaces, was used to calculate the critical failure surfaces and FOS for the proposed conditions. The FOS obtained in the analysis is summarized below. SLOPE/W program output from this analysis can be found in SLOPE/W Slope Stability Analysis, Exhibit E.

South Abutment: End of Construction=3.9 Long Term=1.5
North Abutment: End of Construction=3.0 Long Term=1.5

Indicate at each substructure, the 100-year and 200-year total scour depths in the Hydraulics report, the non-granular scour depth reduction, the proposed ground surface, and the recommended foundation design scour elevations:

N/A

Determining the seismic soil site class, the seismic performance zone, the 0.2 and 1.0 second design spectral accelerations and indicate if that the soils are liquefiable:

The seismic Site Class is D, the SPZ is 1, SDS = 0.135g, and SD1 = 0.080g. The soils are not considered to be liquefiable for the design earthquake.

Confirm feasibility of the proposed foundation or wall type and provide design parameters. Attach a pile design table indicating feasible pile types, various nominal required bearings, factored resistances available and corresponding estimated lengths at locations where piles will be used. Provide factored bearing resistance and unit sliding resistance at various elevations and confirm no ground improvement/treatment is necessary where spread footings are proposed. Estimated top of rock elevations as well as preliminary factored unit side and tip resistance values shall be indicated when drilled shafts are proposed:

The foundations supporting the proposed bridge must provide sufficient support to resist dead and live loads. The IDOT Static Method uses the LRFD Pile Design Guide Procedure to estimate the pile lengths. The tables used to estimate the pile lengths and the Pile Calculations are attached in Exhibit F. The estimated pile lengths for applicable Metal Shell pile types are shown in the Pile Design Table below. The Nominal Required Bearing (RN) represents the resistance the pile will experience during driving and will assist the contractor in selecting a proper hammer size. The Factored Resistance Available (RF) documents the net long-term axial factored pile capacity available at the top of the pile to support factored substructure loadings.

Calculate the estimated water surface elevation and determine the need for cofferdams (type 1 or 2), and seal coat:

N/A

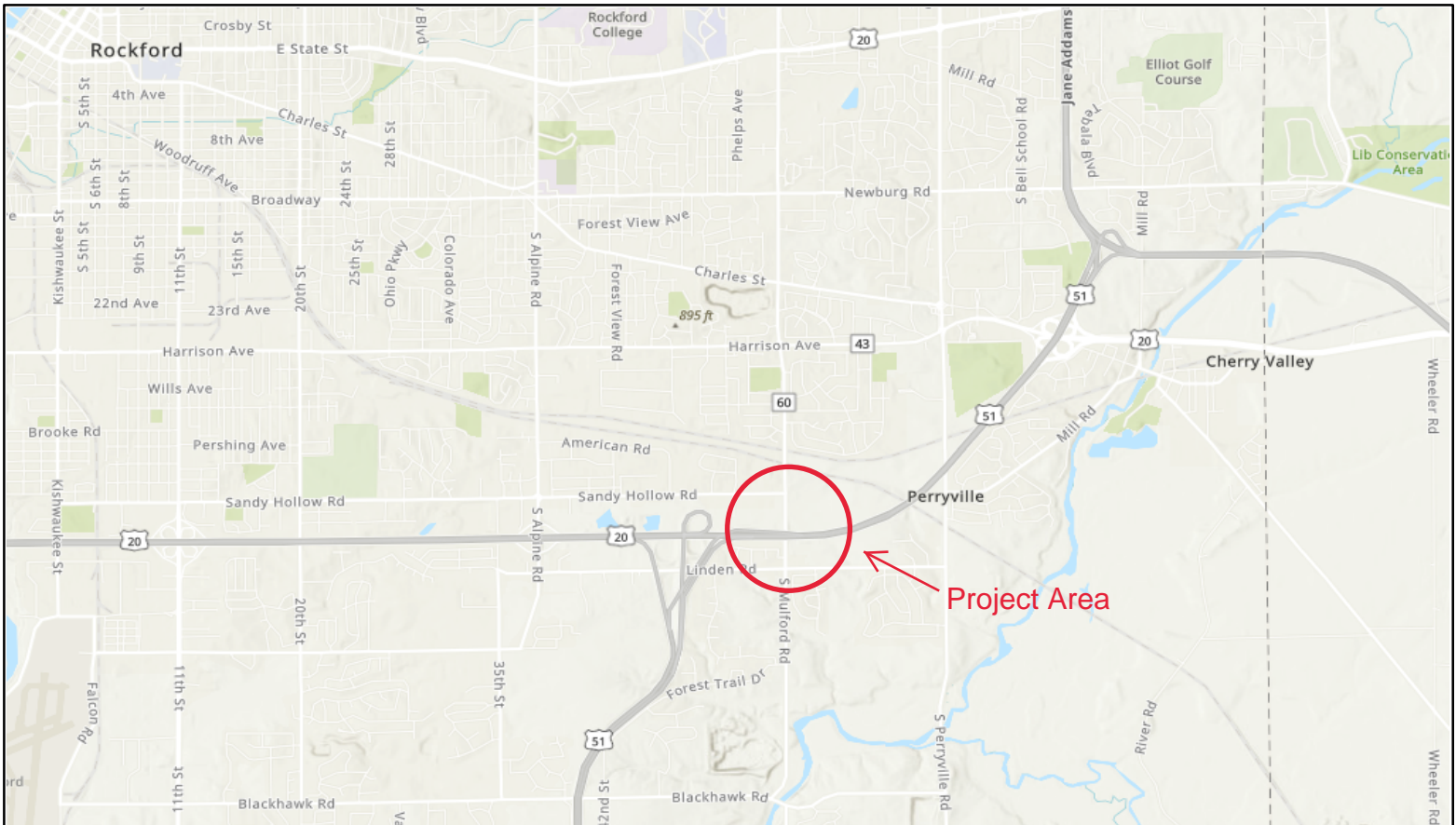
Assess the need for sheeting or soil retention or temporary construction slope and provide recommendation for other construction concerns:

Temporary sheet piling will not be required since the bridge will be constructed using a full closure and a detour. Temporary Soil Retention Systems may be required for support of any required Stage construction for retained heights greater than 15 feet and should be designed in accordance with IDOT Design Guide 3.13.1 - Temporary Sheet Piling Design.



11/04/2022
Exp. 11/30/2023

EXHIBIT A
LOCATION MAP



LOCATION MAP
Mulford Road Over I39/US 20
Winnebago County, Illinois

Exhibit No.

A

KEG JOB #19-1138.00

EXHIBIT B
BORING LOCATION PLAN



BORING LOCATION MAP
Mulford Road over I39/US20
Winnebago County, IL

Exhibit No.

B

KEG JOB #19-1138.00

EXHIBIT C

TYPE, SIZE AND LOCATION PLAN

BM: # 316 2" Aluminum Disk on Approx. C of U.S. 20 - on pier base under Mulford Rd. - Elevation 805.75

Existing Structure (No. 101-0131): Originally constructed in 1963 under FA 194, Section 4-HB-2, the structure was a 4 span, concrete deck on steel beam superstructure with concrete piers and pile bent abutments. The structure was reconstructed in 1976 under FA 194, Section 201-3HB-3 as a 2 span concrete deck on continuous steel girder superstructure with concrete piers and closed sand filled pile bent abutments. The structure has a Bk. to Bk. = 274'-0" with an out-out of deck of 42'-0". The structure was repainted in 1999.

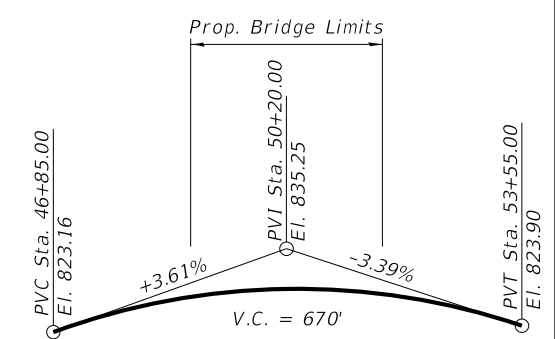
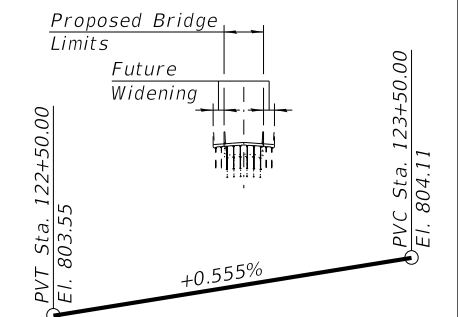
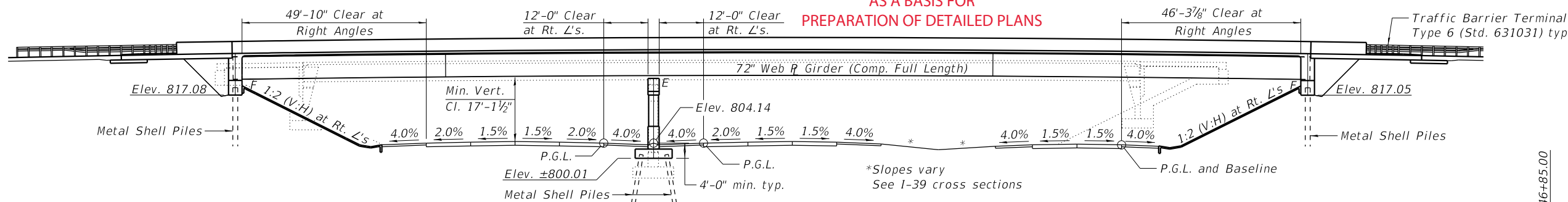
Roadway will be closed to traffic during construction, No Salvage.

APPROVED

NOVEMBER 17, 2021

AS A BASIS FOR
PREPARATION OF DETAILED PLANS

Note:
Up to 1/4" inch may be ground off the bridge deck and the approach slabs.



PROPOSED PROFILE

Along I-39 NBL and US-20 Inside E.O.P.

Proposed Bridge Limits

Future Widening

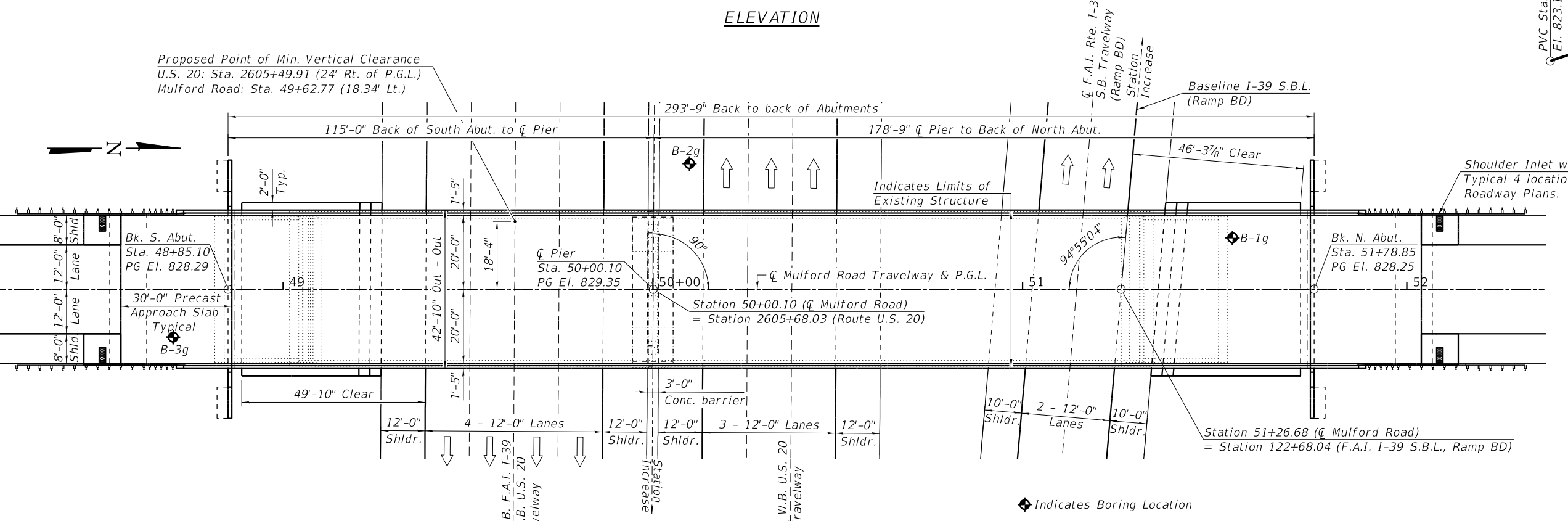
POT Sta. 2590+10.60

Elev. 816.60

-0.800%

POT Sta. 2619+10.60

Elev. 793.40



DESIGN STRESSES

FIELD UNITS

- f'c = 3,500 psi
- f'c = 4,000 psi (Superstructure Concrete)
- f'y = 60,000 psi (Reinforcement)
- f'y = 50,000 psi (M270 Grade 50)*
- * All Structural Steel shall be Metalized.

PRECAST UNITS

- f'c = 6,000 psi (Precast Bridge Approach Slab)

SEISMIC DATA

Seismic Performance Zone (SPZ) = 1

Design Spectral Acceleration at 1.0 sec. (SD1) = 0.080 G

Design Spectral Acceleration at 0.2 sec. (SDS) = 0.135 G

Soil Site Class = D

DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

2020 AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition

LOADING HL-93

Allow 50#/sq. ft. for future wearing surface.

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION

F.A.I. Rte. 39

Functional Class: Interstate

ADT: 44,600 (2013); 106,610 (2040)

ADTT: 12,950 (2013); 32,000 (2040)

DHV: 10,600 (2040)

Design Speed: 70 m.p.h.

Posted Speed: 65 m.p.h.

2 -Way Traffic

Directional Distribution: 50:50

HIGHWAY CLASSIFICATION

F.A.U. Rte. 5147 - Mulford Road

Functional Class: Minor Arterial

ADT: 6,500 (2013); 35,750 (2040)

ADTT: 520 (2013); 2,860 (2040)

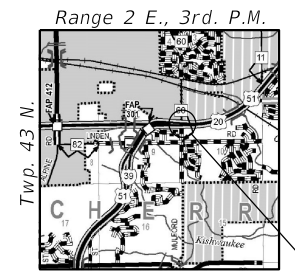
DHV: 3,575 (2040)

Design Speed: 45 m.p.h.

Posted Speed: 45 m.p.h.

2 -Way Traffic

Directional Distribution: 50:50



GENERAL PLAN

MULFORD ROAD OVER I-39 & US 20

F.A.I. 39 - SEC. (201-3)K & (4-1,5)R

WINNEBAGO COUNTY

STA. 50+00.10

STRUCTURE NO. 101-0207

MODEL: 2D Drawing FILE NAME: pw:\bentley.com\benesch-pw-01\Documents\108000\00\Eng_Docs\Structures\SN 0207 Mulford (WHA)\D64C62-1010207-001-TSL



USER NAME =	DESIGNED - BKC	REVISED -
PLOT SCALE =	CHECKED - SM	REVISED -
PLOT DATE =	DRAWN - FDL	REVISED -
	CHECKED - BKC	REVISED -

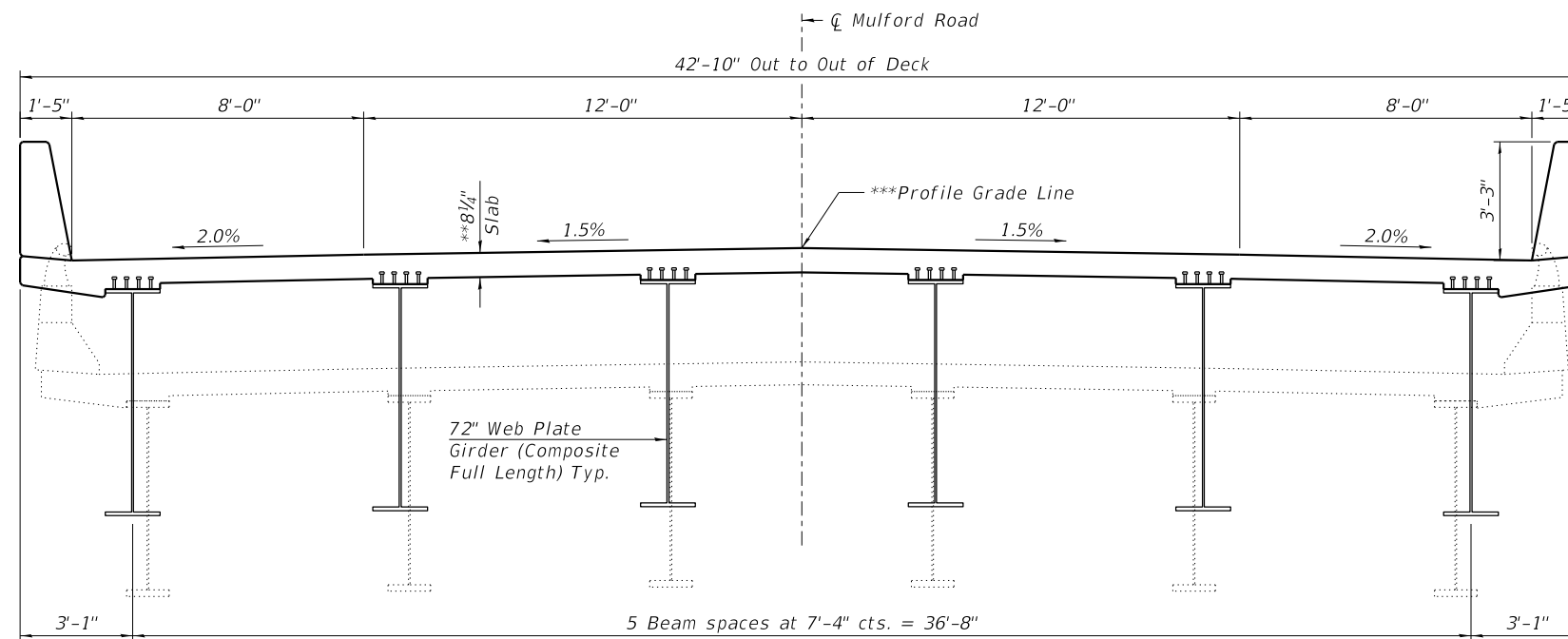
STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

F.A.I. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
39	(201-3)K & (4-1,5)R	WINNEBAGO	2	1
WHA # 1390D19		CONTRACT NO. 64C62		
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

APPROVED

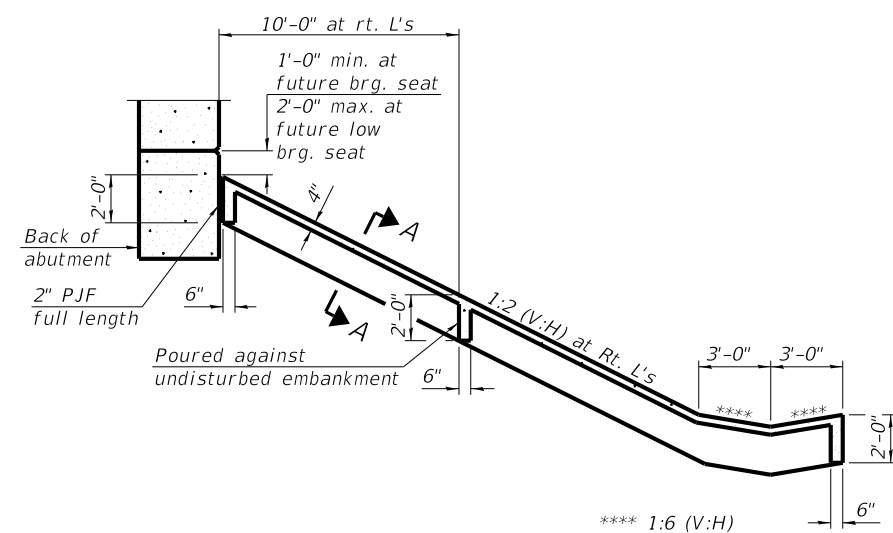
NOVEMBER 17, 2021

AS A BASIS FOR
PREPARATION OF DETAILED PLANS

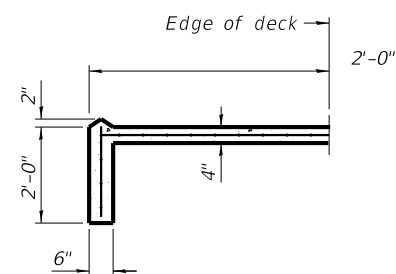


PROPOSED CROSS SECTION

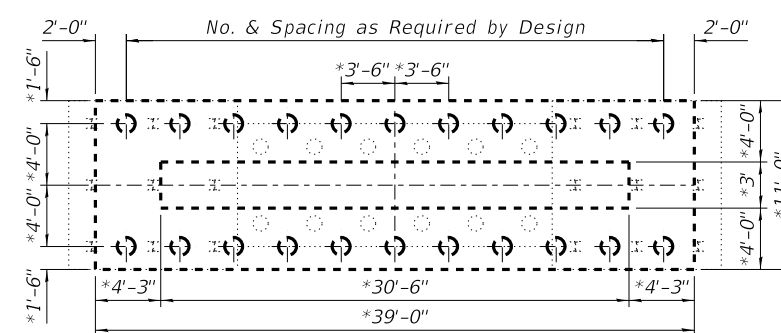
** Prior to Grinding
*** After Grinding



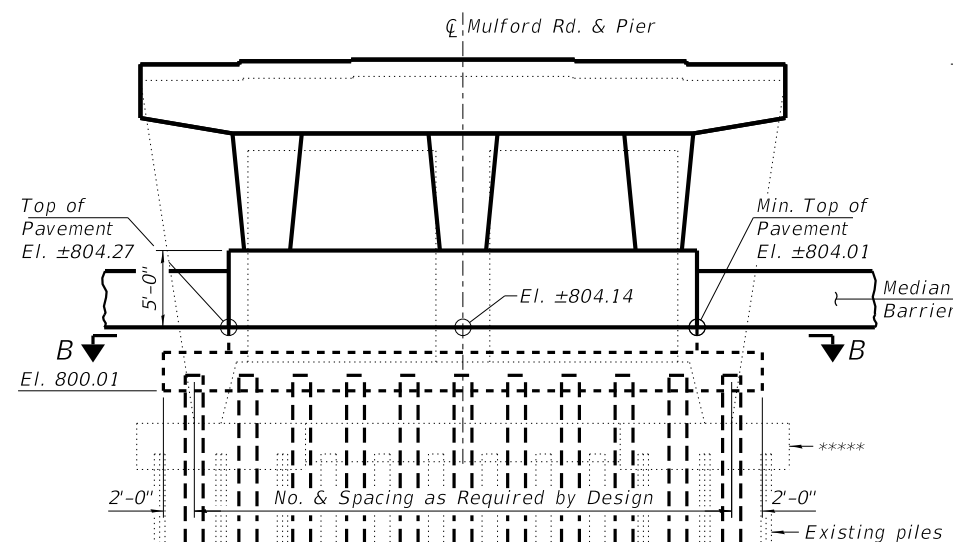
SECTION THRU CONCRETE SLOPEWALL



SECTION A-A

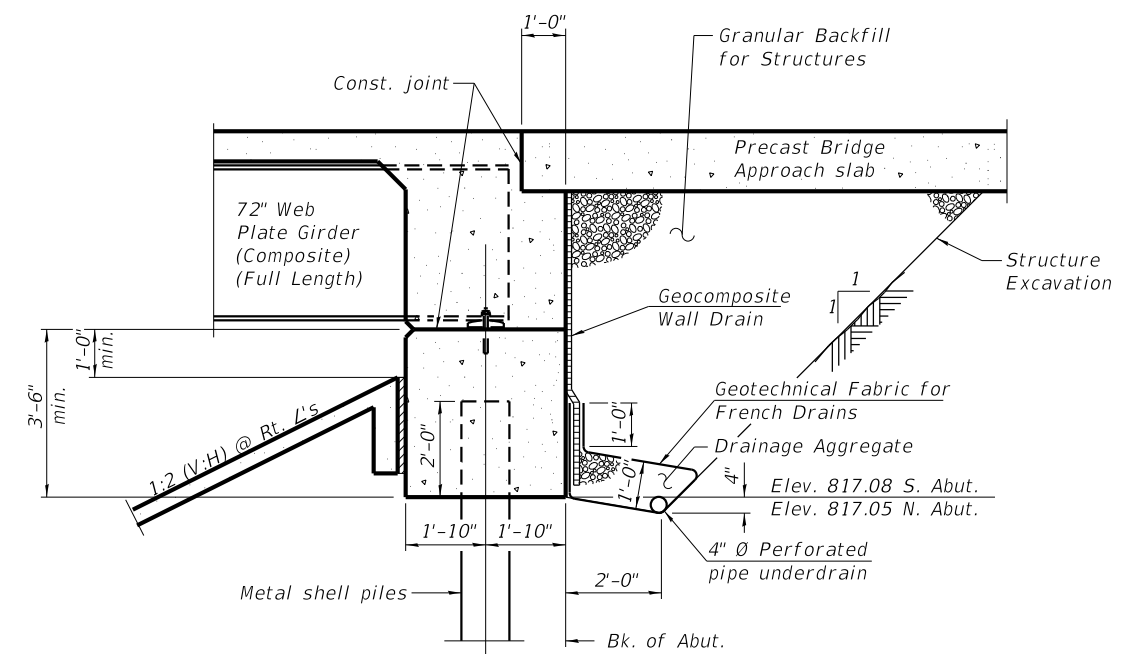


SECTION B-B
*May be Modified in Design



PIER SKETCH
(Looking North)

*****Concrete region around proposed piles shall be removed prior to driving Metal Shell Piles.



SECTION THRU INTEGRAL ABUTMENT
(Horiz. dim. @ Rt. L's)

DETAILS
MULFORD ROAD OVER I-39 & US 20
F.A.I. 39 - SEC. (201-3)K & (4-1,5)R
WINNEBAGO COUNTY
STA. 50+00.10
STRUCTURE NO. 101-0207

MODEL: SMODELNAMES
FILE NAME: SFILES



USER NAME =
DESIGNED - BKC
CHECKED - SM
PLOT SCALE =
DRAWN - FDL
PLOT DATE =
CHECKED - BKC
REVISED -
REVISED -
REVISED -
REVISED -

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

F.A.I. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
39	(201-3)K & (4-1,5)R	WINNEBAGO	2	2
WHA # 1390D19		CONTRACT NO. 64C62		
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

EHIIBIT D
BORING LOGS AND SOIL PROFILES



Illinois Department of Transportation

Division of Highways
Illinois Department of Transportation/D-2

SOIL BORING LOG

Date 7/27/08

ROUTE FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road Bridge over US 20 Bypass, .25 m. S. of Sandy Hollow Road LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION (201-3) K (4-1, 5) K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 9 NE, SEC., TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E

COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE B-53 Diedrich Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-2g
Station 50+10
Offset 34.00ft Lt CL
Ground Surface Elev. 803.70 ft

DEPTH H S Qu (ft)	B L O W S (/6")	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T (%)	Surface Water Elev. _____ ft	D E P T H (ft)	B L O W S (/6")	U C S Qu (tsf)	M O I S T (%)
				Stream Bed Elev. <u>77.00</u> ft				
				Groundwater Elev.:				
				First Encounter <u>793.7</u> ft ▼				
				Upon Completion <u>790.7</u> ft ▼				
				After _____ Hrs. _____ ft				
MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM		0.5 P	18.0	VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	12			
					20			
				782.20	30			
STIFF tan SILTY CLAY LOAM	3			VERY DENSE light brown fine SAND	13			
	5	1.5	26.0		21			
	6	B			30			
				779.20				
MEDIUM brown SANDY LOAM	2			VERY DENSE gray CLAY LOAM	21			
	3	0.8	17.0		22		13.0	
	5	P			45			
				776.70				
MEDIUM tan dirty SAND	2			VERY DENSE gray clean medium SAND	10			
	4		14.0		27			
	7				52			
				774.70				
LOOSE tan dirty SAND	7			End of Boring				
	3		11.0					
	4							
VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	19							
	23		9.0					
	33							
VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	17							
	27							
	31							
VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL	19							
	27							
	33							

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



SOIL BORING LOG

Date 7/28/08

ROUTE FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road Bridge over US 20 Bypass, .25 m. S. of Sandy Hollow Road LOGGED BY W. Garza

SECTION (201-3) K (4-1, 5) K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 9 NE, SEC., TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E

COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE B-53 Diedrich Automatic

STRUCT. NO. _____
Station _____

BORING NO. B-3g
Station 48+70
Offset 15.00ft Rt CL
Ground Surface Elev. 824.20 ft

DEPTH TH (ft)	BLOW S (/6")	UCS Qu (tsf)	MOIST T (%)	Surface Water Elev. _____ ft	DEPTH TH (ft)	BLOW S (/6")	UCS Qu (tsf)	MOIST T (%)
				Stream Bed Elev. <u>77.00</u> ft				
				First Encounter <u>801.7</u> ft ▼				
				Upon Completion <u>805.2</u> ft ▼				
				After _____ Hrs. _____ ft				
Shoulder				STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		2		
					802.70	3	1.5	25.0
						5	B	
HARD brown SANDY LOAM	821.70	16		SOFT gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		1		
		11	4.0			1	0.3	29.0
	820.20	9	P		799.70	3	B	
MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM		3		LOOSE tan dirty moist SAND		2		
		4	0.8			2		
	817.70	7	P		797.20	3		
STIFF tan SANDY LOAM with GRAVEL		4		MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL		1		
		11	1.0			3	0.6	10.0
	815.20	10	P		795.20	4	P	
VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM		2		MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL with SAND lens		1		
		5	2.5			5	0.8	9.0
	812.70	7	B		792.70	9	P	
VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM		3		DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL		10		
		7	2.9			17		9.0
	810.20	11	B		790.20	20		
VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY		5		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL		18		
		8	3.5			26		
	807.70	11	B		787.70	33		
VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM		5		VERY DENSE tan GRAVEL		100/2"		
		7	2.5	Hard Drilling				
	805.20 ▼	9	P		785.20			

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



SOIL BORING LOG

ROUTE FAI 39 & FAP 301 DESCRIPTION P92-111-06 Mulford Road over Bypass 20 LOGGED BY W. Garza
 SECTION (201-3)K & 4-1,5)K LOCATION Cherry Valley Twp. - 10NW, SEC. , TWP. 43N, RNG. 2E
 COUNTY Winnebago DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger HAMMER TYPE CME-55

STRUCT. NO. _____ Latitude 42° 13' 11.65" Northing 2,024,824.8893
 Station _____ Longitude -88° 59' 54.20" Easting 2,613,032.2599

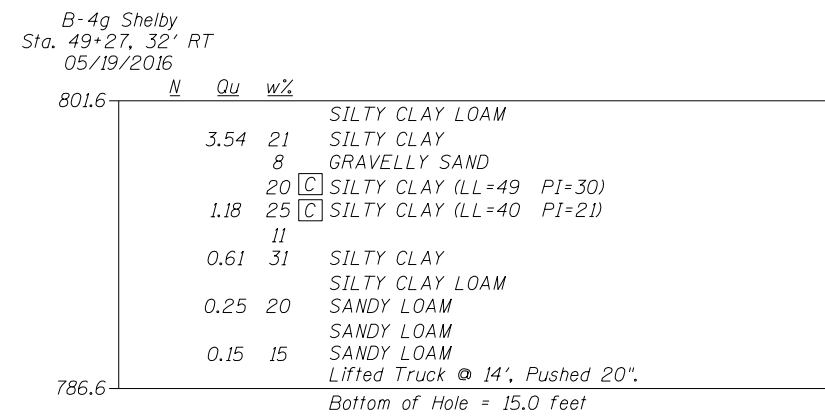
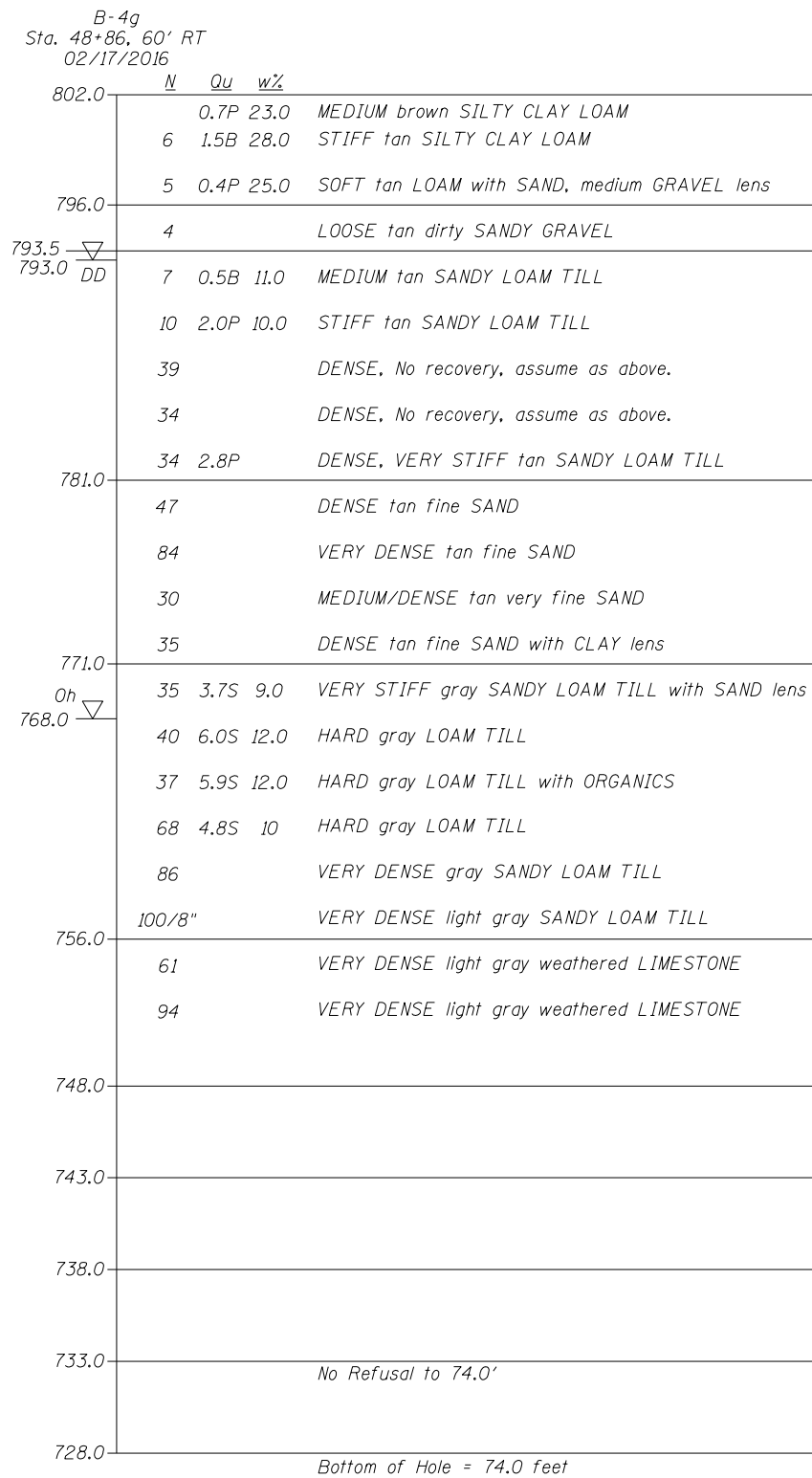
BORING NO. B-4g
 Station 2606+77
 Offset 117.00ft Rt
 Ground Surface Elev. 802.00 ft

D E P T H H S T H	B L O W S Qu	U C S Qu	M O I S T T T	Surface Water Elev.	ft	D E P T H H S T H	B L O W S Qu	U C S Qu	M O I S T T T
				Stream Bed Elev.	ft				
				First Encounter	<u>793.0</u> ft ▼				
				Upon Completion	<u>768.0</u> ft ▼				
				After _____ Hrs.	_____ ft				

Northing and Easting were calculated using the LHP-WF coordinate system

Soil Description	(ft)	(/6")	(tsf)	(%)	Surface Water Elev. (ft)	Stream Bed Elev. (ft)	Groundwater Elev. (ft)	Notes
HARD gray LOAM TILL (continued)	761.50	23	S					
VERY DENSE gray SANDY LOAM TILL	759.00	19 60 26						
VERY DENSE light gray SANDY LOAM TILL	756.00	23 -45 100/8"						
VERY DENSE light gray weathered LIMESTONE	754.00	26 32 29						
VERY DENSE light gray weathered LIMESTONE	748.00	25 27 67						No Refusal to 74.0'
End of Boring	743.00	-55						

The Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) Failure Mode is indicated by (B-Bulge, S-Shear, P-Penetrometer)
 The SPT (N value) is the sum of the last two blow values in each sampling zone (AASHTO T206)



LEGEND

- N Standard Penetration Test N (blows/ft)
- Qu Unconfined Strength (tsf)
- w% Natural Moisture Content (%)
- [C] Consolidation Test
- DD Water Surface Elevation Encountered in Boring
- Oh = during drilling
- Oh = at completion
- 24h = 24 hours after completion
- Approximate Finish Grade
- Bottom of Footing

FILE NAME =	USER NAME =	DESIGNED - RGC	REVISED
		CHECKED - JLD	REVISED
		DRAWN - EJM	REVISED
		CHECKED - KKC	REVISED
PLOT SCALE =	PLOT DATE = 08/11/16		

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBSURFACE DATA PROFILE
STRUCTURE NO. 101-0207

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2 SHEETS

F.A.U. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
5147	(201-3)K & (4-1.5)R	WINNEBAGO		
CONTRACT NO.				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

B-3g
Sta. 48+73, 34' LT
07/28/2008

N	Qu	w%	
824.2			Shoulder
20	4.0P	11.0	HARD brown SANDY LOAM
11	0.8P	10.0	MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM
21	1.0P	13.0	STIFF tan SANDY LOAM with GRAVEL
12	2.5B	23.0	VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
18	2.9B	21.0	VERY STIFF brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
19	3.5B	18.0	VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY
Oh			
805.2	16	2.5P	22.0 VERY STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
DD			
801.7	8	1.5B	25.0 STIFF gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
	4	0.3B	29.0 SOFT gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
799.7			
	5		LOOSE tan dirty moist SAND
797.2			
	7	0.6P	10.0 MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	14	0.8P	9.0 MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL with SAND lens
	37	9.0	DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	59		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL 100/2" VERY DENSE tan GRAVEL Hard Drilling
	30		DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	26	1.6B	8.0 STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL
	21	2.5S	8.0 VERY STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
774.7	19	1.5B	10.0 STIFF gray SANDY LOAM TILL
	29		MEDIUM gray fine SAND with medium GRAVEL
	36		DENSE gray fine SAND
	100/7"		VERY DENSE tan SAND with GRAVEL
	100/9"		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with SANDY GRAVEL lens
762.7	100/11"		VERY DENSE tan fine SAND
			Bottom of Hole = 61.5 feet

B-2g
Sta. 50+12, 84' LT
07/27/2008

N	Qu	w%	
803.7			
	0.5P	18.0	MEDIUM brown SILTY CLAY LOAM
	11	1.5B	26.0 STIFF tan SILTY CLAY LOAM
	8	0.8P	17.0 MEDIUM brown SANDY LOAM
DD			
793.7	11	14.0	MEDIUM tan dirty SAND
Oh			
790.7	7	11.0	LOOSE tan dirty SAND
	56	9.0	VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	58		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	60		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
	50		VERY DENSE tan SANDY LOAM TILL with GRAVEL
779.2	51		VERY DENSE light brown fine SAND
776.7	67	13.0	VERY DENSE gray CLAY LOAM
774.7	79		VERY DENSE gray clean medium SAND
			Bottom of Hole = 29.0 feet


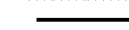
B-1g
Sta. 51+59, 65' LT
07/25/2008


N	Qu	w%	
825.7			
	0.3P	14.0	SOFT brown SANDY LOAM
	3	0.3P	15.0 SOFT tan/brown SANDY LOAM
	18	4.5P	8.0 HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	18	2.4B	21.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM
	16	4.5P	9.0 HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	14	11.0	tan SANDY LOAM with large piece of GRAVEL in nose
	15	2.4B	20.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM
	11	3.1B	22.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM
	18	3.5B	19.0 VERY STIFF brown/gray CLAY LOAM with ORGANICS
	16	3.3B	21.0 VERY STIFF dark gray SILTY CLAY LOAM
	10	1.3B	28.0 STIFF dark gray SILTY LOAM
	7	1.2B	25.0 STIFF gray CLAY LOAM
DD			
793.2	9	1.0P	21.0 MEDIUM gray/brown CLAY LOAM with SAND lens
	13	0.6S	9.0 MEDIUM tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	27	2.3P	9.0 VERY STIFF tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	45	8.0	
	103		HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
	100/9"		HARD tan SANDY LOAM TILL
781.2			
	56		VERY DENSE brown dirty coarse SAND & GRAVEL
	100/2"		VERY DENSE tan dirty SAND & GRAVEL
776.7			Bottom of Hole = 49.0 feet

LEGEND

N Standard Penetration Test N (blows/ft)
Qu Unconfined Strength (tsf)
w% Natural Moisture Content (%)

DD ∇ Water Surface Elevation Encountered in Boring
DD = during drilling
Oh = at completion
24h = 24 hours after completion

 Approximate Finish Grade
 Bottom of Footing

FILE NAME =	USER NAME =	DESIGNED - RGC	REVISED
		CHECKED - JLD	REVISED
	PLOT SCALE =	DRAWN - EJM	REVISED
	PLOT DATE = 08/11/16	CHECKED - KKC	REVISED

**STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**SUBSURFACE DATA PROFILE
STRUCTURE NO. 101-0207**

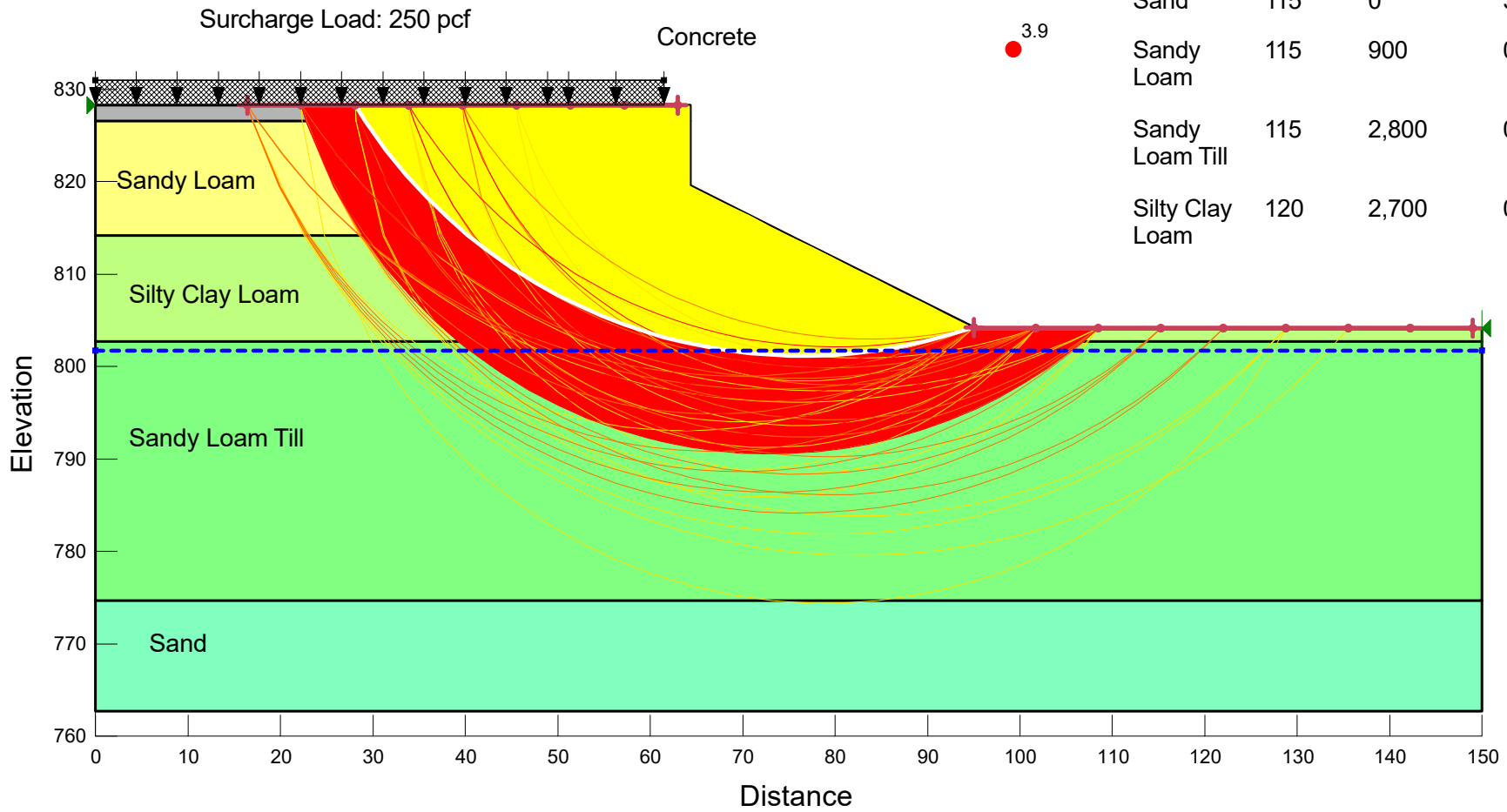
SHEET NO. 2 OF 2 SHEETS

F.A.U. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
5147	(201-3)K & (4-1.5)R	WINNEBAGO		
CONTRACT NO.				
ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT				

EXHIBIT E
SLOPE STABLITY

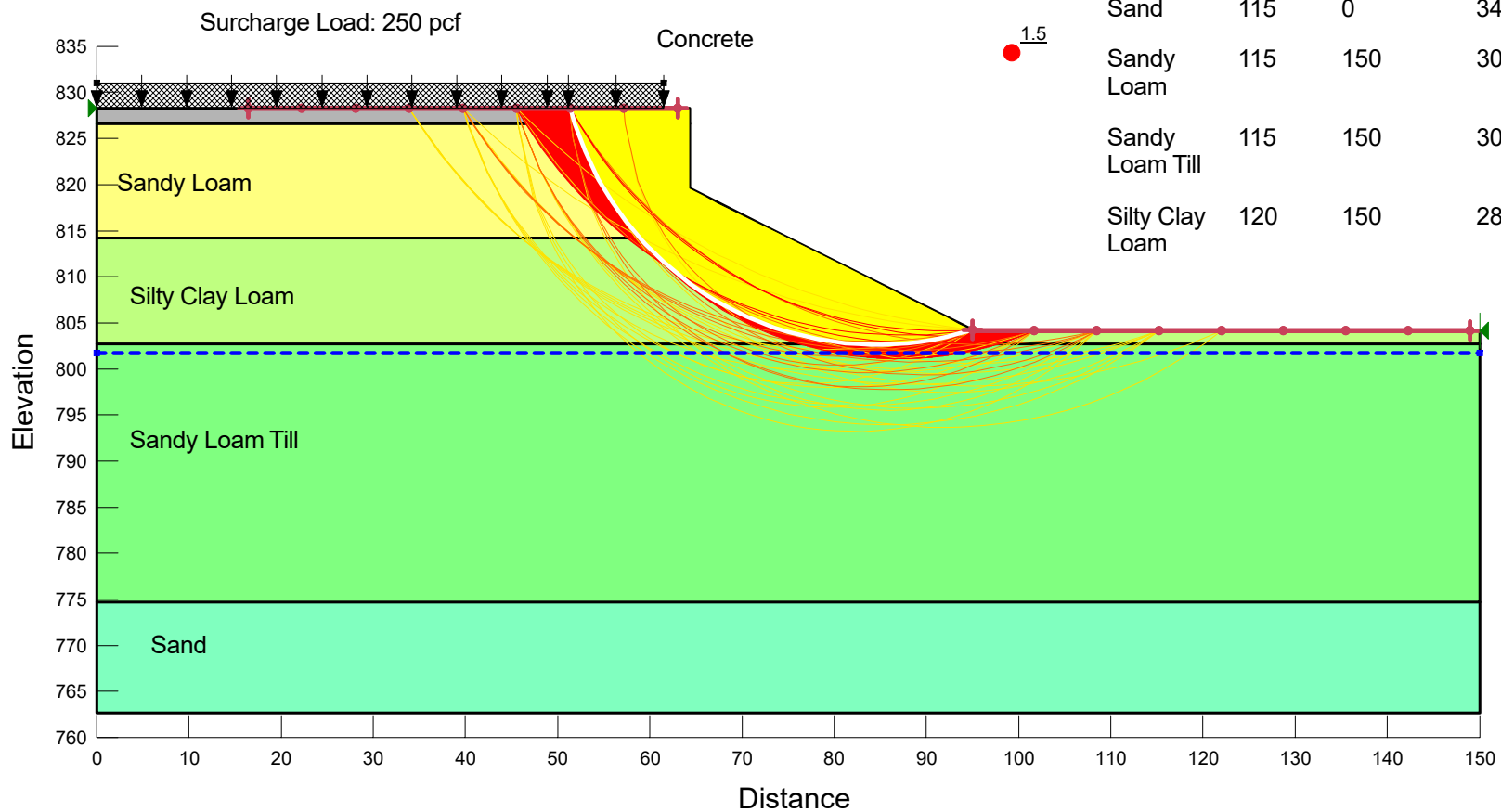
Mulford Road over I39 and US 20
 South Abutment (Boring B-3g)
 End-of-Construction (Undrained Analysis)

Name	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
Concrete	150	5,000	45
Fill	120	1,500	0
Sand	115	0	32
Sandy Loam	115	900	0
Sandy Loam Till	115	2,800	0
Silty Clay Loam	120	2,700	0



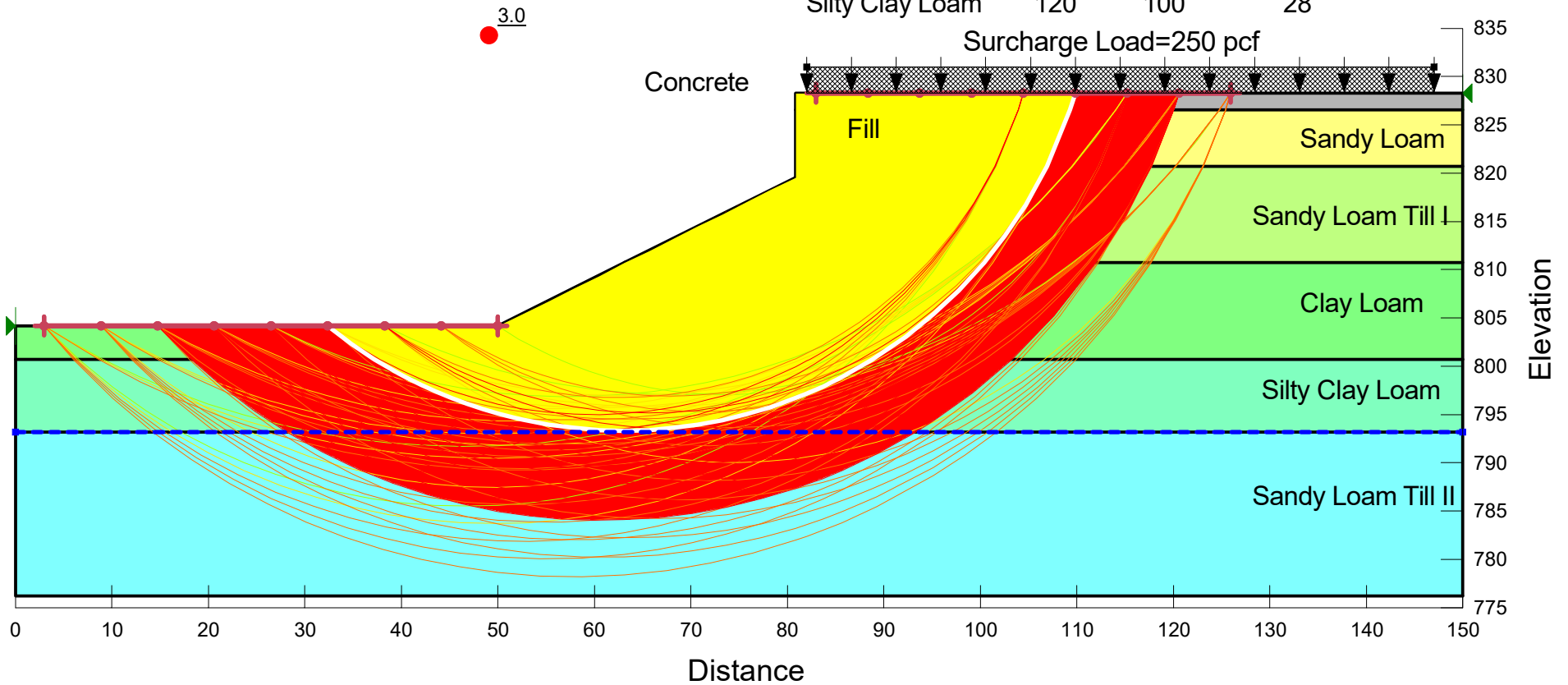
Mulford Road over I39 and US 20
 South Abutment (Boring B-3g)
 Long Term (Drained Analysis)

Name	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
Concrete	150	5,000	45
Fill	120	150	28
Sand	115	0	34
Sandy Loam	115	150	30
Sandy Loam Till	115	150	30
Silty Clay Loam	120	150	28



Mulford Road over I39 and US20
 North Abutment (Boring B-1g)
 End-of-Construction (Undrained Analysis)

Name	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
Clay Loam	120	3,000	0
Concrete	150	5,000	45
Fill	120	1,500	0
Sandy Loam	115	300	0
Sandy Loam Till I	115	3,200	0
Sandy Loam Till II	115	0	32
Silty Clay Loam	120	100	28



Mulford Road over I39 and US20
 North Abutment (Boring B-1g)
 Long Term (Drained Analysis)

Name	Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Cohesion (psf)	Effective Friction Angle (°)
Clay Loam	120	150	28
Concrete	150	5,000	45
Fill	120	150	28
Sandy Loam	115	50	30
Sandy Loam Till I	115	150	30
Sandy Loam Till II	115	0	32
Silty Clay Loam	120	100	28

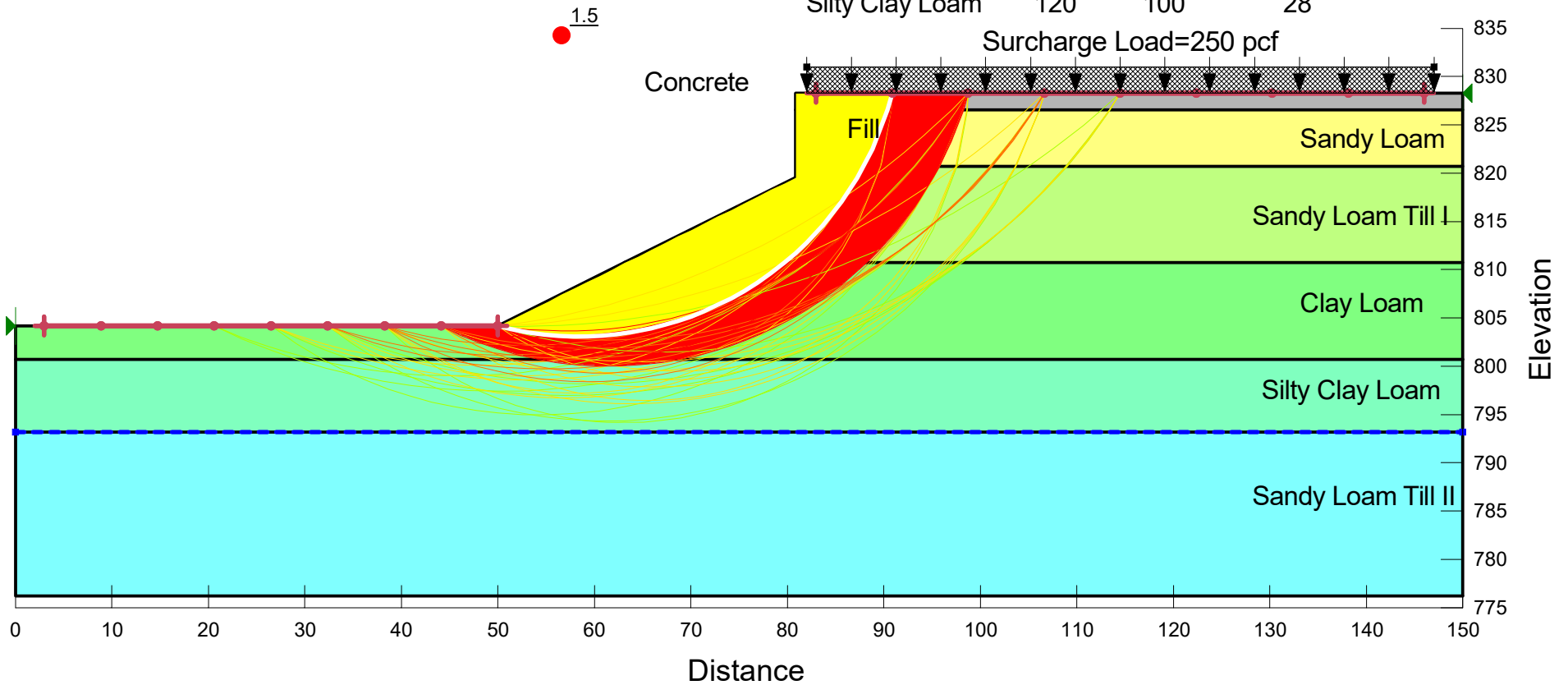


EXHIBIT F

PILE LENGTH TABLES AND CALCULATIONS

Pile Capacity

Metal Shell 12"Φ w/ 0.25" Walls

Substructure Unit	R _n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R _F Factored Resistance Available (LRFD) (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Assumed Pile Cut-off Elevation (ft.)
South Abutment B-3g	392	216	31	820.29
Pier 1 B-2g	392	216	19	802.01
North Abutment B-1g	392	216	33	820.25

Metal Shell 14"Φ w/ 0.25" Walls

Substructure Unit	R _n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R _F Factored Resistance Available (LRFD) (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Assumed Pile Cut-off Elevation (ft.)
South Abutment B-3g	459	252	31	820.29
Pier 1 B-2g	459	253	18	802.01
North Abutment B-1g	459	252	32	820.25

Metal Shell 14"Φ w/ 0.312" Walls

Substructure Unit	R_n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R_F Factored Resistance Available (LRFD) (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Assumed Pile Cut-off Elevation (ft.)
South Abutment B-3g	570	313	31	820.29
Pier 1 B-2g	570	313	21	802.01
North Abutment B-1g	570	313	33	820.25

Metal Shell 16"Φ w/ 0.312" Walls

Substructure Unit	R_n Nominal Required Bearing (kips)	R_F Factored Resistance Available (LRFD) (kips)	Estimated Pile Length (ft.)	Assumed Pile Cut-off Elevation (ft.)
South Abutment B-3g	654	360	31	820.29
Pier 1 B-2g	654	360	20	802.01
North Abutment B-1g	654	360	33	820.25

SUBSTRUCTURE===== **South Abutment**
 REFERENCE BORING ===== **B-3g**
 LRFD or ASD or SEISMIC ===== **LRFD**
 PILE CUTOFF ELEV. ===== **820.29** ft
 GROUND SURFACE ELEV. AGAINST PILE DURING DRIVING = **818.29** ft
 GEOTECHNICAL LOSS TYPE (None, Scour, Liquef., DD) ===== **None**
 BOTTOM ELEV. OF SCOUR, LIQUEF., or DD ===== ft
 TOP ELEV. OF LIQUEF. (so layers above apply DD) ===== ft

TOTAL FACTORED SUBSTRUCTURE LOAD ===== **1215** kips
 TOTAL LENGTH OF SUBSTRUCTURE (along skew)===== **42.83** ft
 NUMBER OF ROWS OF PILES PER SUBSTRUCTURE ===== **2**
 Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 8 ft. Cts ===== 113.47 KIPS
 Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 3 ft. Cts ===== 42.55 KIPS

MAX. REQUIRED BEARING & RESISTANCE for Selected Pile, Soil Profile, & Losses

Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of <u>Pile</u>	Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of <u>Boring</u>	Maximum Factored Resistance Available in <u>Boring</u>	Maximum Pile Driveable Length in <u>Boring</u>
392 KIPS	360 KIPS	198 KIPS	31 FT.

PILE TYPE AND SIZE ===== **Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls**
 Pile Perimeter===== 3.142 FT.
 Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.785 SQFT.

BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT.)	LAYER THICK. (FT.)	UNCONF. COMPR. STRENGTH (TSF)	S.P.T. N VALUE (BLOWS)	GRANULAR OR ROCK LAYER DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL						NOMINAL REQ'D BEARING (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS FROM SCOUR or DD (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS LOAD FROM DD (KIPS)	FACTORED RESISTANCE AVAILABLE (KIPS)	ESTIMATED PILE LENGTH (FT.)
					SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)								
816.20	2.09	0.80			6.1		14.7				15	0	0	8	4
814.20	2.00	1.00			7.0	8.6	34.6				35	0	0	19	6
811.70	2.50	2.50			16.6	21.5	54.6				55	0	0	30	9
809.20	2.50	2.90			18.4	25.0	78.1				78	0	0	43	11
806.70	2.50	3.50	19		21.1	30.2	90.6				91	0	0	50	14
804.20	2.50	2.50			16.6	21.5	98.5				99	0	0	54	16
801.70	2.50	1.50			11.8	12.9	100.0				100	0	0	55	19
799.70	2.00	0.30			2.4	2.6	124.5				125	0	0	68	21
797.20	2.50		5	Medium Sand	3.6	24.7	108.6				109	0	0	60	23
794.20	3.00	0.60			6.8	5.2	117.1				117	0	0	64	26
791.70	2.50	0.80			7.3	6.9	254.7				255	0	0	140	29
789.20	2.50		37	Very Fine Silty Sand	23.9	137.2	360.1				360	0	0	198	31
786.70	2.50		59	Very Fine Silty Sand	48.3	218.8	684.1				684	0	0	376	34
784.20	2.50		100	Sandy Gravel	278.1	494.4	579.0				579	0	0	318	36
781.70	2.50		30	Very Fine Silty Sand	18.6	111.2	500.2				500	0	0	275	39
779.20	2.50	1.60			12.4	13.8	520.3				520	0	0	286	41
776.70	2.50	2.50			16.6	21.5	528.2				528	0	0	291	44
774.70	2.00	1.50			9.5	12.9	668.1				668	0	0	367	46
771.70	3.00		29	Sandy Gravel	36.0	143.4	738.8				739	0	0	406	49
769.20	2.50		36	Fine Sand	26.4	178.0	1081.6				1082	0	0	595	51
766.70	2.50		100	Medium Sand	163.8	494.4	1245.3				1245	0	0	685	54
764.20	2.50		100	Medium Sand	163.8	494.4	1409.1				1409	0	0	775	56
762.70	1.50		100	Fine Sand		494.4									

SUBSTRUCTURE===== Pier 1
 REFERENCE BORING ===== B-2g
 LRFD or ASD or SEISMIC ===== LRFD
 PILE CUTOFF ELEV. ===== 802.01 ft
 GROUND SURFACE ELEV. AGAINST PILE DURING DRIVING = 800.01 ft
 GEOTECHNICAL LOSS TYPE (None, Scour, Liquef., DD) ===== None
 BOTTOM ELEV. OF SCOUR, LIQUEF., or DD ===== ft
 TOP ELEV. OF LIQUEF. (so layers above apply DD) ===== ft

TOTAL FACTORED SUBSTRUCTURE LOAD ===== 3231 kips
 TOTAL LENGTH OF SUBSTRUCTURE (along skew)===== 42.83 ft
 NUMBER OF ROWS OF PILES PER SUBSTRUCTURE ===== 2

Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 8 ft. Cts ===== 301.75 KIPS
 Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 3 ft. Cts ===== 113.16 KIPS

MAX. REQUIRED BEARING & RESISTANCE for Selected Pile, Soil Profile, & Losses

Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of <u>Pile</u>	Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of <u>Boring</u>	Maximum Factored Resistance Available in <u>Boring</u>	Maximum Pile Driveable Length in <u>Boring</u>
392 KIPS	351 KIPS	193 KIPS	18 FT.

PILE TYPE AND SIZE ===== Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls
 Pile Perimeter===== 3.142 FT.
 Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.785 SQFT.

BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT.)	LAYER THICK. (FT.)	UNCONF. COMPR. STRENGTH (TSF)	S.P.T. N VALUE (BLOWS)	GRANULAR OR ROCK LAYER DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL			NOMINAL REQ'D BEARING (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS FROM SCOUR or DD (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS LOAD FROM DD (KIPS)	FACTORED RESISTANCE AVAILABLE (KIPS)	ESTIMATED PILE LENGTH (FT.)
					SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)					
798.70	1.31	1.50			6.2		13.1	13	0	0	7	3
796.20	2.50	0.80			7.3	6.9	47.8	48	0	0	26	6
793.70	2.50		11	Very Fine Silty Sand	6.8	34.3	46.2	46	0	0	25	8
791.20	2.50		7	Very Fine Silty Sand	4.3	26.0	232.2	232	0	0	128	11
788.70	2.50		56	Very Fine Silty Sand	44.2	207.7	283.8	284	0	0	156	13
786.20	2.50		58	Very Fine Silty Sand	46.9	215.1	338.2	338	0	0	186	16
783.70	2.50		60	Very Fine Silty Sand	49.7	222.5	350.8	351	0	0	193	18
781.20	2.50		50	Very Fine Silty Sand	36.8	185.4	454.3	454	0	0	250	21
779.20	2.00		51	Fine Sand	37.9	252.1	488.5	488	0	0	269	23
776.70	2.50		67	Hard Till	41.0	248.4	671.7	672	0	0	369	25
774.70	2.00		79	Medium Sand		390.6						

SUBSTRUCTURE===== **North Abutment**
 REFERENCE BORING ===== **B-1g**
 LRFD or ASD or SEISMIC ===== **LRFD**
 PILE CUTOFF ELEV. ===== **820.25** ft
 GROUND SURFACE ELEV. AGAINST PILE DURING DRIVING = **818.25** ft
 GEOTECHNICAL LOSS TYPE (None, Scour, Liquef., DD) ===== **None**
 BOTTOM ELEV. OF SCOUR, LIQUEF., or DD ===== ft
 TOP ELEV. OF LIQUEF. (so layers above apply DD) ===== ft

TOTAL FACTORED SUBSTRUCTURE LOAD ===== **1547** kips
 TOTAL LENGTH OF SUBSTRUCTURE (along skew)===== **42.83** ft
 NUMBER OF ROWS OF PILES PER SUBSTRUCTURE ===== **2**
 Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 8 ft. Cts ===== 144.48 KIPS
 Approx. Factored Loading Applied per pile at 3 ft. Cts ===== 54.18 KIPS

MAX. REQUIRED BEARING & RESISTANCE for Selected Pile, Soil Profile, & Losses

Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of <u>Pile</u>	Maximum Nominal Req'd Bearing of <u>Boring</u>	Maximum Factored Resistance Available in <u>Boring</u>	Maximum Pile Driveable Length in <u>Boring</u>
392 KIPS	345 KIPS	190 KIPS	32 FT.

PILE TYPE AND SIZE ===== **Metal Shell 12"Φ w/.25" walls**
 Pile Perimeter===== 3.142 FT.
 Pile End Bearing Area===== 0.785 SQFT.

BOT. OF LAYER ELEV. (FT.)	LAYER THICK. (FT.)	UNCONF. COMPR. STRENGTH (TSF.)	S.P.T. N VALUE (BLOWS)	GRANULAR OR ROCK LAYER DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL			NOMINAL REQ'D BEARING (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS FROM SCOUR or DD (KIPS)	FACTORED GEOTECH. LOSS LOAD FROM DD (KIPS)	FACTORED RESISTANCE AVAILABLE (KIPS)	ESTIMATED PILE LENGTH (FT.)
					SIDE RESIST. (KIPS)	END BRG. RESIST. (KIPS)	TOTAL RESIST. (KIPS)					
815.70	2.55	2.40			16.4		55.2	55	0	0	30	5
813.20	2.50	4.50	16		25.6	38.8	93.9	94	0	0	52	7
810.70	2.50		14	Very Fine Silty Sand	8.7	51.9	71.3	71	0	0	39	10
808.20	2.50	2.40			16.1	20.7	93.5	93	0	0	51	12
805.70	2.50	3.10	11		19.3	26.7	116.2	116	0	0	64	15
803.20	2.50	3.50	18		21.1	30.2	135.5	135	0	0	75	17
800.70	2.50	3.30	16		20.2	28.4	138.4	138	0	0	76	20
798.20	2.50	1.30			10.7	11.2	148.3	148	0	0	82	22
795.70	2.50	1.20			10.1	10.3	156.6	157	0	0	86	25
793.20	2.50	1.00			8.7	8.6	161.9	162	0	0	89	27
790.70	2.50	0.60			5.6	5.2	182.2	182	0	0	100	30
788.20	2.50	2.30			15.7	19.8	344.9	345	0	0	190	32
785.70	2.50		45	Very Fine Silty Sand	31.3	166.9	591.3	594	0	0	325	35
783.20	2.50		103	Very Fine Silty Sand	126.0	381.9	706.2	706	0	0	388	37
781.20	2.00		100	Very Fine Silty Sand	96.4	370.8	708.6	709	0	0	390	39
778.70	2.50		56	Sandy Gravel	115.0	276.9	1041.1	1044	0	0	573	42
776.70	2.00		100	Sandy Gravel		494.4						

EXHIBIT G
LAB TEST DATA

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Project: Ramp BD North, Ramp BD South, Perryville, Mulford
 Client: WBK
 Wang Job: 412-04-10

Prepared by: C. Iordache
 Checked by: L. Iordache
 Date: 8/1/2016

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION				LABORATORY TESTS AND SOIL CLASSIFICATION														
Site	Boring	Sample	Top Depth ft	Water Content	Atterberg Limits			Visual Soil Classification	Unconfined Compressive Strength	One-Dimensional Consolidation			UU Triaxial Compression					
				AASHTO T265 w %	LL	PL	PI	IDOT 1999 IDH	AASHTO T208 q _u tsf	Cc	Cs	OCR	σ ₁ psi	S _u tsf	σ ₁ psi	S _u tsf	σ ₁ psi	S _u tsf
Mulford	B-4g	ST-2a	2.5	8				GRAVELLY SAND	NA									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-2b	3.5	20	49	19	30	SILTY CLAY		0.129	0.042	6.32						
Mulford	B-4g	ST-3a	5.0	25	40	19	21	SILTY CLAY	1.18	0.211	0.045	2.61						
Mulford	B-4g	ST-3b	6.0	11														
Mulford	B-4g	ST-4a	7.5	31				SILTY CLAY	0.61									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-4b	8.5					SILTY CLAY LOAM										
Mulford	B-4g	ST-5a	10.0	20				SANDY LOAM	0.25									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-5b	11.0					SANDY LOAM										
Mulford	B-4g	ST-6a	12.5	15				SANDY LOAM	0.15									
Mulford	B-4g	ST-6b	13.5					SANDY LOAM										
Perryville	B-6e	ST-1a	0.0					SANDY LOAM										
Perryville	B-6e	ST-1b	1.0	22				SILTY CLAY	1.58									
Perryville	B-6e	ST-2a	2.5	24	42	19	23	SILTY CLAY		0.197	0.063	3.08						
Perryville	B-6e	ST-2b	3.5					SILTY CLAY										
Perryville	B-6e	ST-3a	5.0	20				SILTY CLAY	1.03									



ONE-DIMENSIONAL CONSOLIDATION TEST
AASHTO T 216 / ASTM D 2435

Project: SN 101-0207, Mulford
Client: Wills, Burke, Kelsey & Associates
Soil Sample ID: Boring B-4g, ST#3, 5 to 7.5 feet
Sample Description: Brown and gray SILTY CLAY

Tested by: M. Snider
Prepared by: M. Snider
Test date: 7/14/2016
WEI: 412-04-10

Initial sample height = 1.000 in
 Initial sample mass = 154.09 g
 Initial water content = 25.26%
 Initial dry unit weight = 95.87 pcf
 Initial void ratio = 0.757
 Initial degree of saturation = 90.04%

 Final sample mass = 149.42 g
 Final dry sample mass = 123.02 g
 Final water content = 21.46%
 Final dry unit weight = 109.61 pcf
 Final void ratio = 0.537
 Final degree of saturation = 100.00%
 Estimated specific gravity = 2.70

Ring diameter = 2.495 in
 Ring mass = 109.54 g
 Initial sample and ring mass = 263.63 g
 Tare mass = 84.94 g
 Final ring and sample mass = 259.32 g
 Mass of wet sample and tare = 234.36 g
 Mass of dry sample and tare = 207.96 g
 Initial dial reading = 0.01000 in
 Final dial reading = 0.13531 in
 LL = 40 %
 PL = 19 %
 % Sand = n.a. %
 % Silt = n.a. %
 % Clay = n.a. %

In-Situ Vertical Effective Stress = 750 psf

Compression and Swelling Indices

Compression index C_c = 0.200
 Field corrected C_c = 0.211
 Swelling index C_s = 0.045

Preconsolidation pressure, s_c
 Casagrande Method = 1959 psf
Over-Consolidation Ratio (OCR) = 2.61

Load number	Vertical stress psf	Dial reading in	System deflection in	Vertical strain %	Void ratio	C_v ft ² /day	C_{ae} %	Elapsed time min
1	100.0	0.01023	0.00010	0.03	0.757	N/A	N/A	480
2	200.0	0.01195	0.00023	0.22	0.753	0.1851	0.05	960
3	500.0	0.01765	0.00058	0.82	0.743	0.2816	0.15	1412
4	1000.0	0.02671	0.00090	1.76	0.726	0.2688	0.05	480
5	2000.0	0.04036	0.00135	3.17	0.702	0.2589	0.16	960
6	4000.0	0.06711	0.00193	5.90	0.654	0.2385	0.25	831
7	8000.0	0.10022	0.00253	9.27	0.594	0.1866	0.32	523
8	16000.0	0.13367	0.00324	12.69	0.534	0.1752	0.26	960
9	32000.0	0.16697	0.00413	16.11	0.474	0.1490	0.30	960
10	8000.0	0.16603	0.00295	15.90	0.478	N/A	N/A	960
11	2000.0	0.15622	0.00198	14.82	0.497	N/A	N/A	480
11	500.0	0.13676	0.00123	12.80	0.532	N/A	N/A	1200

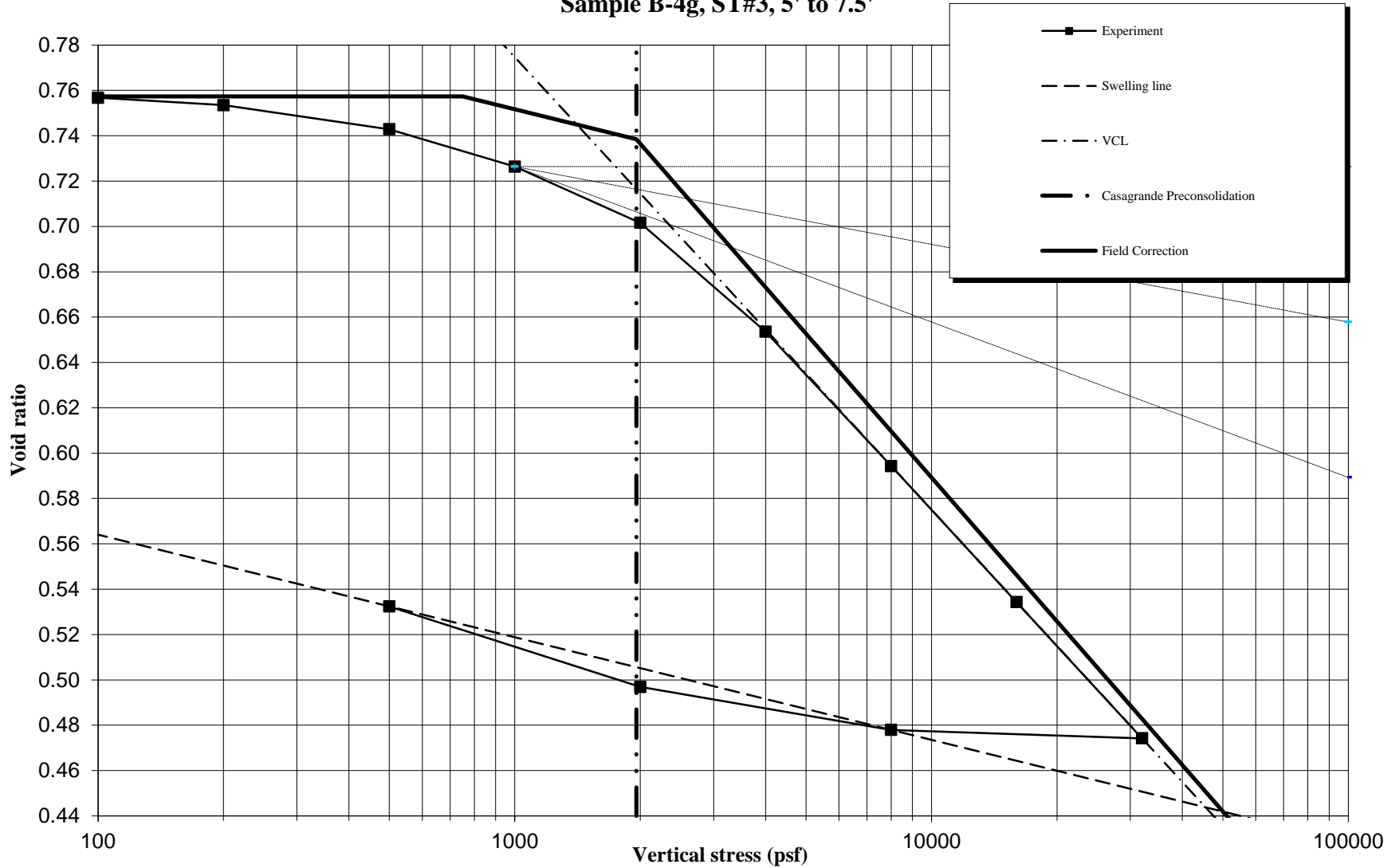
Prepared by: _____ Date: _____

Checked by: _____ Date: _____



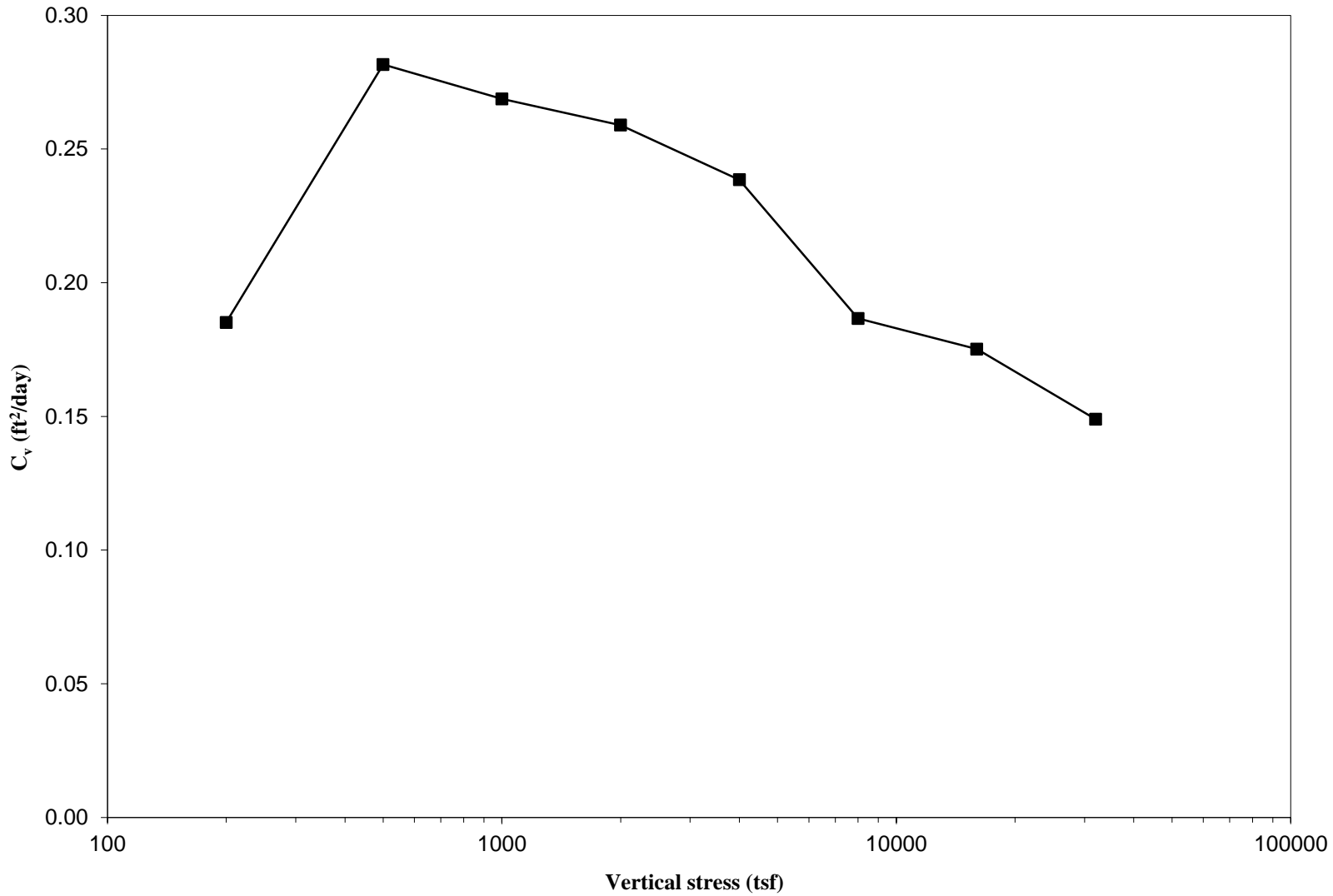
CONSOLIDATION CURVE

Sample B-4g, ST#3, 5' to 7.5'



CONSOLIDATION COEFFICIENT (C_v) vs. VERTICAL STRESS

Sample B-4g, ST#3, 5' to 7.5'



UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH of COHESIVE SOIL
(AASHTO T 208 / ASTM D 2166)

Project: SN 101-0207 Mulford
Client: Wills, Burke, Kelsey Associates
WEI Job No.: 412-04-10
Soil Sample ID: B-4g, ST#3a, 5.0 to 6.5 feet
Type/Condition: ST/ Undisturbed
Liquid Limit (%): 40
Plastic Limit (%): 19

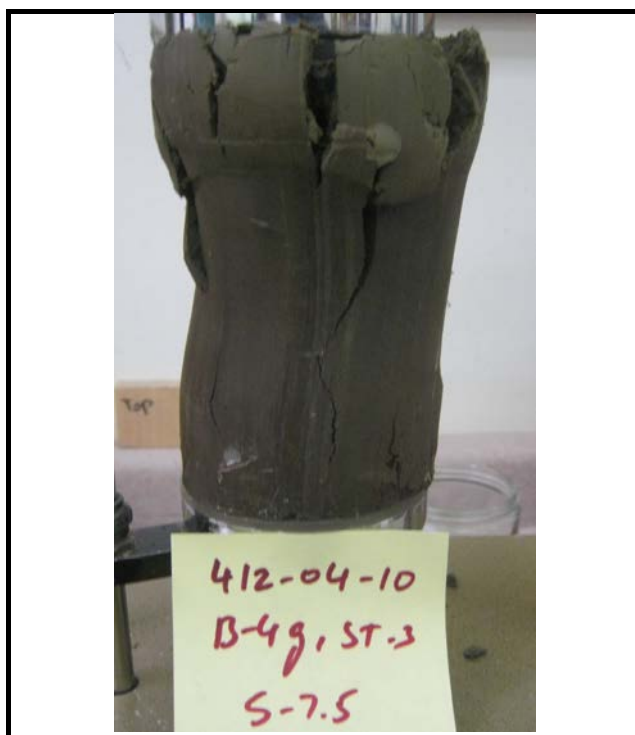
Analyst name: A. Mohammed
Date received: 6/3/2016
Test date: 7/14/2016
Sample description: Brown & Gray SILTY CLAY

Sand(%): NA
Silt(%): NA
Clay(%): NA

Average initial height $h_0 = 6.09$ in
Average initial diameter $d_0 = 2.87$ in
Height to diameter ratio = 2.12
Mass of wet sample = 1299.82 g
Mass of dry sample and tare = 1091.31 g
Mass of tare = 13.76 g
Specific gravity = 2.76 (estimated)

Initial water content $w = 20.63\%$ (specimen)
Initial unit weight $g = 126.03$ pcf
Initial dry unit weight $g_d = 104.48$ pcf
Initial void ratio $e_0 = 0.65$
Initial degree of saturation $S_r = 88\%$
Average Rate of Strain = 1%/min
Unconfined compressive strength $q_u = 1.18$ tsf
Shear Strength = 0.59 tsf

Displacement (in)	Force (lbs)	Strain (%)	Stress (tsf)
Δh	F	e	s
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.03	24.89	0.49	0.28
0.06	41.48	0.99	0.46
0.09	57.04	1.48	0.63
0.12	66.37	1.97	0.73
0.15	74.66	2.46	0.81
0.18	82.96	2.96	0.90
0.21	89.18	3.45	0.96
0.24	95.40	3.94	1.02
0.27	97.48	4.43	1.04
0.30	99.55	4.93	1.06
0.35	105.77	5.75	1.11
0.40	107.85	6.57	1.12
0.45	112.00	7.39	1.16
0.50	114.07	8.21	1.17
0.55	116.14	9.03	1.18
0.60	117.18	9.85	1.18
0.65	117.18	10.68	1.17
0.70	117.18	11.50	1.16
0.80	117.18	13.14	1.14
0.90	117.18	14.78	1.11
1.00	97.48	16.42	0.91



NOTES:

Prepared by: _____ Date: _____

Checked by: _____ Date: _____

Unconfined Axial Stress v. Axial Strain
B-4g, ST#3a (5.0-6.5ft)

